



DAQlink System

24 bit Acquisition System



User's Manual

DAQlink System User's Manual

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1 Introduction

1.1 System Description

The DAQlink system is a multiple channel 24-bit digital seismic acquisition system. Each DAQlink unit can have 6 to 24 independent analog channels. The DAQlink system uses standard Ethernet network connections and standard TCP/IP network protocol. Using its Ethernet hardware, multiple DAQlink units can be connected together for increased number of channels. Also, DAQlinks can be connected to any standard network configuration.

The DAQlink has provisions for the following options

- Two – RS232 inputs and outputs
- GPS receiver for position information
- GPS receiver for timing reference, and adjustment of internal oscillator
- Internal test oscillator
- Two pre-amp gain settings
- Compact Flash for storage of acquired data
- Multiple DAQlink units can be recorded simultaneously using standard wired or wireless network
- Stand alone mode with GPS allows DAQlink units to record autonomously without user intervention.

The DAQlink System consists of the following:

- **DAQlink Unit** – Digital to Analog converter unit with Ethernet interface. DAQlink-III is a 24 bit acquisition unit, with each box containing up to 24 channels. The DAQlink is also capable of outputting an analog signal using a 16 bit D/A converter.
- **Cables** – Connection cables included are:
 - Power Cable (typically an Souriau 2-pin to SAE 2-pin DC plug)
 - Cat5 Ethernet Patch Cable to connect DAQlink to computer
 - Analog Input connector – Custom cables are available upon request
 - Trigger Cable (typically an Souriau 3-pin with 2m cable and bare ends)
- **GPS** – GARMIN GPS unit with an Souriau 4-pin connector
- **Battery** – Depending on which options are required for the situation in the field, a battery and battery enclosure may be supplied by SSC.
- **Computer** – The DAQlink unit is typically connected to a notebook-type computer while in the field. SSC currently supports computers running Windows 2000, Windows XP or Windows 7, and is equipped with a RJ45 gigabit Ethernet port.
- **Software** – VScope software runs on the computer connected to the DAQlink. Via the Ethernet, it communicates with the DAQlink to configure and command it, and also receive the acquired data. This software package allows viewing, analysis, and storage of the acquired data.

1.2 DAQlink Software Installation and Setup

Insert the VScope CD in your computer. The CD will automatically install the VScope program and copy the DAQlink manual.

- VScope.exe – Program used to acquire analyze and store the analog data.
- DAQlink manual

1.3 Ethernet Setup

VScope is essential for setting up the DAQlink, and it communicates with the DAQlink through the Ethernet. This network must be setup on the computer before using the DAQlink system.

Please refer to Ethernet setup section of this manual for detailed instructions on setting up the Ethernet settings on your computer.

2 Cable Connections

2.1 DAQlink Unit Operation

2.1.1 DAQlink Unit



2.1.2 DAQlink Cable Connections

- Connect the provided GPS dome to the 4-pin connector
- Connect the trigger cable (from the source unit) to the 3-pin connector
- Connect the analog line cable (aka the spread cable with attached geophones)
- Connect the Cat5 patch cable (from your computer) to the RJ-45 connector (if available)
- Connect the DAQlink to your 12 VDC power supply with the provided 2-pin cable

2.1.3 DAQlink LED Operation

- The Battery LED shows the current condition of the battery voltage. This is usually a slow flash, roughly 0.2 seconds “on” and 0.8 seconds “off”.
 - **Flashing Green – Battery voltage is above 12 volts**
 - **Flashing Amber – Battery voltage is between 10 and 12 volts**
 - **Flashing Red – Battery voltage is below 10 volts**
- If a network patch cable is connected, then the “Network Link” LED shows the status of the network:
 - **Steady Green – Network present and connected**
 - **LED Off – No network found**
- If a network patch cable is connected, and the Network LED is flashing, then the “Network Data” LED shows activity on the network:
 - **Flashing Green – Messages and data packages moving back and forth between a DAQlink and a computer on the network**
 - **LED Off – No network activity**
- The “Status” LED warns of errors, confirms that the GPS unit has a satellite lock, and lets you know when DAQlink is recording a shot record:
 - **Fast Red Flashing – DAQlink has detected a Compact Flash card error**
 - **Slow Red Flashing – DAQlink has booted, but does not have GPS satellite lock**
 - **Green Flashing – DAQlink is receiving valid PPS data from the GPS unit**
 - **Steady Red – DAQlink received a trigger, and is recording a data file, but does not have a GPS satellite lock**
 - **Steady Green – DAQlink received a trigger, is recording a data file, and has a GPS lock**

2.2 Single Unit DAQlink Configuration



Figure 2.2 – The basic components for a DAQlink System

Shown in Figure 2.2 is the basic DAQlink kit. Besides the yellow DAQlink unit and GPS unit, a computer, Ethernet cable, battery, spread cable plus a trigger cable, hammer switch and strike plate are shown.

Not shown here are the geophone strings, and the sledgehammer!

2.3 Multiple DAQlink Unit Operation

Multiple DAQlink units can be operated simultaneously. A single DAQlink will record up to acquire up to 24 channels and two DAQlinks will acquire 48 channels. Ten DAQlinks can be configured to acquire 240 channels.

The GPS receiver on each DAQlink is normally used to synchronize the multiple units. (The wired trigger input can be used to synchronize the time breaks of multiple units if GPS signal is not available). The GPS time of the trigger event can be sent via the Ethernet connection to all of the DAQlink units, if one DAQlink unit triggers, then all of the DAQlink units will be commanded to trigger at the same time.

With GPS timing synchronization, the DAQlink units only require an Ethernet connection to acquire seismic data with multiple DAQlink units. The Ethernet connection can be either a “Wired” network approach or the Ethernet connection can use “Wireless” Ethernet. Also, a combination of Wired and Wireless connections can be used to connect the multiple DAQlink units.

The following products are available from Seismic Source to implement the Network connection between the DAQlink units:

- “Real time” data acquisition requires an Ethernet connection between DAQlink units. Using this network link data is transferred to a main computer where the RTR program processes it into minute long SEG-Y files. These files can be sent to the client or processed into shot records.
- “Passive Monitoring” or “Continuous Recording” can also be setup with multiple DAQlink units. In this mode, a network connection between the DAQlink units is not required. After recording, the data is offloaded and processed into minute-long SEG-Y files.
- For impulsive or vibrator data acquisition, the data must be processed using the Sigma Harvest software. The micro-second accurate Time Breaks are collected and used to generate collection times for the data offload crew. After collection, the offloaded data and the Time Breaks are used by Harvest to sort the acquired data into shot records.

2.3.1 Rugged 10/100 Network Switch



This is a 4 port switch, used for connecting multiple DAQlink units to a common network. The switch is designed to be powered through the “Rugged Network cable” or directly from a battery. One switch is required for every 100 meters of cable.

Here is an example. A 48 channel system using two 24 channel DAQlink units is setup using a 10 meter receiver group interval. There are 240 meters between the two DAQlink units. This setup requires 4 network switches and three sections of 90 meter rugged network cable. A field computer, running the Vscope software, may be connected to any of the available ports on any of the ruggedized switches.

One ruggedized switch is at each of the DAQlinks, and connected to the DAQlink’s Ethernet port. They obtain power through the POE connection in the Ethernet patch cable.

Two more ruggedized switch units are used to connect the 90 meter cables between the boxes. These interconnection switches are powered through the ruggedized network cables, so they do not require additional battery connections.

2.3.2 Rugged Network Cable

This is a field-grade cable constructed from rugged Ethernet cable and equipped with water resistance mating connectors. It is designed for use with the Rugged 10/100 Network Switch. The standard length is 90 meters or roughly 295 feet.

2.3.3 DAQlink Battery Box



This is a rugged water-resistant battery box for use with DAQlink systems. It's normally sold with a 12 volt, 18 amp hour battery. This enclosure has connectors to provide power for the DAQlink and network telemetry (either wired or wireless) equipment. It also provides mounting options for the Ethernet wireless network.

Each battery has two internal fuse holders. These are provided to protect the battery from poor or improper connections.

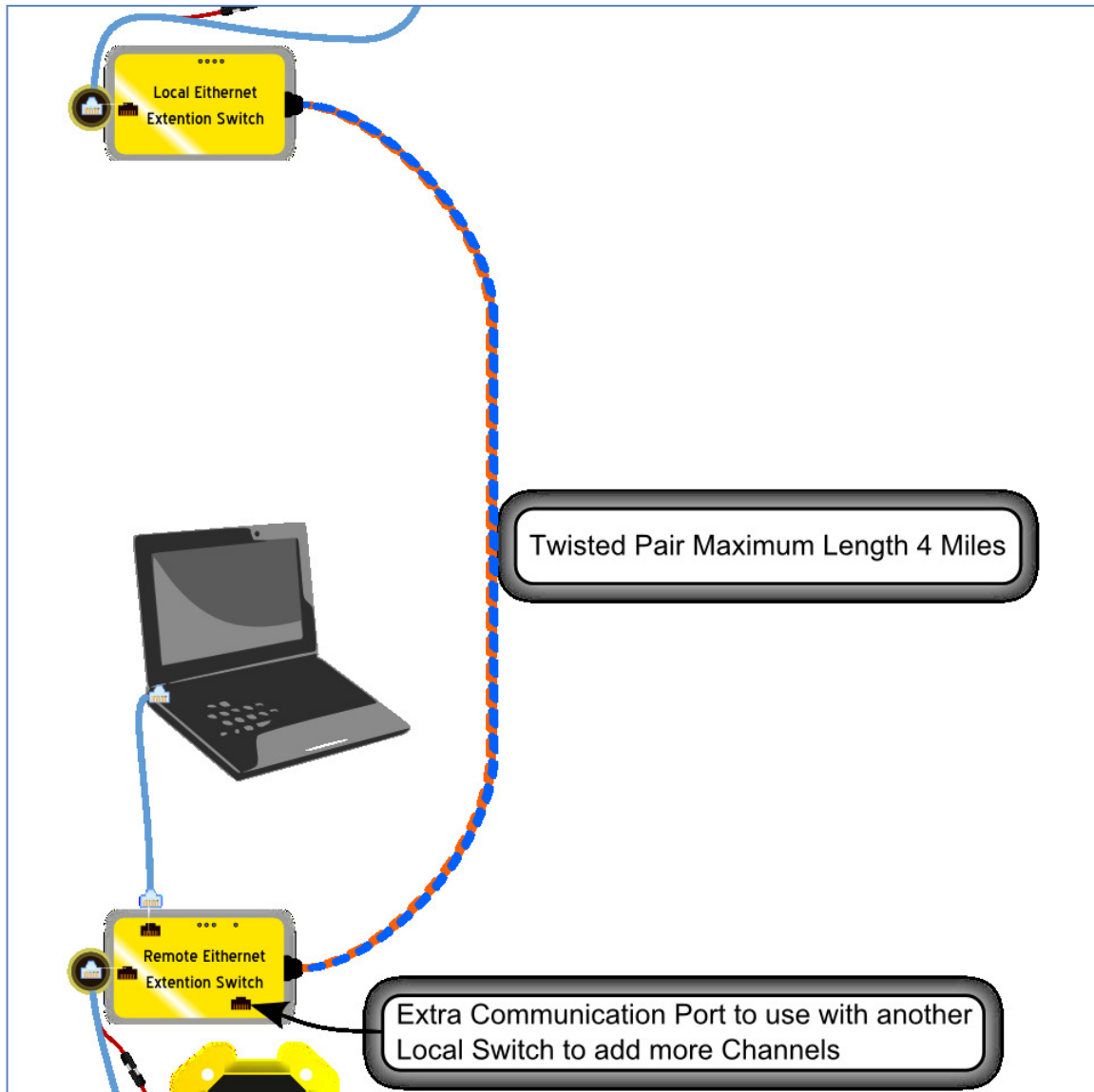
2.3.4 Wireless Network Option



This option is used to provide a wireless connection between DAQlink units, or between the DAQlink network and a field computer. The wireless option kit includes one “Access Point” and one “Station”. Typically two DAQlink units and a computer can be connected with only one Wireless Network Option Kit. The wireless option works well in “line of sight” operation, with distances up to 2 km. However, in some areas where line of sight is limited, the wireless signal is also limited, and the range can be reduced to 50 meters or less. Multiple wireless network option kits can be used as repeaters to increase the range of the system.

Each radio unit is powered by +12 volts through the POE connection in the Ethernet patch cable. If the patch cable is connected to a DAQlink, then it uses power from the DAQlink’s battery. If it is used as a repeater, then an adaptor connects the patch cable directly to a battery.

2.3. Ethernet Extender – Remote and Local Pair



This option is used to provide a wired connection between multiple DAQlink units. The Ethernet Extender pair includes one “Local” unit and one “Remote” unit. The Ethernet data is transmitted between boxes over a simple twisted pair cable. The distance between boxes can be up to four miles.

Unit is powered by +12 volt through the POE connection in the Ethernet patch cable.

2.4 Networked DAQlink Systems

Each DAQlink unit can be configured with 1 to 24 channels. Different networking options are available depending on requirement and terrain using a combination of Wired or Wireless Networking.



2.4.1 Wired Network



This picture shows a single DAQLINK station setup in a wired telemetry mode.

2.4.2 Wired Network – 48-channel System using Ethernet Extenders

Figure 2.4.2 shows an example of a 48 channel DAQlink system using Ethernet Extender Units. The twisted pair cable has a maximum length of 4 miles.

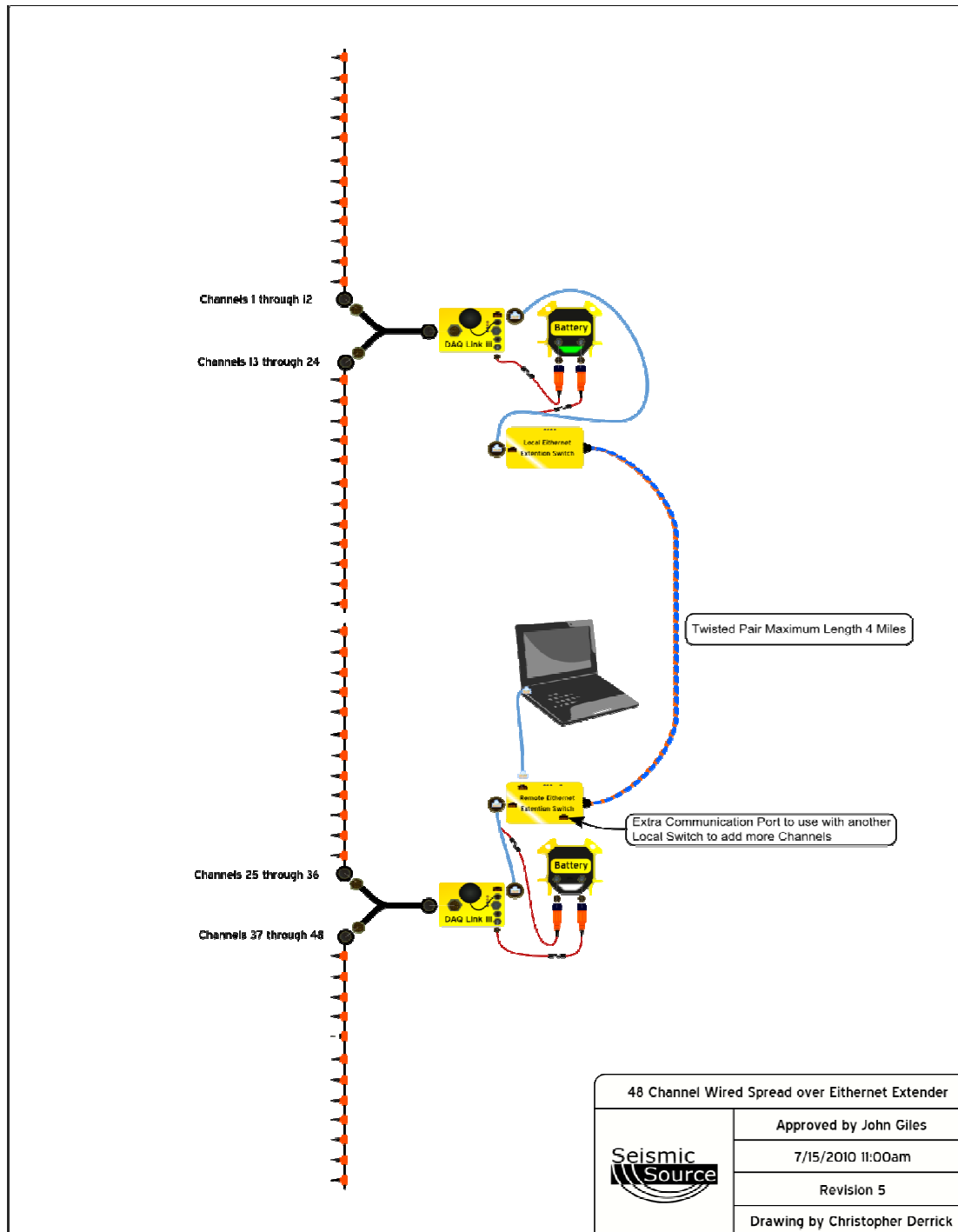


Figure 2.4.2 48-Channel DAQlink System

2.4.3 Wired Network – 48-channel System using Rugged Network Switches

Figure 2.4.3 shows an example of a 48 channel DAQlink system using 10/100 network switches. The maximum distance between switches is 100 meters. Power for the switches is sent down the cable from the units connected to the DAQlink recorders.

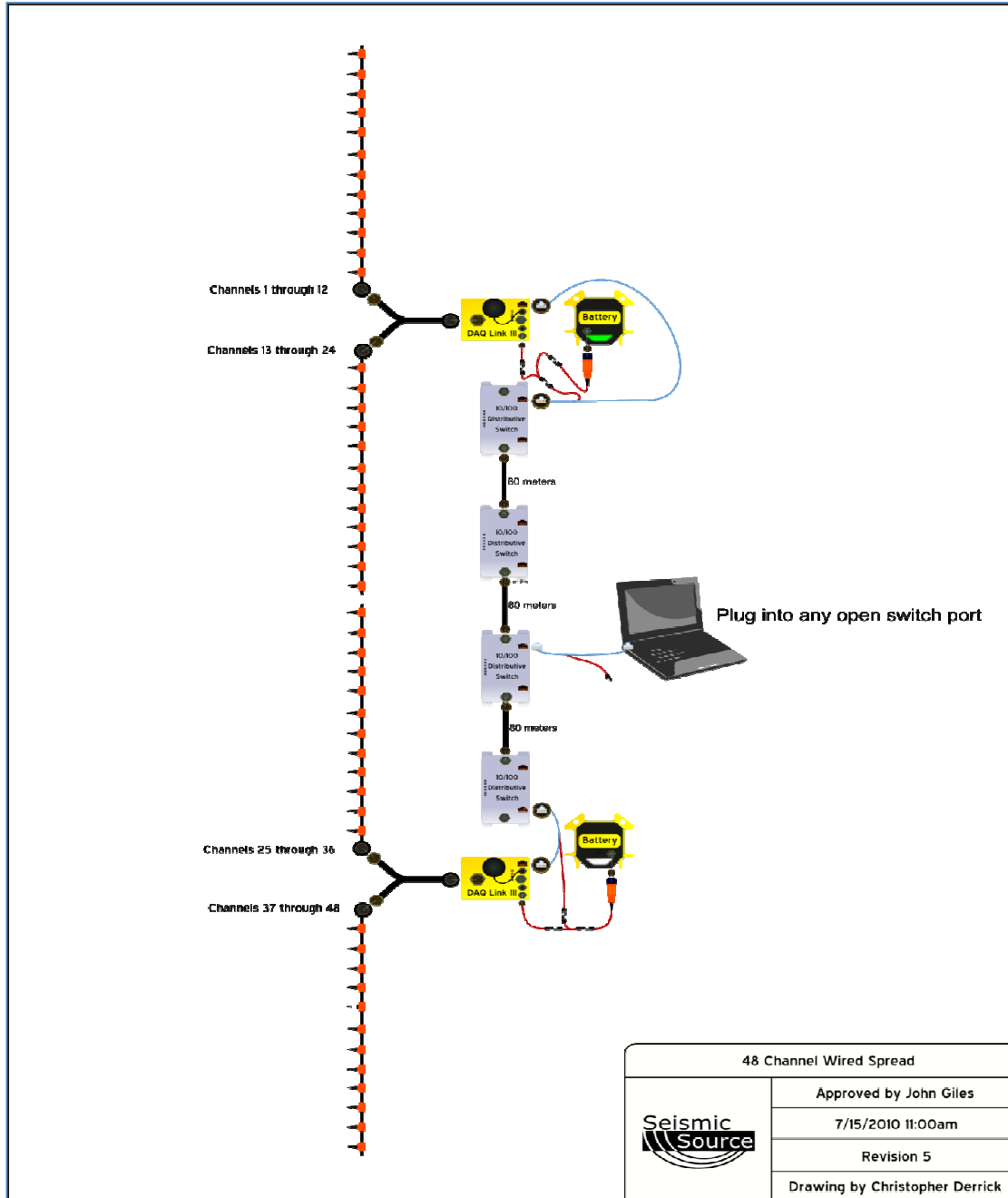


Figure 2.4.3 - 48-Channel DAQlink System

2.5 Wireless Network

DAQlink units can be connected using Wireless network equipment.



This picture shows a DAQlink station and computer setup in a wireless network configuration. Note the Wi-Fi transceiver.

2.5.1 Wireless Repeater Station



This picture shows a DAQlink unit setup in wireless network mode. This unit receives data packets with its “Wireless Access Point” and re-sends those packets, along with the data it has just recorded, using a “Wireless Station”. This data is eventually received by the field computer for analysis, processing and storage.

2.5.2 Wireless Network – 48-channel System using Wireless Network

Figure 2.5.2 shows is an example of a 48 channel DAQlink system using the Wireless network option. A second Wi-Fi transceiver pair could be employed to send data to the field computer.

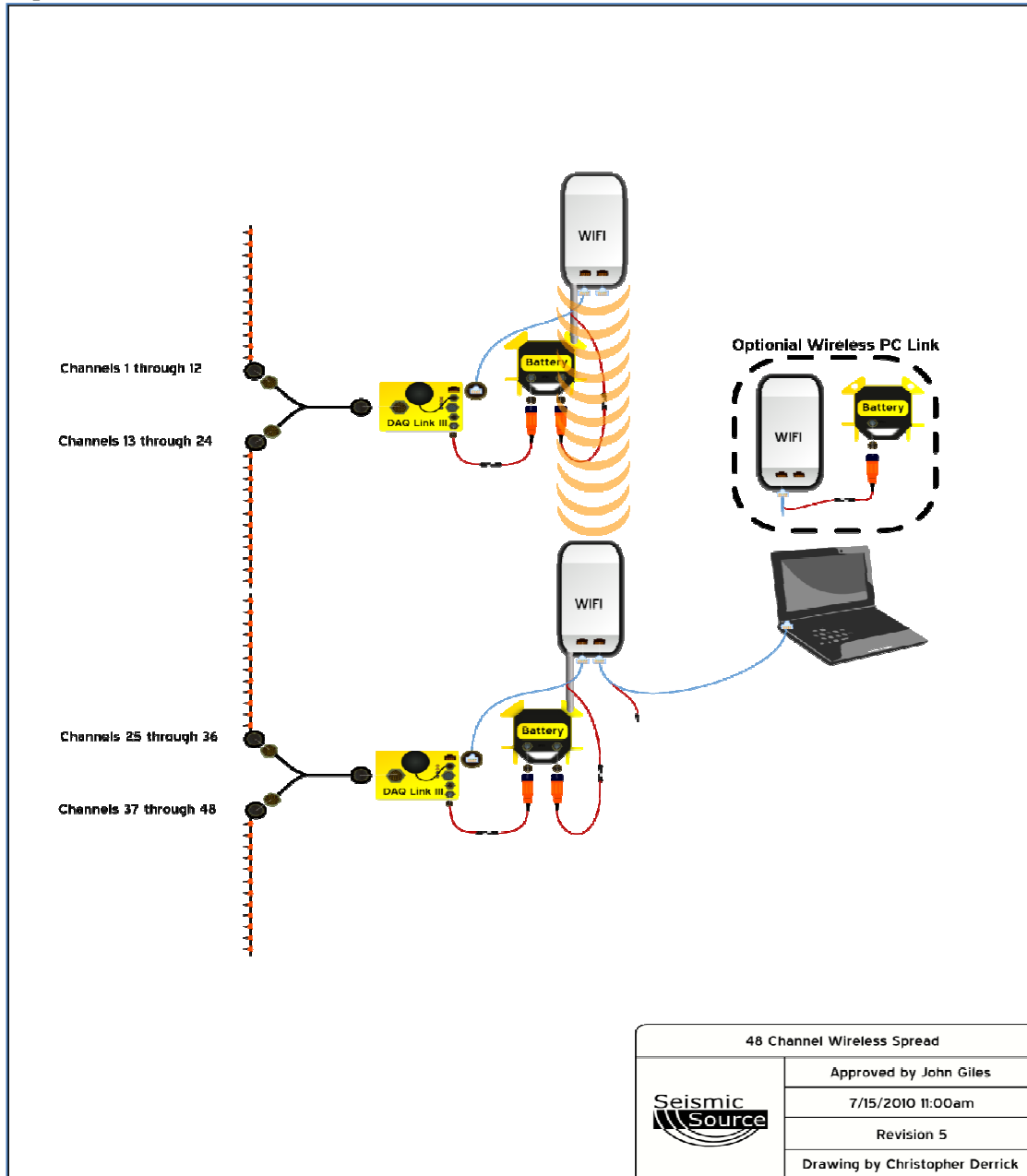


Figure 2.5.2 – 48-Channel DAQlink System

2.5.3 Wireless Network – 72-channel System using Wireless Network

Figure 2.5.3 shows is an example of a 72 channel DAQlink system using several Wireless network options. Another Wi-Fi transceiver pair could be employed to send data to the field computer.

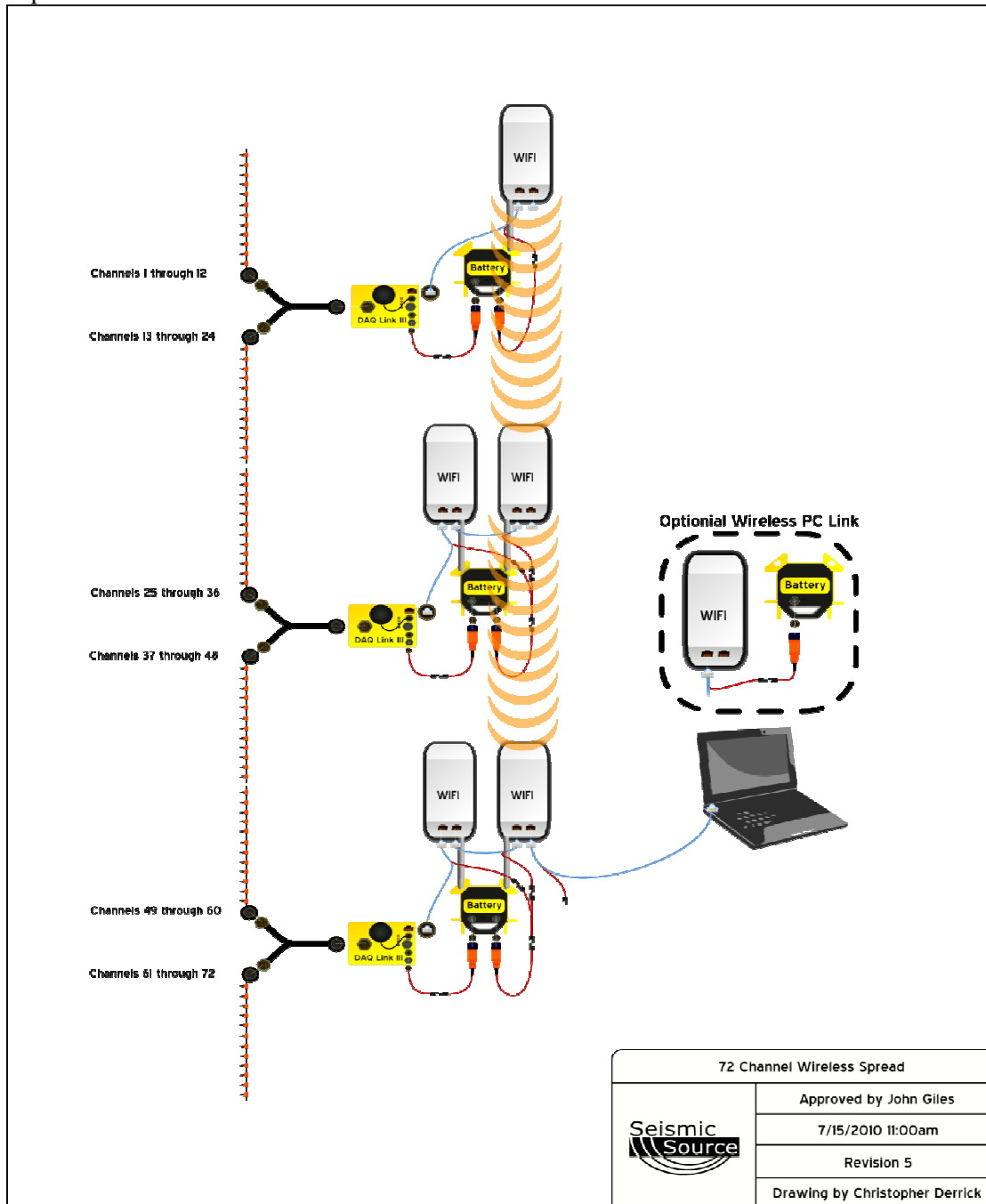


Figure 2.5.3 – 72-Channel DAQlink System

2.5.3 Wireless Network – 96-channel System using Wireless/Wired Network

Figure 2.5.3 shows is an example of a 96 channel DAQlink system using two Wireless network options, and several wired Ethernet links. Another Wi-Fi transceiver pair could be employed to send data to the field computer.

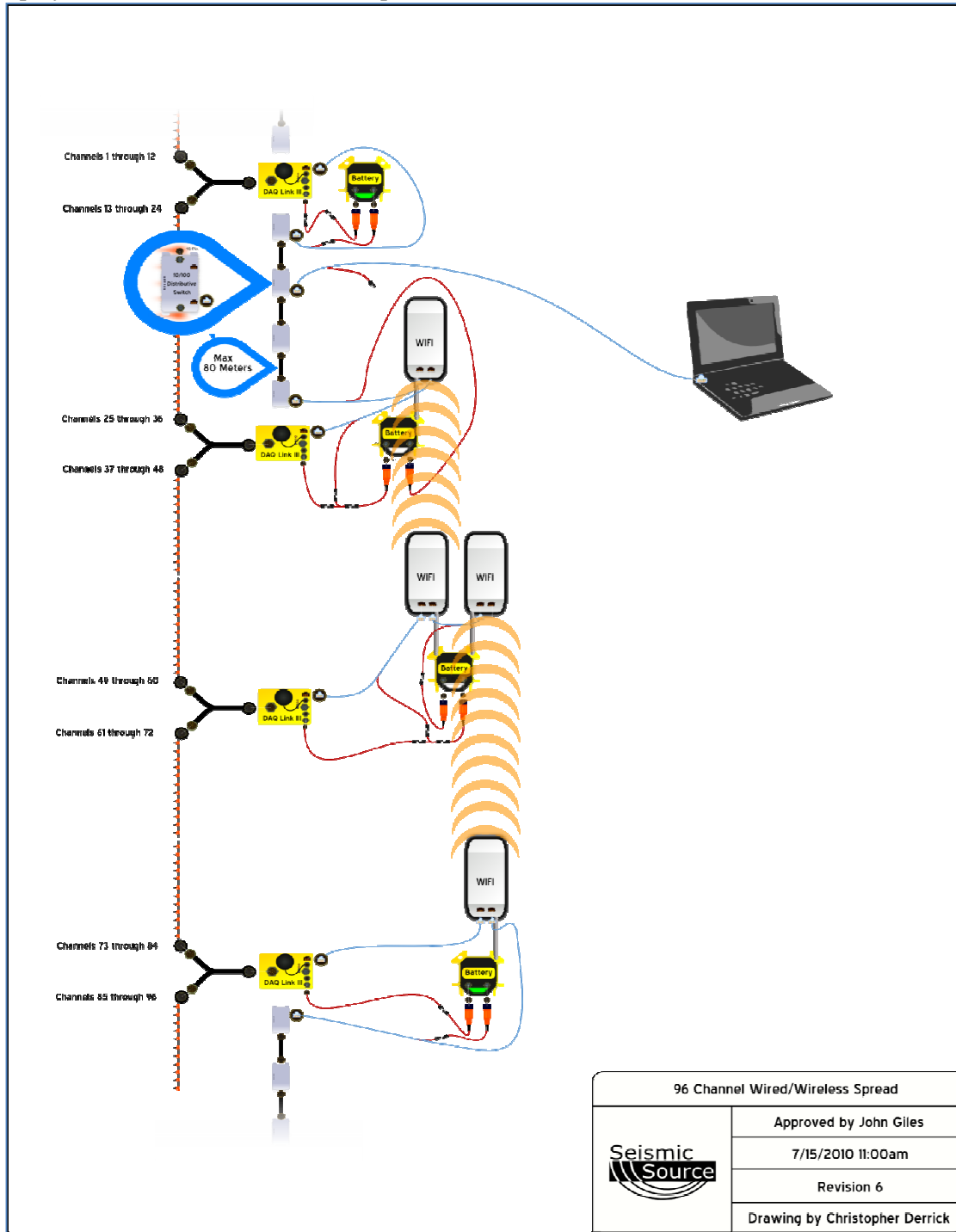


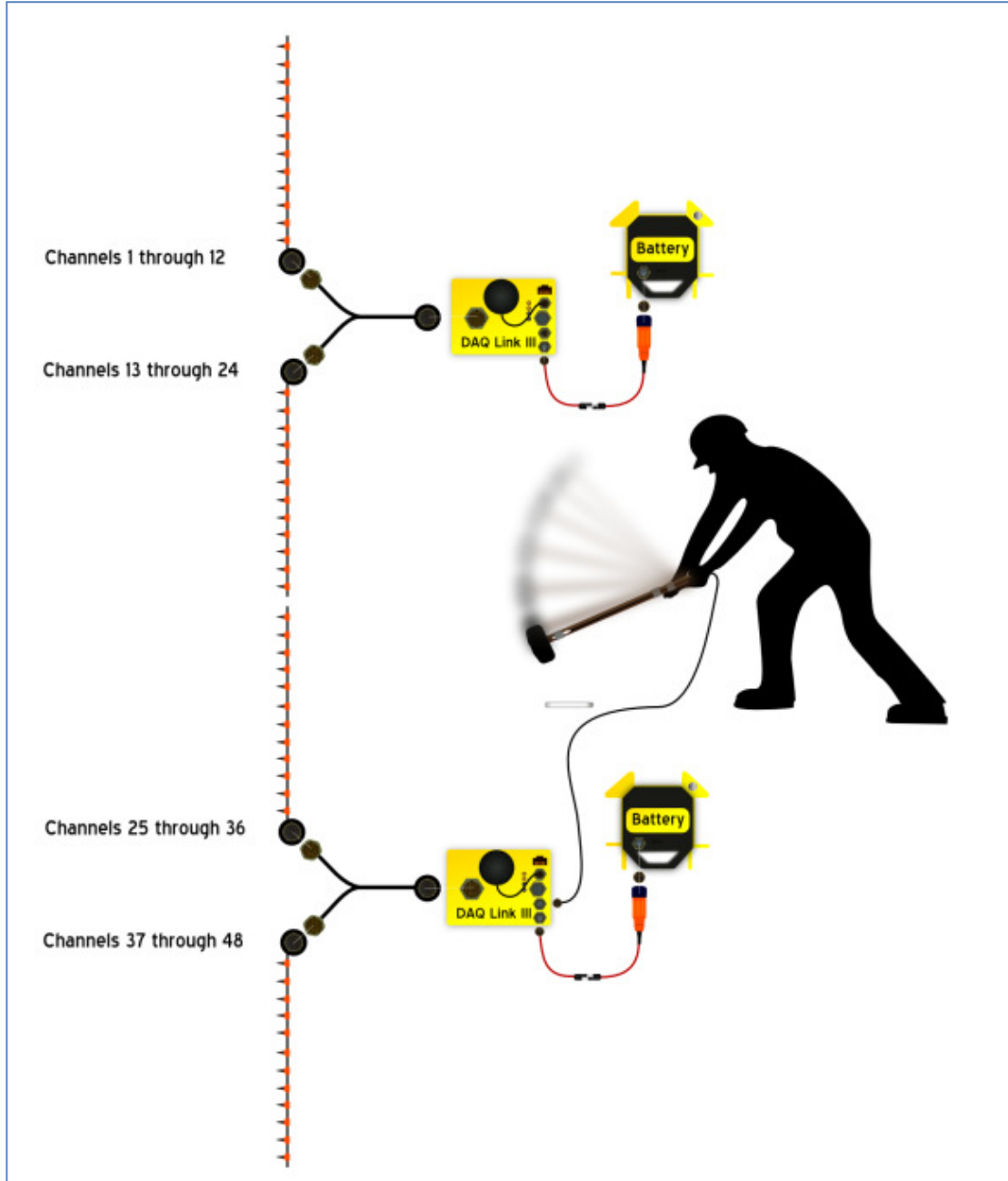
Figure 2.5.3 – 96-Channel DAQlink System

2.6 Autonomous Operation

Multiple DAQlink units can be operated in a fully autonomous mode. No Network cable or computer is required.

Data is stored in each DAQlink unit, to be downloaded after the survey is complete. The data is downloaded using the “Data Collector” software and then shot record files are created using the “Harvest” software.

The GPS on each unit provides synchronization timing of the two units. The picture below shows a 48 channel refraction system.



3 DAQlink Quick Start Guide

3.1 Set Fixed IP Address on Computer

1. Set fixed IP address on your computer
2. Follow instruction in Section 2 of the manual
3. Fixed address of 192.168.0.101 should be used

3.2 Install VScope software

1. Insert CD to your hard drive.
2. After Installation is complete then start the VScope program

3.3 Connect Cables to DAQlink

1. Connect Ethernet patch cable from DAQlink unit to the Computer
2. Connect GPS unit to 4-pin on DAQlink
3. Connect Analog Geophone Cable to 55 pin connector
4. Connect Trigger Cable to 3 pin connector
5. Connect power (12 VDC) to 2 pin connector on DAQlink unit

3.4 Initialize DAQlink unit

1. Go to the Option pull down menu
2. Select Device
3. Highlight the DAQlink unit # to be used
4. Select DAQ settings – If DAQlink does not respond check the Ethernet settings
5. Set Channel #1 for desired settings
 - a. Gain #16 works well for most seismic acquisition
 - b. All other default selections should be OK
 - c. Select Auto trigger
 - d. Select the sample rate to use and the record length
6. Select OK twice to load values into DAQlink unit

4 Configuring the Software

4.1 DAQlink Setup

Connect and power up DAQlink unit. Start the VScope program by double clicking on VScope.exe file in Windows Explorer. Select the DAQ setup menu by selecting menu **Options->Device**. Or “left click” the “Device” button on the toolbar.

If no unit serial numbers are displayed in the window click Auto Detect. All DAQlink units connected to computer should be automatically found and displayed.

Make sure the unit is enabled. A check mark by the serial number shows that the unit is enabled. Just left click the small box next to the serial number to enable it. Multiple DAQlink units can be connected to one computer using standard network equipment (hubs, switches, wireless access points, etc).

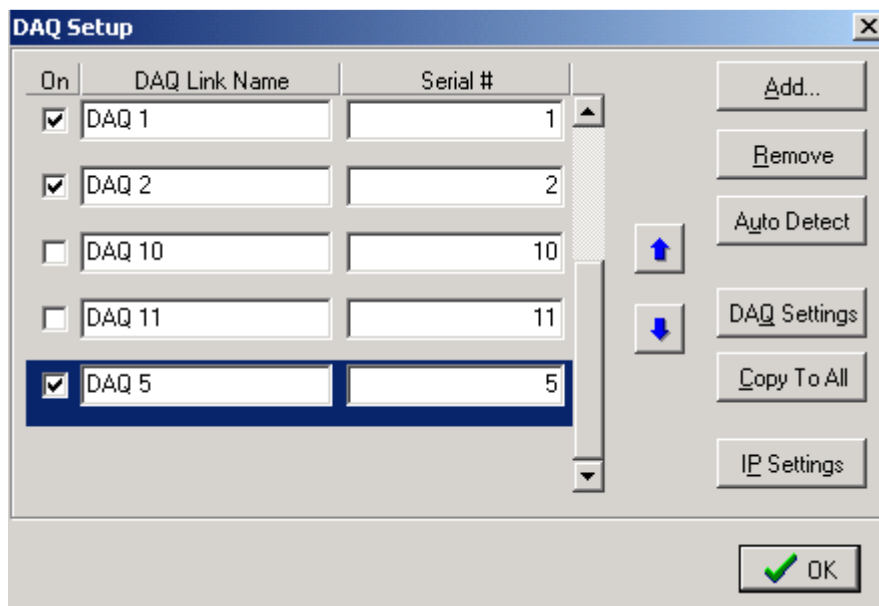


Figure 4.1 Device setup

Figure 4.1 shows five DAQlink units connected to the computer.

The first column shows that DAQ1, DAQ2, and DAQ5 have been selected for acquisition.

The user can change the second column, DAQlink name field.

The Serial # field is hardware programmed into the DAQlink unit and cannot be changed.

In figure 4.1, DAQ unit 5 is highlighted. Clicking DAQ Settings or IP Settings will show the configuration of the highlighted unit. To highlight a different unit simply left click on a different DAQ link name.

Remove Button will remove the highlighted unit from the list.

Add button can be used to add a new DAQlink unit. However, it is recommended to use the auto detect feature to add new units.

4.1.1 DAQlink Order

The order in which the DAQlink units are shown is the same order that they will appear when the data is displayed. The up and down arrows can be used to change the order of the DAQlink units.

4.1.2 Copy to All

After setting up one DAQlink unit, the DAQ settings can be copied to the other units. Highlight the DAQlink unit that has been “setup”. With multiple DAQlink’s connected the “copy to all” button will appear, press “yes” to copy the “setup” parameters to the other units, or “cancel” to bypass the copy to all function.

4.1.3 IP Settings

Each DAQlink unit should have a unique IP address. The IP settings selection allows viewing and editing of the current IP setting for the unit.

For the IP address shown, the 192 defines a class C network. With class C networks the first 3 octets must be the same for all units. This means that the first three entries (192.168.0) must be the same for the units to communicate. The last octet is a number between 0-255. The number 0 and the number 255 are reserved and should not be used for a DAQlink IP address. Only the numbers 1-254 should be used. The computer’s IP address should also be unique; it cannot have the same IP address as a DAQlink unit.

The Net Mask should be the same for all units. All bits that are not 0 in the net mask have to match. The “255.255.255.0” mask is shown which means the first 3 bytes (octet) have to match.

Use DHCP server to configure IP address - When checked, the DHCP server does the IP configuration automatically. The DHCP server supplies an IP address to any host that asks for it. Recommend always using manual address when possible, because it's easier to troubleshoot in case of a problem.

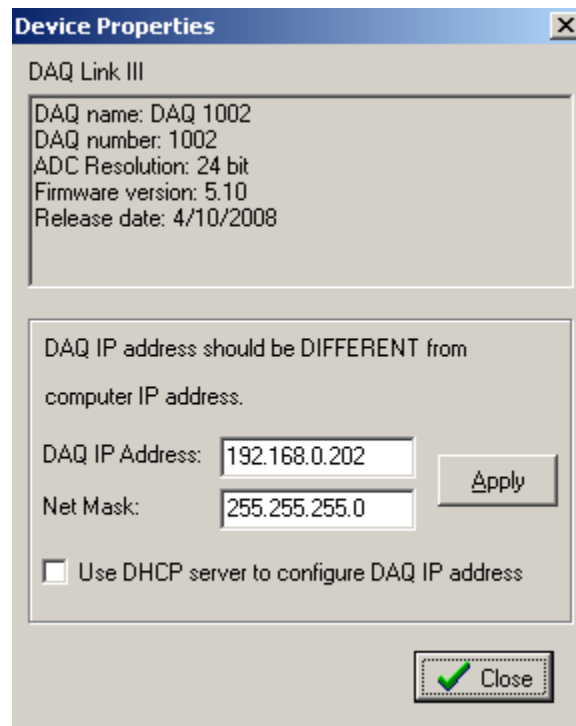


Figure 4.1.3 Device IP selections

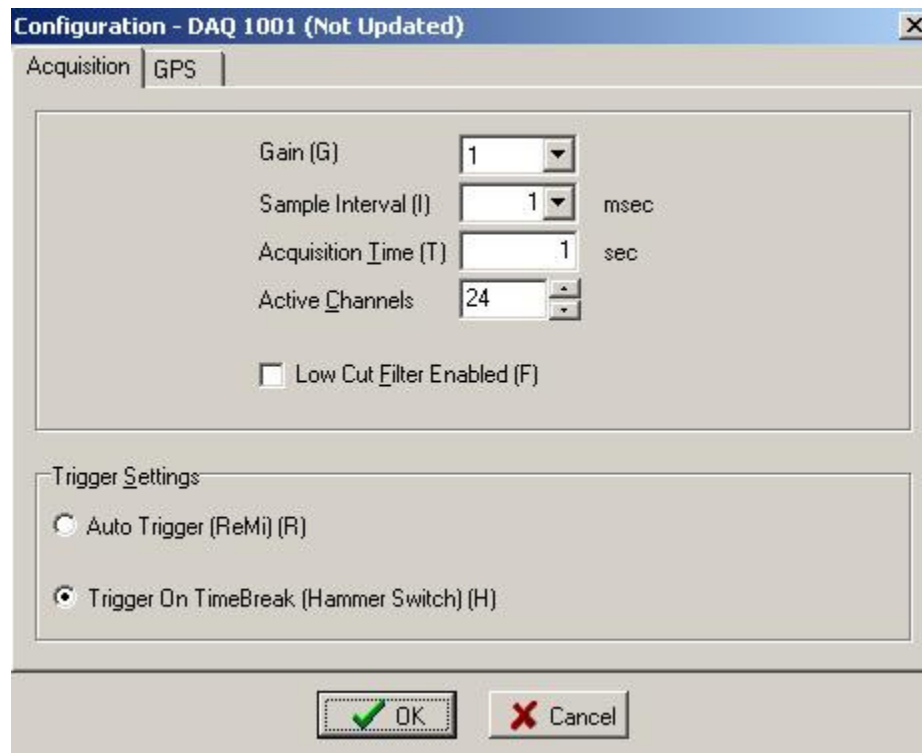
4.2 DAQlink Configuration Standard menus

When first installed, the VScope program uses Standard menus. These menus provide all of the necessary options for normal seismic operation. The Advance menus are selected in the Option – Preferences – Menu.

It is important on new installations to check the DAQ settings. Click the “Device button” on the Tool bar and the DAQlink Configuration Menu should appear. This will also check that communication to the DAQlink unit is working properly. If the configuration window does not appear, it means that the DAQlink unit selected is not responding. This is usually caused by improper TCP/IP settings, or Ethernet cable not plugged in properly. The computer or DAQlink unit may need to be reset if the TCP/IP configuration has changed.

An additional check of communication can be performed by first removing all DAQ units from the DAQ setup table. Highlight the DAQ unit to be removed then press the Remove button. After all units have been removed, press the Auto Detect button and all units connected to the computer will be added.

4.2.1 Device Acquisition Menu – Standard Menu



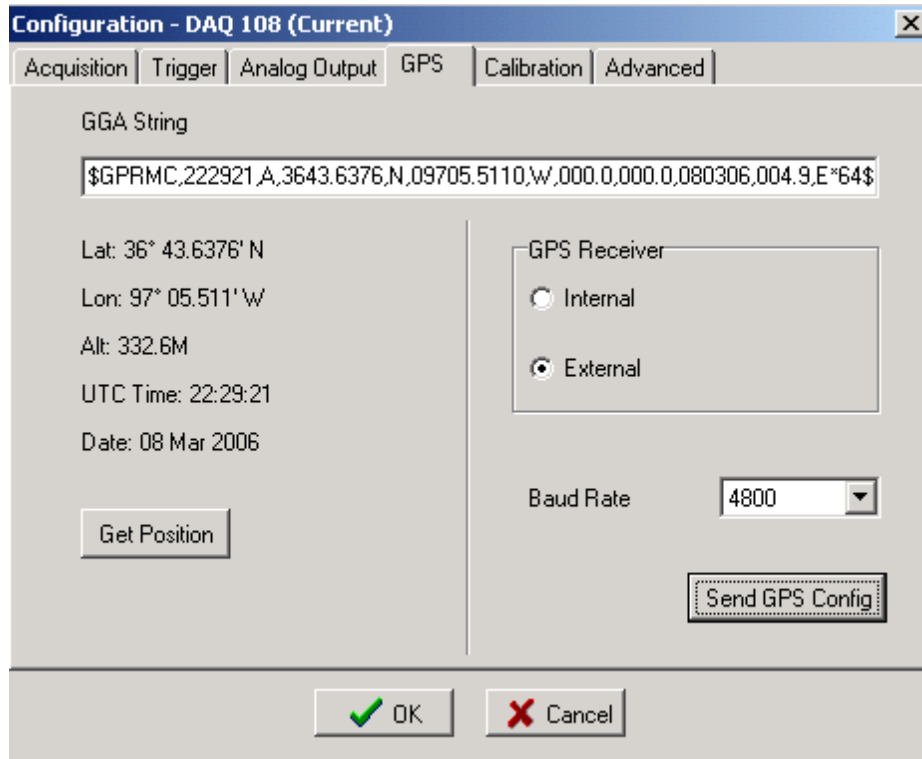
The Acquisition Menu allows the following selections

1. Gain – This entry sets the pre-amp gain on the DAQlink. Standard setting for seismic acquisition is “16”.
 - a. Gain =1 maximum input is 3.58 volts peak to peak.
 - b. Gain =16 maximum input is 0.22 volts peak to peak.
2. Sample Rate – This entry allows for different sample rate selection. A typical setting for oil exploration is “2 msec”.
 - a. 16 msec – 62.5 samples per second
 - b. 8 msec- 125 samples per second
 - c. 4 msec – 250 samples per second
 - d. 2 msec – 500 samples per second
 - e. 1 msec – 1000 samples per second
 - f. 0.5 msec- 2000 samples per second
 - g. 0.25 msec- 4000 samples per second
 - h. 0.125 msec – 8000 samples per second
 - i. 0.0625 msec – 16000 samples per second
 - j. 0.021 msec – 48000 samples per second
3. Acquisition Time – This entry selects the acquisition time for each acquisition.
4. Active Channels – Select number of active channels.
5. Low Cut Filter – When checked will enable the 2Hz low cut filter in the DAQlink unit.

Trigger Settings allows for two different trigger inputs

1. Auto Trigger (ReMi) – When this selection is enabled, the DAQlink unit will trigger immediately and will record and transmit data to the VScope program without an external trigger.
2. Trigger on Time Break (Hammer Switch) – When this selection is enabled, the DAQlink unit waits for a switch closure on the trigger input connector. This selection is used when trigger input is connected to a standard Hammer switch. Pins A and C of the 3-pin connector must be connected to the “+” side of the Hammer switch, and Pin B must be connected to the “–” side of the Hammer switch.

GPS Tab:



Configuration - DAQ 108 (Current)

Acquisition | Trigger | Analog Output | **GPS** | Calibration | Advanced

GGA String

Lat: 36° 43.6376' N
 Lon: 97° 05.511' W
 Alt: 332.6M
 UTC Time: 22:29:21
 Date: 08 Mar 2006

GPS Receiver
☐ Internal
☒ External

Baud Rate: 4800

The GPS menu is used to setup the DAQlink for GPS position and timing. Normally an external GPS unit is used. The baud rate selection is made with the Baud rate software switch.

To use the standard Garmin GPS unit sold from Seismic Source, select External and 19.2K baud rate.

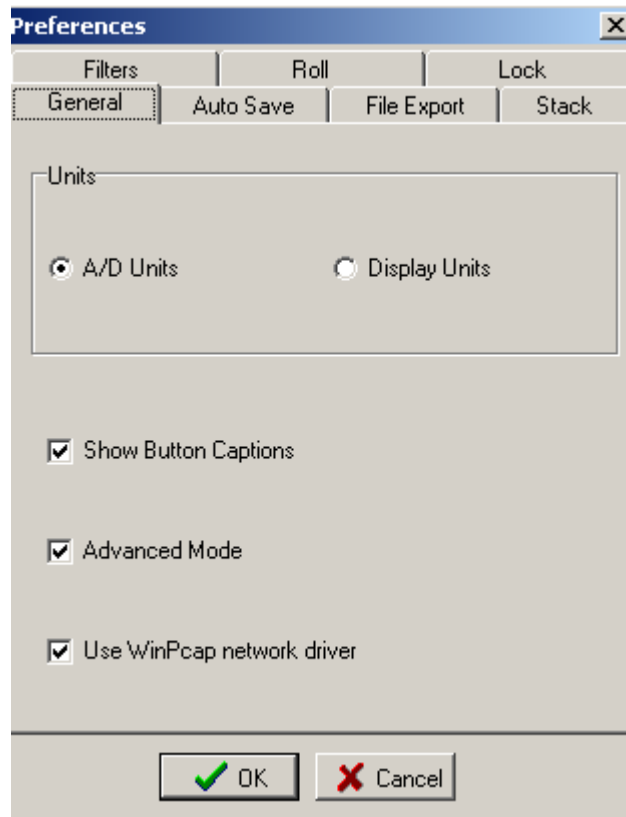
The GGA string should appear when the correct baud rate has been selected.

Press the “Get Position” button to verify that the GPS unit has a valid position and the GPS PPS pulse is wired correctly to the DAQlink.

4.3 DAQlink Configuration Advance Mode

When first installed, the VScope program uses Standard menus. These menus provide all of the necessary options for normal seismic operation. The Advance menus can be selected in the Option – Preferences –Menu.

Selecting Advanced Mode selects the advance menus:



WinPcap network driver is required when using multiple DAQlinks with large channel count and fast sample rates.

4.3.1 Device Acquisition Menu – Advance Mode

This menu allows the user to setup the acquisition parameters for the selected DAQlink unit. Up to 24 channels per DAQlink unit are shown. The DAQlink unit automatically checks the number of operating channels when the unit is reset.

The channels must be enabled to acquire data. A check mark shows that the channel is enabled.

The end user can change the name field.

The type field should be set to generic unless acquiring data from a servo hydraulic vibrator. When performing quality control tests on a servo hydraulic vibrator it is very important to select the correct “type” for each channel.

Gain – 2 preamp gains can be selected (x1, x16)

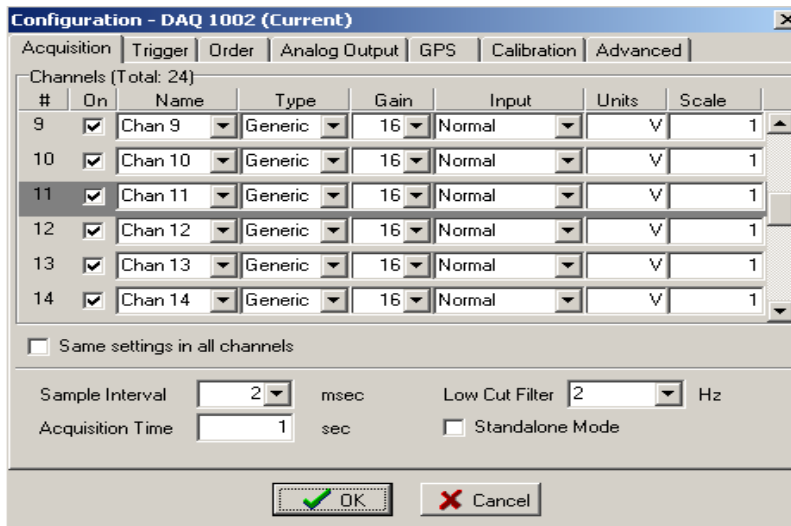
Input – Should be set to Normal

- Normal for Normal operation
- Loopback is used for testing.
- GND is used for testing. Connects inputs to Ground for measuring instrument Noise Level.

Units and Scale used to display the Y axis in different units than volts. These settings allow the display to be modified for different units. Normal entry is volts. For velocity studies and strong motion, the display can be changed to show velocity or any other unit.

Same Settings in all Channels – clicking this will copy all of the highlighted settings to all of the other channels

Standalone button should be checked, when DAQlink is acquiring data in standalone mode. In this mode, the DAQlink stores the data to the internal compact flash memory. It does not require a computer to be connected to acquire data. After the data is acquired, the DAQlink is reconnected to a computer running the VScope program, and the data from the internal compact flash memory can be downloaded to the computer.



#	On	Name	Type	Gain	Input	Units	Scale
9	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Chan 9	Generic	16	Normal	V	1
10	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Chan 10	Generic	16	Normal	V	1
11	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Chan 11	Generic	16	Normal	V	1
12	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Chan 12	Generic	16	Normal	V	1
13	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Chan 13	Generic	16	Normal	V	1
14	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Chan 14	Generic	16	Normal	V	1

☐ Same settings in all channels

Sample Interval: 2 msec Low Cut Filter: 2 Hz

Acquisition Time: 1 sec ☐ Standalone Mode

OK Cancel

Figure 4.3.1 Device Acquisition Menu

Low Cut Filter – This selection enables the Low cut Filter in the DAQlink unit. Normal setting for Seismic Acquisition is 2 Hz. This is a single pole filter with 2 Hz being the 3 dB point.

4.3.2 Trigger Menu – Advance Mode

The trigger menu is used for all acquisition. The trigger can be set to one of the following selections

- Auto Trigger – When auto trigger is selected the DAQlink unit starts acquiring as soon as the start command is processed
- Trigger on Time Break – When trigger on Time Break is selected, the DAQlink unit receives and processes the start command from the computer, it then waits for a signal on the Time break line before it starts to acquire data. The time break circuit uses a differential input circuit. At least 3 volts should be applied for reliable triggering. The unit can either trigger on a low going high voltage or a high going low voltage. Must enter trigger level – Typically 3.3 volts is used with a “hammer switch”.
- Trigger on input channel – When trigger on input channel is selected, the DAQlink unit receives and processes the start command from the computer, it then waits for the threshold voltage on the selected channel to be exceeded.
- Trigger on “AUX Input” – The DAQlink version 2 units have a second auxiliary input for triggering on an external geophone. The gain on the auxiliary input is set to x10, so a smaller signal can be used for triggering. Set the threshold value for desired trigger level. Example if 0.01 volt triggering is desired for geophone triggering, then enter Threshold = 0.01 volts. The auxiliary Geophone input is wired to the 19 pin connector – pin M + and pin N -
- Trigger on PPS Pulse – In this mode; the DAQlink uses the GPS time to trigger the unit. The Timer data determines when the DAQlink will trigger.
 - Timer Start At time – enter time when first trigger should occur. If set to 00:00:00, the system waits for the next PPS pulse which satisfies the Repeat Every Entry
 - Repeat Every – Enter Time for unit to repeat trigger. An entry of 00:10:00 will cause the DAQlink to trigger every 10 minutes. Auto Start must be enabled for the unit to automatically repeat.
- Pre Trigger Delay – The DAQlink will record and display data before the trigger event. Enter the time for the pre trigger acquisition
- Synchronize A-D – not used with DAQLINK units
- Auto Start –When the auto start is enabled, the DAQlink will automatically start a new record after it has finished with the previous recording. This allows the DAQlink to record continuous data, when auto trigger is also enabled.
- Disabled – No internal Auto Start of DAQlink is enabled – System must be restarted from VScope program
- Without Start Command – With this enabled, the next time the DAQlink is powered on, the unit will automatically wait for the trigger condition and start recording. When reconnected to the computer, the “Stop” command must be sent to the DAQlink to “Stop” recording before the computer will communicate with the unit correctly.
- After Start Command – With this option enabled, the DAQlink will not start at power on. The DAQlink waits for a Start command from the computer, then it will start and repeat if the trigger and repeat according to the” trigger” and “repeat every” settings.
- Timer settings – Require one “Valid” GPS position to start operation. After a valid position has occurred the internal clock on the DAQlink unit is used.

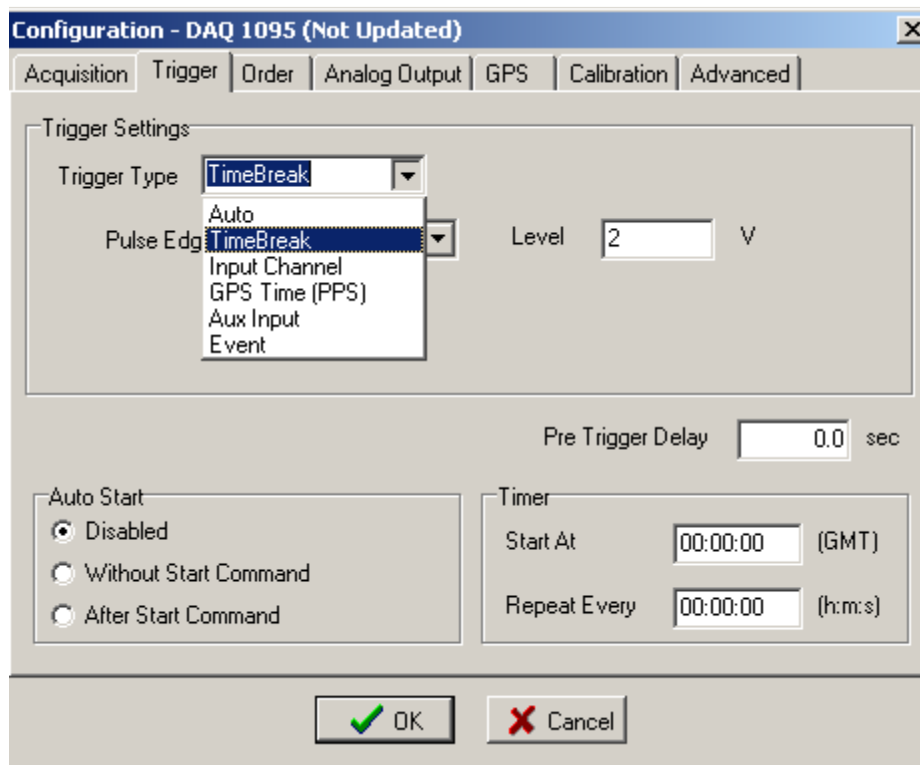
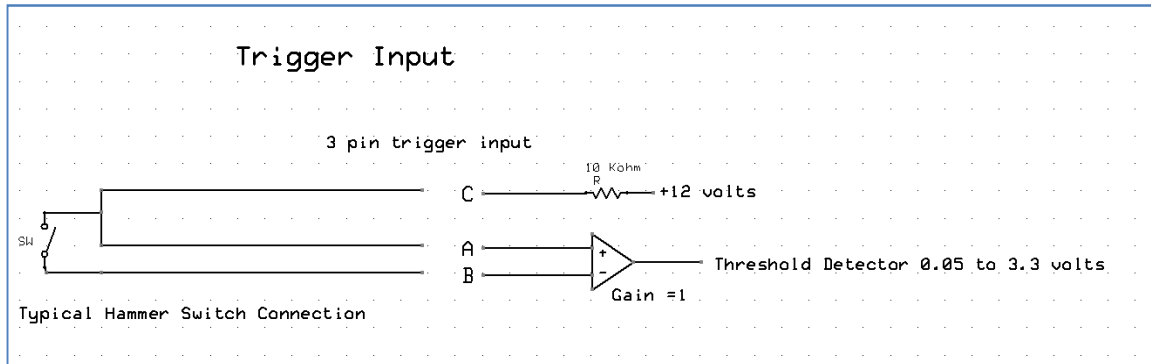


Figure 4.2.2 Device Trigger

4.3.2.2 Trigger on Time Break Hardware

The following schematic shows the “Trigger on Time Break” connections.



The three pin trigger input is used when “Trigger on Time Break” is selected. The positive side of the trigger input should be connected to pin “A” of the three pin connector and the negative side of the trigger input should be connected to pin “B”.

When using a TTL level or a small signal source like a geophone only pin A and pin B should be connected to the DAQlink trigger input.

When using a “Switch Closure” hammer switch a pull up resistor is provided to complete the circuit. The pull up resistor is available on pin “C” of the three pin trigger connector. Connect pins A and C to the positive side of the “hammer switch” and connect pin “B” to the negative side of the Hammer switch.

The Trigger Level must be set for accurate triggering (Select voltage from 0.05 to 3.3 volts). For a typical hammer Switch using the +12 volt pull-up, the trigger signal starts at +12 volts and goes to 0 volts when the Trigger occurs. 3.3 volts is typically used as a trigger threshold for the “Hammer Switch”.

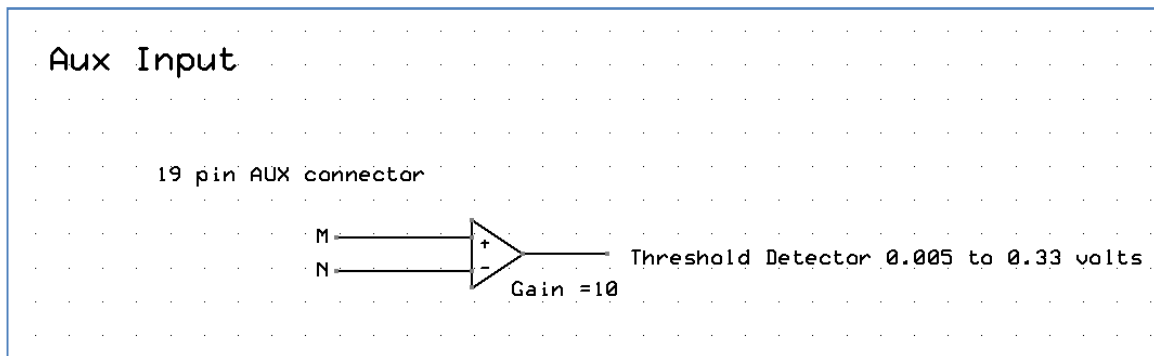
For a Geophone input connect only pins A and B, the threshold voltage is normally very small when using a geophone for a trigger source. See Aux Trigger input for triggering on Geophone.

The edge of the trigger must also be selected. For “Normal Hammer Switch” the signal should go from “High (+12volts)” to “Low (0 volts)”. Select “Negative Edge” when using “Normal Hammer switch”.

For Positive edge triggering, firmware version 5.62 is required to trigger on voltage smaller than 3.3 volts. Previous versions of firmware always used 3.3 volts for trigger level when positive edge was selected.

4.3.2.3 Trigger on Aux Input Hardware

The following schematic shows the “Trigger on Aux Input” connections.



The 19 pin Aux input connector is used when “Trigger on AUX Input” is selected. The positive side of the trigger input should be connected to pin “M” of the three pin connector and the negative side of the trigger input should be connected to pin “N”.

The Trigger logic is very similar to the Trigger on Time Break selection. However, the Trigger on AUX input has an additional Gain of 10 to improve triggering on small signal levels.

The Trigger Level must be set for accurate triggering (Select voltage from 0.005 to 0.33 volts). For a geophone input connect only pins M and N. Depending on sensitivity of geophone and the “Hit” level the desired trigger threshold must be set.

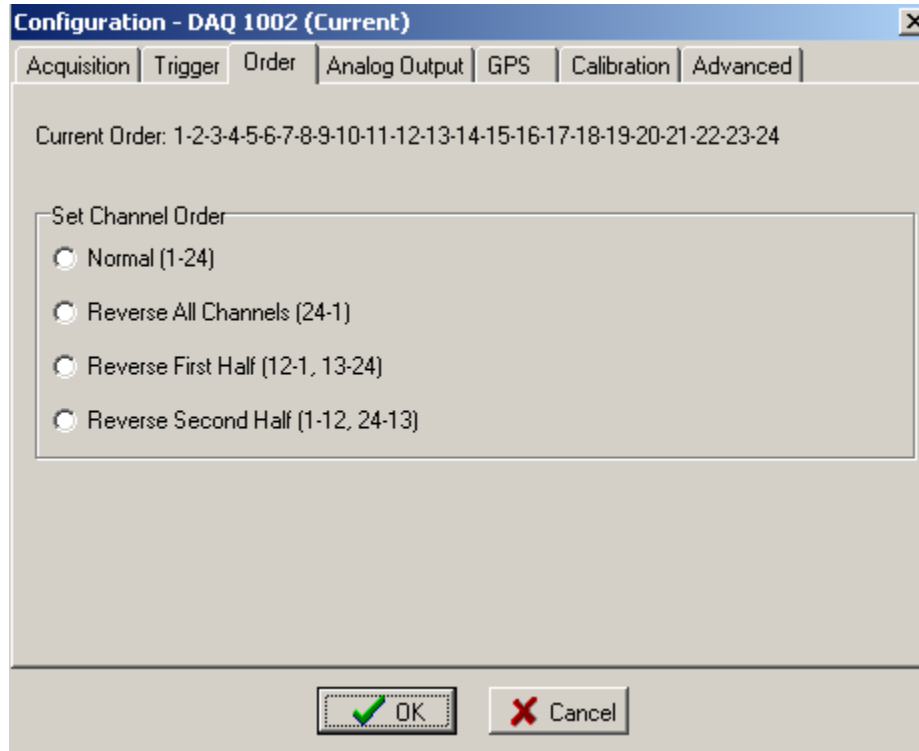
The Threshold range is from 0.005 volts to 0.33 volts.

The absolute value of the geophone will be used to trigger. So if the trigger level is set to 0.1 volts, the system will trigger when the geophone reaches either positive 0.1 volts or negative 0.1 volts.

For Positive edge triggering, firmware version 5.62 is required to trigger on voltage smaller than 0.33 volts. Previous versions of firmware always used 0.33 volts for trigger level when positive edge was selected.

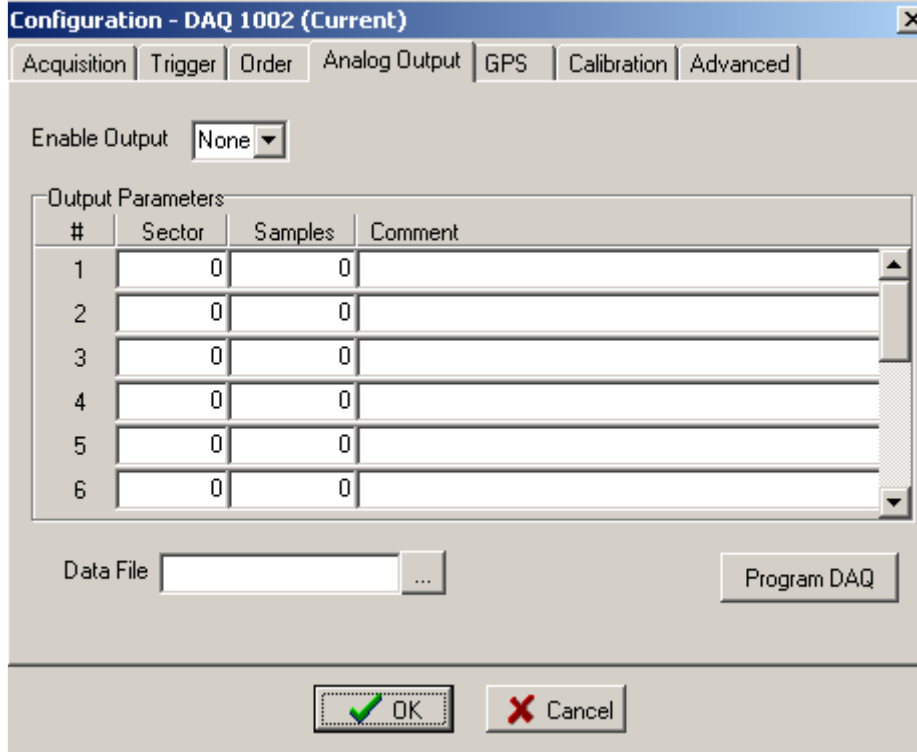
4.3.3 Order Menu – Advance Mode

The order menu appears when a 24 channel DAQlink is connected. (NOTE: This menu is not active with 6, 12, or 18 Channel DAQlink units). The order menu is used to arrange the channel numbers in each DAQlink unit. This selection allows compensating for different spread cable configurations.



4.3.4 Device Analog Output – Advance Mode

The DAQlink uses the Analog Outputs to generate test signals. For normal operation the output must be set to NONE.



The screenshot shows the 'Configuration - DAQ 1002 (Current)' dialog box with the 'Analog Output' tab selected. The 'Enable Output' dropdown is set to 'None'. Below it is a table with 6 rows for output parameters. Each row has columns for '#', 'Sector', 'Samples', and 'Comment'. The 'Sector' and 'Samples' columns are set to '0' for all rows. The 'Comment' column is empty. At the bottom, there is a 'Data File' field with a browse button (...), a 'Program DAQ' button, and 'OK' and 'Cancel' buttons.

#	Sector	Samples	Comment
1	0	0	
2	0	0	
3	0	0	
4	0	0	
5	0	0	
6	0	0	

Figure 4.3.4 Device Analog Output

4.3.5 GPS – Advance Mode

The GPS menu can be used to check the status of the GPS receiver. Press the Get Position button and the screen will be updated with the latest serial message from the GPS receiver. The GGA string will show the data from the receiver. If valid GPS data is received, then the Latitude, Longitude, Altitude and time will be displayed.

The GPS receiver can be connected internally to the unit or can be connected to the external connection. Select the correct GPS configuration.

The DAQlink is designed to have an external GPS receiver connected to the 4 pin connector on the DAQlink unit.

The GPS receiver can be connected to the 4 pin GPS connector using the PT06A-08-4P.

The normal Seismic Source GPS receiver is setup for 19,200 baud.

To operate another brand of GPS receiver, the receiver must be setup with third party software for the following:

- RS232 serial at 4800, 9600, or 19.2 K baud
- \$GPGGA and \$GPRMC messages – do not enable any other message
- PPS pulse – TTL level pulse per second

Please check the Wiring Section of this manual for the connector type and pin connection information.

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On the VScope software, go to options-Device -DAQ settings-GPS menu.

Press "Get Position" will update serial string.

The data in the top window will show the serial data from the GPS receiver. Select the correct baud rate to view the serial data from the receiver.

When the GPS acquires a lock and starts generating valid GPGLGA message, then the GGA data string will update when the "Get Position" button is pressed.

A valid PPS pulse is required for the DAQlink to trigger on "PPS" or "Trigger on GPS time" to operate.

If a valid PPS does not occur a "No PPS" message will appear in the GGA string window.

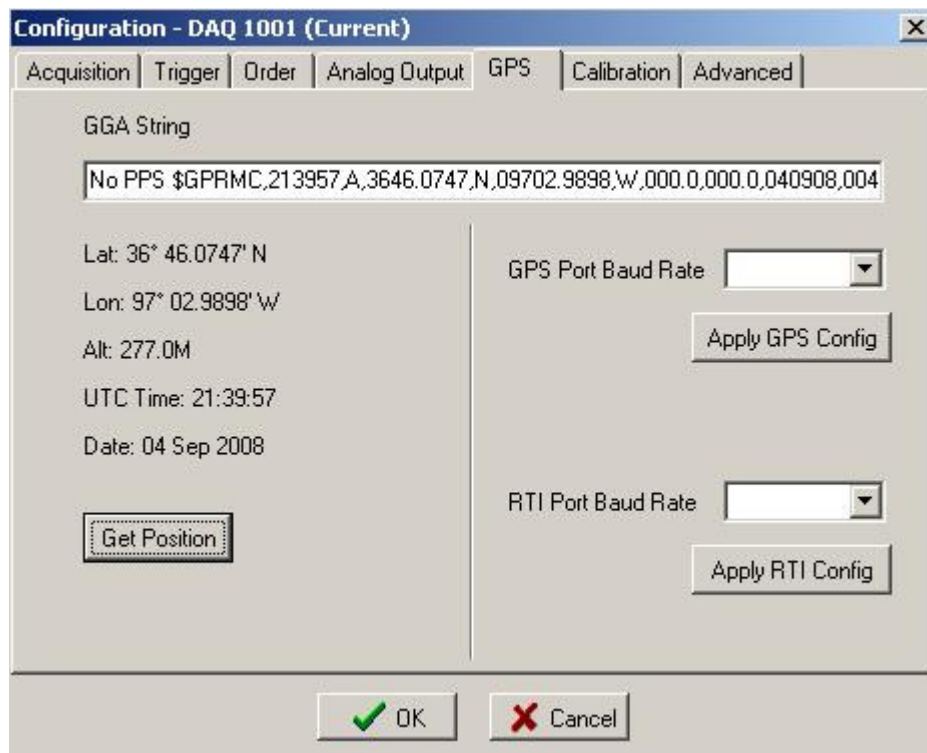


Figure 4.3.5 Device GPS

4.3.6 DAQlink Calibration – Advance Mode

The DAQlink preamplifiers can be set for different fixed gain settings. In addition to this fixed gain setting, there is a software gain setting that is set by the user in the acquisition menu.

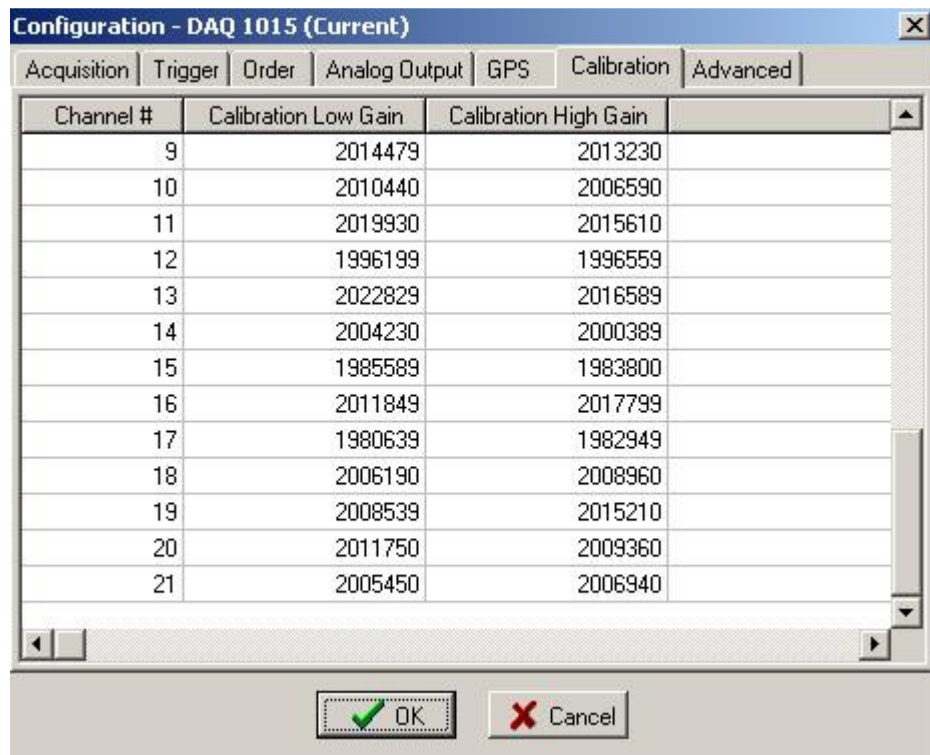
To compensate for the different gains on the amplifier boards, a software calibration number is entered at the factory. These entries are normal set once by the manufacturer. If you need different gain settings, please consult the factory to adjust calibration numbers and amplifier gain settings.

The Gains have been calibrated for both the High and Low Gain settings.

Standard Gains for the DAQlink are:

- Low Gain Setting is 3.58 volts peak to peak.
- High Gain Setting is 0.11 volts peak to peak.

Calibration Table below shows standard gains:



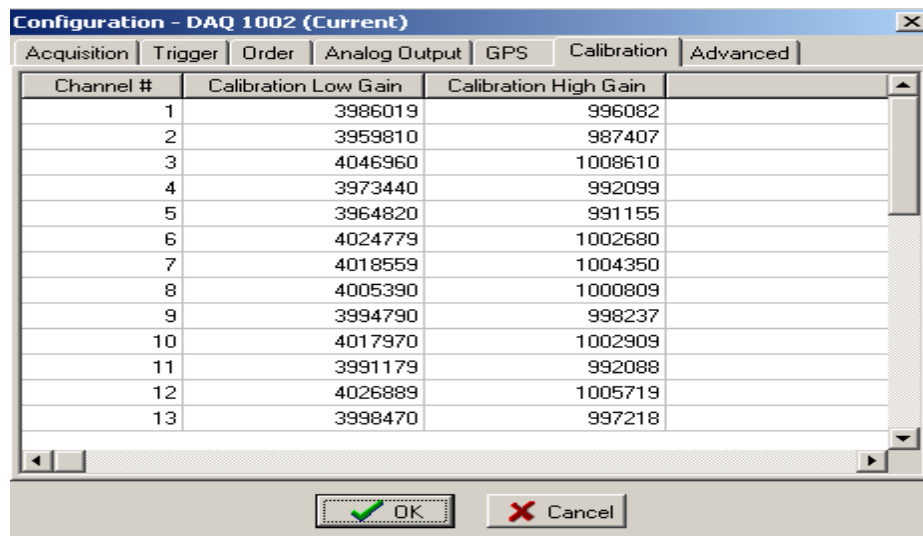
Channel #	Calibration Low Gain	Calibration High Gain
9	2014479	2013230
10	2010440	2006590
11	2019930	2015610
12	1996199	1996559
13	2022829	2016589
14	2004230	2000389
15	1985589	1983800
16	2011849	2017799
17	1980639	1982949
18	2006190	2008960
19	2008539	2015210
20	2011750	2009360
21	2005450	2006940

Figure 4.3.6 Device Calibration

Optional Gains are available.

Calibration Table below shows:

- Low Gain at 1.79 volts peak to peak (2 x less than standard)
- High Gain is 0.22 volts peak to peak (about 2 x more than standard)

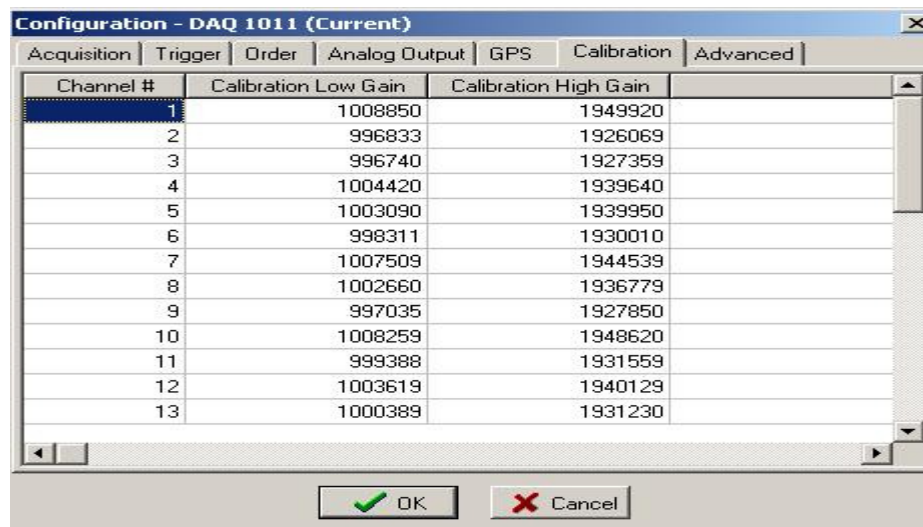


Channel #	Calibration Low Gain	Calibration High Gain
1	3986019	996082
2	3959810	987407
3	4046960	1008610
4	3973440	992099
5	3964820	991155
6	4024779	1002680
7	4018559	1004350
8	4005390	1000809
9	3994790	998237
10	4017970	1002909
11	3991179	992088
12	4026889	1005719
13	3998470	997218

Figure 4.3.6a Device Calibration

Calibration Table below shows:

- Low Gain at 7.16 volts peak to peak (2 x more than standard)
- High Gain is 0.11 volts peak to peak (standard)



Channel #	Calibration Low Gain	Calibration High Gain
1	1008850	1949920
2	996833	1926069
3	996740	1927359
4	1004420	1939640
5	1003090	1939950
6	998311	1930010
7	1007509	1944539
8	1002660	1936779
9	997035	1927850
10	1008259	1948620
11	999388	1931559
12	1003619	1940129
13	1000389	1931230

Figure 4.3.6b Device Calibration

4.3.7 Device Advanced Menu – Advance Mode

The Reset DAQ button performs a reset on the DAQlink hardware. The DAQlink must have hardware version 3.03 date 12-2003 or newer and firmware version 4.9 or newer to perform the hardware reset.

Reset Memory button is used to reset the storage of data to the internal Compact Flash Card. The next acquisition after a reset will be stored in the first memory location on the compact flash card.

Erase Memory button is used to FORMAT the CF Card. This process should take only a few seconds. The Status LED will FLASH RED while formatting. If the Status LED continues to FLASH RED, then the CF Card must be replaced.

Set Oscillator is used to set the internal oscillator on the DAQlink unit. Normally there is no reason for the end user to set the oscillator. It is set to 2047 manual value at the factory. If a GPS unit is connected, then the automatic correction option should be selected.

GPS internal Clock connection - When using the GPS system for continues recording it is important to set the Oscillator to “Automatic Correction”. This allows the precise PPS timing of the GPS unit to be used to adjust the internal clock on the DAQlink unit.

The Manual Value entry will show the current value being used by the DAQlink unit. This is a digital number representing the adjustment required to the clock oscillator. It is a value between 1 and 4095. 2048 is the center value for this number. Typically the Manual value will show about 1800 when the clock is adjusted using the GPS time.

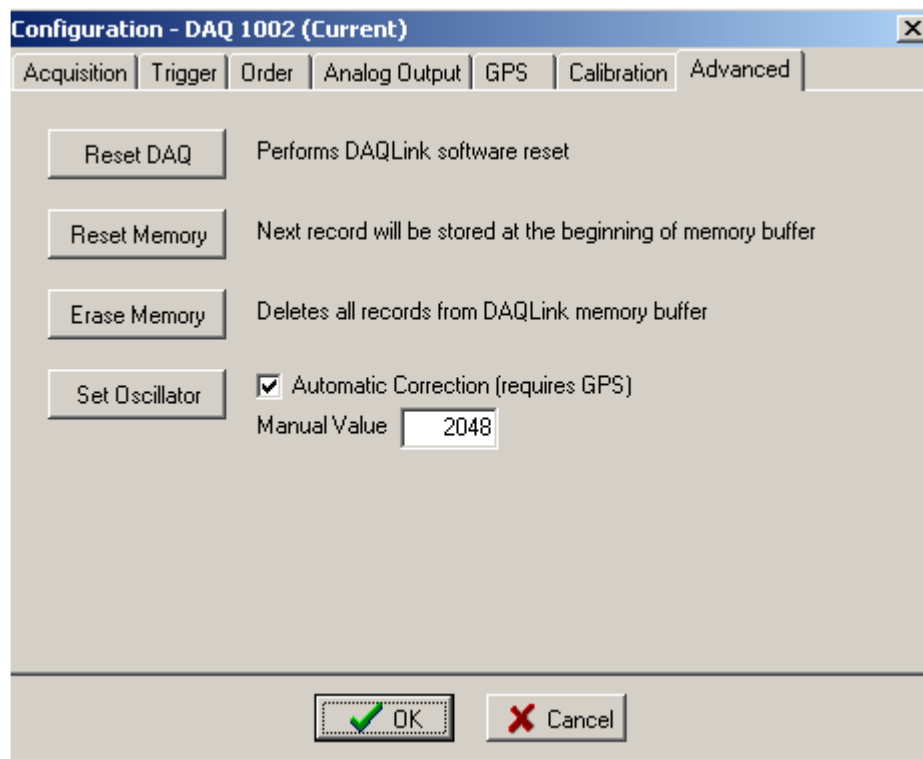


Figure 4.3.7 Device Advanced Menu


5 Program Operation

5.1 Acquisition

Select menu **Acquisition->Start** or click  Acquire button or Press Ctrl A to start acquisition.

Text at the bottom of the screen will display the status of the acquisition, next to the Rx and Tx lights.

- **Waiting** – will be displayed when acquisition is started, but waiting for trigger
- **Acquired N sec** – will be displayed after trigger has occurred and program started receiving data
- **Processing** – will be displayed at the end of acquisition
- Also the **Status Tab** at the bottom of the display can be used to monitor status of the DAQlink units

To stop acquisition in progress select menu **Acquisition->Stop** or click  Stop button or Press Ctrl T.

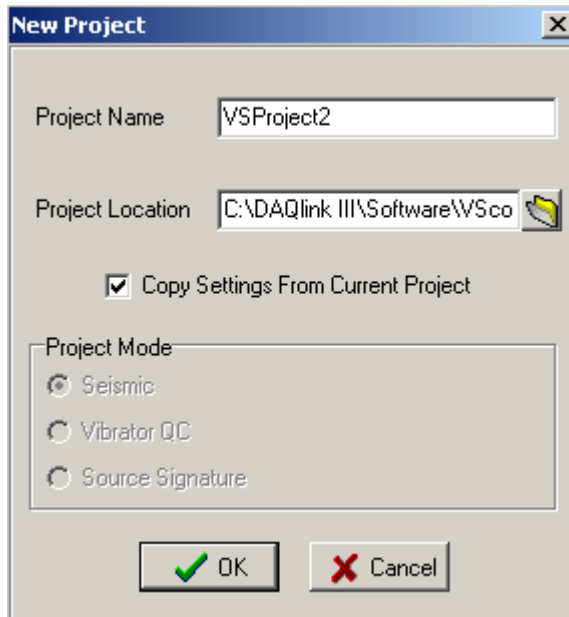
5.2 Projects

VScope software uses projects to save program settings and to store acquired data. The projects are like folders used to sort and store different data. Each project saves its own configuration for acquisition parameters, plot selection, scaling options, and other VScope selections. Plus each project has its own database where the program keeps the saved data. This allows the user to have different settings for different jobs and quickly switch between them. The program remembers last project and loads it automatically on startup.

To create a new project click menu **File->New Project**. VScope will reset all its settings to default values and will create an empty database. The program will create a separate folder with the same name as a project and store new database and project file with extension *.vsp to that folder.

To create a new project with the same settings as the current one select “Copy Settings From Current Project” enter a New Name for the New Project and press OK. All settings from the current project will be copied to a new one.

When VScope is started for the first time it creates a default project – Project1. To change the current project use **File->Load Project** menu and select a VSP file to load.




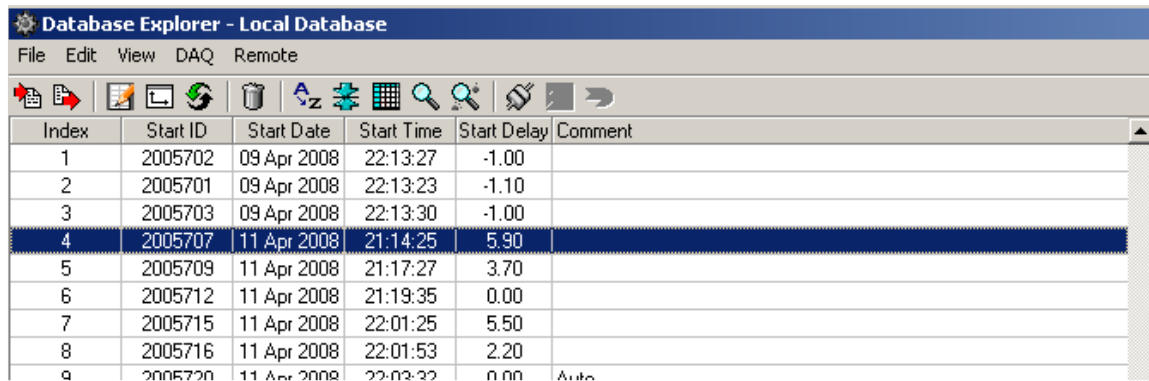
5.3 Database

5.3.1 Loading Data from Database

The VScope program has a built in database support. For this reason all of the data that acquired by the program is stored as records in a database rather than in separate files. This allows for greater flexibility with data manipulation, record searching and analysis.

Large number of Records in Database will slow program considerably. Starting a new database will often to alleviate this problem. Or do not save to database and only export data to SEG-Y or SEG-2 files.

The user can see all of the records in the current project database and select any record for analysis by clicking  **Open** button or selecting menu **File->Open** (Ctrl O).



Index	Start ID	Start Date	Start Time	Start Delay	Comment
1	2005702	09 Apr 2008	22:13:27	-1.00	
2	2005701	09 Apr 2008	22:13:23	-1.10	
3	2005703	09 Apr 2008	22:13:30	-1.00	
4	2005707	11 Apr 2008	21:14:25	5.90	
5	2005709	11 Apr 2008	21:17:27	3.70	
6	2005712	11 Apr 2008	21:19:35	0.00	
7	2005715	11 Apr 2008	22:01:25	5.50	
8	2005716	11 Apr 2008	22:01:53	2.20	
9	2005720	11 Apr 2008	22:03:32	0.00	Auto

Figure 6.3 Database Explorer

All records in a Database window are arranged into a table. It shows the following columns:

- **Index** – Number used to index the database. It is incremented every time a data record is stored.
- **Start ID** – Identifies the Start ID of the record. The start ID is incremented for each new start command.
- **Date** – Date when data was stored to database.
- **Time** – Time when data was stored to database.
- **Start Delay** – Is used for continuous recording option. A single start command and Start ID will initiate multiple records; the Start Delay is used to identify these multiple records. It is the time from when the original start command is received to when the trigger occurred.
- **Comment** – Comment for data record. When recording and saving data to database automatically, comment from previous record is copied to current record.

Toolbar buttons at the top of Database window help to find particular record:



Import Records allows data to be imported into Database



Export Records allows selected records to be Exported from the Database



Edit Comment (Ctrl E) – Use this button to view or edit the comment



Assign Source and Receiver Coordinates



Invert Selected Record – this will invert the data for the selected record. Very useful for Shear Wave stacking



Delete (Del) – Use this button to delete data record from database

Additional buttons:



Sort Records – Allows to select a column in the table, which will be used to sort records.



Search – Allows to search a record using Index, Date, Device or Record #.



Search in Comment – Helps the user to find a record, which has some word combination in the Comment column.



Range – Shows only records that lie within some range (eg. between two dates).



Filter – Allows to set complex criteria for records to be shown in the table (Not implemented yet).



Show All Records – Cancels all ranges and filters and allows the user to see all records in the database.

5.3.2 DAQlink and Channel Configuration

Clicking the “DAQ Configuration” and the “Channel Configuration” buttons can show the DAQlink Configuration and the Channel Configuration for the saved data. The DAQlink Configuration shows the acquisition parameters for each DAQlink used in the selected record, also the GPS data will be shown if available. The Channel Configuration shows each channels setup for the DAQlink unit selected in the DAQlink Configuration.

The DAQ Configuration includes the following information

- **Serial #** – Each DAQ Link has a unique device serial number. This number is stored to database to provide a unique identification for each record.
- **Record#** – Each DAQ Link unit increments a counter every time it acquires data. This record number along with the device # provides a unique identification for each record.
- **Acquisition Time** – Length of record in seconds.
- **GPS Data** – Latitude, Longitude, Altitude and Time from the GPS receiver.
- **Valid GPS** – Shows if a valid GPS position was used for this record.
- **X,Y, FileNum...** – Shows data received from a Master Recording System. This is used to associate files recorded with the DAQlink units to the Master Recorder. When using the database and exporting SEG-Y files, the Index number of the database is used as File Number.

Database Explorer - Local Database									
Index	Start ID	Start Date	Start Time	Start Delay	Comment	DAQ Name	Serial #	Record #	Length
1	2005702	09 Apr 2008	22:13:27	-1.00		DAQ 1005	1005	18948	1
2	2005701	09 Apr 2008	22:13:23	-1.10		DAQ 1004	1004	63077	1
3	2005703	09 Apr 2008	22:13:30	-1.00					
4	2005707	11 Apr 2008	21:14:25	5.90					
5	2005709	11 Apr 2008	21:17:27	3.70					
6	2005712	11 Apr 2008	21:19:35	0.00					
7	2005715	11 Apr 2008	22:01:25	5.50					
8	2005716	11 Apr 2008	22:01:53	2.20					
9	2005720	11 Apr 2008	22:03:32	0.00	Auto				
10	2005725	12 Apr 2008	15:38:50	6.00	Hit no connection - ch 20 noise				
11	2005726	12 Apr 2008	16:07:49	2.40	Open input - TB(a) removed from 55 pin				
12	2005727	12 Apr 2008	16:14:46	3.60	TB(A) removed from 55 pin - CC-GG-DD connect				
13	2005731	12 Apr 2008	20:38:19	6.40	Chassis GND connected				
14	2005734	12 Apr 2008	20:42:55	2.70	TB(A) disconnected from 55pin- Chassis connect				
15	2005739	12 Apr 2008	21:11:08	3.20	TB(A) connected - chassis to battery - - noise back				
16	2005754	13 Apr 2008	14:55:38	2.80	TB(A) removed - NO Chassis GND				
17	2005755	13 Apr 2008	14:56:20	3.30	TB(A) removed - 2K to chassis GND				
18	2005756	13 Apr 2008	14:57:42	2.80	TB(A) removed - 0 ohms to chassis GND				
19	2005757	13 Apr 2008	14:58:36	2.20	TB(A) removed - 200 ohms to chassis GND				
20	2005758	13 Apr 2008	14:59:14	9.20	TB(A) removed - 1K ohms to chassis GND				
21	2005760	13 Apr 2008	15:10:57	2.70	TB(A) removed - 1K ohms to chassis GND - Test				

DAQ Name	Serial #	Record #	Length	Sample Interval	GPS	Date	Lat
DAQ 1005	1005	18948	1	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4/9/2008 10:13:26 PM	3646.0769
DAQ 1004	1004	63077	1	1	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	4/9/2008 10:13:25 PM	3646.0769

\$GPRMC,221.326,A,3646.0769,N,09702.9923,W,0.000,0.090,408.004,9,E,68
 \$GPGGA,221.326,3646.0769,N,09702.9923,W,1.08,1,4,305.8,M,26.7,M,-79

Chan #	Name	Type	Gain	DC	Calibration
1	Chan 1	5	1	0	3997729
2	Chan 2	5	1	0	3973860
3	Chan 3	5	1	0	3988630
4	Chan 4	5	1	0	4034469
5	Chan 5	5	1	0	4026550
6	Chan 6	5	1	0	3969959
7	Chan 7	5	1	0	4010539
8	Chan 8	5	1	0	3995420
9	Chan 9	5	1	0	4033949
10	Chan 10	5	1	0	3985840
11	Chan 11	5	1	0	3997419
12	Chan 12	5	1	0	4016670
13	Chan 13	5	1	0	3944879
14	Chan 14	5	1	0	3964420
15	Chan 15	5	1	0	3971319
16	Chan 16	5	1	0	3971410
17	Chan 17	5	1	0	3977069
18	Chan 18	5	1	0	4012540
19	Chan 19	5	1	0	4011290
20	Chan 20	5	1	0	3980390
21	Chan 21	5	1	0	4010279
22	Chan 22	5	1	0	3990159
23	Chan 23	5	1	0	3982419
24	Chan 24	5	1	0	3971790

File Number	GPS Time	Valid GPS
0	4/9/2008 10:13:26 PM	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>

X	Y	FileNum	ShotID	EPID	Line	Station	Latitude	Longitude	Altitude
		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Figure 5.3.2 DAQlink and Channel Configuration

5.3.3 Import and Export Data

The import and export functions located in **File** menu allow for data to be exported or imported to different projects or to different applications. The VScope currently offers the option for the following import and export files

- VScope data files (*.vs2) – use this selection when moving data from one project to another, or from one computer running the VScope program to another.
- Space delimited files (*.csv) – use this selection when importing or exporting file to third party software such as spreadsheet software (e.g. Microsoft Excel and so on).
- Sercel VQC88 files (*.dat) – use this selection when importing or exporting data to be used on Sercel VQC88 analysis program.
- Pelton Force Meter Files (*.fmr) – use this selection when importing or exporting data to be used with the Pelton Vibrator Quality Control System
- SEG Y Tape format (*.sgy) – use this to import or export data to the standard SEG-Y Tape Format
- SEG II format (*.sg2) – use this to export data to the standard SEG-II Format

While in the Database Explorer multiple records can be exported to SEG-Y, or SEG-2 format. First select the records to be exported by highlighting them using the left button and the “ctrl” left button. After the desired records are selected use the pull down menu Record – Export (or use Export button on Toolbar) to select the export function.

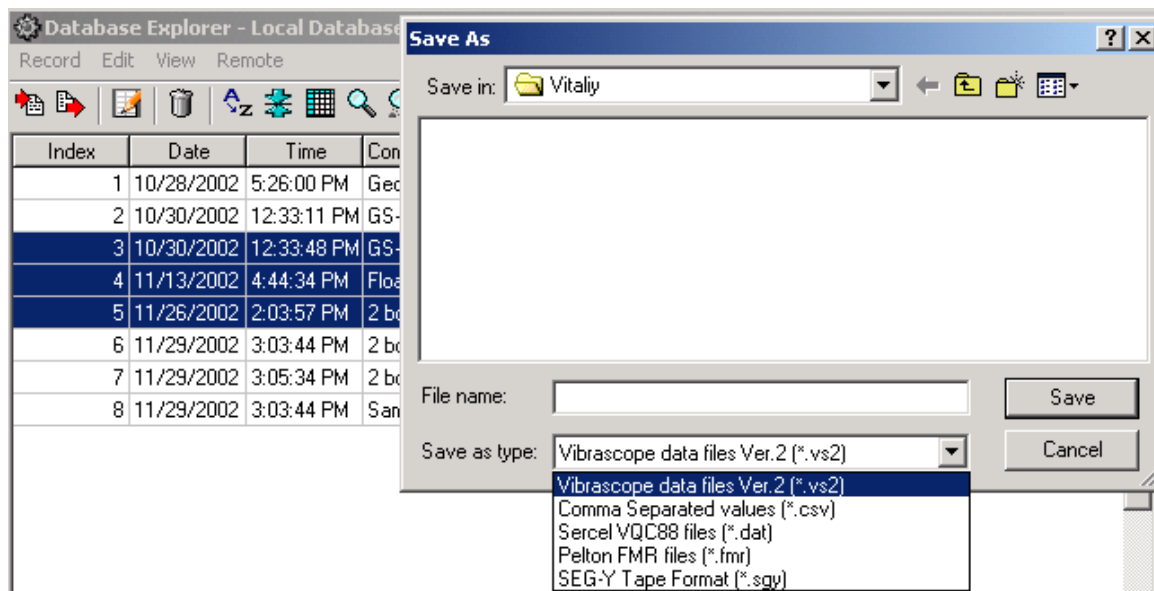


Figure 5.3.3 Exporting data with Database Explorer

While in the database explorer, all records can be selected by pressing ctrl A (or go to Edit- Select All Menu).

After selecting all of the records, you can eliminate records that you do not want to export. Move the mouse to the record that you would like to omit from the list. Hold the ctrl button and press the left mouse button once. Then go to the next record to omit and hold the ctrl key and press the left mouse button. Continue until all of the records to be omitted have been selected.

After selecting all the records, go to the Record – Export menu, or select Export button on Toolbar, to export the selected records.

Pressing the left mouse button once will unselect the record from the list. The record will show highlighted until another record has been selected.

Doing a double click of the left mouse button will select the stack function.

Holding the ctrl button and pressing left mouse once will unselect record, holding ctrl button and pressing left mouse button again will reselect the record.

When storing multiple records to the VScope data files (*.vs2), all of the selected records will be stored to one *.vs2 file. The multiple record *.vs2 file can only be loaded while in the database explorer menu. Use the Records – Import menu (or use the Import button on the Toolbar) to load the *.vs2 file.

When storing multiple records to SEG-Y or SEG-2 file format, each selected record will be saved to a different file name. The name that is entered in the “save as” window will be used along with the record number to create the file name.

5.3.4 Storing Data to Database

After acquisition is finished you can save new data to database. Select menu **File->Save** (Ctrl S). A window will appear where you can enter a comment for current record. By default this window displays a comment from the last record in the database.

5.3.5 Stacking Data in Database

While in the Database menu, multiple records can be stacked together. Select the records to be stacked by pressing the “Ctrl” key and clicking the left mouse button. After the records to be stacked have been selected, press the “Load Stacked” button in the bottom right hand corner of the screen. The selected records will be added together and can now be viewed. Press the File – Save button to save the stacked data to the database.

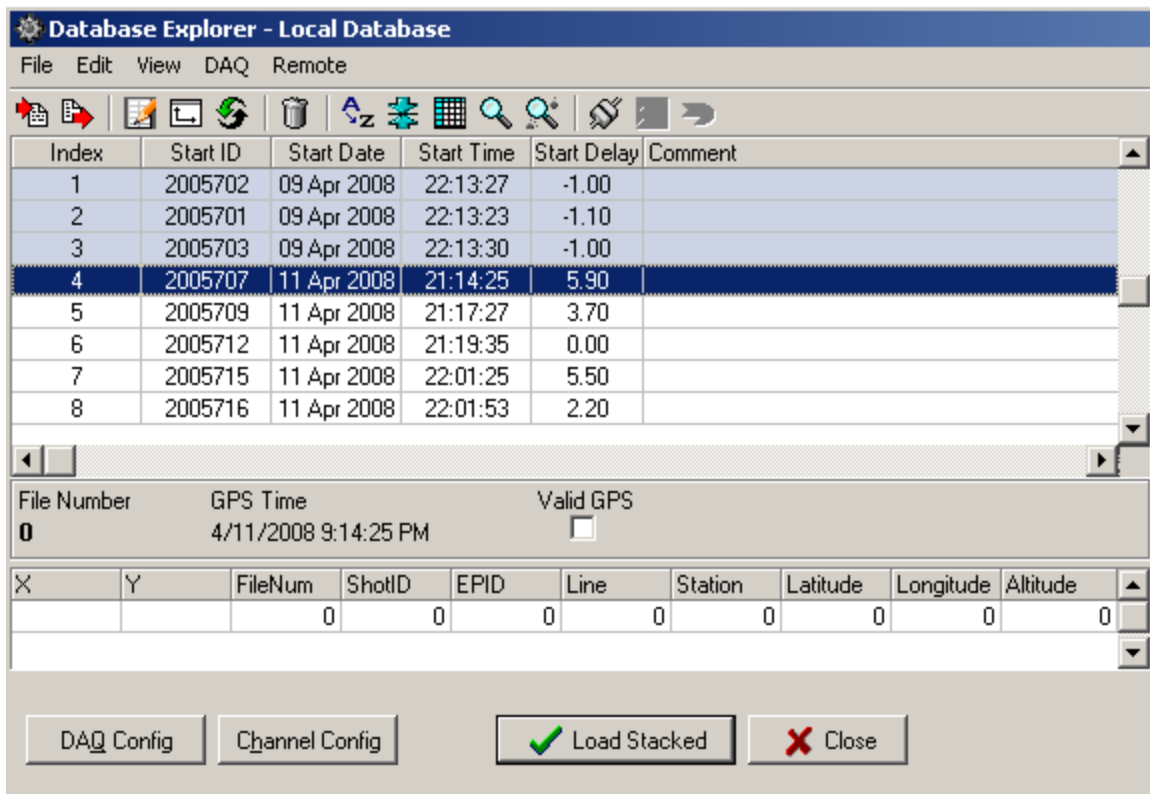
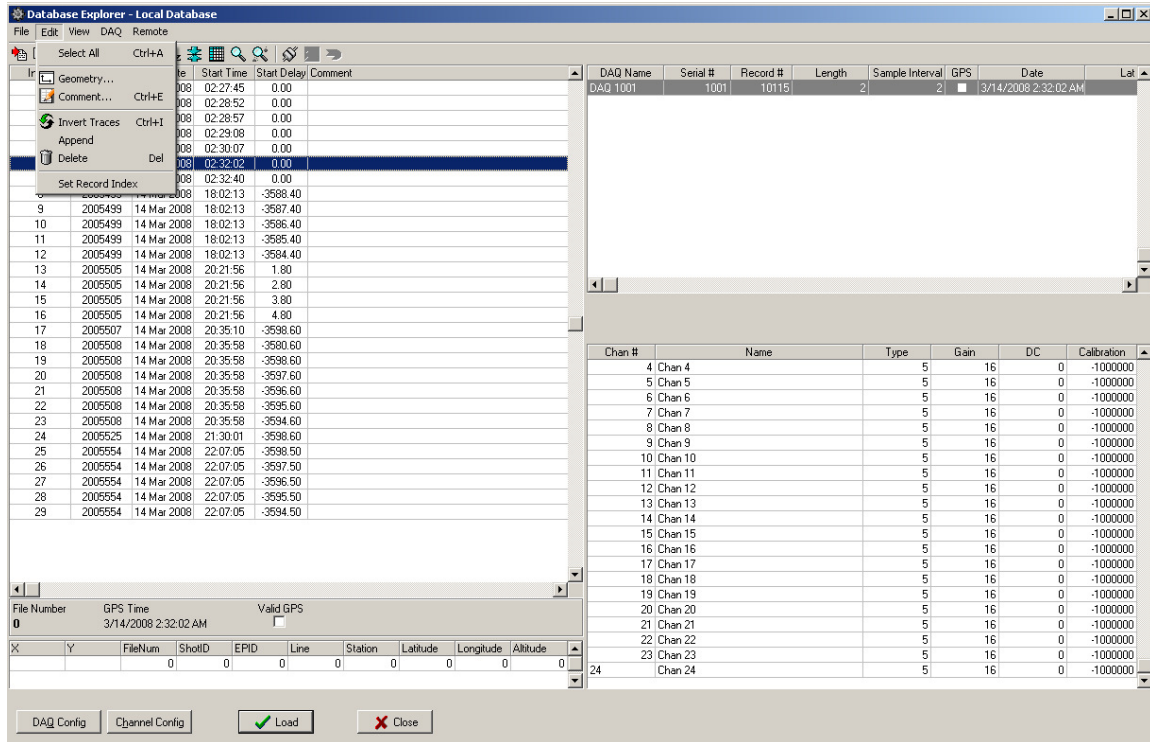


Figure 5.3.5 Stacking data with Database Explorer

5.3.6 Inverting Data before Stack – Shear Wave

One method of Shear Wave acquisition is done by hitting one side of a plate and storing the data, then hitting the opposite side of the plate and storing the data. The second record is inverted and then the two records are summed to show only the Shear wave energy.

VScope allows this operation. Store both of the records to the database. Then go to the database and select the second record. Press “Ctrl I” to invert all of the traces in the selected record.



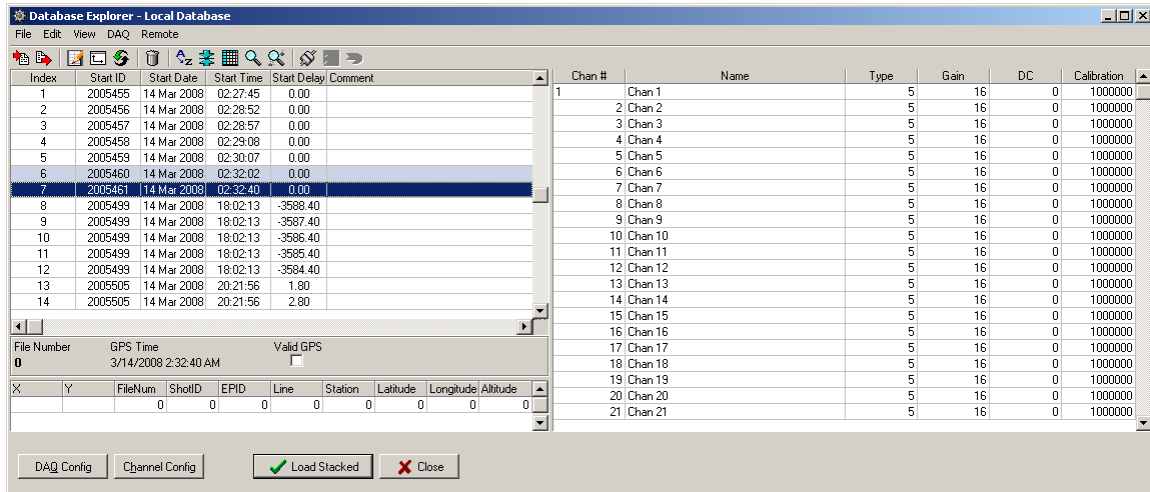
DAQ Name	Serial #	Record #	Length	Sample Interval	GPS	Date	Lat
DAQ 1001	1001	10115	2	2		3/14/2008 2:32:02 AM	

Chan #	Name	Type	Gain	DC	Calibration
4	Chan 4		5	16	0
5	Chan 5		5	16	0
6	Chan 6		5	16	0
7	Chan 7		5	16	0
8	Chan 8		5	16	0
9	Chan 9		5	16	0
10	Chan 10		5	16	0
11	Chan 11		5	16	0
12	Chan 12		5	16	0
13	Chan 13		5	16	0
14	Chan 14		5	16	0
15	Chan 15		5	16	0
16	Chan 16		5	16	0
17	Chan 17		5	16	0
18	Chan 18		5	16	0
19	Chan 19		5	16	0
20	Chan 20		5	16	0
21	Chan 21		5	16	0
22	Chan 22		5	16	0
23	Chan 23		5	16	0
24	Chan 24		5	16	0

After the traces have been inverted, the values in the Calibration column will show negative numbers.

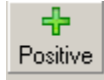
DAQlink User Manual

After the one record has been inverted, then select the two records to stack, then press “Load Stack” button to view the two stacked traces

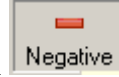



The stacked data can then be stored to the database.

5.3.6.1 Real Time Inversion of Data



The data can also be inverted during acquisition with Positive/Negative button in the Toolbar.



The polarity of all of the data is inverted when  is shown.

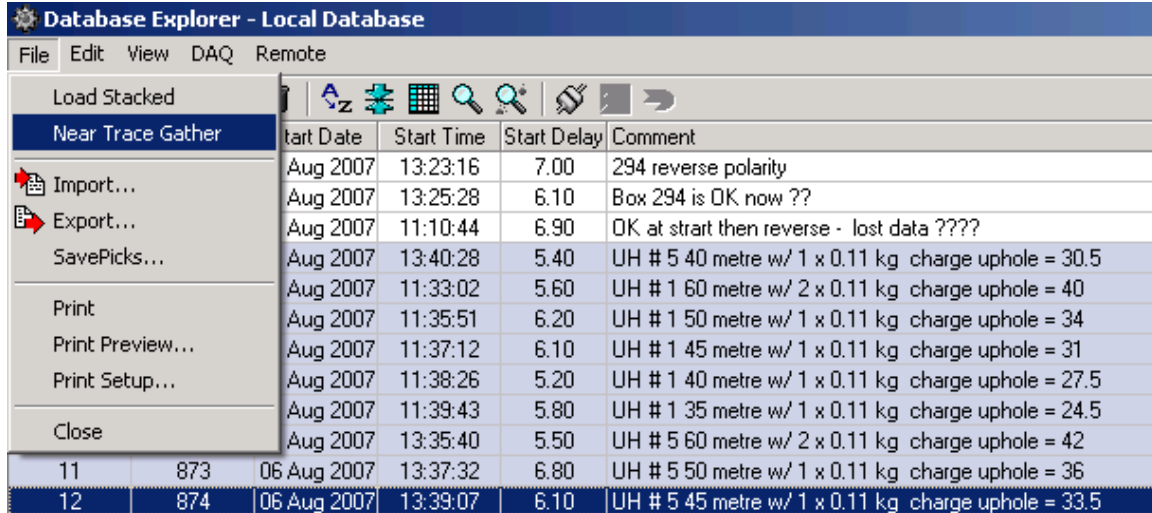
This extra Toolbar button is enabled in the Options – Preference – Stack Menu.

The Stack Menu's Enable Polarity Selection for Stacking will enable and extra button in the VScope Toolbar which will invert all of the data.

Ctrl +P will toggle from Positive to Negative.

5.3.7 Near Trace Gather

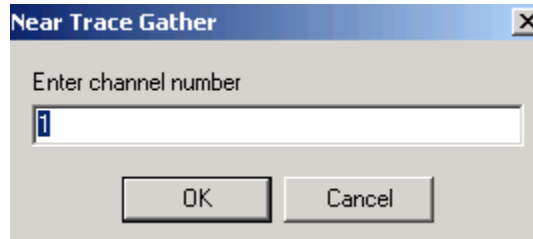
While in the Database menu, select the records to use for the Near Trace Gather by highlighting each record.

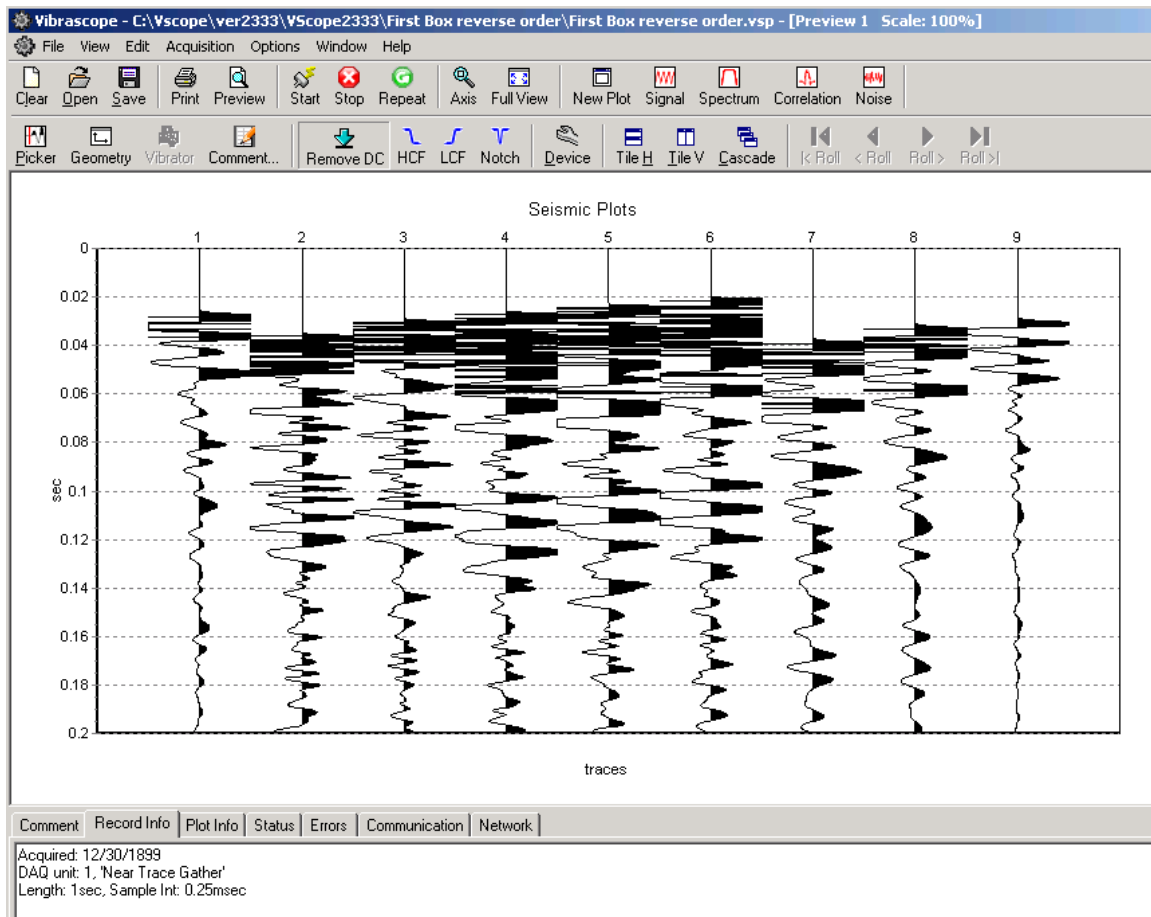


		Start Date	Start Time	Start Delay	Comment
		Aug 2007	13:23:16	7.00	294 reverse polarity
		Aug 2007	13:25:28	6.10	Box 294 is OK now ??
		Aug 2007	11:10:44	6.90	OK at start then reverse - lost data ????
		Aug 2007	13:40:28	5.40	UH # 5 40 metre w/ 1 x 0.11 kg charge uphole = 30.5
		Aug 2007	11:33:02	5.60	UH # 1 60 metre w/ 2 x 0.11 kg charge uphole = 40
		Aug 2007	11:35:51	6.20	UH # 1 50 metre w/ 1 x 0.11 kg charge uphole = 34
		Aug 2007	11:37:12	6.10	UH # 1 45 metre w/ 1 x 0.11 kg charge uphole = 31
		Aug 2007	11:38:26	5.20	UH # 1 40 metre w/ 1 x 0.11 kg charge uphole = 27.5
		Aug 2007	11:39:43	5.80	UH # 1 35 metre w/ 1 x 0.11 kg charge uphole = 24.5
		Aug 2007	13:35:40	5.50	UH # 5 60 metre w/ 2 x 0.11 kg charge uphole = 42
11	873	06 Aug 2007	13:37:32	6.80	UH # 5 50 metre w/ 1 x 0.11 kg charge uphole = 36
12	874	06 Aug 2007	13:39:07	6.10	UH # 5 45 metre w/ 1 x 0.11 kg charge uphole = 33.5

After highlighting the desired records, select the “Near Trace Gather” option in the File menu.

Enter the channel # for the near trace gather. This one channel from each record will be plotted




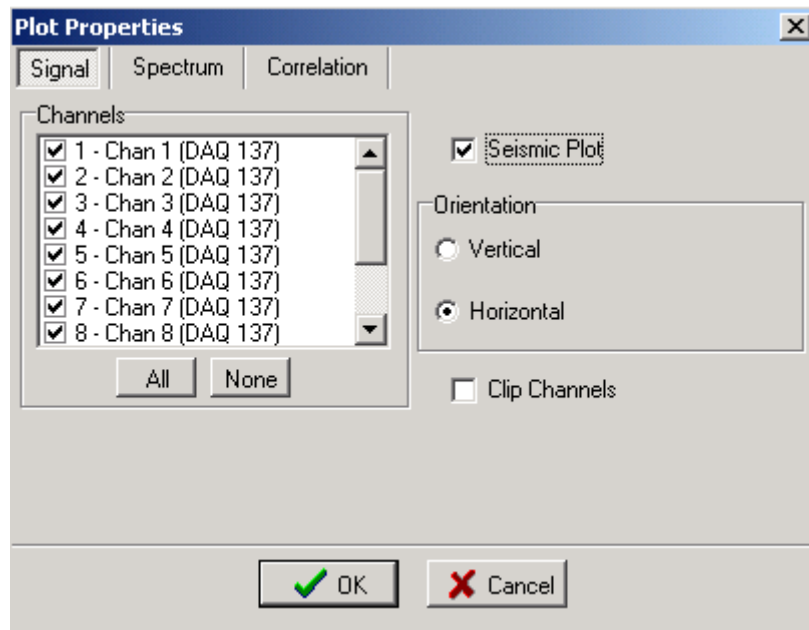



5.4 Data View and Analysis

5.4.1 Graph plot types

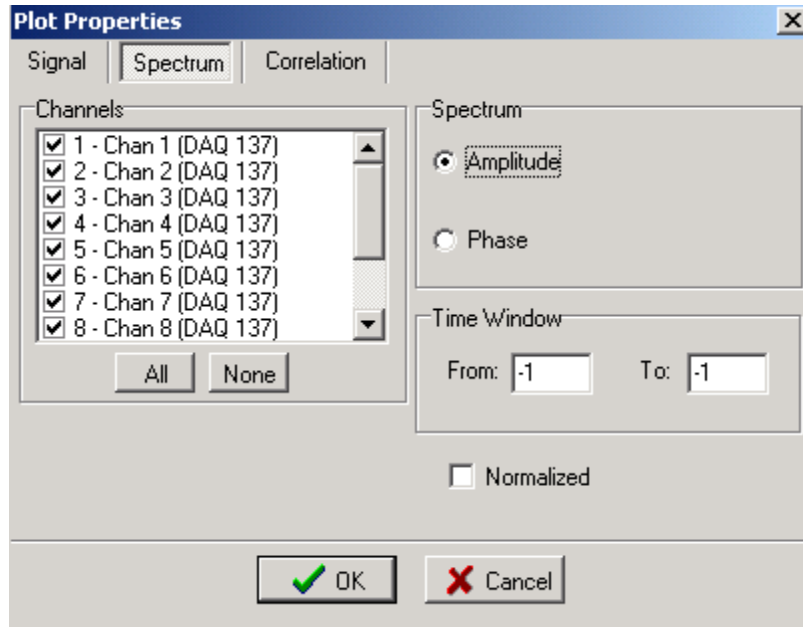
Buttons on the toolbar and the **View** menu allow you to select different ways of signal representation on the graph plot


 Signal Traces... Ctrl+F1 Shows time domain plot of acquired signal.



 Spectrum... Ctrl+F2 Shows signal spectrum in frequency domain

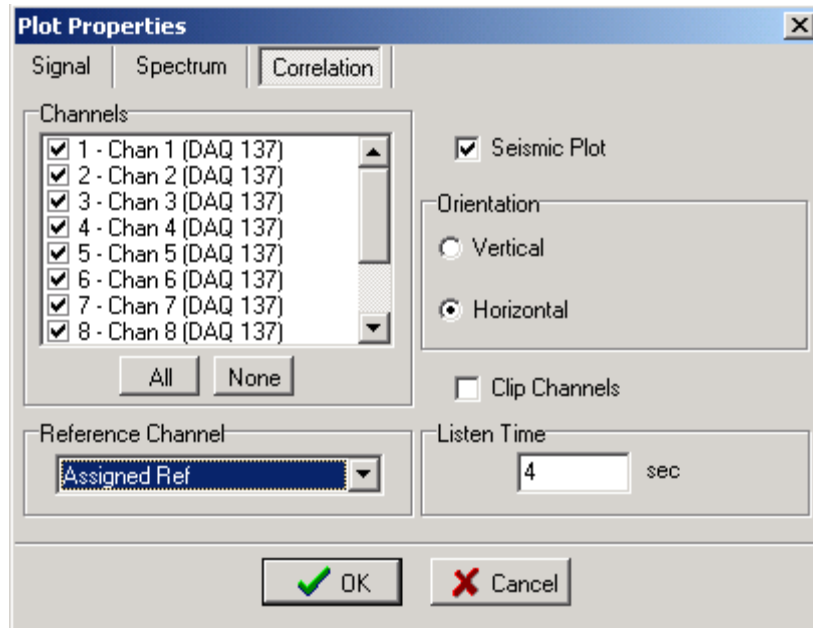
The time window allows performing a spectrum analysis on a time window. An entry of 1 to 2 performs the spectrum on the data between 1 and 2 seconds. An entry of -1 to -1 performs analysis on the whole trace.



 Correlation... Ctrl+F3 Select correlation to display correlation, phase of correlation, envelope of correlation, or spectrum of correlation. Also, correlated Seismic Plots can be displayed.

The correlation will be performed using the channel defined in the DAQ units type field = Reference. Other channels can be selected with the assigned reference pull down menu.

Seismic Plot can be shown in Vertical or Horizontal display. Also peaks of signals can be clipped.



5.4.2 Plot Popup Menu

The same selections are available in the plot popup menu. On any plot press the right mouse button to bring up the plot menu.

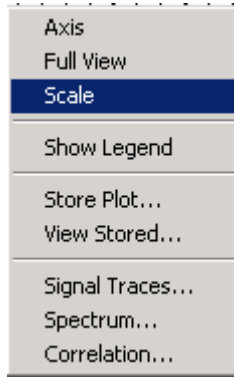


Figure 5.4.2 Plot Popup Menu

Axis allows changing of the x and y axis of the plot.

Selecting “Full View” or pressing “ctrl +F” zooms out completely to show the entire plot.

Show Legend –enables and disables the text legend at the bottom of the plot.

5.4.3 Store Plot Menu

Store Plot – allows the current plot to be saved to memory and viewed later as an overlay to another signal. The first trace in a plot will be stored. The color and name of each stored plot can be changed in the Store Plot Menu. The stored plot data can be saved and later loaded from disk with the Save and Load buttons in the Save Plot menu. The store plot menu is used to compare data using the same sample rate. Data acquired using different sample rates will not be displayed correctly.

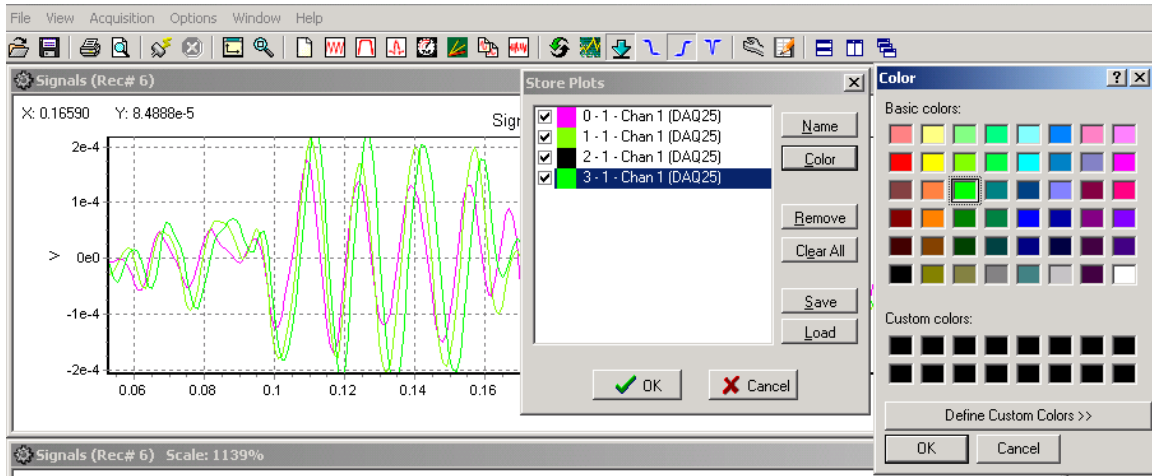


Figure 5.4.3 Store Plot Menu

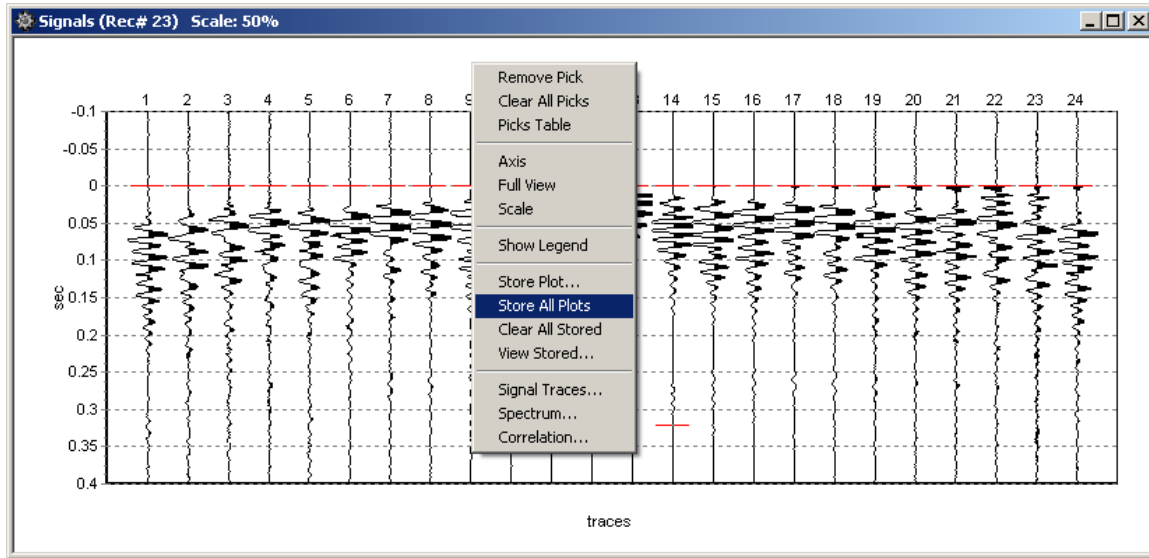
View Stored – used to retrieve the saved plots in memory.

5.4.3.1 Store All Plot Menu

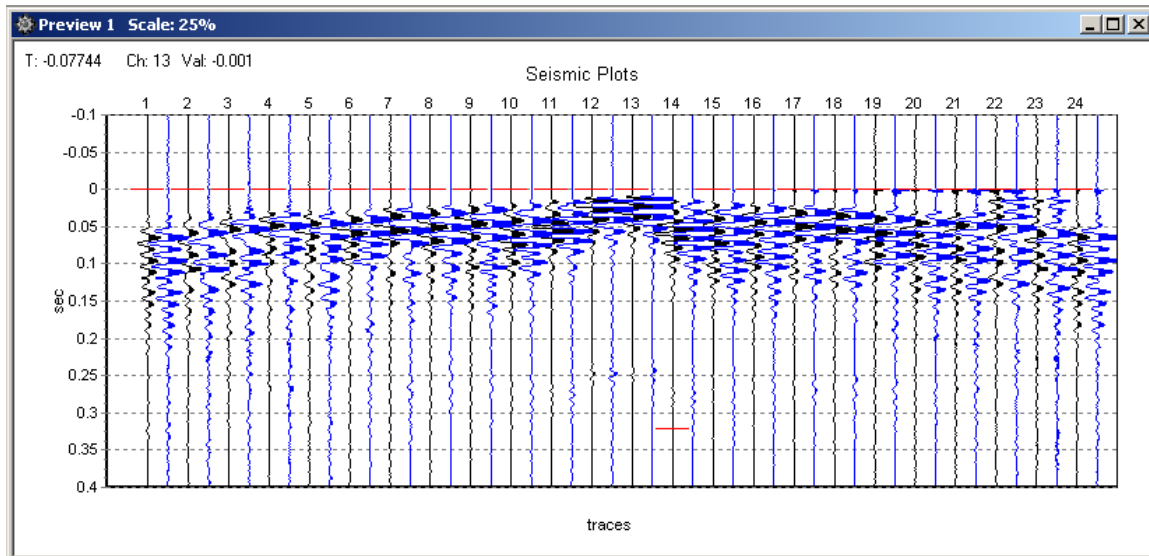
Store All Plots – allows the current plot to be saved to memory and viewed later as an overlay to another signal.

All channels can be stored using the “Store All Plots” Function.

Right click the Plot to bring up the “Store All Plot” Option



After storing all plots, a second group of plots will be displayed. This allows for quick comparison of traces from different records.



5.4.4 Seismic Plots

There is an additional option for a Seismic Plot. When the signal traces plot is selected, the Seismic Plot option can be selected. The traces in this plot can be either horizontally or vertically displayed. Also, the peak of the signals can be clipped to allow better viewing of multiple channels with large gains.

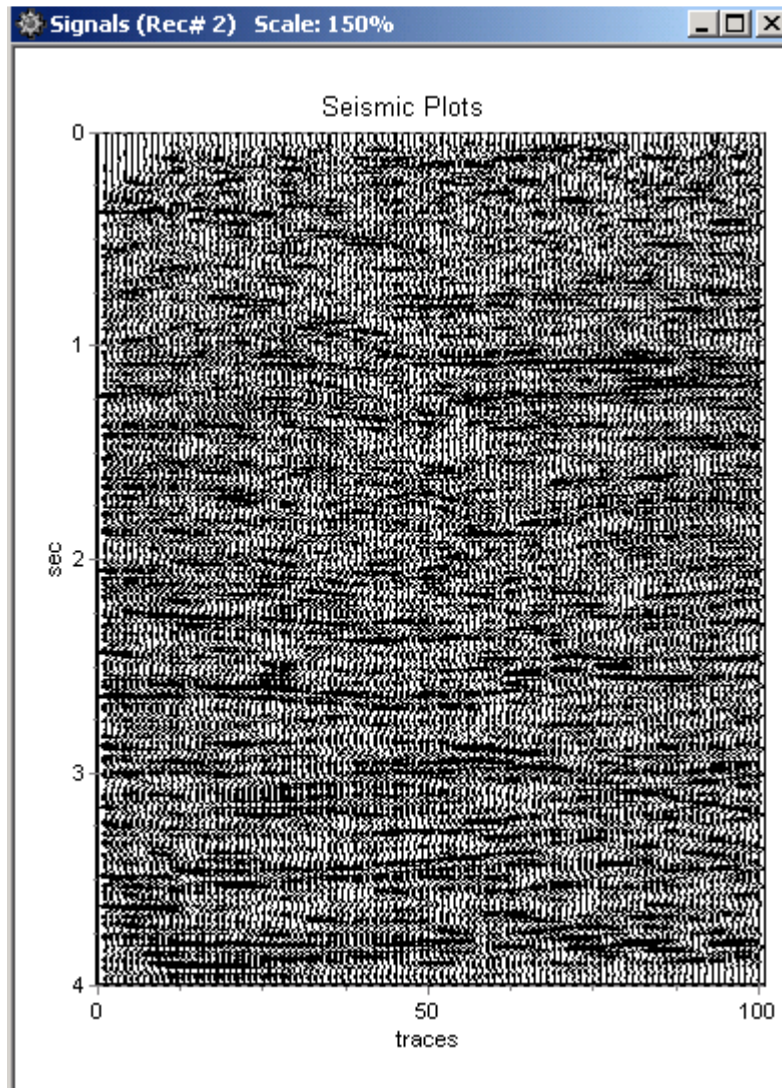


Figure 5.4.4 Vertical Seismic Plot – The x-axis shows “Trace #”

The Seismic Plots use special keys to control the gain and traces separation. The normal Zoom and axis control used in the other plots do not work well with the Seismic plot

- The “+” key on the numeric keypad – increases gain of each trace
- The “-” key on the numeric keypad – decreases gain for each trace
- The “Ins” (Insert) key increases separation between traces
- The “Del” (Delete) key decreases separation between traces

Pressing the right mouse button, when the pointer is on the graph, will open the plot popup menu. Select the Scale feature. The scale window allows the user to select different scaling options for the Seismic Plot.

Absolute Max – Applies the same gain to every trace

Equalize – Applies a different fixed gain to each trace. The gain is different for each trace to equalize the amplitude of the traces.

AGC – Applies an AGC (automatic gain control) to the data. The AGC algorithm equalizes the energy in the entered time window.

Individual Scale – The user can enter a fixed scale for each trace. Highlight the channels under the individual scale selection, and use the up down arrows to increase or decrease the scale.

Clip Channels – When selected the amplitude of each channel will be clipped, so that it will not overlap to the next channel.

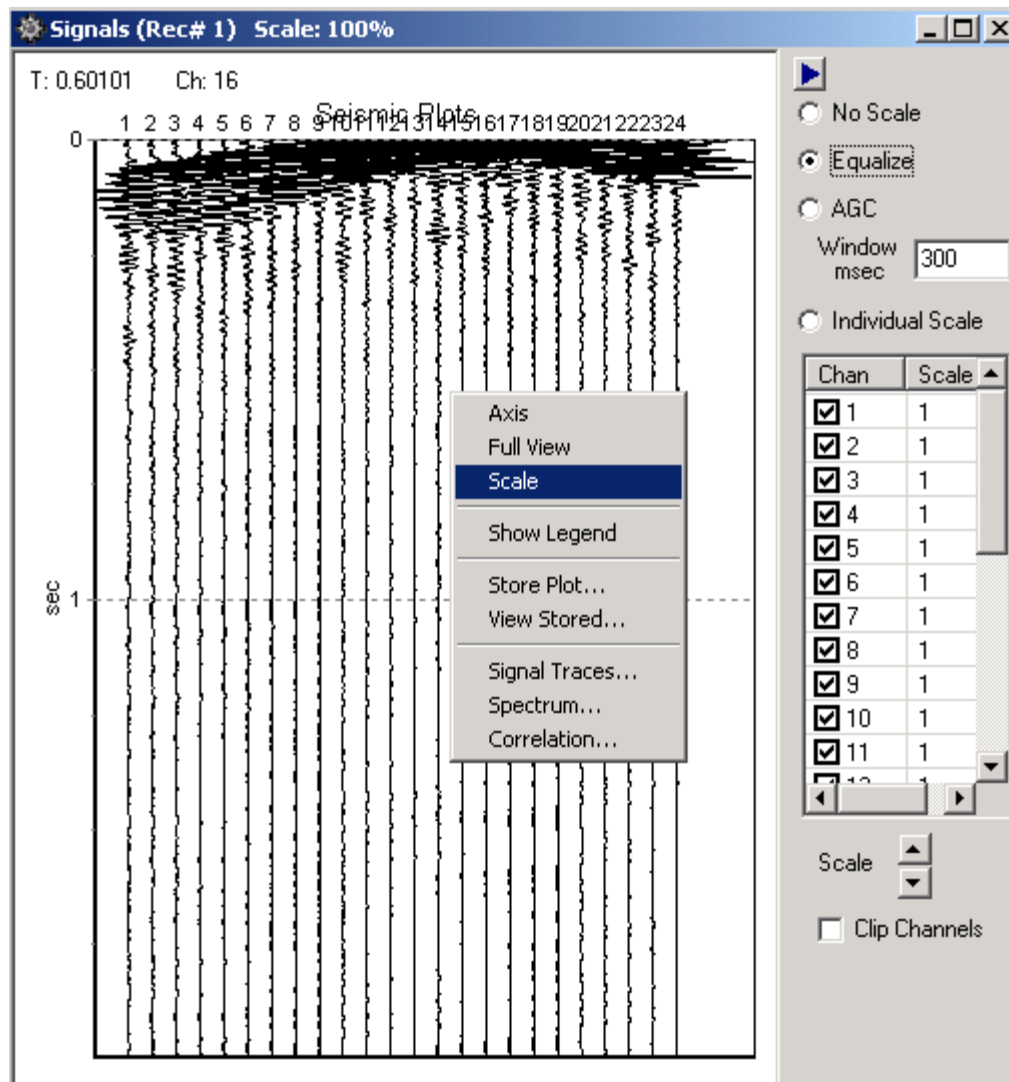


Figure 5.4.4.1 Vertical Seismic Plot – Scale Feature

5.4.5 Setting Zoom Level

Zoom buttons on the toolbar and the **View** menu help to adjust a view of a selected plot



Axis allows changing of the x and y axis of the plot.

Selecting “Full View” or pressing “ctrl +F” displays the entire plot.

To adjust zoom with the mouse press the left mouse button and make a box to zoom in on an area of the plot. Start at the top left corner and move to the bottom right corner.

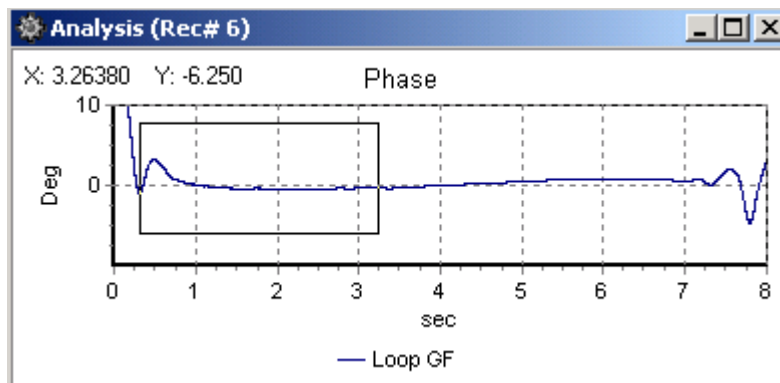
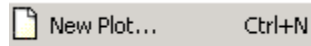


Figure 5.4.5 Zooming In with the Mouse

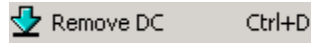
After releasing mouse button the plot will zoom in. After zooming in, making a box with the mouse from bottom right to top left will zoom out.

The plot position can be changed by clicking and holding right mouse button and dragging plot in desired direction.

5.4.6 Additional Plot Functions



Opens a new plot window



This option toggles the remove DC feature. When enabled this feature removes the DC component from the input signal before plotting or analyzing data. Status of selection is shown in the Plot info window at the bottom of the screen.

5.4.7 Filters



High Cut, Low Cut and Notch filters can be setup and selected. The Toolbar can be used to select or unselect each filter. If the Toolbar button appears pressed in then the filter is selected.

The setup for each filter can be found under the pull down menu Option – Preference. The pass band, and stop band frequencies for the Highpass and Lowpass filters can be set. The Notch Filters Center Frequency and the width can also be set.

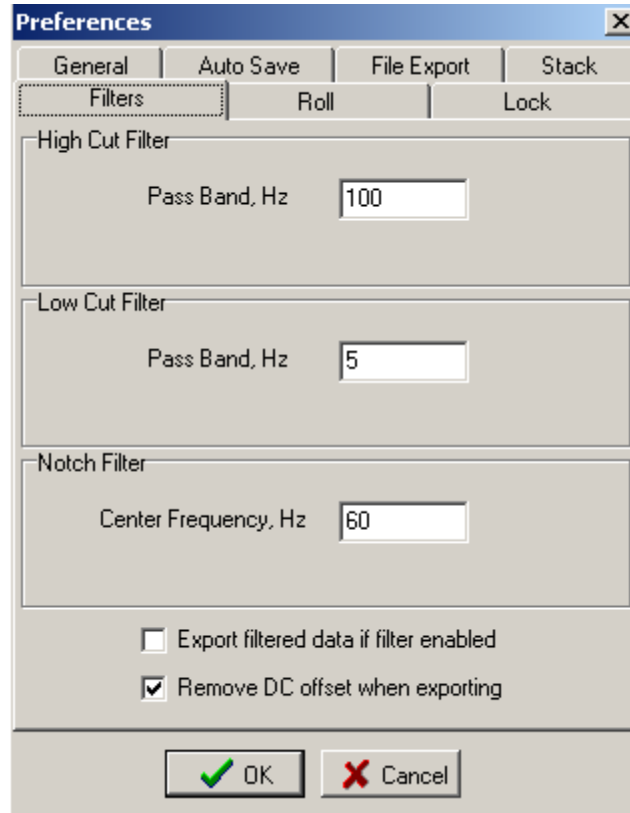


Figure 5.4.7 Filter Selection

There are two additional options for exporting the data.

Normally the remove DC offset when exporting is always enabled

The “Export filtered data if filter is enabled” selection is normally not enabled. When enabled the exported SEG-Y or SEG-2 data will have the filters applied. Normally the raw data is exported and filtering is done by the processing center.

5.4.8 General Settings

The General Settings menu allows the user to select either the A/D units (Volts), or some other display unit which was setup in the DAQlink configuration.

For normal Seismic operation A/D units should be used

Show Caption Buttons – allows the Toolbar Menu to be easier to use.

WinPcap network drive – this network driver allows the program to receive data much faster over the Ethernet connection. This driver is required when doing multiple boxes at high sample rate

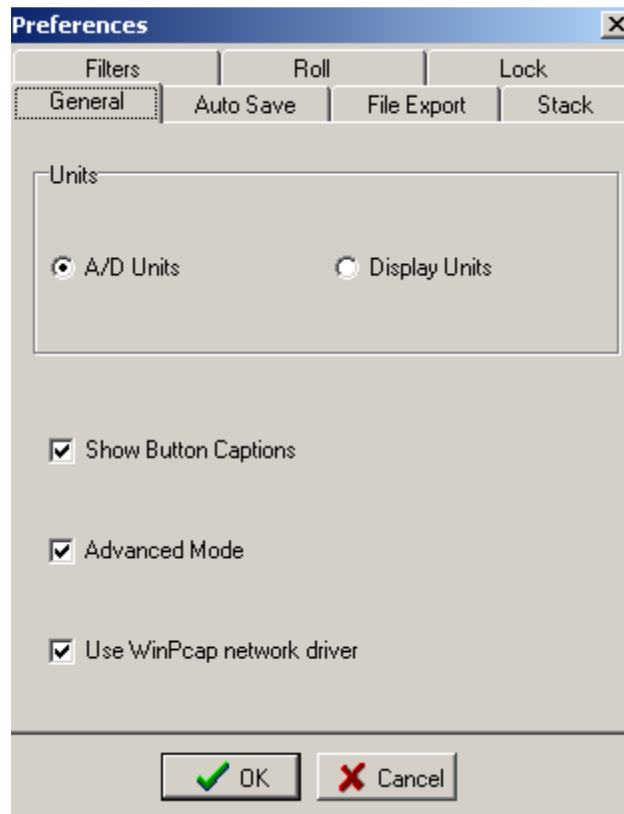


Figure 5.4.8 Display Settings

5.4.9 Auto Save and Auto Start



Auto Start Acquisition can be enabled from the main menu with the Repeat Button. After the data is acquired from all of the selected DAQlink units, the VScope program automatically sends a new start command out to the selected units.

Auto Save menu allows the user to setup the following automatic save operations.

- Auto Save Single Records to Database – After the data is acquired from all of the selected DAQlink units, the data is automatically saved to the database with the comment that is in memory.
- Auto Export Single Records to File - Allows all data to be exported to SEG-Y or SEG-2 files. Export Type and Export Path determine what type of file is exported and where the data will be stored.
- Confirm Before saving to Database. Select this option if to view data before saving or exporting

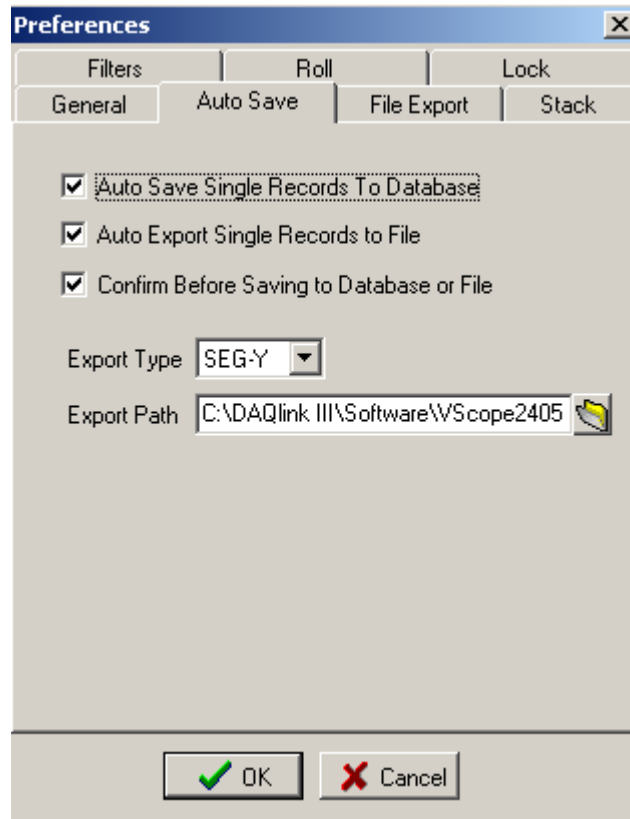


Figure 5.4.9 Auto Save

5.4.10 File Export Options

File Export Menu allows the user to setup the following file export selections

- Short File Names – When selected the program uses the File Number and the extension
- Detailed File names – When selected the program uses the File number plus the date plus the time delay and the extension.
- File number Length – The File number length can be limited by this entry. Example a 4 digit limit, will limit the file number from a value of 0000 to 9999.
- Append CSV Files is used when exporting CSV type files. When selected the new CSV data is appended to the old data. When not selected a new CSV file is created for every record

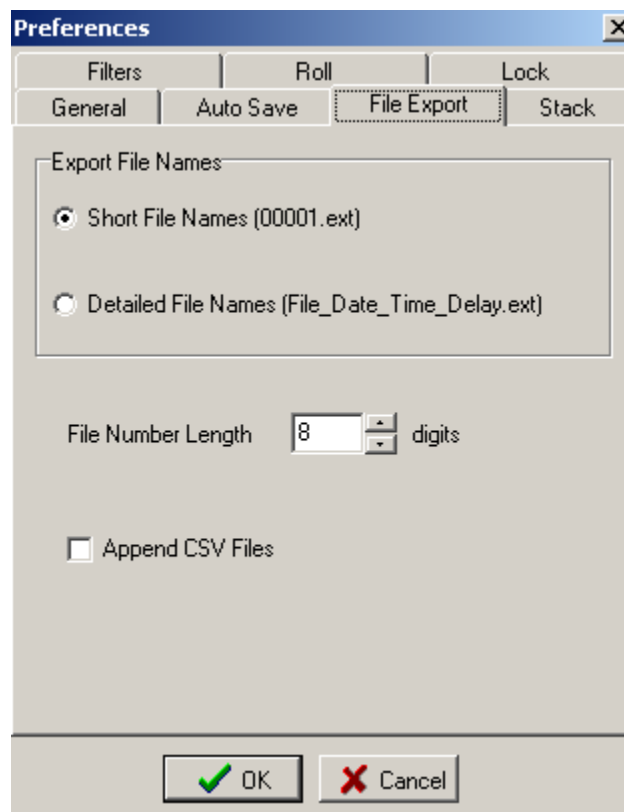


Figure 5.4.10 File Export

5.4.11 Stack Menu

Stack menu allows the user to setup the following automatic save operations.

- Auto Stack Records- When selected the program will automatically stack the records. See Memory Function
- Save Stack to Database – When selected the stacked data will be saved to database
- Export Stack to File – When Selected the stacked data will be exported to a file
- Confirm before stacking – When selected the operator must select to add record to stack
- Confirm before saving stack – When selected the operator must confirm before the stack is saved to the record
- Enable Polarity Selection for Stacking will enable an extra button in the VScope Toolbar which will invert all of the data. Ctrl +P will toggle from Positive to Negative

Use Save (Ctrl +S) to save stack at anytime

Use Clear (Ctrl+L) to clear stack

Press F2 to save and start new stack at anytime

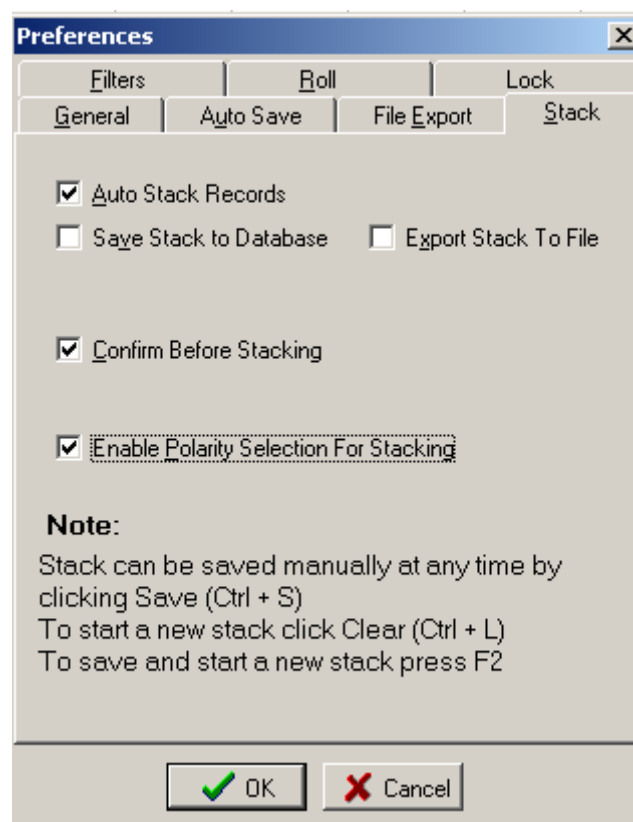
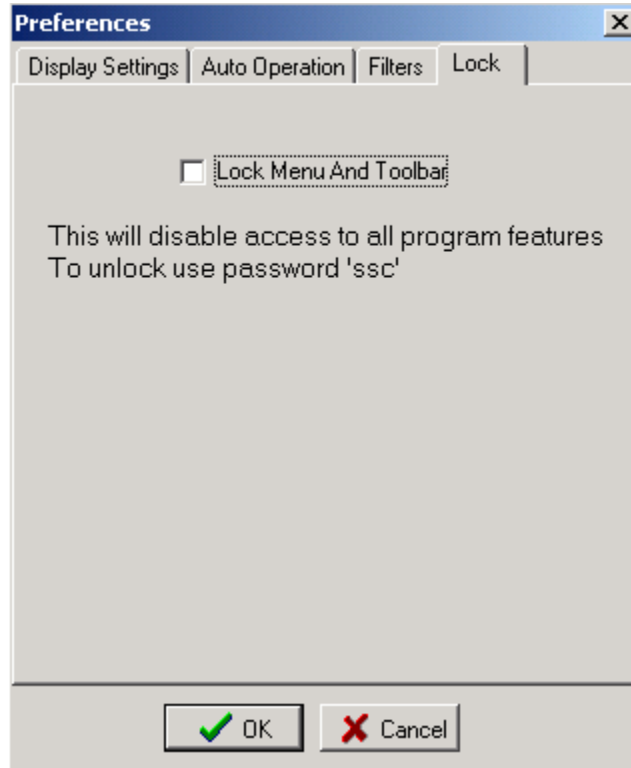


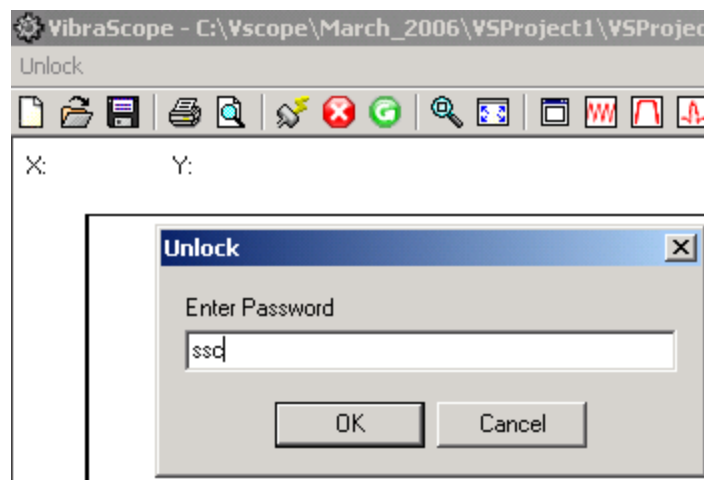
Figure 5.4.11 Stack Menu

5.4.12 Lock and Unlock Menu Option

The Lock menu option is normally not used. It is designed to lock the menu when operating in an automatic acquisition mode, therefore ignoring any accidental keyboard entries.

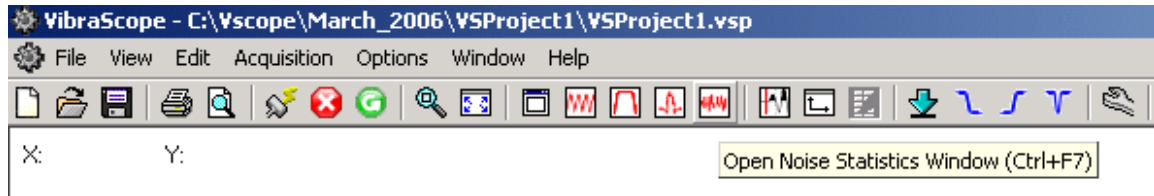


To remove the keyboard lock, type “ssc”.

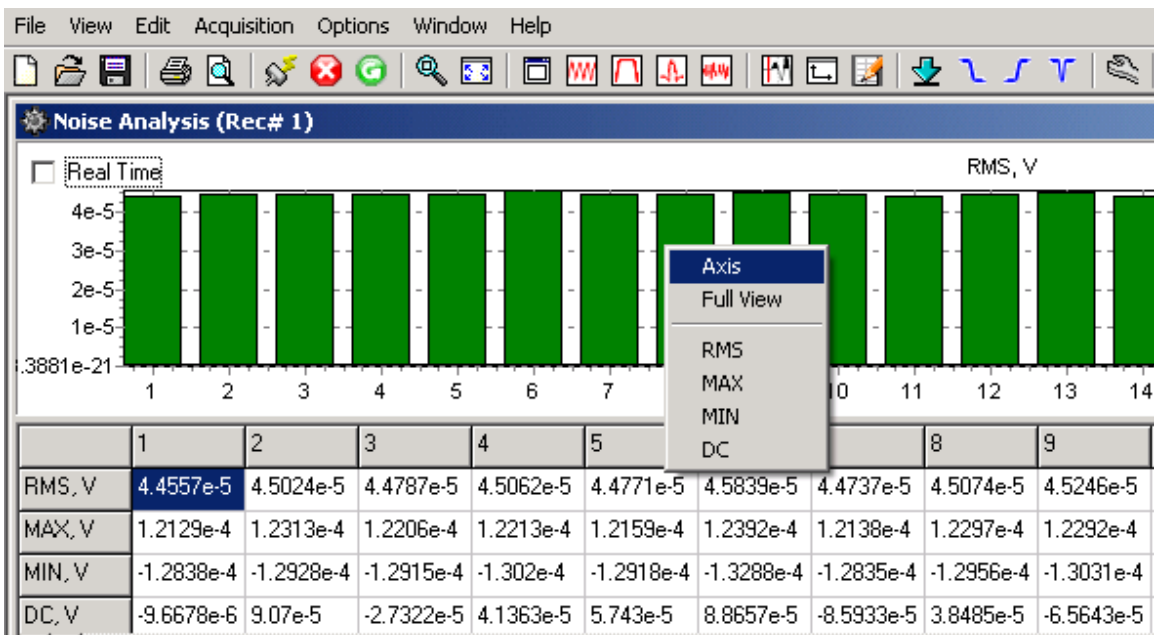


5.4.13 Noise Statistic Window

The real time Noise Monitor Window can be selected by the “Open Noise Statistic” button on the tool bar, or by pressing ctrl F7.



The Noise Statistic Window shows analysis of the current acquired data.



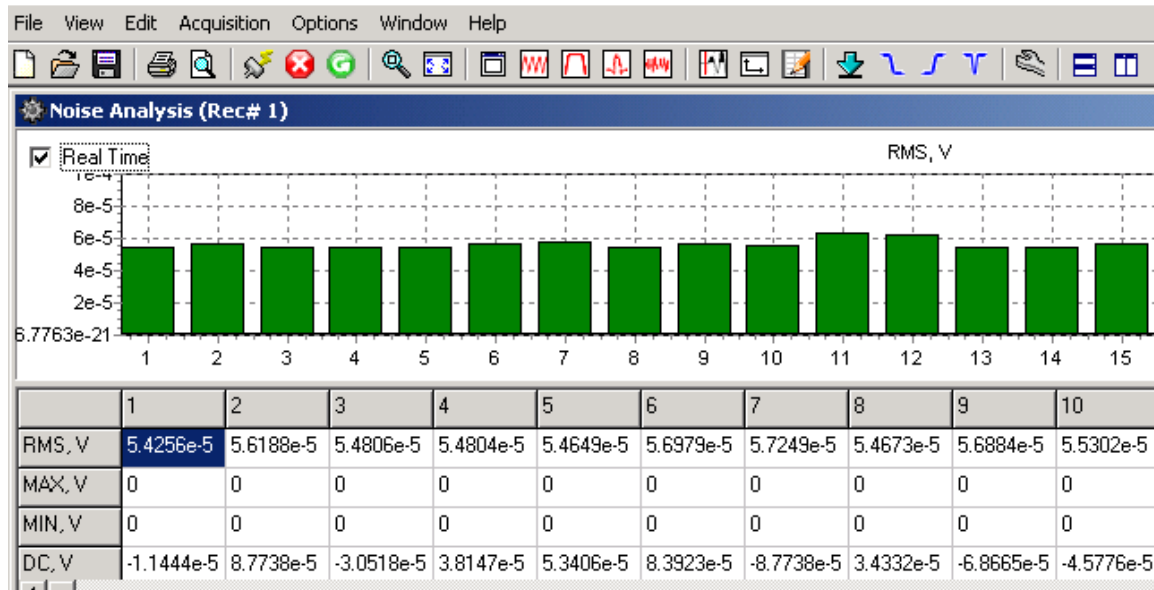
The RMS, maximum, minimum, and DC levels of each trace are shown for the current record.

5.4.14 Real Time Noise Monitor

“N” key is used to enable and disable the Real Time Noise Monitor.

The Real Time Noise monitor provides a continuous monitor of the line noise. This graph is very useful in determine line noise between shots.

The Y-axis needs to be selected to a fixed scale. This allows the bar graphs to show the noise levels related to a fixed scale. If auto scale is selected, then the bar graphs show full scale even when the noise level is very small.



Default scaling of the x and y axis is autoscale.

The scale should be changed to a fixed scale by right clicking the graph and selecting the Axis menu.

Select the fixed y-scale so that the bar graphs are small for acceptable noise levels and the bar graphs are large for high noise levels. This allows the operator to monitor the noise level on the spread in real time. On some jobs with large cultural noise, the real time monitor is used to time the trigger event for minimal noise levels.

Press “N” to disable the Real Time Monitor

5.5 Status Information Tabs

The Status information tabs at the bottom of the main window provide useful information about the current operation of the system.

5.5.1 Comment

The Comment tab shows the current comment for the record

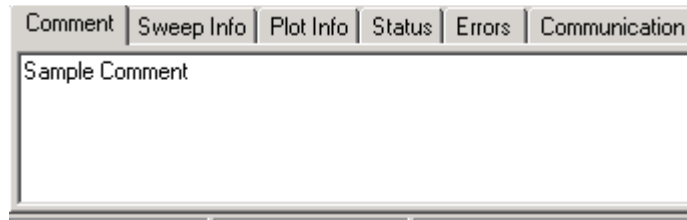


Figure 6.5.1 Comment

5.5.2 Record Information

The Sweep information tab shows important information about the record.

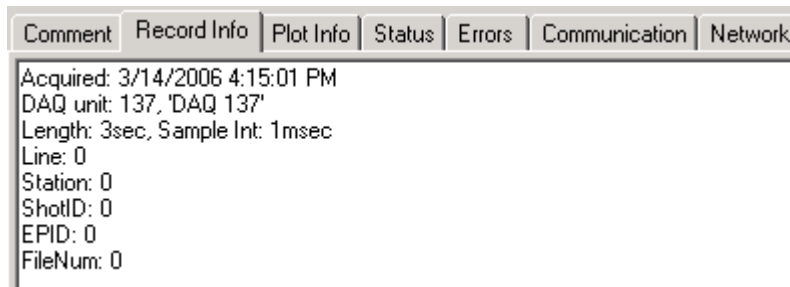


Figure 5.5.2 Record Information

5.5.3 Plot Information

The plot information tab shows the status of the plot selections for the current record.

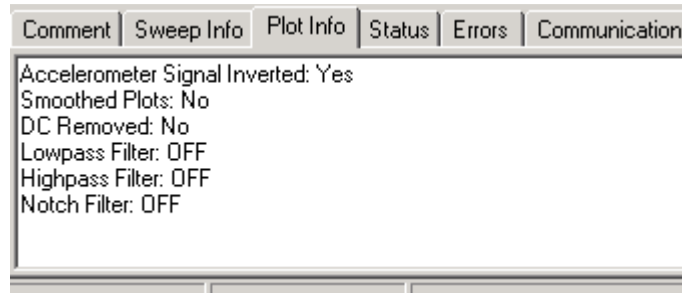


Figure 5.5.3 Plot Information

5.5.4 Status

The Status tab shows the status of the DAQlinks connected to the system. This is very useful in troubleshooting wireless Ethernet connections.

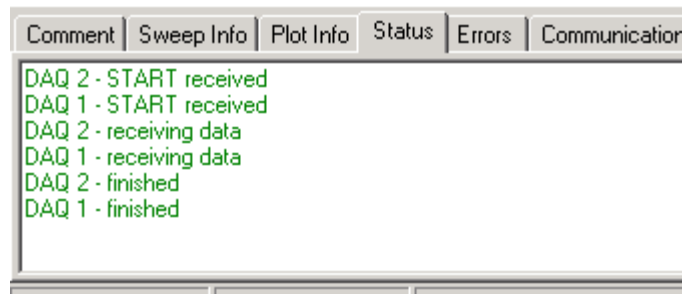


Figure 5.5.4 Status

5.5.5 Errors

The Error tab shows any communications error or error detected by the DAQlink unit. If an error occurs this tab is automatically displayed.

5.5.6 Communication Tab

The communication tab shows the current status of the DAQlink units that have been selected in the DAQlink setup menu. This is useful when using the wireless Ethernet option.

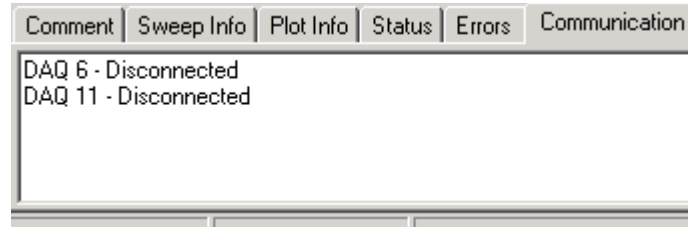


Figure 5.5.6 Communication

5.5.7 Network Tab

The Network Tab is used to show the current IP address that was detected when VScope started. The IP address of the computer should show 192.168.0.101.

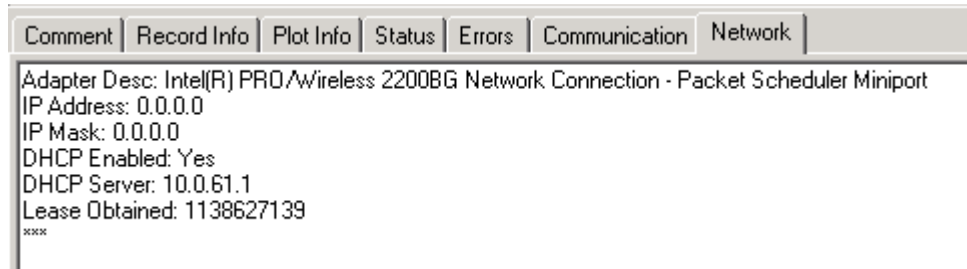


Figure 5.5.7 Network Tab

5.6 Memory Window – Stacking Operation

The memory window is used to stack multiple records in real time. Go to the Option – Memory selection to open the memory window. The Option – Preferences – Auto operation settings are also used to set up automatic stacking and storing of multiple records. Each record is stored in memory and can be saved to the database.

5.6.1 Auto Stack Operation

The **“Auto Stave, File Export and Stack”** menu can be used to automate the stacking and saving process. See section 5.4.9 through 5.4.11

When Auto Stack is enabled the following **“Hot Keys”** can be used

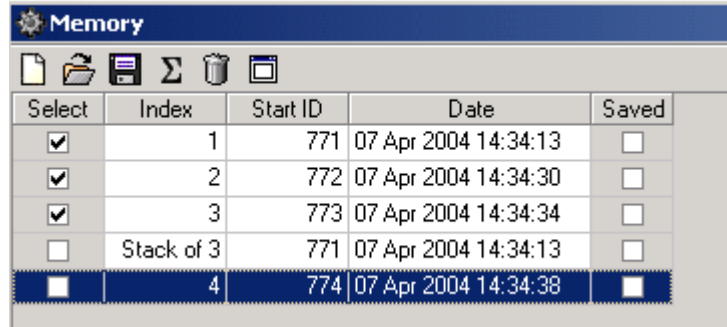
“ESC” Stops Acquisition

“Clear” button on Tool Bar will reset Stack number to “1”

“F2” Ends Stack – Saves current Stack and Clears Stack number

5.6.2 Memory Window


Opening the Memory Window shows details of the stacking process





Select	Index	Start ID	Date	Saved
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	1	771	07 Apr 2004 14:34:13	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	2	772	07 Apr 2004 14:34:30	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	3	773	07 Apr 2004 14:34:34	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	Stack of 3	771	07 Apr 2004 14:34:13	<input type="checkbox"/>
<input type="checkbox"/>	4	774	07 Apr 2004 14:34:38	<input type="checkbox"/>

Figure 5.6.2.1 Memory Window


The memory window tool bar is used to control the operations of the memory window.

 The memory clear button is used to clear all records from memory. Press this button before starting a new stack

 The load from database button allows a record from memory to be loaded into the memory buffer

 The save to database button saves all of the selected records in the memory buffer to the database

 The stack button allows the selected records in memory to be stacked

 The memory delete button allows the selected record in the memory buffer to be deleted.



 The show record button allows the selected record in the memory buffer to be viewed.



Figure 5.6.2.2 Memory Window Tool Bar

5.7 First Break Pick Feature

The Edit -Picker menu or the  button on the tool bar is used to enable the first break pick feature. With this feature enabled go to the point on the screen and left click the mouse.

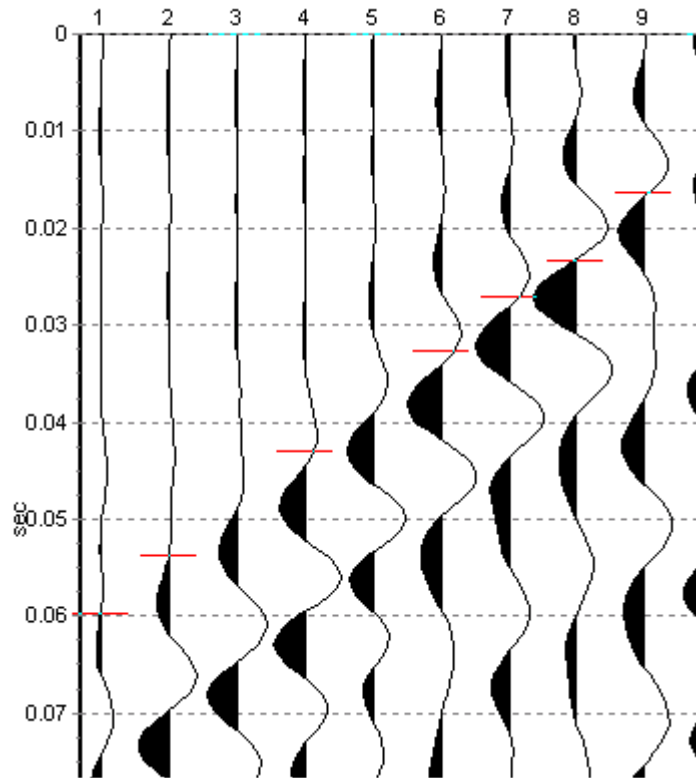
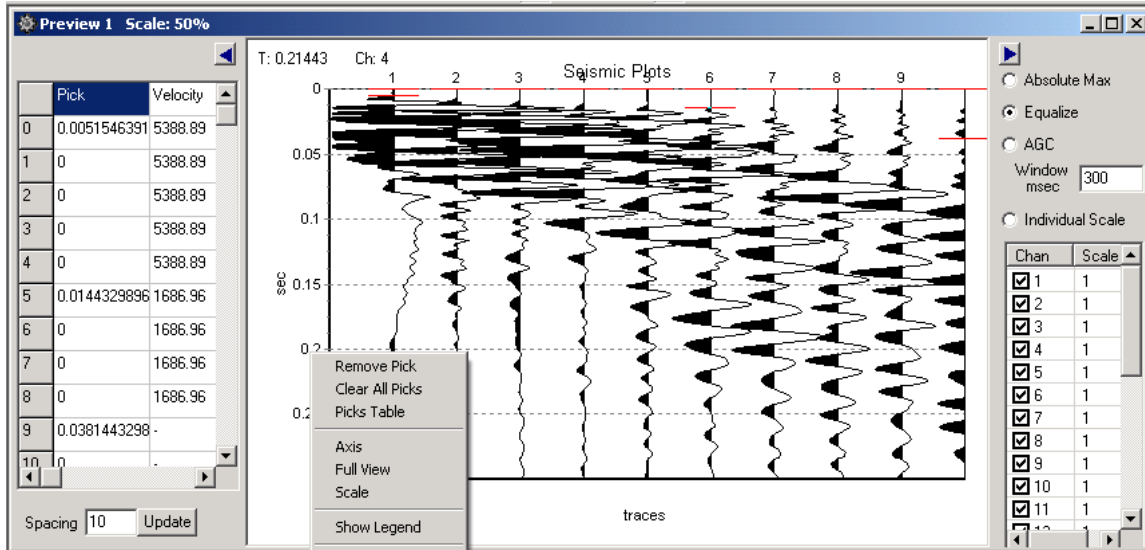



Figure 5.7.1 Picks on Seismic Plots

DAQlink User Manual

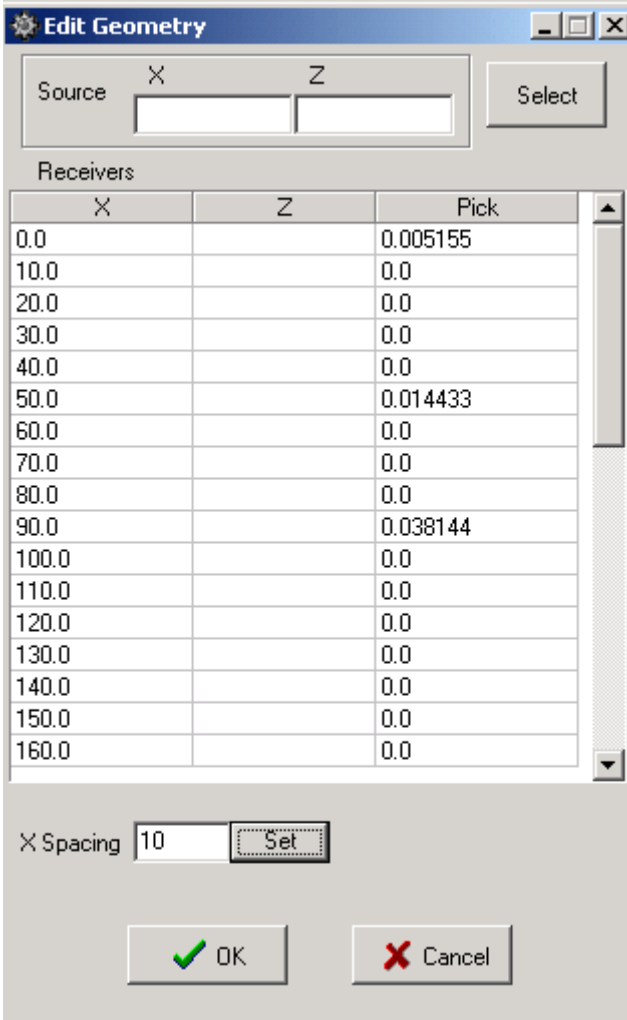
Right click on the screen and select pick table. The pick table will appear on the left side of the seismic plot. The time of each pick is shown in the table.

The geophone spacing is entered at the bottom of the screen. The velocity will be computed using the picks and the geophone spacing.



The Edit – Geometry selection or the  on the toolbar is used to select the geometry window.

The X (distance) and Z (elevation) of each geophone is entered in the table.



The dialog box titled "Edit Geometry" contains a "Source" section with input fields for "X" and "Z", and a "Select" button. Below this is a "Receivers" table with columns for "X", "Z", and "Pick". The table lists values for X from 0.0 to 160.0 in increments of 10.0, with corresponding "Pick" values. At the bottom, there is a "X Spacing" input field set to "10" with a "Set" button, and "OK" and "Cancel" buttons.

X	Z	Pick
0.0		0.005155
10.0		0.0
20.0		0.0
30.0		0.0
40.0		0.0
50.0		0.014433
60.0		0.0
70.0		0.0
80.0		0.0
90.0		0.038144
100.0		0.0
110.0		0.0
120.0		0.0
130.0		0.0
140.0		0.0
150.0		0.0
160.0		0.0

Figure 5.7.2 Edit Geometry Screen

The File –Save pick selection is used to save the picks to a File. This pick file is in a standard format to be used by other processing software.

5.8 Refraction Example Setup

The VScope software with the DAQlink unit has been designed to be a very flexible system which has many options for setup.

Once System is setup, all settings are stored in the “Project Settings”. When a new project is created, the current project settings can be copied to the new project. All settings are copied, so the setup of all of the options and displays is only required once.

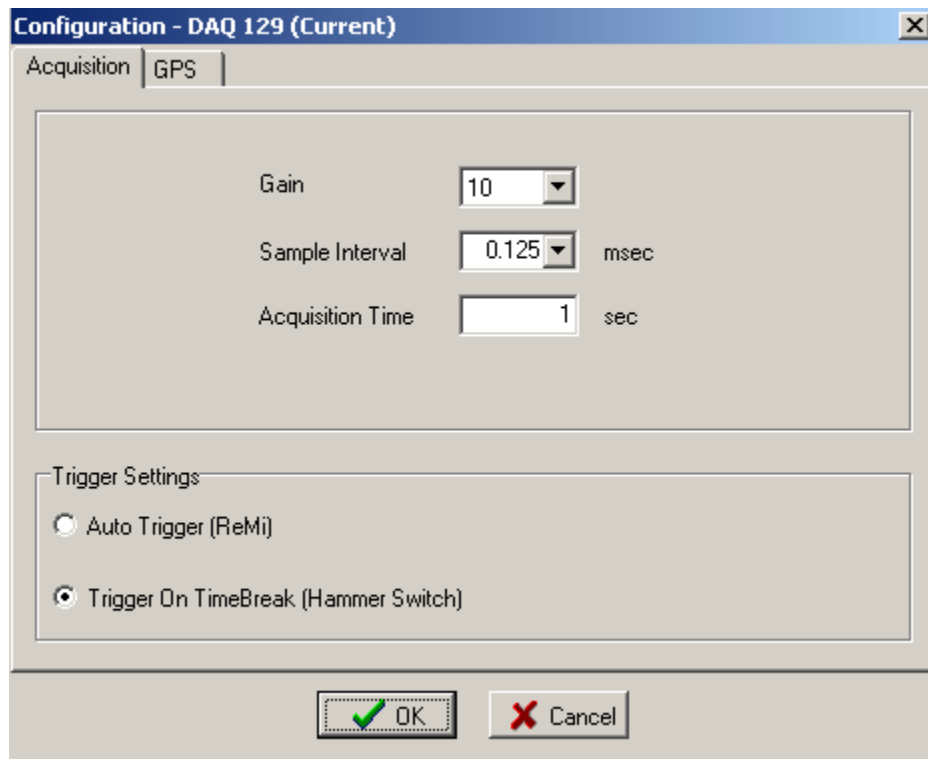
Typically system setups should be saved to “standard projects” which can be reloaded into VScope program. This allows different setups to be saved to the computer for different applications. Then when in the field, the standard setup can be loaded into the computer and everything is ready to go

The following example shows a typical setup for a refraction survey using a Sledge Hammer as a source.

Setup for Automatic Features

5.8.1 Devices Settings

Go to Device settings and setup for Refraction Shot, typically setup is 0.125 sample interval with short acquisition time. Example shows 1 second record



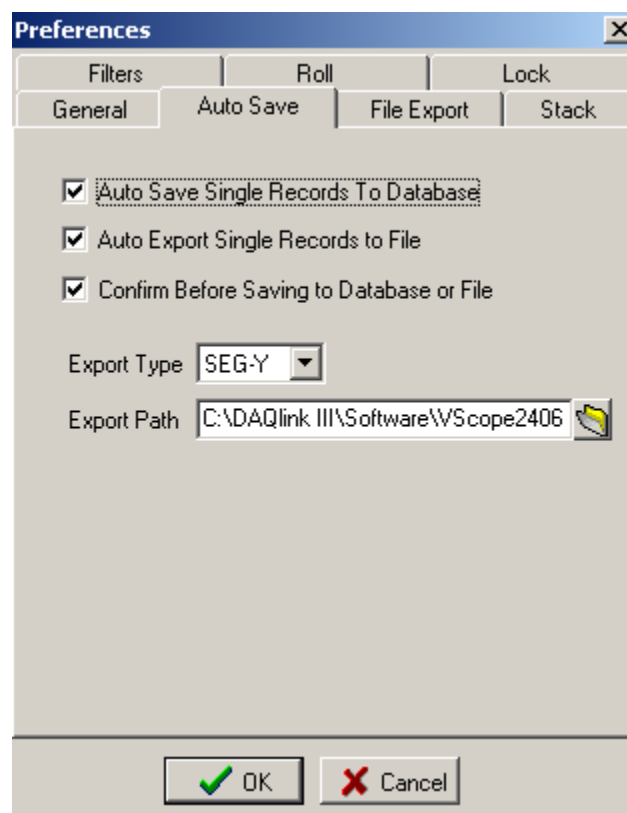
5.8.2 Auto Save Menu

Options- Preference- Auto Save Menu

Allows data to be automatically saved to database or exported to SEG-Y or SEG-2 data.

Example shows saving all data to database and SEG-Y files. Large number of records in database can slow system. The database storing can be unselected to speed up system with large number of records.

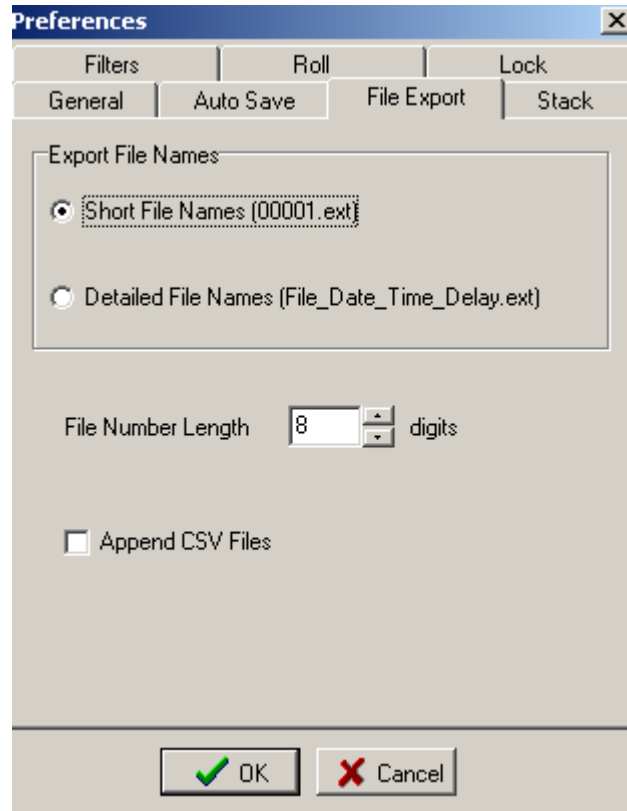
Viewing and confirming before saving. This function requires that all data be viewed before saving.



5.8.3 File Export Menu

Options – Preference – File Export Menu

This menu selects the naming option for the SEG-Y file names



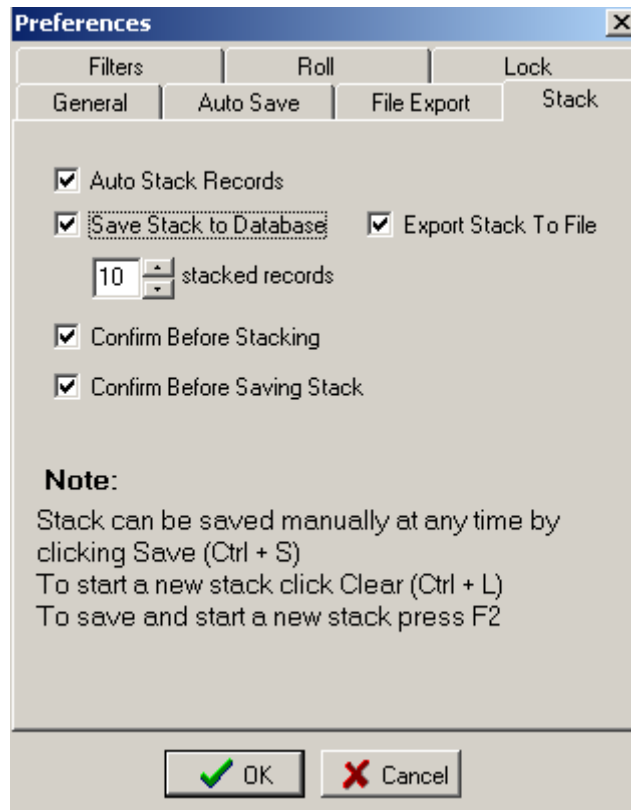
5.8.4 Stack Menu

Options – Preference- Stack menu

This menu selects the options for the automatic stack function.

Data stored in database can also be stacked at a later time to eliminate bad records. To speed up field acquisition, it is sometimes desirable to save all records and stack and review data in the office.

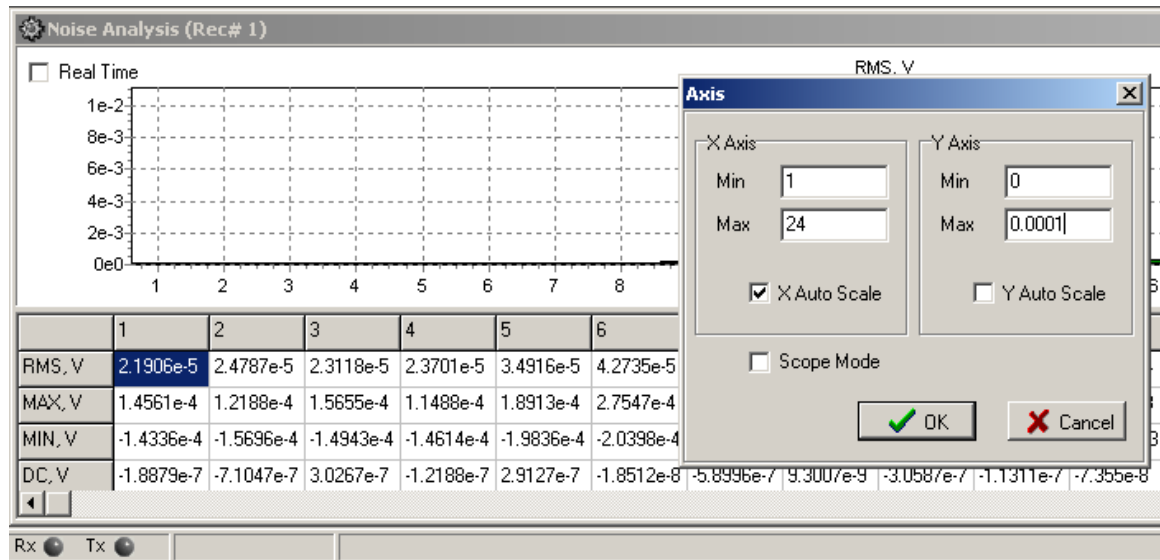
Example shows saving and exporting stacked records to database and SEG-Y files. Number of Hits at one location is set to 10. This is normally set to a larger number than required to allow large number of automated hits at one location. The Stacked Data will be viewed after every Hit, and if the stack looks OK, then the Stack can be saved early by pressing the “ESC” key to stop automatic functions, then the “F2” key to save and reset the stack.



5.8.5 Real Time Noise Window

The Real Time Noise Window can be used to determine the best time to do a refraction hit. Sometimes the Refraction study is done in an urban area with large ambient noise from airplanes, large trucks, etc. This ambient noise should be at a minimum when Hammer Hits are taken.

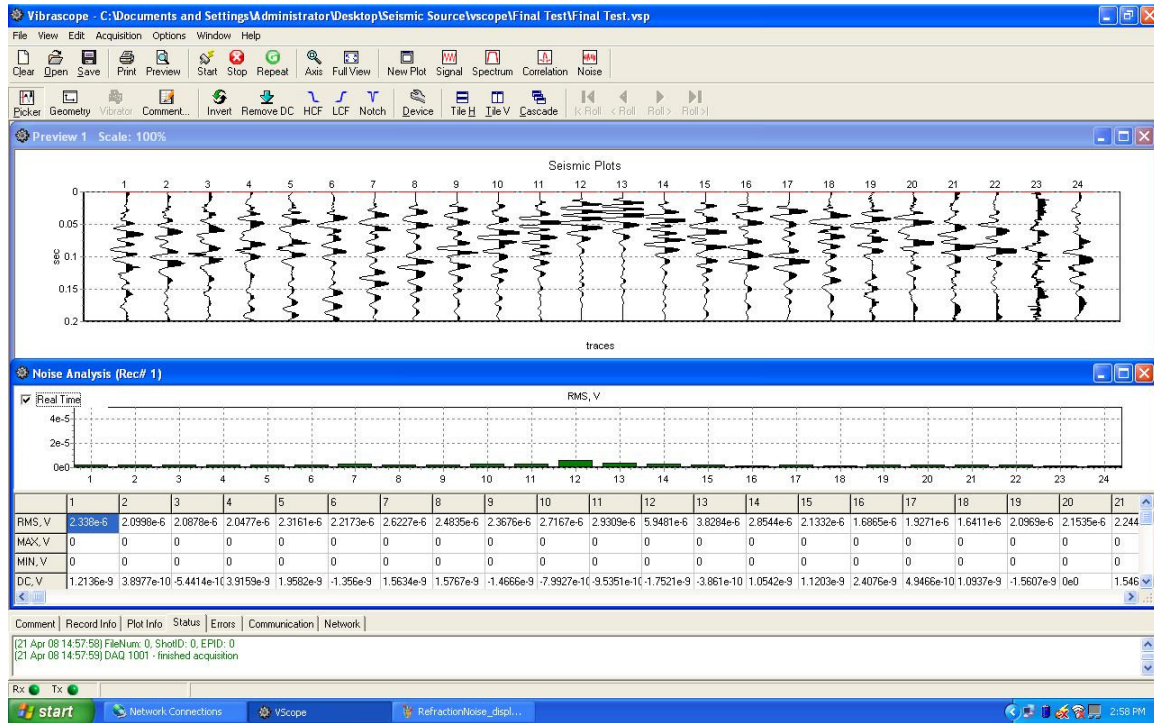
Select Noise Window and set the Noise Window for a Fixed Y Axis.
Y Min = 0 and Y Max = 0.00004, Disable the Y Auto Scale. (This will set maximum noise to 40 microvolts RMS some area may require different max scale.)



After setting the Y-Scale, then set the Noise Analysis for “Real Time”. The Bar graphs will continually update showing the noise level on all of the spread channels.

The Hotkey “N” is used to toggle the Real Time Noise Monitor ON and OFF.

Typical Refraction Shot Screen Setup with Noise Monitor



5.8.6 Acquiring Refraction data with Hammer Hits

Press “Ctrl R” to enable the “Repeat Start” or “Auto Start” function of the system

Press “A” – Starts Auto Sequence

Wait for Real Time Noise Monitor to show Low Noise – (Press “N” to enable the real time Noise Feature)

Hit Strike Plate with Hammer

System will display first “Hit” data

If this record is OK, press “Y” to save it to database and add it to the stack

Press “N” to discard data

Wait for Real Time Noise Monitor to show Low Noise

Hit Strike Plate with Hammer

System will display first “Hit” data

If this record is OK, press “Y” to save it to database and add it to the stack

Press “N” to discard data

The system will then display the stacked data

Repeat Hit Sequence until Stacked data is OK

To save stacked data before total number of Hits entered in stack menu

Press “ESC” to Stop Acquisition

Press “F2” to “Save Stack” and “Clear Stack Counter”

After Saving Stack then Move to next Shot Point and repeat Hit Sequence

5.9 VScope “Hotkeys”

The following “Hotkeys” can be used with the VScope Program. These “Hotkeys” allow quick access to functions without having to use the mouse and the mouse buttons.

- “A” – Start Acquisition
- “ESC” – Stops Acquisition – also exits some menus
- “Ctrl S” – Save Data to database
- “Ctrl O” – Open Database Explorer to load record

- “Ctrl R” – Repeat Start – Auto Start On/Off

Stack “Hot Keys” - used when Auto Stack selected

- “Esc” – Stops Acquisition
- “Ctrl L” – Clears Stack resets counter
- “Ctrl S” – Save Stack at anytime
- “F2” – Save and Start new Stack

Confirm Save Menu

- “Y”, “Enter” – Save
- “N”, “Esc” – Do Not Save

Confirm Stacking

- “Y”, “Enter” – Add to stack
- “N”, “Esc” – Do not add to stack

Plots

- “Ctrl N” – new plot
- “Ctrl I” – invert plot On/Off
- “Ctrl D” – remove DC offset On/Off
- “Ctrl X” – Axis settings
- “Ctrl F” – Full view

Real Time Noise Monitor

- “N” enables/disables Real Time Noise for the Noise Bar Graph

Filters

- “Ctrl T” – High Cut On/Off
- “Ctrl Z” – Low Cut On/Off
- “Ctrl Y” – Notch On/Off

Seismic Plot

“+” – Increase amplitude
“-” – Decrease amplitude
“*” – Stretch in time
“/” – Compress in time
“Home” – To the first trace
“End” – To the last trace
“PgUp”/“PgDn” – Move up and down
Arrows – Move cursor
Ctrl + Arrows – Scroll plot slowly
Sift + Ctrl + Arrows – Scroll plot fast

Roll

“F4” – Roll Up
“F3” – Roll Down
“Ctrl F3” – Roll to beginning
“Ctrl F4” – Roll to end

Other Hot Keys in main window

'D' - Device
'P' - Preferences
'U' - Auto Save settings
'S' - Stacking settings

Most of the controls in any of these windows have short cut key which are underlined.

It can be used with Alt and in most cases even without it. For example, press 'Q' to get to DAQ Settings in Device window.

High Cut Filter is "Ctrl T"

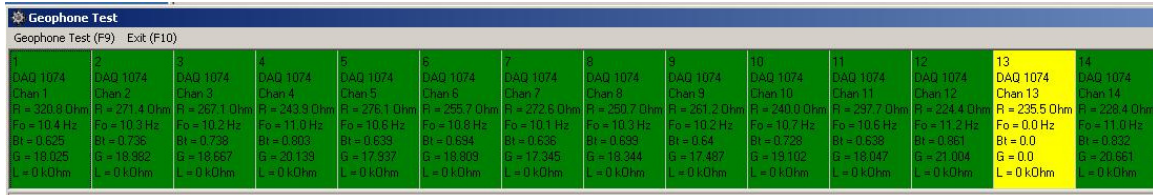
Real time RMS Noise is controlled with 'N' key.

5.10 Geophone and Line Test

The DAQLINK has a built in Geophone Test and Line test feature. This test performs a “Pulse Test” on all of the geophones. The results of the test are shown on a bar graph at the bottom of the Screen.

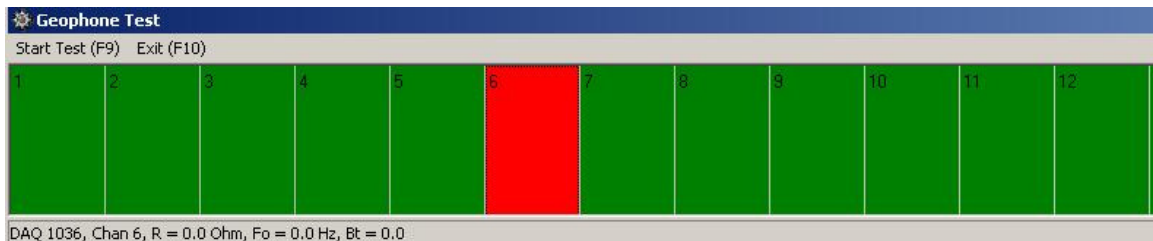
Press F10 to open the Geophone Test bar graphs.

Press F9 to start a new Geophone/Line Test



The Bar Graph shows “Green” if all geophones are connected and are planted correctly. Move your mouse to any box on the “Bar Graph” and click it with the mouse and the Resistance, Frequency and Damping of the station will be shown.

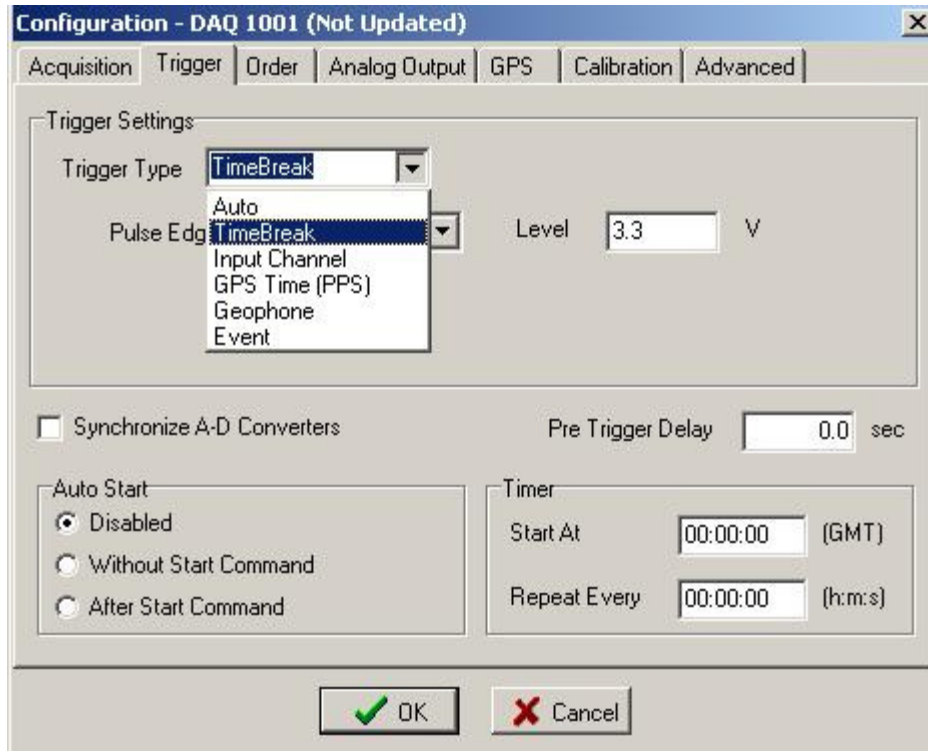
If the Geophone is on its side the Bar Graph will display “Yellow”. Note: Higher Frequency Geophones (30Hz +) will show green when on their side.



If the Geophone is not connected or the cable is “open circuit”, then the bar graph shows RED. The Resistance is measured greater than 4000 ohms then the Graph shows RED

5.11 Triggering Multiple DAQLinks

The DAQLINK has various options for triggering.



For Multiple DAQLink triggering a special “Trigger On Time” feature is built in on all modes. When one DAQLink unit triggers a special “Trigger On Time” message is sent to all other DAQLink units through the Ethernet Network. This message is received by all of the other DAQLink units and they will trigger and send data back to the main computer.

The “Trigger on Time” feature requires a GPS receiver at every DAQLink unit to synchronize the internal clock in the DAQLink. The DAQLink unit must receive at least 10 valid PPS pulses from the GPS system to synchronize the internal clock. After the internal clock has been synchronized, then GPS signal can be removed. This allows operation in areas where the GPS coverage is intermittent. If the internal clock has not been synchronized, then the “Trigger on Time” message is ignored.

After receipt of the “Trigger on Time” message, all of the DAQLink units will retrieve the appropriate data stored in the memory of the unit. The exact time of the trigger event is used and the data from each DAQLink is sent back to the central recording system.

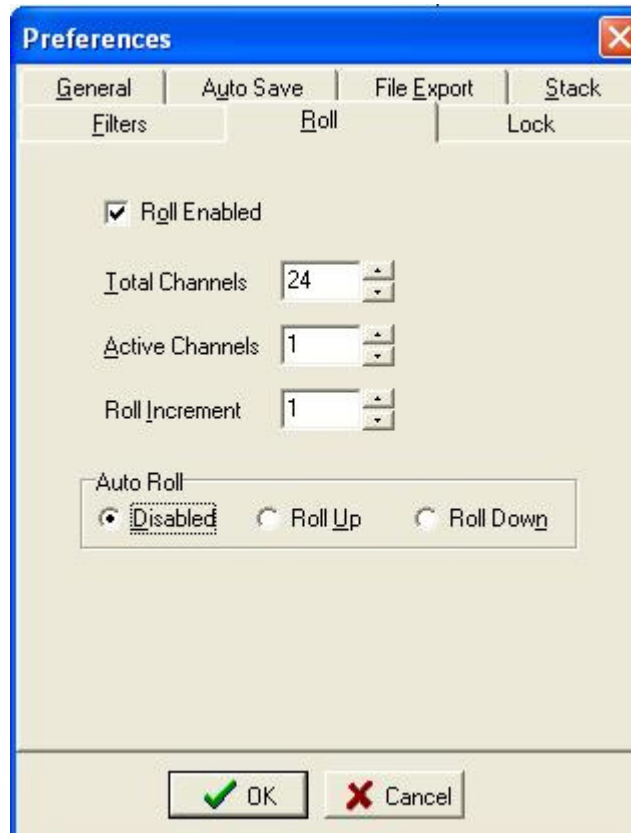
This special “Trigger on Time” feature allows multiple DAQLink units to be used with only the Ethernet and GPS connected at each DAQLink.

Very accurate triggering can be performed using Multiple DAQLink units and wireless Ethernet systems.

5.12 Roll along Feature

The DAQLINK/VScope has a built in Roll along feature. This feature allows different channels to be enabled and the spread to “Roll” with the acquisition.

Go to the Options- preference- Roll menu:



Select the “Roll enable” to enable the Roll Feature

Select the Total number of Active channels for each acquisition.

Select the “Roll” increment. This entry selects how many channels will be incremented.

Auto roll can be enabled – either Roll up increment or Roll down decrement can be enabled.

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When the Roll along feature is enabled, the Roll tool bar is shown in the main Windows Tool bar



The Roll control buttons allow the spread to be rolled manually.

The display in the middle shows the active channels.

The following “hot keys” can be used to move the Active channels for the Roll feature.

Roll

“F4” – Roll Up

“F3” – Roll Down

“Ctrl F3” – Roll to beginning

“Ctrl F4” – Roll to end

6 Advanced Features

6.1 DAQlink Continuous Recording

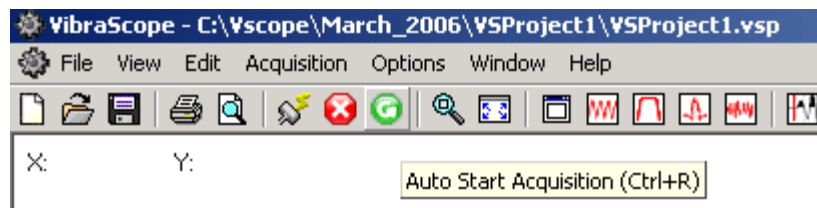
The DAQlink has the ability to perform almost continuous recording. Typical this type of recording is done using a GPS receiver. This allows the recorded events to be referenced to a GPS time.

6.1.1. VScope Auto Start Function

The Auto Start function allows the DAQlink to perform continuous recording. There are two basic auto start features with the VScope and DAQlink system. The VScope auto start allows the software program to restart the DAQlink unit. The DAQlink auto start allows the DAQlink to auto start itself without being commanded from the VScope program.

VScope auto start allows the VScope program to restart the DAQlink unit. This function is enabled by pressing the “Auto Start” button on the tool bar, or by pressing the (Ctrl + R) Hot Key. This function toggles the auto start “on” and “off”. After auto start is enabled, a manual start is required to start the cycle.

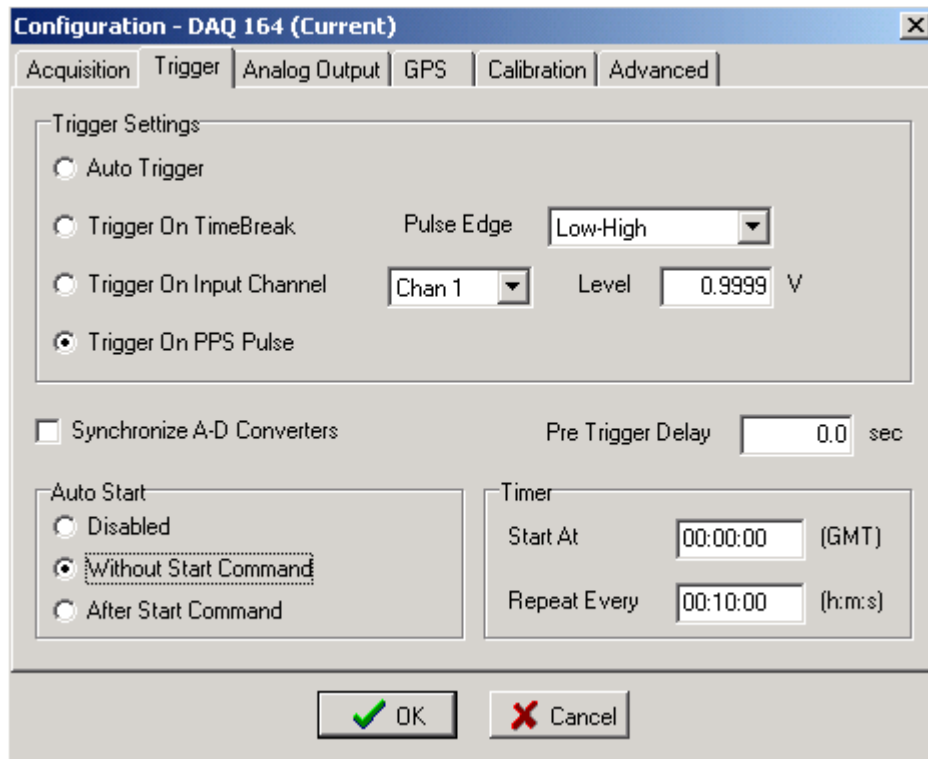
When the VScope auto start is enabled, the VScope program first completes acquisition of the current record, and then automatically restarts the DAQlink unit. There will be a delay between records depending on the acquisition parameters.



6.1.2 DAQlink Auto Start Feature

The DAQlink also has an auto start feature. This feature is enabled in the Options-Device-DAQ setting menu. Advance Mode must be selected in the Option-Preference menu to enable this screen. There are three selections in this menu:

1. Disabled – This selection disables the DAQlink auto start
2. Without Start Command – When this selection is enabled, the DAQlink will start acquisition as soon as the unit is powered up. This selection is used when the DAQlink will not be connected to a computer running VScope during acquisition.
3. After Start Command – This selection enables the auto start feature after a “Start” Command has been sent from the VScope program. This mode is used when the unit is connected to a computer running VScope.



6.1.3 GPS Trigger on PPS

The DAQlink unit can be set to trigger on the GPS PPS clock. First the trigger on PPS pulse must be selected in the trigger selection, and then the Timer values must also be selected.

Timer Value:

Start At: The Start At time is used when the exact time of an event is to be used to trigger the DAQlink. Example: 01:00:00 will delay the start of acquisition until 01:00 GMT. (This time is referenced to GPS time). An entry of 00:00:00 is used to allow the repeat every entry to be used without an exact start time.

Repeat Every: The repeat every entry is used to determine when the next auto start will occur. Example an entry of 00:10:00 will cause an auto start to occur the next time the GPS time is on an even 10 minute boundary (10:00).

Example 1: It is 1:13 GST. The DAQlink is set with the following:

Start Time = 00:00:00

Repeat Every = 00:10:00

The DAQlink will start acquisition at the following times:

01:20 GST

01:30 GST

01:40 GST

etc..

Example 2: It is 1:13 GST. The DAQlink is set with the following:

Start Time = 02:00:00

Repeat Every = 00:10:00

The DAQlink will start acquisition at the following times:

02:00 GST

02:10 GST

etc..

6.1.4 DAQlink Timing - GPS

For standard continuous recording the GPS units are used to start the acquisition and to synchronize the DAQlink's internal clock oscillators. The DAQlink unit must receive one valid position and a valid PPS pulse from the GPS unit to start using the trigger on PPS mode. After this first valid PPS, the internal clock of the DAQlink units are used to trigger the later records.

Whenever the recording time equals the value entered in the "repeat every entry", then the DAQlink will be in true Continuous recording mode with no GAPS. The trigger must be set to either PPS or Auto trigger

6.1.5 Continuous Recording Examples

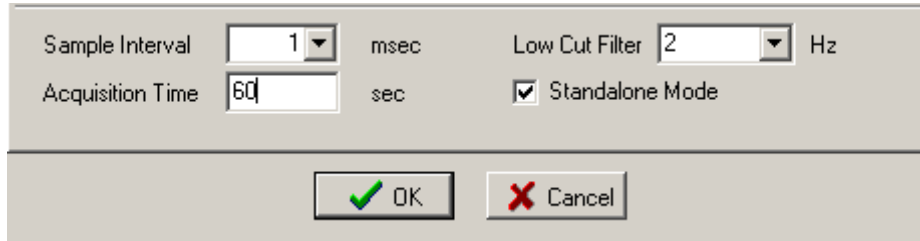
Example 1: Setup DAQlink for Autonomous continuous recording using GPS time.

With the following setup the DAQlink will record the data to the internal Flash memory. The data must be downloaded to the VScope computer after recording is completed. Each record will have 60 seconds. There will be a NO delay between records.

Sample Rate = 1.00 msec

Sample Length = 60 seconds

Standalone Mode enabled – this selection disables the output to the VScope computer.



Sample Interval: 1 msec
 Acquisition Time: 60 sec
 Low Cut Filter: 2 Hz
☒ Standalone Mode

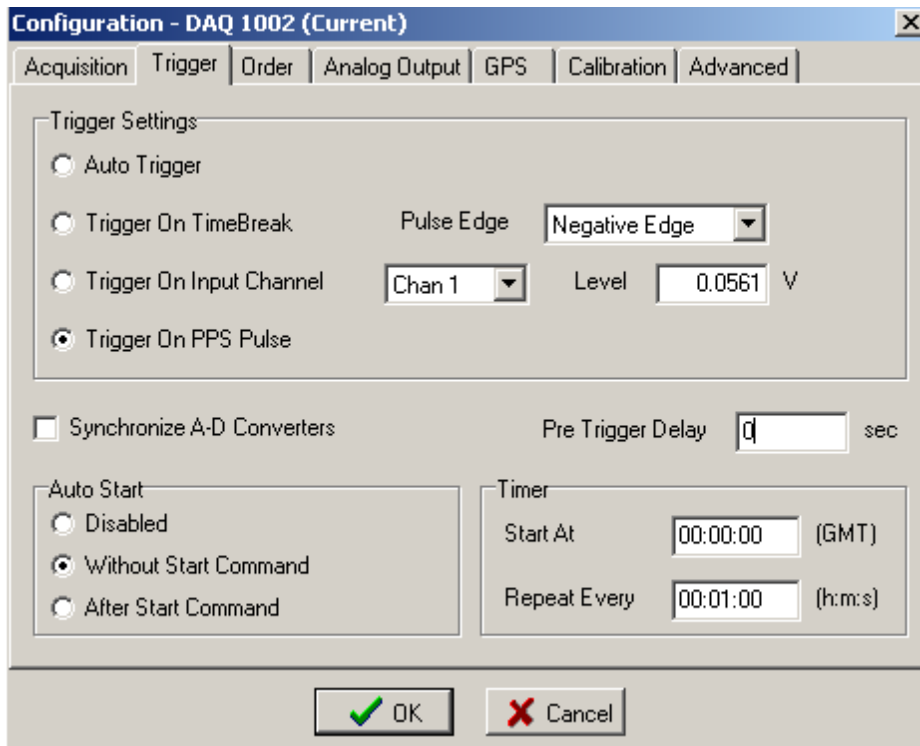
Trigger on PPS pulse

Start Time 00:00:00

Repeat Every 00:10:00

Synchronize A-D

Auto Start – Without Start command



Configuration - DAQ 1002 (Current)

Acquisition | **Trigger** | Order | Analog Output | GPS | Calibration | Advanced

Trigger Settings

☐ Auto Trigger

☐ Trigger On TimeBreak Pulse Edge: Negative Edge

☐ Trigger On Input Channel: Chan 1 Level: 0.0561 V

☒ Trigger On PPS Pulse

☐ Synchronize A-D Converters Pre Trigger Delay: 0 sec

Auto Start

☐ Disabled

☒ Without Start Command

☐ After Start Command

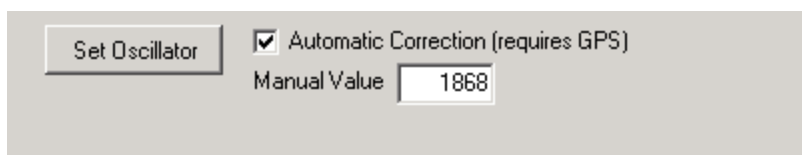
Timer

Start At: 00:00:00 (GMT)

Repeat Every: 00:01:00 (h:m:s)

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The internal GPS oscillator should also be adjusted to GPS time. This allows for the long records to have correct timing. This selection is found in the Device- Options-Advanced settings tab.

A screenshot of a software window titled 'Set Oscillator'. It contains a checked checkbox labeled 'Automatic Correction (requires GPS)' and a text input field labeled 'Manual Value' with the number '1868' entered.

Set Oscillator

☒ Automatic Correction (requires GPS)

Manual Value

6.2 Continuous Monitoring of data

The VScope DAQlink system allows continuous monitoring of a small number of channels. Larger number of channels slows the computer program system too much for continuous monitoring. First set up the DAQlink for short records.

Example 1 msec sample rate

1 second record

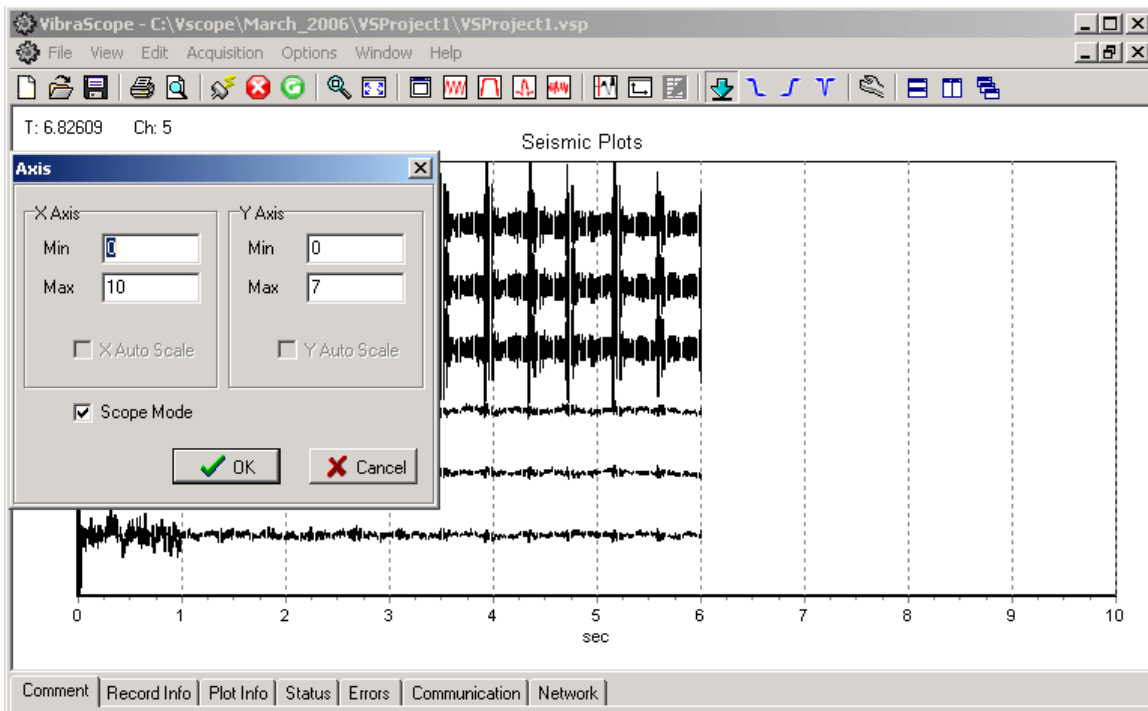


Set up the DAQlink to record. Configure the system for appropriate trigger method. Either set up for auto trigger (for continuous monitoring) or use actual trigger (to record an actual event).

Select signal graph and go to axis setup.

Select Scope Mode, and set x-axis to larger than acquisition time.

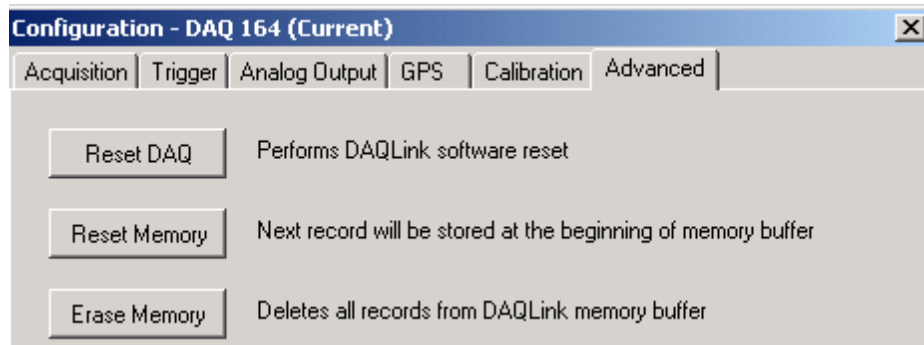
Start acquisition. Each time the 1 second record is received; the graph is updated in real time. Example shows result of 6 one-second records.



6.3 DAQlink Flash Card Download

The DAQlink unit stores all data to an internal compact Flash card. The records can be downloaded to the VScope program after data has been acquired.

Before using the Flash Card option, it is best to reset memory in the Flash Card.



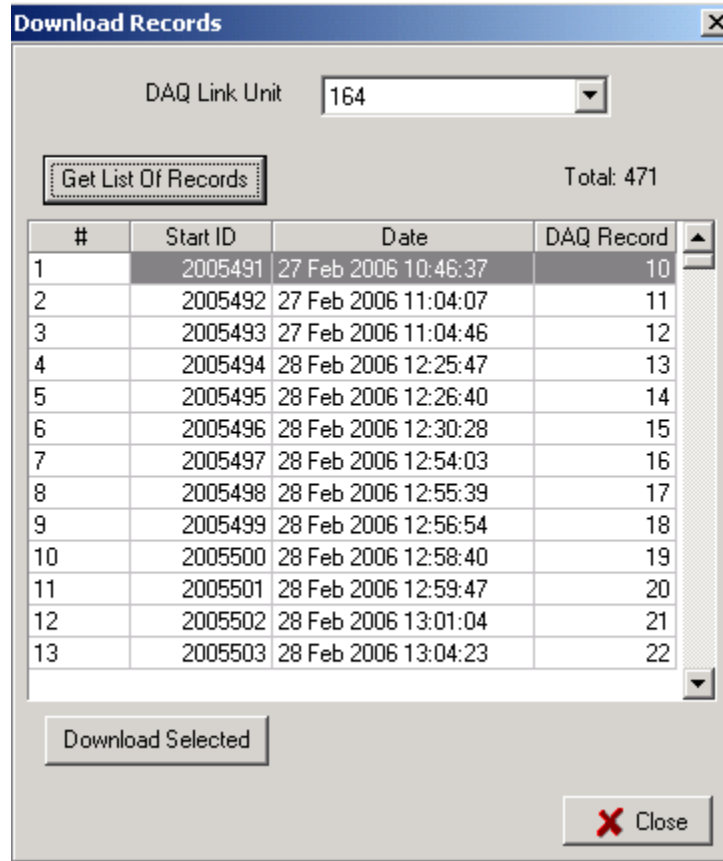
Reset Memory – pressing this button will cause the next record to be recorded at the first of the memory card.

Erase Memory – This function erases all data from the Flash card. This is not usually required. It may take over an hour to erase all memory from a Large Flash Card.

6.3.1 Downloading single records

To download a single record from the DAQlink Flash card memory, go to Options-Download Menu.

After pressing the “Get List of Records” button, a list of all of the stored data will appear.



Select record to be downloaded from the list by highlighting the record. Press Download selected.

Record will be downloaded.

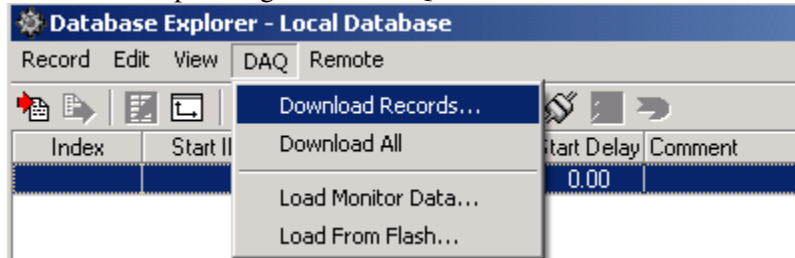
Press Close to view the record.

Press File – Save to save the record.

6.3.2 Downloading Multiple Records

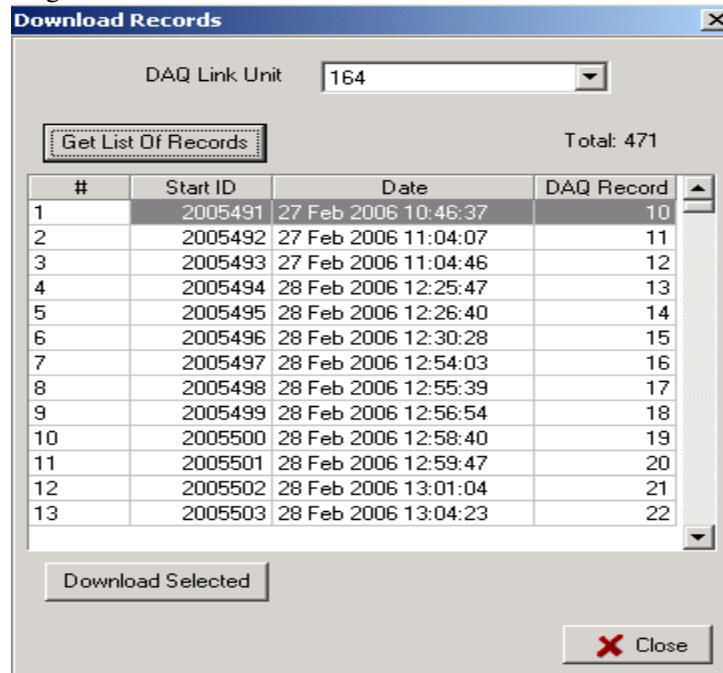
To download a multiple record from the DAQlink Flash card memory, go to File – Open Menu, and open the database explorer.

From the database explorer, go to the DAQ- Download Records menu.



There is also an option to download all of the data stored in the Compact flash.

After pressing the “Get List of Records” button, a list of all of the stored data will appear.



Select the records to be downloaded from the list by highlighting the record. Press Download selected.

The selected records will be stored to the database.

If the Time of the record matches another Time already in the database then the new record will be added to the existing record. This allows data from multiple DAQlink units to be combined together in the database.

To prevent combining of records press the “ctrl” button when the Download is selected.

6.3.3 Compact Flash Card Operation

The DAQlink larger Compact Flash (CF) cards have 1 to 3 % bad sectors. These bad sectors are identified when the card is formatted, and these sectors are mark.

It is important that the CF Card be formatted when installing new CF cards or moving a CF card from one DAQlink to another unit.

Go to the Device – DAQ Settings – Advance Menu and select “ERASE Memory”

Erase Memory button is used to FORMAT the CF Card. This process should take only a few seconds. The Status LED will FLASH RED while formatting. IF the Status LED continues to FLASH RED, then the CF Card must be replaced.

6.3.4 Compact Flash Storage

The compact flash card stores all recorded data. Different size Compact Flash cards are available. The cards must have a very fast read and write time to be able to record at the fast sample rates.

The number of records that can be stored depends on the sample rate, number of channels, and record length.

When the memory is full, the DAQlink starts over at the beginning and overwrites the stored data at the beginning of the Flash Card memory.

To estimate number of records, the following guidelines can be used.

- Each sample of data = 3 bytes
- Header information = about 12% of record length (normally ignored when estimating). Each record requires additional bytes depending on GPS time and other peripheral information being recorded

Example 1: 24 channels at 2msec, 1 second record.

24 channels * 500 samples/sec* 1second* 3 bytes/sample

Equals = 36 K bytes

Or a 32 Megabyte Compact Flash can hold about 800 records

A 1 Gigabyte Compact Flash Card can hold about 27,000 records

.

Example 2:

Sample Rate = 1/16 msec

Record Length = 1 second

Number of channels = 2

Number of bytes/ record

$$\begin{aligned} &= (16,000 \text{ SAMPLES/SEC}) * (3 \text{ BYTES/SAMPLE}) * 24 \text{ CHANNELS} \\ &= 1,152,000 \text{ BYTES/SEC} \end{aligned}$$

Theoretical Maximum Storage:

2GB should hold 1736 one-second records

8GB should hold 6944 one-second records

Actual Storage results

2 GB recorded 1538 records in list (0.886 of the 1736)

8 GB recorded 6091 records in list (0.877 of the 6944)

6.3.5 Speed of Downloading

A large CF card will take a long time to download data to the database.

Example: 24 channels at 1/16 msec sample rate with 1 second record

100 records 82 seconds
1.30 hours for 8GB

Downloading Data from CF card

- 1) First go to the Database Explorer (File – Open menu)
- 2) Go to the DAQ – Download Records menu
- 3) Select “DAQ Link Unit” number to download
- 4) Press “Get List of Records”
- 5) Wait for list to be completed
- 6) Select from the list the Records to download
- 7) “Ctrl A” is used to select all
- 8) After Selecting records – Press Download Selected
- 9) Wait for Download to be completed

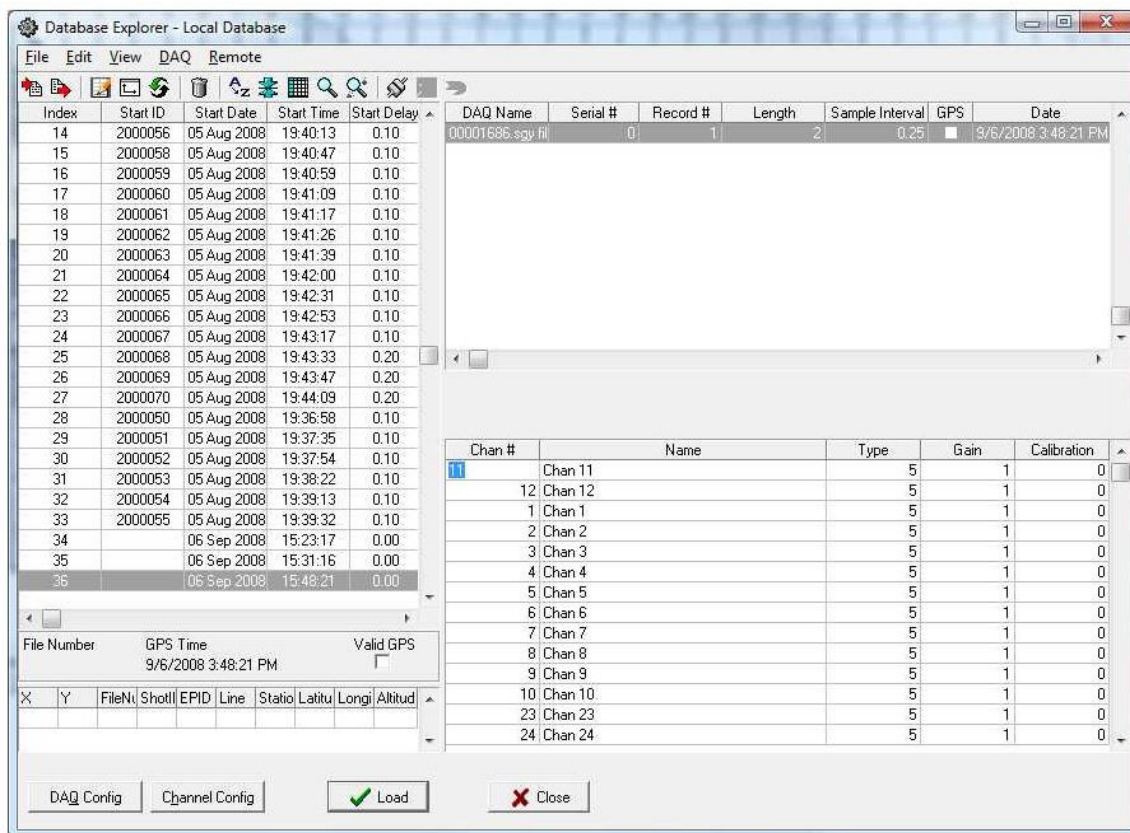
6.4 Changing data in Database

The data in the database can be change by editing the values in the DAQlink settings.

6.4.1 Changing Trace Order

First open the file with the database explorer.

Click on DAQ Config and Channel Config buttons to make the list of channels visible. Click on the channel to be shifted and press F7 or F8 to move it up or down the list.

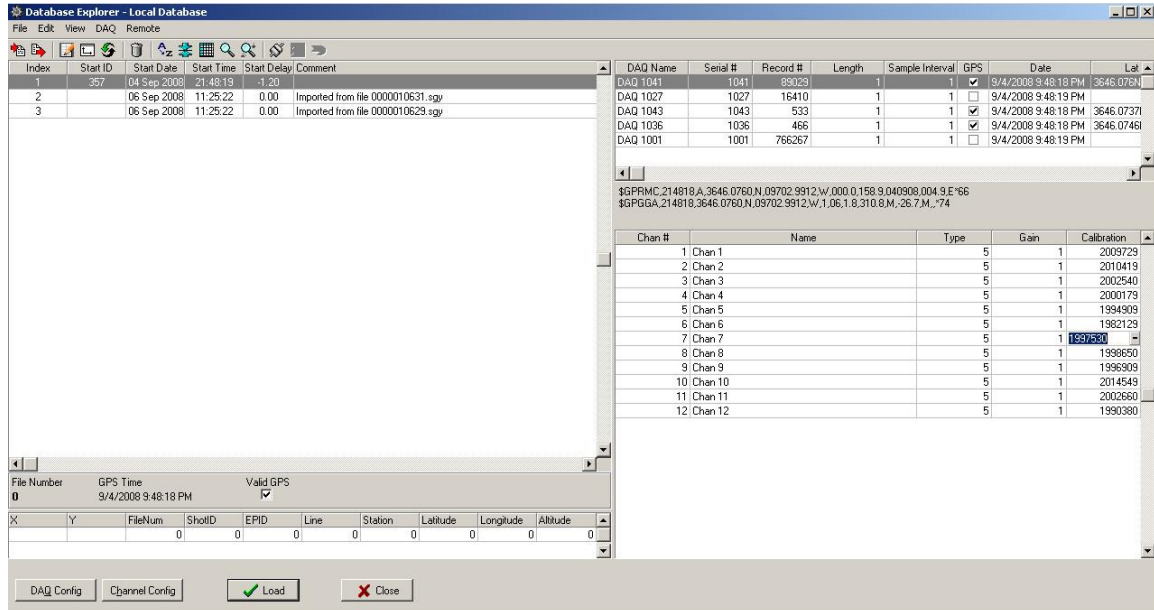


6.4.2 Changing Polarity of a trace

First open the file with the database explorer.

Click on DAQ Config and Channel Config buttons to make the list of channels visible.

Click on the Calibration value of the trace to be inverted. Click on the Minus sign to invert the polarity.



6.5 DAQlink Analog Output

The DAQlink units have a built in Digital to Analog convertor. This D to A unit allows the DAQlink to output “Test Waveforms” for testing of the DAQlink unit.

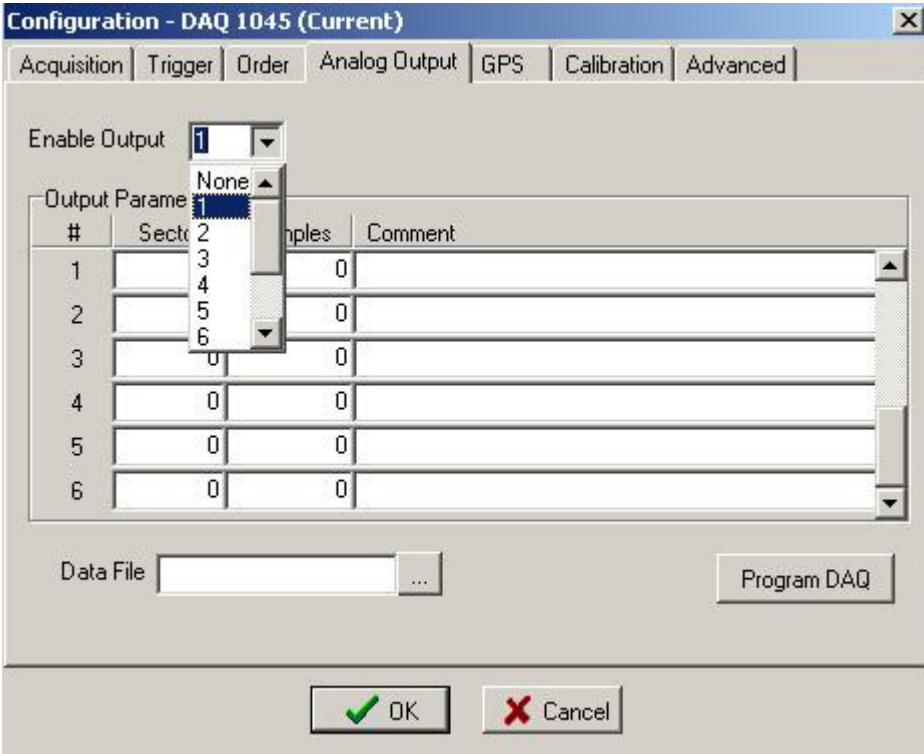
WARNING: The Analog Output is designed for Advanced Users Only. From Normal operation always set Analog Output to “NONE”

Various Test Waveforms are built into the DAQlink unit.

Output #1 – Step Function (0.3 seconds Step at 0.75 volts)

Output #2 - 70 Hz sine wave (RMS = 0.078 volts)

Output #3 – Swept Frequency (10 to 500 Hz) (RMS = 0.078 volts)



Configuration - DAQ 1045 (Current)

Acquisition | Trigger | Order | **Analog Output** | GPS | Calibration | Advanced

Enable Output: **1** (Dropdown menu shows: None, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6)

#	Sector	Samples	Comment
1		0	
2		0	
3		0	
4	0	0	
5	0	0	
6	0	0	

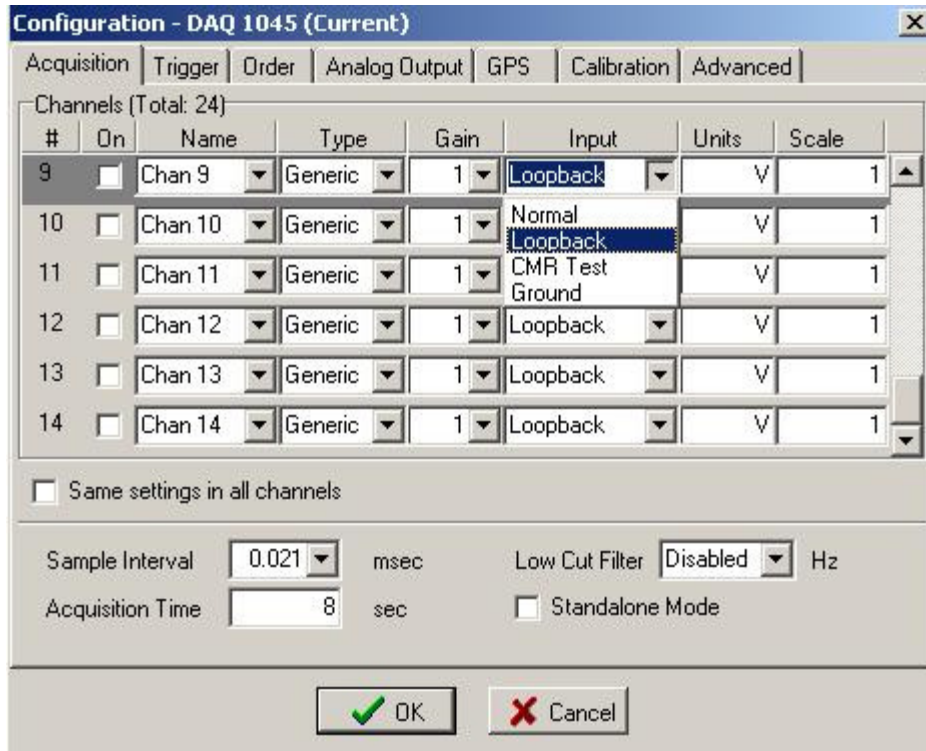
Data File: ...

Program DAQ

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The Analog output signal can be connected to the analog section of the DAQlink unit by selecting “Loopback” in the DAQlink configuration - Input selection. When “Loopback” is selected, the “Geophone Input” is not connected to the circuit and the analog input is connected only to the analog circuit of the DAQlink.

When the input is selected to “normal” both the input geophones and the DAQlink Analog circuit is connected to the Analog Output.



#	On	Name	Type	Gain	Input	Units	Scale
9	<input type="checkbox"/>	Chan 9	Generic	1	Loopback	V	1
10	<input type="checkbox"/>	Chan 10	Generic	1	Normal Loopback CMR Test Ground	V	1
11	<input type="checkbox"/>	Chan 11	Generic	1	Loopback	V	1
12	<input type="checkbox"/>	Chan 12	Generic	1	Loopback	V	1
13	<input type="checkbox"/>	Chan 13	Generic	1	Loopback	V	1
14	<input type="checkbox"/>	Chan 14	Generic	1	Loopback	V	1

☐ Same settings in all channels

Sample Interval: 0.021 msec Low Cut Filter: Disabled Hz

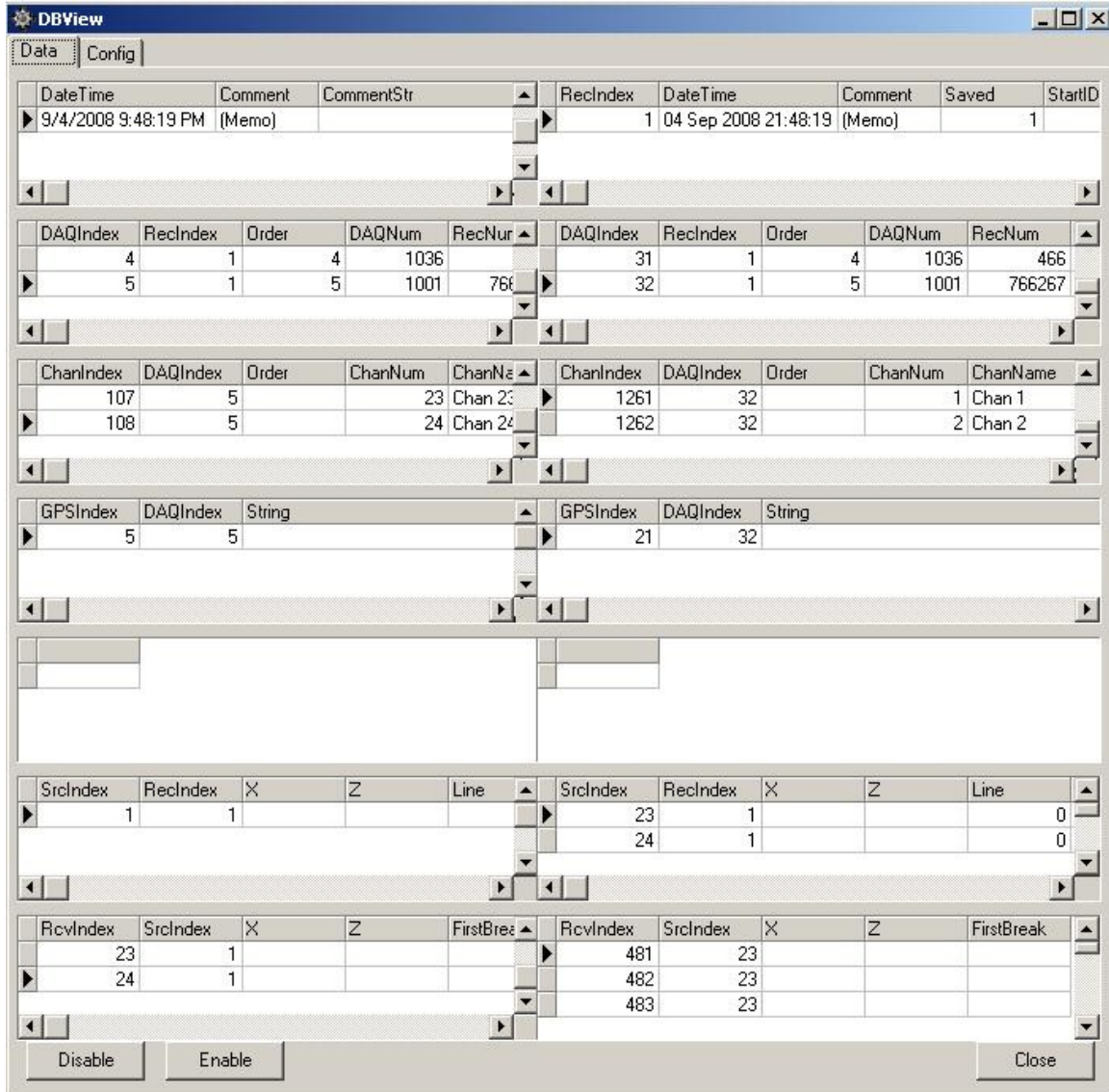
Acquisition Time: 8 sec ☐ Standalone Mode

OK Cancel

6.6 Viewing detail of record

The details of the seismic record can be viewed by pressing “ctrl –alt –D”

This screen is used for development of the program and should not be used by novice operators of the system. However, this screen may be useful in troubleshooting problems.



The screenshot shows the DBView application window with the 'Data' tab selected. The window displays several tables of seismic record data. The tables are organized into a grid with scrollbars. The tables contain the following data:

DateTime	Comment	CommentStr	RecIndex	DateTime	Comment	Saved	StartID
9/4/2008 9:48:19 PM	(Memo)		1	04 Sep 2008 21:48:19	(Memo)	1	1

DAQIndex	RecIndex	Order	DAQNum	RecNum	DAQIndex	RecIndex	Order	DAQNum	RecNum
4	1		4	1036	31	1		4	1036
5	1		5	1001	32	1		5	1001

ChanIndex	DAQIndex	Order	ChanNum	ChanName	ChanIndex	DAQIndex	Order	ChanNum	ChanName
107	5		23	Chan 23	1261	32		1	Chan 1
108	5		24	Chan 24	1262	32		2	Chan 2

GPSIndex	DAQIndex	String	GPSIndex	DAQIndex	String
5	5		21	32	

SrcIndex	RecIndex	X	Z	Line	SrcIndex	RecIndex	X	Z	Line
1	1				23	1			0
					24	1			0

RcvIndex	SrcIndex	X	Z	FirstBreak	RcvIndex	SrcIndex	X	Z	FirstBreak
23	1				481	23			
24	1				482	23			
					483	23			

At the bottom of the window, there are buttons for 'Disable', 'Enable', and 'Close'.

7 Ethernet Setup

Normally, it is necessary to set up a fixed TCP/IP address for the computer to communicate with the DAQlink unit.

IP Address SET to FIXED IP ADDRESS – 192.168.0.101

All Firewalls Disabled

7.1 Windows VISTA Operation

When using Windows Vista Operating System the VSCOPE program cannot be installed in the Program Files subdirectory.

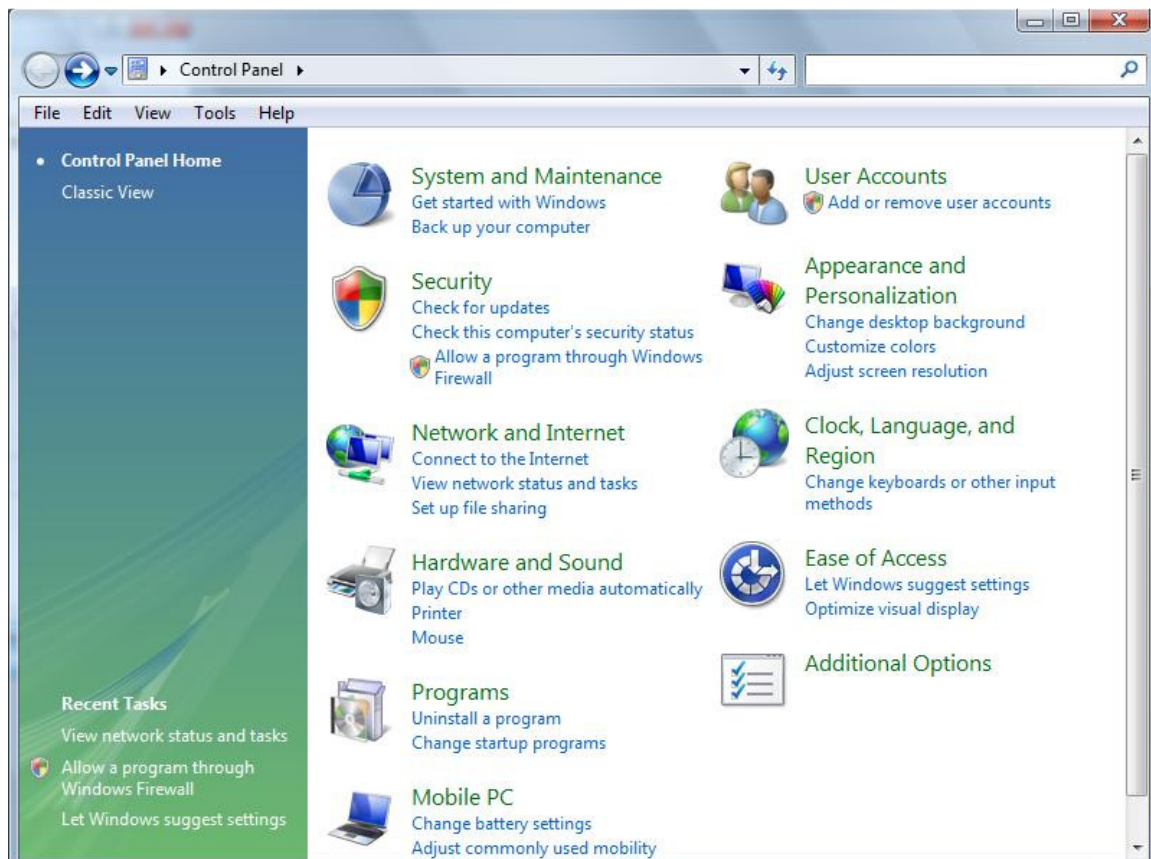
A new subdirectory on the C drive should be made and the VScope.exe should be copied to this subdirectory.

IP address setup must be set to a fixed IP address and all firewalls must be disabled.

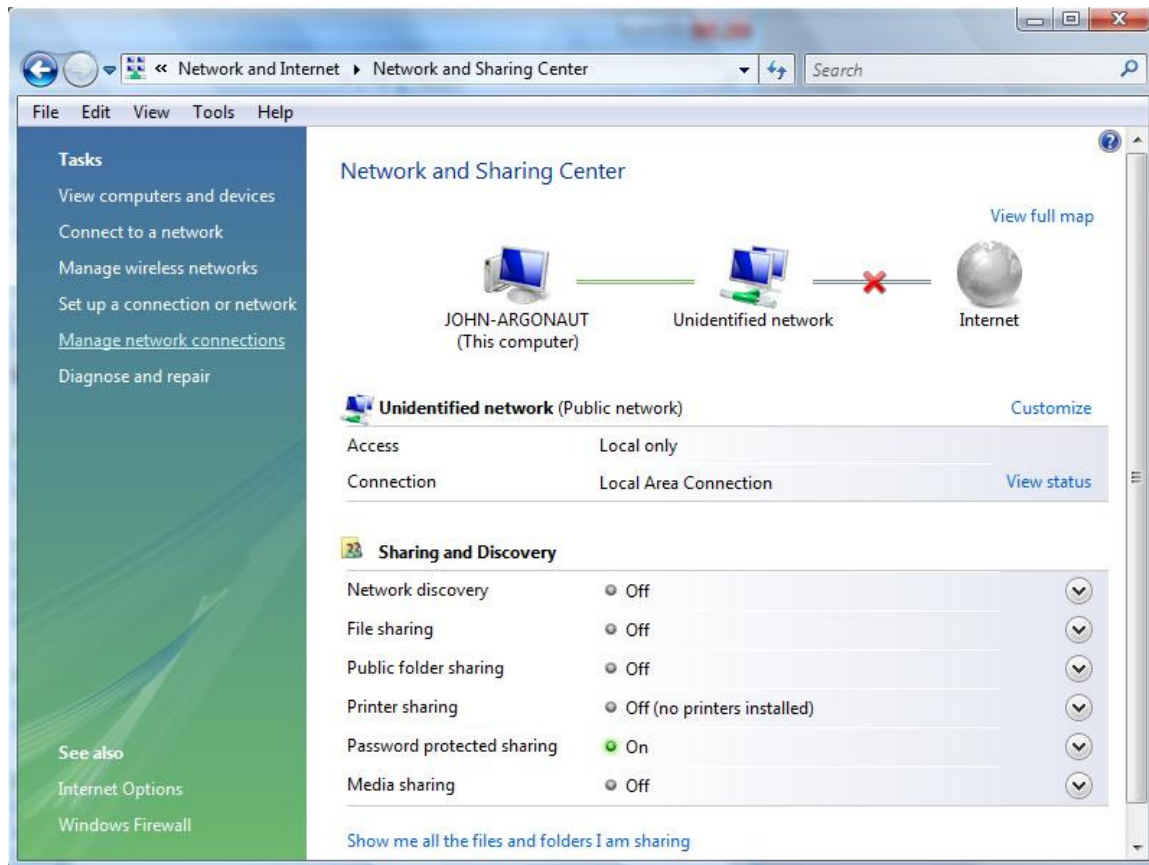
Disable the Windows Firewall by selecting the Firewall selection in the “Network and Internet” selection in the Control Panel

With Windows Vista computer, the Ethernet setup is done by the following procedure:

Go to the Control Panel and select “View network status and tasks”.

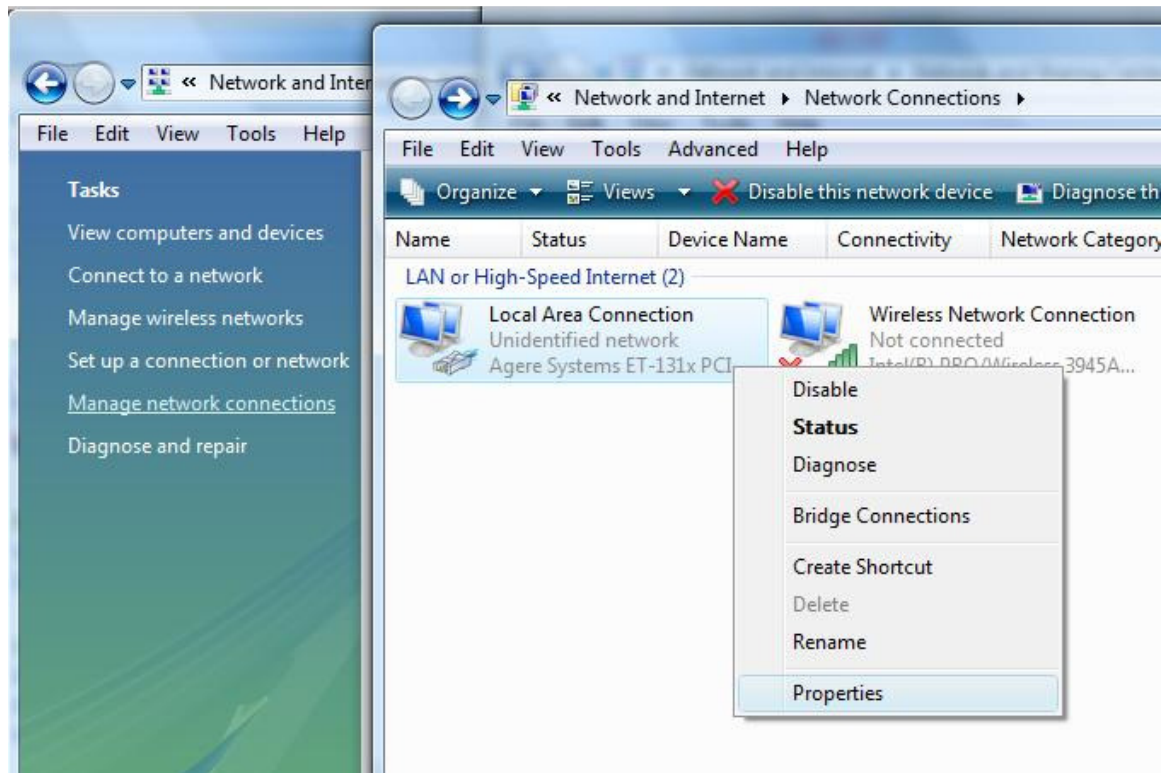


Select “Manage network connections”



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Right Click on the “Local Area Connections” and select “Properties”



It is also recommended to disable all other Network connections. Highlight the other Network Connections (like Wireless) select “Connectivity” and Disable.

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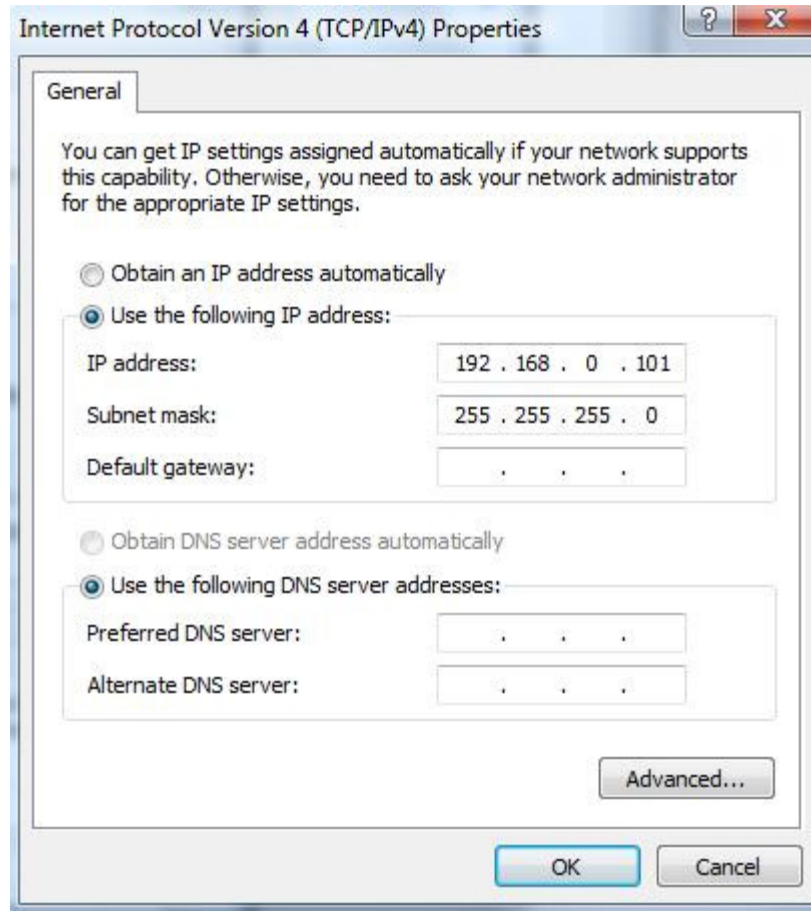
Highlight the “Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IP)” and Click on Properties button.

Use following IP address:

IP address 192.168.0.101

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

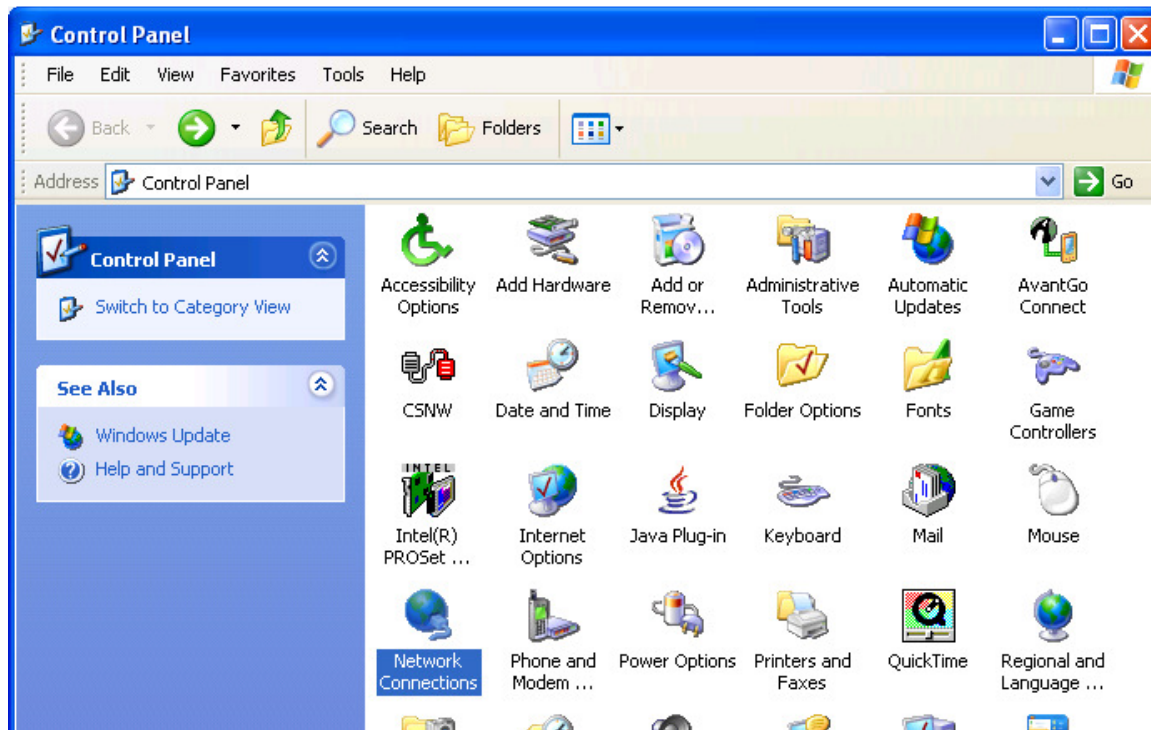
Press OK to accept entries.



7.2 Windows XP Ethernet setup

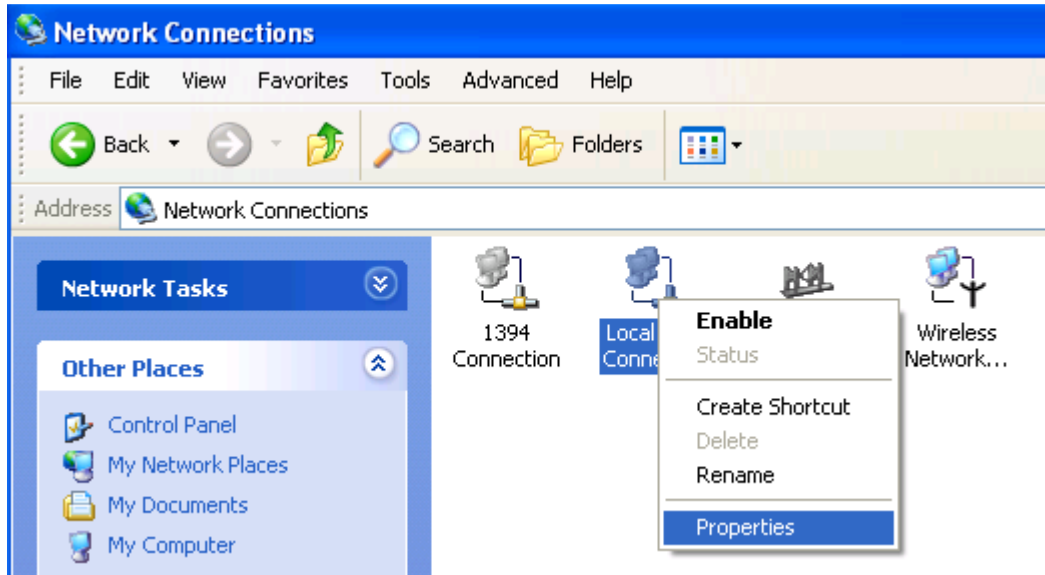
With Windows XP computer setup in classic mode, the Ethernet setup is done by the following procedure:

Go to the Control Panel and open the Network Connections.



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Right Click on the Local Area Connection Icon and select properties.



Scroll Down to the Internet Protocol TCP/IP selection and click on this icon.

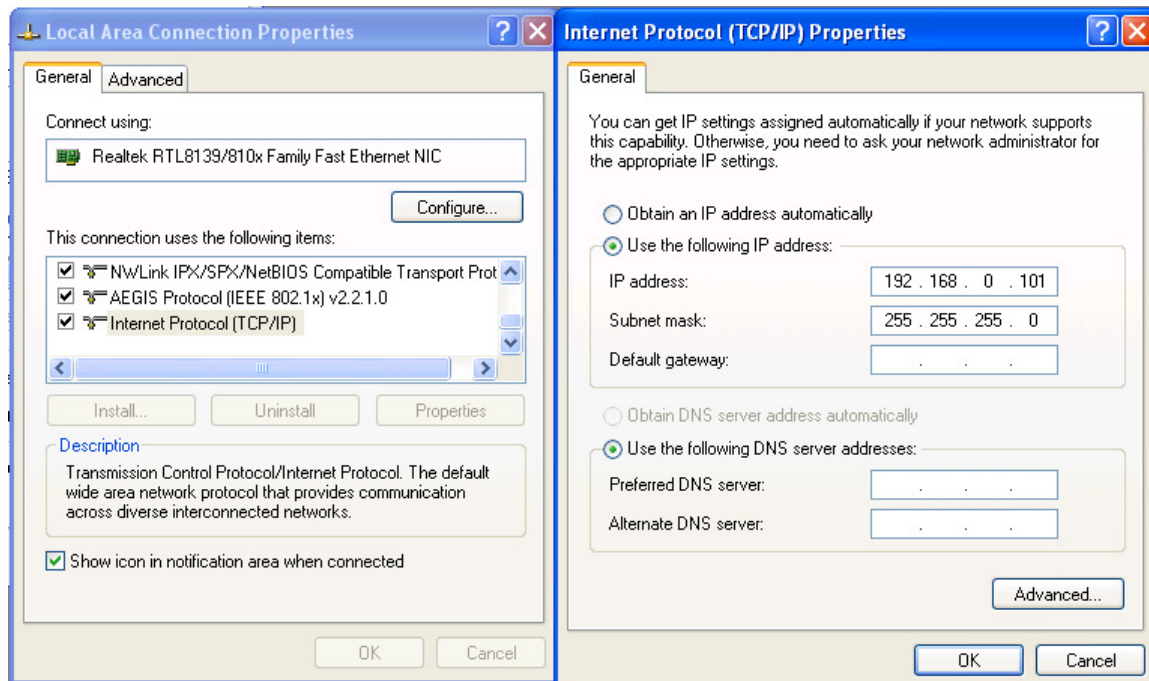
Click on Properties button.

Use following IP address:

IP address 192.168.0.101

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Press OK to accept entries.



It is sometimes necessary to reboot the computer to have the new address take effect.

If the DAQlink unit was previously communicating with a computer with a different address, then the DAQlink unit must be reset (power off then on) for the unit to communicate to the new address.

With Windows XP there is an additional Authentication Tab. The Authentication must be disabled to operate with the DAQlink unit.

7.3 Windows 2000 Ethernet setup

With Windows 2000 computer this can be done by the following procedure:

Right Click on My Network Places and select Properties.

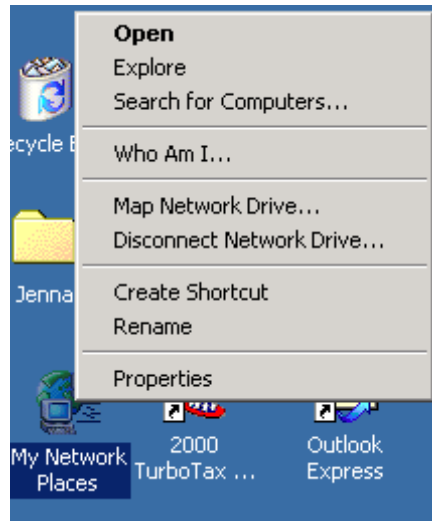


Figure 2.1 Network Properties

Right Click on an icon that corresponds to your network card and select Properties.

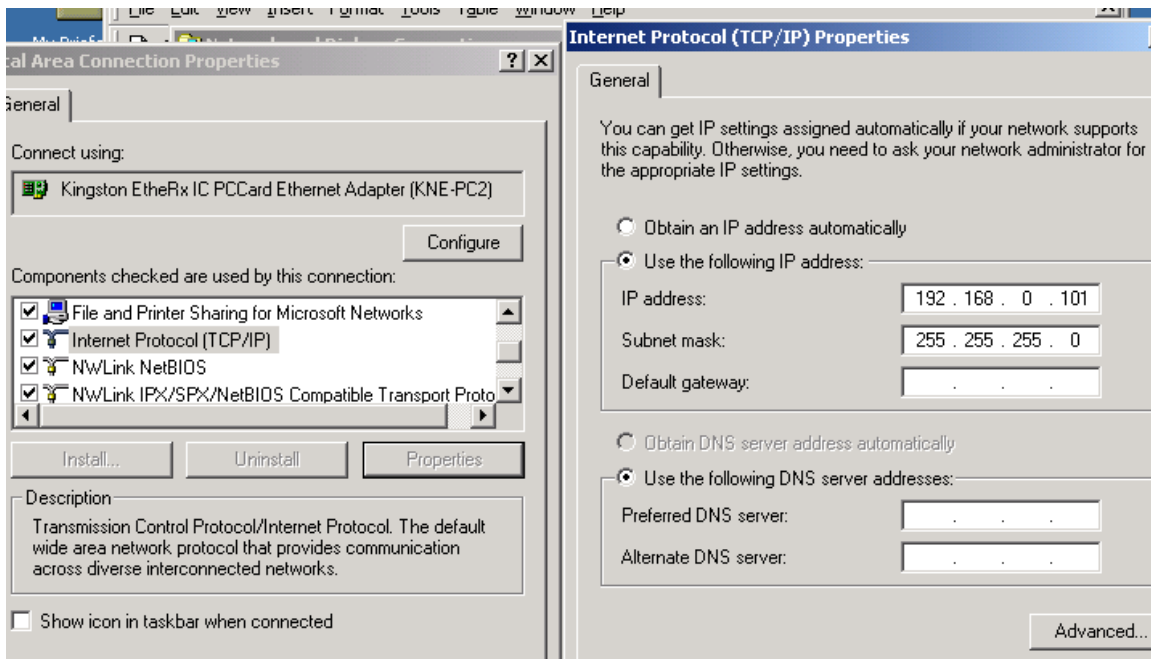


Figure 2.2 IP configuration

Select Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) and click on Properties button.

Use following IP address:

IP address 192.168.0.101

Subnet Mask 255.255.255.0

Press OK to accept entries.

It is sometimes necessary to reboot the computer to have the new address take effect.

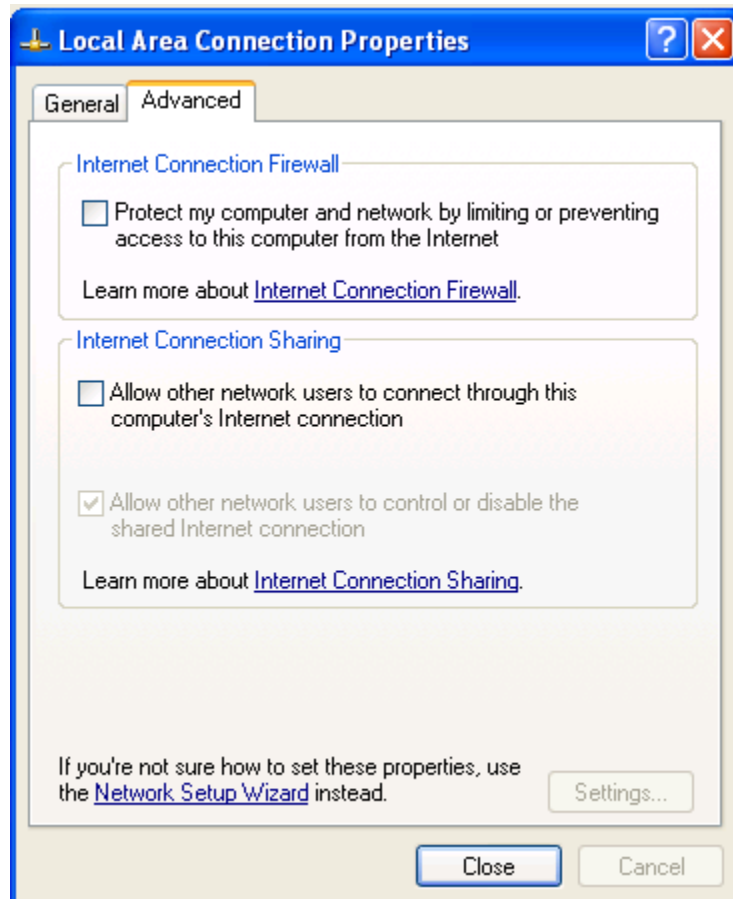
If the DAQlink unit was previously communicating with a computer with a different address, then the DAQlink unit must be reset (power off then on) for the unit to communicate to the new address.

7.4 Firewall

It is important to disable all Firewalls on the computer. Third party firewall from Norton, McAfee or other companies can completely disable the operation of the DAQlink unit. Typically the Firewall will allow the “ping” command to operate, but will block all other commands and messages.

There is a built in Firewall with Windows XP. This should be disabled. Go to the Advanced Menu of the Local Area Properties and disable the Firewall.

Typical Firewalls will ask if the program should be “blocked”, always select “Unblock this program” if asked.



7.5 TCP/IP Verification

To verify that the IP address is correct, select “Start”, then “Run”, then type in “CMD”. This starts the command prompt in Windows (This is similar to the old DOS command prompt). Type the command “ipconfig”. The current IP address 192.168.0.101 should be shown.



```

C:\>Command Prompt
Microsoft Windows [Version 5.00.2195]
(C) Copyright 1985-2000 Microsoft Corp.

C:\>ipconfig

Windows 2000 IP Configuration

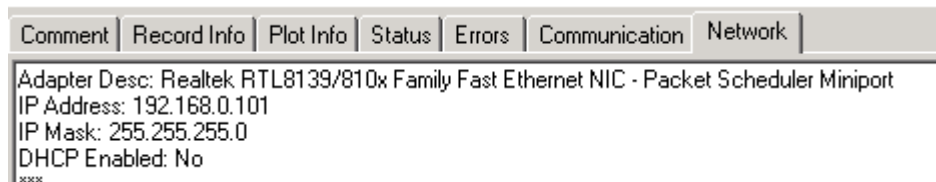
Ethernet adapter Local Area Connection:

    Connection-specific DNS Suffix  . : 
    IP Address. . . . .               : 192.168.0.101
    Subnet Mask . . . . .             : 255.255.255.0
    Default Gateway . . . . .         : 

C:\>
  
```

Viewing the Network Tab at the bottom of the VScope program can also check the IP address.

The Network Tab shows the current IP address detected by the VScope program.



8 Specifications and Options

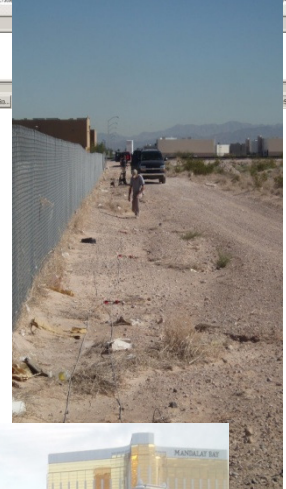
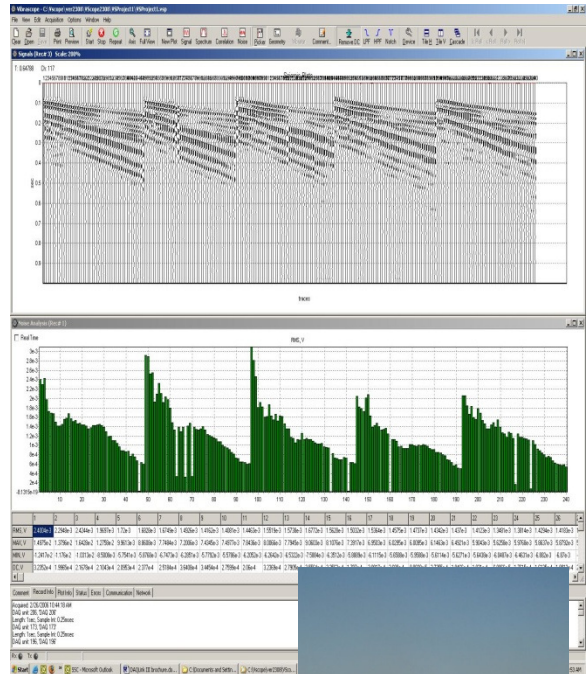
8.1 Options

The DAQlink unit has several options

- CF Card – 32 Mbytes (upgradable to 16 Gbyte). The Flash card is used for:
 - Buffering of data - Temporary storage of data until data can be sent over network. Amount of storage required depends on the speed of acquisition and the speed of the network
 - Storage of data while not connected to network. The Flash card can be used to store data while the unit is not connected to the network, later this data can be downloaded to the computer.
- GPS option – The GPS option is used for
 - Position information – When valid position data is available from the GPS receiver the position information is stored along with the data.
 - Timing – The GPS receiver can be used to stored precise time of the data collection
 - Oscillator adjustment- the internal oscillator of the DAQlink unit can be adjusted to match the GPS clock.
- Analog Cables
 - The DAQlink unit has a 55 pin connector for the analog inputs. Various analog cable options are available for the end user.
- Power and Ethernet Switch Box
 - This option allows multiple boxes to be connected over the Ethernet cable
 - This option can also be used between boxes to increase the maximum distance between boxes. The standard specification for transmission of data over CAT5 cable is 100 meters.
- Distributed DAQlink unit – allows multiple boxes to be connected at a distance of over 5000 feet with standard phone line.
- Wireless Ethernet Option
 - Wireless Work group bridges and Wireless access points can be used to transmit the data from the DAQlink unit to the host computer
 - High Gain antenna are available to increase the range of the Wireless network

8.2 DAQlink Specifications

- 1 to 24 channels per unit
- Weatherproof enclosure
- Multiple units can be used together for large channel count
- A/D conversion:**
 - 24 bit high-speed sigma delta converters
- Dynamic range:**
 - 144 dB (system)
 - Greater than 118 dB (measured at 2msec)
- Bandwidth:**
 - DC to 15 KHz –
 - Analog filter flat response to 8000 Hz
 - Digital Filter Bandwidth = 85% of (sample rate)
- Common Mode Rejection:**
 - Greater than 100 dB
- Crosstalk:**
 - Better than 125 dB
- Noise Floor:**
 - 0.2 microvolt RMS noise (2 msec sample rate)
- Trigger Accuracy:**
 - +/- 1 microsecond at all sample rates
- Maximum Input Signal:**
 - Standard (x 2 gain): 3.58 volts peak to peak
 - (Optional: (x1 gain): 7.16 volts peak to peak)
- Input Impedance:**
 - 100 K ohms
- Preamplifier Gains:**
 - X2, and x32 standard; software selectable
 - (X1 and x16 available on special request)
- Anti-alias Filters:**
 - 85 % of Nyquist frequency
- Digital Filters:**
 - Low Cut – User Selectable frequency
 - Notch – 50 or 60 Hz standard – User selectable
 - High Cut – User Selectable
- Sample Interval:**
 - 0.0208, 0.0625, 0.125, 0.250, 0.500, 1.00, 2.00, 4.00, 8.00, 16.00 millisecond
- Sample Frequency:**
 - 48000, 16000, 8000, 4000, 2000, 1000, 500, 250, 125, 64.5 samples/second
- Record Length:**
 - Up to 4 Gbytes/ number of channels
- Pre- trigger delay:**
 - 10 second
- Continuous Recording Option**
- GPS Interface Standard**
 - Internal Clock synchronized to GPS time
 - GPS Time and Position saved with data
- Internal Storage:**
 - Compact Flash style storage media
 - Standard FAT16 or FAT32 file system
 - (Maximum file size = 32GB)
- 100Mbit Ethernet**
 - Download speed 8MByte/sec; real time transfer
- Power consumption:**
 - 24 channels – less than 0.4 watts/channel
- Built in Line Testing and Instrument Tests**
- Size:** 330x230x60 mm
- Weight:** 3.4 Kg



9 Schematics

9.1 DAQlink Connector wiring

9.1.1 RJ-45 Ethernet Connector (with Internal Crossover)

1	3
2	6
3	1
4	Reserved for POE +
5	Reserved for POE +
6	2
7	Reserved for POE –
8	Reserved for POE –

9.1.2 2-pin Power Connector

A	Positive Battery
B	Negative Battery

There are two internal fuses on the board to prevent damage to the unit. However, SSC recommends using external 2 amp fast blow fuses to protect the DAQlink. The unit can be powered from any DC source supplying a minimum of 11 to a maximum of 18 VDC.

9.1.3 3-pin Trigger Connector

A	TB active
B	TB return (ground)
C	+12 volt through 5 kOhms resistor

When DAQlink trigger option is set to trigger on Time Break, then this input is used to trigger the box. This input drives an op-amp input and the trigger level is set by software. Normal trigger level is 2 volts minimum to trigger. Positive Voltage should be applied to pin A, and negative voltage to pin B. Maximum voltage should be less than 60 volts.

When using the ST-01 trigger switch, connect Pin A to Pin C and to the High voltage side of the ST-01 switch. Connect pin B to the Low voltage side of the ST-01 switch.

9.1.4 4-pin GPS Connector

A	Battery +12 volts (supplies power to GPS receiver)
B	GPS RX (receives GPS data from GPS receiver)
C	GPS PPS
D	Ground

An external GPS receiver can be connected to the 19 pin GPS connector using a PT06A-14-19P. The GPS receiver must be setup for

- 19200 baud
- \$GPGGA and \$GPRMC messages only

9.1.5 19-pin Auxiliary Connector

A	Battery +12 volts
B	Serial TX out
C	GPS TX out, used in Signature Recorder mode to send GPS and Status information to the F2.
D	Serial RX in, used in Signature Recorder mode to receive RTI information from F2.
E	GPS RX (receives GPS data from GPS receiver)
F	GPS PPS
G	Ground
H	Time Break Direct
J	Trigger +
K	Trigger -
L	+12 volt pull-up through 5k resistor
M	Pre-Start + (geophone)
N	Pre-Start - (geophone)
P	Speaker -
R	Speaker +
S	Microphone
T	Radio Return
U	PTT
V	N/C

9.1.6 55-pin Analog Data Connector

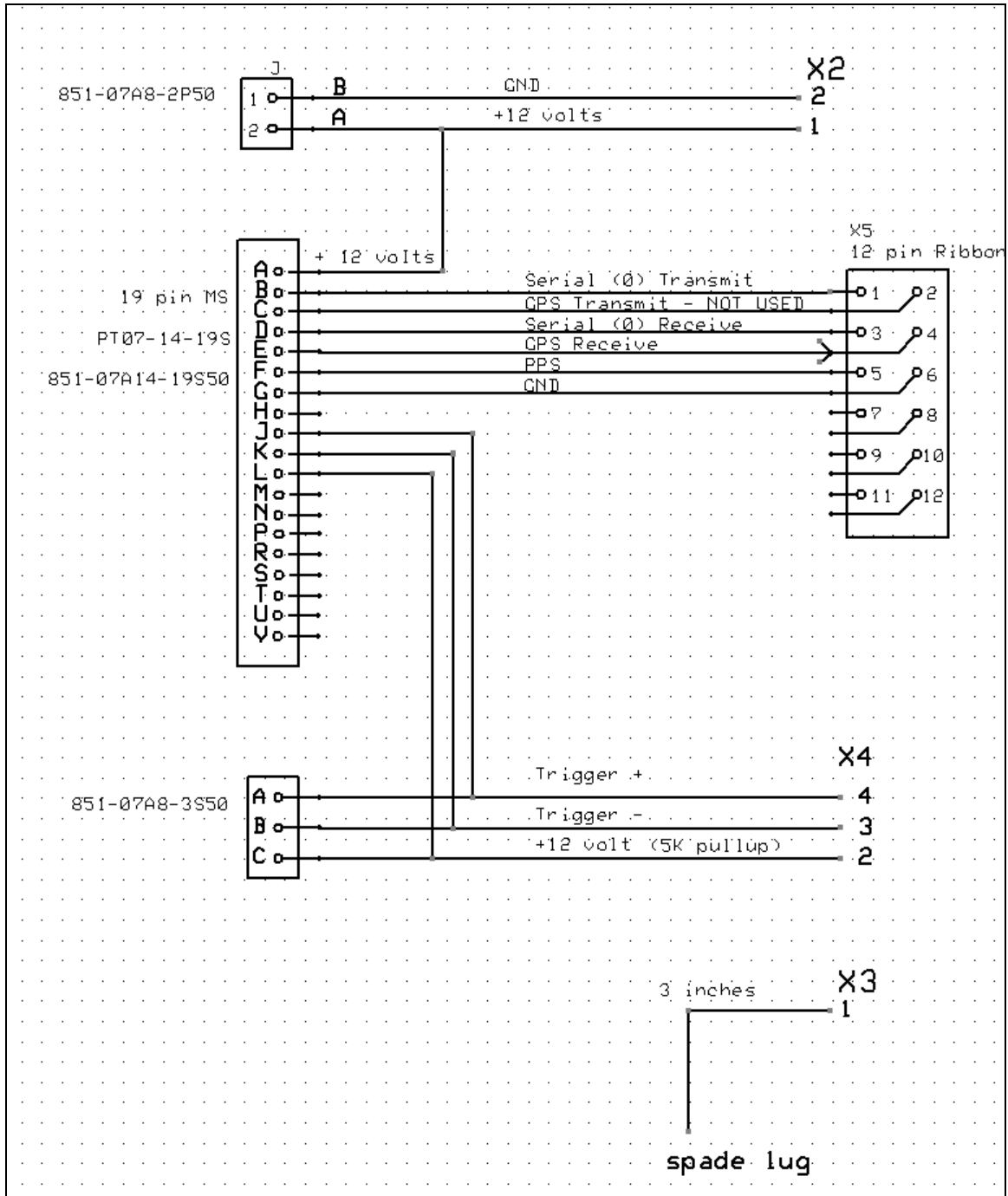
Pin.....	Signal	Pin	Signal
A	Ch 1 pos	b.....	Ch 13 pos
B	Ch 1 neg	c.....	Ch 13 neg
C	Ch 2 pos	d.....	Ch 14 pos
D	Ch 2 neg	e.....	Ch 14 neg
E	Ch 3 pos	f	Ch 15 pos
F	Ch 3 neg	g.....	Ch 15 neg
G	Ch 4 pos	h.....	Ch 16 pos
H	Ch 4 neg	i	Ch 16 neg
J	Ch 5 pos	j	Ch 17 pos
K	Ch 5 neg	k.....	Ch 17 neg
L	Ch 6 pos	m.....	Ch 18 pos
M	Ch 6 neg	n.....	Ch 18 neg
N	Ch 7 pos	p.....	Ch 19 pos
P	Ch 7 neg	q.....	Ch 19 neg
R	Ch 8 pos	r	Ch 20 pos
S	Ch 8 neg	s	Ch 20 neg
T	Ch 9 pos	t	Ch 21 pos
U	Ch 9 neg	u.....	Ch 21 neg
V	Ch 10 pos	v.....	Ch 22 pos
W	Ch 10 neg	w.....	Ch 22 neg
X	Ch 11 pos	x.....	Ch 23 pos
Y	Ch 11 neg	y.....	Ch 23 neg
Z	Ch 12 pos	z.....	Ch 24 pos
a	Ch 12 neg	AA	Ch 24 neg

9.1.7 Replacement Connector Part Numbers

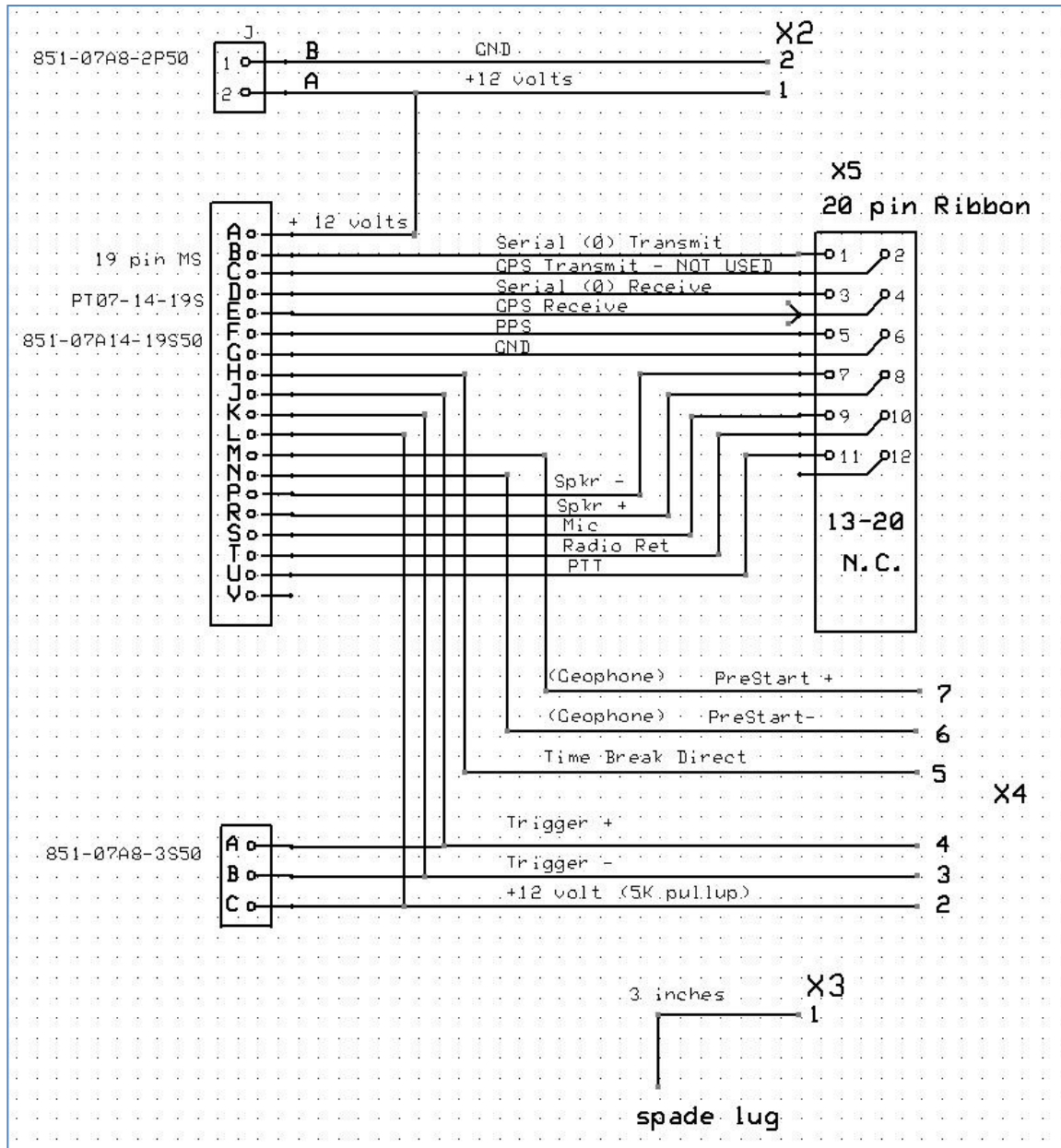
Auxiliary Plug	851-06AC14-19P50
Analog Channel Plug	851-06A22-55S50
GPS Plug	851-06AC8-4P50 (PT06A-08-4P)
Power Plug	851-06AC8-2S50
Trigger Plug.....	851-06AC8-3P50

The Ethernet port accepts a “standard” RJ45 connector.

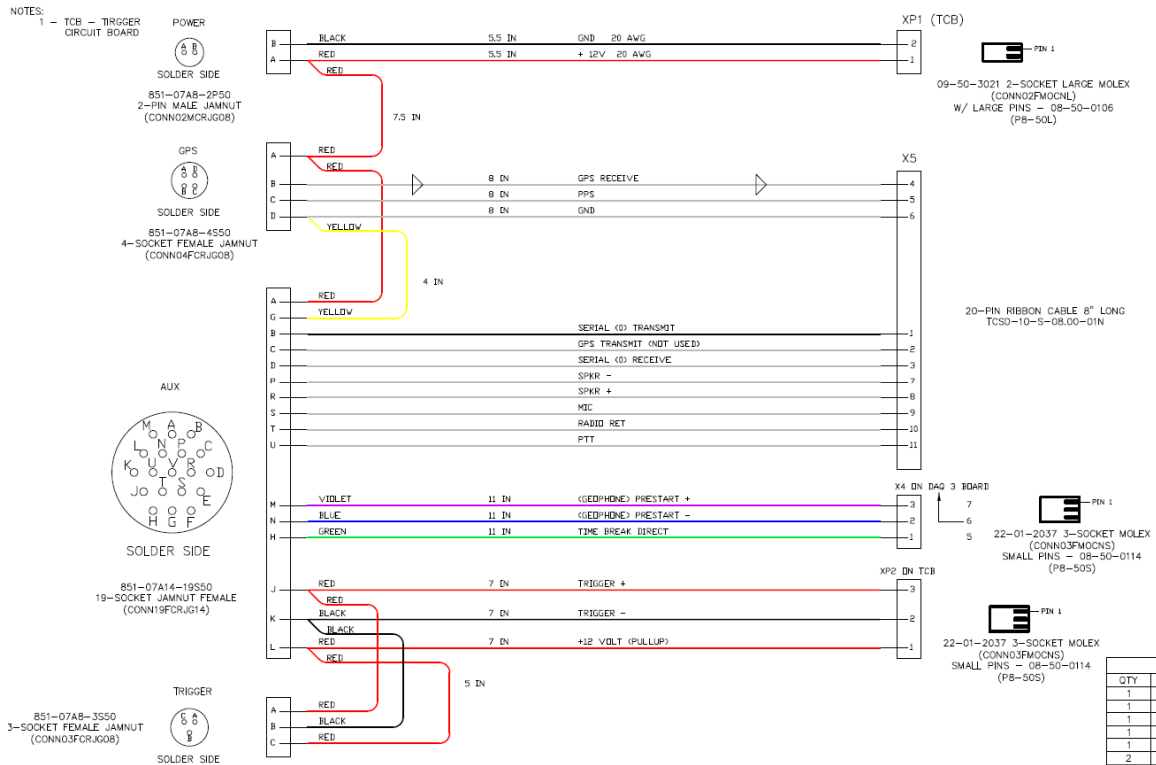
9.2 DAQlink Panel Wiring – Version 1



9.3 DAQlink Panel Wiring – Version 2



9.4 DAQlink Panel Wiring – Version 3



9.5 Trigger Input Circuit

