## Iguanura tenuis Hodel sp. nov. Fig. 7-8.

Iguanura polymorphae Becc. affinis sed inflorescentiis interfolia ,rachillis tenuis; I. wallichianae (Wall. Ex Mart.) Hook. F. affinis sed pinnis lateribus et nervis divergens differt. Typus: Thailand, between Takuapa and Phanom, 600 m elev., D.R. Hodel, P. & R. Vatcharakorn 1727 (Holotypus BK).

Clustered understory palm to 1.5 m tall. Stems 2 cm diam., ringed, brownish. Leaves 7, pinnate, spreading; sheaths 10 cm long, tubular, persistent, marescent, not forming a crownshaft, covered with dense, reddish brown, felt-like tomentum; petiole 7 cm long, rachis 45 cm long, with reddish brown hairs above; pinnae 4-5 on each side of rachis, +/trapezoid, sides not parallel, 19 cm long, 3.5-7 cm wide at apex, narrowing to 3-5.5 cm wide at base, 6-7-nerved, end pair 10 cm long, 7 cm wide at apex, 6 cm wide at base, 10-nerved, small basal pinnae 3-nerved, all pinnae with apical margins praemorse and nerves diverging toward tip. Inflorescences 1-2, interfoliar, 65-90 cm long; peduncle 26-30 cm long, ascending; prophyll and peduncular bracts not seen; rachis 8-22 cm long; rachillae 9-15, these 17-35 cm long, 0.5 mm diam., slender, spreading, wiry, flexuous; rachis and rachillae finely pebbled; peduncle, rachis, and rachillae with dense, whitish to light brown, +/deciduous tomentum. Flowers in triads of a center, later-opening pistillate flanked on each of 2 sides by earlier-opening staminate, triads 13 mm distant at base of rachillae, 3 mm distant at tip, slightly sunken, subtended proximally by a thin, shelf-like bracteole 0.5 mm high and deeply cleft into 2 acute lobes, distal bracteole thicker, lip-like, 0.25 mm high, 2 bracteoles subtending pistillate flower, larger one sheathing, +/- cylindrical, 0.5 mm high, smaller one only partially sheathing, one small bracteole subtending one of staminate flowers. Staminate flowers 2.25 x 1.75 mm, ovoid, white; calyx 0.75 x 1.5 mm, cupular, sepals imbricate to apex, broadly rounded to truncate apically; petals 2 x 1 mm, ovate, valvate, boat-like, acute, prominently nerved when dry; stamens 6, 1.5 mm high, filaments 1.25 mm long, anthers 1 mm long, dorsifixed; pistillode 1.25 mm high, columnar, truncate and expanded at apex. Pistillate flowers seen just prior to anthesis, 2.5 x 1.75 mm, ovoid; calyx 1.25 x 1.5-1.75 mm, cupular, sepals bowllike, imbricate nearly to apex, broadly rounded apically; petals  $2.5 \times 1.5$  mm, imbricate in basal 2 mm, mucronate with a tip 0.5 mm high, prominently nerved when dry; pistil  $1.74 \times 0.75$  mm, ovoid, stigma with 3, short lobes. Fruits  $11-12 \times 6$  mm, narrowly ovoid, white with pink blush, nearly ripe.

Iguanura tenuis occurs in wet mountain forest on the west side of middle peninsular Thailand. It has the smaller habit and trapezoid pinnae of I. polymorpha but the persistent, disintegrating leaf sheaths which do not form a crownshaft of I. wallichiana. It differs from both in the very slender, nearly wiry rachillae. The epithet means slender, and refers here to the rachillae.

## Licuala delicata Hodel sp. nov. Fig 9-10.

Licuala kingianae Becc. affinis sed petiolis non armatis, laminis segmenti paucioribus, inflorescentiis patens, bracteis pilis ferrugineis, rachillis multo brevioribus, floribus solitariis differt. Typus: Thailand, Betong, 800 m elev., D.R. Hodel, P. & R. Vatcharakorn 1740 (Holotypus BK).

Solitary, if clustered then only after many years and then with 1 dominant stem and 1 small sucker, dainty understory palmet, 1 m tall. Stem to 1.5 m long, 2 cm diam., decumbent or erect, brown, obscurely ringed. Leaves 13, palmately divided, spreading; sheaths 5 cm long, margins fibrous netted, brown, apex with slender, brown ocrea 5-8 cm long; petioles 16-30 cm long, slender, margins mostly unarmed, sometimes near the base with a few recurved spines 1 mm long; blade 18 x 30 cm, semi-orbicular, divided to the base into 4-5 segments, middle one 17 x 13.5-14 cm, 13-14nerved, apex slightly rounded, lateral segments 15-16 x 2.5-5 cm, 5-nerved, basal ones 15-15 x 3-3.5, 3-4-nerved, 30 nerves total per blade, apical segment truncately praemorse, lobes 4 mm high, basal ones obliquely praemorse, lobes to 12 mm high.; thick reddish tomentum abaxially at base of blade. Inflorescences 1-2, interfoliar, 30 cm long, slender, nodding, furcate; peduncle 25-27 cm long; prophyll 17-20 cm long, tubular basally, inflated and long-open apically for 6 cm along one side, acute, peduncular bract 5 cm long, similar to prophyll, inserted 3 cm above apex of prophyll and