# **Illustrated Parts & Service Map**

## Compaq 500B MT Business PC



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## **Key Specifications**

Processor Type	Intel Celeron, Intel Pentium dual-core	
RAM Type	DDR3-SDRAM DIMMs, PC2-10600 (1333 MHz)	
Maximum RAM Supported	4 GB (2 x 2 GB)	
Expansion Slots	<ul> <li>1 full-height PCI 2.3 slot</li> <li>2 full-height PCIe x1 slots</li> <li>1 full-height PCIe x16</li> </ul>	
Graphics Adapter	Integrated Intel GMA 3100 graphics	
Chipset	Intel Q41 Express	
Drive Support	<ul> <li>(1) 5.25-inch external optical drive bay</li> <li>(1) 3.5-inch internal hard disk drive bay</li> </ul>	
I/O Interfaces	(8) USB 2.0 ports: (2) front ports, (4) rear ports, (2) internal ports on motherboard; (1) RJ-45, (1) VGA, (1) front audio in, (1) front audio out, (1) rear audio in, (1) rear audio out, (1) rear microphone	
Operating Systems	<ul> <li>Windows 7</li> <li>Windows Vista</li> <li>Windows XP</li> <li>FreeDOS</li> <li>Novell SUSE Linux</li> </ul>	

## **Spare Parts**



## System Unit

-		
1	Chassis	Not spared
2	Front bezel with card reader	586725-001
*	Front bezel without card reader	586726-001
3	Access panel	570581-001
4	Power supply, 300W, PFC	463317-001
*	Power supply, 300W, non-PFC	463318-001
*	5.25-inch bezel blank	586749-001

\* Not shown



### Cables

1	Front I/O assembly with card reader	586728-001
*	Front I/O assembly without card reader	586729-001
2	Power switch/LED cable assembly	586724-001
3	SATA HDD cable, 6.5 inch, with latch	448670-001
*	PATA to SATA adapter	449283-001

\*Not shown

## Keyboards (not illustrated)

USB, red		537923-xxx	
Asia/Pacific English	-371	Italian	-061
Belgian	-181	LA Spanish	-161
Brazilian Portuguese	-201	Norwegian	-091
Bulgarian	-261	Portuguese	-131
Czech	-221	Romanian	-271
Danish	-081	Russian	-251
Finnish	-351	Slovakian	-231
French	-051	Spanish	-071
French Arabic	-DE1	Swedish	-101
French Canadian	-121	Swiss	-111
German	-041	Swiss	-BG1
Greek	-151	Turkish	-141
Hebrew	-BB1	U.K.	-031
Hungarian	-211	South Africa	-AR1

## Mass Storage Devices (not illustrated)

16X DVD±RW SuperMulti drive with LightScribe	581059-001
16X DVD-ROM drive	581058-001
500 GB hard drive	586720-001
320 GB hard drive	586969-001
250 GB hard drive	586719-001
160 GB hard drive	586718-001



#### **Miscellaneous Parts**

1	Heatsink with alcohol pad and factory-applied thermal grease	587452-001
2	Chassis fan	449207-001
*	Mouse, optical	537750-001

\*Not shown LP = Low profile



### Standard and Optional Boards

System boards with thermal grease, alcohol pad, and CPU socket cover				
1	System board	586722-001		
Me	Memory modules			
2	2 GB, PC3-10600	576110-001		
2	1 GB, PC3-10600	576109-001		
Oth	her boards			
*	HP Wireless 802.11b/g/n WLAN card	538048-001		
*	802.11b/g/n WLAN card, for use in ROW	498307-001		
*	LSI 56K modem, PCIe	490689-001		
*	ATI Radeon HD4350 (RV710) PCIe x16 graphics card, 512 MB	586750-001		
*	GeForce G210, PCIe graphics card, 512MB	586382-001		
*	Intel Gigabit NIC, includes bracket	490367-001		
*	HP FireWire IEEE 1394 PCI card, FH	515182-001		
*	Serial port, PCI adapter	321722-001		
Int	el Celeron Processors with alcohol pad and thermal grease:			
E33	300, 1-MB cache, 2.50 GHz	585886-001		
E32	E3200, 1-MB cache, 2.40 GHz 585885-001			
E16	500, 512-MB cache, 2.40 GHz	577416-001		
E1:	E1500, 512-MB cache, 2.20 GHz 516899-001			
450	450, 512-KB cache, 2.20 GHz 508256-001			
440	440, 512-KB cache, 2.00 GHz 449166-001			
Int	el Core2 Quad Processors with alcohol pad and thermal grease:			
Q8 Q8	Q8300, 4-MB cache, 2.50 GHz (primary)         516901-001           Q8300, 4-MB cache, 2.50 GHz (alternate)         583005-001			
Int	el Core2 Duo Processors with alcohol pad and thermal grease:			
E80	500, 6-MB cache, 3.33 GHz	497732-001		
E85	500, 6-MB cache, 3.16 GHz	466170-001		
E84	E8400, 6-MB cache, 3.00 GHz 509554-			
E76	500, 3-MB cache, 3.06 GHz	573954-001		
E75 E75	500, 3-MB cache, 2.93 GHz (primary) 500, 3-MB cache, 2.93 GHz (alternate)	531988-001 583006-001		
E65	500, 2-MB cache, 2.93 GHz	586748-001		
E63	300, 2-MB cache, 2.80 GHz	580748-001		
E54	400, 2-MB cache, 2.70 GHz	586743-001		
E53	300, 2-MB cache, 2.60 GHz	586747-001		

\* Not shown

## System Board



# System Board Connectors and Jumpers (position of some untitled components may vary in location)

PROCESSOR	Processor socket	PCI2	PCI slot
CPU FAN	Fan connector	PCIE1X1	PCIe x1 slot
DIMM1-2	Memory slots	PCIE1X	PCIe x1 slot
ATX_POWER	24-pin main power connector	PCIE16X	PCIe x16 slot
BATTERY	RTC battery socket	AUDIO	External in/out connectors
SATA0-3	Drive connectors	NIC_USB	Stacked network/USB connec- tors
F_PANEL	Front I/O connector	USB	Stacked USB connectors
P154	Front I/O connector	ATX_12V	4-pin CPU power connector
P152	Front I/O connector	VGA	Monitor connector
F_AUDIO	Front audio connector		

### **Diagnostic Beep Codes**

The Power-On Self-Test (POST) is a series of diagnostic tests that runs automatically when the computer is powered on. If the POST detects an error, this causes an audible beep code to sound. The POST beep codes are not necessarily accompanied by an associated, visible error code or text message.

The following table shows the POST beep codes, their meanings, and the recommended actions for solving the problem. **Diagnostic Beep Codes** 

Beeps	Diagnosis	Recommended Action		
1 short, 1 long, 3 sec pause	Bad memory or memory configura- tion error	Check that the memory modules have been installed correctly and that proper modules are used.		
2 short, 1 long,	No graphics card installed or graph-	For systems with a graphics card:		
3 sec pause	ics card initialization failed.	1. Reseat the graphics card. Power on the system.		
		2. Replace the graphics card.		
		3. Replace the system board.		
		For systems with integrated graph- ics, replace the system board.		
3 short, 1 long, 3 sec pause	CPU configuration error or invalid CPU detected before graphics card initialized.	For systems with a graphics card: 1. Reseat the graphics card. Power on the system.		
		2. Replace the graphics card.		
		3. Replace the system board.		
		For systems with integrated graph- ics, replace the system board.		
1 short, 1 sec	No legacy floppy drive or optical	1. Check cable connections.		
pause	drive found	2. Run the Setup utility and ensure the device port is enabled.		
2 short, 3 sec pause	No floppy diskette or CD found	<ol> <li>Check the type of drive you are using and use the correct media type.</li> </ol>		
		2. Replace the diskette or CD with a new one.		
3 short, 3 sec pause	Flashing not ready (missing utility or BIOS image file, etc.)	Upgrade the BIOS to proper version.		
4 short, 3 sec	Flashing operation has failed	1. Verify the correct ROM.		
pause	etc.)	2. Flash the ROM if needed.		
		3. If an expansion board was recently added, remove it to see if the problem remains.		
		4. Clear CMOS.		
		5. If the message disappears, there may be a problem with the expansion card.		
		6. Replace the system board.		
5 short, 3 sec pause	BIOS recovery was successful	No action required.		

## **LED** Codes

The following table describes the LED states for the Compaq 500B and 505B MT Desktop PCs. LED Codes

LED	State	LED Status
Power LED indicator	System on (normal operation)	Steady green
	Suspend to RAM.	Blinks green every 2 seconds
	Computer off	LED not on
Drive LED indicator	Normal hard drive activity	Green drive LED is flashing

### **Clearing CMOS**

### The header allows you to clear the RTC RAM in CMOS.

To erase the RTC RAM:

- 1. Turn off the computer and any external devices, and disconnect power.
- 2. Remove the access panel.
- 3. Remove the RTC battery.
- 4. Locate the CMOS jumper header on the motherboard. It is labeled E18.
- 5. Remove the jumper from pins 2-3 pins and put it on pins 1-2 to clear CMOS. Keep the cap on pins 1-2 for 5 to 10 seconds.
- 6. Replace the jumper on pins 2-3.
- 7. Reinstall the battery.
- 8. Replace the access panel, external devices, and reconnect the power cord.
- 9. Turn on the computer.
- 10.Hold down the F1 key during boot and enter BIOS setup to re-enter data.

#### **HP Insight Diagnostics**

The HP Insight Diagnostics utility can be used to view information about the hardware configuration of the computer. It can also perform hardware diagnostic testing on the computer and its subsystems, which provides information for troubleshooting. HP Insight Diagnostics runs from the recovery discs. To access HP Insight Diagnostics, the user

must first create a set of recovery disks from the recovery image on their hard drive. Then they can access HP Insight Diagnostics by booting from the recovery disc that contains the utility. To create a set of recovery discs, users need to perform the following steps

- 1. Click Start > HP Backup and Recovery > HP Backup and Recovery Manager.
- 2. Click Next to open the Backup and Recovery Wizard.
- 3. Select Create to create a set of recovery discs, and the click Next.
- 4. Follow the wizard instructions to create a Recovery Disc Set.
- 5. Use Windows Explorer to search the Recovery Disc Set for the CD in the /Hpdiags directory.
- 6. Insert the CD into the optical drive on the computer.
- 7. Restart the computer and the system will boot to the CD.
- 8. Click the appropriate language and click Next.
- 9. Click Agree in the End User License Agreement page. The utility launches with the Survey tab displayed.

### Using the Setup Utility

The BIOS Setup Utility is accessed by pressing the F10 button during startup. The BIOS Setup Utility allows you to:

- Change factory default settings
- Set the system date and time Set, view, change, or verify the system configuration, including settings for graphics, audio, storage, communications, and input devices View processor and memory settings
- Modify the boot order of bootable devices, such as hard drives, diskette drives, optical drives, or USB media
- Run tests on the hard drive
- Establish a supervisor password that controls access to the Setup Utility

### **Power Button/Power Button LED**

The power button is under the BIOS control during POST, in BIOS Setup and after booting to a non-ACPI OS. The BIOS must respond immediately when the power button is pressed in these environments. For the ACPI-coupliant OS such as Windows, the BIOS must pass the power button information to the OS via the ACPI table as specified in the ACPI spec. If a platform offers a dual-color-based power button LED, the BIOS will program the power

button LED to alternate the color between the On (ACPI S0) state and the Stand-by (S3) state. In doing so, the LED should not blink, but stay constant. Check with the corresponding platform manager for the default colors in the On and Stand-by states. The color of the power button LED in the Hibernate state (ACPI S4) is the same as in the S5 state.

To find out if the system's power button LED is dual-color capable, check the SMBIOS Type 11 data structure. If the SMBIOS Type 11 data structure contains the string DLED (NOT cas sensitive), the system supports the dual-color power button LED and therefore, the BIOS support as described above is required.

### **BIOS Updates**

HP periodically releases system BIOS updates, which are available from the HP web site. These updates often contain fixes for known issues in the BIOS.

To find out whether a PC needs a BIOS update, compare the current BIOS version number against the latest version available for download. To determine the current BIOS version, you should perform the

- following steps:
- 1. Click Start > Shut Down.
- 2. Select Restart, and then click OK.
- 3. When the first screen displays, press F10 to enter Setup. The BIOS revision number is listed on the main menu.
- 4. Write down the current BIOS version.
- 5. Exit Setup by pressing Esc, selecting Yes, and pressing Enter.

### **POST Error/Warning Messages**

Once the display becomes available, the BIOS should classify all errors detected during POST into 3 categories and handle them as specified below

- Critical errors requiring system shutdown (e.g. CPU fan fault):
- Clear the screen, display the corresponding error message, pause for a while as specified and then turn the system off.
- Serious errors requiring user's attention and response (e.g. SMART error during POST): Display the corresponding error message, wait for the user's input and then proceed a selected.
- Alerts/warnings requiring user's attention (e.g. CMOS checksum error -> defaults loading): Display the corresponding message and pause for a while as specified. If the message property in control for a keystroke from the user and the user responds with the key input proceed as selected. Otherwise, continue the POST process.
- When there are multiple errors happened during POST, apply the following guideline If multiple errors include at least one critical error, the system will shut down immediately after handling the first critical error.
- If multiple errors do not include a critical error, handle all serious errors first, one by one, and then proceed to alerts/warnings. For example, if the BIOS detected a SMART error (serious error), a floppy diskette failure (serious error) and a CMOS checksum error (alert/ warning) during POST, the BIOS will handle them as follows:
- For SKUs including an OS=MSV or an OS=LX in the SMBIOS Type 11 data, 1.Handle the first serious error, SMART error, as follows:

Display "xxx: Hard disk failure is imminent... Press F10 for Setup, F2 to Continue." If the user selects F10, proceed to Setup. However, if the user selects F2, the BIOS should proceed to step 2 below.

- 2.Handle the second serious error, floppy diskette failure, as follows:
  - Display "Floppy diskette failure... Press F10 for Setup, F2 to Continue." If the user selects F10, proceed to Setup. However, if the user selects F2, the BIOS should proceed to step 3 belov
- 3.Handle the alert/warning message, CMOS checksum error, as follows:
- Display "Default BIOS settings have been loaded ... Press F10 for Setup, F2 to Continue" for the user selects F10, proceed to Setup. However, if the user selects F2, the BIOS should proceed to step 2 below.
- For all other SKUs, use F1 instead of F10 in the above handling.

**NOTE:** If a device fails to respond while the BIOS tries to configure the device during POST, the BIOS must not make the system look as if it locked up by having an infinite loop or waiting for too long. Instead, the BIOS must time out after a reasonable amount of time (the time varies with the device) and skip to the next process. **NOTE:** Unless specified in this document as above, the BIOS should not stop the POST process

with any POST diagnostic screen and/or error message to draw user's attention. For example does not consider replacing a hard drive or CPU as an error condition.