EXTINCT & THREATENED

ACANTHACEAE

Duvernoia aconitiflora A.Meeuse Status: EN B1B2cD2

Threats: Urban expansion

Distribution: Ingwavuma Gorge (Lebombo District)
Could be in forest or grassland. The closest locality to
Swaziland is in the southern highveld in South Africa,
some 100 km away. High human population growth in
the area constitutes a threat.

ALOACEAE

Aloe albida Stapf Status: EN B1B2cde

Endemism: Near-endemic Distribution: Malolotja, Piggs Peak

Tips into Swaziland from the Barberton area in South Africa. Barberton is the type locality. Apparently only one locality outside Swaziland.

Aloe chortolirioides A.Berger var. chortolirioides

Aloe chortolirioides A.Berger var. boastii (Letty) Reynolds

Status: EN B1B2abC2a

Distribution: Bulembu area, Barberton Mountains, Malolotja, Hawane Waterfall, Piggs Peak (gold mine) On rocky open outcops. Is a fire-dependent species. Was listed as Rare for Swaziland in previous RDLs. The red form is found in the Bulemba area. Common between Bulemba (Swaziland) and Barberton Mountains (South Africa). Generally known from Limpopo Province and Mpumalanga in South Africa.

Aloe dewetii Reynolds Status: EN A1acd

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Hlatikulu (Grand Valley)

Listed by WCMC's RDL as Vulnerable for Swaziland and previously Rare. Previously found in the Hlatikulu (1970s), but could not be found there recently. Is a spotted-leaf aloe eaten by people. Threatened by a high population density.

Aloe ecklonis Salm-Dyck

Aloe kraussii Baker; Aloe boylei Baker

Status: VU B1B2cD2

Distribution: Malolotja area, Forbes Reef, between Motjane and Oshoek

Tips into Swaziland. Mainly a South African distribution. Very common and widespread in South Africa.

Aloe kniphofioides Baker Status: VU A2cB1B2c

Threats: Collection, harvesting, grazing, fire, urban expansion

Distribution: Malolotja, Forbes Reef, Nyonyane Sisa Ranch, Bulembu, Mbabane, Mankayane

Grass aloe. Common in Malalotja. Not protected in Forbes Reef. Used in Nyonyane Sisa. Medicinal usage, cattle and resettlement are further threats. Widespread in South Africa.

Aloe minima Baker var. minima

Aloe minima Baker var. blyderivierensis (Groenew.) Reynolds; Aloe parviflora Baker

Status: VU A1cB1B2bD1

Endemism: Near-endemic? Threats: Road network

Distribution: Forbes Reef, Malolotja, Ngwenya,

Motjane

Scattered. Very small and inconspicuous. In previous RDLs, considered Rare in Swaziland. Very common in South Africa (Limpopo Province and Mpumalanga).

AMARYLLIDACEAE

Cyrtanthus nutans R.A.Dyer

Status: EN A1c

Threats: Damming

Distribution: Komati Bridge, Magwya Farm area,

between Piggs Peak and Mbabane

Haemanthus pauculifolius Snijman & A.E.van Wyk Status: VU C2bD2

Endemism: Near-endemic Threats: Damming, grazing Distribution: Maguga

Found along the Komati River. Recently discovered in Swaziland from only one locality. In South Africa, it is known from only a few localities in fairly close

proximity to the Swaziland border.

ANACARDIACEAE

Lannea antiscorbutica (Hiern) Engl.

Status: EN DB1B2aC2b

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Umbeluzi Gorge (Mlawula)

Previously only known from a single locality in South

Africa near the Swaziland-Mozambique border.

APOCYNACEAE

Adenium multiflorum Klotzsch Status: EN A2cdB1B2abcC1

Threats: Agriculture

Distribution: Near Tambuthi, Big Bend
Very restricted in Swaziland. One large scattered
subpopulation. Sugarcane farming and lower Usuthu
development are threats. Well represented outside
Swaziland. The species nomenclature is not always
recognised or in use in other countries.

Adenium swazicum Stapf Status: EN A1acdB1B2abcd

Endemism: Near-endemic

Threats: Agriculture, damming, collection, alien plant

infestation, habitat degradation

Distribution: West of Lebombo, Big Bend area and

northwards

Thorny thicket on brackish plains. This succulent is protected by legislation. Its habitat is also very fragmented. Distribution mainly from north of Komatipoort in South Africa to Big Bend in Swaziland. The main threat is urban development.

ASCLEPIADACEAE

Asclepias eminens (Harv.) Schltr. Status: VU B1B2cD2

Threats: Grazing, soil erosion, fire

Distribution: Mpisi, Malkerns, St. Josephs, Hlatikulu,

Manzini

A widely scattered but uncommon species. In Zimbabwe it is a distinct ecotype. Edible plant.

Brachystelma coddii R.A.Dyer Status: EN B1B2cC2aD

Distribution: Malolotja, Bomvu Ridge, Mbabane, Piggs

Three records in Swaziland, including from a protected area, by Compton, Braun and Kemp.

Brachystelma swazicum R.A.Dyer Status: EX?

Endemism: Near-endemic?

Distribution: Rocky hills northeast of Mbabane, (Malandzela Area, on the road to Maphalaleni)

Known from two records in Swaziland by Compton and Kemp in Mbabane.

Ceropegia cimiciodora Oberm.

Status: EN B1B2c

Threats: Grazing

Distribution: Ingwavuma Poort

Restricted distribution. In a previous RDL, it is considered Endangered in South Africa's former Transvaal. Found in a restricted area. Grazing by cattle

is a threat.

Orbeopsis gerstneri (Letty) L.C.Leach subsp. gerstneri

Status: EN B1B2c

Endemism: Endemic

Threats: Habitat degradation, grazing Distribution: Ingwavuma Poort

One subpopulation said to be in Swaziland, but further taxonomic scrutiny is required. Partial habitat decline induced by cattle grazing is a threat.

${\it Pachycarpus\ stelliceps\ N.E.Br.}$

Status: EX

Endemism: Endemic Distribution: Mbabane

Only known from the type collection made near

Mbabane. Reported to be extinct.

ASPHODELACEAE

Kniphofia tysonii Baker subsp. lebomboensis Codd Status: CR A2B1B2bceC1C2b

Endemism: Near-endemic

Threats: Collection, alien plant infestation, road

network

Distribution: Lebombo (South of Stegi)

Grew in a pan, but a road has been developed near the locality. High density area. Used for its medicinal properties. Reported to occur in South Africa.

Kniphofia umbrina Codd Status: CR B1B2ce

Endemism: Near-endemic Threats: Habitat degradation

Distribution: Mbabane, Forbes Reef, Hwane Confined to small area near Mbabane. Only eight very small subpopulations are known. It is highly fragmented and declining due to habitat destruction.

ASTERACEAE

Aster pseudobakeranus Lippert Status: VU D2

Endemism: Endemic

Distribution: Poliniane River, Ukuthula (Mbabane Division), Verdun (Hlatikulu Division)

Restricted distribution.

Helichrysum milleri Hilliard Status: VU D2

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Barberton Mountains

On forest margins in grassland. Known mainly from the Barberton mountains in South Africa.

CANELLACEAE

Warburgia salutaris (Bertol.f.) Chiov. Status: CR Albed

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Malolotja, possibly in Lomati Valley Only six trees observed outside protected areas in Swaziland (as reported by conservation authorities in Swaziland). Very few individuals in protected areas, but these are regenerating and are currently not being utilised.

CAPPARACEAE

Bachmannia woodii (Oliv.) Gilg Status: CR B1B2cC2a

Distribution: Jilobi

Only one record for this species in Swaziland.

CARYOPHYLLACEAE

Dianthus mooiensis F.N.Williams subsp. kirkii (Burtt Davy) Hooper Status: VU C1C2a

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Malolotja, Piggs Peak, Usuthu, Maguga

Dam

In South Africa, found in the Magaliesberg and Witwatersrand (possibly declining over much of its range). Has horticultural potential. In Swaziland, it is used to make the royal soap for the King. The Swaziland subpopulations are scattered and locally rare. Utilisation is a serious threat.

CRASSULACEAE

Crassula vaginata Eckl. & Zeyh. subsp. minuta Eckl. & Zeyh.

Status: CR A1cB1B2ab

Endemism: Near-endemic

Threats: Urban expansion, habitat degradation Distribution: North of Mbabane (possibly Nkwalini

landfill site)

Found on rocky granite hills. Could be extirpated in the next five to ten years. Landfill site is a serious threat to locality, seriously threatened. The species is known only from this site in Swaziland.

FRICACEAE

Erica swaziensis E.G.H.Oliv.

Status: EN B1B2aD

Fndemism: Endemic

Distribution: Mbabane, Forbes Reef, Black Umbeluzi

Vallev

Has a very localised distribution around Mbabane. Wetland species.

FUPHORBIACEAE

Euphorbia keithii R.A.Dyer Status: CR B1B2ceC2a

Endemism. Near-endemic

Threats: Agriculture, urban expansion, habitat degradation, forestry exploitation, harvesting, alien

plant infestation

Distribution: Stegi, Usuthu Gorge (?), Sitsatsaweni (northeast of Siteki), Oribi Ranch, Mlawula Species protected under CITES. Habitat specific, habitat decline. Species prefers hot, dry, exposed areas.

Restricted to the Lehomho Mountains

Heywoodia lucens Sim Status: EN B1B2cC2aD

Distribution: Jilobi, Siteki Recorded in Swaziland by Kemp and Miller.

GESNERIACEAE

Streptocarpus confusus Hilliard subsp. confusus var. confusus

Status: EN A1cB1B2bc

Endemism: Near-endemic Threats: Grazing Distribution: Hlatikulu

Restricted global distribution. Cattle is a threat.

Streptocarpus daviesii N.E.Br. ex C.B.Clarke Status: EN B1B2b

Endemism: Near-endemic

Threats: Urban expansion, habitat degradation

Distribution: Mhahane hills

Restricted global distribution. Known only from a single locality in Swaziland.

Streptocarpus davvi S.Moore Status: VU B1B2bD2

Endemism: Endemic

Threats: Urban expansion, habitat degradation Distribution: 40 km around Mbabane (hills), near Mankaiana, Forbes Reef, Makhosini Hills, Makhaya On peaty soil on granite outcrops and is fragmented. Known from a number of localities but it is not widespread. Habitat specific in shade and soil. It is

Streptocarpus wilmsii Engl.

Status: VU B1B2c

Endemism: Near-endemic Threats: Urban expansion

Distribution: Devils Bridge, Kings Forest, Mbabane,

Hilltop, Ukuthula

HYACINTHACEAE

Bowiea volubilis Harv. ex Hook.f.

Status: EN A1d

Threats: Collection

Being severely depleted in Swaziland. Many extinct localities. Used for treating fractures (medicinal). Very common on market places. Known from outside Swaziland. Also heavily utilised in South Africa.

IRIDACEAE

Dierama elatum N.E.Br.

Status: EX

Known only from the type collection of 1910 (Stewart 10 K & SAM). Material inadequate, and it may possibly be a hybrid or an albino form (taxonomy uncertain).

Gladiolus brachyphyllus F.Bolus

Status: VU A2c

Threats: Urban expansion

Distribution: Umbeluzi and Umlola Reserves, Mlawula Several subpopulations found in the Kruger National Park (South Africa); recorded from Limpopo Province and Mpumalanga (South Africa). Only single plants have been found in Swaziland. Very seldomly seen.

LAMIACEAE

Hemizygia stalmansii Paton

Status: VU D2

Endemism: Near-endemic Threats: Afforestation

Distribution: Luhumannei School

Recently described species known only from Songimvelo (South Africa) and Swaziland (Malalotja). Occurs on Barberton Belt and known from different soil types, including serpentine soils. Few localities are known and it has a restricted global distribution.

Syncolostemon comptonii Codd Status: CR A1cB1B2a

Fndemism: Endemic Threats: Damming

Distribution: Malolotja, Maguga

Threatened by construction of a new dam at Maguga. The species is known from only a single locality.

MORACEAE

Ficus polita Vahl subsp. polita Status: VU D2

Distribution: Mlawula (Umbeluzi Gorge, Mahlabashane), Jilobi

Ficus sansibarica Warb. Status: CR B1B2cC2a

Distribution: Sihova

ORCHIDACEAE

Cheirostylis gymnochiloides (Ridl.) Rchb.f. Status: CR B1B2cC2b

Threats: Mining

Distribution: Bomvu Ridge (Ngwenya Mountain-

Malolotia)

Appears to be extremely rare everywhere. There is apparently only a single collection from Swaziland. Also known from dune forest in South Africa, and as far afield as Tanzania and Madagascar. Flowers from August to September. Iron ore mining is a threat in Swaziland.

Disa intermedia H.P.Linder Status: EN B1B2cC2a

Endemism: Endemic

Threats: Habitat degradation

Distribution: Forbes Reef, near Mbabane, Malolotja,

near Oshoek

Grows at an altitude of 1,000 m. Was considered to be common at one time, but due to continued habitat destruction, it is rapidly declining. Flowers in January. Found in highveld grassland.

Eulophia chlorantha Schltr. Status: EN B1B2cC2a

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Mbabane, Waverley Mine, Fonteyn

Restricted distribution.

PROTEACEAE

Protea comptonii Beard Status: EN B1B2cD

Endemism: Near-endemic? Distribution: Bulembu, Malolotja

One outlying subpopulation in KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa), although more common in northern and northeastern parts of South Africa.

Protea parvula Beard Status: VU B1B2cC2a

Distribution: Timbuti Farm, Hawane, Malolotja Common in the former Transvaal of South Africa.

ROSACEAE

Prunus africana (Hook.f.) Kalkman

Status: EN C2aD

Distribution: Near Malolotja (Forbes Reef), near and in

Also known from South Africa (KwaZulu-Natal) and further afield. Is widely utilised for its medicinal purposes.

RUBIACEAE

Gardenia thunbergia L.f.

Status: CR C2b

Threats: Deforestation

Distribution: Jilobi Forest (Lebombo) This species is very well represented outside Swaziland,

common in coastal areas from as far afield as the Eastern Cape in South Africa. Only a few individuals seen. Known from a small subpopulation.

Oxyanthus pyriformis (Hochst.) Skeels subsp. pyriformis

Oxyanthus natalensis Sond. Status: EN B1B2cD

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Jilobi (Lebombo), Carmichael's Farm The species is at the end of its distribution range in Swaziland, better known from KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa). The two known localities in Swaziland are quite a distance apart. Dune forest.

SAPINDACEAE

Allophylus chaunostachys Gilg Status: VU B1B2c

Endemism: Near-endemic Threats: Urban expansion Distribution: Makwongwa

Found at altitude 1,730 m. Reported to be common. Human impact near border post is a threat.

SAPOTACEAE

Vitellariopsis dispar (N.E.Br.) Aubrév. Status: EN B1B2cD

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Mlawula, Siteki Restricted. Only one locality outside Swaziland. Moist

SCROPHULARIACEAE

Melanospermum italae Hilliard Status: EN B1B2cC2a

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Malolotja (Ngwenya Hills), Motjane On sandy places around rock sheets. In South Africa, it is known from the Piet Retief area and Itala.

Melanospermum swazicum Hilliard Status: EN B1B2aC2a

Endemism: Near-endemic

Threats: Fire, grazing, habitat degradation Distribution: Mbabane, Malolotja, possibly Ngome,

Siphocosini

Grows on hills. Subpopulation at Ngome may be a different species. Only one locality known outside Swaziland.

Selago swaziensis Rolfe Status: EN B1B2acC2a

Endemism: Near-endemic Threats: Urban expansion, fire

Distribution: Hills near Dalriach (Mbabane), Usuthu Forest, Miller's Falls, Makhosini Hills, Ukuthula Known only from a single, highly threatened locality.

UI MACFAF

Celtis gomphophylla Baker Status: EN D B1 B2c C2a

Distribution: Jilobi, Carmichael's Farm, Muti Muti More common than Celtis mildbraedii. Only in South Africa according to PRECIS.

Celtis mildbraedii Engl. Status: CR B1B2cC2a

Distribution: Mlawula, Jilobi (east of Siteki), Forbes

Very rare in South Africa's KwaZulu-Natal and elsewhere. Known from a few small forest patches in Swaziland.

VELLOZIACEAE

Xerophyta villosa (Baker) L.B.Sm. & Ayensu Status: VU D2

Distribution: Luhumannei School (Malolotja) Found on serpentine soils in Swaziland.

ZAMIACEAE

Encephalartos aplanatus Vorster Status: EN A1acdB2abcde

Distribution: Mlawula, Goba road just north of Siteki, South of Siteki toward the farm Muti-Muti, previously on Muti-Muti

This species is also known from Mozambique. This species was described from a subpopulation of about six individuals near the Swaziland-South Africa border.

Subsequently, several subpopulations have been discovered. Threatened by illegal collectors.

Encephalartos heenanii R.A.Dyer Status: CR A1acdC2a

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Ngwenya Ridge, Malolotja In 1985, 100 plants were counted. In 1999, only 20 plants could be located. These plants are known from a locality where no recruitment seems to be taking place. A few years ago, this species was also found in a protected area in Swaziland but in very small numbers. Also known from South Africa. Threatened by illegal

Encephalartos laevifolius Stapf & Burtt Davy Status: CR A2deB2bD

Threats: Pest/disease Distribution: Malolotja

In Swaziland, the effects of a pathogen are evident.

Threatened by illegal collectors.

Encephalartos lebomboensis I.Verd. Status: EN A1acdeA2deB1B2abcde

Threats: Harvesting, collection

Distribution: Mangana, Mbuzini, Malto Alto, Lebombo,

Stataweni, Mangana

All the localities mentioned are primarily relicts. Subpopulations suffered a measurable decline. In 1981, the subpopulation was observed to be abundant. Almost 20 years later, there has been a 25% decline. Threatened by illegal collectors.

Encephalartos ngoyanus I.Verd. Status: CR C2aD

In Swaziland, it is known from a single locality as the distribution literally tips into Swaziland. The locality is not threatened, and no people live in that area. May become threatened by illegal collectors.

Encephalartos paucidentatus Stapf & Burtt Davy Status: VU A1cdC2aD2

Distribution: Makonwya, Malolotja Found in a protected area. The species is found along the Swaziland-South African border. Also known from South Africa where it is threatened. Threatened by illegal collectors.

Encenhalartos relictus Hurter Status: EXW

Endemism: Endemic

Distribution: Malto Alto (10 km west), Muti-Muti farm It is now known only in cultivation.

Encephalartos senticosus Vorster

Status: VU C2aD2

Distribution: Lebombo, Usuthu, Bvane catchment Extremely inaccessible habitat. The species is found along the Lebombo border. Threatened by illegal collectors.

Encephalartos umbeluziensis R.A.Dyer Status: CR A1acdA2cB1B2abcde

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Umbeluzi Gorge of Mlawula Occurs in the shade of Androstachys johnsonii forest. This species used to be extremely common, but this has changed. The species has suffered massive decline in the last 10 years, estimated at more than 80%. It is found in an extremely accessible area. Threatened by illegal collectors.

ZINGIBERACEAE

Siphonochilus aethiopicus (Schweinf.) B.L.Burtt

Kaempferia aethiopica (Schweinf.) Benth.; Kaempferia natalensis (J.M.Wood & Franks) Schltr. & K.Schum.

Status: EN A1d

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Malolotja, Balegane, Komati Valley, Piggs Peak

Generally heavily utilised everywhere. Was on the previous Swaziland RDL as Rare. The Malalotja subpopulation is well-known and utilised by local herbalists, even though it is located within a protected area. There are unconfirmed reports that several subpopulations are protected from over-utilisation through traditional laws, but this cannot be confirmed. Well-represented outside Swaziland.



Siphonochilus aethiopicus, also occuring in South Africa and Mozambique, is a well known species that is heavily utilised in Swaziland. (Photo: NBI)

LOWER RISK

ACANTHACEAE

Thunbergia pondoensis Lindau

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula, Komati Bridge

ALOACEAE

Aloe cooperi Baker subsp. pulchra Glen & D.S.Hardy

Status: LR-lc

Threats: Grazing, alien plant infestation, harvesting Distribution: Lebombo, Nkambeni, Sishaweni Forest Company

Taxonomically unique and this nomenclature is used in Swaziland. Known from the Lebombo where it is rare. It is widespread. Eaten by people.

Aloe rupestris Baker

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Umbeluzi Gorge, Mnyame, Libertas, Lebombo

Was listed previously as Rare for Swaziland.

Aloe vanbalenii Pillans

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula, lower East side of Umbeluzi river, Lebombo

In river valleys. Uncommon. Was listed as Rare for Swaziland in previous RDLs. Only in the northern Lebombo Mountains.

AMARYLLIDACEAE

Clivia miniata (Lindl.) Regel var. miniata Status: LR-nt

Distribution: Lebombo, Piggs Peak area Forest species. Well-known from South Africa. Is being removed from the wild.

Crinum delagoense I.Verd.

Status: LR-lc

Threats: Agriculture

Distribution: Mlawula, Hlane (Simunye)
One subpopulation known. Only in South Africa,
according to PRECIS. Sugar cultivation is a threat.

Cyrtanthus bicolor R.A.Dyer

Status: LR-lc

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Malolotja, Umbeluzi Valley, Mbabane (Umbeluzi Valley), Forbes Reef, Komati River Valley Was on the previous Swaziland RDL as Rare. Found in grassland. Eaten as a vegetable.

Nerine angustifolia (Baker) Baker

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Ngwenya Mts, Forbes Reef Road,

Malolotja

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton and Braun.

ANACARDIACEAE

Rhus grandidens Harv. ex Engl.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Komati Valley, Ngomini, Mayami, Mankayane, 25 km North of Tulwane site On forest margins. Although widespread, it is never plentiful.

ANNONACEAE

Uvaria lucida Benth. subsp. virens (N.E.Br.) Verdc.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Lebombo, Mlawula

Xylopia odoratissima Welw. ex Oliv.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Umbelzi Gorge, Mhlumeni Border

ANTHERICACEAE

Chlorophytum haygarthii J.M.Wood & M.S.Evans Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Forbes Reef Road, Malolotja
At least two records from Swaziland by Compton and
Heath. Common in Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal
(South Africa).

APIACEAE

Alepidea parva Compton

Status: LR-lc

Threats: Collection, mining

Distribution: Ngwenya Mountains near Mbabane,

Malolotja

Reported to be threatened outside Swaziland. Used for its medicinal properties.

APOCYNACEAE

Gonioma kamassi E.Mey.

Status: LR-n

Distribution: Mbabane, Msunduza, Foot of Lubor In forest. Common in the eastern and southern Cape forests of South Africa. Probably not used and therefore maybe not threatened. Single trees. Unusual distribution, not common in Swaziland. Frequently burnt. Very disjunct.

ARALIACEAE

Cussonia nicholsonii Strey

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula (S), Siteki

Two records, one in a protected area. Known collections in Swaziland by Culverwell and Kemp.

ASCLEPIADACEAE

Orbea paradoxa (I.Verd.) L.C.Leach

Orbeanthus paradoxa (I.Verd.) L.C.Leach

Status: LR-nt Threats: Mining

Distribution: Ngwenya

Listed as Endangered in South Africa's former Transvaal in previous RDLs.

Pachycarpus galpinii (Schltr.) N.E.Br.

Status: LR-lc

Threats: Agriculture, grazing

Distribution: Barberton Mountains, Mbabane, Usuthu, Forbes Reef, Maphalaleni

This is essentially a highveld species. Cattle is a serious threat.

Pachycymbium ubomboense (I.Verd.) M.G.Gilbert

Caralluma uhomhoensis I Verd

Status: LR-lc

Endemism: Endemic?

Distribution: Lebombo

Was listed previously as Rare for Swaziland. Is common in the Lebombo Mountains.

ASPHODELACEAE

Bulbine inflata Oberm.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Manzini, Mbabane, Usuthu, Malolotja, Bulembu

Gasteria batesiana G.D.Rowley

Status: LR-nt

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Umbeluzi Gorge, Mnyami
On cliffs. Four small disjunct subpopulations in
Swaziland. Collected for medicinal and horticultural
purposes.

Haworthia limifolia Marloth var. ubomboensis (I.Verd.) G.G.Sm.

Status: LR-nt

Endemism: Near-endemic Threats: Collection

Distribution: Siteki, Umbeluzi Gorge, Mnyame In forests. Limited in distribution. Not uncommon. Known from two subpopulations in Swaziland, but restricted to the Lebombo. Known only from Ironwood forests. Collected for medicinal and horticultural purposes. Also reported from the Lebombo in South Africa and Mozambique.

ASTERACEAE

Eumorphia swaziensis Compton

Status: LR-nt

Endemism: Endemic? Threats: Urban expansion

Distribution: Mbabane District, Black Umbeluzi Valley Very restricted and suggested that it could be threatened. Several hundred individuals. On the edge of an urban/semi-urban environment. Should be monitored. Possibly also occurs in South Africa.

Newtonia hildebrandtii (Vatke) Torre Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula, Manzimnyama (Nyame), Umbeluzi Gorge, Black Mbeluzi River Recorded in Swaziland by Culverwell.

Senecio mlilwanensis Compton

Status: LR-nt

Endemism: Endemic

Distribution: Mbeluzi Valley, Millers Falls, Mbabane

and Mlilwane, Mantenga?

Rocky outcrops. In Swaziland, mostly prevalent on private land. Also found at Mantenga where it is partially protected.

BEGONIACEAE

Begonia sonderana Irmsch. Status: LR-lc

CAPPARACEAE

Cleome macrophylla (Klotzsch) Briq. var. macrophylla

Distribution: Mlawula (Lebombo), Mbeluzi Gorge

COMMELINACEAE

Aneilema dregeanum Kunth

Status: LR-lc

Status: LR-lo

Distribution: Ingwavuma Poort, Mtindekwa, Mlawula Three localities identifed in Swaziland from collections

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by Compton and Braun. Also known from South Africa, and reported also to occur in Zimbabwe.

CRASSULACEAE

Cotyledon orbiculata L. var. oblonga (Haw.) DC. Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula

A widespread and common species (well represented outside Swaziland). The Swaziland specimen may be a misidentification (taxonomic problem). If this is a good identification, then the species has a very restricted distribution.

Crassula acinaciformis Schinz

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Ukuthula, Hlatikhulu, Komati Bridge, Mlawula, Maguga, Siteki, Umbeluzi Gorge One protected locality.

Crassula orbicularis I..

Status: LR-lc

Only one record for Swaziland by Kemp.

CYATHFACFAF

Cyathea capensis (L.f.) Sm.

Status: LR-lc

Limited habitat. Very well represented outside Swaziland.

DIPSACACEAE

Cephalaria petiolata Compton

Cephalaria pungens Szabo

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Malolotja, Forbes Reef Road One of the four records in a protected area. The synonym is not used in Swaziland. It is common outside Swaziland.

FBFNACFAF

Diospyros galpinii (Hiern) De Winter Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mankayane, Maphalaleni, Miller,

Mantenga

Highveld grassland species.

ERICACEAE

Erica cerinthoides L. var. barbertona (Galpin)

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Malolotja, Waverley Mine, mHangamphepha Valley, Piggs Peak Two records in Malolotja by Compton and Braun.

Erica oatesii Rolfe var. latifolia Bolus Status: LR-nt

Endemism: Near-endemic?

Distribution: Usuthu, on the road to Hlatikulu Limited distribution. Said to be rare. Possibly a taxonomic problem.

EUPHORBIACEAE

Croton madandensis S.Moore

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula, Lebombo Mountains Shrub or tree.

Drypetes mossambicensis Hutch.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Umbeluzi Gorge (Mlawula) Known only from a southern locality in Swaziland which is relatively safe. Known to occur outside Swaziland, where it is common.

Eunhorhia claviaera N.E.Br.

Status: I.R-lc

Endemism: Endemic?

Threats: Grazing

Distribution: Manzini area, Siteki, Siphofaneni,

Manzini

Wild-collected plants are known from cultivation. Easy to grow from seed, attractive species. Restricted distribution.

Euphorbia grandicornis Goebel ex N.E.Br. subsp. grandicornis

Status: I.R-lc

Distribution: Chindene, Big Bend

Very common where it occurs. Also in Ndumo, South

Margaritaria discoidea (Baill.) G.L.Webster Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula

Observed in the wild several times.

FLACOURTIACEAE

Scolopia oreophila (Sleumer) Killick

Status: LR-lc

Threats: Agriculture, deforestation, afforestation Distribution: Manzini, Shiselweni, on Mkondo River In Swaziland, its main centre is on the Mkondo River. Its habitat appears to be stable. The threats are not resulting in any real declines. In future lack of suitable habitat may play a role. Subsistence farming is a threat.

GESNERIACEAE

Streptocarpus confusus Hilliard subsp. lebomboensis Hilliard & B.L.Burtt

Status I Rale

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Mlawula, Mnyame, Jilobi Scattered in moist forest of the Lebombo.

Streptocarpus dunnii Hook.f.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mbabane, Forbes Reef, Motjane, Gobolondo, Piggs Peak, Malolotja

Narrow distribution. Mainly known from the Barberton area in South Africa. Habitat specific on granite.

Streptocarpus micranthus C.B.Clarke

Status: LR-lc

Threats: Grazing, mining

Distribution: Kings Forest, Devils Bridge Restricted distribution. The species occurs in a protected area in Swaziland. However, it does not

appear in PRECIS.

HETEROPYXIDACEAE

Heteropyxis canescens Oliv.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Malolotja, Mbabane, Black Umbeluzi Valley, Palwane Valley

Was considered previously to be Rare in Swaziland. Common in Malolotia.

HYACINTHACEAE

Drimiopsis maculata Lindl.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula, Red Tiger Ranch

Scilla natalensis Planch.

Status: I.R-nt

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Malolotja, Usuthu, Mbabane Widespread. Suggested to be classified as Vulnerable. Widely used and still abundant. In remote places it is frequent. Collected for medicinal purposes.

IRIDACEAE

Dierama mobile Hilliard

Status: I.R-nt

Threats: Habitat degradation

Distribution: Oshoek, 15 km North of Forbes Reef,

Komati River, Malandzela

Found in Swaziland and South Africa. Fairly widespread.

Wetland species.

Dietes flavida Oberm.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Malolotja and Mlawula Reserves,

Has a disjunct distribution and scarce everywhere.

Watsonia bella N.E.Br. ex Goldblatt Status: LR-lc

Threats: Grazing, fire

Distribution: Malolotja, Hlatikulu, Forbes Reef,

Mbabane, 5 km NE of Motjane, Malalotja

In Swaziland, grazing by cattle is a threat. Common in South Africa

LAMIACEAE

Acrotome thorncroftii Skan

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula, Lomahasha, Tulwana, Blue Jay Ranch

Previously listed as Rare. Known from about five herbarium collections in Swaziland.

Hemizygia albiflora (N.E.Br.) M.Ashby

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Ngwenya Mountains

Known from collections in Swaziland by Compton and

Hemizygia modesta Codd

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Bomvu Ridge, Havelock, Gege, Forbes

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton.

Orthosiphon vernalis Codd

Status: LR-nt

Endemism: Endemic

Distribution: Manzini, Mankaiana, Bhunya area, Evelyn Birina Bridae

Syncolostemon concinnus N.E.Br.

Status: I.R-lc

Distribution: Malolotja, Mankayane, Hlatikhulu

Thorncroftia longiflora N.E.Br.

Status: LR-lc

Endemism: Near-endemic Distribution: Malolotja Common in Malolotja.

Tinnea harhata Vollesen

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Wyldesdale, Malolotja

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton, Heath and Braun.

Tinnea galpinii Briq.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Hlatikhulu, Mlawula, Siteki, Cecil Marks

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton and Culverwell.

LEGUMINOSAE: PAPILIONOIDEAE

Cordyla africana Lour.

Status: LR-lc

Very rare and marginal in Swaziland, often occurring as single plants. It is a widespread tropical plant. Wild Mango.

Eriosema ellipticifolium Schinz

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Malolotja, Malandzela, Mbabane One record in Swaziland by Heath.

Eriosema transvaalense C.H.Stirt.

Status: I.R-nt Threats: Damming

Distribution: Malolotja, Maguga Has a globally restricted distribution.

Tephrosia cordata Hutch. & Burtt Davy

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Malolotja, Havelock, Mbabane

Tephrosia gobensis Brummitt

Status: LR-lc Endemism: Endemic? Distribution: Mlawula, Siteki

Tephrosia grandiflora (Aiton) Pers.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Blue Jay Ranch (Mlawula), Mananga

Mount, Siteki

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton.

Tephrosia kraussiana Meisn.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula

Known from collections in Swaziland by Culverwell.

LOBELIACEAE

Cyphia bolusii E.Phillips

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mbabane (3 pops), Dalrich, Mbabane, Emlembe, Malkerns On serpentine soils.

Lobelia corniculata Thulin

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Lebombo, Siteki, Mlawula Was listed as Indeterminate/Uncertain in previous RDLs. Known from very few herbarium collections.

LYTHRACEAE

Nesaea alata Immelman

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula

In or near shallow pans. Only recorded twice, once from Kruger National Park (South Africa) and once in the Lehombo Mountains

MORACEAE

Ficus huhu Warh.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula, Manzinyama, Umbeluzi Poort, Siteki, Sihaya

In Androstachys forests in Mlawula.

OLEACEAE

Chionanthus foveolatus (E.Mey.) Stearn subsp. foveolatus

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula, Jilobi, Umbeluzi Gorge Known from only a single protected locality in Swaziland.

ORCHIDACEAE

Disa extinctoria Rchb.f.

Status: LR-nt

Distribution: Unspecified locality in Swaziland Rare, occurs in damp grassland and swamps at an altitude of 1,000-1,300 m. Flowers from December to January, Also known from the former Transvaal in South Africa. Its status in previous RDLs is Indeterminate.

Disa stachyoides Rchb.f.

Monadenia levdenburgensis Kraenzl.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlembe, Malolotja

Widespread in many parts of South Africa. Also reported in Lesotho.

Polystachya albescens Ridl. subsp. imbricata (Rolfe) Summerh.

Status: LR-nt

Threats: Afforestation, grazing

Distribution: Gobholo

Recently found in southern KwaZulu-Natal forests of South Africa. A sewerage plant in Swaziland may pose a

Polystachya zuluensis L.Bolus

Status: I.R-nt

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Usuthu Forest, Mzimba Mnts., Mbabane

In rocky highveld areas, abundant, on Xerophyta. Locally common.

Schizochilus cecilii Rolfe subsp. culveri (Schltr.) H.P.I.inder

Status: I.R-nt

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: NW Swaziland, Malolotja

Confined to the mountains between Barberton (South Africa) and northwestern Swaziland. Flowers from

December to January

POACEAE

Aristida transvaalensis Henrard

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Malolotja, Malandzela, Miomba, Forbes

Three records in a protected area by Braun, Widespread in South Africa.

Ehrharta erecta Lam. var. erecta

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Malolotja Taxonomy needs attention.

Eragrostis comptonii De Winter

Status: LR-lc

Endemism: Endemic

Distribution: Mbabane area, Malolotja Occurs in shady places at foot of rocks or forest margins. Very similar to Eragrostis curvula.

POLYGAL ACEAE

Heterosamara galpinii (Hook.f.) Paiva

Polvaala aalpinii Hook.f.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Devils Bridge, Kings Forest (Bulembu) In South Africa, it has been categorised as Rare and even Endangered in previous RDLs. Occurs in unprotected small localities.

PROTFACEAE

Leucospermum gerrardii Stapf

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Malolotja (and surroundings) Fairly common in Mpumalanga (South Africa). Locally common, but restricted distribution. Subpopulation stable. Can survive fires. Habitat specific, soapstone.

PSILOTACEAE

Psilotum nudum (L.) P.Beauv.

Status: I.R-lc

Distribution: Umbeluzi Gorge, Malolotja, Mlawula A cosmopolitan species, but seldom common anywhere. Widespread in Africa, Madagascar, Mauritius, Australia, Polynesia, Spain, the Americas and so forth.

RUBIACEAE

Pavetta barbertonensis Bremek.

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Siteki, Kings Forest, Lebombo Mnts., Palata, Mlawula

Was on the previous Swaziland RDL as Rare.

SAPOTACEAE

Manilkara concolor (Harv. ex C.H.Wright) Gerstner

Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Bulunga Poort, Mlawula, Siteki, Umbeluzi, Timbutini, Manzini

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton, Culverwell and Kemp.

Manilkara discolor (Sond.) J.H.Hemsl. Status: LR-lc

Distribution: Mlawula, Carmichael's, Mzimpofu River Only in South Africa according to PRECIS, but observed by several people in the wild in Swaziland.



Mondia whitei, also known from South Africa and Mozambique, is used for medicinal purposes. (Photo: A. Nicholas)

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ACANTHACEAE

Barleria oxyphylla Lindau Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic? Threats: Agriculture Distribution: Tshaneni (Lowveld) Known only from type collection (1970s) in Komatipoort (South Africa). However, unconfirmed reports that it occurs in Swaziland, as well as

Mozambique. Restricted distribution range.

Peristrophe transvaalensis (C.B.Clarke) K.Balkwill Status: DD

Distribution: Ingwavuma Poort, Hlane Game Reserve

Salpinctium hirsutum T.J.Edwards Status: DD

Threats: Agriculture, urban expansion Distribution: Siteki, Hlatikulu, Malandze Road to

Very little is known about this recently described species.

ALOACEAE

Aloe chortolirioides A.Berger var. woolliana (Pole-Evans) Glen & D.S.Hardy Status: DD

Distribution: Malalotja, Forbes Reef, Mbabane, the Umbeluzi (near Waterford), Hawane Waterfall The yellow form is found across the border in South Africa. The yellow form is more widely distributed than the red form. Generally known from Limpopo Province and Mpumalanga in South Africa.

Aloe cooperi Baker subsp. cooperi Status: DD

Distribution: Malolotja Valley, Ezulwini, Stegi, 20 km North of Piggs Peak

Found in Malalotja Valley in the mid-veld. Taxonomic problem makes this species difficult to assess. Very common and widespread in South Africa.

Aloe dominella Reynolds Status: DD

Distribution: Ingwavuma (Southern part) Was listed as Indeterminate for Swaziland in a previous RDL. No further information available but thought prudent to include it here.

Aloe greatheadii Schonland var. davyana (Schonland) Glen & D.S.Hardy

Aloe graciliflora Groenew.; Aloe barbertoniae Pole Evans Status: DD

Some of the above taxa were previously considered to be threatened in the former Transvaal (South Africa). Extremely common and widespread in South Africa.

Aloe integra Reynolds

Status: DD

Threats: Afforestation

Distribution: Malolotja, Usuthu Forests, 3 km east of Mankanyane

Was previously thought to be Rare in Swaziland. Usuthu Forest subpopulation is healthy with well over 500 individuals. Is a forestry conservation site. Identified as area worthy of protection.

AMARYLLIDACEAE

Clivia caulescens R.A.Dyer Status: DD

Threats: Collection Distribution: Devils Bridge

Two records for it in Swaziland. Collected for horticultural purposes.

Clivia miniata (Lindl.) Regel var. citrina Watson

Clivia miniata (Lindl.) Regel var. flava E.Phillips

Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic?

Clivia nobilis Lindl.

Status: DD

No herbarium specimen for Swaziland, but has been observed there.

ANACARDIACEAE

Lannea schweinfurthii (Engl.) Engl. var. stuhlmannii (Engl.) Kokwaro

Status: DD

Likely to be extinct in Swaziland.

Rhus rogersii Schonland

Known from Lydenburg to between Nelspruit and Barberton (South Africa).

ANNONACEAE

Xylopia parviflora (A.Rich.) Benth.

Status: DD

Threats: Collection

Collected for medicinal properties.

ANTHERICACEAE

Chlorophytum acutum (C.H.Wright) Nordal Status: DD

Single record by Compton. PRECIS does not have it recorded for Swaziland.

Chlorophytum saundersiae (Baker) Nordal Status: DD

Distribution: Lebombo Mountains

In Swaziland, known mainly from records by Compton. Common in Eastern Cape and KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa).

ARALIACEAE

Cussonia zuluensis Strey

Status: DD

Distribution: Bulunga Poort, Sipophaneni, Sidvokodvo One record in Swaziland by Compton.

ASCLEPIADACEAE

Asclepias crassinervis N.E.Br.

Status: DD

Distribution: Mbabane, Usuthu Forest, Komati Pass, Manhalaleni

Reported to occur in Swaziland.

Asclepias cultriformis Harv. ex Schltr. Status: DD

Distribution: Usuthu, 14 km from Piggs Peak to Mbabane, unspecified locality in Mbabane Widespread, although represented by only a few collections.

Brachystelma chlorozonum E.A.Bruce Status: DD

Distribution: Ingwavuma

Was previously considered to be Rare in South Africa's former Transvaal, but new subpopulations have been found along the escarpment in Swaziland.

Brachystelma circinatum E.Mey.

Status: DD

Known from Codd 9515.

Brachystelma gemmeum R.A.Dyer

Status: DD

Taxonomy of the Swaziland specimens may possibly need attention. The species was previously reported to only occur in South Africa. Known only from a single record in Swaziland.

Brachystelma gerrardii Harv.

Distribution: Black Umbeluzi Valley, Nkomati Pass, Little Usuthu River, Sipocosini, Komati Pass Recorded in Swaziland by Compton.

Ceropegia ampliata E.Mey.

Status: DD

Distribution: Ngwenya Causeway Known from collections in Swaziland by Bayliss.

Ceropegia carnosa E.Mey.

Status: DD

Distribution: Komati Pass, Bunya

Known from collections in Swaziland by Kemp.

Ceropegia crassifolia Schltr.

Status: DD

Distribution: Dinedor

Known from collections in Swaziland by Culverwell and

Ceropegia decidua E.A.Bruce subsp. decidua

Status: DD

Distribution: Sicusha, Mtindekwa River One record for Swaziland by Compton.

Ceropegia fortuita R.A.Dyer

Status: DD

Distribution: Ngwenya Causeway In 1976 one site according to Compton. Only occurs in South Africa according to PRECIS.

Ceropegia linearis E.Mey. subsp. woodii (Schltr.) H.Huber

Status: DD

Distribution: Malagwane Hill, Siphofaneni, Mdimba Recorded in Swaziland by Codd, Dlamini, Culverwell and

Ceropegia nilotica Kotschy

Ceronegia plicata F.A.Bruce

Status: DD

Distribution: Ingwavuma Poort Known mainly from old collections (Compton).

Ceropegia pachystelma Schltr.

Status: DD

Distribution: Sicusha

Known mainly from old collections (Bayliss).

Ceropegia racemosa N.E.Br. subsp. setifera (Schltr.) H.Huber

Status: DD

Distribution: Mlawula, Maguga, Gollel, Komati Pass One site protected, whereas the other is inundated. It is known from several collections such as those of Culverwell, Germishuizen, Dlamini and Hilliard.

Ceropegia rendallii N.E.Br.

Status: DD

Known from collections in Swaziland by Bayliss.

Ceropegia sandersonii Decne. ex Hook.f.

Status: DD

Distribution: Sicusha, Ngwenya Causeway, Dinedor, Mtindekwa River, Maloma The species is well-collected by Compton.

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Woodia singularis N.E.Br.

Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic

Reported as a Swaziland endemic, although there is an old record from a neighbouring locality in South Africa.

ASPHODELACEAE

Haworthia limifolia Marloth var. limifolia Status: DD

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Lebombo (Siteki to Pongola) Collected for medicinal purposes. Also in Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa).

Trachyandra asperata Kunth subsp. swaziensis

Status: DD

Distribution: Ukuthula, Black Umbeluzi Falls, Mbabane Recorded in Swaziland by Compton.

ASTERACEAE

Helichrysum argyrolepis MacOwan Status: DD

Distribution: Malolotja, Ukuthula, Usuthu, Mbabane, Ngwenya Mountains, Devils Bridge Recorded in Swaziland by Compton and Braun. Common in Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa).

Helichrysum athrixiifolium (Kuntze) Status: DD

Distribution: Malkerns, Mlawula, Hlatikulu, Hlane Game Reserve, Malandzela, possibly Maguga

Helichrysum aureolum Hilliard Status: DD

Distribution: Forbes Reef, Hlambanyati Valley, Mhahane

One record in Swaziland by Dlamini. Several records for it in Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa).

Helichrysum aureum (Houtt.) Merr. var. candidum Hilliard

Status: DD

Distribution: Forbes Reef, Mbabane, Gobolo Known from several varieties in Swaziland. Helichrysum aureum var. aureum was collected by Compton in the Lebombo. H. aureum var. monocephalum was collected by Braun in Malolotja. Swaziland seems to be an ecotone for varieties of this species.

Helichrysum chrysargyrum Moeser Status: DD

Distribution: Black Mbeluzi Valley, Ukuthula, Mbabane,

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton. Several records for it in Mpumalanga and KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa).

Helichrysum dasyanthum (Willd.) Sweet

Only one herbarium record for it in Swaziland by Stewart. Generally known from the Cape in South

Helichrysum difficile Hilliard

Status: DD

Distribution: Forbes Reef Known from collections in Swaziland by Compton. Common in Gauteng and Mpumalanga (South Africa).

Helichrysum galpinii N.E.Br.

Status: DD

Distribution: Waverly Mine, Ngwenya Mountains, Motjane, Mbabane, Bomvu Ridge Recorded in Swaziland by Compton. Fairly common in Mpumalanga (South Africa).

Helichrysum mimetes S.Moore

Status: DD Distribution: Ukuthula, Mbabane, Black Mbeluzi Falls, Havelock

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton. Known from several records in Mpumalanga (South Africa).

Helichrysum mixtum (Kuntze) Moeser var. grandiceps Hilliard

Status: DD

Distribution: Ngundwane River, Malandela, Bremmersdorp, Komati Bridge, Kobolando Mountain. Recorded in Swaziland by Compton.

Helichrysum mutabile Hilliard

Status: DD

Distribution: Evelyn Baring Bridge, Komati Pass Both records in Swaziland by Compton.

Helichrysum petraeum Hilliard

Status: DD

Distribution: Millers Falls, Palwane Hills One record in Swaziland by Compton. Known from several records in KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa).

Helichrysum reflexum N.E.Br.

Status: DD

Distribution: Havelock Road, Bomvu Ridge Record in Swaziland by Compton. Known from several records in Mpumalanga (South Africa).

Helichrysum tongense Hilliard

Status: DD

Distribution: Mpepo

Reported to be rare in South Africa. No information available for Swaziland.

Helichrysum transmontanum Hilliard

Status: DD

Distribution: Malolotja, Mhlambanyatsi Valley, Black Mbeluzi Valley, Emlembe Recorded in Swaziland by Compton and Braun.

Helichrysum truncatum Burtt Davy Status DD

Distribution: Palwane Hills Known from collections in Swaziland by Compton.

Known from several records in Mpumalanga (South

Helichrysum wilmsii Moeser

Distribution: Black Mbeluzi Falls, Piggs Peak, Devils Bridge, Emlembe

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton.

Inula paniculata (Klatt) Burtt Davy

Status: DD

Plecostachys polifolia (Thunb.) Hilliard & **B.L.Burtt**

Distribution: Havelock

Known from collections in Swaziland by Miller.

Senecio mbuluzensis Compton

Distribution: 5 km West of Mhlosheni, Ukuthula, Mbabane, Black Umbeluzi Vallev

Widespread. Possibly a near-endemic but information unavailable. Reported to be rare in South Africa. No information available for Swaziland.

Senecio medley-woodii Hutch.

Status: DD

Distribution: Lebombo Mountains (Jozini) to Umtamvuna River, Mlawula

Has succulent stems. Good horticultural potential. Reported to be fairly uncommon in South Africa. No information available for Swaziland.

Senecio umbellatus L.

Status: DD

Widespread in Swaziland. Generally known from the Cape flora in South Africa.

CFLASTRACEAE

Allocassine laurifolia (Harv.) N.Robson

Status: DD

Distribution: Jilobi Forest, Mbeluzi Gorge -Shewula Known from collections in Swaziland by Kemp.

COLCHICACEAE

Sandersonia aurantiaca Hook

Status: DD

Threats: Collection Distribution: Hlatikhulu

Rare everywhere and often removed and picked by flower collectors. Also known from as far afield as the Cape in South Africa.

COMMELINACEAE

Aneilema schlechteri K.Schum.

Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Malinda, Grand Valley

Known from collections in Swaziland by Codd, from two

localities.

CRASSULACEAE

Crassula alba Forssk. var. pallida Toelken Status: DD

Endemism: Endemic?

Distribution: Bomvu Ridge, Mukusini Hills, Nyokane Recorded from Swaziland by Compton and Dlamini.

Crassula alba Forssk. var. parvisepala (Schonland) Toelken

Status DD

Distribution: Malolotja, Maguga, Ngenya Hills, Siteki, Bearded man Mountain.

Known mainly from three records, one in a protected area. Two are possibly in an inundated area.

Crassula compacta Schonland

Status: DD

Distribution: Bomvu Ridge

Known from collections by Compton and Forsyth-Thompson.

Kalanchoe alticola Compton

Status: DD

Distribution: Mukusini Hills

Kalanchoe luciae Raym.-Hamet subsp. montana (Compton) Toelken

Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Devils Bridge, Mbabane, Hilltop Recorded in Swaziland by Compton and Dlamini.

Kalanchoe sexangularis N.E.Br.

Kalanchoe rogersii Raym.-Hamet

Status: DD

Threats: Grazing

Distribution: Ingwavuma Poort (Lebombo) Habitat specialist, but with a scattered distribution. Cattle grazing is a threat.

CYPERACEAE

Costularia natalensis C.B.Clarke

Tetraria natalensis (C.B.Clarke) Koyama

Status: DD

Threats: Afforestation

Distribution: Usuthu Forest, Dalriach, Ukuthula, Piggs

Found in grassland and forest margins. In KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa), it is threatened by afforestation. The commonly used genus name is Tetraria. Common in

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KwaZulu-Natal, Mpumalanaa and Limpopo Province (South Africa).

Schoenoxiphium lehmannii (Nees) Steud.

Kobresia lehmannii (Nees) Koyama var. lehmannii

Status: DD

Threats: Urban expansion, collection Distribution: Malolotja, Hilltop

The synonym was listed as threatened in previous RDLs. Hilltop site near an informal settlement where it is highly threatened. Used for basketry. Very common in South Africa.

DRYOPTERIDACEAE

Polystichum macleae (Baker) Diels Status: DD

Fairly common in South Africa's Mpumulanga and Limpopo Province.

Polystichum transkeiense Jacobsen Status: DD

Distribution: Kings Forest

Known from collections in Swaziland by Burrows.

FBFNACFAF

Euclea undulata Thunb.

Status: DD

Distribution: Simunye, Sicusha, Golela Only one record for Swaziland by Rodin.

ERICACEAE

Erica revoluta (Bolus) L.E.Davidson

Erica austroverna Hilliard

Status: DD

No known herbarium specimens for Swaziland, but observed there in the wild.

FUPHORBIACEAE

Croton steenkampianus Gerstner

Distribution: Blue Jay Ranch (Mlawula) One record in a protected area by Lycette. Known to be extremely common outside Swaziland.

Euphorbia knobelii Letty

Status: DD

Swaziland specimens should be checked and taxonomy needs attention.

Synadenium cupulare (Boiss.) L.C.Wheeler Status: DD

Distribution: Mdhetshana farm Recorded in Swaziland by Miller.

GENTIANACEAE

Sebaea erosa Schinz

Status: DD

Distribution: Mbabane

Known from collections in Swaziland by Compton.

GESNERIACEAE

Streptocarpus cyaneus S.Moore

Status: DD

Distribution: Millers Falls, Mmhlammbanyati, Piggs Peak, Malkerns, Malolotja

Streptocarpus pentherianus Fritsch Status: DD

Threats: Urban expansion Distribution: Mbabane, Hawane Falls

Restricted distribution. Does not appear in PRECIS.

Streptocarpus polyanthus Hook. subsp. comptonii (Mansf.) Hilliard

Status: DD

HIPPOCRATEACEAE

Salacia gerrardii Harv.

Status: DD

Distribution: Jilobi, Muti-muti Only in South Africa according to PRECIS.

HYACINTHACEAE

Drimiopsis maxima Baker

Status: DD

Distribution: Usuthu Mission

Ornithogalum capillare J.M.Wood & M.S.Evans

Status: DD

Known from many localities in South Africa. The distribution tips into Swaziland.

Ornithogalum monophyllum Baker

Status: DD

Distribution: Nduma, Mbabane (Fonteyn), Havelock Recorded in Swaziland by Compton, Dlamini and Kemp.

Ornithogalum saundersiae Baker

Status: DD

Distribution: Marula Ridge, Mbabane, Cecil Mancks Pass Recorded in Swaziland by Compton and Nicholson.

HYPOXIDACEAE

Hypoxis hemerocallidea Fisch. & C.A.Mey. Status: DD

Very widely used. Still very widespread and abundant in the wild

IRIDACEAE

Dierama adelphicum Hilliard

Status: DD

Distribution: Unspecified locality in Swaziland Known from Limpopo Province and Mpumalanaa (South Africa)

Dierama insigne N.E.Br.

Status: DD

Distribution: Oshoek Common in South Africa.

Dierama medium N.E.Br.

Distribution: Usuthu, Waverley Mine Common in South Africa.

Dierama mossii (N.E.Br.) Hilliard

Status: DD

Distribution: Forbes Reef

Known from several collections from Forbes Reef. Common in South Africa.

Gladiolus ferrugineus Goldblatt & J.C.Manning

Gladiolus varius F.Bolus var. micranthus (Baker) Oberm.

Status: DD

Distribution: Forbes Reef, 4.5 km West of Piggs Peak Common in South Africa.

Gladiolus hollandii L.Bolus

Status: DD

Previously listed as Rare for South Africa's former Transvaal and Swaziland. It is reported to be common in hills above Barberton in South Africa, as it is a highveld species. Common in South Africa.

Hesperantha umbricola Goldblatt

Status: DD

Endemism: Endemic? Threats: Habitat degradation Distribution: Mhahane hills

Apparently there are closely related specimens from southern KwaZulu-Natal (South Africa).

LAMIACEAE

Hemizygia petiolata M.Ashby

Status: DD

Distribution: Maguga, Sisa

Hemizygia pretoriae (Gürke) M.Ashby subsp. heterotricha Codd

Status: DD

Distribution: Hlatikhulu, Verdun, Kubuta, Gege Recorded in Swaziland by Compton.

Hemizygia pretoriae (Gürke) M.Ashby subsp. pretoriae

Status: DD

Distribution: Ngotshane

Known from collections by Compton.

Hemizygia transvaalensis (Schltr.) M.Ashby Status: DD

Distribution: Malolotja, Piggs Peak

One record for Swaziland requiring confirmation.

Plectranthus rubropunctatus Codd

Status: DD

Distribution: Mdzimba, Forbes Reef, Ermelo Rd., Piggs Peak, Mbabane

Plectranthus zuluensis T.Cooke

Status: DD

Fndemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Mdzimba, Umbeluzi Recorded in Swaziland by Culverwell.

Stachys aethiopica L.

Status DD

Distribution: Isiteki Beacon

Known mainly from old collections (Compton).

Stachys arachnoidea Codd

Status: DD

Distribution: Mbabane District, Malolotja, Piggs Peak,

Stachys natalensis Hochst. var. galpinii (Briq.) Codd

Status: DD

Distribution: Malolotja, Havelock mine, Nduma, Ngwenya Mountain.

Stachys simplex Schltr.

Status: DD

Distribution: Malolotja, Mbabane

Stachys tubulosa MacOwan

Status: DD

Only in South Africa according to PRECIS. However, certain that it occurs in Swaziland, but never surveyed.

Thorncroftia thorncroftii (S.Moore) Codd Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic

Distribution: Northwest of Piggs Peak (mountains) Found at a neighbouring locality in South Africa.

LAURACEAE

Ocotea kenyensis (Chiov.) Robyns & R.Wilczek Status: DD

Distribution: Kings Forest (Bulembu), Malolotja

I FGUMINOSAF: CAFSAI PINIOIDEAF

Chamaecrista capensis (Thunb.) E.Mey. var. capensis

Status: DD

Distribution: Hawane Falls

Known from collections by Compton and Stewart.

Chamaecrista capensis (Thunb.) E.Mey. var. flavescens (Thunb.) E.Mey.

Status: DD

Distribution: Stroma

Known from collections in Swaziland by Compton.

I FGUMINOSAF: PAPILIONOIDEAF

Tephrosia albissima H.M.L.Forbes subsp. albissima Status: DD

Distribution: Mankayane

Known from collections in Swaziland by Compton.

Tephrosia brummittii Schrire Status: DD

Endemism: Endemic?

Distribution: Black Umbeluzi Falls, Malandzela Recorded in Swaziland by Compton and Germishuizen.

Tephrosia capensis (Jacq.) Pers. var. capensis Status: DD

Known mainly from old collections (Mogg).

Tephrosia natalensis H.M.L.Forbes subsp. natalensis

Status: DD

Distribution: Evelyn Baring Bridge, Tshaneni, Mankaiana

Recorded in Swaziland by Compton.

Tephrosia retusa Burtt Davy Status: DD

Only in South Africa according to PRECIS. However, certain that it occurs in Swaziland, but never surveyed.

I OBFLIACEAE

Monopsis malvacea E.Wimm.

Lobelia coddii Compton

Status. DD

Endemism: Endemic

Distribution: Mbabane, Hlatikulu

LORANTHACEAE

Tapinanthus forbesii (Sprague) Wiens

Status: DD

Distribution: Tshaneni

Tapinanthus gracilis Toelken & Wiens

Status: DD

Distribution: Ingwayuma Poort

Known from collections in Swaziland by Compton and

Tapinanthus rubromarginatus (Engl.) Danser Moeser

Status: DD

Distribution: Hlatikhulu, Mankaiana, Tshaneni Three records by Compton, Dlamini and Karsten.

LYTHRACEAE

Nesaea sagittifolia (Sond.) Koehne var. ericiformis Koehne forma swaziensis Immelman Status: DD

Basically known from four records by Compton and

Nesaea zambatidis Immelman

Status: DD

Distribution: Mlawula

Known from collections in Swaziland by Culverwell.

MARSII FACEAE

Marsilea fenestrata Launert

Status: DD

Locally common in seasonally inundated pans.

MELIACEAE

Turraea floribunda Hochst.

Status: DD

Distribution: Lebombo Mountains, Mhlophe, Siteki Recorded in Swaziland by Compton.

MFLIANTHACEAE

Bersama transvaalensis Turrill

Status: DD

Known from two records in Swaziland by Dlamini. From a South African perspective, unlikely to be rare.

MORACEAE

Ficus burtt-davvi Hutch.

Distribution: Shiselweni Forest Company Known from two subpopulations in Swaziland.

OCHNACEAE

Ochna arborea Burch, ex DC, var. oconnorii (E.Phillips) Du Toit

Status: DD

Distribution: Muti Muti, Jilobi, north of Mbabane Unconfirmed report that it occurs in Swaziland.

Ochna aamostiamata Du Toit

Status: DD

Distribution: Havelock Concession

OLFACEAE

Olea woodiana Knobl.

Status: DD

Distribution: Jilohi, Uhombo Mountain. Recorded in Swaziland by Miller.

OLINIACEAE

Olinia emarginata Burtt Davy

Status: DD

Distribution: Jilobi

Previously reported only to occur in South Africa.

ORCHIDACEAE

Calanthe sylvatica (Thouars) Lindl.

Calanthe natalensis (Rchb.f.) Rchb.f.

Status: DD

Distribution: Malandela

In evergreen and riverine montane forest, near streams and swampy areas. Also known from the Eastern Cape in South Africa. Widespread throughout Tropical Africa and Madagascar.

Eulophia speciosa (R.Br. ex Lindl.) Bolus

Eulophia austrooccidentalis Sölch.; Eulophia leucantha (Kraenzl.) Sölch.

Status: DD

Distribution: Mlawula, Umbeluzi Gorge

Northwards into Tropical Africa. Also reported from the

Cane area (South Africa). Both synonyms were classified as threatened in previous RDLs.

Habenaria bicolor Conrath & Kraenzl.

Habenaria laevigata Lindl. subsp. bicolor (Conrath & Kraenzl.) Schltr

Status: DD

Known mainly from Gauteng (South Africa). Flowers mainly from March to April. According to PRECIS, two localities outside Swaziland. Apparently new specimens collected from Swaziland. Reported from Zimbabwe but very unlikely. Known from grasslands.

Habenaria culveri Schltr.

Status: DD

Neobolusia tysonii (Bolus) Schltr.

Status: DD

Distribution: Forbes Reef

Wide distribution in South Africa from the Eastern Cape to Mpumalanaa, Small cross-border distribution in Swaziland.

PASSIFLORACEAE

Adenia hastata (Harv.) Schinz var. glandulifera W.J.de Wilde

Status: DD

Distribution: Bulunga Poort Single record by Compton.

PERIPLOCACEAE

Mondia whitei (Hook.f.) Skeels

Status: DD

Threats: Collection

Distribution: Siteki, Ubombo

Widespread, and probably utilised everywhere. Known from several collections in Swaziland. Harvested for medicinal purposes. Nothing is known about the rates of utilisation in Swaziland, and distributions from herbarium collections in Swaziland could not be confirmed.

POACEAE

Ehrharta erecta Lam. var. natalensis Stapf Status: DD

Distribution: Malolotja

Known from collections in Swaziland by Braun. Widespread in the summer rainfall region of South

Eragrostis barbinodis Hack.

Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic Distribution: Nkomati River Valley Also known from South Africa.

Sartidia jucunda (Schweick.) De Winter Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic Distribution: Malolotja

The species is restricted to the Barberton Mountains. Known from only a single site outside Swaziland.

Sartidia sp.

Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic Distribution: Malolotia (N & S)

Found on serpentine soils, but undescribed for more than a decade.

Thamnocalamus tessellatus (Nees) Sonderstr. & R.P.Ellis

Arundinaria tessellata (Nees) Munro

Status: DD

Dispute as to how abundant this species is in Swaziland. Well represented outside Swaziland. Utilised throughout its range.

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PROTFACEAE

Faurea macnaughtonii E.Phillips Status: DD

Distribution: Mlumati, Malolotja, Shelangubu Valley Locally common, but restricted distribution in Swaziland.

RHIZOPHORACEAE

Cassipourea swaziensis Compton Status: DD

Endemism: Near-endemic Threats: Grazing, fire

Distribution: Mhlosheni, 2 km north of Mbabane,

Nhlangano, Nsongweni

Very restricted in Swaziland. Also in South Africa (KwaZulu-Natal, Mpumalanga?). Quartzite. Area poorly collected, only old collections. Cattle grazing and population growth a problem.

RUBIACEAE

Canthium suberosum Codd

Status: DD

Distribution: Hlatikhulu

Known from specimens collected by Compton.

Pavetta zeyheri Sond.

Pavetta microlancea-K.Schum.

Status: DD

The synonym was listed as threatened in previous RDLs. Known only from old collections.

Pentas micrantha Baker subsp. wyliei (N.E.Br.) Verdc.

Status: DD

Distribution: Mapokane, Mnyame, Komati Valley, Tulwane

RUTACEAE

Teclea gerrardii I.Verd.

Status: DD

Distribution: Muti Muti, Jilobi Recorded in Swaziland by Miller.

Teclea natalensis (Sond.) Engl.

Status: DD

Teclea pilosa (Engl.) I.Verd. Status: DD

SAMYDACEAE

Homalium dentatum (Harv.) Warb. Status: DD

Distribution: Jilobi, Siteki, Tibulati stream Recorded in Swaziland by Miller.

SANTALACEAE

Thesium gracilentum N.E.Br.

Status: DD

Distribution: Emlembo Mountain (Havelock Concession)

Found in an inaccessible habitat.

STERCULIACEAE

Crassula greenwayi Brenan

Status: DD

Distribution: Shewula (Umbeluzi Gorge North Bank), Muti Muti

Sterculia murex Hemsl.

Status: DD

Only in South Africa according to PRECIS. However, certain that it occurs in Swaziland but never surveyed.

TURNERACEAE

Tricliceras laceratum (Oberm.) Oberm.

Status: DD

Distribution: Tshaneni

Known from collections in Swaziland by Edwards and Culverwell

Tricliceras longipedunculatum (Mast.) R.Fern. var. longipedunculatum

Status: DD

Known mainly from old collections (Barrett).

VERBENACEAE

Vitex rehmannii Gürke

Status: DD

Distribution: Siteki

Known from collections in Swaziland by Miller.



Encephalartos relictus is classified as Extinct in the Wild. (Photo: P.J.H. Hurter)