Reaching Constant of the Penal Line Penal Li

Michael F. McGraw, Ph.D. Published: June 30, 2020

Cover description

On the cover is a 2006 picture of Moyaliff Chapel looking through a side door on the south side of the ruin. Just inside the door are four gravestones standing in a row at the western end of the chapel. The two end stones belong to the McGraths of Coolkill. The third stone, the oldest of the four, belongs to the line of Michael McGrath of Moyaliff. The second stone, which is of a more recent vintage, hasn't been associated with a particular McGrath family as yet.

Erected by Philip McGrath, Drombane In Memory of His Wife Bridget McGrath (nee) Shanahan Died Nov 24 1924 Aged 68 yrs His Daughter Johanna Died 1 Feb 1923, Aged 40 yrs And His Father Thomas McGrath Died 17 Feb 1893 Aged 87 yrs Also His Mother Ellen Died 30 July 1868 Aged 71 yrs And His 3 Children Died Young His Son Philip Died 25 Nov 1926 Aged 33 yrs Also The Above Philip McGrath Died 21 Sept 1931 Aged 88 yrs	In Loving Memory Of John McGrath Knockanevin, Borrisoleigh Late of Glebe Cross, Drombane Died 26-April 1969, Aged 42 Yrs His wife Pauline Died 20-Dec 1980 Aged 54 yrs.	Here lies the Body of Mary McGrath als Banan Who died March the xx 1792 Aged 49 Yrs may She rest in peace. Amen Erected by Joseph McGrath	Erected By The Sorrowing Wife and Children to the Sad and Fond Memory of Daniel McGrath , of Coolkill Who Died Feb ?5th 1892 Aged 80 Yrs Also His Daughter Winefred McGrath Died April 10th 1872 Aged 8 Years
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Acknowledgements

Nancy Long was the first person to make me aware of a Long-McGrath connection in the Pompey area of Onondaga County, NY. Later, she also discovered the participation of Richard Long and Margaret McGrath on Maple Ridge, Lewis Co., NY and their subsequent return to Pompey, NY.

Candie Miller drew my attention to the Maple Ridge area of Lewis Co. with her posts about her Ryan and Gleeson ancestors from Moyaliff who had settled in Maple Ridge just prior to the Civil War. She was also sharing material from a paper on her family's history authored by her uncle, **Tom Buckley**.

Father Tom Buckley S. J. researched the Moyaliff connection of the Ryan, McGrath and Gleeson families of Maple Ridge. It was a footnote in his paper, *The Ryan Family in Ireland and America*, which allowed the Pompey - Maple Ridge connection to be made and the Maple Ridge Migration to be discovered.

The late **Richard Long** of Syracuse provided detailed information on his family's descendants (from Thomas Long and Catherine Fanning) early on in this project. He was always enthusiastic about this McGrath and Long research and his comments were always helpful and encouraging.

The ancestors of **Clare Tuohy** of Dublin were from Grange, Holycross. Until some point in the last decade two of Clare's uncles were still farming the old family farm in Grange. She was the first to find the church records that showed the Kennedy, Thomas and James Long families were from Raheen and Glenreagh, rather than Thurles. She was my co-author on *The Neighbors in Ireland* (second part of the trilogy) which described the land holdings of these families and their connections with other families in Moyaliff and Holycross.

Stephen Long provided information on the successful search for the homestead of Thomas and Catherine Long in the town of Fabius (1860s thru 1880s) and a subsequent family reunion which was held on the site.

Tom Long of Glenreagh is a descendant of James Long's brother John who took over the Glenreagh farm when James and his family went to America in about 1852. Tom is still farming the same Glenreagh land today. His uncle now owns the former Maurice Magrath farm in Moyaliff while Tom and his brother farm it. Tom provided detailed information on the families of Glenreagh and the surrounding area and gracious hospitality during a 2015 trip to Ireland.

Con Ryan of Dublin shared his gravestone inscriptions for the McGraths of Clonoulty Curragh from the graveyard in Clonoulty parish. These were very helpful in sorting out the many McGraths in Clonoulty and Clogher parishes.

Marvin Minton contributed the McGrath-Fanning family papers. After acquiring the papers at a New Orleans estate sale in 1999 he published a summary around 2010. In 2017 he shared copies of the actual papers.

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Reaching Across the Penal Times

By Michael F. McGraw, Ph. D. Published: June 30, 2020

Introduction

The McGrath and Long families, who were neighbors in Central New York, have been traced back to Moyaliff and Holycross parishes of Co. Tipperary in a previous paper, *The Long and McGrath Families*. They were also found to be neighbors to each other in Ireland and also neighbors to the Fanning and Tuohy families. A subsequent paper, *The Neighbors in Ireland*, studied these four families over a period of time that included the Great Famine. In *The Neighbors in Ireland* connections were established among these same families. The locations of the ancestral homesteads of these families were determined and several present day descendants of these families were identified. The "Neighbors" paper was an intensive research effort to identify and trace the land holdings of these families through the Famine years. The old manuscript records employed in that research effort were created in the late 1840s in the process of assembling the information that became known as the Griffith's Valuation.

The present document is focused on the McGrath and Long records (parish and civil records, GV records and census records) which were successfully used to document the connections among the families under study. The original goal of this paper has been expanded from just establishing connections among families in the early 19th century to finding connections across the Penal Times into the 17th century. The Penal Times occurred during the 18th century in Ireland when Irish Catholics were prevented from owning land and practicing their religion. There were many other practices and activities that were also forbidden if one was Catholic. The purpose of these laws was to punish the Catholics for their uprisings in the previous century and to also make a determined effort to eliminate the Irish Catholics from Ireland. Although they failed to remove the Catholics, the Penal Laws were successful in greatly reducing the paper trail that genealogists rely on to trace their ancestors. Trying to make connections across the Penal Times is very difficult but that is exactly what has been attempted in this document. Family networks on both sides of the Penal Times were examined for possible connections.

In January 2017 I received copies of the entire collection of McGrath-Fanning family papers that had been purchased by Marvin Minton at an estate sale in New Orleans in the late 1990s. This Fanning family provides the connections with the Long, McGrath, Tuohy, Purcell and Ryan families in the townland of Grange, in Holycross civil parish. A summary of the information from the McGrath-Fanning family papers had been published earlier by Minton and have been referred to, in the "Neighbors" paper, as the

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Minton Genealogies. That information was vital in understanding the genealogies of the families in Holycross who were described in *The Neighbors in Ireland*. However, the complete collection of papers contained even more information that provided insight into the life of the Patrick McGrath family in New Orleans during the Civil War and contained communications with Patrick's relatives back in Ireland. Those papers also allowed Patrick McGrath's family tree to be pushed back two more generations, and across the Penal Times. The entire collection of McGrath-Fanning family papers will be published on the mcgrathsearch.com website simultaneously with this document.

The results of this research showed that the McGraths could be grouped into two families in Moyaliff and another McGrath family in neighboring Coolkill. It was possible to sort the Long families into a Raheen group and a Lisnagrough-Glenreagh group. The fact that these three townlands are contiguous suggests that the Long families have a common ancestor further back in time. The more recent commencement of the usual available records renders researching common ancestors dependent on more obscure records and family papers.

The Civil Survey of 1654-56 is a source of possible ancestors for the people living in the Moyaliff and Coolkill areas in the mid-1850s. There were no Longs found in the Civil Survey for the northern part of Co. Tipperary.

The analysis of the survey produced three groups of McGraths in Co. Tipperary in 1641. One group was in the barony of Owney and Arra, another was in Iffey and Offa barony and Miler Magrath's family were located primarily in Upper Ormond barony. The descendants of Miler Magrath were selected as the most likely group to examine for possible McGrath ancestors. A number of individuals were selected from this group and were analyzed in detail as the most likely ancestor candidates.

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The Process

This document has been written over two time periods separated by the release of the Irish Parish Registers by the National Library of Ireland in July 2015. The availability of these records changed the original organizational structure of this document. Prior to this 2015 release two sets of baptismal records had already been transcribed by Clare Tuohy for the McGrath and Long families from the Ballycahill and Holycross Roman Catholic (RC) parish. A few of these records were incorporated into the body of the "Neighbors" document and the remaining records were destined for the appendix of the present document. The online availability of the parish registers allowed the number of transcribed baptism records to literally explode in size. They could not all be absorbed into the body of this document since they would have caused the size of the appendix to grow larger than the body of the document itself. The solution was to restructure the extensive number of baptismal records into multiple documents. There is one webpage for each of the families: McGrath, Long, Fanning and Tuohy. Look under "Family Records" on the following web page.

http://mcgrathsearch.com/FamiliesInIreland/FamiliesInIreland.htm

The baptism records were transcribed from five neighboring RC parishes: Ballycahill and Holycross, Clonoulty, Drom and Inch, Thurles and Upperchurch and Drombane. The individual baptism records were then assembled into families whenever possible. By not burying all these records in an appendix and instead publishing them on the Internet it has provided multiple opportunities for collaboration with other researchers. This has resulted in the extension of some families over several generations and linking them with present day descendants. DNA testing results have also factored into these success stories which are available on a special "Connections" web page to facilitate future collaborations.

http://mcgrathsearch.com/FamiliesInIreland/Family_Connections.htm

In a manner similar to that applied to the parish registers, the civil records for the Thurles and Cashel Superintendents Registration Districts for McGrath and Long individuals were transcribed. The information was organized into several papers and were published online at mcgrathsearch.com. An intensive effort was made to construct groups of families out of these civil records to discover any possible connections to the families covered in this document. These were published in *Reconstructing Families From the Records*. In that document these civil records were complimented with parish records, GV records and census records when possible. Any families found with connections to the McGrath and Long families of Moyaliff or Holycross parishes were copied from that document and integrated into in the present document.

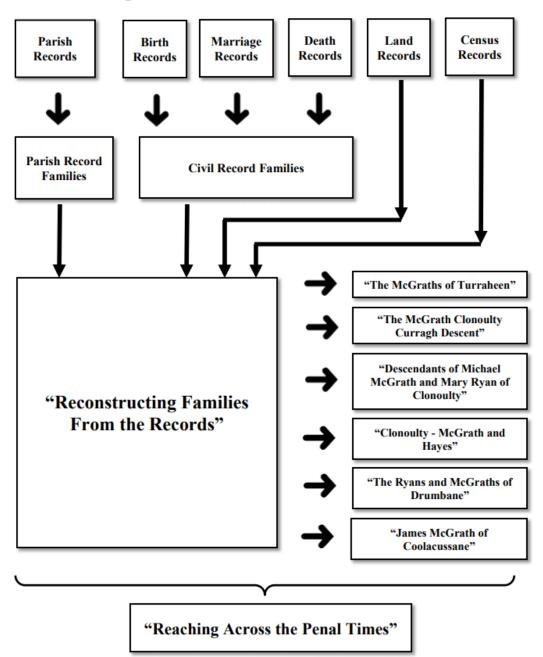
The online availability of the Irish Parish Registers greatly expanded the number of families that might be included in this paper. The extremely large number of Magrath families found in Clonoulty RC parish, which includes the civil parishes of Clogher and Clonoulty, located southwest of Moyaliff parish, has made the examination of these parishes mandatory. At the end of the analysis the Clonoulty RC parish Magrath families appear to have been contained mostly within that parish. No significant connections of the Clonoulty Magraths to the Moyaliff and Coolkill Magraths have been found. This examination produced six separate papers that have been published separately on the http://mcgrathsearch.com website. ["McGrath Families of Clogher and Clonoulty"]

In the process of combining the parish and civil records the results were combined with the GV records and census records to construct larger family groups. Individual records were assigned to various groups of related individuals which were then assembled into larger family structures. This strategy is very similar to that of placing small groups of connected puzzle pieces in close proximity to other groups of pieces. This facilitates the identification of the missing pieces of information that will allow the groups' connections to expand. The proposed family structures will suggest records or information, whose ultimate acquisition will either confirm or refute the proposed relationships.

The diagram on the following page shows the aggregation of individual records into families (Parish Record Families and Civil Record Families). These family records were combined with other records, such as land records and census records to build even larger families ("Reconstructing Families From the Records"). That effort results in the six papers on families from Clogher and Clonoulty parishes, shown in the column on the right. The Moyaliff and Holycross information on the McGrath and Long families went into "*Reaching Across the Penal Times*."

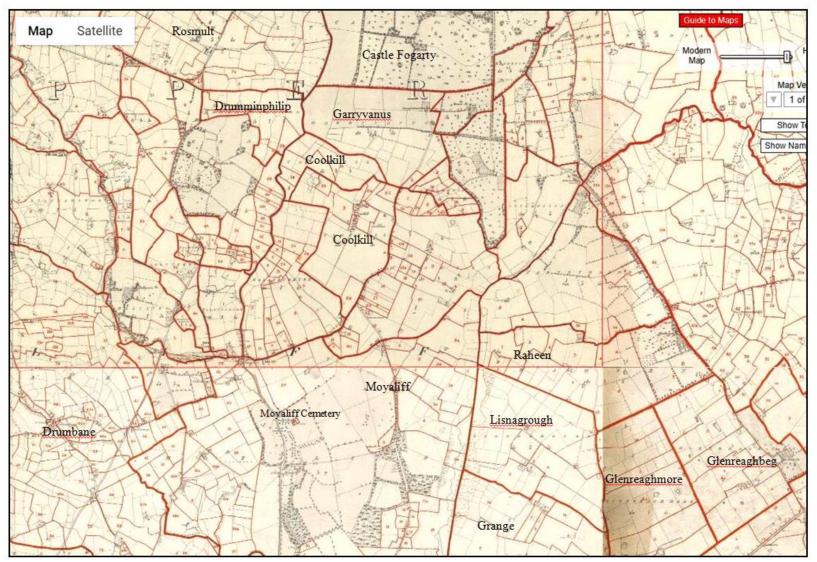
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Record Flow Diagram



On the following page is a map of some of the townlands of Moyaliff and Holycross along their shared border. The basic map is from the Ordnance Survey of 1840-41. These maps were used in carrying out Griffith's Valuation in this part of Co. Tipperary in the late 1840s and early 1850s — during the Great Famine. The red lines indicate the townland boundaries and the name have been added by the author. These are the townlands which occur in connection with the McGrath and Long families who are described in this paper.

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The Townlands of Moyaliff and Holycross Along the Parish Border

Reaching Across the Penal Times 06-30-20

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McGrath Families¹

Introduction

Many new McGraths were discovered in the course of the research for *The Neighbors in Ireland*. There were too many families to be easily absorbed into that document. Therefore a follow on document was conceived that could do justice to those new families. Each of the family groups discussed in this paper is labeled by the townland or parish with which they were associated during a particular time period. For most families this is based on evidence from the Griffith's Valuation or the parish records which are typically mid-19th century. Previous to this time period and afterwards the family members might have been associated with other regions of Ireland but for clarity and consistency the labels from the GV time period will continue to be used.

The McGrath families which will be described in detail can be placed into two groups. The two McGrath families in the townland of Moyaliff in Moyaliff civil parish were placed into one of these groups since these two Moyaliff families were living on adjacent farms which usually points toward a family relationship. Several other McGrath families were found in the Upperchurch and Holycross parish records and in the civil records. John, Thomas, Daniel, and Philip McGrath were initially assumed to be brothers based on their pressumed use of the Irish naming convention. The original genealogies published by Marvin Minton showed that assumption to be correct. Those genealogies also showed that Patrick McGrath of Grange was a fifth brother. The second group of McGraths is comprised of these brothers who were associated with the townland of Coolkill.

An effort was made to discover as many connections among these McGrath families as possible. Many new connections were confirmed and still others seem plausible, but as with much of the genealogy research in Ireland, further evidence would be needed to put these connections on firmer ground.

As a final effort the McGraths in several old records were examined for any possible connections to the McGraths of Moyaliff nad Coolkill in the 19th century.

The Michael McGrath Family of Moyaliff

The Journey Begins

My gg-grandparents were Edmond McGrath and Mary Ryan. By the late 1970s family members were aware that Edmond and Mary had come from Co. Tipperary. Edmond arrived by himself in 1848 and he was followed in 1850 by his wife and their young sons Michael and John. Edmond and Mary knew all the answers to the questions that we have been asking since the late 1970s, but none of our grnadparents had thought to ask them those questions before they died in 1899. If our older generation knew much about our family's history they never talked about it. Lucy Waters Sprague, Edmond and Mary's great-granddaughter, was the daughter of Michael McGraw and Alice Rooney's oldest child Mary Isabelle ("Mame") Waters. Lucy began a family history effort with the help of her mother after the birth of her son in 1946.

Three of Edmond and Mary's seventeen grandchildren had died during 1979-1980, leaving only one grandchild still alive: Agnes McGraw Currie. It seemed natural that her sons, Richard and Doug, began working on genealogy along with Lucy Waters Sprague. The Civil War pension records of John McGraw (son of Edmond and Mary) included a baptism record that had been requested from Ireland in 1913 when John was seeking his pension. The parish name was Upperchurch.

Dick Currie found records for Edmond and Mary through his correspondence with Father James O'Meara, the parish priest at Upperchurch,. They had been married in Upperchurch on Sept 1, 1841 and they had three children. The eldest, a daughter named Margaret, was baptized on June 27, 1842. She never came to America and it is assumed that she died young in Ireland. Michael was baptized on Nov. 19, 1843 while the family was residing in the townland of Drumdiha, as they were when Margaret was born. The youngest son, John, was baptized on June 6, 1844 while the family was residing in Gleninchnaveigh (Glown). This was the first time that these townland names had turned up in our family's history.

The Next Generation Steps Up

The trail back to Ireland heated up after my sister, Shirley Maloney, got into the genealogy game. She came across the name Upperchurch in an article called "A New Day for Ireland" in the April 1981 issue of National Geographic magazine. In the article there were a few paragraphs about a man named Con Ryan. He was a dairy farmer living in the townland of Glown (Gleninchnaveigh) just west of the village of Upperchurch. Shirley was convinced that we had to be related to this Con Ryan because in the article he said his family had been living in the townland of Glown since before 1800.

Shirley wrote to Con in 1983 but she never received an answer. My interest in genealogy started in earnest after our family's first trip to Ireland in June 1997. During

that trip we had made an uneventful stop in Upperchurch on a gray, chilly, rainy afternoon. We came away with a few pictures but no new information. In 1998, fifteen years after Shirley's first letter, I sent a second letter to Con Ryan, sharing with him some of the more recent information that I had found, but again no reply was forthcoming.

In February 2000 I decided to try once more to contact Con Ryan. It was always possible that Con might have been deceased or maybe he wasn't interested in finding any long lost relatives. This time I decided to send Con's letter to the parish priest and asked if he would pass it along to Con. By May I still hadn't heard anything, so I sent a short note to Donal Cunningham, the Upperchurch parish priest, to see if he had been successful in contacting Con. To hedge my bet, I also sent a copy to one of the local pub owners figuring that Con would be known by either him or the priest. Before Father Cunningham could reply to my second letter, I received a fantastic letter from Con Ryan himself. It arrived about 10 days before we were due to leave for Ireland. Talk about just in time!

The Magic Third Time

The third letter, delivered via Father Cunningham, was the magic letter. The third letter, the priest, the Trinity, or perhaps it was the mystery of things occurring in threes — maybe it was just too much for Con to resist.

Con enlisted the help of his neighbor, cousin Michael Quinlan, who, like Con, was descended from John and Eleanor Ryan. They were able to determine that there had been a Jeremiah Ryan also living in Glown and that they were almost certain that Mary Ryan McGrath was one of Jeremiah's sisters. In addition, they were able to discover that Jeremiah was related to John Ryan (Con and Michael's gg-grandfather) and therefore we were all related to everyone in Glown. Michael Quinlan was able to find the marriage record in the parish register. A dispensation had been granted to allow Edmond Ryan and Ellen Ryan to be married. The dispensation stated that the couple were third cousins and hence there was a common ancestor back four generations. But this ancestor was unknown and remains nameless to this day.

Con and Michael had also been able to determine the cottage where my gggrandmother Mary had been residing prior to leaving for America with her two sons, in 1850. It was located next to Con's present home and in fact it was the same cottage where Con had been born and was raised. Con's daughter, Eileen, her husband, and their three children occupy the cottage today. In his letter Con invited us to visit him and his family when we were in Upperchurch on the 23rd of June 2000. He also promised to "introduce you to all your cousins and hopefully you'll drink tea in the house your ancestor emigrated from," which we did.

The Upperchurch Wave Grows

After the summer of 2000 it was becoming very obvious that Central New York, the southern portion of Onondaga County in particular, had been a magnet for people from the Upperchurch area of Co. Tipperary. Researchers of Irish genealogy in the southern part of Onondaga County have two things going for them. The first was that many of the church records were all located in one place since Pompey and Truxton were missions of the main church that was St. James Catholic Church, in nearby Cazenovia, NY. The second was Dick Barr, who had transcribed all the St. James Church records and was very generous in sharing them and was always available to answer questions and provide insight.

The number of individuals from the Upperchurch area who had settled in Central New York grew so large that I finally stopped counting. When the count stopped there were 62 individuals representing 28 families.

Moyaliff Connection at Maple Ridge

Over time our family had grown to accept the idea that our Edmond McGrath was an example of that rare phenomena, the Irish only child, but that was about to change. In 1998 an obit on a message board for a Michael McGrath of Lowville turned my attention to Lewis Co., NY for the first time. Later on, message board posts by Candie Miller had drawn my attention to her Ryan family from Moyaliff who had settled at Maple Ridge, Martinsburgh, Lewis Co. Candie's uncle, Tom Buckley, had written a paper on his Ryan family's life both in Ireland and at Maple Ridge. A small footnote in Buckley's paper mentioned that Maple Ridge residents, James McGrath and Bridget Ryan's first child had been born in Onondaga Co. This Bridget Ryan was the sister of Tom and Candie's Ryan patriarch Thomas Ryan. This footnote showed that yet another Upperchurch area family had landed in Onondaga County, at least for a while. Information in Tom's paper made it seem that these Ryans had probably been living in the 2nd Ward of Syracuse. A long manual search of the 1855 New York State census for all of the wards in Syracuse turned up nothing. Then one night while I was searching through some baptism records a thought came to me; go check Dick Barr's baptism records for James and Bridget McGrath's first born. It was May 2007 and this was the moment when it was all going to come together and it was a lowly little footnote that had kicked it all off.

I had long ago organized the Ryan baptism records, that Dick Barr had transcribed, into families. There were a few families who had only one child and then they disappeared from the church records. As soon as I flipped to the back of this list where I had placed these small families the names James McGrath and Bridget Ryan jumped off the page. There was the baptism record and their marriage record. They hadn't been living in the city of Syracuse after all, they were living south of the city in farm country with the rest of the Upperchurch folks. But it didn't end there. I had run into the name James McGrath before; but where?

A Long Connection Between Pompey and Maple Ridge

Back around 2000 I had been contacted by Nancy Long who was researching her husband's Long family from Pompey, NY. He was descended from Margaret McGrath who had married Richard Long in Syracuse, NY in 1852. A death certificate for Margaret gave her father's name as Michael. Nancy had also sent me a page from the 1855 NYS Census for the town of Pompey. There was a widower named Michael McGrath and a married son Thomas and Thomas' wife Catherine living on a farm in the northern part of the town of Pompey. It was tempting to connect the two Michaels, but at that time there was no other evidence to support the connection so it just sat there. It sat there until I was looking for that James McGrath. There were others with Michael and Thomas in that 1855 census and I thought one of them was named James McGrath. I found the census page that Nancy Long had sent me years before and there was James McGrath. He was described as a "boarder" and on the next farm was a young single Irish girl named Bridget Ryan.

According to Tom Buckley's paper, Bridget Ryan was the daughter of Thomas Ryan and Margaret Gleason from Moyaliff parish, Co. Tipperary. James McGrath wasn't related to the McGraths that he was "boarding" with at the time of the 1855 census. For some time I had been researching the folks at Maple Ridge with the help of Candie Miller and Tom Buckley. There were three groups of McGraths living there which interested me. Nancy Long also became interested in the Maple Ridge area and she had found Richard Long and Margaret McGrath in Maple Ridge in the 1860 census under a very bad misspelling of their surname. Now this was getting more and more curious — two Pompey families had moved up to Maple Ridge. There was also a Thomas McGrath in Maple Ridge in 1860. Could this be the same Thomas who was in Pompey in 1855?

Finding Michael McGrath

On a hunch I started comparing the 1860 census returns for Pompey and Fabius with the Maple Ridge census. There I discovered more than a dozen individuals who had been in Pompey or Fabius prior to 1860 but were found in Maple Ridge in the 1860 census. Thomas McGrath was part of this Maple Ridge Migration and when he died in 1883 the inscription on his gravestone said that he was from Moyaliff. Tom Buckley had already shown that his Ryans were from Moyaliff and I knew from the Tithe Applotment records that there was a Michael Magrath in Moyaliff in 1837. The Michael McGrath from the 1855 census was Thomas McGrath's father. The conclusion was that the Michael McGrath of Moyaliff had come to the US. Michael (my ggg-grandfather) had settled north of Pompey village. His son Edmund was living less than ten miles south,

near the village of Fabius, and nobody ever passed that fact on to the rest of the family — we all thought that Michael had died in Ireland.

Suddenly Edmond had a brother Thomas and a sister Margaret and a connection to the Long family. The story is described in more detail elsewhere.

Finding Michael McGrath from Moyaliff, Country Tipperary, Ireland <u>http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Story%201-15-08.pdf</u>

When Richard and Margaret Long left Maple Ridge after a few years they returned to Pompey, NY. The family settled on a farm that was located on the same road where Margaret's father Michael and her brother Thomas had been living in 1855. Today Richard Long's house is still there and the road is named Frank Long Road.



This is the Long homestead on Frank Long Road, Pompey, NY. Photo is from Mary Santello who is the gggranddaughter of Richard and Margaret Long.

Another Brother and the Long Connections

Edmond McGrath was my gg-grandfather. In 1848 Edmond immigrated to America. In late 1850 Edmond was followed by his wife Mary and sons Michael and John. On that same boat was the family of Lanty McGrath. Lanty McGrath was in Truxton. NY in Cortland County in 1850 but he hadn't traveled with Edmond from Ireland. Edmond had been a sponsor for the baptism of one of Lanty's children when they were both living in Fabius, NY. With this last piece of evidence Lanty McGrath was pulled into the family. Lanty, Edmond, and Thomas all named their first sons Michael and Margaret McGrath Long named her second son Michael. They were all following the Irish naming convention.

How come only the baptism records of Edmond's children and his marriage showed up in the church records? Thomas and Margaret were single, they were born before 1829, the year when the Upperchurch records commenced, and they were probably living with their father Michael. Hence there were no church or land records for these two. However, what about Lanty? One of his descendants was searching an adjacent parish and found Lanty's children's baptism records in Kilcommon RC parish which is on the west side of Upperchurch RC parish.

During this time period more information was discovered about the Thomas, James and Kennedy Long families whose origins were refined from "the Thurles area" to the more specific Holycross parish area adjacent to Moyaliff townland. In addition to Margaret McGrath marrying Richard Long, son of Kennedy Long, it appeared that there might be even more connections among the families. At the least the Longs and McGraths had been neighbors on both side of the ocean. This led to the first two books about the McGrath and Long families.

The Land Records Resolve the Confusion

The 19th century Irish land records that have survived are the Griffith's Valuation (GV), the Tithe Applotment (at least partially) and the Poor Rates. They contain important but limited information and some uncertainty. They were all head of household surveys and many common names seem to repeat endlessly. Shown below are extracts for McGrath individuals from the records mentioned above:

1837 Tithe Applotment - Ballanamona - Mealiffe parish - Michael and Morris Magrath1843 Thurles PLU - Poor Rate - Mealiffe parish - Michael and Edmund Magrath1851 GV - Moyaliff townland - Mary Magrath

Since it was known that Edmond's (my gg-grandfather) father was Michael, the presence of a Michael Magrath in the Tithe Applotment was encouraging. It was thought that this Michael could be Edmond's father and Maurice might even be a relative. The name Ballanamona was a problem for some time since it was known to be in Moyaliff parish but was no longer found among the townlands of that parish. Reinforcement also came from the 1843 Thurles Poor Rates with the presence of Michael and Edmond Magrath in Mealiffe (Moyaliff) parish, which was encouraging. This Michael McGrath of Moyaliff was the same Michael McGrath found in the 1855 Pompey census. The Griffith's Valuation for Moyaliff was published in 1851 and there was a lot number in the GV information but there had been no such information in the two previous record sets so a comparison was not possible. In a somewhat delusional moment I had concocted

a convoluted scenario whereby this Mary Magrath in the Griffith's Valuation could be my Edmond's wife Mary Ryan McGrath.

The scenario went like this: Michael had died and Edmond had taken over the farm prior to November 1848, when he left for America. After Edmond's departure Mary took over the farm. Even though she and her sons had arrived in New York City in November 1850, prior to the publication of the GV, I wanted to believe that the Mary Magrath in the GV was my Mary. It was tenuous and it stretched the time constraints but it was all I had. While researching material for *The Neighbors in Ireland* with Clare Tuohy I got access to the manuscript materials which provided the data for the Griffith's Valuation. Once I got into the Field Books and Houses Books for Moyaliff, which had preceded the publication of the GV, it all became clear. These documents provided a unique window into the rapid changes in land holdings that took place during the Great Famine.

Michael and Morris (Maurice) Magrath lived on adjacent farms in 1847 and these were probably the same Ballanamona farms from the 1837 Tithe Applotment. By 1843 Maurice was deceased and his son Edmond had taken over the farm. Between 1847 and 1851 Michael Magrath had left and William Dwyer had taken over his farm. By 1851 Edmond (son of Maurice) was also deceased and his widow Mary was occupying that farm. This was the Mary Magrath who appeared in the Griffith's Valuation for Moyaliff.

The situation that I had been trying to understand from a distance and with insufficient information was more complicated than I could have imagined. Michael and Maurice Magrath had been living on adjacent farms and they both had sons named Edmond and both Edmonds had married ladies named Mary Ryan. It makes one wonder if our ancestors knew we would come looking for them and so they did things like this on purpose.

References:

The Ryan Family in Ireland and America (Revised 2005), by Thomas E. Buckley, S. J. http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/Ryan%20Family%20History%20-%20Buckley.pdf

Ballanamona

Mealliffe 9) mumban ano ema art of 43) rutosse 35 ellino Fanna

This map is from Petty's Down Survey which was conducted in support of the Civil Survey of 1654. These documents facilitated the Cromwellian Transplantation as a means of repaying the soldiers and financial backers of Cromwell's effort to put down the Rebellion of 1841 with Irish land. Shown above is an area called Meallife (Moyaliff) townland which was the northeastern corner of Moyaliff civil parish at the time of the survey. The area labeled as Bog was called Ballanamona (Homestead of the Bog) at the time of the 1837 Tithe Applotment for Moyaliff. This was the location of the Michael and Maurice Magrath farms. The river running north-south along the right side of the map is known today as Farneybridge River and it separates the Moyaliff and Holycross parishes. The river running north-south on the west side of Moyaliff townland is the Cladagh River which was straightened in the early 1800s. To the west of the Cladagh River are three areas that are being treated as townlands on this map but today they are treated as subtownlands or neighborhood names inside the now larger townland of Moyaliff. These are: Graige (Grange), Collebane (Coolbawn), Cleinegemanagh (no longer separately labeled).

The Descendants of Michael McGrath of Moyaliff

Michael McGrath b. 1785, Ireland Arrival in U.S. prior to 1852

Unknown

b. ?, Ireland mar. Ireland Probably died in Ireland

Lanty McGraw

b. 1807, Ireland Arrived in U.S. prior to 1850 d. 1893, Clifton Springs, Manchester, NY bur. St. Agnes Cemetery, Clifton Springs, Manchester, NY

Edmond McGraw

b. 1813 Co. Tipperary, Ireland Arrived in the U.S. Nov. 28, 1848 d. May 14, 1899, Truxton, Cortland Co., NY bur. St. Patrick's Cem., Truxton, NY

Thomas McGrath

b. 1822, Moyaliff, Co. Tipp., Ireland Arrived in the U.S. prior to 1852 d. Mar. 4, 1883, Maple Ridge, Martinsburg, Lewis Co., NY bur. St. Patrick's Cem., Maple Ridge, NY

Margaret McGrath

b. 1830, Co. Tipp, Ireland Arrived in the U.S. 1852 mar. July 31, 1852, St. Mary's Church, Syracuse, Onondaga Co., NY d. Feb. 18, 1894, Pompey bur. Immaculate Conception Cem., Pompey, Onondaga Co., NY

= Catherine Wade

b. 1821, Ireland
mar. in Ireland
Arrived in the U.S. Nov. 7, 1850
d. 1891, Clifton Springs, Manchester, NY
bur. St. Agnes Cemetery, Clifton Springs, Manchester, NY

= Mary Ryan

b. 1810, Co. Tipperary, Ireland mar Sept 1, 1841, Upperchurch, Co. Tipp., Ireland Arrived in the U.S. Nov. 7, 1850 d. Dec. 1, 1899, Truxton, Cortland Co., NY bur. St. Patrick's Cem., Truxton, NY

= Catherine Gleason (1)

b. 1823 Moyaliff, Co. Tipp., Ireland mar. probably in Ireland d. Apr. 18, 1859, Maple Ridge, Martinsburg, Lewis Co., NY bur. St. Patrick's Cem., Maple Ridge, NY

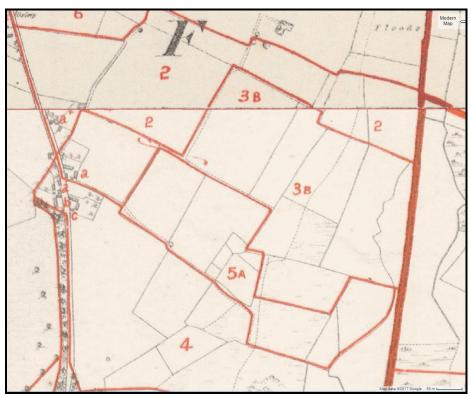
= Mary Kennedy (2)

b. 1832, Ireland mar. 1859 d. Feb 24, 1900, Leyden, NY bur. St Patrick's Cem, Maple Ridge, NY

= Richard Long

b. 1828, Raheen, Holycross, Co. Tipperary, Ireland Arrived in the U.S. Nov. 14, 1848 d. Dec. 7, 1876, Pompey, NY bur. Immaculate Conception Cem., Pompey, Onondaga Co., NY

Griffith Valuation Documents



This is the 1841 OS map after being marked up with lot boundaries by the Valuation Office. It shows a small portion of the northeastern corner of the townland of Moyaliff. Along the top is Lot #2 that had belonged to Michael McGrath. Lot #3 belongs to William Dwyer who took over Michael McGrath's farm. Lot #4 is the farm of the late Maurice McGrath. His son Edmond had taken over the farm but he died and his widow Mary Magrath is shown as the occupant in the published Griffith's Valuation (August 1851) - See below.

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8 A John Armstrong, Esq. - B A John Armstrong, Esq. - A Andrew Dwyer, - B John Hewson, 9 Andrew Dwyer,	Colonel Pennefather, Land,	



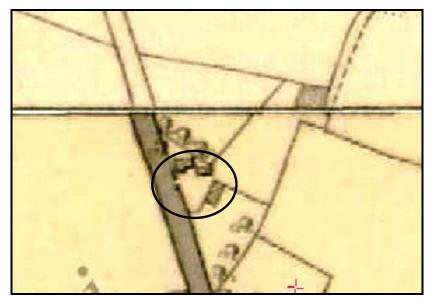
On the left is a 2017 Google satellite view. On the right is a copy of the same area on a circa 1841 OS map used for the Griffith's Valuation.



In the image above are the structures shown in the yellow circle on the satellite image on the left above. These structures are similar to the structures seen in the 1841 OS map on the right and are thought to have belong to Michael McGrath at Moyaliff in 1850.

Houses in Townland of Moyaly Number of Measures. Rate per Measure. Amount. Breadth Quality Letter. Height. Name and Description. No. £ 8. d. Muchae Magrato House 213 40,019.07.076 634 2.2.9 Store House 213 13.017.06.622 314 5.11 Barn 213+34.019.05.064 41/2 1.4.0 Stat le 213 9.019.07.017 31/2 4.11 Cow house 3C+ 13.61306017 2 2.10 4.0.5 3

The above is copied from the Moyaliff House Book. It shows a detailed description of the buildings on the property of Michael Magrath of Moyaliff. A detailed description of the House Books (p. 14) and the Valuation in general (p. 10) can be found in *The Neighbors in Ireland*.



The section of the OS 6'' map for Moyaliff shows the building on Michael Magrath's property.



This is a view looking south along the road that runs along the east side of Moyaliff house. To the right Moyaliff Hill can be seen rising in the distance. The remains of the buildings that comprised the Michael McGrath farm are behind the overgrowth on the left (east) side a little further down the road. They are just across the street from the modern house. Michael's property was all on the east side of the road.



This is the east side of Moyaliff Hill again but a little further south along the same road. The small structure in the foreground is just across the road from Michael McGrath's old homestead on the left just out of sight.

References:

A more detailed examination of the families descended from Michael McGrath of Moyaliff can be found in the following documents that chronicle the earlier research efforts.

The Origins of the McGrath Family - 1999

http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/Version01_A.pdf

Chapter XIII – From Upperchurch to Truxton, pp 217-235. This describes what was known about our family as the 20^{th} century came to a close. Many of the loose ends were followed up and further research led to the following document.

The McGrath Family of Truxton, New York - 2002

http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/McGraths_of_Truxton_01.pdf

"The story of Edmond and Mary Ryan McGrath picks up in the parish of Upperchurch in Co. Tipperary, Ireland. The Ryans were from the townland of Gleninchnaveigh (Glown) just west of the village of Upperchurch whereas Edmond was from the townland of Drumdiha in the parish of Moyaliff on the southern border of the parish of Upperchurch. During a family visit to Ireland in June 2000 we visited with relatives of Mary Ryan. Con Ryan and his ancestors have lived in Glown for at least the last few hundred years and there is evidence of Ryan occupation even earlier than that although the relationship is uncertain. While in Glown we visited with Con's daughter Eileen whose family was living in the ancestral cottage occupied by Mary Ryan in 1850. The Ryans are a huge family with many cousins but due to the efforts of Con and his cousin Michael Quinlan they were able to show that we are related. Eileen and I are sixth cousins while her father Con and I are fifth cousins once removed."

A substantial portion of this document covers the neighbors and friends of the Edmund McGrath family in the Truxton area. Many of these individuals were discovered to also have come from the Upperchurch area of Co. Tipperary. Small fragments of information that hinted of possible connections are also recorded here. Research on many of these fragments led to the following documents.

The McGrath Family from Moyaliff. - 2008

http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/Bold%20Hypothesis%201-19-08.pdf

In 2007 two fragments of information from *The McGrath Family of Truxton, New York* came together to enable significant progress on expanding the Edmond McGrath family back in Ireland. A 1855 NY census segment from Pompey, NY, a cemetery inscription from Maple Ridge, NY and a footnote in a paper about a Ryan family in Maple Ridge pulled everything together. I was able to find Edmund's siblings Lanty, Thomas and Margaret and to identify their father Michael. This established that Margaret McGrath had married a Richard Long. This led to the following document.

The Long and McGrath Families - 2011

http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Long%20and%20McGrath%20Families%2010-27-11.pdf

In this document more connections were made to other Long families in the Central New York area. Their connections as neighbors in the US were built upon as it was established that they had also been neighbors back in Ireland. The McGraths were from Moyaliff and just over the border with Holycross were the three Long families.

The Neighbors in Ireland - 2011

http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Neighbors%20in%20Ireland%2012-05-11.pdf

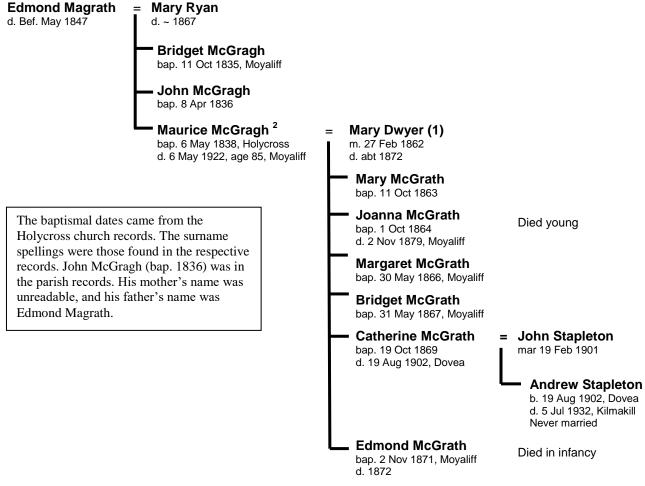
This document describes the results of an extensive research effort into the land and church records of the McGrath, Long, Fanning and Tuohy families in Moyaliff and Holycross. The land records extend into the famine years as the information for the Griffith's Valuation (GV) was being gathered. This captured the names of those who had left Ireland before the publication of the GV. These families were followed through the Cancelled Books in the Moyaliff and Holycross area and the family trees were expanded and more connections were made as a result.

The Maurice Magrath Family of Moyaliff

Maurice Magrath was first found in the Moyaliff Tithe Applotment record from 1837. The family of Maurice Magrath family was constructed during the research for *The Neighbors in Ireland* back in 2011 when the focus was on the land records. In this book the emphasis is more on the family members and their connections to their neighbors.

Edmond Magrath and Mary Ryan

(s/o Maurice Magrath (d. bef 1843) and Unknown)



Sup Reg Dist Thurles, Reg Dist Holycross

October 1, 1864 - **Johanna Magrath**, Par. Maurice Magrath (Farmer) and Mary Dwyer, Res: Mealiffe, Informant: Maurice Magrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: October 8, 1864.

May 30, 1867 - **Bridget Magrath**, Par. Maurice Magrath (Farmer) and Mary Dwyer, Res: Mealiffe, Informant: Maurice Magrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: May 31, 1867.

October 19, 1869 - **Catherine McGrath**, Par. Maurice McGrath (Farmer) and Mary Dwyer, Res: Mealiffe, Informant: Maurice McGrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: October 25, 1869.

November 8, 1871 - **Edmond McGrath**, Par. Maurice McGrath (Farmer) and Mary Dwyer, Res: Mealiffe, Informant: Maurice McGrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: November 24, 1871.

	Birth	Baptism	1901 Census	1911 Census	Marriage (1875-1944)	Death (1864-1969)
Mary	Too early	11 Oct 1863	No	No	None found	None found
Joanna	1 Oct 1864	1 Oct 1864	No	No	No	2 Nov 1879
Margaret	Not found	30 May 1865	No	No	None found	None found
Bridget	30 May 1867	31 May 1867	No	No	None found	None found
Catherine	19 Oct 1869	19 Oct 1869	No	No	19 Feb 1901	19 Aug 1902
Edmond	8 Nov 1871	2 Nov 1871	No	No	No	1872

Missing in Action

After a thorough search of the civil marriage and death records for the Thurles District none were found for Mary, Margaret or Bridget McGrath. The three girls were also not found in the 1901 or 1911 census. The close-by and adjacent Cashel District was also searched for marriage and death records for Mary, Margaret, and Bridget - none were found. An educated guess would be that they had emigrated by the time of the 1901 census.

In the civil death records there is an Edmond McGrath who died in the Thurles District in 1872 at age 0. There was no image for this record so no other information is available but this is likely the son of Maurice and Mary McGrath who died shortly after his birth. Further evidence of Edmond's early death is the fact that Maurice and his wife Mary Harney named their first son Edmond. Reusing the name of a deceased child was a common practice in Ireland.

Civil Records

Death: Johanna McGrath - 15 - 1879

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: November 2, 1879 - Location: Mealiffe Name: **Johanna McGrath** Condition: Spinster Age at last Birthday: 15 years Occupation: Daughter of a Farmer Cause of Death: Chronic Adenitis, 3 years, Acute Phthisis, 2 months, Certified Informant: Maurice McGrath, Present at death, Mealiffe Reg: November 10, 1879

NOTE: <u>Adenitis</u> is a general term for an inflammation of a gland. Often it is used to refer to lymphadenitis which is the inflammation of a lymph node. <u>https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Adenitis</u>

<u>Phthisis</u> - An over-consonanted Greek word meaning "a dwindling or wasting away." Pronounced TIE-sis. Phthisis is an archaic name for tuberculosis. A person afflicted with tuberculosis in the old days was destined to dwindle and waste away. <u>https://www.medicinenet.com/script/main/art.asp?articlekey=19014</u>

Maurice Magrath and Mary Harney

(s/o Edmond Magrath and Mary Ryan) (d/o James Harney and Honora Dwyer)

Maurice Magrath³ Mary Harney (2) bap. 6 May 1838, Holycross bap.4 Jun 1845, Cloonyross d. 6 May 1922, age 85, mar. 5 Mar 1878 Moyaliff d. 16 Sep 1918, age 60, Moyaliff Edmond McGrath b. 11 Mar 1879, Moyaliff Never married The birth dates estimated d. 14 Apr 1957, Thurles from the ages in the census records were off from 2 to 4 Honoria McGrath = Michael Ryan years. The Ballycahill and bap. 16 Jan 1872, Moyaliff b. 16 Apr 1880, Moyaliff mar 1 Mar 1916, Ballycahill Holycross parish records d. aft 1947 d. 24 Aug 1947, Moyaliff found online stop near the end of 1878. The civil birth James McGrath records were used to b. 27 Aug 1881, Moyaliff Never married provide the birth dates d. 14 Oct 1961, Thurles found in the family tree. **Thomas McGrath** = Unknown b. 13 Aug 1882, Moyaliff d. 8 Apr 1962, Moyaliff Died young Maurice McGrath b. Feb 6, 1884, Mealiffe d. Sep 19, 1886, Mealiffe John McGrath b. 20 Aug 1885, Moyaliff Never married d. 31 Jan 1963, Moyaliff

Three marriage records for Maurice Magrath

These three marriage records have been assigned to the Maurice Magrath of the Moyaliff townland. These assignments are consistent with the records that have been found so far.

<u>Holycross</u> - Maurice McGrath <u>married</u> Mary Dwyer in Holycross on 27 Feb 1862; Rev and one sponsor name illegible, Joan Stokes.

The following marriage record might be Maurice Magrath of Moyaliff <u>Upperchurch</u> - Maurice Magrath <u>married</u> Bridget Ryan on 2 Feb 1875; Witnesses: Edm. Burke and Margaret Ryan.

In the civil death records there were two Bridget McGraths. One died in 1875 at age 42 and the other died in 1876 at age 40. There weren't any record images available on line so there's no detail on these two. The timing of the Upperchurch marriage and the 1875-1876 death allows this Bridget to be Maurice Magrath's wife. The time table fits and no records prove otherwise. There were no birth records found over the period 1875 to 1890 for a couple named Maurice Magrath and Bridget Ryan.

<u>Clonoulty Chapel</u> - Marriage 5 Mar 1878 Marriage: Maurice McGrath & Mary Harney - Mealiffe March 5, 1878 - married at Clonoulty Husband: **Maurice McGrath**, Full age, <u>Widower</u>, Farmer, Mealiffe Father: <u>Maurice McGrath</u> (Dead), Farmer (*Note: Maurice's father was Edmond*) Wife: **Mary Harney**, Full age, Spinster, Farmer, Clonoross (Clonyross) Father: James Harney, (Alive), Farmer Witnesses: Edmond Burke and Joanna Ryan Priest: William Canon Wall, P. P. Reg: April 12, 1878 (Kilpatrick)

Mary Harney

Clonoulty RC - Baptism

June 4, 1845 - **Mary Harney**, Par. James Harney and Honora Dwyer, Res: Clonncross (Cloonyross), Sps. Thady Harney and Judith Harney.

Civil Records

Sup Reg Dist Thurles, Reg Dist Holycross March 11, 1879 - Edmond McGrath, Par. Maurice McGrath (Farmer, Mealiffe) and Mary Harney, Res: Mealiffe, Informant: Maurice McGrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: March 25, 1879.

April 16, 1880 - **Honoria McGrath**, Par. Maurice McGrath (Farmer, Mealiffe) and Mary Harney, Res: Mealiffe, Informant: Maurice McGrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: April 24, 1880.

August 27, 1881 - **James McGrath**, Par. Maurice McGrath (Farmer, Mealiffe) and Mary Harney, Res: Mealiffe, Informant: Maurice McGrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: September 6, 1881.

August 13, 1882 - **Thomas McGrath**, Par. Maurice McGrath (Farmer, Mealiffe) and Mary Harney, Res: Mealiffe, Informant: Maurice McGrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: October 14, 1882.

February 6, 1884 - **Maurice McGrath**, Par. Maurice McGrath (Farmer, Mealiffe) and Mary Harney, Res: Mealiffe, informant: Maurice McGrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: February 9, 1884.

August 20, 1885 - **John McGrath**, Par. Maurice McGrath (Farmer, Mealiffe) and Mary Harney, Res: Mealiffe, Informant: Maurice McGrath, Father, Mealiffe, Reg: August 24, 1885.

Death: Maurice McGrath - 2 - 1886

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: September 19, 1886 - Location: Mealiffe Name: **Maurice McGrath** Condition: Bachelor Age at last Birthday: 2 years Occupation: Son of a Farmer Cause of Death: Croup, 3 days, Certified Informant: Maurice McGrath, Father, Present at death, Mealiffe Reg: October 4, 1886.

Birth - Andrew Stapleton

Sup Reg Dist Thurles, Reg Dist Thurles July 19, 1902 - **Andrew Stapleton**, Par. John Stapleton (Farmer, Dovea) and Catherine McGrath, Res: Dovea, Informant: John Stapleton, Dovea, Reg: August 2, 1902.

Death: Andrew Stapleton - 30 - 1932

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Littleton Date: July 5, 1932 - Location: Kilmakill Name: **Andrew Stapleton** Condition: <u>Bachelor</u> Age at last Birthday: 30 years Occupation: Farmer's son Cause of Death: Chronic Nephritis Endocarditis, Certified Informant: Josie Stapleton, Sister, Present at death, Kilmakill Reg: July 13, 1932.

Nephritis is a condition in which the nephrons, the functional units of the kidneys, become inflamed. This inflammation, which is also known as glomerulonephritis, can adversely affect kidney function.

https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/312579

Endocarditis is an infection of the endocardium, which is the inner lining of your heart chambers and heart valves. Endocarditis generally occurs when bacteria, fungi or other germs from another part of your body, such as your mouth, spread through your bloodstream and attach to damaged areas in your heart.

https://www.mayoclinic.org/diseases-conditions/endocarditis/symptoms-causes/syc-20352576

Townland	AKA	Acres	County	Barony	<mark>Parish</mark>	PLU	Province
Kilmakill		1,219	Tipperary, N.R.	Eliogarty	Moyne	Thurles	Munster

Death: Thomas McGrath - 80 - 1962	Death: John McGrath - 76 - 1963
Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross	Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
Date: April 8, 1962 - Location: Moyaliffe,	Date: January 31, 1963 - Location: Moyaliffe,
Ballycahill	Thurles
Name: Thomas McGrath	Name: John McGrath
Condition: Married	Condition: Single
Age at last Birthday: 80 yrs	Age at last Birthday: 76 years
Occupation: Farmer	Occupation: Farmer
Cause of Death: Old age, No medical attendant	Cause of Death: Broncho Pneumonia, 7 days,
Informant: John McGrath, Present at death,	Certified
Moyaliffe, Ballycahill	Informant: Edmond Bourke, Present at death,
Reg: July 27, 1962.	Moyaliffe, Thurles
	Reg: February 23, 1963.

No marriage record could be found for Thomas McGrath in either Thurles or Cashel District. No births were found in Thurles District which could be linked to this Thomas McGrath. The online marriage records presently end at 1944. Thomas might have married later in life and had no children.

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Death: Mary McGrath - 60 - 1918 Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: September 16, 1918 - Location: Moyaliffe Name: Mary McGrath Condition: Married Age at last Birthday: 60 years Occupation: Wife of a Farmer Cause of Death: Chronic Nephritis, 3 months, Certified Informant: Edmond McGrath, Son, Present at death, Moyaliffe Reg: September 27, 1918.	Death: Maurice McGragh - 85 - 1922 Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: May 6, 1922 - Location: Mealiffe Name: Maurice McGragh Condition: Widower Age at last Birthday: 85 years Occupation: Farmer Cause of Death: Bronchial Pneumonia, 3 weeks, Certified Informant: John McGragh, Son, Present at death, Mealiffe Reg: June 12, 1922.
Note: Chronic nephritis develops silently over several years and can lead to kidney failure.	
Marriage: John Stapleton and Catherine McGrath - Dovea Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross February 19, 1901 - married at the RC Chapel of Ballycahill Husband: John Stapleton (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Dovea) Father: Andrew Stapleton (Framer) Wife: Catherine McGrath (Full age, Spinster, blank, Garrynamona) Father: Maurice McGrath (Farmer) Witnesses: Jeremiah Slattery and Honoria McGrath Priest: John McGrath, C. C. Reg: February 28, 1901.	Death: Catherine Stapleton - 30 - 1902 Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles Date: August 19, 1902 - Location: Dovea Name: Catherine Stapleton Condition: Married Age at last Birthday: 30 years Occupation: Wife of a Farmer Cause of Death: Child birth, 1 month, Certified Informant: John Stapleton, Husband, Present at death, Dovea Reg: October 20, 1902
Death: Edward McGrath - 72 - 1957 Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles Date: April 14, 1957 - Location: Hospital of the Assumption, Thurles Name: Edward McGrath (Moyaliffe, Thurles) Condition: <u>Single</u> Age at last Birthday: 72 years Occupation: Small Farmer Cause of Death: Sarcoma of Mandible, 5 months, Certified Informant: Patrick Carey, Occupier, Hospital of the Assumption Reg: April 17, 1957.	Death: James McGrath - 80 - 1961 Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles Date: October 14, 1961 - Location: Hospital of the Assumption, Thurles Name: James McGrath Condition: Bachelor Age at last Birthday: 80 years Occupation: Farmer Cause of Death: Senility, Certified Informant: Patrick Carey, Occupier, Hospital of the Assumption Reg: October 21, 1961.

Marriage: Michael Ryan & Honora McGrath - Mealiffe

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross March 1, 1916 - married at RC Church of Ballycahill Husband: **Michael Ryan** (Full, Bachelor, Farmer, Mealiffe) Father: John Ryan (Farmer) Wife: **Honora McGrath** (Full, Spinster, Farmer's daughter, Mealiffe) Father: Maurice McGrath Witnesses: Dan Ryan and Norah Brennan Priest: Thomas McCormack, C. C. Reg: March 3, 1916.

Census Records

1901 - John Ryan - house 14 in Moyaliff (Moyaliff, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Ryan	John	70	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Anne	62	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
<mark>Ryan</mark>	Michael	<mark>28</mark>	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Margaret	24	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Johanna	19	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Ryan	John	18	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Dan	70	Male	Lodger	Roman Catholic

1911 - John Ryan - house 6 in Moyaliff (Moyaliff, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Ryan	John	79	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Anne	71	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
<mark>Ryan</mark>	Michael	<mark>36</mark>	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Johanna	27	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Ryan	John	26	Male	Son	Roman Catholic

John and Anne have been married 40 years. Anne had given birth to 6 children and 3 were still alive at the time of the 1911 census.

Ballycahill and Holycross RC - Baptism

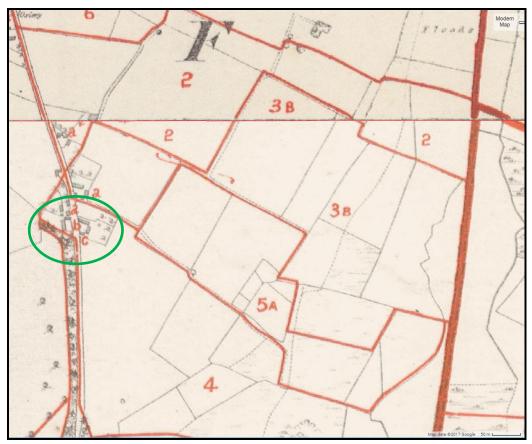
January 16, 1872 - **Michael Ryan**, Par. John Ryan and <u>Anne Leamy</u>, Res: Mealiffe Sps. Michael Leamy and <u>*Kate Ryan*</u>.

Civil Records

Marriage: John Ryan & Anne Leamy - Moyaliff

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
February 20, 1871 - married at the RC Chapel of Drumbane
Husband: John Ryan (of Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Mealiffe)
Father: Michael Ryan (Farmer, Dead)
Wife: Anne Leamy (of Full age, Spinster, Blank, Roskeen)
Father: Patrick Leamy (Farmer, Alive)
Witnesses: John Ryan and Anne Leamy (Exactly the same names as those being married)
Priest: John Condon, C. C.
Reg: April 6, 1871.

The Griffith Valuation

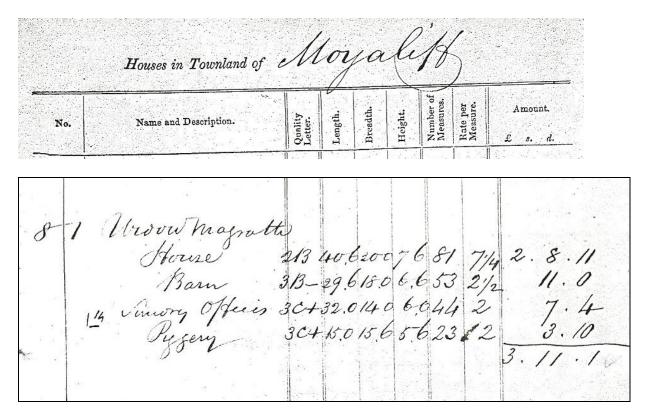


This is the 1841 OS map after being marked up with lot boundaries by the Valuation Office. It shows a small portion of the northeastern corner of the townland of Moyaliff. Lot #4 is the farm of the late Maurice McGrath. The buildings are all in the northern most portion of Lot #4 (green oval). Maurice's son Edmond had taken over the farm but he died and his widow Mary Magrath is shown as the occupant in the published Griffith's Valuation (August 1851) - See below.

I MOYALIFF (<i>Oid. Ss. 40 & 4</i>) Roger Ryan, g A William Dwyer, - B William Dwyer, - William Dwyer, William Dwyer, - A Michael Ryan, - B Thomas Ryan, - B Eleanor Ryan, - Catherine Ryan, John Armstrong, I - Catherine Ryan, Thomas Ryan, - B Catherine Ryan, - Catherine Ryan, Thomas Ryan, - B John Armstrong, I - A John Armstrong, I - B John Armstrong, I	
- A a Andrew Dwyer.	John Armstrong, Esq. Gate-house and offices
9 Andrew Dwyer, 10 John Hewson,	John Armstrong, Esq. Herd's ho.,offices, Ayard 3 15 0 3 15 0 John Armstrong, Esq. Land, 4 1 33 3 15 0 3 15 0 John Armstrong, Esq. Land, 232 3 23 255 15 0 255 15 0



On the left is an image of Lot #4 in the townland of Moyaliff that contains the buildings in this OSI Ortho 2005 satellite image. On the right the green rectangle shows the same area on an 1841 OS map.



This entry is from the House Book for Moyaliff townland. It describes in detail the dimensions of the buildings on the property of Maurice Magrath.

The Magraths of Moyaliff townland - Lot 4 - Cancelled Books

The Cancelled Books are categorised by Electoral Division. Moyaliff townland is in the parish of Moyaliff, Moyaliff ED and the Barony of Kilnamanagh Upper.

Book No.	Year	New Name	Comment
GV	1851	Mary Magrath	In published GV
1		Mary Magrath	Book cancelled 1860.
2			No change.
3			No change.
4	1867	Maurice Magrath	Mary probably died around 1867.
5			No change.
6			No change.
7			No change.
8	1923	Edmond Magrath	Maurice died in 1922.
9			No change.

The Maurice Magrath land holding was purchased in 1914. This means that Maurice now owned the land rather than renting it. The Edmond Magrath taking over the farm was the son of Maurice Magrath and Mary Harney. If the number of years covered in the different ED Cancelled Books are similar, as has been observed, then Book No. 9 was probably cancelled in about 1950.

Name	1901	1911
	Moyaliff	Moyaliff
Maurice McGrath, b. 1838 Ireland	52	70
Mary, b. 1845 Ireland	42	65
Children		
Edmond, b. 1879	20	30
Nora, b. 1880	18	29
James, b. 1881	16	-
Thomas, b. 1882	16	26
John, b. 1885	12	20

Results from the Irish Census

Maurice and Mary's birth years are taken from their baptism records. The children's birth years in the above table were taken from birth records. According to the 1911 census, Maurice and Mary have been married 31 years. Mary had given in birth to five children and they were all still alive at the time of the 1911 census. All persons in the family could read and write.

1901 Moyaliff, Moyaliff parish, Thurles PLU The ages of Maurice and Mary appear to be off by 10 years, based on Maurice's baptismal information.
1911 Moyaliff, Moyaliff parish, Thurles PLU Maurice and Mary had been married 31 years. They had 5 children and all 5 were still alive. James had left home and all those remaining were still single.

The above information was found in the Irish census records of 1901 and 1911. Now that the first of the surviving census records have become available on line it can be seen that the Irish census records suffer from the same age problems seen in the US census. Maurice and his wife Mary aged about 20 years in the ten years between the 1901 and 1911 census. The different sources for determining birth years are compared below.

Birth Years							
Maurice MagrathSourceMary Harney							
May 6, 1838	Baptism record	June 4, 1845					
1849	1901 census	1859					
1841	1911 census	1846					
1837	Death record	1858					

Maurice McGrath's (1838-1922) Progeny

Г	
Mary Ryan	
Mary (1863 - ?)	MIA - emigrated?
Joanna (1864 - 1879)	Died young.
Margaret (1866 - ?)	MIA - emigrated?
Bridget (1867 - ?)	MIA - emigrated?
Catherine (1869 - 1902)	Married in 1901, died in child birth in 1902. Son Andrew Stapleton died in 1932 at age 30. Never married.
Edmond (1871 - 1872)	Died in infancy.
Mary Harney	
Edmond (1879 - 1957)	Never married. Took over the family farm in 1923 after his father's (Maurice) death.
Honoria (1880 - ?)	Married Michael Ryan (1872 - 1947) in 1916. No record of any children but the online records end in 1919.
James (1881 - 1961)	Never married.
Thomas (1882 - 1962)	Was married at the time of his death. No marriage or subsequent birth records were found.
Maurice (1884 - 1886)	Died young
John (1885 - 1963)	Never married.

Pushing Back the Years

In the Moyaliff Cemetery there is a headstone for Thomas Magrath (1781 - 1817), which was erected by his father Moras (Maurice?) Magrath. These two persons are most likely connected to the Maurice Magrath family of Moyaliff, given the rarity of the name Maurice and the proximity to the Maurice Magrath farm, which was just over Moyaliff Hill about a quarter mile east of the cemetery. Based on the time frame, Moras, from the headstone, is probably the grandfather of the oldest Maurice in the Maurice Magrath family tree found near the beginning of this section. Thomas Magrath (from the headstone) is of the same generation as Maurice's father would have been, but at this point it cannot be determined if Thomas was Maurice's father or perhaps an uncle. This gravestone connection will be discussed in more detail later.

Michael and Maurice - Relation Analysis

The Michael Magrath and Maurice Magrath families had been neighbors in the townland of Moyaliff, at least since the time of the 1837 Tithe Applotment. Finding these two Magrath families living on adjacent farms suggests a possible family connection between them. By the time of the publication of the Griffith's Valuation that included Moyaliff (August 1851) William Dwyer had taken over Michael Magrath's farm. Michael and all his known children had immigrated to Central New York at various times in the late 1840s and early 1850s. Michael's farm was just north of Maurice Magrath's farm. At the time of the publication of the GV Mary Magrath, the widow of Maurice's son Edmond, was the occupant of the Maurice Magrath farm. According to Tom Long of Glenreagh, his uncle now (2011) owns the former Maurice Magrath farm.

Tom Long has pointed out that Honoria (Nora) Magrath (dau. of Maurice Magrath and Mary Harney) was related to his maternal grandmother Margaret McGrath (dau. of Philip and Kate Ryan McGrath of Coolkill). The McGrath connection is the most obvious since the surname of Nora's mother is now known to be Harney. The connection would therefore be thought to be on the paternal side of Nora's family, unless the connection is a more distant one. This seems to imply that Maurice McGrath might be related to Philip McGrath of Coolkill. A detailed analysis of this Honoria-Margaret connection was described in a separate document to be published in the near future: *Honoria Magrath-Margaret McGrath Connection*. The relationship has been narrowed down to be through a grandmother Mary Ryan on Honoria's side. In Margaret's family tree there are an abundance of Ryans with two generations of Ryans marrying Ryans. It was in that maze of Ryans that the search for the connection got bogged down and there it remains for now.

Dwyer Speculation

According to Doug Currie (*A Genealogy of the McGraw's of Truxton, New York* – 1994), Edmund McGraw and his two sons, John and Michael, all shared the same middle name, William. The death certificate of John McGraw contains the middle initial "W," while those for Edmund and Michael contain no middle initials. The prevailing understanding in our family was that there was an ancestor named William.

In the Moyaliff Cemetery there was, at one time, a headstone with the following inscription:

"Margaret Dwyer McGrath, d. July 7, 1823, aged 60 years. Erected by William McGrath (husband)." – born 1763

Based on the above inscription it can be speculated that this William McGrath was Michael's father. This creates a tentative connection between the McGrath and Dwyer families. Michael McGrath's known children (in birth order) are: Lanty, Edmond, Thomas, and Margaret. They were all born before the commencement of the parish records in their area so their baptisms don't appear in these church records. (Upperchurch and Drombane - 1829 and Ballycahill and Holycross - 1835.) The Irish naming tradition is to name the first son after the paternal grandfather which should have been William if the above assumptions are correct. Michael's first know son was Lanty, however, without the availability of the church records there might have been other siblings who could have died young and there might have been a William among them. Or perhaps he just decided to remain in Ireland while the rest of the family immigrated to the US. The naming tradition is to name the first daughter after the paternal grandmother which fits with the above inscription that shows that William's wife was Margaret.

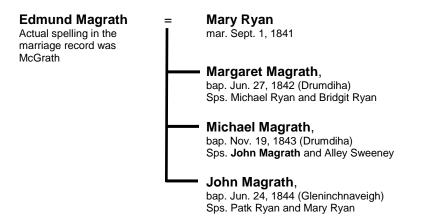
Michael McGrath's farm was just west of the Dwyer farm in the townland of Moyaliff in Moyaliff parish at the time of the Great Famine. When Michael left Ireland just prior to the publication of Griffith's Valuation, his former neighbor, William Dwyer, took over his farm. The William Dwyer who took over Michael's farm was quite possibly related to him.

The McGrath Families in the Upperchurch Records

Upperchurch Parish Records

The following information was compiled in part from photographs taken on June 24, 2000 of the Upperchurch parish records provided by Father Donal Cunningham at the Parochial House at Upperchurch, Co. Tipperary, Ireland. The record books commence in 1829 and so there might be earlier children in some of the families shown here that do not appear in the parish record books. The book that Father Cunningham provided for me to photograph was not the original hand written book but a bound volume of computerized alphabetized listings. These indices to the parish registers did not include the individual's residence. This townland information is essential for tracking one's ancestors. These transcribed record indices have been complimented by the recently released online Parish Registers from the National Archives of Ireland. This has added those records where the wives were McGraths and also the townland residences.

The records in this section are labeled as Upperchurch since they were found in those parish registers. Initially these records were assembled into family trees and were the grouped into larger families using the Irish naming convention as a guide. Since these families have arisen from church records an attempt will be made in this section to tie them to specific geographic locations via land records and gravestone inscriptions. Later a more ambitious attempt will be made to achieve an even larger consolidation of these families.



In the early 1980's Dick Currie, my father's cousin, received a letter from Father James O'Meara, who was then the parish priest at Upperchurch. In that letter Father O'Meara provided information from the Upperchurch parish record books on the baptisms of the children of Edmond and Mary Ryan McGrath. That information is displayed above in the format of a family tree. In that letter the spelling of the name was Magrath and not McGrath. It appears that in an effort to simplify the computerization of the parish records the Family History Foundation made the decision to standardize the spelling of the surnames. When I visited the National Library of Ireland later I inspected the microfilm copy of the original hand written Upperchurch parish record books and the spelling was Magrath as Father O'Meara had indicated in his letter and not McGrath as indicated in the record book in the possession of Father Donal Cunningham. In addition

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to the baptismal information, in many cases, the original parish record books contained information as to the townland where the parents of the baptized child resided at the time of the baptism. This information was missing from the computerized version of the parish records but had been included in Father O'Meara's letter. It would appear that the Family History Foundation had decided to omit that information from their indexing of the record books, perhaps in an effort to save memory. This is truly disappointing given the importance of the townland information in the search for one's ancestors.

Based on selective comparisons between the information from the computerized parish records and the microfilms of the originals in the National Library the spelling McGrath was changed back to Magrath in the following Upperchurch records appearing in this paper. Edmund Magrath was my gg-grandfather. Mary Ryan was from Gleninchnaveigh and that was why Edmund's church records were in Upperchurch instead of Holycross, even though it was closer to his father's farm in Moyaliff.

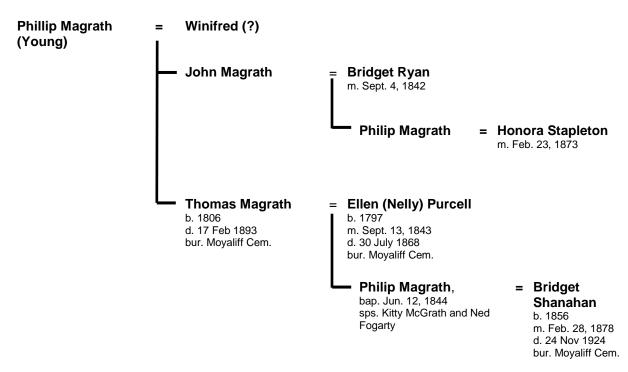
Several of the families found in the Upperchurch records were able to be combined to build even larger families. The construction of the families will be shown on the following pages and the presentation will follow the chronological order in which the discoveries were made until the final structure is revealed later in the paper.

The process began with the pictures of the Upperchurch baptism and marriage records from 2000. When the individual records were gathered into families, patterns were noticed. Using the assumption that the families employed the Irish naming tradition it was possible to build generations that were related. In 2015 the availability of the parish registers on line provided more details but the Upperchurch records currently available stop in 1876. The indices photographed in 2000 contained a surprise in that they extended all the way up to 1900, twenty four years further than the on line records.

A 2006 visit to the cemetery at the Moyaliff Chapel provided a set of gravestone inscriptions which provided more family information and verified the assumed connections. In 2010 the initial publication of information from the McGrath-Fanning papers by Marvin Minton provided more information. And finally, in 2017, when Marvin Minton shared the McGrath-Fanning collection in its entirety the final picture of the family connections became clear.

The Initial Family Reconstruction Efforts

Philip Magrath is here labeled as "Young" because there is another Philip and Winifred Magrath later in this paper who might be significantly older than these two. This young Philip and Winifred Magrath didn't actually appear in the parish records. Their existence has been inferred from the assumption that John and Thomas Magrath (see below) had both used the Irish naming tradition in selecting names for their children. Both of their first sons were named Philip and their first daughters were named Winifred. Thomas Magrath's information was further supplemented by a gravestone inscription from Moyaliff Cemetery.



Two other families found in the Upperchurch parish records have tentatively been linked to Thomas and John Magrath in the family tree shown above. The family tree above shows the overall structure of the four families that were connected with Phillip and Winifred Magrath. The fathers in these two addition families are both named Philip Magrath. It was their use of the Irish naming tradition, their relative ages, and the common parish that drives these proposed connections. The strength of these tentative connections <u>will be tested later in this paper with the information in the McGrath-</u> <u>Fanning papers</u>. The connection of Philip Magrath (husband of Bridget Shanahan) to Thomas Magrath, his father, has been verified by the inscriptions on Thomas' headstone in the ruins of Moyaliff chapel. The above families will be described in more detail on the following pages.

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John Magrath and Bridget Ryan

(s/o Philip and Winifred Magrath)

John Magrath	Ī	Bridget Ryan mar. Sept. 4, 1842		
No birth recs found = no children	\vdash	<u>Winifred Magrath</u> , bap. Aug. 3, 1843 Sps. Tom Magrath and Bgt Magrath	=	John Ryan mar. Apr 10, 1872 @ Upperchurch
6 children 1874-1881	\vdash	<u>Philip Magrath,</u> bap. Feb. 8., 1845 , Dromminphilip Sps. Danl Magrath and Kitty Magrath	=	Honora Stapleton mar. Feb. 23, 1873
6 children 1872-1880		Judy Magrath , bap. Dec 15, 1846, Dromminphilip Sps. Philip Magrath and Bgt. Maher	=	James Dwyer b. 1850 mar Feb 21, 1871, Drumbane
	F	Kitty Magrath , bap. Apr. 5, 1848, Dromminphilip Sps. John Ryan and Margt. Carroll		No marriage record found
	\vdash	John Magrath , bap. Feb. 24, 1851, Roskeen Sps. John Purcell and Bgt Hart		
Only 1 child 1887		Mary Magrath , bap. Dec. 30, 1852 Sps. Thos Purcell and Margt Lambe	Ī	Michael Quinane Of Glentane mar Feb 10, 1880 @ Drombane
			L	 Thomas Quinane b. Sep 24, 1887, Drumminphilip

Marriage and birth records searches were only carried out in the Thurles District.

Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Drumminphilip	72	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Moyaliff	Thurles	Munster
Roskeen	875	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Moyaliff	Thurles	Munster
Roskeen Little	9	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Moyaliff	Thurles	Munster
Roskeen North	13	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Moyaliff	Thurles	Munster
Roskeen South	4	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Moyaliff	Thurles	Munster

Upperchurch and Drombane RC

Marriage

April 10, 1872 - John Ryan <u>married</u> Winifred McGrath, Res: None Wit. Andrew Kennedy and Winifred McGrath.

NOTE: This marriage was not found in the civil records. No baptisms or birth records were found for this couple.

Philip Magrath and Honora Stapleton

			-	ivil Rec Thurles			isus Tipp.)
(s/o John Magrath and Bridget Ryan) (d/o Timothy Stapleton and Bridget Ryan)				Marriage	Death	1901	1911
Philip Magrath bap. Feb. 8., 1845, Dromminphilip Sps. Danl Magrath and Kitty Magrath	=	Honora Stapleton bap May 16, 1852, Finihy mar. Feb. 23, 1873					
		John Magrath , bap. Apr. 22, 1874 Sps. Philip and Mary Stapleton	Yes	No		No	No
		Tim Magrath, bap. Jul. 5, 1875 Sps. John Magrath and Julia Stapleton	Yes	No	No	No	No
		Bridget Magrath, bap. Sept. 17, 1876 Sps. Philip Magrath and Mary Magrath	Yes	No		No	No
		Mary Magrath, bap. Feb. 2, 1878 Sps. Matt Stapleton and Johanna Magrath	Yes	No		No	No
		P Atrick Magrath, bap. Aug. 17, 1879 Sps. William Hayes and Margt Stapleton	Yes	No		No	No
		Winifred Magrath, bap. Feb. 6 , 1881 Sps. Patk Stapleton and Wfd Magrath	No	Νο	No	No	No

Winifred's birth record was not found in the civil records for Thurles. The on line parish registers for Upperchurch and Drombane RC, where two of her sibling's baptism records were found end in 1876. Only John and Tim can be found in the on line parish registers, although all but Winifred can be found in the civil records (irishgenealogy.ie). The baptism records for Bridget (1876), Mary (1878), Patrick (1879), and Winifred (1881) were found in the computer printout of the index to the records which ended in 1900. I only have these records because I photographed the McGrath pages in that printout during a 2000 visit to the Upperchurch parish rectory.

Finding and identifying records are two different things. Anyone can find a record for a John Ryan but the question is whether or not it's the same John Ryan that you were searching for. Birth records are fairly easy to identify because each one is associated with the parents' names, a date of birth, and a residence. Marriage records are the next easiest to identify because they show the names of the fathers of the couple getting married. This is in addition to the approximate or sometimes the actual ages of the couple and a

- 48 -

geographic location. The death records are the hardest to identify. There is the marital status of the deceased at the time of death and the age. However sometimes the death occurred at a location other than the usual residence and if death occurred in a hospital or work house then the informant will not have any connection to the deceased. Most times there will be a residence given and the age might be exaggerated (in either direction).

Civil Records

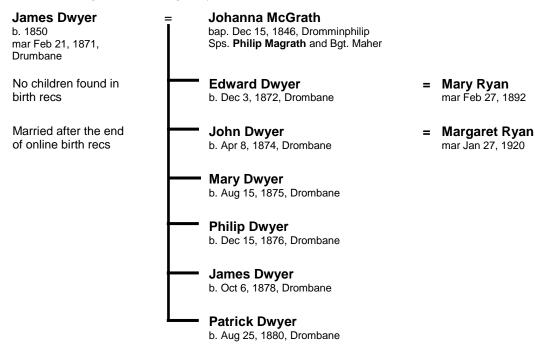
Marriage: Philip McGrath and Honoria Stapleton - Drumminphilip

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Borrisoleigh
February 23, 1873 - married at the RC Chapel of Upperchurch
Husband: Philip McGrath (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Dromphilip, Drombane)
Father: John McGrath (Farmer, Living)
Wife: Honoria Stapleton (Minor, Spinster, Blank, Finahy, Borrisoleigh)
Father: Timothy Stapleton (Farmer, Dead)
Witnesses: Philip McGrath and Honoria Stapleton (Yes, the same names)
Priest: John Wood, P. P.
Reg: May 10, 1873

Townland	wnland Acres County Baro		Barony	Parish	PLU	Province	
Drumminphilip		72	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Moyaliff	Thurles	Munster
Finnahy		827	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Upperchurch	Thurles	Munster

James Dwyer and Johanna McGrath - Drombane

(s/o Edward Dwyer and Unknown) (d/o John Magrath and Bridget Ryan)



No marriage records found for the four youngest children.

Civil Records

Marriage: James Dwyer and Johanna McGrath - Drumbane

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross February 21, 1871 - married at the RC Chapel of Drombane Husband: **James Dwyer** (21, Bachelor, Farmer, Drumbane) Father: <u>Edward Dwyer</u> (Farmer, Alive) Wife: **Johanna McGrath** (21, Spinster, Blank, Drumminphilip) Father: <u>John McGrath</u> (Farmer, Alive) Witnesses: Richard Dwyer and Winifred McGrath Priest: John Condon, C. C. Reg: Certified Copy made April 6, 1870 (Holycross).

Marriage: Edmond Dwyer and Mary Ryan - Drombane

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
February 27, 1892 - married at the RC Chapel of Drombane
Husband: Edmond Dwyer (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Drombane)
Father: James Dwyer (Farmer)
Wife: Mary Ryan (Full age, Spinster, Farmer's daughter, Knockahornaduff)
Father: Thomas Ryan (Farmer)
Witnesses: Edmond Ryan and Mary Ryan
Priest: William Corcoran, P. P.
Reg: March 21, 1892

Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Knockacarhanduff- Commons	685	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Moyaliff	Thurles	Munster
Donohill Lands	57	Tipperary, S.R.	Clanwilliam	Donohill	Tipperary	Munster

No children birth records found for Edmond and Mary - out to 1919

Marriage: John Dwyer and Margaret Ryan - Stuike, Drombane

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles January 27, 1920 - married at RC Cathedral of Thurles Husband: **John Dwyer** (Full, Bachelor, Farmer, Stuike, Drombane) Father: <u>James Dwyer</u> (Farmer) Wife: **Margaret Ryan** (Minor, Spinster, Blank, Donohill, Tipperary) Father: <u>Patrick Ryan</u> (Farmer) Witnesses: Michael Ryan and Margaret M. O'Dwyer Priest: Michael Ryan Reg: February 18, 1920.

Michael Quinane and Mary McGrath - Drumminphilip

Civil Records

Marriage: Michael Quinane and Mary McGrath - Glentane

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Ballycahill
February 10, 1880 - married at the RC Chapel of Drombane
Husband: Michael Quinane (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Glentane, Borrisoleigh)
Father: Darby Quinane (Farmer, Dead)
Wife: Mary McGrath (Full age, Spinster, Blank, Dromphilip, Ballycahill)
Father: John McGrath (Farmer, Alive)
Witnesses: Jermy Dwyer and Winifred McGrath
Priest: John Wood, P. P.
Reg: Certified Copy made April 20, 1880 (Ballycahill & Holycross)

Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Glentane	372	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Glenkeen	Thurles	Munster

Births

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Borrisoleigh

September 24, 1887 - **Thomas Quinane**, Par. Michael Quinane (Farmer, Drumminphilip) and Mary McGrath, Res: Drumminphilip, Informant: Michael Quinane, Father, drumminphilip, Reg: October 7, 1887.

Searched thru 1900

Thomas Magrath and Ellen (Nelly) Purcell

(s/o Phillip and Winifred Magrath)

Thomas Magrath

b. 1806 d. 17 Feb 1893, aged 87 bur. Moyaliff Cem.

Ellen (Nelly) Purcell

b. 1797 mar. Sept. 13, 1843 d. 30 July 1868 bur. Moyaliff Cem.

<u>Philip Magrath</u>,

bap. Jun. 12, 1844 Sps. **Kitty McGreat** and Ned Fogarty d. 21 Sept 1931, aged 88 yrs bur. Moyaliff Cem.

Thomas Magrath,

bap. Feb. 25, 1846, Cross Sps. Danl Magrath and Bgt Magrath

John Magrath,

bap. Jun. 6, 1848 Sps. Philip Magrath and Wfd. Magrath

Winny Magrath,

bap. Sept 20, 1850, Drombane Sps. Thos Purcell and Margt Long

Mary Magrath,

bap. Jan. 23, 1853 Sps. James Dolan and Mary Magrath

Bridget Shanahan b. 1856 mar. Feb. 28, 1878 d. 24 Nov 1924 bur. Moyaliff Cem.

= Matthew Dwyer mar Feb 14, 1885, Clonely





Erected by Philip McGrath, Drombane In Memory of His Wife Bridget McGrath (nee) Shanahan Died Nov 24 1924 Aged 68 yrs His Daughter Johanna Died 1 Feb 1923, Aged 40 yrs And His Father Thomas McGrath Died 17 Feb 1893 Aged 87 yrs Also His Mother Ellen Died 30 July 1868 Aged 71 yrs And His 3 Children Died Young His Son Philip Died 25 Nov 1926 Aged 33 yrs Also The Above Philip McGrath Died 21 Sept 1931 Aged 88 yrs

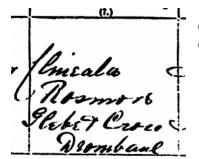
Reaching Across the Penal Times 06-30-20

Daughter of Thomas Magrath and Ellen Purcell Civil Records

Marriage: Matthew Dwyer & Winifred McGrath - Clineala, Rosmore

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
February 14, 1885 - married at the RC Chapel of Drombane
Husband: Matthew Dwyer (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Clineala, Rosmore)
Father: James Dwyer (Farmer, Dead)
Wife: Winifred McGrath (Full age, Spinster, Blank, Glebe & Cross, Drombane)
Father: Thomas McGrath (Farmer, Alive)
Witnesses: Matthew Dwyer and Catherine McGrath
Priest: R. Prout, C. C.
Reg: February 20, 1885.

Townland			Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Rossmore	475	Tipperary, S.R.	Kilnamanagh Lower	Clonoulty	Cashel	Munster
Clonely	188	Tipperary, S.R.	Kilnamanagh Lower	Clogher	Cashel	Munster



Clineala is probably the same as Clonealy (Clonely) Clonely borders the following other townlands: Cloonyross (Bolton) to the east Cloonyross (Perebral) to the west Drumbane to the east Drumdiha to the west Fosnacananee to the west

Births

Sup Reg Dist Cashel, Reg Dist Kilpatrick

January 2, 1886 - **James Dwyer**, Par. Mathew Dwyer (Farmer, Clonelly) and Winiford McGrath, Res: Clonelly, Informant: Mathew Dwyer, Father, Clonelly, Reg: January 4, 1886.

March 21, 1887 - **Bridget Dwyer**, Par. <u>Martin</u> Dwyer (Farmer, Clonealy) and Winiford McGrath, Res: Clonealy, Informant: Martin Dwyer, Father, Clonealy, Reg: April 8, 1887.

December 25, 1888 - **Thomas Dwyer**, Par. Mathew Dwyer (Farmer, Clonelly) and Winiford McGrath, Res: Clonelly, Informant: Mathew Dwyer, Father, Clonelly, Reg: January 25, 1889.

May 29, 1891 - **Mary Dwyer**, Par. Mathew Dwyer (Farmer, Clonealy) and Winiford McGrath, Res: Clonealy, Informant: Mathew Dwyer, Father, Clonealy, Reg: June 19, 1891.

Census Records

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Dwyer	Patrick	70	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	Winifred	46	Female	Sister in Law	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	James	15	Male	Nephew	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	Bridget	13	Female	Niece	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	Thomas	11	Male	Nephew	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	Mary	9	Female	Niece	Roman Catholic

1901 - Patrick Dwyer - house 3 in Clonely (Clogher, Tipperary)

Winifred Dwyer and her family were living with her brother-in-law, Patrick Dwyer.

1911 - Winifred Dwyer - house 2 in Clonely (Clogher, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Dwyer	Winifred	60	Female	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	James	25	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	Bridget	23	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	Thomas	21	Male	Son	Roman Catholic

Winifred was a widow. The Winifred Dwyer above might be Matthew Dwyer's widow but the Mathew Dwyer in the death record below has his daughter Bridget giving the information. If that was the Bridget in the 1901 census above she would have been $\underline{8}$ years old at the time of Mathew's death.

Death: Mathew Dwyer - 63 - 1896	Death: Winifred Dwyer - 65 - 1920
Sup Reg Dist - Cashel, Reg Dist - Kilpatrick	Sup Reg Dist - Cashel, Reg Dist - Kilpatrick
Date: April 1, 1896 - Location: Clonealy	Date: November 17, 1920 - Location: Clonealy
Name: Mathew Dwyer	Name: Winifred Dwyer
Condition: Married	Condition: Widow
Age at last Birthday: 63 years	Age at last Birthday: 65 years
Occupation: Farmer	Occupation: Farmer's Wife
Cause of Death: Chronic gastritis and debility,	Cause of Death: Heart disease probably, no medical
Certified	attendant
Informant: Bridget Dwyer, Daughter, Present at	Informant: James Dwyer, Son of deceased, Present
death, Clonealy	at death, Clonealy
Reg: April 10, 1896.	Reg: January 22, 1921

Philip Magrath and Bridget Shanahan

(s/o Thomas Magrath and Ellen Purcell)

(d/o Thomas Shanahan and Unknown

Philip Magrath **Bridget Shanahan** = bap. Jun 12, 1844 b. 1856 d. Sept 21, 1931 mar. Feb. 28, 1878 bur. Moyaliff Cem. d. Nov 24, 1924, bur. Moyaliff Cem. Thomas Magrath, = Johanna Burke b. 1880 bap. Nov. 19, 1878 Sps. Wm Shanahan and Winifred Magrath mar Jun 16, 1926, Drombane d. Jan 24, 1962, Drombane d. Jun 26, 1959, Drombane Ellen Magrath, bap. Apr. 28., 1880 Died young Sps. Thomas Magrath and Mgt Shanahan d. Jun 11, 1889, Moyaliff Johanna Magrath, = Mathew McGrath bap. Jun. 16, 1881 (b. 1883 stone) b. Jun 27, 1871, Pallashill Sps. Frank Shanahan and Margt Shanahan mar Feb 3, 1913, Dromabne d. Feb 1, 1923 d. Apr 26, 1946 bur. Moyaliff Cem. William Magrath, bap. Aug. 3, 1882 Sps. Rev. J. Magrath and Mary Long Mary Magrath, = Laurence Purcell bap. May 1, 1884 Sps. John Magrath and Kate Shanahan mar Feb 29, 1916 Winifred Magrath, bap. Aug. 22, 1885 Sps. Wm Shanahan and Johanna Murray John Magrath. bap. Jun. 24, 1887 Died young Sps. Philip Magrath and Bgt Doolan d. Jun 7, 1889, Moyaliff John Magrath, bap. Jun. 27, 1889 Sps. Thomas Magrath and Nancy Shanahan Margaret Magrath, bap. Aug. 23, 1890 1911 Census - Moyaliff Sps. Michl Shanahan and Bgt Ryan 10 of 13 children were living at the time of the Philip(?) Magrath, census. Eight of these ten bap. Jul. 27, 1892 (b. 1892 stone) Sps. Denis Ryan and Honoria Ryan were living at home at the d. Nov 24, 1926 time of the census. bur. Moyaliff Cem. Ellen Magrath, bap. Sept. 18, 1894 Sps. Wm Magrath and Sarah Ryan Patrick Magrath, bap. Apr. 25, 1896 Sps. Thomas Hayes and Johanna Magrath Anne Magrath, bap. Mar. 17, 1899 Sps. James Dwyer and Winifred Magrath

All the McGrath and Long baptism sponsors are bolded.

The parents of Philip Magrath were Thomas Magrath and Ellen Purcell. Philip was found in Drombane in the 1901 and 1911 Irish census. The information connecting Philip with his parents was found on the 1st McGrath gravestone in the ruins of Moyaliff Chapel. This family started in 1878 and is totally missing from the online parish registers for Upperchurch and Drombane RC parish which ends in 1876. Fortunately they were in the computer index that I was able to photograph in 2000. The births also showed up in the civil records which brought in the residences. In addition the civil records highlighted the existence of the Pre-birth Baptisms where the birth date in the civil records is later than the baptism date from the church records.

Civil Records

Death: John McGrath - 2 - 1889

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: June 7, 1889 - Location: Mealiffe Name: **John McGrath** Condition: Bachelor Age at last Birthday: 2 years Occupation: Son of a Farmer Cause of Death: Scarlatinal Nephritis, 8 days, Certified Informant: Philip McGrath, Father, Present at death, Mealiffe Reg: June 14, 1889

Scarlatina is an alternative name for scarlet fever, which is a much less serious infection than it used to be in the past. It is a bacterial infection caused by a form of streptococcus that is spread by droplet infection such as happens with other forms of upper respiratory tract infection. http://www.irishhealth.com/askdoc.html?q=2630

Nephritis is a condition in which the nephrons, the functional units of the kidneys, become inflamed. This inflammation, which is also known as glomerulonephritis, can adversely affect kidney function.

https://www.medicalnewstoday.com/articles/312579

Death: Ellen McGrath - 9 - 1889

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: June 11, 1889 - Location: Mealiffe Name: **Ellen McGrath** Condition: Spinster Age at last Birthday: 9 years Occupation: Daughter of a Farmer Cause of Death: Scarlatina Nephritis, 9 days, Certified Informant: Philip McGrath, Father, Present ad death, Mealiffe Reg: June 14, 1889

Thomas McGrath and Johanna Burke

Civil Records

Marriage: Thomas McGrath and Johanna Burke - Drombane

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Borrisoleigh
June 16, 1926 - married at RC Church of Borrisoleigh
Husband: Thomas McGrath (43, Bachelor, Farmer, Drumbane, Co. Tipp.)
Father: <u>Philip McGrath</u> (Farmer)
Wife: Johanna Burke (32, Spinster, Farmer, Borrisoleigh, Co. Tipp.)
Father: John Burke (Farmer)
Witnesses: William McGrath and Katie Burke
Priest: Thomas W. Noonan, C. C.
Reg: June 19, 1926

Death: Thomas McGrath - 83 - 1962

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: January 24, 1962 - Location: Drombane, Thurles Name: **Thomas McGrath** Condition: Widower Age at last Birthday: 83 years Occupation: Farmer Cause of Death: Congestive heart failure, Certified Informant: John McGrath, Present at death, Drombane, Thurles Reg: September 25, 1962

Death: Johanna McGrath - 65 - 1959

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: June 26, 1959 - Location: Drombane Name: **Johanna McGrath** Condition: Married Age at last Birthday: 65 yrs Occupation: Farmer's wife Cause of Death: Apoplexy, 7 days, Certified Informant: Bridget Ryan, Present at death, Drombane Reg: August 12, 1959.

Mathew McGrath and Johanna McGrath - Pallashill

Civil Records

Marriage: Matthew McGrath & Johanna McGrath - Pallashill

February 3, 1913 - married at Drombane RC chapel Husband: **Matthew McGrath**, Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Pallas Hill Father: Matthew McGrath, Farmer Wife: **Johanna McGrath**, Full age, Spinster, Farmer's daughter, Drombane Father: Philip McGrath, Farmer Witnesses: James Ryan and Nellie McGrath Priest: Patrick Connery, C.C. Reg: February 9, 1913 - Thurles, Holycross

Births

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles February 6, 1915 - **Matthew McGrath**, Par. Matthew McGrath (Farmer, Pallashill) and Johanna McGrath, Res: Pallashill, Informant: Johanna McGrath, Mother, Pallashill, Reg: April 28, 1915.

March 11, 1916 - **Philip McGrath**, Par. FNU McGrath and FNU McGrath, Reg #1599768. Image was missing.

Laurence Purcell and Mary McGrath

Civil Records

Marriage: Laurence Purcell and Mary McGrath - Drommingleagh

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
February 29, 1916 - married at Rc church at Drombane
Husband: Laurence Purcell (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Drommingleagh)
Father: Laurence Purcell (Farmer)
Wife: Mary McGrath (Full age, Spinster, Farmer's daughter, Glebe & Cross)
Father: Philip McGrath (Farmer)
Witnesses: Michael Purcell and Maggie McGrath
Priest: William Corcoran, P. P.
Reg: March 3, 1916

Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Drumminnagleagh	106	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Ballycahill	Thurles	Munster

Births

Sup Reg Dist Thurles, Reg Dist Holycross

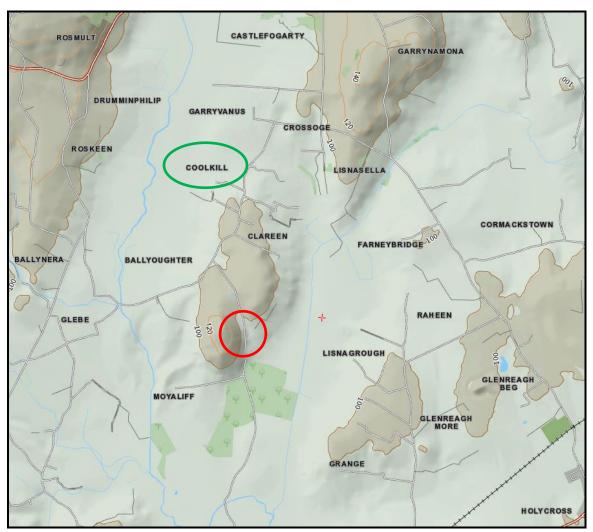
January 1, 1917 - **Sarah Purcell**, Par. Laurence Purcell (Farmer) and Mary McGrath, Res: Drummingleagh, Informant: Laurence Purcell, Father, Drummingleagh, Reg: January 29, 1917.

December 1, 1917 - Laurence Purcell, Par. Laurence Purcell (Farmer) and Mary McGrath, Res: Drummingleagh, Informant: Laurence Purcell, Father, Drummingleagh, Reg: January 21, 1918.

The McGrath Families of Coolkill

McGrath Families in Coolkill

The townland of Coolkill is just northeast of the townland of Moyaliff. Interest in these Coolkill McGrath families originally developed while tracing the Long family of Glenreigh but the McGrath information will be presented here with the other McGrath families.

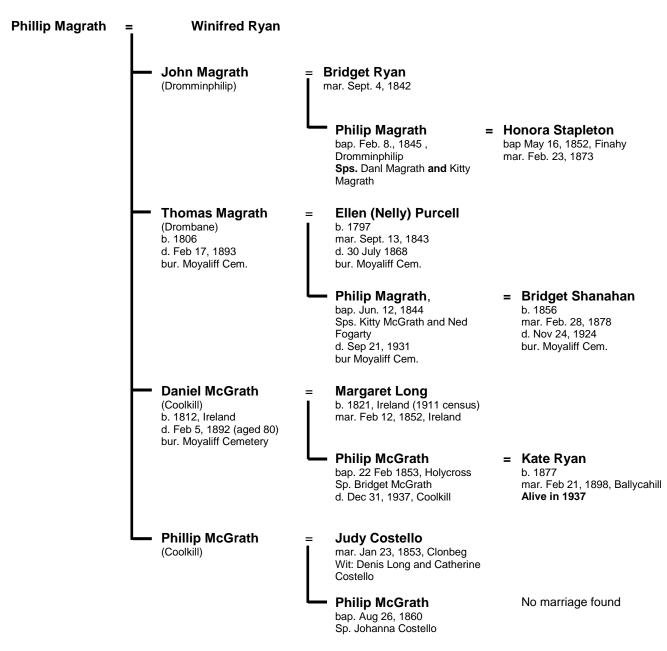


This map shows the location of the townland of Coolkill in the green oval. The townland consists of two contiguous pieces with the northern portion in the civil parish of Ballycahill and the southern portion in the civil parish of Moyaliff. The red circle shows the location of the homes of Michael Magrath and Maurice Magrath in the northeast corner of the townland of Moyaliff in Moyaliff civil parish.



The satellite image of the Coolkill townlands on the left shows that the field patterns depicted in the 1841 Ordnance Survey map on the right are still visible after 170 years.

The Extension of the Phillip and Winifred Magrath Family



Daniel and Phillip McGrath have been added to the previously constructed family tree of Phillip and Winfred Magrath. These new additions to the tree are shown here along with their wives and their first born sons who are both named Philip as were the first sons of John and Thomas Magrath.

Daniel McGrath and Margaret Long of Coolkill

(s/o Phillip McGrath & Winifred Ryan) (d/o *Patt Long* and *Winifred LNU*)

Daniel McGrath = Margaret Long b. 1812, Ireland b. 1821, Ireland (1911 census) d. Feb 5, 1892 (aged 80) mar. Feb12, 1852, Ireland bur. Moyaliff Cemetery Philip and Kate will Philip McGrath = Kate Ryan bap. Feb 22, 1853, Holycross be covered in the b. 1877 Sp. Bridget McGrath mar. Feb 21, 1898, Ballycahill Long section d. Dec 31, 1937, Coolkill Alive in 1937 Catherine McGrath = Denis Meara bap. Jul 3 (or Aug 3), 1854, Holycross b. 1853 Sps. Denis Long and Catherine Russell mar. Feb 11, 1890, Grange Wit. William Ryan and Mary McGrath No Children found Patt McGrath bap. Feb 10, 1856, Holycross Sps. Phillip Mcgrah & Judy Costello William Magrah bap. Jul 16, 1858 Sps. Patrick Ryan and Catherine Magrah **Thomas McGrath** bap. Feb 12, 1860, Holycross Sps. Phillip McGrah & Winifred O'Brien John McGrath bap. Dec 15, 1861 Sps. Thomas McGrath and Judy McGrath Died young Winifred McGrath bap. Jun 12, 1863, Holycross Sps. Phillip McGrath & Bridget Breen d. 1872 bur. Moyaliff Cemetery **Bridget McGrath** bap. Feb 28, 1865 Res.: Coolkill Sps. John McGrath and Winifred McGrath Marv McGrath = Laurence Bannon bap. Nov 11, 1866, Holycross Mar. Feb 16, 1898, Townagha, Sps. Michl Breen & Margt McGrath Raheltv 6 children Margaret McGrath bap. Jan 24, 1869, Holycross Sps. Phillip Breen & Hanna Long

Source: Marriage and baptismal records from the Holycross parish records.

Using the Irish naming convention and following Daniel McGrath and Margaret Long back in time yields these possible parents for each. Due to the tentative nature of the assignment of these names they should appear in italics at the top of the family tree. Using the naming convention for Daniel and Margaret yields the following:

Daniel McGrath – Philip and Catherine McGrath; Margaret Long – Patt and Winifred Long. Daniel's actual parents are known to be Phillip McGrath and Winifred Ryan and so they will appear at the top of the family tree without the italics. They will be dealt with in more detail later in this paper.

Since Margaret's actual parents are still unknown their names will appear in italics. As for Margaret Long, the following Long names are found among the baptismal sponsors of her and Daniel's children: Dennis Long for Catherine (1854) and Hanna Long for Margaret (1869). Dennis and Hanna might be siblings or cousins of Margaret Long.

This McGrath family is associated with the townland of Coolkill. Daniel McGrath is a contemporary of John and Thomas Magrath from the previous section. He will be shown to be their brother.

Marriage: Philip McGrath & Catherine Ryan	Marriage: Denis Meara & Catherine McGrath
February 21, 1898 - married at Ballycahill RC	February 11, 1890 - married at Ballycahill RC
chapel	chapel
Husband: Philip McGrath, Full age, Bachelor,	Husband: Denis Meara, 37, Bachelor, Farmer,
Farmer, Coolkill	Grange
Father: Daniel McGrath (Deceased), Farmer	Father: John Meara, Farmer
Wife: Catherine Ryan, Full age, Spinster, Blank,	Wife: Catherine McGrath, 33, Spinster, Blank,
Coolkill	Coolkill
Father: William Ryan, Farmer	Father: Daniel McGrath - no occupation
Witnesses: Patrick McGrath and Mary Ryan	Witnesses: William Ryan and Mary McGrath
Priest: John L. McGrath	Priest: Rev J. L. McGrath
Reg: February 25, 1898 (Holycross)	Reg: Cut off (Holycross)
	Searched thru 1900

Denis Meara and Catherine McGrath

Census Record

1911- Denis O'Meara - house 6 in Grange (Holycross, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
O' Meara	Denis	58	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
O' Meara	Catherine	ine 46 Female Wi		Wife	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	Margret Margret	<mark>90</mark>	Female	Mother in Law	Roman Catholic
Green	Timothy	35	Male	Servant	Roman Catholic

Denis and Catherine had been married for 20 years and they have had no children.

Daniel McGrath and Margaret Long of Moyaliff

The oldest member of this family discovered so far is Daniel McGrath. In the ruins of Moyaliff Chapel there is a headstone for Daniel McGrath of Coolkill, b. 1812, d. 5 Feb 1892; and his daughter Winifred, b. 1864, d. 10 Apr 1872.



This is the gravestone for Daniel McGrath and his daughter Winifred. It is the last of four McGrath stones in a row, inside the west end of the ruins of Moyaliff Chapel. The Inscription reads: "Erected by the sorrowing wife and children to the sad and fond memory of Daniel McGrath, of Coolkill, who died Feb 5th 1892, aged 80 yrs., also his daughter, Wineford McGrath, died April 10th 1872 aged 8 yrs."

Laurence Bannon and Mary McGrath

(s/o Michael Bannon and Bridget Ryan) (d/o Daniel McGrath and Margaret Long)

Laurence Bannon Mary McGrath = b. Jun 20, 1866, Towhagha, Bap. 11 Nov 1866, Holycross Sp. Michl Breen & Margt McGrath Raheltv Mar. Feb 16, 1898, Ballycahill chapel Michael Bannon b. Jan 13, 1900, Townagha, Rahelty **Bridget Bannon** b. Sep 27, 1900, Townagha, Rahelty **Margaret Bannon** b. Apr 28, 1902, Townagha, Rahelty Kate Bannon b. Aug 30, 1903, Townagha, Rahelty Alice Bannon b. Feb 1, 1905, Townagha, Rahelty **Margaret Bannon** b. Oct 13, 1908, Townagha, Rahelty

Church Record - Bannon & Ryan - Moycarkey RC

February 27, 1862 - Michael Bannon <u>married</u> Bridget Ryan, Moycarkey RC Res: None, Wit: William Maher and Margaret Lanigan Priest: Rev. John Bourke

Civil Records - Laurence Bannon - Mary McGrath - Townagha

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles June 20, 1866 - **Laurence Banan**, Par. Michael Banan (Farmer, Townagha, Thurles) and Bridget Ryan, Res: Townagha, Thurles, Informant: Michael Banan, Father, Townagha, Reg: June 29, 1866

Marriage: Laurence Bannon & Mary McGrath - Townagha

February 16, 1898 - married at Ballycahill chapel Husband: **Laurence Bannon**, Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Townagha Father: Michael Bannon (Deceased), Farmer Wife: **Mary McGrath**, Full age, Spinster, Coolkill Father: Daniel McGrath (deceased), Farmer Witnesses: Robert Phelan and Maggie McGrath Priest: Rev. John L. McGrath

Births

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles

January 13, 1900 - **Michael Bannon**, Par. Laurence Bannon (Farmer, Townagha) and Mary McGrath, Res: Townagha, Informant: Laurence Bannon, Father, Townagha, Reg: December 26, 1899.

September 27, 1900 - **Bridget Bannon**, Par. Laurence Bannon (Farmer, Townagha) and Mary McGrath, Res: Townagha, Informant: Laurence Bannon, Father, Townagha, Reg: October 3, 1900.

Townland	AKA	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Townagha		139	Tipperary, N.R.	Eliogarty	Rahelty	Thurles	Munster

April 28, 1902 - **Margaret Bannon**, Par. Laurence Bannon (Farmer, Townagha) and Mary McGrath, Res: Townagha, Informant: Laurence Bannon, Father, Townagha, Reg: May 3, 1902.

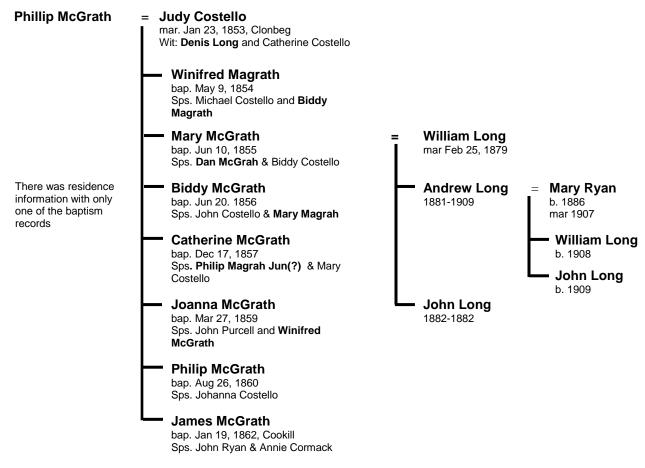
August 30, 1903 - **Kate Bannon**, Par. Laurence Bannon (Laborer, Townagha) and Mary McGrath, Res: Townagha, Informant: Laurence Bannon, Father, Townagha, Reg: September 19, 1903.

February 1, 1905 - Alice Bannon, Par. Laurence Bannon (Farmer, Townagha) and Mary McGrath, Res: Townagha, Informant: Laurence Bannon, Father, Townagha, Reg: March 4, 1905.

October 13, 1908 - **Margaret Bannon**, Par. Laurence Bannon (Farmer, Townagha) and Mary McGrath, Res: Townagha, Informant: Laurence Bannon, Father, Townagha, Reg: October 19, 1908.

Phillip McGrath and Judy Costello of Coolkill

(s/o Phillip McGrath and Winifred Ryan) (d/o Father and Mother)



Source: Baptismal records from the Holycross parish records. No marriage records were found for any of the children of Philip and Judy with the exception of Mary. No death records were found for any of the children with the exception of a possible record for Johanna.

January 23, 1853 - **Philip Magrath** <u>married</u> **Johanna Costello**, Drom and Inch RC, Res: Clonbeg, Wit: Denis Long and Catherine Costello, Priest: Rev. John O'Brien.

Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Clon Beg	101	Tipperary, N.R.	Eliogarty	Inch	Thurles	Munster

The older Phillip McGrath in the family tree above appeared in the 1st Cancelled Book for Coolkill along with Daniel McGrath. A case will be made later that Daniel (from several pages back) and Phillip are brothers. Phillip's wife's name and the baptismal records of their children were found in the Holycross parish records. The Costello baptismal sponsors found in these records are perhaps Judy's siblings or cousins in the area: Biddy, John, Mary and Johanna Costello. While Daniel maintained a presence in Coolkill for some time, as seen in the Cancelled Books, Phillip disappeared quickly, and was gone by 1864. That was only two years after the last of his children was born. Usually males disappeared from the Valuation Books by way of death, but none of his children would have been old enough to take over the farm. Julia Burke took over in 1864 and was followed by John Burke who was replaced by Johanna Burke in 1890/91. A Thomas Ryan took over in 1896, followed by James Ryan in 1899. There will be more about these Ryans later.

It is also possible that the Phillip McGrath family emigrated. However a more likely scenario is that Philip McGrath had died 1864 leaving his widow Judy with seven children ranging in age from 12 down to 4. As a result of Philip's untimely death the family probably broke up and went to live with relatives and friends in the area. There are no census records available for that time period or it might have been possible to track down various members of the family.

There is a moderate probability that the following marriage record does belong to Mary McGrath, daughter of Philip McGrath and Judy Costello, of Coolkill. However, the death record for a Johanna McGrath only has the name and an approximate birth year agreement going for it being the correct record. In Mary's marriage record shown below she was living in Cormackstown which is just east of Coolkill and her father was named Philip and he was deceased. This is all consistent with the scenario described above.

Civil Records

Marriage: William Long and Mary McGrath - Lisheenatagart

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
February 25, 1879 - married at the RC Chapel of Holycross
Husband: William Long (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Lisheenatagart)
Father: Andrew Long (Farmer, deceased)
Wife: Mary McGrath (Full age, Spinster, Blank, Cormackstown)
Father: Philip McGrath (Farmer, deceased)
Witnesses: James Long and Mary Ryan
Priest: John O'Brien, P. P.
Reg: April 18, 1879.

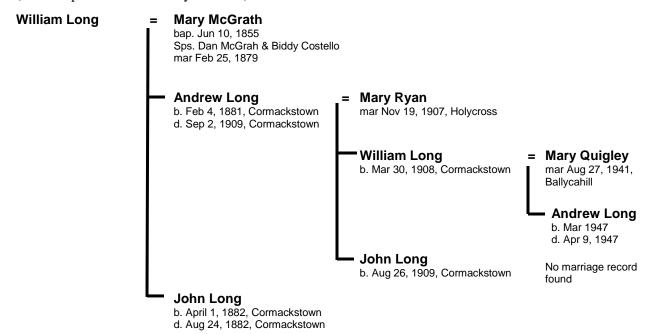
Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Lisheenataggart	463	Tipperary, N.R.	Eliogarty	Loughmoe West	Thurles	Munster

Death: Johanna McGrath - 71 - 1933

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles Date: March 30, 1933 - Location: County Home, Thurles Name: **Johanna McGrath**, <u>Ballycahill</u> Condition: Spinster Age at last Birthday: 71 years [b. 1862] Occupation: Servant Cause of Death: Bronchitis, 5 days, Certified Informant: B. Lanigan, Occupier, County Home Reg: April 1, 1933.

William Long and Mary McGrath

(s/o Andrew Long and Mother) (d/o Philip McGrath and Judy Costello)



The birth records on irishgenealogy.ie end at 1919. But it can be assumed that William Long and Mary Quigley had one or more children in the period between their marriage in 1941 and the death of their infant son Andrew in 1947.

Civil Records

Births

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross

February 4, 1881 - **Andrew Long**, Par. William Long (Farmer, Cormackstown) and Mary McGrath, Res: Cormackstown, Informant: William Long, Father, Cormackstown, Reg: February 7, 1881.

April 1, 1882 - John Long, Par. William Long (Farmer, Cormackstown) and Mary McGrath, Res: Cormackstown, Informant: William Long, Father, Cormackstown, Reg: April 3, 1882. Census Records

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Long	William	50	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Long	Mary	50	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
Long	Andrew	30	Male	Son	Roman Catholic

Andrew was single and living with his parents at this time.

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Long	William	66	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Long	Mary	66	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
Sweeney	John	66	Male	Servant	Roman Catholic

1911 - William Long - house 6 in Cormackstown (Holycross, Tipperary)

William and Mary Long have been married for 24 years and they had 2 children. There was no indication if these two children were still living. But the death records below show that John died at 4 months in 1882 and Andrew died in 1909 at 28.

1901 - Laurence Long - house 11 in Lisheenataggart (Kilrush, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Long	Laurence	50	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Long	Johanna	40	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
Long	Andrew	7	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Long	Mary	6	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Long	Anastasia	4	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Long	William	2	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Dunn	Catherine	17	Female	Servant	Roman Catholic

This Laurence is obviously William's brother. Laurence was still living in the townland where William was living at the time of his marriage to Mary McGrath. On his marriage record it stated that William's father was Andrew Long. Both Laurence and William named their first sons Andrew.

Andrew Long and Mary Ryan

Civil Records

Marriage: Andrew Long and Mary Ryan - Holycross

Sup Reg Dist - Roscrea, Reg Dist - Shinrone
November 19, 1907 - married at the RC Church of Mount St. Joseph
Husband: Andrew Long (Full, Bachelor, Farmer, Holycross, Co. Tipp.)
Father: <u>William Long</u> (Farmer, Living)
Wife: Mary Ryan (Full, Spinster, Farmer, Holycross, Co. Tipp.)
Father: John Ryan (Farmer, Living)
Witnesses: John Ryan and Mary Hayes
Priest: T. P. Corbett, R. C. C.
Reg: February 1, 1908

Births

Sup Reg Dist Thurles, Reg Dist Holycross March 30, 1908 - **William Long**, Par. Andrew Long (Farmer, Cormackstown) and Mary Long, Res: Cormackstown, Informant: Andrew Long, Father, Cormackstown, Reg: April 24, 1908.

August 26, 1909 - **John Long**, Par. Andrew Long (Farmer, Cormackstown) and Mary Long, Res: Cormackstown, Informant: Bridie Ryan, Present at birth Cormackstown, Reg: October 8, 1909.

Deaths

Death: John Long - 4 months - 1882	Death: Andrew Long - 28 - 1909
Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross	Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
Date: August 24, 1882 - Location:	Date: September 2, 1909 - Location:
Cormackstown	Cormackstown
Name: John Long	Name: Andrew Long
Condition: Bachelor	Condition: Married
Age at last Birthday: 4 months	Age at last Birthday: 28 years
Occupation: Son of a Farmer	Occupation: Farmer
Cause of Death: Convulsions, 7 days,	Cause of Death: Pulmonary Tuberculosis, 12
uncertified, no med att	months, Certified
Informant: Mary Long, Mother, Present at	Informant: William Long, Father, Present at
death, Cormackstown	death, Cormackstown
Reg: September 8, 1882.	Reg: October 11, 1909

Mary Ryan's Family

Census Records

1911 - John Ryan - house 29 in Cormackstown (Holycross, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Ryan	John	57	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
<mark>Ryan</mark>	<mark>Mary</mark>	25	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Patrick	23	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Michael	21	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Bridie	19	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Long	William	3	Male	Grand Son	Roman Catholic
Long	John	2	Male	Grand Son	Roman Catholic

John was a widower, he had been married 23 years and he had five children who were all still alive. His widowed daughter, Mary (her last name should be Long), was also living with him with her two sons William (3) and John (2). According to the census she had been married 4 years.

Civil Records

Marriage: William Long and Mary Quigley - Ballycahill

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
August 27, 1941 - married at the RC Church of Holycross
Husband: William Long (Full, Bachelor, Farmer, Ballycahill)
Father: Andy Long (Farmer) [Died in 1909]
Wife: Mary Quigley (Full, Spinster, works at Home, Ballycahill)
Father: Roger Quigley (Farmer)
Witnesses: Michael Ryan (Cormackstown) and Margaret Carey (4 St. Thomas Road, Dublin)
Priest: Rev. P. Byrne, P. P.
Reg: October 6, 1941
NOTE: Usually it is recorded whether the fathers are alive or deceased.

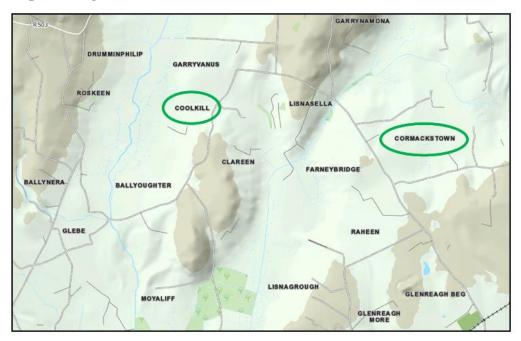
Death: Andrew Joseph Long - 4 weeks - 1947

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: April 9, 1947 - Location: Garryvanus Name: **Andrew Joseph Long** Condition: Single Age at last Birthday: 4 weeks Occupation: Farmer's child Cause of Death: Anacusis Inaction, Cardiac Failure, Certified Informant: William Long, Present at death, Garryvanus, Ballycahill Reg: May 25, 1947.

Anacusis. Anacusis is a state of complete deafness. There are two types of anacusis: *Unilateral anacusis meaning only one ear is completely deaf. *Bilateral anacusis meaning there is complete deafness in both ears. https://www.definitions.net/definition/anacusis

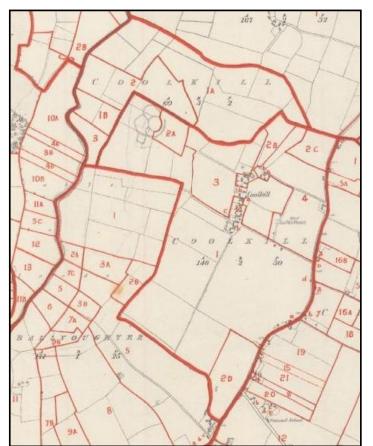
Cardia - Jailure -bertified

Map showing the relative locations of Coolkill and Cormackstown

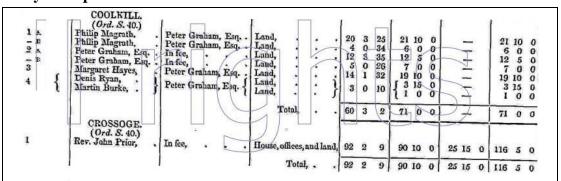


The Valuation Maps of Coolkill

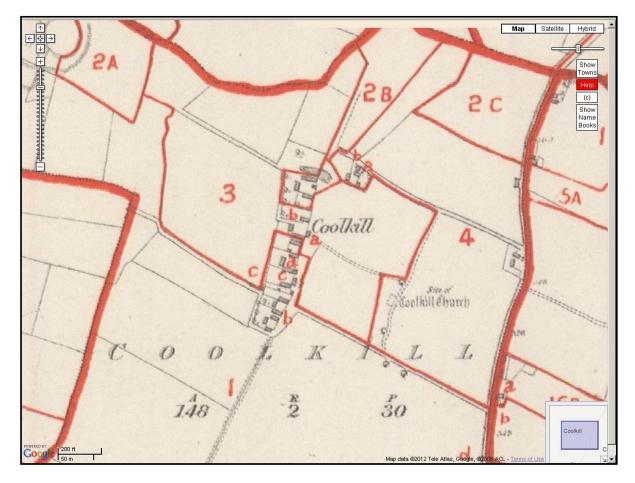
These are the maps referred to as the Griffith's Valuation (GV) maps. The first map covers both pieces of the townland of Coolkill — part in Ballycahill parish and part in Moyaliff parish. The second zooms in on the densely divided section in the Moyaliff portion. The tables at the bottom of each page are from the printed version of the GV. The Ballycahill piece of Coolkill consists of only land with the residences found in the Moyaliff piece of Coolkill. The maps are usually at odds with the published GV and are found to more closely agree with the information found in the First Cancelled Book.



Ballycahill parish



Philip Magrath only held land in the Ballycahill potion of Coolkill



Moyaliff - Enlargement of the portion of Coolkill in Moyaliff civil parish.

No. and Letters of Reference to	Na	nes.				Net Annual Value,	
Map.	Townlands and Occupiers,	Inunquiate Lessors.	Description of Tenerormt	Area	Lend.	Buildings.	Total
	COOLKILL. (Ord. S. 40.) Martin Burke, Denis Ryan, Vacant, Thomas Hayes, Michael Burke, John Hayes, Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq. Margaret Hayes, Annu Fitzpatrick, Patrick Hayes, Philip Magrath, John Hayes, Denis Ryan,	Peter Greham, Esq. Martin Burke, Martin Burke, Martin Burke, Martin Burke, Martin Burke, In fee, In fee, In fee, Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq. Margaret Hayes, Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq. Peter Greham, Esq.	House, offices, & land House, offices, & land House and offices, House, House, House, House, Land, Land, Land, House and garden, Land, House, offices, and yard, House, offices, and yard, House, offices, and yard, House, House, and garden, House, House, and garden, House, House, House, and garden, House, House, and garden,	0 3 16	£ . 4 (45 5 0 0 1 0 0 2 15 0 0 4 5 0 0 1 15	£ . <th>£ 1. 47 50 2 10 0 5 0 15 0 6 2 15 2 0 4 5 8 10 2 3 0 1 10 0 5 1 8 0 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0</th>	£ 1. 47 50 2 10 0 5 0 15 0 6 2 15 2 0 4 5 8 10 2 3 0 1 10 0 5 1 8 0 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0 5 0

Philip Magrath owned a house, farm buildings and land in the Moyaliff portion of Coolkill.



This is a 2017 enlarged satellite view of the central area of Coolkill (Moyaliff) shown on the valuation map on the previous page. The image shows that the area which contained buildings in the early 1840s (when the base OS maps were constructed) still contains buildings today. With a bit of luck one or more of the original buildings might still be standing.

Griffith's Valuation (August 1851)

There is usually a smooth transition between the Griffith's Valuation and the 1st Cancelled Book. In the case of Coolkill there seems to be a bit of a disconnect.

	Coolkill -	Ballycahill	Coolkill - Moyaliff				
Lot #	1A	1B	2A	2B	2C	4a	4 b
a-r-p	20-3-25	4-0-34	3-3-21	4-0-24	4-1-25	17-1-38	House
Immediate Lessor	Peter Greham, Esq.	Peter Greham, Esq.	In Fee	In Fee	In Fee	Peter Greham, Esq.	Philip Magrath
GV	Philip Magrath	Philip Magrath	Peter Greham, Esq.	Peter Greham, Esq.	Peter Greham, Esq.	Philip Magrath	John Hayes

The GV map lot numbers for Coolkill seem to agree with the printed version of the GV. This agreement isn't a given. The lot numbering on the GV maps is usually in better sync with the 1st Cancelled Book than the GV itself. Lot sizes 1A & 1B differ from those in Book 1.

The Cancelled Book Records of Coolkill

The townland of Coolkill — originally the townland was in Ballycahill and Moyaliff parishes. Sometime after 1900 all of the townland was placed in Moyaliff parish and that is why the first two columns were renumbered.

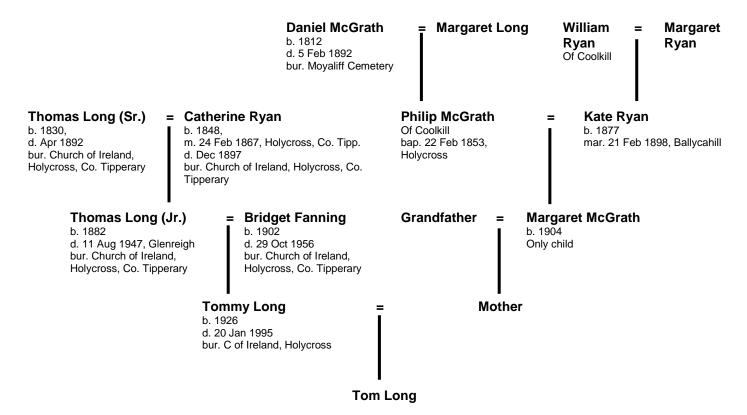
	Coolkill -	Ballycahill	Coolkill - I	Moyaliff			
Lot No.	1A	1B	2A	2B	2C	4a	4b
(a-r-p)	19-2-3	19-2-3	4-0	-24	4-1-25	17-1-38	
Book 1	Daniel McGrath	Daniel McGrath & Philip McGrath (Added 1863)	Daniel McGrath	Daniel McGrath	Philip McGrath (1863)	Daniel McGrath	Philip McGrath
Book 2	Daniel McGrath	Philip McGrath Julia Burke (1864)	Daniel McGrath	Daniel McGrath	Philip McGrath Julia Burke (1864)	Daniel McGrath	Philip McGrath Julia Burke (1864)
Book 3	Daniel McGrath	Julia Burke John Burke (1879)	Daniel McGrath	Daniel McGrath	John Burke	Daniel McGrath	Julia Burke John Burke (1879)
Book 4 (Last revision 1889)	Daniel McGrath	John Burke	Daniel McGrath	Daniel McGrath	John Burke	Daniel McGrath	John Burke
Book 5	Daniel McGrath Philip McGrath (1892)	John Burke Johanna Burke (1890/91)	Daniel McGrath Philip McGrath (1892)	Daniel McGrath Philip McGrath (1892)	John Burke Johanna Burke (1890/91)	Daniel McGrath Philip McGrath (1892)	John Burke Johanna Burke (1890/91)
Book 6	Philip McGrath Margaret McGrath (1895) Phil McGrath (1899)	Johanna Burke Thomas Ryan (1896) James Ryan (1899)	Philip McGrath Margaret McGrath (1895) Phil McGrath (1899)	Philip McGrath Margaret McGrath (1895) Phil McGrath (1899)	Johanna Burke Thomas Ryan (1896) James Ryan (1899)	Philip McGrath Margaret McGrath (1895) Phil McGrath (1899)	Johanna Burke Thomas Ryan (1896) James Ryan (1899)
	5A	5B					
Book 7	Phil McGrath Jeremiah Britt (1929)	James Ryan	Phil McGrath Jeremiah Britt (1929)	Phil McGrath Jeremiah Britt (1929)	James Ryan	Phil McGrath Jeremiah Britt (1929)	James Ryan
Book 8	Jeremiah Britt	James Ryan Mary Ryan (1934) Mary Ryan (1954)			James Ryan Mary Ryan (1934) Mary Ryan (1954)	Jeremiah Britt	James Ryan Mary Ryan (1934) Mary Ryan (1954)

The Cancelled Books

As each of the books of the Griffiths Valuation was published, the local valuation authorities were given a manuscript version of the document for their area. Every change in the ownership of land was recorded in this manuscript version of the valuation by drawing a line through the old information and writing the new information directly below. The sequence of new names recorded the changes in ownership. Different color inks showed the year of the change. When the book became too full of changes it was "cancelled" and was then sent to the Valuation Office in Dublin where a new manuscript valuation book was started. At the same time that changes were being recorded in the valuation book the accompanying set of maps were also being updated (or created for the first time) to reflect those changes. The numbering of the parcels of land were also changed as parcels were merged or split up as the ownership changed. The maps changed and this is obvious if the maps found online today are compared with the printed versions of the Griffiths Valuation. The maps are found to correspond best with one of the early Cancelled Books. The size of the parcels were measured in acres-roods-perches (a-r-p). The acres are statute acres, as opposed to the older, larger Irish acres, there are 4 roods (square roods) in an acre and 40 perches (square perches) in a rood (square rood).

The transition of occupants/owners in the Cancelled Books usually involves one family member replacing another. A wife replaces her late husband or a son replaces his late father. Therefore the first approach is to try placing the people in the books into a family structure. It will be assumed that the Philip Magrath found in the GV is the same Philip McGrath found in the 1st Cancelled Book. In the 1st book there is a Philip McGrath and Daniel McGrath. These two will be shown to be brothers.

Philip McGrath and Kate Ryan



The purpose of this family pedigree is to show the connections of Philip and Kate McGrath to Tom Long of Glenreagh, Holycross and to other families in this paper. His Long family will be discussed in detail later in this paper and the Long portion of the pedigree chart will be extended further back in time.

Marriage performed at Ballycahill Chapel:

Date: February 21, 1898 **Philip McGrath**, full age, bachelor, farmer, Coolkill, Father: Daniel McGrath, deceased. **Catherine Ryan**, full age, spinster, no occupation, Coolkill, Father: William Ryan, farmer. Witnesses: Patrick McGrath and Mary Ryan; Celebrant: John L. McGrath Reg: February 25, 1898 (Holycross)

Occupant Transitions from the Cancelled Books

Daniel McGrath → Philip McGrath (1892) → Margaret McGrath (1895) → Phil McGrath (1899) → Jeremiah Britt (1929) - probably not a family member.

Philip appears to have taken over from his father Daniel, in 1892, the same year his father died. In the 1901 and 1911 census records Philip, Catherine and daughter Margaret are living in Coolkill. The 1895 change to Margaret currently has no explanation. I propose that the Phil McGrath (1899) is Philip McGrath taking possession of the farm again. I'm not sure what was going on here. In the 1911 census Philip was 52 and he had been married to Kate for 13 years and they had only one child; their daughter Margaret. There were probably no other children and that was why possession went to Britt in 1929.

In the Field Book that led to the printed version of Griffith's Valuation (August 1851) there was a Philip Magrath who had a little over 17 acres of land.

Shown in the table below are the families in Coolkill at the time of the census 1901 and 1911.

1901	1911
Philip McGrath	Philip McGrath
James Ryan	James Ryan
Martin Hayes	Martin Hayes
Mary Burke	Martin Bourke
Margaret Ryan	Margaret Ryan

The Ryan Families of Coolkill

Two Ryan brothers from Coolbawn, Moyaliff married McGrath sisters from Pallashill and eventually took over the Coolkill land that had been held by Philip McGrath at the time of the GV.

Occupation Order on Lots 1B (5B), 2C and 4a in Coolkill.

Philip McGrath (Brother of Daniel) → Julia Burke (1864) → John Burke → Johanna Burke (1890/91) → Thomas Ryan (1896) → James Ryan (1899) → Mary Ryan (1934) → Mary Ryan (1954)

The changes in ownership in the Ryan property in Coolkill seem to have occurred three years after the death of James and then again three years after his wife Mary's death. The final Mary Ryan, who took over in 1954, might be another daughter but that cannot be proven at the moment.



This picture was taken at St. Michael's Cemetery, Rosmult, Templebeg parish during a 2006 trip to Ireland. When I took this photo I had no idea that I would eventually find the information useful. However, there were just so many family connections documented there on that gravestone that I couldn't resist it. On the right hand side is the James Ryan family of Coolkill. The first thing to notice is that James Ryan had apparently married a Ryan, an event that every family history researcher dreads to find. But on the positive side, here was a guide into the family relationships. The sharing of a stone implied that all these Ryans are related and that turned out to be true.



In 2006 the cemetery at Templemichael Church (in ruins) had no place to park except for the small entry way between the road and the gate which was locked. The cemetery itself is reachable on foot after crossing an active cow pasture (which means look down as you walk). In 2010 I believe an actual roadway of some kind was constructed.

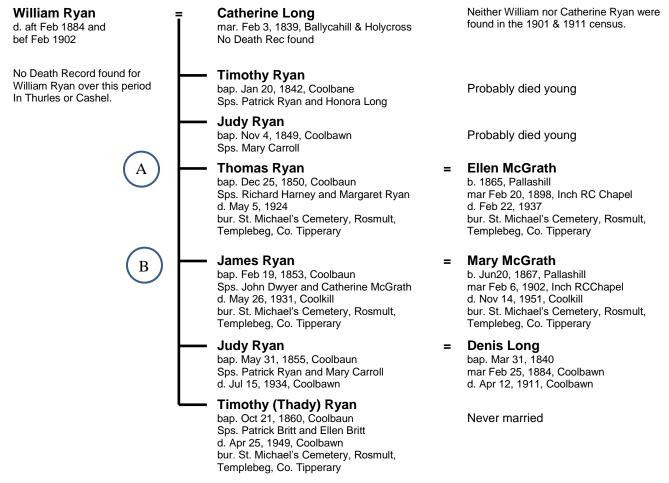


This is the view of St. Michael's Cemetery upon approaching from across the field. The large vine covered structure to the left is the ruins of Templemichael Church.

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William Ryan and Catherine Long

(s/o *Timothy Ryan & Judy LNU*) (d/o *John Long* and *Mary Magrath*)



Coolbawn is a sub-townland located in the western half of the townland of Moyaliff, in the civil parish of Moyaliff. Although Coolbawn is located in Upperchurch and Drombane RC parish the church at Holycross (Ballycahill and Holycross RC parish) is much closer, which explains why William and Catherine's children were baptized at Holycross. Thomas, James, and Timothy (Thady) are the brothers whose inscriptions were on the gravestone in St. Michael's Cemetery, Rosmult. Ellen and Mary McGrath are sisters from Pallashill. See: *The McGrath Families of Pallashill, Inch Parish*.

The names of Catherine Long's parents were not deduced from the family's use of the naming tradition. Instead the reasoning follows from the names of the witnesses at Catherine and William's wedding as shown below. It was assumed that John and James Long were Catherine's brothers and their parents were known.

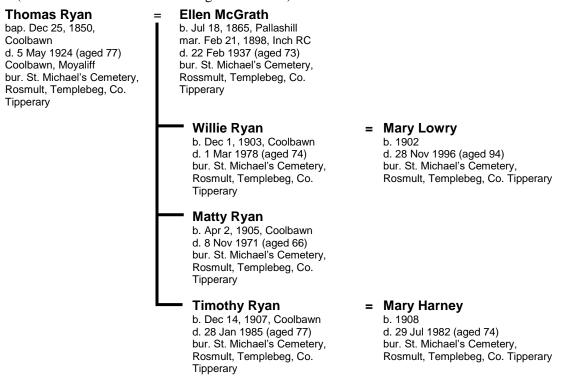
Church Records - Ryan & Long - Coolbawn

Dec 25, 1850 - **Thomas Ryan**, Par. Wm Ryan and Catherine Long, Upperchurch & Drombane RC, Res: Coolbawn, Sps. Richard Harney and Margaret Ryan.

Marriage - February 3, 1839 - **William Ryan** <u>married</u> **Cathe Long**, Ballycahill & Holycross RC, Res: None, Wit: *John Long* and *James Long*.

A - Thomas Ryan and Ellen McGrath

(s/o William Ryan and Catherine Long) (d/o Matthew McGrath and Margaret Costello)



In 1896, as seen in Occupation Order on the first page of this section Thomas Ryan took over the land in Coolkill which was originally held by Philip McGrath at the time of the publication of the Griffith's Valuation. Thomas Ryan's brother, James, took over his land holding in Coolkill in 1899.

The Persistent Irish Age Problem

The following information is from the 1911 census for Coolkill. Thomas Ryan, b. <u>1861</u> – (compare with birth date in above tree) Ellen Ryan, b. <u>1871</u> – (compare with birth date in above tree) Married 1899 William Ryan, b. 1904 Matthew Ryan, b. 1905 Timothy Ryan, b. 1905

Thomas and Ellen's birth years, as determined from the census information, are at odds with the headstone inscriptions. This situation is not uncommon and fortunately in this case as a baptism record was found for Thomas Ryan and a birth record for his wife, Ellen. The dates from these records have been used in the family tree above.

- 84 -

Civil Records - Thomas Ryan - Ellen McGrath - Coolbawn

Marriage: Thomas Ryan & Ellen McGrath - Coolbawn

February 21, 1898 - married at Inch RC chapel
Husband: Thomas Ryan, Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Drumbane, Coolbawn
Father: William Ryan, Farmer
Wife: Ellen McGrath, Full age, Spinster, Pallashill
Father: Matthew McGrath (Deceased), Farmer
Witnesses: Edmond Ryan and Mary McGrath
Priest: P. Meagher
Reg: February 28, 1898 - Thurles, Blank

Births

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross December 1, 1903 - **William Ryan**, Par. Thomas Ryan (Farmer, Coolbawn) and Ellen McGrath,

Res: Coolbawn, Informant: Thomas Ryan, Father, Coolbawn, Reg: December 21, 1903.

April 2, 1905 - **Mathew Ryan**, Par. Thomas Ryan (Farmer, Coolbawn) and Ellen McGrath, Res: Coolbawn, Informant: Thomas Ryan, Father, Coolbawn, Reg: May 8, 1905.

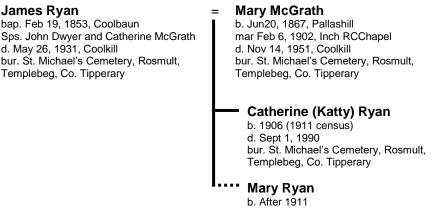
December 14, 1907 - **Timothy Ryan**, Par. Thomas Ryan (Farmer, Coolbawn) and Ellen McGrath, Res: Coolbawn, Informant: Joanna Hayes, present at birth, Drombane, Reg: December 13, 1907.

Information on the Matthew McGrath family of Pallashill can be found in the paper *The McGrath Families of Pallashill, Inch Parish* on the mcgrathsearch.com web site.

B - James Ryan and Mary McGrath

(s/o William Ryan and Catherine Long)

(d/o Mathew McGrath and Margaret Costello)



There was a Mary Ryan who succeeded Mary McGrath Ryan on the family's Coolkill land in 1954. It is suspected that this Mary Ryan was the daughter of James and Mary Ryan but it hasn't been proven yet. The dotted line connection of Mary Ryan to the family tree above is meant to indicate the uncertainty of her membership in that family.

James and his family showed up in Coolkill in the 1901 and 1911 census records. In 1901 James gave his age as 52 and was unmarried. In 1902 he married Mary McGrath and by the time of the 1911 census they had only one child, a 5 year old daughter named Catherine.

Census Records

1911 - Residents of a house 2 in Coolkill (No. 1) (Ballycahill, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Ryan	James	52	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Mary	36	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Catherine	5	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Ryan	Timothy	45	Male	Servant	Roman Catholic
Hynes	Denis	16	Male	Servant	Roman Catholic

This is James Ryan and Mary McGrath and their daughter Catherine (5) and brother Timothy Ryan (45).

The Patrick McGrath Family of Grange

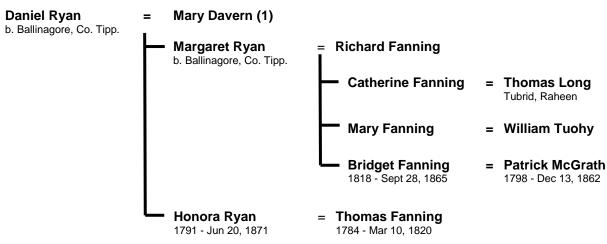
The Fanning family tree, which is displayed and described in this section, was constructed from information on the McGrath and Fanning families compiled by Marvin Minton. Using information from other sources it was possible to confirm some parts of this tree or at least show that it was consistent with those facts. Minton's tree was accepted as a working construct because it was useful. However it still needed further verification, which was found and will be described in more detail later in this paper. Some of the dates have been taken from the Tuohy family trees (see *The Neighbors in Ireland*).

Minton's source of the information on Edward Fanning and Bridget Maher was originally unknown. During the research for *The Neighbors in Ireland*, co-author Clare Tuohy found Minton's paper online but it would be some six more years before she found Minton himself.

The Holycross church records only extend back to 1835 so Minton didn't find all the information there. The information might have been contained in the family correspondence that Minton referenced in his paper. The descendants of the Richard Fanning and Thomas Fanning families,⁴ in Grange, are well documented by Minton, but there is little information known about the other Fanning siblings.

The family tree shown below highlights the central position played by the Fanning family of Grange in connecting the McGrath, Long and Tuohy families.

Daniel Ryan and Mary Davern (1)



These relationships were derived from the Edward Fanning and Bridget Maher family tree and associated information, compiled by Marvin Minton. Thomas Long will be examined later in this paper. Only Margaret and Honora are shown in the tree above to keep things simple. In the McGrath - Fanning papers Winifred listed all of the children: John, Stephen, Amy married Burke, Margaret "our grandma", and Honora "the grandma of the Tooheys." This section will be devoted to following Patrick McGrath and his many descendants. Minton's paper laid out the path, while the census records and newspaper archives provided the details.

Daniel Ryan and Mary Ryan (2)

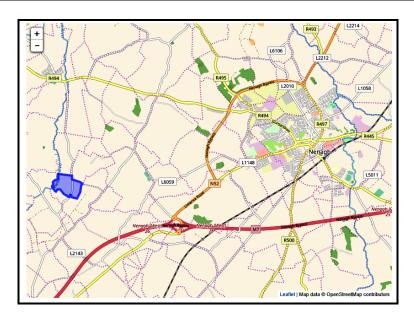


This short section of the family tree of Patrick McGrath is shown here to emphasize the fact the Patrick was not the grandson of Daniel and Mary Davern found on the previous page. In the McGrath-Fanning papers provided by Minton in 2017 there was some confusion on this point. Patrick was the son of Daniel Ryan and his 2nd wife Mary Ryan. Patrick McGrath and Bridget Fanning were step 1st cousins.

Only Winifred is shown in the tree above to keep matters simple. The entire list of children from Daniel's 2nd marriage are: John, Stephen, Patrick, William, Philip, Winifred, Mrs. Long and Mrs. Kearney. The names John and Stephen repeat in Daniel's 2nd marriage. Perhaps the older John and Stephen died young and so the names were reused, or maybe Winifred made a mistake.

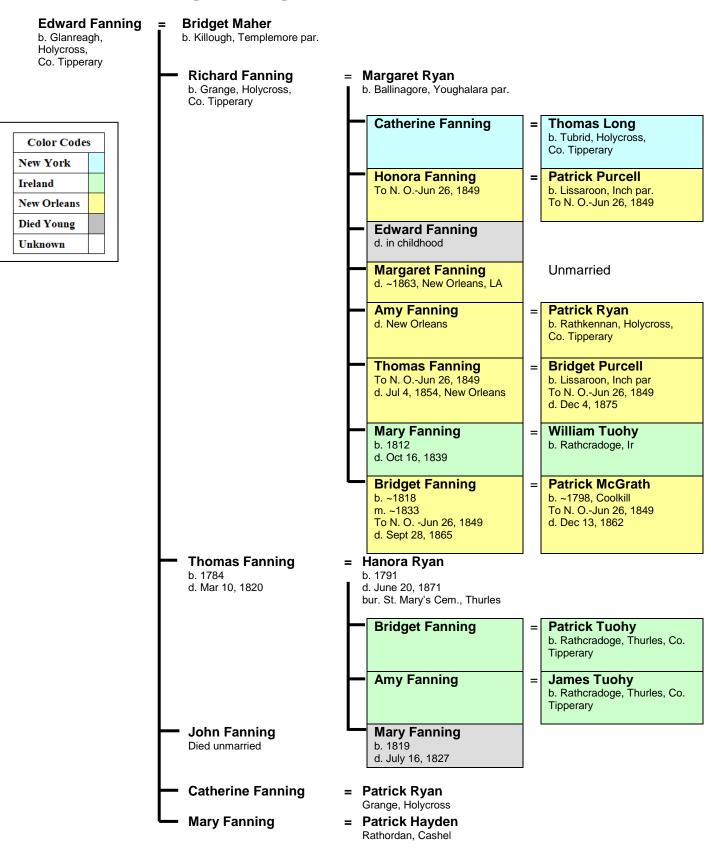
Ballinaglora

Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Ballinagore	71	Tipperary, N.R.	Owney and Arra	Youghalarra	Nenagh	Munster



The townland of Ballinagore in Youghalarra civil parish, just west of Nenagh.

Edward Fanning and Bridget Maher



Patrick McGrath and Bridget Fanning

(s/o Philip McGrath and Winifred Ryan) (d/o Richard Fanning and Margaret Ryan)

Patrick McGrath **Bridget Fanning** b. ~1798 b. ~1818 To New Orleans-Jun 26, 1849 To New Orleans-Jun 26, d. Sept 28, 1865 @ 48 1849 d. Dec 13, 1862 @ 64 **Richard McGrath Died young Nora McGrath** Same person? Honora McGrath Prior to Holycross Winifred McGrath Nun - Sister Mary St. Jane de Chantol, b. Nov 1, 1834 House of the Good Shepherd church records To New Orleans-Jun 26, 1849 Interrred on their grounds in New Orleans, LA d. Nov 18, 1907, New Orleans James Kennedv Margaret McGrath b. Nov 26, 1836 b. Co. Limerick, Ireland To New Orleans-Jun 26, 1849 1 Child - a son m. Aug 22, 1865, St. Alphonsus Church, New Orleans, LA d. Apr 8 (no year given) Philip J. McGrath **Catherine Cahill** b. Nov 19, 1840 b. Feb 15, 1851 To New Orleans-Jun 26, 1849 d. Sept 10, 1927, New Orleans, LA 4 Children - All girls d. Dec 3, 1882 (1881) **Richard McGrath II Died young** b. 1841 Not on the Ship d. Nov 11, 1854 @ 14 Harkaway that **Thomas McGrath Died young** sailed from b. Aug 10, 1843 Liverpool to New d. Aug 10, 1853 @ 10 Orleans on June **Patrick Walsh** Mary McGrath 26, 1849 b. Jul 12. 1845 6 Children: 5 sons & 1 daughter m. Oct 22, 1872, New Orleans = Helen Summers O'Connor Patrick H. McGrath b. Nov1858, Rutlodge, Morgan Co., GA b. Jul 21, 1847 Left for New m. May 21, 1884, St. Michael's d. Sep 3, 1909, New Orleans, LA To New Orleans-Jun 26, 1849 Orleans 6 Children: 2 sons & 4 daughters (June 26, 1849), John McGrath **Died young** between these b. 1850 births d. Jun 4, 1850 @ 9 mos. William McGrath **Died young** b. Aug, 1852 d. Aug 30, 1852 @ 9 days **Bridget Mary McGrath** John Driscoll b. Jul 10, 1854 b. 1848, London, England m. Oct 23, 1879, St. Alphonsus 9 Children: 6 daughters & 3 sons Church, New Orleans, LA

The persons shaded in green were the only ones who married and these were the only pathways for possible descendants of Patrick McGrath and Bridget Fanning.

Comments and Observations on the Patrick McGrath and Bridget Fanning Family

Patrick McGrath's eldest son Richard II died prior to May 1839. In a lease, for a parcel of land in Cloghane, between Thomas Long and Thomas Firman, dated May 4, 1839, one of the lives listed was that of Philip McGrath, who was described as Patrick McGrath's eldest son.

Patrick and his young family immigrated to New Orleans in 1849. His children, who did marry, found spouses in the US, reducing the connections with Moyaliff-Holycross.

The table below compares some dates found in the Patrick McGrath family tree, on the previous page, and the corresponding Holycross baptismal records.

Name	Birth Date (Minton)	Baptismal Date	Comment
Margaret McGrath	Nov. 26, 1836	Nov. 27, 1836	Dates very close. Sps. William Tuohy and Honora Ryan
Philip J. McGrath	Nov. 19, 1840	Dec. 21, 1838	Philip was one of the 3 lives on the May 1839 lease of Thomas Long from Thomas Firman.
Richard McGrath	1841	Feb. 15, 1841	Martin Ryan and Honora Fanning??
Thomas McGrath	Aug. 10, 1843	?	
Mary McGrath	Jul. 12, 1845	Jul.13, 1844	Possible typo on the year. With the same year the dates are very close together.
Patrick H. McGrath	Jul. 21, 1847	Jul 30, 1847	Reasonable date spacing.

Patrick McGrath Surname Spellings

Magrath - Thomas Long Lease (Firman) - 1839 McGrath - Holycross Baptismal Records - 1836-1847 Magrath - Poor Rates - Grange, Holycross - 1842 McGrath - House Book ~1849 McGrath - Tenure Book ~1849 McGrath - Ship List - 1849 McGraw - U.S. Census - 1860 - New Orleans - M653-415-116.

The evolution of the spelling of Patrick McGrath's surname may or may not be meaningful. The earliest spelling is the most interesting. The different spellings have a regional association that is too long and involved to detail here.⁵ The Magrath spelling can be traced back to the family of Miler Magrath who was the Archbishop of Cashel and Emly from 1571 until 1622. The author's Moyaliff ancestors also used the Magrath spelling in the earliest Upperchurch parish church records. This might mean that there is a connection between the two families, back a ways.

Name	1849	1850	1860	1870	1880
Location	Ship	N.O.	N. O.	N.O. WD01	
Patrick McGrath (1798-1862)	51	52	62	d. 1862	
Bridget McGrath (1818-1865)	32	35	44	d. 1865	
Children					
Richard McGrath					
Nora/Honora McGrath					
Winifred McGrath (1834-1907)	13		25		
Margaret McGrath (1836 - ?)	12	14			
Phillip J. McGrath (1840-1882)	9	12	21	30	
Richard McGrath II (1841-1854)			d. 1854		
Thomas McGrath (1843-1853)			d. 1853		
Mary McGrath (1845-?)			15	25	
Patrick H. McGrath (1847-?)	6/12	3	12	23	
John McGrath (d, 1850, Infancy)		d. 1850			
William McGrath (d, 1852, Infancy)			d. 1852		
Bridget Mary McGrath (1854 -?)			5	16	

Richard (1841), Thomas (1843) and Mary (1845) were found in the Minton list and in the Holycross church records in Ireland. However they were not on the ship manifest of the Harkaway, June 26, 1849, that carried the rest of the family from Liverpool, England to New Orleans. Richard and Thomas never showed up in any census with the rest of the family. Mary finally showed up in the 1860 census at the age of 15. Mary McGrath married Patrick Walsh in 1872 and in the 1900 census declared that she came to the US in 1853. This could provide a possible explanation for Richard, Thomas and Mary not showing up on the Harkaway manifest — they weren't on the ship. When Patrick and Bridget went to the US they might have left the three young children behind with relatives or friends while they took the older children and baby Patrick who was only 2 years old. Then after the family was settled they sent for the three children left behind. If Mary was correct about the year of her arrival in the US as 1853 then Richard and Thomas both died within a year of their arrival — perhaps they both fell victim to Yellow fever.

Census Records - Patrick McGrath

1850 LA Orleans New Orleans Municipality 2 WD03 M432-237-179B IMG 168/216
Res 1546, Family 2123

Patk McGraw, 52, Paver, Ireland
Mrs. McGraw, 35, Ireland
Patk McGraw, 3, Ireland
Phillip McGraw, 12, Ireland, Attended school
Margt McGraw, 14, Ireland

1860 LA Orleans New Orleans WD01 M653-415-116 IMG 116/320
Res 681, Family 1014

Patrick McGraw, 62, Lab.(orer), Per Est \$300, Ireland
Bridget McGraw, 44, Ireland
Winifred McGraw, 25, Ireland
Philip McGraw, 21, Accountant, Ireland
Mary McGraw, 15, Ireland, Attended school
Patrick McGraw, 5, LA
Terrence Larkin, 30, Ireland
William Brady, 29, Laborer, Ireland

1870 LA Orleans New Orleans WD01 M593-519-162A
Res 1118, Family 1096
Phillip McGrath, 30, Clerk in Cotton Press, Ireland, Male Cit over 21
Patrick McGrath, 23, Clerk in Cotton Press, Ireland, Male Cit over 21
Mary McGrath, 25, At home, Ireland
Bridget McGrath, 16, At school, Louisiana, Attended school

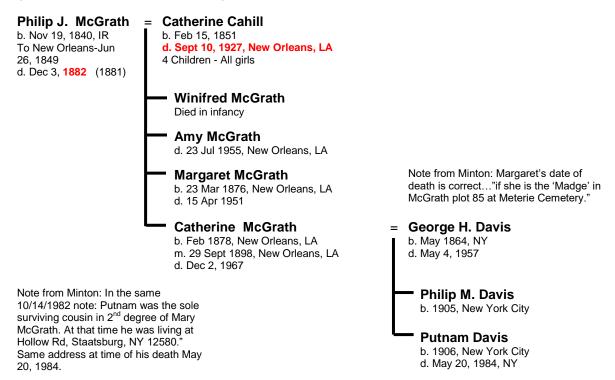
All parents were of foreign birth. Philip is now the head of the family with the death of his father (Patrick, d. 1862) and mother (Bridget, d. 1865). Winifred has probably become a nun, Margaret married James Kennedy (1865). Mary, Patrick and Bridget are still at home.

Margaret McGrath and John Kennedy
Census Records - Kennedy
 1870 LA Orleans New Orleans WD02 M593-519-193A IMG 37/456 Res 296, Family 313 John Kennedy, 35, Copper & Tin Smith, Per Est \$200, Ireland, Male Cit over 21 Margaret Kennedy, 35, Keeping house, Ireland, Cannot write Thomas Kennedy, 6, At school, Louisiana, Attended school All parents of foreign birth
1880 LA Orleans New Orleans ED073 T9-463-433C IMG 7/48 490 Franklin Street, Res 71, Family 85 Jno Kennedy, 47, M, Tin Smith, IR, IR, IR Margt. Kennedy, 46, Wife, M, Keeping house, IR, IR, IR Thos Kennedy, 16, Son, S, Laborer, 4 mos not employed, LA, IR, IR
 1900 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED0134 T623-XXXX-5 IMG 9/32 1804 Calhoun Street, Res 64, Family 67, Rents house Patrick McGrath, Head, July 1848, 51, M, 16, IR, IR, IR, 1849, 51, Na, Cotton Picker Ellen McGrath, Wife, Nov 1858, 41, M, 16, 6/5, GA, IR, IR Phillip J. McGrath, Son, Feb 1885, 15, S, LA, IR, GA, At school Thomas P. McGrath, Son, Mar 1886, 14, S, LA, IR, GA, At school Helen W. McGrath, Dau, Jan 1888, 12, S, LA, IR, GA, At school Mary McGrath, Dau, May 1892, 8, S, LA, IR, GA, At school Margaret McGrath, Dau, Dec 1896, 3, S, LA, IR, GA <i>Margaret Kennedy</i>, Sister, Nov 1838, 61, Wd, 35, 1/1, IR, IR, IR, <u>1856</u>, 44 Alexanderine Gibson, Servant, Feb 1881, 19, S, LA, LA, LA, Servant

Margaret, now a widow, is living with her brother Patrick and his family. Her son Thomas would have been 36 in 1900 and could have been off on his own. Margaret also reported that she had come to the US in 1856 even though she was on the 1849 manifest of the ship that brought her family to the US and was living with her parents in New Orleans at the time of the 1850 census.

Philip J. McGrath and Catherine Cahill

(s/o Patrick McGrath and Bridget Fanning) (d/o Matthew Cahill and Unknown)



The above trees are from the information in Marvin Minton genealogy paper supplemented with information from several census records.

Census Records - Phillip McGrath

1870 LA Orleans New Orleans WD01 M593-519-162A IMG 323/346
Res 1118, Family 1096
Phillip McGrath, 30, Clerk in Cotton Press, Ireland, Male Cit over 21
Patrick McGrath, 23, Clerk in Cotton Press, Ireland, Male Cit over 21
Mary McGrath, 25, At home, Ireland
Bridget McGrath, 16, At school, Louisiana, Attended school
All parents were of foreign birth.
1880 LA Orleans New Orleans ED068 IMG 6/42

315 Annunciation Street, Res 54, Family 54
 <u>Peter</u> McGrath, 39, M, Cotton Weigher, IR, IR, IR
 Katie McGrath, 30, Wife, M, Keeping house, LA, LA, LA
 Amy McGrath, 6, Dau, S, LA, IR, LA

Note: Philip's name was recorded as Peter. Where were Margaret (b. 1876) and Catherine (b. 1878)?

1900 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED0133 T623-XXXX-14 IMG 28-29/55
5516 Peter's Avenue, Res 245, Family 246, Owns home free of a mortgage Kate McGrath, Head, Jan 1851, 49, Wd, 3/3, LA, IR, IR, None Margaret McGrath, Dau, Apr 1876, 24, S, LA, IR, IR, Stenographer Catherine Davis, Dau, Feb 1878, 22, M, 1 yr, LA, IR, LA J. H. Davis, Son-in-law, May 1864, 36, M, 1 yr, 0/0, NY, NY, NY, RR Clerk Emma Landes, Boarder, June 1863, 36, S, OH, IL, IL Ella Leonard, Servant, Aug 1879, 20, S, TX, AL, AL, Cook

By 1905 George Davis has taken over as the head of the family and his mother-inlaw (Kate McGrath) and his sister-in-law (Madge McGrath) are living with him and his wife Katherine.

1905 NY Manhattan AD21 ED39 P. 14, Line 22
121 St. Nicholas Street (between W 116th and W 117th Street) George H. Davis, 41, US, Mech Engineer, Own account Katherine M. Davis, Wife, 27, US Philip Davis, Son, 5/12, US Esther T. Davis, <u>Mother</u>, 60, US Kate McGrath, <u>M-in-law</u>, 55, US <u>Madge</u> McGrath, <u>Sis-in-law</u>, 29, US, Stenographer Alice Hickey, Servant, 22, IR, 4 yrs in US, Alien, Servant Maggie Russell, Servant, 21, IR, 3 yrs in US, Alien, Servant

1910 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED0226 T624-524-17A IMG 33/44
1705 Calhoun, Res 273, Family 280, Rents home George H. Davis, Head, 44, M, NY, NY, NY, Mechanical Engineer Kate Davis, Wife, 32, M, 10 yrs, 2/2, LA, LA, LA, None Phillip Davis, Son, 5, NY, NY, LA, None Putnam Davis, Son, 3, NY, NY, LA, None Kate McGrath, <u>Mother-in-law</u>, 57, Wd, 3/3, LA, IR, IR, None Thedde (Madge?) McGrath, <u>Sister-in-law</u>, 34, S, LA, LA, LA, None Ella Lynch, Maid, 22, S, IR, IR, IR, Maid, Private family Ophelia Reily, Cook, Mulatto, 30, M, 2/2, LA, LA, LA, Cook, Private family

1920 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED246 T625-624-17B IMG 34/39
383 Walnut, Res 350, Family 373, Owns home free of a mortgage George H. Davis, Head, 54, M, NY, NY, NY, Electrical Engineer, Electric Co. Catherine M. Davis, Wife, 41, M, LA, IR, LA, None Philip M. Davis, Son, 14, S, NY, NY, LA, None George P. Davis, Son, 13, S, NY, NY, LA, None Kate McGrath, <u>Mother-in-law</u>, 68, Wd, LA, IR, IR, None Ida Miller, Servant, 19, S, LA, LA, LA, Dining room Maid, Private family Angele Gucoin, Servant, 29, S, LA, LA, LA, House maid, Private family

1930 NM Union Clayton ED0001 T626-1400-2A IMG 3/6
111 W. Broadway Street, Res 23, Family 25, Rents, \$30/mo
Putnam Davis, Head, 24, LA, US, LA, Engineer, Inters ta te Gas Co
Louise Davis, Wife, 24, MO, MO, TN, None
Both were married at age 24

1940 CT Fairfield Greenwich Town Greenwich ED 1-64 T627-496-9A IMG 18/23

209 Woodside Drive, Owns, \$30,000

Putnam Davis, Head, 33, M, C-3, NY, Same place, Executive, Invention Com Dir, \$4,000 in 1939

Louise Davis, Wife, 35, M, C-2, MO, Same place

Putnam Davis, Son, 9, S, 2 yrs, OK, Same place

Bryan Davis, Son, 5, S, 0 yrs, NY, Same place

- John Nellstrom, Servant, 34, M, 8th, Sweden, Same place, Handyman, Private family, \$300 in 1939
- Legue Nellstrom, Servant, Female, 35, M, 8th, Sweden, Same place, Cook, Private family, \$300 in 1939

Surviving son, Bryan Davis would have been 82 in 2017. When Putnam Davis died in 1984 Bryan was his sole surviving child. Bryan was living in Louisville, KY and had five children.

Newspaper Reports

Frat Shooting Ruled Suicide

"CHAPEL HILL, N.C. (AP)— The fatal shooting of a student in a University of North Carolina fraternity house here Saturday was ruled suicide by a coroner's jury yesterday. The jury found that Putnam Davis, 23, senior art student from Larchmont, N.Y., shot himself with a pistol borrowed from a fraternity brother following an all-night session of beer drinking and listening to records. Wounded in the shooting were Allen Long, 21, of Chevy Chase, Md., and William H. Joyner, 20, of Summit, N.J. Police said they had no explanation for the shooting. Davis was described by friends as "moody." Police said between 40 and 50 beer cans were in the room."

Amsterdam Evening Recorder, Amsterdam, NY, Thursday, May 20, 1954

College Shooting Ruled Suicide

"CHAPEL HILL, N. C. MV-The fatal shooting of a student In a University of North Carolina fraternity house here Saturday was ruled suicide by a coroner's jury yesterday.

"The jury found that Putnam Davis, 23. senior art student from Larchmont, N. Y., shot himself with a pistol borrowed from a fraternity brother following an all night session of beer drinking and listening to records.

"Wounded in the shooting were Allen Long, 21, of Chevy Chase, Md., and William H. Joyner, 20, of Summit, N. J."

The Steuben Advocate, Bath, NY, Thursday, May 20, 1954

Putnam Davis, 77

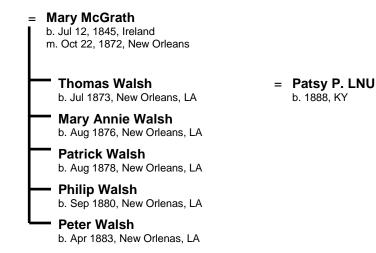
"Putnam Davis, founder and president of the Davis-Larchmont Corp. in Larchmont (Westchester County) died May 20 at St. Francis Hospital after a long illness. Mr. Davis, 77, of Hollow Road, was a resident of Clinton since 1950. . He was involved in the engineering and construction of interstate oil and gas pipelines and in investment' counseling. He was a member of the Town of Clinton Planning Board and was instrumental in zoning the town. He also served as commissioner of the West Clinton Fire District for 20 years. In 1971, Mr. Davis was elected an honorary lifetime member of the fire company. For many years, he was a member of the Town of Clinton Planning Board and was instrumental in zoning the town. He also served as commissioner of the West Clinton Fire District for 20 years. In 1971 Mr. Davis was elected an honorary lifetime member of the fire company. For many years he was a member of the Town of Clinton Library Board, and a board member of the Dutchess County Boy Scout Council. In 1975 he received a meritorious citizen's award for services rendered to the Town of Clinton. Mr. Davis was a 1925 graduate of the Phillips Exeter Academy and a 1929 graduate of Yale University. He was bom in 1906 in New Orleans, the son of George H. and Katherine McGrath Davis. He was married to Louise Schwab, who predeceased him. He later married Alberta Lohden, who also predeceased him. In 1968 he married Elizabeth Carpenter Rossell of Bedford. In addition to his wife, Mr. Davis is survived by one son, Brian Davis of Louisville, Ky., and five grandchildren. A son, Putnam Davis Jr., died in 1954. Arrangements were under the direction of the Allen Funeral Home, Pleasant Valley. Memorial donations may be made to the Dutchess County branch of the American Lung Association, 246 Church St., Poughkeepsie."

The Millbrook Round Table, Millbrook, NY, Wednesday, May 30, 1984

Patrick Walsh and Mary McGrath

(d/o Patrick McGrath and Bridget Fanning)

Patrick Walsh b. 1837, Ireland d. 1882 - 1900



Census Records - Mary McGrath

1880 LA Orleans New Orleans ED 020 T9-459-413D IMG 24/92
197 Basin Street, Res 199, Family 285

P. Walsh, 43, M, Grocery Keeper, IR, IR, IR
Mary Walsh, 34, Wife, M, Keeping House, *New Orleans*, IR, IR (Mary was born in Ireland)
Thomas Walsh, 6, Son, S, At home, New Orleans, IR, New Orleans *Annie Walsh*, 5, Dau, S, At home, New Orleans, IR, New Orleans
P. Walsh, 2, Son, S, At home, New Orleans, IR, New Orleans
Emma Williams, Black, 42, Servant, Wd, Servant, LA, LA

1900 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED0131 T623-XXXX-1 IMG 2-3/44

6034 Magazine Street, Res 25, Family 25, Rents home Mary Walsh, Head, July 1845, 54, Wd, 6/5, IR, IR, IR, 1853, 47, No occupation Thomas J. Walsh, Son, July 1873, 26, S, LA, IR, IR, Cotton Classer <u>Mary Walsh</u>, Dau, Aug 1876, 23, S, LA, IR, IR, School Teacher Patrick Walsh, Son, Aug 1878, 21, S, LA, IR, IR, Motorman Philip Walsh, Son, Sept 1880, 19, S, LA, IR, IR, Clerk Whole L.S. Peter Walsh, Son, Apr 1883, 17, S, LA, IR, IR, Shipping Clerk

NOTE: Annie in the 1880 census is the same person as Mary in the 1900 census. Full name: Mary Anne Walsh.

1910 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED 0226 T624-524-2B IMG 4/44
2001 Octavia Street, Res 32, Family 32, Rents home Mrs. Mary E. Walsh, Head, 64, Wd, IR, IR, IR, None T. J. Walsh, Son, 35, M, LA, IR, IR, Cotton Broker, Own account Mrs. T. J. Walsh, Dau-in-law, 22, M, 1, 0/0, KY, KY, KY, None Miss M. A. Walsh, Dau, 33, S, LA, IR, IR, Teacher, School, Own account P. J. Walsh, Son, 31, S, LA, IR, IR, Clerk, Cotton office P. McG(rath) Walsh, Son, 29, S, LA, IR, IR, Clerk, Cotton office Peter J. Walsh, Jr., Son, 26, S, LA, IR, IR, Clerk, Cotton office Lucile McCoy, Servant, 22, M, 2, 0/0, LA, LA, LA, Servant, Private family 1920 LA Orleans New Orleans WD12 ED217 T625-623-16A IMG 31/43
2013 Napoleon Street, Res 322, Family 331, Owns home free of a mortgage Thomas J. Walsh, Head, 46, M, LA, <u>LA, LA</u>, Broker, Cotton (Both parents born in Ireland) Patsy P. Walsh, Wife, 32, M, KY, <u>VA</u>, KY, None (Father born in Kentucky) Thomas Walsh, son, 8, S, KY, LA, KY, None
Peter Walsh, Brother, 36, S, LA, <u>LA</u>, <u>LA</u>, Weigher, Cotton Rachel Pratt, Servant, 26, S, MS, MS, MS, Cook, House

NOTE: This is Mary and Patrick Walsh's son Thomas. In 1910 he was married and living with his mother. Here he's on his with his family and his brother Peter. We stop following his family here.

1920 LA Orleans New Orleans WD13 ED 229 T625-624-2B IMG 4/50
4614 Perrier Street, Res 39, Family 41, Rents Mary E. Walsh, Head, 74, Wd, IR, IR, IR, None Mary A. Walsh, Dau, 43, S, LA, IR, IR, Principal, Public School Patrick J. Walsh, Son, 41, S, LA, IR, IR, Motorman, Street Railway Philip McG(rath) Walsh, Son, 39, S, LA, IR, IR, Clerk, Store

1930 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED0239 T626-XXXX-32B IMG 52/71

5534 Loyola Avenue, Res 415, Family 434, owns \$5,500, Has a radio set Mary A. Walsh, Head, 53, S, LA, IR, IR, Principal, Public school Patrick J. Walsh, Brother, 51, S, LA, IR, IR, Sampler, Cotton Peter J. Walsh, Brother, 46, S, LA, IR, IR, Weigher, Cotton

1940 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED 36-393 T627-1433-6B IMG 12/35 5534 Lovola Avenue, Res 120, Owns \$4,000

Patrick J. Walsh, Head, 61, S, 3rd Grade, LA, Same place, Cotton warehouse clerk, Dock Board, 52 wks, \$1,200

Peter Walsh, Brother, 57, S, 7th grade, LA, Same house, Cotton Weigher, Dock Board, 0 wks, \$0

Patrick McGrath and Helen Summers O'Connor

(s/o Patrick McGrath and Bridget Fanning)

Patrick McGrath b. Jul 21, 1847, Ireland To New Orleans- Jun 26, 1849 d. 1920-1930	 Helen (Nellie) Summers O'Connor b. Nov1858, Rutlodge, Morgan Co., GA m. May 21, 1884, St. Michael's, New Orleans d. Sep 3, 1909, New Orleans, LA 6 Children: 2 sons & 4 daughters 	
	 Philip Joseph McGrath b. Feb 21, 1885, New Orleans, LA d. Jul 16, 1966 	Single in 1940
Missing in 1920, 1930 and 1940 census	Thomas Patrick McGrath b. Mar 28, 1886, New Orleans, LA	
	Helen Winifred McGrath b. Jan 18, 1888, New Orleans, LA d. Feb 15, 1977, New Orleans, LA	Never married
	 Winifred Margaret McGrath b. Dec 29, 1889, New Orleans, LA d. Bef 1900 	Died young
	 Mary McGrath b. May 13, 1892, New Orleans, LA <u>d. Aug 26, 1982</u> 	Never married
	Margaret Mary McGrath b. Dec 8, 1896, New Orleans, LA d. Oct 2, 1980	Never married

From Minton's Notes: "Re: Mary McGrath, date <u>10/14/1982</u> (Daspot-42-A) Children of Ellen O'Connor and Patrick McGrath, namely Thomas, Philip, Helen, Mary and Margaret are all deceased and <u>left no direct descendants</u>."

Census Records - Patrick McGrath

1900 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED0134 T623-XXXX-5 IMG 9/32 1804 Calhoun Street, Res 64, Family 67, Rents house Patrick McGrath, Head, July 1848, 51, M, 16, IR, IR, IR, 1849, 51, Na, Cotton Picker Ellen McGrath, Wife, Nov 1858, 41, M, 16, 6/5, GA, IR, IR Phillip J. McGrath, Son, Feb 1885, 15, S, LA, IR, GA, At school Thomas P. McGrath, Son, Mar 1886, 14, S, LA, IR, GA, At school Helen W. McGrath, Dau, Jan 1888, 12, S, LA, IR, GA, At school Mary McGrath, Dau, May 1892, 8, S, LA, IR, GA, At school Margaret McGrath, Dau, Dec 1896, 3, S, LA, IR, GA Margaret Kennedy, Sister, Nov 1838, 61, Wd, 35, 1/1, IR, IR, IR, 1856, 44 Alexanderine Gibson, Servant, Feb 1881, 19, S, LA, LA, LA, Servant 1910 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED0224 T624-524-7A IMG 13/29 1438 Henry Clay Avenue, Res 115, Family 118, Owns a home with a mortgage Patrick McGrath, Head, 62, Wd, IR, IR, IR, 1849, Weigher, Cotton, Own account Phillip J. McGrath, Son, 24, S, LA, IR, GA, Buyer, Cotton, Own account Thomas P. McGrath, Son, 23, S, LA, IR, GA, Weigher, Cotton, Own account Helen W. McGrath, Dau, 22, S, LA, IR, GA, None Margaret W. McGrath, Dau, 15, S, LA, IR, GA, None Mary McGrath, Dau, 17, S, LA, IR, GA, None Anna Brooks, Servant, 21, S, LA, Unk, LA, Servant, Private family

1920 LA Orleans New Orleans WD11 ED0193 T625-623-16A IMG 31/37
1366 Pleasan, Res 166, Family 177, Rents
Patrick McGrath, Head, 71, Wd, 1849, Na, 1874, IR, IR, IR, Weigher, Cotton, Works
Helen McGrath, Dau, 29, S, LA, IR, GA, Stenographer, Automobile Co, Works
Mary McGrath, Dau, 26, S, LA, IR, GA, Stenographer, Ship Yard, Works
1930 LA Orleans New Orleans WD13 ED0225 T626-XXXX-8A IMG 11/51
4512 Perrier Street, Res 85, Family 105, Owned \$5,000
Helen McGrath, Head, 42, S, LA, IR, GA, clerk Stenographer, Oil Refining
Mary McGrath, Sister, 37, S, LA, IR, GA, Clerk & Stenographer, Steel Co.
Margaret McGrath, Sister, 33, S, LA, IR, GA, Stenographer, Contractor

1940 LA Plaquemines Belle Chasse T627-1439-7A

Family 133, Owns \$1,500

Philip McGrath, Head, 55, S, H-4, LA, Same house, Cotton buyer, Private Concern, 52 wks, \$835

Helen McGrath, Sister, 52, S, H-4, LA, Same house, Clerk, Syrup Company, 52 wks, \$1,200 Mary McGrath, Sister, 47, H-4, LA, Same house, Stenographer, Gulf Oil, 52 wks, \$1080 Margaret McGrath, Sister, 43, H-4, LA, Same house, No occupation

Plaquemines Parish (/'plækımınz/; French: Paroisse de Plaquemine, Louisiana French: Paroisse des Plaquemines) is a parish located in the U.S. state of Louisiana. As of the 2010 census the population is 23,042. The parish seat is Pointe à la Hache. The parish was formed in 1807.



Not to be confused with *Plaquemine*, Louisiana. Plaquemine is a city in and the parish seat of Iberville Parish, Louisiana, United States.

Census Records - Philip McGrath

1920 - Not found 1930 - Not found

Census Records - Thomas McGrath

1920 - Not found 1930 - Not found 1940 - Not found

John Driscoll and Bridget Mary McGrath

(d/o Patrick McGrath and Bridget Fanning)

John J. Driscoll b. 1848, London, England	 Bridget Mary McGrath b. Jul 10, 1854 m. Oct 23, 1879, St. Alphonsus Church, New Orleans, LA 	
1920 - Missing	Mary A. Driscoll b. Aug 1880, LA	
	 Margaret B. Driscoll b. Nov 1881, LA d. Apr 13, 1906, New Orleans, LA 	Never married
1910 - Missing	Florence Agnes Driscoll b. May 1884, LA	 Laurence Frank Daspit b. Aug 10, 1865 d. Oct 1940
	Frances K. Driscoll b. Dec 1885, LA	Never married 1930 & 1940 - Teacher in St. Louis, MO
	John J. Driscoll, Jr. b. Jun 1887, LA	= Ferornie LNU b. 1879, LA
	Thomas L. Driscoll b. Nov 1889, LA	= May LNU b. 1889, LA
	 Annie Grace Driscoll b. ? d. Sep 9, 1892, New Orleans, LA 	Died young
	 Edward G. Driscoll b. Feb 16, 1893, LA 	Never married
	Winifred Driscoll b. Oct 1896, LA	The Sisters of Charity San Francisco, CA

Census Records - John J. Driscoll

1880 LA Orleans New Orleans ED019 T9-459-378A IMG 9/55
227 South Ramparts St, Res 81, Family 95

J. J. Driscoll, 32, Husband, M, Grocer, England
Bridget Driscoll, 25, wife, M, Keeping house, Louisiana

1900 LA Orleans New Orleans WD13 ED0127 T623-XXXX-7 IMG 14/32
5236 Camp Street, Res 145, Family 145, Rents home

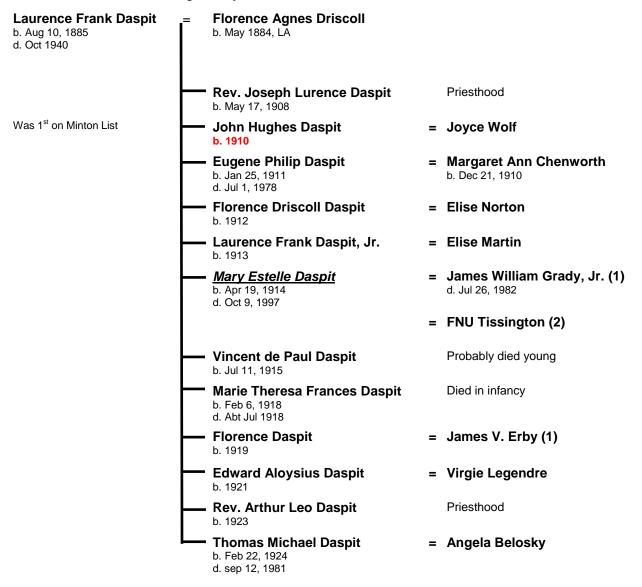
John J. Driscoll, Head, Nov 1848, 51, M, 20, Eng, IR, Eng, 1851, 49, Na, Bank Clerk Bridget M. Driscoll, Wife, July 1854, 45, M, 20, 10/8, LA, IR, IR
Mary A. Driscoll, Dau, Aug 1880, 19, S, LA, Eng, LA, Stenographer
Margaret B. Driscoll, Dau, Nov 1881, 18, S, LA, Eng, LA, Stenographer
Florence A. Driscoll, Dau, May 1884, 16, S, LA, Eng, LA, Attend school, 8 mos
<u>Frances K.</u> Driscoll, Dau, Dec 1885, 14, S, LA, Eng, LA, Attend school, 8 mos
John L. Driscoll, Son, June 1887, 12, S, LA, Eng, LA, Attend school, 8 mos
Thomas L. Driscoll, Son, Nov 1889, 10, S, LA, Eng, LA, Attend school, 8 mos
Edward G. Driscoll, Son, Feby 1893, 7, S, LA, Eng, LA **1910** LA Orleans New Orleans WD13 ED0212 T624-524-1A IMG 1/23

4909 Camp Street, Res 3, Family 3, Rents home John J. Driscoll, Head, 61, M1, 31, Eng(Irish), IR (Irish), IR (Irish), 1850, Na, Custodian of Valuts, Bank Bridget Driscoll, Wife, 55, M1, 31, 10/7, LA, IR, IR, None Mary A. Driscoll, Dau, 29, S, LA, Eng, LA, Asst Manager, Naval Store <u>Francis X.</u> Driscoll, Dau, 24, S, LA, Eng, LA, None John J. Driscoll, Jr., Son, 22, S, LA, Eng, LA, Electrician Thomas L. Driscoll, Son, 20, S, LA, Eng, LA, Plumber, General Work Edward G. Driscoll, Son, 17, S, LA, Eng, LA, Plumber, General Work Winifred Driscoll, Dau, 13, S, LA, Eng, LA, None
Florence is gone
1920 LA Orleans New Orleans WD13 ED225 T625-624-12A IMG 23/31

Bridgett Driscoll, Head, 65, Wd, LA, IR, IR, None
Thomas L. Driscoll, Son, 30, S, LA, Eng, IR, Motorman, Street Car
Edward G. Driscoll, Son, 27, S, LA, Eng, IR, Plumber, Shop
<u>Frances X.</u> Driscoll, Dau, 34, S, LA, Eng, IR, None
Winniefred Driscoll, Dau, 23, S, LA, Eng, IR, Teacher, Public School
Marie Kennedy, Lodger, 73, S, 1860, Al, IR, IR, IR, Dressmaker, House

Florence Driscoll and Laurence Daspit

(s/o FNU Daspit and Estell L. LNU) (d/o John J. Driscoll and Bridget Mary McGrath)



Mary Estelle Daspit Grady was the final owner of the McGrath-Fanning papers before they were purchased by Marvin Minton at her estate sale in New Orleans.

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Census Records - Laurence Daspit

1920 LA Caddo Shreveport Prec 11 ED65 T625-608-8A IMG 15/28 516 Jordan Street, Res 21, Family 22, Rents L. F. Daspit, Head, 35, M, LA, LA, LA, Traffic Manager, Chamber Commerce Florence Daspit, Wife, 35, M, LA, Eng, LA, None Joseph L. Daspit, Son, 11, S, LA, LA, LA, None John H. Daspit, Son, 10, S, LA, LA, LA, None Eugene P. Daspit, Son, 9, S, LA, LA, LA, None F. Driscoll Daspit, Son??, 7, S, LA, LA, LA, None Lawrence F. Daspit, Jr., Son, 6, S, LA, LA, LA, None Mary Daspit, Dau, 5, S, LA, LA, LA, None F... Daspit, Dau, 1/12, S, LA, LA, LA, None Estell Daspit, Mother, 75, Wd, LA, France, France, None 1930 LA Orleans New Orleans WD12 ED0205 T626-XXXX-31A IMG 50/58 4017 Perrier Street, Res 346, Family 458, Owns \$8,000, Has a Radio set Lawrence Daspit, Head, 44, M, 22, LA, LA, LA Florence Daspit, Wife, 46, M, 22, LA, LA, LA (Florence's father was born in England) Joseph L. Daspit, Son, 22, S, LA, LA, LA John H. Daspit, Son, 20, S, LA, LA, LA Eugene P. Daspit, Son, 19, S, LA, LA, LA Florence D. Daspit, Son, 18, S, LA, LA, LA Lawrence F. Daspit, Son, 17, S, LA, LA, LA Mary E. Dsapit, Dau, 16, S, LA, LA, LA Florence Daspit, Dau, 11, S, LA, LA, LA Edward A. Daspit, Son, 9, S, LA, LA, LA Arthur L. Daspit, Son, 7, S, LA, LA, LA Thomas M. Daspit, Son, 5, S, LA, LA, LA Sabina Clark, Roomer, 74, S, LA, LA, LA **1940** LA Orleans New Orleans ED 36-331 T627-1431-12AIMG 23/36 4017 Perrier Street, Res 346, Owns home \$8,000 Laurence Daspit, Head, 55, M, C-5, LA, Same house, Attorney at Law, Private practice, 52 wks. \$0 Florence Daspit, Wife, 56, M, H-4 LA, Same house John H. Daspit, Son, 30, S, H-4 LA, Same house, Photographer, At home, 52 wks, \$0 Driscoll F. Daspit, Son, 28, S, C-5 LA, Same house Lawrence F. Daspit, Jr., Son, 27, S, C-1 LA, Same house, Clerk, Private law office, 52 wks, \$600 Edward A. Daspit, Son, 19, S, H-4 LA, Same house, Runner, National Bank, 13 wks, \$165 Arthur Leo Daspit, Son, 17, S, C-1 TX, Same house (Arthur Leo was born in LA) Thomas Miah Daspit, Son, 16, S, H-3 LA, Same house Mary E. Despit, Dau, 25, S, C-2 LA, Same house, Photographer, At home, 52 wks, \$360

Census Records - Frances Driscoll

 1930 MO St. Louis St. Louis T627-XXXX-11A IMG 18/33
 1029 Marion Street, Res 118, Family 182 - Guardian Angel Settlement Frances Driscoll, "Sister", 44, S, LA, Eng, LA, Teacher, Day Nursery

1940 MO St. Louis St. Louis ED 46-17 T627-2113-7B

Res 150 - St. Joseph's Parochial School

Francis Driscoll, 54, S, C-4, LA, In 1935 St. Louis MO, Teacher, St. Joseph's School, 52 wks, \$200

Census Records - John J. Driscoll, Jr.

1920 LA Orleans New Orleans WD13 ED 226 T625-624-9A IMG 17/29
1023 Lyons Street, Res 179, Family 182, Rents John Driscoll, Head, 32, M, LA, Eng, IR, Electrical Engineer, Cotton Mills Ferornie Driscoll, Wife, 31, M, LA, MS, MS, None Edward Driscoll, Son, 5, S, LA, LA, LA, None Phillip Driscoll, Son, 3-8/12, S, LA, LA, LA, None Mary Driscoll, Dau, 2-8/12, S, LA, LA, LA, None Feroine Driscoll, Dau, 1-0/12, S, LA, LA, LA, None Floristine Jackson, Lodger, Black, 24, D, LA, LA, LA, Cook, Private family Celestine Thargill, Lodger, Black, 30, S, LA, LA, LA, LA, Cook, Private family

1930 LA Orleans New Orleans WD13 ED0225 T626-XXXX-27B IMG 48/51

4508 Camp Street, Res 459, Family 491, Owns, \$5,000, Has a radio set John J. Driscoll, Head, 42, M, 24 @ 1st mar, LA, Eng, LA, electrical Supert, Dock Board Feronie Driscoll, Wife, 41, M, 23 @ 1st mar, LA, MS, MS, None Edward Driscoll, Son, 15, S, LA, LA, LA, None Philip Driscoll, Son, 14, S, LA, LA, LA, None Mary Driscoll, Dau, 13, S, LA, LA, LA, None Feronie Driscoll, Dau, 11, S, LA, LA, LA, None Rae Driscoll, Dau, 9, S, LA, LA, LA, None Winifred Driscoll, Dau, 6, S, LA, LA, LA, None Irene Driscoll, Dau, 5, S, LA, LA, LA, None Ruth Driscoll, Dau, 5, S, LA, LA, LA, None Thomas Driscoll, Son, 2-9/12, S, LA, LA, LA, None Edward Driscoll, Brother, 37, S, La, Eng, LA, Mechanic, Dock Brand, Cotton Warehouse **1940** LA Orleans New Orleans WD13 Dist 36-361 T627-1432- 2B IMG 4/28

5225 Perrier Street, Res 40, Rents \$35

John J. Driscoll, Head, 52, M, H-4, LA, Same place, Mechanic, Dock Board, 52wks, \$1,000 Feronie Driscoll, Wife, 51, M, H-4, LA, Same place

Philip J. Driscoll, Son, 24, S, H-1, LA, Same place, Salesman, Bakery route, 52 wks, \$0

Mary Driscoll, Dau, 23, S, H-4, LA, Same place, Clerk, Telephone, 52 wks, \$884

Fay Driscoll, Dau, 21, S, H-4, LA, Same place, Cashier, Cafeteria, 52 wks, \$800

Zoe Driscoll, Dau, 18, S, H-4, LA, Same place, Operator, Telephone, 39 wks, \$488

Winnie Driscoll, Dau, 16, S, H-3, LA, Same place

- Irene Driscoll, Dau, 15, S, H-1, LA, Same place
- Ruth Driscoll, Dau, 14, S, 6, LA, Same place

Joseph Driscoll, Son, 12, S, 5, LA, Same place

Edward G. Driscoll, Brother, 47, S, H-2, LA, Same place, Plumber's assistant, Plumbing, 26 wks, \$270

Thomas Driscoll, Son, 11, S, 4, LA, Same place

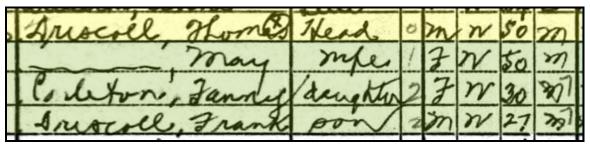
Census Records - Thomas Driscoll

1930 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED0252 T626-XXXX-1A IMG 1/39
1014 Octavia Street, Res 9, Family 9, Rents \$35, 40, M, 37 @ 1st mar Thomas <u>L</u>. Driscoll, Head, 40, M, 37 @ 1st mar, LA, <u>Arizona</u>, US, Sampler, Cotton Warehouse
May Driscoll, Wife, 41, M, 21 @ 1st mar, LA, LA, LA, None Frank R. Major, Step son, 17, S, LA, LA, LA, Bookkeeper, Export Grain Jules Major, Uncle, 37, D, LA, LA, LA, Conductor, Street Cars

1940 LA Orleans New Orleans WD14 ED 36-389
 T627-1433-8B
 IMG 16/40

 1136 Octavia Street, Res 115, Rents \$30
 \$30
 \$31
 \$32

Thomas Driscoll, Head, 50, M, 8th, LA, Same place, Foreman, Dock Board, 52 wks, \$1,500 May Driscoll, wife, 50, M, 8th, LA, Same place, No occupation Fanny Carleton, Dau, 30, S, 8th, LA, Same place, No occupation Frank Driscoll, Son, 27, S, 8th, LA, Same place, Salesman, Meat Packer, \$1,560



Above is a section of the 1940 from New Orleans showing the Thomas Driscoll family of 1136 Octavia Street. The marital status for Fanny and Frank were originally marked "M" for Married. These were both subsequently crossed through and a "7" inserted next to the "**M**." The "7" symbol is not one of the designated responses for this category.

Census Records - Winifred Driscoll

1930 CA San Francisco San Francisco Dist 251-409 T626-XXXX-11A IMG 19/39
2320 Green Street, Res 1, Family 1 - St. Vincent DePaul Church Winifred Driscoll, "Sister," 33, S, La, Eng, LA, Teacher, School

The "Head" of the household was Richard O'Connell. A total of six single women in this household were described as a "Sister" of the Head of the household. They all had different last names and none were O'Connell.

1940 CA San Francisco San Francisco ED 38-485 T627-317-7A IMG 13/33
2630 Green Street, Res 326, Own \$6,000 - The Sisters of Charity of St. Vincent de Paul Sr. Winifred Driscoll, Head, 43, S, C-4, LA, Same house, No occupation given

The Consolidation of the McGrath Families

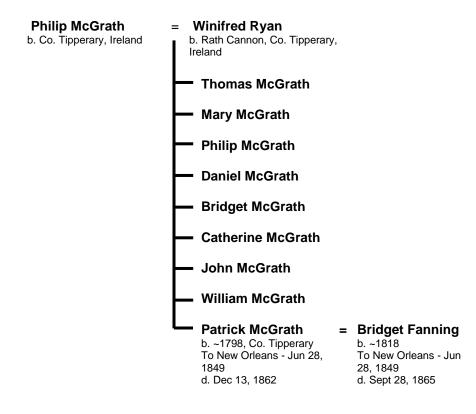
Introduction

In an earlier unpublished version of this paper (The Irish Family Analysis 3-08-2012), some assumptions were applied, in what was called Scenario I, to the siblings of Patrick McGrath of Grange. There were nine children in the Philip Magrath family that were listed in the Minton genealogies. The purpose then was to estimate an age for Patrick's parents: Philip McGrath and Winifred Ryan. The existence of a second Philip McGrath and Winifred (surname unknown) was implied from the Upperchurch parish records. This made it necessary to label Patrick's father as Old Philip (based on Scenario I assumptions) and to label the Upperchurch Philip as Young Philip. Scenario I assumptions: (1) Minton's list gave the correct birth order even though no birth years were given, which made Patrick the youngest child, (2) three of the children had died in infancy and weren't in Minton's list for a total of 12 children, (3) a child was born on average every two years, (4) Philip and Winfred married at age 20. Assumption (1), with Patrick born in 1798, pushes his parents and all of Patrick's siblings back beyond the reach of the available church records - Upperchurch (1829) and Holycross (1835). Therefore it was time for Scenario II.

Scenario I

Old Philip McGrath and Winifred Ryan

Parents of Patrick McGrath of Grange, Holycross parish. Source Marvin Minton



Scenario II

Scenario II starts with the observation that Winifred is not a common name. The fact that there were two of them and they had both married men named Philip McGrath is very curious. Therefore the objective was set as showing that Old Philip and Young Philip were the same person by taking advantage of the looseness in the records, i.e. the lack of conflicting information. Minton gave the names of Patrick McGrath's (Grange) siblings but not their birth dates. Scenario I assumed they were listed in birth order. Scenario II makes no such assumption.

(1) Minton gave us the parents: Philip and Winifred Ryan McGrath and the list of Patrick's siblings, but only Patrick's detailed information. The order of the names was left the same as under Scenario I and also as was found on Minton's list. The siblings' birth years are not well known.

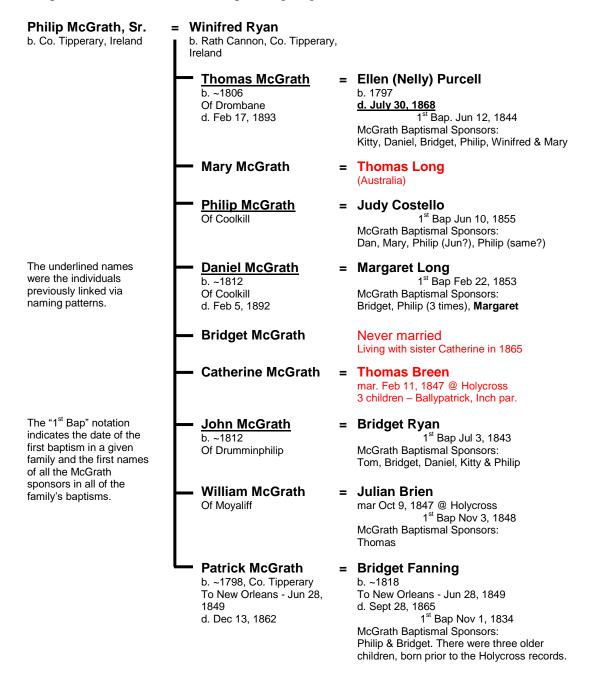
(2) Thomas and John Magrath's sibling relationship was based on the analysis of their children's Upperchurch baptismal records and the assumption that they had both used the Irish naming convention. This led to the proposal that both of their parents were Philip and Winifred McGrath. We don't know this Winifred's maiden name from the church records. Philip and Winifred's names only appear in the Upperchurch records as they are reflected in the names of their grandchildren. The baptismal sponsor names support this identification with the Minton sibling list, since the sponsor names (with one exception) all appear in Minton's list of Patrick's siblings.

(3) Philip and Daniel Magrath were both in Coolkill at the same time. It was assumed they might be brothers. Minton's sibling list also had a Philip and Daniel. This is not a strong association but it is compatible with the information presently available. Or perhaps it is better said as not being incompatible with what little information is now available.

(4) William McGrath and Julian Brien were added based on some wishful thinking but there was a William McGrath in Minton's list. William's information was found in the Holycross parish records. One of his children's baptism records gave the family residence as Moyaliff.

Philip McGrath and Winifred Ryan - Scenario II

Philip McGrath and Winifred Ryan are the proposed parents of Patrick McGrath of Grange, John McGrath of Drumminphilip, Thomas McGrath of Drombane, Daniel and Philip McGrath of Coolkill. A necessary requirement for making these assignments is that Old Philip and Young Philip need to be the same person. In light of this merger Philips will be referred to as Philip (Sr.) going forward.



All of the McGrath baptismal sponsors are either names that appear among the children of Philip and Winifred McGrath or are Philip and Winifred themselves, which is seen in Irish baptisms. The lone exception was Margaret McGrath, who was a sponsor for

one of Daniel McGrath's children's baptism. The fact that these sponsor's names were all the same as the set of siblings is further evidence that the merger of the two Philips was correct.

The Verification of Scenario II

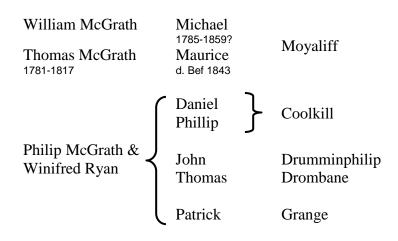
In 2012 the original scenario (Scenario I) for incorporating several McGrath families into one family evolved into Scenario II which was described above. This attempt at consolidation was based on naming patterns and sponsor names. In January 2017 I received a copy of what I am calling the McGrath-Fanning papers. These were the basis for the Marvin Minton Genealogies which were comprised of a partial transcription of these papers and complemented by further research by Minton himself. The Minton genealogies provided much of the information on the Fanning and Patrick McGrath families that are found in this paper and previously in *The Neighbors in Ireland*. In the McGrath-Fanning papers there was more information than what Minton had transcribed in his genealogies. This additional information allowed Patrick McGrath's family tree to be pushed back two more generations which will be discussed in a following section. In addition to providing validation of Scenario II, the McGrath-Fanning papers also included information on the three female siblings of Patrick McGrath. The female members of the family are notoriously difficult to track. This new information is shown in red in the Philip McGrath and Winifred Ryan family tree above.



These are the four McGrath headstones located in the west end of the ruins of Moyaliff Chapel. Starting from the left (1) Thomas McGrath (1806-1893), etc); (2) John McGrath (1927-1969) & Wife Pauline (1926-1980); (3) Mary Banan McGrath (? - 1792); (4) Daniel McGrath (1812-1892). This close placement of headstones make it reasonable to assume that these McGraths are related. Thomas on the left and Daniel on the right are two of the individuals that have been identified as brothers based on naming pattern evidence and verified by the McGrath-Fanning papers. The close proximity of these four stones suggest possible connections among all four of them.

Further Unification

Michael and Maurice Magrath have been tentatively associated, due to the close proximity of their farms. John and Thomas Magrath (of the Upperchurch records) have been connected through their assumed use of the Irish naming convention shown in the baptismal records. Scenario II has correctly connected the previous John and Thomas with Daniel and Phillip McGrath of Coolkill and with Patrick McGrath of Grange as demonstrated by the information found in the McGrath-Fanning Papers. The groupings are shown in the diagram below.



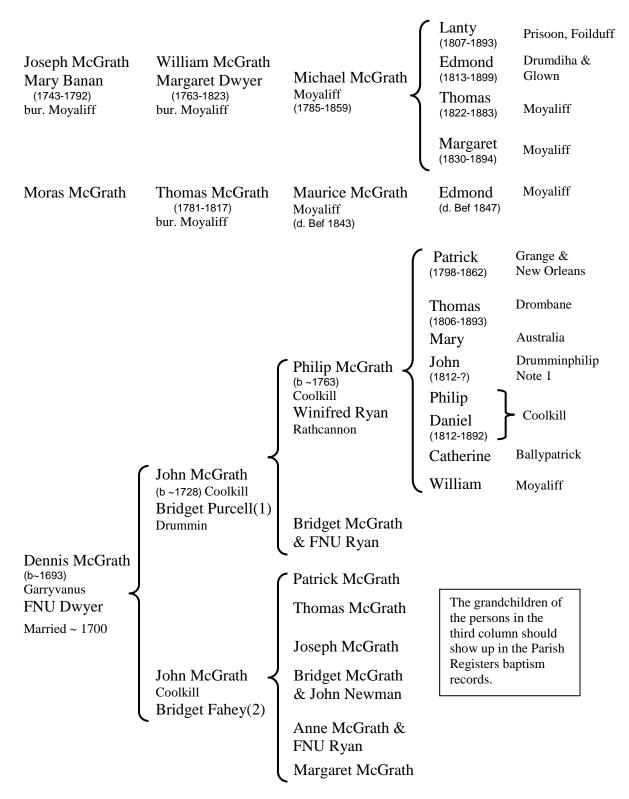
I was not able to find the actual gravestones containing the following inscriptions during my 2006 visit to the Moyaliff Cemetery. The Family History Center, which provided them to me back in 1997, was most likely working from a list of these inscriptions. Perhaps the stones themselves are no longer legible. The inscriptions read as follows:

"Thomas McGrath was b. 1781; d. 1817 (Moras McGrath, father)"

"Margaret Dwyer McGrath, d. July 7, 1823, aged 60 years. Erected by William McGrath (husband)."

Based on these headstone inscriptions it is proposed that there is a linkage between Michael and William and between Maurice with Thomas. In 2012 this was as far as the consolidation of the families had proceeded. However a detailed analysis of the McGrath-Fanning papers has provided an enormous amount of new information which verified the analysis which led to the above table. An expanded picture of the situation is displayed on the following page.

The McGrath Families



Note 1 - John McGrath was not found in the list of names on Ancestries 6.

The children of the persons in the fourth column are of ages that would allow them to appear in the parish registers. Patrick McGrath (1798-1862) was the father of Winifred McGrath who was the author of the McGrath-Fanning papers. Patrick was thought to be Philip McGrath's oldest child in Scenario II. If Patrick's birth had occurred when Philip was 35 and we apply the same assumption going back in time we have the following: Philip (b. ~1763), John (b. ~ 1728) and Dennis (b. ~ 1693). This provides an approximate time frame in which to pursue the possibility of further unification. This estimated generation spacing placed Dennis McGrath's birth at approximately 1693. In the McGrath-Fanning papers there were references to Dennis' marriage in "about the year 1701," "in about 1700, and "early in 1700s." Therefore, Dennis might have been born 10-20 years earlier than the 1693 estimate. The uncertainty won't have a serious impact on the conclusions of the present research.

Filling Out the Family Trees

In 1997 the Nenagh Heritage Center had sent me a list of the inscriptions on the McGrath gravestones found in the cemeteries of Upperchurch, Moyaliff and Templebeg. The Joseph and William McGrath names shown in the table above were among those names and the graves were in the Moyaliff cemetery. At that time I had tentatively associated them with my ggg-grandfather Michael McGrath of Moyaliff, knowing full well that all I had in support of my assumptions were a couple reasonable generational separations and geographical proximity.

After much more research into the parish registers the case for Joseph and William being Michael's ancestors grew stronger. When the McGrath-Fanning papers arrived, a sizeable portion of the available McGraths in the Holycross and Upperchurch area were shown to be descended from Dennis McGrath and his son John McGrath. Now there were no remaining competitors who could claim Joseph and William McGrath for their family. This further supported the previous circumstantial case for them being Michael McGrath's ancestors.

The Maurice McGrath family line was traced out using the Griffith's Valuation, Parish Registers and the Cancelled Books. His proposed ancestors were also found in the Moyaliff Cemetery inscriptions provided by the Nenagh Heritage Center.

The final reconstruction of Philip McGrath and Winifred Ryan's family was made possible by the survival of the family genealogy recorded by Philip's granddaughter Winifred McGrath. Marvin Minton was instrumental in saving these records which he received with a purchase he made at an estate sale in New Orleans. A pleasant surprise was that McGrath-Fanning papers contained a list of Philip McGrath's siblings and also gave their father (John McGrath) and grandfather's (Dennis McGrath) names and their associated townland names. See "The Story of the McGrath - Fanning Papers" on the mcgrathsearch.com web site. "The McGrath - Fanning Papers" are also available there.

Philip Magrath and his brothers are almost impossible to find in the available Irish records. Their baptisms and marriages (if any) occurred prior to the commencement of record keeping in the Upperchurch (1829) and Holycross (1835) Roman Catholic (RC) parishes. The naming patterns found in the Upperchurch and Holycross parish registers made it possible to reconstruct the majority of Philip and Winifred Magrath's family. A similar process was tried with Philip's brothers: Patrick, Thomas, and Joseph (see

"Patterns in the Parish Registers") with the parish registers of six nearby parishes. Only one, slightly possible, family was found and that family was in Clonoulty RC parish. This might be the son and grandchildren of Philip's brother Patrick.

Another attempt to find a trace of Philip and his brothers was offered by the tithe Applotment (TA). These were sporadic surveys performed in the 1820s and 1830s to determine the assessment of the "Tithe" that land occupiers were required to pay to the Church of Ireland (Protestant). The surviving TA records are available online from the National Library of Ireland. Not all the TA records have survived and this includes those records from the civil parishes of Clogher and Clonoulty. These parishes border Moyaliff and Holycross on the southwest and could have possibly contained the records of Philip's brothers. Philip Magrath was shown to hold land in both the Ballycahill and Moyaliff portions of Coolkill townland. The search through all the surviving TA records for Patrick, Thomas, or Joseph Magrath. Assuming that these three brothers were residing in the area, their absence from the TA records could indicate that they did not hold any land. They could have been working and living on their brother Philip's land or perhaps that of a neighbor or a nearby relative.

Possible Future Unification

The promise of a further unification of these McGrath lines is at present based on geographic proximity and a common surname. It might be possible that Joseph, Moras and Dennis McGrath are related. Since Dennis was born in about 1693 and William and Moras were probably born around 1740-1750 it's not impossible that Dennis might be their father. Further progress will have to await the next discovery. Perhaps I need to start checking out estate sales.

In the following section the Co. Tipperary McGrath families found in the Civil Survey of 1654-1656 will be analyzed. The goal is to understand who they were and where they were living. If possible, connections to the Moyaliff and Coolkill McGraths will be made to the descendants of the individuals found in the survey. In other cases, where direct connections cannot be established, attempts will be made to identify possible connections and then analyze and justify the selections.

The "McGraths" of Old Co. Tipperary

Introduction

The goal of this research is to connect families on both sides of the Penal Times of the 18th century. The Civil Survey of 1654 was conducted to determine the extent of the land holdings in Ireland. The land would later be taken from the Irish landholders and given to those who fought in or financially supported Cromwell's efforts to put down the Irish Rebellion of 1641. This survey is a valuable source of information which links individuals to particular parcels of land, down to the level of the townland, the smallest administrative unit in Ireland. Surprisingly there is quite a bit of genealogical information contained in the Civil Survey. Not all of the survey documents have survived, but the Co. Tipperary baronies were among those that did.

Families who forfeited land during the redistribution process (known as Transplantation) were sometimes given land in the province of Connaught. The land given to those who were transplanted was taken from its previous owners so the new arrivals were not usually given a warm welcome in their new surroundings. The new land was never in equal measure to that which the transplanted person had lost. Over the following decade many of the transplanted Irish would return to their former lands as lessees to the new owners. In the long term the Irish demonstrated a remarkable attachment to their ancestral lands.

The Co. Tipperary McGraths in the Civil Survey of 1654⁶, can be separated into three families. The Owney and Arra family is under the name McCragh; Miler Magrath's family is recorded as Magrath and the Tubrid parish family is recorded as MaCragh.

It is sometimes possible to find geographical concentrations of surnames in the Civil Survey of 1654. There are two "McGrath" concentrations in Co. Tipperary that can be related to earlier McGrath migrations. One of these groups is located in the barony of Owney and Arra on the west side of the Silvermine Mountains. The other group is in Tubrid parish in the barony of Iffey and Offay. Both groups are thought to have descended from the Thomond McGraths of present day Co. Clare. The Tubrid group descended from the part of the Thomond clan that had established and ran a Bardic school in Cahir, Co. Tipperary. Although not forming a tight geographic cluster the remaining group represents the descendants of Miler Magrath. These descendants are easily identified in the Civil Survey of 1654 from the knowledge of the names of Miler's children and their descendants found in other sources.

McCragh of Owney and Arra

Owen McCragh (Curraghduffe)

- Rory mc.Owen McCragh (Downane)
- Donogh mc.Owen McCragh (Curraghduffe)
 - Daniel mc.Donogh McCragh (Curraghduffe)

(Shane) - All of Curraghduffe

- William McShane McCragh
 - John mc.William McCragh
 - Henry mc.William McCragh
 - Morrogh mc.Henry McCragh
 - Teige mc.Henry McCragh

Also of Curraghduffe

Daniell mc.Phillip mcCragh (Daniell, son of Phillip) Teige McCragh of Ballymoyline Rory mcCragh (this might be the same person as Rory mc.Owen McCragh)

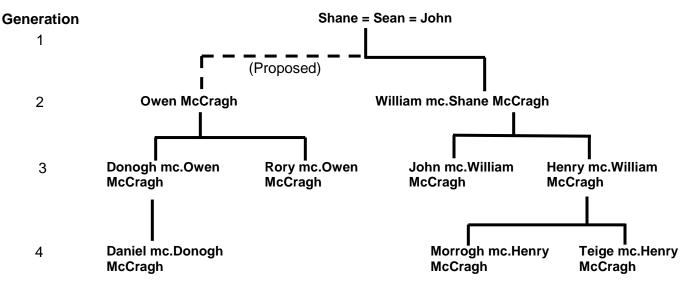
Miler had come from Co. Fermanagh in 1575 after he was appointed the Protestant Archbishop of Cashel by Queen Elizabeth I.

These individuals appear to be related for the following reasons:

- 1. The naming of the sons exhibit the incorporation of the name of the father in the middle name an old Irish custom. This allows the placement of most of the individuals into their respective family generations.
- 2. These individuals follow the old Irish tradition of dividing the land among the clan. This is very evident in the division of an already small townland among many related individuals.
- 3. The spelling of the name itself, McCragh, is close to the ancient spelling MacRaith. One might venture a guess that these individuals were related to the ancient MacRaiths of Co. Clare.

The first names found above are Owen, Rory, Donogh, Daniel, William, John (Sean), Henry, Morrogh and Teige. These are all examples of traditional Irish names.

Possible Pedigree for the McCraghs of Arra & Owny



The relationships between these individuals can be displayed graphically as shown above. Owen McCragh did not have a middle name recorded in the Civil Survey of 1654 so we cannot place him in this pedigree with 100% confidence. However, William mc.Shane McCragh's middle name allows us to see that his father was named Shane, which is sometimes written as Sean or John. This allows us to construct a four generation pedigree on William's side of the family. Comparing Owen's and William's descendants we find that they are probably in the same generation and therefore it is proposed that William and Owen were brothers and were both descended from Shane McCragh.

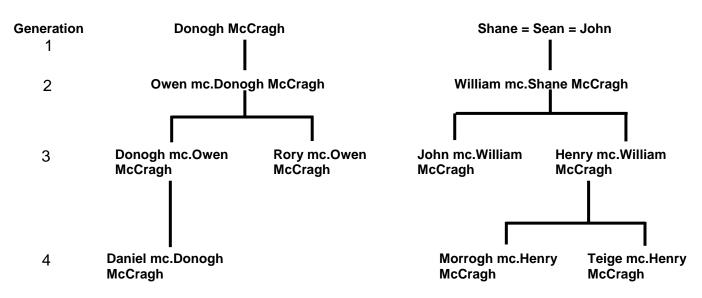
Name	Home	Proprietor in 1640							
	Townland	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Owen mc.Donough mc. Cragh	Curraghduffe				Х				
Owen McCragh	Curraghduffe						Х		
Rory mc.Owen McCragh	Downane			Х			Х		
Donogh mc.Owen McCragh	Curraghduffe				Х		Х		
Daniel mc.Donogh McCragh	Curraghduffe		Х		Х		Х		
William McShane McCragh	Curraghduffe				Х				
John mc.William McCragh	Curraghduffe				Х				
Henry mc.William McCragh	Curraghduffe				Х	Х			
Morrogh mc.Henry McCragh	Curraghduffe		Х		Х	Х	Х		
Teige mc.Henry McCragh	Curraghduffe					Х			
Daniell mc.Phillip mcCragh	Curraghduffe			Х	Х		Х		
Teige McCragh	Ballymoyline	Х							
Rory mcCragh	Curraghduffe				Х				

- Rory mcCragh (Curraghduffe) is probably NOT the same person as Rory mc.Owen McCragh (Downane) due to the different home townland designations.
- There is an Owen mc.Donough mc. Cragh of Curraghduffe in the Proprietor names listed for Curraghduffe townland. Then there is a confusing entry for Owen McCragh of Curraghduffe (no middle name) who is not in the list of Proprietors of the townland of Curraghduffe itself. It is possible that these Owens are the <u>same person</u> and that the above pedigree constructed with the two Owens descending from a common ancestor named Sean is not correct. Since these Owens had both been labeled "of Curraghduffe" then they should have both been listed under "Proprietors names in 1640" for the townland of Curraghduffe and they were not.

Parish	Townland	Number
Youghill (Youghalarra)	Ballymoyline (Ballymoylin)	1
Killoscully & Killcomonty (Killoscully & Kilcomenty)	Buncamalty (Bunkimalta)	2
	Downane (Doonane)	3
	Curraghduffe (Curraghduff)	4
	Gurraneenagrelagh	5
Killnaragh & Killmillane (Kilnarath)	Ballyvoune (Not found)	6

Names in parentheses are the modern spellings. Modern Kilnarath civil parish consists of two separate parcels of land. The smaller of these was probably the former Killmillane civil parish.

Another Possible Pedigree - McCraghs of Owney & Arra - One Owen



This construction of the Owney and Arra McCraghs assume the Owen McCragh and Owen mc.Donogh McCragh are the same persons.

- 121 -

enan arogore lanoa varb more moylin Carikma 10'0 din Ballyour ottoone Barbaha oume willer Finhumy ammo

This map shows parishes of Castletowne (Castletownarra) and Youghill (Youghalarra) in the northern part of the Owney and Arra barony. The townland of interest is Ballymoyline which is shown inside the red oval. In the Civil Survey the location of the townland being described was given in terms of the other townlands surrounding it. The townlands described as surrounding Ballymoyline in the Civil Survey are contained in black ovals. These townlands are shown in the table on the following page that contains the lands held by the McCraghs in Owney and Arra barony. The first entry is for Ballymoyline and as an example the exact description from the Civil Survey is shown and then the pertinent names and directions follow in an easier to read format. The listing of the direction of the surrounding townlands begins with East and proceeds counter clockwise. At first this can be a bit disorienting since the maps are not always presented with the direction of North facing up.

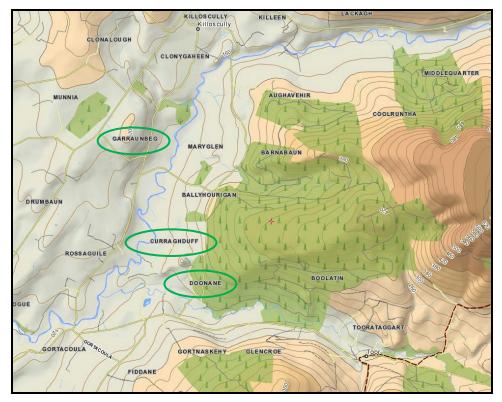
The McCragh Lands of Owney and Arra

Parish		Townland	Number
Youghill (Youghal	arra)	Ballymoyline (Ballymoylin)	1
of Mo Kilpa West	oneroe a artine ar wth the	f Ballymoyline is bounded on the East wth and Palice in this parish, on the North wth. t and Ballycaradoge in the <u>Parish of Castletow</u> lands of Ballyglass , and on the South wth. Iden both in this Parish."	he lands of <u>vne,</u> on the
Mone	eroe (Mo	nroe) and Palice (Pallas - Beg or More)	East
		parteen) & Ballycaradoge ge), Castletownarra par	North
Bally	glass (B	oolaglass)	West
Carri	gmadde	n (same)	South
Killoscully & Killcon (Killoscully & Kilcon		Buncamalty (Bunkimalta)	2
Gland	callow		East
Dowr	nane (Do	oonane)	North
Ross	ygeile (F	Rossaguile)	West
Curra	aghduffe	(Curraghduff)	South
		Downane (Not on Down map)	3
Curra	Curraghduffe (Curraghduff)		East
Curra	Curraghduffe (Curraghduff)		North
	Ballyvoyne		West
Bunc	amalty (Bunkimalta)	South
		Curraghduffe (Not on Down map)	4
Gurra	anenagr	elagh	East
Gurra	anenagr	elagh	North
Come	onlyne, l	Killvellane par	West
Dowr	nane (Do		South
		Gurraneenagrelagh (Garanagrelagh)	5
Cloni	gihine (0	Clonygahine)	East
Munr	Munny (Munnia)		North
	<u> </u>	(Curraghduff)	West
Curra	aghduffe	(Curraghduff)	South
Killnaragh & Killm (Kilnarath & Kilvel		Ballyvoune (Not on Down map)	6
Guar	ranenag	relagh, Killoscully par	East
Ross	ygeile (F	Rossaguile) - Probably Killoscully par.	North
Cully			West
Clone	ecumer		South

Source: The Civil Survey, A.D. 1654-1656, County of Tipperary, Vol II, by Robert C. Simington, Published by the Stationery Office, Dublin, 1934.

Curatin nemoile K Ballin TL Glancollon an Palli mor Sunnear Toweratagett Commons Glancrop

The townlands of Curraghduff, Downane and Ballyvoune are not shown on this map. Curraghduff is located in the valley area between the north-south lines of hill tops. It is about where Ballionigan is located. Downane was southeast of Curraghduff and left of Buncamalty.



OS Map showing the location of Curraghduff (R 778 659) and Doonane (R 783 655). Also shown to the north is Garraunbeg which is the old Guarranenagrelagh. The "beg" means small and dropping the last part of the old name gives Guarranen or Guarraneen - "een" is a diminutive.

Magrath - Miler's Descendants

The following Magraths are all descendants of Miler Magrath, Archbishop of Cashel (1522-1622). The higher level names are Miler's sons while the next level contains Miler's grandchildren who were found in the Civil Survey.

- Sir Terlogh Magrath, Allevallane, par. of Knigh, bar. of Lower Ormond.
 - Sir John Magrath of Allevollane
 - George Magrath of Clonekenenane
- Redmond Magrath of Ballymore
 - Edmond Magrath of Ballymore
- Brien (deceased by 1641)
 - Marcus Magrath of Bleane, parish of Aghnamaydull, barony of Upper Ormond, co. Tipperary
 - Redmond Magrath of Thurlesbeg
- Marcus (deceased 14 April 1639)
 - Donnogh Magrath
 - Miles Magrath
- James (at Termon Magrath, Co. Donegal in 1641)

Analysis

- 1. The names of some of these individuals are more English sounding than the name of the McCraghs above. The first names are Edmond, Redmond and Marcus are English while Miles, John (Sean) and Terlogh are more Irish sounding.
- 2. These Magraths distributed land through inheritance to their eldest sons in the English manner (primogeniture). Only in a few cases did they subdivide the land among many owners with the same surname, as was the Irish custom. In many cases they shared the ownership of the land with individuals who were related to them by marriage. Although fewer in number, these Magraths owned more parcels and more total acres than the McCraghs above.
- 3. The spelling of the name (Magrath) is closer to the modern day McGrath than the ancient MacRaith.
- 4. The source Twigge A&I MS 39270 FF, Ennis Library, Co. Clare) contains the pedigree of Miler Magrath, Archbishop of Cashel (1522-1622), wherein we see that Terlogh, Redmond, Brien, Marcus and James are sons of Miler with John and George being the sons of Terlagh, Edmond is the son of Redmond, Marcus is the son of Brien and Donogh and Miles are the sons of Marcus.

Marcus of Bleane

At first there was some measure of uncertainty as to the identity of Marcus of Bleane. He had owned a substantial amount of land that was inherited from his father and grandfather according to the survey. These have been determined to be Brian Magrath and Miler Magrath respectively. He held two parcels of land with George Grace of Klyboy whose wife Mary was the widow of Bryen Magrath of Currehineowrine, par. of Kylmore, barony of Upper Ormond, co. Tipperary. Bryen died in 1640 as that was when Mary had come into possession of the land. Marcus was seen in the Civil Survey of 1654 to have inherited land in several townlands where George and Mary Grace were also owners. Bryen had purchased the townlands of Kylboy, Lehed, Ballincharra, Lisnagowly and Moore, all in the parish of Kylmore, barony of Upper Ormond from the Sept of Clanmorish (also known as Kennedy).

From another source a reference was found to the time when Miler Magrath had originally obtained title to some of those lands now in the possession of his descendents:

"On 8 October, 1597 he (Miler) received the 'site, circuit and precinct' ⁷ of the late priory and religious house of Thome, Co. Tipperary, as well as the properties and lands of Aughnameall, Envyne, Ballyboy, Aghincor and Killyertiragh ⁸."

The land at Thome was listed as belonging to Marcus of Bleane in the Civil Survey of 1654. Sir John Magrath was also listed as a co-owner of Thome.

After the transplantation into County Clare, Marcus Magrath wound up with land in the baronies of Bunratty and Clounchelan.

- Lisduffe, parish of Killenasullogh, barony of Bunratty
- Knocksegertnabansagh & Oumarkagh Fanellan, parish of Killenasullogh, barony of Bunratty
- Carrenreah als Knockaloughe, parish of Kilnighil, barony of Clounchelan
- Tarmanroe, parish of Kilnighil, barony of Clounchelan

Kylmore (now Kilmore) contained 15 listings for Magraths in the Civil Survey. Then there were 4 listings for McGrath in the Griffith's Valuation conducted in 1851, nearly 200 years later. There is a good chance that these GV McGraths are descended from the survey Magraths.

The Spelling of the Name

Although he raised his children in the Catholic faith Miler was publically a Protestant as his position as the archbishop of Cashel & Emly required. Politically, Miler was aligned with the Crown and Queen Elizabeth's favorite, the Earl of Ormond. The McCraghs of Co. Waterford were Catholic and were aligned with the Earl of Desmond. Desmond and Ormond were always at odds over one thing or another which led to local uprisings. There is a line of reasoning that Miler used the Magrath spelling to differentiate himself and his family and possibly other of his relatives from the McCraghs who were aligned with Desmond.

Landholdings of Miler Magrath's Descendants

Miler Magrath's descendants spread out over many of the baronies in Co. Tipperary. They acquired land on their own and through the assistance of Miler himself. The holdings of this family were so extensive that the details will be published in a separate document, *Guide to the Magrath Land Holdings*. Only a summary will appear in this document showing the parish names where each individual held land. In many cases the holdings, which are described townland by townland in the civil survey, were divided among several individuals who were sometimes related. It is important to remember that the Civil Survey documents land ownership in the year 1641.

1.1 Sir John Magrath of Ardavullane		
Barony of Clanwilliam	Clonbeg, Bruis, Sronill (Shronell), Lattin	
Barony of Upper Ormond	Aghnameadle, Ballymackey, Ballygibbon, Kilmore, Lisbunny	
Barony of Lower Ormond	Knigh	

1.2 George Magrath of Clonekenenane, Co. Tipperary		
Barony of Upper Ormond	Aghnameadle	
Barony of Ikerrin	Aghnameadle	

2.1 Edmond Magrath of Ballymore, Co. Tipperary	
Barony of Kilnamanagh	Clonoulty
Barony of Kilnalonghurty	Tampleoughteragh (Upperchurch)

3.1 Marcus Magrath of Bleane		
Barony of Upper Ormond	Aghnameadle, Ballymacky, Latheragh, Dolla, Kylemore (Kilmore), Lisbony	
Barony of Lower Ormond	Killodiernan, Kilbirran, Knigh, Cloghprior	
Barony of Clanwilliam	Emly towne, Ballynacree, Lissoeboehane, Knocker, Monemore	

3.2 Redmond Magrath of Thurlesbeg, Co. Tipperary		
Barony of Middlethird	St. Patrick's Rock, Erry, Geale (Gaile)	
Barony of Kilnamanagh	Clonoulty	

4.1 Miles Magrath of Clogh Iready, Co. Tipperary		
Barony of Clanwilliam	Tample Ibridane, Emly	

4.2 Donnogh Macraigh of Lissivunny	
Barony of Clanwilliam	Tampleineyry

Barony of Clanwilliam

Cordangan

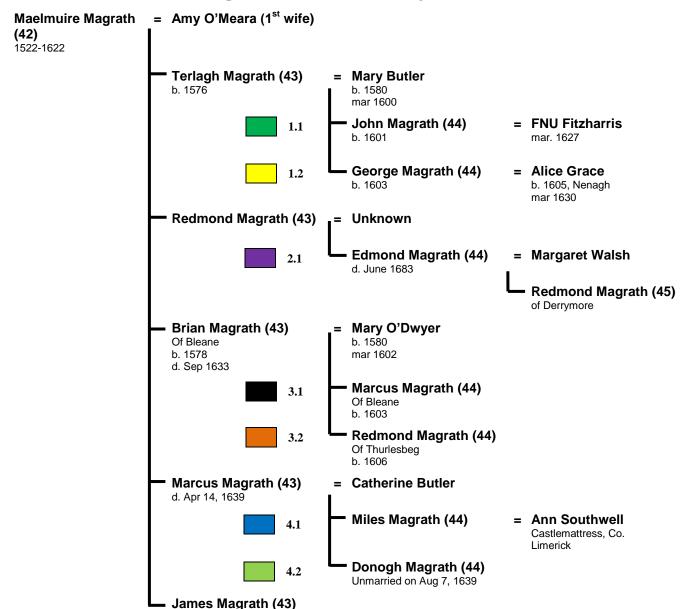
John Magrath of Monokyll, Co. Tipperary		
Barony of Upper Ormond	Killnaneaffe (Kilnaneave), Ballynaclohy (Ballynaclogh)	

John Magrath of Monokyll is not a descendant of Miler Magrath but he is related. John is a 2^{nd} cousin, once removed from Miler. His situation will be described in more detail later.

A case can be made for Donoagh Macraith of Lissivunny and Donnagh Magrath of Kilbeheny, Co. Limerick being the same person. The two parcels of land owned by these Donnaghs are very close together in two adjacent parishes. The Donnagh of Kilbeheny held a portion of a townland measuring ¹/₄ of one colpe and that parcel was not his residence, instead he was described as being of Kilbeheny. The other Donnagh's parcel was 1/3 the size of the Kilbeheny Donnagh's parcel and it was a sub-townland which had been given the name of "Lissivunny" by the locals. For some reason this tiny piece of land, maybe only because it had a name, was used to label this Donnagh. A more likely scenario is that Donnagh of Kilbeheny owned both parcels of land.

The Descendants of Miler Magrath in the Civil Survey 0f 1654

On the following page is a table borrowed from the document, *Guide to the Magrath Land Holdings*. This shows the grandchildren of Miler Magrath who owned land in Co. Tipperary in 1641. The tree structure shows the names of their fathers and shows their birth orders. The numbers correspond to the numbers in the boxes above listing the baronies and parishes in which these Magraths held land. The color coding is used to identify the different colored ovals on the map in section "Distribution Map of McGrath Land Holdings."



Descendants of Miler Magrath in the Civil Survey of 1654

The numbering in parentheses of the individuals above is according to that found in the family tree of Miler Magrath found in the Twigge A&I MS 39270 FF Microfilms in the Local Studies Center, Ennis, Co. Clare. The color codes correspond to the ovals on a later barony map which designates the various Magrath land holdings.

A more detailed description of Miler's entire family tree can be found in *The Origins of the McGrath Family*, "The Genealogy of Miler Magrath," pp. 97-117.

A detailed list of the land holdings of these individuals in Co. Clare after their transplantation is found in "The Magrath Land Holdings" in the same *Origins* document, pp. 118-122. The Co. Clare information is from the *Book of Survey and Distribution*, Vol IV, County Clare, p. xiv.

MaCragh of Iffey and Offay

Roger MacCragh of Ballyomasney Roger MaCragh of Burgesse Donogh MaCragh of Kilcorane Hugh MaCragh of Burgesse

These individuals from the Civil Survey were all found in the civil parish of Tubrid, barony of Iffay and Offay. The two Rogers (Ruaidhri which has become Rory or Roger) appear in the pedigree in R.I. Ac. MS. 23.N.11, pp. 43-44 found in the Twigge Manuscripts #39266 and #39270. They are direct descendants of the first MacCraiths of Thomond to cross the Shannon and they settled in the area around Cahir.

The MacCraiths were known to have established a Bardic school in Cahir in the 16th century and ran it for several generations. The mid-16th century was also the time when Henry VIII dissolved the monasteries and churches of Ireland and claimed the Church lands and buildings for England. The MacCraith lands around Islandmagrath (Co. Clare) were at one time part of the endowment of Clare Abbey. Henry VIII gave claim to Clare Abbey to Donogh, Baron of Ibracken in 1543⁹. This may have displaced some of the MacCraith clan although a MacCraith was in possession of the castle at Islandmagrath in 1574.

The MaCragh Families of the Civil Survey of 1654

In the Civil Survey of 1654 there were adjacent townlands of Ballylomasny and Burgesse located in the parish of Tubrid, Co. Tipperary. A portion of the parish of Tubrid shares a common border with the parish of Cahir. According to the survey both of these townlands were wholly or partially owned in 1641 by individuals named Ma(c)Cragh.

<u>Roger MacCragh</u> of <u>Ballylomasney</u> owned a third of the townland of Ballylomasney, amounting to 133 acres. This land was held "in fee by descent from his ancestors."

<u>Roger MaCragh</u> of <u>Burgesse</u> and <u>Donogh MaCragh</u> of <u>Kilcorane</u> were proprietors of a portion of Burgesse and all of New Burgesse. Roger was proprietor of 4/5's "in fee by descent from his ancestors." Donogh was "proprietor of the other 1/5 called new burgesse in Mortgage from Roger."

<u>Hugh MaCragh</u> of <u>Burgesse</u> was the proprietor of the other half of Burgesse "in fee by descent from his ancestors."

	0	0
Thon	nond Pedigree	
1.	Maelmuire	= (29. Maelmuire Mor in MacCraith of Thomond)
2.	Gilla losa	
4.	Raghnaill	
5.	Séan Aedha	
		Pedigree Diarmaid Ruadh
6.	Aedha	
7.	Domhnaill	Fear na Buirgeise
8.	Aedha	
		9. Diarmada
		10. Ruaidhri (of Burgesse in Civil Survey of 1654)
		11. Tomas
	1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	 2. Gilla Iosa 3. Donnchadh alluim 4. Raghnaill 5. Séan Aedha 6. Aedha 7. Domhnaill

The McCraith Families Ballylomasna and Burgess

Pedigree Diarmaid Ruadh Maccraith		Comment	
1.	Maelmuire	Maelmuire through Seanodh (Sean Aedha) are elements of the main line Thomond lineage.	
2.	Gilla losa		
3.	Donnchadh alluim(n?)	Donnchadh the Comely	
4.	Ragnal		
5.	Seanodh	Sean Aedha	
6.	Diarmaid ruadh		
7.	David		
8.	Aedh		
9.	Aengus		
10	Aengus og	Same generation as Ruaidhri in Burgess and Ballylomasna.	

Eneas is the same as Aengus or Angus. Aedh is the same as Aogh or Hugh. Diarmaid means Jeremiah or Jeremy. Donnchadha means "brown-haired warrior also Donough, Denis and Duncan."

The McCraiths that settled southwest of Cahir were descended from the McCraigths of Thomond (Co. Clare). The pedigrees above show the families who settled in Ballylomasna and Burgess in the late 14th century. The bottom pedigree, belonging to Diarmaid Ruadh MacCraith, is also shown in detail although it hasn't been possible to connect this branch of the family with a particular geographical location.

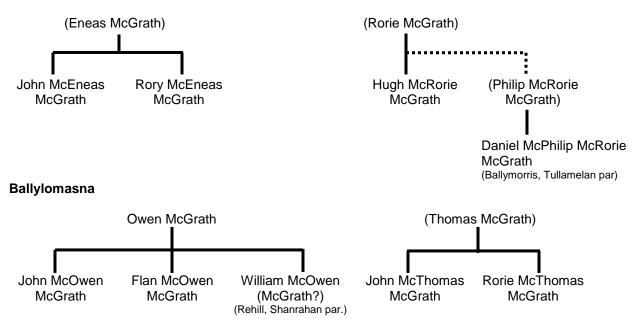
200 Claimatin n. 922 Balliger Newchape Mullaghnony attone ath Killagh Se Balbh Ballivelli Ballilegan ames Newchapell Killballingmony torone Characelle 11 Killaverify п Amone Ballinamo Ratha Ballialblane. hinto ny Monkton Claghiflany Deregrath Loghrineating Clonemore Balliortlea Gariroe Gostmore angmot Scarthillcoman Cloghna Inframuck Nich Title X Killcomanmore Newtown Ballibr Ballidony town Montforange Whitchurch Garran Killcomanbeg nilhiloa Cavanroan villy nagt Killsoran Scartany Knockloft alldermond Racheftorone ettleba Cloghnaco Oldrofkag Oldgran Dichard Knockandanabo Rall. hill Gronavora de Bin alli 0000 Ballicloghan Curry Tioner Cloghan Killeo as dan from annhoor Balli hicane Car more Killardony Cloghcult reen nor Caftle Tullogh Killoored lenetullagh 庙 Balliboy Gortihu Joneg Shareene 11 Gray Tullaghortan Killkareen Ballibeacon Clogheonmarkett p.111

This map from Petty's Down Survey shows the area southwest of Cahir (top and center) in the Baronies of Iffa and Offa. The locations in the black ovals are some of those that were occupied by McGraths in the 1664 Hearth Money Rolls and the earlier Civil Survey of 1654. The earliest McGraths arrived in this area from Thomond (Co. Clare) in the late 14th century and settled in Ballylomasna and Burgess.

Analysis of the 1664 Hearth Money Rolls

These are hypothetical relationships based on townland groupings and middle names. The townland grouping is a stronger criterion while the middle names are not unique.

Burgesse



Names appearing in (...) do not appear in the Hearth Money Rolls but their existence is implied by the names of those who did.

A Distant Magrath Relation

John Magrath of Monokyll

John Magrath of Monokyll had a daughter named Eleanor who married James Kearney ¹⁰ (born on July 24, 1625) of Rathcoole near Fethard. The given estimated year of his daughter's marriage (1645 – 1655) would probably put John's date of birth at about 1600. This means that he would have to be one of Miler's grandchildren, if he was indeed descended from Miler. However, by the process of elimination, that isn't possible because it is fairly certain that all of Miler's grandchildren have been identified and there isn't a John Magrath of Monokyll among them.

An entry in the Ulster King of Arms Office, regarding the death of John Magrath of Monaquill, offers further proof. In this entry the family traced their lineage back to Termonmagrath, emphasizing where Miler's family branched off, in an effort to ensure that it would be known for all time that they were not descended from Miler Magrath.

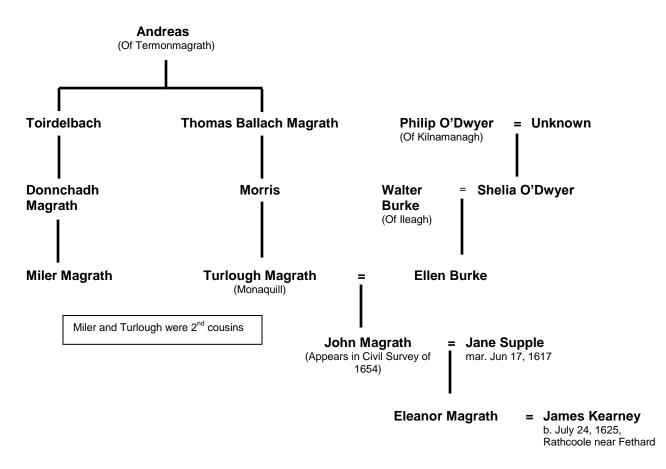
As is demonstrated in the pedigree chart on the following page, this John Magrath is not one of Miler Magrath's descendants, however, he is distantly related to him.



The townland of Monaquill, Kilnaneave parish, located about 8 km southeast of Nenagh, Co. Tipperary

The Magraths of Monaquill

Revised: December 3, 2019



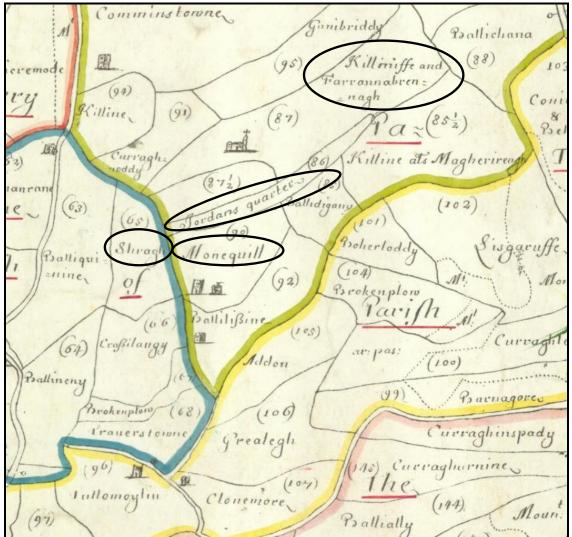
The information for the early left hand portion of the above diagram came from The Mac Craith's of Termon Magrath in the Annals of Ulster. Most of the rest of the information came from *Archbishop Miler Magrath - The Enigma of Cashel*, by Patrick J. Ryan, p. 115. Similar information can be found in *The Last Lords of Ormond*, by Dermot F. Gleeson, p. 66. However Gleeson misidentifies Eleanor Magrath's great grandmother (Shelia O'Dwyer) as her mother. Eleanor Magrath's marriage date is from O'Hart (Irish Pedigrees or The Origin and Stem of The Irish Nation, John O'Hart, Limited American Edition, Volume Two, Murphy & McCarthy, 86 Walker Street, New York, New York, 1923, p. 269)

John Magrath of Monokyll, Co. Tipperary Barony of Upper Ormond

Barony of Upper Ormond John Magrath of Monokyll, Co. Tipperary

Parish	Civil Survey of 1654 Townland	Griffiths Valuation Townland
Killnaneaffe (Kilnaneave)	Jordans	Jordansquarter
	Farrinnabrenagh	
	Monoquill	Monaquill
Ballynaclohy (Ballynaclogh)	Sragh	Sragh

Kilnaneave parish and Ballynaclogh parish



Kilnaneave parish and Ballynaclogh parish, Upper Ormond barony showing respectively Jordans Quarter, Farrinabrenagh and Monoquil and Sragh. All four of these townlands are contiguous making for a nicely concentrated group of holdings.



Distribution Map of McGrath Land Holdings

Owney and Arra: Red ovals. Iffey and Offay: Brown rectangle. Miler's folks: All others, with the exception of John Magrath of Monokill (dark pink oval). Blue rectangle: Moyaliff and Holycross.

Searching For Ancient Links

Methodology

In this section an analysis will be made of the various McGraths appearing in the Civil Survey and other relevant 17th century records to determine which individuals might be possible candidates for ancestors of the Moyaliff and Coolkill McGraths. The two cases examined in the *Establishing Ancient Links* documents benefitted from the fortuitous discovery of important information establishing the connections. The situations investigated here have not been so fortunate — at least not yet. This search for probable connections will be based on three criteria: (1) the individual's given name and approximate birth year, (2) location(s) — where the individuals spent a considerable amount of time, and (3) connections to the other Moyaliff, Clonoulty or Holycross families.

On this side of the Penal Times there are three McGrath families whose ancestries were detailed earlier in this document, as far as they are known at present. Each of these families has been assigned a sequence of the given names that were found in their respective oldest generations. The more distinctive names would seem to offer a better chance of finding possible connections. The reasoning here was that since families tend to use many of the same names over again then these names might provide a pathway into the past.

For Michael McGrath of Moyaliff these names are: Joseph, William, Michael, Lanty and Edmund. Maurice McGrath of Moyaliff has the following names: Moras, Thomas, Maurice, and Edmond. Finally, Philip McGrath of Coolkill has: Denis, John, Philip, Daniel. When selecting these names, over several generations, no plain or common names were chosen due to their lack of uniqueness.

It was decided to skip the Owney and Arra McGraths and the Iffa and Offa McGraths since they were each very localized in a couple parishes with the groups in separate baronies. Miler Magrath's descendants were more numerous and their family members were better documented. In addition the families had spread out into multiple parishes in seven baronies, most of which are closer to the area of interest.

McGrath Families	Name Sequences with Approximate Birth Years
Michael of Moyaliff	Joseph (~1740), William (~1760), Michael (1785), Lanty (1807), Edmond (1813)
Maurice of Moyaliff	Moras, Thomas (1781), Maurice, Edmond
Philip of Coolkill	Denis (~1709), John (~1739), Philip (~1769), Daniel (~1812)

A few names can be dealt with directly before moving into the details. The name Joseph is rarely found in researching old Magrath records. Among Miler's descendants

there is only one instance that is known. This is Joseph Magrath of Clooney (Dysert parish, Co. Clare) who was the son of Luke, son of John, son of Edmond, son of Redmond, and son of Miler Magrath. This would make Joseph a ggg-grandson of Miler. Joseph remained in Co. Clare married twice and raised a family there so he isn't a likely ancestor candidate. The name Denis isn't found in the early records however it is the Anglicized version of Donogh which does appear fairly often. Lanty is a nickname for Lancelot which does occasionally show up in the parish records of the mid 1850s in Co. Tipperary.

The purpose of the Civil Survey, which was conducted in 1654-6, after Cromwell's forces had finally put down the rebellion in Ireland which had started in 1641, was to determine the size and location of land owned by the Catholics in Ireland. This land was then confiscated from those Catholics who had participated in or supported the rebellion. The land was given to those who had fought in or financially supported Cromwell. The dispossessed Catholics were then banished to the province of Connaught.

As thorough and as final as the confiscation of land and transplantation sounds today it wasn't aimed at everyone. The goal was to remove those in power, the leaders of the Catholic population, and as such the Act was aimed at land owners. In the Civil Survey it was stated that the following would not be transplanted.

"... all husbandmen, plowmen, labourers, artificers and others of the inferior sort."

Even back then the essential workers got little respect, however in this case it seems to have worked to their benefit.

"But in general it may be said, and on this there is substantial agreement amongst the historians, that the transplantation decrees were directed against and executed against the owners of land rather than against the general population, and that except for these and their retainers, there was no general clearance. Even of these, there is, as has been shown, nothing in the records to prove that more than a small proportion went to Loughrea or were allotted lands in Connaught."¹¹

A measure of the "effectiveness" of the removal of the Irish from the land is found in the following numbers from a census taken in the Ormonds in 1659.

1659 - "Census/poll tax by Petty shows proportions of native to settlers are 8:1 in LO (Lower Ormond) and 18:1 in UO (Upper Ormond) and 10:1 in Ormonds combined; a revised estimate gives a population of c. 7-8,000." ¹²

The new owners were well aware of the fact that they would need help working their newly acquired land and who better to do that than the former owners who knew that land well.

The message here is that many of the individuals persisted at their associated locations found in the Civil Survey long after the confiscations were over. The methodology chosen for this exercise, to find possible ancestors of the three McGrath families in the table above, will be to pick a name from the old records which also appears in the right hand side of the said table. In addition the occurrence of this name in other old records will be researched. The contemporary connections of these persons will be detailed and then the likelihood of their possible connection to one or more of the three McGrath families will be assessed.

William Magrath

The name William Magrath appeared in three old records. The first two appearances might be describing the same person while the third was a ggg-grandson of Miler Magrath. The first appearance of a William Magrath was as a witness to the Will of Miler Magrath on November 8, 1622. This was not one of Miler's brothers but must have been some kind of relation if Miler had him witness his Will. A second William Magrath showed up on a 1652 list of individuals who were wanted for the Protestant deaths at Cashel in 1641. The residence of this second William was given as Blean which was the land of Marcus Magrath, grandson of Miler Magrath. The second William didn't own the land in Blean but was probably a relative who was living and working on Marcus' land. The third William was the ggg-grandson of Miler and was living in Kilbarron in Co. Clare where his g-grandfather, Edmond Magrath, had been given land after the confiscation of his Ballymore estate in Clonoulty parish in Co. Tipperary.

One or both of the first two Williams are compatible with the ancestors of Michael McGrath of Moyaliff. However, they are two or more generations away from Joseph, the oldest person in Michael's line. There is room for at least two more persons in Michael's line so these Williams are a possibility. William Magrath of Blean has a connection, although not a strong one, to our area of interest. The mother of the land owner, Marcus of Blean, was Mary O'Dwyer from Kilnamanagh barony (Clogher and Clonoulty parishes) which was the ancient O'Dwyer stronghold. Mary was the daughter of Dermot (Derby) O'Dwyer, Sheriff of Co. Cross Tipperary. Dermot was a longtime nemesis of Miler Magrath and it was this Magrath-O'Dwyer marriage which was meant to ease the tensions between the two families.

William Magrath of Killbarron was too young and would need to displace the William already in the succession and thereby cut off Joseph from the prior generation in Michael's Moyaliff line.

Morris Magrath of Ballymore

In December 1641 when Sir William St. Leger, the Lord President of Ireland, was on his way from <u>Ballyowen</u> to Eliogarty barony he had several people killed along the way. He proceeded through <u>Grange</u>, <u>Ballymurrin</u> and <u>Ballygallart</u> continuing to kill more innocent citizens in retaliation for an earlier transgression by some locals against his brother in law in Ballyowen. In the process St. Leger's men encountered one Morris Magrath and were threatening to treat him as they had the other Co. Tipperary residents who they had encountered. "Nor was it without great importunity and intercession that he [St. Leger] spared the life of <u>Mr. Morris Magrath</u> (grandson to Milerius, Archbishop of Cashel in Elizabeth's time) a civil, well-bred gentleman, it being plainly proved that he had no hand in the prey, notwithstanding which proof he still kept the gentleman in prison." ¹³

This <u>Morris Magrath</u> is mentioned several times in *Records of the Four Tipperary* Septs and there he is associated with Ballymore in Clonoulty parish. He is specifically mentioned in the 1629 Will of Derby O'Dwyer of Milltown of Co. Cross Tipperary. Ballymore had been in the possession of Miler Magrath's second son, Redmond, who had sons named Edmond and Thomas but he had no sons named Morris. In fact there is no Morris to be found among Miler's many grandchildren. The author (*History of the O'Dwyers*) could have assumed this grandson relationship because Morris might have been about the same age as Miler's grandson Edmond who had inherited Ballymore from his father Redmond.

Possibilities: (1) There was a Morris in the line of John Magrath of Monaquill. (See "A Distant Magrath Relation" in this document) Morris might have been part of that family. (2) Perhaps this Morris was a son or grandson of Miler's brother Neil Magrath. (3) Morris might have been related to one of the other families which were part of Miler's extended family. The families might have come south as a yeomen to work on Redmond's lands at Ballymore. (4) The name Morris appears twice in the line of Maurice Magrath of Moyaliff.

Neil Magrath - brother of Miler

Miler Magrath had at least two brothers, named Michael and Neill, both of who came south to Co. Tipperary when Miler assumed the position of Archbishop of Cashel & Emly in 1571. In a letter to Cecil (need his title) dated February 12, 1600¹⁴, Miler mentioned "my brothers." Although he didn't mention their names, his plea was for funds to support himself, his family, and his brothers, which demonstrates that they were with him in Cashel at that time. I haven't found Michael in the records, other than in Miler's pedigree. However, it shows that the name was in use in the family although Miler never used it in naming any of his children. Miles, other brother Neil does show up multiple times in the records.

"Miler's two chief lieutenants in Cashel were his brother Nyell (Neil Magrath) and a Matthew Ryan. These and other favorites and relatives were liberally rewarded from the income of Cashel and Emly and the other sees and benefices that Miler was soon to acquire." ¹⁵

Neil Magrath and his son Andrew appeared in a list of Fiants for Pardons in 1601-03 from Queen Elizabeth I as a result of the their prior participation in some disturbances against the Crown. Neil was listed as being of Camas and his wife was the former Joan Barron. Their son was on the same list, with no residence given and his name was shown as "Andrew m'Neale Magrath, yeoman." Many of the Irish names from this period included a father's name as a middle name with a prefix of "m', "mc" or "fitz." Andrew's occupation was that of a "yeoman," which is a "commoner who cultivates his own land."

Possibilities - Camus is found in St. Patrick's Rock civil parish just northwest of the city of Cashel. This was the location of one of Miler's manor houses. It would not be unreasonable to assume that Neil Magrath and his family were living there due to his responsibilities as one of Miler's "lieutenants." Neil wasn't selected for this analysis on the basis of his first name but because of his location near Cashel which is near our area of interest. The fact that Neil had married and had at least one son makes him a possible ancestor to any or all of the three McGrath families.

Another Morris

The following list of Fiants for Pardons is an important source for finding the locations for some individuals in Co. Tipperary at the beginning of the 17th century. The "UO" is an abbreviation for Upper Ormond barony.

Fiants for Pardons, 1601-3¹⁶

Terence or Tirlagh Magrath, Ballymackey, gent UO Barnaby Magrath, Bleyne, gent (Blean, Aghnameadle) UO Terlagh fitz Morris Magrath, gent, Bleyne, husbandman (Blean, Aghnameadle) UO Rich Magrath, gent, Bleyne, husbandman, (Blean, Aghnameadle) UO Gyllepatrick Magrath, gent, Bleyne, husbandman, (Blean, Aghnameadle) UO

Terence or Tirlagh Magrath is the eldest son of Miler Magrath. Brian is equivalent to Barnaby and Bryan. Barnaby (Bryan) Magrath was the 3rd son of Miler Magrath (b. 1578) and he was approximately 24 at the time that his Fiant was issued. He married Mary O'Dwyer in 1602 and they eventually had at least eight children. The following three Magraths in the Fiants for Pardons list above were described as husbandmen (farmers) who were residing at Blean and most likely were working for Bryan. These last three Magraths are not additional sons of Miler Magrath since all of Miler's children are known and accounted for. They couldn't be Miler's grandchildren either because any of them who would have been alive in 1601-3 would still be only children. These three Magraths must be relatives, perhaps cousins of Brian.

Terlagh fitz Morris Magrath's name contains his father's name in his middle name "fitz Morris." Morris could also be Maurice or Moras but not Miles or Myler. Another possibility for this Terlagh is Miler's 2nd cousin who held land at Monaquill, since this Terlagh's father was named Morris. The problem with this assignment is that on the list Terlagh was affiliated with Bleane when his land was at Monaquill.

"Rich" is short for Richard. This Richard isn't suspected of being related to one of the McGrath families of interest. However he might be the ancestor of Richard Magrath who was living in Lisheen, Aglishcloghane parish in the early 1700s. On a more complete version of the Fiants for Pardons list was a" Edm Fitz Rich MaGrath, yeoman." This is an Edmond Magrath whose father was named Richard. Now this gives two possible ancestors of Richard Magrath of Lisheen. [See *Establishing Ancient Links* for more detail on Richard Magrath of Lisheen.]

Gyllepatrick (Gillepatrick) Magrath is a name that I haven't seen in this Magrath family before or since, although the name has been found in other Irish families back then.

As was mentioned previously, Bryan had married an O'Dwyer in 1602. This would provide anyone associated with Blean an indirect link to the O'Dwyers whose lands were near those of the three McGrath families.

Definitions

Husbandman - a person who cultivates the land; a farmer.

<u>Yeoman</u> - The later sense of yeoman as "a commoner who cultivates his own land" is recorded from the 15th through 18th centuries. Yeomen farmers owned land (freehold, leasehold or copyhold). Their wealth and the size of their landholding varied.

<u>Ploughman</u> - a man who ploughs, especially using horses.

Artificer - a skilled craftsman or inventor.

Philip Magrath of Blean

Participants in the Cashel Massacre

In a deposition ¹⁷ concerning the events which transpired in late December 1641 at Cashel one of those accused of taking part in the murders was:

Philip Magrath, brother of Brien of Blene (Cluain?) in Ormond

Note: Cluain [cloon], a meadow, a fertile piece of land among bogs, marshes, or woods; Cloon, Clon, Clin, Cloony. <u>https://www.libraryireland.com/IrishPlaceNames/Cluain-Root-Word.php</u>

Later, in a warrant ¹⁸ dated May 21, 1652 and issued to Colonel Sankey, Commander in Tipperary, it was instructed that a list of individuals be apprehended for the murders at Cashel in 1641. Surprisingly Philip Magrath's name was not on that list. However, there was another Magrath of interest on the list.

William McGrath of Blean

The lands of Blean were given by Miler Magrath to his 3rd son, Brian Magrath. Brian's children were: Marcus, Philip, James, Redmond (later of Thurlesbeg), Matthew, Bryan, Mary, and Giles. These lands of Blean were inherited by Brian's eldest son Marcus. This William Magrath of Blean, who was discussed previously, was not one of Bryan's sons. However, could he have been a son of Marcus which would make William a great-grandson of Miler Magrath. Marcus was born in about 1603 and might have married by age 25, in about1628. If Marcus had a son named William the following year, William would have been 12 in 1641 when the rebellion began. In 1647 William would have been 18 years old and would have been old enough to have participated in the rebellion at that time. However, the William Magrath of Blean who appeared in the list was wanted for murder at Cashel in late December of 1641 — at a time when the great-grandson William would have only been 12 years old. The appearance of William on this list might have been a mistake. Philip Magrath of Blean (brother of Marcus) who had always been associated with the Cashel murders was conspicuously absent from this list.

The fate of Philip Magrath of Blean is uncertain. Several of the other Cashel participants were executed for their part in the 1641 murders. If Philip had escaped the end that some of his compatriots had met, then he would be a candidate ancestor for the McGraths of Coolkill.

Donogh Magrath of Kilbeheny

This Donogh Magrath was living on the eastern edge of Co. Limerick in 1641 and held a couple small pieces of land in the barony of Iffa & Offa in Co. Tipperary. While this location is further away from our area of interest, Donough was the son of Marcus Magrath, son of Miler Magrath. In addition, the Anglicized version of the name Donogh is Denis which is of interest in our search. Little else is known about Donogh, except that he was unmarried in 1639.

Three Moyaliff Magrath/McGraths The 1766 Religious Census of Moyaliff¹⁹

"In 1766, the Irish Parliament ordered all Church of Ireland ministers in their respective parishes to prepare a list of householders and their religious affiliation (church of Ireland, Catholic or Presbyterian)."

First Name	Last Name	No. in Household
Michael	Magrath	7
James	McGrath	5
Michael	McGrath	6

"The work was done in the spring of the year with varying degrees of diligence."

This information is interesting in that it shows a large number of McGraths living in Moyaliff during the mid- 18^{th} century. This was a head of household type of census but the number of persons in each household was recorded. From the names and approximate birth years from the table of the three McGrath families one would expect to see Joseph (b.~1743), Moras, and John (b.~ 1739) in this religious census. The returns from all of the parishes have not survived. "The whole of the original set of returns was lost in the Four Courts fire in Dublin in 1922; fortunately a good many transcripts survive."

The adjacent parishes of Clonoulty, Clogher, Holycross, and Ballycahill are among those that have been destroyed. The lack of these returns prevents us from knowing if these were the only McGraths in the area at the time of the census.

Moyaliff Magraths in 1786

Letter to Major General Lord Viscount LUTTRELL (1786)²⁰ from the INHABITANTS of the Parish and Union of TEMPLEMORE.

Source: Freeman's Journal, Thursday, November 23 – Saturday, November 25, 1786, p.1 "A return of the Names of all the people in the parish of Moyaliff, October 17, 1786"

John Magrath Timothy Long
John Magrath
Thomas Magrath William Magrath Maurice Magrath Thomas Magrath
James Magrath Michael Magrath
Thomas Long John Long
Darby Long Philip Long

The entire list consisted of 271 persons from Moyaliff, who were all male. Those persons listed in the nearby table were only the surnames of immediate interest in this paper. This was a friendly, self-serving, letter to the newly arriving head of the military forces in Munster. There is every reason to believe that most of the adult males in the parish would have signed the letter. Therefore we are able to see persons who would have normally been invisible in the usual "head of household" type of assessment/taxation type of lists that were periodically compiled.

The original list was not alphabetized and was probably assembled by having persons sign the letter that was made available for signing in the nearby market town of Thurles. For that reason there might be some information in the names that

appeared together in that list. That grouping and the order in which the names appeared on the list have been preserved in the table to the left. The individuals shown together in a box were consecutive signatures. The thinking is that if they signed together they might have traveled to the market together and hence they might be neighbors or relatives.

The Magrath spelling of the surname is significant here because these persons signed their own names and this was the spelling variation that they chose. The most interesting grouping is the four consecutive Magraths who are shown in BOLD. There is a William and a Maurice (Moras) who fit into the two Moyaliff lines. One of the two Thomas Magraths might be the son of William while Maurice's son Thomas would have been too young to have signed the letter. Perhaps the other Thomas might have been a brother of John of Coolkill or he might have been just a neighbor. It is important to remember that in the sequence of names that was constructed for the three McGrath families there is only one name in each of the earliest three generations for each of the families. In every generation each of the individuals selected probably had one or more brothers and that is most likely the source of the extra Magraths shown on the list above.

Another section of the list of signatures consisted of the residents of Ballycahill parish and there were no McGraths on that list. There was no Philip Magrath on either

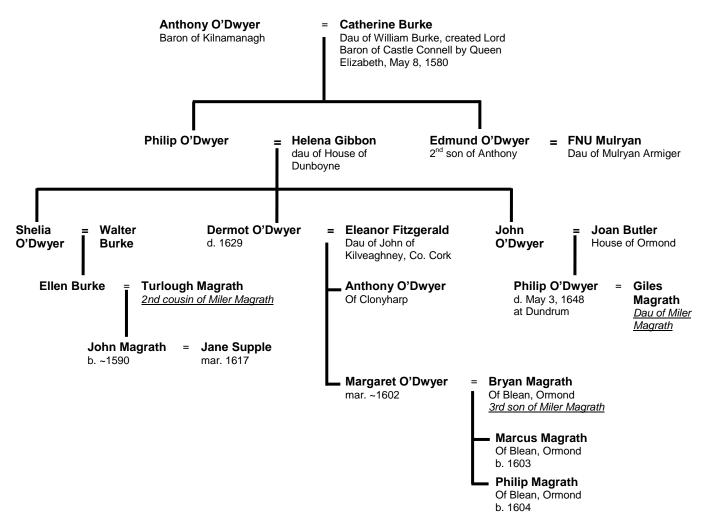
list, both of which would have contained a portion of the townland of Coolkill. However, Philip's estimated birth year was 1763, which is not known with any certainty, probably made him too young in 1786, to be allowed to sign the list. There were two John Magraths on the Moyaliff list and either one of them could have been this Philip's father.

Possible Ancestors Summary

If the Magrath families of Moyaliff and Coolkill are descended from Miler Magrath's family or relatives then these individuals are the most likely candidates.

Possible Ancestors	Comment
William Magrath Witness on Miler Magrath's 1622 Will	
William Magrath - of Blean and the 1641 Cashel Murders	
Morris Magrath of Ballymore St. Leger incident and mentioned in Dermont O'Dwyer's Will	This cannot be a hypothetical "Morris" who was the son of John Magrath of Monaquil, who would have been born in 1618 at the earliest. This would have made him 11 when Dermot O'Dwyer died in 1629 and he would have been living with his parents in Monaquil.
Neil Magrath of Camus Brother and Lieutenant of Miler Magrath and of the Pardon	
Andrew Magrath Son of Neil - Miler's nephew and of the Pardon	
Turlagh fitz Morris Magrath of Blean Of the Pardon and Monaquill	The use of the name Morris implies a possible Morris later in the descendants of Turlagh's son, John Magrath of Monaquil.
Philip Magrath of Blean Grandson of Miler and of the 1641 Cashel Murders.	A possible ancestor unless he was executed for his part in the 1641 Cashel Murders.
Donogh Magrath of Kilbeheny	A long shot but this was the only "Dennis" in the entire Miler Magrath family.
1766 Religious Census	All the Magrath in the area of Moyaliff and Coolkill are possible ancestors.
1786 Letter of Welcome	Actual ancestor of Michael Magrath of Moyaliff found and a possible one for the Coolkill Magraths.

The O'Dwyer Connections



Sources: Records of the Four Tipperary Septs, The O'Kennedys, O'Dwyers, O'Mulryans, O'Meaghers, p. 401. The History of the O'Dwyers, Originally published as The O'Dwyers of Kilnamanagh. The History of an Irish Sept, p. 127, 129. Archbishop Miler Magrath - The Enigma of Cashel, p. 115-116.

The Long Families

Introduction

On the western side of St. Patrick's Cemetery, in the village of Truxton, in Cortland Co., NY, there are a number of gravestones facing the rising sun along a northsouth line. These weather worn stones had braved many a cold and windy Truxton winter before I first noticed them in 1999 while visiting the cemetery. I was taking pictures, and transcribing the inscriptions from some of the stones when I noticed this line of old gravestones which belonged to various members of the Long family; actually two different Long families, as I would later learn. At that time I wasn't looking for any members of the Long family and wasn't aware of any connections they might have with the McGraw family in Truxton. However, when presented with all that family information contained on those gravestones, something inside told me to copy it down you might need it someday.

A couple years later I was contacted by Nancy Long who was researching a Long - McGrath connection in the form of a Margaret McGrath who had married a Richard Long in Syracuse, NY in 1852. She sent me a copy of Margaret's death certificate and a copy of a page from the 1855 NYS Pompey census. Margaret's father was Michael McGrath according to the death certificate and the census page showed a Michael McGrath and his son Thomas living on a farm in the town of Pompey. According to the census, Michael and Thomas had been in Pompey for three years and that fit with Margaret's marriage and so the two might have been connected. However, the marriage had taken place at the Cathedral, in Syracuse, while Michael and Thomas were living in Pompey, with the Immaculate Conception church nearby. There was a possible connection there but it wasn't rock solid. I sent Nancy some copies of the Long gravestone pictures from Truxton, however she said that they weren't her Longs and so that was where the Long situation sat for a while.

In the Introduction to the section "The Michael McGrath Family of Moyaliff" it was described how some 1855 Pompey residents and some of the Maple Ridge (Lewis Co.) residents were discovered to be the same individuals. Their participation in the Maple Ridge Migration demonstrated that Margaret McGrath Long and the 1855 Pompey census McGraths were probably the same families. These McGrath and Long families were related by marriage but the Long families found in the Truxton cemetery were two different Long families — there was now a third Long family. About this same time I crossed paths with Richard Long who was related to the Truxton Long families. The heads of those families were Thomas and James Long, who were originally thought to be brothers until it was discovered that James' daughter had married Thomas' son. Richard Long wasn't sure of where the families had originated in Ireland but believed it was "near Thurles, Co. Tipperary." Clare Tuohy of Dublin, Ireland was able to find records for all three of these Long families in the Holycross parish registers. This showed that all three Long families had been living in Holycross parish just across the Farney Bridge River from my McGraths in the townland of Moyaliff in Moyaliff parish.

The story of *The McGrath and Long Families* examined these families and where they had lived on both sides of the ocean. Most of that book covers these three main Long

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families, their descendants, and their lives in Central New York. The research effort for the present paper began with James Long and the determination that he was not the brother of Thomas Long of Grange.²¹ The marriage of two of their children had finally shaken the brother theory and their death certificates showed positively that James and Thomas Long were not siblings. Those documents gave James' father as John Long and Thomas' father as Patrick Long.

James Long married Nancy Kelly at Holycross on February 28, 1843. Their first three children were baptized at Holycross while they were living in the townland of Lisnagrough. This helped confirm that John and Mary Long of Lisnagrough were James' parents. By the time their fourth child was baptized (Philip, baptized on October 14, 1849) James and his family was living in Glenreaghmore. James and his family left for the U.S. in about 1852 and he was succeeded on his Glenreaghmore farm by a John Long who has been assumed to be his brother. This John Long was succeeded in glenreaghmore by his son, Thomas Long.

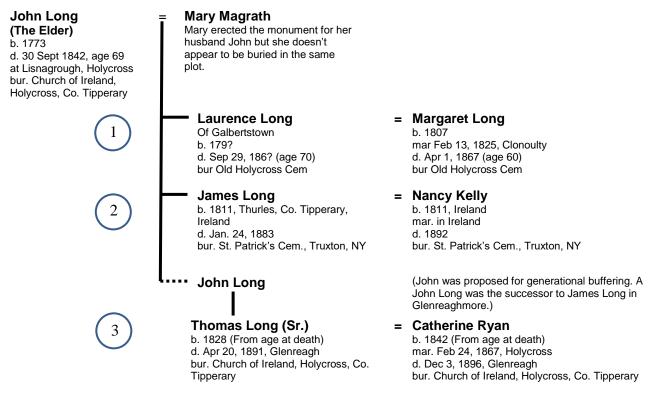
The follow on book, *The Neighbors in Ireland*, focused on the McGrath, Long, Fanning and Tuohy families in the Holycross - Moyaliff area, with more of a concentration on their land holdings than their family connections.

The approach followed in this paper was to establish as many connections in Ireland as possible among these three Long families who had immigrated to the Central New York area during and immediately after the Great Famine. The individual family trees for each emigrating Long family had been published earlier in the previously mentioned documents and were repeated here for reference purposes. The process involved connecting these Long families with the other Long families in the Holycross area.

The candidates for these new connections are the families who remained in Ireland and are represented in the civil records which began in 1864. In *Reconstructing Families From the Records* the families, previously built into single families from the individual civil records were combined with families similarly constructed from the parish records. The Griffith's Valuation records and census records were also included to discover as many connections as possible. The establishment of these extended families enabled progress to be made in tracing these families back to earlier generations.

The Long Families of Glenreaghmore

John Long and Mary Magrath



The inscription on John Long's (The Elder) gravestone states that it was "renewed" by Thomas Long, Jr. in memory of his parents, siblings and some of his own children. Thomas wouldn't have taken over the plot of a stranger, so he must be related to John and Mary Magrath Long. Therefore his father, Thomas Long, Sr., must also be related to John and Mary Magrath Long. Both generations of Thomas Longs and their respective wives were successive landholders of Farm Lot #1 in Glenreaghmore. It is assumed that all landholders following James Long, the first Long landholder, were family members.

Thomas Long, Sr., cannot be a son of John Long (The Elder, 1773-1842) because this John would have been 57 years old when Thomas was born. Hence a buffer generation is needed and who better to fill that spot than the John Long who succeeded James Long in Glenreaghmore (see the Cancelled Book data later in this section). This John Long is proposed to be a son of the John Long (The Elder) and a brother of James Long. James' connection to John Long (The Elder) can be seen via James' children's baptism records where his residence was Lisnagrough for all but the last child when it changed to Glenreaghmore, before October 14, 1849. Since James Long's name didn't show up separately in the House or Tenure Books (used in the gathering of data for the Griffith's Valuation) when he was living in Lisnagrough he was probably living with his parents, John and Mary Long. The dotted line connecting John Long to the main stem of the family tree is an expression of the small uncertainty in James and John being brothers.

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The information needed to construct the above John Long family tree came partly from the Cancelled Books for Glenreaghmore townland in Holycross parish. Additional information used to construct the above tree came from the inscriptions found on two Long family gravestones in the Church of Ireland Cemetery in Holycross.²²

A record has been found for the marriage of Thomas Long and Catherine Ryan.²³ In that record, Thomas's father's name was given as John Long. So there is a connection to John Long (the buffer generation), however, it would still be nice to have proof that John Long and Mary Magrath had a son named John. John Long (the buffer) and John Long (The Elder), his proposed father, had been connected with a dotted line in the family tree to emphasize that their connection was tentative. However, the lack of a baptism record can be bridged over by the act of Thomas Long, Jr. "renewing" the family plot, thus establishing his connection to John Long (The Elder) of Lisnagrough. The naming of Thomas Long, Sr.'s children also indicates that his parents' names were probably John and Mary.

Between Catherine Long and Thomas Long, Jr., in the list of Glenreaghmore landholders, there is another John Long. In keeping with the family-only assumption it is proposed that this John Long is the son of Thomas and Catherine Long and a brother of Thomas Long, Jr.

Notes from Tom Long (Glenreigh)

Richard Long (Killenyarda) is buried next to Tom Long's family plot in the Church of Ireland Cemetery in Holycross. "It seems to me they were all the one [plot] at some time." [See "Richard Long and Mary Costello of Killenyarda" later in this paper]. This would seem to indicate that the Killenyarda Longs were related to the Glenreagh Longs.

Also buried beside Tom Long's family is Laurence Long. On the headstone his address is given as Galbertstown but Tom thought this was the same man that had lived in Lisnagrough earlier. The Lisnagrough Laurence Long lived on the farm adjacent to John Long and Mary Magrath's farm. Laurence Long is known to have been born in the 1790s while John Long (The Elder) was born in 1773. That's enough distance to assume that Laurence was John's son with some confidence.

Book No.	Year	New Name	Comment
GV	1851	James Long	Left for U.S. ~1852. s/o John and Mary Long of Lisnagrough
1	1857	John Long	Possible brother of James
2			No change.
3			No change.
4	1869	Thomas Long (Sr.)	Son of John above. d. 1892.
5			No change.

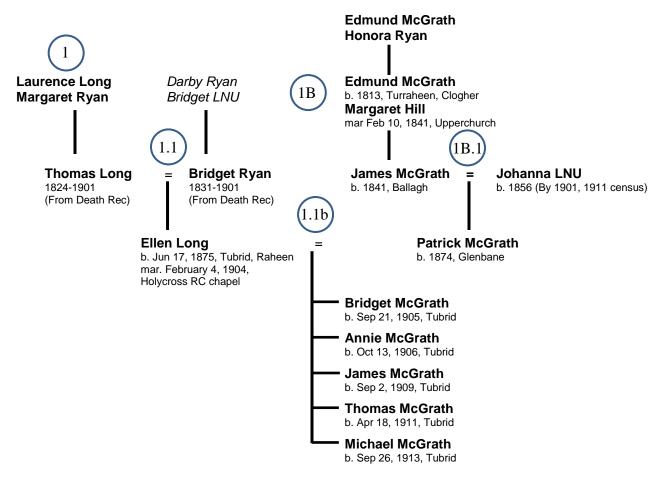
Sequential Landholders of Farm Lot #1

Glenreaghmore, Holycross par., Co. Tipperary - The Cancelled Books are categorised by Electoral Division. Glenreaghmore townland is in the parish of Holycross, Holycross ED and the Barony of Eliogarty.

6			No change.
7	1894	Catherine Long	Wife of Thomas Long
7	1899	John Long	Possible son of Thomas and Catherine Long above.
8	1926??	Thomas Long (Jr.)	s/o Thomas and Catherine Long above
9	1949	Bridget Long	Wife of Thomas Long

Note: The land was held "In Fee," in 1922. The Longs bought their land in 1922, as did a number of their neighbors. Comments in italics are used for proposed connections that can't be proved at this time.

*Long and McGrath Pedigree *



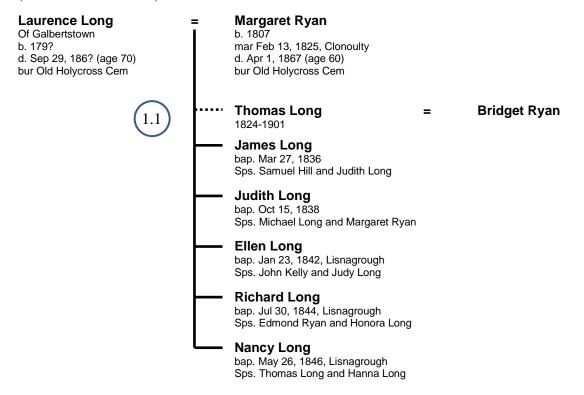
Laurence Long and Margaret Ryan of Lisnagrough (from their children's baptism records) have been identified as the Laurence Long family who were occupying land in the townland of Lisnagrough at the time of the Griffith's Valuation. Thomas assignment to this family was made since Thomas Long's (1824-1901) first son was named Laurence. Thomas and Bridget's first four children were born in Tubrid, Lisnagrough, Farney Bridge and Tubrid (1862-1867). However, since Thomas Long's first child was born in 1862, at the time of the GV Thomas was most likely living at home.

Laurence and Margaret's granddaughter, Ellen Long, married Patrick McGrath (Glenbane) and they had their children in Tubrid (sub-townland in Raheen) during the first decade of the 20th century.

On the McGrath side there was a problem initially finding James McGrath's parents. His baptism record gave James' father's name as also being James. However, no other records could be found for this older James McGrath. After some extensive searching it seems more likely that the younger James McGrath's (b. 1841) father was named Edmund with his mother's name still being Margaret Hill. This correction allowed Patrick McGrath's ancestors to be stretched back two more generations to Turraheen, Clogher parish.

1 - Laurence Long and Margaret Ryan - Lisnagrough

(s/o John Long and Mary Magrath) (d/o Father and Mother)



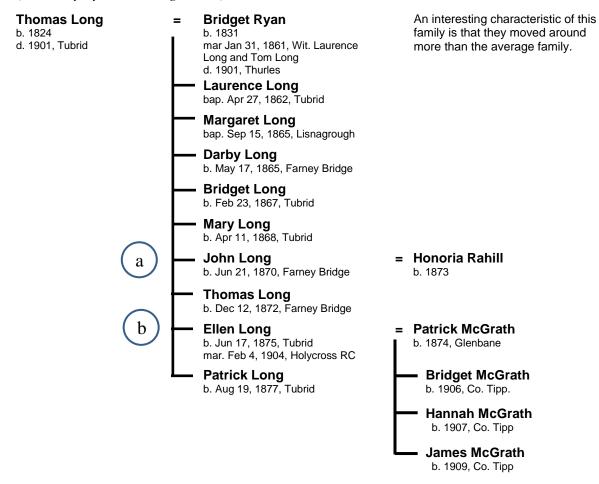
These are believed to be the parents of Thomas Long who married Bridget Ryan. The Ancestry Index to the Parish Registers was checked and no Thomas Long was found in this family. However, since the commencement of the Ballycahill and Holycross parish registers was only 1835, there could be additional baptisms for each of the Laurence Long families which were not recorded. The naming tradition assumption applied to the names of Thomas Long and Bridget Ryan's children yielded the names of Laurence Long and Margaret for Thomas' parents.

Of course, this early commencement year also puts Laurence and Margaret's marriage record beyond the beginning of the Ballycahill & Holycross church records. Therefore it is not possible to use the naming tradition assumption to predict the names of the parents of Laurence and his wife, Margaret.

Laurence Long (Galbertstown on his headstone) is also buried near Tom Long's (of Glenreagh) family plot and was thought by Tom to be the same Laurence formerly of Lisnagrough. That Laurence had a farm adjacent to John Long and Mary Magrath. The author always felt they were related, either as John's brother or son. The proximity of their graves is another indication of a relationship.

1.1 - Thomas Long and Bridget Ryan - Tubrid, Raheen

(s/o Lawrence Long and Margaret Ryan) (d/o *Darby Ryan and Bridget LNU*)



Civil Records - Thomas Long - Bridget Ryan - Tubrid Births

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross May 17, 1865 - **Darby Long**, Par. Thomas Long (Farmer, Farney Bridge) and Bridget Ryan, Res: Farney Bridge, Informant: Lawrence Long, present at birth, Farney Bridge, Reg: May 19, 1865.

February 23, 1867 - **Bridget Long**, Par. Thomas Long (Farmer, Tubrid) and Bridget Ryan, Res: Tubrid, Informant: Darby Ryan, present at birth, The West Hill, Reg: February 25, 1867

April 11, 1868 - **Mary Long**, Par. Thomas Long (Farmer, Tubrid) and Bridget Ryan, Res: Tubrid, Informant: Thomas Long, Father, Turbid, Reg: April 27, 1868.

June 21, 1870 - **John Long**, Par. Thomas Long (Farmer, Farney Bridge) and Bridget Ryan, Res: Farney Bridge, Informant: Tom Long, Father, Farney Bridge, Reg: July 1, 1870.

December 12, 1872 - **Thomas Long**, Par. Thomas Long (Steward, Farney Bridge) and Bridget Ryan, Res: Farney Bridge, Informant: Thomas Long, Father, Farney Bridge, Reg: December 15, 1872.

June 17, 1875 - **Ellen Long**, Par. Thomas Long (Steward, Tubrid) and Bridget Ryan, Res: Tubrid, Informant: Tom Long, Father, Tubrid, Reg: July 4, 1875.

August 19, 1877 - <u>Patrick Long</u>, Par. Thomas Long (Farmer, Tubrid) and Bridget Ryan, Res: Tubrid, Informant: Tom Long, Father, Tubrid, Reg: September 3, 1877.

Church Records - Ballycahill & Holycross

Thomas Long = Bridget Ryan

Married - January 31, 1861, Wit. Laurence Long and Tom Long Laurence Long - Apr 27, 1862, Tubrid Margaret Long - Sep 15, 1863, Lisnagrough Jeremiah Long - May 18, 1865, Tubrid Bridget Long - Feb 24, 1867, Tubrid Mary Long - Apr 11, 1868, Tubrid John Long - Jun 22, 1870, Tubrid Thomas Long - Dec 12, 1872, Tubrid Ellen Long - Jun 18, 1875, Tubrid Patrick Long - Aug 13, 1877, Tubrid

Civil Records

Death: Thomas Long - 77 - 1901	Death: Bridget Long - 70 - 1901
Sup Reg Dist Thurles, Reg Dist Holycross	Sup Reg Dist Thurles, Reg Dist Thurles
Date: September 16, 1901 - Location: Tubrid	Date: November 2, 1901 - Location: Workhouse,
Name: Thomas Long	Thurles
Condition: Married	Name: Bridget Long
Age at last Birthday: 77 years	Condition: Widow
Occupation: Laborer	Age at last Birthday: 70 years
Cause of Death: Apoplesey with Hemiplegsis, 9	Occupation: Laborer
months, Certified	Cause of Death: Bronchitis, 6 months, Certified
Informant: Ellie Long, Daughter, present at death,	Informant: P. Russell, Occupier, Workhouse
Tubrid,	Reg: November 4, 1901
Reg: September 23, 1901	

Census Records

1901 - Thomas & Bridget Long - house 4 in Farneybridge (Holycross, Tipperary)

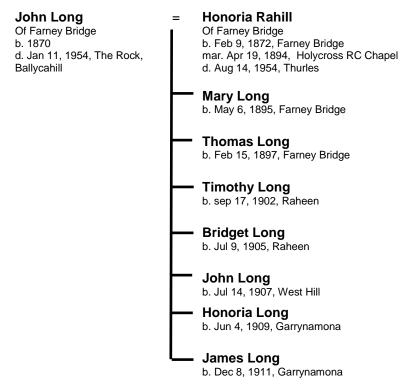
Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion	
Long	Thomas	76	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic	
Long	Bridget	70	FemaleWifeRoman G		Roman Catholic	
Long	Ellen	26	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic	
Long	Patrick	23	Male	Son	Roman Catholic	

All can read and write and were born in Co. Tipperary.

1.1a - John Long and Honoria Rahill - Farney Bridge

(s/o Thomas Long and Bridget Ryan)

(d/o Timothy Rahill and Margaret Brien)



Civil Records

Marriage: John Long & Hanoria Rahill - Farney Bridge

April 19, 1894 - married at Holycross RC chapel Husband: **John Long**, Full age, Bachelor, Laborer, Farney Bridge Father: Thomas Long, Laborer Wife: **Hanoria Rahill**, full age, Spinster, Blank, Farney Bridge Father: Timothy Rahill, Laborer Witnesses: John Rahill and Mary Quinn Priest: John O'Brien, P. P. Reg: April 21, 1894 (Holycross)

Births

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross May 6, 1895 - **Mary Long**, Par. John Long (Laborer, Farney Bridge) and Honoria Rahill, Res: Farney Bridge, Informant: John Long, Father, Farney Bridge, Reg: May 10, 1895.

February 15, 1897 - **Thomas Long**, Par. John Long (Laborer, Farney Bridge) and Honoria Rahill, Res: Farney Bridge, Informant: John Long, Father, Farney Bridge, Reg: February 19, 1897.

September 17, 1902 - **Timothy Long**, Par. John Long (Laborer, Raheen) and Honoria Rahill, Res: Raheen, Informant: John Long, Father, Raheen, Reg: September 22, 1902.

July 9, 1905 - **Bridget Long**, Par. John Long (Laborer, Raheen) and Honoria Rahill, Res: Raheen, Informant: John Long, Father, Raheen, Reg: July 10, 1905.

July 14, 1907 - **John Long**, Par. John Long (Laborer, West Hill) and Honoria Rahill, Res: West Hill, Informant: Honoria Long, Mother, West Hill, Reg: August 9, 1907.

June 4, 1909 - **Honoria Long**, Par. John Long (Laborer, Garrynamona) and Honoria Rahill, Res: Garrynamona, Informant: John Long, Father, Garrynamona, Reg: June 11, 1909.

Townland	AKA	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Garrynamona		579	Tipperary, N.R.	Eliogarty	Ballycahill	Thurles	Munster

December 8, 1911 - **James Long**, Par. John Long (Laborer, Garrynamona) and Honoria Rahill, Res: Garrynamona, Informant: John Long, Father, Garrynamona, Reg: December 18, 1911.

Death: John Long - 84 - 1954

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: January 11, 1954 - Location: The Rock, Ballycahill Name: **John Long** Condition: Married Age at last Birthday: 84 years Occupation: Laborer Cause of Death: Old age, No Medical Attendant Informant: Timothy Long, Present at Death, The Rock, Ballycahill Reg: February 4, 1954

Death: Hanora Long - 84 - 1954

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles Date: August 14, 1954 - Location: Hospital of the Assumption, Thurles Name: **Hanora Long**, Garrynamona Condition: Widow Age at last Birthday: 84 years Occupation: Housekeeper Cause of Death: Senility, Certified Informant: Patrick Carey, Occupier, Hospital of the Assumption Reg: August 14, 1954

Birth

Sup Reg Dist Thurles, Reg Dist Holycross February 9, 1872 - **Hanoria Rahill**, Par. Tim Rahill (Labourer, Farney Bridge) and Margaret Brien, Res: Farney Bridge, Informant: Timothy Rahill, Father, Farney Bridge, Reg: February 23, 1872.

Census Records

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion	
Long	John	31	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic	
Long	Norah	28	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic	
Long	Mary	5	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic	
Long	Thomas	4	Male	Son	Roman Catholic	
Long	Maggie	3	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic	

1901 John Long - house 5 in Raheen (Holycross, Tipperary)

1911 - John Long - house 15 in Garrynamona (Ballycahill, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion	
Long	John	40	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic	
Long	Hanoria	39	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic	
Long	Thomas	14	Male	Son	Roman Catholic	
Long	Margaret	13	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic	
Long	Timothy	8	Male	Son	Roman Catholic	
Long	Bridget	5	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic	
Long	John	3	Male	Son	Roman Catholic	
Long	Hanora	1	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic	
Rahill	Timothy	69	Male	Father in Law	Roman Catholic	

John and Hanoria had been married 16 years. Hanoria had given birth to seven children all of who were still alive at the time of the 1911 census. There were only six of their children living at home and the eldest child, Mary (15 in 1911), must have been living elsewhere (see Philip Purcell below). Timothy Rahill was a widower.

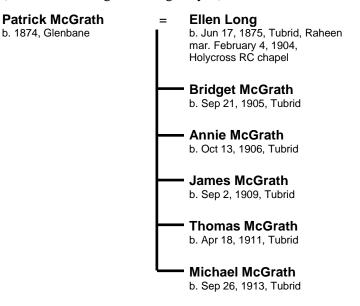
1911 - Philip Purcell - house 6 in Ballycahill (Ballycahill, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion	
Purcell	Philip	66	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic	
Purcell	Bridget	64	Female	Wife Roman Ca		
Birmingham	John	25	Male	Servant	Roman Catholic	
Long	Mary	15	Female	Servant	Roman Catholic	

Philip and Bridget Purcell had been married for 39 years. Bridget had given birth to eight children, seven of who were still alive at the time of the 1911 census. Philip's occupation was listed as "Farmer & Journalist." Mary Long's occupation was that of "Messenger - Domestic Servant."

1.1b - Patrick McGrath and Ellen Long - Tubrid, Raheen

(s/o James McGrath and Johanna LNU) (d/o Thomas Long and Bridget Ryan)



Ellen's mother's name determined as Bridget by 1911 census.

Civil Records - Patrick McGrath - Ellen Long - Tubrid

Marriage: Patrick McGrath & Ellen Long - Tubrid

February 4, 1904 - married at Holycross RC chapel Husband: **Patrick McGrath**, Full age, Bachelor, Laborer, Glenbane Father: <u>James McGrath</u>, Laborer Wife: **Ellen Long**, Full age, Spinster, Tubrid Father: <u>Thomas Long</u> (deceased), Farmer Witnesses: Michael McGrath and Ellen Leahy Priest: John O'Brien, P.P. Reg: February 17, 1904 (Holycross)

Townland	AKA	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Glenbane Lower		832	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Holycross	Cashel	Munster
Glenbane Upper		395	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Holycross	Cashel	Munster

Births

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross

September 21, 1905 - **Bridget McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Laborer, Tubrid) and Ellen Long, Res: Tubrid, Informant: P. McGrath, Father, Tubrid, Reg: September 22, 1905.

October 13, 1906 - Annie McGrath, Par. Patrick McGrath (Laborer, Tubrid) and Ellen Long, Res: Tubrid, Informant: Pat McGrath, Father, Tubrid, Reg: October 17, 1906.

September 2, 1909 - **James McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Laborer, Tubrid) and Ellen Long, Res: Tubrid, Informant: Pat McGrath, Father, Tubrid, Reg: October 18, 1909.

April 18, 1911 - **Thomas McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Laborer, Tubrid) and Ellen Long, Res: Tubrid, Informant: Patt McGrath, Father, Tubrid, Reg: April 24, 1911.

September 26, 1913 - **Michael McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Laborer, Tubrid) and Ellen Long, Res: Tubrid, Informant: Pat McGrath, Father, Tubrid, Reg: October 10, 1913.

Census Records

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Mc Grath	Patrick	37	Male	Head of Family	R Catholic
Mc Grath	Ellie	36	Female	Wife	R Catholic
Mc Grath	Bridget	5	Female	Daughter	R Catholic
Mc Grath	Hanna	4	Female	Daughter	R Catholic
Mc Grath	James	2	Male	Son	R Catholic
Long	Bridget	73	Female	Mother in Law	R Catholic

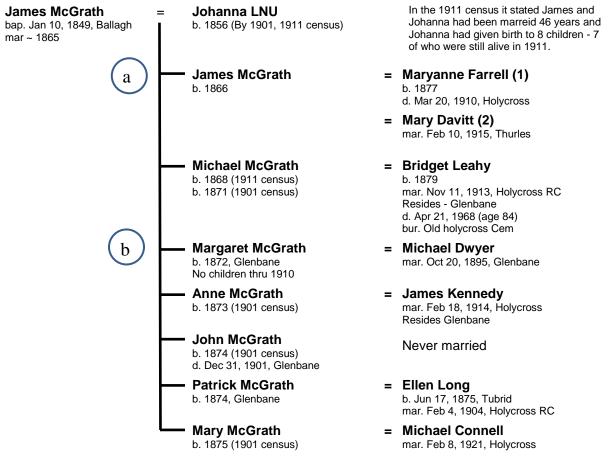
1911 - Patrick & Ellie McGrath - house 5 in Raheen (Holycross, Tipperary)

Patrick and Ellie have been married 7 years. Ellie gave birth to 3 children, all of whom are still alive, single and living at home. Only Patrick and Ellie can read and write. Bridget Long is a widow. All persons were born in Co. Tipperary.

1B.1 - James McGrath and Johanna LNU - Glenbane

(s/o Edmund McGrath and Margaret Hill)

(d/o Father and Mother)



The civil marriage records of Michael (1868), Margaret (1872), Anne (1873), Patrick (1874), and Mary (1875) support their father's name being James. Margaret had no children but the names of Patrick McGrath and Ellen Long's children reinforce James as Patrick's father. The census records for 1901 and 1911 furnished the information on the name of James' (1841) wife as Johanna and the names of the other children.

Oddly enough, no civil or church records of James and Johanna's marriage could be found. No baptism or birth records could be found for any of their children. The rest of James and Johanna McGrath's family has been reconstructed solely from the census records. The grandchildren found in the 1911 census would be the children of one of James and Johanna's sons: James, Michael or John. Similarly to the rest of the family no grandchildren named Johanna and John McGrath could be found in the civil records. The group of names which comprise this family could not be found anywhere else in Ireland. If not for the census records the existence of this family would not have been known.

Church Records - James McGrath

December 5, 1841 - **James McGrath**, Par. *Jas. McGrath* and <u>Margt Hill</u>, Clonoulty RC, Res: Ballagh, Sps. James Horan and Alicia Murphy.

NOTE: This is the only child listed for these parents and no marriage record could be found for them. After much research and analysis it has been determined that this is the James McGrath of Glenbane whose family tree is shown on the previous page. The problem is solved if it is assumed that the "Jas. McGrath" in the baptism record above should be Edmund McGrath. This James (1841) is the eldest child of Edmund McGrath and Margaret Hill. See: *Reconstructing Families From the Records*, p. 66.

Griffith's Valuation

No.	Griffith's Valuation Town of Ballagh	Immediate Lessor	Description of Tenement	of L		Content of Land		Net Annual Value of Land			Net Annual Value of Buildings		Total Net Annual Value		al I	
	Name			Α	r	р		£	S	d	£	S	d	£	s	d
37- 28	James Magrath	John Chidle	House and yard	0	0	0		0	0	0	0	10	0	0	10	0

Census Records

1901 - James McGrath - house 3 in Glenbane Lower (Gaile, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion	
McGrath	James	60	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic	
McGrath	Hanna	45	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic	
McGrath	Michael	30	Male	Son	Roman Catholic	
McGrath	Anne	28	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic	
McGrath	Mary	26	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic	
McGrath	John	27	Male	Son	Roman Catholic	
McGrath	Hanna	4	Female	Grand Daughter	Roman Catholic	

Gaile is the Election District while Glenbane Lower is the townland located in Holycross civil parish. The James McGrath shown in the 1901 and 1911census is <u>possibly</u> the father of Margaret and Patrick McGrath, on the previous page, according to the information found in their marriage records (1895 and 1904, respectively). Patrick hadn't married until 1904 but apparently was not living at home in 1901. See the 1901 census record for the Philip Walsh household below.

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion	
Walsh	Philip	60	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic	
Walsh	Mary	45	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic	
Walsh	James	20	Male	Son	Roman Catholic	
Walsh	Kate	18	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic	
McGrath	Patrick	24	Male	Servant	Roman Catholic	
Ryan	Kate	21	Female	Servant	Roman Catholic	

Patrick McGrath (24) is the son of James and Johanna McGrath. He was probably working as a hired hand on the Walsh farm.

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Mc Grath	James	72	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	Johanna	73	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	James	45	Male	Son (Widower)	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	Michael	43	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	Mary	27	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	<mark>Johanna</mark>	13	Female	Grand Daughter	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	John	7	Male	Grand Son	Roman Catholic

1911 - James McGrath - house 7 in Glenbane Lower (Gaile, Tipperary)

James and Johanna had been married 46 years and Johanna had given birth to 8 children, 7 of who were still alive at the time of the 1911 census. James (Sr.) was a retired farmer, his sons James and Michael were stone masons, and his daughter Mary was a dressmaker.

The Grandchildren

In this approach it is assumed that James McGrath (45 in 1911) is the father of both Johanna and John. Below is a birth record for a Hanna with a James as her father. The residence, Holycross, is geographically closer to Glenbane. Hanna was living with her grandparents at the time of the 1901 census (see 1901 - James McGrath above).

Hanna's parents (no marriage record found) were still alive in 1901. They are shown in the 1901 census return for Holycross shown below). Prior to 1911 James' wife had died and in 1911 he and his children, Johanna and John, were all living with James' parents at the time of the census.

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Occupation	Religion
Mc Grath	James	30	Male	Head of Family	Stone Mason	RC
Mc Grath	Mary A	24	Female	Wife		RC
Mc Grath	Kathleen	3	Female	Daughter		RC
Mc Grath	Mary	2	Female	Daughter		RC
Cleary	Catherine	55	Female	Mother in Law	House keeper	RC
Cleary	Henry	13	Male	Brother in Law	Student	RC

1901 - James McGrath - house 2 in Holycross (Holycross, Tipperary)

In 1901 James McGrath (Jr.) was living with his wife and children, while his oldest daughter, Hanna was living with her grandparents. The labeling of the Cleary's as in-laws doesn't match up with the following baptism records with the mother as a Farrell.

Civil Records - James McGrath - Mary Ann Farrell - Holycross

Supt Reg Dist - Cashel, Reg Dist - Cashel

January 9, 1897 - **Hanna McGrath**, Par. **James McGrath** (Laborer, Holycross) and Maryanne Farrell, Res: Holycross, Informant: James McGrath, Father, Holycross, Reg: January 14, 1897. Note: This birth was registered in the adjacent Cashel Superintendent's District.

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross

February 16, 1898 - **Catherine McGrath**, Par. James McGrath (Laborer, Holycross) and Mary Ann Farrell, Res: Holycross, Informant: **Ellie Cleary**, present at birth, Holycross, Reg: March 4, 1898.

July 16, 1899 - **Mary McGrath**, Par. James McGrath (Laborer, Holycross) and Mary Anne Farrell, Res: Holycross, Informant: **Ellie Cleary**, present at birth, Holycross, Reg: July 31, 1899.

June 20, 1902 - **James McGrath**, Par. James McGrath (Laborer, Holycross) and Mary Anne Farrell, Res: Holycross, Informant: **Katie Cleary**, present at birth, Holycross, Reg: July 11, 1902.

October 22, 1903 - **John McGrath**, Par. James McGrath (Laborer, Holycross) and Mary Farrell, Res: Holycross, Informant: Mary McGrath, Mother, Holycross, Reg: November 16, 1903.

July 29, 1905 - **Pauline McGrath**, Par. James McGrath (Laborer, Holycross) and Mary Farrell, Res: Holycross, Informant: Mary McGrath, Mother, Holycross, Reg: September 8, 1905.

Possible disposition of James McGrath and MaryAnne Farrell's children.

After the death of his wife Maryanne in 1910, James moved back in with his parents with his children Hanna (who had been living there in 1901 also) and John. The census of 1911 provided the answer to the question of what happened to James' other children.

Most Plausible

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion					
Wade	John	37	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic					
Wade	Johanna	40	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic					
Wade	Bridget	7	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic					
McGrath	Mary	<mark>11</mark>	Female	Cousin	Roman Catholic					
McGrath	James	<mark>9</mark>	Male	Cousin	Roman Catholic					

1911 - John Wade - house 7 in Glenbane Upper (Gaile, Tipperary)

1911 - Residents of a house 8 in Kiltillane (Templemore Urban, Tipperary)

St. Augustine's Industrial School

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Mc Grath	Pauline	5	Female	-	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	Kathleen	13	Female	-	Roman Catholic

Hanna (13) and John (7) went with their father to live with their grandparents. The middle kids Mary (11) and James (9) went to live with Wade cousins, also in Glenbane. The baby Pauline (5) and the second oldest Kathleen (13) went together to the St. Augustine's Industrial School in Kiltillane, Templemore.

Back up Possibilities

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion	
Cushen	Mary	69	Female	Head of Family	Roman Catholic	
<mark>McGrath</mark>	<mark>Mary</mark>	<mark>13</mark>	Female	Grand Daughter	Roman Catholic	
McGrath	James	<mark>9</mark>	Male	Grand Son	Roman Catholic	
Kelly	Thomas	2	Male	Foster Boy	Roman Catholic	
Ryan	Patrick	4	Male	Foster Boy	Roman Catholic	

1911 - Mary Cushen - 16 in Limerick Road (Tipperary West Urban, Tipperary)

1911 - Residents of a house 10 in Carrownreddy (Pt. of) (Tipperary E. Urban, Tipperary) - Tipperary Industrial School

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
McGrath	Catherine	12	Female	-	Roman Catholic
McGrath	Mary	12	Female	-	Roman Catholic

These back up possibilities aren't very good and there was only one Pauline McGrath of the right age in the 1911 census.

Civil Records

Death: John McGrath - 25 - 1901

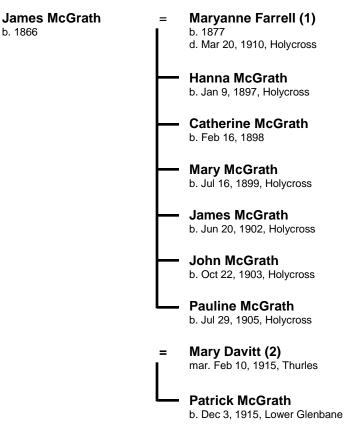
Sup Reg Dist - Cashel, Reg Dist - Cashel Date: December 31, 1901 - Location: Glenbane Name: **John McGrath** Condition: Bachelor Age at last Birthday: 25 years Occupation: Laborer Cause of Death: Phthisis, Not known, No Medical attendant Informant: Mary Breen, Present at Death, Toberadora Reg: January 16, 1902. NOTE: Son of James and Johanna McGrath

Marriage: James Kennedy & Anne McGrath - Glenbane

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross February 18, 1914 - married at RC Chapel at Holycross Husband: **James Kennedy** (Full, Widower, Laborer, Glenbane, Holycross) Father: William Kennedy, Laborer Wife: **Anne McGrath** (Full, Spinster, Laborer, Glenbane, Holycross) Father: James McGrath, Laborer Witnesses: John Hennesy and Mary McGrath (Sister?) Priest: Robert W. Noonan, C. C. Reg: February 26, 1914 NOTE: Daughter of James and Johanna McGrath

1B.1a - James McGrath and Maryanne Farrell (1)

(s/o James McGrath and Johanna LNU) (d/o Father and Mother)



Civil Records

Death: MaryAnne McGrath - 33 - 1910

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: March 20, 1910 - Location: Holycross Name: **Maryanne McGrath** Condition: Married Age at last Birthday: 33 years Occupation: Wife of a Laborer Cause of Death: Cerebral Hemorrhage Hemiplegin Informant: <u>Hannah McGrath</u>, Daughter, Present at Death, Holycross Reg: April 11, 1910

Marriage: James McGrath & Mary Davitt - Holycross

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles February 10, 1915- married at Cathedral of Thurles Husband: **James McGrath**, Full, <u>Widower</u>, Mason, Holycross, Thurles Father: John McGrath, Laborer [Should be James] Wife: Mary Davitt, Full, Spinster, Servant, Main St., Thurles Father: Edward Davitt, Laborer Witnesses: Michael Kennedy and Kate Connor Priest: Michael Ryan, AJM Reg: February 10, 1915 Note: This is the 2nd marriage for James McGrath.

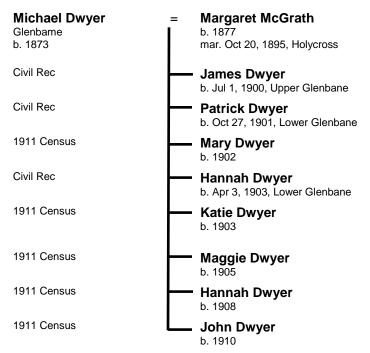
Births

Supt Reg Dist - Cashel, Reg Dist - Cashel December 3, 1915 - **Patrick McGrath**, Par. James McGrath (Laborer, Lower Glenbane) and Mary Davitt, Res: Lower Glenbane, Informant: Mary McGrath, Mother, Lower Glenbame, Reg: January 13, 1916.

1B.1b - Michael Dwyer - Margaret McGrath - Glenbane

(s/o John Dwyer and Mary LNU)

(d/o James McGrath and Johanna LNU)



At the time of the 1901 census Michael and Margaret Dwyer were living with his parents and they had no children.

Michael's parents are known from the census. Michael and Margaret's fathers' are known from their marriage record. Based on the names of Michael's children he wasn't following the naming tradition. Therefore their names won't be used to guess the name of Margaret's mother.

Civil Records

Marriage: Michael Dwyer & Margaret McGrath - Glenbane

October 20, 1895 - married at Holycross RC chapel Husband: **Michael Dwyer**, 29, Bachelor, Laborer, Glenbane Father: John Dwyer, Laborer Wife: **Margaret McGrath**, 23, Spinster, Blank, Glenbane Father: James McGrath, Laborer Witnesses: John Dwyer and Anne McGrath Priest: Michael Devane, C. C. Reg: November 1, 1895 (Holycross) Searched thru 1910

Birth Records - Cashel

Supt Reg Dist - Cashel, Reg Dist - Cashel July 1, 1900 - **James Dwyer**, Par. Michael Dwyer (Laborer, Upper Glenbane) and Margaret McGrath, Res: Upper Glenbane, Informant: Michael Dwyer, Father, Upper Glenbane, Reg: August 2, 1900.

October 27, 1901 - **Patrick Dwyer**, Par. Michael Dwyer (Laborer, Lower Glenbane) and Margaret McGrath, Res: Lower Glenbane, Informant: Michael Dwyer, Father, Lower Glenbane, Reg: November 28, 1901. April 3, 1903 - **Hannah Dwyer**, Par. Michael Dwyer (Laborer, Lower Glenbane) and Margaret McGrath, Res: Lower Glenbane, Informant: Michael Dwyer, Father, Lower Glenbane, Reg: April 30, 1903.

Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Glenbane Lower	832	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Holycross	Cashel	Munster
Glenbane Upper	395	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Holycross	Cashel	Munster
Ballycamusk	596	Tipperary, N.R.	Eliogarty	Holycross	Thurles	Munster

Census Records

1901 - Michael Dwyer - house 6 in Ballycamusk (Holycross, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Dwyer	John	70	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	Mary	80	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
<mark>Dwyer</mark>	Michael	28	Male	Son to Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Dwyer	Maggie	24	Female	Daughter in Law	Roman Catholic
Carroll	Kattie	10	Female	Grand Daughter	Roman Catholic

This is Margaret McGrath Dwyer living with her husband and her in laws. Margaret and Michael have been married about six years and appear to have no children as of the 1901 census. The civil birth records were searched through 1910 and no records were found for any of their possible children.

Birth Year	Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
1875	<mark>Dwyer</mark>	Michael	36	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
1876	Dwyer	Maggie	35	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
1902	Dwyer	Mary	9	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
1903	Dwyer	Katie	8	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
1905	Dwyer	Maggie	6	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
1908	Dwyer	Hannah	3	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
1910	Dwyer	John		Male	Son	Roman Catholic
1836	Dwyer	John	75	Male	Father	Roman Catholic
1834	Dwyer	Mary	77	Female	Mother	Roman Catholic

1911 - Michael Dwyer - house 8 in Ballycamusk	(Holycross, Tipperary)
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Adults never seem to age as expected in the Irish census. Michael only gained 8 years while his wife Margaret gained 11 years. As for Michael's parents, his father only aged 5 years while his mother appears to have grown younger by losing three years.

2 - James Long and Nancy Kelly

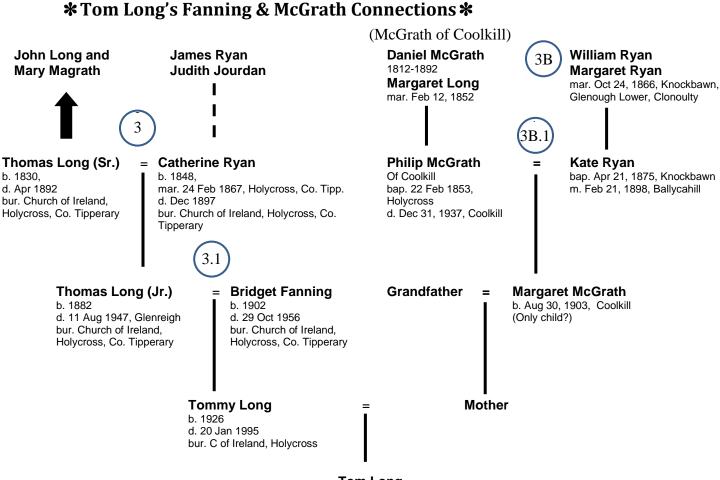
(s/o John Long and Mary Magrath)

James Long Nancy Kelly For more details see: b. 1811, Thurles, Co. b. 1811, Ireland The Long and McGrath Families mar. 28 Feb 1843. Holvcross Tipperary, Ireland On mcgrathsearch.com d. Jan. 24, 1883 Witnesses: Thomas Maher and bur. St. Patrick's Cem., **Richard Long** Truxton, NY d. 1892 bur. St. Patrick's Cem., Truxton, NY Bridget Long = Richard Long bap. June 13, 1839, Holycross, b. 1842. Ireland m. ~1865, NY Co. Tipperary, Ireland d. 1907 d. Feb. 25, 1870 Fabius, NY bur. St. Patrick's Cem., Truxton, NY = Mary O'Neil John Long bap. Jan 3, 1844, Holycross, Co. b. Nov., 1852, NY Tipperary, Ireland m. Aft 1870 d. Bef. Apr. 15, 1900 d. March 22, 1919 Patrick Long Never married bap. Feb. 3 or 5, 1846, Holycross, Co. Tipperary, Ireland d. Jan. 14, 1907, San Antonio, TX bur. St. Agnes Cem., Syracuse, NY Richard Long = Margaret Grady bap. Feb. 7, 1848, Holycross, Co. b. 1861, NY Tipperary, Ireland m. 1891 d. Apr 17, 1919 d. Apr. 2, 1920 bur. St. Agnes Cem., Syracuse, NY No children Phillip Long Never married bap. Oct 14, 1849. Holvcross, Co. Tipperary, Ireland d. 1910

The James Long family arrived in the US around 1852 and might have come to the US via Canada. Long's daughter, Bridget Long, married Richard Long, son of Thomas Long of Tubrid, Raheen and Catherine Fanning of Grange, who had been neighbors back in Ireland. The Thomas Long family arrived in the southern part of Onondaga County (NY) around 1851 after spending some time in Canada. This second Long family will be covered in more detail later in this paper.

Jan	nes Long & Nancy	Sponsors		
John	3 Jan 1844	Lisnagrough	John Kelly	Judith Long
Patrick	3 or 5 Feb 1846	Lisnagrough	John Long	Elly? McGragh
Richard	7 Feb 1848	Lisnagrough	John Kelly	Nancy Long
Philip	14 Oct 1849	Glenreaghmore		Ellen Long

By the 1860s the Thomas Long family was living in the town of Fabius. Just over the Onondaga County line, in the town of Truxton, in Cortland County, was the farm of the above James Long. And between the two Longs, on the Cortland Co. side was the family of my gg-grandfather, Edmund McGraw - neighbors once again, in the new country. Edmund was the son of Michael McGrath of Moyaliff who was covered earlier.



Tom Long

Tom Long has been selected as the focal point for this pedigree chart. The chart provides an element of organization for what could be an endless collection of family records. The various families are numbered according to the order in which they will be described in this section. A dashed line in the chart indicates that the connection is tentative.

Catherine Ryan's [wife of Thomas Long, Sr.] father was named James Ryan. This was inferred from the names of her children and proved from her marriage record.

Bridget Fanning's (1902-1956) parents were John Fanning (b. 1851) and Catherine Doyle (b. 1864; m. 1899). These birth years were derived from church and civil records. John and Catherine Fanning were living in Glenreaghmore at the time of the 1901 and 1911 census. See the "John Fanning and Catherine Doyle" family tree later in this section.

3 - Thomas Long and Catherine Ryan

(s/o John Long and *Mary LNU*) (d/o James Ryan and Joanna Jourdan)

Thomas Long b. 1828 (From age at death) d. Apr 20, 1891, Glenreagh bur. Church of Ireland, Holycross, Co. Tipperary	=	Catherine Ryan b. 1842 (From age at death) mar. Feb 24, 1867, Holycross d. Dec 3, 1896, Glenreagh bur. Church of Ireland, Holycross, Co. Tipperary	у	
Not on family farm in 1911.		Mary Long bap. Mar 13, 1868, Glenreagh Sps. Michael Long and Joanna Ryan	=	Jeremiah Delahunty mar. Feb 24, 1903, Holycross
Inherited family farm. Living on farm in 1901 and 1911. Bachelor.	F	John Long bap. Jun 19, 1869, Glenreagh Sps. John McGrath and Mary Ryan d. May 19, 1934, Glenreagh bur. Church of Ireland, Holycross, Co. Tipperary		Never married
	F	James Long bap. Apr 9, 1871, Glenreagh Sps. Edmund Ryan and Mary McGrath d. Mar 12, 1900, Glenreagh bur. Church of Ireland, Holycross, Co. Tipperary		Never married
Not on family farm in 1901 or 1911.	F	Joanna Long bap. Jan 5, 1873, Glenreagh Sps. Laurence Doyle and Bridget Long d. 2 Feb 1944 bur. Church of Ireland, Holycross, Co. Tipperary	=	Patrick Cummins mar. Mar 3, 1919, Holycross
Not on family farm in 1901 or 1911.		Michael Long bap. Dec 18, 1875, Glenreagh Sps. Michael Ryan and Bridget Long d. Nov 30, 1923, Grange		Never married
Living on family farm in 1901. Not found in 1911 census	F	Edmond Long b. Nov 8, 1879, Glenreagh d. May 1929 bur. Church of Ireland, Holycross, Co. Tipperary	=	Ellen Leahy b. 1884, Cloghane mar. Jul 29, 1905, Holycross
On family farm in 1901 and 1911. Took over the family farm from his brother John around 1926.	<u> </u>	Thomas Long b. Jun 3, 1881, Glenreagh d. 11 Aug 1947, Glenreagh bur. Church of Ireland, Holycross, Co. Tipperary	=	Bridget Fanning b. Aug 5, 1901, Glenreigh mar Jan 28, 1925, Holycross d. 29 Oct 1956 bur. Church of Ireland, Holycross, Co. Tipperary

It has been assumed that when the gravestone inscription reads "In the memory of...," that it can be inferred that the person mentioned was actually buried there. In the older of the two plots there was a Johanna Long Cummins who had been interred. This kind of discovery always prompts the question; what happened to her husband? According to Tom Long the marriage didn't last and so Johanna was simply buried with her family.

Catherine Ryan Thurles RC parish - Baptism

March 13, 1847 - Catherine Ryan, Par. James Ryan and Judith Jourdan Res: None, Sps. James Slattery.

From the civil record of her death, Catherine Ryan Long died on December 3, 1896. Her age (54) at the time of her death gives a birth year of 1842. From the names of her children it would be expected that her parents were names James and Johanna (or Judith).

3.1 - Thomas Long (Jr.) and Bridget Fanning

(s/o Thomas Long (Sr.) and Catherine Ryan) (d/o John Fanning and Catherine Doyle)

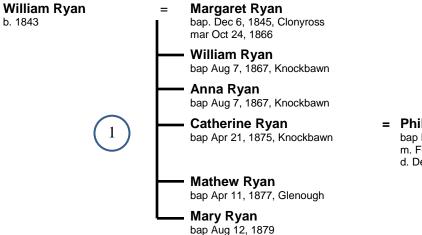
Thomas Long (Jr.) = Bridget Fanning b. Aug 5, 1901, Glenreigh mar Jan 28, 1925, Holycross b. Jun 3, 1881, Glenreagh d. 11 Aug 1947, Glenreagh bur. Church of Ireland, d. 29 Oct 1956 Holycross, Co. Tipperary bur. Church of Ireland, Holycross, Co. Tipperary Kitty Long d. Apr 1928 bur. C of Ireland, Holycross **Bridget Long** d. Mar 1937 bur. C of Ireland, Holycross **Tommy Long** b. 1926 d. 20 Jan 1995 bur. C of Ireland, Holycross John Long b. 1929 d. 19 Aug 2002 bur. C of Ireland, Holycross

The information on Thomas Long (Jr.) and Bridget Fanning's children were from gravestone inscriptions.

3B - William Ryan and Margaret Ryan of Knockbawn

(s/o William Ryan and Anna LNU)

(d/o William Ryan and Margaret Ryan)



= Philip McGrath bap Feb 22, 1853, Holycross m. Feb 21, 1898, Ballycahill d. Dec 31, 1937, Coolkill

These are the parents of Kate Ryan, who married Philip McGrath, as shown in the above tree. Kate's baptismal record together with those of four of her siblings and her parents' marriage record were found in Clonoulty RC parish. Their residence in these records was listed as Knockbawn, which no longer exists. By using old OS maps it was possible to identify Knockbawn (which means Hill home) with Ring Hill (R 968 542). The old Knockbane was a sub-townland in the northwest corner of Glenough Lower townland in Clonoulty civil parish.

Clonoulty RC parish

Marriage

October 24, 1866 - William Ryan married Margaret Ryan Res: Knockb..., by Rev. William Wall; Wit. Patrick Breen and Mary Aherne. **NOTE:** The civil record shows the witness as Margaret Aherne.

Baptisms

August 7, 1867 - William Ryan - Par. William Ryan and Margaret Ryan Res: Knockba..; Sps. William Daverne and Mary Ryan

August 7, 1867 - Anna Ryan - Par. William Ryan and Margaret Ryan Res: Knockba..; Sps. Timothy Ryan and Mary Aherne.

April 21, 1875 - Catherine Ryan - Par. William Ryan and Margaret Ryan Res: Knockbawn; Sps. Daniel Aherenh and Maria Breen.

April 11, 1877 - Mathew Ryan - Par. William Ryan and Margaret Ryan Res: Glenough; Sps. Patrick Davern and Margaret Ryan.

August 12, 1879 - Mary Ryan - Par. William Ryan and Margaret Ryan Res: None; Sps. Pat Ahearne and Honoria Brien.

All the parishes were searched into the 1880-1890 decade and no more baptism records were found for children of William Ryan and Margaret Ryan.

Civil Records

Marriage: William Ryan and Margaret Ryan - Glenough

Sup Reg Dist - Cashel, Reg Dist - Kilpatrick
October 24, 1866 - married at the RC Chapel of Clonoulty
Husband: William Ryan (23, Bachelor, Carpenter, Glenough)
Father: William Ryan (Farmer)
Wife: Margaret Ryan (22, Spinster, Farmeress, Glenough)
Father: William Ryan (Farmer)
Witnesses: Patrick Breen and <u>Margaret Aherne</u>?
Priest: William Wall, P. P.
Reg: February 12, 1867.
NOTE: The church record shows the witness as Mary Aherne.

Clonoulty RC

Baptism

December 6, 1845 - **Margaret Ryan**, Par. William Ryan and Margaret Ryan, Res: Cloneross, Sps. Margaret Hill

- Selected based on age and father's name from marriage record and location.

3B.1 - Philip McGrath & Catherine Ryan - Coolkill

(s/o Daniel McGrath and Margaret Long) (d/o William Ryan and Margaret Ryan)

=

Philip McGrath bap. 22 Feb 1853, Holycross Sp. Bridget McGrath d. Dec 31, 1937, Coolkill

Catherine Ryan

b. 1871 (Death Řec) m. Feb 21, 1898, Ballycahill d. Mar 17, 1956, Moyaliff, Ballycahill

— Margaret McGrath b. Aug 30, 1903, Coolkill

Civil Records

Marriage: Philip McGrath and Catherine Ryan - Coolkill

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross February 21, 1898 - married at Ballycahill RC chapel Husband: **Philip McGrath**, Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Coolkill Father: Daniel McGrath (Deceased), Farmer Wife: **Catherine Ryan**, Full age, Spinster, Blank, Coolkill Father: William Ryan, Farmer Witnesses: Patrick McGrath and Mary Ryan Priest: John L. McGrath Reg: February 25, 1898 (Holycross)

Birth

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross August 30, 1903 - **Margaret McGrath**, Par. Philip McGrath (Farmer, Coolkill) and Catherine Ryan, Res: Coolkill, Informant: Philip McGrath, Father, Coolkill, Reg: October 9, 1903 (Holycross).

Death: Philip McGrath - 83 yrs - 1937

Sup Reg Dist Thurles, Reg Dist Holycross Date: December 31, 1937 - Location: Coolkill Name: **Philip McGrath** Condition: Married Age at last Birthday: 83 years Occupation: Farmer Cause of Death: Probably old age, 3 days, No medical attendant Informant: Catherine McGrath, wife, present at death, Coolkill Reg: January 8, 1938

Death: Catherine McGrath - 85 - 1956

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: March 17, 1956 - Location: Moyaliff, Ballycahill Name: **Catherine McGrath** Condition: Widow Age at last Birthday: 85 years Occupation: House wife Cause of Death: Senile decay Informant: Criss Britt, Present at death, Moyaliff, Ballycahill Reg: May 20, 1956.

Census Records

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Mc Grath	Philip	46	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	Catherine	26	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
Kinnana	John	18	Male	Servant	Roman Catholic
Purcill	Anne	19	Female	Servant	Roman Catholic

1901 - Philip McGrath - house 5 in Coolkill (Ballycahill, Tipperary)

1911 - Philip McGrath - house 1 in Coolkill (No. 1) (Ballycahill, Tipperary)

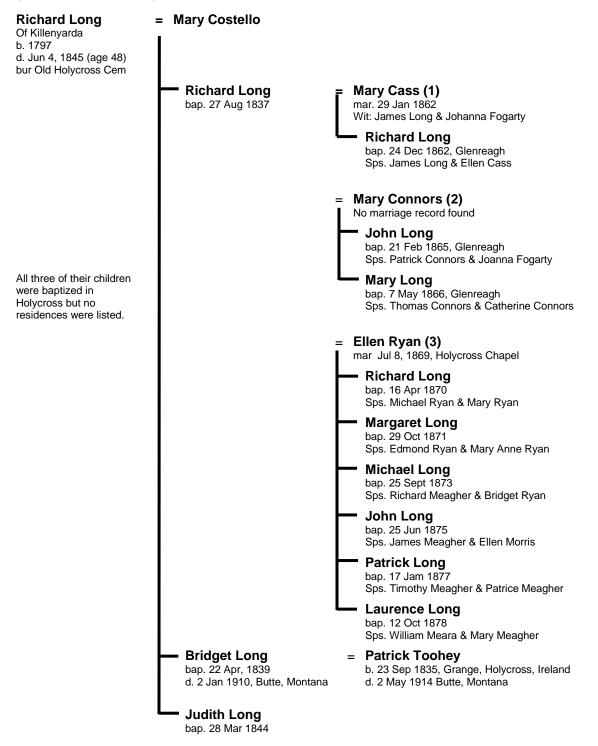
Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Mc Grath	Philip	57	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	Catherine	37	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
Mc Grath	Margaret	7	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Hynes	Bridget	14	Female	Servant	Roman Catholic

Philip and Catherine have been married 13 years. Catherine had given birth to 1 child and she was still alive at the time of the 1911 census.

See the "Daniel McGrath and Margaret Long of Coolkill" section earlier in this paper for more details on this family.

Richard Long and Mary Costello of Killenyarda

(s/o Father and Mother) (d/o Father and Mother)



Tom Long has pointed out that Richard Long, Sr. of Killenyarda was buried next to his families' plot. He also observed that all the plots seemed to be part of one plot at

one time that would indicate that the Killenyarda Longs were related to the Glenreagh Longs.

This Long family tree requires three marriage records to prove its correctness or a headstone inscription that shows that Mary Cass did not die in the necessary interval needed to disprove it. A simple cause of the confusion would be that the priest wrote Connors instead of Cass in John and Mary Long's baptismal records. Clare Tuohy has seen this Cass/Connors switch in other records. No marriage record has been found for Richard Long and Mary Connors.

The names Richard and John were reused which implies that the earlier Richard and John had died. A search of the civil death records for the Thurles District produced a Richard Long who died in 1870 at the age of 7 years. There were also two John Longs who both died at the age of 0 in 1865 and 1866. There were no images available for these records so the detailed information is incomplete. These records agree in name and age with Richard and John Long. Taken together with the family's reuse of the name Richard and John would seem to indicate that the younger Richard and John had both died young.

The Valuation Office records of ownership transfer fit in nicely with the other established dates.

Lot 4A - Glenreaghmore: GV (1851) Edward Cass \rightarrow Mary Cass (?) \rightarrow Richard Long (1862) \rightarrow Michael Ryan (Clery) (1879).

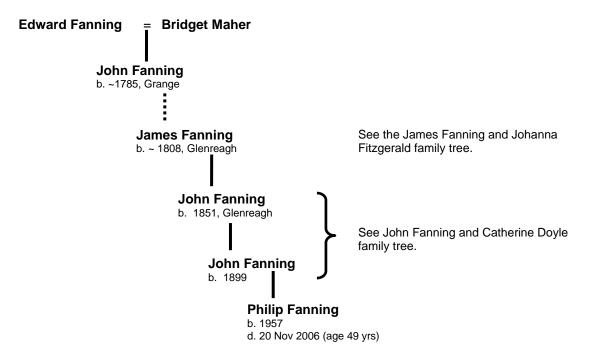
Mary Cass and Richard Long were married in 1862 and that was when he took over the Glenreaghmore property. In 1879 Richard Long ceded ownership to Michael Ryan, and for males that usually happened at death. It isn't known when Richard died but the above date was after the birth of his last child so there aren't any inconsistencies shown in the above family tree.

Richard and Mary Costello Long were the parents of Bridget Long who married Patrick Toohey (s/o William Tuohy and Mary Fanning). Patrick and his family immigrated to Norwich, NY in 1874 and then moved to Colorado before moving to Butte, MT in the late 1890s. Bridget and Patrick's family is shown in more detail in *The Neighbors in Ireland 12-05-11*, p. 111.

Fanning in Glenreaghmore

Connections Among the Fannings

The McGrath-Fanning papers found by Marvin Minton only show significant details for two of the five children of Edward Fanning and Bridget Maher. There was a John Fanning who might have been born in about 1785. If he had married and had a son, that might be the James (b. ~1808) shown below, found in the Holycross Cemetery. This James did marry and had a son named John Fanning (b. 1851). The marriage record of John Fanning and Catherine Doyle shows that John's father was James Fanning.

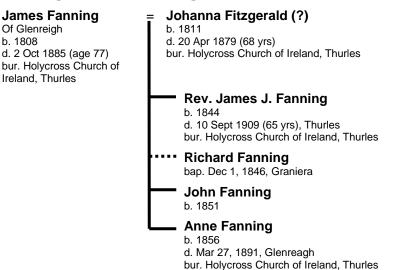


The possible connection of James Fanning to John Fanning of Grange, son of Edward Fanning and Bridget Maher needs to be examined in detail in light of the new information found in the McGrath-Fanning family papers. The first show stopper is the statement that John Fanning "died, unmarried." This was found in two of the McGrath -Fanning papers: "Ancestries 1" and "Family of Edward Fanning & Bridget Maher."

The author of these papers was Winifred McGrath, the oldest surviving daughter of Patrick McGrath and Bridget Fanning. She was born in 1834 and was 15 years old when the family left for New Orleans in 1849 and would have been well acquainted with her relatives in the Grange area. If James (b. ~1808) was the son of John Fanning, he would have been the 1st cousin of Winifred's mother, Bridget. James' father (John) would have been Bridget's uncle and Winifred's great uncle. James married before Winifred went to New Orleans and had at least two children prior to 1849 and these would have been Winifred's 2nd cousins. There would have been evidence all around Winifred if her great uncle had married.

This means that the only male grandson of Edward Fanning and Bridget Maher was Thomas Fanning. He was the only bearer of the Fanning name and he went to New Orleans in 1849. Now if John Fanning never married as stated in the records then who were James Fanning's ancestors?

James Fanning and Johanna Fitzgerald²⁴



James and Johanna also had a nephew Rev. P. Fogarty. On the side of the James and Johanna Fanning stone, in the Holycross Church of Ireland Cemetery, is the following inscription:

Anne Fanning, d. 27 Mar 1891, age 35; Laurence Fanning, Raheen, d. 1 Aug 1978; His wife, Mary (nee Shanahan), d. 29 May 1977.

Anne Fanning's burial in James and Johanna Fanning's plot makes her their likely daughter. On her death record the informant was her brother, John Fanning. So, here are two additional children for James and Johanna Fanning.

This Laurence Fanning is the son of John and Catherine Doyle Fanning and is buried in the plot of James and Johanna Fanning. This implies a family connection. Based on the trees constructed so far, John and Catherine are Laurence's grandparents.

On the other side of the gravestone are the additional inscriptions:

John Fanning / Glenreigh / Died 2nd Nov 1956 / Aged 57 yrs / His wife / **Mai** (nee Hayes) / Died 9th Aug 1974 / Aged 57 yrs / Also their son Philip / Died 20th Nov 2006 / aged 49 years.

Like his brother Lawrence, John and his family were also buried on their grandparent's plot

Death: Anne Fanning - 35 - 1891

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: March 27, 1891 - Location: Glenreigh Name: **Anne Fanning** Condition: Spinster Age at last Birthday: 35 years Occupation: Daughter of a Farmer Cause of Death: Epilepsy, 8 years, uncertified, no med att Informant: *John Fanning, Brother*, Present at death, Glenreigh Reg: April 3, 1891

Upperchurch and Drombane RC

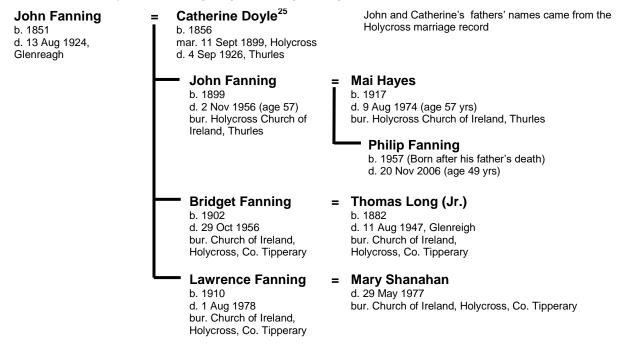
Baptism

December 1, 1846 - **Richard Fanning**, Par. James Fanning and Joanna Fitzgerald, Res: Graniera, Sps. Edmund Fitzgerald and Mary Fitzgerald.

No marriage record was found for this couple. Richard's baptism was the only baptism in Upperchurch for these parents. This might be a child of James and Johanna Fanning, however, the residence is Graniera, in Upperchurch civil parish, which is quite a ways from Glenreaghmore. There was also no marriage record found for James and Johanna Fanning in Ballycahill and Holycross RC parish records.

John Fanning and Catherine Doyle

(s/o James Fanning of Glenreaghmore) (d/o Laurence Doyle of Glenreaghbeg and Bridget Long)



All of the following are buried in the Holycross Church of Ireland Cemetery. John Fanning, his wife Mai and their son Philip are all buried on their grandparent's plot (James and Johanna Fanning). Lawrence and Mary Fanning are also buried on their grandparent's plot. Thomas and Bridget Long are buried in the same cemetery on their own plot. Catherine Doyle Fanning is buried on the same plot as her brother James Doyle. The question is: Where is John Fanning buried?

Death: John Fanning - 77 - 1924	Death: Catherine Fanning - 63 - 1926
Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross	Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles
Date: August 13, 1924 - Location: Glenreagh	Date: September 4, 1926 - Location: District
Name: John Fanning	Hospital, Thurles
Condition: Married	Name: Catherine Fanning, Glenreagh
Age at last Birthday: 77 years	Condition: Widow
Occupation: Farmer	Age at last Birthday: 63 years
Cause of Death: Gastritis, 21 days, Certified	Occupation: Widow of a Farmer
Informant: Bridget Fanning, Daughter, Present at	Cause of Death: Diabetes, 1 year, Gangrene of leg,
death, Glenreagh	Certified
Reg: August 18, 1924.	Informant: L. G. Dwyer, Occupier, District Hospital
	Reg: September 6, 1926.

Census Records

1901 - James Doyle - house 2 in Glenreagh More (Holycross, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion	
Doyle	James	38	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic	
Fanning	Kate 6	36	Female	Sister	Roman Catholic	
Doyle	Thomas	30	Male	Brother	Roman Catholic	
Fanning	<mark>John</mark>	50	Male	Brother in Law	Roman Catholic	
Fanning	John	1	Male	Nephew	Roman Catholic	
Fanning	James		Male	Nephew	Roman Catholic	

John Fanning and Kate Doyle and family are living with John's brother-in-law James Doyle. James Fanning died on December 17, 1901 at the age of 18 months.

1911 - John Fanning - house 3 in Glenreagh More (Holycross, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion		
Fanning	John	60	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic		
Fanning	Catherine	45	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic		
Fanning	John	11	Male	Son	Roman Catholic		
Fanning	Bridget	9	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic		
Fanning	Lawrence	1	Male	Son	Roman Catholic		
Doyle	Thomas	33	Male	Visitor	Roman Catholic		

John and Catherine Fanning have been married 11 years. Catherine had given birth to 3 children, all of who were still alive at the time of the 1911 census. Catherine didn't include her son James who had died at age 18 months on December 17, 1901.

Death: James Fanning - 18 months - 1901

From Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross Date: December 17, 1901 - Location: Glenreaghmore Name: James Fanning Condition: Bachelor Age at last Birthday: 18 months Occupation: Son of a Farmer Cause of Death: Acute Bronchitis, 3 days, Certified Informant: John Fanning, Father, Present at death, Glenreaghmore Reg: December 30, 1901.

No.	House Book Glenreaghmore Name & Description	Quality Letter	Length (ft)	Breadth (ft)	Height (ft)	Area (sq ft)	Measures (Area/10 sq ft)	Rate (pence/ meas)	£	S	d
8a	Patt Davorn's										
	Dwelling House	3B	22.6	17.6	6.6	390	39	5.25	0	17	1
8b	Malaky Ryan										
	Dwelling House	3B	33.9	17.0	6.0	560	56	5	1	3	4
	Ho. porch	3B	5.9	2.0	5.9	10	1	4.75	0	0	5
9	9 Thomas Fanning of Grange No House - 19 acres at 25s per acre										

These persons were living in the same townland as James Long but they were gone by 1849 whereas James moved there from Lisnagrough in probably the same year.

The Thomas Fanning above was the son of Richard Fanning and Margaret Ryan and the husband of Bridget Purcell. They went to New Orleans in 1849 along with Patrick McGrath and his family. The Tenure Book entry was a little tricky. It showed the occupant as the widow of Thomas Fanning of Grange. Since the previous Thomas hadn't died and his wife was with him in New Orleans, this widow was determined to be Honora Ryan Fanning, the widow of the elder Thomas Fanning and the younger Thomas' aunt.

The table shown below represents the culmination of the effort to trace the land information from the House Book through to the GV Map for Glenreaghmore. This provides an example of land consolidation through the Famine and the evolution of the Lot Nos. seen on the GV maps.

	House	/Tenu	re Bo	ok			GV Table	GV Map		
No.	Name	Α	R	Ρ	Acres (Statute)	Acres (Statute)	GV Table	Est. (Statute)	Map No.	
1	William Fell	8	0	0	12.96	13.32	1. James Long	26.7	1	
2	William Shea	8	0	0	12.96	13.06	2. James Long	20.7	I	
3	John Meara	10	0	0	16.20	32.34	3. Richard	31.6	2	
4	William Ryan	9	3	0	15.8	32.34	Comerford	31.0	2	
5	Thomas Doyle	10	0	0	16.20	15.63	4. Thomas Doyle	14.7	3	
6	Edmond Cass	13	0	0	21.1					
	Edmond Cass	27	0	0	43.7	103.8 5. ABC Edmund Cass	118.4	4AB		
7	John Kennedy	29	0	6	39.0					
					8.0	16.20	7. Mrs. Murphy			
8	Patt Davorn & Malachy Ryan	10	0	0	16.20	47.00	6. Mary Gleason	45.5	5	
9	Thomas Fanning	19	0	0	30.80					
		143	3	6	232.9	241.35		236.9		

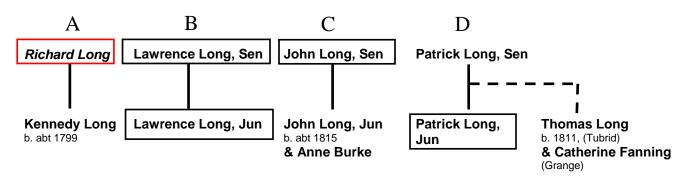
The total area calculated from the House Book numbers comes up a little short of the area in the GV itself. The 143.8 Irish acres converts to 232.9 Statute acres. Compared to the 241.4 Statute acres in Glenreaghmore there are 8.5 Statute acres missing. These can be identified as the acres held by Mrs. Murphy in the GV Table. The missing acres probably originated with Edmund Cass. His entry in the House Book noted that he had "abt. 40a." The size of eight of the ten lots were given as a whole number of acres, implying that they were probably also estimated rather than actually measured.

The GV Map acreage numbers were estimated from the actual map using a square counting methodology and yielded a value of 236.9 acres.²⁶ This differed from the actual value by only 1.8%. The last column contains these Farm Lot numbers from the GV Map.

	1A - (41a-3r-36p)
Book 1	William Cronin
Book 2	William Cronin → James Fanning (1860)
Book 3	James Fanning
Book 4	James Fanning
Book 5	James Fanning
Book 6	James Fanning
Book 7	James Fanning → John Fanning (1889)
Book 8	John Fanning → Edward Fanning (1903)
	Edward Fanning → Joseph Blake (1925) →
Book 9	Hannah Blake (1928) → Annie Blake (1931)

Fannings in Glenreaghbeg from the Cancelled Books

The Longs of Raheen, Holycross



* Raheen Long Pedigree *

All the Longs who appeared in the Griffith's Valuation (GV) for Raheen, those names in black rectangles, were occupying consecutively labeled lots. This geographic closeness makes it plausible to assume that all three of these Long families might be related. The Michael Long found on Lot 8 in the GV was not found in any of the Ballycahill-Holycross church records, neither as a son of one of the other Long families nor as the head of a family himself. However a Michael Long was found in the 1843 Poor Rates for Raheen.

The existence of the Sen / Jun pairs, for John and Patrick, is suggested by the Griffith's Valuation (GV) for Raheen — see the actual GV table on a following page. The baptism records of the children of Kennedy Long, Lawrence Long, Jun, and John Long, Jun were found in the Ballycahill and Holycross RC parish registers.

The church records gave Lisnagrough as the residence of a John Long. It can be consistently assumed that these records belong to "Jun" due to the relative Jr. and Sr. age differences. Lisnagrough is the adjacent townland southwest of Raheen. It seems plausible that John, Jun had moved from Lisnagrough to Raheen by the time of the GV. This can be seen in the residences names found in the family baptism records. In the list of Raheen occupiers for the 1843 Rates for the Relief of the Poor showed only one Lawrence Long and one John Long, these being the Sr members of the name.

A - Kennedy Long was not found in the GV for Raheen. However, it was his families' last known residence ²⁷, before the family had immigrated to Hoosick Falls, NY in 1848. The implied connection to Richard Long was based on the assumption that Kennedy Long's first son was named after his father and hence is displayed here in italics. The red rectangle signifies that a Richard Long was found in the 1845 list of Raheen occupiers for the Rates for the Relief of the Poor²⁸.

More information on the Kennedy Long family is found in the following documents.

The Long and McGrath Families - Neighbors on Both Sides of the Ocean http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Long%20and%20McGrath%20Families%2010-27-11.pdf

The Neighbors in Ireland

http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Long%20and%20McGrath%20Families%2010-27-11.pdf

B - Lawrence Long - For Lawrence Long in Raheen there are four possibilities found in the parish registers.

Laurence Long = Catherine Ryan John Long - Oct 9, 1835, Cormackstown Thomas Long - Jun 18, 1837 Patrick Long - Nov 14, 1839, Tobins Cross Margaret Long - Feb 9, 1843, Cormackstown Mary Long - Nov 19, 1845, Cormackstown Judy Long - May 26, 1848, Cormackstown Laurence Long - Oct 27, 1851, Tobins Cross	Laurence Long = Margaret Ryan James Long - Mar 27, 1836 Judith Long - Oct 15, 1838 Ellen Long - Jan 23, 1842, Lisnagrough Richard Long - Jul 30, 1844, Lisnagrough Nancy Long - May 26, 1846, Lisnagrough
Laurence Long = Mary Ryan	Laurence Long = Mary Brien
Catharine Long - Oct 29, 1835, Cloghane	Patrick Long - May 26, 1840
Martin Long - Nov 13, 1837	Mary Long - Mar 7, 1845, Rathcannon
Bridget Long - Oct 13, 1839, Glenbane	John Long - Apr 5, 1847, Rathcannon
Thomas Long - Dec 30, 1841, Clohane	Honora Long - Jul 9, 1849, Rathcannon
Judith Long - Jun 23, 1844, Cloghane	Honora Long - Jan 19, 1851, Rathcannon
Nony Long - Jun 28, 1848, Cloghane	Margaret Long - Mar 12, 1858

The table below summarizes where the four Laurence Long families were living at various times. The Residence column lists the predominant residence found in the baptism records. The Poor Rates column lists where the families were living at the time that the Poor Rates lists were created (Moyaliff - 1843, Holycross - 1842). If the family was found on the Poor Rates list that residence is used, otherwise the residence from the church records close to that time is used. In the GV column the GV residence is used if the family appears in the document otherwise a church record residence from the same time period is used.

Names	Residence (Church Records)	Poor Rates	GV				
Laurence Long & Catherine Ryan	Cormackstown	Cormackstown (church records)					
Laurence Long & Margaret Ryan	Lisnagrough	Lisnagrough	Lisnagrough - GV				
Laurence Long & Mary Ryan	Cloghane	Cloghane	Not in GV for Cloghane. Free to be Laurence Jr in the GV for Raheen.				
Laurence Long & Mary Brien	Rathcannon	Rathcannon ?	Rathcannon - GV (church records)				

C - There is a **John Long** in the Ballycahill and Holycross records who was associated with Lisnagrough. The John Long found in the 1842 Poor Rates for Holycross is thought to have been the elder John Long (1773-1842) since he died on September 30, 1842 and the Poor Rates list was dated January 31, 1842. Therefore the younger John Long was not a land owner in 1842.

John must have also moved to Raheen by the time of the GV but this is speculation at this point. Given the year of the baptisms, this John would be a candidate for John Long, Jun.

John Long = Anne Burke

Catharine Long - Apr 19, 1835 Norry Long - Sep 12, 1841, Lisnagrough Margaret Long - Jan 7, 1844, Lisnagrough

D - Patrick Long

So far no **Patrick Long** has surfaced in the other records who could be placed in the townland of Raheen at the time of the Griffith's Valuation. In a later section of this paper there is a Thomas Long who will be discussed. He has been labeled for convenience as "of Grange," while the McGrath-Fanning Papers describe this Thomas as "of Tubrid" (sub-townland in the northern portion of Raheen townland). The father of this Thomas was named Patrick (from Thomas Long's 1892 death certificate). As indicated in the diagram on the previous page this Thomas might be the brother of Patrick, Jun. Additional detailed information on this Thomas Long family can be found in the same references given for Kennedy Long on the previous page.

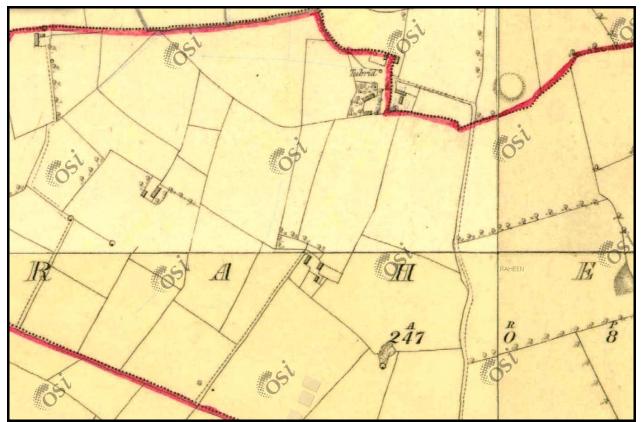
Longs in Griffith's Valuation - Raheen

No. Griffith's Valuation Raheen Name		Immediate Lessor	Description of Tenement	Content of Land		Net Annual Value of Land				Net Annual Value of Buildings			A	otal N Innua Value	al I	
	Name			Α	r	р	£	s	d		£	s	d	£	s	d
6	Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq.	Rev. Garrett Wall	Land	2	3	39	2	14	0					2	14	0
6a	Mary Ryan	Wm. <mark>B</mark> . Armstrong, Esq.	House								0	17	0	0	17	0
6b	Lawrence Long, <u>Sen</u>	Wm. <mark>B</mark> . Armstrong, Esq.	House and garden	0	0	24	0	2	0		0	13	0	0	15	0
6c	Lawrence Long, Jun	Wm. <mark>B</mark> . Armstrong, Esq.	House and office								2	0	0	2	0	0
7a	Patrick Long, Jun	Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq.	House, office and land	24	1	30	10	0	0		1	10	0	11	10	0
1a	John Long, <u>Sen</u>	Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq.	House, office and land	24	•	30	10	0	0		1	11	0	11	11	0
8	Michael Long	Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq.	Land	17	2	37	15	15	0					15	15	0
8a	Patrick Ryan	Michael Long	House and garden	0	0	13	0	1	0		0	8	0	0	9	0

In the table above are all the Longs found in the Griffith's Valuation for the townland of Raheen, Holycross parish.

Griffith's Valuation - Raheen

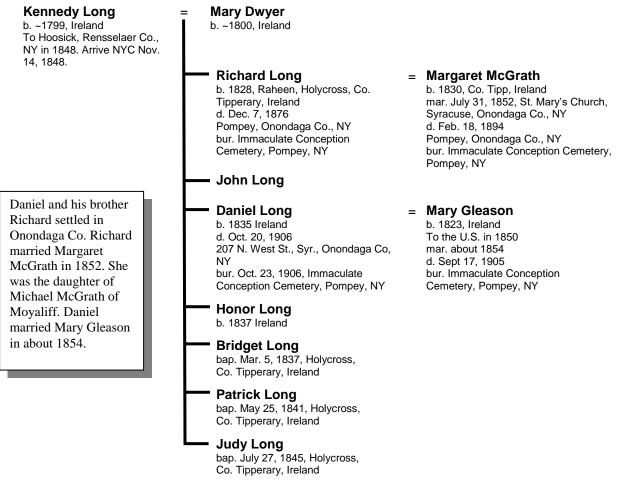
	Nancen						
RAHEEN. 1 c Lawrence Dwyer, - b John Dempsey, 2 Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq. - a John Conway, 3 Samuel Hill, 4 James Dwyer, 5 Abca Edward Wilson, Esq. - c - c John Considine, - - c James Dwyer, - - c James Dwyer, - - c John Considine, - - c John Considine, - - c John Considine, - - c Margaret Gleeson, - G Wm. B. Arustrong, Esq. - a Mary Ryan, - b Lawrence Long, jun. - a John Long, sen. 3 John Long, sen. -	Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq. Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq. Rev. Garrett Wall, Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq. Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq. Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq. Edward Wilson, Esq. Edward Wilson, Esq. Edward Wilson, Esq. Edward Wilson, Esq. Rev. Garrett Wall, Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq. Wm. B. Armstrong, Esq.	House, offices, & land, J Land, House, offices, and land, House, offices, and land, House, offices, and land, House, offices, and land, House, House, House, Land, House and garden, House and office, House, offices, & land, J House, offices, & land, J Land, House and garden,	13 1	2 4 7 8 4 39 24 30 37 13	$ \begin{cases} 10 & 6 & 0 \\ 10 & 6 & 0 \\ 20 & 3 & 0 \\ 5 & 18 & 0 \\ 8 & 2 & 0 \\ 114 & 5 & 0 \\ & & & \\ & & & \\ 2 & 14 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 & 0 \\ 10 & 0 & 0 \\ 10 & 0 & 0 \\ 15 & 15 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{cases} $	1 17 0 1 18 0 1 16 0 1 5 0 1 5 0 1 5 0 34 0 0 1 5 0 1 6 0 1 6 0 1 6 0 1 8 0 0 18 0 1 10 0 1 10 0 1 8 0 1 10 0 0 1 10 0 1 10 0 0 1 10 0 1 10 0 0 1 10 0 0 0 1 10 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 10 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	12 3 0 13 4 0 20 3 0 1 16 0 7 3 0 9 11 0 148 5 0 1 5 0 1 1 0 1 6 0 1 6 0 0 18 0 2 14 0 0 17 0 0 15 0 2 14 0 0 17 0 0 15 0 1 10 0 11 0 0 15 0 0 9 0
		Total, .	247 0	8	207 12 0	54 14 0	262 6 0



Tubrid is a sub-townland along the northern edge of the Raheen townland in Holycross civil parish.

A - Kennedy Long and Mary Dwyer

(s/o Richard Long and Honor LNU) (d/o John Dwyer and Bridget LNU)



Baptismal Records from Holycross RC Parish Kennedy Long & Mary Dwyer

Name	Bap. Date	Residence	Sponsors			
Bridget	5 Mar 1837	None	Daniel Dwyer	Margt Burke		
Patrick	25 May 1841	Raheen	Patt Long	Hanna Hayes		
Judith	27 Jul 1844	Tubrid	Laurence Long Judith Long			

From the 1850 Hoosick Falls, Rensselaer Co, NY Census: Kennedy Long (52), Mary Kennedy (52), Bridget Long (13), Patrick Long (9) and Johannah (5).

This was one of the three Long families who had settled in Central NY during the early 1850s. In this section as many connections as possible of this family to other Long families or McGrath families will be described.

D - Thomas Long and Catherine Fanning

(s/o Patrick Long and *Mary Long*)

NY

(d/o Richard Fanning and Margaret Ryan)

Thomas Long **Catherine Fanning** b. ~1811, Tubrid, Holycross, b. 1818, Ireland Co. Tipperary, Ireland m. ~1838 in Ireland d. Nov. 22, 1871 Fabius, NY d. Dec. 24, 1892 Liverpool, bur. St. Patrick's Cem., bur. Fulton, NY Truxton, NY Patt Long b. Bef 1835, Ireland **Richard Long** = Bridget Long bap. June 13, 1839, Holycross, Co. b. 1842 Ireland m. ~1865 Tipperary, Ireland d. Feb. 25, 1870 Fabius, NY d. 1907 bur. St. Patrick's Cem., Truxton, NY Mary Long the family. bap. Feb. 21, 1841, Holycross, Co. Tipperary, Ireland Never Married Patrick Long bap. May 10, 1843, Holycross, Co. Tipperary, Ireland d. Dec. 24, 1901 bur. St. Leo's Cemetery, Tully, Onondaga Co., NY = Jane Ryan Lawrence Long bap. July 11, 1845, Holycross, Co. Tipperary, Ireland d. 1899, Syracuse, NY Cazenovia, NY Margaret Long = Patrick Gleason bap. Oct. 5, 1847, Holycross, Co. Tipperary, Ireland m. 1872 d. ? Cortland, NY Thomas Long = Bridget Ryan b. 1854, Tully, NY bap. May 7, 1854, Pompey, NY m. Feb. 8, 1882 d. Oct 4, 1908, Syracuse, NY bur. St. Agnes Cem., Syr., NY Emily (Amy) Long = Dennis Riley b. 1856, Tully, NY

Bridget is the daughter of James Long and Nancy Kelly

Died young in Ireland

3 or 4 children

8 children

Never found in the U.S. census records with

b. Nov. 1854, Onondaga Co., NY m. Nov. 25, 1876, St. James, d. Feb. 23, 1946, Syracuse bur. St. Agnes Cem., Syracuse, NY 9 children

b. June 1842 Ireland (from Morgan Hill, Cuyler, NY)

- b. Feb. 26, 1856 NY d. Sept 5, 1905, Syracuse, NY bur. St. Agnes Cem., Syr., NY
- b. July 14, 1860, Truxton, NY m. ~1896

Never Married

3 children / 2 died by 1900

3 children

The Thomas Long and Catherine Fanning family came to the US and settled in the southern part of Onondaga County in Central New York. The names of Thomas and Catherine Fanning Long's first two sons were: Patt and Richard. Their first two daughters

bur. St. Patrick's Cem., Truxton, NY

d. Sept. 1902, Syracuse, NY

John Long

b. 1859, Tully, NY d. Dec. 3, 1877

were Mary and Margaret. Thomas and Catherine were strictly following the Irish naming tradition. Thomas Long's place of birth was given as Tubrid, Raheen townland, Holycross par., Co. Tipperary by Marvin Minton in the McGrath - Fanning Genealogy. This Thomas Long family was shown earlier in this document to possibly be connected to the Longs of Raheen. The family's story in America is covered in more detail elsewhere.²⁹

Thoma	s Long & Catheri	Spo	Sponsors				
Richard	13 Jun 1839	Jun 1839 Grange		Bridget Fanan			
Mary	21 Feb 1841	Grange	Thomas Fanning	Mary Ryan			
Patrick	10 May 1843	Grange	William Tuohy	Honora Fanning			
Lawrence	11 Jun 1845	Grange	Patrick McGragh	Bridget Fanning			
Margaret	5 Oct 1847	Grange	Patrick Long	Anny ?			

Long Baptismal Sponsors from Holycross Parish Records

The Laurence Long Land Lease

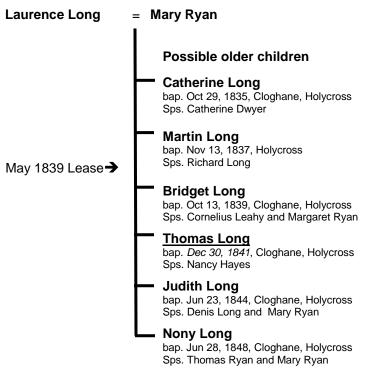
In the townland of Cloghane, that shares the southern border of Grange, there was a Laurence Long. On May 4, 1839 Laurence signed a lease for land in Cloghane with Thomas Firman. Ironically, that was the same day that Thomas Long (of Grange) signed his lease with Firman for land in Grange. The "Lives" mentioned in Laurence's (of Cloghane) lease were as follows:

- □ Pat Long and Thomas Long sons of said Laurence Long, the Lessee, and
- □ Pat Long son to Thomas Long of Grange.

Witnesses were Richd Fannin and Patk Long (their signatures). The lease was signed by Laurence Long.

It was known previously (from Thomas Long's lease) that Pat Long was the eldest son of Thomas Long.³⁰ It can be assumed that the other Pat Long might be the eldest son of Laurence Long because the practice at that time was to use the eldest sons for the "lives" in the leases. Thomas Long's father was Patrick³¹ and if it is assumed that Laurence also followed the Irish naming convention then his father was might have also been named Patrick. It would not be too much of a stretch to assume that Laurence and Thomas were brothers. In addition, the witness Patrick Long could quite possibly be the father of Thomas and Laurence Long. The other witness, Richd Fannin (Richard Fanning), was Thomas Long's father-in-law. It's curious that Laurence didn't use another member of his own family. This involves assumptions and speculation but the game needs to start somewhere.

Laurence Long and Mary Ryan of Cloghane



Church Records - Ballycahill & Holycross RC

Laurence Long = Mary Ryan

Catharine Long - Oct 29, 1835, Cloghane, Sps. Catherine Dwyer Martin Long - Nov 13, 1837, No residence, Sps. Richard Long Bridget Long - Oct 13, 1839, Cloghane, Sps. Cornelius Leahy and Margaret Ryan Thomas Long - Dec 30, 1841, Cloghane, Sps. Nancy Hayes Judith Long - Jun 23, 1844, Cloghane, Sps. Denis Long and Mary Ryan Nony Long - Jun 28, 1848, Cloghane, Sps. Thomas Ryan and Mary Ryan

The Laurence Long family tree above was constructed from the Ballycahill-Holycross church records. These Longs were living in the townland of Clohane in the late 1830s and their lease was described on the previous page. They had a son named Thomas but not Patrick, according to the church baptism records. <u>However, the Thomas Long</u> (<u>underlined in tree above</u>) in the family tree was born 2-1/2 years after the mention of a <u>Thomas Long in the lease above</u>. But there is a possible way out. Since the Ballycahill-Holycross records commence in 1835 it is possible that Lawrence and Mary Long had older children who were not recorded in the church records. This works for Patrick but it would also require a second child, named Thomas, also born before the beginning of the records. This older Thomas would have had to die at a young age since Lawrence and Mary had a second child also named Thomas, baptized December 30, 1841.

This might sound like an elaborate scheme to make the facts better fit the situation. However, experience has shown that this is a minor orchestration compared to other more elaborate and better documented situations. In the world of Irish genealogy this situation is not uncommon.

John McGrath and Catherine Dempsey - Raheen, Holycross

(s/o John McGrath and *Catherine LNU*) (d/o Jeremiah Dempsey and Norry Maher)

John McGrath Catherine Dempsey (2) = bap Oct 22, 1841, Cormackstown b. ~ 1825 This was John's 2nd marriage mar. Feb 22, 1865, Holycross **Catherine McGrath** bap. Mar 7, 1866 Sps. James Dempsy and Ann Dempsy Dempsey Sponsors James Dempsey Ann Dempsey John McGrath Jeremiah Dempsey bap. Jul 12, 1868, Cormackstown Margaret Dempsey Sps. Jeremiah Dempsy and Margaret Michael Dempsey Dempsy Onny Dempsey The names in **BOLD** are Mary McGrath the same as Catherine's bap. Apr 27, 1870, Cormackstown known siblings. Sps. Michael Dempsy and Onny Dempsy Jeremiah McGrath bap. Apr 7, 1872, Raheen Sps. John Mullaney and Onney McGrath Margaret McGrath bap. Sep 3, 1874, Raheen Sps. Michael Hayes and Margaret Fanning Patrick McGrath bap, Mar 19, 1877, Long House Sps. Lawrence Ryan and Catherine Creagh

The original interest in John and Catherine's family was the connection to Raheen found in two of their children's baptism records.

Ballycahill and Holycross RC

Marriage

February 22, 1865 - John McGrath <u>married</u> Catherine Dempsey, Ballycahill & Holycross RC, Res: None, Wit. Tom Long and Catherine Mullany. Priest: M. Maher, C. C.

John McGrath = Catherine Dempsy

Catherine McGrath - Mar 7, 1866 John McGrath - Jul 12, 1868, Cormackstown Mary McGrath - Apr 27, 1870, Cormackstown Jeremiah McGrath - Apr 7, 1872, Raheen **Margaret McGrath** - Sep 3, 1874, Raheen **Patrick McGrath** - Mar 19, 1877, Long House

Civil Records

Marriage: John Magrath & Catherine Dempsey - Cormackstown

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross February 22, 1865 - married at the RC Chapel of Holycross Husband: John Magrath (40, <u>Widower</u>, Farmer, Cormackstown) Father: <u>John Magrath</u> (Farmer, deceased) Wife: Catherine Dempsey (23, Spinster, Farmer's daughter, Cormackstown) Father: <u>Darby Dempsey</u> (Farmer) Witnesses: <u>Thomas Long, Glenreigh</u> and Catherine Mulhaney, Cormackstown Priest: Rev. Michael Maher Reg: April 1, 1865

Birth

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross March 17, 1877 - **Patrick McGrath**, Par. John McGrath (Laborer, Raheen) and <u>Catherine</u> <u>Dempsey</u>, Res: Raheen, Informant: Catherine McGrath, Mother, Raheen, Reg: April 13, 1877.

NOTE: The marriage record of John and Catherine contains five very interesting pieces of information:

(1) & (2) - the name of John's father (John Magrath) and Catherine's father (Darby Dempsey). [Jeremiah and Darby are the same name.]

(3) - John's age (40). Quite often these records will simply state that the person is of "Full age." Catherine's age is also given that was already known from her baptism record which had been found earlier. Her age of 23 on February 22, 1865 is in agreement with a baptism in October 1841.

(4) - John was a "Widower" - this was his second (or possibly third) marriage.

(5) - "Thomas Long, Glenreigh" was one of the witnesses. This is the Thomas Long found in an earlier section: "3 - Thomas Long and Catherine Ryan." Originally the interest in this family was the Raheen residence when two of their children were baptized (1872-74). When their last child was baptized (Patrick, bap. Mar 19, 1877) the family residence was given as "Long House." This is probably a local name and not an official townland name. It begs the question if this "Long House" has any connection to Thomas Long of Glenreigh?

This also means that there is an earlier marriage record out there for this John Magrath and also perhaps some other children from that marriage.

Census Records

1901 - Catherine McGrath - house 1 in Raheen (Holycross, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
McGrath	Catherine	60	Female	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
McGrath	Patrick	24	Male	Son	Roman Catholic

Death: Catherine McGrath - 82 - 1923

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles Date: January 8, 1923 - Location: Friar Street, Thurles Name: **Catherine McGrath** Condition: Widow Age at last Birthday: 82 years [b. 1841] Occupation: Widow of Farmer Cause of Death: Cancer of Breast, 5 years, No med att Informant: <u>*Kitty McGrath*</u>, Present at death, Friar Street Reg: January 27, 1923.

NOTE: Catherine Dempsey McGrath did have a daughter named Catherine (Kitty). However, it isn't certain that the above record belongs to the Catherine McGrath of current interest.

Dempsey Records

Ballycahill and Holycross RC

Marriage - No record found

Baptisms

October 22, 1841 - **Catherine Dempsey**, Par. Darby Dempsey and Norry Maher, Res: Cormackstown, Sps. John Dempsey and Sarah Dempsey.

July 18, 1843 - **William Dempsey**, Par. Darby Dempsey and Honora Maher, Res: Cormackstown, Sps. Timothy Maher and Judith Dempsey.

January 2, 1845 - **John Dempsey**, Par. Darby Dempsey and Honora Maher, Res: Cormackstown, Sps. Michael Maher and Catherine Maher.

September 25, 1846 - **Anne Dempsey**, Par. Darby Dempsey and Honora Maher, Res: Cormackstown, Sps. Michael Dempsey and Bridget Ryan.

June 7, 1848 - **James Dempsey**, Par. Darby Dempsey and Norry Maher, Res: Cormackstown, Sps. Patrick Maher and Bridget Hayes.

John Magrath's Possible First Marriage

Searched: 1845 - 1865

July 11, 1858 - John McGrath <u>married</u> Judy Quinn, Thurles RC Res: None, Wit. Martin Boyle and Ellen Delany.

NOTE: No children were found for this couple.

June 3, 1858 - John McGrath <u>married</u> Anne Butler, Moycarkey RC Res: Thurles, Wit. William Hammond and ?? Butler, Priest: Rev John Bourke. NOTE: They had had six children between 1859 and 1866. This is not the same John McGrath

Looking For the Earlier Longs

The Civil Survey of 1654-1656

There were no Longs found in the Civil Survey for Co. Tipperary. This doesn't mean that there were no Longs living in Co. Tipperary, or in the Holycross area in particular. Their absence from the survey only means that there were no individuals named Long who owned any land in Co. Tipperary in the year 1641.

Religious Census 1766

In the census for Moyaliff there were only two Long families: Patrick Long (8 in household) and Thomas Long (4 in household)

The census returns for Holycross parish were lost on the Four Courts fire in 1922 during the Irish Civil War. The lack of the Holycross census returns makes it difficult to determine the total number of Long families living in the area at that time.

1786 Letter - Moyaliff Residents

As was explained in an earlier section ("Searching For Ancient Links") there was a letter signed by the residents of Moyaliff welcoming a new administrative official. It was assumed that the letter was displayed in Thurles, the market town for Moyaliff and Holycross, and citizens signed the letter when they came to town. The names were not listed alphabetically and it has been assumed that the names were listed in the order in which the persons signed the letter. If this assumption is correct then sequential signatures with the same surname might be persons which were related. The following three sets of names were just such examples, except for the first set where the Magrath -Long pairing were consecutive signatures.

John Magrath	Thomas Long	Darby Long
Timothy Long	John Long	Philip Long

The names of the Longs in this letter are the same ones found in the mid-1800s, where the records are more numerous. Timothy often appears as Thady and Darby is interchangeable with Jeremiah. Two Thomas longs and a Darby Long also appear in the list of cemetery inscriptions on the next page. These are possibly the same persons whose signatures were found in the 1786 letter.

Name	Residence	Dates	Page	In This Document
John Long	Lisnagrough	1773-1842	5	"John Long and Mary Magrath - Lisnagrough"
Richard Long	Killenyarda	1797-1845	11	"Richard Long and Mary Costello of Killenyarda"
Richard Long	Raheen	1747-1817	33	Father of Kennedy Long. "A - Kennedy Long and Mary Dwyer"
Patrick Long		1750-1810	36	
Thomas Long		1737-1794	36	
Laurence Long	Raheen	1755-1805	36	
Thomas Long		1739-1802	37	
Darby Long		1740-1812	43	
Daniel Long	Rathcannon	1768-1810	43	
Michael Long	The Grove	1730-1817	48	
Richard Long		1729-1771	48	
Richard Long	The Grove	1780-1822	48	
William Long	Fertiana	1762-1826	50	

18th Century Longs in the Old Holycross Cemetery

Source: *Longs and McGraths in Old Holycross Cemetery* on mcgrathsearch.com. The page numbers in the last column are the page where the individual is to be found in the Old Holycross Cemetery document. If no residence was found in the inscription then that column was left empty. The residence "The Grove" is thought to be the townland of Goldengrove in Inch parish, just north of Pallashill.

These are the Longs who were found in the Holycross cemetery and were born in the 18^{th} century. They will not all appear in the census shown on the previous page. For the census one needed to be the head of a household to be recorded. The cemetery is much more egalitarian and permanent — a person just needed to die to be able to take up residence there and their name would be engraved in stone.

In the source document the persons described in the inscriptions are expanded using other available records to create as large a set of family connections as possible.

Names	# Occurrences
Daniel	1
Darby	1
John	1
Laurence	1
Michael	1
Patrick	1
Richard	4
Thomas	2
William	1

Richard seems to be the overwhelmingly most popular name among the Long families in the 1700s.

Tithe Applotment - Moyaliff Parish - 1827					
Townland	Name of Land Holder	Gross Area of roads (a-r-p) &	Area in Std Acres		
Clareen	Denis Long William Long Silvester Long	9-0-1	9.006	14.588	
Coolbawn	Denis Long	14-3-13	14.831	24.023	
Cooldawii	William Long	14-3-13	14.831	24.023	
Graigue	Denis Long	6-0-0	6.000	9.7188	
Moyaliff	Denis Long William Long Silvester Long	30-3-38	30.988	50.194	

The Tithe Applotment Books

The Tithe Applotment goes to extreme lengths to grade the types of land but doesn't record the number of houses or other farm buildings. Therefore it's impossible to know if a person is living on the land or just renting the land for farming purposes.

Most of the TA books for Holycross have not survived and there are numerous Long families living in Raheen, Lisnagrough and Glenreaghmore. Only Beakstown, Ballycahill, Cormackstown, and Newtown have been found.

The Longs in Clareen and Moyaliff are obviously the same persons. Coolbawn and Graigue are sub-townlands of the townland of Moyaliff. For this reason it is fairly certain that there is only one Denis and one William in the table above.

The Mysterious Sylvester Long

Sylvester Long appeared in the Tithe Applotment in two townlands in Moyaliff parish (Clareen and Moyaliff) in 1827. He didn't appear in any other records of the area either before or after that year. In itself Sylvester is a very rare name in the Irish records and Sylvester (or Silvester) Long is extremely rare. In searching the civil records (irishgenealogy.ie) and the parish registers (Ancestry.com) there were only six hits found in each of these databases. The searches were not confined either geographically nor in terms of years — they were wide open over all of Ireland and over the entire number of years for each set of records. All 12 records came from Cork city, Co. Cork, which is very unusual. I have never seen such an extreme concentration of a name in the records.

Based on this concentration of the name Sylvester Long it seems entirely likely that the Silvester Long of Clareen and Moyaliff townlands in Moyaliff parish had conections to Cork city. Could Denis andwilliamLong, Silvester's co-occupiers in Moyaliff, also have connections to Cork city? This raises the questions of when and why they came to Moyaliff parish from Cork city?

Place	Occupier	Comment
Allengort	Magrath, Thomas	
Clareen	Long, Denis	
	Long, Margaret	
Cool Kill	Magrath, Philip	"The McGrath Families of Coolkill"
Coolhaven?	Long, William	"William Long and Catherine Ryan of Coolbawn"
Dooree	Magrath, Jas. & Ryan, Jas.	
Drumminphilip	Magrath, John	Son of Philip & Winifred Magrath-Coolkill
	Magrath, John	Descendants of Philip & Winifred Magrath-Coolkill
Grague	Long, William	"William Long and Catherine Ryan of Coolbawn"
Mealiffe	Long, Denis	
	Long, Margaret	
	Long, Martin	
	Magrath, Edmund	Son of Maurice Magrath "The Maurice Magrath Family of Moyaliff"
	Magrath, Michl.	Left for US ~1852 "The Michael Magrath Family of Moyaliff"
Roskeen	Magrath, Philip	
Rosmult	Long, Denis	

A Rate for Relief of the Poor of Thurles Union - Moyaliff Moyaliff Nov 1843 ³²

Names	# Occurrences
Denis	2
Martin	1
William	1

The parish registers contain primarily baptism and marriage records and occasionally a few death records. Searching these records will of course miss those persons who choose to remain single.

The list above and the one for Holycross on a following page have been edited down to just a few names of interest for this study. More complete versions of the lists can be found in the Appendix.

The place name Coolhaven above is probably Coolbawn (also known as Coolbaun or Coolbane) which is a sub-townland in the townland of Moyaliff. Grague (Graigue) is also a sub-townland in the townland of Moyaliff. Coolbawn and Graigue are adjacent sub-townlands located on the western half of Moyaliff townland. The closeness of the two sub-townlands suggests that the two William Longs found in each of these sub-townlands is probably the same person as was shown in the Tithe Applotment book on the previous page.

As seen in the Tithe Applotment the Clareen Denis Long is the same person as the Moyaliff Denis Long. Margaret Long now appears in the same places with Denis Long as had Silvester Long and Silvester is no longer around and is presumed death. Margaret Long is suspected of being Silvester's widow. In the vernacular of the Tithe Applotment she would have been labeled as "Widow Long."

Filling in the Blanks

The exact connections of many of the individuals in the table above are unknown at the present time. Hopefully more of these empty spaces will be filled as time goes along and more connections are discovered. The best approach is plain hard work while in the back of your mind you hope for a streak of good luck. The process begins with picking an interesting name and start digging into the church records. For example, Denis is an interesting name and it appears three times in this table.

The first step is to search the parish registers for all the Denis Longs, whether they be a parent or a child. The following parishes around the Moyaliff-Holycross area were searched: Ballycahill & Holycross, Borrisoleigh, Clonoulty, Drom & Inch, Thurles and Upperchurch & Drombane. The search produced three possible Denis Longs and a William Long.

In Clonoulty RC parish there was a Denis Long and Mary Ryan who had a son Denis Long born in February 1814. Clonoulty is just southwest of Moyaliff parish so it is possible that Denis and his son were two of the Denis Longs found in Moyaliff in 1843.

In Upperchurch & Drombane RC parish there was a Denis Long and Margaret Hayes who had a son named Denis who was born in 1839. The father Denis is probably one of the three Moyaliff Denis Longs in 1843. It is also possible that the young Denis Long from Clonoulty might be the same person in the older Denis Long in the Upperchurch records. In that case we are now short one Dennis Long. This is easily explained by the third Denis Long being a bachelor and therefore he wouldn't show up in the baptism and marriage church records. The Upperchurch Denis Long and William Long were the same persons found in the Moyaliff Tithe Applotment books.

There was another Denis Long found in the Upperchurch records whose family was living in Coolbawn. William Long and Johanna Ryan had a son named Denis born in 1840 and had eight more children born between 1836 and 1846. This Denis is too young to have been recorded in the 1843 Moyaliff Poor Rates. However, Denis' father, William, is the interesting person here since there is a William Long on the list for Coolbawn. This is probably the same William Long in the adjacent sub-townland of Graigue.

This short record search has turned up two possible Denis Long candidates and a highly likely candidate for William Long.

A Rate for the Relief of the Poor of Thurles Union - Holycross Holycross Electoral District 31 Jan 1842 ³³

Townland	Name	Connections
Killenyarda	Richd. Long	"Richard and Mary Long of Killenyarda"
Glenreaghmore	Richd. Fanning	
Glenreaghbeg	William Long	
	Widow Long	
	Patrick Long	
Grange	Richard Fanning	
	Thomas Long	Mar. Richard Fanning's dau. Catherine "D- Thomas Long and Catherine Fanning"
	Patrick Magrath	Mar. Richard Fanning's dau. Bridget "The Patrick McGrath Family of Grange"
	William Touhey	Mar. Richard Fanning's dau. Mary
	Patrick Touhey	Mar. Thomas Fanning's dau. Bridget
	Widow Fanning	Widow of Thomas Fanning (1784-1820)
Cloghane	Laurence Long	"Laurence Long and Mary Ryan of Cloghane"
Lisnagrough	Widow Doyle [1845 Catherine]	
	John Long	John Long (1773-1842) - Mary Magrath "John Long and Mary Magrath"
	Lawrence Long	Son or brother of John Long "Laurence Long and Margaret Ryan - Lisnagrough"
Raheen	Michl. Long	
	Patrick Long	
	Lawrence Long	
	Richd. Long	Father of Kennedy Long
	John Long	"John Long = Anne Burke"
	Kenedy Long	"A - Kennedy Long and Mary Dwyer"; To US-1848
Farneybridge	Michl. Long	
	Patrick Long	
	Richd. Long	
	Laurence Long	Lawrence Long, Jr. and Sr. In GV
Cormackstown	Philip Magrath	Lawrence Long in GV
	1	1

Names	# Occurrences
John	2
Kennedy	1
Laurence	4
Michael	2
Patrick	3
Richard	3
Thomas	1
William	1

Summary

Names	1766 Census	1786 Letter	Holycross Cemetery 1700s	TA Moyaliff 1827	Poor Rates Moyaliff 1843	Poor Rates Holycross 1842
Daniel			1			
Darby		1	1			
Denis				1	2	
John		1	1			2
Kennedy						1
Laurence			1			4
Martin					1	
Michael			1			2
Patrick	1		1			3
Philip		1				
Richard			4			3
Sylvester				1		
Timothy		1				
Thomas	1	1	2			1
William			1	1	1	1

The cemetery column contains all the names of those buried there who had been born in the 18th century. The Moyaliff and Holycross columns contain the results of a one-time listing of the heads of households. The name Richard continued to maintain its popularity while the name Laurence grew to be very popular by the mid-1850s. It must be remembered that the Tithe Applotment (TA) data from 1827 is only for Moyaliff. Missing is most of the Holycross Tithe information since those records no longer exist.

SUMMARY

The McGrath Families

The research for *The Neighbors in Ireland* provided the records that allowed the distinction between the two Moyaliff McGrath families, of Michael and Maurice McGrath, to be established. The source of the previous confusion was the fact that Michael and Maurice were living on adjacent farms in the townland of Moyaliff and both had sons named Edmond and both Edmonds had married girls named Mary Ryan.

An earlier examination of the McGrath baptism records from Upperchurch and Drombane RC parish identified a John and Thomas McGrath who could be related if it could be assumed that they had followed the Irish naming convention in choosing the name of their children. Tracing the families backwards it was possible to propose a common set of parents for these individuals. In all, four to five generations were eventually shown to be descended from this same set of parents; Philip and Winifred McGrath. These patterns had been noticed several years ago and the connections were thought to be highly probable but at that time further confirmation was still needed.

In the townland of Coolkill, the McGrath families were initially assembled from valuation and church records. Philip and Daniel McGrath were occupants of Coolkill at the time of the GV and it was proposed that they were related based once again on the patterns found in the names of their children. There were now four individuals (John, Thomas, Daniel, and Philip McGrath) who had named their first sons Philip and named their first daughters Winifred.

In 2006 the inscriptions from gravestones in the Moyaliff Cemetery showed that Daniel Mcgrath's gravestone was only two stones away from the gravestone of Thomas McGrath of Drombane which was further evidence of a family connection.

James Ryan entered the story as one of the follow on occupants of Philip McGrath's land in Coolkill. James was found in both the 1901 and 1911 census records for Coolkill. Through a rather serendipitous photo taken during a 2006 trip to Ireland, the inscription on James Ryan's headstone was captured in St. Michael's Cemetery in Rosmult. In addition to the information on James Ryan's family, the shared headstone also provided information on his brother, Thomas Ryan of Coolbawn and his wife, the former Ellen Magrath, of Pallashill, Inch parish.

In Grange, Holycross parish, Patrick McGrath married into the Fanning family and later this Patrick and his family immigrated to New Orleans in 1849. By a bit of luck, in the form of a genealogy of this McGrath-Fanning family, the confirmation of the tentative merger of the McGrath families of Coolkill was accomplished. From these McGrath-Fanning papers it was determined that Patrick, John, Philip, Daniel, and Thomas were all brothers. Their parents were Philip McGrath and Winifred Ryan of Coolkill, as had been proposed earlier.

There were other groups of McGrath families that were found residing nearby: (1) Clogher and Clonoulty; (2) Cooleen and Knockakelly; and (3) Pallashill. There were a few connections of these families to the Moyaliff and Coolkill McGrath families. However, to fully develop their stories would have taken up too much room in the main document, so they were spun off as separate documents. These are described in more detail in the Appendix.

The Civil Survey of 1654-56 for Co. Tipperary showed three groups of McGrath families. One group occupied a few townlands in Owney and Arra barony in northwestern Co. Tipperary. A second group occupied several townlands near Tubrid parish in Iffa and Offa barony in the southwestern corner of Co. Tipperary. The third group consisted of the grandchildren of Miler Magrath, the former Archbishop of Cashel. These individuals were scattered over several baronies with a large concentration in Upper Ormond barony. The complicating factor here is that all of these Catholic land owners were later dispossessed of their lands and a few were transplanted to land in Connaught province. However, it has been found that in many cases these displaced persons or their descendants often returned to the old family lands and leased land from the new owners. It also needs to be pointed out that it was only the land owners who were directly affected by the loss of their land. Relatives and others working on these farms were not forced to leave. The new owners knew they would need someone to continue working their new lands.

The reason for determining the locations of these families in the mid-1600s is driven by the suspicion that the circa 1850 McGrath residents of Moyaliff and Holycross were descended from one or more of these Magraths in the Civil Survey. The first consideration for a possible connection is the geographic proximity of the survey individuals to the Moyaliff and Coolkill area or their connections with families in those areas back in 1641. Secondly the names used by the survey families were compared to those used by the 1850 families since many Irish families tend to reuse certain groups of names.

The following table compresses the information found in the detailed family trees earlier in this paper. The table is concerned with particular lines of descent where present day descendants could be identified. The left most column contains persons in the line of descent who were born in the late 1700s. The center column contains the succession of persons connecting the earlier ancestor to the present day descendant(s), in the last column. Not all of the families have been successfully traced to a living modern day descendant.

In the case of Thomas and Ellen McGrath of Drombane it was only possible to follow the descendants down to the previous generation. It is likely that Thomas

McGrath, Mary Purcell, and Johanna McGrath (she married Matthew McGrath of Pallashill) are no longer alive. However, their children (if any) are hopefully still around. The attempts to find present day descendants didn't always result in a living, breathing person with a working email address.

McGrath Lines of Descent

McGrath Ancestor	Descent	Present Day
Michael of Moyaliff →	Edmond McGrath & Mary Ryan Truxton, NY	
(See "Descendants of Michael McGrath" for Michael's other children.)	Michael McGraw & Alice Rooney Edward McGraw & Louise Flaherty Francis McGraw & Jean Stack →	Mike McGraw
Maurice of Moyaliff →	Edmond Magrath & Mary Ryan Moyaliff	
	Maurice Magrath & Mary Harney Thomas McGrath →	No descendants
Philip McGrath & Winifred Ryan Of Coolkill →	John McGrath & Bridget Ryan Drumminphilip Judy McGrath & James Dwyer	
	Edmond Dwyer & Mary Ryan → John Dwyer & Margaret Ryan →	?
	Mary Dwyer & Margaret Ryan –	<i>!</i>
	Thomas Quinane →	?
	Thomas McGrath & Ellen Purcell Drombane	
	Philip McGrath Bridget Shanahan	2
	Thomas McGrath & Johanna Burke → Mary McGrath & Laurence Purcell →	? Sarah Purcell Laurence Purcell
	Johanna McGrath & Mathew McGrath 🗲	Matthew McGrath Philip McGrath
	Daniel McGrath & Margaret Long Coolkill	L
	Philip McGrath & Kate Ryan	
	Margaret McGrath →	Tom Long (Glenreagh)
	Philip McGrath & Judy Costello Cookill	
	Mary McGrath & William Long Andrew Long & Mary Ryan William Long & Mary Quigley →	?
	Patrick McGrath & Bridget Fanning Grange & New Orleans, LA	
	Philip McGrath & Catherine Cahill	
	Catherine McGrath & George H. Davis Putnam Davis & Louise LNU →	Bryan Davis

NOTE: When Putnam Davis died in New York in 1984 his sole surviving son was Bryan Davis living in Louisville, KY. Bryan had five children and would be 85 today (2020).

The Long Families

The James, Kennedy and Thomas Long families were traced back to Ireland from Central NY in *The Long and McGrath Families*. The land holdings of these Long families were studied further in *The Neighbors in Ireland*. Additional progress has been made in finding connections among these Long families and their connections with other families in the Moyaliff-Holycross area.

The valuation records of Glenreaghmore traced the succession of the various Longs who had farmed the land of Glenreaghmore since about 1848. This has strengthened the connection of the earlier James Long with the present day holders of Glenreaghmore. James' parents were identified as John Long and Mary Magrath of Lisnagrough. Input from a member of the current Glenreaghmore family, Tom Long, has clarified his family's connection with the Fanning family and other neighboring families.

Kennedy and Mary Ryan Long's son Richard married Margaret McGrath, the daughter of Ireland neighbor, Michael McGrath of Moyaliff, in Syracuse, NY, in 1852. While working backwards on the Kennedy Long family several other Long families were found in the Tubrid area of the townland of Raheen in Holycross civil parish. There appears to have been a large number of Long families in and around the Raheen area. This might be the point of origin for the other Longs in the Holycross area.

Looking way back there were no Longs found in the Holycross area in the Civil Survey of 1654-56. It hasn't been possible to make any connections with Long families on the other side of the Penal Times. However, there were significant numbers of Longs found in the Old Holycross Cemetery. In a separate document (*Longs and McGraths in Old Holycross Cemetery*) the Long and McGrath (only one) gravestone inscriptions were used to flesh out the family connections of the persons buried there. Many of the Longs buried there were born in the early 1700s so there would appear to have been a Long presence in Holycross for some time. Material from the *Cemetery* paper has been integrated into this paper where appropriate connections could be made.

The following table shows the three main Long families studied in this research. The first column contains the oldest ancestor that could be documented for each family. In the center column, beginning with the sons of those persons in the first column, the successive descendants of these sons are described through several generations down to the present day descendant, where possible.

Kennedy Long's sons Richard and Daniel wound up in Pompey, Onondaga Co., NY. It was possible to trace Richard Long and Margaret McGrath's descendants down to the present day. In the case of Richard's brother Daniel Long the effort came up about a generation short.

There were two sons of John Long and Mary Magrath of Lisnagrogh who were traced. James Long and Nancy Kelly wound up in Truxton, Cortland Co., NY and one of

their modern day descendants is Michael Long, of Syracuse, NY. James' brother John took over the Glenreagh farm after James left for the US with his family. John Long's family has remained on the land down to the present day. A modern day descendant is Tom Long of Glenreagh.

The final family is Thomas Long and Catherine Fanning. Thomas was from Tubrid in Raheen, which is where Kennedy Long of the first Long family resided. Thomas and family wound up in Fabius, Onondaga Co., NY in the early 1850s after a short stay in Canada. In the 1880s most of Thomas' children moved north to the city of Syracuse and then their children spread out from there. Two descendants of this family were the late Dick Long of Syracuse and his nephew Stephen Long.

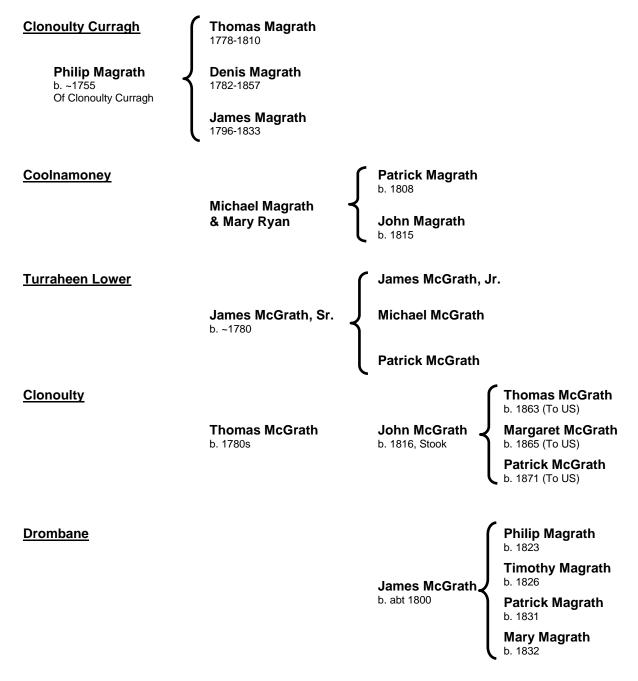
Long Lines of Descent

Long Ancestor	Descent	Present Day
Kennedy Long of Raheen →	Richard Long & Margaret McGrath Pompey, NY Francis Long & Mary Anne Gorman Leo Long & Catherine Maher Mary Long & Pat Santello →	Mary Santello
	Daniel Long & Mary Gleason Pompey, NY Michael Long & Caroline LNU Arthur Long & Marjory LNU Velma D. Long → Jean C. Long → Shirley B. Long →	? ? ?
John & Mary Long of Lisnagrough →	James Long & Nancy Kelly Truxton, NY John Long & Mary O'Neil John A. Long & Mary Burns Francis Long & Virginia Hanifan → John Long Glenreagh Thomas Long (Sr.) & Bridget Ryan Thomas Long (Jr.) & Bridget Fanning Tommy Long →	Michael J. Long (Syracuse, NY) Tom Long (Glenreagh)
Patrick Long of Tubrid, Raheen →	Thomas Long & Catherine FanningFabius, NYThomas Long & Bridget RyanEdward T. Long & Florence HaumannThomas J. Long & Mary Ryan →	Stephen Long

APPENDIX

1. The McGrath Families of Clogher and Clonoulty Parishes

In the following diagram there are five McGrath/Magrath families whose descendants are connected to either Clogher or Clonoulty parishes. At the level displayed below these are five separate families — no connections were found among them. The geographical closeness of Clogher and Clonoulty parishes to Moyaliff, Upperchurch, and Holycross, which are the areas of the main emphasis of this research, initially led to the expectation that the McGrath/Magrath families from the two areas would be related. That turned out to not be the case.



The individuals were placed in generational columns based on their estimated or known ages. Perhaps in the future it might be possible to find some earlier connections among these three families.

The stories of the above families are described in detail in the following documents found on web page: **The McGrath Families of Clogher and Clonoulty**

http://mcgrathsearch.com/McGrath%20-

<u>%20Clogher%20and%20Clonoulty/The%20McGrath%20Families%20of%20Clogher%20and%2</u> 0Clonoulty.htm

Location	Title of Paper
Clonoulty Curragh	McGrath Clonoulty Curragh Descent
Turraheen Lower	The McGraths of Turraheen
Coolnamoney	The Descendants of Michael Magrath and Mary Ryan
Clonoulty	Clonoulty - McGrath and Hayes
Drombane	The Ryans and McGraths of Drombane

The Clonoulty Curragh McGraths were brought to the author's attention in 2015 by Con Ryan of Dublin. The family had its origin in the townland of Clonoulty Curragh in Clonoulty parish. The original information from Con Ryan consisted of gravestone inscriptions, a family tree, and family narratives. This information was used to construct several family trees that were subsequently extended with additional information from the parish registers.

The Turraheen Lower paper began with an initial grouping of individuals found in the Griffith's Valuation for Turraheen Lower, Clogher parish. The parish registers were then used to identify other members of these families.

In the Coolnamoney paper the trail began when Michael Magrath of Coolnamoney was found in the 1901 and 1911 census records. His daughter Margaret Magrath married Edmond Kennedy and this family was traced down to several present day descendants. The availability of the online parish registers and the assumption of the Irish naming tradition allowed Michael's family to be extended back in time by two generations.

The Clonoulty paper was originally put together to highlight family connections determined via DNA test results. This paper was revised with the addition of civil records and furthered expanded with land records. This resulted in the improved understanding of two sub-townlands and discovery of a possible connection with the families in the following Drombane paper.

The Drombane paper has been evolving since 2002. In 2017 a connection of this McGrath family to Clonoulty parish was discovered and the paper grew from a couple pages to a much larger paper, but the paper was only circulated privately. In 2019 it has been revised yet again and enlarged and was finally ready for web site publication.

2. The McGrath and Harty Families of Cooleen and Knockakelly

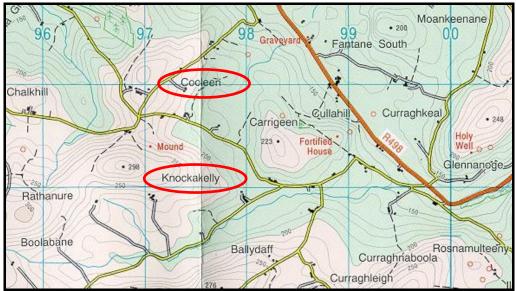
http://mcgrathsearch.com/FamiliesInIreland/Connections

Introduction

The Glenkeen parish McGrath families were first picked up during the civil record search of the Thurles District. All the McGrath birth and marriage civil records were extracted during that search.

The Borrisoleigh RC church records were searched, page by page, from the commencement year of 1814 until 1827. This allowed the basic families to be discovered. From that point the records of specific families were extracted from the Borrisoleigh church records by using the Ancestry.com search capabilities. Where possible the single family records were combined to form larger families which were supplemented by the Tithe Applotment records, the Griffith's Valuation (GV), and the 1901 and 1911 census records. All of the townland names found in the records were identified and located geographically and were displayed on high resolution maps.

It was possible in several cases to trace Glenkeen individuals back to McGrath families in Lisnagrough, Holycross parish and Coolkill, Moyaliff parish. These ancestors will be described in more detail in the document "Reaching Across The Penal Times." There were multiple marriages of McGrath and Harty individuals so the records for the Harty families were also gathered.



The adjacent townlands of Cooleen and Knockakelly are about a kilometer apart and are 3 km southeast of the village of Templederry.

3. The McGrath Families of Pallashill, Inch Parish Introduction

About a year ago an extensive search for birth records was conducted in the civil records for McGrath and Long families in the Thurles and Cashel Registration Districts. This effort covered the period of 1864 to 1920, which is the extent of the record availability online on the irishgenealogy.ie site. The individual birth records were combined with others from the same family. The various families were organized by surname (McGrath and Long) and by registration district and uploaded to the web site mcgrathsearch.com. These family records were then used to build larger connected family groups and these were also published on the same web site as *Reconstructing Families From the Records*.

Where large numbers of the same surnamed families were found in the same geographical locations the records were extracted and, when available, these were combined with additional records. This paper is the result of such a process and it describes the McGrath families with connections to the Pallashill area of Inch parish.

The paper is structured around three pedigrees. The first is Michael McGrath and Bridget Ryan. While Michael had a Pallashill connection, Bridget came from Glenreagh, Holycross parish. The second and third pedigrees have a connection through a pair of McGrath siblings from Pallashill who married individuals from Moyaliff parish. Thomas Ryan (second pedigree) is descended from John Long and Mary Magrath. Thomas Ryan and Ellen McGrath remained in Coolbawn while Ellen's family was from Pallashill.

The third pedigree (Matthew McGrath and Johanna McGrath) contains Ellen's brother Matthew who married Johanna McGrath from Drombane, Moyaliff parish. Matthew's family traces back to Pallashill while Johanna traces her family back to Philip Magrath and Winifred Ryan of Coolkill, Moyaliff.

The Magrath families of Moyaliff and Coolkill and the John Long family of Lisnagrough, Holycross will be described in more detail in *Reaching Across the Penal Times*. They are also found in *Neighbors in Ireland* and *The Long and McGrath Families* on the mcgrathsearch.com web site.

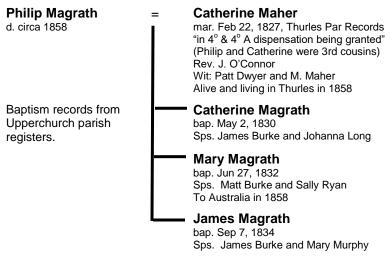
An additional result of the research done for this paper was the discovery of the connections among the individuals described in the inscriptions on a double gravestone found in 2006, in St. Michael's Cemetery in Rosmult in Templebeg parish. They were Thomas Ryan (from the second pedigree) and his siblings James and Thady plus wives and children.

There were two Magraths in Pallashill during the early 19th century: Michael and Matthew Magrath. A good deal of information concerning these individuals can be discovered from the land holding patterns found in the tithe Applotment and Griffith's Valuation. These patterns and later church records indicate that Michael and Matthew are probably brothers.

4. Searching For Long and McGrath Connections

These extra church records are kept here for future use.

Philip Magrath and Catherine Maher



Mary Magrath, of Upperchurch, went to NSW Australia in 1858 on the ship FitzJames. Her father was deceased and her mother was living in Thurles at the time. Mary's relative in Australia was a cousin Mary M., on George Street. Mary's age was given as 21 versus the 26 based on her baptism record.

Source for Philip Magrath and Catherine Maher: The Tipperary Emigrant Indexes (http://freepages.genealogy.rootsweb.ancestry.com/~maddenps/TIPPEM.htm)

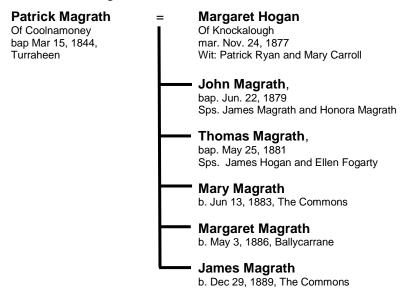
These are transcriptions from the Tipperary Emigrant records 1828-1866 of Tipperary residents and convicts who immigrated to New South Wales, Australia from Co. Tipperary.

On the next page, the following records were photographed in 2000 by the author from a printed output of a computer database at the Parochial House in Upperchurch village. The records from here on down are past the cutoff date of February 1876 for the online records.

Patrick Magrath and Margaret Hogan

(s/o John Magrath (Clonoulty) and Margaret Ryan (Bishopswood)) - Married Feb 7, 1836 @ Knockavilla

(d/o Thomas Hogan and Mother)



Civil Records

Marriage: Patrick McGrath & Margaret Hogan - Thurles

October 25, 1877 (Sunday) - married at Upperchurch RC church Husband: **Patrick McGrath**, Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Coolnamoney, Drumbane Father: John McGrath (Alive), Farmer Wife: **Margaret Hogan**, Full age, Spinster, Knockalough, Drumbane Father: Thomas Hogan (Dead), Farmer Witnesses: Patrick Ryan and Mary Carroll Priest: John Wood, P.P.

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Borrisoleigh June 9, 1881 - **Thomas McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Labourer, Knockalough) and Margaret Hogan, Res: Knockalough, Informant: Patt McGrath, Father, Knockalough, Reg: July 1, 1881.

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles

June 13, 1883 - **Mary Magrath**, Par. Patrick Magrath (Farmer, The Commons) and Margaret Hogan, Res: The Commons, Thurles, Informant: Margaret Long, present at birth, Stradavoher, Reg: July 7, 1883.

May 3, 1886 - **Margaret Magrath**, Par. Patrick Magrath (Farmer, Ballycarrane) and Margaret Hogan, Res: Ballycarrane, Thurles, Informant: Mary Carroll, present at birth, Stradavoher, Reg: May 12, 1886.

December 29, 1889 - **James McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Farmer, The Commons) and Margaret Hogan, Res: The Commons, Thurles, Informant: Patrick McGrath, Father, the Commons, Reg: January 5, 1890.

See: The Descendants of Michael Magrath and Mary Ryan of Clonoulty

Thomas Magrath and Catherine Duggan

(s/o James McGrath and Judith Power) - Married Jan 18, 1829 - Camus, Boherlahan par. (d/o John Duggan and Mary Callahan)

Baptism date and parents' name were from the 2000 pictures of the Upperchurch parish records. In the parish records the father's name was given as John, but the other records showed it to be Thomas.

Civil Records

Marriage: Thomas McGrath & Kate Duggan

April 27, 1887 - married at Boherlahan Husband: **Thomas McGrath**, 40 years, Bachelor, Laborer, Toberadora Father: <u>James McGrath</u> (Deceased), Farmer Wife: **Kate Duggan**, 29 years, Spinster, Servant, Ballytarsna Father: <u>John Duggan</u> (Deceased), Laborer Witnesses: John Dwyer and Margaret Smith Priest: John Clancy, P. P. Reg: Mary 5, 1887 (**Cashel**)

Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Toberadora	577	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Gaile	Cashel	Munster
Ballytarsna	104	Tipperary, S.R.	Iffa and Offa East	Newchapel	Clonmel	Munster
Ballytarsna (Hackett)	1,190	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Ballysheehan	Cashel	Munster
Garryvicleheen	117	Tipperary, N.R.	Eliogarty	Thurles	Thurles	Munster

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Thurles

September 11, 1889 - **Margaret McGrath**, Par. Thomas McGrath (Laborer, Garryvicleheen) and Kate Duggan, Res: Garryvicleheen, Informant: Kate McGrath, Mother, Garryvicleheen, Reg: September 18, 1889.

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross

November 9, 1891 - **John McGrath**, Par. Thomas McGrath (Laborer, Rosmult) and Kate Duggan, Res: Rosmult, Informant: Thomas McGrath, Father, Rosmult, Reg: November 13, 1891.

Catherine Duggan

Boherlanhan RC, Cashel & Emly Diocese, Co. Tipp

September 14, 1856 - **Catherine Duggan**, Par. John Duggan and Mary Callahan, Res: Erry, Sps. William and Mary Butler.

Townland	AKA	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province
Erry		1,034	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Erry	Cashel	Munster
Ardmayle		192	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Ardmayle	Cashel	Munster
Ardmayle East		256	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Ardmayle	Cashel	Munster
Ardmayle West		262	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Ardmayle	Cashel	Munster
Camus		246	Tipperary, S.R.	Middlethird	Ardmayle	Cashel	Munster

Thomas Magrath

Boherlanhan RC, Cashel & Emly Diocese, Co. Tipp

November 25, 1845 - **Thomas McGrath**, Par. James McGrath and Judith Power, Res: Ardmayle Sps. Patrick Ryan and Catherine Inly.

NOTE: This record was selected based on the names of Thomas and James, the year close to 1847 and the Boherlahan RC parish, which is the same parish as the one where Thomas and Catherine were married.

James McGrath and Judith Power

Boherlanhan RC, Cashel & Emly Diocese, Co. Tipp

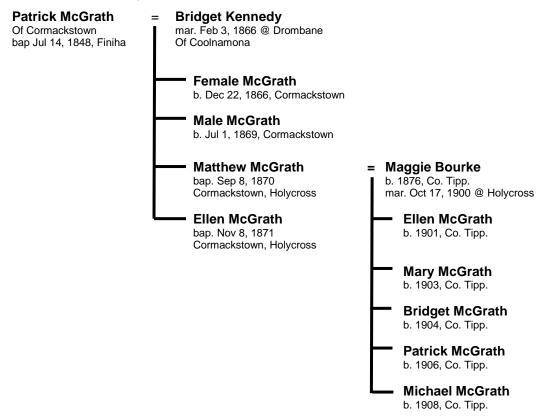
January 18, 1829 - **James McGrath** <u>married</u> **Judith Power**, Res: Camus of Boherlahan par. Wit: James Flannery and Judith Dwyer, Priest: Revd R. Grace.

NOTE: Boherlahan is the RC parish.

Patrick McGrath and Bridget Kennedy

Source: Ballycahill - Holycross parish records - Cormackstown, Holycross Source: 1911 Census - Cormackstown, Holycross

(s/o Thomas Magrath and Mary Ryan) - mar. Feb 2, 1842 @ Upperchurch (d/o Mathew Kennedy and Mother)



Civil Records

Marriage: Patrick McGrath and Bridget Kennedy - Cormackstown

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross February 3, 1866 - married at the RC Chapel of Drombane Husband: **Patrick McGrath** (40, Widower, Farmer, Cormackstown) Father: <u>Thomas McGrath</u> (Farmer, Deceased) Wife: **Bridget Kennedy** (30, Spinster, Servant girl, Coolnamona) Father: <u>Mathew Kennedy</u> (Farmer, Dead) Witnesses: John Ryan and Winny Carew Priest: Thomas Ryan, C.C. Reg: April 26, 1866.

Supt Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross

December 22, 1866 - **Female McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Farmer, Cormackstown) and Bridget Kennedy, Res: Cormackstown, Informant: Ally Kennedy, present at birth, Coolnamonee, Reg: December 24, 1866. July 1, 1869 - **Male McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Farmer, Cormackstown) and Bridget Kennedy, Res: Cormackstown, Informant: Patrick McGrath, Father, Cormackstown, Reg: July 16, 1869.

September 8, 1870 - **Mathew McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Farmer, Cormackstown) and Bridget Kennedy, Res: Cormackstown, Informant: Patrick McGrath, Father, Cormackstown, Reg: September 9, 1870.

November 6, 1871 - **Ellen McGrath**, Par. Patrick McGrath (Farmer, Cormackstown) and Bridget Kennedy, Res: Cormackstown, Informant: Alice Kennedy, present at birth, Cormackstown, Reg: November 9, 1871.

Church Baptism Records - Ballycahill & Holycross

Patrick McGrath = Bridget Kennedy **Mathew McGrath** - Sep 8, 1870, Cormackstown **Ellen McGrath** - Nov 8, 1871, Cormackstown

Marriage: Mathew McGrath and Margaret Bourke - Cormackstown

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
October 17, 1900 - married at the RC Chapel of Holycross
Husband: Mathew McGrath (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Cormackstown)
Father: Patrick McGrath (Farmer, Deceased)
Wife: Margaret Bourke (Full age, Spinster, Blank, Cormackstown)
Father: Michael Bourke (Farmer, probably alive)
Witnesses: John Hayes and Jane Ryan
Priest: John O'Brien, P. P.
Reg: November 5, 1900.

Thomas McGrath and Mary Ryan - Patrick's parents

Upperchurch and Drombane RC

Marriage February 2, 1842 - Tom Magrath married Mary Ryan, Res: None Wit: Tom Ryan and Margaret Stapleton. Baptism July 19, 1848 - Patrick McGrath, Par. Thomas McGrath and Mary Ryan, Res: Finaha, Sps. Andrew Grady and Bridget Grady

Matthew Kennedy and Ellen Walsh - Bridget's parents

Galbally and Aherlow RC

Marriage - None found

Baptism

January 26, 1840 - **Bridget Kennedy**, Par. Matthew Kennedy and Ellen Walsh, Res: None, Sps. Michael Kennedy and Honora Donovan

NOTE: The first son and daughter of Patrick McGrath and Bridget Kennedy didn't have first names in the records. These might have been named after Patrick's parents. The second son (Matthew) and daughter (Ellen) would have been named after Bridget's parents. These parents are consistent with that naming tradition.

Patrick McGrath and Mary Murray

This is another McGrath gravestone in the Upperchurch Cemetery. It has been assumed that "McGrath" was Mary's married name.

Upperchurch Cemetery

Mary McGrath was born in 1804 (mother); d. 1869 (Patrick, husband) William McGrath was born in 1847 (son); d. 1874

No death record was found for a William McGrath in either the Thurles or Cashel Districts for the period 1873-1875.

Possible Connections

Patrick was a contemporary of the children of Phillip McGrath and Winifred Ryan, but he <u>was not</u> one of their children. Patrick was of the right age to be a sibling of Edmond Magrath of Moyaliff whose father was Maurice Magrath. Equally possible, Patrick might have been a son of Michael Magrath of Moyaliff.

Upperchurch and Drombane RC

Patrick McGrath and Mary Murray Marriage

January 24, 1841 - **Pat Magrath** <u>married</u> **Mary Murray**, Res: None, Wit. Phil Murray and Judy Ryan

Baptisms

Mary Magrath - Jan 18, 1845. Sps. Michael Murray and Judy Murray

No baptism record found for William between these two girls. No William was found with these parents anywhere in Co. Tipperary for the period 1840 - 1850. Also no William McGrath was found for any parents of first names Patrick and Mary.

Margaret McGrath - Jan 2, 1848, Sps. Denis Leamy and Mary Morrasy.

NOTE: Surprisingly there were no McGrath witnesses or sponsors. It isn't known with certainty if this is the correct Patrick and Mary McGrath described in the gravestone inscription. However, they were the only reasonable pair of parents named Patrick and Mary near Upperchurch in the appropriate time frame.

Poor Rates

Patrick McGrath was not found in the Poor Rates for Electoral Districts Moyaliff (Nov. 1843) or Holycross (Jan 31, 1842).

Tithe Applotment - Moyaliff Parish - 1827							
Townland	Name of Land Holder	exclusive and	s Area e of roads etc. r-p)	Area in Std Acres			
Clareen	Denis Long William Long Silvester Long	9-0-1	9.006	14.588			
Caalhauur	Denis Long		14.831	24.023			
Coolbawn	William Long	14-3-13	14.831	24.023			
Graigue	Denis Long	6-0-0	6.000	9.7188			
Moyaliff	Denis Long William Long Silvester Long	30-3-38	30.988	50.194			
	TOTAL						

William Long of Coolbawn

The Tithe Applotment goes to extreme lengths to grade the types of land but doesn't record the number of houses or other farm buildings. Therefore it's impossible to know if a person is living on the land or just renting the land for farming purposes. The Longs in Clareen and Moyaliff are obviously the same persons. Coolbawn and Graigue are sub-townlands of the townland of Moyaliff. For this reason it is fairly certain that there is only one Denis and one William in the table above. Most of the TA books for Holycross have not survived and there are numerous Long families living in Raheen, Lisnagrough and Glenreaghmore. Only Beakstown, Ballycahill, Cormackstown, and Newtown have been found.

No.	Griffith's Valuation Moyaliff Name	Immediate Lessor	Description of Tenement		nten Lanc			Annı ə of L		V	t Ann alue o uildin	of	A	otal No Annua Value	d l
	Indille			Α	r	р	£	S	d	£	s	d	£	S	d
7a	William Long	John Armstrong, Esq.	Office and land				14	15	0	0	10	0	15	5	0
7b	John Hayes	John Armstrong, Esq.	House, offices, and land	50	2	15	14	15	0	2	0	0	16	15	0
7b	John Armstrong, Esq.	Colonel Pennefather	Land				14	15	0	0	0	0	14	15	0
31	William Long	John Armstrong, Esq.	House, offices, and land	33	0	20	35	10	0	2	10	0	38	0	0

By the time of the GV in 1851 William was the only Long left in Moyaliff; Denis and Silvester were gone. The remainder follows William and his descendants.

William Long and Catherine Ryan of Coolbawn

(s/o Patrick Long and Margaret LNU) (d/o Denis Ryan and Judy LNU)

William Long Of Ballycahill b. 1805 d. Sep 1, 1886, Coolbawn	 Catherine Ryan Of Knockdunnee, Glenkeen par. mar Jan 27, 1834, Borrisoleigh RC Wit. James Ryan and Mary Ryan d. bef 1886 	
	 Margaret Long bap Dec 11, 1834 Sps. James Ryan and Judy Long 	= James Ryan Of Derry mar. Feb 23, 1865
No marriage or death records found.	 Patrick Long bap. Jul 12, 1836 Sps. John Ryan and Bridget Leamy 	
No marriage record found	 Judy Long bap. Jun 1, 1838 Sps. Thomas Carew and Margaret Long 	
	 Denis Long bap. Mar 31, 1840 Sps. John Ryan and Onny Ryan d. Apr 12, 1911, Coolbawn 	 Johanna Ryan bap May 31, 1855, Coolbaun mar Feb 25, 1884, Drombane Chapel d. Jul 15, 1934, Coolbawn
No marriage or death records found.	Tom Long bap. Mar 1, 1842 Sps. Mary Corcoran	
	 Mary Long bap. Jan 5, 1844, Coolbane Sps. Patrick Gleeson and Hanna Long 	= John Byrne Of Borrisnafarney mar Feb 6, 1883
No marriage or death records found.	 James Long bap. Jan 16, 1846, Coolbane Sps. Darby Dwyer and Catherine Quinane 	
	 William Long bap. Nov 3, 1848, Mealiff Sps. Mary Fitzpatrick 	= Ellen Hackett Of Lackandarra mar Mar 8, 1886
No marriage or death records found.	L John Long bap. Jul 20, 1851, Coolbaun Sps. Wm Hayes and Margaret Leamy	

All of William and Catherine's children's baptism records were found in Upperchurch with the exception of William (1848) whose baptism record was in Ballycahill & Holycross RC parish. William and Catherine were married in Borrisoleigh RC parish since Catherine was from Knockdunnee, Glenkeen parish. Denis and Johanna's children's birth records came from the civil records of Thurles District. Since William and Catherine first child was born within a year of their marriage it is safe to apply the Irish naming convention to their children's names. The first son and daughter were named after the paternal grandparents. The second son and daughter were named after the maternal grandparents. These names have been entered at the top of the family tree but in italics to signify that they are based on the naming convention without any actual records to support them.

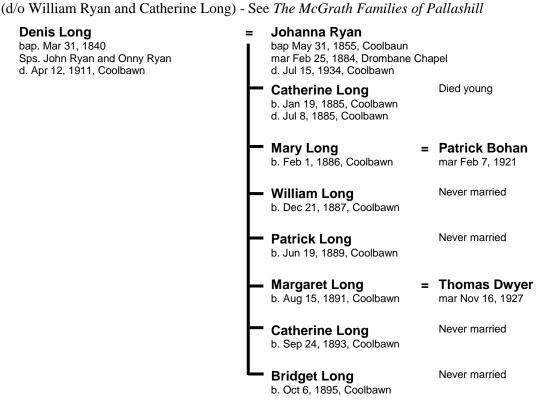
Strangely, Denis and Silvester Long were never chosen as baptism sponsors for William and Cahterine Long's children.

Civil Records

Death: William Long - 81 - 1886	Death: Catherine Long - 5 months - 1885
Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross	Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
Date: September 1, 1886 - Location: Coolbawn	Date: July 8, 1885 - Location: Coolbawn
Name: William Long	Name: Catherine Long
Condition: Widower	Condition: Spinster
Age at last Birthday: 81 years	Age at last Birthday: 5 months
Occupation: Farmer	Occupation: Daughter of a Farmer
Cause of Death: Paralysis, 3 years, Uncertified, No	Cause of Death: Peritonitis, 5 weeks, Certified
med att	Informant: Johanna Long, Mother, Present at death,
Informant: Denis Long, Son, Present at death,	Coolbawn
Coolbawn	Reg: August 24, 1885.
Reg: October 22, 1886. Marriage: William Long and Ellen Hackett - Drombane Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross March 8, 1886 - married at the RC Chapel of Drombane Husband: William Long (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Knocka, Drom) Father: <u>William Long</u> (Farmer, Alive) Wife: Ellen Hackett (Full age, Spinster, Blank, Lacken, Drombane) [Lackandarra?, Moyaliff] Father: James Hackett (Farmer, Dead) Witnesses: Thomas Meagher and Ellen Corcoran Priest: John Wood, P. P. Reg: March 15, 1886.	Marriage: John Byrne and Mary Long - Borrisnafarney Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross February 6, 1883 - married at the RC Chapel of Drombane Husband: John Byrne (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer, Borrisnafarney, Toomavaree) Father: <u>William Byrne</u> (Farmer Dead) Wife: Mary Long (Full age, Spinster, Blank, Coolbawn, Drombane) Father: <u>William Long</u> (Farmer, Alive) Witnesses: Edward Byrne and Hanoria Carroll Priest: John wood, P. P. Reg: February 2X, 1883.
Marriage: James Ryan and Margaret Long	Marriage: Denis Long and Johanna Ryan -
- Derry	Coolbawn
Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross	Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
February 23, 1865 - married at the RC Chapel of	February 25, 1884 - married at the RC Chapel of
Drumbane	Drombane
Husband: James Ryan (26, Bachelor, Farmer,	Husband: Denis Long (Full age, Bachelor, Farmer,
Derry)	Coolbawn, Ballycahill)
Father: <u>Thomas Ryan</u> (Farmer, Deceased)	Father: <u>William Long</u> (Farmer, Alive)
Wife: Margaret Long (27, spinster, Farmer's	Wife: Johanna Ryan (Full age, Spinster, Blank,
daughter, Mealiffe)	Coolbawn, Ballycahill)
Father: <u>William Long</u> (Farmer)	Father: <u>William Ryan</u> (Farmer, Alive)
Witnesses: Denis Stapleton and Ally Hays	Witnesses: Thomas Ryan and Catherine Ryan
Priest: Thomas Ryan	Priest: John Wood, P. P.
Reg: July 19, 1865.	Reg: February 28, 1884

Denis Long and Johanna Ryan

(s/o William Long and Catherine Ryan)



Census Records

1901 - Denis Long - house 25 in Moyaliff (Moyaliff, Tipperary)

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion
Long	Denis	57	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic
Long	Johanna	42	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic
Long	Mary	15	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Long	William	13	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Long	Patrick	11	Male	Son	Roman Catholic
Long	Margaret	9	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Long	Catherine	7	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic
Long	Bridget	5	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic

Surname	Forename	Age	Sex	Relation to head	Religion			
Longe	Denis	70	Male	Head of Family	Roman Catholic			
Longe	Johanna	54	Female	Wife	Roman Catholic			
Longe	Mary	23	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic			
Longe	William	22	Male	Son	Roman Catholic			
Longe	Catherine	16	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic			
Longe	Bridget	14	Female	Daughter	Roman Catholic			

1911 - Denis Long - house 23 in Moyaliff (Moyaliff, Tipperary)

Denis and Johanna have been married 26 years. Johanna gave birth to six children all of whom were still alive.

Civil Records

Death: Denis Long - 70 - 1911	Death: Johanna Long - 71 - 1934
Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross	Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
Date: April 12, 1911 - Location: Coolbawn	Date: July 15, 1934 - Location: Coolbawn
Name: Denis Long	Name: Johanna Long
Condition: Married	Condition: Widow
Age at last Birthday: 70 years	Age at last Birthday: 71 years
Occupation: Farmer	Occupation: Farmer's widow
Cause of Death: Heart Disease, some years,	Cause of Death: Old age, Two weeks, No medical
Syncope one hour, No med att	attendant
Informant: Maggie Long, Daughter, Present at	Informant: Thomas Dwyer, Son-in-law, Present at
death, Coolbawn	Death, Coolbawn
Reg: April 28, 1911	Reg: July 20, 1934

Marriage: Thomas Dwyer and Margaret	Marriage: Patrick Bohan and Mary Long -
Long - Thurles	College Hill
Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross	Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Holycross
November 16, 1927 - married at the RC church of	February 7, 1921 - married at the RC Church of
Drombane	Drombane
Husband: Thomas Dwyer (Full age, Bachelor,	Husband: Patrick Bohan (Full, Bachelor, Farmer's
Farmer & Merchant, Thurles)	son, College Hill, Templemore)
Father: Jeremiah Dwyer (Merchant)	Father: John Bohan (Farmer)
Wife: Margaret Long (Full age, Spinster, Farmer's	Wife: Mary Long (Full, Spinster, Farmer's
daughter, Coolbawn, Drombane)	daughter, Coolbawn, Drombane, Thurles)
Father: <u>Denis Long</u> (Farmer)	Father: <u>Denis Long</u> (Farmer)
Witnesses: John Dwyer and Bridie Long	Witnesses: Thomas Bohan and Kathie? Longe
Priest: Michael Horrigan, P. P.	Priest: Michael Hourigan, P. P.
Reg: December 10, 1927	Reg: February 13, 1921

5. Patterns in the Parish Records

The Search For Descendants

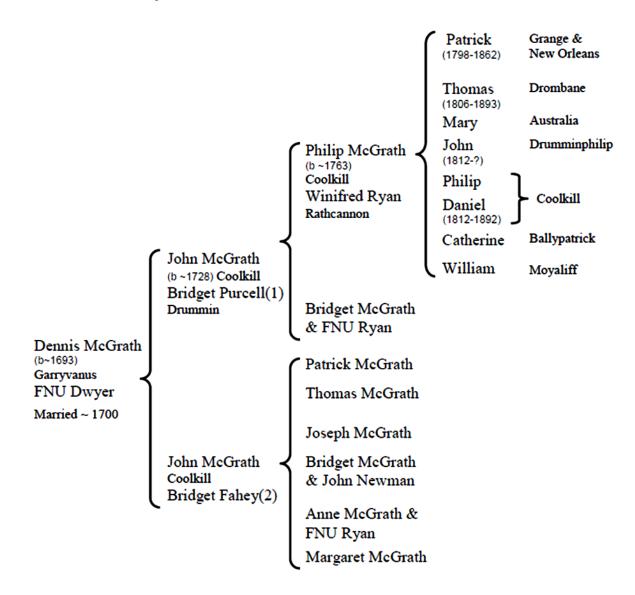
Introduction

After the Upperchurch baptism records were photographed back in 2000, they were organized into families a pattern was noticed. In two of the families the first sons were named Philip and the first daughters were named Winifred. If both of those families had been following the Irish naming convention when selecting the names for their children then these two fathers (John and Thomas Magrath) were probably brothers and their parents were named Philip and Winifred. This was interesting but it didn't immediately lead anywhere. The Upperchurch records began in 1829 and Philip and Winifred Magrath didn't appear in the parish registers. Their existence was inferred from the names of their grandchildren. Even John and Thomas Magrath's baptisms were too early to appear in the Upperchurch records.

In 2015 the Irish Parish Registers went online thanks to the National Library of Ireland. After collecting all of the Magrath / McGrath baptism records from the Ballycahill and Holycross RC parish they were assembled into families. Surprisingly the same name pattern appeared again. In the families of Philip and Daniel Magrath the first sons were named Philip and the first daughters were named Winifred. This could not be a coincidence because the combination of Philip and Winifred is extremely rare. It was obvious that Philip and Daniel were brothers and they were probably also brothers of John and Thomas Magrath from the Upperchurch records. The Holycross registers started in 1835, even later than the Upperchurch records, and so neither Philip's or Daniels' baptism records, nor their parents' marriage record appeared in the Holycross parish registers.

The final confirmation of the Philip and Winifred Magrath family was provided by the McGrath-Fanning family papers, discovered by Marvin Minton. Also included in these papers were the names of Philip Magrath's siblings, as shown in The McGrath Family of Coolkill below. Knowing the names of Philip's brothers and the fact that their father was named John it is possible to search for more name patterns in the baptism records of the grandchildren of Philip's brothers.

The McGrath Family of Coolkill



The plan for the search is to use a naming pattern to find the children and grandchildren of Philip Magrath of Coolkill's siblings. The pattern to look for is a John Magrath / McGrath whose first son is named Patrick, Thomas, or Joseph. Philip's three brothers probably would have named one of their sons, if not their first son, John, after their father. These sons (named John), in turn, would have named their first sons after their fathers: Patrick, Thomas, or Joseph. Secondly, look for any McGraths who named their first sons Patrick, Thomas, or Joseph. These would be persons *born in the first few decades of the 19th century*. All of the RC parishes listed in the table below were searched, although Ballycahill and Upperchurch had already been extensively searched. It was hoped that the parish registers starting significantly earlier than 1825 might yield

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some promising results. Philip and Winifred's grandchildren's baptism records showed up in Upperchurch and Holycross which had already been thoroughly searched. It was thought that the baptism records of the grandchildren of Philip's siblings might show up in nearby Clonoulty RC parish — which started back in 1804. In the end Clonoulty produced the most results and so that was the parish chosen for further analysis.

The next step would be to take all the possible candidates and check to ensure that they were not already connected to one of the other Clonoulty families in earlier published documents.

RC Parish	No. of Johns	1 st Son - Patrick	1 st Son - Thomas
Ballycahill & Holycross - 1835	2	0	0
Borrisoleigh - 1814	0	0	0
Clonoulty - 1804	13	3	1
Drom & Inch - 1827	3	1	0
Thurles - 1796	14	1	0
Upperchurch & Drombane - 1829	3	1	0

Search Results

The names John, Patrick, and Thomas are very common and in this search not much of a trail was found. The name Joseph hardly ever shows up in the registers and that trait was true to its history during this search. The search for Philip and Winifred's descendants was easier due to the uniqueness of the names Philip and Winifred in the parish registers. However, uniqueness proved not to be the largest problem in this search — the records just weren't there to be found. Perhaps Philip's brothers remained bachelors, moved to a different parish, or even emigrated.

Name Search Results - Clonoulty John McGrath

Parents	Possible Son
John McGrath = Eliza English <u>Patrick Magrath</u> - Mar 22, 1811, Brockagh	
John McGrath = Mary Chidle Catherine Magrath - Sep 1, 1812, Ballagh <u>Patrick Magrath</u> - Feb 21, 1814, Ballagh John Magrath - Feb 1, 1818, Ballagh Margaret Magrath - Oct 27, 1821, Ballagh Nancy Magrath - Oct 15, 1824, Ballagh	<mark>John McGrath = Mary Bourke</mark> John McGrath - Jul 26, 1840, Ballagh
John McGrath = Margaret Ryan Patrick Magrath - Apr 15, 1816, Glenough	Patrick McGrath = Catherine Kennedy <u>John Magrath</u> - Apr 15, 1839, Ballagh Mary McGrath - Mar 10, 1841, Kilmore Mathew McGrath - Mar 23, 1843, Ballagh Patrick McGrath - Mar 23, 1845, Ballagh James Magrath - Jan 15, 1847, Ballagh James Magrath - May 30, 1848, Ballagh
John McGrath = Joanna Hayes <u>Thomas McGrath</u> - Jan 28, 1863, Turraheen Margaret McGrath - Jan 13, 1865, Turraheen John McGrath - Dec 10, 1866, Turraheen Joanna McGrath - Jan 20, 1869, Stook Patrick McGrath - Feb 11, 1871, Turraheen	

The table above contains the four John McGraths found in the Clonoulty parish registers who had named their first sons either Patrick of Thomas. The last John McGrath family in the first column is probably too young. The families in the "Possible Son" column have been paired up with an older family by applying the naming convention. This is pure guesswork at this point but that was how the Philip and Winifred puzzle started. When a family has a single child and then disappears from the records I usually suspect an early death of one of both parents or perhaps the family emigrated.

In the end there is only one John McGrath (married Mary Chidle) who might be the son of Philip's brother Patrick Magrath. His first daughter's name was Catherine which might be John's mother's name but Catherine and all it's various spellings is a hopelessly common name in Ireland. As a bonus there might be a connection to John's son John, in the second column.

The next level of the search was to go through the same parish records and look for any Magrath / McGrath who had named their first son Patrick, Thomas, or Joseph. Those results are shown on the following page.

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Michael McGrath

Parents	Possible Son
Michael McGrath = Bridgit Ryan <u>Tom Magrath</u> - Jul 22, 1807 Malachy Magrath - Jul 1, 1809	Thomas McGrath = Mary Quinn <u>Michael Magrath</u> - Mar 22, 1848, Turraheen
Michael McGrath = Mary Ryan <u>Patrick Magrath</u> - Mar 30, 1808 John Magrath - Dec 2, 1815, Boherlahan	Patrick McGrath = Margaret Fahey <u>Michael McGrath</u> - Feb 24, 1838, Turraheen Phillip McGrath - Jun 22, 1840, Turraheen Thos McGrath - Aug 7, 1843, Turraheen Mary Magrath - May 18, 1846, Turraheen Winifred Magrath - Oct 29, 1848, Turraheen

This isn't a likely candidate since the dates are too early for the grandchildren who are being sought. In addition Michael is a name that doesn't appear in the McGrath family of Coolkill.

Patrick McGrath

Parents	Possible Son
Patrick McGrath = Mary Kennedy	Patrick McGrath = Catherine Maher
<u>Patrick Magrath</u> - Mar 15, 1817, Ballagh	Patrick McGrath - Aug 17, 1844, Ballagh
Mary Magrath - Jul 1, 1819, Srahavarrella	
Catherine Magrath - Jan 23, 1822, Srahavarrella	Patrick McGrath = Bridget Long
Mathew Magrath - Jul 2, 1824, Srahavarrella	<u>Patrick Magrath</u> - May 18, 1834, Turraheen
Patrick Magrath - May 27, 1827, Srahavarrella	

This Patrick looks promising and would have been even more promising if Patrick and Mary had named their first daughter Catherine instead of their second daughter. This would have been consistent with the naming pattern of John McGrath and Mary Chidle of Ballagh.

Laurence McGrath

Laurence McGrath = Catherine Magrath	
<u>Thomas Magrath</u> - Nov 15, 1814, Stook	
Nancy Magrath - Jun 1, 1816, Brockagh	

This record is also a bit early and Laurence is another name that doesn't appear in the Cookill family.

6. Magrath Marriages in the Upperchurch Parish Records

These Magrath records were obtained from the computerized list in the possession of Father Donal Cunningham at the Parochial House at Upperchurch village in 2000. They extend past the last record found on the recently release Parish Register microfilms (Feb 1876) held by the National Library of Ireland. They are placed here for future reference. In the last column some information from the civil marriage record is summarized. This includes the couples' residences, their fathers' names and whether the fathers were dead or alive, and the marriage date recorded in the civil record. Also found in the last column is the name of a section in this document or the name of a separate document on mcgrathsearch.com that contains more information on the family.

Family Marriage	Extra Family information
James Heffernan and Margaret Magrath m. June 4, 1830 Witnesses: Wm. Heffernan and Mary Magrath	John Heffernan - Jan 8, 1836
Thos Magrath and Bgt Crowe m. Feb. 6, 1834 Witnesses: Edm Crowe and Pat Ryan	No baps in Upperchurch & Drombane or Ballycahill & Holycross, Clonoulty, Drom & Inch, or Thurles.
John (Jerry) Magrath and Ellen Maher m. Feb. 27, 1840 Witnesses: John Maher and Jas Maher (James)	6 UC baps - 1840-1850 Drombane
Patk Magrath and Mary Murray m. Jan, 24, 1841 Witnesses: Phil Murray and Judy Ryan	2 UC baps - 1845-1848 "Searching for Long & McGrath Connections"
Edmund Magrath and Margt Hill m. Feb 10, 1841 Witnesses: Thomas Ryan (?) and Mary Ann Grant	No baps in UC; 7 baps in Clonoulty 1841 James Magrath, Ballagh <i>Reconstructing Families From the Records</i> , p. 66
Edmund McGrath and Mary Ryan (Actual spelling) m. Sept. 1, 1841 Witnesses: Rody Ryan and Daniel Ryan & others	My gg-grandparents - 3 baps "Michael Magrath Family of Moyaliff"
Tom Magrath and Mary Ryan m. Feb. 2, 1842 Witnesses: Tom Ryan and Margaret Stapleton	6 UC baps - 1842-1852 Finnahy "Patrick Mcgrath and Bridget Kennedy"
John Magrath and Bridget Ryan m. Sept. 4, 1842 Witnesses: Philip Magrath and <u>Barney Ryan</u>	6 UC baps - 1843-1852 Dromminphilip, Roskeen, Drombane "John Magrath and Bridget Ryan"
Tom Wadick and Catherine Magrath m. Feb. 16, 1843 Witnesses: Michael Kennedy and Bridget Quinn Dispensation obtained first	No UC baptisms
Thos Magrath and Mary Quinn m. Feb. 26, 1843 Witnesses: John Magrath and Winny Slattery	3 UC baps - 1850-1857 Gortahoola
Patrick Gooney and Catherine Magrath m. Feb 28, 1843 Witnesses: John Shanahan and Mary Gooney	No UC baptisms

Thomas Magrath and Ellen Purcell m. Sept. 13, 1843 Witnesses: Laurence Bourke and Catherine Purcell	5 UC baps - 1844-1853 Drombane "Thomas Magrath and Ellen (Nelly) Purcell"
Michl Magrath and Mary Dwyer m. Feb. 1, 1845 Witnesses: Thos Dwyer and Mary Dwyer	No baps in Upperchurch & Drombane or Ballycahill & Holycross, Clonoulty, Drom & Inch, or Thurles.
	1
Jerry Ryan (Glown) and Anne Hayes (Gortahoola) m. Feb. 22, 1846 Witnesses: John Costello and Catherine Hayes	Anne Hayes' 1 st marriage Jerry Ryan is the brother of my gg-grandmother Mary Ryan.
Thomas Magrath and Julian Magrath m. Jan. 26, 1848 Witnesses: Patk Davern and Julian Quinn	Mary Magrath - Mar 1, 1849 Catherine Magrath - May 18, 1851 Total of 10 children
	McGrath-Dwyer-Ryan Families 02-08-20 The McGrath and Harty Families of Cooleen and Knockakelly 02-08-20
Ned Ryan (Gortnahalla) and Anne Hayes (Gleann) m. June 22, 1860	Anne Hayes' 2 nd marriage
Witnesses: Laurence Ryan and Mary Kennedy	
Civil Recor	ds Begin - 1864
Michl Magrath and Bgt Corbett m. Feb. 8, 1864 Witnesses: Michl Magrath and Mgt Gleeson	Michael (Doree - James) Bridget (Curraghduff - Patrick) Feb 8, 1864
	Michael McGrath and Bridget Corbett of Dooree Commons 06-15-20 (Unpublished)
Philip Magrath and Hon Stapleton m. Feb. 23, 1873 Witnesses: Philip Magrath and Hon Stapleton	Philip (Drumminphilip - John - Alive) Honoria (Finahy - Timothy - Dead) Feb 23, 1873
	"Philip McGrath and Honora Stapleton"
	· ·
Maurice Magrath and Bridget Ryan m. Feb. 2, 1875 Witnesses: Edm Burke and Margt Ryan	Maurice (Mealiff - Edward - Dead) Bridget (Ballyneira - Patrick - Dead) Feb 9, 1875
	"The Maurice Magrath Family of Moyaliff"
Upperchurch Onlin	ne Records End - 1876
Patk Magrath and Mgt Hogan m. Nov. 24, 1877 Witnesses: Patrick Ryan and Mary Carroll	Patrick (Coolnamoney - John - Dead) Margaret (Knockalough - Thomas - Dead) Oct 25, 1877
	5 children 1879-1889 "Patrick Magrath and Margaret Hogan" <i>The Descendants of Michael Magrath and</i> <i>Mary Dwyer of Conoulty 01-13-19</i>

Edmond Ryan and Ellen Ryan (Glown) m. Feb. 26, 1878 Witnesses: John Kennedy and Mary Ryan	Edmond (Glown - Jeremiah - Dead) Ellen (Glown - Thomas - Dead) Feb 26, 1878		
	No search		
Philip Magrath and Bgt Shanahan m. Feb. 28, 1878 Witnesses: Philip Magrath and Bridget Darcy	Philip (Drombane - Thomas - Alive) Bridget (Foilnagoul - William - Alive) Feb 28, 1878		
	"Philip Magrath and Bridget Shanahan"		
Michael Magrath and Cath Hayes m. Feb. 2, 1886 Witnesses: Thomas Ryan and Honoria Hayes	Michael (Coolnamoney - John - Dead) Catherine (Gortahoola - William - Dead) Feb 2, 1886		
	No UC baps The Descendants of Michael Magrath and Mary Ryan of Clonoulty pp. 6-8		
	7		
Denis Magrath and Cath Stapleton m. Feb. 23, 1892 Witnesses: Thomas Walsh and Mgt. Stapleton	Denis (Clonoulty - Patrick) Catherine (Finiha - Mathew) Feb 23, 1892		
	No UC baps <i>Reconstructing Families From the Records</i> , p. 64-5		

Gleann = Glown = Gleninchnaveigh

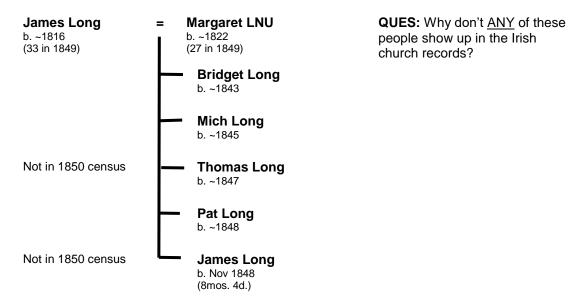
NOTE: Titles in quotes are to be found as sections in this document. Titles in italics are separate documents to be found on the mcgrathsearch.com web site. The easiest way to find these documents is to do a Google search on the document title (minus any date that might be appended to the title). Limit the search to the mcgrathsearch.com domain. The date should not be included in the search string since the date will change if the document is updated whereas the title of the document will remain the same.

7. An Extra Long Family on the Ship to New Orleans

James and Margaret Long

Source: Ship's manifest - Harkaway - June 26, 1849

This family was on the same ship to New Orleans as Patrick McGrath and his family. The birth years were inferred from the ages on the manifest.



No member of this family was found in the Irish parish registers. The closest possible matches are shown below. Since the Harkaway left from Liverpool, England it seemed possible that this James Long family came from England. However, the US census records showed that all had been born in Ireland. The church records below were the closest James and Margaret that could be found. There is little confidence that either is the correct one.

James Long and Margaret Costello

James Long	=	Margaret Costello mar Jun 2, 1842 @ St. Andrew's, Dublin city Wit. John Doyle and Mary Maj(?)	No children were found for this couple
James Long and	l Marga	rot N'Mooro	

James Long and Margaret O'Meara

James Long

Margaret O'Meara

mar Feb 14, 1847 @ Holycross Wit: Richard Hickey, Michael O'Meara, and Thomas O'Meara. This was the only James and Margaret Long having a baptism in 1840-1850. The 1847 marriage conflicts with Bridget's birth in 1843.

Mary Long

bap Mar 26, 1849 @ Clonoulty RC Sps. Valentine O'Meara and Mary Anne Brown

This family was found in Missouri in 1850 and in Madison Co., Illinois in the 1860, 1870, and 1880 census.

Census Records

1850 Missouri St. Louis St. Louis (South half) M432-414-333A
Res 870, Fam 896 - Census Day - June 1, 1850
James Lang, 35, Laborer, Ireland
Margaret Lang, 33, Ireland
Bridget Lang, 8, Ireland
Michael Lang, 7, Ireland
Patrick Lang, 2, Ireland

NOTE: Thomas (b. ~1848) and James (b. Nov 1848) were with the family on the Harkaway in June 1849 on the way to New Orleans, LA. Apparently they had died either on the journey or in the year since the family had landed in America.

1860 Illinois Madison Range 6 Township 5 M653-XXXX-381
Res 3776, Fam 2775

James Long, 45, Real Est \$1000, Per Est \$700, Ireland
Margaret Long, 42, Ireland
Bridget Long, 17, Ireland
Michael Long, 16, Ireland
Patrick Long, 13, Ireland, At School
Mary A. Long, 9, "Ms" (Missouri?), At School
Catherine Long, 6, Illinois, At School
John Long, 4, Illinois, At School
Margaret Long, 3, Illinois

1870 Illinois Madison Range 6 Township 5 M593-251-95B
Res 14, Fam 14
James Long, 55, Farmer, Real Est \$2000, Per Est \$1000, Ireland, Male cit over 21
Margaret Long, 52, Keeps house, Can't read or write, Ireland
Michael Long, 24, Farm hand, Ireland, Male cit over 21
Patrick Long, 21, Farm Hand, Ireland
Mary A. Long, 18, Missouri
Catherine Long, 16, Illinois, Attended school
John Long, 14, Illinois, Attended school

Mary McGrath, 53, Ireland

NOTE: All parents foreign born. Could Mary McGrath be Margaret's sister? Was she a spinster or widow?

1880 Illinois Madison Alhambra T9-233-258D
Res 57, Fam 57
James Long, 65, M, Farmer, IR, IR, IR
Margaret Long, 63, M, Keeping house, IR, IR, IR
Biddelia Murphy, 10, G. dau, At home, Illinois, IR, IR
Thomas Loughlin, 61, S, Labor, IR, IR, IR

NOTE: Biddelia Murphy must be the daughter of James and Margaret's only daughter who was born in Ireland: Bridget Long (b. 1843, Ireland). Biddelia was 10 years old which implies that her mother Bridget had married a man named Murphy before 1870 and Bridget wasn't living with her parents at the time of the 1870 census.

1900 census - Neither James or Margaret were found.

8. Construction Area - Need More Work

William McGrath and Julia Brien

William McGrath was difficult to find. He hadn't been unearthed in any of the previous research of the McGrath families in the Moyaliff and Holycross area. <u>His name appeared in the list of Philip McGrath and Winifred Ryan's children in the McGrath-Fanning papers — then the search began.</u> He hadn't left much of a footprint in the church records, leaving only a marriage and a single baptism record. No other children were found for this family. The civil birth records don't begin until 1864 but William and Julia were probably not still having children at that late date.

The civil marriage records start in 1845 but William and Julia's marriage could not be found in the time period 1845-1848. This search covered all the counties in Ireland. The marriage record is very useful because it contains the names of the fathers of the couple being married. No civil death records could be found for William or Julia over the time period 1878-1969 in either Thurles or Cashel districts. Of course neither of them would have lived past 1969 but they might have died prior to 1878.

Ballycahill and Holycross

Marriage

October 9, 1847 - William McGragh <u>married</u> Julian Brien, Res: None, Wit. Thady Tully and Mary Hynes? Priest: Rev^d Wm. Laffan

Baptism

November 3, 1848 - **Catherine McGragh**, Par. William McGragh and Julia Brien, Res: *Mealiffe*, Sps. Thomas McGragh and Bridget Brien.

In the Griffith's Valuation there was only one William McGrath in the Thurles PLU and there is no guarantee that this is the same William described in the church records above. It will be noticed that William was only renting land. He was probably living nearby and the Edmund McGrath only two lots away might be a relative and this William could have been living with him. William didn't have any siblings named Edmund so this Edmund would have been related in a different manner or perhaps not related at all.

No.	Griffith's Valuation Ballinahow Name	Immediate Lessor	ot		nten Land			Annu e of L	-	V	t Ann alue o uildin	of	A	otal N Innua Value	al
	Name			Α	r	р	£	s	d	÷	S	d	£	S	d
26	William McGrath	Court of Chancery	Land	3	1	3	2	9	0	0	0	0	2	9	0
28	Edmund McGrath	Court of Chancery.	House, offices, and land	6	2	0	2	7	0	0	10	0	2	17	0

Since William McGrath and Julian Brien were married and had their only known child during the depths of the Great Famine it is possible that the family had emigrated. This would explain their absence from the Irish records.

US Census Records

1860 CT New London Norwich
Res 607, Fam 680
William McGrath, 32, Fireman Car, Ireland
Julia McGrath, 33, Housekeeper, Ireland
John McGrath, 14, Ireland, Attended school
Ann M. McGrath, 10, Mass, Attended school
Sarah J. McGrath, 1, Mass

This is probably not the same William McGrath family from Moyaliff. Their son John would have been born in Ireland in 1846 which was a year before the couple was married. Assuming the couple was married in 1845, William would have been 17 and Julia would have been 18. Also their known daughter Catherine (b. 1848) is missing. No appropriate William and Julia McGrath could be found in the 1850 or 1860 Federal census. They were also not found in the 1855 NYS Census, which was just a long shot since many families from that area of Ireland had immigrated to Central New York.

John McGrath of Knockanevin

Newest addition to the line of McGrath gravestones in Moyaliff Chapel.

Question: Which McGrath family is John descended from? His gravestone was between Thomas McGrath of Drombane and Daniel McGrath of Coolkill, who were brothers. Either of these might be John's g-grandfather.

Death: John McGrath - 41 - 1969

Sup Reg Dist - Thurles, Reg Dist - Borrisoleigh
Date: April 26, 1969 - Location: Knockanevin, Borrisoleigh, Thurles, Co. Tipperary
Name: John McGrath
Condition: Married
Age at last Birthday: 41 years [b. 1928]
Occupation: Farmer
Cause of Death: Respiratory failure following crush injuries to chest and head when knocked down by a tractor.
Informant: Certificate received from Patrick O'Connors Coroner for East Dis Tipperary. Inquest held on second day of May 1969.
Reg: May 9, 1969.

Townland	Acres	County	Barony	Parish	PLU	Province	
Knockanevin	215	Tipperary, N.R.	Kilnamanagh Upper	Glenkeen	Thurles	Munster	

The Four McGrath Moyaliff Gravestones

Erected by Philip McGrath, Drombane In Memory of His Wife Bridget McGrath (nee) Shanahan Died Nov 24 1924 Aged 68 yrs His Daughter Johanna Died 1 Feb 1923, Aged 40 yrs And His Father Thomas McGrath Died 17 Feb 1893 Aged 87 yrs Also His Mother Ellen Died 30 July 1868 Aged 71 yrs And His 3 Children Died Young His Son Philip Died 25 Nov 1926 Aged 33 yrs Also The Above Philip McGrath Died 21 Sept 1931 Aged 88 yrs	In Loving Memory Of John McGrath Knockanevin, Borrisoleigh Late of Glebe Cross, Drombane Died 26-April 1969, Aged 42 Yrs His wife Pauline Died 20-Dec 1980 Aged 54 yrs.	Here lies the Body of Mary McGrath als Banan Who died March the xx 1792 Aged 49 Yrs may She rest in peace. Amen Erected by Joseph McGrath	Erected By The Sorrowing Wife and Children to the Sad and Fond Memory of Daniel McGrath , of Coolkill Who Died Feb ?5th 1892 Aged 80 Yrs Also His Daughter Winefred McGrath Died April 10th 1872 Aged 8 Years
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9 - A Rate for the Relief of the Poor of Thurles Union - Moyaliff

Moyaliff Nov 1843

http://www.igp-web.com/tipperary/moyaliff.htm

Place	Occupier	
Allengort	Magrath, Thomas	
Ballyoughter	Gleeson, John	
	Purcell, James	
	Purcell, Michael	
	Ryan, Thos., Denis, Philip & Thos.	
Clareen	Gleeson, Patrick	
	Long, Denis	
	Long, Margaret	
Cool Kill	Magrath, Philip	
	Purcell, James	
	Purcell, Laurence	
Coolhaven?	Long, William	
	Purcell, Thomas	
Dooree	Magrath, Jas. & Ryan, Jas.	
	Phealan, Francis	
Drumbane	Purcell, John	
Drumminphilip	Magrath, John	
	Magrath, John	
Grague	Long, William	
Killinleigh	Purcell, James	
	Purcell, Mathew	
Knockath***	Gleeson, Michael	
	Gleeson, Thomas	
Lisheen	Gleeson, John	
	Gleeson, Thomas	
	Gleeson, Timothy	
Mealiffe	Long, Denis	
	Long, Margaret	
	Long, Martin	
	Magrath, Edmund	
	Magrath, Michl.	
	Purcell, James	
	Ryan, Roger	
Roskeen	Magrath, Philip	
Rosmult	Long, Denis	
Shanballydhure	Ryan, Rody	
Wood	Purcell, Mathew	

Only the surnames of interest to this paper have been included.

10 - A Rate for the Relief of the Poor of Thurles Union - Holycross

http://www.igp-web.com/Tipperary/holycross.htm

Holycross Electoral District 31 Jan 1842

OCCUPIERS	OWNERS	OCCUPIERS OWNERS					
		CLOHAWN (CLOGHANE)	-				
KILLENYARDA-6/18		All					
Robt. Smithwick	Wm. B. Armstrong	Richard Henesy	Thos. Feiman/Finnan, Esq.				
Thos. Armstrong		Laurence Cumming	Thos. Feiman/Finnan, Esq.				
Robt. Jones	Revd. Dr. Wall	William Ryan	Thos. Feiman/Finnan, Esq.				
Richd. Long	Revd. Dr. Wall	Laurence Long	Thos. Feiman/Finnan, Esq.				
William B. Armstrong	Revd. Dr. Wall	John Reardon	Thos. Feiman/Finnan, Esq.				
Patrick Horan	Wm. B. Armstrong	William Ryan	Thos. Feiman/Finnan, Esq.				
GLENREAGHMORE-	All	LISNAGROUGH-All					
Patrick Davorn	Revd. Dr. Wall	John Quinlan	Wm. B. Armstrong				
William Ryan	Revd. Dr. Wall	John Coleman	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Widow Gleeson	Revd. Dr. Wall	John Doyle	Wm. B. Armstrong				
D'I I E '		Widow Doyle [1845					
Richd. Fanning	Revd. Dr. Wall	Catherine]	Wm. B. Armstrong				
John Mara	Revd. Dr. Wall	Thomas Doyle	Wm. B. Armstrong				
William Ryan	Revd. Dr. Wall	Patrick Ryan	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Thos. Ryan	Revd. Dr. Wall	William Ryan	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Michl. Gleeson	Revd. Dr. Wall	John Long	Wm. B. Armstrong				
William Fell	Revd. Dr. Wall	Lawrence Long	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Wm. Shea	Revd. Dr. Wall	Widow Kelly	Wm. B. Armstrong				
GLENREAGHBEG-All							
James Ryan	Revd. Dr. Wall	William Boyle	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Edmond. Cronan	Revd. Dr. Wall	Wm. B. Armstrong	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Widow Dwyer [1845 Margt.]	Revd. Dr. Wall	Widow Flannery	Wm. B. Armstrong				
John Dwyer	Revd. Dr. Wall	RAHEEN-All					
Michl. Hickey (Jun.)	Revd. Dr. Wall	Edmond Wilson	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Michl. Hickey (Sen.)	Revd. Dr. Wall	Michl. Long	Wm. B. Armstrong				
John Hickey (?)	Revd. Dr. Wall	Patrick Long	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Mathew Hickey	Revd. Dr. Wall	Lawrence Long	Wm. B. Armstrong				
James Hickey	Revd. Dr. Wall	Richd. Long	Wm. B. Armstrong				
John Cantwell	Revd. Dr. Wall	John Long	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Rev. George Peacock	Revd. Dr. Wall	Kenedy Long	Wm. B. Armstrong				
Patrick Bourke	Revd. Dr. Wall	Samuel Hill	Wm. B. Armstrong				

GLENREAGHBEG -Continued

0			
James Hayes	Revd. Dr. Wall		
William Long	Revd. Dr. Wall		
Widow Long	Revd. Dr. Wall		
Widow Moloughney	Revd. Dr. Wall		
Patrick Long	Revd. Dr. Wall		
X XX 60			
James Heffernan	Revd. Dr. Wall		
Lawrence Butler	Mr. Sadler		
GRANGE-All			
Richard Fanning	Thomas Firman		
Thomas Long	Thomas Firman		
Patrick Magrath	Thomas Firman		
William Touhey	Thomas Firman		
Patrick Touhey	Thomas Firman		
Widow Fanning	Thomas Firman		
James Doyle	Thomas Firman		
John Ryan	Thomas Firman		
Thomas Alleyne	Thomas Firman		
Denis Keough	Thomas Firman		
Patrick Ryan	Thomas Firman		
Richard Maher	Thomas Firman		
Michl. Keefe	Thomas Firman		
Daniel Dwyer	Thomas Firman		
James Dwyer	Thomas Firman		

RAHEEN - Continued

Widow Dwyer [1845 Margt.] Laurence Dwyer Laurence Power

FARNEYBRIDGE-All

Danl. Dwyer Capt. William Armstrong [1845 Major] Denis Maher **Michl. Long Patrick Long Richd. Long Laurence Long**

Edmond Dwyer

CORMACKSTOWN-All

Capt. William Armstrong (Land Only) Andrew Ryan Daniel Wall Widow Teyncombe Laurence Toohey Widow Ryan [1845 Mary] John Ryan Philip Magrath William Neale [1845 Neil] Capt. William Armstrong Revd. Dr. Wall Capt. William Armstrong Capt. William Armstrong

Wm. B. Armstrong

Wm. B. Armstrong

Wm. B. Armstrong

Robert Ludwell Capt. William Armstrong Robert Lidwell Robert Lidwell, Esq Robert Lidwell, Esq Robert Lidwell Robert Lidwell, Esq Robert Lidwell, Esq

This Poor Rates list has been edited down to just those names or townlands that were of interest for this paper. Entire townlands have been omitted. For those retained an indication, appearing after the townland name, shows if that portion of the list had been edited and to what extent. The year [1845], showing corrections, implies that these names were current as of 1845.

11. Parish Register Statistics

These numbers were the result of doing a page by page transcription of all the McGrath and Long families (male and female) for the entirety of each of the five parishes in the tables below.

McGrath	Father (McGrath)		Mother (McGrath)	
	Baptisms	Families	Baptisms	Families
Ballycahill & Holycross	66	30	50	20
Clonoulty	216	69	134	33
Drom & Inch	86	24	17	5
Thurles	116	71	118	65
Upperchurch & Drombane	51	15	31	18

Long	Father (Long)		Mother (Long)	
	Baptisms	Families	Baptisms	Families
Ballycahill & Holycross	125	35	129	42
Clonoulty	12	5	28	12
Drom & Inch	112	23	91	27
Thurles	135	57	191	88
Upperchurch & Drombane	28	8	61	20

The detailed baptism information is contained on the mcgrathsearch.com web site. Although they aren't the focus of this document there are also baptism records for the Fanning and Tuohy families from the same group of parish registers.

McGrath

http://mcgrathsearch.com/FamiliesInIreland/McGrath/McGrathFamilies.htm

Long

http://mcgrathsearch.com/FamiliesInIreland/Long/LongFamilies.htm

Fanning

http://mcgrathsearch.com/FamiliesInIreland/Fanning/FanningFamilies.htm

Tuohy

http://mcgrathsearch.com/FamiliesInIreland/Tuohy/TuohyFamilies.htm

12. Registration Districts

THURLES, TIP. (Borrisoleigh, Holycross, Littleton, Moyne, Templemore, Thurles) Adjacent Districts - Roscrea, Donaghmore, Urlingford, Cashel, Tipperary, Nenagh

NENAGH, TIP. (Nenagh, Newport, Portroe, Silvermines, Toomyvara) Adjacent Districts - Borrisokane, Roscrea, Thurles, Tipperary, Limerick, Scarriff

CASHEL, TIP. (Cashel, Fethard, Killenaule, Kilpatrick, Tullamain) Adjacent Districts - Thurles, Urlingford, Callan, Carrick-on-Suir, Clonmel, Clogheen, Tipperary

TIPPERARY, LIM, TIP. (Bansha[TIP], Cappagh[LIM,TIP], Emly[TIP], Golden[TIP], Grean[LIM,TIP], Tipperary[TIP]) Adjacent Districts - Thurles, Cashel, Clogheen, Mitchelstown, Kilmallock, Limerick,

Nenagh

The civil records are available on the irishgenealogy.ie site. The current ranges covered at present (2020) are as follows:

Birth:	1864-1919
Marriage:	1845-1944
Death:	1878-1969

Endnotes

- ¹ The McGrath Family from Moyaliff Parish, County Tipperary, by Michael F. McGraw <u>http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/Bold%20Hypothesis%201-19-08.pdf</u> Finding Michael McGrath from Moyaliff, County Tipperary, Ireland, by Michael F. McGraw http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Story%201-15-08.pdf
- ² Maurice's baptismal record was found at Holycross. May 1838 Maurice of Edmond McGragh and Mary Ryan. Sponsors: John Ryan and Elly or Ally Long.
- ³ Maurice's baptismal record was found at Holycross. May 1838 Maurice of Edmond McGragh and Mary Ryan. Sponsors: John Ryan and Elly or Ally Long.
- ⁴ Thomas Long Land Lease May 1839, by Michael F. McGraw, p.2 <u>http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/Thomas%20Long%20Land%20Lease%208-6-11.pdf</u>
- ⁵ The Origins of the McGrath Family, by Michael F. McGraw, p. 180-185. <u>http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/Version01_A.pdf</u>; The Possibility of a Common McGrath Origin, Michael F. McGraw, <u>http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/Common_Origins_10-24-05b.PDF</u>
- ⁶ The Civil Survey of 1654, County of Tipperary, Vol I, Eastern and Southern Baronies, by Robert C. Simington, Stationery Office, Dublin, 1931
- ⁷ Somerset R. L. Belmore, "The Castle and Territory of Termon Magrath," Ulster Journal of Archaeology Vol. IX No. 3 (1903)
- ⁸ O'Farrell, Padraic, *Irish Rogues, Rascals and Scoundrels*, The Mercier Press, Dublin, 1992, pp. 31-2.
- ⁹ "The Augustinian Houses of the Coounty Clare: Clare, Killone, and Inchicronan", by Thomas Johnson Westropp, Journal of the Royal Society of Antiquaries of Ireland, Vol. 30, 1900, p. 121.
- ¹⁰ Irish Pedigrees or The Origin and Stem of The Irish Nation, John O'Hart, Limited American Edition, Volume Two, Murphy & McCarthy, 86 Walker Street, New York, New York, 1923, p. 269
- ¹¹ The Last Lords of Ormond, by Dermot F. Gleeson, Relay Books, Tyone, Nenagh, Co. Tipperary, Ireland, Revised edition 2001. Email: <u>relaybooks@eircom.net.</u> ISBN: 0-946327-31-9, p. 91.
- ¹² The Last Lords of Ormond, by Dermot F. Gleeson, Relay Books, Tyone, Nenagh, Co. Tipperary, Ireland, Revised edition 2001. Email: <u>relaybooks@eircom.net.</u> ISBN: 0-946327-31-9, p. 307.

- ¹³ The History of the O'Dwyers, Originally published as The O'Dwyers of Kilnamanagh. The History of an Irish Sept, By Sir Michael O'Dwyer, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I. With Preface and Biographical Profile, By Tom O'Dwyer, The Celtic Bookshop, Limerick, Ireland, 2000.p. 199
- ¹⁴ Records of the Four Tipperary Septs, The O'Kennedys, O'Dwyers, O'Mulryans, O'Meaghers, By Martin Callanan, L.R.C.P. & S.I., O'Gorman, LTD, Printinghouse, Galway, 1938, This impression by JAG Publishing 1995, p. 116
- ¹⁵ Lough Derg Legendary Pilgrimage, by John B. Cunningham, R&S Printers, Ltd., Monaghan, 1984, p. 47.
- ¹⁶ The Last Lords of Ormond, by Dermot F. Gleeson, Relay Books, Tyone, Nenagh, Co. Tipperary, Ireland, Revised edition 2001. Email: <u>relaybooks@eircom.net.</u> ISBN: 0-946327-31-9, p. 253.
- ¹⁷ The History of the O'Dwyers, Originally published as The O'Dwyers of Kilnamanagh, The History of an Irish Sept, by Sir Michael O'Dwyer, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., With Preface and Biographical Profile, By Tom O'Dwyer, The Celtic Bookshop, Limerick, Ireland, 2000., pp. 218-19.
- ¹⁸ The History of the O'Dwyers, Originally published as The O'Dwyers of Kilnamanagh, The History of an Irish Sept, by Sir Michael O'Dwyer, G.C.I.E., K.C.S.I., With Preface and Biographical Profile, By Tom O'Dwyer, The Celtic Bookshop, Limerick, Ireland, 2000., pp. 227.

¹⁹ The Religious Survey of 1766 <u>http://www.ancestry.com/learn/library/article.aspx?article=6702&cj=1&o_xid=0001231185&o_lid=0001231185</u>

²⁰ Freeman's Journal, Thursday, November 23 – Saturday, November 25, 1786, p.1 "A return of the Names of all the people in the parish of Moyaliff, October 17, 1786"

²¹ The Long and McGrath Families 10-27-11 http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Long%20and%20McGrath%20Families%2010-27-11.pdf

²² Gravestone inscriptions transcribed by Clare Tuohy.

²³ The marriage of Thomas Long and Catherine Ryan from Familysearch.org. Thomas Long (b. 1830, age 37) married Catherine Ryan (b. 1843, age 24) on 24 Feb 1867 at Holycross, Thurles, Tipperary, Ireland. It was the first marriage for both. The groom's father's name was John Long. The bride's father's name was James Ryan. Indexing Project (Batch) Number: M70237-3; System Origin: Ireland-EASy; Source Film Number: 101506; Reference Number: P765 #14

²⁴ <u>http://www.fanningfamilyhistory.com/fanning-graves-holycross-tipperary</u>

²⁵ The Doyle family were occupants on Lot 3 in Glenreaghmore. This information came from the Cancelled Books.
Thomas Doyle in GV
Laurence Doyle there in 1869
Replaced by Bridget Doyle in 1889
Replaced by James Doyle in 1896
Replaced by John Fanning in 1904
Replaced by Mary Fanning in 1959

²⁶ For an explanation of the square counting methodology see the following references. *Thomas Long Land Lease - May 1839*, by Michael F. McGraw, pp. 11-13 <u>http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/Thomas%20Long%20Land%20Lease%208-6-11.pdf</u> The Neighbors in Ireland, Michael F. McGraw and Clare Tuohy, p. 77 <u>http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Neighbors%20in%20Ireland%2012-05-11.pdf</u>

- ²⁷ The Neighbors in Ireland 12-06-11, Michael F. McGraw, Ph.D., p. 75. The House books for Raheen describe Kennedy Long's buildings that were on his 15 acre (Irish measure) lot.
- ²⁸ The Rates for the Relief of the Poor Holycross parish. <u>http://www.igp-web.com/Tipperary/holycross.htm</u>
- ²⁹ The Long and McGrath Families, by Michael F. McGraw http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Long%20and%20McGrath%20Families%2010-27-11.pdf The Neighbors in Ireland, by Michael F. McGraw and Clare Tuohy http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/The%20Neighbors%20in%20Ireland%2012-05-11.pdf
- ³⁰ Thomas Long Land Lease May 1839, by Michael F. McGraw. <u>http://mcgrathsearch.com/files/Thomas%20Long%20Land%20Lease%208-6-11.pdf</u>
- ³¹ Private Communication E-Mail from Richard Long. Thomas Long's father's came from Thomas' death certificate.
- ³² <u>http://www.igp-web.com/tipperary/moyaliff.htm</u>
- ³³ <u>http://www.igp-web.com/Tipperary/holycross.htm</u>