FAMILIAL DYSKERATOTIC COMEDONES

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INTRODUCTION

Familial dyskeratotic comedone is an autosomal dominant Scalp & truncal lesion - similar findings disorder of poorly understood pathogenesis, characterised by triad of comedone like lesion, dyskeratosis on histology and familial occurrence.

HISTORY

A 35-year-old man presented to the outpatient department with a h/o asymptomatic dark lesions over scalp, trunk, limbs*10 years.

EXAMINATION



Multiple comedone like lesions, coalescing to form plaques and overlying alopecia was noted on the scalp. Multiple grouped but discrete hyperkeratotic papules were noted on posterior trunk and legs. No history of similar lesions was obtained in the family members. Rest of the mucocutaneous examination - WNL

HISTOPATHOLOGY





EPIDERMIS - Hyperkeratosis, crater like invagination of the epidermis filled with lamellated keratin, areas of **Dyskeratosis DERMIS** - Few dilated hair follicles with keratotic plug

CONCLUSION

Based on clinical findings and **histopathology** final diagnosis of familial dyskeratotic comedones was arrived at.

This case was unique in having no family members affected. Other differentials like keratosis pilaris, perforating folliculitis were ruled out by the absence of respective typical lesions, distribution and characteristic histology findings of these cases.