

**Agnivesh PG Classes | OnLine Test Series |Coaching**  
**By - Dr. Ritesh Ramnani +91 97822 69989 ,+91 94149**  
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**Karnataka - 2009**

- (1) Nishkramana Samskara is done during  
(A) 2nd month (B) 3rd month (C) 4th month (D) 5th month
- (2) Craniotabes is seen in  
(A) Hydrocephalus (B) Rickets (C) Cephalhaematoma (D) None
- (3) Incubation period of chicken pox is  
(A) 11-12 days (B) 3-7 days (C) 1-3 days (D) 3-9 days
- (4) Vajrakanjika mentioned in Yogaratnakara is indicated in  
(Y.R.uttara.Stiroga /3)  
(A) Amavata (B) Vrshya (C) Stanyakshaya (D) All
- (5) Dose of BCG vaccination  
(A) 0.5 ml (B) 0.1 ml (C) 1 ml (D) 2 ml
- (6) The number of adhyayas completed by Dridhabala in charak samhita chikitsa sthana are  
(A) 14 (B) 13 (C) 17 (D) 21
- (7) The name given to shadpadarthas in ayurveda  
(A) Padartha (B) Kaarana (C) Karya (D) Pramana
- (8) Khara is the Asadharana laxana of which mahabhoota  
(A) Aakash (B) Vayu (C) Pruthvi (D) Teja
- (9) For srusti utpatti 24 tatwas are accepted by this grantha  
(A) Charak samhita (B) Sankhya darshana (C) Yoga darshana (D) Vedanta darshana
- (10) Period of Dalhana

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(A) 13th AD (B) 8th AD (C) 11th AD (D) 13th BC

(11) Number of Karana dravyas are  
(A) 7 (B) 9 (C) 5 (D) Many

(12) GUNA is  
(A) Asamavayi (B) Sakriya (C) Nirguna (D) None of above

(13) Excessive intake of katu rasa leads to  
(A) Aalasya (B) Klabhya (C) Kapha roga (D) All of these

(14) Vipaka of lavana rasa according to TrividhaVipakavada  
(A) Lavana (B) Katu (C) Amla (D) Madhura

(15) According to shakti viryavada the number of viryas  
(A) 8 (B) 2 (C) Many (D) 15

(16) Shishu Bhaishajya is the synonym of  
(A) Patha (B) Guduchi (C) Ativisha (D) Vasa

(17) Morphine is found in  
(A) Pappaya (B) Ahiphena (C) Bhang (D) Dhatura

(18) Eranda types are  
(A) Laghu & Brihat (B) Gramya & Vanya (C) Shweta & rakta (D) Peeta & rakta

(19) Bakuchi is very effective in  
(A) Atisara (B) Jwara (C) Switra (D) Kamala

(20) JAMBU is

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- (A) Mutrala (B) Rechana (C) Mootra samgrahaniya (D) All of these
- (21) Number of Patra vishas according to Sushrutha  
(A) 8 (B) 5 (C) 3 (D) 12
- (22) Number of Nirvisha sarpas according to Sushrutha  
(A) 22 (B) 12 (C) 10 (D) 8
- (23) As per Sushrutha 'Paramkriya' in Jangama visha chikitsa is  
(A) Raktavisravana (B) Agada paana (C) Mritasanjeeva (D) Kaakapada chikitsa
- (24) Moorvadi choorna is told in Ashtanga Hridaya in the context of  
(A) Mooshika visha (B) Loota visha (C) Dooshi visha (D) Gara visha
- (25) Dashavidhopakrama in Vishachikitsa is told for  
(A) Keeta (B) Loota (C) Vrishchika (D) Mooshika
- (26) Number of Yantras told by Sushrutha  
(A) 80 (B) 101 (C) 24 (D) 25
- (27) One of the following is NOT a karma attributed to rakta dhatu according to Sushrutha  
(A) Varna prasada (B) Jeevana (C) Mamsaposhana (D) Chyavana
- (28) Kapata shayana as a method of treatment is mentioned in the treatment of  
(A) Urvasthi bhagna (B) Parshukasthi bhagna (C) Anguli bhagna (D) Sirakapalasthi bhagna
- (29) Jalagardabha is a  
(A) Nadi vrana (B) Ksudra roga (C) Pandu roga (D) Visarpa

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- (30) Shithila bandh is suggested for  
(A) Akshi (B) Udara (C) Sphika (D) Stana
- (31) Bandh recommended for vritta anga  
(A) Swasthika (B) Mandala (C) Gophana (D) Cheena
- (32) Spot the wrong among types of seevana  
(A) Tunna sevani (B) Ruju granthi (C) Gophanika (D) Mandala
- (33) This is NOT a type of Galganda in Sushrutha  
(A) Vataja (B) pittaja (C) Medoja (D) None of the above
- (34) Nidana mentioned for Gudabhramsha in Sushruta  
(A) Pravahana (B) Atisara (C) Both (D) None
- (35) Sushruta has explained the anatomical decription of Basti in the context of  
(A) Mutraghata (B) Mutrakrichra (C) Ashmari (D) Prameha
- (36) Sushrutha sutra sthana begins with the chapter  
(A) Doshabhedavikalpopakrama (B) Adhyayana sampradaya  
(C) Vedotpatti adhyaya (D) Shishyopanayana adhyaya
- (37) Twaka dagdha lakshana does n't include  
(A) Shabda pradurbhava (B) Durgandhta (C) Twaksankocha (D) Kapotavarnata
- (38) This is NOT one among the koshtangas mentioned by Sushrutha  
(A) Phupphusa (B) Hridaya (C) Mutrashaya (D) None
- (39) Site of occurrence of shleepada roga according to Sushrutha  
(A) Hasta (B) Pada (C) Nasa (D) All

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- (40) Prameha pidika are common in the  
(A) Hasta (B) Jatrudhava (C) Vaksha (D) Adhah kaya
- (41) 'Shasha rudhiravat bindu' is the clinical feature of  
(A) Lohitarma (B) Arjuna (C) Raktaja abhishayanda (D) Raktaja Adhimantha
- (42) Naktandhya is found in  
(A) Shleshmavidagdha dristi (B) Pittavidagdha dristi (C) Kaphaja kacha (D) Dhoomdarshi
- (43) Pindi is mentioned by  
(A) Sharangadhara (B) Charaka (C) Sushrutha (D) Vagbhatta
- (44 ) Dense, white corneal opacity is found in  
(A) Nebula (B) Macula (C) Leucoma (D) Synechiaie
- (45) Types of Putapaka according to Sushrutha  
(A) 3 (B) 5 (C) 7 (D) 1
- (46) According to Vagbhatta, the sthana of Tundikeri is  
(A) Kanta (B) Talu (C) Dantamula (D) None of the above
- (47) Manyastambha occurs by the Siravyadha of  
(A) Kalika (B) Marmarika (C) Lohitika (D) All
- (48) According to Vagbhatta, Tilayashti ksheer gandoosha is indicated in  
(A) Dantaharsha (B) Dantabheda (C) Both (D) None
- (49) The number of Shirakapalgata rogas according to Vagbhatta  
(A) 9 (B) 8 (C) 7 (D) 10

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- (50) Fluctuating hearing loss, vertigo, tinnitus are the clinical triads of  
(A) Sensory neural deafness (B) Conductive deafness (C) Meniere's disease (D) Mixed deafness
- (51) 'Yamadamstra kala' is described by  
(A) Charaka (B) Sarangdhara (C) Vriddha vagbhatta (D) Bhavaprakash
- (52) According to Sushruta, if Akasha jala falls on kapila varna bhumi the jala attains  
(A) Kashaya rasa (B) Tikta rasa (C) Amla rasa (D) Lavana rasa
- (53) Which is called slim disease  
(A) Tuberculosis (B) AIDS (C) Leprosy (D) Cholera
- (54) Spot the mineral which is associated with insulin synthesis  
(A) Copper (B) Cobalt (C) Iron (D) Zinc
- (55) The heat output per hour during physical exertion may go upto  
(A) 400 Btu (B) 200 Btu (C) 4000 Btu (D) 6000 Btu
- (56) Important ingredient of Arogyavardhini rasa  
(A) Katuki (B) Ashwatha (C) Guduchi (D) Manjista
- (57) As per Rasa Ratna Samucchaya Kshara traya is  
(A) Yava kshara, Sarja kshara, Tankana kshara (B) Yava kshara, Tankana kshara, Cinca kshara  
(C) Yava kshara, Phalasha kshara, Sarja kshara (D) None
- (58) 'Kaccapa yantra' is used for  
(A) Suvarna jarana purpose (B) Parpati preparation purpose

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(C) Kupipakwa rasayana preparation purpose (D) Pottali rasayana preparation purpose

(59) Mercury & sulphur are absent in

(A) Panchamrata parpati (B) Tamra parpati (C) Vijaya Parpati (D) Sweta parpati

(60) Gemstone which is related to sukra graham is

(A) Heeraka (B) Pravala (C) Mukta (D) Manikya

(61) Chikkana paka is considered as

(A) Mrudu paka (B) Madyama paka (C) Khara paka (D) Ama paka

(62) Method of administration of Hingwastaka churna is

(A) Prathama kavala bhukta (B) Muhur-Muhur

(C) Pragbhakta (D) Antar bhakta

(63) The following preparation should NOT be prepared within a day

(A) Ghuta paka (B) Taila paka (C) Guda paka (D) All

(64) Ayaskruti, which is prepared by fermentation method mentioned by

(A) Susrutha (B) Vagbhatta (C) Sharangdhara (D) Both a & b

(65) According to Susrutha application of lepa is contraindicated during

(A) Morning (B) Evening (C) Night (D) None among them

(66) Sthanakilaka explained by Kashyapa is formed due to intake of

(A) Vajra (B) Hitahara (C) Vidahi ahara (D) Ajeerna bhojana

(67) The dosa involved in Kunapa Gandhi artava dusti

(A) Vata (B) Pitta (C) Kapha (D) Rakta

(68) According to Susrutha Sthanavidradhi is of

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(A) 7 (B) 6 (C) 5 (D) 4

(69) Ritukala according to Sushrutha is  
(A) 10 days (B) 16 days (C) 12 days (D) 3 days

(70) Mrinala & chandana lepam is advised in  
(A) Kikkisa (B) Kamala (C) Halimaka (D) Parshawagraha

(71) According to Sushrutha 'Vayu and Agnidharana' is the karma of  
(A) Vata (B) Pitta (C) Purisha (D) Rasa

(72) The 'rasa' of 'rakta dhatu' according to Ashtanga Hridaya  
(A) Madhura (B) Madhura lavana (C) Madhura amla (D) Amla

(73) The characteristic gandh of the ojus according to charaka  
(A) Visragandh (B) Lajagandh (C) Madhu (D) None

(74) According to Charak, the month of Garbhavastha in which the Indriyas  
& body parts are formed  
(A) 2 (B) 3 (C) 5 (D) 7

(75) Duration of one cardiac cycle when the heart rate is 75/min.  
(A) 0.8 sec (B) 1 sec (C) 0.9 sec (D) 0.7 sec

(76) The disease classical haemophilia is caused by the deficiency of  
(A) Fibrinogen (B) Factor 10 (C) Factor 8 (D) Factor 7

(77) Shankha marma is  
(A) Vaikalyakara marma (B) Kaalantara pranahara  
(C) Sadyah pranahara (D) Visalyagna marma



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(78) 'Tat cha shadangam –Saakaaschatasro, madhyam panchamam, shastm shirah iti'- is the statement of  
(A) Charak (B) Sushruta (C) Vagabhatta (D) Gananathsen

(79) Shleshma is balam in  
(A) Prakrita state (B) Vikrita state (C) Chaya avastha (D)Vyakt avastha

(80) The normal platelet count in the adult is  
(A) 2.5-4.5 lakhs cell/cc (B) 1-2 lakhs cell/cc (C) 1-1.5 lakhs cell/cc (D)  
4000-11000 cell/cc  
5

(81) Langhana langhanapachana and doshavasechana are the bhedas of  
(A) Shodhana (B) Shamana (C) Apatarpana (D) Santarpana

(82) Snehana param prakarsha kala is  
(A) 3 days (B) 9 days (C) 5 days (D) 7 days

(83) Madankalpa yogas explained by Charaka are  
(A) 137 (B) 245 (C) 355 (D) 133

(84) Order of dosha expulsion in vamana is  
(A) Vitpittakapha (B) Kaphapittanila (C) Anilvitpitta (D) Pittavitkapha

(85) Snighdhatwa is the dosha of  
(A) Basti netra (B) Basti putaka (C) Basti dravya (D) Aatura

(86) Srestha dravya for medhya rasayana as explained in Charaksamhita  
(A) Yastimadhu (B) Brahmi (C) Mandukaparni (D) Shankhapushpi

(87) Tuni and pratituni are the types of  
(A) Kshudra roga (B) Shooka roga (C) Yoni roga (D) Vata roga

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- (88) Loss of Bahu praspandana seen in  
(A) Sandhigata vata (B) Khalli (C) Viswachi (D) Apabahuka
- (89) Gativadha in both lower limbs is known as  
(A) Khanja (B) Kalaya khanja (C) pangu (D) Urusthambha
- (90) Ahipootana occurs in  
(A) Bala (B) Vriddha (C) Stree (D) Purusha
- (91) Gradhrasi chikitsa does NOT include  
(A) Vasti (B) Agnikarma (C) Nasya (D) Siravyadhana
- (92) Pittaja prameha is yasya due to  
(A) Samkriya (B) Vishamakriya (C) Rasakriya (D) Snehakriya
- (93 ) Shodhana karma indicated in Kamala is  
(A) Vamana (B) Virechana (C) Basti (D) Nasya
- (94) Adhishtana of rakta pitta  
(A) Pleeha (B) Hridaya (C) Majja (D) Puppusa
- (95) Ahara oushadha dravya yojana is  
(A) Daiva Vyapashraya (B) Yukti Vyapashraya (C) Satvavajaya (D)  
Sastrapranidhana
- (96) Pumstvopaghatai pradhana rasa is  
(A) Lavana (B) Kshara (C) Amla (D) Katu
- (97) Nindya prakriti as explained in Ashtanga Hrudaya is  
(A) Ekadoshaja (B) Tridoshaja (C) Dwidoshaja (D) Saptadhatuja
- (98) Apunarabhava chikitsa is

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(A) Shodhana (B) Shamana (C) Lekhana (D) Brahana

(99) Dhatwagnimandya leads to

(A) Dhatuvridhi (B) Dhatukshaya (C) Doshavridhi (D) Doshakshaya

(100) Shodhana and Shamana are the bhedas of

(A) Rookshana (B) Lekhana (C) Langhana (D) Brimhana

