

MACRO PLANT





Techniques needed and shape

Classification

Phylum: Rhodophyta; Family: Delesseriaceae; Tribe: Nitophylloideae; Group: Myriogramme

*Descriptive name

Features

Occurrences **Usual Habitat** Similar Species

Description in the Benthic Flora Part IIID, pages 114-117 **Special Requirements**

frilly blades

plants red-brown, 100-200mm tall, *leaf-like*, flat-branched; basal parts consist of short, thin stalks up to 10mm long bearing at their ends several tall, lance-shaped, thin, blades with ruffled, wavy edges and forked veins

apparently restricted to SE Tasmania

limited information is available, but probably a shallow water estuarine species Schizoseris dichotoma from New Zealand, but that is more forked with thicker veins

view microscopically to find:

1.

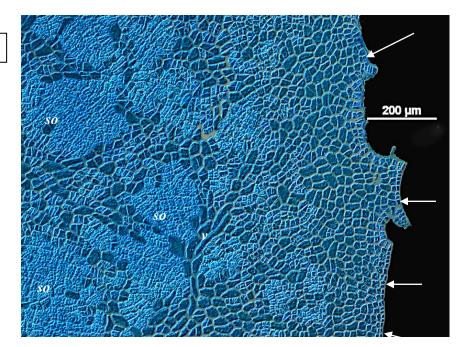
- at blade edges, fringing dividing cells, blades one cell thick except at veins and reproductive regions
- female structures (not shown below) form scattered swellings with small openings
- sporangial plants (not shown) with scattered, egg-shaped tetrasporangial patches
- male plants with *patches* of spermatangia. These are produced, in the outer cell layers of blades, in blocks corresponding to the generative cells

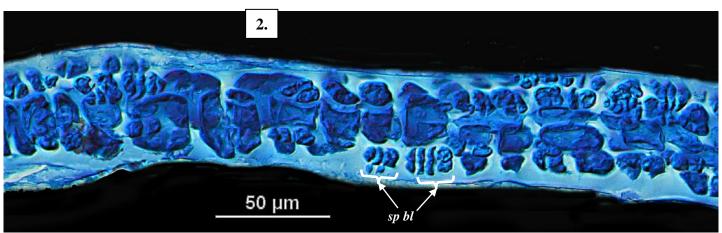
Diagnosis can be difficult

Details of Anatomy

male plants of Schizoseris hymenena stained blue and viewed microscopically

- 1. a surface view of the blade edge: fringing, very small dividing cells (arrowed), patches (sori, so) of spermatangia and the start of a vein (v) (slide 15396)
- 2. a cross section showing the blocks of spermatangia above generative cortical cells (sp **bl**) (slide 15397)







3, 4. two
magnifications
of Schizoseris
hymenena
(Zanardini)
Womersley
(A64398) 4-5m
deep, from
Cloudy Lagoon,
Tasmania:
prominent veins,
forked near the
blade bases,
blades frilly

5. surface
microscope view
of *Schizoseris*hymenena (slide
15396) stained
blue showing a
wide vein with a
fork (*arrowed*)
on the lower side

