



ASSOCIATION OF SOCIETIES FOR GROWING AUSTRALIAN PLANTS

MELALEUCA AND ALLIED GENERA STUDY GROUP

NEWSLETTER NO. 16

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I hope this newsletter finds you all well and that the first half of 1998 has treated you kindly. We had a long spell of hot weather with humidity in the 70% - 80% range which becomes very uncomfortable but which has, thankfully, eased off to a more reasonable temperature.

There is not a great deal of flowers around at present. $Melaleuca\ quinquenervia$ is producing its third flush of flowers for the season. $Callistemon\ 'Guyra\ Hybrid'$ has just finished flowering. It flowers intermittently throughout the year except for the mid-winter period. $Callistemon\ 'Pink\ Alma'$ has just finished flowering and is budding up again. It also flowers intermittently throughout the year with a heavy flush of flowers in spring. $Callistemon\ 'Glasshouse\ Gem'$ has a few flowers at present which it often has at this time of year. $Melaleuca\ thymifolia$ is flowering fairly well at present. The red form of $Melaleuca\ viridiflora$ is providing a good display at present. I consider this to be an excellent plant for smaller gardens in areas that get little or no frost. It grows to around 4 metres but rarely spreads more than 1.5-2 metres. If left unpruned, it will usually retain its foliage almost to ground level and it flowers over the whole area of the tree. Even when not in flower it is quite attractive with its pale paper-bark trunk and branches and its thickish, greyish-green leaves. Unfortunately, for some reason or another it is almost impossible to find it in nurseries at this time. One of the reasons may be that, in order to ensure the colour form, it has to be propagated by cuttings which can be slow to strike. Our daughter and son-in-law have just moved into a new house and we have been trying to find plants of this species but, so far, without success.

I noticed that some of the *Melaleuca leucadendron* trees are starting to come into flower, particularly the narrow-leafed form and which usually flowers before the broad-leafed form and which will probably flower again around late Spring or early Summer.

The red form of *Melaleuca quinquenervia* has been flowering well. This is not a common plant but well worth growing. It grows larger than *Melaleuca viridiflora* and can get to around 6-7 metres with a spread of around 4 metres.

Another plant that has been flowering is *Melaleuca sp aff. cornucopia*. Flowers on this plant are creamy-white and about 70 mm long by 30 mm wide. Again, it is not common but would be a useful plant for small gardens as it only grows to around 3 metres high with a spread of around 2.5 - 3 metres. It generally starts to flower around February and continues flowering until May to early June.

SEED LIST

Please make the following corrections to the seed list that was forwarded with newsletter No. 15.

- -M. diosmafolia should read M. diosmifolia
- -M. thricostachya should read M. tricostachya
- -M. fulgens var corrugata should read M. fulgens ssp corrugata
- -M. filifolia has reverted to its previous name of M. nematophylla
- -M. holosericea is now M. smartiorum
- -M. oldfieldii is now M. smithiorum

LEPTOSPERMUM LIVERSIDGEI

You will probably recall an article in the last newsletter relating to the mosquito repellent capabilities of this plant and that I would keep you informed as to its success or otherwise.

The first plant I purchased, which was in a 200 mm pot, about 0.75 m high and cost me \$15 lasted 4 weeks before it turned up its toes. I bought a second, smaller plant and potted it on into a very friable mix. It lasted 7 weeks. I don't intend to buy any more. I have obtained a few seed of the species so I will try growing some of my own to see what happens. Has anyone else tried it? If so, please let me know the results.

CULTIVATION OF KUNZEA SPP

A few members have submitted reports on the Kunzeas that they are growing. We need more!!! Plant descriptions have been obtained, where necessary, from "Bottlebrushes, Paperbarks and Teatrees" by J.W. Wrigley and M. Fagg.

SARAH CALDWELL - TENTERFIELD NSW.

Soil is well-drained, brown clay loam. Severe frosts are experienced.

K. ambigua (pink) - Shrub to 5 m, flowers in Spring

K. ambigua (prostrate) - White flowers in Spring

K. baxteri - Shrub to 3 m, red flowers in Spring

K. capitata - Shrub to 1.5 m, mauve flowers in Spring

K. paruifolia - Shrub to 1.5 m, mauve-pink flowers in Spring

Although the soils on this property are generally well-drained, K. baxteri and K. capitata do not like the wet conditions produced during prolonged wet periods. K. baxteri can be affected by severe frosts.

IVAN HOLLIDAY - ADELAIDE S.A.

Soil is limestone marl and sand. There are no frosts.

K. ambigua (Wilson's Promontory form)

K. ambigua - Shrub to 5 m, white flowers in Spring

K. baxteri - Shrub to 3 m, red flowers in Spring

K. newbeyii

BARBARA BUCHANAN – MYRRHEE VIC.

Soil is red clay. There are frosts.

K. affinis jucunda - Shrub to 2 m

K. baxteri - Shrub to 3 m, red flowers in Spring

K. pulchella - Shrub to 3 m, red flowers in Spring

K. muellerii - Shrub to 0.5 m, yellow flowers in Spring

K. ericafolia - Shrub to 5 m, cream flowers in Spring

K. parvifolia - Shrub to 1.5 m, mauve-pink flowers in Spring

K. opposita - Did not survive

K. 'Badja carpet' - Did not survive

K. ericoides - Shrub to 4 m, white flowers in Spring

K. micrantha - Shrub to 2 m, mauve-pink flowers in Spring

K. obovata - Shrub to 3 m, mauve-pink flowers in Spring

K. capitata - Shrub to 1.5 m, mauve flowers in Spring

K. pomifera - Shrub to 1 m, white flowers in Spring

K. recurva 'Apricot' - Shrub to 2 m

K. baxteri + pulchella

JACK VAN DAM - BERRY NSW

K. ambigua - Shrub to 5 m, white flowers in Spring

K. cambagei - Prostate to 0.2 m, creamy-white flowers in Spring

K. capitata - Shrub to 1.5 m, mauve-pink flowers in Spring

K. sp aff capitata

K. muellerii - Shrub to 0.5 m, yellow flowers in Spring

K. parvifolia - Shrub to 1.5 m, mauve-pink flowers in Spring

OTHER SPECIES

Other species from the "Allied Genera" which are being grown include the following.

IVAN HOLLIDAY

On clay soil.

Beaufortia orbifolia - Shrub to 3 m, bi-colour red and yellow-green flowers in Spring B. schauerii - Shrub to 1.5 m, mauve-pink flowers in Spring

Species which were unsuccessful on the clay soils were the B. heterophylla and B. eriocephala.

On sandy soils.

B. elegans - Shrub to 3 m, white to mauve flowers in Spring

B. interstans - Shrub to 1 m, purple flowers in Spring

B. purpurea - Shrub to 1 m, mauve-purple flowers in Spring

B. micrantha - Shrub to 0.7 m, mauve-pink flowers in Spring

B. squarrosa - Shrub to 1.5 m, red flowers in Spring

B. decussata - Shrub to 1.5 m, red flowers in Summer

B. sparsa - Shrub to 3 m, vermilion flowers in Summer and Autumn is grown in the higher rainfall areas in the Adelaide Hills.

Ereamea beaufortioides - Shrub to 2.5 m, orange flowers in Spring

Phymatocarpus maxwellii - Shrub to 2.5 m, pinkish-mauve flowers in Spring

SARAH CALDWELL

Beaufortia squarrosa - Shrub to 1.5 m, red flowers in Spring, not affected by frost

Regelia megacephala - Shrub to 3.5 m, mauve flowers in Summer, subject to severe frost damage

BARBARA BUCHANAN

Phymatocarpus maxwellii - Shrub to 2.5 m, pinkisk-mauve flowers in Spring P. porphyrcephalus - Shrub to 1 m, pinkish-mauve flowers in Spring

Calothamnus gilesii - Shrub to 4 m, red flowers in Spring

MEMBERSHIP FEES

Subscriptions for 1998/1999 are due on July 1. Australian membership fees remain at \$5.00 p.a.. Overseas membership fees have been reduced from \$15.00 to \$12.00 p.a..

MEMBERS REPORTS

Reports from our members have been very light on since the last newsletter. Any articles are welcome, regardless of length.

SLIDE SETS

The Melaleuca, Callistemon and Leptospermum slide sets, with written commentary, are available for loan to individual members or groups.

Keep safe and well. Happy Gardening.

Regards for now, Col Cornford.