

Plant Biodiversity Inventory Report at Al Makhrour Valley: *Autumn, winter and Spring 2018/2019 Seasons*

Consultancy Service- Under the project entitled:

"Biodiversity Conservation and Community Development in Al-Makhrour Valley in Bethlehem, Palestine"

Consultancy Location: Al Makhrour Valley - Bethlehem Governorate

Reporting Date: 30/5/2019



Submitted by:

Pioneer Consultancy Center for Sustainable Development

Address: BLd. 153 -Manger Street

P.O. Box 118

Bethlehem – Palestine

Tel: +970(2)2752584 / Fax: +970(2) 2752583

Email: roubina@uems.ps

Submitted to:

The Palestine Institute for Biodiversity and Sustainability (PIBS) and the Palestine Museum of Natural History (PMNH) - Bethlehem University

Address: Mar Andreas Building Al-Karkarfa, Bethlehem – Palestine

Tel: + 970 2-2773553 mazin@qumsiyeh.org



Plant Biodiversity Inventory Report at Al Makhrour Valley: Autumn, winter and Spring 2018/2019 Seasons Prepared by:

Roubina Ghattas, Adel Abu Ayyash, and Marian Rishmawi

I. Introduction:

Pioneer Consultancy Center for sustainable development (PCC) has started preparing for studying the plant biodiversity at Al Makhrour valley since the startup of the project entitled:" *Biodiversity Conservation and Community Development in Al-Makhrour Valley in Bethlehem, Palestine* ". The PCC team has revise potential relevant literature and documents regarding the targeted site; Al Makhrour Valley (MKV), and its natural landscapes and plant biodiversity at the site.

Keeping in mind the aim of the project and the specific objective of the biodiversity inventory; specifically advancing the knowledge base regarding plant biodiversity in MKV towards better understanding and effective protection for its valuable biodiversity and its supportive habitats, PCC developed the necessary scientific set up for the inventory supported with effective action plan, timeframe, tools, field sheets, databases etc. At the end, this activity will support the development of a comprehensive assessment for plant biodiversity status including their relevant habitats and ecosystems. It will also support the project team to develop biodiversity conservation plan, the identification of sites of restoration need, building relevant capacities, change attitudes, public and stakeholders' outreach, and others. All this shall be accomplished with the vision of sustaining the ecosystem services of the valley and its value as World Heritage Site.

II. Methodology for Plant Biodiversity Inventory at AL Makhrour Valley

The plant biodiversity inventory for AL Makhrour Valley (MKV) is one of the major components of the biodiversity assessment, as it offers detailed information collected from the surveys on site; specifically regarding the status of the biotic and abiotic components of the targeted site based on field surveys, measurements and inspection by specialized experts using specialized methodologies in the field.

The plant biodiversity inventory of autumn and winter seasons 2018/2019 was conducted at MKV during the three months of December 2018, January and February, 2019, while spring season was covered during the months of March and April 2019. The inventory was done through implementing scientific methods and approaches for surveying plant species on site, while investigating their habitats, their supporting abiotic elements such as soil, and topography of the site, etc. The main threats and human interferences were also recorded as seen on site.



The principal objectives of the inventory are to:

- 1) determine the extent, structure, status and composition of plant community, habitat, or vegetation cover types;
- 2) document the presence or absence of endangered or threatened plant species according to IUCN Red List;
- 3) describe vegetation-environment relationships;
- 4) detect existing natural and man-induced environmental perturbations;
- 5) describe successional trends and patterns when available.

To fulfil the objectives of the biodiversity inventory, the inventory was done utilizing international methods for proper inventory for vegetation cover at targeted site - MKV. This component of the study is recommended by national strategies such as the National Biodiversity Strategy and Action Plan for Palestine and international guidelines for recording and assessing status of species such as the ones set by IUCN species survival commission and global species programme. This approach enhance the concept of conservation based on sound knowledge, and better valuation of the resources. The team that performed the inventory was composed of four specialized people of PCC staff as following: Mr. Adel Abu Ayyash, Mrs. Roubina Ghattas, Eng. Mohammad Abu Amrieh and Miss Marian Rishmawi. Some are specialized in plant taxonomy, others in nature conservation, agro-biodiversity and in rural development (Photos 2.1, 2.2, 2.3).



Photos 2.1, 2.2, 2.3: PCC team conducting the plant inventory surveys at MKV

The team has conducted effective field visits (18 visits) to the site covering Al Makhrour Valley including the natural area that circles battir village towards Husan village (named



here as MKV), while adopting the Braun and Blanquette (1964)¹ and line transect methodologies for plant surveys². PCC worked on preparing for field surveys, revising the collected information from the field and verifying the plants' classification done in the field, including their status and characteristics, in addition to conducting data analysis, building relevant database and reporting. Hence, this report presents the findings of the plant biodiversity inventory works, surveys, data analysis done during autumn, winter and spring 2018/2019. In addition to the areas covered by the two methodologies described below (2.1 and 2.2), PCC team surveyed the whole MKV as described in section 2.3 and studied all plant species found in the area in general including those found growing along the paths, the valley trench, around springs, etc (not only those studied within the transects themselves or along the transect line).

2.1 Braun and Blanquet methodology

The Braun-Blanquet cover-abundance scale methodology was used to analyze vegetation cover-abundance ratings and to elucidate graphically species-environment relationships at MKV. This method is known to provide sufficiently accurate baseline data to allow environmental impact assessment and vegetation assessment studies. The Braun-Blanquet system of vegetation classification is the most widely used and uniform system of vegetation classification, enabling us to compare plant communities over a particular area, and, therefore, also presenting a basis for such items as geographical comparison of habitats, vegetation mapping of the areas, and analyze the rate, in which taxa appear to be bound to one or several communities³.

The Braun-Blanquet cover-abundance scale was used to estimate plant species importance and abundance in this study. Plant Cover was determined from estimates of vertical plant shoot-area projection as a percentage of quadrat area⁴. The index designating the appropriate cover-range and species classification were recorded in the field. Field species sampling was conducted in transects covering targeted site area. The surveyed area was divided into 33 transects of 70*70 m and within transects, one to four quadrats of 25*25 m were specified and surveyed. The quadrats were set in a way that would cover major part of the transect area. Within each quadrat, plant species were

_

¹ Douglas A. Wikum, G. Frederick Shanholtzer (July, 1978). Application of the Braun-Blanquet coverabundance scale for vegetation analysis in land development studies. Environmental Management, Volume 2, Issue 4, pp 323–329.

² Wikum, D.A. & Shanholtzer, G.F. (1974). Application of the Braun-Blanquet cover-abundance scale for vegetation analysis in land development studies. Environmental Management. July 1978, Volume 2, Issue 4, pp 323–329. https://doi.org/10.1007/BF01866672

³ http://repository.naturalis.nl/document/572813

⁴ Mueller-Dombois, D. and Ellenberg, H. (1974) Aims and Methods of Vegetation Ecology. John Wiley and Sons, New York, 547 p.



surveyed by counting the number of each species growing in the quadrats. During plant species sampling the species type, name, structure and abundance were all measured.

During the field surveys conducted at Al Makhrour valley, the project team has estimated the vascular plant species cover that existed at the different selected transects. Each transect was selected based on set of criteria including the location of transect, the topography, the type of vegetation cover, and its habitat. The field surveyors has ensured the most comprehensive geographic coverage for the valley, coverage for the diverse habitats, coverage for the diverse plant species and others. Other terms were taking into consideration which is the accessibility of the land, the slope, and the density of the plants covering that piece of land. Accordingly and in each transect certain number of quadrats were specified to study in details regarding the type of plants the quadrat is supporting, and its estimated frequency (according to B& B methodology). In some transects only one quadrat was taken as the topography of the land did not allow the team to access all parts of the transect; mainly because those transects were of very steep slopes.

The transects were selected in a way that ensures the coverage of all types of habitats on site. Trees, shrubby and herbaceous vegetation were all studied in each transect. The habitat, soil type and elevation of each transect were specified and interpreted with the type and abundance of species surveyed. Hence, a variety of information were collected along each transect to highlight ecological relationships, the abiotic conditions of each transect and quadrat were also described focusing on the elevation and coordinates, soil type, habitat type, and slope rate.

A profile diagram was used to elucidate graphically the vegetation-environment relationships. The use of cover-abundance ratings in profile diagrams allows one to visualize simultaneously species importance, community composition and structure, and vegetation-topographic relationships⁵. The plant profile of the transect represents plant species that occurred at each sampling quadrat.

The cover-abundance index for each species appears to the right of the species name, directly as a + (cross) rating and a (number). The meaning of those number is interpreted as in table 2.1 below.

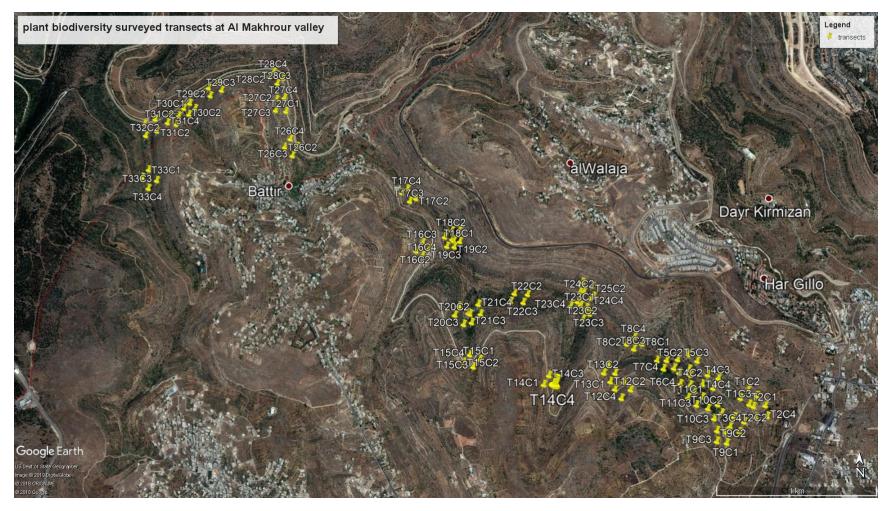
Table (2.1): Braun and Blanauet Scale by Range of Cover

	, , , , ,
Braun –Blanquet scale	Range of plant cover (%)
5	75-100
4	50-75
3	25-50
2	5-25
1	<5; numerous individuals
+	<1; few individuals

⁵ Richmond, T. De A. and D. Mueller-Dombois. 1972. Coastline ecosystems on Oahu, Hawaii. Vegetation 25: 367-400

5





Map 2.1: AL Makhrour valley delineating the site and all transects selected to be surveyed for their plant cover.



2.2 Line Transect Methodology

Another measurement was taken through implementing the line transect methodology. Plant coverage in relation to soil and rock coverage at the study area was also estimated by measuring a line transect by counting numbers of plant species occurrence at regular or subjectively determined intervals along the line transects covering each block transect selected to be studied according to Braun and Blanquet methodology. (Block transect is the transect described in section 2.1).

Line transect measurements were taken within area of each block transect (described earlier). The line transect was taken as X lines, where each line is of 100 meters length, hence 200 meters of line transect were measured within each block transect. The line transect is delineated by using a nylon rope of 100 meters marked and numbered with cm intervals, all the way along its length. It was laid across the block transect, where the position of the line transect line was set to cross the whole block transect selected to be studied.

The starting point for the line transects was taken at the first corner of the block transect, while the end point of the line transect was the second corner of the block transect and so on. 70 meters was the space left between one line-transect and the other (see diagram 1 below). A line transect was carried out by unrolling the transect line along the gradient identified. The species touching the line were recorded and their canopy area was measured along the whole length of the line (continuous sampling was taken). Alternatively, the presence, or absence of species at each marked point is recorded (systematic sampling). When there is no plant species touching the line, the soil or rock existing in the space was recorded. At the end the data of the line transect helped PCC team to calculate the plant coverage versus the rock and soil coverage in each block transect. It also helps to identify the frequency of species growing along the line transect and the plant density of the block transect.

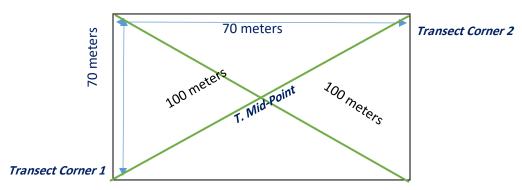


Diagram 1: Shows a block transect of 70*70 meters selected in the field and a line transect of 100 meters length set inside the block transect.



2.3 The Surveyed Area at Al Makhrour Valley

The surveyed area encompasses: (1) Al Makhrour Valley that extends from Beit Jala city to the entrance of Batir village from the western side, which forms 2.62 km², (2) the hills sourrounding Battir Village from the northern and western sides of Battir and Battir village itself, which forms 2.38 km². Hence the surveyed area covered almost 5 km², which forms 45% of whole WHP (World Heritage Property) designated by UNESCO (see map 2.2). PCC focus was on the core area of the WHP. In this study MKV as an expression represents the two areas as following: AL Makhrour Valley and the hills behind Battir towards Husan village, where the inventory was conducted. Battir village was also surveyed but its results will be presented separately as it has a unique status; mainly affected by human interferences and hence its plant cover was studied independently (see section 3.3).



Map 2.2: Area covered for biodiversity inventory survey done for ALMakhrour Valley and Battir village and its surrounding hills

The area surveyed starts from Beit Jala side at coordinates 31°42'52.38"N, 35°10'26.16"E reaching up to the natural valley between Battir and Husan villages at point 31°43'18.33"N, 35° 7'54.77"E, taking three paths 1, 2 and 3 (see map 2.3). The area enjoys the different potential habitats that the valley embraces and the different plant species that it supports. The length of the three paths is 7.5 Kilometers. The highest point at the studied paths was estimated at 813 meters above sea level and the lowest point reaches to an estimate of 550 meters above sea level.





Map 2.3: Paths used to support PCC team to conduct the surveys in a comprehensive geographic manner.



III. Findings of the plant biodiversity inventory surveys done at Al Makhrour Valley – covering Autumn, Winter, and Spring seasons 2018/2019

3.1 Ecosystem and Habitats of Al Makhrour Valley:

Al Makhrour Valley (MKV) falls in the Mediterranean botanical and zoogeographical region⁶ and the Mediterranean biogeographical zone⁷. It is also an important part of the hydrological system that replenishes the western aquifer. The mean annual temperature in this area is 15-18°C. The annual average precipitation is 250-650 mm, some of which falls as snow in some years⁸. The soil is diverse from light to dark brown Rendzina with some area with mixture of Terra Rossa and in some areas of Terra Rossa alone. With an elevation ranging from ca. 550 m to ca. 830m above sea level⁹. Al Makhrour area is well – known as the governorate's most fertile land and its traditional breadbasket. The valley is announced as Important Bird Area (IBAs)¹⁰ and was designated as a Key Biodiversity Area¹¹ at national and global levels. AL Makhrour valley is in the Mediterranean Forests, Woodland and Scrub biome, one of WWF's Global 200 priority biomes for conservation¹². The area is also part of Conservation International's Global Biodiversity Hotspot Mediterranean Basin¹³, and of a global Centre of Plant Diversity¹⁴, two additional designations of global conservation importance.

The World Heritage Site also encompasses series of agricultural valleys extending along Al Makhrour Valley towards the west of Beit Jala, then towards the village of Husan, encircling the village of Battir, and extending to the neighboring village of Al Walaja to the northeast. The valley enjoys a strategic location and the availability of springs that attracted people to settle in the area and adapts its steep landscape into arable land, through developing complex irrigation system for the water supply that has led to the creation of dry walls terraces, agricultural watchtowers (manatir) locally known as palaces (qusoor), and olive presses. All were the basis for a strong presence of agriculture of olives

⁶ Zohary, M., (1973). Geobotanical Foundations of the Middle East. Stuttgart: B. Fischer Verlag. 739 pp

⁷ Soto-Berelov, M., Fall, P.L. & Falconer, S.E (2012). A revised map of plant geographical regions of the Southern Levant. Proceedings of the Geospatial Science Research Symposium GSR2. Melbourne.

⁸ Meteorological Data 2009-2018. Meteorological Department, Ramallah, Palestine.

⁹ Measurements taken in the field, verification will be done using GIS application.

http://datazone.birdlife.org/country/palestinian-authority-territories and http://datazone.birdlife.org/site/results?cty=240&fam=0&gen=0

¹¹ http://www.keybiodiversityareas.org/site/results?reg=8&cty=240&snm=

¹² Olson, D. M. and Dinerstein, E. (2002). The Global 200: Priority ecoregions for global conservation. Annals of the Missouri Botanical Garden 89(2): 199-224.

¹³ Conservation International (2013). Global Biodiversity Hotspots: Mediterranean Basin. Downloaded from http://www.conservation.org/where/priority_areas/hotspots/europe_central_asia/Mediterranean-Basin/Pages/default.aspx

¹⁴ WWF and IUCN (1994). Centres of Plant Diversity: a Guide and Strategy for their Conservation. Volume 1: Europe, Africa, South West Asia and the Middle East. Gland, Switzerland and Cambridge, UK: WWF and IUCN.



and vegetables and others. The traditional system of irrigated terraces is an outstanding example of technological expertise, which constitutes an integral part of the cultural landscape¹⁵.

The landscapes at Al Makhrour Valley mainly the series of hills' formations, terraces (natural and man-made) and the valley that flows between the hills of each side, and the related human interventions have created the abundance of diverse habitats along the valley including the abundant agricultural lands (fallow lands), the olive groves that their owners still take care of, the abundant olive groves, the batha – garrigue associations with fairly new succession of wild plant cover, the maquis Mediterranean forest with developed succession of vegetation cover, in addition to the planted areas with mainly pine and cypress trees. (See Table 3.1, Annex 3.1 and Photos 3.1, 3.2, 3.3).







Photos 3.1, 3.2, 3.3: Landscapes of AL Makhrour Valley

Table 3.1: Ecosystem field sheet

1. The studied site Name Al Makhrour Valley 2. The valley Eco-region Mediterranean Region (Mountainous Zone Environment) Central Highlands Range of the West Bank Region Series of hills and a valley that flows from Beit Jala city enclaving Battir villages towards Husan village 3. The valley plant territory Mediterranean plant geo-element geo-element A mix between; natural maquis forest and a man-made 4. The valley typology coniferous forest It is a Mediterranean landscape composed of different interacting vegetation patches. Pine and oak ecosystems form contiguous patches within this landscape, in pure stands, or as mixed pine—oak ecosystems. AL Makhrour landscape typically

MoTA (Ministry of Touris

¹⁵ MoTA (Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities), 2013. Palestine, Land of Olives and Vines Cultural Landscape of Southern Jerusalem, Battir. World Heritage Site Nomination Document. Palestinian Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities. Department of Antiquities and Cultural Heritage Palestine.



5. The valley density	form a patch mosaic where different vegetation types are intermingled in complex patterns created by the variation in physical, biological, and anthropogenic landscape conditions. Further, the mosaics are a heterogeneous combination of both "natural" and man-made patches interleaved with one another in complex patterns that result from different edaphic conditions, topography, exposure to wind and sun, fire and other disturbances, and land-use histories. 40-93% plant density
c bette	
6. The valley ecosystem habitats	-Maquis forest –Sclerophyllous - Broad Leaved - Oak Forest and Maquis, Quercus calliprinos woodland on limestone, with <i>Quercus calliprinos</i> dominant species -Man-made Coniferous forest with <i>Pinus halepensis</i> dominant species -Garrigue/Batha forest – shrublands and grasslands -Agricultural land – Olive Groves -Fallow land –abundant land -The valley (5-8ms width) – elongated lowland between the
	hills
7. The Valley's soil	Rendzina and White rendzina especially on the northern series of hills (oriented towards the south), in some areas with patches of Terra Rossa Terra Rossa pure in patches. The Rendzina series comes along with typical Terra Rossa, and under identical climatic conditions. The parent rocks of this series are soft calcareous formations of the Upper Cretaceous and Eocene, including chalks, soft limestones, marls and nari. The humiferous topsoil, which is formed in the advanced stages above the gray subsoil, is a common feature of the entire series. The light — colored Rendzina (White Rendzina) is a variety of this group that is derived chiefly from soft Senonian chalk, nari, and Cenomanian marls. This type of soil occur most commonly in the central highlands/mountain range of the West Bank region, where MKV is located and supports the growth of Pinus halepensis- and its plant associations. Terra Rossa is a fertile soil, on the whole. It contains faily high proportion of silt and clay. It supports most of the native trees and shrubs, as well as many cultivated trees. It was found mainly as patches along the agriculture terraces (<i>Zobary, M. 1962</i>).
8. The Valley's water	- Number of springs distributed along the valley such as
resources	Kabryano spring, Al A'mdan Spring, E'in El Hawieh, and others (to be collected from literature and surveys)Water collection systems as natural and man-made rainwater harvesting systems (including cisterns and surface stone cistern)
9. The valley Surrounding	-Number of Qanateer or Castles (observed: 27 of them)
environment	-Cisterns (observed: 4)
The state of the s	. ,



	Crottos (observed: 2)
10. Conservation programs and authority	-Grottos (observed: 2) -Surrounding the valley a buffer area of agricultural lands and terraces, pieces of lands invested for eco-tourism activities such as restaurants, camping areas, etc) -It is surrounded with Palestinian localities such as Battir, Al Walaja, Husan villages and Beit Jala city; the largest Palestinian localities in the Western Bethlehem AreaIt is also surrounded by Israeli settlements such as Har Gilo from northern side and pass road 60 and Betar Illit and Hadar Betar settlements from southern western side which forms part of Gutsh Etzion settlement's blocFrom an environmental and water perspective, the area west of Bethlehem including Al Makhrour valley and the surrounding area is considered a high water production zone in relation to the lower part of the water aquiferNo conservation actions are taken on the ground although it is a WHS, however a management plan was set by MoTA in a participatory approach with relevant stakeholders for the site for protecting the cultural aspect and developing the site. But there is no conservation plan specific for the biodiversity of the siteBoth Battir village council and Beit Jala municipality are the main authorities that the area is demarcated under their jurisdiction according to the Palestinian Local Government
	classification. Private ownership is prevailing at site. -The area is located in Geopolitical area "C"; under Israel civil and security control, makes up to 61% of West Bank. No development is allowed unless a permit is taken from Israeli side.
11. The valley threats	There are several reasons for the deterioration of the valley, in general, performing pressure on the vegetation cover in this area, in particular, the following: (1) population growth and pressure, where new construction activities and restoration activities were noticed, (2) human interference where new soil is brought to the valley for the newly built terraces, in addition to replacing natural areas with agricultural lands, (3) the small fires (especially during olives' harvesting season), (4) stopping farming practices in certain areas along MKV, hence there are few segetal plants, (5) garbage and litter disposal, (6) ruderal plants are widespread along sides of the paths, (7) grazing activites were found in the valley as we found remainings of the livestock's manure and others.
12. The valley photos	More than 100 photos
13. Succession	Different levels of successions in different landscape patches. In general plant succession is most prominent on the series of mountains that face the north, as the slopes of those



	mountains are deeply steep, hence they face less human interference (no land uses), they have more humus, enjoys higher humidity and hence more dense vegetation cover. Some phenomenae were noticed during the field surveys regarding the presence or absence of some plant species, where the reason behind their occurrence status is not clear; as following: Wild thyme - Majorana syriaca (Origanum syriacum) was found in low numbers, low frequency and small populations. Carob tree - Ceratonia silique was found in low numbers, low frequency and specific locations Greek Sage - Salvia fruticosa was found in low numbers and very low frequency. Lentisk - Pistacia lentiscus was found growing in the valley from Beit Jala side, on a land of high elevation if compared to the land elevation sutiable for the growth of this plant. Usually the Lentisk shrubs prefer lower elvations (than the place it was found growing in) and warmer climates. However, the area where the shrub was found growing in abundantly is almost 800 meters above sea level but still the Lentisk grows there! Officinal Storax - Styrax officinalis was found in few places mainly in (T 9 and T10). Phragmites australis, Arundo donax was not found at all although there are some places along the valley where water is collected and springs are found! Cyperus rotundus and Juncus acutus were also not found while it was expected to find them in the valley especially near springs, and humid areas.
14. notes	- Quercus calliprinos forest of high nature conservation value in the Mediterranean region. Sclerophyllous oak forests are an important ecosystem type of the natural vegetation in the Mediterranean region. As a part of the mosaic-like landscape, old-growth oak forests, in particular, provide a wide range of ecosystem functions and services. The site supports different micro-environments that support the growth of diverse plant species of different life forms and distribution at the site
15. General plant cover observed during the exploration visit to	Plant species that were identified during the exploration visit are listed in Annex 3.1- Plant species identified at Al Makhrour Valley till date of the report.
the Valley's ecosystem	

During the field surveys and while studying the targeted transects along the valley, the habitats of the valley were identified. The Valley encompasses diverse habitats that supports diverse flora, fauna and avi-fauna species. The habitats of the valley are highly affected with the different human interventions at the valley. As it is clear that the valley



used to be cultivated and, in some areas, cultivation is still practiced by locals; mainly those inhabiting the Palestinian localities in proximity; but mainly Battir village and Beit Jala city. The man-made terraces, the olives' cultivations, the cisterns and the 'Manateer' (watchtowers for crops' harvest storage) are main human elements distributed all over the valley. However, a major part of the valley is not cultivated anymore, number of places are totally abundant and neglected and hence the major part of the valley is a mixture feature of both natural and man-made components (see Tables 3.4).

Of the main habitats that were surveyed are the following:

- 1. Natural Oak forest: Sclerophyllous Broad Leaved Oak Forest and Maquis. This habitat is dominated with *Quercus calliprinos* Oak tree that supports the growth of diverse and dense batha/garrigue plant associations of mainly *Sarcopoterium spinosum*, *Cistus spp.*, *Calicotome villosa*, *and Coridothymus capitatus*. This habitat supports the growth of diverse wild Mediterranean trees such as *Rhamnus lycioides*, *Crataegus aronia*, *Pistacia Palaestina*, and the reseeding of *Pinus halepensis*, *and Pinus pinea*, in addition to diverse shrub and herbaceous species such as *Teucrium divaricatum*, *Teucrium capitatum*, *Fumana arabica*, *Andropogon distachyos* and many others.
- 2. Mixed natural oak and olive groves: This habitat is dominated with both oak and olive trees. The habitat support the growth of number of trees such as *Arbutus andrachne, Pistacia Palaestina, Styrax officinalis* and number of shrubs and herbaceous species such as *Pistacia lentiscus, Phlomis viscosa, Calicotome villosa, Cyclamen persicum, Smilax aspera*, and many others.
- 3. Man-made planted coniferous woodland: This habitat is dominant with *Pinus halepensis* cultivated tree and its reseeding plants. This habitat does not support diverse plants but mainly scattered herbaceous species especially at the sides of the habitat where new habitats starts to emerge.
- 4. Batha and Garrigue habitat: This habitat support the growth of shrub/subshrubs and herbaceous species. Of the main species are *Phlomis viscoa*, *Cistus spp.*, sarcopoterium spinosum, coridothymus capitatus, Calicotome villosa, Bellis sylvestris, Teucrium creticum, and many others.
- 5. Fallow lands and olive groves: This habitat is mainly located at the flat lowland valley, where there are wide spread olive groves either cultivated or still taken care of by its owners as those groves are plowed lands or groves that are cultivated and left alone for one or two seasons only, or groves that were cultivated but neglected and only visited for harvesting and here the fallow land appear under or on the sides of the olive grove land. The plant associations in this habitat are *Asparagus aphyllus*, *Andropogon distachyos*, *Calicotome villosa*, *Carlina spp.*,



- Arum Palaestinum, Malva parviflora and many graminae spp. and papilionaceae spp. (to be classified in spring season).
- 6. Mixed oak and Pine forest supporting batha association, which supports diverse types of plants such as *Pistacia palaestina, Rhamnus Lycoides, Crataegus aronia, Teucrium capitatum, Thymus spicata, Thymbra spicata, Leontodon tuberosus,* and others.
- 7. The trench of the lowland valley (the deepest point in the valley): This trench is 5-8 meters in width and it supports the growth of all plant forms including trees, shrubs and herbaceous species. Of main plants are Pistacia palaestina, Quercus calliprinos, Sarcopoterium spinosum, Calicotome villosa, cistus spp., Salvia indica Daucus carota, Phagnalon rupestre, Dittrichia viscosa and many others (see photos 3.4 3.9) and Table 3.4.







Photos 3.4, 3.5, 3.6: Diverse habitats at AL Makhrour Valley; examples - Coniferous man-made woodland, batha-garrigue association, the valley trench respectively.







Photos 3.7, 3.8, 3.9: continued – habitats at Al Makhrour Valley; examples – olive groves, mixed oak forest and olive groves, mixed oak and pine forest and batha association respectively.



It was also noticed that there are many micro-environments that support the growth of specific plant species within the different habitats. This is mainly obvious on terraces (natural and man- made), near the paths, near water collections and on Heaps of small rocks. For example, of the lithophyte species that grow abundantly in the valley are *Cyclamen persicum*, *Umbilicus intermedius*, *Arisarum vulgare*, *Chiliadenus iphionoides* (varthemia), *Ajuga chamaepitys*, *Eremostachys laciniata* and others which are mainly



geophytes. Near the paths and water collection sites there were diverse plants growing such as Sinapis arvensis, Malva parviflora, Foeniculum vulgare, Nasturtium officinale, Verbascum sinuatum, Ferula communis and many others. And there are number of climbing plant species including Smilax aspera, Clematis cirrhosa, Clematis flammula, lonicera etrusca, (see photos 3.10-3.13, Tables 3.5)



Eremostachys اصوفیة - laciniata



علیق - Smilax aspera



Arum Palaestinum – 🤟



Umbilicus intermedius

Photos 3.10, 3.11, 3.12, 3.13: Lithophytes and climbers at Al Makhrour Valley

3.2 The Results of the Plant Cover Inventory (Vascular Plants):

3.2.1 Introduction

A total of 417 vascular plant species were recorded of the flora survey at MKV (AL Mkahour Valley and hills behind Battir towards Husan village) during the report period. This number includes also the species that grow in Battir village itself except ten species that were found in Battir village alone (see Annex 3.3). This number of plant species forms almost 20% of total plant species growing in the West Bank region and Gaza Strip (which is estimated at 2076 plant species¹⁶). The area clearly hosts high number of vascular

¹⁶ Ghattas R., 2008. Plant Biodiversity in the Palestinian Territory. *This Week in Palestine*. 118, 22-26. And ARIJ 2015. Status Of Environment In Opt 2015 (But Actually Published In 2016) Http://www.Arij.Org/Latest-News/779-The-Status-Of-Env-2015-2016.Html



plants; as the results of the diverse habitats, which forms a supporting environment for the growth of diverse plant species. The valley supports the growth of 63 plant families; most dominantly are Compositae, Papilionaceae, Labiatae, Graminae and Cruciferaceae (see Figure 3.1).

The total number of tree species surveyed at the valley is 17 trees, while the valley encompasses 47 shrubs and sub-shrubs, 2 aquatic plants, and 351 herbaceous plant species.

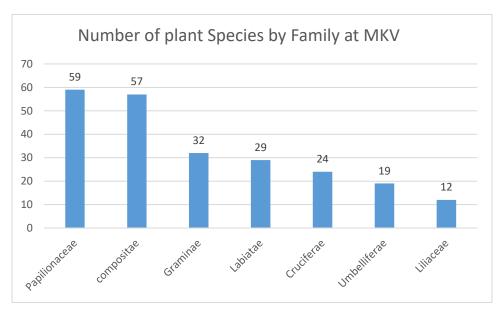


Figure 3.1: Number of plant species by family surveyed at Al Makhrour Valley

Of the dominant tree species growing at MKV are Oak trees Quercus calliprinos, Aleppo Pine trees Pinus halepensis, and Olive trees Olea europea. Other tree species were identified in the area including Pistachio trees Pistacia palaestina, Strawberry trees Arbutus andrachne, Carob trees Ceratonia siliqua, Stone Pine trees Pinus pinea, Cypress trees Cupressus sempervirens, Hawthorn Azarole trees Crataegus aronia, snowbell bush trees Styrax officinalis, Syrian Pear Pyrus Syriaca, Sumag tree Rhus coriaria and others. Three main dominant trees were found growing at the valley; Pine, Olive and Oak trees. The pine trees are mainly cultivated trees (some reseeding is taking place) of an estimated age that ranges between 20 and 80 years old, while the olive trees which are also cultivated (some reseeding is taking place) of an estimated age that ranges between 2 to 100 years old. The oak trees which are all wild natural trees were found of an estimated age between 5 to 200 years (reseeding is taking place). The old oak were mainly found on the eastern hills of Al Makhrour valley from Beit Jala side, mainly on the northern side of T2. The old pine trees were mainly found beneath T11 and opposite T4, near Abu Saliba house. It is worth noting that two plants of Pinus Pinea were found opposite T7, were their age was estimated to be between 70-80 years.



Regarding the main shrub species growing at MKV are Rock rose *Cistus creticus, Cistus salvifolius,* Headed Thyme *coridothymus capitatus,* Spiny Broom *Calicotome villosa,* Prickly Burnet *sarcopoterium spinosum,* Hedge Germander *Teurcium divaricatum,* Cat Thyme Germander *Teucrium capitatum,* Shrubby Jerusalem Sage *Phlomis viscosa,* Mediterranean thyme *Thymbra spicata* and others. Of the three most dominant shrubs found growing at MKV are Rock rose, Prickly burnet, Spiny broom and Headed thyme.

Regarding the main herbaceous species are Persian Cyclamen *Cyclamen persicum*, Arabian Cistus *Fumana arabica*, Rough Binweed *Smilax aspera*, Spanish Carline Thistle *Carlina Hispanica*, Early virgin's-bower *Clematis Cirrhosa and many others* (*Photos 3.9-3.14*). The whole list of vascular plant species found during surveys at Al Makhrour Valley including the natural area circulating Battir Village is documented in Annex 3.1.







بلوط - Quercus calliprinos

صنوبر الشائع – Pinus halepensis

قيقب او القطلب – Arbutus andrachne

Photos 3.9, 3.10, 3.11: Dominant trees at Al Makhrour valley during autumn and winter 018/2019







Bellis sylvestris – عصا – Gagea commutate – Cyclamen Persicum – عصا – Leontodon tuberosus کتیمة - (Thrincia tuberosa) – الراعي او زعمطوط زهرة نجمة بیت لحم



Trifolium clypeatum- Calicotome villosa - Cistus salviifolius— لبيد ابيض Clematis cirrhosa – حبل المسك قندول برسيم ترسي ابيض

Photos 3.12, 3.13, 3.14: Dominant perennial/annuals and shrubs at Al Makhrour Valley during autumn and winter 2018/2019

The valley and Battir village supports that growth of large number of rare species that are distributed along the valley. It was found 34 rare and very rare plant species where 14 are very rare species at local level (forming 3.6% of total number of plant species growing on site) and 45 LC species, and 1 NT (Near Threstened) species at global level according to IUCN Red list. The rare species are mainly found among 8 families of which are orchidaceae, polygonaceae, solanaceae, verbenaceae, and violaceae. It was also found that the valley supports the growth of 26 endemic species; mostly endemic to Palestine and Syria, which are all of high conservation value. Five of them are rare/very rare species and three species are endemic only to Palestine such as *Nonea philistaea*, *Onopordum carduiforme* and *Reseda alopecuros*. Hence they are of high conservation value as they are also threatened species (See Table 3.2, Photo 3.15 and Annex 3.1).

It is worth noting that during the surveys PCC team noticed number of species that are recorded as common or frequently found species however they are rare in the study area. Rare species in the study area forms 34 plant species (see Annex 3.1).

The wild relatives that are growing at MKV are also of high conservation value such as wild relatives of wheat (*Ageilop spp.*), lettuce (*Lactuca spp.*), pear (*Pyrus syriaca*), green Pistacio (*Pistacia palaestina (terebinthus*)), barley (*Hordeum spontaneum*), fennel (*Foeniculum vulgare*), thyme (*Majorana syriaca*), cauliflower (*Brassica nigra*), fenugreek (*Trigonella foenum-graecum*), peas (*Pisum sativum*), vetch (*Vicia sativa*) and others.







Crocus heymalis -زعفران

Colchicum hierosol ymitanum - الودع المقدس

Moraea sisyrinchium – سوسن الخنازير

Vagaria parviflora رجل الحمامة البيضاء ـ

Orchis galilaea – سحلب الجليل

Photo 3.15, 3.16, 3.17: Selected Rare Species at study area MKV

Table 3.2: Endemic species found at MKV and their abundance

Family	Species name	Endemism	Abundance at local level	Abundance (IUCN Red List)	Occurence
Amaryllidaceae	Vagaria parviflora (Pancratium parviflora)	ES	F	LC	Path after T20 (along the stairs)
Araceae	Biarum angustatum	ET	F (LD)	-	T12
Boraginaceae	Alkanna strigosa	ET	С	-	T22
	Echium judaeum	ES	CC	-	T12, T15, T16, T27
	Nonea philistaea	EP	C(LD)	-	Path behind Battir Village towards T26
Campanulaceae	Campanula hierosolymitana	EL	C(LD)	-	Path Below T14
	Campanula stellaris	EL	C(LD)	-	Path Below T14
Colchicaceae	Colchium hierosolymitanum	ЕТ	R	-	Path towards T17 on left side of the path there are high rocks with mciro- environemnts for lithophyte plants
Compositae	Anthemis bornmuelleri (Anthemis galilaea)	ES	CC	-	On the way down hill from Beit Jala side
	Calendula palaestina	EL	C(LD)	-	In agricultural Lands of Battir Village above rail way



	Centaurea cyanoides	ES	C(LD)	-	Path between
					T26 and T27
	Onopordum carduiforme	EP	RP	-	T26
	(Onopordum telavivense)				
Iridaceae	Crocus hyemalis	ES	С	LC	T29, T30, on
					the path
					towards T17
					on the rock
					side of the
Labiatae	C 1 · 1 · 1 · ·	ES	C (LD)	_	path T32
Ladiatae	Salvia hierosolymitana	ES	C (LD)	-	132
	Salvia judaica	ES	С	-	Path between
					T28 and T29
	Salvia pinnata	ET	C (LD)	-	Path between
	1				T28 and T29
Liliaceae	Bellevalia eigii	EE	F	-	T4 and T8
		ES	CC	-	T2, T8 and
	Bellevalia flexuosa				on path
					above T19
Papilionaceae	Trifolium eriosphaerum	ES	С	-	T12, T13,
	J 1				T14
	Trifolium erubescens	EL	C(LD)	-	path before
	TT + C 7+	TOTAL STATE OF THE			T26
	Trifolium scutatum	ET	R	=	T32
	Trigonella berythea	ET	F	-	On path
	1 Γιζυπειία θεί γιικα				towards T22
Resedaceae		EP	R	-	After T20
	Reseda alopecuros				btowards
	1				Battir village
Scrophularaceae	Scrophularia	ES	RP	-	T26
	hierochuntina				
	Compt had and a male and the	ES	F	_	On the way
	Scrophularia rubicaulis		_		towards T26
Umbelliferae	Chaetosciadium	ES	CC	-	T8 and T9
	trichospermum				
Umbelliterae	Chaetosciadium trichospermum	ES	CC	-	T8 and T9

- Ad1 (abundance at local level, according to Checklist and Ecological Database¹⁷): CC=Very common species, C=Common species, F=Frequent species, R=somewhat rare species, NR= Not Registered in the study area before but found during surveys, (LD)= species with limited distribution
- Abd2 (abundance at global level, according to IUCN RED List¹⁸): LC= Least Concern, VU= Vulnerable decreasing
- End= Endemism, EP=Endemic to Palestine, ET=Endemic to Palestine and Turkey, EL=Endemic to Palestine and Lebanon, ES=Endemic to Palestine and Syria

_

¹⁷ Ori F., Uzi P., David H., Avi S. (1999). Checklist and Ecological Data-Base of the Flora or Israel and its Surroundings. Hebrew University, Jerusalem.

¹⁸ http://www.iucnredlist.org/search



3.2.2 Results of the Braun and Blanquet (B&B) Survey done at Al Makhrour Valley

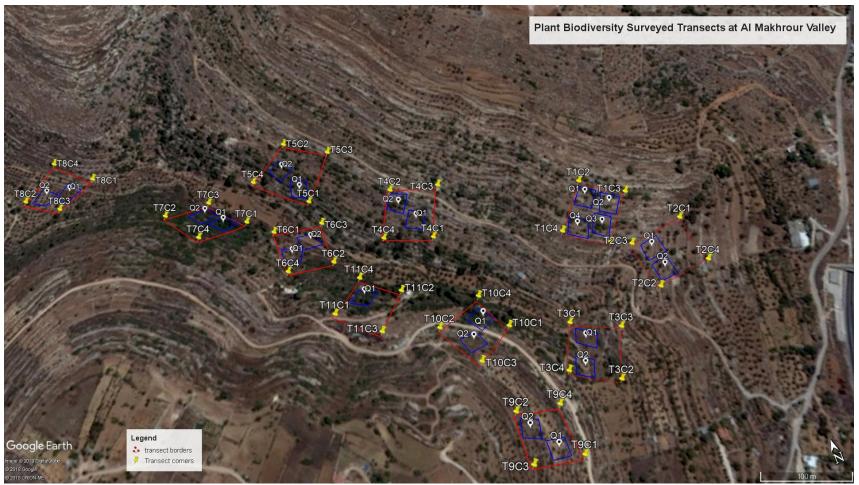
Investigating the results of the studied 33 transects, it appears that transects number T10, T26, T12 and T28 are the most diverse in plants tansects; followed by T9, T11, T22 and T29 as they are mainly mixed habitats of natural oak forest and olive groves habitats (almost all mature succession of natural habitats) that encompass high humidity, high humus matter and fertile healthy soils, appropriate rock formations and distribution, elevation and solar radiation that affect positively the survival and reproduction of living organisms. T10 and T26 supports the growth of almost 66 and 65 different plant species, while T12 and T28 supports the growth of almost 61 plant species respectively and so on. This data reflects what was studied and surveys during the report period (see Table 3.3).

Table 3.3: Total number of plant species growing at each studied transect during the report period

Transect no.	Number of plan species	ts Transect no.	Number of Plant species
T1	28	T17	47
T2	42	T18	10
T3	34	T19	28
T4	36	T20	39
T5	28	T21	24
T6	42	T22	56
T7	29	T23	33
T8	34	T24	21
Т9	59	T25	14
T10	66	T26	65
T11	56	T27	36
T12	61	T28	61
T13	39	T29	55
T14	35	T30	49
T15	52	T31	32
T16	30	T32	37
T33	31		

The following section shows detailed maps for the distribution of studied transects and their quadrats and table 3.4. below presents the estimated cover according to Braun and Blanquet scale at the different surveyed transects. (See Table 3.4). Coordinates of studied transects are sumarized in Annex 3.2. For details regarding each plant species and its distribution over the different studied transect see Annex 3.3.





Map 3.1: Presents the distribution and geo-location of the studied transects T1, T2, T3, T4, T5, T6, T7, T8, T9, T10, and T11 and their quadrats at MKV- (Beit Jala city from eastern side).



Table 3.4: List of species and their estimated cover by surveyed transects along the Al-Makhrour Valley.

Transect		Transe	ect 1 (T1) Beit Jala side – p	·	Transect 2 (T2) Beit Jala side –path 1		Transect 3 (T3) Lowland Valley between series of hills (northern, southern and eastern hills) from Beit Jala side – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Alluvial soil, lots of humus and remaining of compost	Alluvial soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil
	maquis oak forest (startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	Maquis oak forest, fallow land and olive groves	Olive groves and fallow land, lots of humus	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olive groves	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olives groves
Habitat								
Plant cover	65% plant cover	60% plant cover	60% plant cover	65% plant cover	70% plant cover	75% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover
Elevations above sea level	793m	789m	790m	776m	781	771	736m	740m
Slope	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	Steep	steep	flat	flat
Species				Bra	un and Blanquet	scale		
Adonis microcarpa	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Allium neapolitanum	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Anacamptis papilionacea (Orchis papilionacea)	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Andropogon distachyos	2(10%)	2(10%)	2(10%)	2(10%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Anagallis arvensis	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Anemone coronaria	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Anthemis pseudocotula	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-



Transect	Transect 1 (T1) Northern hill from Beit Jala side – path 1				Transect 2 (T2) Beit Jala side –path 1		Transect 3 (T3) Lowland Valley between series of hills (northern, southern and eastern hills) from Beit Jala side – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Alluvial soil, lots of humus and remaining of compost	Alluvial soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil
Habitat	maquis oak forest (startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	Maquis oak forest, fallow land and olive groves	Olive groves and fallow land, lots of humus	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olive groves	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olives groves
	65% plant	60% plant	60% plant	65% plant	70% plant cover	75% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover
Plant cover	cover 793m	cover 789m	cover 790m	cover 776m	781	771	736m	740m
Elevations above sea level	793111	769111	790111	7 / 0111	701	//1	/ 50111	/40III
Slope	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	Steep	steep	flat	flat
Species				Bra	un and Blanquet	scale		'
Arum Palaestinum	-	-	-	-	1(5%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Asparagus aphyllus	+(<1%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Asphodeline lutea	-	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Bellis sylvestris	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Bellevalia flexuosa	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Calicotome villosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	2(5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	2(10%)
Calendula arvensis	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Carlina hispanica	+(<1(%)	1(5%)	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-



Transect	Transect 1 (T1) Northern hill from Beit Jala side – path 1				Transect 2 (T2) Beit Jala side –path 1		Transect 3 (T3) Lowland Valley between series of hills (northern, southern and eastern hills) from Beit Jala side – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Alluvial soil, lots of humus and remaining of compost	Alluvial soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil
Habitat	maquis oak forest (startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	Maquis oak forest, fallow land and olive groves	Olive groves and fallow land, lots of humus	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olive groves	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olives groves
TIMOTON .	65% plant	60% plant	60% plant	65% plant	70% plant cover	75% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover
Plant cover	cover	cover	cover	cover				
Elevations above sea level	793m	789m	790m	776m	781	771	736m	740m
Slope	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	Steep	steep	flat	flat
Species				Bra	un and Blanquet	scale	<u>'</u>	
Carlina curetum	+(<1(%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Chiliadenus iphionoides	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Cistus salviifolius	2(15%)	2(10%)	3(25%)	3(27%)	-	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	2(15%)
Coridothymus capitatus	2(10%)	3(25%)	3(25%)	-	-	-	-	-
Crataegus aronia	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Cyclamen persicum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	1(5%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)
Daucus carota	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Dittrichia viscosa	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Echinops polyceras	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-



Transect	Transect 1 (T1) Northern hill from Beit Jala side – path 1				Transect 2 (T2) Beit Jala side –path 1		Transect 3 (T3) Lowland Valley between series of hills (northern, southern and eastern hills) from Beit Jala side – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Alluvial soil, lots of humus and remaining of compost	Alluvial soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil
Habitat	maquis oak forest (startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	Maquis oak forest, fallow land and olive groves	Olive groves and fallow land, lots of humus	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olive groves	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olives groves
Tuotu	65% plant	60% plant	60% plant	65% plant	70% plant cover	75% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover
Plant cover	cover	cover	cover	cover				
Elevations above sea level	793m	789m	790m	776m	781	771	736m	740m
Slope	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	Steep	steep	flat	flat
Species				Bra	un and Blanquet	scale		
Erodium ciconium	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Eryngium cretium	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Helianthemum ventosum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	-
Hordeum bulbosum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Hordeum spontaneum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Fumana Arabica	+(<1%)	1(5%)	-	1(5%)	-	-	-	-
Geranium robertianum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Malva parviflora	-	-	-	-	1(5%)	-	-	-
Medicago monspeliaca	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-



Transect	Transect 1 (T1) Northern hill from Beit Jala side – path 1				Transect 2 (T2) Beit Jala side –path 1		Transect 3 (T3) Lowland Valley between series of hills (northern, southern and eastern hills) from Beit Jala side – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Alluvial soil, lots of humus and remaining of compost	Alluvial soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil
Habitat	maquis oak forest (startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	Maquis oak forest, fallow land and olive groves	Olive groves and fallow land, lots of humus	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olive groves	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olives groves
	65% plant	60% plant	60% plant	65% plant	70% plant cover	75% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover
Plant cover	cover	cover	cover	cover				
Elevations above sea level	793m	789m	790m	776m	781	771	736m	740m
Slope	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	Steep	steep	flat	flat
Species				Bra	un and Blanquet	scale		
Thymbra spicata	1(5%)	+(<1%)	2(10%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Notobasis syriaca	-	-	-	-	2(10%)	-	-	-
Olea europaea	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	4(70%)	+(<1%)	-
Phagnalon rupestre	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Pinus halepensis	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	1(5%)	-	-	-
Pistacia lentiscus	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Pistacia palaestina	-	-	-	-	-	2(20%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Phalaris aquatica (tuberosa)	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Plantago afra	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)



Transect	No		ect 1 (T1) Beit Jala side – p	ath 1	Transect 2 (T2) Beit Jala side –path 1		Transect 3 (T3) Lowland Valley between series of hills (northern, southern and eastern hills) from Beit Jala side – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Alluvial soil, lots of humus and remaining of compost	Alluvial soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil
Habitat	maquis oak forest (startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	Maquis oak forest, fallow land and olive groves	Olive groves and fallow land, lots of humus	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olive groves	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olives groves
Tuoitu	65% plant	60% plant	60% plant	65% plant	70% plant cover	75% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover
Plant cover	cover	cover	cover	cover				
Elevations above sea level	793m	789m	790m	776m	781	771	736m	740m
Slope	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	Steep	steep	flat	flat
Species				Bra	un and Blanquet	scale		
Poa bulbosa	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Podonosma orientalis	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Picnomon acarna	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Quercus calliprinos	2(10%)	2(10%)	2(10%)	2(10%)	3(35%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Rhamnus lycioides	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Rubia tenuifolia	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Sarcopoterium spinosum	3(30%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)	3(30%)	2(25%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	3(<50%)
Scandix verna (iberica)	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Securigera securidaca	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)



Transect	No		ect 1 (T1) Beit Jala side – p	ath 1	Transect 2 (T2) Beit Jala side –path 1		Transect 3 (T3) Lowland Valley between series of hills (northern, southern and eastern hills) from Beit Jala side – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Alluvial soil, lots of humus and remaining of compost	Alluvial soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil
Habitat	maquis oak forest (startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	Maquis oak forest, fallow land and olive groves	Olive groves and fallow land, lots of humus	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olive groves	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olives groves
	65% plant	60% plant	60% plant	65% plant	70% plant cover	75% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover
Plant cover	cover	cover	cover	cover	704	774	727	740
Elevations above sea level	793m	789m	790m	776m	781	771	736m	740m
Slope	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	Steep	steep	flat	flat
Species				Bra	un and Blanquet	scale		
Sedum sediforme	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	-
Silybum marianum	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Smilax aspera	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Sonchus oleraceus	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Teucrium capitatum	-	-	-	-	1(5%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Teucrium creticum	+(<1%)	-	-	1(5%)	-	-	-	-
Teucrium divaricatum	1(5%)	2(10%)	+(<1%)	-	2(5%)	-	+(<1%)	-
Tetragonolobus palaestinus	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)
Trigonella arabica	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-



Transect	No	Transe	ct 1 (T1) Beit Jala side – p	ath 1	Transect 2 (T2) Beit Jala side –path 1		Transect 3 (T3) Lowland Valley between series of hills (northern, southern and eastern hills) from Beit Jala side – path 1			
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2		
Soil type	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Rendzina soil with accumulation of Humus	Alluvial soil, lots of humus and remaining of compost	Alluvial soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil		
	maquis oak forest (startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	maquis forest(startup of succession) with bath and Garrigue association	Maquis oak forest, fallow land and olive groves	Olive groves and fallow land, lots of humus	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olive groves	Bath and garrigue association, fallow land and olives groves		
Habitat										
Plant cover	65% plant cover	60% plant cover	60% plant cover	65% plant cover	70% plant cover	75% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover		
Elevations above sea level	793m	789m	790m	776m	781	771	736m	740m		
Slope	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	moderate steep	Steep	steep	flat	flat		
Species		Braun and Blanquet scale								
Umbilicus intermedius	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-		
Urtica urens	-	-	+(<1%)	-	2(15%)	+(<1%)	-	-		
Vicia Palaestina	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)		
Verbena supina	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-		



Transect	Transect 4 (T4) – continuou hill – path	s series of Northern 1 1	Transect 5 (T5)- cor Northern hill toward		Transect 6 (T6) – valley of olive groves and fallow land – the valley below the northern hills of T5 – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown rendzina	Brown rendzina
Habitat	maquis forest —startup succession since 25years	maquis forest – startup succession since 25years	maquis forest-startup succession since 25years	maquis forest—startup succession since 25years	maquis forest— startup succession since 25years	Fallow land and olive groves— lots of segetal species	The trench of the valley
Plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	40% plant cover	80% plant cover
Elevations above sea level	753m	760m	748m	733m	737m	712 m	710
Slope	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Very Steep	Very steep	flat	flat
Species				Braun and Blanquet	scale		
Allium orientale	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Anacamptis papilionacea	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Andropogon distachyos	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Anemone coronaria	+(<1%)	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Arbutus andrachne	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Asparagus aphyllus	+(<1%)	1(<1%)	+(<1)	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Asphodelus ramosus (microcarpus)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Asphodeline lutea	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	-
Bellis sylvestris	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Bromus tectorum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Calicotome villosa	1(5%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	2(15%)	1(5%)	-	1(5%)
Calendula arvensis	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Carlina curetum	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-



Transect	Transect 4 (T4) – continuou hill – path	s series of Northern 1	Transect 5 (T5)- cor Northern hill towar		Transect 6 (T6) – valley of olive groves and fallow land – the valley below the northern hills of T5 – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown rendzina	Brown rendzina
Habitat	maquis forest —startup succession since 25years	maquis forest – startup succession since 25years	maquis forest-startup succession since 25years	maquis forest-startup succession since 25years	maquis forest— startup succession since 25years	Fallow land and olive groves— lots of segetal species	The trench of the valley
Plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	40% plant cover	80% plant cover
Elevations above sea level	753m	760m	748m	733m	737m	712 m	710
Slope	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Very Steep	Very steep	flat	flat
Species				Braun and Blanquet	scale		
Carthamus tenuis	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Ceratonia siliqua	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Cistus salviifolius	3(25%)	3(25%)	3(25%)	3(25%)	3(30%)	1(5%)	1(5%)
Chiliadenus iphionoides	-	-	-	+(1<%)	-	-	-
Coridothymus capitatus	3(25%)	3(25%)	3(30%)	3(25%)	3(30%)	-	1(5%)
Cyclamen persicum	1(5%)	2(10%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Cupressus sempervirens	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Daucus carota	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(1<%)
Erodium gruinum	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Ephedra aphylla	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	
Erucaria hispanica	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Eryngium cretium	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-		
Fumana arabica	1(5%)	2(7%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Galium murale	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect 4 (T4) – continuou hill – path	s series of Northern 1 1	Transect 5 (T5)- cor Northern hill toward	ntinuous series of ds Battir – path 1	Transect 6 (T6) – valley of olive groves and fallow land – the valley below the northern hills of T5 – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown rendzina	Brown rendzina
Habitat	maquis forest —startup succession since 25years	maquis forest – startup succession since 25years	maquis forest-startup succession since 25years	maquis forest–startup succession since 25years	maquis forest— startup succession since 25years	Fallow land and olive groves— lots of segetal species	The trench of the valley
Plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	40% plant cover	80% plant cover
Elevations above sea level	753m	760m	748m	733m	737m	712 m	710
Slope	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Very Steep	Very steep	flat	flat
Species				Braun and Blanquet	scale		
Helichrysum sanguineum	+(<1%)						
Helminthotheca echioides	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Hirschfeldia incana	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Hordeum bulbosum	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Hordeum glaucum	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Lamium amplexicaule	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Lobularia arabica	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Muscari neglectum (pulchellum)	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Olea europaea	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	5(80%)	-
Paronychia argentea	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	•	+(<1%)	-	-
Phagnalon rupestre	+(<1%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	+(1<%)
Phalaris aquatica (tuberosa)	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Phlomis viscosa	-	-	-	-	-	-	1(5%)
Picnomon acarna	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-



Transect	Transect 4 (T4) – continuous series of Northern hill – path 1			Transect 5 (T5)- continuous series of Northern hill towards Battir – path 1		Transect 6 (T6) – valley of olive groves and fallow land – the valley below the northern hills of T5 – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown rendzina	Brown rendzina
Habitat	maquis forest —startup succession since 25years	maquis forest – startup succession since 25years	maquis forest-startup succession since 25years	maquis forest–startup succession since 25years	maquis forest— startup succession since 25years	Fallow land and olive groves— lots of segetal species	The trench of the valley
Plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	40% plant cover	80% plant cover
Elevations above sea level	753m	760m	748m	733m	737m	712 m	710
Slope	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Very Steep	Very steep	flat	flat
Species				Braun and Blanquet	scale		
Pinus halepensis	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	1(5%)
Pinus pinea	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Pistacia lentiscus	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Pistacia palaestina	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)
Podonosma orientalis	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Prasium majus	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Pulicaria arabica	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Quercus calliprinos	2(10%)	1(5%)	2(10%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	-	1(5%)
Rhamnus lycioides	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Rubia tenuifolia	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Sarcopoterium spinosum	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	2(10%)
Salvia dominica	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Salvia indica	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect 4 (T4) – continuou hill – path	s series of Northern 1	Transect 5 (T5)- continuous series of Northern hill towards Battir – path 1		Transect 6 (T6) – valley of olive groves and fallow land – the valley below the northern hills of T5 – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown and light rendzina	Brown rendzina	Brown rendzina
Habitat	maquis forest —startup succession since 25years	maquis forest – startup succession since 25years	maquis forest-startup succession since 25years	maquis forest–startup succession since 25years	maquis forest— startup succession since 25years	Fallow land and olive groves— lots of segetal species	The trench of the valley
Plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	80% plant cover	40% plant cover	80% plant cover
Elevations above sea level	753m	760m	748m	733m	737m	712 m	710
Slope	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Moderate steep	Very Steep	Very steep	flat	flat
Species				Braun and Blanquet	scale		
Senecio leucanthemifolius subsp vernalis	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Silene aegyptiaca	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Silybum marianum	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Smilax aspera	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Sisymbrium irio	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Securigera securidaca	-	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Thrincia tuberosa (Leontodon tuberosus	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Teucrium capitatum (polium)	+(<1%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Teucrium creticum	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Teucrium divaricatum	1(5%)	1(5%)	2(7%)	3(20%)	1(5%)	-	-
Thymbra spicata	1(5%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	-
Urtica urens	=	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Viola occulta	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	-	-



Transect		ect7 (T7) – he northern hill of T5 –path 1	Transect 8 (T8) – Olive groves and fallow land towards Battir after T6 – path 1		Transect 9 (T9) – Southern Hill below AL Makhrour restaurant from Beit Jala side –path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25 cm) –deep soil	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25cm) – deep soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession. The land was cultivated before 50-80 years)	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession)	Olive groves and fallow land	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed habitat of oak forest, bath association and olive groves	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves
Plant cover	90% plants	90% plants	60% plants	60% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	709m	718m	712m	708m	769m	770m
Slope	Very steep	Very steep	Flat	Flat	Steep to shallow slope	Steep to shallow slope
Species						•
Allium orientale	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Amaranthus blitoides	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Anchusa aegyptiaca	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Andropogon distachyos	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Anthemis hebronica	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Arbutus andrachne	2(7%)	2(7%)	-	-	-	-
Anemone coronaria	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Andrachne telephioides	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Arisarum vulgare	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	2(5%)
Arum Palaestinum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Asparagus aphyllus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	2(7%)



Transect	Transect7 (T7) – Southern hill in front of the northern hill of T5 –path 1		Transect 8 (T8) – Olive groves and fallow land towards Battir after T6 – path 1		Transect 9 (T9) – Southern Hill below AL Makhrour restaurant from Beit Jala side –path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25 cm) –deep soil	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25cm) – deep soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession. The land was cultivated before 50-80 years)	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession)	Olive groves and fallow land	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed habitat of oak forest, bath association and olive groves	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves
Plant cover	90% plants	90% plants	60% plants	60% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	709m	718m	712m	708m	769m	770m
Slope	Very steep	Very steep	Flat	Flat	Steep to shallow slope	Steep to shallow slope
Species						
Asphodelus ramosus (microcarpus)	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Asphodeline lutea	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Avena barbata	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Bellevalia flexuosa	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Bellis sylvestris	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Biscutella didyma	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Brachypodium distachyon	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Calicotome villosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	2(10%)	2(5%)
Carlina hispanica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Carlina curetum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Capparis spinosa	-	-	-	-	-	-
Chaetosciadium trichospermum	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect7 (T7) – Southern hill in front of the northern hill of T5 –path 1		Transect 8 (T8) – Olive groves and fallow land towards Battir after T6 – path 1		Transect 9 (T9) – Southern Hill below AL Makhrour restaurant from Beit Jala side –path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25 cm) –deep soil	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25cm) – deep soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession. The land was cultivated before 50-80 years)	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession)	Olive groves and fallow land	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed habitat of oak forest, bath association and olive groves	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves
Plant cover	90% plants	90% plants	60% plants	60% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	709m	718m	712m	708m	769m	770m
Slope	Very steep	Very steep	Flat	Flat	Steep to shallow slope	Steep to shallow slope
Species						
Cistus salviifolius	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	3(25%)	2(7%)
Clematis cirrhosa	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Colchicum hierosolymitanum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Coridothymus capitatus	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Crataegus aronia	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Crepis palaestina	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Cyclamen persicum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	2(20%)	2(15%)
Daucus carota	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Dittrichia viscosa	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Erodium gruinum	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Erodium ciconium	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-



Transect	Transect7 (T7) – Southern hill in front of the northern hill of T5 –path 1		Transect 8 (T8) – Olive groves and fallow land towards Battir after T6 – path 1		Transect 9 (T9) – Southern Hill below AL Makhrour restaurant from Beit Jala side –path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25 cm) –deep soil	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25cm) – deep soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession. The land was cultivated before 50-80 years)	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession)	Olive groves and fallow land	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed habitat of oak forest, bath association and olive groves	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves
Plant cover	90% plants	90% plants	60% plants	60% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	709m	718m	712m	708m	769m	770m
Slope	Very steep	Very steep	Flat	Flat	Steep to shallow slope	Steep to shallow slope
Species					•	
Ephedra aphylla	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Helminthotheca echioides	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Helianthemum ventosum	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Helichrysum sanguineum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Herniaria glabra	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Hippocrepis unisiliquosa	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Fumana arabica	+(<1%)	-	-	-	3(20%)	1(<5%)
Fumana thymifolia	-	-	-	-	1(5%)	-
Lonicera etrusca	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	-
Malva parviflora	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Olea europaea	-	-	4(75%)	4(75%)	1(5%)	1(<5%)



Transect	Transect7 (T7) – Southern hill in front of the northern hill of T5 –path 1		Transect 8 (T8) – Olive groves and fallow land towards Battir after T6 – path 1		Transect 9 (T9) – Southern Hill below AL Makhrour restaurant from Beit Jala side –path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25 cm) –deep soil	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25cm) – deep soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession. The land was cultivated before 50-80 years)	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession)	Olive groves and fallow land	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed habitat of oak forest, bath association and olive groves	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves
Plant cover	90% plants	90% plants	60% plants	60% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	709m	718m	712m	708m	769m	770m
Slope	Very steep	Very steep	Flat	Flat	Steep to shallow slope	Steep to shallow slope
Species						
Onobrychis caput-galli	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Ononis ornithopodioides	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Osyris alba	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Oxalis pes-caprae	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Phagnalon rupestre	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Phlomis viscosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Pisum sativum	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Pinus halepensis	1(<5%)	1(5%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Pistacia lentiscus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Pistacia palaestina	1(5%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	2(7%)
Poa bulbosa	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-



Transect	Transect7 (T7) – Southern hill in front of the northern hill of T5 –path 1		Transect 8 (T8) – Olive groves and fallow land towards Battir after T6 – path 1		Transect 9 (T9) – Southern Hill below AL Makhrour restaurant from Beit Jala side –path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25 cm) –deep soil	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25cm) – deep soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession. The land was cultivated before 50-80 years)	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession)	Olive groves and fallow land	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed habitat of oak forest, bath association and olive groves	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves
Plant cover	90% plants	90% plants	60% plants	60% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	709m	718m	712m	708m	769m	770m
Slope	Very steep	Very steep	Flat	Flat	Steep to shallow slope	Steep to shallow slope
Species						
Pulicaria arabica	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Quercus calliprinos	5(75%)	5(75%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	2(5%)	2(7%)
Ranunculus asiaticus	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Ridolfia segetum	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Reseda alba	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Rhamnus lycioides	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Rubia tenuifolia	-	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Sarcopoterium spinosum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	1(5%)	1(5%)
Senecio leucanthemifolius subsp. vernalis	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Silybum marianum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect7 (T7) – Southern hill in front of the northern hill of T5 –path 1		Transect 8 (T8) – Olive groves and fallow land towards Battir after T6 – path 1		Transect 9 (T9) – Southern Hill below AL Makhrour restaurant from Beit Jala side –path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25 cm) –deep soil	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25cm) – deep soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession. The land was cultivated before 50-80 years)	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession)	Olive groves and fallow land	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed habitat of oak forest, bath association and olive groves	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves
Plant cover	90% plants	90% plants	60% plants	60% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	709m	718m	712m	708m	769m	770m
Slope	Very steep	Very steep	Flat	Flat	Steep to shallow slope	Steep to shallow slope
Species						
Sinapis arvensis	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Sisymbrium irio	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Smilax aspera	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Sonchus oleraceus	-	-	-	-	-	-
Styrax officinalis	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Taraxacum cyprium	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Teucrium capitatum (polium)	-	-	-	-	1(<5%)	1(<5%)
Teucrium creticum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Teucrium divaricatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	1(<5%)	-
Thrincia tuberosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Thymbra spicata	-	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)



Transect	Transect7 (T7) – Southern hill in front of the northern hill of T5 –path 1		Transect 8 (T8) – Olive groves and fallow land towards Battir after T6 – path 1		Transect 9 (T9) – Southern Hill below AL Makhrour restaurant from Beit Jala side –path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25 cm) –deep soil	Mixed soil (Dark brown Rendzina & Terra Rossa) with lots of humus (10-25cm) – deep soil	Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession. The land was cultivated before 50-80	Maquis oak forest (mature plant cover succession)	Olive groves and fallow land	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed habitat of oak forest, bath association and olive groves	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves
Plant cover	years) 90% plants	90% plants	60% plants	60% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	709m	718m	712m	708m	769m	770m
Slope	Very steep	Very steep	Flat	Flat	Steep to shallow slope	Steep to shallow slope
Species						
Tolpis virgata	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Trifolium purpureum	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Umbilicus intermedius	-	-	-	-	1(<5%)	1(<5%)



Transect	Transect 10 (T10) – slope of	f southern hill below the path after T9 – path 2	Transect 11 (T11) – At Abu Saliba house and stairs- below the path after T10 – path 2
	Q1	Q2	Q1
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of natural oak forest and Pine coniferous man- made forest	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves	Natural Oak forest
Plant cover	80% plants	70% plants	85% plants
Elevations above sea level	764m	769m	759m
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Very steep
Species		Braun and Blanq	uet scale
Amaranthus blitoides	-	+(<1%)	-
Anchusa hybrida	-	-	2(5%)
Anchusa strigosa	-	-	+(<1%)
Anemone coronaria	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Andropogon distachyos	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)
Arisarum vulgare	-	2(5%)	-
Arum palaestinum	-	+(<1%)	-
Asparagus aphyllus	+(<1%)	2(5%)	+(<1%)
Asphodelus ramosus (microcarpus)	-	+(<1%)	-
Asphodeline lutea	-	+(<1%)	-
Astragalus asterias	+(<1%)	-	-
(Astragalus cruciatus)			
Atractylis cancellata	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Bellis sylvestris	+(<1%)	+(<5%)	+(<1%)
Briza maxima	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Calicotome villosa	1(<5%)	2(5%)	1(<5%)



Transect	Transect 10 (T10) – slope of	F southern hill below the path after T9 – path 2	Transect 11 (T11) – At Abu Saliba house and stairs- below the path after T10 – path 2
	Q1	Q2	Q1
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of natural oak forest and Pine coniferous man- made forest	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves	Natural Oak forest
Plant cover	80% plants	70% plants	85% plants
Elevations above sea level	764m	769m	759m
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Very steep
Species		Braun and Blanq	uet scale
Carlina hispanica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Carlina curetum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Capparis spinosa	-	-	+(<1%)
Catapodium rigidum	+(<1%)	-	-
Ceratonia siliqua	-	-	+(<1%)
Centaurea hyalolepis	-	-	+(<1%)
Chiliadenus iphionoides (varthemia)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Cistus creticum (incans)	1(<5%)	2(7%)	1(5%)
Cistus salviifolius	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)
Clematis cirrhosa	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)
Coridothymus capitatus	+(<1%)	-	1(<5%)
Crataegus aronia	+(<1%)	-	-
Crithopsis delileana	-	+(<1%)	-
Cupressus sempervirens	-	-	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect 10 (T10) – slope of	f southern hill below the path after T9 – path 2	Transect 11 (T11) – At Abu Saliba house and stairs- below the path after T10 – path 2
	Q1	Q2	Q1
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of natural oak forest and Pine coniferous man- made forest	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves	Natural Oak forest
Plant cover	80% plants	70% plants	85% plants
Elevations above sea level	764m	769m	759m
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Very steep
Species		Braun and Blanq	uet scale
Cyclamen persicum	+(<1%)	2(15%)	1(<5%)
Dittrichia viscosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	2(5%)
Ephedra aphylla	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Erodium gruinum	-	+(<1%)	-
Erodium ciconium	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Filago pyramidata	+(<1%)	-	-
Foeniculum vulgare	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Fumana arabica	+(<1%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)
Fumana thymifolia	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Galium murale	-	-	+(<1%)
Geropogon hybridus	+(<1%)	-	-
Helichrysum sanguineum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Hirschfeldia incana	+(<1%)	-	-
Lamium amplexicaule	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Lonicera etrusca	-		2(5%)



Transect	Transect 10 (T10) – slope of	F southern hill below the path after T9 – path 2	Transect 11 (T11) – At Abu Saliba house and stairs- below the path after T10 – path 2
	Q1 Q2		Q1
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of natural oak forest and Pine coniferous man- made forest	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves	Natural Oak forest
Plant cover	80% plants	70% plants	85% plants
Elevations above sea level	764m	769m	759m
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Very steep
Species		Braun and Blanq	uet scale
Majorana syriaca (Origanum syriacum)	-	-	1(<5%)
Malva parviflora	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Medicago polymorpha	-	+(<1%)	-
Nasturtium officinale	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Olea europaea	1(<5%)	2(5%)	+(<1%)
Onobrychis caput-galli	-	-	+(<1%)
Ononis sicula	-	-	+(<1%)
Oxalis pes-caprae	-	-	+(<1%)
Phagnalon rupestre	-	-	+(<1%)
Phalaris paradoxa	-	-	+(<1%)
Phlomis viscosa	-	-	+(<1%)
Picris altissima	-	+(<1%)	-
Pinus halepensis	1(<5%)	-	1(<5%)



Transect	Transect 10 (T10) – slope of	F southern hill below the path after T9 – path 2	Transect 11 (T11) – At Abu Saliba house and stairs- below the path after T10 – path 2
	Q1	Q2	Q1
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of natural oak forest and Pine coniferous man- made forest	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves	Natural Oak forest
Plant cover	80% plants	70% plants	85% plants
Elevations above sea level	764m	769m	759m
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Very steep
Species		Braun and Blanq	uet scale
Pinus Pinea	-	-	+(<1%)
Pistacia palaestina	+(<1%)	2(7%)	1(5%)
Poa bulbosa	-	-	+(<1%)
Polygonum argyrocoleum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Quercus calliprinos	2 (25%)	2(25%)	2(5%)
Ranunculus asiaticus	-	+(<1%)	-
Reseda alba	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Rhamnus lycioides	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	-
Rhus coriaria	+(<1%)	-	-
Rubia tenuifolia	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Sarcopoterium spinosum	-	1(5%)	1(<5%)
Scorpiurus muricatus	+(<1%)	-	-
Scorzonera papposa	-	-	+(<1%)

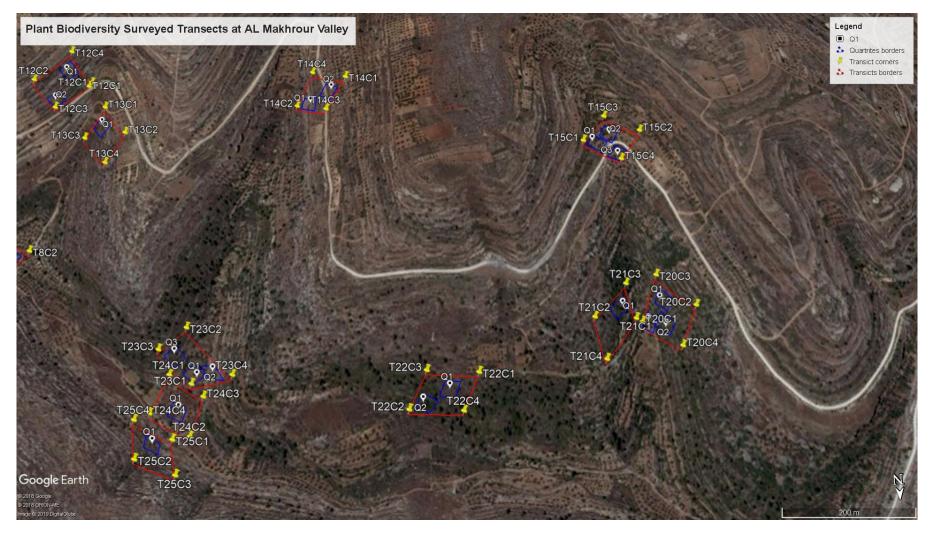


Transect	Transect 10 (T10) – slope of	f southern hill below the path after T9 – path 2	Transect 11 (T11) – At Abu Saliba house and stairs- below the path after T10 – path 2
	Q1	Q2	Q1
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of natural oak forest and Pine coniferous man- made forest	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves	Natural Oak forest
Plant cover	80% plants	70% plants	85% plants
Elevations above sea level	764m	769m	759m
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Very steep
Species		Braun and Blanq	uet scale
Senecio leucanthemifolius subsp. vernalis	-	-	+(<1%)
Silene aegyptiaca	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Silybum marianum	-	+(<1%)	-
Smilax aspera	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Sonchus oleraceus	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Styrax officinalis	+(<1%)	-	-
Taraxacum cyprium	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Teucrium divaricatum	-	-	+(<1%)
Teucrium capitatum (polium)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Teucrium creticum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Thrincia tuberosa	-	1(<5%)	+(<1%)
Thymbra spicata	-	1(<5%)	+(<1%)
Tolpis virgata	-	+(<1%)	-
Trifolium argutum	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect 10 (T10) – slope of	f southern hill below the path after T9 – path 2	Transect 11 (T11) – At Abu Saliba house and stairs- below the path after T10 – path 2
	Q1	Q2	Q1
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of natural oak forest and Pine coniferous man- made forest	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves	Natural Oak forest
Plant cover	80% plants	70% plants	85% plants
Elevations above sea level	764m	769m	759m
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Very steep
Species		Braun and Blanq	uet scale
Umbilicus intermedius	-	1(<5%)	+(<1%)
Urtica pilulifera	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Verbascum sinuatum	-	-	+(<1%)





Map 3.2: Presents the distribution and geo-location of the studied transects T12, T13, T14, T15, T20, T22, T23, T24 and T25 and their quadrats at MKV- (Middle of the Valley).



Transect	Transect 12 (T12) – South East hill in middle of the Valley – path 2		Transect 13 (T13) – Slope below the path - opposite T12 – path 2	Transect 14 (T14) – North West Hill- above the owl nest - Middle of the Valley – section below path and section above path - path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown Rendzina
Habitat	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Mixture of Olive groves, fallow land, and batha association	Batha association with a section of heap association	Olive groves and batha association
Plant cover	70% plants	60% plants	80% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	802m	805m	775m	792m	789m
Slope	Shallow slope	Shallow slope	Fore-slope (under path)	Shallow Slope (under path)	Steep (above path)
Species			Braun and Blanquet scale		
Adonis microcarpa	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Amaranthus blitoides	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Anchusa strigosa	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Anemone coronaria	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Andropogon distachyos	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Anthemis hebronica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-
Arum Palaestinum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Asparagus aphyllus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Asteriscus aquaticus	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Astragalus pelecinus (Biserrula pelecinus)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Atractylis cancellata	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Bellis sylvestris	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Biarum angustatum	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-



Transect	Transect 12 (T12) – South East hill in middle of the Valley – path 2		Transect 13 (T13) – Slope below the path - opposite T12 – path 2	Transect 14 (T14) – North West Hill- above the owl nest - Middle of the Valley – section below path and section above path - path 2		
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown Rendzina	
Habitat	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Mixture of Olive groves, fallow land, and batha association	Batha association with a section of heap association	Olive groves and batha association	
Plant cover	70% plants	60% plants	80% plants	70% plants	70% plants	
Elevations above sea level	802m	805m	775m	792m	789m	
Slope	Shallow slope	Shallow slope	Fore-slope (under path)	Shallow Slope (under path)	Steep (above path)	
Species		Braun and Blanquet scale				
Brachypodium distachyon	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Calicotome villosa	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	2(5%)	1(5%)	1(<5%)	
Carlina hispanica	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Carlina curetum	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Chiliadenus iphionoides	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Clematis cirrhosa	+(<1%)	2/420/	- 2/59/	-	4/50/>	
Cistus creticus	2(12%)	2(12%)	2(5%)	-	1(5%)	
Cistus salviifolius	2(12%)	2(12%)	2(5%)			
Colchicum hierosolymitanum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Coridothymus capitatus	1(<5%)	2(<5%)	-	-	1(<5%)	
Cyclamen persicum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-	
Daucus carota	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Dittrichia viscosa	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Echium judaeum	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	
Eminium spiculatum	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	



Transect		Transect 12 (T12) – ill in middle of the Valley – path 2 Slope below the path - opposite T12 – path 2		Transect 14 (T14) – North West Hill- above the owl nest - Middle of the Valley – section below path and section above path - path 2		
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown Rendzina	
Habitat	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Mixture of Olive groves, fallow land, and batha association	Batha association with a section of heap association	Olive groves and batha association	
Plant cover	70% plants	60% plants	80% plants	70% plants	70% plants	
Elevations above sea level	802m	805m	775m	792m	789m	
Slope	Shallow slope	Shallow slope	Fore-slope (under path)	Shallow Slope (under path)	Steep (above path)	
Species		Braun and Blanquet scale				
Erodium gruinum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Erodium ciconium	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Ephedra aphylla	=	=	-	+(<1%)	-	
Logfia gallica (Filago gallica)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	
Fumana arabica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Fumana thymifolia	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Gagea commutata	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Helichrysum sanguineum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	
Hirschfeldia incana	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Lactuca tuberosa	-	-	+(<1%)	(<1%)	-	
Malva parviflora	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(5%)	-	-	
Majorana syriaca (Origanum syriacum)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Mentha longifolia	-	-	-	+(<1%)		
Micromeria nervosa	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	



Transect	Transect 12 (T12) – South East hill in middle of the Valley – path 2		Transect 13 (T13) – Slope below the path - opposite T12 – path 2	Transect 14 (T14) – North West Hill- above the owl nest - Middle of the Valley – section below path and section above path - path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown Rendzina
Habitat	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Mixture of Olive groves, fallow land, and batha association	Batha association with a section of heap association	Olive groves and batha association
Plant cover	70% plants	60% plants	80% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	802m	805m	775m	792m	789m
Slope	Shallow slope	Shallow slope	Fore-slope (under path)	Shallow Slope (under path)	Steep (above path)
Species			Braun and Blanquet scale		
Neslia apiculata	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Olea europaea	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	2(15%)	-	3(25%)
Onobrychis caput-galli	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Phagnalon rupestre	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Phlomis viscosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Pinus halepensis	2(10%)	2(10%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Pistacia palaestina	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Poa bulbosa	1(<5%)	-	-	-	-
Quercus calliprinos	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	2(<5%)	1(5%)	1(<5%)
Ranunculus asiaticus	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Reseda alba	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Rostraria smyrnacea	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
(Lophochloa berythea)					
Rubia tenuifolia	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)
Sarcopoterium spinosum	2(15%)	2(20%)	3(30%)	3(40%)	2(25%)



Transect	Transect 12 (T12) – South East hill in middle of the Valley – path 2		Transect 13 (T13) – Slope below the path - opposite T12 – path 2	Transect 14 (T14) – North West Hill- above the owl nest - Middle of the Valley – section below path and section above path - path 2		
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown Rendzina	
Habitat	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Mixture of Olive groves, fallow land, and batha association	Batha association with a section of heap association	Olive groves and batha association	
Plant cover	70% plants	60% plants	80% plants	70% plants	70% plants	
Elevations above sea level	802m	805m	775m	792m	789m	
Slope	Shallow slope	Shallow slope	Fore-slope (under path)	Shallow Slope (under path)	Steep (above path)	
Species		Braun and Blanquet scale				
Salvia dominica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Salvia Palaestina	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Securigera securidaca	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Senecio leucanthemifolius subsp. vernalis	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Silene aegyptiaca	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Silybum marianum	•	-	2(5%)	-	-	
Smilax aspera	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Stipa capensis	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Styrax officinalis	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Thrincia tuberosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	
Thymbra spicata	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	
Teucrium capitatium (polium)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Teucrium creticum	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Teucrium divaricatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	



Transect	Transect 12 (T12) – South East hill in middle of the Valley – path 2		Transect 13 (T13) – Slope below the path - opposite T12 – path 2	Transect 14 (T14) – North West Hill- above the owl nest - Middle of the Valley – section below path and section above path - path 2	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light and Dark Rendzina	White light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown Rendzina
Habitat	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Batha Association (in succession) with scattered Pine forest	Mixture of Olive groves, fallow land, and batha association	Batha association with a section of heap association	Olive groves and batha association
Plant cover	70% plants	60% plants	80% plants	70% plants	70% plants
Elevations above sea level	802m	805m	775m	792m	789m
Slope	Shallow slope	Shallow slope	Fore-slope (under path)	Shallow Slope (under path)	Steep (above path)
Species			Braun and Blanquet scale		
Trifolium eriosphaerum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Trifolium pilulare	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Trifolium tomentosum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Umbilicus intermedius	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-
Urospermum picroides	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-



Transect		Transect 15 (T15) – t- Curved area – above path 2 and Q3 b d Q2 towards E'in A'mdan from southe	Transect 16 (T16) –above path 2- eastern mountain	
	Q1 Q2		Q3	Q1
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark and light Rendzina	Light Rendzina
	Mixed Oak maquis forest and olive groves	Mixed Oak maquis forest and olive groves	Olive Groves and fallow land	Batha association
Habitat	80% plants	83% plants	75% plants	52% plants
Plant cover	•	1	•	*
Elevations above sea level	791m	792m	650m	680m
Slope	Steep slope	Flat part on mid of the hill	Shallow slope – below the path	Very Steep
Species		Braun ar	nd Blanquet scale	
Allium neapolitanum	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Amaranthus blitoides	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Andropogon distachyos	-	-	+(<1%)	2(5%)
Arbutus andrachne	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	-	-
Arum Palaestinum	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Asparagus aphyllus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Asphodeline lutea	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Asphodelus ramosus (microcarpus	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Astragalus asterias	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
(Astragalus cruciatus)				
Avena barbata	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Brachypodium distachyon	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Calicotome villosa	2(5%)	2(5%)	+(<1%)	-
Calendula arvensis	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Carlina hispanica or Carlina curetum	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Catapodium rigidum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)



Transect		Transect 15 (T15) – t- Curved area – above path 2 and Q3 b d Q2 towards E'in A'mdan from southe	Transect 16 (T16) –above path 2- eastern mountain	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark and light Rendzina	Light Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed Oak maquis forest and olive groves	Mixed Oak maquis forest and olive groves	Olive Groves and fallow land	Batha association
Plant cover	80% plants	83% plants	75% plants	52% plants
Elevations above sea level	791m	792m	650m	680m
Slope	Steep slope	Flat part on mid of the hill	Shallow slope – below the path	Very Steep
Species		Braun ar	nd Blanquet scale	
Cerastium glomeratum (viscosum)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Chiliadenus iphionoides	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	2(10%)
Cistus creticus (incans)	1(5%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	1(5%)
Cistus salviifolius	1(5%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	+(<5%)
Coridothymus capitatus	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-	2(10%)
Crithopsis delileana	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Crepis palaestina	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Cyclamen persicum	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	-	-
Dittrichia viscosa	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Echium judaeum	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Filago pyramidata	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Ephedra aphylla	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Fumana thymifolia	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Fumana arabica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Galium murale	-	+(<1%)	-	1(<5%)
Geropogon hybridus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Hippocrepis unisiliquosa	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Lactuca tuberosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-

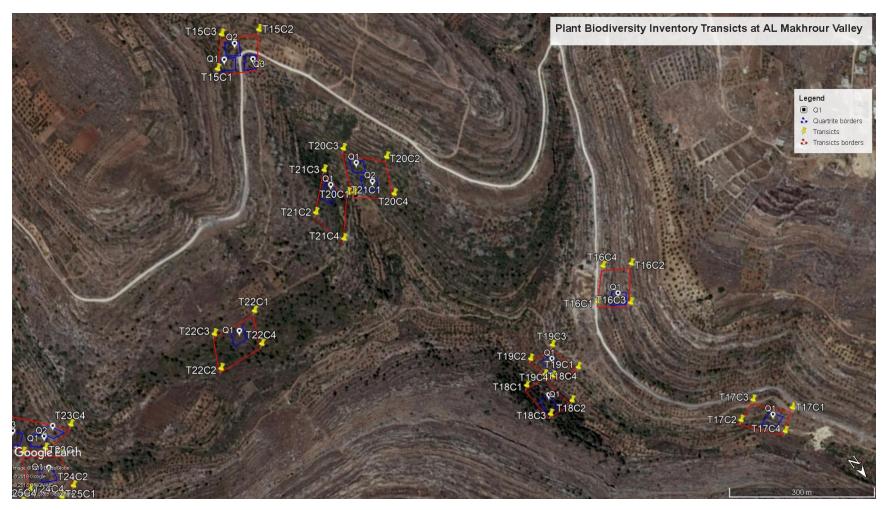


Transect		Transect 15 (T15) – t- Curved area – above path 2 and Q3 b d Q2 towards E'in A'mdan from southe	Transect 16 (T16) –above path 2- eastern mountain		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q 1	
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark and light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	
	Mixed Oak maquis forest and olive groves	Mixed Oak maquis forest and olive groves	Olive Groves and fallow land	Batha association	
Habitat					
Plant cover	80% plants	83% plants	75% plants	52% plants	
Elevations above sea level	791m	792m	650m	680m	
Slope	Steep slope	Flat part on mid of the hill	Shallow slope – below the path	Very Steep	
Species		Braun ar	nd Blanquet scale		
Lonicera etrusca	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Mentha longifolia	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	-	-	
Olea europaea	2(10%)	2(15%)	4(55%)	-	
Ononis ornithopodioides	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Phagnalon rupestre	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	
Pinus halepensis	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-	1(5%)	
Pistacia lentiscus	1(5%)	1(5%)	-	-	
Pistacia palaestina	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Polygonum argyrocoleum	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Quercus calliprinos	3(25%)	3(35%)	1(<5%)	1(5%)	
Ranunculus asiaticus	-	-	-	+(<1%)	
Rubia tenuifolia	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	
Sarcopoterium spinosum	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	2(5%)	2(10%)	
Securigera securidaca	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Silene aegyptiaca	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	
Silybum marianum	-	-	-	+(<1%)	
Sinapis arvensis	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	



Transect		Transect 15 (T15) – t- Curved area – above path 2 and Q3 b d Q2 towards E'in A'mdan from southe	Transect 16 (T16) –above path 2- eastern mountain		
	Q 1	Q2	Q3	Q1	
Soil type	Dark Rendzina	Dark Rendzina	Dark and light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	
	Mixed Oak maquis forest and olive groves	Mixed Oak maquis forest and olive groves	Olive Groves and fallow land	Batha association	
Habitat					
Plant cover	80% plants	83% plants	75% plants	52% plants	
Elevations above sea level	791m 792m		650m	680m	
Slope	Steep slope	Flat part on mid of the hill	Shallow slope – below the path	Very Steep	
Species		Braun ar	nd Blanquet scale		
Smilax aspera	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-	
Styrax officinalis	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Teucrium capitatum (polium)	-	-	-	1(<5%)	
Teucrium creticum	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Teucrium divaricatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Thymbra spicata	1(5%)	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)	
Umbilicus intermedius	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	









Maps 3.2 and 3.3: Presents the distribution and geo-location of the studied transects T15, T16, T17, T18, T19, T20, T21, T22, T23, T24 and T25 and their quadrats at MKV- (Middle of the Valley).



Transect	Transect 17 (T17) Slope below path 1, exactly under the main stairs that takes to path 1 from Battir side	Transect 18 (T18) – Northern mountain opposite T19 from Battir Side – below path 1 – near the valley	Transect 19 (T19) – southern mountain opposite T18 from Battir side – below path 1	
	Q1	Q1	Q1	
Soil type	Light Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Light Rendzina soil	
Habitat	Mixed Olive groves/fallow land, oak forest and terraces supporting batha association	Coniferous man-made forest (Pine trees of an aged between 22-25 years old)	Olive groves and fallow land supported with terraces	
Plant cover	70% plants	75% plants	68% plants	
Elevations above sea level	640 m	652m	650m	
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Steep	
Species		Braun and Blanquet scale		
Adonis microcarpa	+(<1%)	-	-	
Amygdalus communis	-	-	+(<1%)	
Amaranthus blitoides	+(<1%)	-	-	
Andropogon distachyos	+(<1%)	-	-	
Anemone coronaria	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Arisarum vulgare	-	-	+(<1%)	
Arum Palaestinum	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)	
Asphodeline lutea	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)	
Asphodelus ramosus (microcarpus)	-	-	+(<1%)	
Ballota saxatilis	-	-	+(<1%)	
Calendula arvensis	+(<1%)	-	-	



Transect	Transect 17 (T17) Slope below path 1, exactly under the main stairs that takes to path 1 from Battir side	Transect 18 (T18) – Northern mountain opposite T19 from Battir Side – below path 1 – near the valley	Transect 19 (T19) – southern mountain opposite T18 from Battir side – below path 1	
	Q1	Q1		
Soil type	Light Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Light Rendzina soil	
Habitat	Mixed Olive groves/fallow land, oak forest and terraces supporting batha association	Coniferous man-made forest (Pine trees of an aged between 22-25 years old)	Olive groves and fallow land supported with terraces	
Plant cover	70% plants	75% plants	68% plants	
Elevations above sea level	640 m	652m	650m	
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Steep	
Species		Braun and Blanquet scale		
Carlina hispanica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Carlina curetum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Carthamus tenuis	+(<1%)	-	-	
Chiliadenus iphionoides	+(<1%)	-	-	
Cistus salviifolius	1(5%)	2(7%)	-	
Cistus creticus	-	1(<5%)	-	
Clematis cirrhosa	+(<1%)	-		
Colchicum hierosolymitanum	+(<1%)	-	-	
Coridothymus capitatus	1(<5%)	1(5%)	-	
Crataegus aronia	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	
Crepis sancta	1(<5%)	-	+(<5%)	



Transect	Transect 17 (T17) Slope below path 1, exactly under the main stairs that takes to path 1 from Battir side	Transect 18 (T18) – Northern mountain opposite T19 from Battir Side – below path 1 – near the valley	Transect 19 (T19) – southern mountain opposite T18 from Battir side – below path 1	
	Q1	Q1	Q1	
Soil type	Light Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Light Rendzina soil	
Habitat	Mixed Olive groves/fallow land, oak forest and terraces supporting batha association	Coniferous man-made forest (Pine trees of an aged between 22-25 years old)	Olive groves and fallow land supported with terraces	
Plant cover	70% plants	75% plants	68% plants	
Elevations above sea level	640 m	652m	650m	
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Steep	
Species		Braun and Blanquet scale		
Cyclamen persicum	+(<1%) +(<1%)		+(<1%)	
Erodium gruinum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Erodium ciconium	+(<1%)	-	-	
Euphorbia hierosolymitana	+(<1%)	-	-	
Gagea commutata	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Helichrysum sanguineum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Hirschfeldia incana	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Moraea sisyrinchium	+(<1%)	-	-	
Lonicera etrusca	1(<5%)	-	-	
Notobasis syriaca	+(<1%)	-	-	
Olea europaea	3(25%)	-	3(45%)	



Transect	Transect 17 (T17) Slope below path 1, exactly under the main stairs that takes to path 1 from Battir side	Transect 18 (T18) – Northern mountain opposite T19 from Battir Side – below path 1 – near the valley	Transect 19 (T19) – southern mountain opposite T18 from Battir side – below path 1	
	Q1	Q1	Q1	
Soil type	Light Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Light Rendzina soil	
Habitat	Mixed Olive groves/fallow land, oak forest and terraces supporting batha association	Coniferous man-made forest (Pine trees of an aged between 22-25 years old)	Olive groves and fallow land supported with terraces	
Plant cover	70% plants	75% plants	68% plants	
Elevations above sea level	640 m	652m	650m	
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Steep	
Species		Braun and Blanquet scale		
Phagnalon rupestre	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Pinus halepensis	1(<5%)	3(40%)	1(<5%)	
Pistacia Palaestina	1(5%)	-	1(5%)	
Poa bulbosa	+(<1%)	-	-	
Podonosma orientalis	+(<1%)	-	-	
Prasium majus	+(<1%)	-	-	
Quercus calliprinos	3(30%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	
Ranunculus asiaticus	+(<1%)	-	-	
Rhamnus lycioides (Rhamnus palaestinus)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Rubia tenuifolia	+(<1%)	-	-	
Sarcopoterium spinosum	1(5%)	2(10%)	1(<5%)	
Securigera securidaca	+(<1%)	-	-	



Transect	Transect 17 (T17) Slope below path 1, exactly under the main stairs that takes to path 1 from Battir side	Transect 18 (T18) – Northern mountain opposite T19 from Battir Side – below path 1 – near the valley	Transect 19 (T19) – southern mountain opposite T18 from Battir side – below path 1	
	Q1	Q1	Q1	
Soil type	Light Rendzina soil	Rendzina soil	Light Rendzina soil	
Habitat	Mixed Olive groves/fallow land, oak forest and terraces supporting batha association	Coniferous man-made forest (Pine trees of an aged between 22-25 years old)	Olive groves and fallow land supported with terraces	
Plant cover	70% plants	75% plants	68% plants	
Elevations above sea level	640 m	652m	650m	
Slope	Very steep	Steep	Steep	
Species				
Silene aegyptiaca	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Sinapis arvensis	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)	
Solanum nigrum	+(<1%)	-	-	
Teucrium capitatum	-	-	+(<1%)	
Tetragonolobus palaestinus	-	-	+(<1%)	
Trifolium clypeatum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Trifolium purpureum	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Thymbra spicata	+(<1%)	-	-	
Vicia sativa	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	



Transect	Transect 20 (T20) - south western mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring- a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan			Transect 21 (T21) –north eastern mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring –a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan	Transect 22 (T22) AL Koulia Stone is in the middle of the two quadrats of this transect- on path 1 –Middle of the valley	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Batha association	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association - Succession more than 25 years	Batha - Garrigue association	Olive groves and fallow land
Plant cover	75% plants	77% plants	57% plants	69% plants	73% plants	65% plants
Elevations above sea level	695m	693m	690m	701m	659m	657m
Slope	Steep	Very steep	Flat	Steep	Steep	Flat
Species			Br	aun and Blanquet scale		
Amygdalus communis	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Amaranthus blitoides	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Andropogon distachyos	-	-	-	+(<1%)	1(5%)	+(<1%)
Anemone coronaria	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)
Anchusa hybrida	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Anemone coronaria	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Anthemis pseudocotula	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Alcea acaulis	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-



Transect	Transect 20 (T20) - south western mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring- a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan			Transect 21 (T21) –north eastern mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring –a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan Transect 22 AL Koulia Stone is in the quadrats of this transect- on valley		n the middle of the two t- on path 1 –Middle of the
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Batha association	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association - Succession more than 25 years	Batha - Garrigue association	Olive groves and fallow land
Plant cover	75% plants	77% plants	57% plants	69% plants	73% plants	65% plants
Elevations above sea level	695m	693m	690m	701m	659m	657m
Slope	Steep	Very steep	Flat	Steep	Steep	Flat
Species			Br	aun and Blanquet scale		
Alkanna strigosa	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Anacamptis papilionacea (Orchis papilionacea)	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Arenaria leptoclados	-	-	1(<5%)	-	-	-
Arbutus andrachne	2(25%)	2(25%)	-	2(5%)	-	-
Arum Palaestinum	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	1(5%)	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Asparagus aphyllus	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Asphodeline lutea	-	-	-	-	1(<5%)	-
Asteriscus aquaticus	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Pallenis spinosa (Asteriscus spinosus)	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-



Transect	Transect 20 (T20) - south western mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring- a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan			Transect 21 (T21) –north eastern mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring –a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan	Transect 22 (T22) AL Koulia Stone is in the middle of the two quadrats of this transect- on path 1 –Middle of the valley		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	
Habitat	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Batha association	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association - Succession more than 25 years	Batha - Garrigue association	Olive groves and fallow land	
Plant cover	75% plants	77% plants	57% plants	69% plants	73% plants	65% plants	
Elevations above sea level	695m	693m	690m	701m	659m	657m	
Slope	Steep	Very steep	Flat	Steep	Steep	Flat	
Species			Br	aun and Blanquet scale			
Calendula arvensis	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Calicotome villosa	1(5%)	1(<5%)	-	2(14%)	1(5%)	-	
Carlina hispanica	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Carlina curetum	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Centaurea hyalolepis	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	
Chiliadenus iphionoides	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Cistus salviifolius	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	-	2(7%)	2(10%)	1(5%)	
Cistus creticus (incanus)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	-	2(7%)	-	-	
Coridothymus capitatus	1(<5%)	2(10%)	-	2(7%)	2(7%)	1(<5%)	



Transect	Transect 20 (T20) - south western mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring- a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan			Transect 21 (T21) –north eastern mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring –a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan	Transect 22 (T22) AL Koulia Stone is in the middle of the two quadrats of this transect- on path 1 –Middle of the valley		
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	
Habitat	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Batha association	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association - Succession more than 25 years	Batha - Garrigue association	Olive groves and fallow land	
Plant cover	75% plants	77% plants	57% plants	69% plants	73% plants	65% plants	
Elevations above sea level	695m	693m	690m	701m	659m	657m	
Slope	Steep	Very steep	Flat	Steep	Steep	Flat	
Species			Br	aun and Blanquet scale			
Glebionis coronarium (Chrysanthemum coronarium)	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Cupressus sempervirens	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Cyclamen persicum	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	2(5%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Daucus carota	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Dittrichia viscosa (Inula viscosa)	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	
Erodium gruinum	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Eryngium creticum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Ficus carica	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	



Transect	Transect 20 (T20) - south western mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring- a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan			Transect 21 (T21) –north eastern mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring –a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan	Transect 22 (T22) AL Koulia Stone is in the middle of the two quadrats of this transect- on path 1 –Middle of the valley	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Batha association	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association - Succession more than 25 years	Batha - Garrigue association	Olive groves and fallow land
Plant cover	75% plants	77% plants	57% plants	69% plants	73% plants	65% plants
Elevations above sea level	695m	693m	690m	701m	659m	657m
Slope	Steep	Very steep	Flat	Steep	Steep	Flat
Species			Br	aun and Blanquet scale		
Fumana Arabica	1(5%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Gagea commutata	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Hordeum bulbosum	-	-	-	-	2(7%)	+(<1%)
Helichrysum sanguineum	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Hirschfeldia incana	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Moraea sisyrinchium	-	-	-	-	1(<5%)	+(<1%)
Lamium amplexicaule	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Lonicera etrusca	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Malva parviflora	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect 20 (T20) - south western mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring- a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan			Transect 21 (T21) –north eastern mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring –a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan	Transect 22 (T22) AL Koulia Stone is in the middle of the two quadrats of this transect- on path 1 –Middle of the valley	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Batha association	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association - Succession more than 25 years	Batha - Garrigue association	Olive groves and fallow land
Plant cover	75% plants	77% plants	57% plants	69% plants	73% plants	65% plants
Elevations above sea level	695m	693m	690m	701m	659m	657m
Slope	Steep	Very steep	Flat	Steep	Steep	Flat
Species			Br	aun and Blanquet scale		
Majorana syriaca (Origanum syriacum)	-	-	1	-	+(<1%)	-
Micromeria nervosa	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Notobasis syriaca	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Olea europaea	1(5%)	2(5%)	-	1(5%)	1(<5%)	3(37%)
Onobrychis caput-galli	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Phagnalon rupestre	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	-
Phlomis viscosa	-	-	+(<1%)	-	1(5%)	-
Pinus halepensis	2(10%)	-	-	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)
Pistacia Palaestina	2(15%)	2(5%)	1(5%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect 20 (T20) - south western mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring- a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan			Transect 21 (T21) –north eastern mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring –a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan	Transect 22 (T22) AL Koulia Stone is in the middle of the two quadrats of this transect- on path 1 –Middle of the valley	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Batha association	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association - Succession more than 25 years	Batha - Garrigue association	Olive groves and fallow land
Plant cover	75% plants	77% plants	57% plants	69% plants	73% plants	65% plants
Elevations above sea level	695m	693m	690m	701m	659m	657m
Slope	Steep	Very steep	Flat	Steep	Steep	Flat
Species			Br	aun and Blanquet scale		
Poa bulbosa	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-
Podonosma orientalis	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Prasium majus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(5%)	-	-	-
Pyrus communis	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Quercus calliprinos	3(45%)	2(20%)	1(5%)	2(12%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)
Rhamnus lycioides (Rhamnus palaestinus)	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Rubia tenuifolia	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Rumex dentatus	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Sarcopoterium spinosum	-	2(15%)	+(<1%)	2(7%)	3(35%)	1(<5%)



Transect	Transect 20 (T20) - south western mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring- a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan			Transect 21 (T21) –north eastern mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring –a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan	Transect 22 (T22) AL Koulia Stone is in the middle of the two quadrats of this transect- on path 1 –Middle of the valley	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Batha association	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association - Succession more than 25 years	Batha - Garrigue association	Olive groves and fallow land
Plant cover	75% plants	77% plants	57% plants	69% plants	73% plants	65% plants
Elevations above sea level	695m	693m	690m	701m	659m	657m
Slope	Steep	Very steep Flat Steep		Steep	Steep	Flat
Species			Br	aun and Blanquet scale		
Smilax aspera	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Senecio vernalis	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)
Silene aegyptiaca	-	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)
Sinapis arvensis	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Spartium junceum	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Teucrium capitatum	+(<1%)	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Teucrium divaricatum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Trifolium clypeatum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Trifolium purpureum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect 20 (T20) - south western mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring- a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan			Transect 21 (T21) –north eastern mountain – above E'in A'mdan spring –a divergent path from path 1 towards E'in A'mdan	AL Koulia Stone is in quadrats of this transect-	t 22 (T22) the middle of the two on path 1 –Middle of the lley
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina	Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association – succession more than 25 years	Batha association	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association - Succession more than 25 years	Batha - Garrigue association	Olive groves and fallow land
Plant cover	75% plants	77% plants	57% plants	69% plants	73% plants	65% plants
Elevations above sea level	695m	693m	690m	701m	659m	657m
Slope	Steep	Very steep	Flat	Steep	Steep	Flat
Species			Br	aun and Blanquet scale		
Thrincia tuberosa	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Umbilicus intermedius	-	-	1(5%)	-	+(<1%)	-



Transect	Transect 23 (T23) – Middle	of the valley at the sl	na'ab one – path 1	Transect 24 (T24) Middle of the valley at the sha'ab one – path 1	Transect 25 (T25)- Middle of the valley opposite sha'ab one – path 1
,	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1
Soil type	Brown Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown and light Rendzina	Light Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves and fallow land with wide terraces	Mixed Oak and Pine forest	Mixed Pine and Oak forest	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association with many terraces
Plant cover	65% plants	67% plants	70% plants	62% plants	60% plants
Elevations above sea level	689m	692m	693m	680m	675m
Slope	Flat	Steep	Very Steep	Flat	Very Steep
Species			Braun and Blanque	et scale	
Amygdalus communis	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Anchusa undulata (hybrid)	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Andropogon distachyos	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Anemone coronaria	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Arum Palaestinum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Asparagus aphyllus	-	-	-	1(<5%)	-
Asphodelus ramosus (microcarpus	-	-	-	-	1(<5%)
Calicotome villosa	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	1(5%)	1(<5%)	-
Carlina hispanica	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Carthamus tenuis	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Chiliadenus iphionoides	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-



Transect	Transect 23 (T23) – Middle	of the valley at the sl	na'ab one – path 1	Transect 24 (T24) Middle of the valley at the sha'ab one – path 1	Transect 25 (T25)- Middle of the valley opposite sha'ab one – path 1
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1
Soil type	Brown Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown and light Rendzina	Light Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves and fallow land with wide terraces	Mixed Oak and Pine forest	Mixed Pine and Oak forest	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association with many terraces
Plant cover	65% plants	67% plants	70% plants	62% plants	60% plants
Elevations above sea level	689m	692m	693m	680m	675m
Slope	Flat	Steep	Very Steep	Flat	Very Steep
Species			Braun and Blanque	et scale	
Cistus salviifolius	1(<5%)	1(5%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)
Cistus creticus	1(<5%)	1(5%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)
Coridothymus capitatus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	1(5%)
Crataegus aronia	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Cyclamen persicum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Daucus carota	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Euphorbia helioscopia	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Fumana arabica	-	-	-	-	1(<5%)
Gagea commutata	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Helichrysum sanguineum	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Olea europaea	1(5%)	-	-	3(35%)	-

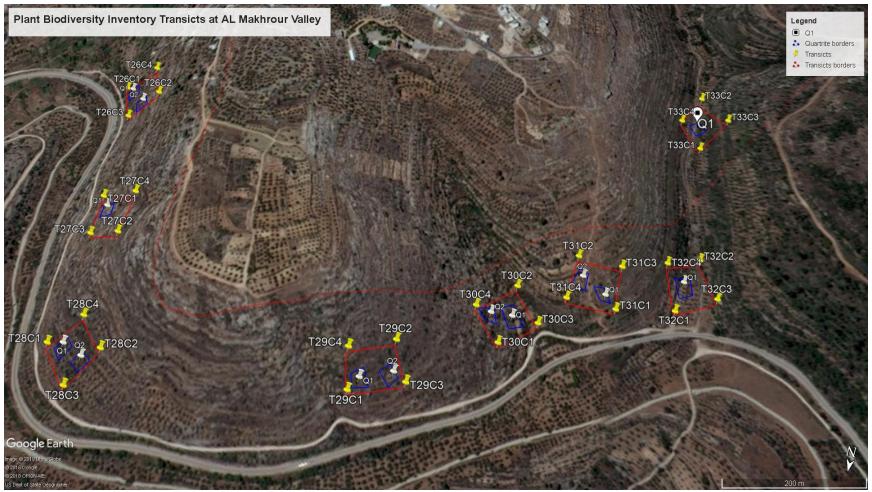


Transect	Transect 23 (T23) – Middle	e of the valley at the sl	ha'ab one – path 1	Transect 24 (T24) Middle of the valley at the sha'ab one – path 1	Transect 25 (T25)- Middle of the valley opposite sha'ab one – path 1
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1
Soil type	Brown Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown and light Rendzina	Light Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves and fallow land with wide terraces	Mixed Oak and Pine forest	Mixed Pine and Oak forest	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association with many terraces
Plant cover	65% plants	67% plants	70% plants	62% plants	60% plants
Elevations above sea level	689m	692m	693m	680m	675m
Slope	Flat	Steep	Very Steep	Flat	Very Steep
Species			Braun and Blanque	et scale	
Ononis natrix	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Phagnalon rupestre	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Pinus halepensis	1(<5%)	2(15%)	2(25%)	+(<1%)	2(7%)
Pistacia Palaestina	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-
Podonosma orientalis	-	+(<1%)	-	-	•
Quercus calliprinos	2(15%)	2(20%)	2(20%)	1(<5%)	2(22%)
Rhamnus lycioides (Rhamnus palaestinus)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Sarcopoterium spinosum	1(5%)	1(5%)	2(5%)	2(7%)	2(20%)
Smilax aspera	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Senecio vernalis	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Silene aegyptiaca	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Sinapis arvensis		+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-



Transect	Transect 23 (T23) – Middle	of the valley at the sl	Transect 24 (T24) Middle of the valley at the sha'ab one – path 1	Transect 25 (T25)- Middle of the valley opposite sha'ab one – path 1	
	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q1	Q1
Soil type	Brown Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Light Rendzina	Brown and light Rendzina	Light Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed habitat of oak forest and olive groves and fallow land with wide terraces	Mixed Oak and Pine forest	Mixed Pine and Oak forest	Olive groves and fallow land	Mixed Oak and Pine forest supporting batha association with many terraces
Plant cover	65% plants	67% plants	70% plants	62% plants	60% plants
Elevations above sea level	689m	692m	693m	680m	675m
Slope	Flat	Steep	Very Steep	Flat	Very Steep
Species			Braun and Blanque	t scale	
Teucrium capitatum	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Teucrium divaricatum	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Thrincia tuberosa	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Thymbra spicata	-	1(<5%)	-	-	-
Verbascum sinuatum	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-





Maps 3.4: Presents the distribution and geo-location of the studied transects T26, T27, T28, T29, T30, T31, T32, and T33 and their quadrats at MKV- (West Battir Village).



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) –	Eastern side of path 3	Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –F	Eastern side of path 3
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale		
Adonis microcarpa	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Allium neapolitanum	-	-	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)
Amaranthus blitoides	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Amygdalus communis	1(<5%)	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Anagallis arvensis	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Anchusa aegyptiaca	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Anchusa strigosa	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Andrachne telephioides	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Andropogon distachyos	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Anemone coronaria	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Anthemis pseudocotula	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) –	Eastern side of path 3	Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –Eastern side of path 3	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale		
Arenaria leptoclados	-	1(<5%)	-	-	-
Arisarum vulgare	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Arum Palaestinum	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Asparagus aphyllus	1(5%)	-	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-
Asphodeline lutea	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Asphodelus ramosus (microcarpus)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Asteriscus aquaticus	-	-	-	-	1
Astragalus hamosus	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Avena sterilis	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Ballota saxatilis	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) – Eastern side of path 3		Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –Eastern side of path 3	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale		
Bellis sylvestris	-	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Briza maxima	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Calicotome villosa	-	-	-	1(<5%)	-
Campanula rapunculus	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Capparis spinosa	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Carlina hispanica	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Carlina curetum	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Carthamus tenuis	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Ceterach officinarum	-			-	+(<1%)
Chiliadenus iphionoides	-	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) –	Eastern side of path 3	Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –Eastern side of path 3	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale		
Cistus salviifolius	-	1(5%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	1(5%)
Cistus creticus (incanus)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(<5%)
Clematis Cirrhosa	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Colchicum hierosolymitanum	-	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)
Coridothymus capitatus	-	1(5%)	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	-
Crataegus aronia	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Crucianella macrostachya	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Cupressus sempervirens	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Cyclamen persicum	persicum 2(15%) 2(15%)		1(<5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Cynoglossum creticum	-			-	-



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) –	Eastern side of path 3	Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –Eastern side of path 3		
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees	
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants	
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m	
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale			
Daucus carota	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Dianthus strictus	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Echium judaeum	-	-	(<1%)	-	-	
Erodium ciconium	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	-	
Erodium gruinum	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Erodium malacoides	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Euphorbia hierosolymitana	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Ferula communis	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Ficus carica	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	
Fumana arabica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	
Gagea commutate	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) -	Eastern side of path 3	Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –Eastern side of path 3		
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees	
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants	
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m	
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale			
Gladiolus italicus	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Helichrysum sanguineum	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Hordeum spontaneum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Lactuca tuberosa	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	
Lamium amplexicaule	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Lathyrus aphaca	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Lonicera etrusca	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Lotus peregrinus	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Majorana syriaca (Origanum syriacum)	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Malva parviflora	1(<5%)	-	-	-	-	
Medicago orbicularis	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) –	Eastern side of path 3	Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –Eastern side of path 3					
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2				
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa				
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees				
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants				
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m				
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep				
Species		Braun and Blanquet scale							
Medicago polymorpha	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-				
Micromeria nervosa	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)				
Nonea obtusifolia	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Olea europaea	3(25%)	3(25%)	2(25%)	2(20%)	2(25%)				
Onobrychis caput-galli	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-				
Ononis natrix	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Ononis viscosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-				
Onopordum carduiforme	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-				
Ophrys israelitica (Ophrys fleischmannii)	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Papaver umbonatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-				
Paronychia argentea	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-				



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) –	Eastern side of path 3	Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –Eastern side of path 3	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale		
Phagnalon rupestre	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Phalaris aquatica (tuberosa)	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Phlomis viscosa	-	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	-	-
Pinus halepensis	+(<1%)	1(<5%)	-	2(7%)	2(5%)
Piptatherum blancheanum	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Pistacia lentiscus	-	+(<1%)	-	2(5%)	1(5%)
Pistacia Palaestina	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Podonosma orientalis	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-
Prasium majus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		-	+(<1%)
Quercus calliprinos	+(<1%)	1(5%)	1(<5%)	2(10%)	2(10%)
Rhamnus lycioides	-	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) –	Eastern side of path 3	Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –Eastern side of path 3		
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees	
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants	
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m	
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale			
Rostraria smyrnacea	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		+(<1%)		
Rubia tenuifolia	+(<1%)	-	-	-	+(<1%)	
Scorzonera papposa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Scrophularia hierochuntina	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Securigera securidaca	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	
Smilax aspera	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Silene aegyptiaca	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Silybum marianum	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	
Sinapis arvensis	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Solanum nigrum	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Sonchus oleraceus	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Taraxacum cyprium	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) –	Eastern side of path 3	Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3	Transect 28 (T28) –E	Eastern side of path 3	
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces	Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees	
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants	
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m	
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale			
Teucrium capitatum	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Teucrium divaricatum	-	-	1(<5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Thrincia Tuberosa	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Thymbra spicata	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	
Tolpis virgata	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	
Torilis leptophylla	-	-	+(<1%)	-	•	
Trigonella arabica	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Trigonella foenum-graecum	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	
Trifolium clypeatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	i	
Trifolium pilulare	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Trifolium purpureum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	



Transect	Transect 26 (T26) – Eastern side of path 3		Transect 27 (T27)- Eastern side of path 3 Transect 28 (T28) –Eastern side of path 3		Eastern side of path 3
	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina (more humidity)	Mixed Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa
Habitat	Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces Olive groves supporting batha association with terraces		Olive groves supporting Garrigue- batha association with terraces	Mixed Olive groves, Oak and Pine trees supporting batha association (Pine cultivation 40- 50years)	Olive groves supported with Oak and Pine trees
Plant cover	60% plants	65%	82%	80% plants	69% plants
Elevations above sea level	584m	597m	601m	584m	593m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species		Bra	un and Blanquet scale		
Urtica urens	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-
Verbascum sinuatum	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Vicia palaestina	+(<1%)	+(<1%) +(<1%)		+(<1%)	-



Transect	Transe	ect 29(T29)	Transect	30 (T30)	Transect 31 (T31)	
Transcot	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue-batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue- batha association	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding
Plant cover	78% plants	75% plants	75% plants	80% plants	60% plants	58%
Elevations above sea level	579m	586m	579m	582m	565m	569m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species			Braun and	l Blanquet scale		
Allium neapolitanum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Amaranthus blitoides	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Anacamptis papilionacea (Orchis papilionacea)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Anacamptis pyramidalis (Orchid pyramidalis)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Andrachne telephioides	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Andropogon distachyos	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Anemone coronaria	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Anthemis pseudocotula	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Arenaria leptoclados	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Arum Palaestinum	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Asphodeline lutea	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)



Transect	Transe	ect 29(T29)	Transect	Transect 30 (T30)		Transect 31 (T31)	
Tansect	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	
Soil type	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	
Habitat	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue-batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue- batha association	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding	
Plant cover	78% plants	75% plants	75% plants	80% plants	60% plants	58%	
Elevations above sea level	579m	586m	579m	582m	565m	569m	
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	
Species			Braun and	l Blanquet scale			
Asphodelus ramosus (microcarpus)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	
Bellis sylvestris	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Biscutella didyma	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	
Calendula arvensis	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Calicotome villosa	1(5%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	1(5%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)	
Carlina hispanica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Carlina curetum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	
Crataegus aronia	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	
Carthamus tenuis	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-	
Centaurea hyalolepis	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	
Ceratonia siliqua	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	



Transect	Transe	ect 29(T29)	Transect	: 30 (T30)	Transect	31 (T31)
Tuniocci	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue-batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue- batha association	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding
Plant cover	78% plants	75% plants	75% plants	80% plants	60% plants	58%
Elevations above sea level	579m	586m	579m	582m	565m	569m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species			Braun and	l Blanquet scale		
Chiliadenus iphionoides	+(<1%)	+(<5)	+(<5)	+(<1%)	-	-
Cistus salviifolius	1(5%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	2(7%)	2(7%)
Cistus creticus	1(5%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	1(5%)	1(5%)
Colchicum hierosolymitanum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Coridothymus capitatus	1(5%)	-	-	1(5%)	1(<5%)	1(<5%)
Crataegus aronia	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Crocus hyemalis	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Cyclamen persicum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Erodium gruinum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Erodium acaule	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)



Transect	Transe	ect 29(T29)	Transect 30 (T30)		Transect	31 (T31)
Transcet	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue-batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue- batha association	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding
Plant cover	78% plants	75% plants	75% plants	80% plants	60% plants	58%
Elevations above sea level	579m	586m	579m	582m	565m	569m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species			Braun and	l Blanquet scale		
Eryngium creticum	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Fumana arabica	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Gagea commutata	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Helichrysum sanguineum	+(<1%)	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Lonicera etrusca	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Majorana syriaca (Origanum syriacum)	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Micromeria nervosa	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Olea europaea	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	1(5%)	1(5%)
Osyris alba	-	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Phagnalon rupestre	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)



Transect	Transe	ect 29(T29)	Transect	30 (T30)	Transect	31 (T31)
Tuniocot	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue-batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue- batha association	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding
Plant cover	78% plants	75% plants	75% plants	80% plants	60% plants	58%
Elevations above sea level	579m	586m	579m	582m	565m	569m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species			Braun and	l Blanquet scale		
Phlomis viscosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Pinus halepensis	2(15%)	2(15%)	2(15%)	2(15%)	2(7%)	2(7%)
Pistacia lentiscus	1(5%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	1(5%)	-	-
Pistacia Palaestina	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Pisum elatius	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Prasium majus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Quercus calliprinos	2(10%)	2(15%)	2(15%)	2(10%)	2(5%)	2(7%)
Rhus coriaria	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Rostraria smyrnacea	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Rubia tenuifolia	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Sarcopoterium spinosum	2(7%)	2(20%)	2(20%)	2(7%)	2(12%)	2(10%)



Transect	Transe	ect 29(T29)	Transect	30 (T30)	Transect	31 (T31)
Transect	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue-batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue- batha association	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding
Plant cover	78% plants	75% plants	75% plants	80% plants	60% plants	58%
Elevations above sea level	579m	586m	579m	582m	565m	569m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species			Braun and	l Blanquet scale		
Sedum sediforme	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Senecio leucanthemifolius subsp vernalis	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-
Silene aegyptiaca	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Silybum marianum	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Sinapis arvensis	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-
Smilax aspera	+(<1%)	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Solanum nigrum	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Taraxacum cyprium	-	-	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Teucrium capitatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Teucrium divaricatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Tolips virgata	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)



Transect	Transe	ect 29(T29)	Transect	30 (T30)	Transect	: 31 (T31)
Tunocot	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2	Q1	Q2
Soil type	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina	Mixed patches of Terra Rossa and Rendzina
Habitat	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue-batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting batha association	Mixed man made Pine forest and Oak trees supporting garrigue- batha association	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding	Oak forest supporting Batha association with excess of Pine reseeding
Plant cover	78% plants	75% plants	75% plants	80% plants	60% plants	58%
Elevations above sea level	579m	586m	579m	582m	565m	569m
Slope	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep	Steep
Species			Braun and	l Blanquet scale		
Thrincia Tuberosa	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Thymbra spicata	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	+(<1%)
Trigonella arabica	-	-	+(<1%)	-	-	-
Trifolium boissieri	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Trifolium clypeatum	-	-	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-
Trifolium purpureum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)	-	-	-	-



Transect	Transect 32(T32) –southern side of path 3	Transect 33 (T33) – southern side of path 3		
Transect	Q1	Q1		
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa		
Habitat	Olive Groves and Fallow Land	Olive Groves and Fallow Land		
Plant cover	58% plants	57% plants		
Elevations above sea level	550m	551m		
Slope	Flat	Flat		
Species	Species Braun and Blanquet scale			
Andropogon distachyos	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Anemone coronaria	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Anacamptis pyramidalis	+(<1%)	-		
Anthemis pseudocotula	+(<1%)	-		
Arum Palaestinum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Asparagus aphyllus	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Avena sterilis	+(<1%)	-		
Bellis sylvestris	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Calicotome villosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Carlina hispanica	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		



/m	Transect 32(T32) –southern side of path 3	Transect 33 (T33) – southern side of path 3				
Transect	Q1	Q1				
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa				
Habitat	Olive Groves and Fallow Land	Olive Groves and Fallow Land				
Plant cover	58% plants	57% plants				
Elevations above sea level	550m	551m				
Slope	Flat	Flat				
Species	Braun and B	Braun and Blanquet scale				
Carlina curetum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Carthamus tenuis	1(<5%)	1(<5%)				
Cyclamen persicum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Dittrichia viscosa (Inula viscosa)	+(<1%)	-				
Erodium gruinum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Erodium malacoides	+(<1%)	-				
Helichrysum sanguineum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Lonicera etrusca	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Olea europaea	3(35%)	3(40%)				
Onobrychis caput-galli	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Phagnalon rupestre	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Pistacia Palaestina	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Salvia hierosolymitana	+(<1%)	+(<1%)				
Salvia Palaestina	+(<1%)	-				



m	Transect 32(T32) –southern side of path 3	Transect 33 (T33) – southern side of path 3		
Transect	Q1	Q1		
Soil type	Terra Rossa	Terra Rossa		
Habitat	Olive Groves and Fallow Land	Olive Groves and Fallow Land		
Plant cover	58% plants	57% plants		
Elevations above sea level	550m	551m		
Slope	Flat	Flat		
Species	Braun and B	Blanquet scale		
Sarcopoterium spinosum	1(5%)	1(5%)		
Smilax aspera	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Silene aegyptiaca	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Sinapis arvensis	+(<1%)	-		
Taraxacum cyprium	+(<1%)	-		
Tolips virgata	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Thrincia Tuberosa	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Trifolium boissieri	+(<1%)	-		
Trifolium clypeatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Trifolium purpureum	+(<1%)	-		
Trifolium scutatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		
Trigonella hierosolymitana	+(<1%)	-		
Verbascum sinuatum	+(<1%)	+(<1%)		



3.2.3 Results of the Line Transect Survey done at Al Makhrour Valley

PCC team has conducted line transect methodology on 20 transects. Transects that were selected for conducting this methodology were the ones that were easy to access while the other transects (13 transects) were mainly very steep or very dense transects, where line transect as a methodology is not feasible. All transects showed plant coverage higher than 40% of the land cover. The average plant coverage at the whole valley has reached up to 67.05%, while the soil reach up to 22.45% and the rocks / terraces coverage reached up to 10.51% at Al Makhour valley in general. The highest plant coverage was 93.9% of total land coverage in Transect 7, followed by 82.03% in Transect 15, while the highest soil coverage was 41.74% in Transect 8, followed by 41.40% in Transect 1. The rocks and terraces were mainly concentrated in Transect 4 where 20.3% of the transect was covered with rocks, followed with Transect 1 with 18.06% rock coverage (Table 3.5, Figure 3.2).

Table 3.5: Comparison between plant coverage versus soil and rock coverage per studied transect at Al Makhrour Valley

Transect Number	Plants	Soil	Rocks
T1	40.50%	41.40%	18.10%
T2	71.19%	16.91%	11.90%
Т3	75.10%	17.85%	7.05%
T4	52.30%	27.40%	20.30%
T5	83.64%	11.50%	4.86%
Т6	59.92%	31.30%	8.78%
T7	93.90%	5.60%	0.50%
Т8	51.27%	41.74%	6.99%
Т9	70.49%	24.99%	4.52%
T12	58.52%	37.14%	4.34%
T14	58.98%	33.21%	7.81%
T15	82.03%	9.89%	8.10%
T20	68.78%	22.02%	9.20%
T21	77.30%	19.50%	3.20%
T22	72.73%	15.69%	11.59%
T23	64.60%	19.11%	16.29%
T26	58.32%	22.41%	19.27%
T28	69.03%	14.50%	16.47%
T29	74.40%	9.05%	16.55%
T31	57.90%	27.75%	14.35%
Average	67.05%	22.45%	10.51%



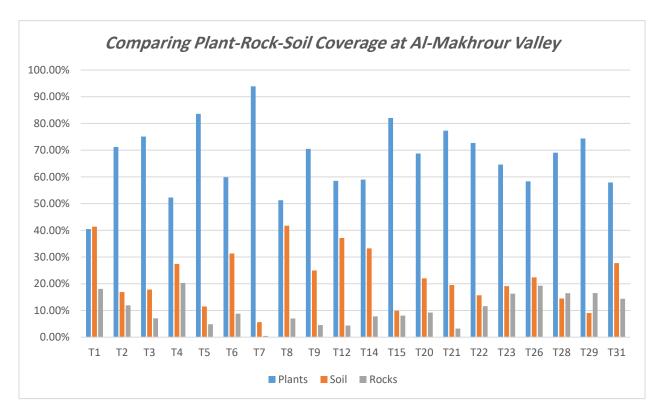


Figure 3.2: Comparison between plants vs. soil vs. rocks coverage at Al Makhrour Valley

Regarding the plant species coverage it was found that Oak trees, olive trees, Pine trees, Thorny Burnet, rockrose and Arabian Cistus, and headed thyme, and spiny broom were the dominant plant species covering the measured transects (see Table 3.6). For more details regarding the plant dominance measured at each transect see Annex 3.4.

Table 3.6: Al Makhrour habitats and their dominant plant species

Habitat	Transect	Name of Dominant plant species	Percentage
Mature Maquis Oak	T7	Quercus calliprinos	50.58%
forest		Cistus creticus and cistus salviifolius	10.28%
Maquis oak forest	T1	Cistus salviifolius	26%
supporting bath and		Sarcopoterium spinosum	22.5%
garrigue association		Quercus calliprinos	17.5%
		Coridothymus capitatus	16.5%
	T4	Cistus salviifolius	41.24%
		Coridothymus capitatus	26.14%
	T5	Cistus salviifolius	39.28%
		Coridothymus capitatus	27.30



		Quercus calliprinos	17.05%
	T29	Cistus creticus and cistus salviifolius	25.68%
	123	Sarcopoterium spinosum	25.34%
		Quercus calliprinos	12.03%
	T31	Cistus creticus and cistus salviifolius	34.92%
	131	-	
		Sarcopoterium spinosum	20.78%
M' - I O - I D'	T24	Quercus calliprinos	15.09%
Mixed Oak , Pine	T21	Cistus creticus and cistus salviifolius	23.15%
forests supporting batha associations		Calicotome spinosum	22.38%
		Coridothymus capitatus	12.55%
Mixed habitats of	T2	Olea Europea	29.08%
maquis oak forest and		Quercus calliprinos	13.13%
olive groves	T9	Cistus creticus and cistus salviifolius	27.8%
		Sarcopoterium spinosum	24.68%
		Quercus calliprinos	15.21%
	T15	Quercus calliprinos	34.44%
		Olea Europea	17.04%
		Cistus creticus and cistus salviifolius	18.64%
	T23	Quercus calliprinos	20.43%
		Sarcopoterium spinosum	15.52%
		Cistus creticus and cistus salviifolius	10.52%
Mixed Oak, Pine forests	T28	Olea Europea	27.39%
and olive groves		Sarcopoterium spinosum	23.23%
		Pinus halepensis	12.39%
Olive groves, fallow	T3	Sarcopoterium spinosum	38.61%
land supporting batha		Pomme and stone fruit trees	13.32%
and garrigue	T6	Olea Europea	29.79%
association		Sarcopoterium spinosum	13.02%
	T8	Olea Europea	60.02%
		Sarcopoterium spinosum	7.67%
	T14	Sarcopoterium spinosum	56.68
		Olea Europea	10%
		Calicotome villosa	9.03%
	T26	Olea Europea	16.48%
		Sarcopoterium spinosum	13.48%

3.3 Plant Cover Studied at Battir Village

As noted earlier, the plant cover study done at Battir Village was handled as a separate study as this area is highly exposed to human interference either through agriculture activities, or urbanization. Not forgetting the abundance of water resources, and water canals available in the village. It was found that most of the wild species growing in the village were mainly found



sourding the water canals, in abundant lands, near water springs and on the sides of the walking paths and streets. Hence, there are high number of ruderal plants including thorny plants.

A total of 98 vascular plant species were recorded during the flora surveys done at Battir village covering the period of the report. It was found that there are 35 plant families growing at Battir village; most dominantly are Compositae, Papilionaceae, Labiatae, Graminae and Umbellifecae. The total number of tree species surveyed at the village is 8 trees, while the village encompasses 17 shrubs and sub-shrubs, 1 aquatic plants, and 70 herbaceous plant species. Up to 3 rare plant species were recorded, 7 species were found rare at the study area level, 9 LC species, and 1 NT species according to IUCN Red list according to IUCN Red list. It was also found that the village supports the growth of 3 endemic species. Of the plant species that were only found in Battir Village and of high conservation value are: Italian buckthorn (*Rhamnus alaternus*), Polular tree *Populus euphratica* and water arum (*Arum hygrophilum*). *Arum hygrophilum* is of high importance as it was found near threatened according to IUCN RED List. Of the endemic species that was found of high conservation value is *Onopordum carduiforme*, which is a very rare species and endemic to Palestine.

For more details about the village's plant cover see Annex 3.3.



4. References:

- Applied Research Institute- Jerusalem (ARIJ), 2016. Status Of Environment In Opt 2015. Http://Www.Arij.Org/Latest-News/779-The-Status-Of-Env-2015-2016.Html
- Douglas A. Wikum, G. Frederick Shanholtzer (July, 1978). Application of the Braun-Blanquet cover-abundance scale for vegetation analysis in land development studies. Environmental Management, Volume 2, Issue 4, pp 323–329.
- Feinbrun-Dothan, N., and Danin, A., 1991. Analytical Flora of Eretz-Israel. Edited by Uzi Plitmann. Hebrew University. ISBN 965-264-051-4
- Meteorological Data 2009-2018. Meteorological Department, Ramallah, Palestine.
- Ghattas R., 2008. Plant Biodiversity in the Palestinian Territory. This Week in Palestine. 118, 22-26.
- Measurements taken in the field, verification will be done using GIS application.
- MoTA (Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities), 2013. Palestine, Land of Olives and Vines Cultural Landscape of Southern Jerusalem, Battir. World Heritage Site Nomination Document. Palestinian Ministry of Tourism and Antiquities. Department of Antiquities and Cultural Heritage Palestine.
- Mueller-Dombois, D. and Ellenberg, H. (1974) Aims and Methods of Vegetation Ecology. John Wiley and Sons, New York, 547 p.
- Nehme, Moustapha, 2000. Dictionnaire Etymologique de la Flore Du Liban. Librairie du Liban Editeurs.BN:01C110907
- Olson, D. M. and Dinerstein, E. (2002). The Global 200: Priority ecoregions for global conservation. Annals of the Missouri Botanical Garden 89(2): 199-224.
- Richmond, T. De A. and D. Mueller-Dombois. 1972. Coastline ecosystems on Oahu, Hawaii. Vegetation 25: 367-400.
- Soto-Berelov, M., Fall, P.L. & Falconer, S.E (2012). A revised map of plant geographical regions of the Southern Levant. Proceedings of the Geospatial Science Research Symposium GSR2. Melbourne.
- Ori F., Uzi P., David H., Avi S. (1999). Checklist and Ecological Data-Base of the Flora or Israel and its Surroundings. Hebrew University, Jerusalem.
- http://www.iucnredlist.org/search
- Wikum, D.A. & Shanholtzer, G.F. (1974). Application of the Braun-Blanquet coverabundance scale for vegetation analysis in land development studies.



Environmental Management. July 1978, Volume 2, Issue 4, pp 323–329. https://doi.org/10.1007/BF01866672

- WWF and IUCN (1994). Centres of Plant Diversity: a Guide and Strategy for their Conservation. Volume 1: Europe, Africa, South West Asia and the Middle East. Gland, Switzerland and Cambridge, UK: WWF and IUCN.
- Zohary, Michael. 1962. Plant Life of Palestine; Israel and Jordan. New York
- Zohary, M., (1973). Geobotanical Foundations of the Middle East. Stuttgart: B. Fischer Verlag. 739 pp
- http://datazone.birdlife.org/country/palestinian-authority-territories and http://datazone.birdlife.org/site/results?cty=240&fam=0&gen=0
- http://www.keybiodiversityareas.org/site/results?reg=8&cty=240&snm=
- https://flora.org.il/en
- http://repository.naturalis.nl/document/572813



Annex 3.1: Plant species identified during the plant inventory surveys at Al Makhrour Valley

It includes the list of Species according to its type, status, and uses (GF = Growth Form, Abd 1 = Abundance in Palestine, Abd 2 = Abundance at global level according to IUCN Red List, End = Endemism, CD = Climate Distribution)

Family Name	Species	Species English	Species Arabic	GF	Occurrenc	Status		End	CD
	Scientific Name	Name	Name		e in Nature	Abd 1	Abd 2		
Adiantaceae	Adiantum capillus-veneris	Southern Maidenhair Fern	كزبرة البئر	Annual	Wild	С	LC	-	MTD X
Aizoaceae	Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum	Egyptian Fig- Marigold	عنب سیدي موسی	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in Study area)	-	-	DX
Amaranthaceae	Amaranthus blitoides	Prostrate Pigweed	بقلة يمانية كاذبة، شدخ كاذب	Annual	Wild	CC	-	IM	MTD
	Amaranthus viridis	Least Amaranth	قطيفة نحيلة	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in Study area)	-	IM	MTD X
Amaryllidaceae	Vagaria parviflora (pancratium parviflorum)	Small- Flowered Pancratium	زنبقية الفناء/رجل الحمامة البيضاء	Perennial	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	LC	ES	M
Anacardiaceae	Pistacia palaestina (terebinthus)	Terebinth Tree	بطم فلسطيني	Tree	Wild	CC	-	-	M
	Pistacia lentiscus	Lentisk	سريس	Sub-Shrubs	Wild	CC	LC	-	M
	Rhus coriaria	Sumach	سماق	Tree	Wild	F (LD)	LC	-	M
Apocynaceae	Nerium oleander	Oleander	ورد الحمار/سم الحمار/ دفلی	Shrub	Wild	F (Rare in Study area)	LC	-	MTD
Araceae	Arum Palaestinum	Solomon's lily	لوف فلسطيني	Annual	Wild	C	-	-	MTD
	Arisarum vulgare	Friar's cowl	الصميعة	Perennial	Wild	С	-		M
	Biarum angustatum	Narrow Biarum	مكحلة الغول	Perennial	Wild	F(LD)	-	ET	MTD



	Eminium spiculatum	Thick Friar's cowl	صميعة ثخينة	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MTD
Aspleniaceae (سرخسية)	Ceterach officinarum	Scaly Spleenwort	شوكية نجمية	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
Boraginaceae	Alkanna strigosa	Strigose Alkanet	حنائية شعرية	Sub-Shrubs	Wild	С	-	ЕТ	MT
	Anchusa aegyptiaca	Egyptian Alkanet	حنائية مصرية (حمحم مصري)	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Anchusa azurea (Anchusa italica)	Large Blue Alkanet	ذُنب الْقط	Perennial	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	M
	Anchusa undulata (Anchusa hybrida)	Common Alkanet	لسان الثور/ حنائية هجينة	Perennial	Wild	C (Rare in study area)	-	-	M
	Anchusa strigosa	strigose bugloss	حمحم	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Asperugo procumbens	German Madwort	مبشرة منسطحة	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	TD
	Cynoglossum creticum	Blue Hound's Tongue	لسان الكلب	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Echium angustifolium	Hispid Viper's Bugloss	اخيوم ضيق الورق	Sub-Shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Echium judaeum	Judean Viper's Bugloss	دبوس الراعي (دبابيس الراعي) /حناء الضبع	Annual	Wild	CC	-	ES	МТ
	Heliotropium rotundifolium	Round-Leaved Heliotrope	ب اکریر مستدیر الورق	Sub-shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Nonea obtusifolia	Blunt nonea	نونيا كليلة الورق/نونيا بليده	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Nonea philistaea	Palestinian Monkswort	نونيا فلسطينية	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	EP	M
	Onosma gigantea	Giant Golden-Drop	انوزما عملاقة	Perennial	Wild	RR (LD)	-	-	MT
	Podonosma orientalis (Podonosma syriacum)	Golden Drop	لزيقة صخور، مصيص	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ



	Symphytum brachycalyx (Palestina)	Palestine Comfrey	ملتصقة فلسطينية/سمفاي قصيرة الكأس	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	M
Caesalpiniaceae	Ceratonia siliqua	carob, St. John's- Bread	خروب	Tree	Wild	F	LC	-	MT
Campanulaceae	Campanula hierosolymitana	Jerusalem Bellflower	جريس القدس	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	EL	MT
	Campanula rapunculus	Rampion Bellflower	جرسية جذلة(نتشية)	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Campanula stellaris	Starry Bellflower	جريس نجمي	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	EL	MT
	Campanula strigosa	Strigose Bellflower	جرسية شعرية	Annual	Wild	C (LD)	-	-	M
Capparaceae	Capparis spinosa	Common Caper	كبار شوكي	Shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
Caprifoliceae	Lonicera etrusca	Italian Honeysuckle	علندة/ سلطان الجبل	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
Caryophyllaceae	Arenaria leptoclados	Lesser Thyme – leaved Sandwort	اريناريا رملية، رملية ناعمة	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Cerastium dichotomum	mouse-ear chickweed	قرناء ثنائية التشعب	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	MTD
	Cerastium glomeratum (Cerastium viscosum)	Sticky Mouse-Ear Chickweed	قرناء مجمعة	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in Study area)	-	-	M
	Dianthus strictus	Wild pink	قرنفل مرقط	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Gypsophila pilosa	Hairy Soapwort	جيبسوفلا زغبية	Annual	Wild	RR (LD)	-	-	TD حقول) الزيتون)
	Herniaria glabra	Smooth Rupture- Wort	نورمان امرد	Annual	Wild	R (LD)	-	-	M
	Paronychia argentea	Silvery Whitlow Wort	عصا الراعي، رجل الحمامة الصخرية	Sub-shrubs	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Silene aegyptiaca	Egyptian Campion	عين البنت عين البنت	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT



	Silene alexandrina (Silene apetala)	Apetala Campion	سيلينة إسكندرانية	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in Study area)	-	-	TD
	Silene arabica	Arabian Catchfly	سايلين عربي	Annual	Wild	R (NR)	-	-	DX
	Silene colorata	Cloven-Petalled Campion	سيليننة ملونة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Silene coniflora	Cone-Flowered Catchfly	سيلينة مخروطية الزهر	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	TD
	Silene dichotom		سيلينة	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MT
	Silene rubella	Reddish Catchfly	سیلینة محمرة/نشاش الذباب	Annual	Wild	R	-	-	M
	Silene vulgaris	White Bladder Campion	 سايلين شائع	Perennial	Wild	F	LC	-	MTD
	Spergularia bocconei	Boccone's Spurrey	سبيرغولة بكون	Annual	Wild	RR(LD)	LC	-	MT
Chenopodiaceae	Beta vulgaris	White Beet	سلق شائع	Annual	wild	С	LC	-	MTD
	Chenopodium album	White Goosefoot	غبيرة بيضاء	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
	Chenopodium murale	Nettle-Leaved Goosefoot	غبيرة المزابل	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
Cistaceae	Cistus creticus (incanus)	Soft-hairy Rockrose	اللباد الوردي (هنبل)	Sub-shrubs	Wild	CC	-	-	MDX
	Cistus salviifolius	Sage-leaved rockrose	لبيد ابيض	Sub-shrubs	Wild	CC	-	-	MDX
	Fumana thymifolia	Clammy Cistus	فومانيا/ دخانية زعترية	Sub-shrubs	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Fumana arabica	Arabian Cistus	رت. فومانیا عربیة/دخانیة عربیة	Sub-shrubs	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Helianthemum aegyptiacum	Egyptian Sun-Rose	مداهین مصري	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT



	Helianthemum salicifolium	Willow-Leaved Sun- Rose	مداهين صفصافي الورق/جريد	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Helianthemum ventosum	Egyptian sunrose	زهرة الشمس	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
Colchicaceae	Colchicum hierosolymitanum	Jerusalem Colchicum	الودع المقدس	Annual	Wild	R	-	ET	M
Compositae	Anthemis bornmuelleri		اقحوان تقليدي	Annual	Wild	CC	-	ES	M
	Anthemis hebronica	Hebron Chamomile	اقحوان الخليل	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	Т
	Anthemis pseudocotula	Common Chamomile	اقحوان كاذب	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Artemisia arborescens	Shrubby Wormwood	شيبه (شيح شجيري)	Sub-shrubs	Planted	-	-	II	M
	Asteriscus aquaticus	Sweet Scented Oxeye	قصاص طويلة	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	МТ
	Atractylis cancellata	Netted Distaff Thistle	اداد شبکي/ام ضرس	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Bellis sylvestris	Southern Daisy	عروس الغابة/حنونة البور	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Calendula arvensis	Field Marigold	اذريون الحقول	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
	Calendula palaestina	Palestine Marigold	ذريون فلسطني (عين القط)	Annual	Wild	C (LD)	-	EL	M
ı	Carduus argentatus	Silvery Thistle	کردوس فضی/شوك عنتر/خرفیش صغیر	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Carduus australis	Italian thistle	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	Annual	Wild	R (LD)	-	-	M
	Carlina curetum (Carlina involucrata var. joppensis)	Involucrate Carline Thistle	شوك البان الأخضر	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	M



Carlina hispanica (Carlina corymbosa)	Spanish Carline Thistle	شوك البان الأحمر	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
Carthamus tenuis	Slender safflower	قوص	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Centaurea cyanoides	Syrian Cornflower	يمرور ازرق	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	ES	M
Centaurea hyalolepis	Knapweed, Cornflower	مرار شفاف	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
Chiliadenus iphionoides (Varthemia iphionoides)		كتيله	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТО
Conyza albida	White Horseweed	نشاش ابیض	Annual	Wild	С	-	IM	МТ
Conyza bonariensi	Horseweed	نشاش صادق	Annual	Wild	CC	-	IM	МТО
Conyza canadensis	Canadian Fleabane	نشاش كندي	Annual	Wild	С	-	IM	MTD
Crepis hierosolymitana	Jerusalem Hawk's Beard	سراغة مقدسية	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
Crepis palaestina	Palestinian Hawk's Beard	سراغة فلسطينية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
Crepis sancta	hawksbeard	خفية مقدسة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
Dittrichia viscosa (Inula viscosa)	Clammy Inula	طيون	Sub-shrubs	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
Echinops adenocaulos	Common Globe- Tistle	قنفذي أدني الساق	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Echinops polyceras	Blanche Globe- Thistle	شوك الجمال	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	DX
Filago pyramidata	Broad-Leaved Cudweed	قطينة هرمية	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТО
Geropogon hybridus	Goat's Beard	ذنب الفرس المهجنة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Glebionis coronarium (Chrysanthemum coronarium)	Crown Daisy	اقحوان تاجي	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
Hedypnois rhagadioloides	Cretanweed or Scaly Hawkbit	شفيرة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD



Helichrysum sanguineum	Red Everlasting	دم الغزال، دم المسيح	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
Helminthotheca echioides	Bristly Ox-Tongue	انمسیح دویده وخرازه	Annual	Wild	C (LD)	-	-	M
Ifloga spicata	Spiked Ifloga	كريشة الجدي	Annual	Wild	C (NR)	-		MTD X
Lactuca tuberosa	Tuberous Lettuce	خس أكل	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	-
Lactuca undulata	Wild Lettuce	خس متموج	Annual	Wild	RR (LD)	-	-	M
Lactuca saligna	Least Lettuce	خس حمير	Annual	Wild	С	-		МТ
Logfia gallica (Filago gallica)	Narrow Leaved Cudweed	قطينة فرنسية	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
Matricaria aurea	Golden Cotula	بابونج عطري	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MTD
Notobasis syriaca	Syrian Thistle	خرفیش داکن	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Onopordum carduiforme (Onopordum telavivense)	False Plumed-Thistle	خرفيش ابيض/بنفسجي	Perennial	Wild	RP	-	EP	МТ
Pallenis spinosa (Asteriscus spinosus)	Starwort	دبوه شوكية	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
Phagnalon rupestre	African Fleabane	صوفان	Sub-shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
Picnomon acarna	Yellow Plume Thistle	شوك الفأر	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT
Picris altissima	Yellow Succory	مرير شاهق	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	M
Pulicaria arabica	Arabian Fleabane	رعراعة عربية/أبو عين اصفر	Annual	Wild	F	LC	-	МТ
Reichardia tingitana	Poppy -Leaved Reichardia	جلاویل جلاویل	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	DX
Rhagadiolus stellatus	Star Hawkbit	رغدة نجمية	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
Scorzonera papposa	Oriental Viper's Grass	ذبح	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	MTD



	Senecio leucanthemifolius subsp vernalis	Spring Groundsel	صفير /بيسوم ربيعي /شرونه ربيعية	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	OMT
	Silybum marianum	Holy Thistle	ربیعیه خرفیش	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Sonchus oleraceus	Common Sow- Thistle	جعضيض	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
	Taraxacum cyprium	Fall Dandelion	سلطة الرهبان	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	M
	Thrincia tuberosa	Bulbous Dandelion	كتيمه	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Tolpis virgata	Rush Hawkweed	فيقوع قضيبي	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	OMT
	Tragopogon coelesyriacus	Long-Beaked Goat's Beard	لحية التيس الطويلة	Sub-shrubs	Wild	С	-	-	MT
	Urospermum picroides	Prickly Cupped Goat's Beard	مذنبة مريرة	annual	wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	V olutaria crupinoides (Amberboa crupinoides)		يمرورية	Annual	Wild	F (NR)	-	-	DX
Convolvulaceae	Convolvulus althaeoides	Mallow-Leaved Bindweed	مداده مهبولة	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Convolvulus arvensis	Corn blind	مدادة الحقول	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Cuscuta campestris	Field Dodder	حامول	Annual (parasite, climber plant)	Wild	F	IM دخاية) من مصر مع بذور نبات (الملوخية	-	MT
Crassulaceae	Umbilicus intermedius	Common Pennywort	مخلدة	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MTD, hard rocks
	Sedum sediforme	Tall Stonecrop	شبه عنب سیدي موسی	Sub-shrubs	Wild	F	-	-	M



Cruciferae	Aethionema heterocarpum	Burnt Candytuft	اثيونيمة متغايرة الثمر	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT
	Alyssum strigosum	strigose madwort	الوسن ستربرني	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	M
	Biscutella didyma	Buckler Mustard	بسكوتية مزدوجة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Brassica nigra	Black Mustard	خردل اسود/لیبسان	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	-	M
	Cardaria draba	Heart-Podded Hoary Cress	قنيبرة	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Carrichtera annua	Cress-Rocket	كرشتيرة حولية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	TDX
	Chypeola aspera	Spiny Treacle Mustard	تریس	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	TD
	Crambe hispanica	Spanish Seakale	كرنب اسباني	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	МТ
	Diplotaxis erucoides	White Wall Rocket	خفج جرجيري، حارة جرجيرية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD X
	Eruca sativa	Garden Rocket	جرحير بري	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in the study area)	-	-	МТ
	Erucaria hispanica	Spanish Pink Mustard	سليح اسباني	Annual	Wild	C	-	-	MT
	Erysimum crassipes	Blister Cress	اريسموم ثخين الزنيد	Perennial	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MT
	Hirschfeldia incana	Hoary Mustard	لفيته	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Leptaleum filifolium		حولية	Annual	Wild	F (NR)	-	-	DX
	Lobularia arabica		فصيفصية عربية	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	DX
	Malcolmia crenulata	Common Malcolmia	ملكلمية مفرضة	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MT
	Nasturtium officinale	True Water-Cress	جرجير الماء	Perennial	Wild	C (Rare in study area)	-	-	МТ



	Neslia apiculata	Ball Mustard	نيسيلية مسترقة	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	MT
	Ochthodium aegyptiacum	Egyptian Gold-of- Pleasure	اخطديوم مصري	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in sudy area)	-	-	M
	Raphanus rostratus	Beaked Radish	فجل منقاري	Annual	Wild	F (NR)	-	-	M
	Sinapis alba	White Mustard	خردل ابیض	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Sinapis arvensis	Charlock	خردل بري	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Sisymbrium irio	London rocket	حويرة /سمارة رثة	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in Study area)	-	-	MTD X
	Thlaspi perfoliatum	Perfoliate Penny- Cress	ثلسبي مخروق	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Cucurbitaceae	Bryonia syriaca	Syrian Bryony	بطيخ افاعي سوري	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Ecballium elaterium	Squirting Cucumber	قثاء الحمار	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
Cupressaceae	Cupressus sempervirens	Cypress	سرو	Tree	Wild	С	LC		M
Dipsacaceae	Cephalaria syriaca	Syrian Scabious	سيوان رأسي/كروان رأسي	Annual	Wild	RP	-	-	Т
	Lomelosia prolifera (Scabiosa prolifera)	Prolific Scabious	كعب الغزال	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Pterocephalus brevis	Short Winghead	عقس قصير	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Pterocephalus plumosus	Plumed Scabious	عقس ريشي	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
Ephedraceae	Ephedra aphylla	Leafy Shrubby- Horsetail	علد لاورقي	Shrub	Wild	С	LC	-	MTD X
	Ephedra foeminea	Leafless Shrubby Horsetail	علد صغير الثمرة	Shrub	Wild	С	LC	-	МТО
Ericaceae	Arbutus andrachne	Eastern Strawberry tree	قطلب او قاتل ابیه	Tree	Wild	С	LC	-	M



Euphorbiaceae	Andrachne telephioides	Bastard Orpine	نباده، کماش	Sub- shrub	Wild	F	-	-	MTD
	Chrozophora tinctoria	Dye's Litmus Plant	عباد الشمس النيلي	Annual	Wild	С	LC	-	MTD
	Euphorbia chamaesyce	Crenated Annual Spurge	تين الْأرض	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	-	MTD
	Euphorbia helioscopia	Sun Spurge	ام اللبن الشمية/ام اللبن الفجر	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT
	Euphorbia hierosolymitana	Woody Spruge	ام اللبن المقدسية	Sub-Shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTX
	Euphorbia hirta (Euphorbia pilulifera)	Garden Spurge	لبين	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	IF	M
	Mercurialis annua	Annual Mercury	حلبلوب حولي	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Fagaceae	Quercus calliprinos	Kermes Oak	بلوط	Tree	Wild	CC	-	-	M
Fumariaceae	Fumaria parviflora	Small-Flowered Fumitory	شاهترج حقول	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in study area)	-	-	M
Geraniaceae	Erodium acaule	Roman Stork's-Bill	ابرة عجوز مستدقة(صغيرة)	Perennial	Wild	R	-	-	M
	Erodium ciconium	Long- Beaked Stork's Bill	مسلة العُجوز	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	-	MTD
	Erodium gruinum	Crane Stork's Bill	ابرة العجوز الكبيرة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Erodium malacoides	Mallow Stork's - Bill	ابرة العجوز الصغيرة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Erodium moschatum	Musk stork's-Bill	ابرة عجوز مسكين	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Erodium cicutarium	Common Stork's-Bill	جزاب شوکراني/دردر	Annual	Wild	C (LD)	-	-	МТ
	Erodium laciniatum	Cut-Leaved Stork's- Bill	شُوکراني/دردر جزاب مشرشر	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in study area)	-	-	MTD X



	Geranium dissectum	Cut-Leaved Crane's- Bill	غرنوقي مقطع	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	-	M
	Geranium molle	Doves's-Foot Crane's-Bill	ابرة صغيرة لينة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Geranium robertianum	Purple Crane's-Bill	ابرة الراهب	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Geranium rotundifolium	Round-Leaved Crane's-Bill	غرنوقي مستدير الورق/يمان	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Geranium tuberosum	Tuberous Crane's- Bill	غرنوقي عسقولي	Perennial	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MTD
Gramineae	Aegilops geniculata	Ovate Goatgrass	ثرغول	Annual	Wild	CC	LC	-	MTD
	Aegilops peregrina	Goatgrass	ثرغول رحال	Annual	Wild	CC	LC	-	MT
	Alopecurus myosuroides	Mouse Foxtail	ذنب الفأر	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
	Andropogon distachyos	Two-spiked beard- grass	سنام	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Avena barbata	Slender Oat	شوفان ملتح/شعيرة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Avena sterilis	Wild Oat	شوفان عقيم	Annual	Wild	CC	LC	-	MTD X
	Brachypodium distachyon	Purple False- Brome	قضبان قصير	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
	Briza maxima	Large Quaking Grass	قصفة كبيرة	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT
	Bromus scoparius	Twiggy brome	خافورة مكنسية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Bromus sterilis	Barren Brome	خافورة عقيمة	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Bromus tectorum	Wall Brome Grass	خافورة متدلية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD X
	Catapodium rigidum	Hard Meadow Grass	كتبديوم قاس	Annual	Wild	CC	LC	-	MTD
	Crithopsis delileana	False Barley	كرثبسيس دليل	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD



	Rough Cock's-foot	إصبعية عنقودية	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Dactylis glomerata		(مجتمعة)/صبورة						
		الجبل						
Hordeum bulbosum	Bulbous Barley	شعیر معمر، شعیر	Perennial	Wild	CC	LC	-	MT
		بصلي						
Hordeum glaucum	Wall Barley	شعير زغبي	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
Hordeum marinum	Sea Barley	شعير الديب	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in study area)	LC	-	МТ
Hordeum spontaneum	Wild Barley	شعیر ابلیس/شعیر بري	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	OMT DX
Hyparrhenia hirta	Hairy Breard-Grass	حمرور أشعر (حنجر زغبي)	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
Lamarckia aurea	Golden Dog's Tail	مشعرة ذهبية	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MTD
Phalaris aquatica (tuberosa)	Tuberous Canary Grass	قرام، حشيشة الكناري المعمرة	perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MT
Phalaris paradoxa	Bristle-Spiked Canary Grass	بشتة متناقضة/خرفار	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
Piptatherum blancheanum	Bluish Mountain-	خافورة بيضاء	perennial	Wild	F	-	-	M
(Oryzopsis caerulescens)	Rice							
Piptatherum miliaceum	Many-Flowered Millet Grass	مكنسة برية	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
Poa bulbosa	Bulbous Meadow Grass	نزع، زعزاع	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Poa trivialis	Rough Meadow Grass	نزع مبذول (زعزاع مبذول)	Perennial	Wild	R (NR)	-	-	MT (humi d habita ts)
Polypogon monspeliensis	Annual Beardgrass	ذيل الثعلب	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in study area)	LC	-	MTD X



	Polypogon viridis	Waterbent	شعر الفأر الأخضر	Perennial	Wild	F	LC	-	MTD
	Rostraria smyrnacea (Lophochloa berythea)	Timothy Hair-Grass, Cat's-Tail	منقارية أزميرية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Stipa capensis	Twisted-Awned Spear-Grass	حلفاء الرأس/صمعاء	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
	Trisetaria macrochaeta			Annual	Wild	C (LD)	-	-	D
	Vulpia ciliata	Ciliate Fescue	ثعلبية مهدبة	Annual	wild	F	-	-	МТ
Hypericaceae	Hypericum triquetrifolium	Curled-Leaves St.John's-Wort	داذي مثلث الورق	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Iridaceae	Crocus hyemalis	Winter crocus	زعفران	Annual	Wild	С	LC	ES	M
	Moraea sisyrinchium (Gynandriris sisyrinchium)	Barbary Nut, crocus rooted iris	سوسن الخنازير، سُعيد، خيتة	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Gladiolus italicus	Common Gladiolus	سيف القمح	Perennial	Wild	F	LC	-	MT
Labiatae	Ajuga chamaepitys	Chian Bugle	عرصف محلي	Sub-shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Ballota saxatilis	Rock horehound	الدانة الصخرية	Sub-shrub	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Clinopodium insulare (Calamintha incana)	Grey Calamint	كلمنتة مبيضة	Shrub	Wild	R	-	-	МТ
	Coridothymus capitatus	Headed Thyme	زحيف	Sub-shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	M
	Eremostachys laciniata	Desert Spike	صوفية	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MTD
	Lamium amplexicaule	Henbit dead-nettle	مقاصيص الجارية/رأس المهر	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Lamium moschatum	Musk Deadnettle	خوذية بيضاء/برج الحمام	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
	Majorana syriaca (Origanum syriacum)	Wild Marjoram, wild thyme	زعتر بري	Sub-shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD



Mentha longifolia	Horse mint	نعنع طويل	Perennial	Wild	C (Rare study Rare in area)	LC	-	MTD X
Micromeria nervosa	Round-leaved mint	شمسية معرقة، زعتر عراق، زعتر ناعم	Perennial	Wild	C	-	-	MT
Moluccella spinosa	Prickly Molucca Balm	ذنبية شائكة	Annual	Wild	C (LD)	-	-	M
Nepeta curviflora	Syrian Cantip	قطرم مقوس الزهر	Sub-shrubs	Wild	C (LD)	-	-	M
Phlomis viscosa	Shrubby Phlomis	.وريور ضرس الشايب الاصفر	Shrub	Wild	С	-	-	M
Prasium majus	Great Hedge-Nettle	فرسيون كبير	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	M
Salvia ceratophylla	Horn-Leaved Sage	مريمية قرنية، قصعين قرني الاوراق	Perennial	Wild	RR (LD)	-	-	D
Salvia dominica	Dominica sage	ميرمية سائدة	Sub-shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MT
Salvia fruticosa	Three-Leafed Sage	مرمية لبنان، قصعين لبنان، قصعين مخشوشب	Sub-shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	M
Salvia hierosolymitana	Jerusalem Sage	قصعين مقدسي،مرمية مقدسة	Perennial	Wild	C (LD)	-	ES	M
Salvia indica	Large Flowered Sage (Blue Sage)	قصعين هندي	Perennial	Wild	R	-	-	M
Salvia judaica	Judean sage	ميرمية جبال القدس	Perennial	Wild	С	-	ES	M
Salvia palaestina	Palestine sage	ورق اللسان (اللسيتة)	Perennial	Wild	RP	-	-	MTD



	Salvia pinnata	Cut-Leaved Sage	قصعين ريشي	Perennial	Wild	C(LD)	-	ET	MT
	Salvia verbenaca	Vervain Sage	لسان الثور حمامي	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Salvia viridis	Common Sage	مردقوش احمر	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Sideritis perfoliata	Perfoliate Ironwort	فقاح مخروق /طرنجان	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Teucrium capitatum	Cat Thyme Germander	جعدة شائعة	Sub-shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Teucrium creticum	Cretan Germander	جعدة قمية	Sub-shrubs	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	M
	Teucrium divaricatum	Hedge Germander	كمندرة	Sub-shrubs	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Thymbra spicata	Spiked Thymbra	زعتر سبل	Sub-shrubs	Wild	F	-	-	M
Liliaceae	Asphodeline lutea	King's spear	عنصل كبير	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	-	MTD
	Asphodelus ramosus	Yellow Asphodel	عنصل صغير	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MD
	Asparagus aphyllus	Prickly Asparagus	هليون الحرش (الاورقي)	Perennial	Wild	CC	LC	-	MT
	Allium trifoliatum (Allium subhirsutum)	Hirsute Garlic	(الاورقي) ثوم صخري	Perennial	Wild	C (LD)	-	-	M
	Allium neapolitanum	Naple's Garlic	ثوم بري	Perennial	Wild	С	DD	-	M
	Allium israeliticum (Allium orientale)	Oriental Garlic	ثوم شرقي	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	Т
	Bellevalia eigii	Eig's Roman Squill	بصيلة ايج	Perennial	Wild	F	-	EE	TD
	Bellevalia flexuosa	Common Roman Squill	بصيلة الفأر	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	ES	M
		Star of Bethlehem	ذهبية	Perennial	Wild	С	LC		MT
	Gagea commutata		شائعة/نجمة بيت لحم						
	Muscari neglectum	Common Grape Hyacinth	بلبوس جميل	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MT



	Smilax aspera	Rough Binweed	عليق	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	M
	Urginea maritima	Sea Squill	بصيل الفار	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
Linaceae	Linum bienne	Pale-Flowered Flax	كتان محول	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
Malvaceae	Alcea acaulis	Stemless hollyhock	خطمية شوكية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Alcea setosa	Bristly Hollyhock	ختمية/ورد الحصان	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Malva nicaeensis	Nice Mallow	خبيزة نيس	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Malva parviflora	Small- Flowered Mallow	خبيزة الحقول	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	TDX
	Malvella sherardiana	Sherard's Malvella	خبيبيزة شررد	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MT
Moraceae	Ficus carica	Fig tree	شجرة التين	Tree	Planted	С	LC	-	MTD
Oleaceae	Olea europaea	Olive tree	زيتون	Tree	Planted (some reseeding)	C(LD)	-	-	M
Orchidaceae	Anacamptis papilionacea (Orchis papilionacea)	Pink Butterfly Orchid	سحلبية فراشية	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Anacamptis pyramidalis	Pyramidal orchid	سحلب هرمي	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	M
	Ophrys iricolor	Iris Coloured Bee Orchid	نحلة زرقاوية/حاجبية زرقاء	Perennial	Wild	RP	-	-	M
	Ophrys israelitica (Ophrys fleischmannii)	Tawny Bee-Orchid	حاجية سمراء	Perennial	Wild	F (LD)	-		M
	Ophrys sphegodes (ophrys transhyrcana)	Early spider-orchid	حاجية دبورية	Perennial	Wild	R	-	-	M
	Orchis anatolica	Anatolian Orchid	سحلب الاناضول	Perennial	Wild	F(LD)	LC	-	M
	Orchis galilaea	Galilee Orchid	سحلب الجليل	Perennial	Wild	F	LC	-	M



	Orchis tridentata	Toothed Orchid	سحلب مسنن	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
Oxalidaceae	Oxalis pes-caprae	Nodding Wood- Sorrel	عرف الليمون الكبير	Perennial	Wild	C (LD) - exotic	-	-	M
Ranunculaceae	Adonis microcarpa	Small Pheasant's Eye	ادونيس صغير الثمر	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Anemone coronaria	Crown Anemone	شقائق النعمان	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Clematis Cirrhosa	Virgin's-Bower	حبل المسك	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Clematis flammula	Fragrant Clematis	عبق الملك (معلى)	Annual	Wild	R	-	-	M
	Ranunculus arvensis	Corn Buttercup	برقوق الحقول (برواق الحقول)	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Ranunculus asiaticus	Turban Buttercup	كف الضبع (حنون احمر شائع) /برقوق	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Ranunculus scandicinus (Ranunculus marginatus)	Shepherd's- needle buttercup, Crowfoot	برواق اصفر/برواق هامش	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Reseda alba	White mignonette	ذيل الخروف/ البليحاء البيضاء	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
Resedaceae	Reseda alopecuros	Fox Mignonette	بليحاء الثعلب	Annual	Wild	R	-	EP	МТ
	Reseda lutea	Yellow Mignonette	البليحاء صفراء/حصادة	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MTD X
Rhamnaceae	Rhamnus lycioides (palaestinus)	Palestine Buckthorn	سويد فلسطيني	Shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
Rosaceae	Amygdalus communis	Common Almond	لوز بري	Tree	Planted (some reseeding)	С	-	-	MT
	Crataegus aronia	Spiny Hawthorn	زعرور أصفر	Tree	wild	С	LC	-	MDX
	Sarcopoterium spinosum	Prickly Burnet	النتش، البلان	Sub-shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ



	Pyrus syriaca	Syrian pear	انجاص بري (کمثری سوریة)	Tree	Wild	F(LD)	LC	-	M
	Pyrus communis	Common Pear, European Pear	اجاص الاوروبي، الكمثرى	Tree	Planted	-	-	-	M
	Rubia tenuifolia	Narrow – Leaved Madder	الفوية	Shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MT
	Ruhus sanctus	Holy Bramble	علیق مقدس	Shrub	Wild	F (Rare in study area))	-	-	MX
Rubiaceae	Galium murale	Wall Bedstraw	لزيقة الحقول/دبيقة الحقول	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Galium tricornutum	Roug-Fruited Bedstraw	غاليوم	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	M
	Crucianella macrostachya	Common Crosswort	صليبية كبيرة السنابل	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Papaveraceae	Papaver hybridum	Prickly Round- Headed Poppy	خشخاش هجین	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD X
	Papaver umbonatum (Papaver subpiriforme)	Corn Poppy	بخيتة كمثرية	Annual	wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Papilionaceae	Anagyris foetida	Bean Trefoil	خروب الكلاب، لتين، جرود	Shrub	Wild	F	-	-	MT
	Astragalus asterias (Astragalus cruciatus)	Cross Milk-Vetch	کدس نجمي	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	TDX
	Astragalus hamosus	Dwarf Yellow Milk- Vetch	کدس حمص	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Astragalus pelecinus (Biserrula pelecinus)	Common Hatchet Vetch	منشارية بلكينس	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	MT
	Astragalus caprinus	Beer-sheva Milk- Vetch	كدس الماعز	Perennial	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	-	D



Astragalus trib.	uloides	Caltrop Milk-Vetch	كدس ممتحن/كدس اشعر الاجنحة	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in study area))	LC	-	DX
Bituminaria bit	uminosa	Bitumen Trefoil	العنان	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	MT
Calicotome villo	sa	Spiny Broom	قندیل (قندول)	Shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Coronilla scorpi	oides	Scorpion Vetch	اكليل عقربي	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	MTD X
Hippocrepis una	isiliquosa	Common Horse- Shoe Vetch	تخنن احادي الخردل	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
Hymenocarpos o	circinnatus	Spanish Medick	خبز محلق (حولي)	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Lathyrus aphac	а	Yellow Vetchling	البازيلاء البرية، جلبان عفقة، بريد حيايا	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Lathyrus hieros	olymitanus	Jerusalem Vetchling	سعیسعة مقدسیة	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
Lathyrus pseud	ocicera	Nerved Vetchling	جلبان کاذب	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	TD
Lotus peregrinu	s	Flat – Podded Bird's Foot Trefoil	قرن الغزال أصفر لوتوس رحال	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Medicago mon monspeliaca)	espeliaca (Trigonella	Trailing Fenugreek	حلبة وحيد السداة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Medicago orbica	ılaris	Flat – Podded Medick	نفل مستدير، خبز الراعي	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	МТ
Medicago polym	orpha	Bur Clover	نفل محلي/فضة محلية	Annual	Wild	CC	LC	-	MT
Melilotus sulcat	us	Grooved Melilot	حندقوق	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MT
Onobrychis capi	ut-galli	Cock's Head Sainfoin	دريس، ضرس العجوز	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	MT



Onobrychis squarrosa	Squarrose Hippocrepis, unisiliquosa Sainfoin	جريس قائم العنقود	Annual	Wild	С	-		MTD
Ononis natrix	Shrubby Rest - Harrow	شبرق	Sub-shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
Ononis ornithopodioides	Bird's-Foot Rest- Harrow	شبرق الطيور	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
Ononis serrata (Ononis diffusa)	Serrate-Leaved Rest Harrow	شبرق مسنن	Annual	Wild	F (NR)	-	-	MTD X
Ononis sicula	Persian Rest-Harrow	شبرق صيقلية	Annual	wild	С	-	-	TD
Ononis spinosa (Ononis leiosperma)	Tall Spiny Rest - Harrow	شبرق شوكي	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	MTD X
Ononis viscosa	Clammy Rest- Harrow	شبرق دبق	Annual	wild	F	-	-	MT
Pisum elatius	Purple Wild Pea	بريد	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
Pisum fulvum	Yellow Wild Pea	سبلة كهرمانية	Annual	Wild	С			МТ
Pisum sativum	Wild Peas	بازيلاء برية	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	MT
Scorpiurus muricatus	Two-Flowered Caterpillar	عقربية شائكة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Securigera securidaca	Crownvetch	سعيسعة، صبيره	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
Spartium junceum	Spanish broom	وزال	Shurb	Wild	C (Rare in study area)	-	-	M
Tetragonolobus palaestinus	Four-winged pea	جلثون فلسطيني/اصابع العروس	Annual	Wild	С	-		M
Tetragonolobus requienii		جلثون الأموات جلثون الأموات	Annual	Wild	RP (LD)	-	-	M
Trifolium argutum	Dry-Headed Clover	نفل جاف الرأس	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT
Trifolium boissieri	Boissier's Clover	نفل بواسييه	Sub-shrub	Wild	R (LD)	-	-	M



Trifolium campestre	Hop Clover	برسيم الحقول	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Trifolium clusii	Clusius' Clover	نفل كلوزيوس	Annual	Wild	F	LC	-	M
Trifolium clypeatum	Helmet Clover	برسيم ترسي ابيض	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
Trifolium eriosphaerum	Woolly-Headed Clover	نفل صوفي الرؤيسات	Annual	Wild	С	-	ES	МТ
Trifolium erubescens	Blushing Clover	نفل متورد	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	EL	M
Trifolium fragiferum	Strawberry Clover	نفل فراولي	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	M
Trifolium pilulare	Ball Cotton Clover	برسيم قطني	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Trifolium purpureum	Purple Clover	برسيم فراولة /أرجواني	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Trifolium resupinatum	Reversed Trefoil	برسيم متقلب	Annual	Wild	CC	LC	-	МТ
Trifolium scutatum	Shield Clover	برسيم درعي	Annual	Wild	R	-	ET	M
Trifolium stellatum	Star Clover	برسيم نجمي الثمرة	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
Trifolium subterraneum	Subterranean Clover	نفل مطمور	Annual	Wild	F (Rare ins tudy area)	LC	-	M
Trifolium spumosum	Bladder Trefoil	نفل مزبد	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
Trifolium tomentosum	Wooly Clover	نفل لبدي/كريشة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
Trigonella arabica	Arabian Fenugreek	حلبة عربية	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	DX
Trigonella berythea	Beirut Fenugreek	حلبة شائعة/حلبة الاكل حلبة	Annual	Wild	F	-	ET	M
8		العطارين /الحلبة المزروعة						
Trigonella foenum-graecum	Fenugreek	الحلبة التبنية اليونانية	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in stury area)	-	-	M



Trigonella hierosolymitana	Jerusalem Fenugreek	حلبة القدس	Annual	Wild	F	-	_	MT
	3	حنبه انقدس	Timuai	Wild	1.	_	-	IVI I
Vicia galeata	Helmeted Vetch	بيقيا عديسية	Annual	Wild	F	LC	-	M
Vicia palaestina	Palestine Vetch	بيستيا فلسطينية	Annual	Wild	С	-		M
Vicia peregrina	Rambling Vetch	جلبانة رحالة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Vicia sativa	Common vetch	بيقيا شائعة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
Pinus halepensis	Aleppo pine	صنوبر حلبي (قريش)	Tree	planted	-	LC	-	-
Pinus pinea	Pine	مُريِّد و <u>؟</u> صنوبر الطعام	Tree	planted	-	-	-	-
Plantago afra	Clammy Plantain	لسان الحمل الافريقي	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
Plantago cretica	Cretan Plantain	لسان الحمل	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТО
Plantago lagopus	Round-Headed Plantain	ودنة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Plumbago europaea	European Leadwort	رصاصية أوروبية	Perennial	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	M
Emex spinosa	Spiny Dock	ضرس العجوز	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in study area)	-	-	MTD X
Polygonum argyrocoleum	Knotweed, Knotgrass	القظاب	Annual	Wild	R (known to be	-	-	МТ
Rumex dentatus	Dentate Dock, Sorrel	الحماض المسنن أو ضِرْس العَجُوز	Annual	Wild	F	LC	-	МТ
Portulaca oleracea	Garden Purslane	. در بقلة	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD X
Anagallis arvensis	Scarlet Pimpernel	عين القط	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
	Vicia palaestina Vicia peregrina Vicia sativa Pinus halepensis Pinus pinea Plantago afra Plantago cretica Plantago lagopus Plumbago europaea Emex spinosa Polygonum argyrocoleum Rumex dentatus Portulaca oleracea	Vicia palaestina Palestine Vetch Vicia peregrina Rambling Vetch Vicia sativa Common vetch Pinus halepensis Aleppo pine Pinus pinea Pine Plantago afra Clammy Plantain Plantago cretica Gretan Plantain Plantago lagopus Round-Headed Plantain Plumbago europaea European Leadwort Emex spinosa Spiny Dock Rotweed, Knotweed, Knotgrass Dentate Dock, Sorrel Portulaca oleracea Garden Purslane	Vicia palaestina Palestine Vetch قييستيا فلسطينية Vicia peregrina Rambling Vetch قلبانة رحالة Vicia sativa Common vetch قعين العقور المعالى Pinus pinea Aleppo pine Pine Pinus pinea Pine Pine Plantago afra Clammy Plantain Dentate Dock, Sorrel Plantago cretica Round-Headed Plantain Berea Plantain Plantago lagopus Round-Headed Plantain Berea Plantain Plumbago europaea European Leadwort European Leadwort Emex spinosa Spiny Dock Spiny Dock Polygonum argyrocoleum Knotweed, Knotgrass Polygonum leading place of the properties of the pro	Vicia palaestina Palestine Vetch بيستيا فلسطينية Annual Vicia peregrina Rambling Vetch قلباق رحالة Annual Vicia sativa Common vetch قعيل Annual Pinus pinea Aleppo pine يسفير حلبي Tree Pinus pinea Pine pinus pinea Annual Plantago afra Clammy Plantain Annual Plantago retica Cretan Plantain Janual Plantago lagopus Round-Headed Plantain Buse propan Leadwort Plumbago europaea European Leadwort Perennial Emex spinosa Spiny Dock page propan Annual Polygonum argyrocoleum Knotweed, Knotgrass ulbäll Annual Rumex dentatus Dentate Dock, Sorrel Annual Portulaca oleracea Garden Purslane äläp Annual	Palestine Vetch بيستيا فلسطينية Annual Wild Vicia peregrina Rambling Vetch جلبانة رحالة Annual Wild Vicia sativa Common vetch بيقيا شائعة والمنافعة والمن	Vicia palaestina Palestine Vetch قيست عليسي فليسطينية Annual Wild C Vicia peregrina Rambling Vetch قالي جلبانة رحالة Annual Wild CC Vicia sativa Common vetch قييا شائة رحالة Annual Wild CC Pinus pinea Aleppo pine ي منوبر حليب Tree planted - Pinus pinea Pine planted - - Plantago afra Clammy Plantain Lub duli plantain Wild CC Plantago retica Cretan Plantain Annual Wild CC Plantago lagopus Round-Headed Plantain قناع plantain Wild CC Plumbago europaea European Leadwort قوروبية Perennial Wild C(LD) Emex spinosa Spiny Dock joanul precional Wild C (Rare in study area) Polygonum argyrocoleum Knotweed, Knotgrass Jenate Dock, Sorrel Jenate Dock, Sorrel Annual Wild F Portulaca oleracea Garden Purslane Tenate Dock, Sorrel Annual Wild C	Vicia palaestina Palestine Vetch البيستيا فلسطينية Annual Wild C - Vicia peregrina Rambling Vetch قالمسطينية Annual Wild CC - Vicia sativa Common vetch قيقيا شانعة Annual Wild CC - Pinus pinea Aleppo pine بيقيا شانوب حليب Tree planted - LC Pinus pinea Pine ماسوبر الطعام Annual Wild CC - Plantago algorira Clammy Plantain Loading algorita Annual Wild CC - Plantago cretica Cretan Plantain Loading algorita Annual Wild CC - Plantago lagopus Round-Headed Plantain Biologica Annual Wild CC - Plumbago europaea European Leadwort European Leadwort European Leadwort Jean algoritation Wild C(LD) - Emex spinosa Spiny Dock John Leadwort Annual Wild C (Rare in study area) Polygonum argyrocoleum Knotweed, Knotweed, Knotweed, Illanding bear and algoritation and algor	Vicia palaestina Palestine Vetch قييستيا فلسطينية Annual Wild C - Vicia pergrina Rambling Vetch قلياق إطاقة إحدال Annual Wild CC - Vicia sativa Common vetch isali missi Annual Wild CC - Pinus pinea Aleppo pine missi Tree planted - LC - Pinus pinea Pine missi Mild CC - - - Plantago afra Clammy Plantain multi llead Mild CC - - Plantago cretica Cretan Plantain Loading illeant Mild CC - - Plantago lugopus Round-Headed Plantain Bulling illeant Mild CC - - Plumbago europaea European Leadwort ingenia Mild C(LD) - - Emex spinosa Spiny Dock jaccim lleant Mild R(known to be common) - - Polygonum argyrocolcum </td



	Samolus valerandi	Brookweed	صابون	Perennial	Wild	R	LC	_	MTD
	Samoius vaierandi		طابون العرب/لبين الماء						
Santalaceae	Osyris alba	Poet's Cassia	صندل ابیض	Sub-shrub	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Thesium humile	Dwarf Thesium	حب الحريش/حريش متواضع	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MTD
Scrophulariaceae	Scrophularia peyronii	Figwort	خنازيرية بيرون	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MT
	Scrophularia hierochuntina	Valley Figwort	خنزيرية مدمدمة	Perennial	Wild	RP		ES	M
	Scrophularia rubicaulis	Red Stemmed Figwort	برواك خنازرية، جرطم	Perennial	Wild	F	-	ES	M
	Scrophularia xanthoglossa	Yellow-Scaled Figwort	خنازيرية صفراء السداة العقيمة	Sub shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Verbascum orientale	Oriental Celsia	بوصير شرقي	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	-	МТ
	Verbascum sinuatum	Scallop- Leaved Mullein	عورور	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Veronica anagallis-aquatica	Blue Water Speedwell	فيرونيكا حبق الماء	Aquatic plants (hemicryptoph yte)	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MT (Hum id Habit ats)
	Veronica arvensis	Wall Speedwell	فيرونكة الحقول	Annual	Wild	R	-	-	M
	Veronica cymbalaria	Cymbalaria Speedwell	فيرونكة صنجية	Annual	wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Veronica syriaca	Syrian Speedwell	فيرونكة سورية	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	M
Solanaceae	Hyoscyamus aureus	Golden Henbane	بنج ذهبي	Shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Mandragora autumnalis	Autumn Mandrake, Pomme D'amour	تفاح النجم	perennial	Wild	С	LC	-	M



	Nicotiana glauca	TobaccoTree	تبغ بري	Tree	Wild	C (Rare in study area)	-	IM	MD
	Solanum nigrum	Black nightshade	عنب الديب الاسود	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Solanum villosum(Solanum luteum)	Woolly Nightshade	حيصل اصفر	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Withania somnifera	Common Winter - Cherry	سكران/سم الفأر	Shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD X
Styracaceae	Styrax officinalis	Officinal Storax	عبهر	Tree	Wild	С	LC	-	M
Umbelliferae	Ammi majus	Bishop's Weed	خلة كبيرة/خلة شيطانية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Artedia squamata	Crown Flower	ارتدية حرشفية	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Apium nodislorum	Fool's-Water-Cress	كرفس بري	Aquatic plants	Wild	R	LC	-	M (humi d habita t)
	Bifora testiculata	Small Coriander	بيفورة توأمية	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	МТ
	Chaetosciadium trichospermum	Hairy-Seeded Chervil	مشعرة ثلاثية البذور	Annual	Wild	CC	-	ES	МТО
	Conium maculatum	Mother Die	سكيكران	Perennial	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	M
	Daucus carota	Wild Carrot	جزر بري	Annual	Wild	CC	DD	-	MT
	Eryngium creticum	Field Eryngio	قرصعنة	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	M
	Eryngium glomeratum	Clustered eryngo	شنداب، متجمع، عود القسم	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	МТО
	Ferula communis	Common Giant Fennel	کلح (شرش زلوع محلي)	Perennial	Wild	С	LC	-	МТ
	Foeniculum vulgare	Common Fennel	شومر شائع	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ



	Ridolfia segetum	Bishop's weed	خلة الحقول/ شومر الحقول	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Scandix verna (Scandix iberica)	Venus' Comb	مشطية ايبيريا	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	M
	Scandix pecten-veneris	Shepherd's Needle	مشط الراعي	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT
	Tordylium trachycarpum (Ainsworthia trachycarpa)	Common Ainsworthia	انسورثية جاسئة الثمر	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
	Torilis arvensis	Spreading Hedge- Parsely	جزر الشيطان	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Torilis leptophylla	Fine-Leaved Hedge- Parsley	لزيقة صغيرة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Torilis tenella	Many-Rayed Bur Parsley	توريلس رهيف	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Turgenia latifolia	Greater Bur Parsley	فرنجية عريضة الأوراق	Annual	Wild	RR	-	-	ОТ
Urticaceae	Parietaria alsinifolia	Sandwort-Leaved Pellitory	ورق حشيشة الزجاج الرملية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	TDX
	Parietaria judaica	Wall Pellitory	حشيشة الزجاج الجدارية	Sub-Shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	МТО
	Parietaria lusitanica	Rock Pellitory	حشيشة الزجاج الصخرية	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MTD
	Urtica urens	Burning nettle	قراص حارق	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT
	Urtica pilulifera	Roman Nettle	قريص حباني/عقار	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT
Valerianaceae	V alerianella vesicaria	Bladder-Fruited Corn Salad	سمنة مثانية/حشيشة الهر	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
Verbenaceae	Verbena officinalis	Common Vervain	وعي الحمام المخزني	Perennial	Wild	C (Rare in study area))	-	-	МТ
	Verbena supina	Trailing Vervain	رعي الحمة المفرقش	Annual	Wild	R	-	-	M



	I.Z.	Lilac Chaste Tree	ذو الخمس أصابع/كف مريم/	Shrub	Wild	F	DD	-	MT
	Vitex agnus-castus								
			غار بلدي						
Violaceae	Viola modesta	Humble Viola	بنفسج متواضع	Annual	Wild	RR	-	ı	OMT
	Viola occulta	Sweet Viola	بنفسج محبوب	Annual	Wild	RR	1	-	OMT

- Ad1 (abundance at local level, according to Checklist and Ecological Database¹⁹): CC=Very common species, C=Common species, F=Frequent species, R=somewhat rare species, RP=Rare species with 31-100 surviving sites, RR=Very rare species with only 4-30 surviving sites, NR= Not Registered in the study area before but was found during surveys, (LD)= species with limited distribution.
- Abd2 (abundance at global level, according to IUCN RED List²⁰): LC= Least Concern, DD= Data Deficient, VU= Vulnerable decreasing
- End= Endemism, EP=Endemic to Palestine, ET=Endemic to Palestine and Turkey, EL=Endemic to Palestine and Lebanon, ES=Endemic to Palestine and Syria, EE=Endemic to Palestine and Sinai, IF= Introduced originating in Africa, IM=Introduced originating in American, II=Introduced originating in the Mediterranean Basin.
- CD= Climate Distribution. M= The Mediterranean Zone, T=Transitional zone (between Mediterranean and desert zone), D=Semi-desert, X=extreme desert, O=Montane Mediterranean zone.

_

¹⁹ Ori F., Uzi P., David H., Avi S. (1999). Checklist and Ecological Data-Base of the Flora or Israel and its Surroundings. Hebrew University, Jerusalem.

²⁰ http://www.iucnredlist.org/search



Annex 3.2: Coordinates of the Studied Transects at Al Makhrour Valley

T1	T1C1	T1C2	T1C3	T1C4
	31°42'52.30"N	31°42'55.30"N	31°42'54.10"N	31°42'49.84"N
	35°10'13.40"E	35°10'13.00"E	35°10'15.10"E	35°10'17.42"E
T2	T2C1	T2C2	T2C3	T2C4
	31°42'52.08"N	31°42'49.60"N	31°42'51.86"N	31°42'49.84"N
	35°10'17.16"E	35°10'14.75"E	35°10'14.38"E	35°10'17.42"E
Т3	T3C1	T3C2	T3C3	T3C4
	31°42'49.68"N	31°42'46.56"N	31°42'48.66"N	31°42'47.70"N
	35°10'9.72"E	35°10'10.86"E	35°10'12.08"E	35°10'8.52"E
T4	T4C1	T4C2	T4C3	T4C4
	31°42'55.70"N	31°42'58.50"N	31°42'57.76"N	31°42'56.54"N
	31°42'55.70"E	35°10'3.50"E	35°10'5.99"E	35°10'2.27"E
T5	T5C1	T5C2	T5C3	T5C4
1.3	31°42'59.70"N	31°43'2.78"N	31°43'1.42"N	31°43'1.80"N
	35° 9'59.10"E	35° 9'58.84"E	35°10'1.00"E	35° 9'56.49"E
Т6	T6C1	T6C2	T6C3	T6C4
.0	31°42'58.93"N	31°42'56.34"N	31°42'58.46"N	31°42'56.60"N
	35° 9'56.70"E	35° 9'59.26"E	35° 9'59.36"E	35° 9'56.78"E
	33 3 30.70 L	33 333.20 L	33 333.30 L	33 3 30.76 L
T7	T7C1	T7C2	T7C3	T7C4
	31°42'59.92"N	31°43'1.58"N	31°43'1.61"N	31°42'59.78"N
	35° 9'55.45"E	35° 9'51.28"E	35° 9'53.74"E	35° 9'52.75"E
				00 000.70 1
T8	T8C1	T8C2	T8C3	T8C4
	31°43'5.16"N	31°43'5.14"N	31°43'4.05"N	31°43'6.62"N
	35° 9'47.75"E	35° 9'43.83"E	35° 9'45.64"E	35° 9'45.88"E
Т9	T9C1	T9C2	T9C3	T9C4
	31°42'44.27"N	31°42'46.84"N	31°42'44.63"N	31°42'46.52"N
	35°10'7.41"E	35°10'5.04"E	35°10'4.81"E	35°10'7.31"E
T10	T10C1	T10C2	T10C3	T10C4
	31°42'50.47"N	31°42'51.43"N	31°42'49.33"N	31°42'52.27"N
	35°10'6.63"E	35°10'3.20"E	35°10'4.49"E	35°10'5.80"E
T11	T11C1	T11C2	T11C3	T11C4
	31°42'53.70"N	31°42'53.80"N	31°42'52.15"N	31°42'55.11"N
	35° 9'58.40"E	35°10'2.11"E	35°10'0.36"E	35°10'0.26"E
T12	T12C1	T12C2	T12C3	T12C4
	31°42'55.40"N	31°42'55.28"N	31°42'56.88"N	31°42'53.48"N
	35° 9'40.02"E	35° 9'43.80"E	35° 9'42.40"E	35° 9'41.41"E
T13	T13C1	T13C2	T13C3	T13C4



	24942157 00111	24942150 021111	24942150 70111	2494210 ECUN
	31°42'57.00"N	31°42'58.82"N	31°42'58.79"N	31°43'0.56"N
	35° 9'39.01"E	35° 9'37.47"E	35° 9'40.35"E	35° 9'38.77"E
T14	T14C1	T14C2	T14C3	T14C4
	31°42'56.32"N	31°42'57.57"N	31°42'58.24"N	31°42'55.40"N
	35° 9'22.33"E	35° 9'25.80"E	35° 9'23.73"E	35° 9'24.70"E
T15	T15C1	T15C2	T15C3	T15C4
	31°43'1.60"N	31°43'0.96"N	31°43'0.02"N	31°43'2.61"N
	35° 9'6.51"E	35° 9'2.57"E	35° 9'4.89"E	35° 9'4.03"E
T16	T16C1	T16C2	T16C3	T16C4
	31°43'26.20"N	31°43'25.41"N	31°43'27.37"N	31°43'24.55"N
	35° 8'53.80"E	35° 8'50.33"E	35° 8'52.01"E	35° 8'51.95"E
T17	T17C1	T17C2	T17C3	T17C4
	31°43'38.95"N	31°43'37.71"N	31°43'37.05"N	31°43'39.98"N
	35° 8'46.43"E	35° 8'50.08"E	35° 8'48.51"E	35° 8'47.82"E
T18	T18C1	T18C2	T18C3	T18C4
	31°43'27.92"N	31°43'30.40"N	31°43'30.24"N	31°43'28.06"N
	35° 9'1.66"E	35° 8'59.55"E	35° 9'1.46"E	35° 9'0.07"E
T19	T19C1	T19C2	T19C3	T19C4
	31°43'28.91"N	31°43'26.73"N	31°43'26.82"N	31°43'28.43"N
	35° 8'57.72"E	35° 9'0.24"E	35° 8'58.30"E	35° 8'59.62"E
T20	T20C1	T20C2	T20C3	T20C4
	31°43'11.74"N	31°43'11.24"N	31°43'9.23"N	31°43'13.25"N
	35° 9'3.78"E	35° 9'0.35"E	35° 9'2.56"E	35° 9'1.44"E
T21	T21C1	T21C2	T21C3	T21C4
	31°43'11.53"N	31°43'11.49"N	31°43'9.64"N	31°43'13.71"N
	35° 9'4.15"E	35° 9'6.88"E	35° 9'4.60"E	35° 9'6.35"E
T22	T22C1	T22C2	T22C3	T22C4
	31°43'14.26"N	31°43'15.89"N	31°43'14.01"N	31°43'16.09"N
	35° 9'14.53"E	35° 9'18.98"E	35° 9'17.77"E	35° 9'15.62"E
T23	T23C1	T23C2	T23C3	T23C4
	31°43'13.58"N	31°43'10.52"N	31°43'11.63"N	31°43'13.37"N



	35° 9'32.58"E	35° 9'32.98"E	35° 9'34.71"E	35° 9'29.94"E
T24	T24C1	T24C2	T24C3	T24C4
	31°43'13.00"N	31°43'16.44"N	31°43'14.33"N	31°43'15.12"N
	35° 9'34.00"E	35° 9'32.50"E	35° 9'31.79"E	35° 9'35.01"E
T25	T25C1	T25C2	T25C3	T25C4
	31°43'16.60"N	31°43'17.71"N	31°43'18.57"N	31°43'15.49"N
	35° 9'33.50"E	35° 9'35.47"E	35° 9'33.08"E	35° 9'35.85"E
T26	T26C1	T26C2	T26C3	T26C4
	31°43'50.37"N	31°43'49.58"N	31°43'53.08"N	31°43'47.68"N
	35° 8'18.12"E	35° 8'15.08"E	35° 8'16.44"E	35° 8'17.10"E
T27	T27C1	T27C2	T27C3	T27C4
	31°43'58.30"N	31°44'0.94"N	31°44'1.58"N	31°43'58.27"N
	35° 8'14.88"E	35° 8'12.36"E	35° 8'14.31"E	35° 8'12.30"E
T28	T28C1	T28C2	T28C3	T28C4
	31°44'6.55"N	31°44'6.63"N	31°44'8.08"N	31°44'5.04"N
	35° 8'13.60"E	35° 8'10.12"E	35° 8'11.07"E	35° 8'12.27"E
T29	T29C1	T29C2	T29C3	T29C4
	31°44'5.44"N	31°44'2.01"N	31°44'4.18"N	31°44'3.16"N
	35° 7'56.27"E	35° 7'54.31"E	35° 7'53.50"E	35° 7'57.46"E
T30	T30C1	T30C2	T30C3	T30C4
	31°44'1.03"N	31°43'57.78"N	31°43'59.41"N	31°43'59.19"N
	35° 7'48.98"E	35° 7'48.57"E	35° 7'46.93"E	35° 7'50.14"E
T31	T31C1	T31C2	T31C3	T31C4
	31°43'57.76"N	31°43'55.65"N	31°43'55.24"N	31°43'57.49"N
	35° 7'43.43"E	35° 7'44.80"E	35° 7'42.22"E	35° 7'45.80"E
Т32	T32C1	T32C2	T32C3	T32C4
	31°43'56.90"N	31°43'52.82"N	31°43'55.65"N	31°43'53.92"N
	35° 7'39.20"E	35° 7'37.14"E	35° 7'36.45"E	35° 7'40.02"E
Т33	T33C1	T33C2	T33C3	T33C4
	31°43'44.64"N	31°43'40.31"N	31°43'42.83"N	31°43'42.58"N
	35° 7'38.58"E	35° 7'38.80"E	35° 7'37.08"E	35° 7'40.65"E





Annex 3.3: Plant species identified during the plant inventory surveys at Battir Village

It includes the list of Species according to its type, status, and uses (GF = Growth Form, Abd 1 = Abundance in Palestine, Abd 2 = Abundance at global level according to IUCN Red List, End = Endemism, CD = Climate Distribution)

Family Name	Species	Species English	Species Arabic	GF	Occurrence in	Status		End	CD
	Scientific Name	Name	Name		Nature	Abd 1	Abd 2		
Amaryllidaceae	Allium neapolitanum	Naple's Garlic	ثوم بري	Perennial	Wild	С	DD	-	M
Anacardiaceae	Pistacia lentiscus	Lentisk	سريس	Sub-Shrubs	Wild	CC	LC	-	M
	Pistacia palaestina (terebinthus)	Terebinth Tree	بطم فلسطيني	Tree	Wild	CC	-	-	M
Araceae	Arum dioscoridis	Spotted Arum	لوف مكحل	Perennial	Wild	F (NR)	-	-	M
	Arum hygrophilum	Green Arum	لوف الماء	Perennial	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	NT	-	M
	Arum Palaestinum	Solomon's lily	لوف فلسطيني	Annual	Wild	C	-	-	MTD
Boraginaceae	Anchusa strigosa	strigose bugloss	حمحم/لسان البر	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Podonosma orientalis	Golden Drop	لسان الكلب، لزيقة صخور، مصيص	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Caesalpiniaceae	Ceratonia siliqua	carob, St. John's- Bread	خروب	Tree	Wild	F	LC	-	МТ
Campanulaceae	Campanula strigosa	strigose bellflower	جريس زغبي(دبق)	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	M
Caryophyllaceae	Paronychia argentea	Silvery Whitlow Wort	عصا الراعي، رجل الحمامة الصخرية	Sub-shrubs	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Chenopodiaceae	Beta vulgaris	White Beet	سلق شائع	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
Cistaceae	Cistus creticus (incanus)	Soft-hairy Rockrose	اللباد الوردي (هنبل)	Sub-shrubs	Wild	CC	-	-	MDX
	Cistus salviifolius	Sage-leaved rockrose	لبيد ابيض	Sub-shrubs	Wild	CC	-	-	MDX



Compositae	Anthemis pseudocotula	Common Chamomile	اقحوان كاذب	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Centaurea cyanoides	Syrian Cornflower	مرار الشائع (داكن)	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	ES	M
	Chiliadenus iphionoides		كتيله	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Cichorium endivia (Cichorium pumilum)	Dwarf Chicory	هندباء/علك	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Conyza bonariensi	Horseweed	نشاش صادق	Annual	Wild	CC	-	IM	MTD
	Conyza canadensis	Canadian Fleabane	نشاش كندي	Annual	Wild	С	-	IM	MTD
	Dittrichia viscosa (Inula viscosa)	Clammy Inula	طيون	Sub-shrubs	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Eshinota quillandotii		خمره	Perennial	Wild	С	_	-	M
	Echinops gaillardotii		شائعة/قرقفان کبیر						
	Lactuca tuberosa	Tuberous Lettuce	حبير خس أكل	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	-
	Notobasis syriaca	Syrian Thistle	خرفیش داکن	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Onopordum carduiforme	False Plumed-Thistle	خرفیش ابیض/بنفسجی	Perennial	Wild	RP	-	EP	MT
	Phagnalon rupestre	African Fleabane	صوفان	Sub-shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
	Senecio leucanthemifolius subsp vernalis	Spring Groundsel	صفير /بيسوم ربيعي /شرونه ربيعية/بسباس	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	ОМТ
	Silybum marianum	Holy Thistle	ربیدی ربسب س خرفیش	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Sonchus oleraceus	Common Sow- Thistle	جعضيض	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD X
Convolvulaceae	Convolvulus arvensis(Corn Bind	مدادة الحقول	Annual	Wild	CC			MTD
	Cuscuta campestris	Field Dodder	حامول	annual	wild	С	-	-	IM
Cucurbitaceae	Echallium elaterium	Squirting Cucumber	قثاء الحمار	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	MT



	Sinapis arvensis	Charlock	خردل بري	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Sisymbrium irio	London rocket	حويرة	Annual	Wild	C (Rare in Study area)	-	-	MTD X
Cucurbitaceae	Echallium elaterium	Squirting Cucumber	فقوس الكلب/قثاء الحمار)	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	MT
Ericaceae	Arbutus andrachne	Eastern Strawberry tree	قطلب او قاتل ابيه	Tree	Wild	С	LC	-	M
Euphorbiaceae	Andrachne telephioides	Bastard Orpine	نباده، کماش	Sub- shrub	Wild	F	-	-	MTD
	Euphorbia hirta (Euphorbia pilulifera)	Garden Spurge	ام اللبن الشعرية	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	IF	M
	Euphorbia hierosolymitana	Woody Spruge	ام اللبن المقدسية	Sub-Shrub	Wild	С	-	-	MTX
Fagaceae	Quercus calliprinos	Kermes Oak	بلوط	Tree	Wild	CC	-	-	M
Geraniaceae	Erodium malacoides	Mallow Stork's - Bill	ابرة العجوز الصغيرة	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
I	Erodium moschatum	Musk stork's-Bill	ابرة عجوز مسكين	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Gramineae	Andropogon distachyos	Two-spiked beard- grass	سنام	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	M
I	Alopecurus myosuroides	Mouse Foxtail	ذنب الفأر	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
	Avena sterilis	Wild Oat	شوفان عقيم	Annual	Wild	CC	LC	-	MTD X
I	Bromus sterilis	Barren Brome	خافورة عقيمة	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Bromus tectorum	Wall Brome Grass	خافورة متدلية	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD X
I	Catapodium rigidum	Hard Meadow Grass		Annual	Wild	CC	LC	-	MTD
	Hordeum glaucum	Wall Barley	شعير زغبي	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Hordeum spontaneum	Wild Barley	شعیر ابلیس/شعیر بری	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	OMT DX
	Lamarckia aurea	Golden Dog's Tail	مشعرة ذهبية	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MTD



	Phalaris aquatica (tuberosa)	Tuberous Canary Grass	قرام، حشيشة الكناري المعمرة	perennial	Wild	F	-	-	MT
	Poa bulbosa	Bulbous Meadow Grass	نزع، زعزاع	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Rostraria smyrnacea		ذيل الفرس	Annual	wild	С	-	-	M
Labiatae	Ajuga chamaepitys	Chian Bugle	عرصف محلي	Sub-shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Ballota saxatilis	Rock horehound	الدانة الصخرية	Sub-shrub	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Coridothymus capitatus	Headed Thyme	زحیف	Sub-shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	M
	Lamium moschatum	Musk Deadnettle	خوذية بيضاء/برج الحمام	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
	Salvia hierosolymitana	Jerusalem Sage	قصعين مقدسي ، مرمية مقدسة	Perennial	Wild	C (LD)	-	ES	M
	Teucrium capitatum	Cat Thyme Germander	جعدة شائعة	Sub-shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Teucrium divaricatum	Hedge Germander	كمندرة	Sub-shrubs	Wild	С	-	-	M
Liliaceae	Asphodeline lutea	King's spear	عنصل كبير	Annual	Wild	F (Rare in study area)	-	-	MTD
	Smilax aspera	Rough Binweed	عليق	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	M
Malvaceae	Malva parviflora	Small- Flowered Mallow	خبيزة الحقول	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	TDX
Ranunculaceae	Clematis Cirrhosa	Virgin's-Bower	حبل المسك	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
	Ranunculus arvensis	Corn Buttercup	برقوق الحقول (برواق الحقول)	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MT
	Ranunculus asiaticus	Turban Buttercup	كف الضبع (حنون احمر شائع) /برقوق	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MTD
	Ranunculus scandicinus	Shepherd's- needle buttercup, Crowfoot	برواق اصفر/برواق هامش	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	M
Resedaceae	Reseda alba	White mignonette	ذيل الخروف/ البليحاء البيضاء	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ



Rhamnaceae	Rhamnus alaternus	Italian Buckthorn	سويد الجبل	Tree	Wild	F (Rare in	LC		M
Rosaceae	Crataegus aronia	Spiny Hawthorn	زعرور أصفر	Tree	wild	study area) C	LC	-	MDX
	Sarcopoterium spinosum	Prickly Burnet	النتش، البلان	Sub-shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
Rubiaceae	Galium murale	Wall Bedstraw	لزيقة الحقول/دبيقة الحقول	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ
Papaveraceae	Papaver hybridum	Prickly Round- Headed Poppy	البخيته/الخشخاش الشائع	Annual	Wild	C (LD)	-	-	MTD X
	Papaver umbonatum	Corn Poppy	بخيتة كمثرية	Annual	wild	CC	-	-	MT
Papilionaceae	Anagyris foetida	Bean Trefoil	خروب الكلاب	Shrub	Wild	F	-	-	MT
	Astragalus pelecinus (Biserrula pelecinus)	Common Hatchet Vetch	العنان	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	МТ
	Calicotome villosa	Spiny Broom	قندیل (قندول)	Shrub	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Medicago orbicularis	Flat – Podded Medick	نفل مستدیر، خبز الراعی	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	МТ
	Pisum elatius	Purple Wild Pea	بريد	Annual	Wild	F	-	-	M
	Trifolium campestre	Hop Clover	برسيم الحقول	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Trifolium purpureum	Purple Clover	برسيم فراولة /أرجواني	Annual	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
	Vicia galeata	Helmeted Vetch	بيقيا عديسية	Annual	Wild	F	LC	-	M
Pinaceae	Pinus halepensis	Aleppo pine	صنوبر حلبي (قريش)	Tree	planted	-	LC	-	-
Polygonaceae	Rumex pulcher	Fiddle Dock	حميض	Perennial	Wild	С	-	-	МТ



Primulaceae	Cyclamen persicum	Persian Cyclamen	قرن الغزال	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	MT
	Samolus valerandi	Brookweed	صابون العرب/لبين الماء	Perennial	Wild	R	LC	-	MTD
Salicaceae	Populus euphratica	Euphrates Poplar	حور/ادلب	Tree	Wild	R	LC	-	MTD
Scrophulariaceae	Veronica anagallis-aquatica	Blue Water Speedwell	فيرونيكا حبق الماء	Aquatic plants	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MT
Solanaceae	Solanum nigrum	Black nightshade	عنب الديب الأسود(بندورة برية)	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	MTD
Styracaceae	Styrax officinalis	Officinal Storax	عبهر	Tree	Wild	С	LC	-	M
Umbelliferae	Conium maculatum	Mother Die	سكيكران	Perennial	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	M
	Eryngium creticum	Field Eryngio	قرصعنة	Perennial	Wild	F	-	-	M
	Ferula communis	Common Giant Fennel	كلح (شرش زلوع محلي)/شومر كاذب	Perennial	Wild	С	LC	-	MT
	Foeniculum vulgare	Common Fennel	شومر شائع	Perennial	Wild	CC	-	-	МТ
Urticaceae	Parietaria lusitanica	Rock Pellitory	حشيشة الزجاج الصخرية/كحلة	Annual	Wild	C(LD)	-	-	MTD
	Urtica urens	Burning nettle	قراص حارق	Annual	Wild	С	-	-	МТ

Ad1 (abundance at local level, according to Checklist and Ecological Database²¹: CC=Very common species, C=Common species, F=Frequent species, R=somewhat rare species, RP=Rare species with 31-100 surviving sites, RR=Very rare species with only 4-30 surviving sites, C(LD)= Common with limited distribution, CC(LD)= Very common with limited distribution, NR= Not Registered in the study area before but found during surveys, R(LD)= Rare with limited distribution, F(LD)= Frequent species with limited distribution

²¹ Ori F., Uzi P., David H., Avi S. (1999). Checklist and Ecological Data-Base of the Flora or Israel and its Surroundings. Hebrew University, Jerusalem.



- Abd2 (abundance at global level, according to IUCN RED List²²): LC= Least Concern, DD= Data Deficient, VU= Vulnerable decreasing
- End= Endemism, EP=Endemic to Palestine, ET=Endemic to Palestine and Turkey, EL=Endemic to Palestine and Lebanon, ES=Endemic to Palestine and Syria, IF= Introduced originating in Africa, IM=Introduced originating in America.
- CD= Climate Distribution. M= The Mediterranean Zone, T=Transitional zone (between Mediterranean and desert zone), D=Semi-desert, X=extreme desert, O=Montane Mediterranean zone.
- Plants shaded in light green are the ones found during surveys in Battir Village only.

²² http://www.iucnredlist.org/search