## Pre-Reading Assignment

In the following passage:

- Label all Subjects (S), Verbs (V) and Objects (O) or Complements (C) above the Latin word
- Put parentheses around prepositional phrases
- Draw an arrow from each Adjectival Modifier (Adjective or Genitive Noun) to the word it modifies
- Put square brackets around dependent clauses and label each clause (Adv. or Adj.).


## READING 17, pt. 2 (adapted)

Eutropius summarizes the accomplishments of Rome's last king, Lucius Tarquinius Superbus, called "superbus" ("proud") for his arrogance. According to this account, his son brought about the end of Rome's rule by kings when he raped Lucretia, another man's wife. She demanded that her husband and father avenge this outrage, and then killed herself, triggering a revolution that led to the Roman Republic. Lucretia became a famous symbol of chastity and faithfulness for the Romans.
[continued]

Mox mīlitēs, quī cīvitātem Ardeam cum rēge oppugnābant, eum relīquērunt, et cum vēnit ad urbem rēx portae clausae erant. quamquam rēxerat annōs quattuor et vīgintī, cum uxōre et līberīs fūgit. Ita Rōma rēcta est per septem rēgēs annōs duo centum et quadrāgintā trēs. Hinc Rōmānī cōnsulēs, prō ūnō rēge, duo hāc causā creāvērunt: sī ūnus malus esse optāvit, alter, quī habēbat potestātem similem, eum coercēre potuit.

## Vocabulary:

mox (adv.)
porta, -ae $f$.
clausus, -a, -um

## soon

gate
shut, closed
līberī, -ōrum, $m$. (pl.) children rēcta est "was ruled" hinc (adv.) after this (time)

