

TIPA ASSESSMENT:

Ziama Classified Forest, Macenta

ABSTRACT

The Ziama Massif is a rich matrix of lowland and submontane forest punctuated by granite inselbergs. This supports a wide range of plant species including global endemic species (Mikaniopsis camarae and Inversodicraea pepehabai) and 33 range restricted species. There are significant populations of threatened plant species found here. It is one of the largest areas of intact sub-montane forest in the country and a significant area of lowland rainforest which is rare in West Africa.

Charlotte Couch and Martin Cheek











TIPAs Report: Ziama Classified Forest, Macenta

IPA criteria under which the site qualifies: A (i,ii,iii,iv), B (ii), C (ii,iii)

IPA ASSESSMENT RATIONALE

The Ziama mountain range comprises of a rich matrix of sub-montane forest punctuated by granite inselbergs, grading into lowland evergreen forest. This supports a wide range of plant species including 2 global endemic species (*Mikaniopsis camarae* and *Inversodicraea pepehabai*) and 33 range-restricted species. There are significant populations of threatened plant species found here. It is one of the largest areas of intact sub-montane forest in the country and a significant area of lowland rainforest, albeit disturbed. Ziama has several villages within the southern, lowland forest portion, and there are concerns over forest clearance both recent and during past periods of instability. Although Ziama is already a biosphere reserve there are no specific management actions for plant species.

SITE OVERVIEW

Site Name: Ziama Classified Forest	
Country: Guinea	Administrative region: Nzérékoré, Macenta
Central co-ordinates: 8 15 57N, 09 20 43W	Area (km ²): 1161.7 (Protected Planet dataset)
Altitude minimum: 450m	Altitude maximum: 1250m

SITE DESCRIPTION

Ziama consists of a mountain range aligned approximately south-west to north-east with nationally important quantities of sub-montane forest and granite inselbergs with grassland. On both sides of the mountain range there are areas of lowland evergreen forest, also of national importance. The area is crossed by rivers with white water, a unique habitat for Podostemaceae species.



Image from Google Earth showing the proposed IPA site based on the existing protected area (boundary from Protected Planet dataset) BOTANICAL SIGNIFICANCE

Due to the variation and intactness of the vegetation types in this area, there is an exceptional botanical richness in Ziama CF. Numerous rare, threatened and/or endemic plant species occur in here such as *Tarenna hutchinsonii* and *Gymnosiphon samoritoureanus* in the lowland forest and *Inversodicraea pepehabai* an endemic species to the fast flowing rivers.

GENERAL HABITAT AND GEOLOGY DESCRIPTION

Ziama consists of a granitic mountain range, mostly covered in lowland and sub-montane forest. The granite inselbergs have a more open vegetation with woodland, wooded grassland, grassland, and open rocky areas. The lowland forest areas surrounding the mountain range are on unknown substrate.

CONSERVATION ISSUES

In the lowland forest area there are villages enclaved and there have been concerns about forest clearance. Large areas of lowland have been converted into monospecific tree plantations usually of *Terminalia* sp. In the sub-montane forest there are plantations of tea and cinchona, there are concerns that these may restart production. Ziama is presumably frequently visited by local hunters, which will have reduced the density of many animal species, and this in turn could negatively affect some plant species.

Criterion A: Threatened Species

				Site contains			Ear KBA compatibility:		
Criterion A taxon IPA sub- present criterion			Site contains			For KBA compatibility: Site contains			
	IPA sub- criterion		≥ 1% of global population	≥ 5% of national population	Is 1 of 5 best sites nationally	≥ 10% of global population	Entire global population (single-site endemic)	Species is of socio- economic importance	*Abundance at site
[Genus, species, Author, [infra rank, infra name, infra Author]]	[A(x)]	[category and criteria]	0	0	0	0	0		
Brachystephanus jaundensis Lindau subsp. nimbae (Heine) I.Darbysh.		VU	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Infrequent
Bryaspis humularioides Gledhill		EN?	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	Infrequent
Cassia aubrevillei Pellegr.		VU	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	?	Infrequent
Cassipourea adamii JacqFél.		EN	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	?	Infrequent
Cryptosepalum tetraphyllum (Hook. f.) Benth.		VU	Y	N		N	N	?	Infrequent
Dalbergia adamii Berhaut		VU	Y	Y	Y	?	N	?	Infrequent
Dorstenia astyanactis Aké Assi		VU	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N	Infrequent
Drypetes afzelii (Pax) Hutch.		VU	Y	?	?	N	N	?	Unknown
Entandrophragma candollei Harms		VU	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Unknown
Entandrophragma cylindricum (Sprague) Sprague		VU	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Unknown
Entandrophragma utile (Dawe & Sprague) Sprague		VU	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Unknown
Garcinia kola Heckel		VU	N	N	Y	N	N	Y	Unknown
Genlisea barthlottii Porembski, Eb. Fisch. & Gemmel		VU	Y	N	Y	N	N	N	Infrequent
Gladiolus praecostatus Marais		VU	Y	Y	Y	?	N	?	Scarce
Gymnosiphon samoritoureanus Cheek		EN	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Infrequent

			1	T	1			
Heterotis	EN	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Ν	Infrequent
sylvestris								
(JacqFél.)								
JacqFél.								
Hymenocoleus	VU	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Unknown
multinervis								
Robbr.								
Inversodicraea	EN	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	Infrequent
pepehabai		•						innequent
Cheek								
	60	N/	N N	N N		N N		La fra anna at
Mikaniopsis	CR	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y		Infrequent
camarae								
Lisowski								
Milicia regia	VU	Y	N	Y	N	N	Y	Unknown
(A. Chev.) C. C.								
Berg								
Monocymbium	VU	Y	Y	N	N	N	?	Unknown
lanceolatum	_						-	
C. E. Hubb.								
Mostuea adamii	EN	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Unknown
	EIN	Ŷ	Ŷ	Ŷ	ř	IN	IN	Unknown
Sillans								
Nemum	VU	Y	N	N	N	N	N	Unknown
bulbostyloides	võ	•	i v			i n		Onknown
(S. S. Hooper) J.								
Raynal								
Neolemonniera	EN	Y	N	Y	N	N	Ν	Infrequent
clitandrifolia								
(A. Chev.) Heine								
Osbeckia	EN	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	?	Unknown
praviantha								
JacqFél.								
Pauridiantha	EN/VU	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Unknown
schnellii								
N. Hallé								
Pauridiantha	NT							Unknown
	IN I							UTKHOWH
ziamaeana								
(JacqFél.)								
Hepper								
Pleioceras afzelii	VU	Y	Y	Y	Υ?	N	?	Unknown
(K. Schum.)								
Stapf								
Psychotria	VU	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Unknown
samoritourei								
Cheek								
Rinorea	EN/VU	Y	Y	Y	?	N	?	Unknown
		I	I I		·	IN		UNKIOWI
djalonensis								
A. Chev. ex								
Hutch. & Dalziel								
Salacighia linderi	VU?	Y	?	Y	?	N	?	Unknown
(Loes. ex Harms)								
Blakelock								
Tarenna	CR	Y	Y	Y	Y	N	N	Infrequent
hutchinsonii								
Bremek.								
Vepris felicis	CR	Y	Y	Y	N	N	N?	Infrequent
Breteler	СК	ř	T	T	IN	IN	IN f	innequent

Criterion B: Botanical Richness

B(i) exceptional botanical richness within a defined habitat			conservation in recording table (fro	umber of species of nportance - site m nationally agreed it)	B(iii): exceptional number of useful / culturally valuable species (from nationally agreed list)		
*Habitat code and name	Site is part of the top 10% of the national resource	Site is one of the 5 best sites nationally for that habitat	Site contains ≥ 3% of the species on the national list	Site is one of the 15 richest locations nationally	Site contains ≥ 3% of the species on the national list	Site is one of the 15 richest locations nationally	
[can add multiple habitats for Bli)]	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Lowland forest	Y	Y		Y			
Submontane Forest	Y	Y	Y	Y			
Inselbergs	?Υ	?Υ		Y			

*Criterion B taxon present [select from taxon look-up table]	Sub-criterion under which species qualifies [populated automatically from taxon look up table]	For B(i) — indicator of habitat [habitat name and code populated automatically brought across from look-up table (b)]	*Abundance at site
[Genus, species, Author, [infra rank, infra name, infra Author]]	B(ii) [could be more than one]		
Drypetes afzelii (Pax) Hutch.	B(ii)		Unknown
Gymnosiphon samoritoureanus Cheek	B(ii)		Infrequent
Heterotis sylvestris (JacqFél.) JacqFél.	B(ii)		Unknown
Inversodicraea pepehabai Cheek	B(ii)		Infrequent
<i>Mostuea adamii</i> Sillans	B(ii)		Unknown
Nemum bulbostyloides (S. S. Hooper) J. Raynal	B(ii)		Infrequent
Neolemonniera clitandrifolia (A. Chev.) Heine	B(ii)		Infrequent
<i>Osbeckia praviantha</i> JacqFél.	B(ii)		Unknown
Psychotria samoritourei Cheek	B(ii)		Infrequent
<i>Rinorea djalonensis</i> A. Chev. ex Hutch. & Dalziel	B(ii)		Unknown
Tarenna hutchinsonii Bremek.	B(ii)		Infrequent
<i>Vepris felicis</i> Breteler	B(ii)		Infrequent

Criterion C: Threatened Habitat

			Site co	ntains	For KBA compatibility: Site contains			
*Habitat type	IPA subcriterion (automaticall y populated from habitat look-up table)	IUCN redlist assessment (string automatically populated from look up table)	≥ 5% of national resource (for C(i) and C(ii))	≥ 10% of national resource (for C(iii))	For CR and EN habitats: ≥ 5% of global resource	For VU habitats: ≥ 10% of global resource	For range restricted habitat: ≥ 20% of global resource	Estimated area at site (if known)
Lowland Forest			0	O Y	0	0	0	
Submontane Forest				У				
Inselbergs				У	N	N	N	

Mt Ziama Classified Forest in pictures



Figure 1: Mt Ziama during the wet season, September.



Figure 2: Mt Ziama showing the side of a granite outcrop, September.



Figure 3: Mt Ziama showing the transition between grassland and forest.



Figure 4: Oil palm plantation with workers hut, Mt Ziama.



Figure 5: Gymnosiphon samoritoureanus (Burmanniaceae), EN saprophyte of forest floor.



Figure 6: Dorstenia astyanactis (Moraceae): VU epiphyte.