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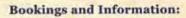
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E BEERS



AUSTRALIAN

The Biggest Province in South Africa with the biggest hand-dug hole in the World is offering accommodation in the biggest Museum to the business traveler, the tourist and the adventurer. Staying at our Establishment is like revisiting the diamond rush known as the era of Fame, Fashion and Wealth.

The Australian Arms Guest Lodge is situated on the Big Hole Complex in Kimberley where every building is a testimonial to an era long gone by. A closer look at the complex will reveal the secret of a town once frequented and owned by fortune seekers some that become rich and famous and some that just did not make it.

Established in 1873 on the edge of the Big Hole the AAGL was most conveniently situated as a boarding house cum Hotel for miners, diamond dealers and hawkers including those that has just popped in for a drink or two.

The location of The AAGL is today still relevant and ideal for visitors to the Diamond City with most businesses and attractions within five minutes drive from the guest house.

The Australian Arms Guesthouse boast thirteen exclusive rooms all in their original form with Victorian Bathrooms and can accommodate up to 26 people sharing.

For the completion of your experience a unique restaurant (THE BLUE LACE) and menu has been added offering true South African cuisine and excellent wine from the finest wineries in our Country-South Africa.

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The Big Hole Complex, Tucker Street, Kimberley Telephone: 053 832 1526 Fax Number: 086 546 4789 Emails: info@australianarms.co.za Website: www.australianarms.co.za

Experience the Northern Cape

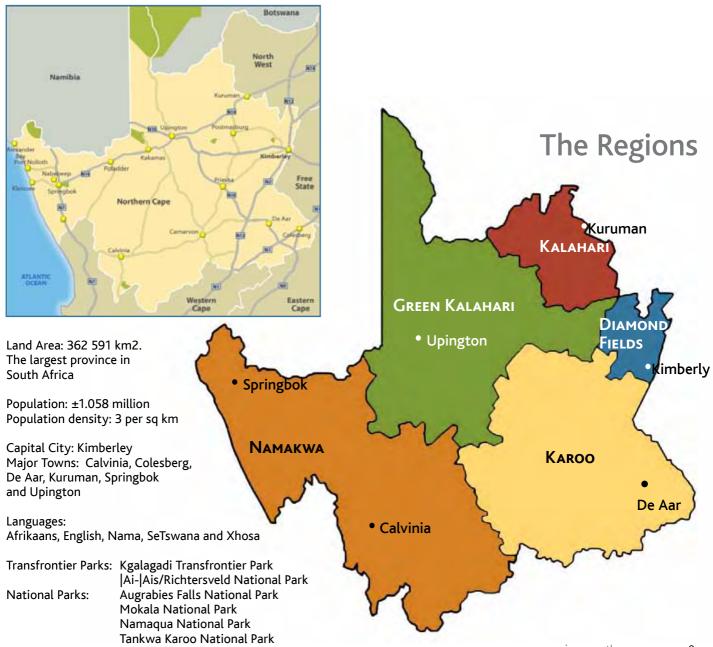
Majestically covering more than 360 000 square kilometres from the world-renowned Kalahari Desert in the North to the arid plains of the Karoo in the South, the Northern Cape Province of South Africa offers visitors an unforgettable holiday experience.

Characterised by its open spaces, friendly people, rich history and unique cultural diversity, this land of the extreme promises an unparalleled tourism destination of extreme nature, real culture and extreme adventure.

The province is easily accessible and served by the Kimberley and Upington airports with daily flights from Johannesburg and Cape Town. Charter options from Windhoek, Victoria Falls and an internal aerial network make the exploration of all five regions possible.

The province is divided into five regions and boasts a total of six national parks, including two Transfrontier parks crossing into world-famous safari destinations such as Namibia and Botswana as well as six provincial nature reserves, two of the largest rivers in South Africa and three legendary Deserts.

THE NORTHERN CAPE AT A GLANCE







DIAMOND FIELDS

Memories of Kimberley's days as a tent town still linger today. Many old buildings, museums and one of South Africa's most important art galleries pay homage to the days of the diamond rush. A reconstruction of the original 'rush town' stands alongside the incredible Big Hole, the largest hand-dug excavation in the world, and offers visitors a peek into the vibrant history of Kimberley.

During the Anglo-Boer War, Kimberley was besieged by the Boers for four months. Boer forces surrounding Kimberley showed how a determined, small and underresourced force could keep the British army at bay for months. But Kimberley also has a rich archaeological heritage, including stunning examples of ancient rock engravings, reflects a past that reaches back to the very origin of humankind.



Barkly West

Barkly West lies just off the N12, northwest of Kimberley in the Northern Cape. The first major diamond rush of the 1870s happened here.

Must-see stops in town include St Mary's, the first Anglican Church of the diamond fields, dated 1871, the Barkly West Museum in the Toll House at the Barkly Bridge. This bridge was the first ever built over the Vaal River and was transported here in sections from the United Kingdom. Also a great place for fishing, boating, canoeing and waterskiing.

Delportshoop

This small town is located 60 kilometres northwest of Kimberley between the Harts and Vaal rivers at the foot of the Ghaap Plato.

Hartswater

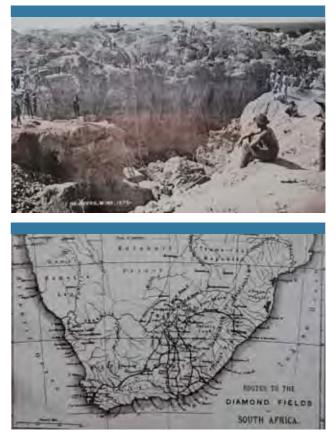
Planned in 1934 to serve the northern section of the Vaalharts Irrigation Scheme, Hartswater's growth has been nurtured by its irrigation canals and today the town is surrounded by trees and tracts of fertile ground. One can visit the Hartswater Wine Cellar and also one of South Africa's national heritage sites, the Taung Heritage site and home to million year old skull of the Taung Child found in 1924 by Prof Raymond Dart.

Jan Kempdorp

This idyllic town serves the southern section of the Vaalharts Irrigation Scheme. Visit the burial site of German and other soldiers and promenade along Poplar Lane, the world's longest lane.

Kimberley

In 1871, diamond deposits found on a hillock dubbed Colesberg Kopje on the farm Vooruitzicht, owned by the De Beer brothers, led to a mad scramble for fame and fortune and the world's largest, hand-dug excavation, the colossal Kimberley Mine or Big Hole. By 1872, the tents and shacks of more than 50 000 fervent diggers crowded New Rush, the mining town surrounding the



Top: Digging the Big Hole, Kimberley. Bottom: Routes of the Diamond Fields of South Africa, 1872.

hillock. In 1873, the town was renamed Kimberley, after the Earl of Kimberley, British Secretary of State for the Colony.

By 1900 Kimberley had become a prosperous town and its complex web of roads is a topographic reminder of a chaotic past. By the time the Kimberley Mine was closed in 1914, it covered 17 hectares, reached down to a depth of 1 097m and had yielded three tons of diamonds.

Today, Kimberley is a prosperous, thriving metropolis with Victorian buildings that complement the more modern buildings of the CBD. Perhaps the most innovative town in South Africa, Kimberley is home to the first South African flying school, the first stock exchange and was the first city in the Southern Hemisphere to install electric street lighting. To see and do:

• The Big Hole, Kimberley - The magnificent era of Diamond Discovery in Kimberley is brought back to life. Take a walk down cobble stoned memory lane and relive the 19th Century with its fascinating buildings. Enjoy an unforgettable underground experience.

• Enjoy the Belgravia historical walk featuring 33 of the city's most historical buildings and sites from museums to memorials and gardens.

• Do a **battlefield morning tour**.

 Visit Kamfers Dam – largest permanent population of Lesser Flamingo.

· For outdoor enthusiasts there is Fly-fishing at the lower Vaal and Riet rivers

 Visit the Wildebeest Kuil Rock Art Centre which is situated on a farm belonging to the !Xun & Khwe, who collaborated in making this pristine Khoisan heritage site open to the public. The Centre boasts a superb visitors' centre, a movie auditorium, art & craft shop and tearoom and an audio-guided walk through the rock art site. Tel 053 8337069

• Do a guided township tour and learn more about the cultures of the Northern Cape and Kimberley, lunch at a local restaurant and enjoy a taste of the local cuisine.

• Duggan Cronin Gallery - Revamped photographic gallery with ethnographic emphasis. The core of the collection consists of some 8 000 photographs taken by Irishman AM Duggan-Cronin between 1919 and 1939.

• McGregor Museum - A national monument, built in 1897 at Rhodes instigation as a hotel and health resort. The museum displays natural history, the Siege of Kimberley, a Hall of Religions and the acclaimed Ancestors Gallery depicting three million years of human history in the Northern Cape.

• Visit Sol Plaatje house, - ANC founding member and as South Africa's first black journalist contributed greatly to journalism and literature.

Modder River

Modder River lies south of Kimberley near the confluence of the Riet and Modder Rivers and forms part of the N12 Battle Route. Visit the three monuments which commemorates the Battle of Modder River during the Anglo-Boer War.



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It is also home to one of the province's top golf courses, Magersfontein Memorial Golf Estate - Contact +27(0) 53 581 9000/ +27(0)83 264 7343.

Warrenton

In 1880, a syndicate bought the western portion of the farm Grasbult on the Vaal River to irrigate the fertile land and to produce vegetables for those working the diamond fields. Named after Sir Charles Warren, diamonds were discovered here in 1888 and mining still continues. Be sure to visit the semi-precious stone factory.

Jungnickel Guesthouse and Conference Centre



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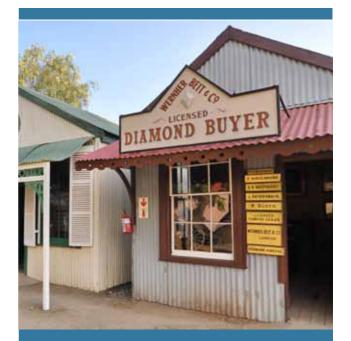
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WINNER IN THE 2011 AA TRAVEL GUIDES & AMERICAN EXPRESS® ACCOMMODATION AWARDS CATEGORY: GAME &/OR NATURE RESERVE - SMALL.

Windsorton

Situated on the banks of the Vaal River, the town started out as a mission station called Hebron. Diamonds were discovered in the river and prospectors flooded the village. The town was named after PF Windsor, owner of the land on which it developed, and diamonds are still found in the area.



DIAMOND FIELDS TOURISM

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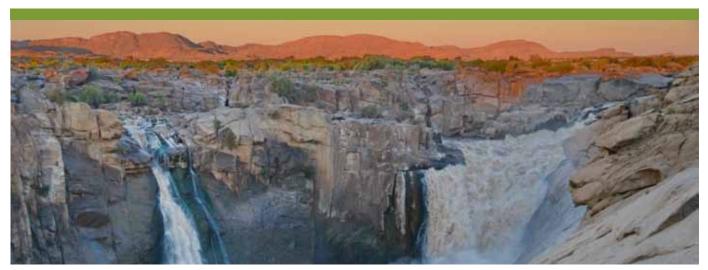
Green Kalahari

The fertile valleys of the Orange River provide a stark contrast to the bleak semi-desert of the Green Kalahari. The majestic river meanders through a giant valley of its own making. At the impressive Augrabies Falls National Park, the deafening fury of torrents of gushing water plummeting 56m down a series of granite cataracts speaks volumes for the river's awesome power. By 1884, the river had been claimed by colonialists and irrigation and development followed.

Today, visitors can travel tranquilly from wine cellars to tearooms in the desert; from a luxurious lodge to the desolation of Verneukpan. Yet, not all is tamed. The mighty Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park, Africa's first Transfrontier Park, comprises almost 3.7 million hectares of sparsely vegetated, red sand dunes and dry riverbeds.

The reserve provides sanctuary for gemsbok, springbok, blue wildebeest, red hartebeest, eland, lion, leopard, cheetah and smaller game. One of Africa's last pristine game reserves, the size of the park allows for the mass migration of different species, a truly awe-inspiring and moving experience.





Augrabies

Augrabies is south west of Upington on the edge of the Kalahari Desert, the huge sand basin that spans from the Orange River up to Angola. Augrabies is surrounded by flourishing green vineyards and the town is predominantly home to workers of the Orange River wine cellars, the second largest co-operative wine cellar in the world.

Augrabies takes its name from the falls – the Khoi word Aukoerebis means 'the water that thunders' – which is definitely one of the major attractions. The river thunders down into the 18 kilometre abyss of the Orange River Gorge. Hiking along the edge of the gorge with truly magnificent views or longer hikes to Moon Rock and the Potholes are truly worth the effort, whilst the birdlife and characteristic quiver trees make a visit here essential.

Daniëlskuil

Daniëlskuil lies at the foot of the Kuruman Hills, 90km south of Kuruman. Tswana occupied the land on which it is built before it became home to the Griqua. Passing through in 1816, missionary James Read named the place 'Fraaifontein' (pretty fountain). Other sources quote 'Koup' and 'Tlakalatlou' (SeTswana for elephant's reed) as its name. The name, Daniel's Den was first found in documents by the missionary Campbell in 1820. The name derives from a natural crater in the limestone formation, reminding observers of the biblical story of Daniel.

Top: The Augrabies Falls in high water season

Groblershoop

Founded in 1936 and named after a former Minister of Agriculture, Groblershoop is a farming and administrative centre in the Orange River Valley, east of Upington. This is also home of the Boegoeberg Dam, famed for its watersport activities, the roaring red and white sand dunes and its countless quiver trees (kokerboom).

Kakamas

To some, the town's name originates from the Khoi word 'gagamas' (brown), referring to the red clay of the area with which women daub their faces. To most, though, Kakamas is a Korana word meaning 'poor pasture' or 'vicious, charging ox'.

The river islands of Marchand, Zoetap and Neus became a labour colony for the poor. Today these farming ventures are successfully exporting table grapes worldwide.

To see and do:

• Visit the **Khamkirri Private Game Reserve** which offers game drives, river rafting, horse riding, angling, abseiling, water skiing and hiking trails.

• Do also enjoy **wine tasting and a wine tour** at the Orange River Wine Cellars.



Kanoneiland

The town is a settlement on the biggest island in the lower Orange River region with virtually every inch of soil under irrigation. Take a leisurely drive between the many vineyards before enjoying a spit roast, home-baked breads, several traditional desserts and locally produced wines.

Keimoes

The origin of this little oasis's name remains in dispute. Legend has it that Korana leader, Klaas Lukas, established a village on the banks of the Orange River near the Tier Mountains. He called the village Keimoes (mouse nest) after the colonies of mice living there.

A more probable origin lies in the Nama words 'gei' (great) and 'mus' (fountain or eye). Semantics aside, Keimoes is a picturesque little town often described as a lost piece of the Boland. Close by is the **Tierberg Nature Reserve** known for its flowering beauty both in winter, aloes and succulents in Spring. Keep a close lookout for the reconstructed waterwheel in the Main Street.

Kenhardt

The town is at the heart of the Dorper sheep farming area.

To see and do: •Visit the **Quiver Tree (Kokerboom) forest** with its abundance



Top left: At the "Pink shop" in Kakamas Top right: Vineyards near Keimoes Below: Padstall in Kenhardt

of quiver trees (400 to 500 quiver trees). The forest also offers a number of well maintained hiking routes.

• The town and surrounds also offer an exclusive **San trail**, a guided tour which will take you through several hills where San engravings can be seen.





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The red Kalahari sand

Mier Area (Askham, Andriesvale, Noenieput)

This pristine southern Kalahari wilderness area with dunes averaging 35m in height offers unforgettable and breathtaking scenic sights. The municipal area of Mier includes the communities of Rietfontein, Philandersbron, Loubos, Klein Mier, Groot Mier, Welkom, Askham and Noenieput.

This is the land of one of the world's ancient tribes, the !Khomani San. They produce and sell authentic curios like bows and arrows, beads made out of the ostrich egg shells and animal skin bags. The Askham community developed around the school, which was built in 1931, and the Dutch Reformed Church that serves the whole Kalahari.

To see and do: • **4x4 Trails** – on Pulai farm. Tel +27 (0)54 531 0928 or 074 420 4334

• **Kalahari 4x4 Trail** – This tough 250km trail can be done in two or three days offers a thatch and reed hut complete with flush toilet, running water and bar. It sleeps eight people. For bookings please call +27(0)54 338 0375, 083 493 5041 or mail dantes@kalahari-tours.co.za.



Mier Area - !Xaus Lodge

!Xaus Lodge provides luxury accommodation in the Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park for eco-tourists and visitors to the Kalahari. The complex consists of a central lodge building and 12 individual chalets, each with its own deck overlooking a vast saltpan and waterhole fed with fresh water. Pronounced 'kaus', this is a place to experience a unique desert environment.

In May 2002, the !Khomani San and Mier communities reached an historic land settlement agreement with the government of South Africa and South African National Parks (SanParks), which restored a large tract of land to the communities that had once roamed or farmed this area. Named the !Ae!Hai Kalahari Heritage Park Agreement, its outcome resulted in the transfer of ownership of 50 000 hectares of land within the boundaries of Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park (KTP) from SanParks to the two communities, who then leased the land back to SanParks.

!Xaus Lodge is a Co-operation Lodge, jointly owned by the communities and the Transfrontier Parks.

Riemvaasmaak - A Community Restored

This spectacular area with its towering granite canyons is owned and run by the community of Riemvasmakers. It was one of the first land restitution projects in South Africa and has much to offer the intrepid traveller. Best accessed with a 4x4 vehicle, the rugged rocky scenery seems to belong on another planet.

Besides 4x4 trails, visitors can enjoy bathing in a natural outdoor hot spring, abseiling, river rafting, San rock art viewing

and guided tours. Traditional dances and meals can be arranged and accommodation is available in comfortable chalets that are perched on the edge of cliff walls.

Olifantshoek

The only town at the foot of the Langeberg Mountain, Olifantshoek is a farming town adjacent to two game ranches on the Namakwari Route. Founded in 1895, the village is called the 'Gateway to the White and Roaring Sands' 78km south of the town. This area offers visitors an abundance of adventure activities.

Upington

This principal town of the Green Kalahari is 820km north of Cape Town and 875km west of Johannesburg. The town of Upington, named after the first Attorney General of the Cape Sir Thomas Upington, was formed by uniting Christian Schröder's 1871 mission station Olyfenhoutsdrift and the Upington police station. Originally known as Kharahais, Upington is the commercial, educational and social centre of the Green Kalahari, owing its prosperity to agriculture and its irrigated lands along the Orange River.

Upington enjoys a summer rainfall and a hot climate, which makes it an ideal winter holiday destination with excellent facilities. Linked by air and road to most parts of the country, the town is accessible, offers excellent accommodation and has a well-developed commercial infrastructure.

Located on the Kalahari-Namaqua-Namibia (Namakwari) route to and from Johannesburg and Cape Town, it is a convenient stop-over for travellers to the Augrabies Falls National Park, the Fish River Canyon, the Namaqualand flowers and the Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park.

One will also cross the mighty Orange River, one of the largest rivers in South Africa and one which provides a bloodline for this predominantly arid region. The river creates a virtual oasis along its banks and contributes to the vibrant agricultural community of the region. Ten percent of the country's vineyards are located in the Upington region, which is also home to the award-winning Orange River Wine Cellars. To see and do:

• Enjoy micro or gyro flights

Visit the Mill Community Craft Centre

• Tour the **Orange River Wine Cellars** the largest in the country and second largest in the world (054 337 8800)

• Do stop by the **Semiprecious Stones shop and museum** and learn more about the beautiful and ancient stones such as beryl, amethyst agate, tourmaline, jasper and rose quartz.

• Visit the **South African Dried Fruit Co-operative**, the second largest and most modern in the world

• Do not miss **Kanoneiland** - a large island in the Orange River with virtually every inch under irrigation. A good stop over for luncheon – the local cuisine offers home baked bread, spit roasts and traditional deserts.

• **Riemvasmaak Community** – visit one of the oldest tribes of Africa – the Nama Bushmen- settlement and refresh yourself at the hot springs.

• Visit the **Augrabies Falls**, as the Orange River approaches the Augrabies Falls it divides itself into numerous channels before cascading down the 56 meter high waterfall. The river then continues its path through an 18 kilometre gorge. The sight and sound of the power of the water will not be easily forgotten.



GREEN KALAHARI TOURISM

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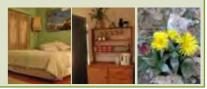
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KALAHARI

The sundrenched Kalahari with its endless horizons evokes memories of a land before time. Beneath the Kalahari's blanket of red sand hides a treasure trove of iron, manganese and other precious ores as well an abundance of wildlife. The Kalahari is home to 40 raptor and vulture species (of 67 species in South Africa) and seven owl species (of 12 species nationally).

Flowing from an amazing dolomite spring, the beautiful Eye of Kuruman feeds forests of majestically tall camel thorn trees silhouetted against the seamless horizon of the great, mystical and miraculous Kalahari Desert.



Black Rock

This mining town lies twenty-five kilometres from Hotazel and is home to the province's Assmang's underground manganese mine. The town also has its own landing strip.

To do and see:

• View the **manganese mineral collection** - Assmang Geology Office. Tel +27(0) 053 751 5201 0r 053 751 5555.

• Mine Tour – Tour the spectacular **tunnels and rock formations** of Black Rock's worked-out manganese mine. Restricted to 20 people books are essential. Tel +27(0)53 751 5201.

Dibeng

Dibeng (first drinking place) was named by the SeTswana and is located on the banks of the dry Gamagara River. The town has strong Dutch Reformed roots with the congregations at Kuruman, Kathu and Olifantshoek having seceded from the original congregation in Dibeng.

Hotazel

An important mining town, Hotazel is set on a bush-covered, featureless plain. Hotazel is home to Samancor's Mamatwan open-quarry manganese ore mine and sinter plant, Wessels underground manganese ore mine and railway terminus.

Kathu/Sishen

Kathu (the town under the trees) came into being because of the iron ore mining activity in the Kalahari and strategically connected by road, rail and air through nearby Kimberley. Some of the world's longest ore trains travel through harsh territory to offload their precious cargo at Saldanha Bay.

It is also home to South Africa's most beautiful desert golf course.

To see and do:

• Camping, caravanning, fishing and horse-riding at Khai-Appel Recreation Resort. +27(0)79 973 4718.

• Guided tours of the **world's largest open-cast iron mine** by appointment. Tel +27 (0)53 739 2619



Top: Sociable Weaver nest Middle: Sishen Iron ining - one of largest open cast mines in the world. Below: the Sishen championship golf course



Water lillies covering the "Eye of Kuruman" - one of the strongest natural springs in the Southern hemisphere

Kuruman

On the Ghaap Plateau 1 131m above sea level, Kuruman is the principal town on the Kalahari section of the Namakwari Route. The origin of the town's name is uncertain but it is generally accepted as being a variation of the name of an 18th-century San leader Kudumane.

Known as the 'Oasis of the Kalahari', Kuruman is blessed with a permanent and abundant source of water. More densely vegetated than most oases, its water flows from Gasegonyana, commonly called The Eye. The spring delivers 20 million litres of water daily to 71 000 inhabitants and even nurtures an endangered species of cichlid fish.

Scottish missionary Robert Moffat, the first person to translate the Bible into SeTswana, lived here for 50 years (1820-1870) and built the famous Moffat Church, which was completed in 1838. The Moffats baptised their first converts in 1829, taught them to read, and, using their own printing press, printed the first Bible in Africa.

To see and do:

• The abundant game bred and culled in the area is fast turning it into a mecca for hunters.

• Visit the Wonderwerk Cave and Rock Paintings – archaeological excavations of the 140m long cave dates back over a million years and finds include Acheulean hand axes and cleavers from the Stone Age and artefacts dating to the Later Stone Age.





The Pygmy Falcon is the smallest falcon in the world and can be found throughout the Kalahari region.

Van Zylsrus

A popular stopover for tourists on their way to the Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park, Van Zylsrus is surrounded by the rust-red dunes of the Kalahari and offers true Kalahari hospitality and a paradise for biltong lovers.



KALAHARI TOURISM

4 Federal Building, Mynbou Street, Kuruman PO Box 1480, Kuruman 8460

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terwyl die wild op you voorstoep wei.

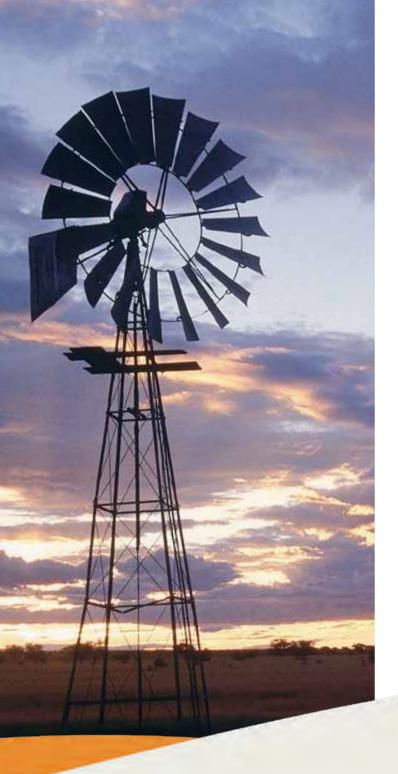
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KAROO

With the first rains, the seemingly arid soil of the Karoo bursts into abundant life, its hardy succulents complementing the sweet grasses on which the region's merino and fat-tailed sheep graze.

Small, isolated but welcoming villages, distinct Karoo architecture and imposing churches rest in valleys between desolate, flat-topped koppies. Take a short trip from Colesberg, an essential stopover for all travellers and a sheep-farming centre, to Hopetown, the scene of South Africa's first recorded diamond find.

On return, travellers pass the self-proclaimed Afrikaner Volkstaat Orania en-route to Vanderkloof Dam and the Rolfontein Nature Reserve on its shores. Indulge in water sports or relax on its secluded banks, which stretch 100km to the Doornkloof Nature Reserve on the manmade lake's southern shores. Visit, hunt or hike on game farms and nature reserves teeming with every species of antelope.





Britstown

The town was named after Hans Brits, who accompanied David Livingstone on a venture to the interior and then settled on the farm Gemsbokfontein. A private irrigation scheme was started by the Smart Syndicate in 1885 and built two dams, planted lucerne and wheat and reared karakul sheep and Clydesdale horses.

To see and do:

• View **Khoisan Rock Art** – Important archaeological heritage sites can be found on the farms Brakwater, Keurfontein, Maritzdam and Omdraaivlei. Visitors do require permission to enter, please contact the local tourist information office for enquiries.

• **Touch the Stars** - Excursions to marvel at the sparkling Karoo night sky can be arranged by the Transkaroo Country Lodge.

Campbell

This village on the edge of the Ghaap Plateau was one of the earliest centres of Christianity north of the Orange River. Originally Grootfontein or Knoffelvallei, the town was renamed to honour the Reverend John Campbell, an avid traveller and missionary in 1813. Renowned for its spectacular dolomite rock formations, many springs, Karee and Wild Olive trees, Campbell has a multi-faceted history and has been home to San, Korana and later Griqua settlers drawn by the springs.

To see and do:

• Visit the historical **Aloe Nature Reserve** on the edge of the Ghaap Plateau.

• Interested in the Anglo-Boer War? Visit **Fabersput Battlefield** and the monument to Kasie Briedenham and the grave of Oupa Swartbooi, a British spy.

Canarvon

Communities of Xhosa moved up to the Orange River as early as 1795. One group settled at Schietfontein, which was served by a Rhenish mission, and a village named Harmsfontein was established in 1860. In 1874, it changed its name to honour the British Colonial, Secretary Lord Carnarvon. The district is well known for its corbelled houses, built between 1811 and 1815. Carnarvon is set among flat-topped hills and is one of the region's busiest farming centres.

It continued to be an important town even in modern days. South Africa is ready to host the world's most powerful radio telescope, the Square Kilometer Array (SKA), and Carnavon has been identified as the host town.

To see and do:

Visit the Tortoise Reserve home to 60 mountain tortoises.

Colesberg

Surrounded by koppies and flanked by the towering Coleskop, it is evident where the former name Toverberg (Magic Mountain) derives from, it is visible from 40km, but appears to get no closer. In 1814, a mission station was built here in the hope of bringing peace to the volatile frontier area of the Cape Colony.

The town was re-named after Sir Lowry Cole, then Cape Governor and was also home to the former Transvaal Republic's President, Paul Kruger. Born in Cradock in 1825, he is believed to have spent his formative years on the farm Vaalbank in the town district.

Today, Colesberg is a traveller's oasis on the N1 national highway between Cape Town and Johannesburg route and offers many

attractive accommodation establishments. In a sheep-farming area spreading over half-a-million hectares, greater Colesberg breeds many of the country's top Merinos. It is also renowned for producing high quality racehorses.

To see and do:

• Take a slow **walk through the town** and enjoy the many original buildings, still in pristine condition, and fine examples of early Karoo architecture. The Information Office organises a three-hour walking tour that offers a grasp of local history and a visit to many of the original reed-ceilinged, yellowwood beamed homes.

• Visit the **Anglican Church** a beautifully decorated church built in 1854, designed by Sophia Gray (wife of Bishop Gray).

• There is also the **Colesberg Kemper Museum** in Murray Street, dating to 1861. It includes the Kemper Collection, Anglo-Boer War photographs and artefacts, a 19th century toy collection, a Karoo Nomad photographic exhibition and allows visitors to relive Erasmus Jacobs' find of Eureka, the first recorded diamond found in Hopetown, South Africa.

• For the outdoor enthusiasts there are several **hiking and mountain biking trails** in the area.

• **Anglo-Boer War** Enthusiasts can visit the Grenadier Guard Rock, Memorial Hill and the military cemetery where more than 400 men from 20 regiments are buried. Weekend tours include a visit to Norvalspont prisoner-of-war camp and cemetery. Tel 051 753 0678.

• Visit the **Doornkloof Nature Reserve**; located on the southeastern banks of the Vanderkloof Dam, the 9388 hectare reserve features kudu, brown hyena, mountain reedbuck, steenbok, grey duiker, bat-eared fox, aardvark and aardwolf. It also features a 10km stretch of the Seekoei River, one of the most important tributaries of the Orange River. There is a hiking trail, an overnight hut and horse trails are available.

De Aar

De Aar is the third largest town in the Northern Cape and is centrally located on the main railway line between Johannesburg, Cape Town, Port Elizabeth and Namibia. The junction was the second most important railway junction in South Africa, with 110km of railway lines, including 29 rail-tracks. The name De Aar refers to the underground water supply in arteries, which supplies all of De Aar's water from 68 boreholes.



To see and do:

• For bird lovers De Aar is the southern home of the **Lesser Kestrel** during summer, having flown in from Europe and Central Asia. Numbers can peak at more than 10 000 birds in December and January.

• For **paragliding** enthusiast the well-established paragliding school not only offers a thrilling bird's eye view of the Karoo landscape, but hosts regular events attracting local and international paragliders in search of world long-distance records, for which the local conditions are ideally suited. More than half of the world's long-distance records have been set in De Aar.

• Visit the **house of Olive Schreiner**, famed author and feminist who wrote Women and Labour. The house now serves as a restaurant.

Douglas

The town was founded in 1838 as a mission station on the farm Backhouse by the Reverend Isaac Hughes. In 1867, a group of Alabama settlers from Grahamstown signed an agreement giving them the right to establish a town. It was named after General Sir Percy Douglas, Lieutenant Governor of the Cape Colony. Near the confluence of the Orange River and its main tributary the Vaal River, Douglas is a thriving, fast-growing town surrounded by a wealth of agricultural and stock farming ventures.

To see and do:

• Visit the Douglas Wine Cellars – The cellar was established

in 1968 and produces a wide variety of excellent table and dessert wines.

• For the fishing enthusiasts there is excellent **freshwater fishing** on the Vaal and **river rafting** on the Orange River.

Griquatown

In 1803, the London Missionary Society extended its mission north of the Orange River among a mixed community consisting of members of a Chaguriqua tribe, 'bastards' (of mixed origin) from Piketberg and local tribes like the Korana and Tswana. In 1813, at the instigation of Rev John Campbell, the 'bastards' renamed themselves Griqua and the place called Klaarwater became Griquatown. Griquatown is known for its semiprecious stones, tiger's eye and jasper. The town is a centre for stock breeding.

To see and do:

• Visit **Andries Waterboer's Grave** with its two cannons named "Old Niklaas" and "Old Grietjie". These were gifts from Queen Victoria and still guard his final resting place.

• Also stop by the **Mary Moffat Museum** – The building dates back to 1826 and was originally a mission church. The museum was named after Mary, daughter of Robert Moffat and wife of Dr David Livingstone. A pulpit used by Moffat, Waterboer and Livingstone is still on display.

Hanover

The town was once part of the Graaff-Reinet district and known as Bo-Zeekoeirivier. The growing farming community needed a community centre and the 8 656ha farm Petrusvallei was bought for 33 333 Rixdollars (R5 000) in 1854. The former owner asked that the proposed town be called Hanover as his ancestors came from the German city.

To see and do:

• **Historical walk** through the town and discover old furrows and historic buildings

• Visit the Cenotaph Memorial commemorating WW2.

• A must is also to visit the **house of Olive Schreiner** – The famous author lived here in Grace Street during the Anglo-Boer War.



An abandoned homestead

Hopetown

On 18 February 1854, a town was laid out with a Dutch Reformed Church - a rough frontier-type building made of mud and dung. The origin of the name Hopetown is odd as the widow of the first owner of the farm, De Kalk, wore a small anchor.

A servant was told it represented hope and made an imitation from tin which was nailed to the farm entrance. In 1866 the famous Eureka diamond was found and two years later the 83.5 carat 'Star of South Africa' diamond was also discovered in the area. Today, Hopetown is a farming town.

To see and do:

• See the **Convict Stone** – For lack of a holding cell in the old magistrate's building, convicts were secured to this stone.

• For the **sporting and adventure enthusiasts** there are, abseiling, angling, bird-watching, game-viewing, hiking, 4x4 and white water rafting.

Hutchinson

When the discovery of diamonds blazed a trail to the interior, the railway followed it. It bypassed Victoria West by 12km, necessitating a railhead. This developed into a village and was named after Cape Governor Sir Walter Hely Hutchinson. A branch line to Calvinia was built in 1904.



Along the road...

Loxton

Originally the farm Phizantefontein, Loxton was bought from AE Loxton by the Dutch Reformed Church in 1899. Built to serve the sheep farming community, it became a municipality in 1905.

To see and do:

- Great Hiking Trails
- Visit the San Rock Art Engravings at Kafferskraal.

Marydale

Established in 1903 by the Dutch Reformed Church, Marydale was named after the wife of Mr GP Snyman, owner of the farm on which the town was laid out.

To see and do:

• Visit the Kokerboom (Quiver Tree) Forest.

Norvalspont

Norvalspont as the word 'pont' in its name suggests (a pont is a ferry boat or punt), lies on the southern banks of the Orange River minutes from the Gariep Dam. It lies on the borders of the Eastern Cape and Free State.

The town lies 39 kilometres along the R58 from the nearest neighbouring town of Colesberg. It is a pretty town surrounded by hills on a particularly beautiful section of the Orange River with the Bethulie hills forming the skyline.

Norvalspont is also the site of two historic bridges that bring rail and road into town. The reason for the town's existence goes back to the 1840s when John Norval from Scotland started a ferry service across the Orange River, naming the pont service 'Glasgow' after the town from which he originated.

Nearby Colesberg deep in the heart of the Karoo is regarded as the halfway mark on the N1 between Cape Town and Johannesburg.

Noupoort

In 1881, the railway line from Port Elizabeth ended on the farm Carlton. With the diversion of the railway line to Colesberg in 1883/4 a station was built on part of the farm Hartebeeshoek of Mr Barend Kruger. The station was named Naauwpoort after the adjacent farm. In 1963 the name was changed to Noupoort.

To see and do:

• For outdoor enthusiasts there is the Brulberg **Hiking trail** and several **4x4 & Mountain Biking Trails**.

• Visit the **Rural Monument** – Erected to celebrate the centenary of the Great Trek.

Orania

Orania, originally built in 1970 for construction workers on the impressive Orange River Project, stood empty for years until a group of Afrikaners purchased the town and surrounding land as a pilot project and starting point for Afrikaner settlement and the establishment of an Afrikaner Volkstaat.

Orania offers an example of the 'traditional' Afrikaner way of life and also demonstrates the ingenuity of a marginalized community with advanced irrigation techniques, implemented in close co-operation with pioneers in Israel. Orania has the only fully organic vineyards in Southern Africa, a sophisticated dairy farm and cultivates and exports Pecan nuts.

To see and do:

• The **Cultural History Museum** which features the Felix Lategan collection of firearms, some of which date back to the 18th Century.

Petrusville

Named after Petrus van der Walt, owner of the farm Rhenosterberg, the town lies in a fertile valley surrounded by a cluster of high hills.

To see and do:

Visit the **Pillar Fountain** which was erected in honour of King
Edward VII

• There are still some **trenches from the Anglo-Boer war** to be found in the koppies.

Philipstown

Founded in 1863 as a church centre, the town was named after Sir Philip Wodehouse, Governor of the Cape.

To see and do:

See some Khoisan Rock engravings at Kareepoort.

• A selection of **National Monuments**, such as the Reformed Church, the magistrate's offices, the old prison museum and Teich House.

Prieska

On the south bank of the Orange River at the foot of the Doringberg, lies Prieska. It was originally named Prieschap, a Khoisan word meaning 'place of the lost she-goat'. The site of the town, founded in 1882 and renowned for its semiprecious stones, was a fording place used by early travellers.

To see and do:

• Visit **Die Bos Nature Reserve** featuring indigenous trees, shrubs and an abundant bird life. It also offers picnic spots and angling.

• Cross on the **suspended bridge** across the Prieska River. Tel +27(0)53 353 5300

• There are a number of **hiking trails**, the Oranjezicht and T'Keikamspoort hiking trails.

Richmond

The town was established in 1843 when the presbytery of Graaff-Reinet formed a new congregation for that area. A portion of the farm Driefontein was bought and erven were sold

on 19 April 1845 during a communion gathering. The town was named after the Duke of Richmond from Kent, father-in-law of the Governor of the Cape at that time, Sir Peregrine Maitland.

To see and do:

• Visit the **Fossil Footprints and Bat Cave** where one can see 60 clear claw-like footprints, presumably from the Aulacephalodon that lived about 250 million years ago.

• Spend some time in the **Market Square Garden** and see the old Market Bell, the Memorial Needle and the Mountain Tortoise sanctuary.

Strydenburg

On the verge of a large pan filled with salty water during the rainy years, Strydenburg (the town of strife) received its doleful name after incessant squabbling over the town's name! Strydenburg was laid out by the Dutch Reformed Church on the farm Roodepan in 1892.

To see and do:

- Visit the **Aloe Garden** in Church Street and linger a little.
- The town also offers excellent examples of **Karoo architecture**.

Three Sisters

Three Sisters is about 75 kilometres outside Beaufort West and can be sighted from the road junction to Victoria West. It is not a town, but a series of three very distinctive hills almost in the shape of rondawels, on the right-hand side of the road for north-bound travellers.

Three Sisters and its filling station has become an icon in landmark along the N1 highway. A stay on a farm or accommodation establishment in and around Three Sisters, promises gorgeous scenery, tranquillity, veld and mountains for hiking, typical Karoo hospitality and delicious home-reared lamb for dinner.

Van Wyksvlei

Established in 1880 and named after a local farmer, Van Wyksvlei lies close to the first state-funded dam, which was built in 1882 and is still in use today.

To see and do:

• View San Rock Engravings at Springbok Oog

• Visit the **Van Wyksvlei Dam** with its unique, earthen wall. Tel +27(0)53 382 3029

Vanderkloof

Named after the farm on which the Vanderkloof Dam is situated, the town was built to house the dam builders. Today it is a flourishing holiday resort. It boasts the highest dam wall in the country and links the Northern Cape to the Free State.

To see and do:

• **Vanderkloof Dam** offers a myriad of activities especially water sports including sailing, skiing and windsurfing.

Victoria West

Established in 1843 and named after Queen Victoria of England, Victoria West marks the beginning of the Diamond Way along the main route from Cape Town to Kimberley. In 1866, diamond fever was sparked with the discovery of the gems at first Hopetown and then Kimberley.

To see and do:

• Visit the **Apollo Theatre**, the only surviving example of a 1950's art deco cinema in South Africa. It hosts regular film festivals and has been declared a national heritage site.

• The **Victoria West Nature Reserve** offers hiking trails and is home to the rare Riverine Rabbit. Tel +27(0)53 621 0026

Vosburg

Established on the farm Processfontein in 1895, the town was named after Mr J Vos and the Van Rensburg family. The town features more than 22 national monuments.

To see and do:

Study Khoisan implements at Mrs van Heerden's home.

• Rock Engravings – Keurfontein farm, Tel +27(0)53 6732 ask for 1911





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NAMAKWA

Each spring the dormant arid winter lands come alive with a flamboyant spread of wild flowers including many rare, unique and endangered plants. Adapting to a climate defying all life, they survive and thrive in a beautiful land of blistering extremes.

Track the Old Copper Way and be immersed in the colourful histories of towns deeply rooted in a proud mining tradition. Take a raft or canoe trip on the Orange River through deep canyons, go for a 4x4 adventure in the haunting moonscapes of the saw-toothed mountains of the |Ai|Ais/Richtersveld Transfrontier Park or enjoy the cultural interaction of the Nama people during a donkey ride in Eksteenfontein. Be entranced by a star-studded galaxy at the South African Astronomical Observatory in Sutherland or enjoy the timeless serenity of a palm-fringed cathedral in Pella.

The land of the Nama is a land of mystery, magic and contrasts where the indescribable beauty has been moulded by an unforgiving climate.





Aggeneys

One hundred kilometres east of Carolusberg on the Springbok Pofadder road, Aggeneys (place of water) is a copper, zinc, silver and lead mining complex. Set in an oasis, it offers a welcome round of golf.

Alexander Bay

After diamonds were discovered along the west coast in 1925, Alexander Bay became renowned for its mining activities. The resulting 'diamond rush' led to the Diamond Coast rebellion of 1928.

Located at the mouth of the Orange River, the town is no longer a high-security area and no permits are needed. The town takes its name from Sir James Alexander, who shipped the Richtersveld copper ore he mined, in barges down the Orange River for export from this bay.

To see and do:

• The **Lichen Field** with more than 26 different species of lichen can be found atop a hill east of the town.

• Enjoy the **Nama Culture** – To be experienced at the four communities of the Richtersveld namely Sanddrift, Kuboes, Lekkersing and Eksteenfontein on the banks of the mighty !Garib (Orange River) which is perfect for great angling.

Brandvlei

Brandvlei was developed in the heart of Bushmanland where



Left: Old steam train in Calvinia Right: Flower season near Concordia

'Ou Brand', a 19th century trek boer, settled. The town was cut in two by a flash-flood in 1961, but recovered to form a municipality the next year.

To see and do:

• For birding enthusiasts the salt pans are annually transformed into **bird sanctuaries** after the summer rains (Nov-Mar).

Calvinia

Founded in 1851 and named after religious reformer John Calvin, Calvinia lies at the foot of the dolerite-topped Hantam (Khoi for 'where the red bulbs grow') mountains.

Calvinia is the region's key point of growth and one of the country's largest wool-producing areas. Like Sutherland, Calvinia enjoys 80% starlight and the night sky is as much an attraction for city dwellers and astronomers as the rare sterboom is for botanists and horticulturalists.

To see and do:

• Visit the **Akkerendam Nature Reserve** – The reserve has two trails across the Hantam Mountain catering for the fit and the frail with scenic vistas, the amazing sterboom and up to 65 species of birds.

• Do also visit **Hantam House** – Built by Field Cornet A van Wyk in 1854, Hantam House is in Cape Dutch style with a concave-convex gable and the original cedar wood woodwork.

Traditional delicacies are served in an exclusive coffee house built in the original kraal.

Concordia

Situated 22km north east of Springbok, it was originally a Rhenish mission station formed in 1852. Copper was mined in the area from 1853 to 1933.

During the Anglo-Boer War, the Boers used Concordia as their headquarters during the siege of Okiep. Some old Cornish-style houses as well as the original granary, used as a hospital by the Boer commandos, still remain.

To see and do:

• **Orbicukle Hill** – This national monument lies west of Concordia and exhibits the best example of orbicular diorite in the country. This rare rock texture is the result of granitoid magmas separating while in a fluid state and forming concentric internal banding.

Eksteensfontein (Richtersveld Communities)

This settlement in the Richtersveld was named after Reverend Peter Eksteen, who served the first church congregation in 1945. The town is mostly populated by a group originally known as 'Bosluis Basters,' who settled there in the 1940's as a result of the apartheid's separatism policies of the day. Today, the closeknit community thrive on stock farming and working on the various diamond mines in the Richtersveld.

To see and do:

• Enjoy **donkey cart rides** from Eksteenfontein to the Rooiberg Conservancy Area.

• Botanist and outdoor enthusiasts will enjoy a visit to the **Rooiberg Conservancy** which features a wide variety of succulents, some of which are very rare. Guided 4x4 routes are also available.

Fraserburg

Named after a Scottish cleric and immigrant Rev Colin Fraser and a certain church elder Meyburg, Fraserburg was founded in the West Nuweveld in 1851. In 1870 the first attorney HWA Cooper began writing the culturally important 'Boerebrieven' for Het Volksblad. He wrote under the assumed name of Samuel Zwaartman.

To see and do:

• **Gansfontein Palaeo Surface** – The rocks exposed here were originally deposited some 250 million years ago. On the farm Riethuisies, a distinct trace fossil of a gastropod can be found - the same trace fossil was recently found in Antarctica and the site is of great importance to palaeontologists. For visits, Tel +27(0)23 571 1265.

• Visit the **Old Parsonage Museum** which was erected in 1865 for Reverend CA Bamberger, the first minister to the newly established congregation at a cost of $\pounds 1$ 100. It has a unique floor plan as four of the interior walls are curved. The building currently houses a museum collection and an exhibition of fossils.

Garies

In 1845, Garies sprang up on land given to the Dutch Reformed Church by the owner of the farm Goedeverwagting. Originally named after the farm, its present name, a Khoisan word meaning 'couch-grass', was given it by former Cape premier John X Merriman. A flood of visitors descends during the flower season and the Garies Municipal tourist hall stocks everything but the kitchen sink!

Garies is the gateway to the floral display of the Kamiesberg and it is spectacularly transformed after the first spring rains.

Hondeklip Bay

Formerly a favoured holiday destination for farmers, fishermen and divers, Hondeklip Bay is separated from Springbok by 104km of gravel road, the Messelpad Pass and Soebatsfontein, a quaint village built next to a spring at the foot of the escarpment.

Copper ore brought by ox-wagon from Springbok was exported from the Hondeklip Bay harbour before the port was supplanted by Port Nolloth. The harbour now serves fishing and diamondmining boats. To see and do:

• **Scenic Drives** – Circular routes back to the N7 make for spectacular scenic drives during the flower season.

Kamieskroon

South of Springbok, Kamieskroon is set among the granite rock formations of the Kamiesberg range. The town was started in the 1860s about 7km north of its present position. It took the name Bowesville (later Bowesdorp) after the district surgeon, Dr Henry Bowe.

Kamies might derive from the Nama word 'kam', meaning two - referring to the twin peaks of the mountain. The 330m peak crowned with a huge, cleft rock is a kilometre from the village.

To see and do:

• Be sure to visit the **Namaqua National Park** – This 103 000ha Park located 21km north-west of Kamieskroon is open daily. A circular drive and short walking trails let the visitor experience the incredible floral diversity of the area. The park has ablution and picnic facilities as well as a new rest camp. Tel +27(0)27 672 1948.

Kleinzee/Koingnaas

The Diamond Coast holds a beauty and mystique of its own with its cultural diversity and mineral mining. These two towns and the diamond mines that support them offer an interesting

Left: A restaurant in Hondeklipbaai Right: Flower season in Kamieskroon



insight into the lifestyle of the modern miner.

To see and do:

• **4x4 Tours – Guided Shipwreck and Strandveld trails** in the comfort of your own 4x4 vehicle. Reservations are essential for all guided tours.

• **Cape Fur Seal Colony** – The guided historical mine tour takes in the resident colony of more than 450 000 seals.

Komaggas

About 30km west of Springbok near the Spektakel copper mine lies the town of Komaggas. Speculation about the origin of the name is rife. As the low red slates resemble the layers of an animal's stomach, it is thought that it might mean place of many stomachs (Khom-s (stomach) and xa - a lot of). The surrounding area features well-preserved ovens used by the Nama people for cooking and baking. Wool is spun and woven at a local shop.

Loeriesfontein

The town is said to have been named after a Jewish travelling salesman named Lurie or alternatively after the Loerie bird (Turacu corythaix).

To see and do:

• **Quiver Tree Forest** – one of the world's largest quiver (Aloe dichotoma) forests. These trees can grow up to 6 metres tall, store water in their trunks, resist drought indefinitely and can live up to 400 years. The Khoisan's use of their bark for quivers gave them their colloquial name.



• **Windpump Museum** – one of only two in the world (the other is in the USA). There is also an interesting museum in the old Baptist Church. Tel +27(0)84 0737899 1119.

Nababeep

North of Springbok, Nababeep combines two Nama words, naba (hump of an animal) and bib (small spring). Mining began in the 1850s and export ore was taken to Port Nolloth by train since 1876. The mine closed during the copper slump of 1919, but reopened in 1937. It is home to the Okiep Copper Company and the region's largest copper-mining town.

To see and do:

• Visit the **Mining Museum** where Clara, a narrow-gauge steam locomotive used to rail copper ore to Port Nolloth, is on display.

Nieuwoudtville

Between 1700-1740 clashes between trekboers and indigenous people led the trekboers to move to the top of the Bokkeveld escarpment in the 1800s. Nieuwoudtville is known for its unique vegetation with the biggest variety of indigenous bulbous plants in the world, the 100m high Nieuwoudtville Falls on the Doring River and its flat landscape covered by wheat, heather and proteas. Eight kilometres west of town, the Vanrhyns Pass offers majestic views over the Knersvlakte on the descent to Namaqualand's coastal terrace.

To see and do:

• **Oorlogskloof Nature Reserve** – 10km south of town, the rugged series of deep ravines incised by the Oorlogskloof River offers hiking trails (two 50km four-day hiking trails and two 1-day walks) and is home to several rare bird species, including booted eagles, black storks and gymnogene. The reserve spans 5577 hectares. Tel +27(0)27 218 1159.

• The **Nieuwoudtville Falls**, a 100m wonder on the Doring River.

Okiep

Derived from the Nama word 'U-gieb' (great, brackish spring) Okiep was the world's richest copper mine until production ceased in 1918. Okiep is the oldest mining town in South Africa with copper first discovered and mined in 1855.



Top: Waterfall near Nieuwoudtville Below: The Cornish Pump House in Okiep

Eight kilometres north of Springbok, it echoes copper's boom years. Nine-hundred defenders, mostly Cape Copper Company employees, built nine blockhouses and repulsed the concerted effort of General Jan Smuts' forces to take the town. Today, on a hillock, only the remnants of stone walls remain.

To see and do:

• **Anglo-Boer War** – The remains of the Crow's Nest Blockhouse can be seen on a hill north east of Okiep. It fell to the Boers and was occupied by them for most of the siege before being retaken. Fort Shelton saw the major part of the action during the siege and was manned by a six pounder gun. Graffiti made by the Cape Town Highlanders and Cape Garrison Artillery can be seen in the Okiep East Mine, while casualities from the war were laid to rest in the Okiep graveyard.

Cornish Pump House – A fully intact steam engine is the only

remaining pump house of its sort in the Southern Hemisphere and was used from 1882 to pump water from the mine.

Onseepkans

The name is either a combination of three Nama words 'tconsiep' (an elbow projecting into the river), 'nias' (a rocky surface), and 'tcaans' (thorntrees), or it is a derivative of the Nama word meaning 'watering place for cattle'. Whatever its origin, the name did not deter a white prospector Edwells from settling on the Orange River in 1909.

Farmers bought 12 000ha of land from Edwells in 1916 after realising the irrigation potential. A 10km canal serving 70 families was built by Japie Lutz and citrus, lucerne, beans and other crops are still grown at Onseepkans today. The village itself was a mission station run by the Roman Catholic Father of Pofadder.

To see and do:

• Quiver Tree Forest on the farm Coboob.

• **Ritchie Falls** – on the Pofadder Hiking Trail. The falls can only be reached by foot and is the only place where the Orange River flows from west to east.

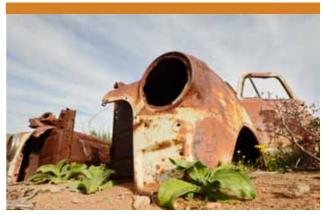
Pella

Pella was founded by the London Missionary Society in 1814. A sanctuary for Khoisan driven out of Namibia, the village was named after a similar refuge from biblical times. The mission was abandoned in 1872 because of drought, but the Roman Catholic Church reopened it in 1878.

The Old Cathedral is surrounded by date palms, which gives it a curiously Arabian atmosphere. Using an encyclopaedia as their building manual, it took two missionaries seven years to complete. A spring in the sandy plain surrounding the mission provides water for the figs, grapes and pomegranates grown at Pella. Around this source of life is a walled garden. Pella's dates are sold in wooden boxes to mail-order customers all over South Africa.

Activities & Attractions:

• **4x4 Trail – Namakwa 4x4 Exploration**. Tel +27(0)27 712 8035/6.



Along the road...

• **Catholic Cathedral** – Built over seven years by Fathers JM Simon and Leo Wolf, both of whom are buried in the church's grounds.

Pofadder

A mission station was founded here by Reverend Christian Schröder in 1875. The town was named after a Korana Chief, Klaas Pofadder. Lured by a perennial spring, settlers sank their roots here from 1889 onwards.

The first plots surveyed were sold in 1917. Pofadder has several old buildings, one being the Roman Catholic Church. Built by the mission, it runs a block-making enterprise, a chicken farm and a dairy, giving employment to the poor. There are many day walks and the town is transformed into a floral wonderland each spring.

To see and do:

• Dutch Reformed & Catholic Churches – Well worth a visit for the mix of old and new architecture.

• Pofadder Hiking Trail – Tel +27(0)54 933 0066.

Port Nolloth

Established as a small-vessel harbour and railway junction in 1854 for the copper-mining industry, Port Nolloth's narrow, shallow entrance makes it unsuitable for ore carriers. Instead it became a centre for the small-scale diamond recovery and crayfishing industries and the only resort on the Diamond Coast.

Visitors can enjoy the beautiful sunsets, clean beaches and the occasional antics of seals as well as good line fishing and plentiful fresh crayfish. Fish and crayfish can also be bought from the factory in season. Nama culture can be seen at the Lekkersing settlement north of Port Nolloth.

To see and do:

• **McDougall's Bay** – A cluster of seaside cottages, houses and camping sites south of Port Nolloth makes this idyllic bay a popular boating, fishing and crayfishing spot.

• **Museum** – Once the Cape Copper Company's Officers' Club. Find out more about the history of the town and its people, the influence of copper and diamonds and the shipwrecks nearby. Tel +27(0)27 851 8865

Soebatsfontein

The name is derived from Hendrik Stievert, foreman on the farm of the widow Van der Westhuizen, who was captured by San Bushmen. His Khoi sheppard was hiding nearby and heard Hendrik begging for his life... in vain.

Springbok

The principal town of Namakwa, Springbok is set in a narrow valley bisecting the granite domes of the Klein Koperberge (small copper mountains). Shortened from Springbokfontein in 1911, the town owes its existence to copper-mining undertaken after 1850 and a ready supply of water.

To see and do:

• Goegap Nature Reserve – This reserve features examples of Namakwa's natural riches, supporting 600 indigenous flower species, 45 mammal and 94 bird species. The Hester Malan Wild Flower Garden showcases many Namakwa succulents and a rock garden. The reserve is open 08h00 -16h00. Tel +27(0)27 718 9906.

• Namakwa 4x4 Route – Starting at the picturesque Pella Mission Station, the Namakwa Route follows the Orange River 642km to the sea. Cross the Namakwa Brokenveld, False Succulent Karoo, Arid Karoo, Western Mountain Karoo, Succulent Karoo and Sandveld. There are two routes lasting between 2 and 9 days. Tel +27(0)27 712 8035/6

Steinkopf

The original Nama settlement was situated at Bijzondermeid, 5km south of present day Steinkopf. In 1818, a Rhenish mission station was established and in 1821 the mission was moved to current Steinkopf (then known as Kookfontein) due to a perennial spring that is still flowing today.

Reverend Brecher later renamed the town Steinkopf in honour of the German minister in London. Today Steinkopf serves a large communal stock farming area and many inhabitants work on the outlying mines in Namaqualand.

The quiver tree is found in abundance in this area. The original huts built by Namaqua inhabitants can still be viewed. These huts provide isolation against heat, rather than the occasional downpour.

To see and do:

• Annenous Station and Nonahams – Annenous was the historic steam train station for the transport of copper and Nonahams, the watering point where the original fountain and dam still exist. The Meel road, also known as the postal road, was built in the 1860s and meanders up the mountain from Annenous to Nonahams and continues to Steinkopf. Today the road is only accessible to 4x4s.

• **Kilpfontein Graves** – Anglo-Boer War graves from the last skirmish between the British relieving forces and Boer Commandos.

Sutherland

Established in 1858 and named after a prominent Worcester cleric, Reverend Henry Sutherland, the town lies on the Roggeveld Plateau 1 450m above sea level and is well-known for its brilliant night skies. The bitingly cold winters makes it the coldest place in SA.

The 'sterboom' (star tree) blossoms in September and can be found on many farms in the region. The town is said to produce



The South African Astronomical Observatory outside Sutherland in winter

the finest mutton in the country and is home to the worldrenowned South African Astronomical Observatory.

To see and do:

• **Koornlandskloof** – 55km north towards Calvinia. Hiking and biking trail with ample lodging. Tel +27(0) 23 571 2723.

• **Salpeterkop** – The last active volcano south of the equator is to be found close to the observatory. It was active 66 million years ago.

Vioolsdrift

The official border post to Namibia offers several camp sites on the banks of the Orange River. Many river rafting trips along the Orange and through the Richtersveld start here. Stunning rock strata can be viewed.

Williston

In 1768, Johan Abraham Nel planted an almond tree in honour of his son's birth. This tree eventually became enormous and provided an oasis in the dry treeless area of the Karee Mountains. In 1845, Johann Heinrich Lutz established a mission station named Amandelboom (almond tree) at this spot. In 1883, the name was changed to Williston in honour of Colonel Hampden Willis.

To see and do:

• **Corbelled Houses** – Regarded as the first architectural style in the north-west Karoo. These unique houses are built entirely of stone with flat stones protruding from domed roofs. Examples of these houses can be seen on the farm Arbeidersfontein in the direction of Carnavon and along the Fraserburg road at Jan Klaas and Van Reenens' farms.

• **Singing Hills** – East of Williston stand two hills, each shaped like a sugar loaf. A footpath leads to the rope, known in the nineteenth century as 'Sangkoppe' but later as 'Singkoppe' (Singing Hills). From the hills, choirs would sing spiritual songs that echoed across the plains.

NAMAKWA TOURISM

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Augrabies Falls National Park

Few sights or sounds are as awesome as the gushes of water thundering down the 56m Augrabies Waterfall when the Orange River is in full flood. The Khoi people called it 'Aukoerebis' (place of Great Noise) as this powerful flow of water is unleashed from rocky surroundings characterised by the 18km abyss of the Orange River Gorge.

Picturesque names such as Moon Rock, Ararat and Echo Corner are descriptive of this rocky region. Klipspringer and kokerboom (quiver trees) stand in stark silhouette against the African sky, silent sentinels in a strangely unique environment. The 55 383 hectares on both the northern and southern sides of the Orange River provide sanctuary to a diversity of species, from the very smallest succulents, birds and reptiles to springbok, gemsbok and giraffe.

It has a large camp sleeping 135 visitors. All chalets are fully equipped, self-catering, air conditioned with shady camp sites and swimming pools, conference facility and a restaurant.

Info: www.sanparks.org

SAN Parks Central Reservations: +27 (0) 12 428 9111 Augrabies National Park direct: +27 (0) 54 452 9200

Left bottom:

The Orange River Gorge in the Augrabies National Park Right bottom: A Black Desert Rhino with a calf



Mokala National Park

The newest South African National Park, just south of Kimberley, was proclaimed on 19 June 2007. "Mokala" is a Setswana word for the camel thorn tree, which is prevalent throughout the park.

Mokala National Park is one of the most easily accessible of the national parks in the Northern Cape being only 80km southwest of Kimberley. The park is tucked between the hills and the landscape varies between koppieveld (hills) and large open plains. The isolated dolerite hills give the place a calming feeling of seclusion and offer a lovely contrast to the large open sandy plains towards the north and west of the Park. Drainage lines from the hills form little tributaries that run into the plains and drain into the Riet River.

The Park is currently 26 500ha in size and the following species occur in the park: Black Rhino, White Rhino, disease-free Buffalo, Tsessebe, Roan Antelope, Mountain Reedbuck, Giraffe, Gemsbok, Eland, Zebra, Red Hartebees, Blue Wildebeest, Black Wildebeest, Kudu, Ostrich, Steenbok, Duiker and Springbok.

Facilities offered include self-catering accommodation, restaurant, swimming pool, conference venue, camping and guided game drives.

Info: www.sanparks.org SAN Parks Central Reservations: +27 (0) 12 428 9111





Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park

One of the world's last truly unspoilt ecosystems, Kgalagadi is the result of the unification of South Africa's Kalahari Gemsbok Park and Botswana's Gemsbok National Park. At 3.7-million hectares, the park is one of the largest conservation areas in the world.

Red sand dunes with sparse vegetation and the dry riverbeds of the Nossob and Auob with its thorn trees, raisin bush and shepherd trees extend across the national boundaries. The park gives sanctuary to herds of endemic antelope such as gemsbok (oryx), springbok, blue wildebeest, red hartebees and eland. Kgalagadi is also home to the famed black-maned Kalahari lion, leopard, cheetah and smaller game such as mongoose, porcupine and honey badger. 58 mammal, 55 reptile, countless insect and a host of plant species share the desert and dry savannah with approximately 300 species of bird, including at least 20 species of large raptors.

The park has three traditional rest camps, Twee Rivieren, Nossob and Mata-Mata with a variety of accommodation options and activities. Six new, upmarket and unfenced wilderness camps allow visitors to feel at one with the Kalahari. Kalahari Tented Camp has 15 fully equipped, self-catering units and a swimming pool and a waterhole in the ancient Auob River. The small and



exclusive Grootkolk is only 20km from Unions End and the prime predator area of the park.

Kielie Krankie has stunning views over the sand dunes. Four two-bed units overlook a waterhole. Urikaruuus, on the banks of the Auob River, is a lofted camp with four two-bed units that also overlooks a waterhole. Bitterpan and Gharagab are only accessible by 4x4.

A passport is not needed to enjoy the Botswana side as long as entry and exit is made through the same gate. Camping in Botswana is available at Polentswa, Rooiputs and Two Rivers. There are two 4x4 routes, namely Wildernis and Nossob Mabuasehube. For reservations to camp on the Botswana side of the Park and to book the wilderness trail, contact the Botswana Office. The border post to Namibia is now open, but all visitors using the park's entry point must sleep in the park for at least two nights.

Info: www.sanparks.org

SAN Parks Central Reservations: +27 (0) 12 428 9111 Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park direct: +27 (0) 54 561 2000 The Botswana Parks and Reserves Reservation Office: +267 (0) 580774

> Left: Namakwa chameleon Below: the famous black-maned Kalahari lion





Namakwa National Park

Situated in the heart of the succulent Karoo, the park has grown enormously and stretches from the well-known Skilpad section near Kamieskroon on the escarpment, westwards to the coast. The recently added 'Groen-Spoeg' coastal section is the only significant remaining untouched section of the Namaqualand coast.

With its winter rainfall, Namaqualand is home to the richest bulb flora of any arid region in the world. More than 1 000 of its estimated 3 500 plant species are found nowhere else on earth! Amphibians and reptiles are also well represented, with a number of endemic species. The mammals that have adapted to these harsh conditions include: gemsbok, springbok, red hartebees, klipspringer, aardvark, baboon, steenbok, duiker, porcupine, black-backed jackal and leopard. Many bird species are also found in the dry arid western regions of the country.

The Park is still in a development phase, but has a lot to offer its visitors. The 5km Skilpad circular road is still the most popular part of the park, especially during the springtime flower season.

Besides the famous spring flowers, the park is home to 134 different vegetation types, many small fauna species, amazing birdlife and a fascinating collection of reptiles. Mountain biking is a great way to explore region. In addition, there are two 2-hour walking trails, a picnic area with ablution facilities and a shop and kiosk. The rest of the Park is accessible to 4x4 vehicles



through 220km of roads that includes roads to an unspoilt coastline and a beautiful 25km scenic route to Soebatsfontein.

Accommodation

Skilpad - Rest camp

All four chalets are perched on an escarpment and have uninterrupted views of the coastline in the distance. All units have separate bedrooms, open-plan kitchen and verandas with dining areas as well as indoor and outside braai facilities. The neighbouring farm has a tearoom, which provides light snacks. Activities include walking trails, mountain biking and a 4x4 trail.

Luiperdskloof - Cottage

Luiperdskloof lies in a secluded valley in the Kamiesberg section of the Park, beneath a pair of imposing granite domes. The area is dotted with fountains, some with shady glades - perfect for picnics or just some quiet time. It can only be reached by 4x4. The cottage can accommodate 6 people in two bedrooms with gas heating, cooking facilities and paraffin lighting.

Namakwa Coastal - Camping

The pristine coastline from the Groen River mouth to the Spoeg River mouth is a recent and valuable addition to Namaqua Park and currently still under development. More formal camp sites and ablution facilities will be established, but seven rustic camping sites are available along the coastline at the moment.

Info: www.sanparks.org

SAN Parks Central Reservations: +27 (0) 12 428 9111





Ai-Ais/Richtersveld Transfrontier Park

In August 2003, an international treaty was signed between the presidents of South Africa and Namibia to form the |Ai-|Ais/ Richtersveld Transfrontier Park. This has opened the way for future border crossings at Sendelingdrift border post. Visitors are advised to call the park to confirm operation hours.

The rugged Richtersveld side of the park is the driest region of the Northern Cape and yet still nurtures approximately 30% of all South Africa's succulent plant species. Paradoxically beautiful, it is a land for those keen to 'rough it'. Explore the park from the comfort of a 4x4 vehicle or paddle the river to observe the awe-inspiring purity of an unspoilt wilderness.

The opening of the Transfrontier Park has led to the development of far more comfortable accommodation camps on the South African side. All five camping sites have full ablution facilities. There are two wilderness camps, Tatasberg and Gannakourieb, which are fully equipped self-catering camps and Sendelingsdrift sports 10 new self-catering units. The four surrounding Richtersveld community towns also offer unique accommodation establishments. Entrance and overnight permits can be obtained at Sendelingsdrift before entering the park.

Info: www.sanparks.org SAN Parks Central Reservations: +27 (0) 12 428 9111 |Ai-|Ais/Richtersveld Transfrontier Park : +27 (0) 27 831 1506

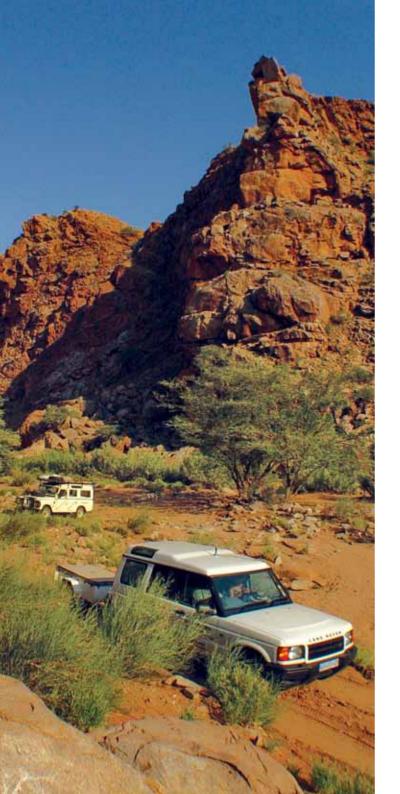
Tankwa Karoo National Park

Situated on the southern boundary of the Northern Cape with the Roggeveld escarpment in the east, the Cederberg mountains in the west and the Klein Roggeveld mountains in the south, a mere four-hour drive from Cape Town transports visitors into the heart of this truly spectacular national park.

Situated within the Succulent Karoo Biome, Tankwa Karoo National Park offers a unique experience, mind-blowing landscapes, - from the sheer cliffs of the Roggeveld escarpment to the moonscapes of the Tankwa Desert. Tankwa Karoo National Park came into being in 1986 with the conversion of approximately 27 000ha of state owned land into a national park. Since 1996, additional land has been bought and the current size of the Tankwa Karoo National Park is approximately 131 000 hectares.

Tankwa Karoo National Park has a multitude of small mammal species including: duiker, steenbok, porcupine and black-backed jackal. Leopards also naturally roam the area and endemic large game species such as the Cape mountain zebra, red hartebeest, gemsbok and springbok have also been reintroduced to join the existing kudu herds. Accommodation is available at the picturesque rest camp and an old restored farmhouse.

Info: www.sanparks.org SAN Parks Central Reservations: +27 (0) 12 428 9111



Experience the Northern Cape Things to explore... from A-Z

4X4 Trails

Take rugged mountains, endless flatlands and undulating dunes. Add to this diverse scenery, stunning plant life and plentiful game and you have a recipe that will please all 4x4 eco-adventurers. But what really separates the trails of the Northern Cape from the rest is the seemingly infinite open spaces, mostly devoid of people.

Nossob 4x4 Route (Kgalagadi Transfrontier	Park) +27 (0) 12 428 9111
Witsand	+27 (0) 53 313 1061/2
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Augrabies National Park	+27 (0) 54 452 9200
Khamkirri	+27 (0) 82 790 1309 +27 (0) 82 821 6649
Banksgate Trail	+27 (0) 2062 ask for 1930.
Kalahari Trail	+27 (0) 54902 ask for Mier 19.
Diamond Coast Trail	+27 (0) 27 807 2999
Cobussegat Trail	+27 (0) 27 341 2326
Toekoms Trail	27 (0) 27 341 2201

For further information on 4x4 trails visit www.experiencenortherncape.com

Things to explore... from A-Z

Adventure Motorcycling

The Northern Cape is also an ideal destination adventure motorcycling. The concept offers riders scenery, history and challenges in a non-competitive, on-road/off-road riding experience. All of the regions in the province have extensive dirt-roads of varying condition. Add to this plenty of sunshine, little rain and numerous old mines, quarries and open space and the Northern Cape presents the ideal terrain for adventure motorcycle touring.

Astronomy

The Southern African Large Telescope (SALT) is the largest single optical telescope in the southern hemisphere. It is able to record distant stars, galaxies and quasars a billion times too faint to be seen with the unaided eye - as faint as a candle flame at the distance of the moon.

SA Astronomical Observatory (Sutherland, Namakwa region) +27 (0) 23 571-1205, Booking essential

Namakwa Flower Season

As part of the Succulent Karoo, Namakwa is a biodiversity hotspot and as such is the only arid hotspot in the world. It contains more than 6 000 plant species, 250 species of birds, 78 species of mammals, 132 species of reptiles and amphibians and an unknown number of insects, making it the world's most diverse, arid environment. More than 40% of these species are found nowhere else on Earth.



The world's largest forests of quiver trees or kokerbome (Aloe dichotoma) are located outside Loeriesfontein, Kenhardt and Onseepkans. Owing its name to the San, who used the trunk, branches and its bark to make quivers, the aloe grows to four metres, stores water in its trunk, resists drought and lives for up to 400 years. Often the only trees for miles, their spiky branches are popular nesting places for sociable weavers, builders of the most intricate nesting systems in the world. The sterboom or star-tree (Cliffortia arborea) grows nowhere else, but the southern sides of high ridges of the Nuweveld Mountain where it finds shelter from the blazing sun. The parks and nature reserves are amongst the best places to view this floral wonderland.

The 103 000 ha Namaqua National Park, 22km north-west of Kamieskroon, is open to the public throughout the year, but a conservation fee is charged during flower season. An upgraded circular drive offers visitors a diverse floral display. Tel +27 (0) 27 6721948

15km southeast of Springbok is Goegap Nature Reserve, 15 000ha of typically rocky granitic, rocky hills and sandy flats. It supports 600 indigenous flower species, 45 mammal species and 94 bird species.

The Hester Malan Wild Flower Garden showcases a spectacular number of indigenous succulents. Limited accommodation is available. +27 (0) 27 718 9906

Fly-fishing

The lower Vaal River and Riet River near Kimberley as well as the Orange River in the Richtersveld are renowned destinations for stable fly-fishing populations yielding world-class catches of largemouth and smallmouth yellow fish in pristine surrounds.

With rugged scenery, abundant wildlife and real freedom, the waters of the Northern Cape waters promises a memorable fly-fishing experience.

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Hiking

The Northern Cape boasts numerous fantastic hiking trails in and around its magnificent areas. It also boasts numerous game reserves that offer fantastic hiking trails.

Augrabies

The Augrabies Falls National Park is home to a 56m waterfall that thunders down when the Orange River is in full flood. The park offers the Klipspringer 3-day hiking trail as well as day walks. This hike offers incredible views of the shimmering falls and the river gorge. Despite the scarceness of the vegetation, some beautiful examples of flora are to be found along the route.

Richtersveld

The Richtersveld area is botanically one of the most interesting areas and boasts hundreds of species of flowering succulents. Its jagged mountain peaks, wind-sculpted boulders and colourful indigenous flora have a unique beauty. Explore the hidden wonders and go hiking through this beautiful area.

Nieuwoudtville

The Oorlogskloof Nature Reserve, situated 16km outside Nieu-

Things to explore... from A-Z

woudtville in the Northern Cape, comprises of 4776 hectares of mountains dissected by the deep river gorges of the Oorlogskloof River. This magnificent nature reserve offers 2 hiking trails as well as two day walks. The Rock Pigeon Trail takes 4-5 days and includes views of the glistening river, magnificent protea stands, numerous beautiful bird species, interesting rock formations and mysterious rock paintings. The Rameron Pigeon Hiking trail covers the same terrain and is 2 days longer. The Leopard Trap day hike is 15km, while the Rietvlei day hike is 18km long.

Namakwaland

The picturesque Namakwaland region offers the Kodaspiek, Lelieshoek-Oemsberg and Venstervalle hiking trails amongst others. All hikes offer magnificent views of game and vary in length. In spring, hikers have the awesome opportunity to experience the magnificent Namaqualand flowers.

Kenhardt

The Quiver Tree Forest and Hiking Trail is located about 8km south of Kenhardt on the main route to Cape Town. The forest comprises of 4 000-5 000 quiver trees and the trial meanders through the awesome looking forest.

Houseboat Cruises - Vaal River

DaRiva Houseboat is an idyllic rest stop with comfortable accommodation. The spacious top deck has barbeque facilities and a skipper at your service, while exploring the 50km of fishing waters and diverse bird life. Avid birders can spot even spot the Vaal River's own Big Five - the Otter, African Fish Eagle, Giant Kingfisher, Goliath Heron and Water Monitor Lizard.

DaRiva offers sunset and day cruises as well as overnight and weekend cruises with full accommodation. +27(0)82332-2266

Mission Stations

The early missionaries who travelled to the interior became adventurers in their own right. These believers did much to 'open up' this thirsty land. With the aid of enthusiastic work parties, they built homes, churches and schools. Today, there are still a number of mission stations operating in Namaqua. Settlements such as Pella, with its cathedral surrounded by date palms,

Things to explore... from A-Z

Leliefontein, Komaggas, Matjieskloof, Concordia and Steinkopf still thrive. The mission stations are not restricted to Namaqualand with the Moffat Mission Station in Kuruman being one of the most visited and historically significant in the Northern Cape.

Museums

Barkly Bridge and Barkly West Museum Barkly West, Karoo Region

Located on the north bank of the Vaal River, this steel-girded bridge was brought upcountry by rail and ox wagon and was the first to ford the Vaal River in 1885. The tollhouse was restored in 2000 as a museum with displays on local geology, archaeology and history.

Calvinia Museum

Calvinia, Namaqua Region; +27 (0)27 341-1712

The Calvinia Museum in Church Street is housed in the old synagogue. The museum aptly illustrates the history of sheep farming in South Africa. Utensils, clothing, porcelain, brass and other items relating to the lifestyle of the early European settlers are exhibited.

Colesberg-Kemper Museum

Colesberg, Karoo region; Telephone: +27 (0)51 753-0678

Colesberg has several national monuments, including the Colesberg-Kemper Museum. A fine example of 19th century Karoo architecture, it originally was the Colesberg Bank before becoming the Standard Bank. The Colesberg-Kemper Museum now houses fascinating relics of the town's rich tapestry of history. Walking tours of the town are a speciality of the museum. The museum also organises tours of farms and the district.

Kimberley Mine Museum and Big Hole

Kimberly, Diamond Fields Region +27 (0) 53 830 4417; www.thebighole.co.za

One of Kimberley's major attractions, the Big Hole and Kimberley Mine Museum, was once a flat-topped hill and is now an awesome hole - the largest hand-dug excavation in the world. It is 215 metres deep with a surface area of some 17



hectares and a perimeter of 1,6 km.

The Kimberley Mine site was started in July 1871 and by 14 August 1914 all mining activities ceased. By that time it had yielded 2 722 kilograms of diamonds extracted from 22,5 million tons of excavated earth. Today the Big Hole is surrounded by original old buildings from bygone, relocated from their earlier sites to form a magnificent open air museum.

The Big Hole complex consists of the following:

• The Underground Mine Experience enables visitors to enter a recreation of a mine shaft of the period to experience the perilous 19th century mining conditions.

• A fascinating fifteen-minute film introduces visitors to the story of diamonds in Kimberley.

• Inside the Exhibition Centre are photographs, archive material and original artefacts that illustrate tells the tale of diamonds from the past to the present.

Things to explore... from A-Z

• Visitors can see the old jigging machines and grease tables specially designed to extract the diamonds from the ore in the Pulsator Building.

• The Real Diamond Display, which is housed in a vault, displays the largest uncut octahedron in the world - the famous 616, named for its size.

• The new Viewing Platform offers visitors the opportunity to see The Big Hole from above and gaining a sense of its remarkable scale and grandeur.

• In the Old Town, visitors can explore period buildings that have been preserved or restored to their original glory. These include a church built in Europe and shipped to Kimberley, Barney Barnato's Boxing Academy, the Diggers' Tavern, authentic diggers' sleeping quarters and the De Beers Director's railway coach.

Richmond Horse Museum

Richmond, Karoo region; +27 (0)53 693 0176

Housed in what was a school and boarding house in the 1800s and more recently a cabinet maker's workshop and residence, is the very unique Horse Museum of Richmond. It is only one of two such museums in the world dedicated to the saddle horse.

Victoria Trading Post

Victoria West, Karoo region; +27 (0)53 621 0353

Experience Karoo nostalgia and take home a reminder from The Victoria Trading Post. Browse through a collection of old enamel kitchenware, old bottles and porcelain. The Mannetjies Roux museum is part of the shop and is dedicated to a private collection of rugby memorabilia and his historic contribution to the game.

Belgravia Historic Walk

Kimberley, Diamond Fields region

The historic suburb of Belgravia plays host to 33 of Kimberley's most historical sites. Much of the Kimberley's opulent lifestyle and its characteristic architecture can be seen during this interesting two kilometre circular walk. There are 33 places of interest, including museums, houses, buildings and statues.



Paragliding

Thermals soar from the baking earth to the cooler cobalt skies supplying an ideal lift for paragliders. Many world records have been set in De Aar and Kuruman, where flights of up to 350km have been recorded. The Fly De Aar aerodrome site launches predominantly by winch.

River Rafting and Canoeing Tours

The Northern Cape's Orange and Vaal Rivers are ideal for canoeing and rafting with the 2 340km long Orange River being a favourite for white water adventurers. The rivers of long stretches of warm, open flat water punctuated by rapids and divulge the breath-taking, arid Richtersveld scenery under the guidance of experienced guides for an incomparable 3 - 5 day adventure. A Great overnight experience with a starlit African sky, raging campfires, good food and great company.

Adrenaline rushing river rafting is presented by various river tour operators such as:

Wildthing	+27 (0) 21 702 9424
Bushwhacked	+27 (0) 27 761 8953
Khamkirri	+27 (0) 82 790 1309
	+27 (0) 82 821 6649
Umkhulu	+27 (0) 21 853 7952
Swift River Adventures	+27 (0) 82 773-3304



Along the Orange River: rafting and winelands

Rock Art

Examples of engravings left by the Khoisan people can be found all over the Karoo region. Most of the images are found on low ridges of dolerite rock as the black boulder fields are ideal for engraving. Rock gongs (rocks that reverberating beautifully) can also be found at a few sites such as Keurfontein near Vosburg and Thomas' Farm near Hopetown.

Wine Tours and Tasting

Wine Tour at Orange River Wine Cellars Upington, Green Kalahari; +27 (0)54 337-8800

The co-operative consists of five wineries situated in Upington, Kakamas, Keimoes, Grootdrink and Groblershoop. Grape juice cellars operate from Kanoneiland, Kakamas and Grootdrink. The wine grapes of the Oranjerivier Wine Cellars are harvested from 794 producers along the Orange River, which stretch over more than 300km from Groblershoop to Blouputs. The cellars offer an extensive range of award-winning wines from dry white, natural sweet and dry red as well as dessert wines.

ESTABLISHED ROUTES

Battlefield Route

The war between Great Britain and the Boer Republics of Transvaal and the Orange Free State broke out on 11 October 1899 and residents of the Northern Cape region of the Cape Colony were plunged into three years of unimaginable hardship.

The Northern Cape played a decisive role in the war with major battles of the Western Campaign taking place within 120 kilometres of Kimberley. Within hours of the war's beginning, Boer commandos moved into Natal and the Cape Colony on three fronts. With former Cape Premier Cecil Rhodes ensconced in Kimberley, the town was a prime target for the Boers and the siege of Kimberley, then under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Robert Kekewich, took place on 14 October.

The details of the siege, including the victories and setbacks suffered by the Relief Column under Lieutenant-General Lord Methuen, can be relived at the Magersfontein and McGregor Museums. The battles from Orange River Station, including Modder River, Magersfontein, Belmont, Graspan and the eventual relief by General French and his cavalry are poignantly represented.

The decisive victory by the Boers over the Highland Brigade at Magersfontein on 11 December 1899 was a crushing blow to the British army and to the besieged folk of Kimberley, who had expected relief before Christmas. They had to endure many more days of deprivation and danger, including shelling from a Boer Long Tom, before relief eventually came on 15 February 1900.

This did not mean the end of the war, but only the end of the conventional stages and, until May 1902, Boer guerrilla forces roamed the entire Northern Cape region with skirmishes between Boer and Brit being regular occurrences. By visiting the many battlefields and talking to the local residents, visitors can picture that distant war and bring it to life.

Orange River Station

Located just east of Hopetown, Orange River Station formed the starting point of the British advance. While Methuen gathered his relief column around the station, his troops built forts and lookout posts along the hills. On 21 November 1899 Methuen was ready and, ordered to break through the Boer lines, he struck

ESTABLISHED ROUTES

out of Kimberley. Meanwhile at Belmont, the Boers prepared to block his advance. Later on during the war, both Boer and African civilians were interned at a concentration camp located behind some present day silos. A graveyard, monument and well- dug for drinking water by the Boer women- are sad reminders on the site.

Belmont

On 23 November 1899, an Orange Free State Commando and the Kimberley Relief column fought their first action at Belmont. Methuen's troop camped at Thomas' Farm before attacking at dawn, but confused troop deployments and alert Boers, cost the British dearly. After pouring a hail of bullets into their attackers, the Boers mounted their ponies and galloped away. British losses were 75 killed and 220 wounded. The Boers lost some 15 dead, 30 wounded and 36 men taken prisoner. Two monuments located on the battlefield honour those men who died here, while various site displays provide visitor information.

Ganspan

Retiring from Belmont, the Boers joined General De la Rey's burghers and occupied some hills located between the Ganspan and Enslin sidings. On 24 November 1899 after a brief skirmish, Metheun marched his troops up from Belmont and camped within striking distance of Ganspan. His artillery shelled the Boers, but failed to chase them from their positions. Adjacent to the N12 on a low kopje, a memorial lists those British troops killed in the area and display provides site information. Boer losses are recorded on a monument located on the highly visible Eastern kopje.

Modder River

Also known as Twee Rivieren, action saw the Boers fight from concealed entrenchments dug along the north and south banks of the Riet and Modder River. The Boers constructed a riverfront defence line and, supported with artillery and machine guns, they prepared a trap for Methuen's troops. For the British, Modder River proved costly - they lost 70 and 413 troops were wounded. Two battlefield monuments located a short distance after the Jacobsdal and Schutskamma Road turnoffs list some of those British troops killed in action. A stone blockhouse constructed in 1901 still guards the rail bridge and two memorials located nearby record those British troops, who later died at the Modder River camp. For the visitor, various displays are located at key points on the Battlefield.

Battlefield Route (continue)

Magersfontein

After their Modder River battle, the Boers anchored a new defence line around the Magersfontein hills. On 10 December 1899 the British bombarded the hillside and warned the Boers of an impending attack. A hilltop memorial on the erstwhile battlefields commemorates the Scottish dead, while the Royal Highlanders (Black Watch) monument honours Major General Andy Wauchope, the Brigade's Commanding Officer, who was killed during the battle. Nearby are twin monuments to a Scandinavian detachment fighting alongside the Boers with other gravesites, memorials and information points being accessible on the battlefield.

Langberg

After the Modder River battle, the Boers first occupied the Spytfontein hills before extending the line to include Magersfontein into their defences. Located on a small hill next to the N12, an information panel provides some site information and for the more adventurous, a Boer field gun and pom-pom position are worth exploring.

Koedoesberg Drift

To divert Boer attention away from the eastern British troop build-up, the highland Brigade (now under General MacDonald) marched downstream along the Riet River to Koedoesberg Drift. General Christiaan de Wet's Boers occupied Koedoesberg Hill and between 5-8 February1900 fighting broke out along the summit. Although both sides only suffered slight casualties during the action Lt Freddie Tait, a champion British golfer, was killed on the hill. Returning to Modder River, the Highlanders joined those troops massing to the east and for them it was mission accomplished. Their attention distracted, the Boers were caught offside and breaking through their eastern defences, General French's cavalry relieved Kimberley.

Carter's Hill

Intended to divert Boer attention from Methuen's approaching relief column, this disastrous action, fought on 28 November 1899, resulted in heavy loss for the Kimberley garrison. Launching a three-pronged attack, they captured Carter's farm and a Boer laager, but the mounted troops failed to seize the Boer guns. During the battle Lt Colonel Scott-Turner, a Black Watch officer, was killed along with a number of local men. A monument marks the spot where they fell.

ESTABLISHED ROUTES

Namakwa Flower Route

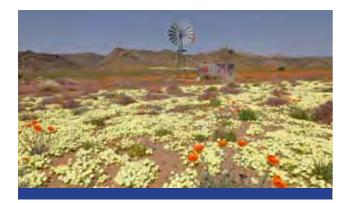
The spring wild flowers of the Namakwa are a phenomenon that never ceases to amaze and delight. This apparent wilderness of semi-desert is suddenly transformed, into a pageant of flowers.

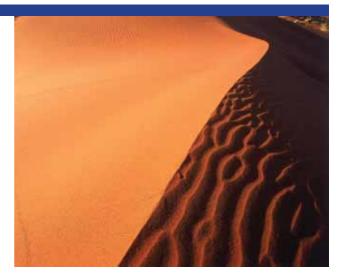
The Namakwa Flower Route lies roughly 5 hours north of Cape Town. The first flowers start blooming near Cape Town and the Potsberg section of the West Coast National Park close to Langebaan presents an exciting floral display. However, the real flower show belongs to a series of drives to towns like Garies, Springbok, Kamieskroon and Port Nolloth, north along the N7 highway.

Included in the wild flower route are the Richtersveld National Park, Goegap Nature Reserve and Skilpad Wild Flower Reserve. Alexander Bay and the Orange River mouth and estuary is a must-see point on any flower itinerary. Wild flowers can be seen all over the Namakwa, West Coast and Olifants River Valley and towns such as Citrusdal, Clanwilliam, Lamberts Bay, Nieuwoudtville and Vredendal will not disappoint.

Almost 4,000 different species of plant seeds await germination, which is dependent on the rainfall. Enquire at the local tourist information bureau to find the best floral hot spots.

Several hiking and cycling routes allow close scrutiny of the indigenous flora, including the Goegap Nature Reserve, where picnic spots and overnight facilities are available.





Red Dune Route

This route networks a group of highly individual guest houses, farms and game reserves in the remote most northerly area of the Northern Cape. The members of the route are all en-route to the Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park, which is home to springbok, black-maned Kalahari lions and the ever evasive leopard and cheetah. Enjoy the legendary hospitality and traditional, local cuisine such as roosterkoek, nabbas, venison and melktert.

The Kalahari Red Dune Route showcases the Kalahari through a wide range of activities including duneboarding, camel riding and 4x4 trailing for the adventurous, and game drives, guided walks, birding expeditions and other eco-inclined activities for nature lovers. For visitors attuned to culture and history, the Kalahari Red Dune Route offers the opportunity to experience regional customs and folklore, sample traditional cuisine and meet the warm and welcoming people of the Kalahari. Accommodation options are as diverse as the landscape and vary from camping to homely bed and breakfasts and luxury lodges.

The area covered by the route extends north of Upington in the Northern Cape province of South Africa into the toe-shaped protrusion of South Africa to the Namibian border. The route incorporates the Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park.

ESTABLISHED ROUTES

The Roaring Kalahari Route

The sheer size and distances of the Kalahari can be intimidating, but members of the Roaring Kalahari Route make you feel at ease in this vast wilderness. The route starts in the oasis of Kuruman and also covers the tree-filled town of Kathu before heading northwards to Dibeng and the mining towns of Hotazel and Black Rock. It then heads to McCarthy's Rest on the Botswana border, back down to Van Zylsrus and westward to Askham with a detour to the unforgettable Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park. The route then heads south to the largest town on the route, Upington and back east to Groblershoop and the Boegoeberg Dam.

The Witsand Nature Reserve is an essential stop-over en then the route travels to Griquatown and Daniëlskuil. Visitors can stay at hospitable and colourful guest houses, guest farms, resorts, parks and nature reserves.

For more information on the Roaring Kalahari Route go to www. roaringkalahari.co.za

For more routes as well as tour proposal and itineraries, please consult our website at *www.experiencenortherncape.com* or contact *info@experiencenortherncape.com*.



ESTABLISHED ROUTES

Cape to Namibia Route

Cape West Coast

South Africa's mother city at Africa's southern tip is a place of unions. Two of the world's great oceans surge together off its shores. Primal weather systems swirl northwards, bringing the climatic conditions for the globally unique Cape Floral Kingdom. If you're in the mood for sipping world-class wine and enjoying fine dining as the sun sets over the ocean, revelling in the natural splendour of Table Mountain and Cape Point, enjoying a round of golf on one of the many championship city courses, partying with the beautiful people or maxing out your credit card with retail therapy, Cape Town is your destination.

The Northern Cape

Big on hospitality, short on traffic jams, rich with tales of diamond smugglers, shipwrecks and vast sunbleached landscapes which erupt into colour each spring – these are the ingredients of the Namaqualand and Bushmanland regions of the Northern Cape. Many visitors seeking the flowers in Spring find they're entranced too by the long open roads, clean air and crystalline night skies and by the excitement and adventure of mountain biking, hiking, canoeing, diving, rock climbing and safaris in one of Africa's premier wildlife reserves.

Southern Namibia

There's a primordial splendour about the Namibian landscape that speaks to every human's need to enjoy solitude and serenity. A soulful and spiritual place of immense spaces merging into distant horizons. It's a place for photographers, artists and poets to draw inspiration, and for nature to regain its rightful place at the centre of the landscape. It's a place of otherworldly scenes, colonial-era houses being swallowed up by the shifting sand, vast sand dunes above the aquamarine waters of the Atlantic Ocean.

www.capenamibia.com



Witsand Nature Reserve

Witsand Nature Reserve is a scenic park teeming with bird life. Witsand means "White Sand" and the name is derived from the colour of the sand, which contrasts dramatically with the surrounding red Kalahari sands.

Witsand presents visitors with startling white dunes reaching twenty to sixty metres high and surrounded by copper-red Kalahari sand, Acacia woodland and the Langberg Mountain range. The reserve is home to the famous 'Brulsand' or Roaring Sands of the Kalahari. Under the right conditions, these dunes utter an eerie rumble when disturbed.

Witsand offers the following:

- Kalahari Mountain View 36km 4X4 Sand Route
- Great Hiking Trails throughout the reserve.
- Dune Boards and Mountain bikes for rent
- · Bird watching and game viewing.
- · Botanical Meander: a 3km walking trail

For more information and accommodation options, visit www. witsandkalahari.co.za





www.experiencenortherncape.com

Arid National Parks of the Northern Cape







MOKALA NATIONAL PARK

NAMAQUA NATIONAL PARK

TANKWA KAROO NATIONAL PARK

Kgalagadi Transfrontier Park tel +27 (0)54 561-2000 |Ai-|Ais/Richtersveld Transfrontier Park tel +27 (0)27 831-1506 Augrabies Falls National Park tel +27 (0)54 452-9200 Mokala National Park tel +27 (0)53 204-0158 Namaqua National Park tel +27 (0)27 672-1948 Tankwa Karoo National Park tel +27 (0)27 341-1927



NATIONAL PARKS

SANParks Central Reservations tel +27 (0)12 428-9111 web www.sanparks.org

email reservations@sanparks.org



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General Travel Information

Tourist Safety

Though the Northern Cape is a safe haven for tourists, we urge you to take the same precautions you would in any other city or town. Avoid the unnecessary display of valuables and do not walk in deserted places or go out alone at night.

International dialling

The international dialling code for South Africa is 027. The first 0 in the local dialling code falls away eg. 053 833 1434 becomes 027 53 833 1434.

Banking

Most banks are open Mon-Fri 09h00-15h30 & Sat 09h00-11h00. Autobanks are found in bigger towns.

Petrol (Gas)

Though widely available at most towns, we recommend filling up before travelling long distances. On major routes and in bigger towns, petrol stations are open day and night.

Transport

Kimberley has air and rail links with most major South African cities. The luxurious Blue Train and Rovos Rail travels from Pretoria to Cape Town via Johannesburg and Kimberley, where passengers can board or disembark. Upington also has air links with all major cities in South Africa. Car hire companies are represented at the airports and in major towns.

The Weather

The Northern Cape's weather is typical of desert and semidesert areas. We live in a large, dry region of fluctuating temperatures and varying topographies.

The scant annual rainfall (50-400mm) is unreliable and very much lower than evaporation and, in January, afternoon temperatures are usually between 33-36° Celsius. In 1939, at Goodhouse on the Orange River, an all-time high of 47.8° was recorded! Though somewhat unusual, summer temperatures do sometimes top the 40° mark. Winter days are warm - the onset of night bringing dew and frost to supplement our low rainfall. Sutherland, in the Hantam Karoo, is one of the coldest towns in southern Africa. Its average minimum is -6°! In winter, snow often blankets its surrounding mountains. In general, though, take it that you'll enjoy hot summer days, warm company and chilly nights.



Accommodation Listing

Accommodation options listed by region

0116 ***

0626

1234

Diamond Fields Region

Barkley West

Rooftop B&B	053 531
Rekaofella Holiday Resort	053 531
Deo Gloria	083 262

Delportshoop

Borrelskop Country Lodge 053 561 0114 053 561 0125 Diamant Guest House 083 985 5786 Middelpos Guest Farm

Hartswater Barons Galley & Lodge Moreson Guest House Shalom Guest House Seyffet Guest House Weltevrede Guest House Toggekry Country Lodge Kleinplasie Animal Farm B&B Salome Guest House	053 082 053 053 083 053 053 078	474 922 474 474 736 474 334	0077 1065 4754 1632 0644 1723 0077 3866 1012	****
Jan Kempdorp Eden Guest House O'Hanna Guest House Jan Kempdorp Hotel Boston Lodges Border Hotel	083 053 053	449 456 456	2501 1593 1612 0150 2192	**** ***** *
Kimberley Estate Private Hotel Aletheim Guest House Ambassador Lodge Australian Arms Guest House Boitumelo Jwa Sechaba GH Cecil John Rhodes C.H. Dankie Pa Guest House Edgerton Guest House Edgerton Guest House Edgerton Guest House Edgerton Guest House Executive Self Catering Five Acres Guest House Kingston Game Ranch Mattanu Game Rearch Mattanu Game Rearch Mattanu Game Rearch Mattanu Game Rearch Mattanu Game Ranch Mattanu Game Rearch Mattanu Game Ranch Mattanu Game Rearch Mattanu Game Rearch Mattanu Game Reserve Protea Hotel Kimberley REPA Guest House Boiketlo Guest House Beigravia B&B Bishops Lodge Carlington Lodge Cullinan Guest House Eksik 30 Guest House Eksik 30 Guest House Harkamel Guest House	082 053 053 053 053 053 053 053 053 053 053	553 831 019 8322 830 861 831 831 831 831 831 832 861 833 832 861 831 832 831 831 832 831 831 832 831 832 831 831 832 831 831 832 831 832 831 832 831 832 832 831 832 832 832 832 832 832 832 832 832 832	2662 1366 7937 8960 4857 2500 3057 7764 1179 7083 8200 3132 5515 5515 5515 5145 4224 1093 8368 8060 4243 4455 3795 0131 11751 11751 11751 2323 3795 5015 11751 11751 2323 3705 5025 11751 11751 11751 11751 2323 23767 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015 2015	
Leruo's Guest House	053	861	4587	***

Langberg Guest Farm	053 832 1001	
Livingston Guest House	084 550 3522	
Little Farm Lodge Marrick Safari	053 833 7198 053 833 7004	
Milner House	053 831 6405	****
Mondior Manor	053 832 1971	****
Oak Rest Guest House Paljas & Kandas GH	053 842 0653 074 565 8081	
Protea Hotel Diamond Lodge		
Rooipoort Nature Reserve	053 839 4455	****
Royal Heights Savoy Hotel	053 832 9846 053 832 6211	
Tarentaalrand Safari Lodge	053 833 7221	
The Nook B&B	053 833 2917	***
Ubuntu Guest House Victorian Guest Lodge	053 832 7000 053 832 8168	***
Villa D'Este Guest House	053 831 2781	
Villa Mexicana Guest House	082 890 1886	****
Carters Guest House Dawaria Guest House	082 789 9428 053 832 9104	****
De Leeuwen Hof	084 371 8738	
De Beers Guest House	053 861 2192	
Gum Tree Lodge	053 832 8577	
Kosmos Guest House MacDougall Lodge	053 861 3795 083 448 9070	**
Ousie Mesies' Guest House	082 413 8356	
Stress-Less Self Catering	084 512 9784	
Skabutsi Guest House Hoffe Park Acc	053 861 4031 053 861 5163	
La Cassa Mia	053 861 5163	
Road Lodge	053 841 0790	* ****
44 Villa Palma African Diamond Guest H.	082 789 2887 053 842 1854	****
At Judy's Guest House	082 051 5007	***
Bell-lu Guest House	053 833 1098	***
Bella Vista Kimberley Caravan Park	053 861 3228 082 441 5097	
Kimberley Caravan Park Chanbe Game Lodge	053 832 7713	
Correctional Chalets	053 861 9848	
Driehoek Guest Farm Flamingo Casino	053 833 7001 053 830 2600	
Halfway House	053 831 6324	
Horseshoe Motel	053 832 5267	
Kgosi Lodge Kossan Game Reserve	083 337 5561 082 299 6502	
Lillydale Game Lodge	083 532 3610 053 833 7113	
Magersfontein Lodge	053 833 7113	
N12 Manor GH Exit 30 Guest House	082 550 5660 053 841 0131	
Queens Hotel	053 832 5845	
Romario's B&B	053 832 8460 083 737 2250	
Roodepan GH Sixty On Queensway GH	083 737 2250 084 588 9182	***
Stay a Day	053 832 7239	***
Airport Hotel	053 832 7239 053 802 7980	
Smitties Guest House Yendor Guest House	084 503 8242 053 861 1110	
Bellamor Guest House	072 460 0141	
Uitzicht Guest House	082 810 5222	
HlalaKuti Guest House Queens Inn Guest House	053 872 0364 053 861 1194	
Big Hole Caravan Park	053 830 6322	
Iketle B&B	053 831 5018	
Rebuammogo Guest House Welgewandel B&B	082 853 5939 053 832 0469	***
75 on Milner Lodge	053 632 0469 082 686 5994	
-		
Warrenton Immanuel Guest House	053 497 5141	
Magelevendze Hotels	053 497 5577	
Transka Pleasure Resorts	053 497 3115	

Green Kalahari

Augrabies

Dundi Lodge Augrabies Falls 054 451 9200 **** 054 451 7021 **** The Falls Guest House Augrabies Adventure Lodge 072 515 6079 Augrabies Valle B&B 054 451 7009 Daberas Adventures 083 384 7188 082 875 5965 De Marchand Guest House Arrie se Put Guest House 082 339 2096 Kalahari Adventure Centre 054 451 0177 Khamkirri Game Reserve 054 451 0325 Lake Grappa Guest Farm 082 978 3949

Danielskuil

Klein Papkuil Reserve Little Eden Guest House Mount Carmel Safaris Rest a While Guest House Plenary Hotel Serendipity Guest House Vaalbos Guest House Middelpos Guest Farm

Groblershoop

Headmaster's House Grape Vine Guest House Boegoeberg Dam Resort Thuru Lodae Trans Boegoe Eco Resort

Keimoes

De Werf Lodge Kalahari Water SC Kei Casa Ou Skool Guest House Keimoes Caravan Park Keimoes Overnight Rooms

Kenhardt

Ka Βı Ke Ke Ve

Kalahari Guest House 073 194 2864 Kalahari Sands Guest House 054 511 0021 Kgalagadi National Park Klipkolk Lodge Rooipan Guest House Camelthorn Camping Dreghorn Cottages Kalahari Trails Nature Res. Koppieskraal Farm Acc Loch Maree Guest Farm Molopo Kalahari Lodge Rea se Boskamp !Xaus Lodge Gemsbokkie Guest Farm Kalahari Lodge Guest Farm Murray Veld Čamp Olifantshoek

082 783 6096 078 333 1247 ** Elephant Rock Inn Ivoor Guest House 053 331 0050 Pudu Lodge 082 440 3854 Safari Guest House 053 331 0536 Mala Lodge 082 807 8878

Postmasburg

Abendruhe Guest House Witsand Nature Reserve Andri Sha Motel Nagrus Guest House Postmasburg Hotel Postmashuis Guest House Soetfontein Guest Farm

053 384 1060

053 384 0564

053 384 0233

053 384 0838

053 384 0135

053 384 1690 **

053 862 ask for 7133

054 461 2404 ** 082 821 1030 **** 054 464 0125 **** 054 461 6400 054 461 1641

ambro-Kind Guest House	054 651 0022
ushmanland Guest House	054 651 0022
enhardt Caravan Park	054 651 6500
enhardt Hotel	054 651 0052
erneukpan Cottage	054 651 0022

Mier (Askham)

Dorsland Guest House

053 313 3882 053 313 1061 053 313 2182 083 259 9154 053 313 1166 053 313 0382 053 313 1949

Upington Desert Palace Hotel Oasis Protea Lodge Orange River Hotel River City Inn Upington Protea Hotel @Devonest B&B 28 North West B&B A Riviera Garden Cottge Aan't Kanaal B&B Aroma B&B Evergreen B&B Green Perridot Highway Guest House B&B Die Kalahari House Silver Bull B&B Strelitzia B&B A Chateau de Lux African Pride Guest House Affinity B&B Africa River Lodge Afrique Guest House Anwil Guest House Bain's Guest House Belurana Guest House Bokkie's Guest House Border Close Guest House Brown's Manor Burger Guest House Central Guest House De Duine Guest House Ed - Laurdon Guest House Esme's Guest House Gemsbokkie Geranium Guest House Greenfield Gardens Idemville Islandview House Jubilee Guest House Kalahari Guest House Klassique Guest House Kom Rus 'n Bietjie La Fuque Le Must Residance Le Must Guest Manor Libby's Lodge Mallsite Guest House Moonriver Odyssey Guest House River Place Guest House **Riverside Guest House** RuNá Guesthouse Sun River Kalahari Lodge Sunset Villa Three Gables Guest House Waterfront Guest House Oranjerivier Guest Rooms Alimento Guest House Andalize Guest House B' Blessed Guest House Blue Rain Guest House Carpe Diem Classic Court De Drift Chalets Elders Oornag Habitat Guest House LalaLapa Marilana Maud 's Place Mazurka Waters Naree's Cottage OppiPlaas Guest House River Lodge (Otter's Rest) Island View Guest House Kalahari Plaaskombuis Kalahari Monate Lodge Naba Lodge

KALAHARI REGION

083 794 0375

Dibeng	
Winton Gue	est Farm

Hotazel

Thota Lodge and Boma 083 260 4300 Ber Sheba Guest House 053 741 1517 Kalahari Cottage 053 741 1455 Lymington Hunting Farm 083 306 6021

Kathu

Nathu	
Namakwari Estate	053 723 2987 ****
Accondri Guest House	053 723 2079
Gamagara Lodge	053 723 2285 ***
Melkbos Guest House	053 723 1439
Sanyati B&B	053 723 1666 ***
Constantia Guest House	053 723 3020
Cranberry Cottage	053 723 2122
Liwika Guesthouse	053 723 2691
Rheotessa Guest House	053 723 1238
The Ranch Chalets	082 927 9621
Khai Apple Resort	053 723 2261
Ommihoek B&B	053 723 1478
Road Runner Guest House	053 723 1346

Kuruman

Nuruman		
Amaziah B&B	082 927 1190	
Kalahari Lodge	053 712 1666	
Kalahari Rangers Lodge	079 580 4199	****
Bee My Guest Guest House	053 712 2635	
Cunningham Cottage	053 712 2403	**
Die Oog B&B	053 712 0353	
Eldorado Hotel	053 712 2191	
Janke Guest House	053 712 0949	
Klipwerf Guest House	053 712 0932	***
Letona Guesthouse	053 712 3073	***
Oppiknoppi Guest Farm	053 751 1388	
Thuba-Kobo-Segole	053 712 0301	***
Audrey's Guest House	053 712 2760	**
De Duine Lodge	084 800 7779	**
Legaeng Guest House	053 773 1977	
Shomatobe Lodge	053 712 1561	
Billy's B&B	079 523 5579	
De Oude Werf Lodge	053 712 0117	
Die Mynhuis Guest House	053 712 2546	
Kalahari Raptor Centre	053 712 3576	
Kgalagadi Hotel, Batlharos	053 774 1990	
Kuru-Kuru Guest House	076 781 6669	
Palermo Inn	053 712 3951	
Tuscany Guest House	082 423 6311	
Villa Best B&B	082 774 0298	
Broughton Guest Farm	083 378 9949	
Kuruman Hotel	053 712 2450	
Livingstone Lodge	053 712 3930	
Municipal Caravan Park	053 712 1479	

Van Zylsrus

Tswalu Kalahari Reserve	053 781 9211
Cullinan Guest Farm	053 781 0300
Kalahari Sands Guest Farm	054 511 0021
Kgalagadi Lodge	082 773 0317
Madalla Dune Lodge	042 296 2756
Van Zylsrus Hotel	053 781 0201 ***
Kalahari Safari	053 781 0320

KAROO REGION

Britstown

053 672 0408	**
053 672 0027	
	053 672 0408 084 299 7643 053 672 0027

Canarvon

Lord Carnarvon Guest House	082	780	4209
Out of Africa Guest Houses			3185
Tip-Top Guest Houses	053	382	3685
Carnarvon Hotel	053	382	3095
OnseKoffiehuis Restaurant	053	382	3194

Colesnella				
The Barracks			2286	
The Lighthouse			0043	
Coniston Guest House	051	753	0242	**
Die Kleipot Guest House	051	753	0360	***
Merino Inn	051	753	0781	
Toverberg Guest House	051	753	0422	***
Traveller's Joy			2857	***
	000	750	2031	
Colesberg Lodge Karoo Huisies			0734	
Karoo Huisies			0582	
Oude Hostel Guest House	051	753	0131	
River Destiny Lodge	051	753	0203	
Colesview	051	753	1720	***
The Glasgow Pont Hotel			5010	
			0030	
Gables Inn				
Gordon's Cottage, The			0390	
Ketelfontein Guest Farm			0582	
La Provence			0486	***
Nanna Rous' Town House	051	753	0985	
Seekoeirivier	051	753	1378	
Skietberg Lodge			0373	
Skielberg Louge	002	404	03/3	
De Aar				
De Herberg Lodge			2468	***
Dorpshuis Guest House	083	305	6497	***
Inn Excellence B&B			3944	***
Karoo Country Guest House	053	631	0394	
Mike's Cuset Llause				
Mike's Guest House			3245	
Potties B&B	053	631	1555	
The Guesthouse			0348	
Emthanjeni Lodge	053	631	2777	**
Hydra Guest House	053	631	0522	
De Aar Guest House			4079	***
De Aar Hotel			2181	

De Lange Guest House			4368	
Die Burger Villa			2777	
Garden Cottage, The			1303	
Janco Inn	053	631	4726	
Douglas				
Broadwater River Resort	082	332	2266	****
Villa de Ghaap Guesthouse			4314	***
Rene's Guesthouse			1824	
Africa Lodge			1517	
Clearwater Guest Farm			2355	
Guinea-fowl Lodge	053	298	1517	
3				
Griguatown				
Wildebeest Guest Farm	072	12/	6814	
Holkrans Guest Farm			1512	
Dandyslaagte Guest House	059	62 1	131	
Hanover				
Karoo Gariep Mieliefontein	053	643	0170	
Karoo Gariep New Holme			0170	
Bun Clody Guest House			0256	***
			0230	**
Mams Megatown				**
Ash Tree Guest House			0080	***
3 Darling Street Guest House				
Hanover Lodge Hotel	053	643	0019	**
-				

Colesberg

Hopetown ant Hausa

Hopetown Guest House Die Stalle Guest House Radnor Hotel Doornbult Guest Farm Oranjerus Rooms Stables, The	053 203 0318 053 203 0015 053 203 0015 053 203 8105 053 203 0140 053 203 0007
Loxton Karoo Cottage	053 381 3091
Noupoort Rooipoort Guest Farm The Don Guest House	049 843 1707 049 843 1075
Orania Herberg Oranje	053 207 0070
Petrusville Cypherfontein	053 663 0114/6

Prieska Gecko Cot

Gecko Cottage	082 371 7594	
Gariep Country Lodge	053 353 2552 ***	
Copperton Guest House	053 355 1010	
Springbokpoortjie GF	082 924 5452	
River View Lodge	053 353 1417 ***	

053 622 0022

6912 ask for 1840

Richmond

Marina Guest House	053 693 0142
An-ra Guest House	083 924 5452
Die Fonteine	053 6912 ask f
Ka-Ma Lodge	053 693 0138
Perdehoef B&B	053 693 0212
Richmond Lodge	053 693 0315
Rondawel Guest Farm	053 691 1721
Van Zylskraal Guest Farm	053 691 1620
Wortelfontein	053 691 1504

Three Sisters Three Sisters Guest Farm

Van Wyksvlei

Jagersberg Guest Farm	053 383 1403
Smouskolk Guest Farm	053 383 1321
Van Wyksvlei Hotel	053 383 3011
•	

Vanderkloof

Pride Rock Lodge 053 664 0242 Vanderkloof Guest House 053 664 0010 Vanderkloof Holiday Resort 053 664 0198

Victoria West

Kingwill's B&B 053 621 0453 **** Liza's B&B 053 621 0466 De Oude Pastorie 053 621 0979 PophuisHoekie 053 621 1243 Peperboom 053 621 0312 De Oude Shcolen 053 621 1043 Marseilles Guest House 053 621 0105 Melton Wold Guest Farm 053 612 0906 Rest-a-While 053 621 0194 Transvalia GF 053 622 0009 Sandaar GH 053 621 0222 053 621 1022 **** Victoria West Guest House

Vosburg

Central Garage Guest House 053 675 0057 Die Skerm 053 673 2161 Graskop Guest House 053 6732 1631 Hunters Home Hotel 053 675 0045 Nuwedam Safaris 053 6732 1503 Vosburg

NAMAKWA REGION

Alexander Bay

Ai Ais/Richtersveld Park	012 426 5051	**
Alexander Bay Guesthouses	027 831 1855	
Brandkaros Camping Site	027 831 1364	

Calvinia Die D

Die Dorphuis	027 341 1606 ****
BlouNartije GH	027 341 1263
Jo's Guest House	027 341 2247 **
Hantam Hotel	027 341 1512
Rolbos Guest House	027 341 1666 ***
Katryns B&B	073 174 4059
HiesoHieso Guest Farm	082 771 1269
Maku-Tuis Self Catering	083 227 1062
Middelpos Hotel	027 341 2507
Toekoms Self Catering	027 341 2201

Eksteensfontein (Richtersveld Communities)

072 593 9906 Kom Rus 'n Bietjie Rooiberg Guest House 071 556 0951

0	
Fraserburg KliphuisHerberg	
Outuin Guest House	

023 741 1870 023-7411208

Garies Garies Self-Catering 027 652 1799 Sophia Guest House 027 652 1069 Garies Hotel & Restaurant 027 652 1042 * Agama Tented Camp 072 0400 614 Garies Hotel and Restaurant 027 652 1042 Paulshoek Camp 027 541 1055 Hondeklip Bay Skulpieskraal Tented Lodge 076 430 8300

Die Honnehok Chalets 027 692 3041

Kamieskroon

Harry's Place	027 672 1856
Verbe Caravan Park and Acc	027 672 1776
Gousblom B&B	027 672 1004
Kamieskroon Hotel	027 672 1614
Pedroskloof Guest Farm	027 672 1666
Randspaar Guest House	027 672 1604

007 070 4050

027 662 1001

Kleinzee

The Houthoop Guestfarm	027 821 1669	***
Joanne's Geust House	027 877 0514	

Loeriesfontein Loeriesfontein Hotel

Nababeep Nababeep Hills Guesthouse 027 713 8083

Nieuwoudsville

Van Zijl Guesthouses	027 218 1535
Swiss Villa Guest House	027 218 1347
Papkuilsfontein Guest House	027 218 1246
Rooidakhuis	(027) 218 1061

Okiep

Okiep Country Hotel	027 744 1000	***
Pella		

i vilu	
Klein Pella Guest Farm	054 972 9712
	004 012 0112

Pofadder

Kleinplasie Self Catering 054 933 0063 Pofadder Hotel 054 933 0063

Port Nolloth

Port Indigo Guest House	027 851 8012	***
Richtersveld National Park	027 831 1506	***
Voetbaai McDougall's Bay	027 712 1141	***
Bedrock Lodge	027 851 8865	
Port Nolloth Country Club	027 851 7433	***
Scotia Inn Hotel	027 851 8353	***
McDougall's Bay Resort	027 851 1111	*
Gami / Goas Guest house	073 677 4014	
Big Babe's Accommodation	084 585 6750	
Sizamile Guest House	027 851 7628	

Springhok

opringbok		
Annie's Cottage	027 712 1252	****
Blue Diamond Lodge	027 718 2624	
Daisy Country Lodge	027 712 3335	****
Kleinplasie Guest House	027 712 1141	
Mountain View Guest House	027 712 1438	****
Old Mill Lodge	027 718 1705	
Cat Nap Accommodation	027 718 1905	
Desert Rose Guest House	027 712 2330	****
Elkoweru Guest House	027 718 1202	***
Goegap Nature Reserve	027 718 9906	
Harmony Estate Guest Lodge	027 718 1779	
Masonic Hotel	021 864 1277	***
Namagua Game Lodge	027 718 1268	***
Undulata Country Lodge	027 712 3732	
Boesmanland Guesthouse	027 712 1757	
Kokerboom Motel	021 864 1277	**
Rendezvous Selfcatering	027 712 1328	
Springbok Hotel	027 712 1161	**
Springbok Lodge	027 712 1321	**
Namakwa Chalets	027 718 1738	
Naries Namakwa Retreat	021 870 1080	

Springbok (continue) Springbok Caravan Park The Olive Tree Guest House			1584 1808	****
Steinkopf Cedswill Guest House Kookfontein Chalets			8562 8841	
Sutherland Galileo Cottage Kambro-kind B&B Skitterland Guesthouse Fiddlers Creek Camp Rhenoster Valley Guest Farm Rooikloof Guest Farm Blesfontein Guest Farm Sutherland Guest House Kosmos Self Catering Rosa Villa Guest House Jupiter B&B Primrose Cottage Rô-veld Guest House Silhouette Guest Farm	023 023 027 023 023 023 023 023 023 023 023 023 023	571 571 571 571 571 571 571 571 571 571	1959 1405 1115 8953 2780 2607 1257 1257 1257 1257 1257 1257 1257 125	***** **** ***
Vioolsdrif Vioolsdrift Lodge	027	761	8778	
Williston Soek-'n-Slapie Guest House	053	391	3146	***

Soek-'n-Slapie Guest House	053 391 3146	***
Annie's Inn	053 391 3541	
Hawthorne Country House	082 342 4144	
Die Ark	053 391 3659	
Williston B&B	053 391 3069	**

The publisher and Northern Cape Tourism Authority cannot be held responsible for the correctness of the above accommodation listing.

IMPRESSUM

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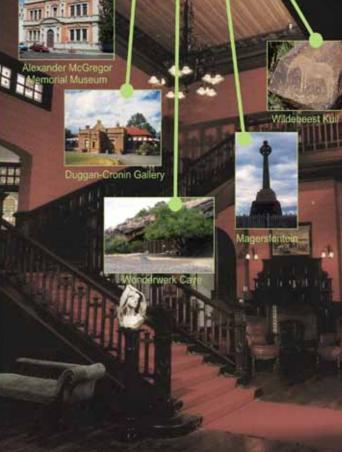
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3rd edition 2012

McGregor Museum

Atlas Street, Kimberley: 053-8392700 www.museumsnc.co.za

Satelli





Fall in love with Port Nolloth. jewel of the Diamond Coast

IS IT THE BREATHTAKING SUNSETS over the ocean, the wide open spaces, the rich history, or the friendly people that draw visitors from across the globe to this peaceful seaside town? Who knows, but once you have been to Port Nolloth, you'll never want to leave...

Experience the rich history and warm, welcoming atmosphere of Port Nolloth at Bedrock Lodge - the oldest guest house in town. This famous 3-star establishment will give you the unique opportunity of staying in some of the very first houses that were built in town, dating back to as early as 1855. Stay in one of the three stylish en-suite bedrooms in the historic main house (Bed & Breakfast) or rent one of the five fully furnished self-catering cottages. All are decorated with an eclectic mix of items, combining antiques, historic items and modern conveniences into a beautiful whole that oozes old-world charm. Most cottages, and all bedrooms, have a beautiful uninterrupted sea view. You can sit and relax on your front porch and watch the diamond boats coming in

through the canal (a natural opening in the reef) as they dock in the

harbour, marvel at the gorgeous sunsets, or watch the mist rolling in over the sea. The friendly staff and tranguil surroundings will add to your experience and ensure that Bedrock Lodge feels like your home away from home.

Facilities at Bedrock Lodge include: • Five fully equipped cottages with braai facilities • Three elegant en-suite rooms in the historic main house (B&B) • All rooms heated • Television with DSTV in cottages • M-NET and local TV stations for main house guests Wireless internet facility at reception
 Laundry service Swimming pool
 Security and off-street parking.

From R150 p/p sharing a unit. Call us now on +27 (0)851 8865 for bookings.

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BEDROCK

REDROO

BEDROCK LODGE Heritage by The Sea ***





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