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The National Crop Wild Relative Strategy Report for Finland

Heli Fitzgerald



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Suomen viljelykasvien luonnonvaraisten sukulaislajien suojelestrategia

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Viljelykasvien luonnonvaraiset sukulaislajit (crop wild relatives - CWR) ovat luonnonkasveja, jotka ovat sukua viljelykasveille, kuten esimerkiksi ravinto-, lääke-, koriste-, metsätalous-, ja rehukasveille. Ne sisältävät tärkeitä kasvigeenivaroja, joita voidaan käyttää hyväksi jalostuksessa luomaan kestävämpiä, tuottoisampia ja ilmastonmuutokseen sopeutuvia viljelylajikkeita edesauttaen tulevaisuuden ruokaturvaa. Viljelykasvien sukulaiskasvien suojele on tavoitteena monissa kansainvälisissä sopimuksissa, mutta käytännön suojele suunnittelu ja -menetelmät ovat pääasiassa toteutumatta. Monet CWR lajit ovat uhanalaisia tai kasvavat uhanalaisissa kasvuympäristöissä joten ne tarvitsevat pikaista tutkimusta ja suojelea. Tämä raportti on tehty osana EU rahoitettua 'PGR Secure' projektia ja sisältää kansallisen CWR lajilistan sekä priorisoidun lajilistan, in situ ja ex situ aukkoanalyysin ja suosituksia viljelykasvien sukulaisien suojelelle Suomessa. Pyrkimyksenä on suojelella mahdollisimman suuri osa CWR lajien geneettisestä monimuotoisuudesta Suomessa.

Avainsanat:

viljelykasvien luonnonvaraiset sukulaislajit, kasvigeenivarojen suojele, kansallinen suojelestrategia, viljelykasvien villit sukulaiset

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Crop wild relatives (CWR) are wild plant species which are related to cultivated plants such as food, medicinal, ornamental, forestry, fodder and forage species. CWR species represent important plant genetic resources. They have potential for future food security by providing genetic variability and material for plant breeding and therefore enhancing agricultural production. These new varieties may turn out to be instrumental in allowing crops to survive in the new environmental conditions resulting from climate change. CWR are now included in several international treaties, however, practical conservation actions are still largely lacking. Since CWRs are valuable wild species, mostly not included in conservation programs and themselves often threatened or growing in threatened habitats, they require urgent research and conservation actions. This report was created as part of EU funded 'PGR Secure'- project and includes a national crop wild relative checklist, prioritized list, in situ and ex situ gap analysis and suggestions for the conservation of Finnish CWR diversity, thus forming the National CWR Strategy for Finland.

Keywords:

crop wild relatives, plant genetic resources, in situ conservation, ex situ conservation, national conservation strategy, CWR

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Foreword

This strategy has been compiled as part of PGR-Secure project - Novel characterization of crop wild relative and landrace resources as a basis for improved crop breeding - which is funded by the EU Seventh Framework Programme, THEME KBBE.2010.1.1-03, 'Characterization of biodiversity resources for wild crop relatives to improve crops by breeding', Grant agreement no. 266394 to MTT Agrifood Research Finland. One of the elements of the project is to create national CWR strategies. The Finnish strategy was prepared as the part of the activities within the Finnish National Programme for Plant Genetic Resources.

The main organizations involved in the project in Finland are the MTT Agrifood Research Finland that coordinates the Finnish Plant Genetic Resources Program and the Finnish Museum of National History, University of Helsinki. There was also cooperation with the National Advisory Board for Genetic Resources in Finland, the Finnish Environment Institute, the Finnish Forest Research Institute, Botanic Gardens in Finland, the National Board of Forestry, the Government of Åland and the Nordic Gene Resource Center (NordGen).

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At Helsinki and Jokioinen 31st October 2013

Heli Fitzgerald (Finnish Museum of Natural History) and Maarit Heinonen (MTT Agrifood Research Finland)

1 Introduction



Source: Aarne Laasonen

1.1 Definition of a crop wild relative

Crop plants can be any cultivated plant species, for example food, medicinal, ornamental, forestry, fodder and forage species. Crop wild relatives (CWR) can be defined, for example, as all taxa, which are within the same genus as the crop. *‘A crop wild relative is a wild plant taxon that has an indirect use derived from its relatively close genetic relationship to a crop; this relationship is defined in terms of the CWR belonging to gene pools 1 or 2, or taxon groups 1 to 4 of the crop’* (Maxted *et al.* 2006).

CWR species represent an important genetic resource. These resources have potential in future food security by providing genetic variability and material for plant breeding and therefore enhancing agricultural production for the growing world population. These new varieties may turn out to be instrumental in allowing the crops to survive in the new environmental conditions resulting from climate change.

1.2 Crop wild relative conservation and international treaties

Since CWRs are valuable wild species which are usually not yet included in conservation programs and are often growing in threatened habitats, they require urgent conservation action. The need to conserve CWR species has been identified by policymakers. CWR are now included in several international treaties, such as the European Strategy for Plant Conservation (Planta Europa, 2008), the Global Strategy for Plant Conservation (CBD, 2010a), CBD Strategic Plan for Biodiversity 2011-2020 (CBD, 2010b), and the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (FAO, 2001). However, practical conservation actions are still largely lacking.

The Global Strategy for Plant Conservation (GSPC) includes 16 global targets set for 2020. Most relevant to this CWR strategy are following: (Target 7) ‘at least 75 per cent of known threatened plant species conserved in situ’; (Target 8) ‘at least 75 per cent of threatened plant species in ex situ collections, preferably in the country of origin, and at least 20 percent available for recovery and restoration programmes’; (Target 9) ‘70 per cent of the genetic diversity of crops including their wild relatives and other socio-economically valuable plant species conserved, while respecting, preserving and maintaining associated indigenous and local knowledge’ (CBD, 2010a).

The European Strategy for Plant Conservation 2008-2014 (ESPC) similarly recognized the importance of CWR conservation as follows: (Target 7.1) ‘60 per cent of species of European conservation priority plant and fungal species, including crop wild relatives, conserved in situ by 2014 through the implementation of national strategies for conserving priority species’; (Target 7.2) ‘develop database of plant micro-reserves, genetic reserves for crop wild relatives, and where relevant other small in situ protected areas’; (Target 9.1) ‘establishment of 25 European crop wild relative genetic reserves covering the major hotspots of species and genetic diversity’ (Planta Europa, 2008). This CWR strategy document answers the ESPC targets for Finland by proposing genetic reserve sites for CWR in situ conservation. It also aims to establish the Finnish CWR checklist and priority list and make suggestions/provide solutions for CWR in situ and ex situ conservation in Finland.

1.3 Finnish implementation of the plant conservation strategies

In Finland, many international agreement targets, for example those of GSPC, CBD and EU nature conservation directives, are included in the ‘National Strategy and Action Plan for Conservation and Sustainable Use of Biodiversity in Finland 2006–2016’ (Heikkinen, 2007). This document was revised in 2012 to form the ‘Strategy for the Conservation and Sustainable Use of Biodiversity in Finland for the years 2012–2020’ (Anon, 2012a). The resolution addresses the need for conserving the genetic resources of crop wild relatives and sets targets for their conservation by 2020: (Target 13) ‘The genetic biodiversity of Finland’s cultivated plants and their wild relatives, forest trees, fish stocks, and farmed and domesticated animals has been preserved and safeguarded.’

The plant genetic resources in Finland are managed by the Finnish National Programme for Plant Genetic Resources which covers agriculture, forestry and horticulture. The National Advisory Board for Genetic Resources, appointed by the Ministry of Agriculture and Forestry, develops and monitors the national programme (Veteläinen *et al.* 2008). The Strategy and Action Plan for *ex situ* Conservation of Threatened Plants in Finland (Hyvärinen *et al.* 2011) has been created to guide the *ex situ* protection of threatened native plant species. A native threatened plant seedbank will be established within the EU life+ ESCAPE-project. The Finnish Environment Institute and Metsähallitus (the National Board of Forestry) share the responsibility of *in situ* conservation. This strategy answers the need to have a conservation action and strategy directed towards crop wild relative species, which are often falling between the agricultural and environmental conservation agencies/communities. The aim is to set guidelines for their optimum conservation within Finland with a European context.

1.4 Ecogeography and genetic resources of Finland

Finland is a Northern European country with a total area of 338,145 km². The land coverage consists of 230 000 km² forests, 33 000 km² water, 23 000 km² agricultural land, 9300 km² built-up area and 33 000 km² other areas. Finland’s climate is warmed up by the Gulf Stream causing the temperatures to be slightly higher than averages across the boreal coniferous forest zone. Finland is situated between latitudes 60 and 70 degrees north, causing the climatic and growing conditions to vary considerably. The bedrock and the soil have been formed by ice ages. Finland has thousands of lakes with broken up islands and peninsulas, and the Baltic Sea coastline similarly features fragmented

archipelagos with thousands of islands. Peatlands are characteristic of Finland, as originally about one third of the country was covered by them.

Winters are generally quite mild, summers temperate and short. The short growing season is compensated by long days during the summer. Finland can be divided ecogeographically in different ways, e.g. the common division including four vegetation zone regions according to the forest vegetation type; hemiboreal, southern boreal, Middle Boreal and Northern Boreal zones according to Kalliola (1973). However, the arctic vegetation zones are predicted to shift with the climate change, causing the boreal forests to spread towards the arctic tundra and accelerating the species migration from the south (ACIA, 2005).

Since the ice ages, species have spread and migrated to Finland mainly through river valleys, interlinked lakes, moraine ridges and eskers at different stages. Populations have become differentiated and developed local subspecies or races due to natural barriers and large distances between populations. The species have mainly spread to Finland from east and northeast, but most of them are European species from the steppes of Eastern Europe. Only few species found in fells are truly northern. Finnish plant diversity is therefore a mixture of southern, northern and eastern elements. Humans have influenced the environment mainly through agriculture. The current native species include many which are associated with man-made habitats, such as ones caused by slash-and-burn agriculture and the use of meadowlands.

Forests have been Finland's most important natural resource for centuries. The private ownership of the forests is high. Finnish agriculture is based on family farms, in which forestry is an integral part, along with arable land and dairy husbandry. The major crops in Finland are barley, oat, wheat, rye, turnip rape, potato, sugar beet and forage crops (TIKE, crop production statistics, 2010). Fruit and berries such as strawberry (*Fragaria*), currants (*Ribes*), raspberry (*Rubus*) and apple (*Malus*) are important both commercially and in home garden production. Commonly widely wild harvested berries include lingonberry (*Vaccinium vitis-idaea*), blueberry (*V. myrtillus*), cranberry (*V. oxycoccus*), raspberry (*Rubus idaeus*), cloudberry (*R. chamaemorus*), arctic bramble (*R. arctus*), wild strawberry (*Fragaria vesca*) and sea-buckthorn (*Hippophae rhamnoides*) (Veteläinen *et al.* 2008).

The Finnish wild and cultivated plant species genetic resources have adapted to the climate, soil and landscape condition over thousands of years. These resources need to be safeguarded for future. Finland does not have many close wild relatives of the globally important crop species. However, many species are found at the edge of their distribution in the European context and species with generally wide distribution have distinct subspecies or races (Hämet-Ahti *et al.*, 1998; Miranto *et al.*, 2012). This is due to their remote northern location. These taxa may contain valuable genetic variation and adaptations to the European flora, since the peripheral populations can be genetically and morphologically diversified from central populations and have distinct traits allowing adaptation to environmental change (Lesica & Allendorf, 1995). It is therefore important to conserve their genetic resources.

In the global context, Europe has primary centres of diversity for several types of crops such as fruits, forages, vegetables, and oil and medicinal plants, which brings a responsibility to conserve the genetic resources of these species for the region and for the rest of the world. The Finnish CWR conservation strategy aims to provide a tool for the conservation of maximum taxonomic and genetic diversity of Finland's CWR taxa. Ideally, the CWR taxa would be conserved in key hotspot *in situ* areas established as genetic reserves. The taxa should also be included in systematic back-up conservation in *ex situ* collections.

1.5 Finland's protected areas and species

Finland has 37 national parks. Together with other nature reserves, the total protected area is about 9% of Finland's land coverage (Fig 1.). This area also includes nature reserves and other conservation areas, which are privately owned by forest industry companies or individual forest owners. The trend of privately owned conservation areas is on the increase since the government launched its METSO - Forest Biodiversity Programme for Southern Finland. It aims to increase the conservation areas in the southern Finland, where the forests are mainly privately owned. More protection is needed in the

south due to the regional imbalance of conservation area locations and conserved forest types within Finland.

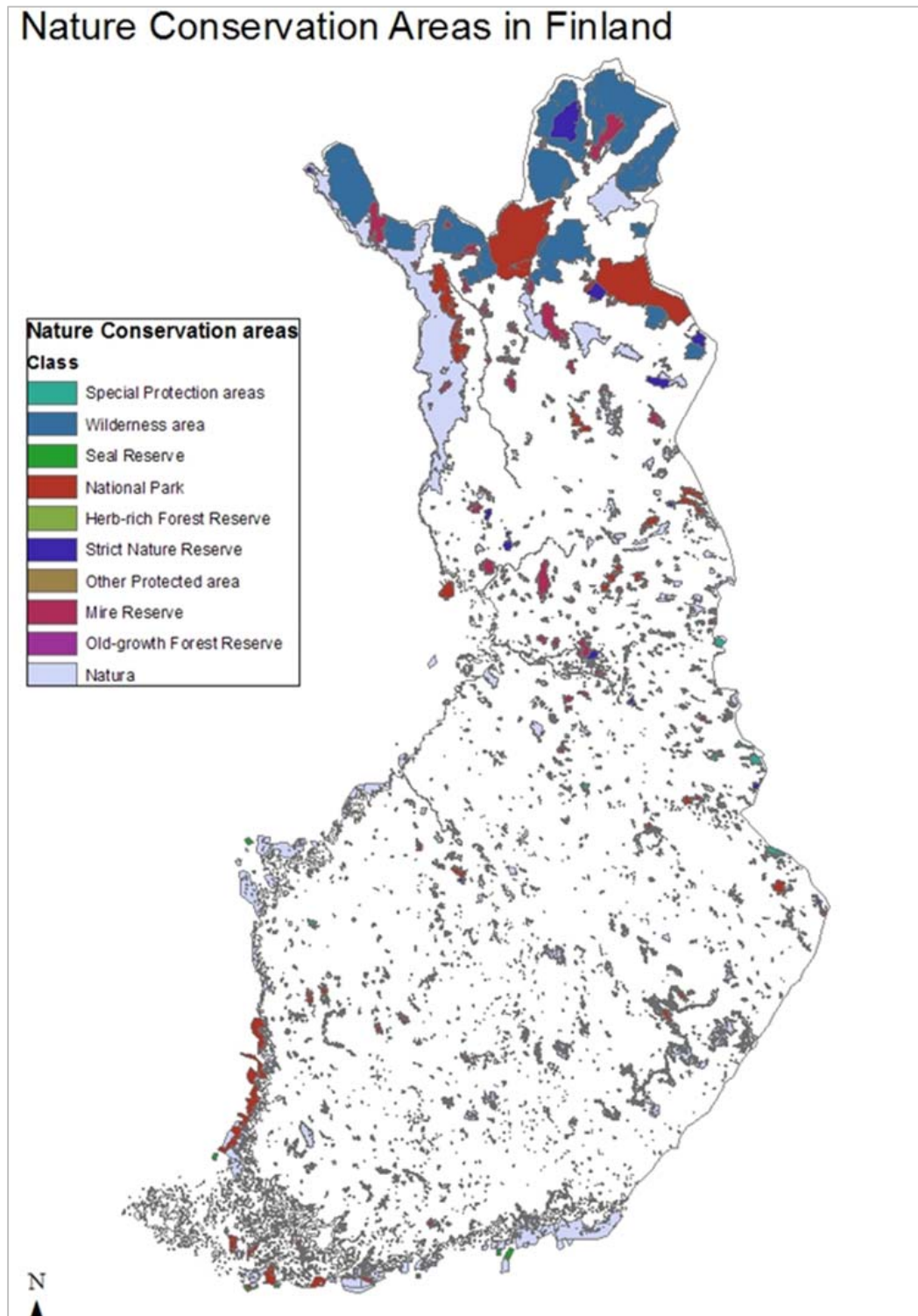


Fig. 1. Map of nature conservation areas in Finland, Source: Author

2 Methodology



Source: Arne Laasonen

For the development of the crop wild relative *in situ* and *ex situ* conservation strategy, a floristic method (Maxted *et al.* 2011) was used. First, a Finnish National CWR checklist was created and additional data collected. Threats, uses and value of the Finnish CWR taxa were identified, thus enabling prioritization of the CWR inventory. The next stage was to undertake a gap analysis of the Finnish CWR diversity. With the complementarity analysis it was possible to identify key areas for *in situ* conservation to recommend as possible genetic reserve sites. Gaps in *ex situ* conservation were identified and suggestions made for the collection of genetically representative samples of CWR populations.

2.1 Finnish CWR checklist

Approximately 2503 vascular plant taxa are found in Finland (Hämet-Ahti *et al.*, 1998; Lampinen *et al.*, 2010). A draft checklist of the CWR taxa of Finland was obtained from the PGR Forum CWR Catalogue for Europe and the Mediterranean (Kell *et al.*, 2005, 2008), based on the Euro+Med PlantBase (Euro+Med, 2006), Mansfeld's World Database of Agricultural and Horticultural Crops (Hanelt and IPK Gatersleben, 2001) and additional data for forestry, ornamental, medicinal and aromatic species.

The draft checklist of 2334 CWR taxa was taxonomically harmonised with the Field Flora of Finland (Hämet-Ahti *et al.*, 1998) and its update (Hämet-Ahti *et al.*, 2005). The status and synonyms of the unclear taxa were checked with the Plant List (The Plant List, 2010). Nationally threatened or protected subspecies, which were not on the draft list, were added. Hybrids, synonymic taxa and apomictic species such as *Taraxacum* ssp., *Hieracium* ssp., *Ranunculus auricomus*- Group were removed due to the difficulties with identification and changing taxonomy. Native, archaeophyte, neophyte and alien species were included in the checklist. The final CWR checklist for Finland has 1905 CWR taxa (Fitzgerald *et al.* 2013).

2.2 National inventory and its prioritization

Additional data was collected for the prioritization of the checklist. The Finnish red data listed species and their ecogeographic data such as the habitat type and the main causes of threat, were obtained from the 2010 Red List of Finnish Species (Rassi *et al.*, 2010). Additional data on endemism, native status, ecogeography and distribution was obtained from the the Field Flora of Finland (Hämet-Ahti *et al.* 1998, 2005). Other data added to the database included following: national protection status (Nature conservation degree, 1997); species listed in the EU Habitats Directive Annexes II, IV and V; EU Annex Priority species (EU, 1992); endemism in Europe (Bilz *et al.*, 2011); OEK- species, which is a list of species Finland is considered to be responsible for, including taxa which are endemic to Finland or Northern Europe and taxa with minimum of 20% of their European distribution within Finland (Rassi *et al.*, 2001).

Following additional data was included: yield of CWR-related main crops in Finland in 2010 (Tike, 2010); yield of CWR-related herb crops in Finland 2010 (Galambosi, 2007); high priority human food crops in Europe (Kell *et al.*, 2012a) based on production quantity data at the global, European and national levels (FAOSTAT, 2009) and economic value data (Eurostat, 1995–2012). Data on taxa listed to have medicinal or pharmaceutical use or use as food, forage or fodder plants was obtained from the Mansfeld's World Database of Agricultural and Horticultural Crops (Hanelt and IPK Gatersleben, 2001); the species listed in Annex I of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (ITPGRFA) from FAO (2001); Nordic mandate species, which are the important CWR species as prepared by five NordGen thematic working groups on root, oil and fibre plants, vegetables, fruits and berries, cereals and forage plants. Finally, data on species in gene pools 1a, 1b and 2 (Harlan de Wet, 1971) or taxon groups 1b, 2 and 3 (Maxted *et al.*, 2006), referring to their potential utilization capacity based on the genetic closeness or close relation to the crop species, was collected from the Global Checklist of Priority CWR (Vincent *et al.*, 2012).

The first step was to select only the indigenous and archaeophyte taxa for prioritization. Alien and neophyte taxa were therefore removed from the list. The categorisation was based on the Field Flora of Finland, which draws a line between archaeophytes and neophytes at the 17th century. Euro+Med PlantBase (Euro+Med, 2006) provided additional information on the nativity. Neophytes were removed from the priority list but kept on the national CWR checklist since it is recognized that the neophyte group in Finland includes many relatives of crop species that may have already formed adaptations to the Finnish climate. These species could therefore contain important genetic material for breeding as the commercial crop plants in Finland need to survive the Nordic conditions.

The second step was to create the prioritization criteria. Three main criteria and twelve subcriteria were selected (Table 1). Firstly, all the taxa classified vulnerable, endangered or critically endangered were selected into the priority list. Secondly, the taxa classified near threatened were selected if they had at least one point in the four 'use' subcriteria. Thirdly, the taxa not classified threatened but having more than three points in any of the twelve subcriteria were included in the prioritised list. Finally, unthreatened subspecies were removed from the list. This resulted in the prioritised CWR national inventory of 209 taxa (Fitzgerald *et al.* 2013).

Table 1. the prioritization criteria. Source: Fitzgerald et al. (2013)

1. Relative threat
a. Finnish Vascular Plant Red List Category 2010
b. National protection status
c. Species listed in the EU Habitats Directive Annexes II, IV and V and EU Annex Priority species
d. Endemism in Europe
e. OEK species (European species which Finland is responsible for conserving since a minimum of 20% of their European distribution is within the country)
2. Value
a. Yield of CWR-related main crops in Finland in 2010
b. Yield of CWR-related herb crops in Finland
c. High priority human food crops in Europe based on production quantity and economic value
3. Use
a. Medicinal/pharmaceutical use, food, forage/fodder plants
b. Species listed in Annex I of the International Treaty on Plant Genetic Resources for Food and Agriculture (ITPGRFA)
c. Nordic mandate species
d. Species in GP1b-GP2 and TG1b-TG3

2.3 Gap Analysis

Originally conservationists developed gap analysis to find gaps in the habitat or ecosystem conservation. The concept of identifying areas in which selected elements of biodiversity are under-represented was proposed by Burley (1988) as a gap analysis methodology of first identifying and classifying biodiversity, then locating conservation areas managed for biodiversity and finally identifying the biodiversity underrepresented in those areas to set new conservation priorities.

Maxted *et al.* (2008) proposed to use gap analysis to evaluate CWR taxonomic and genetic diversity and to develop future strategies for their genetic conservation by following steps: (1) circumscription of target taxon and target area; (2) assessment of natural diversity, (taxonomic, genetic, ecogeographic and threat assessment); (3) assessment of current *in situ* and *ex situ* conservation strategies; (4) setting priorities for *in situ* and *ex situ* conservation action. The results of this methodology applied to the Finnish CWR diversity are shown in the following sections of the report.

2.3.1 In situ gap analysis

There are no current conservation efforts particularly for CWR species in Finland but those CWR species which are threatened, are included in the existing conservation programs. Ministry of the Environment has a responsibility to organise the monitoring of native species and to protect them. In all, 34 of the CWR priority species have a conservation action plan by the Finnish Environment Institute (SYKE, 2010). The Natural Heritage Services of Metsähallitus is responsible for conservation, management and monitoring of all the species on its land; 11 of the CWR priority species are under their extended national responsibility - a special *in situ* conservation, management and monitoring plan (Metsähallitus, 2013). Additionally, the Finnish Forest Research Institute Metla has a program to conserve the genetic resources of forest trees and 2 of the priority CWR are conserved *in situ* in the Finnish Forest Research Institute's conservation areas (Metla, 2012).

To undertake the *in situ* gap analysis, distribution data for the 209 priority taxa was obtained from Finnish Museum of Natural History in an 'YKJ- grid' format (Lampinen & Lahti, 2010). The YKJ-grid is the common coordinate grid system for Finland, used previously widely by the natural scientists. Nowadays many institutions have moved to different grid-systems but the vascular plant

species distribution data is still in the common coordinate system. Data level was chosen as 10x10 km grid. More accurate data would have been available for some species, but for uniformity, it was decided to use the 10x10 km grid squares. The threatened species location data includes rather reliable information of the native, archaeophyte and neophyte status of the locations. Only native and archaeophyte locations were selected for the analysis as the neophyte locations are suspected to be genetically alien material. Neophyte and extinct locations of the threatened species within Finland were removed from the analysis. The threatened species distribution data from 1990 onwards and non-threatened species data from 1970 onwards were used.

Identification of the key areas containing CWR within and outside of the protected areas was undertaken by complementarity analysis, which has been used for reserve selection, especially when the funds for conservation are limited and therefore prioritisation is important. The idea of the complementarity analysis is to conserve as many taxa as possible in the minimum number of reserves. Therefore the target was to find out minimum number of sites in Finland with the maximum number of CWR taxa. The first site of maximum number of CWR taxa was found by transferring the distribution data from Excel to ArcMap. Those taxa found in the first, most CWR species rich 10x10 km grid were removed from the list before the second site was found and so on. If there were several grids with similar number of species, diverse locations and larger distance in relation to other sites were selected. Since a maximum CWR diversity was found within Åland Islands, which is an autonomous part of Finland with separate legislation and environmental administration, a second analysis was carried out by treating Åland and Continental Finland distribution data as two separate analyses.

To undertake the analysis and to create the maps in this document, open data from Maanmittauslaitos - Avoimien aineistojen tiedostopalvelu (Maanmittauslaitos, 2013) and OIVA - Ympäristö- ja paikkatietopalvelu asiantuntijoille (SYKE, 2012) was used as well as vascular plant distribution data from the Kasviatlas - Suomen putkilokasvien levinneisyyskartasto (Lampinen & Lahti, 2010). Nature conservation area shapefiles of the Åland region were obtained from the regional government (Pers. Comm. Ahonen, 2013). Additionally, the present conservation status of the priority CWR taxa was looked at. This data gives information on what percentage of the species populations are conserved in the existing protected areas (Kemppainen and Eeronheimo, 2008).

2.3.2 Ex situ gap analysis

The *ex situ* gap analysis was carried out by comparing the target taxa already in conservation and the target taxa in need of conservation, which is the 209 CWR priority taxa for Finland. The current *ex situ* collections of wild native species in Finland are conserved mostly in the Botanic Gardens. The Nordic Genetic Resource Center - NordGen - primary secures the broad diversity of genetic resources linked to food and agriculture. Some Finnish crop wild relatives are found in their collections. A seedbank for threatened native species will be established in Finland through the EU funded ESCAPE-project which will collect and conserve the threatened Finnish vascular plant species. When establishing the priority collection list (Ryttäri, 2013) for the seedbank, CWR status was taken into account along with other factors.

The data on *ex situ* conservation status of nationally threatened species in Finland was obtained from the results of EU funded project: 'Vulnerability Assessment of ecosystem services for Climate Change Impacts and Adaptation' (Miranto *et al.* 2012, Hyvärinen *et al.* 2011). The data on *ex situ* conservation status of not threatened species was obtained directly from the institutions holding the Finnish *ex situ* collections; Helsinki Botanic Gardens, Oulu Botanic Gardens, Turku Botanic Gardens, NordGen, Finnish Forest Research Institute and MTT Agrifood Research Finland. The accuracy of the origin data and genetic intactness classes (Miranto, 2005) were taken into account. Only the existing collections with origin data class 1 and genetic intactness class 1 or 2 were accepted to be in *ex situ* conservation. Additionally, only those taxa having collections from 5 or more populations were considered to be sufficiently conserved.

3 Results and Discussion



Source: Aarne Laasonen

3.1 Checklist and Inventory

Out of the 2503 vascular plant species in Finland, 76 percent (1905 taxa) are crop wild relatives, consisting of 1381 species, 492 subspecies and 32 varieties (Appendix 1). Of these, 71 percent are indigeneous or archaeophyte taxa. The Finnish CWR taxa are divided into 101 families, main ones being Poaceae, Rosaceae, Cyperaceae, Brassicaceae and Asteraceae, all with more than 100 taxa represented. Out of the total CWR in Finland, 13 percent are endangered; 21 are critically endangered, 62 endangered, 62 vulnerable and 96 near threatened (Fitzgerald *et al.* 2013).

The prioritized national inventory of CWR for Finland consists of 209 taxa (Appendix 2). The prioritised CWR taxa divide into either highly threatened taxa with a narrow distribution or non-threatened taxa with wider distribution. The conservation of the genetic resources of both of these groups is important. As can be seen from Table 2, the main threat factor (Rassi *et al.*, 2010) of the prioritized CWR taxa in Finland is the overgrowing of meadows and open habitats. It is generally one of the main threats to plant species survival in Finland and is mainly due to the lack of traditional use of grassland. Habitats of the prioritized CWR are shown in Table 3.

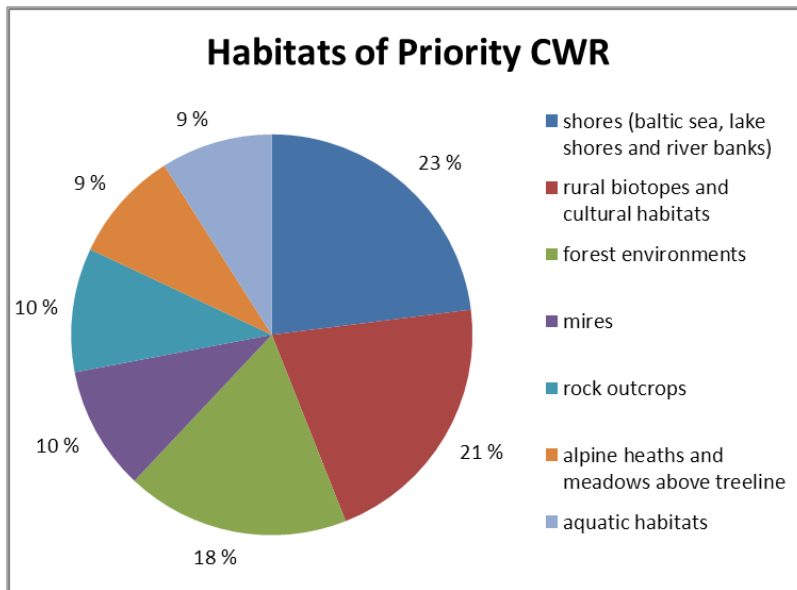


Table 2. Main factors threatening Finnish priority CWR taxa. Source: Author

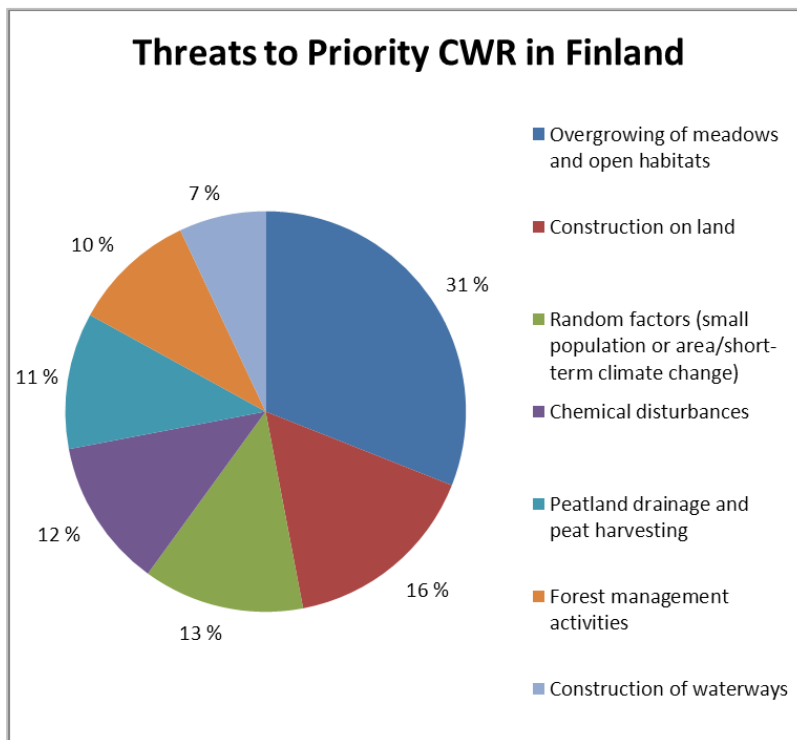


Table 3. Habitats of the Finnish priority CWR taxa. Source: Author

3.2 In situ Gap Analysis

Through the complementarity analysis, five most CWR species rich areas were found within Finland. These CWR hotspot sites, if established as genetic reserves, would conserve over 60% of the priority species. The sites are distributed in different parts of the country and are representing different habitats and regions. Beyond these sites, the 10x10 km grids contained less than five crop wild relative taxa, which were not found on the first sites. Therefore it would not be realistic to establish reserves in these grid squares.

The most species rich area for CWR in Finland is on Åland Islands. Half of the priority taxa in the analysis, 101 taxa out of total 202, were found to exist in this region. The most CWR species rich 10x10 km square within Åland as the 1st site has 65 priority taxa. The 5th site is also found within Åland Islands, with 14 taxa. Other areas coming up as CWR hotspots were: 2nd site in Oulanka in the middle-east region near the Russian border, 3rd site in Hanko Peninsula in the most southern point of mainland Finland and 4th site in the Saana and Malla fell area in the far north-western corner of Finnish Lapland near the Swedish and Norwegian border (Fig. 2.). These sites would altogether conserve 129 taxa (64 percent) out of the priority CWR taxa in Finland. These sites represent interesting culmination points as they are located in regions with generally high plant diversity due to the influence of species migration from different regions. The crop wild relative taxon lists of the 5 proposed sites are found in Appendices 3 and 4.

A separate complementarity analysis was carried out to see if the distribution of sites would change if Åland Islands and the mainland Finland were treated separately. In the second analysis, the sites within Åland remained the same, one 10x10 km square having 65 taxa and the second site having 14 taxa (Table 4). These two sites would conserve 79 taxa conserving 78 percent of the priority crop wild relatives found within Åland and 39 percent of the priority CWR found in the whole of Finland. Within the mainland Finland, the first three sites remained the same as in the first analysis; Hanko Peninsula, Oulanka and Saana and Malla fell area. Two more sites were found in the southern coastline; Helsinki Islands as the 4th site and Houtskari Islands in Turku Archipelago as the 5th site (Table 4). These five sites would conserve 108 taxa (approximately 60 percent) of the 183 priority CWR which are found in mainland Finland.

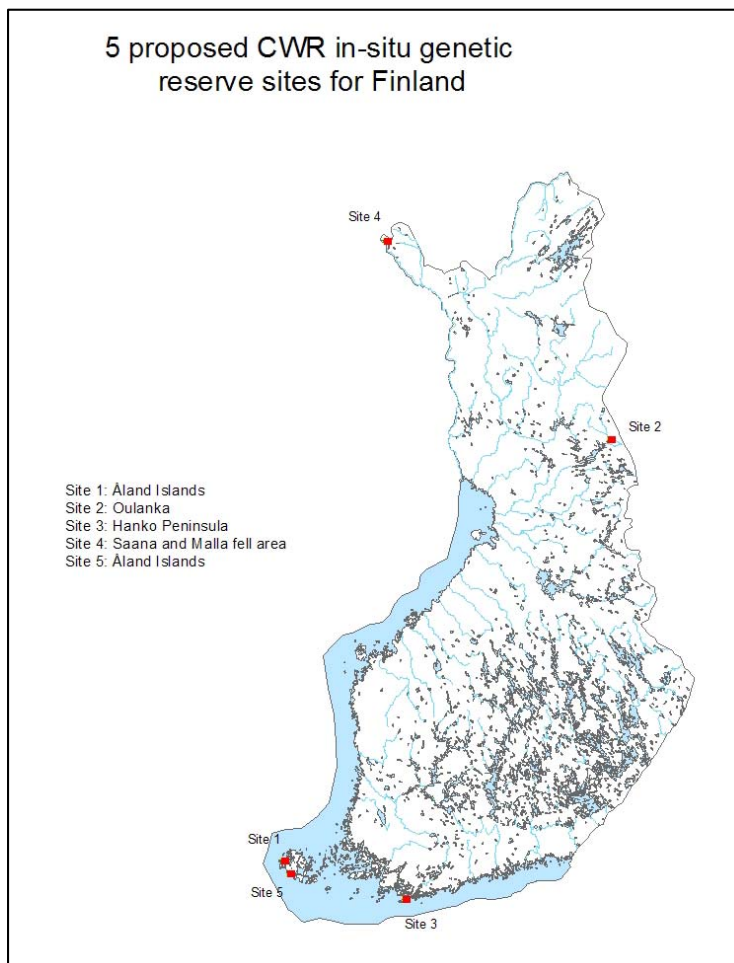


Fig. 2. The 5 crop wild relative hotspots in Finland. Source: Author

Table 4. Results of the complementarity analyses. Source: Author

Complimentarity analysis 1 (whole of Finland)				
5 sites within whole Finland	Location	Grid	CWR taxa on only this site	Total CWR taxa
Site 1	Åland Islands	670:309	65	65
Site 2	Oulanka	736:360	24	39
Site 3	Hanko Peninsula	664:328	14	51
Site 4	Saana & Malla	767:325	13	27
Site 5	Åland Islands	668:310	13	63
Complimentarity analysis 2 (Åland and mainland Finland separately)				
Åland Islands 2 sites	Location	Grid	CWR taxa on only this site	Total CWR taxa
Site 1	Åland Islands	670:309	65	65
Site 2	Åland Islands	668:310	14	63
Mainland Finland 5 sites	Location	Grid	CWR taxa on only this site	Total CWR taxa
Site 1	Hanko Peninsula	736:360	51	51
Site 2	Oulanka	664:328	23	39
Site 3	Saana & Malla	767:325	13	27
Site 4	Helsinki Islands	667:338	10	39
Site 5	Houtskari Islands	669:318	7	34

Figure 3 shows the results of both analyses. Analysis 1 displays the five proposed genetic reserve sites on the forest vegetation zones of Finland based on Kalliola (1973). Analysis 2 displays both the Åland Island and Mainland Finland sites. Based on both analyses, the sites are located on the hemiboreal and northern boreal zones. The hotspot concentration on the southern coastline is highlighted even more in the second complementarity analysis. This may leave the diversity of potential genetic resources of the southern boreal and middle boreal zones unconserved. There is a gap in the middle of the country, the lake area in the south-east and the western coastline of the Gulf of Bothnia. This may be due to the country being quite large, plant diversity generally poor and species rather evenly spread out across the land. Therefore not many 10x10 km grids stand out as particularly species rich, except for the above mentioned five sites. Analysis 1 is preferred due to the fact that it conserves similar amount of CWR taxa in fewer areas. Next, an overview of the sites and CWR taxa found within them is given.

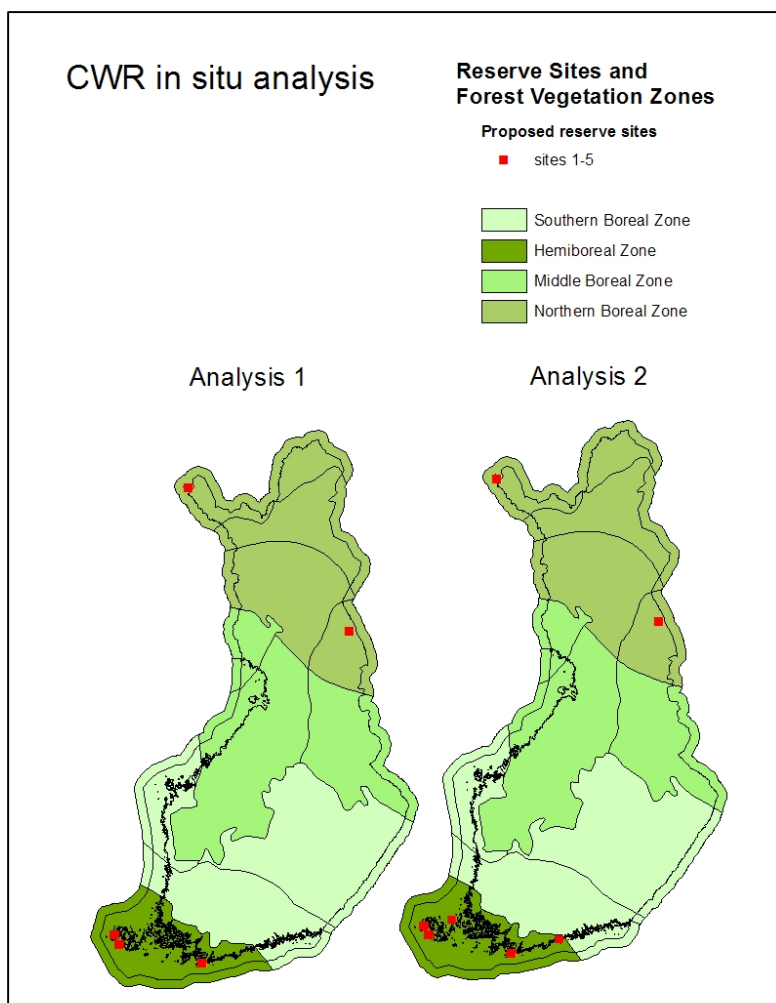


Figure 3. The CWR hotspots of the two analyses on a forest vegetation zone map. Source: Author

3.2.1 Sites 1 and 5: Åland Islands

The Åland Islands, at the junction of the Gulf of Finland and the Gulf of Bothnia, is an autonomous Swedish-speaking archipelago province of Finland in the Baltic Sea. It has a separate environmental administration and legislation. Åland comprises of the Main Island and c. 6400 smaller islands. The nature is unique with some of the most species-rich areas in Finland. Åland is covered by calcareous soil with relatively high pH, which with the traditional agriculture has led to the development of species-rich wooded meadows, groves, open pastures and heaths. The landscapes in the islands vary from pine and deciduous forests to farmlands and barren cliffs. Meadow types range from wooded meadows with pollard trees to dry and coastal meadows. The main threat to the plant species is overgrowing of meadows since the changes in agricultural practices have led to the decrease of cattle grazing and use of wooded meadows. Åland has altogether 52 small conservation areas (Anon. 2011).

The complementarity analysis revealed two sites as particularly CWR species rich within Åland; grid 670:309 and grid 668:310, both on the main island. The complementarity analysis gives the number of species which are not present in other proposed reserves. For site one it is 65 taxa and site 5 it is 13 taxa. The total number of priority CWR present in site 5 is 63 taxa, therefore there are many duplicated taxa between the two sites. The first site falls half on Eckerö and half on Hammarland. Eckerö is known to have a high diversity of species on seaside and wooded meadows. Eckerö and Hammarland region have several small conservation areas, of which few fall within this grid; Svatnö-Kaja, Näsgärdan and Ängessjö. The second site falls on the grid containing Marianhamn capital city,

but also on some smaller islands, such as Nåtö, which has high diversity of species. There are several nature conservation areas in the grid; Nåtö-Jungfruskär (124ha), Espholm (7ha) and Ramsholmen.

Ålands crop wild relatives include several taxa, which are not found elsewhere in Finland. The CWR genera found within the two proposed sites and important in terms for their priority as food/forage crops in Europe and Finland include; *Fragaria* (2), *Malus*, *Lathyrus* (3 sp.), *Vicia* (7 sp.), *Allium* (4 sp.), *Festuca* (2 sp.), *Phleum*, *Poa*, *Trifolium* (4 sp.), *Ribes*, *Rubus* (4 sp.) (Appendices 3 and 4). Additional taxa that may be considered important CWR in Åland are the following ones which are threatened and have a limited distribution within Finland: *Arctium nemorosum*, *Carex caryophyllea*, *Carex hostiana*, *Carex ornithopoda*, *Carex remota*, *Carex vulpina*, *Carlina vulgaris*, *Cladium mariscus*, *Crataegus monogyna*, *Crataegus rhipidophylla*, *Geranium dissectum*, *Polygala amarella*, *Polygala vulgaris*, *Potentilla tabernaemontani*, *Primula farinosa*, *Rosa canina*, *Rosa sherardii*, *Salicornia europaea*, *Sorbus intermedia*, *Sorbus meinichii*, *Spergularia media*.

3.2.2 Site 2: Oulanka

The 10x10 km grid square 736:360 is located in the Oulanka National Park area in the Northern Ostrobothnia region of Finland. This region has a unique and rich combination of northern, southern and eastern species of which many are found at the edge of their distribution range. The nutrient-rich soil in untouched pine forests, mires, river valleys and sandy riverbanks with various microclimates provide habitats for diverse flora and endangered plant species.

Large part of the grid is taken up by the Oulanka National Park. The grid includes 24 priority CWR taxa not found in the first site and 39 CWR priority taxa in total. The CWR genera important in terms for their priority as food/forage crops include for example; *Elymus* (2 sp.), *Festuca* (2 sp.), *Ribes* (1 sp.), *Rubus* (4 sp.), *Trifolium* (3 sp.) and *Vicia* (2 sp.) (Appendices 3 and 4). Some additional CWRs are found in the National Park outside of the grid, such as: *Dactylorhiza incarnata subsp. cruenta*, *Elymus alaskanus ssp. scandicus*, *Lonicera caerulea* and *Ranunculus lapponicus*.

3.2.3 Site 3: Hanko peninsula

The Hanko peninsula is the southernmost tip of continental Finland with a vast archipelago surrounding it. Hanko Peninsula is at the entrance of the Gulf of Finland and marks the edge of Baltic Sea proper. Geologically Hanko peninsula is a mixture of Precambrian bedrock and a moraine or sandy soils. Therefore, most of the vegetation is dry pine forests but rich organic soils with lush vegetation can also be found. The area has high species diversity and number of different biotopes harbouring many endangered species of Finland. The species richness is partially due to Hanko's location as an old and active harbour city.

The grid coming up as the third CWR rich area is 664:328. The complementarity analysis gives the number of species which are not present in other proposed reserves. For site 3 this is 14 taxa, but the total priority CWR number is 51 taxa. Several valuable taxa grow here, including; *Elymus farctus subsp. boreoatlanticus*, *Malus sylvestris*, *Fragaria vesca*, *Ammophila arenaria*. Other CWR genus important in terms for their priority as food/forage crops are for example: *Lathyrus* (2 sp.), *Vicia* (5 sp.), *Allium* (2 sp.), *Festuca* (3 sp.), *Trifolium* (6 sp.), *Atriplex*, *Salsola*, *Ribes* (2 sp.), *Rubus* (4 sp.), *Urtica* (Appendices 3 and 4). The conservation areas within this grid are; Tvärminne research station nature conservation area, Santalan korpi mire reserve, Bengtsår herb-rich forest reserve and Stormossen virgin forest. Additionally there is Tammisaari and Hanko archipelago and Pohjanpitäjänlahti sea reserve, which is also a Ramsar site.

3.2.4 Site 4: Saana and Malla fell area

This 10x10 km grid (767:325) falls on the most northwest corner of Finland, called 'Käsivarsi' area. It is located 270 km north of the Arctic Circle, Arctic Ocean being only 50 km away. This alpine area is geologically and geographically at a unique location. It is at the culmination point of Finnish, Norwegian and Swedish Lapland and has the highest mountains in Finland which are part of the Scandinavian Mountains. The baserock is more alkaline and younger than elsewhere in Finland. The

rock type, water from melting snow throughout the summer and the Arctic Sea influence, all enable unusually lush growth conditions for more demanding species, many of which are endangered and do not grow elsewhere in Finland. The herb-rich forests on the fells can be compared to the ones in Åland archipelago region.

The flora in the Kilpisjärvi area is a mixture of northern boreal, alpine and arctic species. Saana and Malla Fells have highest vascular plant diversity in the Käsivarsi area (Järvinen & Lahti, 2004). Altogether 330 vascular plant taxa have been found in Malla and 340 in Saana fells, of which 47 are red-listed (Kauhanen, 2013), suggesting them to be hotspots of vascular plant diversity in the region. Similar patterns of species richness can be also found on nearby areas of the Scandinavian mountains in Sweden and Norway (Olofsson & Oksanen, 2005).

Saana fell has been designated as a protected area since 1988, covering 240 ha of the mountain slopes and an herb-rich forest reserve since 1992 with 76 ha at the base of the fell. It is also a Natura 2000 site. Malla fell was the first area in Finland to be established as a protected area with special regulations in 1916. It became a Malla Strict Nature Reserve in 1938 and covers an area of 30,5 km². There are many threats to the species in the area from grazing pressure, construction and recreational activities to climate change. The area was proposed in 2012 to be established as a National Park (Anon. 2012b).

The grid (767:325) covers both the protected area and the herb-rich forest reserve in the Saana fell and part of the Malla strict nature reserve. The grid contains 13 CWR priority taxa not found in the other 5 grids and 27 priority CWR taxa altogether (Fig, Appendix). CWR genus important in terms of their priority as food/forage crops in Europe found within the grid include for example: *Fragaria*, *Lathyrus*, *Vicia* (2 sp.), *Festuca* (2 sp.), *Trifolium* (2 sp.), *Ribes*, *Rubus* (4 sp.) (Appendices 3 and 4). There may be more priority CWR within the conservation areas which do not fall within the grid as most of Malla nature reserve is not covered by the grid. For example *Antennaria porsildii* (VU) and *Sedum villosum* (VU) are threatened CWR taxa found within the Saana/Malla fells (Kauhanen, 2013) but not within the grid.

3.2.5 In situ conservation status of CWR

The data on the conservation status of priority CWR covers 139 taxa and is incomplete for 80 taxa. Table 5 shows the conservation status of the priority CWR taxa; 13 percent (28 taxa) have 100 percent of their populations conserved and approximately 33 percent (68 taxa) have over 60 percent of their populations conserved within existing protected areas in Finland. Furthermore, 7 percent (16 taxa) have fewer than 10% of their populations conserved. The remaining 70 taxa fall between 10-60 percent of their populations conserved (Pers. Comm. Eeronheimo, 2013).

However, the *in situ* conservation of crop wild relatives would ideally be based on genetic reserve conservation, which can be defined as: ‘*the location, management and monitoring of genetic diversity in natural populations within defined areas designated for long-term conservation*’ (Maxted et al. 1997). Therefore, it is not known whether the genetic diversity of the taxa is conserved even if the populations grow within a conservation area, if there are no management and monitoring practices in place for genetic resource conservation.

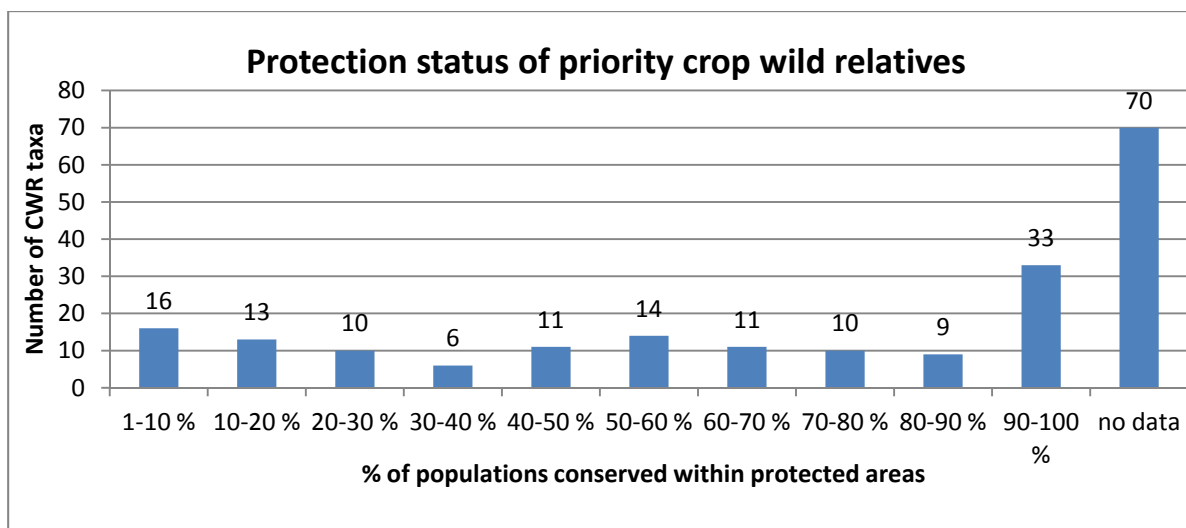


Table 5. Protection status of priority CWR taxa. Source: Author (protection status data: Eeronheimo, 2013).

3.3 Ex situ Gap Analysis

Out of the 209 priority CWR, 56 taxa are found in *ex situ* collections with origin data; 45 in the botanic gardens' living collections, seed collections or *in vitro*; 8 in NordGen seedbank and 2 in the Finnish Forest Research Institute *ex situ* program of forestry species. However, most of these collections have only one accession per taxon, even though the distribution of the species may be much wider. The collection is therefore not genetically representative, unless the taxon only exists in a single location. Only 7 of the CWR priority taxa (3 percent) are collected from a minimum of five locations; *Allium schoenoprasum* var. *schoenoprasum*, *Elymus fibrosus*, *Festuca ovina*, *Festuca rubra*, *Phleum pratense* ssp. *Pratense*, *Trifolium pratense* ssp. *Pratense*, *Trifolium repens*. Those priority CWR taxa and the number of their accessions which are already in *ex situ* are shown in Table 6. The 49 taxa which have been collected from fewer than five populations would need additional collecting from diverse locations of their distribution.

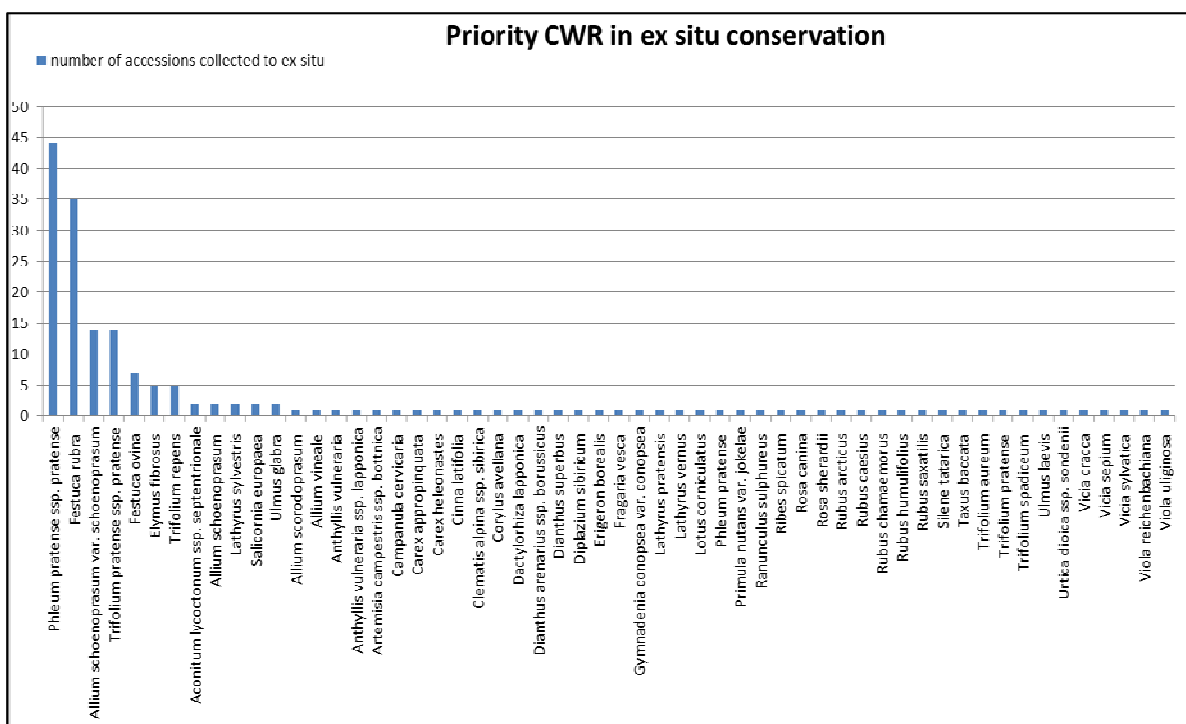


Table 6. Accessions of the priority CWR in *ex situ* conservation. Source: Author

3.3.1 Conservation Gaps

In all, 75% of the priority CWRs (160 taxa) are not in any *ex situ* collection. Of these, 18 are critically endangered, 56 endangered, 48 vulnerable, 19 near threatened and 4 already regionally extinct (Appendix 5). The figure on the distribution of the priority CWR diversity within Finland overlaid with the location data of the CWR taxa already in *ex situ* conservation gives a general idea of the *ex situ* gaps (Figure 4). The collections are mainly from the southern and northern parts of Finland, leaving the central areas uncollected. Many of the threatened priority CWR taxa, which are not yet collected *ex situ*, will be covered by the ESCAPE-project, which aims to protect at least 100 threatened priority species *ex situ* (Ryttäri, 2013). In all, 91 of the ESCAPE priority list taxa are also priority crop wild relatives. Potentially more threatened taxa than the 100 priority species will be collected in the following years by the ESCAPE project. The highest gaps in the crop wild relative *ex situ* conservation are therefore those 111 threatened taxa, which are not collected by ESCAPE and the 28 unthreatened taxa not targeted by ESCAPE at all. The taxon lists can be found in the Appendix 5. These crop wild relatives should be targeted for *ex situ* collecting action in the future.

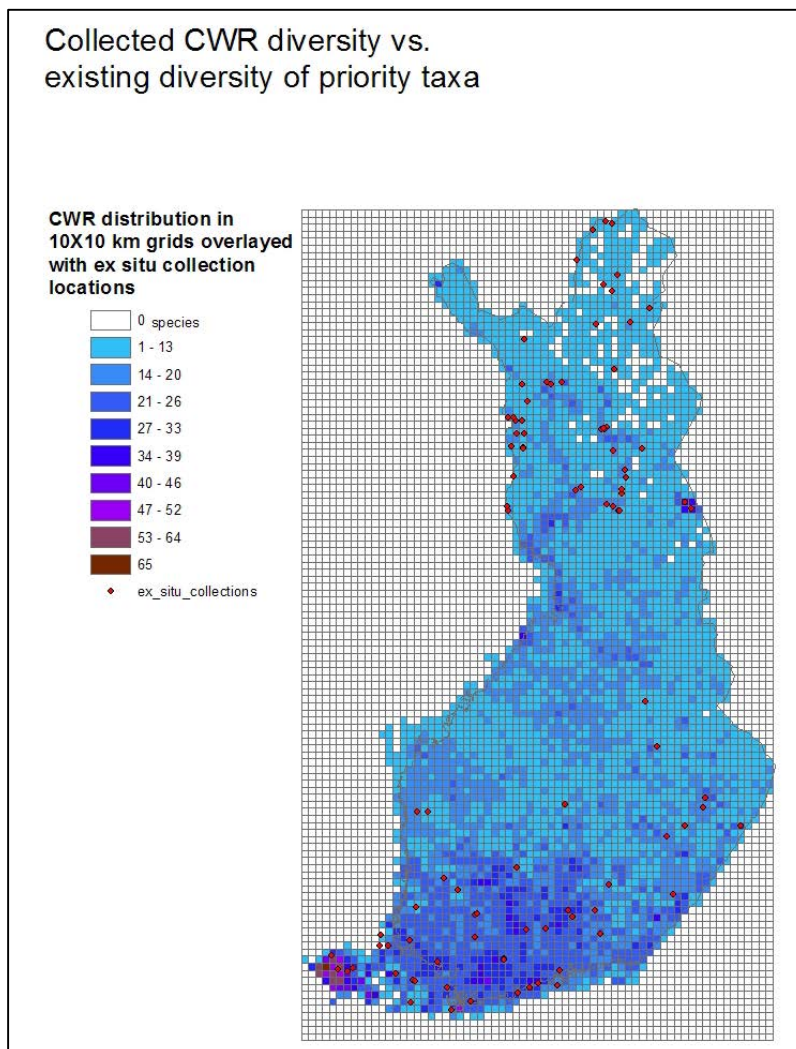


Figure 4. Existing *ex situ* collections of CWR in Finland and the *in situ* diversity. Source: Author

4 Recommendations



Source: Arne Laasonen

4.1 Important CWR taxa

The following genera of the '18 High priority human food crops/crop groups of Europe' (Kell *et al.*, 2012) and of the 'priority human and animal food crops listed in the ITPGRFA' (FAO, 2001) are found in Finland and are therefore considered to be of particular importance: *Malus* (apple), *Fragaria* (strawberry), *Lactuca* (lettuce), *Lathyrus* (grass pea - GP1b, TG1b, GP2, TG2 only), *Elymus* (wheat complex), *Vicia* (faba bean/vetch - mainly GP1b, TG1b, GP2, TG2), *Allium* (onions), *Agrostis*, *Festuca*, *Phleum*, *Poa* (grass forages), *Trifolium* (Legume forages), *Atriplex*, *Salsola* (other forages). Additionally to those, the following CWR genera are important within Finland: *Ribes*, *Rubus*, *Hypericum* and *Urtica*, according to the yield of CWR related main crops 2010 Finland (Tike, Crop production statistics) and yield of CWR related herb crops in Finland (B. Galambosi, pers. comm.).

Due to the threat factors, Finnish CWR taxa requiring urgent conservation are those critically endangered taxa, which received most 'use' and 'value' points in the prioritization process, *Anthyllis vulneraria* ssp. *polyphylla*, *Artemisia campestris* ssp. *bottnica*, *Hypericum montanum*, *Pimpinella major*, *Rosa canina*, *Sorbus meinichii*; the critically endangered species which have additional 'threat' points, *Asperula tinctoria*, *Bromopsis benekenii*, *Dianthus superbus*, *Erica tetralix*, *Liparis loeselii*, *Melica ciliata*, *Polygonum oxyspermum*, *Puccinellia phryganodes*, *Salix pyrolifolia*, *Silene furcata* and *Sium latifolium*; and the near threatened taxa having most 'use' points, *Malus sylvestris*, *Fragaria viridis*. Additionally, there is a need to conserve the genetic resources of the non-threatened CWR taxa, which have most points in all the prioritization criteria; *Alisma wahlenbergii*, *Allium schoenoprasum*, *Fragaria vesca*, *Lathyrus sylvestris*, *Ribes nigrum*, *R. spicatum*, *Vicia cracca*, *V. hirsuta*, *V. sepium*, *V. tertrasperma* and *V. villosa*. The wild relatives of genera *Phleum* and *Fragaria* have additional value due to their relevance for current plant breeding programs in Finland.



Malus sylvestris. Source: Jukka Sarvarinne



Fragaria vesca. Source: MTT arkisto/Tarja Hietaranta

4.2 In situ implementation

Previously the crop wild relative conservation was focusing on the *ex situ* conservation, but now it is widely agreed that CWR taxa should be primarily conserved *in situ* in their natural habitats to allow the CWR populations to evolve and adapt to changing conditions. Additionally, these taxa should be sampled for *ex situ* conservation for safety backup, and their utilization in pre-breeding/breeding programs and recovery/restoration programs should be facilitated.

As a majority (76 percent) of the flora of Finland is crop wild relatives, many already exist within protected areas and are therefore passively conserved. However, it is important to include the CWR in the protected area management plan. This would ideally prevent a decline of the populations or other adverse effects from taking place. There should be a monitoring plan for the CWR taxa populations to monitor their genetic diversity and natural dynamics. The management plan should be adapted to possible traditional agricultural and farming practices if the CWR taxa require them but at the same time taking into account other important taxa in the area by harmonising their management practices with those of the CWR taxa.

CWR conservation would ideally consist of both within protected area conservation and outside of protected area conservation. The CWR taxa which are typically found growing in disturbed habitats, such as roadsides, field margins, fields or wastelands, may need a different conservation approach. Many of these species, which are considered weedy but can contain important genetic resources, might benefit from the outside of protected area conservation. As Maxted and Kell (2009) state, these habitats often contain large CWR populations, which are thriving and can potentially provide dispersal and gene flow routes for other CWR populations even in the protected areas. Similarly as with the genetic reserves, these sites will need a monitoring and management agreement and a regular interaction with the site owner.

From the threats and habitats analysis it can be seen, that one of the main actions to conserve CWR taxa in Finland would be to prevent overgrowing of shoreline meadows and open habitats, such as rural biotopes and cultural habitats. Restoration of already changed habitats would be beneficial, as previously meadow or open field habitats may hold a potential crop wild relative seedbank in the soil. For threatened species, data on the population level should be looked into.

When planning conservation of the CWR in the area, it is recommended to not follow the limitations of the grid but to follow the possible nature conservation area or reserve boundaries and look into which CWR taxa grow within the reserve and how to establish a genetic reserve within it by including the CWR taxa conservation in the maintenance and monitoring plan of the protected area. Additionally it would be recommended to look into the unconserved areas of the grid to find target locations for outside of protected area conservation.

4.3 Ex situ implementation

The 209 CWR priority taxa for Finland should be conserved *ex situ* in gene banks, such as NordGen or the new threatened wild species seedbank. The collection and sampling of the CWR taxa and the maintenance of the collections should follow commonly accepted *ex situ* guidelines, such as 'Ensconet Seed Collecting Manual for Wild Species' (Ensconet, 2009) and 'Ensconet Curation Protocols & Recommendations' (Ensconet, 2009). The seedbank should support potential users of the CWR by providing necessary and useful data and providing access to the genetic resources of crop wild relatives.

The ESCAPE-project will implement some of the *ex situ* conservation goals for crop wild relatives. A threatened species seedbank, which will be established in the Kumpula Botanic Garden of the Finnish Museum of Natural History, will collect genetically representative samples of the populations of many threatened CWR taxa along with the other threatened taxa. The species list of crop wild relatives that should be targeted for further collection since they will not be covered by ESCAPE, can be found in Appendix 5. The important CWR taxa, which are not threatened, may be conserved in

NordGen. To help detect genetically representative samples for the more widely distributed and non-threatened crop wild relative species, ecogeographical representativeness can be used (Parra- Quijano *et al.*, 2012a).

4.4 Strategy limitations and future research recommendations

The following research points are recommended prior to the next strategy iteration:

- There is a need to look into the five proposed genetic reserve sites in detail to establish exact locations of the taxa within sites, the state of the target populations and to include the CWR taxa into the conservation area management and monitoring plans. More cooperation with nature management authorities is needed for the implementation of the *in situ* conservation of CWR taxa and for the further study of the priority taxa.
- The creation of a shorter priority list with experts and stakeholders would enable a more detailed analysis of the most important CWR taxa within Finland. Breeders' and other users' views should be included more broadly as they represent potential user groups of crop wild relative diversity. Novel use and potential future use of wild species could be looked into.
- The shortlisted or especially threatened CWR taxa would need conservation action plans. These should include management and monitoring plans for the populations to prevent erosion of genetic diversity. Guidelines developed for *in situ* management of crop wild relatives (Iriondo *et al.*, 2008 and 2012; Hunter *et al.*, 2012) can be used.
- Further study of the shortlist taxa could include an analysis of the genetic diversity, which would enable a more targeted *in situ* and *ex situ* conservation of crop wild relative resources. A more detailed ecogeographic study would also be an option, as studies suggest correlation between genetic and ecogeographic diversity (Maxted *et al.*, 2008b; Maxted *et al.*, 2012; Parra- Quijano *et al.*, 2012b). There is a need to look in more detail into the genetic diversity of CWR taxa within Finland to take into account variation between different regions and habitats when planning the CWR conservation.
- There are many wild harvested plants (WHS) in Finland, which are not included in the CWR checklist. These include berries, such as *Empetrum nigrum*, and wild vegetables and herbs. Some of these are coming into cultivation, restaurants and private people are also increasing the use of wild vegetables and herbs. There may be a need for a separate WHS checklist, which would help to ensure their sustainable and safe use.
- Additional information on the habitat improvement, assisted migration and reintroduction of some CWR taxa will be gained from the ESCAPE- project. There are several CWR taxa in the assisted migration study and in the planned reintroduction programmes. (pers. comm. Laaka-Lindberg, 2013). The habitat improvement program may also affect CWR taxa, since it will target the vulnerable habitats CWRs are found in, such as meadows, calcium rich rocky habitats and shores.
- Climate change poses a challenge to *in situ* conservation with possible shifts in the vegetation zones in future. However, *in situ* conservation allows species adaptation to new climate conditions as opposed to *ex situ* conservation where species remain stagnant. Climate change scenarios can be used predict distributional changes, impacts on the species and to plan prioritisation of CWR. Each species may react differently, as a climate change study on three crop wild relative gene pools by Jarvis *et al.* (2008) shows. Some of the target species lost over half of their distributional range, with the remaining populations being highly fragmented. Migration corridors and a network of reserves may assist the CWR populations to survive.

4.5 Next Strategy iteration

Next strategy iteration will take place in 5 years' time.

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5.1 Personal Communication

Eeronheimo, H. (2013) Metsähallitus, Luontopalvelut. *Data on the conservation status of priority CWR taxa*. Data sources: Eliölajit-tietokanta, SYKE and the Prioritized National CWR Inventory for Finland, Heli Fitzgerald.

Laaka-Lindberg S. (2013) Finnish Museum of Natural History. E-mail exchange.

6 Appendices

6.1 Appendix 1. Finnish CWR checklist

Finnish CWR checklist		
Taxon and author	Family	Synonym
<i>Abies alba</i> Mill.	Pinaceae	
<i>Abies balsamea</i> (L.) Mill.	Pinaceae	
<i>Abies lasiocarpa</i> (Hook.) Nutt.	Pinaceae	
<i>Abies sibirica</i> Ledeb.	Pinaceae	
<i>Abies veitchii</i> Lindl.	Pinaceae	
<i>Acer platanoides</i> L.	Aceraceae	
<i>Acer platanoides</i> L. subsp. <i>platanoides</i>	Aceraceae	
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i> L.	Aceraceae	
<i>Achillea millefolium</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Achillea ptarmica</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Achillea salicifolia</i> Besser	Asteraceae	
<i>Aconitum lycoctonum</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Aconitum lycoctonum</i> L. subsp. <i>lycoctonum</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Aconitum lycoctonum</i> L. subsp. <i>septendrionale</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Aconitum napellus</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Aconitum napellus</i> subsp. <i>lusitanicum</i> Rouy	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Aconogonon alpinum</i> (All.) Schur	Polygonaceae	
<i>Aconogonon weyrichii</i> (F.Schmidt) H.Hara	Polygonaceae	
<i>Acorus calamus</i> L.	Araceae	
<i>Actaea erythrocarpa</i> Fisch.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Actaea spicata</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Aegopodium podagraria</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Aethusa cynapium</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Aethusa cynapium</i> subsp. <i>agrestis</i> (Wallr.) Dostál	Apiaceae	
<i>Aethusa cynapium</i> L. subsp. <i>cynapium</i>	Apiaceae	
<i>Aethusa cynapium</i> L. var. <i>cynapium</i>	Apiaceae	
<i>Agrimonia eupatoria</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Agrimonia eupatoria</i> L. subsp. <i>eupatoria</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Agrimonia eupatoria</i> subsp. <i>grandis</i> (Asch. & Graebn.) Bornm.	Rosaceae	
<i>Agrimonia pilosa</i> Ledeb.	Rosaceae	
<i>Agrimonia procera</i> Wallr.	Rosaceae	
<i>Agrostemma githago</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Agrostis canina</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis canina</i> L. subsp. <i>canina</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis capillaris</i> L.	Poaceae	

<i>Agrostis capillaris</i> L. subsp. <i>capillaris</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis clavata</i> Trin.	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis gigantea</i> Roth	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis gigantea</i> Roth subsp. <i>gigantea</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis mertensii</i> Trin.	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis scabra</i> Willd.	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis stolonifera</i> L. subsp. <i>stolonifera</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Agrostis vinealis</i> Schreb.	Poaceae	
<i>Aira praecox</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Ajuga genevensis</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Ajuga pyramidalis</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Ajuga reptans</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Alchemilla acutiloba</i> Opiz	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla alpina</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla alpina</i> L. subsp. <i>alpina</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla baltica</i> Juz.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla borealis</i> Juz.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla cymatophylla</i> Juz.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla filicaulis</i> Buser	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla filicaulis</i> Buser subsp. <i>filicaulis</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla filicaulis</i> subsp. <i>vestita</i> (Buser) M.E.Bradshaw	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla gibberulosa</i> H.Lindb.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla glabra</i> Neygenf.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla glabricaulis</i> H.Lindb.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla glaucescens</i> Wallr.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla glomerulans</i> Buser	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla gracilis</i> Opiz	Rosaceae	<i>Alchemilla micans</i>
<i>Alchemilla heptagona</i> Juz.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla hirsuticaulis</i> H.Lindb.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla leiophylla</i> Juz.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla monticola</i> Opiz	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla murbeckiana</i> Buser	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla obtusa</i> Buser	Rosaceae	<i>Alchemilla obtusa</i>
<i>Alchemilla plicata</i> Buser	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla polemochora</i> S.E.Fröhner	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla propinqua</i> Juz.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla sarmatica</i> Juz.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla semilunaris</i> Alechin	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla subcrenata</i> Buser	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla vulgaris</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla wichuriae</i> (Buser) Stefánsson	Rosaceae	
<i>Alchemilla xanthochlora</i> Rothm.	Rosaceae	

<i>Alisma lanceolatum</i> With.	Alismataceae	
<i>Alisma plantago-aquatica</i> L.	Alismataceae	
<i>Alisma wahlenbergii</i> (Holmb.) Juz.	Alismataceae	
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i> (M.Bieb.) Cavara & Grande	Brassicaceae	
<i>Allium angulosum</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium oleraceum</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> L. subsp. <i>schoenoprasum</i>	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> subsp. <i>alpinum</i> (DC.) Čelak.	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium scorodoprasum</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium scorodoprasum</i> L. subsp. <i>scorodoprasum</i>	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium ursinum</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium ursinum</i> subsp. <i>ucrainicum</i> Kleopow & Oxner	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium vineale</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Allium vineale</i> var. <i>purpureum</i> H.P.G.Koch	Liliaceae	
<i>Alnus glutinosa</i> (L.) Gaertn.	Betulaceae	
<i>Alnus incana</i> (L.) Moench	Betulaceae	
<i>Alnus incana</i> (L.) Moench subsp. <i>incana</i>	Betulaceae	
<i>Alnus incana</i> subsp. <i>kolaensis</i> (N.I.Orlova) Á.Löve & D.Löve	Betulaceae	
<i>Alnus viridis</i> (Chaix) DC.	Betulaceae	
<i>Alopecurus aequalis</i> Sobol.	Poaceae	
<i>Alopecurus aequalis</i> Sobol. subsp. <i>aequalis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Alopecurus arundinaceus</i> Poir.	Poaceae	
<i>Alopecurus geniculatus</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Alopecurus myosuroides</i> Huds.	Poaceae	
<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Alopecurus pratensis</i> L. subsp. <i>pratensis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Alyssum alyssoides</i> (L.) L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Alyssum turkenistanicum</i> Regel & Schmalh.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Amaranthus albus</i> L.	Amaranthaceae	
<i>Amaranthus blitoides</i> S.Watson	Amaranthaceae	
<i>Amaranthus powellii</i> S.Watson	Amaranthaceae	
<i>Amaranthus retroflexus</i> L.	Amaranthaceae	
<i>Amelanchier spicata</i> (Lam.) K.Koch	Rosaceae	
<i>Ammophila arenaria</i> (L.) Link	Poaceae	
<i>Ammophila arenaria</i> (L.) Link subsp. <i>arenaria</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Anagallis arvensis</i> L.	Primulaceae	<i>Anagallis arvensis</i> subsp. <i>foemina</i>
<i>Anagallis minima</i> (L.) E.H.L.Krause	Primulaceae	
<i>Anchusa arvensis</i> (L.) M.Bieb.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Anchusa arvensis</i> (L.) M.Bieb. subsp. <i>arvensis</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Anchusa officinalis</i> L.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Andromeda polifolia</i> L.	Ericaceae	
<i>Andromeda polifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>polifolia</i>	Ericaceae	

<i>Anemone canadensis</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Anemone nemorosa</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Anemone ranunculoides</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Anemone sylvestris</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Anemone trifolia</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Anemone trifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>trifolia</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Angelica archangelica</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Angelica archangelica</i> L. subsp. <i>archangelica</i>	Apiaceae	
<i>Angelica archangelica</i> subsp. <i>litoralis</i> (Fr.) Thell.	Apiaceae	
<i>Angelica sylvestris</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Anisantha sterilis</i> (L.) Nevski	Poaceae	
<i>Anisantha tectorum</i> (L.) Nevski	Poaceae	
<i>Antennaria alpina</i> (L.) Gaertn.	Asteraceae	
<i>Antennaria canescens</i> (Lange) Malte	Asteraceae	
<i>Antennaria dioica</i> (L.) Gaertn.	Asteraceae	
<i>Antennaria nordhageniana</i> Rune & Roønning	Asteraceae	
<i>Antennaria porsildii</i> E.Ekman	Asteraceae	
<i>Antennaria villifera</i> Boriss.	Asteraceae	
<i>Anthemis arvensis</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Anthemis arvensis</i> L. subsp. <i>arvensis</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Anthemis cotula</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Anthoxanthum alpinum</i> Á.Löve & D.Löve	Poaceae	
<i>Anthoxanthum odoratum</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i> (L.) Hoffm.	Apiaceae	
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> subsp. <i>lapponica</i> (Hyl.) Jalas	Fabaceae	
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> subsp. <i>polyphylla</i> (DC.) Nyman	Fabaceae	
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> L. subsp. <i>vulneraria</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Aphanes arvensis</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Apium graveolens</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Aquilegia vulgaris</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Aquilegia vulgaris</i> L. subsp. <i>vulgaris</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Arabis alpina</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Arabis alpina</i> L. subsp. <i>alpina</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Arabis borealis</i> Ledeb.	Brassicaceae	<i>Arabis sagittata</i> var. <i>borealis</i>
<i>Arabis glabra</i> (L.) Bernh.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Arabis hirsuta</i> (L.) Scop.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Arctagrostis latifolia</i> (R.Br.) Griseb.	Poaceae	
<i>Arctium lappa</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Arctium minus</i> Bernh.	Asteraceae	
<i>Arctium nemorosum</i> Lej.	Asteraceae	
<i>Arctium tomentosum</i> Mill.	Asteraceae	
<i>Arctostaphylos alpinus</i> (L.) Spreng.	Ericaceae	

<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i> (L.) Spreng.	Ericaceae	
<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i> (L.) Spreng. subsp. <i>uva-ursi</i>	Ericaceae	
<i>Arenaria ciliata</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Arenaria norvegica</i> Gunnerus	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Arenaria norvegica</i> Gunnerus subsp. <i>norvegica</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Arenaria serpyllifolia</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Armoracia rusticana</i> P.Gaertn., B.Mey. & Scherb.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Arnica angustifolia</i> Vahl	Asteraceae	
<i>Arnica angustifolia</i> subsp. <i>alpina</i> (L.) I.K.Ferguson	Asteraceae	
<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> (L.) J.Presl & C.Presl	Poaceae	
<i>Arrhenatherum elatius</i> (L.) J.Presl & C.Presl subsp. <i>elatius</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Artemisia absinthium</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Artemisia biennis</i> Willd.	Asteraceae	
<i>Artemisia campestris</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Artemisia campestris</i> subsp. <i>bottnica</i> Kindb.	Asteraceae	
<i>Artemisia campestris</i> L. subsp. <i>campestris</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Artemisia vulgaris</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Asarum europaeum</i> L.	Aristolochiaceae	
<i>Asarum europaeum</i> L. subsp. <i>europaeum</i>	Aristolochiaceae	
<i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Asparagus officinalis</i> L. subsp. <i>officinalis</i>	Liliaceae	
<i>Asperula tinctoria</i> L.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Asplenium adulterinum</i> Milde	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium adulterinum</i> Milde subsp. <i>adulterinum</i>	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i> L.	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i> L. subsp. <i>ruta-muraria</i>	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium septentrionale</i> (L.) Hoffm.	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium septentrionale</i> (L.) Hoffm. subsp. <i>septentrionale</i>	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i> L.	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i> subsp. <i>inexpectans</i> Lovis	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i> subsp. <i>quadrivalens</i> D.E.Mey. emend. Lovis	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i> L. subsp. <i>trichomanes</i>	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Asplenium viride</i> Huds.	Aspleniaceae	
<i>Astragalus alpinus</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Astragalus alpinus</i> L. subsp. <i>alpinus</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Astragalus alpinus</i> subsp. <i>arcticus</i> Lindm.	Fabaceae	
<i>Astragalus arenarius</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Astragalus frigidus</i> (L.) A.Gray	Fabaceae	
<i>Astragalus glycyphyllos</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Astrantia major</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Astrantia major</i> L. subsp. <i>major</i>	Apiaceae	
<i>Athyrium distentifolium</i> Opiz	Woodsiaceae	
<i>Athyrium distentifolium</i> Opiz var. <i>distentifolium</i>	Woodsiaceae	

<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i> (L.) Roth	Woodsiaceae	
<i>Atriplex calotheca</i> (Rafn) Fr.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex glabriuscula</i> Edmondston	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex hastata</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex hortensis</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex littoralis</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex longipes</i> Drejer	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex longipes</i> Drejer subsp. <i>longipes</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex patula</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex praecox</i> Hülph.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex prostrata</i> DC.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex sagittata</i> Borkh.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Atriplex tatarica</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Avena fatua</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Avena fatua</i> L. subsp. <i>fatua</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Avena sativa</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Avena strigosa</i> Schreb.	Poaceae	
<i>Avena strigosa</i> Schreb. subsp. <i>strigosa</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Avenella flexuosa</i> (L.) Drejer	Poaceae	<i>Deschampsia flexuosa</i>
<i>Barbarea stricta</i> Andrz.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i> R.Br.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i> var. <i>arcuata</i> (J.Presl & C.Presl) Fr.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Barbarea vulgaris</i> R.Br. var. <i>vulgaris</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Bassia scoparia</i> (L.) A.J.Scott	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Beckmannia eruciformis</i> (L.) Host	Poaceae	
<i>Beckmannia eruciformis</i> (L.) Host subsp. <i>eruciformis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Beckmannia syzigachne</i> (Steud.) Fernald	Poaceae	
<i>Bellis perennis</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Berberis thunbergii</i> DC.	Berberidaceae	
<i>Berberis vulgaris</i> L.	Berberidaceae	
<i>Berberis vulgaris</i> L. subsp. <i>vulgaris</i>	Berberidaceae	
<i>Berteroa incana</i> (L.) DC.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Beta vulgaris</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Betula nana</i> L.	Betulaceae	
<i>Betula pendula</i> Roth	Betulaceae	
<i>Betula pendula</i> var. <i>lapponica</i> Lindq.	Betulaceae	
<i>Betula pubescens</i> Ehrh.	Betulaceae	<i>Betula callosa</i>
<i>Betula pubescens</i> subsp. <i>carpatica</i> (Willd.) Asch. & Graebn.	Betulaceae	
<i>Betula pubescens</i> Ehrh. subsp. <i>czerepanovii</i> (N.I.Orlova) Hämet-Ahti	Betulaceae	
<i>Betula pubescens</i> Ehrh. subsp. <i>pubescens</i>	Betulaceae	
<i>Betula pubescens</i> subsp. <i>tortuosa</i> (Ledeb.) Nyman	Betulaceae	
<i>Bidens cernua</i> L.	Asteraceae	

<i>Bidens radiata</i> Thuill.	Asteraceae	
<i>Bidens tripartita</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Bistorta major</i> Gray	Polygonaceae	
<i>Bistorta officinalis</i> Delarbre	Polygonaceae	
<i>Bistorta vivipara</i> (L.) Delarbre, Grey	Polygonaceae	
<i>Brachypodium pinnatum</i> (L.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Brachypodium pinnatum</i> (L.) P.Beauv. subsp. <i>pinnatum</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i> (Huds.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i> (Huds.) P.Beauv. subsp. <i>sylvaticum</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Brassica napus</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Brassica napus</i> L. subsp. <i>napus</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Brassica napus</i> subsp. <i>rapifera</i> Metzg.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Brassica nigra</i> (L.) W.D.J.Koch	Brassicaceae	
<i>Brassica rapa</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Brassica rapa</i> subsp. <i>campestris</i> (L.) A.R.Clapham	Brassicaceae	
<i>Briza media</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Briza media</i> L. subsp. <i>media</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Bromopsis benekenii</i> (Lange) Holub	Poaceae	<i>Bromus benekenii</i>
<i>Bromopsis erecta</i> (Huds.) Fourr.	Poaceae	
<i>Bromopsis erecta</i> (Huds.) Fourr. subsp. <i>erecta</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Bromopsis inermis</i> (Leyss.) Holub	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus arvensis</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus arvensis</i> L. subsp. <i>arvensis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus commutatus</i> Schrad.	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus commutatus</i> Schrad. subsp. <i>commutatus</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus hordeaceus</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus hordeaceus</i> L. subsp. <i>hordeaceus</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus japonicus</i> Thunb.	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus japonicus</i> Thunb. subsp. <i>japonicus</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus secalinus</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Bromus squarrosus</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Bryonia alba</i> L.	Cucurbitaceae	
<i>Bunias orientalis</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Calamagrostis arundinacea</i> (L.) Roth	Poaceae	
<i>Calamagrostis canescens</i> (Weber) Roth	Poaceae	<i>Calamagrostis gracilescens</i>
<i>Calamagrostis canescens</i> (Weber) Roth subsp. <i>canescens</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Calamagrostis canescens</i> subsp. <i>vilnensis</i> (Schult. & Schult.f.) H.Scholz	Poaceae	
<i>Calamagrostis epigejos</i> (L.) Roth	Poaceae	
<i>Calamagrostis lapponica</i> (Wahlenb.) Hartm.	Poaceae	
<i>Calamagrostis purpurea</i> (Trin.) Trin.	Poaceae	
<i>Calamagrostis purpurea</i> subsp. <i>phragmitoides</i> (Hartm.) Tzvelev	Poaceae	
<i>Calamagrostis stricta</i> (Timm) Koeler	Poaceae	

<i>Calamintha grandiflora</i> (L.) Moench	Lamiaceae	<i>Satureja grandiflora</i>
<i>Calla palustris</i> L.	Araceae	
<i>Calluna vulgaris</i> (L.) Hull	Ericaceae	
<i>Caltha palustris</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Caltha palustris</i> L. subsp. <i>palustris</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Calystegia sepium</i> (L.) R.Br.	Convolvulaceae	
<i>Calystegia sepium</i> (L.) R.Br. subsp. <i>sepium</i>	Convolvulaceae	
<i>Calystegia sepium</i> subsp. <i>spectabilis</i> Brummitt	Convolvulaceae	
<i>Camelina alyssum</i> (Mill.) Thell.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Camelina alyssum</i> subsp. <i>integerrima</i> (Čelak.) Smejkal	Brassicaceae	
<i>Camelina microcarpa</i> DC.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Camelina sativa</i> (L.) Crantz	Brassicaceae	
<i>Campanula aparinoides</i> Pursh	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula cervicaria</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula gieseckiana</i> Vest	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula glomerata</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula glomerata</i> subsp. <i>farinosa</i> (Rochel) Kirschl.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula glomerata</i> L. subsp. <i>glomerata</i>	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula latifolia</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula patula</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula patula</i> L. subsp. <i>patula</i>	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula persicifolia</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula persicifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>persicifolia</i>	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula rapunculoides</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i> subsp. <i>groenlandica</i> (Berlin) Á.Löve & D.Löve	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>rotundifolia</i>	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula trachelium</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula trachelium</i> L. subsp. <i>trachelium</i>	Campanulaceae	
<i>Campanula uniflora</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Cannabis sativa</i> L.	Cannabaceae	
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> (L.) Medik.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> (L.) Medik. subsp. <i>bursa-pastoris</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine amara</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine amara</i> L. subsp. <i>amara</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine bellidifolia</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine bulbifera</i> (L.) Crantz	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine flexuosa</i> With.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine hirsuta</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine impatiens</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine nymanii</i> Gand.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine parviflora</i> L.	Brassicaceae	

<i>Cardamine pratensis</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardamine pratensis</i> subsp. <i>paludosa</i> (Knaf) Celak.	Brassicaceae	<i>Cardamine pratensis</i> subsp. <i>dentata</i>
<i>Cardamine pratensis</i> L. subsp. <i>pratensis</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardaria draba</i> (L.) Desv.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cardaria draba</i> (L.) Desv. subsp. <i>draba</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Carduus crispus</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Carduus crispus</i> L. subsp. <i>crispus</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Carduus nutans</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Carduus nutans</i> L. subsp. <i>nutans</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Carex acuta</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex acutiformis</i> Ehrh.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex appropinquata</i> A.Schumach.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex aquatilis</i> Wahlenb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex aquatilis</i> Wahlenb. subsp. <i>aquatilis</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex arenaria</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex atherodes</i> Spreng.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex atrata</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex atrata</i> L. subsp. <i>atrata</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex atrofusca</i> Schkuhr	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex bigelowii</i> Schwein.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex bigelowii</i> Schwein. subsp. <i>bigelowii</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex bohémica</i> Schreb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex brunnescens</i> (Pers.) Poir.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex buxbaumii</i> Wahlenb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex buxbaumii</i> subsp. <i>alpina</i> (Hartm.) Liro	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex buxbaumii</i> Wahlenb. subsp. <i>buxbaumii</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex buxbaumii</i> subsp. <i>mutica</i> (Hartm.) Isov.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex canescens</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex capillaris</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex capillaris</i> L. subsp. <i>capillaris</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex capitata</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex caryophyllea</i> Latourr.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex cespitosa</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex chordorrhiza</i> L.f.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex cuprina</i> (Heuff.) A.Kern.	Cyperaceae	<i>Carex otrubae</i>
<i>Carex demissa</i> Hornem.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex diandra</i> Schrank	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex digitata</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex dioica</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex disperma</i> Dewey	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex distans</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex disticha</i> Huds.	Cyperaceae	

<i>Carex echinata</i> Murray	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex elata</i> All.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex elata</i> All. subsp. <i>elata</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex elata</i> subsp. <i>omskiana</i> (Meinsh.) Jalas	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex elongata</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex ericetorum</i> Pollich	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex extensa</i> Gooden.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex flacca</i> Schreb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex flacca</i> Schreb. subsp. <i>flacca</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex flava</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex fuliginosa</i> Schkuhr	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex fuliginosa</i> subsp. <i>misandra</i> (R.Br.) Nyman	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex glacialis</i> Mack.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex glareosa</i> Wahlenb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex globularis</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex halophila</i> F.Nyl.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex hartmanii</i> Cajander	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex heleonastes</i> L.f.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex hirta</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex holostoma</i> Drejer	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex hostiana</i> DC.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex lachenalii</i> Schkuhr	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex lapponica</i> O.Lang	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex lasiocarpa</i> Ehrh.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex laxa</i> Wahlenb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex lepidocarpa</i> Tausch	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex lepidocarpa</i> Tausch subsp. <i>lepidocarpa</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex lepidocarpa</i> subsp. <i>jemtlandica</i> Palmgr.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex leporina</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex limosa</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex livida</i> (Wahlenb.) Willd.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex loliacea</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex mackenziei</i> V.I.Krecz.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex macloviana</i> d'Urv.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex magellanica</i> Lam.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex magellanica</i> subsp. <i>irrigua</i> (Wahlenb.) Hiitonen	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex maritima</i> Gunnerus	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex microglochin</i> Wahlenb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex montana</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex muricata</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex muricata</i> L. subsp. <i>muricata</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex nigra</i> (L.) Reichard	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex norvegica</i> Retz.	Cyperaceae	

<i>Carex norvegica</i> subsp. <i>inferalpina</i> (Wahlenb.) Hultén	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex norvegica</i> Retz. subsp. <i>norvegica</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex ornithopoda</i> Willd.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex ornithopoda</i> Willd. subsp. <i>ornithopoda</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex paleacea</i> Wahlenb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex pallens</i> (Fristedt) Harmaja	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex pallescens</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex panicea</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex paniculata</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex paniculata</i> L. subsp. <i>paniculata</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex parallela</i> (Laest.) Sommerf.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex parallela</i> (Laest.) Sommerf. subsp. <i>parallela</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex pauciflora</i> Lightf.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex pediformis</i> C.A.Mey.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex pediformis</i> C.A.Mey. subsp. <i>pediformis</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex pilulifera</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex pilulifera</i> L. subsp. <i>pilulifera</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex praecox</i> Schreb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex pseudocyperus</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex pulicaris</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex rariflora</i> (Wahlenb.) Sm.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex remota</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex rhynchophysa</i> Fisch., C.A.Mey. & Avé-Lall.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex riparia</i> Curtis	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex rostrata</i> Stokes	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex rotundata</i> Wahlenb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex rupestris</i> All.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex saxatilis</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex spicata</i> Huds.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex stenolepis</i> Less.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex tenuiflora</i> Wahlenb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex vaginata</i> Tausch	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex vaginata</i> subsp. <i>quasivaginata</i> (C.B.Clarke) Malyshev	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex vaginata</i> Tausch subsp. <i>vaginata</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex vesicaria</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex viridula</i> Michx.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex viridula</i> var. <i>bergrothii</i> (Palmgr.) B.Schmid	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carex vulpina</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Carlina biebersteinii</i> Hornem.	Asteraceae	
<i>Carlina biebersteinii</i> Hornem. subsp. <i>biebersteinii</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Carlina biebersteinii</i> subsp. <i>brevibracteata</i> (Andrae) K.Werner	Asteraceae	
<i>Carlina vulgaris</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Carlina vulgaris</i> L. subsp. <i>vulgaris</i>	Asteraceae	

<i>Carpinus betulus L.</i>	Corylaceae	
<i>Carum carvi L.</i>	Apiaceae	
<i>Catabrosa aquatica (L.) P.Beauv.</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Centaurea cyanus L.</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Centaurea jacea L.</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Centaurea montana L.</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Centaurea phrygia L.</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Centaurea phrygia L. subsp. phrygia</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Centaurea scabiosa L.</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Centaurium littorale (Turner) Gilmour</i>	Gentianaceae	
<i>Centaurium littorale (Turner) Gilmour subsp. littorale</i>	Gentianaceae	
<i>Centaurium pulchellum (Sw.) Druce</i>	Gentianaceae	
<i>Centaurium tenuifolium (M.Martens & Galeotti) B.L.Rob.</i>	Gentianaceae	<i>Gyrandra tenuifolia</i>
<i>Ceratochloa willdenowii (Kunth) W.A.Weber</i>	Poaceae	<i>Bromus catharticus</i>
<i>Chaerophyllum bulbosum L.</i>	Apiaceae	
<i>Chaerophyllum bulbosum subsp. prescotii (DC.) Nyman</i>	Apiaceae	
<i>Chelidonium majus L.</i>	Papaveraceae	
<i>Chenopodium album L.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium berlandieri Moq.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium bonus-henricus L.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium capitatum (L.) Ambrosi</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium ficifolium Sm.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium foliosum (Moench) Asch.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium glaucum L.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium hybridum L.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium murale L.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium opulifolium W.D.J.Koch & Ziz</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium polyspermum L.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium pratericola Rydb.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium rubrum L.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium simplex (Torr.) Raf.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium strictum Roth</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium strictum subsp. glaucophyllum (Aellen) Aellen</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium strictum subsp. striatiforme (Murr) Uotila</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium strictum Roth subsp. strictum</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium suecicum Murr</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium urbicum L.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chenopodium vulvaria L.</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Chrysosplenium alternifolium L.</i>	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Chrysosplenium tetrandrum Th.Fr.</i>	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Cichorium intybus L.</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Cicuta virosa L.</i>	Apiaceae	

<i>Cinna latifolia</i> (Trevir.) Griseb.	Poaceae	
<i>Cirsium arvense</i> (L.) Scop.	Asteraceae	
<i>Cirsium helenioides</i> (L.) Hill	Asteraceae	
<i>Cirsium oleraceum</i> (L.) Scop.	Asteraceae	
<i>Cirsium palustre</i> (L.) Scop.	Asteraceae	
<i>Cirsium vulgare</i> (Savi) Ten.	Asteraceae	
<i>Cladium mariscus</i> (L.) Pohl	Cyperaceae	
<i>Claytonia sibirica</i> L.	Portulacaceae	
<i>Clematis alpina</i> (L.) Mill.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Clematis alpina</i> subsp. <i>sibirica</i> (Mill.) Kuntze	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Clinopodium vulgare</i> L.	Lamiaceae	<i>Satureja vulgaris</i>
<i>Cochlearia danica</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cochlearia officinalis</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cochlearia officinalis</i> subsp. <i>norvegica</i> Nordal & Stabbetorp	Brassicaceae	
<i>Cochlearia officinalis</i> L. subsp. <i>officinalis</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Colchicum autumnale</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Colchicum autumnale</i> L. subsp. <i>autumnale</i>	Liliaceae	
<i>Commelina communis</i> L.	Commelinaceae	
<i>Conium maculatum</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Conringia orientalis</i> (L.) Dumort.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Consolida regalis</i> Gray	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Consolida regalis</i> Gray subsp. <i>regalis</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Convallaria majalis</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i> L.	Convolvulaceae	
<i>Corispermum pallasii</i> Steven	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Cornus alba</i> L.	Cornaceae	
<i>Cornus alba</i> L. subsp. <i>alba</i>	Cornaceae	
<i>Cornus alba</i> subsp. <i>stolonifera</i> (Michx.) Wangerin	Cornaceae	
<i>Cornus sanguinea</i> L.	Cornaceae	
<i>Cornus sanguinea</i> L. subsp. <i>sanguinea</i>	Cornaceae	
<i>Cornus sericea</i> L.	Cornaceae	<i>Cornus alba</i> subsp. <i>stolonifera</i>
<i>Cornus suecica</i> L.	Cornaceae	
<i>Coronilla varia</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Coronopus didymus</i> (L.) Sm.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Coronopus squamatus</i> (Forssk.) Asch.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Corydalis capnoides</i> (L.) Pers.	Papaveraceae	
<i>Corydalis intermedia</i> (L.) Mérat	Papaveraceae	
<i>Corydalis nobilis</i> (L.) Pers.	Papaveraceae	
<i>Corydalis solida</i> (L.) Clairv.	Papaveraceae	
<i>Corydalis solida</i> (L.) Clairv. subsp. <i>solida</i>	Papaveraceae	
<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.	Corylaceae	
<i>Cotoneaster integerrimus</i> Medik.	Rosaceae	
<i>Cotoneaster lucidus</i> Schldl.	Rosaceae	

<i>Cotoneaster scandinavicus</i> Hylmö	Rosaceae	
<i>Cotoneaster uniflorus</i> Bunge	Rosaceae	<i>Cotoniaster integerrimus</i> var. <i>uniflorus</i>
<i>Crambe maritima</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Crassula aquatica</i> (L.) Schönland	Crassulaceae	
<i>Crataegus grayana</i> Ettl.	Rosaceae	
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i> Jacq.	Rosaceae	
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i> subsp. <i>nordica</i> Franco	Rosaceae	
<i>Crataegus rhipidophylla</i> Gand.	Rosaceae	
<i>Crataegus rhipidophylla</i> subsp. <i>lindmanii</i> (Hrabětová) K.I.Chr.	Rosaceae	<i>Crataegus calycina</i> subsp. <i>calycina</i>
<i>Crataegus rhipidophylla</i> Gand. subsp. <i>rhipidophylla</i>	Rosaceae	<i>Crataegus calycina</i> subsp. <i>curvisepala</i>
<i>Crataegus sanguinea</i> Pall.	Rosaceae	
<i>Cucumis sativus</i> L.	Cucurbitaceae	
<i>Cucurbita pepo</i> L.	Cucurbitaceae	
<i>Cuscuta epilinum</i> Weihe	Convolvulaceae	
<i>Cuscuta epithymum</i> (L.) Murray	Convolvulaceae	
<i>Cuscuta epithymum</i> (L.) Murray subsp. <i>epithymum</i>	Convolvulaceae	
<i>Cuscuta europaea</i> L.	Convolvulaceae	
<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i> L.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Cynoglossum officinale</i> L. subsp. <i>officinale</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Cynosurus cristatus</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Cypripedium calceolus</i> L.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Cytisus scoparius</i> (L.) Link	Fabaceae	
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i> L. subsp. <i>glomerata</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza baltica</i> (Klinge) N.I.Orlova	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i> (Druce) Soó	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i> (Druce) Soó subsp. <i>fuchsii</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i> subsp. <i>psychrophila</i> (Schltr.) Holub	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> (L.) Soó	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> subsp. <i>cruenta</i> (O.F.Müll.) P.D.Sell	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> (L.) Soó subsp. <i>incarnata</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza lapponica</i> (Laest. ex Hartm.) Soó	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza maculata</i> (L.) Soó	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza maculata</i> subsp. <i>elodes</i> (Griseb.) Soó	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza maculata</i> (L.) Soó subsp. <i>maculata</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza majalis</i> (Rchb.) P.F.Hunt & Summerh.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza majalis</i> subsp. <i>baltica</i> (Klinge) H.Sund.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza majalis</i> subsp. <i>praetermissa</i> (Druce) D.M.Moore & Soó	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza sambucina</i> (L.) Soó	Orchidaceae	

<i>Dactylorhiza sambucina</i> (L.) Soó subsp. <i>sambucina</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza sphagnicola</i> (Höppner) Soó	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i> (Saut.) Soó	Orchidaceae	<i>Dactylorhiza curvifolia</i> , <i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i> subsp. <i>curvifolia</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i> subsp. <i>lapponica</i> (Hartm.) Soó	Orchidaceae	
<i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i> (Saut.) Soó subsp. <i>traunsteineri</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Danthonia decumbens</i> (L.) DC.	Poaceae	
<i>Danthonia decumbens</i> (L.) DC. subsp. <i>decumbens</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Daphne mezereum</i> L.	Thymelaeaceae	
<i>Daucus carota</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Daucus carota</i> L. subsp. <i>carota</i>	Apiaceae	
<i>Daucus carota</i> subsp. <i>sativus</i> (Hoffm.) Arcang.	Apiaceae	
<i>Delphinium elatum</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Delphinium elatum</i> L. subsp. <i>elatum</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i> (L.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	<i>Deschampsia neumania</i>
<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i> subsp. <i>alpina</i> (L.) Tzvelev	Poaceae	
<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i> subsp. <i>bottnica</i> (Wahlenb.) G.C.S.Clarke	Poaceae	<i>Deschampsia bottnica</i>
<i>Deschampsia cespitosa</i> (L.) P.Beauv. subsp. <i>cespitosa</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Descurainia sophia</i> (L.) Prantl	Brassicaceae	
<i>Dianthus arenarius</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Dianthus arenarius</i> subsp. <i>borussicus</i> Vierh.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Dianthus barbatus</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Dianthus barbatus</i> L. subsp. <i>barbatus</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Dianthus deltoides</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Dianthus deltoides</i> L. subsp. <i>deltoides</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Dianthus superbus</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Dianthus superbus</i> L. subsp. <i>superbus</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Dicentra spectabilis</i> (L.) Lem.	Papaveraceae	
<i>Digitalis grandiflora</i> Mill.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> (L.) Scop.	Poaceae	
<i>Digitaria sanguinalis</i> (L.) Scop. subsp. <i>sanguinalis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Diphasiastrum alpinum</i> (L.) Holub	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Diphasiastrum complanatum</i> (L.) Holub	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Diphasiastrum complanatum</i> (L.) Holub subsp. <i>complanatum</i>	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Diphasiastrum complanatum</i> subsp. <i>montellii</i> (Kukkonen) Kukkonen	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Diphasiastrum tristachyum</i> (Pursh) Holub	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Diplazium sibiricum</i> (Kunze) Sa.Kurata	Woodsiaceae	
<i>Diplotaxis muralis</i> (L.) DC.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Diplotaxis tenuifolia</i> (L.) DC.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Dipsacus strigosus</i> Willd.	Dipsacaceae	

<i>Draba alpina</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba cinerea</i> Adams	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba daurica</i> DC.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba fladnizensis</i> Wulfen	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba incana</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba insularis</i> Pissjauk. [non Goodd. (1940)]	Brassicaceae	<i>Draba valida</i>
<i>Draba lactea</i> Adams	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba muralis</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba nemorosa</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba nemorosa</i> var. <i>leiocarpa</i> Lindblad	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba nemorosa</i> L. var. <i>nemorosa</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba nivalis</i> Lilj.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Draba norvegica</i> Gunnerus	Brassicaceae	
<i>Dracocephalum rusychiana</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Dracocephalum sibiricum</i> (L.) L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Dracocephalum thymiflorum</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Dracocephalum triflorum</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Drosera intermedia</i> Hayne	Droseraceae	
<i>Drosera longifolia</i> L.	Droseraceae	
<i>Drosera rotundifolia</i> L.	Droseraceae	
<i>Dryas octopetala</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Dryopteris carthusiana</i> (Vill.) H.P.Fuchs	Dryopteridaceae	
<i>Dryopteris cristata</i> (L.) A.Gray	Dryopteridaceae	
<i>Dryopteris dilatata</i> (Hoffm.) A.Gray	Dryopteridaceae	
<i>Dryopteris expansa</i> (C.Presl) Fraser-Jenk. & Jermy	Dryopteridaceae	
<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i> (L.) Schott	Dryopteridaceae	
<i>Dryopteris fragrans</i> (L.) Schott	Dryopteridaceae	
<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i> (L.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Echinochloa crus-galli</i> (L.) P.Beauv. subsp. <i>crus-galli</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Echium vulgare</i> L.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Echium vulgare</i> L. subsp. <i>vulgare</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Elaeagnus commutata</i> Rydb.	Elaeagnaceae	
<i>Eleocharis acicularis</i> (L.) Roem. & Schult.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Eleocharis mamillata</i> H.Lindb.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Eleocharis palustris</i> (L.) Roem. & Schult.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Eleocharis palustris</i> (L.) Roem. & Schult. subsp. <i>palustris</i>	Cyperaceae	<i>Eleocharis palustris</i> var. <i>lindbergii</i>
<i>Eleocharis palustris</i> subsp. <i>vulgaris</i> Walters	Cyperaceae	
<i>Eleocharis parvula</i> (Roem. & Schult.) Bluff, Nees & Schauer	Cyperaceae	
<i>Eleocharis quinqueflora</i> (Hartmann) O.Schwarz	Cyperaceae	
<i>Eleocharis uniglumis</i> (Link) Schult.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Eleocharis uniglumis</i> subsp. <i>fennica</i> (Palla ex Kneuck.) Vestergr.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Elodea canadensis</i> Michx.	Hydrocharitaceae	

<i>Elymus alaskanus</i> (Scribn. & Merr.) Á.Löve	Poaceae	
<i>Elymus alaskanus</i> subsp. <i>scandicus</i> (Nevski) Melderis	Poaceae	<i>Elymus kronokensis</i> subsp. <i>scandicus</i>
<i>Elymus alaskanus</i> subsp. <i>subalpinus</i> (Neuman) Melderis	Poaceae	
<i>Elymus caninus</i> (L.) L.	Poaceae	<i>Elytrigia canina</i>
<i>Elymus fibrosus</i> (Schrenk) Tzvelev	Poaceae	
<i>Elymus mutabilis</i> (Drobow) Tzvelev	Poaceae	
<i>Elymus farctus</i> (Viv.) Runemark ex Melderis	Poaceae	<i>Elymus farctus</i> subsp. <i>boreoatlanticus</i> , <i>Elytrigia juncea</i> , <i>Elytrigia juncea</i> subsp. <i>boreali-atlantica</i>
<i>Elymus farctus</i> subsp. <i>boreali-atlantica</i> (Simonet & Guin.)	Poaceae	
<i>Elymus repens</i> (L.) Gould	Poaceae	<i>Elytrigia repens</i>
<i>Epilobium adenocaulon</i> Hausskn.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium alsinifolium</i> Vill.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium anagallidifolium</i> Lam.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium angustifolium</i> L.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium ciliatum</i> Raf.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium ciliatum</i> Raf. subsp. <i>ciliatum</i>	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium ciliatum</i> subsp. <i>glandulosum</i> (Lehm.) Hoch & P.H.Raven	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium collinum</i> C.C.Gmel.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium davuricum</i> Hornem.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium davuricum</i> Hornem. subsp. <i>davuricum</i>	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium hirsutum</i> L.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium hornemannii</i> Rchb.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium lactiflorum</i> Hausskn.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium laestadii</i> Kytöv.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium montanum</i> L.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium obscurum</i> Schreb.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium palustre</i> L.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium palustre</i> L. subsp. <i>palustre</i>	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium parviflorum</i> Schreb.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium roseum</i> Schreb.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium roseum</i> Schreb. subsp. <i>roseum</i>	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium tetragonum</i> L.	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium tetragonum</i> subsp. <i>lamyi</i> (F.W.Schultz) Nyman	Onagraceae	<i>Epilobium lamyi</i>
<i>Epilobium tetragonum</i> L. subsp. <i>tetragonum</i>	Onagraceae	
<i>Epilobium watsonii</i> Barbey	Onagraceae	<i>Epilobium adenocaulon</i>
<i>Epipactis atrorubens</i> (Hoffm.) Besser	Orchidaceae	
<i>Epipactis atrorubens</i> (Hoffm.) Besser subsp. <i>atrорubens</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Epipactis helleborine</i> (L.) Crantz	Orchidaceae	

<i>Epipactis helleborine</i> (L.) Crantz subsp. <i>helleborine</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Epipactis palustris</i> (L.) Crantz	Orchidaceae	
<i>Equisetum arvense</i> L.	Equisetaceae	
<i>Equisetum arvense</i> L. subsp. <i>arvense</i>	Equisetaceae	
<i>Equisetum arvense</i> subsp. <i>boreale</i> (Bong.) Á.Löve	Equisetaceae	
<i>Equisetum fluviatile</i> L.	Equisetaceae	
<i>Equisetum hyemale</i> L.	Equisetaceae	
<i>Equisetum palustre</i> L.	Equisetaceae	
<i>Equisetum pratense</i> Ehrh.	Equisetaceae	
<i>Equisetum scirpoides</i> Michx.	Equisetaceae	
<i>Equisetum sylvaticum</i> L.	Equisetaceae	
<i>Equisetum variegatum</i> Weber & Mohr	Equisetaceae	
<i>Eragrostis cilianensis</i> (All.) Janch.	Poaceae	
<i>Eragrostis minor</i> Host	Poaceae	
<i>Eragrostis pilosa</i> (L.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Erica tetralix</i> L.	Ericaceae	
<i>Erigeron acris</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron acris</i> L. subsp. <i>acris</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron acris</i> subsp. <i>brachycephalus</i> (H.Lindb.) Hiitonen	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron acris</i> subsp. <i>droebachiensis</i> (O.F.Müll.) Arcang.	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron acris</i> subsp. <i>decoloratus</i> (H.Lindb.) Hiitonen	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron acris</i> subsp. <i>elongatiformis</i> Novopokr.	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron acris</i> subsp. <i>politus</i> (Fr.) H.Lindb.	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron borealis</i> (Vierh.) Simmons	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron canadensis</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron humilis</i> Graham	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron uniflorus</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Erigeron uniflorus</i> subsp. <i>eriocephalus</i> (J.Vahl) Cronquist	Asteraceae	<i>Erigeron eriocephalus</i>
<i>Erigeron uniflorus</i> L. subsp. <i>uniflorus</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i> (L.) Aiton	Geraniaceae	
<i>Erodium moschatum</i> (L.) Aiton	Geraniaceae	
<i>Erophila verna</i> (L.) Chevall.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Erophila verna</i> subsp. <i>spathulata</i> (Láng) Walters	Brassicaceae	
<i>Erophila verna</i> (L.) Chevall. subsp. <i>verna</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Eruca vesicaria</i> (L.) Cav.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Erucastrum gallicum</i> (Willd.) O.E.Schulz	Brassicaceae	
<i>Erysimum cheiranthoides</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Erysimum cheiranthoides</i> subsp. <i>altum</i> Ahti	Brassicaceae	
<i>Erysimum cheiranthoides</i> L. subsp. <i>cheiranthoides</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Erysimum hieracifolium</i> L.	Brassicaceae	<i>Erysimum strictum</i>
<i>Erysimum repandum</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Eschscholzia californica</i> Cham.	Papaveraceae	
<i>Eupatorium cannabinum</i> L.	Asteraceae	

<i>Eupatorium cannabinum</i> L. subsp. <i>cannabinum</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Euphorbia cyparissias</i> L.	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Euphorbia esula</i> L.	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Euphorbia esula</i> L. subsp. <i>esula</i>	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i> L.	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i> L. subsp. <i>helioscopia</i>	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Euphorbia palustris</i> L.	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Euphorbia peplus</i> L.	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Euphrasia bottnica</i> Kihlm.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia frigida</i> Pugsley	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia micrantha</i> Rchb.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia nemorosa</i> (Pers.) Wallr.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia rostkoviana</i> Hayne	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia rostkoviana</i> subsp. <i>fennica</i> (Kihlm.) Karlsson	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia rostkoviana</i> subsp. <i>montana</i> (Jord.) Wettst.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia rostkoviana</i> Hayne subsp. <i>rostkoviana</i>	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia salisburgensis</i> Funck	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia scottica</i> Wettst.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Euphrasia stricta</i> J.F.Lehm.	Scrophulariaceae	<i>Euphrasia stricta</i> var. <i>tenuis</i> , <i>Euphrasia arctica</i> , <i>Euphrasia saamica</i>
<i>Fagopyrum esculentum</i> Moench	Polygonaceae	
<i>Fagopyrum tataricum</i> (L.) Gaertn.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i> L.	Fagaceae	
<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i> (L.) Á.Löve	Polygonaceae	
<i>Fallopia dumetorum</i> (L.) Holub	Polygonaceae	
<i>Fallopia japonica</i> (Houtt.) Ronse Decr.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Fallopia sachalinensis</i> (F.Schmidt) Ronse Decr.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Festuca arenaria</i> Osbeck	Poaceae	<i>Festuca rubra</i> subsp. <i>arenaria</i>
<i>Festuca filiformis</i> Pourr.	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca gigantea</i> (L.) Vill.	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca heteromalla</i> Pourr.	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca heterophylla</i> Lam.	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca nigrescens</i> Lam.	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca ovina</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca polesica</i> Zapall.	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca richardsonii</i> Hook.	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca rubra</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca rubra</i> subsp. <i>commutata</i> Gaudin	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca rubra</i> subsp. <i>juncea</i> (Hack.) Soó	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca rubra</i> L. subsp. <i>rubra</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Festuca stricta</i> Host	Poaceae	

<i>Festuca vivipara</i> (L.) Sm.	Poaceae	
<i>Filaginella uliginosa</i> (L.) Opiz	Asteraceae	<i>Gnaphalium uliginosum</i>
<i>Filipendula ulmaria</i> (L.) Maxim.	Rosaceae	
<i>Filipendula vulgaris</i> Moench	Rosaceae	
<i>Fragaria moschata</i> Duchesne	Rosaceae	
<i>Fragaria vesca</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Fragaria viridis</i> Duchesne	Rosaceae	
<i>Fragaria viridis</i> Duchesne subsp. <i>viridis</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Frangula alnus</i> Mill.	Rhamnaceae	<i>Rhamnus frangula</i>
<i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> L.	Oleaceae	
<i>Fritillaria meleagris</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Fumaria officinalis</i> L.	Papaveraceae	
<i>Fumaria vaillantii</i> Loisel.	Papaveraceae	
<i>Galeopsis bifida</i> Boenn.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Galeopsis ladanum</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Galeopsis speciosa</i> Mill.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Galeopsis tetrahit</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Galinsoga ciliata</i> (Raf.) S.F.Blake	Asteraceae	
<i>Galinsoga parviflora</i> Cav.	Asteraceae	
<i>Galium album</i> Mill.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium album</i> Mill. subsp. <i>album</i>	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium aparine</i> L.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium boreale</i> L.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium elongatum</i> C.Presl	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium odoratum</i> (L.) Scop.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium palustre</i> L.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium palustre</i> L. subsp. <i>palustre</i>	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium pumilum</i> Murray	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium saxatile</i> L.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium schultesii</i> Vest	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium spurium</i> L.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium spurium</i> L. subsp. <i>spurium</i>	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium spurium</i> subsp. <i>vaillantii</i> (DC.) Gaudin	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium trifidum</i> L.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium triflorum</i> Michx.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium uliginosum</i> L.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium verum</i> L.	Rubiaceae	
<i>Galium verum</i> L. subsp. <i>verum</i>	Rubiaceae	
<i>Gentiana nivalis</i> L.	Gentianaceae	
<i>Geranium bohemicum</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium columbinum</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium dissectum</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium lucidum</i> L.	Geraniaceae	

<i>Geranium molle</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium palustre</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium phaeum</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium pratense</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium pusillum</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium pyrenaicum</i> Burm.f.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium pyrenaicum</i> Burm.f. subsp. <i>pyrenaicum</i>	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium robertianum</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium sanguineum</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geranium sylvaticum</i> L.	Geraniaceae	
<i>Geum aleppicum</i> Jacq.	Rosaceae	<i>Geum intermedium</i>
<i>Geum macrophyllum</i> Willd.	Rosaceae	
<i>Geum rivale</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Geum urbanum</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Gladiolus imbricatus</i> L.	Iridaceae	
<i>Glechoma hederacea</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Glyceria canadensis</i> (Michx.) Trin.	Poaceae	
<i>Glyceria declinata</i> Bréb.	Poaceae	
<i>Glyceria fluitans</i> (L.) R.Br.	Poaceae	
<i>Glyceria fluitans</i> (L.) R.Br. subsp. <i>fluitans</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Glyceria grandis</i> S.Watson	Poaceae	
<i>Glyceria lithuanica</i> (Gorski) Gorski	Poaceae	
<i>Glyceria maxima</i> (Hartm.) Holmb.	Poaceae	
<i>Glyceria notata</i> Chevall.	Poaceae	
<i>Glyceria plicata</i> (Fr.) Fr.	Poaceae	
<i>Glyceria striata</i> (Lam.) Hitchc.	Poaceae	
<i>Goodyera repens</i> (L.) R.Br.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Gratiola neglecta</i> Torr.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea</i> (L.) R.Br.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea</i> (L.) R.Br. Var <i>conopsea</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Gypsophila elegans</i> M.Bieb.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Gypsophila fastigiata</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Gypsophila muralis</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i> (L.) Mill.	Cistaceae	
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i> (L.) Mill. subsp. <i>nummularium</i>	Cistaceae	
<i>Hepatica nobilis</i> Schreb.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Heracleum laciniatum</i>	Apiaceae	<i>Heracleum persicum</i>
<i>Heracleum mantegazzianum</i> Sommier & Levier	Apiaceae	
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i> subsp. <i>sibiricum</i> (L.) Simonk.	Apiaceae	
<i>Herniaria glabra</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Hesperis matronalis</i> L.	Brassicaceae	

<i>Hesperis matronalis</i> L. subsp. <i>matronalis</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Hippophae rhamnoides</i> L.	Elaeagnaceae	
<i>Hippuris tetraphylla</i> L.f.	Hippuridaceae	
<i>Hippuris vulgaris</i> L.	Hippuridaceae	<i>Hippuris lanceolata</i>
<i>Holcus lanatus</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Holcus mollis</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Holcus mollis</i> L. subsp. <i>mollis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Hordeum jubatum</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Hordeum murinum</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Hordeum murinum</i> L. subsp. <i>murinum</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Hordeum vulgare</i> L. subsp. <i>vulgare</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Humulus lupulus</i> L.	Cannabaceae	
<i>Huperzia selago</i> (L.) Schrank & Mart.	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Huperzia selago</i> (L.) Schrank & Mart. subsp. <i>selago</i>	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Hydrocharis morsus-ranae</i> L.	Hydrocharitaceae	
<i>Hylotelephium maximum</i> (L.) Holub subsp. <i>maximum</i>	Crassulaceae	
<i>Hylotelephium maximum</i> subsp. <i>ruprechtii</i> (Jalas) Dostál	Crassulaceae	
<i>Hylotelephium telephium</i> (L.) H. Ohba	Crassulaceae	
<i>Hyoscyamus niger</i> L.	Solanaceae	
<i>Hypericum hirsutum</i> L.	Clusiaceae	
<i>Hypericum maculatum</i> Crantz	Clusiaceae	
<i>Hypericum maculatum</i> Crantz subsp. <i>maculatum</i>	Clusiaceae	
<i>Hypericum montanum</i> L.	Clusiaceae	
<i>Hypericum perforatum</i> L.	Clusiaceae	
<i>Hypericum perforatum</i> L. subsp. <i>perforatum</i>	Clusiaceae	
<i>Hypericum pulchrum</i> L.	Clusiaceae	
<i>Hyssopus officinalis</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Iberis amara</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Iberis umbellata</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Impatiens capensis</i> Meerb.	Balsaminaceae	
<i>Impatiens glandulifera</i> Royle	Balsaminaceae	
<i>Impatiens noli-tangere</i> L.	Balsaminaceae	
<i>Impatiens parviflora</i> DC.	Balsaminaceae	
<i>Inula britannica</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Inula helenium</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Inula salicina</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Inula salicina</i> L. subsp. <i>salicina</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Iris pseudacorus</i> L.	Iridaceae	
<i>Isatis tinctoria</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Isatis tinctoria</i> L. subsp. <i>tinctoria</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Isoetes echinospora</i> Durieu	Isoetaceae	
<i>Isoetes lacustris</i> L.	Isoetaceae	

<i>Juncus alpinoarticulatus</i> Chaix	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus alpinoarticulatus</i> subsp. <i>alpestris</i> (Hartm.) Hämet-Ahti	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus alpinoarticulatus</i> Chaix subsp. <i>alpinoarticulatus</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus alpinoarticulatus</i> subsp. <i>fischerianus</i> (V.I.Krecz.) Hämet-Ahti	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus alpinoarticulatus</i> subsp. <i>rariflorus</i> (Hartm.) Holub	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus arcticus</i> Willd.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus arcticus</i> Willd. subsp. <i>arcticus</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus articulatus</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus articulatus</i> L. subsp. <i>articulatus</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus articulatus</i> var. <i>hylandri</i> Hämet-Ahti	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus articulatus</i> var. <i>lindhardii</i> (Wiinst.) Wiinst.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus balticus</i> Willd.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus balticus</i> Willd. subsp. <i>balticus</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus biglumis</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus bufonius</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus bufonius</i> subsp. <i>minutulus</i> Albert & Jahand.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus bulbosus</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus compressus</i> Jacq.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus conglomeratus</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus effusus</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus effusus</i> L. subsp. <i>effusus</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus ensifolius</i> Wikstr.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus filiformis</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus gerardi</i> Loisel.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus gerardi</i> subsp. <i>atrofuscus</i> (Rupr.) Printz	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus gerardi</i> Loisel. subsp. <i>gerardi</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus inflexus</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus minutulus</i> (Albert & Jahand.) Prain	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus ranarius</i> Songeon & E.P.Perrier	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus squarrosus</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus stygius</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus tenuis</i> Willd.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus trifidus</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus triglumis</i> L.	Juncaceae	
<i>Juncus triglumis</i> L. subsp. <i>triglumis</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Juniperus communis</i> L.	Cupressaceae	
<i>Juniperus communis</i> L. var. <i>communis</i>	Cupressaceae	
<i>Juniperus communis</i> var. <i>saxatilis</i> Pall.	Cupressaceae	
<i>Knautia arvensis</i> (L.) Coult.	Dipsacaceae	
<i>Lactuca serriola</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Lactuca sibirica</i> (L.) Maxim.	Asteraceae	
<i>Lactuca tatarica</i> (L.) C.A.Mey.	Asteraceae	
<i>Lamium album</i> L.	Lamiaceae	

<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Lamium amplexicaule</i> L. subsp. <i>amplexicaule</i>	Lamiaceae	
<i>Lamium confertum</i> Fr.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Lamium hybridum</i> Vill.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Lamium purpureum</i> L.	Lamiaceae	<i>Lamium molucellifolium</i>
<i>Larix decidua</i> Mill.	Pinaceae	
<i>Larix decidua</i> Mill. subsp. <i>decidua</i>	Pinaceae	
<i>Larix gmelinii</i> (Rupr.) Kuzen.	Pinaceae	
<i>Larix sibirica</i> Ledeb.	Pinaceae	
<i>Laserpitium latifolium</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Lathyrus japonicus</i> Willd.	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus japonicus</i> Willd. subsp. <i>japonicus</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus japonicus</i> subsp. <i>maritimus</i> (L.) P.W.Ball	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus linifolius</i> (Reichard) Bässler	Fabaceae	<i>Lathyrus montanus</i>
<i>Lathyrus niger</i> (L.) Bernh.	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus niger</i> (L.) Bernh. subsp. <i>niger</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus palustris</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus palustris</i> L. subsp. <i>palustris</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus sylvestris</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus tuberosus</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i> (L.) Bernh.	Fabaceae	
<i>Lavatera thuringiaca</i> L.	Malvaceae	
<i>Lavatera thuringiaca</i> L. subsp. <i>thuringiaca</i>	Malvaceae	
<i>Ledum palustre</i> L.	Ericaceae	
<i>Ledum palustre</i> subsp. <i>decumbens</i> (Aiton) Hultén	Ericaceae	
<i>Ledum palustre</i> L. subsp. <i>palustre</i>	Ericaceae	
<i>Leersia oryzoides</i> (L.) Sw.	Poaceae	
<i>Lemna gibba</i> L.	Lemnaceae	
<i>Lemna minor</i> L.	Lemnaceae	
<i>Lemna trisulca</i> L.	Lemnaceae	
<i>Lemna turionifera</i> Landolt	Lemnaceae	
<i>Leontodon autumnalis</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Leontodon autumnalis</i> L. subsp. <i>autumnalis</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Leontodon autumnalis</i> subsp. <i>pratensis</i> (W.D.J.Koch) Arcang.	Asteraceae	
<i>Leontodon hispidus</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Leontodon hispidus</i> L. subsp. <i>hispidus</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Leonurus cardiaca</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Leonurus cardiaca</i> L. subsp. <i>cardiaca</i>	Lamiaceae	
<i>Leonurus cardiaca</i> subsp. <i>villosus</i> (Spreng.) Hyl.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Lepidium bonariense</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium campestre</i> (L.) R.Br.	Brassicaceae	

<i>Lepidium densiflorum</i> Schrad.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium densiflorum</i> Schrad. subsp. <i>densiflorum</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium densiflorum</i> subsp. <i>neglectum</i> (Thell.) P. Fourn.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium heterophyllum</i> Benth.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium latifolium</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium perfoliatum</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium ramosissimum</i> A.Nelson	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium ruderales</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium sativum</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lepidium virginicum</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i> Lam.	Asteraceae	
<i>Levisticum officinale</i> W.D.J.Koch	Apiaceae	
<i>Leymus arenarius</i> (L.) Hochst.	Poaceae	
<i>Lilium bulbiferum</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Lilium martagon</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Lilium martagon</i> L. subsp. <i>martagon</i>	Liliaceae	
<i>Linaria repens</i> (L.) Mill.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Linaria vulgaris</i> Mill.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Linum catharticum</i> L.	Linaceae	
<i>Linum usitatissimum</i> L.	Linaceae	
<i>Liparis loeselii</i> (L.) Rich.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Lithospermum arvense</i> L.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Lithospermum officinale</i> L.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Lobelia dortmanna</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Lobularia maritima</i> (L.) Desv.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Lolium multiflorum</i> Lam.	Poaceae	
<i>Lolium multiflorum</i> Lam. subsp. <i>multiflorum</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Lolium perenne</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Lolium remotum</i> Schrank	Poaceae	
<i>Lolium temulentum</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Lolium temulentum</i> L. subsp. <i>temulentum</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Lonicera caerulea</i> L.	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Lonicera caerulea</i> L. subsp. <i>caerulea</i>	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Lonicera caerulea</i> subsp. <i>pallasii</i> (Ledeb.) Browicz	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Lonicera caprifolium</i> L.	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Lonicera involucrata</i> (Richardson) Spreng.	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Lonicera xylosteum</i> L.	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Lotus pedunculatus</i> Cav.	Fabaceae	<i>Lotus uliginosus</i>
<i>Lotus tenuis</i> Willd.	Fabaceae	
<i>Lupinus polyphyllus</i> Lindl.	Fabaceae	
<i>Luzula arcuata</i> (Wahlenb.) Sw.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula arcuata</i> subsp. <i>arctuata</i>	Juncaceae	

<i>Luzula campestris</i> (L.) DC.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula campestris</i> (L.) DC. subsp. <i>campestris</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula campestris</i> var. <i>nivalis</i> Laest.	Juncaceae	<i>Luzula nivalis</i> , <i>Luzula arctica</i>
<i>Luzula confusa</i> Lindeb.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula divulgata</i> Kirschner	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula luzuloides</i> (Lam.) Dandy & Wilmott	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula luzuloides</i> (Lam.) Dandy & Wilmott subsp. <i>luzuloides</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula multiflora</i> (Ehrh.) Lej.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula multiflora</i> subsp. <i>frigida</i> (Buchenau) V.I.Krecz.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula multiflora</i> (Ehrh.) Lej. subsp. <i>multiflora</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula pallescens</i> Sw.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula parviflora</i> (Ehrh.) Desv.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula parviflora</i> (Ehrh.) Desv. subsp. <i>parviflora</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula pilosa</i> (L.) Willd.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula spicata</i> (L.) DC.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula spicata</i> (L.) DC. subsp. <i>spicata</i>	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula sudetica</i> (Willd.) DC.	Juncaceae	
<i>Luzula wahlenbergii</i> Rupr.	Juncaceae	
<i>Lycopersicon esculentum</i> Mill.	Solanaceae	
<i>Lycopodium annotinum</i> L.	Lycopodiaceae	<i>Lycopodium</i> <i>dubium</i>
<i>Lycopodium annotinum</i> L. subsp. <i>annotinum</i>	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i> L.	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Lycopodium clavatum</i> L. subsp. <i>clavatum</i>	Lycopodiaceae	
<i>Lycopus europaeus</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Lysimachia nummularia</i> L.	Primulaceae	
<i>Lysimachia punctata</i> L.	Primulaceae	
<i>Lysimachia thyrsoiflora</i> L.	Primulaceae	
<i>Lysimachia vulgaris</i> L.	Primulaceae	
<i>Lythrum portula</i> (L.) D.A.Webb	Lythraceae	
<i>Lythrum salicaria</i> L.	Lythraceae	
<i>Lythrum salicaria</i> L. subsp. <i>salicaria</i>	Lythraceae	
<i>Malus domestica</i> Borkh.	Rosaceae	
<i>Malus sylvestris</i> Mill.	Rosaceae	
<i>Malus sylvestris</i> Mill. subsp. <i>sylvestris</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Malva alcea</i> L.	Malvaceae	
<i>Malva moschata</i> L.	Malvaceae	
<i>Malva neglecta</i> Wallr.	Malvaceae	
<i>Malva pusilla</i> Sm.	Malvaceae	
<i>Malva sylvestris</i> L.	Malvaceae	
<i>Matricaria chamomilla</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Matricaria discoidea</i> DC.	Asteraceae	
<i>Matteuccia struthiopteris</i> (L.) Tod.	Woodsiaceae	

<i>Medicago lupulina</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Medicago sativa</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Medicago sativa</i> subsp. <i>falcata</i> (L.) Arcang.	Fabaceae	
<i>Medicago sativa</i> L. subsp. <i>sativa</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Melica ciliata</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Melica ciliata</i> L. subsp. <i>ciliata</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Melica nutans</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Melica picta</i> K.Koch	Poaceae	
<i>Melica uniflora</i> Retz.	Poaceae	
<i>Melilotus albus</i> Desr.	Fabaceae	
<i>Melilotus altissima</i> Thuill.	Fabaceae	
<i>Melilotus officinalis</i> (L.) Pall.	Fabaceae	
<i>Mentha aquatica</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Mentha aquatica</i> L. var. <i>aquatica</i>	Lamiaceae	
<i>Mentha aquatica</i> L. var. <i>litoralis</i>	Lamiaceae	
<i>Mentha arvensis</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Mentha arvensis</i> subsp. <i>lapponica</i> (Wahlenb.) Neuman	Lamiaceae	
<i>Menyanthes trifoliata</i> L.	Menyanthaceae	
<i>Mercurialis annua</i> L.	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Mercurialis annua</i> subsp. <i>ambigua</i> (L.f.) Arcang.	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Mercurialis perennis</i> L.	Euphorbiaceae	
<i>Milium effusum</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Milium effusum</i> L. subsp. <i>effusum</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Molinia caerulea</i> (L.) Moench	Poaceae	
<i>Molinia caerulea</i> (L.) Moench subsp. <i>caerulea</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Montia fontana</i> L.	Portulacaceae	
<i>Montia fontana</i> L. subsp. <i>fontana</i>	Portulacaceae	
<i>Myagrum perfoliatum</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Myosotis arvensis</i> Hill	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis arvensis</i> Hill subsp. <i>arvensis</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis decumbens</i> Host	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis decumbens</i> Host subsp. <i>decumbens</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis laxa</i> Lehm.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis laxa</i> subsp. <i>baltica</i> (Lindm.) Nordh.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis laxa</i> subsp. <i>caespitosa</i> (Schultz) Nordh.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis nemorosa</i> Besser	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis nemorosa</i> Besser subsp. <i>nemorosa</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis ramosissima</i> Rochel	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis ramosissima</i> Rochel subsp. <i>ramosissima</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis scorpioides</i> L.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis scorpioides</i> L. subsp. <i>scorpioides</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis sparsiflora</i> Pohl	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis stricta</i> Roem. & Schult.	Boraginaceae	

<i>Myosotis sylvatica</i> Hoffm.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myosotis sylvatica</i> Hoffm. subsp. <i>sylvatica</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Myrica gale</i> L.	Myricaceae	
<i>Myricaria germanica</i> (L.) Desv.	Tamaricaceae	
<i>Myricaria germanica</i> var. <i>bracteosa</i>	Tamaricaceae	
<i>Myricaria germanica</i> (L.) Desv. var. <i>germanica</i>	Tamaricaceae	
<i>Myriophyllum alterniflorum</i> DC.	Haloragaceae	
<i>Myriophyllum sibiricum</i> Kom.	Haloragaceae	
<i>Myriophyllum spicatum</i> L.	Haloragaceae	
<i>Myriophyllum verticillatum</i> L.	Haloragaceae	
<i>Myrrhis odorata</i> (L.) Scop.	Apiaceae	
<i>Nepeta cataria</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Nepeta grandiflora</i> M.Bieb.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Nicotiana rustica</i> L.	Solanaceae	
<i>Nuphar lutea</i> (L.) Sm.	Nymphaeaceae	
<i>Nuphar pumila</i> (Timm) DC.	Nymphaeaceae	
<i>Nymphaea alba</i> L.	Nymphaeaceae	
<i>Nymphaea candida</i> J.Presl & C.Presl	Nymphaeaceae	
<i>Nymphaea tetragona</i> Georgi	Nymphaeaceae	
<i>Oenanthe aquatica</i> (L.) Poir.	Apiaceae	
<i>Oenothera biennis</i> L.	Onagraceae	
<i>Oenothera rubricaulis</i> Kleb.	Onagraceae	
<i>Ononis arvensis</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Ononis repens</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Ophrys insectifera</i> L.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Orchis mascula</i> (L.) L.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Orchis mascula</i> subsp. <i>signifera</i> (Vest) Soó	Orchidaceae	
<i>Orchis militaris</i> L.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Origanum vulgare</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Ornithogalum umbellatum</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Oxalis acetosella</i> L.	Oxalidaceae	
<i>Oxalis corniculata</i> L.	Oxalidaceae	
<i>Oxalis fontana</i> Bunge	Oxalidaceae	
<i>Panicum capillare</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Panicum miliaceum</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Panicum miliaceum</i> L. subsp. <i>miliaceum</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Papaver argemone</i> L. subsp. <i>argemone</i>	Papaveraceae	
<i>Papaver dubium</i> L.	Papaveraceae	
<i>Papaver nudicaule</i> L. sensu lato	Papaveraceae	
<i>Papaver rhoeas</i> L.	Papaveraceae	
<i>Paris quadrifolia</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Parnassia palustris</i> L.	Parnassiaceae	
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i> L.	Apiaceae	

<i>Pastinaca sativa</i> L. subsp. <i>sativa</i>	Apiaceae	
<i>Pastinaca sativa</i> subsp. <i>urens</i> (Godr.) Čelak.	Apiaceae	
<i>Persicaria foliosa</i> (H.Lindb.) Kitag.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Persicaria hydropiper</i> (L.) Delarbre	Polygonaceae	
<i>Persicaria lapathifolia</i> (L.) Delarbre subsp. <i>lapathifolia</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Persicaria lapathifolia</i> subsp. <i>pallida</i> (With.) S.Ekman & Knutsson	Polygonaceae	
<i>Persicaria maculosa</i> Gray	Polygonaceae	
<i>Persicaria maculosa</i> Gray subsp. <i>maculosa</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Persicaria minor</i> (Huds.) Opiz	Polygonaceae	
<i>Petasites frigidus</i> (L.) Fr.	Asteraceae	
<i>Petasites hybridus</i> (L.) P.Gaertn., B.Mey. & Scherb.	Asteraceae	
<i>Petasites hybridus</i> (L.) P.Gaertn., B.Mey. & Scherb. subsp. <i>hybridus</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Petasites japonicus</i> (Siebold & Zucc.) Maxim.	Asteraceae	
<i>Petasites spurius</i> (Retz.) Rchb.	Asteraceae	
<i>Peucedanum palustre</i> (L.) Moench	Apiaceae	
<i>Phalaris canariensis</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Phalaroides arundinacea</i> (L.) Rauschert	Poaceae	
<i>Phleum alpinum</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Phleum phleoides</i> (L.) H.Karst.	Poaceae	
<i>Phleum pratense</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Phleum pratense</i> subsp. <i>nodosum</i> (L.) Arcang.	Poaceae	<i>Phleum pratense</i> subsp. <i>serotinum</i> , <i>Phleum bertolonii</i>
<i>Phleum pratense</i> L. subsp. <i>pratense</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Phlomis tuberosa</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Phragmites australis</i> (Cav.) Steud.	Poaceae	
<i>Phragmites australis</i> (Cav.) Steud. subsp. <i>australis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Phyllodoce caerulea</i> (L.) Bab.	Ericaceae	
<i>Phyteuma nigrum</i> F.W.Schmidt	Campanulaceae	
<i>Phyteuma spicatum</i> L.	Campanulaceae	
<i>Phyteuma spicatum</i> L. subsp. <i>spicatum</i>	Campanulaceae	
<i>Picea abies</i> (L.) H.Karst.	Pinaceae	
<i>Picea abies</i> (L.) H.Karst. var. <i>abies</i>	Pinaceae	
<i>Picea abies</i> subsp. <i>alpestris</i> (Brügger) Domin	Pinaceae	
<i>Picea abies</i> subsp. <i>fennica</i> (Regel) Parfenov	Pinaceae	
<i>Picea engelmannii</i> Engelm.	Pinaceae	
<i>Picea glauca</i> (Moench) Voss	Pinaceae	
<i>Picea mariana</i> (Mill.) Britton, Sterns & Poggenb.	Pinaceae	
<i>Picea obovata</i> Ledeb.	Pinaceae	<i>Picea abies</i> subsp. <i>obovata</i>
<i>Picea omorika</i> (Pančić) Purk.	Pinaceae	
<i>Pimpinella major</i> (L.) Huds.	Apiaceae	
<i>Pimpinella saxifraga</i> L.	Apiaceae	

<i>Pinguicula alpina</i> L.	Lentibulariaceae	
<i>Pinguicula villosa</i> L.	Lentibulariaceae	
<i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i> L.	Lentibulariaceae	
<i>Pinus cembra</i> L.	Pinaceae	<i>Pinus sibirica</i>
<i>Pinus contorta</i> Loudon	Pinaceae	
<i>Pinus mugo</i> Turra	Pinaceae	
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i> L.	Pinaceae	
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i> var. <i>lapponica</i> Fr.	Pinaceae	
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i> var. <i>rigensis</i> (Desf.) Asch. & Graebn.	Pinaceae	
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i> var. <i>septentrionalis</i> Schott	Pinaceae	
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i> L.	Plantaginaceae	
<i>Plantago major</i> L.	Plantaginaceae	
<i>Plantago major</i> subsp. <i>intermedia</i> (Gilib.) Lange	Plantaginaceae	
<i>Plantago major</i> L. subsp. <i>major</i>	Plantaginaceae	
<i>Plantago major</i> subsp. <i>winteri</i> (Geisenh.) W.Ludw.	Plantaginaceae	
<i>Plantago maritima</i> L.	Plantaginaceae	
<i>Plantago maritima</i> subsp. <i>juncooides</i> (Lam.) Hultén	Plantaginaceae	
<i>Plantago media</i> L.	Plantaginaceae	
<i>Plantago uniflora</i> L.	Plantaginaceae	
<i>Platanthera bifolia</i> (L.) Rich.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Platanthera bifolia</i> (L.) Rich. subsp. <i>bifolia</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Platanthera bifolia</i> subsp. <i>latiflora</i> (Drejer) Lojtnant	Orchidaceae	
<i>Platanthera chlorantha</i> (Custer) Rchb.	Orchidaceae	
<i>Platanthera chlorantha</i> (Custer) Rchb. subsp. <i>chlorantha</i>	Orchidaceae	
<i>Platanthera obtusata</i> subsp. <i>oligantha</i> (Turcz.) Hultén	Orchidaceae	
<i>Poa alpigena</i> (Fr.) Lindm.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa alpina</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa alpina</i> L. subsp. <i>alpina</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Poa angustifolia</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa annua</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa annua</i> L. subsp. <i>annua</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Poa arctica</i> R.Br.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa arctica</i> R.Br. subsp. <i>arctica</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Poa bulbosa</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa chaixii</i> Vill.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa compressa</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa compressa</i> L. subsp. <i>compressa</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Poa compressa</i> subsp. <i>langeana</i> (Rchb.) Nyman	Poaceae	
<i>Poa glauca</i> Vahl	Poaceae	
<i>Poa glauca</i> Vahl subsp. <i>glauca</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Poa nemoralis</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa nemoralis</i> L. subsp. <i>nemoralis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Poa palustris</i> L.	Poaceae	

<i>Poa palustris</i> L. subsp. <i>palustris</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Poa pratensis</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa pratensis</i> subsp. <i>colpodea</i> (Th.Fr.) Tzvelev	Poaceae	
<i>Poa pratensis</i> subsp. <i>subcaerulea</i> (Sm.) Hiitonen	Poaceae	
<i>Poa remota</i> Forselles	Poaceae	
<i>Poa supina</i> Schrad.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa trivialis</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Poa trivialis</i> L. subsp. <i>trivialis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Polemonium acutiflorum</i> Willd.	Polemoniaceae	
<i>Polemonium caeruleum</i> L.	Polemoniaceae	
<i>Polygala amarella</i> Crantz	Polygalaceae	
<i>Polygala comosa</i> Schkuhr	Polygalaceae	
<i>Polygala vulgaris</i> L.	Polygalaceae	
<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i> (L.) All.	Liliaceae	
<i>Polygonatum odoratum</i> (Mill.) Druce	Liliaceae	
<i>Polygonum amphibium</i> L.	Polygonaceae	<i>Persicaria ambhibia</i>
<i>Polygonum arenastrum</i> Boreau	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i> L. subsp. <i>aviculare</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i> subsp. <i>boreale</i> (Lange) Karlsson	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i> subsp. <i>microspermum</i> (Boreau) Berher	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i> subsp. <i>neglectum</i> (Besser) Arcang.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum aviculare</i> subsp. <i>rurivagum</i> (Boureau) Berher	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum bellardii</i> All.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum oxyspermum</i> Ledeb.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polygonum oxyspermum</i> Ledeb. subsp. <i>oxyspermum</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Polypodium vulgare</i> L.	Polypodiaceae	
<i>Polystichum aculeatum</i> (L.) Roth	Dryopteridaceae	
<i>Polystichum lonchitis</i> (L.) Roth	Dryopteridaceae	
<i>Populus balsamifera</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Populus laurifolia</i> Ledeb.	Salicaceae	
<i>Populus tremula</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i> L.	Portulacaceae	
<i>Portulaca oleracea</i> L. subsp. <i>oleracea</i>	Portulacaceae	
<i>Potamogeton alpinus</i> Balb.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton berchtoldii</i> Fieber	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton compressus</i> L.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton crispus</i> L.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton filiformis</i> Pers.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton friesii</i> Rupr.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton gramineus</i> L.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton lucens</i> L.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton natans</i> L.	Potamogetonaceae	

<i>Potamogeton obtusifolius</i> Mert. & W.D.J.Koch	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton pectinatus</i> L.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton perfoliatus</i> L.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton polygonifolius</i> Pourr.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton praelongus</i> Wulfen	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton pusillus</i> L.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton rutilus</i> Wolfg.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potamogeton vaginatus</i> Turcz.	Potamogetonaceae	
<i>Potentilla acutifida</i> (Markl.) A.Pedersen	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla anglica</i> Laichard.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla anserina</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla anserina</i> L. subsp. <i>anserina</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla anserina</i> subsp. <i>egedii</i> (Wormsk.) Hiitonen	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla argentea</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla bifurca</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla chamissonis</i> Hultén	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla crantzii</i> (Crantz) Fritsch	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla decora</i> Markl.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla demissa</i> Jord.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla dissecta</i> (Wallr.) Zimmeter	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla erecta</i> (L.) Raeusch.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla fruticosa</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla intermedia</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla laciniosa</i> Nestl.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla multifida</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla neglecta</i> Baumg.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla neumanniana</i> Rchb. emend. Soják	Rosaceae	<i>Potentilla subarenaria</i>
<i>Potentilla nivea</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla norvegica</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla palustris</i> (L.) Scop.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla recta</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla reptans</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla rupestris</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla subarenaria</i> Zimmeter	Rosaceae	
<i>Potentilla tabernaemontani</i> Asch.	Rosaceae	<i>Potentilla neumanniana</i>
<i>Potentilla thuringiaca</i> Link	Rosaceae	
<i>Primula elatior</i> (L.) Hill	Primulaceae	
<i>Primula elatior</i> (L.) Hill subsp. <i>elatior</i>	Primulaceae	
<i>Primula farinosa</i> L.	Primulaceae	
<i>Primula farinosa</i> L. subsp. <i>farinosa</i>	Primulaceae	
<i>Primula nutans</i> Georgi	Primulaceae	
<i>Primula nutans</i> Georgi var. <i>Jokelae</i>	Primulaceae	<i>Primula nutans</i> subsp. <i>finmarchica</i>

<i>Primula stricta</i> Hornem.	Primulaceae	
<i>Primula veris</i> L.	Primulaceae	
<i>Primula veris</i> L. subsp. <i>veris</i>	Primulaceae	
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Prunus cerasus</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Prunus domestica</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Prunus domestica</i> L. subsp. <i>domestica</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Prunus domestica</i> subsp. <i>insititia</i> (L.) Bonnier & Layens	Rosaceae	
<i>Prunus padus</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Prunus padus</i> L. subsp. <i>padus</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Prunus padus</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i> Cajander	Rosaceae	
<i>Prunus spinosa</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Pseudotsuga menziesii</i> (Mirb.) Franco	Pinaceae	
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> (L.) Kuhn	Dennstaedtiaceae	
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> (L.) Kuhn subsp. <i>aquilinum</i>	Dennstaedtiaceae	
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i> subsp. <i>latiusculum</i> (Desv.) C.N.Page	Dennstaedtiaceae	
<i>Puccinellia distans</i> (L.) Parl.	Poaceae	
<i>Puccinellia distans</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i> (Holmb.) W.E.Hughes	Poaceae	
<i>Puccinellia distans</i> (L.) Parl. subsp. <i>distans</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Puccinellia phryganodes</i> (Trin.) Scribn. & Merr.	Poaceae	
<i>Puccinellia phryganodes</i> (Trin.) Scribn. & Merr. subsp. <i>phryganodes</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Pulmonaria obscura</i> Dumort.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Pulsatilla patens</i> (L.) Mill.	Ranunculaceae	<i>Anemone patens</i>
<i>Pulsatilla patens</i> (L.) Mill. subsp. <i>patens</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Pulsatilla vernalis</i> (L.) Mill.	Ranunculaceae	<i>Anemone vernalis</i>
<i>Pyrola chlorantha</i> Sw.	Pyrolaceae	
<i>Pyrola media</i> Sw.	Pyrolaceae	
<i>Pyrola minor</i> L.	Pyrolaceae	
<i>Pyrola norvegica</i> Knaben	Pyrolaceae	
<i>Pyrola rotundifolia</i> L.	Pyrolaceae	
<i>Pyrola rotundifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>rotundifolia</i>	Pyrolaceae	
<i>Quercus robur</i> L.	Fagaceae	
<i>Quercus robur</i> L. subsp. <i>robur</i>	Fagaceae	
<i>Quercus rubra</i> L.	Fagaceae	
<i>Ranunculus acris</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus acris</i> L. subsp. <i>acris</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus acris</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i> (Regel) Nyman	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus acris</i> subsp. <i>pumilus</i> (Wahlenb.) Á.Löve & D.Löve	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus aquatilis</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i> L. subsp. <i>bulbosus</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus circinatus</i> Sibth.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus cymbalaria</i> Pursh	Ranunculaceae	

<i>Ranunculus ficaria</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus ficaria</i> subsp. <i>bulbilifer</i> Lambinon	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus ficaria</i> subsp. <i>calthifolius</i> (Rchb.) Arcang.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus flammula</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus flammula</i> L. subsp. <i>flammula</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus glacialis</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus hyperboreus</i> Rottb.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus hyperboreus</i> Rottb. subsp. <i>hyperboreus</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus lapponicus</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus lingua</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus nivalis</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus peltatus</i> Schrank	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus peltatus</i> subsp. <i>baudotii</i> (Godr.) C.D.K.Cook	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus peltatus</i> Schrank subsp. <i>peltatus</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus polyanthemos</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus polyanthemos</i> subsp. <i>polyanthemoides</i> (Boreau) Ahlfv.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus polyanthemos</i> L. subsp. <i>polyanthemos</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus pygmaeus</i> Wahlenb.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus repens</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus reptans</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus sceleratus</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus sceleratus</i> subsp. <i>reptabundus</i> (Rupr.) Hultén	Ranunculaceae	<i>Ranunculus reptabundus</i>
<i>Ranunculus sceleratus</i> L. subsp. <i>sceleratus</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus sulphureus</i> Phipps	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Ranunculus trichophyllus</i> Chaix	Ranunculaceae	<i>Ranunculus aquatilis</i> var. <i>diffusus</i>
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i> L. subsp. <i>raphanistrum</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Raphanus sativus</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Rapistrum perenne</i> (L.) All.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i> (L.) All.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Reseda lutea</i> L.	Resedaceae	
<i>Reseda lutea</i> L. subsp. <i>lutea</i>	Resedaceae	
<i>Reseda luteola</i> L.	Resedaceae	
<i>Reseda odorata</i> L.	Resedaceae	
<i>Rhamnus cathartica</i> L.	Rhamnaceae	
<i>Rheum rhabarbarum</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rhinanthus alectorolophus</i> (Scop.) Pollich	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Rhinanthus angustifolius</i> C.C.Gmel.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Rhinanthus angustifolius</i> C.C.Gmel. subsp. <i>angustifolius</i>	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Rhinanthus angustifolius</i> subsp. <i>apterus</i> (Fr.) Hyl.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Rhinanthus angustifolius</i> subsp. <i>grandiflorus</i> (Wallr.) D.A. Webb	Scrophulariaceae	

<i>Rhinanthus groenlandicus</i> (Ostenf.) Chabert	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Rhinanthus minor</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Rhodiola rosea</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Rhododendron lapponicum</i> (L.) Wahlenb.	Ericaceae	
<i>Ribes alpinum</i> L.	Grossulariaceae	
<i>Ribes aureum</i> Pursh	Grossulariaceae	
<i>Ribes nigrum</i> L.	Grossulariaceae	
<i>Ribes rubrum</i> L.	Grossulariaceae	
<i>Ribes spicatum</i> E.Robson	Grossulariaceae	
<i>Ribes spicatum</i> subsp. <i>hispidulum</i> (Jancz.) Hämet-Ahti	Grossulariaceae	
<i>Ribes spicatum</i> subsp. <i>lapponicum</i> Hyl.	Grossulariaceae	
<i>Ribes spicatum</i> E.Robson subsp. <i>spicatum</i>	Grossulariaceae	
<i>Ribes uva-crispa</i> L.	Grossulariaceae	
<i>Rorippa amphibia</i> (L.) Besser	Brassicaceae	
<i>Rorippa austriaca</i> (Crantz) Besser	Brassicaceae	
<i>Rorippa palustris</i> (L.) Besser	Brassicaceae	
<i>Rorippa sylvestris</i> (L.) Besser	Brassicaceae	
<i>Rorippa sylvestris</i> (L.) Besser subsp. <i>sylvestris</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Rosa acicularis</i> Lindl.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa caesia</i> Sm.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa canina</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa canina</i> L. subsp. <i>canina</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa corymbifera</i> Borkh.	Rosaceae	<i>Rosa corymbifera</i> subsp. <i>deseglisei</i> , <i>Rosa canina</i> ssp. <i>dumetorum</i>
<i>Rosa glauca</i> Pourr.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa majalis</i> Herrm.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa mollis</i> Sm.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa pimpinellifolia</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa rugosa</i> Thunb.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa sherardii</i> Davies	Rosaceae	
<i>Rosa vosagiaca</i> N.H.F.Desp.	Rosaceae	<i>Rosa dumalis</i>
<i>Rubus arcticus</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rubus aureolus</i> Allander	Rosaceae	<i>Rubus</i> section <i>corylifolii</i> (incl. <i>R. aureolus</i> and <i>R. pruinolus</i>)
<i>Rubus caesius</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rubus chamaemorus</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rubus humulifolius</i> C.A.Mey.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> L.	Rosaceae	<i>Rubus</i> section <i>corylifolii</i> (incl. <i>R. aureolus</i> and <i>R. pruinolus</i>)
<i>Rubus laciniatus</i> Willd.	Rosaceae	

<i>Rubus odoratus</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rubus plicatus</i> Weihe & Nees	Rosaceae	
<i>Rubus saxatilis</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Rudbeckia laciniata</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Rumex acetosa</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex acetosa</i> L. subsp. <i>acetosa</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex acetosella</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex acetosella</i> L. subsp. <i>acetosella</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex acetosella</i> subsp. <i>arenicola</i> Elven	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex acetosella</i> subsp. <i>tenuifolia</i> (Wallr.) O.Schwarz	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex acetosella</i> subsp. <i>tenuifolius</i> (Wallr.) O.Schwarz	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex alpestris</i> Jacq.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex alpestris</i> subsp. <i>lapponicus</i> (Hiitonen) Jalas	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex alpinus</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex aquaticus</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex aquaticus</i> L. subsp. <i>aquaticus</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex confertus</i> Willd.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex conglomeratus</i> Murray	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex crispus</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex crispus</i> L. subsp. <i>crispus</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex crispus</i> subsp. <i>littoreus</i> (D.S.Hardy) Akeroyd	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex dentatus</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex fueginus</i> Phil.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex graminifolius</i> Lamb.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex hydrolapathum</i> Huds.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex longifolius</i> DC.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex maritimus</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex maritimus</i> L. subsp. <i>maritimus</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex obovatus</i> Danser	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i> L.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i> L. subsp. <i>obtusifolius</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i> subsp. <i>silvestris</i> Čelak.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i> subsp. <i>transiens</i> (Simonk.) Rech.f.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex palustris</i> Sm.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex pseudonatronatus</i> Borbás	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex salicifolius</i> (Danser) J.C.Hickman	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex salicifolius</i> var. <i>triangulivalvis</i> (Danser) J.C.Hickman	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex stenophyllus</i> Ledeb.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex thyrsiflorus</i> Fingerh.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex thyrsiflorus</i> subsp. <i>thyrsiflorus</i>	Polygonaceae	
<i>Rumex triangulivalvis</i> (Danser) Rech.f.	Polygonaceae	
<i>Ruppia cirrhosa</i> (Petagna) Grande	Ruppiaceae	
<i>Ruppia maritima</i> L.	Ruppiaceae	

<i>Sagittaria natans</i> Pall.	Alismataceae	
<i>Sagittaria sagittifolia</i> L.	Alismataceae	
<i>Salicornia dolichostachya</i> subsp. <i>strictissima</i> (Gram) P.W.Ball	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Salicornia europaea</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Salix alba</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix alba</i> L. subsp. <i>alba</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix arbuscula</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix aurita</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix caprea</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix caprea</i> L. subsp. <i>caprea</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix caprea</i> subsp. <i>sericea</i> (Andersson) Flod.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix caprea</i> subsp. <i>sphacelata</i> (Sm.) Macreight	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix cinerea</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix cinerea</i> L. subsp. <i>cinerea</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix daphnoides</i> Vill.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix daphnoides</i> subsp. <i>acutifolia</i> (Willd.) Ahlfv.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix daphnoides</i> Vill. subsp. <i>daphnoides</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix dasyclados</i> Wimm.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix fragilis</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix glauca</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix glauca</i> L. subsp. <i>glauca</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix glauca</i> subsp. <i>stipulifera</i> (Häyrén) Hiitonen	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix hastata</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix hastata</i> L. subsp. <i>hastata</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix hastata</i> subsp. <i>subintegrifolia</i> (Flod.) Flod.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix hastata</i> subsp. <i>vegeta</i> Andersson	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix herbacea</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix lanata</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix lanata</i> subsp. <i>glandulifera</i> (Flod.) Hiitonen	Salicaceae	<i>Salix glandulifera</i>
<i>Salix lanata</i> L. subsp. <i>lanata</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix lapponum</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix myrsinifolia</i> Salisb.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix myrsinifolia</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i> (Fr.) Hyl.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix myrsinifolia</i> subsp. <i>kolaënsis</i> (Schljakov) Elven	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix myrsinifolia</i> Salisb. subsp. <i>myrsinifolia</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix myrsinites</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix myrtilloides</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix pentandra</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix phylicifolia</i> L.	Salicaceae	<i>Salix Phylicifolia</i> subsp. <i>borealis</i> , <i>Salix borealis</i>
<i>Salix polaris</i> Wahlenb.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix purpurea</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix pyrolifolia</i> Ledeb.	Salicaceae	

<i>Salix repens</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix repens</i> subsp. <i>argentea</i> (E.G.Camus) & A.Camus	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix repens</i> L. subsp. <i>repens</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix repens</i> subsp. <i>rosmarinifolia</i> (L.) Andersson	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix reticulata</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix rosmarinifolia</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix starkeana</i> Willd.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix starkeana</i> subsp. <i>cinerascens</i> (Wahlenb.) Hultén	Salicaceae	<i>Salix xerophila</i>
<i>Salix starkeana</i> Willd. subsp. <i>starkeana</i>	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix triandra</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salix viminalis</i> L.	Salicaceae	
<i>Salsola kali</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	<i>Salsola kali</i> subsp. <i>kali</i>
<i>Salsola kali</i> subsp. <i>iberica</i> Sennen & Pau	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Salsola kali</i> subsp. <i>ruthenica</i> (Iljin) Soó	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Sambucus nigra</i> L.	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Sambucus racemosa</i> L.	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Sanguisorba minor</i> Scop.	Rosaceae	
<i>Sanguisorba minor</i> Scop. subsp. <i>minor</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Sanguisorba minor</i> subsp. <i>muricata</i> Briq.	Rosaceae	
<i>Sanguisorba officinalis</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Sanicula europaea</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Saponaria officinalis</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Saussurea alpina</i> (L.) DC.	Asteraceae	
<i>Saussurea alpina</i> (L.) DC. subsp. <i>alpina</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Saxifraga adscendens</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga adscendens</i> L. subsp. <i>adscendens</i>	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga aizoides</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga cernua</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga cespitosa</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga cotyledon</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga foliolosa</i> R.Br.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga granulata</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga granulata</i> L. subsp. <i>granulata</i>	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga hieraciifolia</i> Willd.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga hirculus</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga hirculus</i> L. subsp. <i>hirculus</i>	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga hypnoides</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga nivalis</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga oppositifolia</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga oppositifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>oppositifolia</i>	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga osloensis</i> Knaben	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga rivularis</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga stellaris</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	

<i>Saxifraga stellaris</i> L. subsp. <i>stellaris</i>	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga tenuis</i> (Wahlenb.) Lindm.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Saxifraga tridactylites</i> L.	Saxifragaceae	
<i>Schedonorus arundinaceus</i> (Schreb.) Dumont	Poaceae	
<i>Schedonorus giganteus</i> (L.) J.Soreng & E.E.Terrell	Poaceae	
<i>Schedonorus pratensis</i> (Huds.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Schoenoplectus lacustris</i> (L.) Palla	Cyperaceae	
<i>Schoenoplectus lacustris</i> subsp. <i>glaucus</i> (Sm.) Luceño & Marín	Cyperaceae	
<i>Schoenoplectus lacustris</i> (L.) Palla subsp. <i>lacustris</i>	Cyperaceae	
<i>Schoenus ferrugineus</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Scirpus radicans</i> Schkuhr	Cyperaceae	
<i>Scirpus sylvaticus</i> L.	Cyperaceae	
<i>Scolochloa festucacea</i> (Willd.) Link	Poaceae	
<i>Scopolia carniolica</i> Jacq.	Solanaceae	
<i>Scorzonera humilis</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Scrophularia nodosa</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Scrophularia vernalis</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Scutellaria galericulata</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Scutellaria hastifolia</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Secale cereale</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Sedum acre</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum aizoon</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum album</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum annuum</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum ewersii</i> Ledeb.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum hispanicum</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum hybridum</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum rupestre</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum rupestre</i> L. subsp. <i>rupestre</i>	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum sexangulare</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum spurium</i> M.Bieb.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum telephium</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum telephium</i> subsp. <i>maximum</i> (L.) Krock.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum telephium</i> subsp. <i>ruprechtii</i> Jalas	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum telephium</i> L. subsp. <i>telephium</i>	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum villosum</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Sedum villosum</i> var. <i>glabratum</i> Rostr.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Selaginella selaginoides</i> (L.) Schrank & Mart.	Selaginellaceae	
<i>Selinum carvifolia</i> (L.) L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Sempervivum tectorum</i> L.	Crassulaceae	
<i>Senecio fluviatilis</i> Wallr.	Asteraceae	<i>Senecio nemorensis</i>
<i>Senecio jacobaea</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Senecio squalidus</i> L.	Asteraceae	

<i>Senecio sylvaticus</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Senecio viscosus</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Senecio vulgaris</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Seseli libanotis</i> (L.) W.D.J.Koch	Apiaceae	
<i>Seseli libanotis</i> subsp. <i>intermedium</i> (Rupr.) P.W.Ball	Apiaceae	
<i>Sesleria caerulea</i> (L.) Ard.	Poaceae	
<i>Setaria faberi</i> R.A.W.Herrm.	Poaceae	
<i>Setaria glauca</i> (L.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Setaria italica</i> (L.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Setaria italica</i> (L.) P.Beauv. subsp. <i>italica</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Setaria verticillata</i> (L.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Setaria viridis</i> (L.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Setaria viridis</i> (L.) P.Beauv. subsp. <i>viridis</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Silene acaulis</i> (L.) Jacq.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene acaulis</i> (L.) Jacq. subsp. <i>acaulis</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene armeria</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene baccifera</i> (L.) Roth	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene chalcedonica</i> E.H.L.Krause	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene conoidea</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene csereii</i> Baumg.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene dichotoma</i> Ehrh.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene dioica</i> (L.) Clairv.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene flos-cuculi</i> (L.) Clairv.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene furcata</i> Raf.	Caryophyllaceae	<i>Silene involucrata</i> subsp. <i>tenella</i> (<i>S. furcata</i> subsp. <i>angustiflora</i>)
<i>Silene gallica</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene involucrata</i> (Cham. & Schltl.) Bocquet	Caryophyllaceae	<i>Silene furcata</i>
<i>Silene latifolia</i> Poir.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene noctiflora</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene nutans</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene nutans</i> L. subsp. <i>nutans</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene rupestris</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene suecica</i> (Lodd.) Greuter & Burdet	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene tatarica</i> (L.) Pers.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene uniflora</i> Roth	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene uniflora</i> Roth subsp. <i>uniflora</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene uralensis</i> (Rupr.) Bocquet	Caryophyllaceae	<i>Silene wahlbergella</i>
<i>Silene uralensis</i> subsp. <i>apetala</i> (L.) Bocquet	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene viscaria</i> (L.) Jess.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene viscosa</i> (L.) Pers.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene vulgaris</i> (Moench) Garcke	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Silene vulgaris</i> (Moench) Garcke subsp. <i>vulgaris</i>	Caryophyllaceae	

<i>Sinapis alba</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sinapis alba</i> L. subsp. <i>alba</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sinapis arvensis</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sinapis arvensis</i> L. var. <i>arvensis</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sinapis arvensis</i> var. <i>orientalis</i> (L.) W.D.J.Koch & Ziz	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sisymbrium altissimum</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sisymbrium loeselii</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sisymbrium officinale</i> (L.) Scop.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sisymbrium officinale</i> (L.) Scop. var. <i>officinale</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sisymbrium strictissimum</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sisymbrium volgense</i> E.Fourn.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Sium latifolium</i> L.	Apiaceae	
<i>Solanum dulcamara</i> L.	Solanaceae	
<i>Solanum nigrum</i> L.	Solanaceae	
<i>Solanum nigrum</i> L. subsp. <i>nigrum</i>	Solanaceae	
<i>Solanum nigrum</i> subsp. <i>schultesii</i> (Opiz) Wessely	Solanaceae	
<i>Solanum tuberosum</i> L.	Solanaceae	
<i>Solidago canadensis</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Solidago gigantea</i> Aiton	Asteraceae	
<i>Solidago virgaurea</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Solidago virgaurea</i> subsp. <i>minuta</i> (L.) Arcang.	Asteraceae	
<i>Solidago virgaurea</i> L. subsp. <i>virgaurea</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Sonchus arvensis</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Sonchus arvensis</i> L. subsp. <i>arvensis</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Sonchus arvensis</i> subsp. <i>uliginosus</i> (M.Bieb.) Nyman	Asteraceae	
<i>Sonchus asper</i> (L.) Hill	Asteraceae	
<i>Sonchus asper</i> (L.) Hill subsp. <i>asper</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Sorbaria sorbifolia</i> (L.) A.Braun	Rosaceae	
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> L. subsp. <i>aucuparia</i>	Rosaceae	
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i> subsp. <i>glabrata</i> (Wimm. & Grab.) Cajander	Rosaceae	
<i>Sorbus hybrida</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Sorbus intermedia</i> (Ehrh.) Pers.	Rosaceae	
<i>Sorbus meinichii</i> Hedl.	Rosaceae	
<i>Sorbus teodorii</i> Liljef.	Rosaceae	
<i>Sparganium angustifolium</i> Michx.	Sparganiaceae	
<i>Sparganium emersum</i> Rehmman	Sparganiaceae	
<i>Sparganium erectum</i> L.	Sparganiaceae	
<i>Sparganium erectum</i> L. subsp. <i>erectum</i>	Sparganiaceae	
<i>Sparganium glomeratum</i> (Laest.) Neuman	Sparganiaceae	
<i>Sparganium gramineum</i> Georgi	Sparganiaceae	

<i>Sparganium hyperboreum</i> Laest.	Sparganiaceae	
<i>Sparganium microcarpum</i> (Neuman) Čelak.	Sparganiaceae	
<i>Sparganium natans</i> L.	Sparganiaceae	
<i>Sparganium neglectum</i> Beeby	Sparganiaceae	
<i>Spergula arvensis</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Spergula morisonii</i> Boreau	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Spergularia marina</i> (L.) Griseb.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Spergularia media</i> (L.) C.Presl	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Spergularia rubra</i> (L.) J.Presl & C.Presl	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Spinacia oleracea</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Spiraea alba</i> Du Roi	Rosaceae	
<i>Spiraea billardii</i> Hérincq	Rosaceae	
<i>Spiraea chamaedryfolia</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Spiraea japonica</i> L.f.	Rosaceae	
<i>Spiraea salicifolia</i> L.	Rosaceae	
<i>Spirodela polyrhiza</i> (L.) Schleid.	Lemnaceae	
<i>Stachys officinalis</i> (L.) Trevis.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Stachys palustris</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Stachys sylvatica</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Stellaria borealis</i> Bigelow	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria crassifolia</i> Ehrh.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria crassifolia</i> Ehrh. Var. <i>minor</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria fennica</i> (Murb.) Perfil.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria graminea</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria hebecalyx</i> Fenzl	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria holostea</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria humifusa</i> Rottb.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria longifolia</i> Willd.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria media</i> (L.) Cirillo	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria media</i> (L.) Cirillo subsp. <i>media</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria nemorum</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria nemorum</i> L. subsp. <i>nemorum</i>	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Stellaria palustris</i> Hoffm.	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Suaeda maritima</i> (L.) Dumort.	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Suaeda maritima</i> (L.) Dumort. subsp. <i>maritima</i>	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Suaeda maritima</i> subsp. <i>salsa</i> (L.) Soó	Chenopodiaceae	
<i>Succisa pratensis</i> Moench	Dipsacaceae	
<i>Symphoricarpos albus</i> (L.) S.F.Blake	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Symphytum asperum</i> Lepech.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Symphytum officinale</i> L.	Boraginaceae	
<i>Symphytum officinale</i> L. subsp. <i>officinale</i>	Boraginaceae	
<i>Tanacetum vulgare</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Taxus baccata</i> L.	Taxaceae	

<i>Tetragonia tetragonoides</i> (Pall.) Kuntze	Tetragoniaceae	
<i>Thalictrum alpinum</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum aquilegifolium</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum flavum</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum lucidum</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum minus</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum minus</i> subsp. <i>kemense</i> (Fr.) Cajander	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum minus</i> L. subsp. <i>minus</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum minus</i> subsp. <i>olympicum</i> (Boiss. & Heldr.) Strid	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum simplex</i> L.	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum simplex</i> subsp. <i>boreale</i> (F.Nyl.) Á.Löve & D.Löve	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thalictrum simplex</i> L. subsp. <i>simplex</i>	Ranunculaceae	
<i>Thelypteris palustris</i> Schott	Thelypteridaceae	
<i>Thlaspi arvense</i> L.	Brassicaceae	
<i>Thlaspi caerulescens</i> J.Presl & C.Presl	Brassicaceae	
<i>Thlaspi caerulescens</i> subsp. <i>brachypetalum</i> (Jord.) O.Bolòs, Vigo, Masalles & Ninot	Brassicaceae	
<i>Thlaspi caerulescens</i> J.Presl & C.Presl subsp. <i>caerulescens</i>	Brassicaceae	
<i>Thymus pulegioides</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Thymus serpyllum</i> L.	Lamiaceae	
<i>Thymus serpyllum</i> L. subsp. <i>serpyllum</i>	Lamiaceae	
<i>Thymus serpyllum</i> subsp. <i>tanaensis</i> (Hyl.) Jalas	Lamiaceae	
<i>Tilia cordata</i> Mill.	Tiliaceae	
<i>Tragopogon pratensis</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Tragopogon pratensis</i> subsp. <i>orientalis</i> (L.) Čelak.	Asteraceae	
<i>Tragopogon pratensis</i> L. subsp. <i>pratensis</i>	Asteraceae	
<i>Trifolium arvense</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium aureum</i> Pollich	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium campestre</i> Schreb.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium dubium</i> Sibth.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium fragiferum</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium fragiferum</i> L. subsp. <i>fragiferum</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium hybridum</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium hybridum</i> subsp. <i>elegans</i> (Savi) Asch. & Graebn.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium hybridum</i> L. subsp. <i>hybridum</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium incarnatum</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium medium</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium medium</i> L. subsp. <i>medium</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium montanum</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium montanum</i> L. var. <i>montanum</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium pratense</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium pratense</i> L. var. <i>pratense</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium repens</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Trifolium repens</i> L. subsp. <i>repens</i>	Fabaceae	

<i>Trifolium spadiceum</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Tripolium pannonicum</i> (Jacq.) Dobrocz.	Asteraceae	
<i>Trisetum flavescens</i> (L.) P.Beauv.	Poaceae	
<i>Trisetum flavescens</i> (L.) P.Beauv. subsp. <i>flavescens</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Trisetum spicatum</i> (L.) K.Richt.	Poaceae	
<i>Trisetum spicatum</i> (L.) K.Richt. subsp. <i>spicatum</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Trisetum subalpestre</i> (Hartm.) Neuman	Poaceae	
<i>Triticum aestivum</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Tussilago farfara</i> L.	Asteraceae	
<i>Typha angustifolia</i> L.	Typhaceae	
<i>Typha latifolia</i> L.	Typhaceae	
<i>Ulmus glabra</i> Huds.	Ulmaceae	
<i>Ulmus laevis</i> Pall.	Ulmaceae	
<i>Urtica dioica</i> L.	Urticaceae	
<i>Urtica dioica</i> L. subsp. <i>dioica</i>	Urticaceae	
<i>Urtica dioica</i> subsp. <i>sondenii</i> (Simmons) Hyl.	Urticaceae	
<i>Urtica urens</i> L.	Urticaceae	
<i>Vaccaria hispanica</i> (Mill.) Rauschert	Caryophyllaceae	
<i>Vaccinium microcarpum</i> (Rupr.) Schmalh.	Ericaceae	
<i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i> L.	Ericaceae	
<i>Vaccinium oxycoccos</i> L.	Ericaceae	
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i> L.	Ericaceae	
<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i> L.	Ericaceae	
<i>Vaccinium vitis-idaea</i> L. subsp. <i>vitis-idaea</i>	Ericaceae	
<i>Valeriana officinalis</i> L.	Valerianaceae	<i>Valerian officinalis</i> var. <i>officinalis</i> , <i>Valeriana stolonifera</i>
<i>Valeriana sambucifolia</i> Mikan f.	Valerianaceae	<i>Valeriana salina</i>
<i>Valerianella locusta</i> (L.) Laterr.	Valerianaceae	
<i>Veratrum album</i> L.	Liliaceae	
<i>Veratrum album</i> L. subsp. <i>album</i>	Liliaceae	
<i>Veratrum album</i> subsp. <i>lobelianum</i> (Bernh.) Arcang.	Liliaceae	
<i>Verbascum lychnitis</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Verbascum nigrum</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Verbascum nigrum</i> L. subsp. <i>nigrum</i>	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Verbascum thapsus</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Verbascum thapsus</i> L. subsp. <i>thapsus</i>	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica agrestis</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica alpina</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica alpina</i> L. subsp. <i>pumila</i>	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica anagallis-aquatica</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica arvensis</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica beccabunga</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	

<i>Veronica chamaedrys</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica chamaedrys</i> L. subsp. <i>chamaedrys</i>	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica filiformis</i> Sm.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica fruticans</i> Jacq.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica hederifolia</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	<i>Veronica sublobata</i>
<i>Veronica hederifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>hederifolia</i>	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica incana</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica longifolia</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica officinalis</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica opaca</i> Fr.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica persica</i> Poir.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica polita</i> Fr.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica scutellata</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i> subsp. <i>humifusa</i> (Dicks.) Syme	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i> L. subsp. <i>serpyllifolia</i>	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica spicata</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica spicata</i> L. subsp. <i>spicata</i>	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Veronica verna</i> L.	Scrophulariaceae	
<i>Viburnum opulus</i> L.	Caprifoliaceae	
<i>Vicia cassubica</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia cracca</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia hirsuta</i> (L.) Gray	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia lathyroides</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia sativa</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia sativa</i> subsp. <i>nigra</i> (L.) Ehrh.	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia sativa</i> L. subsp. <i>sativa</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia sepium</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia sepium</i> subsp. <i>montana</i> (W.D.J.Koch) Hämet-Ahti	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia sepium</i> L. subsp. <i>sepium</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia sylvatica</i> L.	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia tertrasperma</i> (L.) Schreb.	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia villosa</i> Roth	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia villosa</i> subsp. <i>varia</i> (Host) Corb.	Fabaceae	
<i>Vicia villosa</i> Roth subsp. <i>villosa</i>	Fabaceae	
<i>Vincetoxicum hirundinaria</i> Medik.	Asclepiadaceae	
<i>Viola arvensis</i> Murray	Violaceae	
<i>Viola biflora</i> L.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola canina</i> L.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola canina</i> L. subsp. <i>canina</i>	Violaceae	
<i>Viola canina</i> subsp. <i>montana</i> (L.) Hartm.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola collina</i> Besser	Violaceae	
<i>Viola epipsila</i> Ledeb.	Violaceae	

<i>Viola hirta</i> L.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola mirabilis</i> L.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola odorata</i> L.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola palustris</i> L.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola palustris</i> L. subsp. <i>palustris</i>	Violaceae	
<i>Viola persicifolia</i> Schreb.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola reichenbachiana</i> Boreau	Violaceae	
<i>Viola riviniana</i> Rchb.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola rupestris</i> F.W.Schmidt	Violaceae	
<i>Viola rupestris</i> subsp. <i>relicta</i> Jalas	Violaceae	
<i>Viola rupestris</i> F.W.Schmidt subsp. <i>rupestris</i>	Violaceae	
<i>Viola selkirkii</i> Goldie	Violaceae	
<i>Viola tricolor</i> L.	Violaceae	
<i>Viola tricolor</i> subsp. <i>curtisii</i> (E.Forst.) Syme	Violaceae	
<i>Viola tricolor</i> L. subsp. <i>tricolor</i>	Violaceae	
<i>Viola uliginosa</i> Besser	Violaceae	
<i>Vulpia myuros</i> (L.) C.C.Gmel.	Poaceae	
<i>Vulpia myuros</i> (L.) C.C.Gmel. subsp. <i>myuros</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Zea mays</i> L.	Poaceae	
<i>Zea mays</i> L. subsp. <i>mays</i>	Poaceae	
<i>Zostera marina</i> L.	Zosteraceae	

6.2 Appendix 2. Finnish CWR Prioritized Inventory

Finnish CWR prioritized Inventory			
Taxon and author	Family	Synonym	Red List 2010
<i>Aconitum lycoctonum</i> L. subsp. <i>septendriionale</i>	Ranunculaceae		VU
<i>Agrimonia pilosa</i> Ledeb.	Rosaceae		EN
<i>Agrostis clavata</i> Trin.	Poaceae		VU
<i>Alchemilla hirsuticaulis</i> H.Lindb.	Rosaceae		VU
<i>Alisma wahlenbergii</i> (Holmb.) Juz.	Alismataceae		EN
<i>Allium oleraceum</i> L.	Liliaceae		
<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> L.	Liliaceae		
<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> L. subsp. <i>schoenoprasum</i>	Liliaceae		NT
<i>Allium scorodoprasum</i> L.	Liliaceae		
<i>Allium ursinum</i> L.	Liliaceae		NT
<i>Allium vineale</i> L.	Liliaceae		
<i>Ammophila arenaria</i> (L.) Link	Poaceae		EN
<i>Anagallis minima</i> (L.) E.H.L.Krause	Primulaceae		EN
<i>Anemone trifolia</i> L.	Ranunculaceae		VU
<i>Antennaria nordhageniana</i> Rune & Roønning	Asteraceae		VU
<i>Antennaria porsildii</i> E.Ekman	Asteraceae		VU
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> L.	Fabaceae		
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> subsp. <i>lapponica</i> (Hyl.) Jalas	Fabaceae		NT
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> subsp. <i>polyphylla</i> (DC.) Nyman	Fabaceae		CR
<i>Arctium nemorosum</i> Lej.	Asteraceae		EN
<i>Arenaria norvegica</i> Gunnerus	Caryophyllaceae		VU
<i>Arnica angustifolia</i> Vahl	Asteraceae		EN
<i>Artemisia campestris</i> subsp. <i>bottnica</i> Kindb.	Asteraceae		CR
<i>Asperula tinctoria</i> L.	Rubiaceae		CR
<i>Asplenium adulterinum</i> Milde	Aspleniaceae		VU
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i> L.	Aspleniaceae		EN
<i>Atriplex glabriuscula</i> Edmondston	Chenopodiaceae		NT
<i>Bromopsis benekenii</i> (Lange) Holub	Poaceae	<i>Bromus benekenii</i>	CR
<i>Campanula cervicaria</i> L.	Campanulaceae		VU
<i>Campanula uniflora</i> L.	Campanulaceae		VU
<i>Cardamine flexuosa</i> With.	Brassicaceae		EN
<i>Cardamine impatiens</i> L.	Brassicaceae		EN
<i>Cardamine parviflora</i> L.	Brassicaceae		EN
<i>Carex appropinquata</i> A.Schumach.	Cyperaceae		VU
<i>Carex bohémica</i> Schreb.	Cyperaceae		VU
<i>Carex caryophyllea</i> Latourr.	Cyperaceae		VU
<i>Carex cuprina</i> (Heuff.) A.Kern.	Cyperaceae	<i>Carex otrubae</i>	VU

<i>Carex hartmanii</i> Cajander	Cyperaceae		EN
<i>Carex heleonastes</i> L.f.	Cyperaceae		VU
<i>Carex hostiana</i> DC.	Cyperaceae		EN
<i>Carex lepidocarpa</i> subsp. <i>jemtlandica</i> Palmgr.	Cyperaceae		VU
<i>Carex lepidocarpa</i> Tausch subsp. <i>lepidocarpa</i>	Cyperaceae		EN
<i>Carex maritima</i> Gunnerus	Cyperaceae		RE
<i>Carex microglochin</i> Wahlenb.	Cyperaceae		EN
<i>Carex montana</i> L.	Cyperaceae		RE
<i>Carex ornithopoda</i> Willd.	Cyperaceae		CR
<i>Carex paniculata</i> L.	Cyperaceae		EN
<i>Carex pulicaris</i> L.	Cyperaceae		VU
<i>Carex remota</i> L.	Cyperaceae		EN
<i>Carex viridula</i> var. <i>bergrothii</i> (Palmgr.) B.Schmid	Cyperaceae		VU
<i>Carex vulpina</i> L.	Cyperaceae		EN
<i>Carlina biebersteinii</i> Hornem.	Asteraceae		EN
<i>Carlina vulgaris</i> L.	Asteraceae		VU
<i>Cinna latifolia</i> (Trevir.) Griseb.	Poaceae		NT
<i>Cladium mariscus</i> (L.) Pohl	Cyperaceae		EN
<i>Clematis flammula</i> subsp. <i>sibirica</i> (Mill.) Kuntze	Ranunculaceae		VU
<i>Corylus avellana</i> L.	Corylaceae		
<i>Crassula aquatica</i> (L.) Schönland	Crassulaceae		VU
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i> Jacq.	Rosaceae		VU
<i>Crataegus rhipidophylla</i> Gand.	Rosaceae		VU
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> subsp. <i>cruenta</i> (O.F.Müll.) P.D.Sell	Orchidaceae		VU
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> (L.) Soó subsp. <i>incarnata</i>	Orchidaceae		VU
<i>Dactylorhiza lapponica</i> (Laest. ex Hartm.) Soó	Orchidaceae		VU
<i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i> (Saut.) Soó	Orchidaceae	<i>Dactylorhiza curvifolia</i> , <i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i> subsp. <i>Curvifolia</i>	VU
<i>Dianthus arenarius</i> subsp. <i>borussicus</i> Vierh.	Caryophyllaceae		EN
<i>Dianthus superbus</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae		CR
<i>Diphasiastrum tristachyum</i> (Pursh) Holub	Lycopodiaceae		EN
<i>Diplazium sibiricum</i> (Kunze) Sa.Kurata	Woodsiaceae		
<i>Draba alpina</i> L.	Brassicaceae		EN
<i>Draba cinerea</i> Adams	Brassicaceae		VU
<i>Draba daurica</i> DC.	Brassicaceae		VU
<i>Draba fladnizensis</i> Wulfen	Brassicaceae		VU
<i>Draba lactea</i> Adams	Brassicaceae		VU
<i>Draba nemorosa</i> L.	Brassicaceae		EN
<i>Drosera intermedia</i> Hayne	Droseraceae		VU
<i>Dryopteris fragrans</i> (L.) Schott	Dryopteridaceae		NT

<i>Elymus alaskanus</i> subsp. <i>scandicus</i> (Nevski) Melderis	Poaceae	<i>Elymus kronokensis</i> subsp. <i>scandicus</i>	NT
<i>Elymus farctus</i> subsp. <i>boreali-atlantica</i> (Simonet & Guin.)	Poaceae		VU
<i>Elymus fibrosus</i> (Schrenk) Tzvelev	Poaceae		VU
<i>Epilobium laestadii</i> Kytöv.	Onagraceae		EN
<i>Epilobium obscurum</i> Schreb.	Onagraceae		EN
<i>Epipactis atrorubens</i> (Hoffm.) Besser	Orchidaceae		VU
<i>Epipactis palustris</i> (L.) Crantz	Orchidaceae		EN
<i>Erica tetralix</i> L.	Ericaceae		CR
<i>Erigeron acris</i> subsp. <i>decoloratus</i> (H.Lindb.) Hiitonen	Asteraceae		VU
<i>Erigeron borealis</i> (Vierh.) Simmons	Asteraceae		VU
<i>Euphrasia micrantha</i> Rehb.	Scrophulariaceae		EN
<i>Euphrasia rostkoviana</i> subsp. <i>fennica</i> (Kihlm.) Karlsson	Scrophulariaceae		EN
<i>Euphrasia salisburgensis</i> Funck	Scrophulariaceae		EN
<i>Festuca gigantea</i> (L.) Vill.	Poaceae		EN
<i>Festuca ovina</i> L.	Poaceae		
<i>Festuca polesica</i> Zapall.	Poaceae		NT
<i>Festuca rubra</i> L.	Poaceae		
<i>Fragaria vesca</i> L.	Rosaceae		
<i>Fragaria viridis</i> Duchesne	Rosaceae		VU
<i>Galium saxatile</i> L.	Rubiaceae		EN
<i>Galium schultesii</i> Vest	Rubiaceae		CR
<i>Galium verum</i> L.	Rubiaceae		VU
<i>Geranium dissectum</i> L.	Geraniaceae		EN
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea</i> (L.) R.Br. Var <i>conopsea</i>	Orchidaceae		VU
<i>Gypsophila fastigiata</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae		EN
<i>Gypsophila muralis</i> L.	Caryophyllaceae		VU
<i>Hippuris tetraphylla</i> L.f.	Hippuridaceae		EN
<i>Hypericum montanum</i> L.	Clusiaceae		CR
<i>Juncus arcticus</i> Willd.	Juncaceae		EN
<i>Lactuca sibirica</i> (L.) Maxim.	Asteraceae		
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i> L.	Fabaceae		
<i>Lathyrus sylvestris</i> L.	Fabaceae		
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i> (L.) Bernh.	Fabaceae		
<i>Leersia oryzoides</i> (L.) Sw.	Poaceae		VU
<i>Lepidium latifolium</i> L.	Brassicaceae		NT
<i>Liparis loeselii</i> (L.) Rich.	Orchidaceae		CR
<i>Lithospermum arvense</i> L.	Boraginaceae		EN
<i>Lonicera caerulea</i> L.	Caprifoliaceae		EN
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> L.	Fabaceae		
<i>Lythrum portula</i> (L.) D.A.Webb	Lythraceae		VU
<i>Malus sylvestris</i> Mill.	Rosaceae		VU
<i>Melica ciliata</i> L.	Poaceae		CR

<i>Melica uniflora</i> Retz.	Poaceae		EN
<i>Mentha 80nvoluc</i> L. var. <i>aquatica</i>	Lamiaceae		VU
<i>Ononis arvensis</i> L.	Fabaceae		VU
<i>Ophrys insectifera</i> L.	Orchidaceae		EN
<i>Persicaria foliosa</i> (H.Lindb.) Kitag.	Polygonaceae		EN
<i>Phleum phleoides</i> (L.) H.Karst.	Poaceae		NT
<i>Phleum pratense</i> L.	Poaceae		
<i>Phleum pratense</i> subsp. <i>nodosum</i> (L.) Arcang.	Poaceae	<i>Phleum pratense</i> subsp. <i>serotinum</i> , <i>Phleum bertolonii</i>	NT
<i>Pimpinella major</i> (L.) Huds.	Apiaceae		CR
<i>Poa supina</i> Schrad.	Poaceae		NT
<i>Polygala amarella</i> Crantz	Polygalaceae		VU
<i>Polygala comosa</i> Schkuhr	Polygalaceae		EN
<i>Polygala vulgaris</i> L.	Polygalaceae		VU
<i>Polygonum oxyspermum</i> Ledeb.	Polygonaceae		CR
<i>Potentilla anglica</i> Laichard.	Rosaceae		EN
<i>Potentilla neumanniana</i> Rehb. emend. Soják	Rosaceae	<i>Potentilla subarenaria</i>	VU
<i>Potentilla tabernaemontani</i> Asch.	Rosaceae	<i>Potentilla neumanniana</i>	EN
<i>Primula farinosa</i> L.	Primulaceae		EN
<i>Primula nutans</i> Georgi var. <i>Jokelae</i>	Primulaceae	<i>Primula nutans</i> subsp. <i>finmarchica</i>	VU
<i>Primula stricta</i> Hornem.	Primulaceae		EN
<i>Prunus spinosa</i> L.	Rosaceae		NT
<i>Puccinellia phryganodes</i> (Trin.) Scribn. & Merr.	Poaceae		CR
<i>Pulsatilla patens</i> (L.) Mill.	Ranunculaceae	<i>Anemone patens</i>	EN
<i>Pulsatilla vernalis</i> (L.) Mill.	Ranunculaceae	<i>Anemone vernalis</i>	VU
<i>Ranunculus lapponicus</i> L.	Ranunculaceae		
<i>Ranunculus sulphureus</i> Phipps	Ranunculaceae		EN
<i>Ribes nigrum</i> L.	Grossulariaceae		
<i>Ribes spicatum</i> E.Robson	Grossulariaceae		
<i>Rosa canina</i> L.	Rosaceae		CR
<i>Rosa sherardii</i> Davies	Rosaceae		EN
<i>Rubus arcticus</i> L.	Rosaceae		
<i>Rubus aureolus</i> Allander	Rosaceae	<i>Rubus sektio Corylifolii</i> (sis. <i>R. aureolus</i> ja <i>R. pruinosus</i>)	NT
<i>Rubus caesius</i> L.	Rosaceae		
<i>Rubus chamaemorus</i> L.	Rosaceae		
<i>Rubus humulifolius</i> C.A.Mey.	Rosaceae		RE
<i>Rubus idaeus</i> L.	Rosaceae	<i>Rubus sektio Corylifolii</i> (sis. <i>R. aureolus</i> ja <i>R. pruinosus</i>)	NT
<i>Rubus saxatilis</i> L.	Rosaceae		
<i>Rumex maritimus</i> L.	Polygonaceae		EN
<i>Rumex thyrsiflorus</i> Fingerh.	Polygonaceae		NT

<i>Salicornia europaea</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae		EN
<i>Salix arbuscula</i> L.	Salicaceae		EN•
<i>Salix lanata</i> subsp. <i>glandulifera</i> (Flod.) Hiitonen	Salicaceae	<i>Salix glandulifera</i>	VU
<i>Salix pyrolifolia</i> Ledeb.	Salicaceae		CR
<i>Salsola kali</i> L.	Chenopodiaceae	<i>Salsola kali</i> subsp. <i>kali</i>	EN
<i>Saxifraga adscendens</i> L.	Saxifragaceae		EN
<i>Saxifraga hirculus</i> L.	Saxifragaceae		VU
<i>Scirpus radicans</i> Schkuhr	Cyperaceae		EN
<i>Sedum villosum</i> L.	Crassulaceae		VU
<i>Silene furcata</i> Raf.	Caryophyllaceae	<i>Silene involucrata</i> subsp. <i>tenella</i> (<i>S. furcata</i> subsp. <i>angustiflora</i>)	CR
<i>Silene tatarica</i> (L.) Pers.	Caryophyllaceae		VU
<i>Sium latifolium</i> L.	Apiaceae		CR
<i>Sorbus intermedia</i> (Ehrh.) Pers.	Rosaceae		VU
<i>Sorbus meinichii</i> Hedl.	Rosaceae		CR
<i>Sparganium neglectum</i> Beeby	Sparganiaceae		EN
<i>Spergularia media</i> (L.) C.Presl	Caryophyllaceae		CR
<i>Stellaria crassifolia</i> Ehrh. Var. <i>minor</i>	Caryophyllaceae		EN
<i>Stellaria humifusa</i> Rottb.	Caryophyllaceae		RE
<i>Suaeda maritima</i> (L.) Dumort.	Chenopodiaceae		EN
<i>Taxus baccata</i> L.	Taxaceae		NT
<i>Thalictrum aquilegifolium</i> L.	Ranunculaceae		VU
<i>Thalictrum simplex</i> L. subsp. <i>simplex</i>	Ranunculaceae		VU
<i>Thymus serpyllum</i> L. subsp. <i>serpyllum</i>	Lamiaceae		NT
<i>Thymus serpyllum</i> subsp. <i>tanaensis</i> (Hyl.) Jalas	Lamiaceae		
<i>Trifolium aureum</i> Pollich	Fabaceae		NT
<i>Trifolium fragiferum</i> L.	Fabaceae		NT
<i>Trifolium medium</i> L.	Fabaceae		
<i>Trifolium montanum</i> L.	Fabaceae		NT
<i>Trifolium pratense</i> L.	Fabaceae		
<i>Trifolium repens</i> L.	Fabaceae		
<i>Trifolium spadiceum</i> L.	Fabaceae		NT
<i>Trisetum subalpestre</i> (Hartm.) Neuman	Poaceae		NT
<i>Ulmus glabra</i> Huds.	Ulmaceae		VU
<i>Ulmus laevis</i> Pall.	Ulmaceae		VU
<i>Urtica dioica</i> subsp. <i>sondenii</i> (Simmons) Hyl.	Urticaceae		
<i>Urtica urens</i> L.	Urticaceae		
<i>Valerianella locusta</i> (L.) Laterr.	Valerianaceae		NT
<i>Veratrum album</i> subsp. <i>lobelianum</i> (Bernh.) Arcang.	Liliaceae		CR
<i>Veronica alpina</i> L. subsp. <i>pumila</i>	Scrophulariaceae		VU
<i>Vicia cassubica</i> L.	Fabaceae		EN
<i>Vicia cracca</i> L.	Fabaceae		

<i>Vicia hirsuta</i> (L.) Gray	Fabaceae		
<i>Vicia lathyroides</i> L.	Fabaceae		VU
<i>Vicia sepium</i> L.	Fabaceae		
<i>Vicia sylvatica</i> L.	Fabaceae		
<i>Vicia tertrasperma</i> (L.) Schreb.	Fabaceae		
<i>Vicia villosa</i> Roth	Fabaceae		
<i>Viola collina</i> Besser	Violaceae		EN
<i>Viola persicifolia</i> Schreb.	Violaceae		EN
<i>Viola reichenbachiana</i> Boreau	Violaceae		EN
<i>Viola rupestris</i> subsp. <i>relicta</i> Jalas	Violaceae		EN
<i>Viola uliginosa</i> Besser	Violaceae		EN

6.3 Appendix 3. CWR taxa found in 5 proposed genetic reserve sites

SITE 1 (670:309)	63 taxa
<i>Allium oleraceum</i>	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>
<i>Allium scorodoprasum</i>	<i>Malus sylvestris</i>
<i>Allium vineale</i>	<i>Ophrys insectifera</i>
<i>Cardamine parviflora</i>	<i>Phleum phleoides</i>
<i>Carex appropinquata</i>	<i>Poa supina</i>
<i>Carex hartmanii</i>	<i>Polygala amarella</i>
<i>Carex hostiana</i>	<i>Polygala vulgaris</i>
<i>Carex ornithopoda</i>	<i>Primula farinosa</i>
<i>Carex pulicaris</i>	<i>Ribes nigrum</i>
<i>Carex vulpina</i>	<i>Ribes spicatum</i>
<i>Carlina vulgaris</i>	<i>Rubus caesius</i>
<i>Cladium mariscus</i>	<i>Rubus chamaemorus</i>
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	<i>Rubus idaeus</i>
<i>Crassula aquatica</i>	<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	<i>Salicornia europaea</i>
<i>Crataegus rhipidophylla</i>	<i>Sorbus intermedia</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata subsp. cruenta</i>	<i>Sorbus meinichii</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata subsp. incarnata</i>	<i>Spergularia media</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i>	<i>Trifolium fragiferum</i>
<i>Drosera intermedia</i>	<i>Trifolium medium</i>
<i>Epipactis palustris</i>	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>
<i>Festuca ovina</i>	<i>Trifolium repens</i>
<i>Festuca rubra</i>	<i>Ulmus glabra</i>
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	<i>Valerianella locusta</i>
<i>Fragaria viridis</i>	<i>Vicia cracca</i>
<i>Galium verum</i>	<i>Vicia hirsuta</i>
<i>Geranium dissectum</i>	<i>Vicia lathyroides</i>
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea var. conopsea</i>	<i>Vicia sepium</i>
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	<i>Vicia sylvatica</i>
<i>Lathyrus sylvestris</i>	<i>Vicia tetrasperma</i>
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i>	<i>Viola persicifolia</i>
<i>Liparis loeselii</i>	
SITE 2 (736:360)	24 taxa
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria ssp. lapponica</i>	<i>Epipactis atrorubens</i>
<i>Arnica angustifolia</i>	<i>Erigeron acris subsp. decoloratus</i>
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i>	<i>Gypsophila fastigiata</i>
<i>Carex heleonastes</i>	<i>Lactuca sibirica</i>
<i>Carex lepidocarpa subsp. jemtlandica</i>	<i>Primula stricta</i>
<i>Carex viridula var. bergrothii</i>	<i>Rubus arcticus</i>
<i>Dianthus superbus</i>	<i>Salix pyrolifolia</i>
<i>Diplazium sibiricum</i>	<i>Saxifraga hirculus</i>

<i>Draba cinerea</i>	<i>Silene tatarica</i>
<i>Elymus fibrosus</i>	<i>Thymus serpyllum subsp. tanaënsis</i>
<i>Elymus kronokensis</i>	<i>Trifolium spadiceum</i>
<i>Epilobium laestadii</i>	<i>Urtica dioica ssp. sondenii</i>
SITE 3 (664:328)	14 taxa
<i>Ammophila arenaria</i>	<i>Salsola kali</i>
<i>Atriplex glabriuscula</i>	<i>Stellaria crassifolia var. minor</i>
<i>Carex paniculata</i>	<i>Thymus serpyllum subsp. serpyllum</i>
<i>Elymus farctus subsp. boreoatlanticus</i>	<i>Trifolium aureum</i>
<i>Festuca polesica</i>	<i>Trifolium montanum</i>
<i>Lithospermum arvense</i>	<i>Urtica urens</i>
<i>Lythrum portula</i>	<i>Viola uliginosa</i>
SITE 4 (767:325)	13 taxa
<i>Arenaria norvegica</i>	<i>Erigeron borealis</i>
<i>Campanula uniflora</i>	<i>Euphrasia salisburgensis</i>
<i>Carex microglochin</i>	<i>Juncus arcticus</i>
<i>Draba alpina</i>	<i>Salix arbuscula</i>
<i>Draba daurica</i>	<i>Veronica alpina subsp. pumila</i>
<i>Draba fladnizensis</i>	<i>Viola rupestris subsp. relictata</i>
<i>Draba lactea</i>	
SITE 5 (668:310)	13 taxa
<i>Allium ursinum</i>	<i>Rosa canina</i>
<i>Arctium nemorosum</i>	<i>Rosa sherardii</i>
<i>Carex caryophyllea</i>	<i>Rumex thyrsiflorus</i>
<i>Carex remota</i>	<i>Taxus baccata</i>
<i>Potentilla neumanniana</i>	<i>Vicia villosa</i>
<i>Potentilla tabernaemontani</i>	<i>Viola reichenbachiana</i>
<i>Prunus spinosa</i>	

Total CWR in Sites:

SITE 1 (670:309)	63 taxa
<i>Allium oleraceum</i>	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>
<i>Allium scorodoprasum</i>	<i>Malus sylvestris</i>
<i>Allium vineale</i>	<i>Ophrys insectifera</i>
<i>Cardamine parviflora</i>	<i>Phleum phleoides</i>
<i>Carex appropinquata</i>	<i>Poa supina</i>
<i>Carex hartmanii</i>	<i>Polygala amarella</i>
<i>Carex hostiana</i>	<i>Polygala vulgaris</i>
<i>Carex ornithopoda</i>	<i>Primula farinosa</i>
<i>Carex pulicaris</i>	<i>Ribes nigrum</i>
<i>Carex vulpina</i>	<i>Ribes spicatum</i>
<i>Carlina vulgaris</i>	<i>Rubus caesius</i>
<i>Cladium mariscus</i>	<i>Rubus chamaemorus</i>
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	<i>Rubus idaeus</i>
<i>Crassula aquatica</i>	<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	<i>Salicornia europaea</i>
<i>Crataegus rhipidophylla</i>	<i>Sorbus intermedia</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata subsp. cruenta</i>	<i>Sorbus meinichii</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata subsp. incarnata</i>	<i>Spergularia media</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i>	<i>Trifolium fragiferum</i>
<i>Drosera intermedia</i>	<i>Trifolium medium</i>
<i>Epipactis palustris</i>	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>
<i>Festuca ovina</i>	<i>Trifolium repens</i>
<i>Festuca rubra</i>	<i>Ulmus glabra</i>
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	<i>Valerianella locusta</i>
<i>Fragaria viridis</i>	<i>Vicia cracca</i>
<i>Galium verum</i>	<i>Vicia hirsuta</i>
<i>Geranium dissectum</i>	<i>Vicia lathyroides</i>
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea var. conopsea</i>	<i>Vicia sepium</i>
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	<i>Vicia sylvatica</i>
<i>Lathyrus sylvestris</i>	<i>Vicia tetrasperma</i>
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i>	<i>Viola persicifolia</i>
<i>Liparis loeselii</i>	
SITE 2 (736:360)	39 taxa (+4 others within national park)
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria ssp. lapponica</i>	<i>Gypsophila fastigiata</i>
<i>Arnica angustifolia</i>	<i>Lactuca sibirica</i>
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i>	<i>Polygala amarella</i>
<i>Carex appropinquata</i>	<i>Primula stricta</i>
<i>Carex heleonastes</i>	<i>Ribes spicatum</i>
<i>Carex lepidocarpa subsp. jemtlandica</i>	<i>Rubus arcticus</i>
<i>Carex viridula var. bergrothii</i>	<i>Rubus chamaemorus</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata subsp. incarnata</i>	<i>Rubus idaeus</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i>	<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>
<i>Dianthus superbis</i>	<i>Salix pyrolifolia</i>
<i>Diplazium sibiricum</i>	<i>Saxifraga hirculus</i>
<i>Draba cinerea</i>	<i>Silene tatarica</i>

<i>Elymus fibrosus</i>	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i> ssp. <i>tanaënsis</i>
<i>Elymus kronokensis</i>	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>
<i>Epilobium laestadii</i>	<i>Trifolium repens</i>
<i>Epipactis atrorubens</i>	<i>Trifolium spadiceum</i>
<i>Erigeron acris</i> subsp. <i>decoloratus</i>	<i>Urtica dioica</i> ssp. <i>sondenii</i>
<i>Festuca ovina</i>	<i>Vicia cracca</i>
<i>Festuca rubra</i>	<i>Vicia sylvatica</i>
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	In Oulanka National Park additionally: <i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> subsp. <i>cruenta</i> , <i>Elymus alaskanus</i> ssp. <i>scandicus</i> , <i>Lonicera caerulea</i> , <i>Ranunculus lapponicus</i>
SITE 3 (664:328)	51 taxa
<i>Allium oleraceum</i>	<i>Malus sylvestris</i>
<i>Allium scorodoprasum</i>	<i>Ribes nigrum</i>
<i>Ammophila arenaria</i>	<i>Ribes spicatum</i>
<i>Atriplex glabriuscula</i>	<i>Rubus arcticus</i>
<i>Carex appropinquata</i>	<i>Rubus chamaemorus</i>
<i>Carex hostiana</i>	<i>Rubus idaeus</i>
<i>Carex paniculata</i>	<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>
<i>Carex pulicaris</i>	<i>Salsola kali</i>
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	<i>Stellaria crassifolia</i> var. <i>minor</i>
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	<i>Thymus serpyllum</i> ssp. <i>serpyllum</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> subsp. <i>incarnata</i>	<i>Trifolium aureum</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i>	<i>Trifolium medium</i>
<i>Drosera intermedia</i>	<i>Trifolium montanum</i>
<i>Elymus farctus</i> subsp. <i>boreoatlanticus</i>	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>
<i>Epipactis palustris</i>	<i>Trifolium repens</i>
<i>Festuca ovina</i>	<i>Trifolium spadiceum</i>
<i>Festuca polesica</i>	<i>Ulmus glabra</i>
<i>Festuca rubra</i>	<i>Urtica urens</i>
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	<i>Valerianella locusta</i>
<i>Galium verum</i>	<i>Vicia cracca</i>
<i>Galium verum</i>	<i>Vicia hirsuta</i>
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	<i>Vicia sepium</i>
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i>	<i>Vicia sylvatica</i>
<i>Lithospermum arvense</i>	<i>Vicia tetrasperma</i>
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	<i>Viola uliginosa</i>
<i>Lythrum portula</i>	
SITE 4 (767:325)	27 taxa
<i>Arenaria norvegica</i>	<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>
<i>Arnica angustifolia</i>	<i>Ribes spicatum</i>
<i>Campanula uniflora</i>	<i>Rubus arcticus</i>
<i>Carex microglochin</i>	<i>Rubus chamaemorus</i>
<i>Draba alpina</i>	<i>Rubus idaeus</i>
<i>Draba daurica</i>	<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>
<i>Draba fladnizensis</i>	<i>Salix arbuscula</i>
<i>Draba lactea</i>	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>
<i>Erigeron borealis</i>	<i>Trifolium repens</i>

<i>Euphrasia salisburgensis</i>	<i>Veronica alpina</i> subsp. <i>pumila</i>
<i>Festuca ovina</i>	<i>Vicia cracca</i>
<i>Festuca rubra</i>	<i>Vicia sepium</i>
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	<i>Viola rupestris</i> subsp. <i>relicta</i>
<i>Juncus arcticus</i>	
SITE 5 (668:310)	63 taxa
<i>Allium oleraceum</i>	<i>Potentilla tabernaemontani</i>
<i>Allium scorodoprasum</i>	<i>Primula farinosa</i>
<i>Allium ursinum</i>	<i>Prunus spinosa</i>
<i>Allium vineale</i>	<i>Ribes nigrum</i>
<i>Arctium nemorosum</i>	<i>Ribes spicatum</i>
<i>Carex caryophyllea</i>	<i>Rosa canina</i>
<i>Carex hostiana</i>	<i>Rosa sherardii</i>
<i>Carex ornithopoda</i>	<i>Rubus caesius</i>
<i>Carex pulicaris</i>	<i>Rubus chamaemorus</i>
<i>Carex remota</i>	<i>Rubus idaeus</i>
<i>Carex remota</i>	<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>
<i>Carex vulpina</i>	<i>Rumex thyrsiflorus</i>
<i>Carlina vulgaris</i>	<i>Salicornia europaea</i>
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	<i>Sorbus intermedia</i>
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	<i>Sorbus meinichii</i>
<i>Crataegus rhipidophylla</i>	<i>Taxus baccata</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> subsp. <i>cruenta</i>	<i>Trifolium fragiferum</i>
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata</i> subsp. <i>incarnata</i>	<i>Trifolium medium</i>
<i>Festuca ovina</i>	<i>Trifolium pratense</i>
<i>Festuca rubra</i>	<i>Trifolium repens</i>
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	<i>Ulmus glabra</i>
<i>Fragaria viridis</i>	<i>Valerianella locusta</i>
<i>Galium verum</i>	<i>Vicia cracca</i>
<i>Galium verum</i>	<i>Vicia hirsuta</i>
<i>Geranium dissectum</i>	<i>Vicia lathyroides</i>
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	<i>Vicia sepium</i>
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i>	<i>Vicia sylvatica</i>
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	<i>Vicia tetrasperma</i>
<i>Malus sylvestris</i>	<i>Vicia villosa</i>
<i>Polygala amarella</i>	<i>Viola persicifolia</i>
<i>Polygala vulgaris</i>	<i>Viola reichenbachiana</i>
<i>Potentilla neumanniana</i>	

6.4 Appendix 4: Ex situ conservation gaps

Priority CWR taxa	Red List 2010	GAPS: Neither in <i>ex situ</i> nor in Escape priority threatened taxa collecting list	GAPS: Neither in <i>ex situ</i> nor in Escape threatened taxa collecting list
<i>Aconitum lycoctonum ssp. septentrionale</i>	VU	x	
<i>Agrimonia pilosa</i>	EN		
<i>Agrostis clavata</i>	VU	x	
<i>Alchemilla hirsuticaulis</i>	VU	x	
<i>Alisma wahlenbergii</i>	EN		
<i>Allium oleraceum</i>		x	x
<i>Allium schoenoprasum</i>			
<i>Allium schoenoprasum ssp. alpinum</i>	NT	x	
<i>Allium scorodoprasum</i>		x	x
<i>Allium ursinum</i>	NT		
<i>Allium vineale</i>		x	x
<i>Ammophila arenaria</i>	EN		
<i>Anagallis minima</i>	EN		
<i>Anemone trifolia</i>	VU	x	
<i>Antennaria nordhageniana</i>	VU		
<i>Antennaria porsildii</i>	VU	x	
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i>		x	
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria ssp. lapponica</i>	NT	x	
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria ssp. polyphylla</i>	CR		
<i>Arctium nemorosum</i>	EN	x	
<i>Arenaria norvegica</i>	VU	x	
<i>Arnica angustifolia</i>	EN		
<i>Artemisia campestris ssp. bottnica</i>	CR		
<i>Asperula tinctoria</i>	CR		
<i>Asplenium adulterinum</i>	VU		
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i>	EN		
<i>Atriplex glabriuscula</i>	NT	x	
<i>Bromopsis benekenii</i>	CR		
<i>Campanula cervicaria</i>	VU	x	
<i>Campanula uniflora</i>	VU		
<i>Cardamine flexuosa</i>	EN		
<i>Cardamine impatiens</i>	EN		
<i>Cardamine parviflora</i>	EN		
<i>Carex appropinquata</i>	VU	x	
<i>Carex bohemica</i>	VU	x	
<i>Carex caryophyllea</i>	VU	x	
<i>Carex cuprina</i>	VU	x	
<i>Carex hartmanii</i>	EN		
<i>Carex heleonastes</i>	VU	x	

<i>Carex hostiana</i>	EN		
<i>Carex lepidocarpa ssp. jemtlandica</i>	VU	x	
<i>Carex lepidocarpa ssp. lepidocarpa</i>	EN		
<i>Carex maritima</i>	RE		
<i>Carex microglochin</i>	EN	x	
<i>Carex montana</i>	RE		
<i>Carex ornithopoda</i>	CR		
<i>Carex paniculata</i>	EN		
<i>Carex pulicaris</i>	VU	x	
<i>Carex remota</i>	EN	x	
<i>Carex viridula var. bergrothii</i>	VU	x	
<i>Carex vulpina</i>	EN		
<i>Carlina biebersteinii</i>	EN	x	
<i>Carlina vulgaris</i>	VU	x	
<i>Cinna latifolia</i>	NT		
<i>Cladium mariscus</i>	EN		
<i>Clematis alpina ssp. sibirica</i>	VU	x	
<i>Corylus avellana</i>		x	x
<i>Crassula aquatica</i>	VU		
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	VU	x	
<i>Crataegus rhipidophylla</i>	VU	x	
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata ssp. cruenta</i>	VU		
<i>Dactylorhiza incarnata ssp. incarnata</i>	VU	x	
<i>Dactylorhiza lapponica</i>	VU	x	
<i>Dactylorhiza traunsteineri</i>	VU	x	
<i>Dianthus arenarius ssp. borussicus</i>	EN		
<i>Dianthus superbus</i>	CR		
<i>Diphasiastrum tristachyum</i>	EN		
<i>Diplazium sibiricum</i>		x	x
<i>Draba alpina</i>	EN		
<i>Draba cinerea</i>	VU		
<i>Draba daurica</i>	VU	x	
<i>Draba fladnizensis</i>	VU	x	
<i>Draba lactea</i>	VU	x	
<i>Draba nemorosa</i>	EN	x	
<i>Drosera intermedia</i>	VU	x	
<i>Dryopteris fragrans</i>	NT	x	
<i>Elymus alaskanus ssp. scandicus</i>	NT	x	
<i>Elymus farctus ssp. boreoatlanticus</i>	VU		
<i>Elymus fibrosus</i>	VU		
<i>Epilobium laestadii</i>	EN		
<i>Epilobium obscurum</i>	EN		
<i>Epipactis atrorubens</i>	VU	x	
<i>Epipactis palustris</i>	EN		
<i>Erica tetralix</i>	CR		
<i>Erigeron acris ssp. decoloratus</i>	VU		

<i>Erigeron borealis</i>	VU	x	
<i>Euphrasia micrantha</i>	EN		
<i>Euphrasia rostkoviana ssp. fennica</i>	EN		
<i>Euphrasia salisburgensis</i>	EN		
<i>Festuca gigantea</i>	EN		
<i>Festuca ovina</i>			
<i>Festuca polesica</i>	NT	x	
<i>Festuca rubra</i>			
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>		x	x
<i>Fragaria viridis</i>	VU	x	
<i>Galium saxatile</i>	EN		
<i>Galium schultesii</i>	CR		
<i>Galium verum</i>	VU	x	
<i>Geranium dissectum</i>	EN	x	
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea var. conopsea</i>	VU	x	
<i>Gypsophila fastigiata</i>	EN		
<i>Gypsophila muralis</i>	VU	x	
<i>Hippuris tetraphylla</i>	EN		
<i>Hypericum montanum</i>	CR		
<i>Juncus arcticus</i>	EN	x	
<i>Lactuca sibirica</i>		x	x
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>		x	x
<i>Lathyrus sylvestris</i>		x	x
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i>		x	x
<i>Leersia oryzoides</i>	VU		
<i>Lepidium latifolium</i>	NT	x	
<i>Liparis loeselii</i>	CR		
<i>Lithospermum arvense</i>	EN	x	
<i>Lonicera caerulea</i>	EN		
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>		x	x
<i>Lythrum portula</i>	VU	x	
<i>Malus sylvestris</i>	VU	x	
<i>Melica ciliata</i>	CR		
<i>Melica uniflora</i>	EN		
<i>Mentha aquatica var. aquatica</i>	VU	x	
<i>Ononis arvensis</i>	VU		
<i>Ophrys insectifera</i>	EN		
<i>Persicaria foliosa</i>	EN		
<i>Phleum phleoides</i>	NT	x	
<i>Phleum pratense</i>			
<i>Phleum pratense ssp. nodosum</i>	NT	x	
<i>Pimpinella major</i>	CR		
<i>Poa supina</i>	NT	x	
<i>Polygala amarella</i>	VU	x	
<i>Polygala comosa</i>	EN		
<i>Polygala vulgaris</i>	VU	x	

<i>Polygonum oxyspermum</i>	CR		
<i>Potentilla anglica</i>	EN		
<i>Potentilla neumanniana</i>	VU	x	
<i>Potentilla tabernaemontani</i>	EN		
<i>Primula farinosa</i>	EN		
<i>Primula nutans</i> var. <i>jokelae</i>	VU		
<i>Primula stricta</i>	EN	x	
<i>Prunus spinosa</i>	NT	x	
<i>Puccinellia phryganodes</i>	CR		
<i>Pulsatilla patens</i>	EN		
<i>Pulsatilla vernalis</i>	VU	x	
<i>Ranunculus lapponicus</i>		x	x
<i>Ranunculus sulphureus</i>	EN		
<i>Ribes nigrum</i>		x	x
<i>Ribes spicatum</i>		x	x
<i>Rosa canina</i>	CR		
<i>Rosa sherardii</i>	EN		
<i>Rubus arcticus</i>		x	x
<i>Rubus aureolus</i>	NT	x	
<i>Rubus caesius</i>		x	x
<i>Rubus chamaemorus</i>		x	x
<i>Rubus humulifolius</i>	RE		
<i>Rubus idaeus</i>	NT	x	
<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>		x	x
<i>Rumex maritimus</i>	EN		
<i>Rumex thyrsiflorus</i>	NT	x	
<i>Salicornia europaea</i>	EN	x	
<i>Salix arbuscula</i>	EN•	x	
<i>Salix lanata</i> ssp. <i>glandulifera</i>	VU	x	
<i>Salix pyrolifolia</i>	CR		
<i>Salsola kali</i>	EN		
<i>Saxifraga adscendens</i>	EN		
<i>Saxifraga hirculus</i>	VU		
<i>Scirpus radicans</i>	EN		
<i>Sedum villosum</i>	VU	x	
<i>Silene furcata</i>	CR	x	
<i>Silene tatarica</i>	VU	x	
<i>Sium latifolium</i>	CR		
<i>Sorbus intermedia</i>	VU	x	
<i>Sorbus meinichii</i>	CR		
<i>Sparganium neglectum</i>	RE		
<i>Spergularia media</i>	CR		
<i>Stellaria crassifolia</i> var. <i>minor</i>	EN		
<i>Stellaria humifusa</i>	RE		
<i>Suaeda maritima</i>	EN		
<i>Taxus baccata</i>	NT	x	

<i>Thalictrum aquilegifolium</i>	VU	x	
<i>Thalictrum simplex ssp. simplex</i>	VU	x	
<i>Thymus serpyllum ssp. serpyllum</i>	NT	x	
<i>Thymus serpyllum ssp. tanaensis</i>		x	x
<i>Trifolium aureum</i>	NT	x	
<i>Trifolium fragiferum</i>	NT	x	
<i>Trifolium medium</i>		x	x
<i>Trifolium montanum</i>	NT	x	
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>			
<i>Trifolium repens</i>			
<i>Trifolium spadiceum</i>	NT	x	
<i>Trisetum subalpestre</i>	NT	x	
<i>Ulmus glabra</i>	VU	x	
<i>Ulmus laevis</i>	VU	x	
<i>Urtica dioica ssp. sondenii</i>		x	x
<i>Urtica urens</i>		x	x
<i>Valerianella locusta</i>	NT	x	
<i>Veratrum album ssp. lobelianum</i>	CR		
<i>Veronica alpina ssp. pumila</i>	VU	x	
<i>Vicia cassubica</i>	EN		
<i>Vicia cracca</i>		x	x
<i>Vicia hirsuta</i>		x	x
<i>Vicia lathyroides</i>	VU	x	
<i>Vicia sepium</i>		x	x
<i>Vicia sylvatica</i>		x	x
<i>Vicia tertrasperma</i>		x	x
<i>Vicia villosa</i>		x	x
<i>Viola collina</i>	EN		
<i>Viola persicifolia</i>	EN		
<i>Viola reichenbachiana</i>	EN		
<i>Viola rupestris ssp. relictata</i>	EN		
<i>Viola uliginosa</i>	EN		



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