Collateralised Transactions

The Eastern Caribbean Landscape

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Disclaimer

 The views expressed in this presentation are the views of the presenter and are not necessarily the views of the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank

Outline

- Understanding the Environment (Eastern Caribbean Currency Union)
- Current landscape for Collateral (Real Property)
- Next Steps
- Systemic Considerations
- The Role of Commercial Banks in Secured Lending



The Eastern Caribbean Central Bank (ECCB)

- 1 OF ONLY 4 MULTI-STATE BANKS IN THE WORLD.
- PARTICIPATING TERRITORIES
 (Eastern Caribbean Currency Union –
 ECCU)
 - 4 LEEWARD ISLANDS
 - ANGUILLA, ANTIGUA & BARBUDA, MONTSERRAT, ST.KITT'S/NEVIS
 - 4 WINDWARD ISLANDS
 - DOMINICA, ST. LUCIA, GRENADA, ST. VINCENT
 & THE GRENADINES





The ECCB Agreement

The Eastern Caribbean Central Bank Agreement Act:

 was passed into law by the eight Participating Governments.

• The Schedule to the Act :

 contains an agreement made on July 5 1983 by seven member governments and acceded to by the Government of Anguilla on 1st April 1987.



The ECCB Agreement

The Agreement provides for:

 the establishment of the Eastern Caribbean Central Bank, its Management and Administration, its Currency, Relations with Financial Institutions, Relations with the Participating Governments, Foreign Exchange Operations, External Reserves and other related matters.

Structure of Financial System

Institutions Licensed Under The Banking Act

	Clearing Banks	Non-Bank Financial Institutions	
MEMBER TERRITORIES v			
ANGUILLA	4	-	
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	8	2	
DOMINICA	4	1	
GRENADA	5	2	
MONTSERRAT	2	-	
ST. KITTS AND NEVIS	7	1	
ST. LUCIA	6	7	
ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES	4	2	
TOTAL	40	15	

Structure of Financial System

Clearing Banks

Locally Inc	Foreign Incorporated		
Locally Owned	Foreign Owned	1 oreign incorporated	
14	8	18	

Structure of Financial System

Other Financial Institutions

FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS:	Development Banks	Credit Unions	Insurance Companies/ Agencies	National Development Foundations	Building and Loan Associations	International Financial Services Sector Banks
MEMBER TERRITORIES ;						-
ANGUILLA	1	1	22	1	-	3
ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA	1	6	26	1	-	16
DOMINICA	1	15	17	1	1	3
GRENADA	1	16	24	1	1	-
MONTSERRAT	-	1	7	1	1	7
ST. KITTS AND NEVIS	1	3	17	1	-	1
ST. LUCIA	1	16	26	1	-	4
ST. VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES	-	9	22	1	1	5
TOTAL	6	67	161	7	4	39



Current Legislative Framework

- No single legislation for Secured Interest in Personal Property.
- Several Systems operate in Parallel throughout the OECS
 - Land Registration
 - Cadastral System ID preassigned
 - ID Assigned at registration
 - Unregistered land



Legislative Framework (Registration)

Country	Registered	Unregistered
Anguilla	Cadastral	-
Antigua and Barbuda*	Cadastral	-
Dominica*	ID On Registration	Deed System
Grenada	-	Deed System
Montserrat	Cadastral	-
St. Kitts and Nevis*	ID On Registration	Deed System
Saint Lucia	Cadastral	-
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	-	Deed System

^{*} Torrens system (Mirror Principle): a certificate of title is issued to the land owner and all the rights and interests are mirrored on the face of the title.



Legislative Framework (Extra Judicial Sale)

- Available in the ECCU
- EXCEPT Saint Lucia.
- Premised on the default of the borrower
- Requires Notice



Legislative Framework (Judicial Sale)

- Can be a Lengthy Process
- Under the direct supervision of the court.
- Commences with serving of formal notice to pay off within a prescribe time period.
- Saint Lucia's Civil Requirements presents a challenge.

Legislative Framework (ECCU Integration Gaps)

- Single ECCU Land Registry Required to support the Single Financial Space.
- Harmonisation of taxes and fees required to avoid arbitration or deterrents to doing business in specific territories.
- All ECCU citizens must be equal (no alien land holding license should required)



Next Steps

- ECCU Commission to be created to review policy issues and pursue recommendations:
 - ECCU Harmonised Legislation
 - A regional digitized land registry should be established.
 - Consideration for non-applicability of the CIVIL Code in Saint Lucia
 - Expansion of Extra Judicial sale to include private contracts



Next Steps

 "The financial services most accessed by retail consumers involve mortgage credit...Consumers also access other lines of personal credit for a wide range of activities from car loans to travel loans. Accordingly, the integration of the mortgage and other credit markets is central to a more efficient functioning of the single financial space."

Systemic Considerations

- Population Size Dictate the margins for error and Risk Appetite
- Competence is Key (Banks, Appraisers and Clients)
- Standards and Standard setting Bodies CRITICAL in providing homogeneity of valuations and practices.

Systemic Considerations

- Market is critical
 - May require Market makers
 - Market size including access to cross border markets will assist
- Not limited to Commercial Banks or primary lenders
 - Specialist institutions (factoring houses)
 - Development and Export Banks
 - Industry specific trade financing operations

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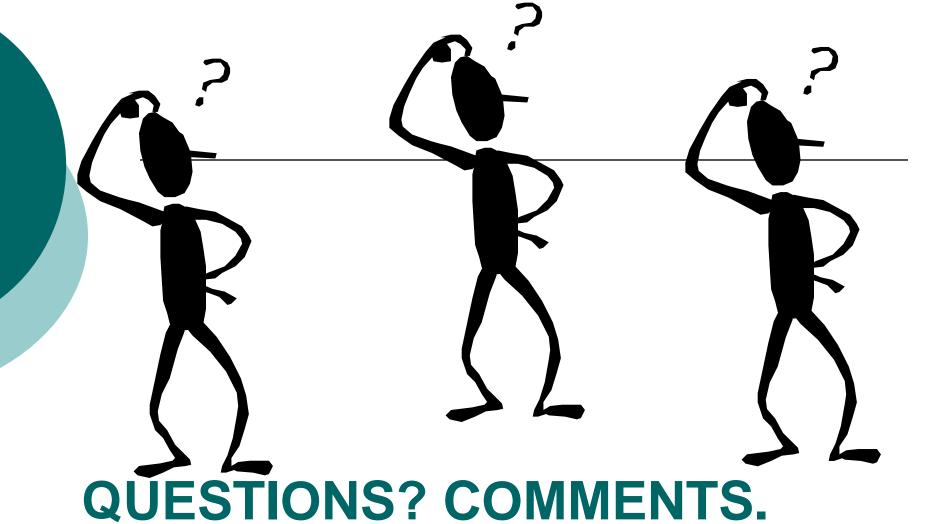


Role of Commercial Banks

- Commercial Banks are Primary Lenders and therefore a major source of finance.
- Legislation does not preclude
 Commercial Banks from performing
 Asset Based Lending.
- Prudential Guidelines MUST still apply.

Role of Commercial Banks

- The need for COMPETENCE cannot be overemphasized.
- DON'T RUSH ONE ONE FULL BASKET!



QUESTIONS? COMMENTS. EMOTIONAL OUTBURSTS!!!