



**Entry for *Alysicarpus rugosus* subsp. *rugosus*  
[family LEGUMINOSAE]**

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## Entry for *Alysicarpus rugosus* subsp. *rugosus* [family LEGUMINOSAE]

Herbarium	Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew (K)
Collection	Flora Zambesiaca
Resource Type	Reference Sources
Entry from	FZ, Vol 3 Part 6 (2000) Author: B. Verdcourt
Names	<i>Alysicarpus rugosus</i> subsp. <i>rugosus</i> [family LEGUMINOSAE], —Verdcourt in F.T.E.A., Leguminosae, Pap.: 496 (1971). —Drummond in <i>Kirkia</i> 8: 216 (1972). —Verdcourt in <i>Kirkia</i> 9: 551 (1974). —Lock, Leg. Afr. Check-list: 244 (1989).
Information	Annual, mostly erect herbs. Lobes of calyx with white cilia. Articles with strong close transverse ridges with limited anastomosing.
Range	Mali and Eritrea to Mozambique and Namibia
Altitude range	10–1280 m.
Habitat	Seasonally waterlogged grassland, Acacia and mopane wooded grassland, sandy river banks, rice paddy fallows, sandy beaches, etc. mostly on black clays
Distribution	Botswana N: Mababe Depression, fl. 14.vi.1978, P.A. Smith 2443 (K; SRGH). Malawi N: Rumphi Distr., escarpment road above Chiweta, fr. 4.vi.1989, Brummitt 18323 (K). S: Blantyre Distr., Ndirande Forest, fr. 13.v.1968, Banda 1034 (K). Mozambique GI: Xai-Xai Distr., Barra do Limpopo, Zongoene, fr. 21.xii.1979, de Koning 7829 (K; LMU). MS: Gorongosa National Park, Chitengo Area, fl. & fr. viii.1970, Tinley 1990 (K; LISC; SRGH). N: Cuamba, fr. 13.v.1948, Pedro & Pedrógão 3354 (EA; LMA). Zambia E: Chipata Distr., Lukuzye (Rukuzi) River, fl. iii.1962, Verboom 603 (LISC; SRGH). N: Kaputa Distr., Mweru Wantipa, Bulaya, fl. 13.iv.1957, Richards 9194 (K; SRGH). S: Mumbwa Distr., Kafue National Park, Kafue Hook Pontoon, fl. 27.iii.1963, B.L. Mitchell 18/46 (SRGH). W: Kitwe Distr., Mwekera, fl. & fr. 20.iv.1962, Fanshawe 6763 (PRE; SRGH). Zimbabwe N: c. 16 km from Gokwe, on bank of River Siatengwe, fl. & fr. 25.iii.1963, Bingham 563 (K; LISC; SRGH). W: Hwange Distr., Kazungula, iv.1955, Davies 1110 (K; SRGH).

Distribution (external)	Madagascar
Notes	Several plants occur in India which are only variants of this, but I have made no detailed assessment of their status. One plant cultivated in Harare (fl. & fr. 17.ii.1932, Stent in GHS 5576) is var. <i>heyneanus</i> (Wight & Arn.) Baker, distinguished by the spreading hairs on the stem.

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