



Key Terminal Industry Trends

- Double digit volume growth to resume from 2002 onwards
- Digital convergence increases value
- Replacement market changes market dynamics
- Increasing complexity driving horizontalization and consolidation
- Role of software is becoming more important







Subscribers and Mobile Terminal Volumes

- Subscriber growth continues
 - 1.5 Billion subscribers by 2005
- Year 2002 volume forecast: 420-440 million
 - 10-15% growth from 2001 level of 380 million
- Year 2003 volumes by technology
 - GPRS and 1xRTT: more than 50% of volumes
 - 3G: roughly 10% of volumes







Demand and Pricing Dynamics

- Share of replacement reaches 80% of total volumes by 2004
- Gradual increase in multiple terminal ownership
- Nokia's forecasted ASPs unchanged in 2002
 - increasing trend from 2003 onwards
 - ASPs in the replacement market start increasing in 2002
 - ASPs for developing markets continues to decline drives higher penetration





Europe Healthy market growth in 2002 • Product mix continues to improve Attractive Mobile Services emerge

Nokia's key targets

Market Environment

- Roll out new services-driven product portfolio
- Accelerate replacement market
- Club Nokia implementation with Operators



Americas Market Environment North America: higher penetration and improved service levels · Latin America: market recovery after a weak 2001 GSM/EDGE Services and Terminals rollout Nokia's key targets Increase CDMA market share Roll out GSM 800/1900 portfolio Drive messaging behavior NOKIA

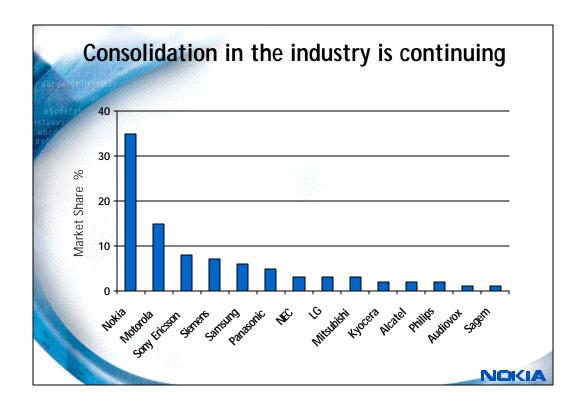
Asia Pacific

Market Environment

- China continues to grow but at a slower pace
- SEAP markets continue healthy growth with good product mix
- Importance of localized products in the Asia Pacific markets

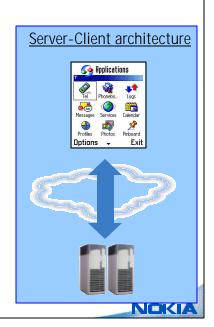
Nokia's key targets

- Increase market share in China
- Continuous renewal of product portfolio
- Leverage global platforms and partnerships to improve position in Japan and Korea



Open Mobile Architecture

- Stimulates global mass volume deployment of Mobile Services
- Enables faster productization of complex products
- Mobile terminals continue to have differentiated look and feel:
 - Product categories
 - User Interface
 - Design
 - Brand

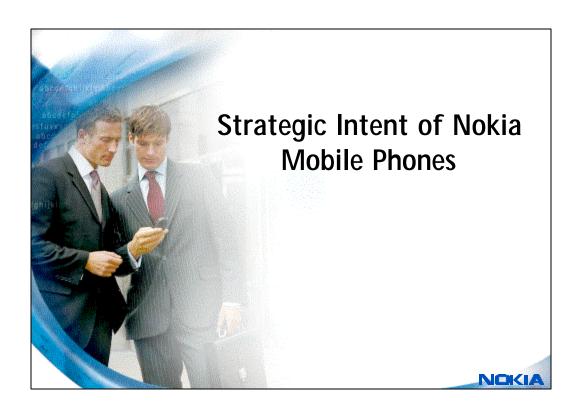


New era of innovation and opportunities

Drivers preventing commoditization

- Accelerating technology evolution
- Increasing role of software
- Integration requirement
- Cost efficiency requirement
- Time-To-Market requirement

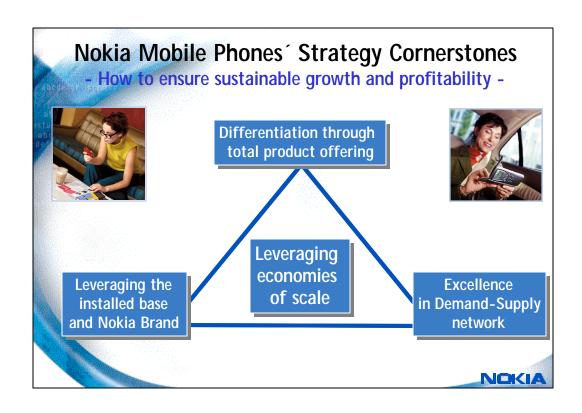




Our Strategic Intent is to strengthen and expand our leadership in mobile phones to branded personal mobile products and services through innovation, speed and quality.

Nokia Mobile Phones' Strategic Intent

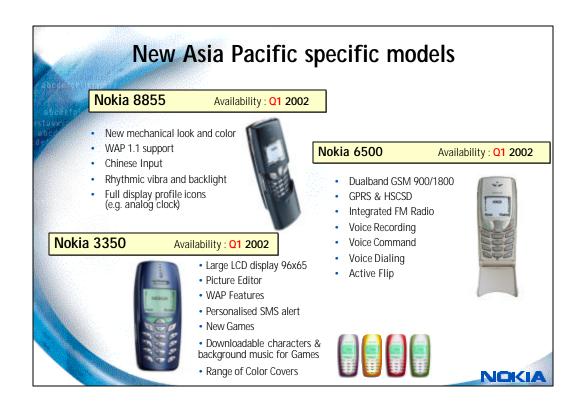
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Club Nokia is part of total product offering

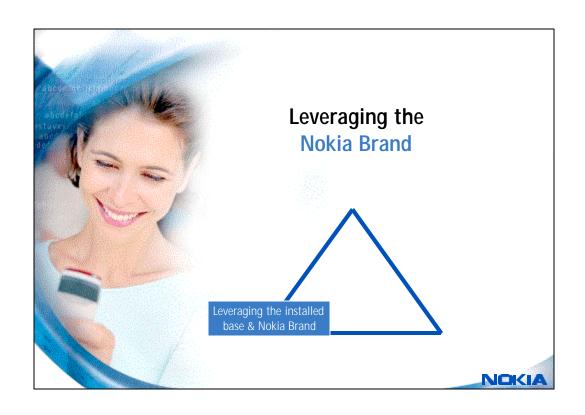
Club Nokia Community Member targets

- Currently approximately 10 million Club Nokia members
 - Europe and APAC in rollout phase over 30 countries, 20 languages
 - Americas rollout in 2002
- Club Nokia targets ~50 million <u>active</u> members by 2004
- To become Nokia users' preferred Terminal specific Community Service

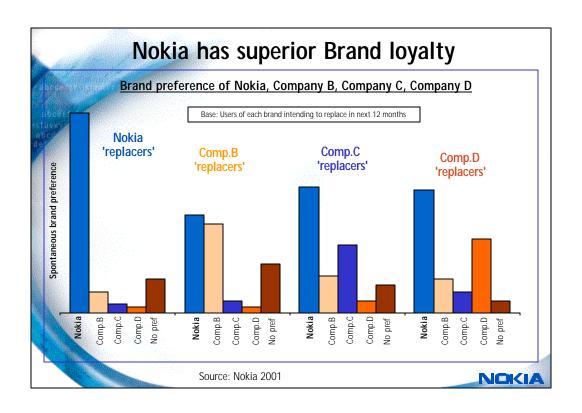
Club Nokia financial targets

- Club Nokia revenues roughly one billion Euros in 2004
- Profitability to reach the average Nokia Mobile Phones profitability level by 2004









Nokia Brand as an asset

- Enables us to achieve our market share targets with higher margins
- Key differentiator when technology is common
 - tie breaker in purchase situation
- Enables launching new, innovative solutions effectively
 - the trust factor
- Attracts distribution by helping them to achieve and quicken inventory turnover
- Improves our marketing and selling efficiency and increases freedom to manoeuvre
- Is a catalyst to subscriber growth and service utilization by attracting consumers to try new cellular services



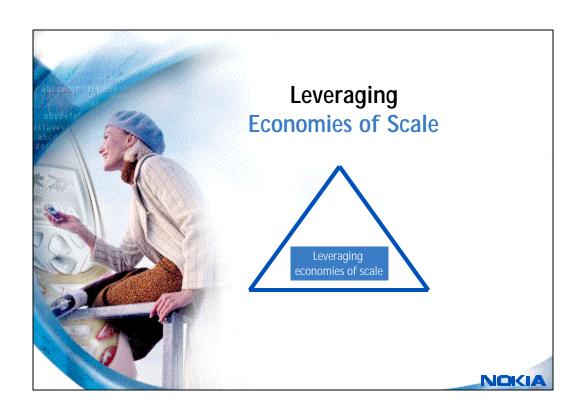


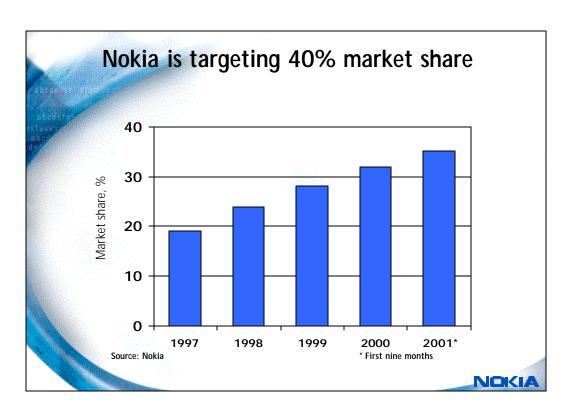
Excellence in manufacturing and logistics

- End-to-end integration of Demand Supply Network
 - Whole chain from suppliers to consumers
 - Efficient information and material flow
- Nokia has 9 factories globally all operate according to the same processes and technologies
- Products based on same architecture and basic design
- Optimised 'design for manufacturability'









Nokia's edge: Economies of Scale

Leveraging Economies of Scale:

- Close to 1 billion Euros in Brand building (2001)
- Roughly 1.5 billion Euros in R&D (2001)
- Mobile software architecture development
- Biggest customer base
- Biggest mobile developer community
- Broadest product portfolio
- Optimised sourcing and manufacturing processes
- High Gross Margin enabled by strong segmented offering
- High Operating Margin enabled by low fixed costs

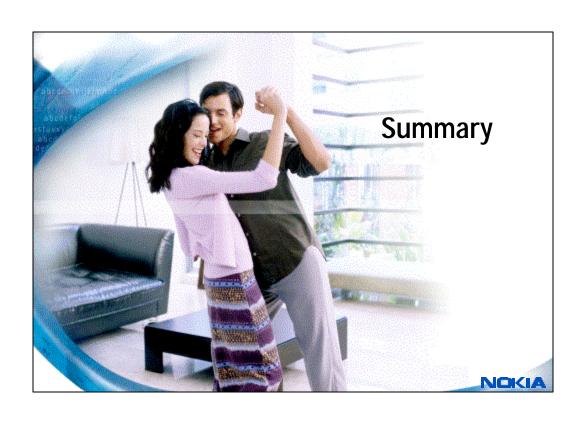


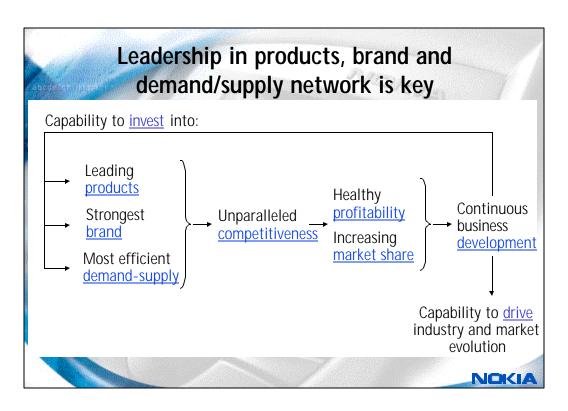
Large installed base of Nokia terminals enables new business

- Roughly 300 million Nokia users by the end of 2001
- In a few years time Nokia's installed user base will exceed 500 million
- Mobile Phone users demonstrate high loyalty
- Installed base facilitates services business









Ensuring Profitability through Value Creation in Mobile Terminals

- Key Value Creation enablers:
 - High market share and large customer base
 - · Brand preference, loyalty and trust
 - Segmentation and product conceptualization competence
 - Design and user interface competences
 - Software competences and developer community
 - Excellence in managing demand-supply complexity
 - Creating win-win business models with partners







