Rare Plant and Vegetation Survey of Pearrygin Lake State Park



Pacífic Bíodíversíty Institute

Rare Plant and Vegetation Survey of Pearrygin Lake State Park

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Introduction

Under contract with the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission Pearrygin Lake State Park, located in Okanogan County, was surveyed for rare plant occurrences and mapped according to vegetation communities by Pacific Biodiversity Institute (PBI). Vegetation data was collected for all the mapped vegetation types. This report summarizes the activities and findings of the contracted work.

This project was conducted as part of a work trade agreement with Lyra Biological, Olympia, Washington. Under this agreement Pacific Biodiversity Institute conducted the surveys of Pearrygin Lake State Park. This report fulfills Pacific Biodiversity Institute's obligations under the work trade agreement for Lyra Biological's contract with the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission.

In addition to the established state park, we surveyed throughout the areas that have been recently acquired for state park expansion and on some adjacent properties under negotiation for purchase by the park (Figure 1). Under a separate contract, we also conducted similar surveys of parts of the Methow Wildlife Area that are adjacent to Pearrygin Lake State Park. This work is reported in a separate report (Visalli et al 2006).

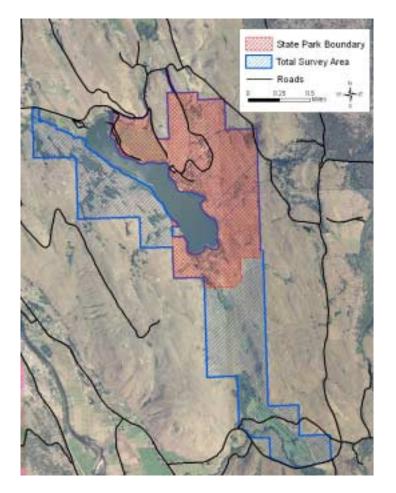


Figure 1. Current Pearrygin Lake State Park boundary and total survey area.

Vegetation Communities

Methods

Plant communities within the designated survey area were delineated and classified using a combination of field survey and remote sensing techniques. We relied on plant association keys and descriptions from several recognized sources to make vegetation community assignments, including the Field Guide for Forested Plant Associations of the Wenatchee National Forest (Lillybridge, 1995), Key to Sagebrush Alliances of the Western United States (Crawford, 1999), Classification and Management of Aquatic, Riparian and Wetland Sites on the National Forests of Eastern Washington (Kovalchik, 2004), Classification of Native Vegetation of Oregon (Kagan, 2000), and Washington Natural Heritage Program unpublished data files (WANHP). In some cases, the community descriptions in existing manuals were not adequate in describing distinctive vegetation associations in the project area. In these cases, new land cover type and plant association names and descriptions were created by PBI.

Remote sensing techniques consisted of manually delineating plant associations or mosaics of plant associations in a digital environment. We reviewed ortho-rectified aerial photography from the 1990s and recent ASTER and LANDSAT Thematic Mapper satellite images for discernable vegetation or landform patterns. We also used high resolution true color ortho-rectified aerial photography obtained from Washington Department of Natural Resources through Washington State Parks. Topographic maps, and digital elevation models (DEMs) were also employed to assist the process of vegetation community delineation. The final vegetation polygons were created by hand in a GIS by ocular assessment.

Field surveys consisted of visiting sites located within the vegetation polygons created during the remote sensing process. At representative sites within a polygon, vegetation data and site descriptions were recorded in a fashion consistent with the "plant community polygon" format provided by the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission. Further refinements and editing of the drafted vegetation polygon layers were done by hand on hardcopy maps in the field, and later edited digitally in a GIS.

Results

We surveyed and mapped a total of 77 vegetation community polygons, comprised of 25 vegetation community types, as well as 5 disturbance categories, within the designated survey area. Vegetation community polygons are either stand-alone plant associations or mosaics of multiple plant associations. Table 1 lists the plant associations and/or cover types found in Pearrygin Lake State Park. Figure 2 shows the location of the vegetation community polygons mapped in the survey area, overlain on an aerial photograph of the area. Figure 3 indicates the primary plant association (PA1 in the database) of each polygon. Figures 4 and 5 are closer up images of the vegetation polygons in the northern (Figure 4) and southern (Figure 5) halves of the survey area, at a scale large enough to illustrate major vegetation types and boundaries.

Table 1. Vegetation Community Types Encountered in Pearrygin Lake State Park

Association Name	Abbreviation	English Name	Reference	Primary PAs	Status
Artemisia tripartita / Festuca idahoensis	ARTR4/FEID	Threetip sagebrush / Idaho fescue	Crawford (1999)	1	G3
Carex douglasii / Leymus cinereus	CADO/LECI4	Douglas sedge / Great Basin wildrye	PBI	0	na
Cornus stolonifera / Mesic forb	COST4/mesic forb	Red-osier dogwood / Mesic forb	Kovalchik (2004)	2	na
Leymus cinereus grassland	LECI4	Great Basin wildrye grassland	WANHP	1	G2G3Q
Mahonia aquifolium / Helianthella uniflora	MAAQ2/HEUN	Oregongrape / Little sunflower	PBI	0	na
Pinus ponderosa / Calamagrosits rubescens - Pseudoroegneria spicata	PIPO/CARU-PSSP6	Ponderosa pine / Pinegrass - Bluebunch wheatgrass	Lillybridge (1995)	0	na
Pinus ponderosa / Purshia tridentada / Pseudoroegneria spicata	PIPO/PUTR2/PSSP6	Ponderosa pine / Bitterbrush / Bluebunch wheatgrass	Lillybridge (1995)	2	G3
Pinus ponderosa / Symphoricarpos albus	PIPO/SYAL	Ponderosa pine / Common snowberry	Kagan (2000)	6	G4
Populus tremuloides / Cornus stolonifera	POTR5/COST4	Ponderosa pine / red-oiser dogwood	Kovalchik (2004)	0	G4
Populus tremuloides / Smilacina stellata	POTR5/SMST	Trembling aspen / Star-flowered solomons-seal	PBI	0	na
Populus tremuloides / Symphoricarpos albus	POTR5/SYAL	Trembling aspen / Common snowberry	Kovalchik (2004)	17	G3
Pseudoroegneria spicata - Balsamorhiza sagittata - Lupinus sericeus	PSSP6-BASA3- LUSE4	Bluebunch wheatgrass - Arrowleaf balsamroot - Silky lupine	PBI	0	na
Purshia tridentata / Festuca idahoensis	PUTR2/FEID	Bitterbrush / Idaho fescue	Crawford (1999)	4	G4
Purshia tridentata / Pseudoroegneria spicata	PUTR2/PSSP6	Bitterbrush / Bluebunch wheatgrass	Crawford (1999)	15	G3
Purshia tridentata / Stipa occidentalis	PUTR2/STOC2	Bitterbrush / Western needlegrass	Crawford (1999)	3	G2
Salix sp. / Mesic forb	SALIX/mesic forb	Willow / Mesic forb	Kovalchik (2004)	1	na
Scirpus validus	SCVA	Softstem bulrush	Kovalchik (2004)	0	G5
Typha latifolia	TYLA	Broadleaf cattail	Kovalchik (2004)	2	G5
Non-Vegetated Types:		1			
Water				1	
Rock Cliffs and Talus					
Disturbed Types:		Γ	1		
Developed				6	
Disturbed meadow				2	
Disturbed wetland				8	
Former agricultural field				8	
Agricultural field				1	

The conservation status of a species or community is designated by a number from 1 to 5, preceded by a letter reflecting the appropriate geographic scale of the assessment. In the chart above, G = Global. The numbers have the following meaning:

1 = critically imperiled

2 = imperiled

3 = vulnerable to extirpation or extinction

4 = apparently secure

5 = demonstrably widespread, abundant, and secure.

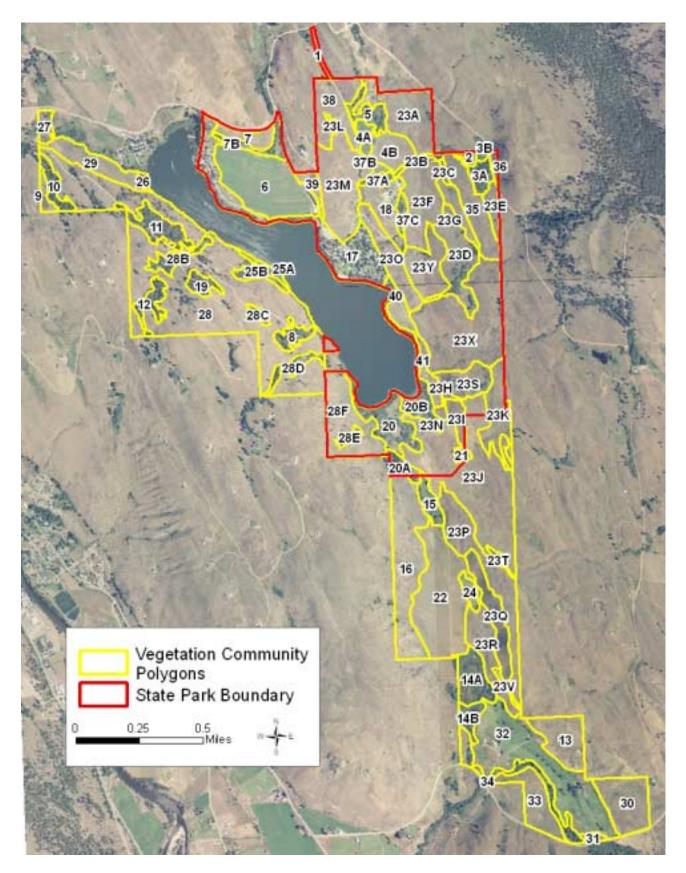


Figure 2. Vegetation community polygons in the survey area.

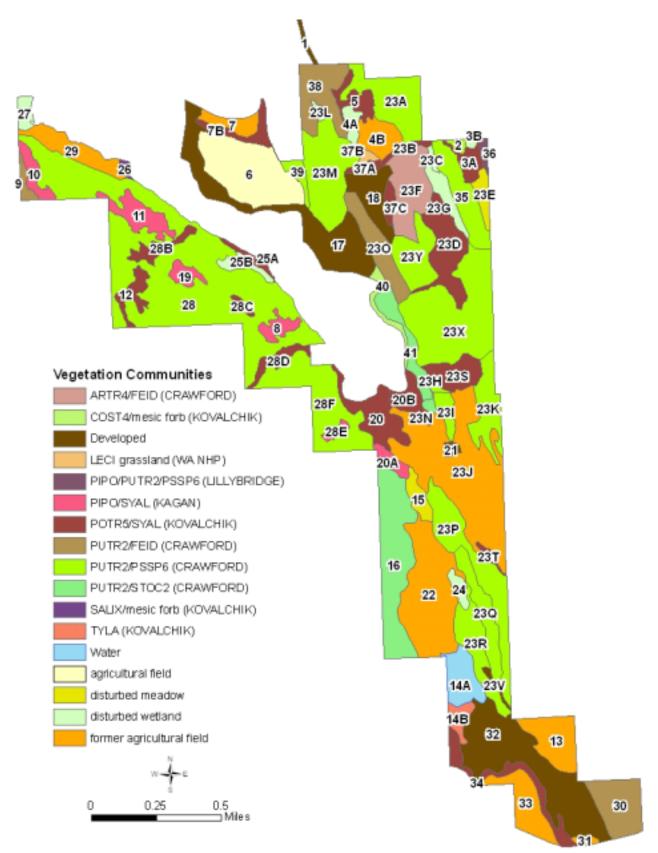


Figure 3. Primary plant associations in plant community polygons.

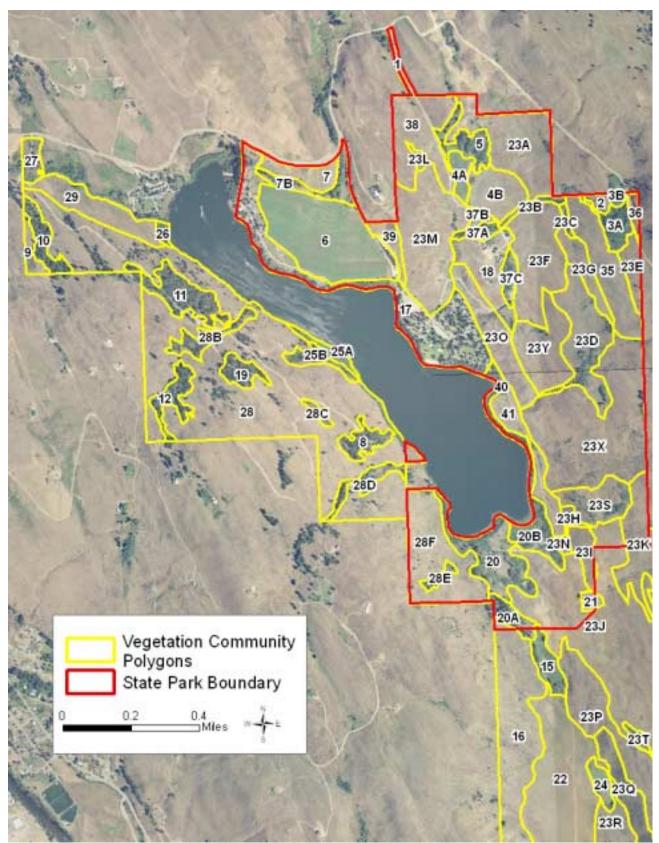


Figure 4. Vegetation polygons in northern Portion of survey area.

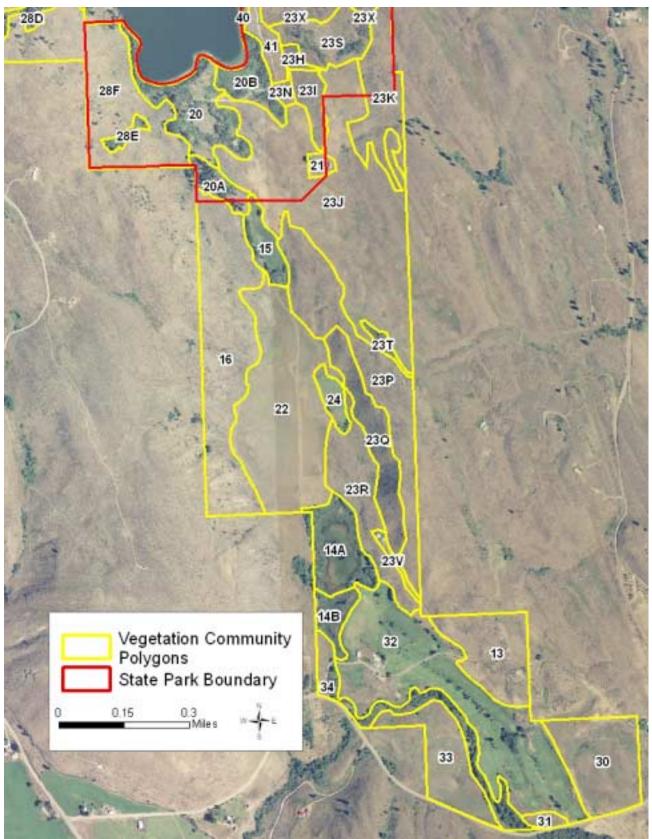


Figure 5. Vegetation polygons in southern portion of survey area.

Examples of Vegetation Community Types



Cornus stolonifera / mesic forb (COST4/mesic forb)

Purple loosestrife, Lythrum salicornia

This plant association was described by Kovalchik and Clausnitzer (2004). The two polygons at Pearrygin Lake SP are composed of narrow riparian strips of land along the shore of Pearrygin Lake. There is considerable human-caused disturbance of this plant community, because 1) the water level of the lake varies due to artificial hydrology, and 2) the lakeshore is regularly trod by fishermen and other recreationalists. While the overstory is dominated by the native western birch (*Betula occidentalis*), red-osier dogwood (*Cornus stolonifera*) and several willow species (*Salix*), non-native species are abundant in the understory, with an overall non-native abundance of 20% of ground cover. Prominent among the non-natives are canary reedgrass (*Phalaris arundinacea*), Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) and purple loosestrife (*Lythrum salicornia*). Purple loosestrife is a state Class B noxious weed that displaces native vegetation and has a negative effect of wildlife. The only location in the Methow Watershed known for this species is the population at Pearrygin Lake.

Lymus cinereus grassland (LECI4 grassland)



This plant association was described by the Washington Natural Heritage Program (WA NHP). On the semi-arid east slope of the Cascades, Great Basin wildrye typically grows in areas that are sub-irrigated by moisture moving downhill through the soil. This water movement results in 1) an increase in available moisture at the site beyond what falls as precipitation, and 2) saline/alkaline soils caused by soil salts that are transported with the soil moisture and then left behind when the water evaporates from the soil. Sites with vigorous stands of Great Basin wildrye often have moderately saturated soils in the spring and dry thoroughly by mid-summer. Plants commonly associated with this species are alkali saltgrass (*Distichlis stricta*), and more commonly in the Methow Watershed and at Pearrygin Lake State Park, Douglas sedge (*Carex douglasii*). Great Basin wildrye readily resprouts after fire and inhibits growth of herbaceous perennials, and is there present in both early- and late-seral ecological stages. The two primary non-native species present in this polygon are Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) and whitetop (*Cardaria draba*), which together comprise about 5% cover.

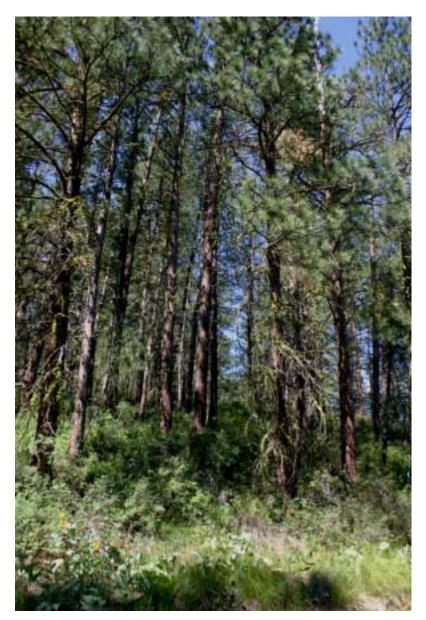
Pinus ponderosa/Purshia tridentada/Pseudoroegneria spicata (PIPO/PUTR2/PSSP6)



This plant association was described by Lillybridge et al (1995). This plant association appears in the ecotone between ponderosa pine forests and the treeless shrub-steppe. Ponderosa pine has a minimum moisture requirement of about 10" precipitation a year, but actual moisture availability is greatly affected by slope aspect, solar insolation, and the drainage characteristics of macro- and micro-sites. The canopy cover in this association is by definition sparse, bitterbrush requires full sun in which to grow. Thus as the canopy increases the plant association changes. Shrub step and ponderosa-dominated forests typically have a fire periodicity (fire return at any given site) of 8-10 years. Ponderosa pines and bluebunch wheatgrass are both highly resisted to ground fires, but bitterbrush is often killed by fire. Bitterbrush is fire dependent, but not fire resistant. Bitterbrush regenerates mostly from seed after fire; regeneration is often from caches of seeds made by rodents. Fire exclusion may reduce litter-free sites that are needed for seedling establishment. The three primary non-native species present in these polygons are cheatgrass (*Bromus tectorum*), bulbous bluegrass (*Poa bulbosa*), and Dalmation toadflax (*Linaria dalmatica*), together totaling less than 5% cover.

Pinus ponderosa/Symphoricarpos albus (PIPO/SYAL)

This plant association was described by Kagan (1999). There are a number of ponderosa pine stands in Pearrygin Lake State Park west of the lake itself, on the north-facing slope of Studhorse Mountain. Even in the shelter of the north slope, the pine stands are found on benches that accrue subsurface moisture from drainage, or along very temporal water channels that run in spring only. The pine canopy in these sites is rather dense for ponderosa, averaging 70% cover. Similarly, the shrub understory, which is dominated by common snowberry, is abundant with an average of 50% cover. This is a fire-evolved plant association, which in natural cycles would frequently experience ground fires. Ponderosa has evolved fire resistance by developing a thick and flaking bark, and by dropping lower branches as the tree grows. Common snowberry is classified as a "survivor" and has high resistance to fire . It is a rhizomatous species with rhizomes buried 2 to 5 inches (5-12.5 cm) deep in mineral soil. After fire has killed the top of the plant, new growth sprouts from these rhizomes. Non-native species abundance in this association is very, comprising less than 1% of the cover.



Populus tremuloides / Symphoricarpos albus (POTR5/SYAL)



This plant association was described by Kovalchik and Clausnitzer (2004). With 17 polygons in the park, this trembling aspen/common snowberry association re-occurs frequently, although most of polygons are small compared those in the shrub-steppe. Both species require more moisture than is available from annual precipitation, and so are found in sites where subsoil moisture collects. Aspen can be an early seral species, as it responds to disturbance, especially fire, by resprouting from underground roots. In wetland depressions and along vernal stream channels it is often the climax tree species. Aspen canopy cover in these polygons averaged 50%. Non-native species average 1-5% cover in this association, comprised primarily of Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) and whitetop (*Cardaria draba*).

Purshia tridentata / Pseudoroegneria spicata (PUTR2/PSSP6)



This plant association was described by Crawford (1999). This is the dominant plant association in Pearrygin Lake State Park, with 15 polygons, some of them quite extensive. As the picture above illustrates, *Balsamorhiza sagittata* (arrowleaf balsamroot) is often present as an abundant herbaceous complement to the bitterbrush and bluebunch wheatgrass. As with most of the plant communities in the park, this one co-evolved with frequent fire, and most species present in the community have evolved the capacity to either survive or germinate quickly after fire. Bitterbrush typically burns to the ground, and is reestablished either by sprouting from the roots or from germinating seeds. For this reason, ecologically healthy bitterbrush shrub-steppe typically has a low proportion of woody shrub to other plant species, 10% or less. At Pearrygin Lake the metric used in the polygon inventories rates the woody shrub abundance at 5-20%, close to the optimum level. Non-native species are present in a total abundance of 5-10% cover. The three most abundant species are cheatgrass (*Bromus tectorum*), bulbous bluegrass (*Poa bulbosa*) and Dalmation toadflax (*Linaria dalmatica*).

Purshia tridentata/Stipa occidentalis (PUTR2/STOC2)



This plant association was described by Crawford (1999). Western needlegrass is considered an *increaser* in range manuals, that is, a species that increases with grazing pressure. This would appear to be confirmed at Pearrygin Lake, where the species is abundant in areas that have experienced either heavy grazing in the past, or were formerly plowed. It is a native species, and it is our observation that it often occurs with several other species, primarily silky lupine (*Lupinus serecius*) and tall buckwheat (*Eriogonum heracloides*) in areas that are beginning to recover from grazing or plowing. Because of past disturbance these polygons have a relatively high proportion of non-native species at 20-40% cover. The primary non-native species include cheatgrass (*Bromus tectorum*) and diffuse knapweed (*Centaurea diffusa*).

Carex douglasii-Leymus cinereus (CADO/LECI4)



This plant association was found on at Pearrygin Lake SP and has not been described before. Pacific Biodiversity Institute decided that it was a unique association that warranted a name and description. It occurs in vernal wetlands that have saturated soil in the spring but dry by mid-summer. Typically Douglas sedge forms a mat in the wetter central area and Great Basin wildrye outlines the wetland boundary, where evaporation leaves alkaline salts behind in the soil. Douglas sedge is unique in our area in that it is dieocious; that is, it has male and female flowers on separate plants. This is a reproductive strategy that evolved in some flowering plants to prevent self-pollination.



Mahonia aquifolium/Helianthella uniflora (MAAQ2/HEUN)

This plant association was found on at Pearrygin Lake SP and has not been described before. Pacific Biodiversity Institute decided that it was a unique association that warranted a name and description. Little sunflower (*Helianthella uniflora*) is the dominant plant often with *Mahonia aquifolium* growing as a small shrub underneath the sunflower. Some fairly extensive patches of this plant association occur at Pearrygin Lake. It is quite unique, beautiful and represents part of the remarkable biodiversity encompassed in the park.

Populus tremuloides/Smilacina stellata (POTR5/SMST)



This plant association was found on at Pearrygin Lake SP and has not been described before. Pacific Biodiversity Institute decided that it was a unique association that warranted a name and description. It might be considered a variant of the *Populus tremuloides/Symphoricarpos albus* (POTR5/SYAL), trembling aspen/common snowberry community (Kovalchik and Clausnitzer 2004), but there is complete absence of *Symphoricarpos albus*, which normally is quite dense in the typic POTR5/SYAL community. This community occurs in as a small patch in isolated aspen groves in a few places in the park. It is a unique community that warrants careful management. Non-native plants are often absent from this community.

Pseudoroegneria spicata-Balsamorhiza sagittata-Lupinus sericeus (PSSP6-BASA3-LUSE4)



This plant association was found on at Pearrygin Lake SP and has not been described before. Pacific Biodiversity Institute decided that it was a unique association that warranted a name and description. It is a variant of the *Purshia tridentata/Pseudoroegneria spicata* (PUTR2/PSSP6) (Crawford, 1999) plant association where *Purshia tridentata* is absent. *Balsamorhiza sagittata* and *Lupinus sericeus* are codominant with *Pseudoroegneria spicata*. This community may represent a seral stage that occurs after relatively intense wildfire in a *Purshia tridentata/Pseudoroegneria spicata* association where the bitterbrush is killed and does not regrow. It may also represent a unique association that occurs on certain soil types.

Former agricultural field



All of the land area of Pearrygin Lake was at one time ranchland, with the hillsides grazed by cattle, and the flat and low-relief areas plowed and farmed for alfalfa and other crops. Many of the dryland (non-irrigated) fields have been abandoned for years, and are in transition back to wild—often native—vegetation. The most abundant native species is western needlegrass (*Stipa occidentalis*). The ratio of non-native species is high in these communities, typically between 20-50% cover. The primary non-native species are smooth brome (*Bromus inermis*) and cheatgrass (*Bromus tectorum*).

Disturbed meadow



The term 'meadow' is used here to describe areas in the park that are on level or low-relief ground, and are sub-irrigated in the spring by water moving through the soil. Because of the additional moisture beyond annual precipitation, the native plant communities at these sites were markedly different from the surrounding shrub-steppe. These areas also stayed green longer into the summer than the shrub-steppe, and were therefore much more heavily grazed by cattle in the past, with a resultant loss of a native species. In the two polygons in this classification, 10-20% of the vegetation present is non-native, with cheatgrass (*Bromus tectorum*), Kentucky bluegrass (*Poa pratensis*), and Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*) being the most abundant non-native species.

Disturbed wetland



As with the meadowlands, the wetlands in this semi-arid region contain a community of plants that is completely different from the surrounding shrub-steppe. Because of the water that accumulates at these sites, they were favored by grazing cattle in the summer, as the surrounding uplands dried out. Due to heavy grazing, most upland wetlands at Pearrygin Lake State Park are dominated by non-native species, with some sites containing over 90% non-natives. Among these, the most abundant are canary reedgrass (*Phalaris arundinacea*), Canada thistle (*Cirsium arvense*), and whitetop (*Cardaria draba*). In the image above, the foregound is dominated by Canada thistle and the wetter background area is dominated by canary reedgrass.

Rare Plant Surveys

Methods

We visited Pearrygin Lake State Park multiple times during the 2006 field season to conduct a rare plant survey. We used the Washington Department of Natural Resources Natural Heritage Program's (DNR NHP) rare plant list to determine the conservation status of vascular plants encountered in the field. When a plant from the DNR NHP list was located, we used the standard DNR NHP rare plant sighting form to complete field descriptions for the observation. These forms are attached to the appendix of this report.

Field surveys were conducted on June 6, June 12, June 16, June 27, June 28, June 30, July 3, July 5, July 13, October 7, October 11, and November 8. During the field surveys, we were equipped with reference literature, rare plant lists for the area, maps showing rare plant locations from previous surveys, and a portable plant identification lab. We looked for rare plants in habitats previously identified as being likely occurrence sites. So as not to miss a rare plant, all vascular plant species encountered during the inventory were identified on site, at base camp in the portable laboratory, or back at our office.

Survey routes were determined based on the desire to efficiently cover a large proportion of the park's area throughout the field season. We surveyed habitats of the park where we felt rare plants were more likely to occur more intensively. Survey routes for the rare plant inventory and rare plant locations were recorded either by hand, on a hardcopy topographic map, or as GPS waypoints and trackpoints, all of which were later compiled into a single GIS data layer (Figure 1).

Results

Rare Plants

We located two vascular plants currently listed on the WA DNR NHP rare plant list and one specie that has not previously been encountered in Washington:

<u>Species</u> Hierochloe odorata Utricularia minor Monolepis spatulata Common Name

sweetgrass lesser bladderwort prostrate povertyweed <u>Status</u>

G5 SNR (not yet ranked)G5 S2 (state imperiled, 6 to 20 occurrences)New to state



Hierochloe odorata, Sweet vernal grass, grows at the margins of this wetland / swale area.



Monolepis spatulata—prostrate povertyweed Utricularia minor—lesser bladderwort



Monolepis spatulata is a small annual species with a known range from central Oregon to Baja California. The population we found at Pearrygin Lake extends the range northward approximately 500 miles. The species will likely be listed as a Threatened, Endangered or Sensitive plant in Washington by the WANHP in the near future.

Vascular Plant List for Pearrygin Lake State Park

A total of 260 vascular plant species were identified during the 2006 surveys at Pearrygin Lake State Park. Of these, 66 of the plant species are non-native, accounting for 25% of the total.

Key to Vascular Plant Species List

Column 2: Abun=Abundance of each species: 1= abundant in multiple plant communities in the park, 2= abundant in a specific plant community, 3= common in a specific community, 4= uncommon (6-20 populations), 5= rare (1-5 populations).

Column 3: "Code": Four-letter plant code as shown on the USDA PLANTS database. Column 5: "Synonym": The species list primarily uses Hitchcock and Cronquist's *Flora of the Pacific Northwest* as the taxonomic authority, as this is still the standard reference for our area. Typically updated nomenclature when it exists is shown in column 5. When updated nomenclature is an integral part of a community plant association, then the updated scientific name appears in column 4 in place of the common name.

Column 7: "Alien": species that are not native to the park are indicated with an "a" in this column.

The list of species identified during this project is below. Note: An asterisk (*) in the species code indicates that the species was not identified to variety and no official USDA 4-letter code exists for the species.

Table 2. Vascular plant list

#	Abun	Code	Scientific Name	Common Name/Accepted Synonym	Family	Alien
1	4	ACGL	Acer glabrum Torr.	Rocky Mountain maple	Aceraceae	Alleli
2	3	ACMI2	Achillea millefolium L.	yarrow	Asteraceae	
2	3	AGHE2	Agoseris heterophylla (Nutt.) Greene	annual agoseris	Asteraceae	
4	3	AGCR	Agropyron cristatum (L.) Gaertn.	crested wheatgrass	Poaceae	а
5	3	AGRE2	Agropyron repens (L.) Beauv.	>>Elymus repens	Poaceae	a
6	3	AGSP	Agropyron spicatum Pursh	>>Pseudoroegneria spicata ssp. spicata	Poaceae	a
7	4	AGALP	Agrostis alba L. var. palustris (Huds.) Pers.	>>Agrostis stolonifera	Poaceae	а
8	4	ALAC4	Allium acuminatum Hook.	tapertip onion	Liliaceae	u
9	3	ALAC4 ALIN2	Alnus incana (L.) Moench	gray alder	Betulaceae	
10	5	AMPO2	Amaranthus powellii S. Wats.	Powell's amaranth	Amaranthaceae	а
11	5	AMPS	Ambrosia psilostachya DC.	Cuman ragweed	Asteraceae	a
12	3	AMAL2	Amelanchier alnifolia (Nutt.) Nutt. D47	Saskatoon serviceberry	Rosaceae	a
13	3	AMME	Amsinckia menziesii (Lehm.) A. Nels.	Menzies' fiddleneck	Boraginaceae	
14	4	AMRE2	Amsinckia retrorsa Suksdorf	>>Amsinckia menziesii var. menziesii	Boraginaceae	
15	5	ANAR3	Angelica arguta Nutt.	Lyall's angelica	Apiaceae	
10	4	ANDI2	Antennaria dimorpha (Nutt.) Torr. & Gray	low pussytoes	Asteraceae	
17	4	ANLU2	•			
17	4	ANLUZ ANMI3	Antennaria luzuloides Torr. & Gray	rush pussytoes littleleaf pussytoes	Asteraceae	
19	4	ARHO2	Antennaria microphylla Rydb. Arabis holboellii Hornem.	Holboell's rockcress	Asteraceae	
20	4	ARMI2	Arabis holdenin Homem. Arctium minus Bernh.	lesser burdock	Brassicaceae Asteraceae	
20	4	ARFU3	Arnica fulgens Pursh	foothill arnica	Asteraceae	а
21	4	ARPA13	Arnica parryi Gray	Parry's arnica	Asteraceae	
22	4	ARDR4	Artemisia dracunculus L.	•	Asteraceae	2
23 24	4	ARTR2	Artemisia tridentata Nutt.	tarragon big sagebrush	Asteraceae	а
24 25	3	ARTR2		•••		
25 26	4	ASSP	Artemisia tripartita Rydb. Asclepias speciosa Torr.	threetip sagebrush showy milkweed	Asteraceae Asclepiadaceae	
27	4	ASOFO2	Asparagus officinalis L. ssp. officinalis L.	>>Asparagus officinalis	Liliaceae	а
28	4	ASPR	Asperugo procumbens L.	German-madwort	Boraginaceae	a
				>>Symphyotrichum campestre var.	-	ŭ
29	3	ASCA6	Aster campestris Nutt.	campestre	Asteraceae	
30 21	3 4	ASCO3 ASFO	Aster conspicuus Lindl.	>>Eurybia conspicua >Symphyotrichum foliaceum var. foliaceum	Asteraceae	
31			Aster foliaceus Lindl. ex DC.		Asteraceae	
32	4	ASAG2	Astragalus agrestis Dougl. ex G. Don	purple milkvetch	Fabaceae	
33	4	ASCA11	Astragalus canadensis L.	Canadian milkvetch	Fabaceae	
34 25	4	ASMI9	Astragalus miser Dougl.	timber milkvetch	Fabaceae	
35	4	ASPU9	Astragalus purshii Dougl. ex Hook.	woollypod milkvetch	Fabaceae	
36	3	BASA3	Balsamorhiza sagittata (Pursh) Nutt.	arrowleaf balsamroot	Asteraceae	
37	3	BEAQ	Berberis aquifolium Pursh	>>Mahonia aquifolium	Berberidaceae	
38	4	BEER	Berula erecta (Huds.) Coville	cutleaf waterparsnip	Apiaceae	
39 40	3 4	BEOC2 BRBR7	Betula occidentalis Hook. Bromus brizaeformis Fischer & C. Meyer	water birch >>Bromus briziformis	Betulaceae Poaceae	а
41	3	BRIN2	Bromus inermis Leyss.	smooth brome	Poaceae	a
42	3	BRTE	Bromus tectorum L.	cheatgrass	Poaceae	a
43	3	CARU	Calamagrostis rubescens Buckl.	pinegrass	Poaceae	u
43 44	3	CALY	Calochortus Iyallii Baker	Lyall's mariposa lily	Liliaceae	
45	4	CAMA5	Calochortus macrocarpus Dougl.	sagebrush mariposa lily	Liliaceae	
46	4	CAMI2	Camelina microcarpa Andrz. ex DC.	littlepod false flax	Brassicaceae	а
40 47	2	CADR	Cardaria draba (L.) Desv.	whitetop	Brassicaceae	a
48	3	CADO2	Carex douglasii Boott	Douglas' sedge	Cyperaceae	4
	Ũ	0.1202			0,00.00000	

49	4	CAHO5	Carex hoodii Boott	Hood's sedge	Cyperaceae	
50	3	CALA30	Carex lanuginosa auct. non Michx.	>>Carex pellita	Cyperaceae	
51	3	CAPA*	Carex pachystachya Cham. Ex Steud.	thick-headed sedge	Cyperaceae	
52	3	CARO5	Carex rossii Boott	Ross' sedge	Cyperaceae	
53	3	CAUT	Carex utriculata Boott	Northwest Territory sedge	Cyperaceae	
54	4	CAMI12	Castilleja miniata Dougl. ex Hook.	giant red Indian paintbrush	Scrophulariaceae	
55	3	CEDI3	Centaurea diffusa Lam.	diffuse knapweed	Asteraceae	а
56	3	CERE6	Centaurea repens L.	>>Acroptilon repens	Asteraceae	а
57	4	CEEX	Centaurium exaltatum (Griseb.) W. Wight+D91	desert centaury	Gentianaceae	
58	4	CENU2	Cerastium nutans Raf.	nodding chickweed	Caryophyllaceae	
59	5	CHDO	Chaenactis douglasii (Hook.) Hook. & Arn.	Douglas' dustymaiden	Asteraceae	
60	4	CHAL7	Chenopodium album L.	lambsquarters	Chenopodiaceae	2
61	4	CHBO2	Chenopodium botrys L.	Jerusalem oak goosefoot	Chenopodiaceae	a
62	4	CHFR3			·	a
63	4	CHFK3	Chenopodium fremontii S. Wats. Chenopodium hybridum auct. non L	Fremont's goosefoot	Chenopodiaceae	a
63 64	4	CHTE2		>>Chenopodium simplex crossflower	Chenopodiaceae	а
65	4	CIAR4	Chorispora tenella (Pallas) DC. Cirsium arvense (L.) Scop.	Canada thistle	Brassicaceae	a
		CIAR4 CIVU			Asteraceae Asteraceae	а
66 67	4	CIVU	Cirsium vulgare (Savi) Ten.	bull thistle		а
67 68	4		Cirsium undulatum (Nutt.) Spreng.	wavyleaf thistle	Asteraceae	
68 60	3	CLLA2	Claytonia lanceolata Pall. ex Pursh	lanceleaf springbeauty	Portulacaceae	
69 70	4	CLLI2	Clematis ligusticifolia Nutt.	western white clematis	Ranunculaceae	
70 71	3	COPA3	Collinsia parviflora Lindl.	maiden blue eyed Mary	Scrophulariaceae	
71	3	COGR4	Collomia grandiflora Dougl. ex Lindl.	grand collomia	Polemoniaceae	
72	3	COLI2	Collomia linearis Nutt.	tiny trumpet	Polemoniaceae	
73	3	COUM	Comandra umbellata (L.) Nutt.	bastard toadflax	Santalaceae	
74	4	COCA5	Conyza canadensis (L.) Cronq.	Canadian horseweed	Asteraceae	а
75	5	COMA25	Corallorhiza maculata (Raf.) Raf.	summer coralroot	Orchidaceae	
76	5	COST19	Corallorhiza striata Lindl.	hooded coralroot	Orchidaceae	
77	3	COST4	Cornus stolonifera Michx.	>>Cornus sericea ssp. sericea	Cornaceae	
78	3	CRCO39	Crataegus columbiana T.J. Howell	>>Crataegus chrysocarpa var. piperi	Rosaceae	
79	4	CRAT	Crepis atribarba Heller	slender hawksbeard	Asteraceae	
80	3	CRTO4	Cryptantha torreyana (Gray) Greene	Torrey's cryptantha	Boraginaceae	
81	4	CUAP2	Cuscuta approximata Bab.	alfalfa dodder	Cuscutaceae	а
82	5	CYAR3	Cyperus aristatus Rottb.	>>Cyperus squarrosus	Cyperaceae	
83	4	CYFR2	Cystopteris fragilis (L.) Bernh.	brittle bladderfern	Dryopteridaceae	
84	4	DAGL	Dactylis glomerata L.	orchardgrass	Poaceae	
85	5	DEBU*	Delphinium burkei	meadow lupine	Ranunculaceae	
86	3	DENU2	Delphinium nuttallianum Pritz. ex Walp.	twolobe larkspur	Ranunculaceae	
87	4	DERIV2	Descurainia richardsonii O.E. Schulz Disporum trachycarpum (S. Wats.)	>>Descurainia incana ssp. viscosa	Brassicaceae	а
88	3	DITR2	Benth.	>>Prosartes trachycarpa	Liliaceae	
89	3	DOPU	Dodecatheon pulchellum (Raf.) Merr.	darkthroat shootingstar	Primulaceae	
90	4	ELAN	Elaeagnus angustifolia L.	Russian olive	Elaeagnaceae	а
91	3	ELPA3	Eleocharis palustris (L.) Roemer+D123	common spikerush	Cyperaceae	
92	3	LECI4	Leymus cinereus	Great Basin wild rye	Poaceae	
93	3	ELGL	Elymus glaucus Buckl.	blue wildrye	Poaceae	
94	4	EPAN2	Epilobium angustifolium L.	>Chamerion angustifolium ssp. angustifolium	Onagraceae	
95	4	EPCI	Epilobium ciliatum Raf.	fringed willowherb	Onagraceae	
96	3	EPGL	Epilobium glaberrimum Barbey	glaucus willowherb	Onagraceae	
97	3	EQAR	Equisetum arvense L.	field horsetail	Equisetaceae	
98	4	EQHY	Equisetum hyemale L.	scouringrush horsetail	Equisetaceae	

99	4	EQLA	Equisetum laevigatum A. Braun	smooth horsetail	Equisetaceae	
100	4	ERCO4	Erigeron compositus Pursh	cutleaf daisy	Asteraceae	
101	3	ERCO5	Erigeron corymbosus Nutt.	longleaf fleabane	Asteraceae	
102	4	ERFI2	Erigeron filifolius (Hook.) Nutt.	threadleaf fleabane	Asteraceae	
103	3	ERLI	Erigeron linearis (Hook.) Piper	desert yellow fleabane	Asteraceae	
104	3	ERPU2	Erigeron pumilus Nutt.	shaggy fleabane	Asteraceae	
105	3	EREL5	Eriogonum elatum Dougl. ex Benth.	tall woolly buckwheat	Polygonaceae	
106	3	ERHE2	Eriogonum heracleoides Nutt.	parsnipflower buckwheat	Polygonaceae	
107	3	ERNI2	Eriogonum niveum Dougl. ex Benth.	snow buckwheat	Polygonaceae	
108	5	ERUM	Eriogonum umbellatum Torr.	sulphur-flower buckwheat	Polygonaceae	
	•		Erodium cicutarium (L.) L'Hér. ssp.			
109	3	ERCIC	cicutarium	redstem stork's bill	Geraniaceae	а
110	4	EUSE5	Euphorbia serpyllifolia Pers.	>>Chamaesyce serpyllifolia ssp. serpyllifolia	Euphorbiaceae	а
111	3	FEID	Festuca idahoensis Elmer	Idaho fescue	Poaceae	a
	Ū			>>Festuca brachyphylla ssp.	1 odocac	
112	3	FEOV2	Festuca ovina auct. non L.	brachyphylla	Poaceae	
113	4	FIAR2	Filago arvensis L.	>>Logfia arvensis	Asteraceae	а
114	5	FRPU2	Fritillaria pudica (Pursh) Spreng.	yellow fritillary	Liliaceae	
115	4	GAAR	Gaillardia aristata Pursh	common gaillardia	Asteraceae	
116	3	GABO2	Galium boreale L.	northern bedstraw	Rubiaceae	
117	4	GADI2	Gayophytum diffusum Torr. & Gray	spreading groundsmoke	Onagraceae	
118	4	GEVI2	Geranium viscosissimum Fisch.	sticky purple geranium	Geraniaceae	
119	3	GEMA4	Geum macrophyllum Willd. Geum triflorum Pursh var. ciliatum	largeleaf avens	Rosaceae	
120	3	GETRC2	Fassett	old man's whiskers	Rosaceae	
121	4	GIAG	Gilia aggregata (Pursh) Spreng.	>>lpomopsis aggregata ssp. aggregata	Polemoniaceae	
122	3	GLST	Glyceria striata (Lam.) A.S. Hitchc.	fowl mannagrass	Poaceae	
123	4	GNPA	Gnaphalium palustre Nutt.	western marsh cudweed	Asteraceae	
124	3	GYPA	Gypsophila paniculata L.	baby's breath	Caryophyllaceae	а
125	4	HAAR3	Hackelia arida (Piper) I.M. Johnston	>>Hackelia diffusa var. arida	Boraginaceae	
126	4	HAWH	Halimolobos whitedii (Piper) Rollins	Whited's fissurewort	Brassicaceae	
127	4	HABL3	Haplopappus bloomeri Gray	>>Ericameria bloomeri	Asteraceae	
128	5	HAGR6	Haplopappus greenei Gray	>>Ericameria greenei	Asteraceae	
			Helianthella uniflora (Nutt.) var.			
129	3	HEUND	douglasii Weber	little sunflower	Asteraceae	
130	3	HECY2	Heuchera cylindrica Dougl. ex Hook.	roundleaf alumroot	Saxifragaceae	
101	_		Hierochloe odorata (L.) ssp. arctica		5	
131	5	HIODA	Tzvelev	>>Hierochloe hirta ssp. arctica	Poaceae	
132	4	HOJU	Hordeum jubatum L. Hydrophyllum capitatum Dougl. ex	foxtail barley	Poaceae	
133	3	HYCA4	Benth.	ballhead waterleaf	Hydrophyllaceae	
134	4	IVXA	Iva xanthifolia Nutt.	>>Cyclachaena xanthifolia	Asteraceae	а
135	3	JUBA	Juncus balticus Willd.	Baltic rush	Juncaceae	
136	4	JUBU	Juncus bufonius L.	toad rush	Juncaceae	
137	4	JUTE	Juncus tenuis Willd.	poverty rush	Juncaceae	
138	4	KOSC	Kochia scoparia (L.) Schrad.	>>Bassia scoparia	Chenopodiaceae	а
139	3	KOCR	Koeleria cristata auct. p.p., non Pers.	>>Koeleria macrantha	Poaceae	
140	3	LABI	Lactuca biennis (Moench) Fern.	tall blue lettuce	Asteraceae	а
141	4	LAPU	Lactuca pulchella (Pursh) DC.	>>Lactuca tatarica var. pulchella	Asteraceae	а
142	3	LASE	Lactuca serriola L.	prickly lettuce	Asteraceae	а
143	3	LEVIP	Lepidium virginicum L. var. pubescens Thellung	hairy pepperweed	Brassicaceae	
			Leptodactylon pungens (Torr.) Torr. ex			
144	4		Nutt.	>>Linanthus pungens	Polemoniaceae	
145	5	LERE7	Lewisia rediviva Pursh	bitter root	Portulacaceae	

146	3	LIDA	Linaria dalmatica (L.) P. Mill.	Dalmatian toadflax	Scrophulariaceae	а
147	4	LIBU2	Lithophragma bulbiferum Rydb.	>>Lithophragma glabrum	Saxifragaceae	
148	3	LIGL2	Lithophragma glabrum Nutt.	bulbous woodland-star	Saxifragaceae	
149	3	LIAR4	Lithospermum arvense L.	>>Buglossoides arvensis	Boraginaceae	
150	3	LIRU4	Lithospermum ruderale Dougl. ex Lehm. Lomatium ambiguum (Nutt.) Coult. &	western stoneseed	Boraginaceae	
151	3	LOAM	Rose	Wyeth biscuitroot	Apiaceae	
152	3	LODI	Lomatium dissectum (Nutt.) Mathias	fernleaf biscuitroot	Apiaceae	
153	3	LOMA3	Lomatium macrocarpum Coult. & Rose Lomatium nudicaule (Pursh) Coult. &	bigseed biscuitroot	Apiaceae	
154	4	LONU2	Rose	barestem biscuitroot	Apiaceae	
155	3	LOIN5	Lonicera involucrata (Richards.) Banks	twinberry honeysuckle	Caprifoliaceae	
156	4	LODE	Lotus denticulatus (E. Drew) Greene	riverbar bird's-foot trefoil	Fabaceae	а
157	3	LUSE4	Lupinus sericeus Pursh	silky lupine	Fabaceae	
158	4	LYAL	Lychnis alba P. Mill.	>>Silene latifolia ssp. alba	Caryophyllaceae	а
159	4	LYAS	Lycopus asper Greene	rough bugleweed	Lamiaceae	
160	3	LYSA2	Lythrum salicaria L.	purple loosestrife	Lythraceae	а
161	4	MANE	Malva neglecta Wallr.	common mallow	Malvaceae	а
162	4	MAMA11	Matricaria matricarioides (Less.) Porter	>>Matricaria discoidea	Asteraceae	а
163	4	MELU	Medicago lupulina L.	black medick	Fabaceae	а
164	3	MESA	Medicago sativa L.	alfalfa	Fabaceae	а
165	3	MEBU	Melica bulbosa Geyer ex Porter & Coult.	oniongrass	Poaceae	
166	4	MEOF	Melilotus officinalis (L.) Lam.	yellow sweetclover	Fabaceae	а
167	3	MEAR4	Mentha arvensis L.	wild mint	Lamiaceae	
168	4	MEAL6	Mentzelia albicaulis D200Dougl. ex Torr. & Gray	whitestem blazingstar	Loasaceae	
169	3	MEDI	Mentzelia dispersa S. Wats.	bushy blazingstar	Loasaceae	
170	4	MELO4	Mertensia longiflora Greene	small bluebells	Boraginaceae	
171	4	MINU	Microseris nutans (Hook.) Schultz-Bip.	nodding microceris	Asteraceae	
172	3	MIGR	Microsteris gracilis (Hook.) Greene	slender phlox	Polemoniaceae	
173	5	MOSP	Monolepis spathulata	povertyweed	Chenopodiaceae	
			Montia perfoliata (Donn ex Willd.) T.J.		-	
174	4	MOPE3	Howell	>>Claytonia perfoliata ssp. perfoliata	Caryophyllaceae	
175	4	MYLA	Myosotis laxa Lehm.	bay forget-me-not	Boraginaceae	
176	3	NEBR	Nemophila breviflora Gray	basin nemophila	Hydrophyllaceae	
177	4	NECA2	Nepeta cataria L.	catnip	Lamiaceae	а
178	3	OSCH	Osmorhiza chilensis Hook. & Arn.	>>Osmorhiza berteroi	Apiaceae	
179	4	PECO6	Penstemon confertus Dougl. ex Lindl.	yellow penstemon	Scrophulariaceae	
180	3	PEPR3	Penstemon pruinosus Dougl. ex Lindl.	Chelan beardtongue	Scrophulariaceae	
181	4	PHHA	Phacelia hastata Dougl. ex Lehm.	silverleaf phacelia	Hydrophyllaceae	
182	3	PHLI	Phacelia linearis (Pursh) Holz.	threadleaf phacelia	Hydrophyllaceae	
183	3	PHAR3	Phalaris arundinacea L.	reed canarygrass	Poaceae	а
184	3	PIPO	Pinus ponderosa P.& C. Lawson	ponderosa pine	Pinaceae	
185	4	PLMA2	Plantago major L.	common plantain	Plantaginaceae	а
186	3	POAN	Poa annua L.	annual bluegrass	Poaceae	а
187	3	POBU	Poa bulbosa L.	bulbous bluegrass	Poaceae	а
188	3	POPR	Poa pratensis L.	Kentucky bluegrass	Poaceae	а
189	4	POAV	Polygonum aviculare L.	prostrate knotweed	Polygonaceae	
190	4	POCO10	Polygonum convolvulus L.	black bindweed	Polygonaceae	а
191	3	POMA9	Polygonum majus (Meisn.) Piper	>>Polygonum douglasii ssp. majus	Polygonaceae	
192	5	POPE3	Polygonum persicaria L.	spotted ladysthumb	Polygonaceae	
193	4	POMO5	Polypogon monspeliensis (L.) Desf.	annual rabbitsfoot grass	Poaceae	а
194	3	POTR5	Populus tremuloides Michx.	quaking aspen	Salicaceae	
195	4	POTAM	Potamogeton L.	pondweed	Potamogetonaceae	
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196	3	POAN5	Potentilla anserina L.	>>Argentina anserina	Rosaceae	
197	3	POGL9	Potentilla glandulosa Lindl.	sticky cinquefoil	Rosaceae	
198	3	POGR9	Potentilla gracilis Dougl. ex Hook.	slender cinquefoil	Rosaceae	
199	3	PRVI	Prunus virginiana L.	chokecherry	Rosaceae	
200	4	PSME	Pseudotsuga menziesii (Mirbel) Franco	Douglas-fir	Pinaceae	
201	3	PUTR2	Purshia tridentata (Pursh) DC.	antelope bitterbrush	Rosaceae	
202	4	RAFL2	Ranunculus flammula L.	greater creeping spearwort	Ranunculaceae	
203	3	RAGL	Ranunculus glaberrimus Hook.	sagebrush buttercup	Ranunculaceae	
			Ranunculus sceleratus L. var. multifidus			
204	3	RASCM	Nutt. Rhus radicans L. var. rydbergii	cursed buttercup	Ranunculaceae	
205	4	RHRAR	D237Rehd.	>>Toxicodendron rydbergii	Anacardiaceae	
206	4	RICE	Ribes cereum Dougl.	wax currant	Grossulariaceae	
207	4	RIHU	Ribes hudsonianum Richards.	stinking current	Grossulariaceae	
208	4	RILA	Ribes lacustre (Pers.) Poir.	prickly currant	Grossulariaceae	
209	3	RONU	Rosa nutkana K. Presl	Nootka rose	Asteraceae	
210	3	ROWO	Rosa woodsii Lindl.	Woods' rose	Rosaceae	
211	4	RUID	Rubus idaeus L.	American red raspberry	Rosaceae	
212	4	RUCR	Rumex crispus L.	curly dock	Polygonaceae	а
213	4	RUMA4	Rumex maritimus L.	golden dock	Polygonaceae	а
214	3	SABE2	Salix bebbiana Sarg.	Bebb willow	Salicaceae	-
215	4	SAEX	Salix exigua Nutt.	narrowleaf willow	Salicaceae	
216	5	SALA*	Salix lasiandra Benth.	whiplash willow	Salicaceae	
217	4	SARI*	Salix rigida Muhl.	>>Salix prolixa	Salicaceae	
218	4	SASC	Salix scouleriana Barratt ex Hook.	Scouler's willow	Salicaceae	
219	4	SAKA	Salsola kali L.	Russian thistle	Chenopodiaceae	а
220	4	SACE3	Sambucus cerulea Raf.	>>Sambucus nigra ssp. caerulea	Caprifoliaceae	ű
221	3	SCAM2	Scirpus americanus Pers.	>>Schoenoplectus americanus	Equisetaceae	
222	4	SCGA	Scutellaria galericulata L.	marsh skullcap	Lamiaceae	
223	4	SELA	Sedum lanceolatum Torr.	spearleaf stonecrop	Crassulaceae	
224	4	SEDE2	Selaginella densa Rydb.	lesser spikemoss	Selaginellaceae	
225	4	SEIN	Senecio indecorus Greene	>>Packera indecora	Asteraceae	
226	3	SEIN2	Senecio integerrimus Nutt.	lambstongue ragwort	Asteraceae	
227	4	SELU4	Setaria lutescens (Weigel) F.T. Hubbard	>>Setaria pumila ssp. pumila	Poaceae	а
228	4	SHCA	Shepherdia canadensis (L.) Nutt.	russet buffaloberry	Elaeagnaceae	
229	4	SIDO	Silene douglasii Hook.	Douglas' silene	Caryophyllaceae	
230	3	SIMEM	Silene menziesii Hook. ssp. menziesii	Menzies' campion	Caryophyllaceae	
231	3	SIAL2	Sisymbrium altissimum L.	tall tumblemustard	Brassicaceae	а
232	5	SMRAA	Smilacina racemosa (L.) var. amplexicaulis S. Wats.	>>Maianthemum racemosum ssp. amplexicaule	Liliaceae	
233	3	SMST	Smilacina stellata (L.) Desf.	>>Maianthemum stellatum	Liliaceae	
234	4	SODU	Solanum dulcamara L.	climbing nightshade	Solanaceae	а
235	3	SOCA6	Solidago canadensis L.	Canada goldenrod	Asteraceae	u
236	4	SPAN2	Sparganium angustifolium Michx.	narrowleaf bur-reed	Sparganiaceae	
237	3	SPBE2	Spiraea betulifolia Pallas	shinyleaf spirea	Rosaceae	
238	4	STTE2	Stephanomeria tenuifolia (Raf.) Hall	>>Stephanomeria minor var. minor	Asteraceae	
239	3	STCO4	Stipa comata Trin. & Rupr.	>>Hesperostipa comata ssp. comata	Poaceae	
240	3	STOC2	Stipa occidentalis Thurb. Ex s. Wats.	>>Achnatherum occidenale	Poaceae	
241	3	SYAL	Symphoricarpos albus (L.) Blake	common snowberry	Caprifoliaceae	
242	3	SYOR2	Symphoricarpos oreophilus Gray	mountain snowberry	Caprifoliaceae	
243	3	TAOF	Taraxacum officinale G.H. Weber D273	dandelion	Asteraceae	а
244	4	TRDU	Tragopogon dubius Scop.	yellow salsify	Asteraceae	a
245	4	TRRE3	Trifolium repens L.	white clover	Fabaceae	a
246	3	TYLA	Typha latifolia L.	broadleaf cattail	Typhaceae	2
	-		71		J	

247	3	ULPU	Ulmus pumila L.	Siberian elm	Ulmaceae	а
248	3	URDI	Urtica dioica L.	nettle	Urticaceae	
249	5	UTMI	Utricularia minor L.	lesser bladderwort	Lentibulariaceae	
250	3	UTVU	Utricularia vulgaris L. p.p.	>>Utricularia macrorhiza	Lentibulariaceae	
251	3	VETH	Verbascum thapsus L.	common mullein	Scrophulariaceae	а
252	3	VEAM2	Veronica americana Schwein. ex Benth.	American speedwell	Scrophulariaceae	
253	3	VEBI2	Veronica biloba L.	twolobe speedwell	Scrophulariaceae	а
254	4	VEPE2	Veronica peregrina L.	neckweed	Scrophulariaceae	
255	3	VIAD	Viola adunca Sm.	hookedspur violet	Violaceae	
256	3	VIGL	Viola glabella Nutt. Viola nuttallii Pursh var. vallicola St.	pioneer violet	Violaceae	
257	3	VINUV	John	>>Viola vallicola var. vallicola	Violaceae	
258	3	VIPA4	Viola palustris L.	marsh violet	Violaceae	
259	5	VIVI5	Vitis vinifera L.	wine grape	Vitaceae	а
260	3	ZIVE	Zigadenus venenosus S. Wats.	meadow deathcamas	Liliaceae	

Ecological Condition of Pearrygin Lake State Park

Most of the plant communities in the park fall into one of two distinctly different ecological condition rankings. Some areas of the park are in surprisingly good condition given the history of grazing and farming in the area, while other portions of the park are considerably altered from their natural condition due to their land use history. Appendix C contains information about the ecological condition rankings we used in this project.

Fully half the park is contained in the 32 polygons in either *Purshia tridentata/Pseudoroegneria spicata* or *Populus tremuloides/Symphoricarpos albus* plant associations. In both of these, there is a very low percentage of non-native species, typically well below 5% cover. In the shrub-steppe the ratio of woody shrub to herbaceous growth is low, as would be expected in shrub-steppe communities that have a high fire periodicity. In the aspen communities, there is relatively little evidence of negative grazing impact, and a diverse understory of shrubs and herbaceous perennials is in place. There are few roads traversing these plant communities, and little evidence of current human use or disturbance.

On the other hand, the potentially most diverse plant communities in the park—those having access to additional moisture beyond what falls as precipitation—are heavily impacted by the past utilization of the area for farming, cattle grazing and park facilities. Wetlands, mesic meadows and riparian areas around the lake typically have a non-native plant population of 20-50% of the total cover, with many of the alien species being persistent perennials. Low gradient slopes in the park were often plowed and planted into alfalfa and other crops in the early 1900s. While most of these fields have been abandoned, they contain a high proportion of non-native species that are specifically adapted to disturbed soil. In many of the former agricultural fields there is a trend towards the reappearance of native vegetation, while in some wetland areas non-native, rhizomatous perennials continue dominate despite the cessation of grazing.

The vernal wetlands and moist swales in the uplands above the lake contain unique plant associations, rare plants and other plants that are uncommon in the Methow Valley. Despite the presence of some non-native plants, these wetlands and moist swales have considerable ecological importance and warrant continued protection from human-induced disturbances. Carefully planned and implemented restoration projects might further enhance the ecological value of these areas.

As the tables (Tables 3 and 4) on the follow pages illustrate, 66 non-native plant species were encountered during the plant surveys, which is 25% of the total number of vascular plant species in the park. The average abundance rating for the 66 species is 3.5, which indicates an overall cover for non-natives of 10-15% of the landscape. 12 of the alien species are listed as noxious by the state and/or county weed boards. Non-native plants are considered undesirable because they are typically early-seral species that displace late-seral native plant species and reduce the diversity and complexity of the plant community. This in turn can reduce the diversity of the fauna of the area.

Because Pearrygin Lake State Park has a high diversity of habitats, and because some of these are still in good ecological condition, there is still a healthy diversity of wildlife in the park. Nesting songbirds, woodpeckers and raptors were all observed in the park during the surveys, including a nesting pair of bald eagles with at least one large juvenile in the nest. This is only the second

successful bald eagle nest in the entire Methow watershed in recent history known to area biologists. Osprey, until recently rare in the watershed, are also now common at Pearrygin Lake.

In spite of some degradation of natural habitat over the past century, Pearrygin Lake State Park still contains a biologically diverse and ecologically healthy flora and fauna. Some parts of the park represent some of the best ecological conditions found today in the Methow.

Table 3. Non-native Plant Species of Pearrygin Lake State Park (in alphabetical order by scientific name)

#	Abun	Noxious?	Code	ations of the noxious "class" rating. Scientific Name	Common Name/Accepted Synonym
1	3	Noxious.	AGCR	Agropyron cristatum (L.) Gaertn.	crested wheatgrass
2	3		AGRE2	Agropyron repens (L.) Beauv.	quackgrass
3	4		AGALP	Agrostis alba L. var. palustris (Huds.) Pers.	redtop
4	5		AGALF AMPO2	Amaranthus powellii S. Wats.	Powell's amaranth
5	5		AMPS	Ambrosia psilostachya DC.	Cuman ragweed
6	3		ARMI2	Arctium minus Bernh.	lesser burdock
7	4		ARDR4	Artemisia dracunculus L.	
8	4		ASOFO2	Asparagus officinalis L. ssp. officinalis L.	tarragon
9	4		ASPR	Asperugo procumbens L.	asparagus German-madwort
	4		BRBR7	Bromus brizaeformis Fischer & C. Meyer	
10	4				rattlesnake grass
11			BRIN2	Bromus inermis Leyss.	smooth brome
12	3		BRTE	Bromus tectorum L.	cheatgrass
13	4		CAMI2	Camelina microcarpa Andrz. ex DC.	littlepod false flax
14	2	Class B	CADR	Cardaria draba (L.) Desv.	whitetop
15	3	Class B	CEDI3	Centaurea diffusa Lam.	diffuse knapweed
16	3	Class B	CERE6	Centaurea repens L.	Russian knapweed
17	4		CHAL7	Chenopodium album L.	lambsquarters
18	4		CHBO2	Chenopodium botrys L.	Jerusalem oak goosefoot
19	4		CHFR3	Chenopodium fremontii S. Wats.	Fremont's goosefoot
20	4		CHHY	Chenopodium hybridum auct. non L	maple-leaved goosefoot
21	4		CHTE2	Chorispora tenella (Pallas) DC.	purple crossflower
22	3	Class B	CIAR4	Cirsium arvense (L.) Scop.	Canada thistle
23	4	Class C	CIVU	Cirsium vulgare (Savi) Ten.	bull thistle
24	4		COCA5	Conyza canadensis (L.) Cronq.	Canadian horseweed
25	4		CUAP2	Cuscuta approximata Bab.	alfalfa dodder
26	4		DERIV2	Descurainia richardsonii O.E. Schulz	mountain tansymustard
27	4		ELAN	Elaeagnus angustifolia L.	Russian olive
28	3		ERCIC	Erodium cicutarium (L.) L'Hér. ssp. cicutarium	redstem stork's bill
29	4		EUSE5	Euphorbia serpyllifolia Pers.	tyme-leaved spurge
30	4		FIAR2	Filago arvensis L.	field filago
31	3	Class C	GYPA	Gypsophila paniculata L.	baby's breath
32	4		IVXA	Iva xanthifolia Nutt.	tall marsh-elder
33	4	Class C	KOSC	Kochia scoparia (L.) Schrad.	red belvedere
34	3		LABI	Lactuca biennis (Moench) Fern.	tall blue lettuce
35	4		LAPU	Lactuca pulchella (Pursh) DC.	blue lettuce
36	3		LASE	Lactuca serriola L.	prickly lettuce
37	3	Class B	LIDA	Linaria dalmatica (L.) P. Mill.	Dalmatian toadflax
38	4		LODE	Lotus denticulatus (E. Drew) Greene	riverbar bird's-foot trefoil
39	4		LYAL	Lychnis alba P. Mill.	white catchfly
40	3	Class B	LYSA2	Lythrum salicaria L.	purple loosestrife
41	4		MANE	Malva neglecta Wallr.	common mallow
42	4		MAMA11	Matricaria matricarioides (Less.) Porter	pineappleweed
43	4		MELU	Medicago lupulina L.	black medick
44	3		MESA	Medicago sativa L.	alfalfa

See Appendix B for the implications of the noxious "class" rating.

45	4		MEOF	Melilotus officinalis (L.) Lam.	yellow sweetclover
46	4		NECA2	Nepeta cataria L.	catnip
47	3	Class C	PHAR3	Phalaris arundinacea L.	reed canarygrass
48	4		PLMA2	Plantago major L.	common plantain
49	3		POAN	Poa annua L.	annual bluegrass
50	3		POBU	Poa bulbosa L.	bulbous bluegrass
51	3		POPR	Poa pratensis L.	Kentucky bluegrass
52	4		POCO10	Polygonum convolvulus L.	black bindweed
53	4		POMO5	Polypogon monspeliensis (L.) Desf.	annual rabbitsfoot grass
54	4		RUCR	Rumex crispus L.	curly dock
55	4		RUMA4	Rumex maritimus L.	golden dock
56	4	Class C	SAKA	Salsola kali L.	Russian thistle
57	4		SELU4	Setaria lutescens (Weigel) F.T. Hubbard	yellow bristlegrass
58	3		SIAL2	Sisymbrium altissimum L.	tall tumblemustard
59	4		SODU	Solanum dulcamara L.	climbing nightshade
60	3		TAOF	Taraxacum officinale G.H. Weber	dandelion
61	4		TRDU	Tragopogon dubius Scop.	yellow salsify
62	4		TRRE3	Trifolium repens L.	white clover
63	3		ULPU	Ulmus pumila L.	Siberian elm
64	3	Class C	VETH	Verbascum thapsus L.	common mullein
65	3		VEBI2	Veronica biloba L.	twolobe speedwell
66	5		VIVI5	Vitis vinifera L.	wine grape

Table 4. Non-native Plant Species of Pearrygin Lake State Park, (arranged by abundance, with state and local county ratings)

Abundance ratings: 1= abundant in multiple habitats, 2= common in multiple habitats, 3= common in specific habitats, 4= uncommon in specific habitats (6-20 populations), 5= rare in specific habitats (1-5 populations)

#	Abun	Noxious?	Code	Scientific Name	Common Name/Accepted Synonym
1	2	Class B	CADR	Cardaria draba (L.) Desv.	whitetop
2	3		AGCR	Agropyron cristatum (L.) Gaertn.	crested wheatgrass
3	3		AGRE2	Agropyron repens (L.) Beauv.	quackgrass
4	3		ARMI2	Arctium minus Bernh.	lesser burdock
5	3		BRIN2	Bromus inermis Leyss.	smooth brome
6	3		BRTE	Bromus tectorum L.	cheatgrass
7	3	Class B	CEDI3	Centaurea diffusa Lam.	diffuse knapweed
8	3	Class B	CERE6	Centaurea repens L.	Russian knapweed
9	3	Class B	CIAR4	Cirsium arvense (L.) Scop.	Canada thistle
10	3		ERCIC	Erodium cicutarium (L.) L'Hér. ssp. cicutarium	redstem stork's bill
11	3	Class C	GYPA	Gypsophila paniculata L.	baby's breath
12	3		LABI	Lactuca biennis (Moench) Fern.	tall blue lettuce
13	3		LASE	Lactuca serriola L.	prickly lettuce
14	3	Class B	LYSA2	Lythrum salicaria L.	purple loosestrife
15	3		MESA	Medicago sativa L.	alfalfa
16	3	Class C	PHAR3	Phalaris arundinacea L.	reed canarygrass
17	3		POAN	Poa annua L.	annual bluegrass
18	3		POBU	Poa bulbosa L.	bulbous bluegrass
19	3		POPR	Poa pratensis L.	Kentucky bluegrass
20	3		SIAL2	Sisymbrium altissimum L.	tall tumblemustard
21	3		TAOF	Taraxacum officinale G.H. Weber	dandelion
22	3		ULPU	Ulmus pumila L.	Siberian elm
23	3	Class C	VETH	Verbascum thapsus L.	common mullein
24	3		VEBI2	Veronica biloba L.	twolobe speedwell
25	4		AGALP	Agrostis alba L. var. palustris (Huds.) Pers.	redtop

26	4		ARDR4	Artemisia dracunculus L.	tarragon
27	4		ASOFO2	Asparagus officinalis L. ssp. officinalis L.	asparagus
28	4		ASPR	Asperugo procumbens L.	German-madwort
29	4		BRBR7	Bromus brizaeformis Fischer & C. Meyer	rattlesnake grass
30	4		CAMI2	Camelina microcarpa Andrz. ex DC.	littlepod false flax
31	4		CHAL7	Chenopodium album L.	lambsquarters
32	4		CHBO2	Chenopodium botrys L.	Jerusalem oak goosefoot
33	4		CHFR3	Chenopodium fremontii S. Wats.	Fremont's goosefoot
34	4		CHHY	Chenopodium hybridum auct. non L	maple-leaved goosefoot
35	4		CHTE2	Chorispora tenella (Pallas) DC.	purple crossflower
36	4	Class C	CIVU	Cirsium vulgare (Savi) Ten.	bull thistle
37	4		COCA5	Conyza canadensis (L.) Cronq.	Canadian horseweed
38	4		CUAP2	Cuscuta approximata Bab.	alfalfa dodder
39	4		DERIV2	Descurainia richardsonii O.E. Schulz	mountain tansymustard
40	4		ELAN	Elaeagnus angustifolia L.	Russian olive
41	4		EUSE5	Euphorbia serpyllifolia Pers.	tyme-leaved spurge
42	4		FIAR2	Filago arvensis L.	field filago
43	4		IVXA	Iva xanthifolia Nutt.	tall marsh-elder
44	4	Class C	KOSC	Kochia scoparia (L.) Schrad.	red belvedere
45	4		LAPU	Lactuca pulchella (Pursh) DC.	blue lettuce
46	4	Class B	LIDA	Linaria dalmatica (L.) P. Mill.	Dalmatian toadflax
47	4		LODE	Lotus denticulatus (E. Drew) Greene	riverbar bird's-foot trefoil
48	4		LYAL	Lychnis alba P. Mill.	white catchfly
49	4		MANE	Malva neglecta Wallr.	common mallow
50	4		MAMA11	Matricaria matricarioides (Less.) Porter	pineappleweed
51	4		MELU	Medicago lupulina L.	black medick
52	4		MEOF	Melilotus officinalis (L.) Lam.	yellow sweetclover
53	4		NECA2	Nepeta cataria L.	catnip
54	4		PLMA2	Plantago major L.	common plantain
55	4		POCO10	Polygonum convolvulus L.	black bindweed
56	4		POMO5	Polypogon monspeliensis (L.) Desf.	annual rabbitsfoot grass
57	4		RUCR	Rumex crispus L.	curly dock
58	4		RUMA4	Rumex maritimus L.	golden dock
59	4	Class C	SAKA	Salsola kali L.	Russian thistle
60	4		SELU4	Setaria lutescens (Weigel) F.T. Hubbard	yellow bristlegrass
61	4		SODU	Solanum dulcamara L.	climbing nightshade
62	4		TRDU	Tragopogon dubius Scop.	yellow salsify
63	4		TRRE3	Trifolium repens L.	white clover
64	5		AMPS	Ambrosia psilostachya DC.	Cuman ragweed
65	5		AMPO2	Amaranthus powellii S. Wats.	Powell's amaranth
66	5		VIVI5	Vitis vinifera L.	wine grape

GIS Products Produced

Associated with this report is a polygon layer created by PBI depicting the vegetation community types mapped in Pearrygin Lake State Park. The dataset has been converted into ESRI shapefile format and provided to the Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission. Shapefiles depicting rare plant locations have been provided as well. The spatial datasets are complete with metadata meeting FGDC standards. Refer to the associated metadata for descriptions and attribute definitions for each spatial dataset.

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Appendix A – Rare Plant Sighting Forms

Washington Natural Heritage Program Rare Plant Sighting Form:

Taxon Name: *Monolepis spatulata* EO #: Are you confident of the identification? Yes No Explain: Verified by Peter Zika

Survey Site Name: Pearrygin Lake State Park Surveyor's Name/Phone/Email: Dana Visalli, (509) 997-9011 Survey Date: June 28, 2006 County: Okanogan Quad Name: Winthrop Township: 35N Range: 22E Section(s): 31 NW 1/4 of NW 1/4:

Directions to site:

Take the Pearrygin Lake road off of the East Chewuch Road to the east entrance to Pearrygin Lake State Park; turn right into this entrance. Drive ¹/₄ mile on entrance road to a pond (in wet years)/wetland depression on the left (north) side of the road; there is a grove of aspens at the north end of the wetland. Park and walk across or around the wetland to the southern tip of the aspen grove; from there hike 200 yards northeast (75 degrees) to a glacial erratic (boulder) at the edge of a very shallow swale. The *Monolepis* is above and below the boulder. In season, *Delphinium burkei* is a good marker, the only place we saw this species in the park was at this same spot.

Mapping (see instructions): Attach a copy of the USGS 7.5 minute quad with the location and extent of the rare plant population clearly drawn.

Please answer the following:

1. I used GPS to map the population: No (skip to #2) Yes (complete #1 & #3)

Coordinates are in electronic file on diskette (preferred) or <u>Coordinates written below</u> or attached. Description of what coordinates represent:

GPS accuracy: Uncorrected <u>Corrected to <5m</u>

GPS datum: NAD 27 Zone 10

GPS coordinates:

2. I used a topographic map to map the population:

Yes (complete #2) No (provide detailed directions & description above, and skip to #3)

I am confident I have accurately located and mapped the population at map scale:

Yes (skip to #3) No, but I am confident the population is within the general area indicated on the map as follows:

On the same map, use a highlighter to identify the outer boundary of the area where the population could be, given the uncertainties about your exact location.

3. I used the following features on the map to identify my location (stream, shoreline, bridge, road, cliff, <u>swale</u>..

To the best of my knowledge, I mapped the entire extent of this population

Yes No Unknown If no or unknown, explain:

Is a revisit needed? No Yes - if yes, why?:

Ownership (if known): Washington State Parks Department

Population Size (# of individuals or ramets) or estimate: Approximately 1000 plants

Population (EO) Data (include population vigor, microhabitat, phenology, etc.): Population is vigorous, if one can use such an adverb with plants that only grow 2" tall. The microhabitat is critical; it is a very shallow swale that does accrue additional moisture in the spring from runoff from the hill above beyond just precipitation (which totals about 16" yearly at the site, mostly as snow). The water seeps through the site, which means it also evaporates and probably creates somewhat alkaline soil (Lymus cinereus grows adjacent, an indicator of alkaline soil).

Plant Association: Elymus cinereus (PBI)

Associated Species (include % cover by layer and by individual species for dominants in each layer):

Lichen/moss layer: None

Herb layer: DEBU 5%, BRBR7 5%, ELCI2 15% BRTE 5% LUSE4 5%

Shrub layer(s): None

Tree layer: None

General Description (include description of landscape, surrounding plant communities, land forms, land use, etc.): The site is in a shallow swale on the side of a xeric PUTR/AGSP hillside. The entire hillside has experienced considerable disturbance in the past through grazing as it was part of a ranch.

Minimum elevation (ft.): 2150 Maximum elevation (ft.): 2180 Size (acres): ¹/₄ acre Aspect: 200 degrees SW Slope: 10% Photo taken? <u>Yes</u> No

Management Comments (exotics, roads, shape/size, position in landscape, hydrology, adjacent land use, cumulative effects, etc.): There is currently almost no human disturbance at this site.

Protection Comments (legal actions/steps/strategies needed to secure protection for the site): This population of *Monolepis spatulata* is the first found in Washington State; previously it was only known as far north as central Oregon. It will almost certainly be listed as an endangered, threatened or sensitive plant in the state. No additional protection of the site is needed, but no development should be allowed on the hill where the species is located.

Please mail completed form with map: WASHINGTON NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES PO BOX 47014, OLYMPIA WA 98504-7014 Site of Monolepis spatulata at Pearrygin Lake State Park (red triangle):

Rare plant info redacted. Contact Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission for further information.

Washington Natural Heritage Program Rare Plant Sighting Form:

Taxon Name: Utricularia minor

Are you confident of the identification? Yes No Explain:

Survey Site Name: Pearrygin Lake State Park Surveyor's Name/Phone/Email: Dana Visalli, (509) 997-9011, dana@methow.com Survey Date: June 28, 2006 County: Okanogan Quad Name: Winthrop Township: 35N Range: 21E Section(s): 36 NW1/4 of NW1/4:

Directions to site: Take the Pearrygin Lake road off of the East Chewuch Road to the east entrance to Pearrygin Lake State Park; turn right into this entrance. Drive ¹/₄ mile on entrance road to a pond (in wet years)/wetland depression on the left (north) side of the road; there is a grove of aspens at the north end of the wetland. Park and walk to the southwest boundary of the aspens, then east along the edge of the wetland 150 feet to a slightly deeper depression in the wetland area near the aspen/wetland boundary. This depression is small, about 10 feet square, and holds the target species UTMI.

Mapping (see instructions): Attach a copy of the USGS 7.5 minute quad with the location and extent of the rare plant population clearly drawn. Do not reduce or enlarge the photocopy or printout of the map

Please answer the following:

1. I used GPS to map the population: No (skip to #2) Yes (complete #1 & #3) Coordinates are in electronic file on diskette (preferred) o Coordinates written below or attached. Description of what coordinates represent:

GPS accuracy: Uncorrected <u>Corrected to <5m</u> GPS datum: NAD 27 Zone 10 GPS coordinates:

2. I used a topographic map to map the population:

Yes (complete #2) No (provide detailed directions & description above, and skip to #3)

I am confident I have accurately located and mapped the population at map scale:

Yes (skip to #3) No, but I am confident the population is within the general area indicated on the map as follows:

On the same map, use a highlighter to identify the outer boundary of the area where the population could be, given the uncertainties about your exact location.

3. I used the following features on the map to identify my location (stream, shoreline, bridge, road, cliff, <u>aspen grove</u>.

To the best of my knowledge, I mapped the entire extent of this population <u>Yes</u> No Unknown If no or unknown, explain: Is a revisit needed? <u>No</u> Yes - if yes, why?: Ownership (if known): Washington State Parks Department Population Size (# of individuals or ramets) or estimate: 10 plants

Population (EO) Data (include population vigor, microhabitat, phenology, etc.): Adequately vigorous.

Plant Association (include author: Disturbed wetland

Associated Species (include % cover by layer and by individual species for dominants in each layer): Lichen/moss layer: none

Herb layer: PHAR3 20%, CIAR4 10%, RASC 5%, TYLA 10%

Shrub layer(s): BEOC2 2%, COST4 3%

Tree layer: none

General Description (include description of landscape, surrounding plant communities, land forms, land use, etc.): A shallow depression set on a wide, flat bench. There is a POTR5/SYAL aspen forest adjacent; the larger surrounding community is PUTR/AGSP shrub-steppe.

Minimum elevation (ft.): 2130 Maximum elevation (ft.): 2130 Size (acres): 10 foot diameter pool Aspect: Flat Slope Flat Photo taken? Yes No

Management Comments (exotics, roads, shape/size, position in landscape, hydrology, adjacent land use, cumulative effects, etc.): The wetland in which the UTMI is embedded is highly disturbed from years of grazing (now protected). During wet cycles the entire wetland is a pond; in the current dry cycle there is no standing water by late summer.

Protection Comments (legal actions/steps/strategies needed to secure protection for the site): The site is adequately protected as part of Pearrygin Lake State Park, with grazing excluded.

Additional Comments (discrepancies, general observations, etc.):

Please mail completed form with map: WASHINGTON NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES PO BOX 47014, OLYMPIA WA 98504-7014 Site of Utricularia minor at Pearrygin Lake State Park (red triangle):

Rare plant info redacted. Contact Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission for further information.

Washington Natural Heritage Program Rare Plant Sighting Form:

Taxon Name: *Hierochloe odorata*

Are you confident of the identification? Yes

Survey Site Name: Pearrygin Lake State Park Surveyor's Name/Phone/Email: Peter Morrison, (509) 996-2490 <u>peter@pacificbio.org</u> Survey Date: June 12, 2006 County: Okanogan Quad Name: Winthrop Township: 35N Range: 22E Section(s): 31 SW1/4 of NW1/4:

Directions to site: Walk 1000 feet directly east from the entrance station at Pearrygin Lake State Park to a shallow depression, seasonal wetland surrounded by aspens. HIOR is found around the edges of the depression.

Mapping (see instructions): Attach a copy of the USGS 7.5 minute quad with the location and extent of the rare plant population clearly drawn. Do not reduce or enlarge the photocopy or printout of the map

Please answer the following:

1. I used GPS to map the population: <u>Yes</u> (complete #1 & #3) Coordinates are in electronic file on diskette (preferred) o Coordinates written below or attached. Description of what coordinates represent:

GPS accuracy: Uncorrected GPS datum: NAD 27 Zone 10 GPS coordinates:

2. I used a topographic map to map the population:Yes (complete #2)I am confident I have accurately located and mapped the population at map scale:Yes

To the best of my knowledge, I mapped the entire extent of this population <u>Yes</u> Is a revisit needed? <u>No</u> Ownership (if known): Washington State Parks Department Population Size (# of individuals or ramets) or estimate: 50 individuals

Population (EO) Data (include population vigor, microhabitat, phenology, etc.): Population was reproducing at time of visit. Strong competition from other plants exists in the area it is growing.

Plant Association (include author: Carex douglasii / Leymus cinereus (Pacific Biodiversity Institute, Visalli 2006).

Associated Species (include % cover by layer and by individual species for dominants in each layer):

Lichen/moss layer: none

Herb layer (80% cover): Carex douglasii, Leymus cinereus, Poa pretense, Juncus balticus, Helianthella uniflora

Shrub layer (5% cover): Ribes cereum, Purshia tridentata

Tree layer (1% cover): *Populus tremuloides*

General Description (include description of landscape, surrounding plant communities, land forms, land use, etc.): Hierochloe odorata was found growing at the northern edge of a shallow depression in an open area. Aspens surround the eastern edge of this depression and a wetland with standing water exists in the center of the depression. HIOR was only growing in a narrow band, that is moist, but not wet in the spring and early summer.

Minimum elevation (ft.): 2180 Maximum elevation (ft.): 2190 Size (acres): Aspect: flat Slope: flat to very gently sloping Photo taken? <u>Yes</u>

Management Comments (exotics, roads, shape/size, position in landscape, hydrology, adjacent land use, cumulative effects, etc.): There is heavy competition from other plants, including several exotic plants in the neighborhood of the sighting location. The population is quite small and could easily be wiped out by many kinds of disturbances.

Protection Comments (legal actions/steps/strategies needed to secure protection for the site): State Park management should be aware of the site and avoid any development activities in the vicinity.

Additional Comments (discrepancies, general observations, etc.): There are several other potential sites where HIOR could become established. This plant might be propagated in other areas of the park with careful collection and planting of seeds in other suitable locations.

Please mail completed form with map: WASHINGTON NATURAL HERITAGE PROGRAM DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES PO BOX 47014, OLYMPIA WA 98504-7014 Site of Hierochloe odorata at Pearrygin Lake State Park

Rare plant info redacted. Contact Washington State Parks and Recreation Commission for further information.

Appendix B – Noxious Weeds

Class A noxious weeds are non-native species whose distribution in Washington State is still limited.

- Eradicating existing infestations and preventing new infestations are the highest priorities.
- Eradication of all Class A plants is required by law.

Class B noxious weeds are non-native species whose distribution is limited to portions of Washington State.

- Species are designated for control in state regions where they are not yet widespread. Prevention of new infestations in these areas is the primary goal.
- In regions where a Class B species is already abundant, control is decided at the local level. Containment of these weeds is the primary goal so that they do not spread into uninfested regions.

Class C noxious weeds are either already widespread in Washington or are of special interest to the agricultural industry.

- The Class C status allows a county to enforce control if it beneficial to that county (for example, to protect crops).
- Other counties may choose to provide education or technical support for the removal or control of these weeds.

Appendix C: Ecological Condition Ranking System

Ecological Condition Ranks

When assessing conservation priorities and management decisions, it can be useful to rank natural communities into levels of ecological condition. For example, an unfragmented area with high native species diversity, absence of non-native species and little soil erosion often has greater conservation value than another area in the same habitat type that is fragmented, infested with weeds or has erosion problems. Likewise, areas with a lower ecological condition rank may be targets for restoration activities.

The flowing ecological condition ranks were applied to vegetation polygons that were surveyed in this project:

Condition Rank 1. This condition class represents areas that have been altered to the point where the ecological condition often deviates dramatically from baseline conditions found in areas where stressors are much less prevalent. Areas characterized by Condition Class 1 often have high amounts of bare ground and/or non-native plant cover. The structure is often significantly altered from baseline conditions. Often one or more of the structural layers (trees, shrubs, herbs, grasses, mosses & lichens, biotic crust) may be significantly altered or even missing from the community. The composition of native vegetation is skewed toward species that can survive despite regular disturbance. Species diversity of native plants is usually low and native grass species are usually absent or in very low abundance (for a given community type). Evidence of accelerated erosion and soil compaction may be present. Hydrologic alteration may also be present. Significant direct evidence of various stress factors is usually abundant. Rare plant and animal species generally do not occur in this condition class.

Condition Rank 2. This condition class represents areas that show a fairly broad range of stress ranging from high to moderately low impact from a variety of stressors. Areas characterized by Condition Class 2 usually have moderate levels of non-native plant cover. The structure of the natural community present in Condition Class 2 areas is often relatively intact when compared to baseline conditions. Usually all structural layers are present, but form and stature may be altered from baseline conditions. Soil surface conditions are often intermediate between those in Condition Class 1 and Condition Class 3. Species diversity of native plants is often moderate for that community. Non-native species are usually present, but not as common or abundant as in Condition Class 1. Native grass species are often present, but usually in low abundance for that community type. Diversity of native grass species is relatively low when compared to baseline conditions. Evidence of accelerated erosion and soil compaction may be present in isolated areas, but is not dramatic or widespread. Hydrologic alteration is absent. Direct signs of stressors may be present, but not widespread or abundant. Rare plant and animal species may be found in this condition class, but are not common. Rare species that are found in this condition class are relatively tolerant of the stressors that are present.

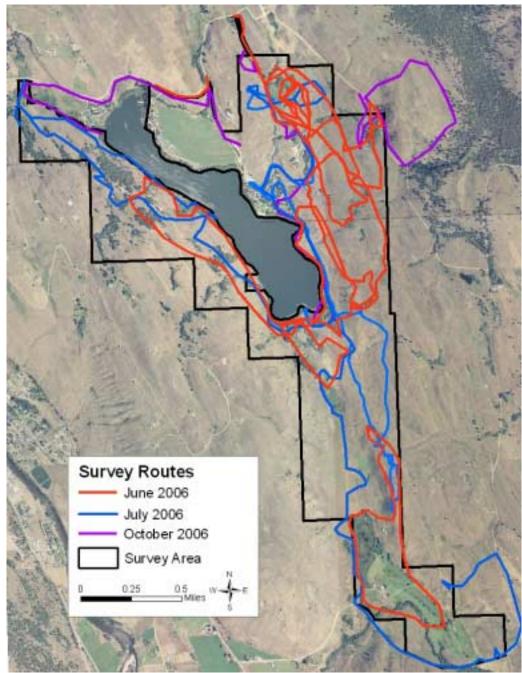
Condition Rank 3. This condition class represents areas that show the least stress in the project area and are the closest to representing baseline conditions. Areas characterized by Condition Class 3 have little evidence of non-native plant invasion. The composition and

structure of native vegetation in this condition class correspond to the natural ranges of variation characteristic to this habitat type. Old-growth conditions may exist. Species diversity of native plants is often high relative to the community under consideration. Native grass species are usually present and often fairly abundant for the community type. Species diversity of native grass species is also often high. Soil compaction, accelerated erosion and hydrologic alteration are absent. Direct signs of stressors are usually absent. Certain rare species may only exist within this condition class and rare species are generally more common than in the lower condition classes.

Appendix D: Survey Routes

Survey Dates and Routes

Field Survey Dates: June 6, June 12, June 16, June 27, June 28, June 30, July 3, July 5, July 13, October 7, October 11, and November 8.



Survey routes for the vegetation community mapping and rare and endangered plant surveys conducted by PBI in 2006.

Appendix E: Vegetation Survey Data

Legend:

Site = name of locality of map project

Polygon = number you put on map

Name/Date = your name / day-month-year completed polygon survey

Photo roll/number = number of roll (on canister) and number of shot

Survey intensity

1 = walked or could see most of polygon (high confidence in survey data)

2 = walked or could see part of polygon interior (moderate confidence)

3 = walked perimeter or could see part of polygon interior (low confidence)

4 = photo interpretation or other remote survey

VEGETATION COVER

This is canopy cover, i.e. the <u>space between</u> leaves/branches is included in "cover". Each Life form category canopy cover must be 0-100%. Therefore, the sum of all life forms (layers) can exceed 100%. List most abundant species in each life form category; when trees are cored, note DBH, species, length of core, number of rings counted.

TOTAL VEGETATION COVER includes all vascular plants, mosses, lichens and foliose lichens (crustose lichens excluded they are considered rock); this <u>never</u> exceeds 100%.

SOIL SURFACE estimate to nearest **%** the following, the sum of the categories adds to 100%

Rock outcrop = exposed bedrock including detached boulders over 1m across

Gravel/cobble = large fragments between sand and boulder

Bareground = exposed mineral soil

Mosses/lichens = nonvascular plant cover on soil

Litter = includes logs, branches, and basal area of plants

Describe in comments if there is wide variation in any category; note % standing water if it is persistent or characteristic of site.

LAND USE - put 0 (zero) if not applicable to site.

Logging

1 = unlogged, no evidence of past logging or occasional cut stumps not part of systematic harvest of trees, no or very little impact on stand composition

2 = selectively logged: frequent cut stumps but origin of dominant or co-dominant cohort appears to be natural disturbance

3 = heavy logging disturbance with natural regeneration: many cut stumps that predate the dominant or co-dominant cohort with no tree planting

4 = tree plantation: dominant cohort appears to be planted after clearcutting

Stand Age

- 1 = very young 0-40 yr
- 2 = young 40-90 yr
- 3 = mature 90-200 yr
- 4 = old-growth 200 + yr
- 5 = young with scattered old trees (2-10 old trees per acre)
- 6 = mature with scattered old trees

Agriculture

- 1 = active annual cropping
- 2 = active perennial herbaceous cropping
- 3 = active woody plant cultivation
- 4 = fallow, plowed no crops this yr
- 5 = Federal CRP
- 6 = other

Livestock

- 1 = active heavy grazing (most forage used to ground soil compaction or churning)
- 2 = active moderate grazing (25-75% forage used)
- 3 = active light grazing (lots of last yr s litter left)
- 4 = no current, heavy past grazing
- 5 = no current, light past grazing
- 6 = no obvious sign of grazing

Development

- 1 = actively used facilities
- 2 = roads
- 3 = established trails
- 4 = abandoned facilities
- 5 = none obvious
- 6 = multiple types (detail in comments)

Wildlife

- 1 = heavy ungulate use
- 2 = moderate ungulate use
- 3 = light to no ungulate use
- 4 = burrowing animals
- 5 = active beaver
- 6 = active porcupine
- 7 = other, list animal

Recreation Use Severity

- 1 = heavy use, abundant soil and vegetation displacement off trail/road
- 2 = moderate use, frequent soil and vegetation displacement off trail/road
- 3 = light use, little sign of activity off trail/road

Recreation Use Primary Type

1 = wheeled 2 = hoofed 3 = pedestrian 4 = combination of above 5 = other

Hydrology

1 = unaltered 2 = altered; dams, dikes, ditches, culverts, etc 3 = not assessed

Plant Association (PA) = list all PAs encountered in polygon survey, in comments list source of name if not on provided key.

Condition Rank of PA in key or estimate

% of Polygon = your estimate

Pattern = how PA is distributed in polygon 1 = matrix (most of polygon) 2 = large patches 3 = small patches 4 = clumped, clustered, contiguous 5 = scattered, more or less evenly repeating 6 = linear 7 = other

Exotic = primary species observed; secondary species observed.

Plot Number = number of any plots established for EO (element occurrence), or other more detail sheets within polygon.

Vegetation Polygon Data

0 10		
Polygon Number	1	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	PM	
Date	6/27/06	
Specific Location	entrance road	
•		
Total Vegetation	0	
Trees Total	0	
Dominant Trees		
emergent	0	
maincanopy	0	
subcanopy	0	
Shrubs Total	0	
Dominant Shrubs		
> 1.5' tall	0	
< 1.5' tall	0	
Graminoids Total	0	
Dominant Graminoids		
Graminoids Perennial	0	
Graminoids Annual	0	
Forbs Total	0	
Dominant Forbs		
Forbs Perennial	0	
Forbs Annual	0	
Ferns Total	0	
	-	Evotio Species
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	
ExoticsTotal	0	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	0	
Exotics Annual	0	Secondary Exotic
Water		2
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0	
Bare Ground	0	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	0	
Logging		
Stand Age		
Agriculture		
Livestock		
Development		
Wildlife		
Recreation Severity		
Recreation Type		
Hydrology		
i ya ology		

Recreation Type Hydrology				
Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern		
			Rank	
1. Developed	100	Matrix		1
2.	0			0
3	0			0
•• •				

Notes:

Polygon Number	10	
Survey Intensity	1	
Observer	SH	
Date	6/30/06	
Specific Location	NW	
Total Vegetation	6	
Trees Total	5	
Dominant Trees	PIPO, PSME	
emergent	1	
maincanopy	5	
subcanopy	1	
Shrubs Total	5	
Dominant Shrubs	SYAL, AMAL2, RONU	
> 1.5' tall	5	
< 1.5' tall	3	
Graminoids Total	2	
Dominant Graminoids		
Graminoids Perennial	2	
Graminoids Annual	0	
Forbs Total	3	
Dominant Forbs	GABO2	
Forbs Perennial	3	
Forbs Annual	0	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	
ExoticsTotal	1	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	0	
Exotics Annual	0	Secondary Exotic
Water		
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0	
Bare Ground	0	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	100	
Logging	2	
Stand Age	2	
Agriculture	0	
Livestock	0	
Development Wildlife	0	
Recreation Severity	0 0	
Recreation Type	0	
Hydrology	1	
i i juliology		

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PIPO/SYAL (KAGAN)	100	Matrix	2
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number	11		
Survey Intensity	1		
Observer	SH		
Date	6/30/06		
Specific Location	NW		
Total Vegetation	6		
Trees Total	5		
Dominant Trees	PIPO, PSME, POTR5		
emergent	1		
maincanopy	5		
subcanopy	2		
Shrubs Total	5		
Dominant Shrubs	SYAL, RICE, AMAL2,	RONU	
> 1.5' tall	5		
< 1.5' tall	2		
Graminoids Total	5		
Dominant Graminoids	FEID, PSSP6, CARU		
Graminoids Perennial	5		
Graminoids Annual	1		
Forbs Total			
Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	BASA3, HEUN, GAAR		
Forbs Annual	4 1		
Fords Annual Ferns Total	0		
	•		Creater
Ferns Evergreen	0		: Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	<u>.</u>	
ExoticsTotal	1	Primary I	Exotic
Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	0 1	BRTE	m. Exatia
Water	I	Seconda	ry Exolic
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious	Exotic
Gravel	0	NOXIOUS	
Bare Ground	0		
Moss Lichen	1		
Litter	99		
Logging	2		
Stand Age	2		
Agriculture	0		
Livestock	0		
Development	0		
Wildlife	0		
Recreation Severity	0		
Recreation Type	0		
Hydrology	0		
Plant Associations	Per	rcent	Pattern

	I el cent	1 attern		
			Rank	
1. PIPO/SYAL (KAGAN)	80	Matrix		2
2. PIPO/CARU-PSSP6 (LILLYBRIDGE)	20	Large		2
3				

Notes:

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	12 1 SH 6/30/06 NW		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs	6 6 9IPO, POTR5 1 6 2 6 SYAL, AMAL2, PRVI		
 > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial 	6 2 4 FEID, CARU, PSSP6 4 0 4 BASA3, HEUN, ACMI2 4		
Forbs Annual Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen	0 0 0	Exotic	: Species
Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal	0 1	Primary	•
Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 0	Seconda	ry Exotic
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 1 99 2 2 0 0 0 7, deer trails 0 0	Noxious	Exotic
Plant Associations	er Per	cent	Pattern

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	100	Matrix	2
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number	13	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	DV	
Date	7/3/06	
Specific Location	court	
Total Vegetation	5	
Trees Total	1	
Dominant Trees	POTR5	
emergent	0	
maincanopy	1	
subcanopy	0	
Shrubs Total	2	
Dominant Shrubs	PUTR2, ERHE2	
> 1.5' tall	2	
< 1.5' tall	1	
Graminoids Total	5	
Dominant Graminoids	AGCR, BRIN2, POBU,	BRTE
Graminoids Perennial	5	
Graminoids Annual	2	
Forbs Total	2	
Dominant Forbs	LUSE4, BASA3, PHLI,	LABI, DERI
Forbs Perennial	2	
Forbs Annual	1	
Ferns Total	0	
	•	Evetia Caseica
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	
ExoticsTotal	4	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	4	BRIN2
Exotics Annual	2	Secondary Exotic
Water		POBU
Rock Outcrop	1	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0	BRTE
Bare Ground	14	BITTE
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	85	
	0	
Logging	*	
Stand Age	0	
Agriculture	4	
Livestock	4	
Development	2	
Wildlife	3	
Recreation Severity	3	
Recreation Type	3	
Hydrology	1	
Diant Accordiations	n.	D

Plant Associati	ions	Percent	Pattern		
				Rank	
1. former agricultural fi	eld	90	Matrix		1
2. PUTR2/PSSP6 (CR	AWFORD)	10	Small		2
3		0			0
Notes:	former ag field				

Polygon Number	14A	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	DV	
Date	7/3/06	
Specific Location	court	
Total Vegetation	3	
Trees Total	0	
Dominant Trees		
emergent	0	
maincanopy	0	
subcanopy	0	
Shrubs Total	3	
Dominant Shrubs	BEOC2, SARI	
> 1.5' tall	3	
< 1.5' tall	0	
Graminoids Total	3	
Dominant Graminoids	TYLA, SCAC	
Graminoids Perennial	3	
Graminoids Annual	0	
Forbs Total	2	
Dominant Forbs	CIAR4	
Forbs Perennial	2	
Forbs Annual	0	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	
ExoticsTotal	2	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	2	CIAR4
Exotics Annual	0	Secondary Exotic
Water	97	-
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0	
Bare Ground	0	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	3	
Logging	0	
Stand Age	0	
Agriculture	0	
Livestock	4	
Development	1	
Wildlife	7, birds	
Recreation Severity	0	
Recreation Type	0	
Hydrology	2	

Plant Associations

Plant Association	S	Percent	Pattern		
				Rank	
1. Water		80	Matrix		3
2. TYLA (KOVALCHIK)		10	Large		3
3 POTR5/SYAL (KOVALC	HIK)	10	Small		2
Notes:	pond				

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	14B 2 DV 7/3/06 court		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 2 POTR5 0 2 0 3 SARI 3 0 6 TYLA, SCAC 6 0 2 CIAR4 2 0		
Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen	0 0	Exot	ic Species
Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal	0 2	Primary	/ Exotic
Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	2 0	Second	lary Exotic
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 10 90 0 0 0 4 2 7, birds 0 2	Noxiou CIAR4	s Exotic
Plant Association	S	Percent	Pattern

			Rank
1. TYLA (KOVALCHIK)	100	Matrix	2
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Percent

Pattern

Polygon Number	15			
Survey Intensity	1			
Observer	SH			
Date	7/3/06			
Specific Location	center			
Specific Location	Center			
Total Vegetation	6			
Trees Total	6			
Dominant Trees	POTR5			
emergent	0			
maincanopy	6			
subcanopy	1			
Shrubs Total	5			
Dominant Shrubs	SYAL, PRVI, RONU			
> 1.5' tall	5			
< 1.5' tall	2			
Graminoids Total	2			
Dominant Graminoids				
Graminoids Perennial	2			
Graminoids Annual	0			
Forbs Total	3			
Dominant Forbs	ACMI2, HEUN, LIRU4	1		
Forbs Perennial	3			
Forbs Annual	0			
Ferns Total	0			
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic	c Species	5
Ferns Deciduous	0			
ExoticsTotal	3	Primary	Exotic	
Exotics Perennial	3	CIAR4		
Exotics Annual	2	Seconda	ry Exotic	
Water		POPR		
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious	Exotic	
Gravel	0			
Bare Ground	0			
Moss Lichen	0			
Litter	100			
Logging	0			
Stand Age	2			
Agriculture	0			
Livestock	5			
Development	0			
Wildlife	0			
Recreation Severity	0			
Recreation Type	0			
Hydrology	0			
Plant Associations	S Pe	ercent	Pattern	
				Rank
1. disturbed meadow		90	Matrix	
2. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCH	łlK)	10	linear	
3		0		
Notes:	Wet swale to the east	of polygon	15 - was not	checked.

disturbed meadow	90		Matrix
POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCH) 10		linear
	0		
es:	Vet swale to the east of polygo	n 1	5 - was not checked.

2 0

Polygon Number16Survey Intensity1ObserverSHDate6/30/06Specific LocationSWTotal Vegetation6Trees Total0Dominant Trees0emergent0subcanopy0Shrubs Total5Dominant ShrubsSYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2> 1.5' tall5< 1.5' tall2Graminoids Total4Dominant GraminoidsSTOC2Graminoids Annual4Forbs Total4Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Perennial4Forbs Perennial4Forbs Perennial4Forbs Perennial4Forbs Annual1Ferns Total0Exotics Total4Secondary ExoticExotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWater0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Quericulture0Livestock0Daries Cock0Vildliffe7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Noriculture0Herniculture0Stand Age0Recreation Severity0Noticulture0Herniculture0Herniculture0Recreation Severity0Noticulture <th></th> <th></th> <th></th>			
Observer SH Date 6/30/06 Specific Location SW Total Vegetation 6 Trees Total 0 Dominant Trees 0 emergent 0 subcanopy 0 Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 5 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Perennial 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Perennial 4 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Total 0 Exotics Annual 4 Secondary Exotic Exotics Annual 4 Secondary Exotic Water Noxious Exotic Gravel 0 Bare Ground 0 Moss Lichen 0 <			
Date 6/30/06 Specific Location SW Total Vegetation 6 Trees Total 0 Dominant Trees 0 emergent 0 Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 5 Graminoids Total 4 Porbs Total 3 Graminoids Annual 4 Forbs Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Annual 4 Forbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Evergreen 0 Exotics Perennial 4 Porinary Exotic Secondary Exotic Exotics Perennial 4 Secondary Exotic Secondary Exotic Water 0 Rock Outcrop 0 Bare Ground 0 Moss Lichen 0 Litter 100 Logging <t< th=""><th>Survey Intensity</th><th>1</th><th></th></t<>	Survey Intensity	1	
Specific Location SW Total Vegetation 6 Trees Total 0 Dominant Trees 0 emergent 0 subcanopy 0 Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 5 2 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Annual 4 Forbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Evergreen 0 Exotics Total 4 Secondary Exotic Exotics Perennial 4 Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Evergreen 0 Exotics Total 4 Secondary Exotic Exotics Annual Kater 8 Rock Outcrop 0 Bare Ground 0 Moss Lichen 0	Observer	SH	
Total Vegetation 6 Trees Total 0 Dominant Trees 0 emergent 0 subcanopy 0 Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 5 < 1.5' tall 2 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Perennial 4 Forbs Total 4 Porbs Total 4 Forbs Perennial 4 Forbs Perennial 1 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Evergreen 0 ExoticsTotal 4 Porbs Annual 1 Ferns Deciduous 0 ExoticsTotal 4 Secondary Exotic Exotic Species Ferns Deciduous 0 Bare Ground 0 Bare Ground 0 Bare Ground 0 Litter 100 Logging <th>Date</th> <th>6/30/06</th> <th></th>	Date	6/30/06	
Trees Total 0 Dominant Trees 0 emergent 0 maincanopy 0 subcanopy 0 Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 2 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Annual 4 Porbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Total 4 Porbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Exotics Species 6 Ferns Deciduous 0 Exotics Annual 4 Secondary Exotic 8 Kare 0 Bare Ground 0 Moss Lichen 0 Litter 100 Logging 0 Stand Age 0 Agriculture 0 Livestock <t< th=""><th>Specific Location</th><th>SW</th><th></th></t<>	Specific Location	SW	
Trees Total 0 Dominant Trees 0 emergent 0 maincanopy 0 subcanopy 0 Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 2 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Annual 4 Porbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Total 4 Porbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Exotics Species 6 Ferns Deciduous 0 Exotics Annual 4 Secondary Exotic 8 Kare 0 Bare Ground 0 Moss Lichen 0 Litter 100 Logging 0 Stand Age 0 Agriculture 0 Livestock <t< th=""><th>Tatal Manatatian</th><th>0</th><th></th></t<>	Tatal Manatatian	0	
Dominant Treesemergent0maincanopy0subcanopy0Shrubs Total5Dominant ShrubsSYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2> 1.5' tall2Graminoids Total4Dominant GraminoidsSTOC2Graminoids Annual4Forbs Total4Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Total4Porbs Perennial4Forbs Total0Ferns Total0Ferns Total0Ferns Deciduous0Exotics Total4Secondary ExoticExotics Perennial0Ferns Deciduous0Exotics Perennial0Rock Outcrop0Noxious ExoticGravel0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0			
emergent 0 maincanopy 0 subcanopy 0 Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 5 < 1.5' tall 2 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Annual 4 Forbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Perennial 4 Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Evergreen 0 Exotics Total 4 Forbs Cotal 4 Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Deciduous 0 Exotics Perennial 0 Exotics Perennial 0 Exotics Annual 4 Secondary Exotic Exotics Annual 4 Rock Outcrop 0 Bare Ground 0 Moss Lichen 0 Litter 100 Lutter 100 Lutter 0 Agriculture 0 Livestock 0 Development 0 Wildlife 7 (cattle trails) Recreation Type 0		0	
maincanopy 0 subcanopy 0 Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 2 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Annual 4 Forbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Perennial 4 Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Evergreen 0 Ferns Deciduous 0 Exotics Total 4 Primary Exotic Exotics Perennial 6 Ferns Deciduous 0 Exotics Perennial 8 Ferns Deciduous 0 Exotics Perennial 4 Secondary Exotic Exotics Annual 4 Secondary Exotic Exotics Annual 4 Secondary Exotic Water 7 Rock Outcrop 0 Bare Ground 0 Moss Lichen 0 Litter 100 Logging 0 Stand Age 0 Agriculture 0 Livestock 0 Development 0 Wildlife 7 (cattle trails) Recreation Severity 0 Recreation Type 0			
subcanopy 0 Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 5 c 4.5' tall 2 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Perennial 4 Forbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Perennial 4 Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Evergreen 0 Ferns Deciduous 0 Ferns Deciduous 0 Ferns Deciduous 0 Ferns Deciduous 0 Ferns Deciduous 0 Exotics Total 4 Secondary Exotic Exotics Perennial 4 Secondary Exotic Gravel 0 Bare Ground 0 Moss Lichen 0 Litter 100 Logging 0 Stand Age 0 Agriculture 0 Livestock 0 Development 0 Wildlife 7 (cattle trails) Recreation Severity 0 Recreation Type 0		•	
Shrubs Total 5 Dominant Shrubs SYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2 > 1.5' tall 5 < 1.5' tall 2 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Annual 4 Forbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Perennial 4 Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Evergreen 0 Exotics Stal 4 Primary Exotic Exotics Perennial 0 Exotics Perennial 0 Exotics Perennial 0 Exotics Perennial 0 Exotics Perennial 0 Exotics Perennial 0 Bare Ground 0 Moss Lichen 0 Litter 100 Logging 0 Stand Age 0 Agriculture 0 Livestock 0 Wildlife 7 (cattle trails) Recreation Severity 0 Recreation Type 0		•	
Dominant ShrubsSYOR2, PUTR2, ERHE2, AMAL2> 1.5' tall5< 1.5' tall2Graminoids Total4Dominant GraminoidsSTOC2Graminoids Perennial3Graminoids Annual4Forbs Total4Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Perennial4Forbs Annual1Ferns Total0Ferns Evergreen0Exotics Perennial4Primary ExoticExotics Perennial0Exotics Annual1Ferns Deciduous0Exotics Perennial0Bare Ground0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Uityestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0		•	
> 1.5' tall 5 < 1.5' tall 2 Graminoids Total 4 Dominant Graminoids STOC2 Graminoids Perennial 3 Graminoids Annual 4 Forbs Total 4 Dominant Forbs LUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN Forbs Annual 1 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Total 0 Ferns Evergreen 0 Exotics Species Ferns Deciduous 0 Exotics Annual 4 Secondary Exotic Exotics Annual 4 Secondary Exotic Water Noxious Exotic Gravel 0 Bare Ground 0 Litter 100 Logging 0 Stand Age 0 Agriculture 0 Uvestock 0 Development 0 Wildlife 7 (cattle trails) Recreation Type 0		-	
< 1.5' tall2Graminoids Total4Dominant GraminoidsSTOC2Graminoids Perennial3Graminoids Annual4Forbs Total4Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Perennial4Forbs Perennial1Ferns Total0Ferns Evergreen0Exotics Total4OExotics Perennial1Ferns Deciduous0Exotics Perennial0Exotics Perennial0BarteSecondary ExoticWater0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Uvestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Type0	Dominant Shrubs	SYOR2, PUTR2, ERH	E2, AMAL2
Graminoids Total4Dominant GraminoidsSTOC2Graminoids Perennial3Graminoids Annual4Forbs Total4Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Perennial1Forbs Annual1Ferns Total0Ferns Evergreen0Exotics Perennial4OBRTEExotics Perennial0Exotics Perennial0Exotics Perennial0Bare Ground0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	> 1.5' tall		
Dominant GraminoidsSTOC2Graminoids Perennial3Graminoids Annual4Forbs Total4Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Perennial4Forbs Annual1Ferns Total0Ferns Total0Ferns Deciduous0Exotics Total4Secondary ExoticExotics Perennial4Secondary ExoticExotics Perennial0Barte0Barte0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Uvestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	< 1.5' tall	2	
Graminoids Perennial3Graminoids Annual4Forbs Total4Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Perennial4Forbs Annual1Ferns Total0Ferns Total0Ferns Deciduous0Exotics Stal4Secondary ExoticExotics Perennial0Exotics Perennial0Exotics Perennial0Barte Scicta Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterNoxious ExoticGravel0Bare Ground0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Graminoids Total	4	
Graminoids Perennial3Graminoids Annual4Forbs Total4Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Perennial4Forbs Annual1Ferns Total0Ferns Total0Ferns Deciduous0Exotics Stal4Secondary ExoticExotics Perennial0Exotics Perennial0Exotics Perennial0Barte Scicta Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterNoxious ExoticGravel0Bare Ground0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Dominant Graminoids	STOC2	
Forbs Total4Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Perennial4Forbs Annual1Ferns Total0Ferns Total0Ferns Deciduous0ExoticsTotal4OExotic SpeciesFerns Deciduous0Exotics Perennial0Barctics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterNoxious ExoticGravel0Bare Ground0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0O0	Graminoids Perennial	3	
Dominant ForbsLUSE4, ACMI2, BASA3, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUNForbs Perennial4Forbs Annual1Ferns Total0Ferns Total0Ferns Deciduous0ExoticsTotal4OBRTEExotics Perennial0Bare Ground0Bare Ground0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Qirculture0Livestock0Dominant Forb0Stand Age0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0O0Recreation Type0	Graminoids Annual	4	
Forbs Perennial4Forbs Annual1Forns Total0Ferns Total0Ferns Deciduous0ExoticsTotal4Primary ExoticExotics Perennial0BRTEExotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterRock Outcrop0Bare Ground0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Forbs Total	4	
Forbs Perennial4Forbs Annual1Forns Total0Ferns Total0Ferns Deciduous0ExoticsTotal4Primary ExoticExotics Perennial0BRTEExotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterRock Outcrop0Bare Ground0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Dominant Forbs	LUSE4. ACMI2. BASA	3. LIRU4. PHLI. HEUN
Ferns Total0Ferns Evergreen0Exotic SpeciesFerns Deciduous0Exotics Total4Primary ExoticExotics Perennial0BRTEExotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterRock Outcrop0Bare Ground0Bare Ground0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Forbs Perennial		-, -, , , -
Ferns Total0Ferns Evergreen0Exotic SpeciesFerns Deciduous0Exotics Total4Primary ExoticExotics Perennial0BRTEExotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterRock Outcrop0Bare Ground0Bare Ground0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Forbs Annual	1	
Ferns Evergreen0Exotic SpeciesFerns Deciduous0ExoticsTotal4Primary ExoticExotics Perennial0BRTEExotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterRock Outcrop0Bare Ground0Bare Ground0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0		-	
Ferns Deciduous0ExoticsTotal4Primary ExoticExotics Perennial0BRTEExotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterRock Outcrop0Noxious ExoticGravel0-Bare Ground0-Moss Lichen0-Litter100-Logging0-Stand Age0-Development0-Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Type0		0	Exotic Spacias
ExoticsTotal4Primary ExoticExotics Perennial0BRTEExotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterRock Outcrop0Noxious ExoticGravel0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Type0	-		Exolic Species
Exotics Perennial0BRTEExotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterNoxious ExoticRock Outcrop0Noxious ExoticGravel0Noxious ExoticBare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0		•	
Exotics Annual4Secondary ExoticWaterRock Outcrop0Noxious ExoticGravel00Bare Ground0Bare Ground00Image: Constraint of the second of t			
WaterRock Outcrop0Rock Outcrop0Stare Ground0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0O0		-	
Rock Outcrop0Noxious ExoticGravel0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity000	Exotics Annual	4	Secondary Exotic
Gravel0Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Water		
Bare Ground0Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Moss Lichen0Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Gravel	0	
Litter100Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Bare Ground	0	
Logging0Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Moss Lichen	0	
Stand Age0Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Litter	100	
Agriculture0Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Logging	0	
Livestock0Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Stand Age	0	
Development0Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Agriculture	0	
Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Livestock	0	
Wildlife7 (cattle trails)Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	Development	0	
Recreation Severity0Recreation Type0	•	7 (cattle trails)	
Recreation Type 0		. ,	
	,	-	

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PUTR2/STOC2 (CRAWFORD)	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	17 2 PM 6/27/06 campground
Total Vegetation Trees Total	6 0
Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy	0
subcanopy Shrubs Total	0
Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall	0
< 1.5' tall Graminoids Total	0
Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial	0
Graminoids Annual Forbs Total	0 0
Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	0
Forbs Annual Ferns Total	0 0
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal	0 0 6
Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 0
Rock Outcrop Gravel	0 0
Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter	0 0 0
Logging Stand Age Agriculture	
Livestock Development Wildlife	
Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	
Plant Associations	

Exotic	Species

Primary Exotic

Secondary Exotic

Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. Developed	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	18 2 PM 6/27/06 entrance station and h	iouse
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees	6 0	
emergent maincanopy	0 0	
subcanopy Shrubs Total	0 0	
Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall	0	
< 1.5' tall Graminoids Total	0 0	
Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual	0	
Forbs Total Dominant Forbs	0	
Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	0 0	
Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen	0 0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal	0 6	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 0	Secondary Exotic
Rock Outcrop Gravel	0 0	Noxious Exotic
Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter	0 0 0	
Logging Stand Age	0	
Agriculture Livestock Development		
Wildlife Recreation Severity		
Recreation Type Hydrology		

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. Developed	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	19 1 SH 6/30/06 NW			
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual	6 6 PIPO 2 6 1 4 SYAL, AMAL2, PF 4 2 5 CARU, FEID 5 0 4 BASA3, HEUN, AC 4 0 0			
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous	0 0	Exoti	c Species	3
ExoticsTotal	1	Primary	Exotic	
Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 0	Seconda	ary Exotic	
Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 2 98 3 2 0 0 7, deer trails 0 0	Noxious	Exotic	
Plant Associations	5	Percent	Pattern	Rai

		Rank
1. PIPO/SYAL (KAGAN)	100 Matrix	K 2
2.	0	0
3	0	0
Notes:	Some doghair PIPO. Good CARU cover	

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	2 2 DV 10/11/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs	5 0 0 0 4 PUTR2 4 1 4 PSSP6, BRTE 4 1 3 BASA3	
Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen	3 1 0 0	
Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 1 0 1	 ;
Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 15 0 85 0 0 0 4 5 3 3 3 3 1	I

Exotic	Species

Primary Exotic
BRTE
Secondary Exotic

Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFORD)	100	Matrix	3
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	20 1 SH 6/30/06 Center, S of lake			
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual	6 5 POTR5, BEOC2 1 5 2 5 5 SYAL, AMAL2, RC 5 3 3 3 3 3 2 SMST, ACMI2 2 0 0	NU, COST4		
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 100 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Primary CEDI3	ary Exotic	
Plant Associations	;	Percent	Pattern	R

			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALC	1IK) 98	Matrix	2
2. disturbed wetland	2	Small	1
3	0		0
Notes:	This is the group campground a	rea	

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	20A 1 SH 6/30/06 Center, S of lake (sour	thern finger of 20)
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 5 PIPO, POTR5 1 5 1 4 SYAL, AMAL2 4 2 CARU, PSSP6, CADC 2 0 2 BASA3, ACMI2, Galiu 2 0	
Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 3 3 2	Primary Exotic CIAR4 Secondary Exotic BRTE
Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 2 98 2 2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Noxious Exotic CADR

Ρ	lant	Asso	ciat	ions
	iuiit	H330	ulai	10113

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PIPO/SYAL (KAGAN)	100	Matrix	2
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number	20B		
Survey Intensity	2		
Observer Date	DV 10/11/06		
Specific Location	10/11/00		
•			
Total Vegetation	6		
Trees Total			
Dominant Trees	POTR5, BEOC2 2		
emergent maincanopy	4		
subcanopy	0		
Shrubs Total	4		
Dominant Shrubs	SYAL		
> 1.5' tall	4		
< 1.5' tall	0		
Graminoids Total	3		
Dominant Graminoids	PHAR3, BRIN2		
Graminoids Perennial	3		
Graminoids Annual	0		
Forbs Total Dominant Forbs	2 CIAR4		
Forbs Perennial	2		
Forbs Annual	0		
Ferns Total	0		
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exoti	c Species
Ferns Deciduous	0		o openico
ExoticsTotal	3	Primary	Exotic
Exotics Perennial	3	CIAR4	
Exotics Annual	2	Second	ary Exotic
Water		ARMI2	-
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious	s Exotic
Gravel	0		
Bare Ground	0		
Moss Lichen Litter	0 100		
	0		
Logging Stand Age	2		
Agriculture	0		
Livestock	4		
Development	2		
Wildlife	3		
Recreation Severity	3		
Recreation Type	1		
Hydrology	1		
Plant Associations	;	Percent	Pattern

1 14110 / 1000 0 14110		1 ci cent	1 atter fi		
				Rank	
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVA	LCHIK)	80	Large		2
2. disturbed meadow		20	Large		2
3		0			0
Notes:	COMBINE 23N	WITH 20B=POTF	R/SYAL		

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location Total Vegetation Trees Total	21 2 PM 6/27/06 Old farm 6 0
Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs	0 0 0 0
 > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual 	0 0 0 0
Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Ferns Total	0 0 0 0
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal	0 0 6
Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel	0 0 0 0
Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	000000000000000000000000000000000000000
Plant Associations	i

Exotic	Species

Primary Exotic

Secondary Exotic

Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. Developed	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total	22 1 SH 7/3/06 S central 6 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			
Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	MESA, SIAL2			
Forbs Annual	6 0			
Ferns Total	0			
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel	0 0 5 5 5 0 0	Primary MESA	ary Exotic	
Bare Ground	0			
Moss Lichen	0			
Litter	100 0			
Logging Stand Age	0			
Agriculture	4			
Livestock				
Development	0			
Wildlife	0			
Recreation Severity	0			
Recreation Type	0			
Hydrology	0			
Plant Associations		Percent	Pattern	Ra

Plant Associations	S Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. former agricultural field	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:	Bromus, mustard (2 diff ssp), Me Inermis. Alfalfa most abundant.	edicago, Sativ	a, Centaurea,

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23A 2 DV 6/28/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	5 1 POTR5 0 1 1 1 PUTR2 1 0 5 PSSP6, BRTE, POBU 4 3 2 LUSE4, LABI 2 2	
Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous	0 0 0	Exotic Species
ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	3 2 3	Primary Exotic BRTE Secondary Exotic POBU
Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	1 0 25 0 74 0 0 4 4 0 3 3 3 3 1	Noxious Exotic LIDA

Plant As

PUTR2/PS
 LECI grass
 Notes:

cotic tic

Percent	Pattern			
		Rank		
95	Matrix		2	
5	linear		2	
0			0	
	95 5	95 Matrix 5 linear	Rank 95 Matrix 5 linear	Rank 95 Matrix 2 5 linear 2

Polygon Number	23B		
Survey Intensity Observer	1 DV		
Date	6/28/06		
Specific Location			
Total Vegetation Trees Total	6 5		
Dominant Trees	POTR5		
emergent	0		
maincanopy	5 2		
subcanopy Shrubs Total	5		
Dominant Shrubs	SARI, AMAL2, PRVI, F	RONU SYA	AI.
> 1.5' tall	3		-
< 1.5' tall	5		
Graminoids Total	2		
Dominant Graminoids	CARU, ELCI2, BRTE		
Graminoids Perennial	2		
Graminoids Annual Forbs Total	0 2		
Dominant Forbs	SMST, ASCO3, HEUN	I BASA3	
Forbs Perennial	2	, 2/10/10	
Forbs Annual	0		
Ferns Total	0		
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic	Species
Ferns Deciduous	0		-
ExoticsTotal	2	Primary E	Exotic
Exotics Perennial	1	CEDI3	
Exotics Annual Water	2	Seconda BRTE	ry Exotic
Rock Outcrop	1	Noxious	Exotic
Gravel	0	Noxious	Exotic
Bare Ground	2		
Moss Lichen	0		
Litter	97		
Logging Stand Ana	0 2		
Stand Age Agriculture	2		
Livestock	3		
Development	0		
Wildlife	3		
Recreation Severity	3		
Recreation Type	3 1		
Hydrology	I		
Plant Associations	Pe	rcent	Pattern

Fiant Associations	rercent	rattern			
			Rank		
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCH	IK) 100) Matrix		3	
2.	C)		0	
3	C)		0	
Notes:	Aspen/SYAL forest in draw				
3 Notes:	0 Aspen/SYAL forest in draw)		0	

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23C 1 DV 6/28/06
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Total	6 3 POTR5 0 3 3 AMAL2, SYAL 2 3 5 PHAR3, BRTE 5 2 3 CIAR4 3 0 0
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	0 0 5 5 2
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 0 100 0 2 0 4 0 3 3 3 1

Exotic Species

Primary Exotic PHAR3 Secondary Exotic BRTE Noxious Exotic CIAR4

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. disturbed wetland	90	Matrix	1
POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	10	linear	2
3	0		0

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date	23D 1 PM 6/12/06		
Specific Location	aspen stands, birch		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total	6 5 POTR5 2 4 3 3 SYAL 2 3 3 CARU, BRTE, PSSP6 3 1 4	5	
Dominant Forbs	SMST, BASA3		
Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	4 2		
Ferns Total	0		
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal	0 0 2	Exoti Primary	c Species
Exotics Perennial	2	VIVI5	- 41
Exotics Annual Water	1	BRTE	ary Exotic
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious	s Exotic
Gravel Bare Ground	0 1	CADR	
Moss Lichen	0		
Litter	99		
Logging	0		
Stand Age	2		
Agriculture Livestock	0		
Development	0		
Wildlife	3		
Recreation Severity	3		
Recreation Type	3		
Hydrology	0		
Plant Associations	Pa	ercent	Pattern

Plant Associ	ations	Percent	Pattern		
				Rank	
1. POTR5/SYAL (K	OVALCHIK)	60	Matrix		3
2. POTR5/SMST (F	PBI)	40	Large		3
3		0			0
Notes:	see photos				

Polygon Number	23E	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	DV	
Date	6/28/06	
Specific Location		
Total Vegetation	6	
Trees Total	1	
Dominant Trees	PIPO	
emergent	0	
maincanopy	1	
subcanopy	0	
Shrubs Total	3	
Dominant Shrubs	PUTR2, RICE, ERHE2	
> 1.5' tall	2	
< 1.5' tall	3	
Graminoids Total	4	
Dominant Graminoids	BRCA5, STOC2, BRTE	E, POBU
Graminoids Perennial	4	
Graminoids Annual	3	
Forbs Total	3	
Dominant Forbs	LUSE4, PHLI	
Forbs Perennial	3	
Forbs Annual	3	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	-
ExoticsTotal	3	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	0	BRTE
Exotics Annual	3	Secondary Exotic
Water		POBU
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0	
Bare Ground	5	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	95	
Logging	0	
Stand Age	0	
Agriculture	4	
Livestock	4	
Development Wildlife	2 3	
	3	
Recreation Severity	3	
Recreation Type Hydrology	3 1	
riyarology		

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. disturbed meadow	100	Matrix	IXanx
2.	0		
3	0		
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date	23F 1 PM 6/12/06
Specific Location	NE of entrance station
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy	5 1 PIPO, POTR5 1 0 0
Shrubs Total	3
Dominant Shrubs	ARTR4, PUTR2, ARTR2
> 1.5' tall	3
< 1.5' tall	2 4
Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids	4 PSSP6, FEID, BRTE, POBU, ELCI2
Graminoids Perennial	4
Graminoids Annual	2
Forbs Total	4
Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	BASA34, LUSE4, LIRU4, PHLI, HEUN 4
Forbs Annual	3
Ferns Total	0
Ferns Evergreen	• Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0
ExoticsTotal	3 Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	1 CEDI3
Exotics Annual Water	3 Secondary Exotic BRTE
Rock Outcrop	1 Noxious Exotic
Gravel	1
Bare Ground	5
Moss Lichen	1
Litter	92
Logging Stand Age	0 0
Agriculture	0
Livestock	0
Development	2
Wildlife	3
Recreation Severity Recreation Type	3 4
Hydrology	4 0
Plant Associations	Percent Pattern

Plant Associations		Percent	Pattern	
				Rank
1. ARTR4/FEID (CRAWFOR	D)	100	Matrix	3
2.		0		0
3		0		0
Notes:	Flat meadow, div except for BRTE.	•	good ecolo	gical condition

Polygon Number	23G					
Survey Intensity	1 PM					
Observer Date	6/12/06					
Specific Location	flat, swale area of 2	22				
•		20				
Total Vegetation	6					
Trees Total	2					
Dominant Trees	POTR5					
emergent	0					
maincanopy	2 2					
subcanopy Shrubs Total	2					
Dominant Shrubs	—	три				
> 1.5' tall	RICE, PUTR2, AR	1174				
< 1.5' tall	2					
Graminoids Total	5					
Dominant Graminoids	ELCI2, JUBA., PO		F			
Graminoids Perennial	5	IN, DINI				
Graminoids Annual	2					
Forbs Total	4					
Dominant Forbs	HEUN, Astragalus,	ASSP 2	7IVF	ACMI2 ATDR	BASA3	
Forbs Perennial	4				, 2, 10, 10	
Forbs Annual	2					
Ferns Total	0					
Ferns Evergreen	0	Fx	otic	Species		
Ferns Deciduous	0	-^		openeo		
ExoticsTotal	2	Prir	narv F	Exotic		
Exotics Perennial	2	CAE				
Exotics Annual	1			ry Exotic		
Water		VET				
Rock Outcrop	0	Nox	ious	Exotic		
Gravel	0	CEF	RE6			
Bare Ground	2					
Moss Lichen	1					
Litter	97					
Logging	0					
Stand Age	0					
Agriculture	0					
Livestock	0					
Development	0					
Wildlife Recreation Severity	3 3					
Recreation Type	3					
Hydrology	0					
, aloiogy	v					
Plant Associations	5	Percent	-	Pattern		
					Rank	
1. disturbed wetland			60	Matrix		2
 MAAQ2/HEUN (PBI) 			15			3
3 LECI grassland (WA NHP	\		25	Large Small		2
Notes:	/ [LUSE4 in forb list	- didn't fil			v diverse	

2. MAAQ2/HEUN (PBI) 3 LECI grassland (WA NHP) Notes:

15 Large 25 Small [LUSE4 in forb list - didn't fit in space given.] very diverse, interesting habitat, vernally wet, many depressions, flat

23H 1 PM 7/3/06 north of boundary line	with court	property & above lake
4 1 PIPO 0 1 0 3 PUTR2		
2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 2 3 BASA3, PHLI, LUSE4 3 2		
1 0	Exotic	c Species
1 3 2 0 5 0 1 94 0 0 0 0 0 2 (road at bottom) 0 3 3 0	Primary BRTE	Exotic ary Exotic
	1 PM 7/3/06 north of boundary line 4 1 PIPO 0 1 0 3 PUTR2 3 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 2 3 BASA3, PHLI, LUSE4 3 2 1 0 1 3 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 2 3 BASA3, PHLI, LUSE4 3 2 1 0 1 3 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 2 3 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 2 3 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 2 1 0 1 3 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 2 3 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 2 3 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 2 1 0 1 3 3 2 1 0 1 3 3 2 1 0 1 3 3 2 0 1 3 3 2 0 1 3 3 2 0 1 9 4 0 1 3 3 2 0 1 3 3 2 0 0 5 0 0 1 3 3 2 0 0 5 0 0 1 9 4 0 0 1 3 3 2 0 0 5 0 0 1 9 4 0 0 0 0 1 3 3 2 0 0 5 0 0 0 1 9 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	1 PM 7/3/06 north of boundary line with court 4 1 PIPO 0 1 0 3 PUTR2 3 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 3 BASA3, PHLI, LUSE4, DERI 3 BASA3, PHLI, LUSE4, DERI 3 Primary 3 BRTE 2 Seconda POBU 0 Noxious 5 GYPA 0 2 (road at bottom) 0 3 3 0

Plant Associations	5	Percent	Pattern	
				Rank
1. PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWF	ORD)	100	Matrix	2
2.		0		0
3		0		0
Notes:	0	o encroach here	0	line with Court perty. Most of SP
	land still in good		on Court pro	perty. Most of 3P

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual	23I 2 PM 7/3/06 court property on h 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		south of bounda	ary fence
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 4 4 3 0 5 20 0 75 0 0 0 4 5 22 0 0 4 5 22 0 0 75 0 0 0 4 5 20 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Exotic Primary I GYPA Seconda POBU Noxious BRTE	ry Exotic	
Plant Associations	•	Percent	Pattern	Dank

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFOR	RD) 100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
	Heavy infestation of baby's brea Spreading to the north into park		his polygon.

Polygon Number	23J
Survey Intensity	1
Observer	PM
Date	7/3/06
Specific Location	abandoned field on court property south of SP fence
Total Vegetation	5
Trees Total	0
Dominant Trees	0
emergent	0
maincanopy	0
subcanopy	1
Shrubs Total	1
Dominant Shrubs	1
> 1.5' tall	0
Graminoids Total	4
Dominant Graminoids	BRTE, BRIN2, wheat, POBU
Graminoids Perennial	3
Graminoids Annual	4
Forbs Total	4
Dominant Forbs	CADR, DERI, TRDU, GYPA
Forbs Perennial	2
Forbs Annual	4
Ferns Total	0
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous Exotics Total Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 Exotic Species 0 Primary Exotic 4 BRTE 4 Secondary Exotic CADR CADR 0 Noxious Exotic 1 GYPA 0 O 79 O 0 O 1 O 0 O 1 O 0 O 1 O 0 O 0 O 0 O 1 O 0 O 1 O 0 O 0 O 1 O
Plant Associations	Percent Pattern

Fiant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. former agricultural field	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:	abandoned field, mostly exotics		

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23K 1 PM 7/3/06			
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Total	5 1 POTR5 0 1 0 3 PUTR2, RICE 3 2 4 PSSP6, BRTE, POBU 3 3 GYPA, BASA3, CADF 3 1		HLI	
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	1 0 4 4 3 0 2 15 0 83 0 0 0 4 4 4 5 2 3 3 1	Primary I GYPA	ry Exotic	
Plant Associations		ercent	Pattern	Ra

		I ti ttiti	1 attern	
				Rank
1. PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFC	DRD)	60	Matrix	1
2. former agricultural field		40	Large	1
3		0		0
Notes:	Lots of baby's brea some CEDI3, lots of		tation, also lo	ots of CADR,

Polygon Number	23L		
Survey Intensity	1		
Observer	DV		
Date	7/5/06		
Specific Location			
Total Vegetation	6		
Trees Total	0		
Dominant Trees			
emergent	0		
maincanopy	0		
subcanopy	0		
Shrubs Total	0		
Dominant Shrubs			
> 1.5' tall	0		
< 1.5' tall	0		
Graminoids Total	6		
Dominant Graminoids	POPR, BRTE		
Graminoids Perennial	6		
Graminoids Annual	2		
Forbs Total	3		
Dominant Forbs	GAAR, ACMI2, ASCA	6, PHLI	
Forbs Perennial	3		
Forbs Annual	1		
Ferns Total	0		
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic	Species
Ferns Deciduous	0		•
ExoticsTotal	2	Primary	Exotic
Exotics Perennial	2	BRTE	
Exotics Annual	2	Seconda	ry Exotic
Water		CERE6	
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious	Exotic
Gravel	0	CADR	
Bare Ground	3		
Moss Lichen	0		
Litter	97		
Logging	0		
Stand Age	0		
Agriculture	0 4		
Livestock	4 0		
Development Wildlife	3		
Recreation Severity	3		
Recreation Type	3		
Hydrology	1		
Plant Associations	Per	rcent	Pattern

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. disturbed wetland	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23M 2 DV 7/5/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual	5 0 0 0 0 3 PUTR2, ERHE2 3 2 4 PSSP6 4 2 3 ERCO5, BASA3, HEUI 3 0	N, PHLI, MAGR3, DERI
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 15 0 85 0 0 0 0 4 2 3 3 3 3 1	Exotic Species Primary Exotic BRTE Secondary Exotic POBU Noxious Exotic CADR

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFORD)	70	Matrix	2
2. former agricultural field	30	Large	1
3	0		0

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23N 1 DV 11/8/06			
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Total	5 1 POTR5 0 1 0 3 PUTR2, ARTR4 3 1 3 STCO2, BRTE 3 2 4 HEUN, ACMI2, 9 2 4 0			
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 4 0 4 0 0 40 0 60 0 1 0 4 2 3 3 3 1	Primary CEDI3, C	GYPA, BRTE, I ry Exotic	
Plant Associations	6	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1 PUTR2/STOC2 (CRAW/F)		100	Matrix	

	i ci cent	1 40001 11	
			Rank
1. PUTR2/STOC2 (CRAWF)	ORD) 100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:	High % of alien spp. from heavy	overgrazing.	

Polygon Number	230	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	DV	
Date	10/11/06	
Specific Location		
Total Vegetation	5	
Trees Total	1	
Dominant Trees	POTR5	
emergent	0	
maincanopy	1	
subcanopy	0	
Shrubs Total	4	
Dominant Shrubs	PUTR2, ERHE2	
> 1.5' tall	4	
< 1.5' tall	2	
Graminoids Total	4	
Dominant Graminoids	PSSP6, FEID, BRTE	
Graminoids Perennial	4	
Graminoids Annual	2	
Forbs Total	3	
Dominant Forbs	BASA3	
Forbs Perennial	3	
Forbs Annual	2	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic
Ferns Deciduous	0	
ExoticsTotal	1	Primary Ex
Exotics Perennial	1	LIDA
Exotics Annual	1	Secondary
Water	•	CEDI3
Rock Outcrop	3 2	Noxious E
Gravel Bare Ground	2 40	BRTE
Moss Lichen	40 0	
Litter	55	
Logging	0	
Stand Age	0	
Agriculture	0	
Livestock	4	
Development	2	
Wildlife	3	
Recreation Severity	3	
Recreation Type	3	
Hydrology	1	

PUTR2/FEID (CRAW
 POTR5/SYAL (KOVA
 Notes:

Species

xotic y Exotic Exotic

ions	Percent	Pattern			
			Rank		
WFORD)	95	Matrix		2	
/ALCHIK)	5	linear		2	
	0			0	

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23P 1 PM 7/3/06		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Total	4 0 0 0 4 PUTR2, LEPU, AM/ 3 3 3 PSSP6, BRTE, POE 3 3 3 BASA3, ERNI2, ER 3 2	3U	ΗLI
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous Exotics Total Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 1 2 2 2 5 8 25 0 62 0 0 0 5 6, transmission 2 3 1	Primary BRTE	ary Exotic Exotic
Plant Associations	•	Percent	Pattern

			Rank
1. PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFO	0RD) 95	Matrix	2
2. Rock cliffs and talus	5	Small	2
3	0		0
Notes:	LIDA patch in southern part of polygon.		

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23Q 2 PM 7/3/06		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous Exotics Total Exotics Perennial Exotics Perennial Exotics Perennial Exotics Perennial Exotics Perennial Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Type Hydrology	4 0 0 0 3 PUTR2, AMAL2 3 2 3 PSSP6, BRTE 3 2 3 ERNI2, PHLI 3 2 1 1 1 0 2 2 1 2 2 0 20 15 0 45 0 0 0 3 6, transmission 3 3 3 1	Primary BRTE	ary Exotic
Plant Associations	5	Percent	Pattern

	rercent	1 attern	
			Rank
 PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFORD) 	100	Matrix	2
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes: Steep slope with	lots of rock & gr	avel.	

Polygon Number	23R	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	PM	
Date	7/3/06	
Specific Location		
Total Vegetation	5	
Trees Total	0	
Dominant Trees		
emergent	0	
maincanopy	0	
subcanopy	0	
Shrubs Total	4	
Dominant Shrubs	PUTR2, AMAL2, ERHI	E2
> 1.5' tall	3	
< 1.5' tall	3	
Graminoids Total	3	
Dominant Graminoids	PSSP6, POBU, BRTE	
Graminoids Perennial	3	
Graminoids Annual	2	
Forbs Total	4	
Dominant Forbs	BASA3, PHLI, GYPA,	HEUN
Forbs Perennial	3	
Forbs Annual	3	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	
ExoticsTotal	3	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	2	BRTE
Exotics Annual	2	Secondary Exotic
Water		POBU
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	5	GYPA
Bare Ground	15	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	80	
Logging	0	
Stand Age	0	
Agriculture	0	
Livestock	3 5	
Development Wildlife	3	
Wildlife Recreation Severity	3 3	
Recreation Type	3 3	
Hydrology	1	
, alongy		

Plant Associations	Plant	Associations	
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			Rank
 PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFORD) 	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Percent

Pattern

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual	23S 1 PM 6/16/06 south of 23D & north of poly 21, SE of lake 5 4 POTR5, BEOC2 1 4 2 4 SYAL, AMAL2, COST4, PRVI, PUTR2, MAAQ2 3 3 4 Juncus, ELCI2, Poa sp., MEBU, PSSP6 4 2 4 SMST, ZIVE, HEUN, BASA3, PHLI 4 2 0
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0Exotic Species0
Plant Associations	Percent Pattern Ra

Fiant Associations	>	Percent	Pattern	
				Rank
1. LECI grassland (WA NHF	?)	55	Matrix	3
2. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCH	łIK)	40	Large	3
3 PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWF	ORD)	5	Small	2
Notes:	Gently rolling to that swale area with Aspen stands & du Fairly moist.		ands & draws.	

Polygon Number	23T	
Survey Intensity	1	
Observer	DV	
Date	10/11/06	
Specific Location	16/11/06	
Specific Location		
Total Vegetation	6	
Trees Total	4	
Dominant Trees	POTR5	
emergent	4	
maincanopy	4	
subcanopy	2	
Shrubs Total	4	
	4 SYAL	
Dominant Shrubs		
> 1.5' tall	4	
< 1.5' tall	2	
Graminoids Total	4	
Dominant Graminoids	CADO2, ELCI2, BRTE	, POBU
Graminoids Perennial	4	
Graminoids Annual	1	
Forbs Total	3	
Dominant Forbs	SMST, ZIVE	
Forbs Perennial	3	
Forbs Annual	1	
Ferns Total	0	
	-	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	
ExoticsTotal	1	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	1	CIAR4
Exotics Annual	1	Secondary Exotic
Water		POBU
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	õ	BRTE
Bare Ground	0	DITE
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	0	
	0	
Logging		
Stand Age	2	
Agriculture	0	
Livestock	4	
Development	0	
Wildlife	3	
Recreation Severity	3	
Recreation Type	3	
Hydrology	1	

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	60	Matrix	3
2. disturbed wetland	40	large	2
3	0		0

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23V 2 PM 10/7/06 road and house at Con	t's Place
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent	5 0 0	
maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs	0 0 0	
> 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids	0 0 0	
Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs	0 0 0	
Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen	0 0 0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial	0 5 0	Primary Exotic
Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop	0	Secondary Exotic
Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter	0 0 0 0	
Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology		

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. Developed	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23X 1 PM 6/16/06 east of south part of	of lake, split fr	rom 23	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Total	4 2 POTR5 0 2 1 3 PUTR2, AMAL2, F 3 3 4 PSSP6, MEBU, PC 4 2 3 BASA3, LUSE4, P 3 2 0	OBU, BRTE		
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 3 2 2 3 12 20 1 64 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 3 3 0	Primary POBU	ary Exotic	;
Plant Association	-	Percent	Pattern	R
		50	Mar Andre	

Plant Associations)	Percent	Pattern		
				Rank	
1. PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWF	ORD)	50	Matrix	2	
2. PSSP6-BASA3-LUSE4 (F	PBI)	48	Large	3	
3 POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCH	llK)	2	Small	2	
Notes:	Steep slopes abo	ove lake & below	upper bench	nes. Small rock	

outcrops also. PUTR2/PSSP6 on steeper, PSSP6-BASA3-LUSE4 on gentler slopes

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	23Y 2 DV 6/28/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual	5 0 0 2 PUTR2, ERHE2 2 2 4 PSSP6, POBU, BRTE 4 2 3 BASA3, HEUN 3 2 0	
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	Exotic Species Primary Exotic BRTE Secondary Exotic POBU Noxious Exotic LIDA

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
 PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFORD) 	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number	24			
Survey Intensity	1			
Observer	SH			
Date	7/13/06			
Specific Location	SE			
Total Vegetation	5			
Trees Total	2			
Dominant Trees	POTR5			
emergent	1			
maincanopy	2			
subcanopy	1			
Shrubs Total	2			
Dominant Shrubs	SYAL, RONU			
> 1.5' tall	2			
< 1.5' tall	1			
Graminoids Total	5			
Dominant Graminoids	ELCI2, CADO2, JUBA, PC	OPR, BR	RTE	
Graminoids Perennial	5			
Graminoids Annual	2			
Forbs Total	3			
Dominant Forbs	VETH, POAN5, LUSE4, L	IRU4, C	IAR4	
Forbs Perennial	3			
Forbs Annual	0			
Ferns Total	0			
Ferns Evergreen	o E	xotic	Species	
Ferns Deciduous	0			
ExoticsTotal	-	imary E	votic	
Exotics Perennial		AR4		
Exotics Annual			y Exotic	
Water		ETH	,	
Rock Outcrop	0 No	oxious E	Exotic	
Gravel	0			
Bare Ground	0			
Moss Lichen	0			
Litter	100			
Logging	0			
Stand Age	0			
Agriculture	0			
Livestock	5			
Development	0			
Wildlife	0			
Recreation Severity	0			
Recreation Type	0			
Hydrology	0			
Plant Associations	Percer	nt	Pattern	
I. disturbed wetland	Percei	nt 90		R

	I ti	1 attern		
			Rank	
1. disturbed wetland	90	Matrix		1
2. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCH	IK) 10	Small		1
3	0			0
Notes:	Polygon contains 2 small patche	s 50m apart.		

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	25A 2 DV 6/30/06
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	6 5 PIPO, POTR5 1 5 2 5 SYAL 5 0 1 POPR 1 0 2 GABO2 2
Forbs Annual Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	0 0 0 1 1 0
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type	0 0 0 100 2 2 0 3 5 3 3 3 3
Hydrology	1

Primary Exotic POPR Secondary Exotic

Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	100	Matrix	3
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	25B 1 DV 6/30/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	5 0 0 0 1 1 1 5 CAUT, SCAC, PHAR3 5 0 3 CIAR4 3	
Forbs Ferennial Forbs Annual Ferns Total Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 0 4 4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Exot Primar CIAR4 Secon PHAR3 Noxiou

Exotic Species

Primary Exotic CIAR4 Secondary Exotic PHAR3 Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. disturbed wetland	65	Matrix	1
2. SCVA (KOVALCHIK)	20	Large	1
3 TYLA (KOVALCHIK)	15	linear	1

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	26 2 DV 10/11/06
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Forbs Annual Forbs Annual	6 4 BEOC2 0 4 0 4 SARI 4 3 3 PHAR3 3 9 PHAR3 3 0 3 CIAR4, SODU 3 0
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 0 3 3 0
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 0 100 2 0 4 4 2 3 3 2

Exotic Species

Primary Exotic CIAR4 Secondary Exotic SODU Noxious Exotic PHAR3

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. SALIX/mesic forb (KOVALCHIK)	100	Matrix	2
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number	27	
Survey Intensity	1	
Observer	DV	
Date	6/30/06	
Specific Location		
•	•	
Total Vegetation	6	
Trees Total	2	
Dominant Trees	PIPO, POTR5	
emergent	1	
maincanopy	2	
subcanopy	2	
Shrubs Total	3	
Dominant Shrubs	BEOC2, ALIN2, SYAL	
> 1.5' tall	3	
< 1.5' tall	0	
Graminoids Total	4	
Dominant Graminoids	BRIN2, AGRE, PHAR3	3, BRTE
Graminoids Perennial	4	
Graminoids Annual	2	
Forbs Total	3	
Dominant Forbs	CIAR4	
Forbs Perennial	3	
Forbs Annual	2	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	-
ExoticsTotal	5	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	5	PHAR3
Exotics Annual	2	Secondary Exotic
Water		BRIN2
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0	CIAR4
Bare Ground	0	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	100	
Logging	2	
Stand Age	2	
Agriculture	4	
Livestock	4	
Development	2	
Wildlife	3	
Recreation Severity	1	
Recreation Type	1	
Hydrology	2	

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. disturbed wetland	95	Matrix	1
2. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	5	Small	1
3	0		0

Polygon Number	28	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	DV	
Date	6/30/06	
Specific Location		
Total Vegetation	5	
Trees Total	1	
Dominant Trees	PIPO, POTR5	
emergent	0	
maincanopy	1	
subcanopy	0	
Shrubs Total	4	
Dominant Shrubs	PUTR2, ERHE2	
> 1.5' tall	4	
< 1.5' tall	3	
Graminoids Total	4	
Dominant Graminoids	PSSP6, BRTE, POBU	
Graminoids Perennial	4	
Graminoids Annual	2	
Forbs Total Dominant Forbs	3 BASA3, COLI2	
Forbs Perennial	3	
Forbs Annual	2	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	
ExoticsTotal	2	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	1	BRTE
Exotics Annual	2	Secondary Exotic
Water		POBU
Rock Outcrop	3	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	4	LIDA
Bare Ground	38	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	55	
Logging	0	
Stand Age	0 0	
Agriculture Livestock	4	
Development	2	
Wildlife	3	
Recreation Severity	3	
Recreation Type	3	
Hydrology	1	

PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFORD)
 PUTR2/FEID (CRAWFORD)
 PIPO/SYAL (KAGAN)
 Notes:

Percent	Pattern	Rank	
85	Matrix		2
10	Scattered		2
5	Small		2

.		
Polygon Number Survey Intensity	28B 2	
Observer	2 DV	
Date	6/30/06	
Specific Location	0/30/00	
	•	
Total Vegetation	6	
Trees Total Dominant Trees	4 PIPO, POTR5	
	2	
emergent maincanopy	4	
subcanopy	2	
Shrubs Total	5	
Dominant Shrubs	SYAL	
> 1.5' tall	5	
< 1.5' tall	2	
Graminoids Total	2	
Dominant Graminoids	CARU, BRIN2	
Graminoids Perennial	2	
Graminoids Annual	1	
Forbs Total	2	
Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	SMST, ASMI9, BASA3	, HEUN
Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	2	
Ferns Total	0	
		Exotic Species
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous	0	LXUIC Species
ExoticsTotal	0 1	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	1	BRIN2
Exotics Annual	0	Secondary Exotic
Water	0	POPR
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0	CIAR4
Bare Ground	0	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	100	
Logging	2	
Stand Age	2 0	
Agriculture Livestock	0 4	
Development	2	
Wildlife	<u>~</u> 3	
Recreation Severity	3 3	
Recreation Type	3	
Hydrology	1	

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	100	Matrix	Канк
2.	0		
3	0		
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	28C 2 DV 6/30/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 4 PIPO, POTR5 1 4 2 4 SYAL 4 2 3 POPR, POBU 3 1 2 GABO2 2 0	
Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous	0 0 0	Exotic Species
ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	1 0 1	Primary Exotic POBU Secondary Exotic
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 5 0 95 2 2 2 0 4 5 3 3 3 1	Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	100	Matrix	3
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number	28D	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	DV	
Date	6/30/06	
Specific Location		
Total Vegetation	6	
Trees Total	4	
Dominant Trees	PIPO, POTR5	
emergent	2	
maincanopy	4	
subcanopy	2	
Shrubs Total	4	
Dominant Shrubs	SYAL	
> 1.5' tall	4	
< 1.5' tall	2	
Graminoids Total		DDTC
Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial	CARU, POPR, POBU, 2	BRIE
Graminoids Annual	2	
Forbs Total	2	
Dominant Forbs	SMST	
Forbs Perennial	2	
Forbs Annual	1	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	-
ExoticsTotal	1	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	0	BRTE
Exotics Annual	1	Secondary Exotic
Water		POBU
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0 2	
Bare Ground Moss Lichen	2	
Litter	98	
Logging	2	
Stand Age	2	
Agriculture	0	
Livestock	4	
Development	2	
Wildlife	3	
Recreation Severity	3	
Recreation Type	3	
Hydrology	1	

Plant	t Ass	ociations	S
		001011011	-

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	100	Matrix	3
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number	28E	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	DV	
Date	6/30/06	
Specific Location		
Total Vegetation	6	
Trees Total	4	
Dominant Trees	PIPO, POTR5	
emergent	2	
maincanopy	4	
subcanopy	2	
Shrubs Total	4	
Dominant Shrubs	SYAL	
> 1.5' tall	4	
< 1.5' tall	2	
Graminoids Total	3	
Dominant Graminoids	CARU, POBU	
Graminoids Perennial	3	
Graminoids Annual	1	
Forbs Total	3	
Dominant Forbs	BASA3, ASCO3, PHLI	
Forbs Perennial	3 1	
Forbs Annual Ferns Total	0	
	-	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	
ExoticsTotal	1	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	0	POBU
Exotics Annual	1	Secondary Exotic
Water	0	Nevieve Evetie
Rock Outcrop Gravel	0 0	Noxious Exotic
Bare Ground	20	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	80	
Logging	2	
Stand Age	2	
Agriculture	0	
Livestock	4	
Development	5	
Wildlife		
Recreation Severity	3 3	
Recreation Type	3	
Hydrology	1	

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PIPO/SYAL (KAGAN)	100	Matrix	2
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	28F 2 DV 6/30/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	5 1 PIPO 0 1 0 4 PUTR2, ERHE2 4 3 4 PSSP6, BRTE, POBU 4 2 3 BASA3, COLI2 3 2	
Forbs Annual Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	2 0 0 2 1 2 3 4 38 0 55 0 0 55 0 0 0 4 2 3 3 3 3 1	Exotic Species Primary Exotic BRTE Secondary Exotic POBU Noxious Exotic LIDA

PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFORD)
 PUTR2/FEID (CRAWFORD)
 PIPO/SYAL (KAGAN)
 Notes:

	Percent	Pattern			
			Rank		
D)	89	Matrix		2	
	10	Scattered		2	
	1	3		2	

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	29 2 DV 6/30/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids	5 0 0 0 2 SYAL 2 1 4 STOC2, AGRE, AGCR	. POPR. POBU. BRTE
Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Ferns Total	4 4 ACMI2, LIDA, CADR, C 4 4 0	CRTO, DERI, COLI2, POMA9, CEDI3
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 4 4 2 0 0 20 0 80 0 0 4 4 4 0 3 0 1	Exotic Species Primary Exotic BRTE Secondary Exotic POBU Noxious Exotic LIDA, CEDI3

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. former agricultural field	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	30 2 DV 7/3/06 court		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	5 0 0 0 0 3 PUTR2, ERHE2 3 2 4 PSSP6, BRTE, POE 4 3 4 CADR, BASA3	3U	
Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Ferns Total	4 2 0		
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 2 2 2 2 0 0 15 0 0 15 0 0 4 4 2 3 3 3 1	Primary BRTE	ary Exotic
Plant Associations	; 1	Percent	Pattern

Plant Assoc	ciations	Percent	Pattern		
				Rank	
1. PUTR2/FEID (CRAWFORD)	90	Matrix	1	
2. LECI grassland	J (WA NHP)	10	linear	1	
3		0		0	
Notes:	former ag field				

Polygon Number	31		
Survey Intensity	2		
Observer	DV		
Date	7/3/06		
Specific Location	court		
Total Vegetation	5		
Trees Total	0		
Dominant Trees			
emergent	0		
maincanopy	0		
subcanopy	0		
Shrubs Total	2		
Dominant Shrubs	SYAL, PUTR2		
> 1.5' tall	2		
< 1.5' tall	0		
Graminoids Total	4		
Dominant Graminoids	BRIN2, BRTE, POBU		
Graminoids Perennial	3		
Graminoids Annual	0		
Forbs Total	3		
Dominant Forbs	LUSE4, CERE6, DERI,	CEDI3	
Forbs Perennial	3		
Forbs Annual	2		
Ferns Total	0		
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic	Species
Ferns Deciduous	0		•
ExoticsTotal	4	Primary E	Exotic
Exotics Perennial	2	BRTE	
Exotics Annual	4	Seconda	ry Exotic
Water		POBU	
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious	Exotic
Gravel	0	CERE6	
Bare Ground	25		
Moss Lichen	0		
Litter	75		
Logging	0		
Stand Age Agriculture	0 4		
Livestock	4		
Development	2		
Wildlife	3		
Recreation Severity	0		
Recreation Type	0		
Hydrology	1		
Plant Associations	Por	cont	Pattarn

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. former agricultural field	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees	32 2 PM 6/27/06 golf course 6 0
emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs	0 0 0 0
> 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids	0 0 0
Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs	0 0 0
Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Ferns Total	0 0 0
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial	0 0 6 0
Exotics Annual Water	0
Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development	0 0 0 0
Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	

Primary Exotic

Secondary Exotic

Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. Developed	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	33 2 DV 7/3/06 court		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	5 0 0 2 Salix, AMAL2 2 0 5 BRIN2, POBU 5 1 2 LUSE4, ACMI2 2		
Forbs Annual Ferns Total	0	Evot	ia Spaaiaa
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	0 0 5 5 1	Primar BRIN2	ic Species y Exotic dary Exotic
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 20 0 80 0 0 4 4 1 3 0 0	Noxiou	s Exotic
Plant Association		Percent	Pattern

Plant Associations	6	Percent	Pattern			
				Rank		
1. former agricultural field		100	Matrix		1	
2.		0			0	
3		0			0	
Notes:	Former ag field.					

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	34 2 DV 7/3/06 court		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 4 POTR5 1 4 2 5 SYAL 5 0 2 PHAR3 2 0 2 SMST 2 0		
Ferns Total	1	Evot	ia Enaciaa
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	1 0 2 2 0	Primary PHAR3	i C Species / Exotic lary Exotic
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 2 0 98 2 2 0 4 1 3 0 0 1	Noxiou	s Exotic
Plant Associations	5	Percent	Pattern

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes: Adjacent	to golf course. Fern sp	= ATFI.	

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	35 2 DV 10/11/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	5 1 PIPO 0 1 0 4 PUTR2 4 1 4 PSSP6, FEID, BRTE 4 1 2 BASA3 2 1	
Forbs Annual Ferns Total Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development	1 0 0 1 1 1 1 2 0 38 0 60 0 0 0 0 4 5 3	Exotic Species Primary Exotic LIDA Secondary Exotic BRTE Noxious Exotic
Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	3 3 1	

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFORD)	100	Matrix	3
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number	36		
Survey Intensity	2		
Observer	DV		
Date	10/11/06		
Specific Location	gravel pit		
Total Vegetation	3		
Trees Total	2		
Dominant Trees	PIPO		
emergent	0		
maincanopy	2		
subcanopy	2		
Shrubs Total	2		
Dominant Shrubs	PUTR2		
> 1.5' tall	2		
< 1.5' tall	1		
Graminoids Total	2		
Dominant Graminoids	PSSP6, AGRE2, BRT	E	
Graminoids Perennial	2		
Graminoids Annual	1		
Forbs Total	1		
Dominant Forbs	LIDA		
Forbs Perennial	1		
Forbs Annual	1		
Ferns Total	0		•
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic	c Species
Ferns Deciduous	0		
ExoticsTotal	2	Primary	
Exotics Perennial	2	LIDA, CI	
Exotics Annual	2		ry Exotic
Water	_		BRTE, POBU, CEDI3, SIAL2,
Rock Outcrop	5	Noxious	Exotic
Gravel Bare Ground	55 15		
Moss Lichen	0		
Litter	25		
Logging	0		
Stand Age	2		
Agriculture	0		
Livestock	6		
Development	4 (gravel taken		
Wildlife	3		
Recreation Severity	0		
Recreation Type	0		
Hydrology	2		
Plant Associations	S Pe	ercent	Pattern

Percent	Pattern	
		Rank
100	Matrix	1
0		0
0		0
ove road.		
	0	100 Matrix 0 0

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	37A 2 DV 10/11/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 4 POTR5, BEOC2 0 4 2 3 SYAL, COST4 3 1 4 CAD02, LECI 4 0 2 SMST, ACMI2 2 0	
Ferns Total	0	Exot
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	0 0 2 2 0	Primar CIAR4, Second
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 2 0 98 0 0 0 4 2 3 3 3 1	Noxiou
Plant Associations		Porcont

Primary Exotic CIAR4, CADR **Secondary Exotic**

Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	60	Matrix	2
2. CADO/LECI (PBI)	40	Large	2
3	0		0

Notes:

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	37B 2 DV 10/11/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 1 POTR5 0 1 PUTR2, SYAL 1 0 5 CADO2, ELCI2, PSSF 5 0 2 CIAR4, ACMI2 2 0	°6
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 2 2 1 0 0 98 0 0 98 0 0 0 4 2 3 3 3 1	Exotic Species Primary Exotic CIAR4 Secondary Exotic CADR Noxious Exotic SAKA

Plant Associations

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. LECI grassland (WA NHP)	100	Matrix	2
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	37C 2 DV 10/11/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 4 POTR5, BEOC2 0 4 2 3 SYAL, COST4 3 1 4 CADO2, LECI 4 0 2 SMST, ACMI2 2 0	
Ferns Total	0	Evo
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	0 0 2 2 0	Exot Primar CIAR4, Secon
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 2 0 98 0 0 0 4 2 3 3 3 1	Νοχίοι
Plant Associations		Porcont

Primary Exotic CIAR4, CADR **Secondary Exotic**

Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	60	Matrix	2
2. CADO/LECI (PBI)	40	Large	2
3	0		0

Notes:

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	38 2 DV 10/11/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	5 1 PIPO 0 1 0 4 PUTR2, ARTR2 4 2 4 PSSP6, FEID, BRTE 4 2 3 BASA3, HEUN 3	
Forbs Annual Ferns Total	2 0	
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 0 2 2 2	Exotic Species Primary Exotic LIDA Secondary Exotic CADR
Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type	1 4 35 0 60 0 0 5 2 2 2 3 3 3	Noxious Exotic
Hydrology	1	

PUTR2/FEID (CRAWFORD)
 LECI grassland (WA NHP)
 Notes:

Percent	Pattern	
		Rank
97	Matrix	3
3	Small	2
0		0

119

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location Total Vegetation Trees Total	39 2 DV 10/11/06
Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall	0 0 3 PUTR2 3 0
Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Ferns Total	4 PSSP6, BRTE 4 1 3 BASA3, SIAL2 2 2 0
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 0 2 0 2
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 5 45 0 50 0 0 0 5 1 3 2 1 2

1.	PUTR2/PSSP6 (CRAWFORD)
•	

2. former agricultural fie 3 Notes:

Exotic Species

Primary Exotic SIAL2 Secondary Exotic CEDI3 Noxious Exotic SAKI

ions	Percent	Pattern		
			Rank	
RAWFORD)	80	Matrix		2
ield	20	linear		3
	0			0

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	3A 2 DV 6/28/06
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total	6 5 POTR5 0 5 2 5 SYAL, COST4 5 2 0
Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual Ferns Total	0 0 1 1 0 0
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 0 1 0 0
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 0 100 2 0 3 0 3 3 3 3 1

Primary Exotic CIAR4 Secondary Exotic

Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	90	Matrix	3
POTR5/COST4 (KOVALCHIK)	10	Clumped	3
3	0		0

POTR:
 POTR:
 POTR:
 Notes:

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	3B 1 DV 6/28/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 0 0 3 BEOC2, COST4 3 0 6 PHAR3 6 0 3 CIAR4, RASC 3 0	
Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen	0 0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual	0 6 6 0	Primary Exotic PHAR3 Secondary Exotic
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 3 0 97 0 0 0 4 0 3 3 3 1	Noxious Exotic CIAR4

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. disturbed wetland	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	40 2 DV 10/11/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 3 BEOC2 0 3 4 COST4, ELAN 4 0 4 PHAR3, SCAC, POPR 4 0 3 CIAR4, LYSA2 3 0	R, TYLA
Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 3 3 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Exotic Species Primary Exotic CIAR4 Secondary Exotic ELAN Noxious Exotic LYSA2

1.	COST4/mesic forb (KOVALCHIK)
-	

2. SCVA (KOVALCHIK) 3 Notes:

Percent	Pattern	Rank	
70	linear		2
30	linear		2
0			0

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	41 2 DV 10/11/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	5 2 POTR5 0 2 0 3 PUTR2, AMAL2 3 0 4 STOC2 4 1 3 HEUN, ACMI2, BASA3	3
Forbs Annual Ferns Total	1 0	Evetie Openies
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground	0 0 3 0 1 0 0 15	Exotic Species Primary Exotic CEDI3 Secondary Exotic SIAL2 Noxious Exotic
Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 85 0 0 0 4 2 3 3 1 1	

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PUTR2/STOC2 (CRAWFORD)	100	Matrix	3
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	4A 1 DV 6/28/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 0 0 2 ELAN, Salix sp. 2 1 4 PHAR3, BRTE, POBU 4 1 4 CIAR4 4 1	1
Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 6 5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Exotic Sp Primary Exotic CIAR4 Secondary Exe PHAR3 Noxious Exoti LIDA, CERE6

pecies

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Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. disturbed wetland	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number	4B	
Survey Intensity	2	
Observer	DV	
Date	6/28/06	
Specific Location		
Total Vegetation	6	
Trees Total	1	
Dominant Trees	POTR5	
emergent	0	
maincanopy	1	
subcanopy	0	
Shrubs Total	1	
Dominant Shrubs	AMAL2	
> 1.5' tall	1	
< 1.5' tall	0	
Graminoids Total	6	
Dominant Graminoids	STOC2, CADO2, STC	O4. POBU
Graminoids Perennial	6	- ,
Graminoids Annual	2	
Forbs Total	2	
Dominant Forbs	LUSE4, PHLI	
Forbs Perennial	2	
Forbs Annual	2	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	-
ExoticsTotal	2	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	0	LABI
Exotics Annual	2	Secondary Exotic
Water		POBU
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0	
Bare Ground	5	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	95	
Logging	0	
Stand Age	0	
Agriculture	4	
Livestock	4	
Development Wildlife	2 3	
Wildlife Boorection Severity	3	
Recreation Severity Recreation Type	3	
Hydrology	3 1	
riyarology	1	

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. former agricultural field	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	5 2 DV 6/28/06		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 4 PIPO, POTR5 1 4 2 4 BEOC2, SYAL 4 2 2 POPR 2 1 4 SMST, HEUN 4 0		
Ferns Total	0	Evot	ia Enaciaa
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel	0 0 1 1 0 0	Primar CADR Second	ic Species y Exotic Jary Exotic s Exotic
Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife	5 0 95 2 2 0 4 0 3		
Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology Plant Associations	3 3 1 S	Percent	Pattern

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	95	Matrix	3
2. TYLA (KOVALCHIK)	5	Small	2
3	0		0

Notes:

Polygon Number	6
Survey Intensity	2
Observer	PM
Date	10/7/06
Specific Location	alfalfa field below road
•	
Total Vegetation	6
Trees Total	0
Dominant Trees	
emergent	0
maincanopy	0
subcanopy	0
Shrubs Total	0
Dominant Shrubs	
> 1.5' tall	0
< 1.5' tall	0
Graminoids Total	õ
Dominant Graminoids	5
Graminoids Perennial	0
Graminoids Annual	0
Forbs Total	0
Dominant Forbs	0
Forbs Perennial	0
	•
Forbs Annual	0
Ferns Total	0
Ferns Evergreen	0
Ferns Deciduous	0
ExoticsTotal	6
Exotics Perennial	6
Exotics Annual	0
Water	
Rock Outcrop	0
Gravel	0
Bare Ground	0
Moss Lichen	0
Litter	0
Logging	•
Stand Age	
Agriculture	
Livestock	
Development	
Wildlife	
Recreation Severity	
,	
Recreation Type	
Hydrology	

Primary Exotic MESA Secondary Exotic

Noxious Exotic

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
1. agricultural field	100	Matrix	1
2.	0		0
3 Notes:	0		0

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	7 2 DV 10/11/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	5 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 4 AGRE, BRTE 4 3 3 CEDI3, SIAL2, SAKA 0	
Forbs Annual Ferns Total	3 0	Exotic Species
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	0 0 5 3 3	Primary Exotic AGRE Secondary Exotic CEDI3
Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 50 0 50 0 0 6 5 2 3 3 3 3 1	Noxious Exotic SIAL2

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	Rank
 former agricultural field and the second secon	100 0	Matrix	IVAIIX
3 Notes:	0		

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	7B 2 DV 10/11/06		
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial	6 4 POTR5, ULPU 0 4 2 4 SYAL, COST4, RON 4 2 2 PHAR3, BRTE 1 1 2 ARMI2, URDI 2	IJ	
Forbs Annual Ferns Total	0		
Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal	0 0 3		ic Species
Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water	3 0	Second	lary Exotic
Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 3 0 97 0 0 0 0 4 5 2 3 3 1	Noxiou	s Exotic
Plant Associations	с р	Percent	Pattern

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. POTR5/SYAL (KOVALCHIK)	100	Matrix	3
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			

Polygon Number Survey Intensity Observer Date Specific Location	8 2 DV 6/30/06	
Total Vegetation Trees Total Dominant Trees emergent maincanopy subcanopy Shrubs Total Dominant Shrubs > 1.5' tall < 1.5' tall Graminoids Total Dominant Graminoids Graminoids Perennial Graminoids Annual Forbs Total Dominant Forbs Forbs Perennial Forbs Annual	6 4 PIPO 0 4 2 4 SYAL 4 2 3 CARU 3 0 3 BASA3, GABO2, PHLI 3 1	
Ferns Total Ferns Evergreen Ferns Deciduous ExoticsTotal Exotics Perennial Exotics Annual Water Rock Outcrop Gravel Bare Ground Moss Lichen Litter Logging Stand Age Agriculture Livestock Development Wildlife Recreation Severity Recreation Type Hydrology	0 0 1 1 1 1 0 2 3 0 95 2 2 0 4 2 0 4 2 3 3 3 3 1	Exotic Species AGRE Secondary Exotic AGCR Noxious Exotic BRTE

Plant Associations	
1. PIPO/SYAL (KAGAN) 2. 3 Notes:	

Percent	Pattern		
		Rank	
100	Matrix		2
0			0
0			0

Polygon Number	9	
Survey Intensity	1	
Observer	SH	
Date	6/30/06	
Specific Location	NW	
Total Variatation	0	
Total Vegetation Trees Total	6 0	
	0	
Dominant Trees	<u> </u>	
emergent	0	
maincanopy	0	
subcanopy	0	
Shrubs Total		
Dominant Shrubs	PUTR2, ERHE2, SYA	L, AMALZ
> 1.5' tall	4	
< 1.5' tall	2	
Graminoids Total	4	
Dominant Graminoids	PSSP6, FEID	
Graminoids Perennial	4	
Graminoids Annual	2	
Forbs Total	4	
Dominant Forbs	BASA3	
Forbs Perennial	4	
Forbs Annual	0	
Ferns Total	0	
Ferns Evergreen	0	Exotic Species
Ferns Deciduous	0	-
ExoticsTotal	3	Primary Exotic
Exotics Perennial	3	BRTE
Exotics Annual	2	Secondary Exotic
Water		LIDA
Rock Outcrop	0	Noxious Exotic
Gravel	0	
Bare Ground	0	
Moss Lichen	0	
Litter	100	
Logging	0	
Stand Age	0	
Agriculture	0	
Livestock	0	
Development	0	
Wildlife	0	
Recreation Severity	0	
Recreation Type	0	
Hydrology	0	

Plant	Assoc	iations
i iuiit	A3300	auona

Plant Associations	Percent	Pattern	
			Rank
1. PUTR2/FEID (CRAWFORD)	100	Matrix	2
2.	0		0
3	0		0
Notes:			