



**NEW CALEDONIA, FIJI, AND SAMOA: PACIFIC BIRDING
ADVENTURE, CUSTOM TRIP REPORT**

02 - 20 OCTOBER 2016

By Andrew Walker



*The highly prized endemic **Kagu** gave exceptional views during the tour.*

This custom birding and photography tour for Jim and Barbara commenced on the 2nd of October 2016 in New Caledonia and concluded on the 20th of October 2016 in Samoa. The tour visited the Pacific Islands of Grande Terre (New Caledonia) for six days, Viti Levu, Vanua Levu, and Kadavu (Fiji) for ten days, and Upolu (Samoa) for three days. Our focus was on finding the many exciting country and regional endemic birds found across these islands.

Trip highlights were numerous and included most endemics, **Kagu**, **New Caledonian Crow**, **Crow Honeyeater**, (Natewa) **Silktail**, **Horned Parakeet**, **Masked Shining Parrot**, **Maroon Shining Parrot**, **Crimson Shining Parrot**, **Collared Lory**, **Azure-crested Flycatcher**, **Samoa Whistler**, **Mao**, and **Flat-billed Kingfisher**, but the many interesting and beautiful pigeons and doves really stood out as being exceptional, with **Cloven-feathered Dove**, **Goliath Imperial Pigeon**, **Barking Imperial Pigeon**, **Golden Fruit Dove**, **Orange Fruit Dove**, **Whistling Fruit Dove**, **Many-colored Fruit Dove**, and **Crimson-crowned Fruit Dove** all seen well.

Day 1, 2nd October 2016. Parc de la Rivière Bleue

We were going to be having a few visits to the Parc de la Rivière Bleue, so because this was the first day of the tour, we had a relaxed start with breakfast in Nouméa. Here many of the common and widespread species were noted, such as **Grey-eared Honeyeater**, **Common Myna**, **Coconut Lorikeet**, **Spotted Dove**, and **White-rumped Swiftlet**.

We headed across to Parc de la Rivière Bleue, and we had one big target in mind – Kagu. However, the drive to the reserve produced an incredible sight in the form of a displaying endemic **White-bellied Goshawk**. We watched the bird, an adult female, for a good 20 minutes! Not a bad endemic to get the trip off to a flying start! After the formalities of getting inside the reserve, with a flyover of **Red-throated Parrotfinch** at the ticket booth, we made our way straight to the forest, where we were greeted by a rather cute **Yellow-bellied Flyrobin** family, these tiny endemics are often very approachable, and today was no exception.



Yellow-bellied Flyrobin is a rather cute endemic.

We enjoyed watching this small family group, and then, after a quiet walk along a short trail, we found our main prize. Standing there, just off the trail, was the bizarre-looking, rather large, flightless **Kagu**, complete with punk-rocker hairdo! We spent the next hour or so watching and photographing this bird, and over the course of the day saw a further five of them.



Kagu is always the top target when birding in New Caledonia.

It was interesting watching the **Kagu** forage for grubs among the decaying vegetation and quite impressive seeing the size of some of the tree branches that it could move! It was a real privilege to see this bird so well, one of the most sought-after species on the planet and a conservation success with a currently expanding population. We soaked these sightings in as much as we could.

A brief walk before lunch gave good views of several other endemics: **New Caledonian Myzomela**, **New Caledonian Cuckooshrike**, **Goliath Imperial Pigeon**, **New Caledonian Friarbird**, **Green-backed White-eye**, and **New Caledonian Whistler**. A pair of **Shining Bronze Cuckoos** also put on a good show at this time. We had a very nice relaxing day so took a final short walk in the reserve before returning to our base in Nouméa. This walk gave great views of a very confiding, regional endemic **Streaked Fantail** as well as **Coconut Lorikeet**, and **Sacred Kingfisher**.

Day 2, 3rd October 2016. Mount Koghi

We spent the day on beautiful Mount Koghi, where we enjoyed a walk through some spectacular, ancient forest. One highlight here was getting great views of the huge **Goliath Imperial Pigeon** – the largest imperial pigeon in the world, likely the largest/heaviest arboreal pigeon in the world too, and a New Caledonian endemic! There were also plenty of other endemic birds to look at in the forest here, such as **New Caledonian Parakeet**, **New Caledonian Myzomela**, **New Caledonian Friarbird**, **Barred Honeyeater**, **New Caledonian Whistler**, **Yellow-bellied Flyrobin**, **Green-backed White-eye**, and **Striated Starling**.

Non-endemic birds enjoyed during the day included **Swamp Harrier** (hunting the forest canopy!), **Metallic Pigeon**, **Glossy Swiftlet**, **Grey-eared Honeyeater**, **Fan-tailed Gerygone**, **South Melanesian Cuckooshrike**, **Long-tailed Triller**, **Rufous Whistler**, **Grey Fantail**, **Melanesian Flycatcher**, and **Common Waxbill**.

However, the day really belonged to one species, one that was a top reason for coming to New Caledonia – the endemic, tool-using **New Caledonian Crow**. We were lucky to find a bird that was busily feeding on insects, even briefly using its tool, and it gave exceptional views at very close range!



The tool-using New Caledonian Crow was a really exciting bird to watch.

Day 3, 4th October 2016. Parc de la Rivière Bleue

We had another full day in this great reserve. We concentrated on a different section of forest from our previous visit, where again we got further fantastic looks at several **Kagu**. It was hard to tear ourselves away from these great birds, especially when a couple of them walked right up to us, totally unconcerned by our presence!

Again, we recorded plenty of other country and regional endemics and gained better views of several species we had enjoyed over previous days, such as **Crow Honeyeater**, **New Caledonian Friarbird**, **Barred Honeyeater**, **New Caledonian Cuckooshrike**, **New Caledonian Whistler**, **Streaked Fantail**, **Southern Shrikebill**, **Yellow-bellied Flyrobin**, and **Green-backed White-eye**.

Day 4, 5th October 2016. Farino

After a relaxing morning enjoying the stunning beach near our hotel in Nouméa, we took a relaxed drive north for a couple of hours toward the Farino area. Here, after enjoying a wonderful lunch, we had a late afternoon walk around our new accommodation, where we had fantastic views of a male **White-bellied Goshawk** sitting in a giant pine tree. As great as it had

been to see the displaying bird on our first day, it was even better to see this bird perched and to really appreciate its beauty.

Here we also got very good views of a pair of confiding **Melanesian Flycatchers** and several **South Melanesian** and **New Caledonian Cuckooshrikes**, but again a real highlight was the tool-using **New Caledonian Crows**, which gave further great looks.

Day 5, 6th October 2016. Farino

This was our final day birding in New Caledonia, and we ended with a bang, seeing three spectacular species, and one of these (at least!) would be a candidate for bird of the entire trip! We started out by finding a pair of gorgeous **Red-throated Parrotfinch** feeding in some grassland just outside our accommodation as we drove to our riverside birding site.

On arrival at our riverside walk the sounds of assorted pigeons and doves rang out, and we gradually started picking them off, with **Metallic Pigeon** and **Goliath Imperial Pigeon** seen very well. As we were watching **New Caledonian Whistler** and **Rufous Whistler** a shape in the back of a tree caught our attention, and after a bit of maneuvering we were soon enjoying good views of the beautiful and rather interesting-looking **Horned Parakeet**. This endemic parrot was a real treat to see! On a high from this sighting, we continued a little further around the corner, where suddenly we were face-to-face with the simply spectacular endemic **Cloven-feathered Dove**. There really isn't anything else on the planet that looks like this one, and we watched this particular individual for a long time, really appreciating it in all its glory. This species was a real treat to end our time in New Caledonia.



Cloven-feathered Dove is one of many super attractive doves in the region.

Day 6, 7th October 2016. Fly from New Caledonia to Fiji

Essentially a travel day, we left our accommodation in New Caledonia before taking a couple of flights to get to Suva, Viti Levu, Fiji, where we were to spend the next three days birding.

Days 7 – 9, 8th – 10th October 2016. Suva Area, Viti Levu

We spent three full days based near Suva in the southeast of Viti Levu. We lost a full day on the 10th due to a huge tropical cyclone that brought 24 hours of non-stop torrential rain and gale force winds, which brought down many trees. However, the other two full days we had gave us ample opportunity to see and photograph many exciting country and regional endemics. Most of our time was spent in and around the excellent Colo-I-Suva Forest Park, but we also made a trip to the coast at Suva and a nearby forested area, which was particularly productive.

Some of the really exciting birds we saw on Viti Levu included **Fiji Goshawk, Wandering Tattler, Many-colored Fruit Dove, Golden Fruit Dove, Barking Imperial Pigeon, Fan-tailed Cuckoo, Pacific Kingfisher, Masked Shining Parrot, Collared Lory, Sulphur-breasted Myzomela, Kikau, Giant Honeyeater, Fiji Woodswallow, Fiji Whistler, Streaked Fantail, Slaty Monarch, Fiji Shrikebill, Black-throated Shrikebill, Vanikoro Flycatcher, Azure-crested Flycatcher, Pacific Robin, Fiji Bush Warbler, Fiji White-eye, Island Thrush, and Fiji Parrotfinch.**



A common yet very attractive Collared Lory photographed while birding in Fiji.

Day 10, 11th October 2016. Suva Area, Viti Levu

After a morning's birding after the cyclone had passed, enjoying more of the aforementioned species, we were due to fly between Viti Levu and Vanua Levu. However, after a lengthy delay to our departure due to a technical fault with our Fiji Airways plane this flight regrettably got cancelled. This resulted in an unexpected and unwanted additional night in Suva, with a rescheduled flight the next morning.

Day 11, 12th October 2016. Suva Area, Viti Levu to Savusavu, Vanua Levu

We arrived for our rescheduled flight only to find that Fiji Airways again had aircraft issues, and they were far from helpful in sorting anything out quickly. Eventually, after the best part

of a day waiting, we finally set off on a flight to Vanua Levu. Not where we wanted to be on the island, but at least we were finally on the correct island. After a taxi ride across the island, we belatedly got to our resort, where we could finally relax and prepare for some new endemics the next morning.

Day 12, 13th October 2016. Savusavu Area, Vanua Levu

We spent the day birding within a couple of forested areas around Savusavu. We had one main target bird for the morning, and we made that a priority after enjoying great views of **Fiji Wattled Honeyeater**, **Fiji Goshawk**, and **Fiji Parrotfinch** over breakfast. Our target bird was **Orange Fruit Dove**, and after a short uphill hike through a patch of forest we heard the dove's distinctive call. It took a bit of locating in the thick vegetation, but we quickly got onto the bird, and wow, what a spectacular bird it was! We spent a good hour or so trying to improve our views of this wonderful endemic dove, being successful in doing so.

During the afternoon we drove through some nearby hills, where we connected with a number of endemics, many species listed for Viti Levu above but represented by different subspecies, which was interesting to see. Some subspecies (country and regional endemics) were markedly different – such as **Fiji Whistler**, **Fiji Bush Warbler**, and **Streaked Fantail**.



Orange Fruit Dove was another spectacular species enjoyed on the tour.

Day 13, 14th October 2016. Vanua Levu

We took an early morning drive out to the east of our accommodation, where we entered some good forest (having dodged last years' very damaging tropical cyclone). Here we searched for, and in a short space of time located, the very interesting endemic (Natewa) **Silktaill**. There has been much debate on the taxonomy of this species; previously considered a bird-of-paradise and a monarch flycatcher, it is now considered to be more closely related to the fantails, and while watching it forage it was easy to see why it could have been considered either a monarch

or a fantail! While here we also saw **Tongan Ground Dove**, **Maroon Shining Parrot**, **Fiji Whistler**, **Fiji Bush Warbler**, **Fiji Goshawk**, and **Fiji Shrikebill**.



*The uncommon and localized endemic (Natewa) **Silktail** was a top target, and we had good views.*

We enjoyed a picnic lunch on a vast, empty beach, just us with a few **Wandering Tattlers**, **White-faced Herons**, and **Pacific Reef Herons** for company, with a flyover **Black Noddy** nearby too. As the tide came in a few fishermen arrived and we made our way back to our accommodation, where we spent the remainder of the afternoon making the most of the resort's pool!

Day 14, 15th October 2016. Vanua Levu to Kadavu via Viti Levu

After an early breakfast we made our way to Savusavu Airport, where we took the first of two flights for the day. The first stop was in Nadi on Viti Levu, and after a short transit period we made our way to our new island – Kadavu. We were greeted at the airport by our new resort staff and took a rather bumpy boat for an hour (enjoying **Brown Booby** and **Green Turtle** along the way) before pulling up at our secluded spot of paradise!

After a wonderful lunch, a siesta, and afternoon tea we started a brief look around the resort grounds to see what we could find. It didn't take long to locate the island-endemic **Kadavu Fantail**, which went on to give superb views at close range. Equally obliging in terms of abundance was another island endemic, **Kadavu Honeyeater**, but getting them to pose for the camera was tougher than expected!

Some of the other species enjoyed during the afternoon included: **Polynesian Triller**, **Fiji Whistler** (another distinct subspecies), **Slaty Monarch**, **Vanikoro Flycatcher**, **Pacific Swallow**, **Fiji White-eye**, **Polynesian Starling**, and **Lesser Frigatebird**.



Kadavu Fantail was extremely approachable.

Day 15, 16th October 2016. Kadavu

We had the whole day on our island paradise, where we had three great meals and the beautiful sea to swim in; however, there were birds to look for, so we also did a little birding...!

We took a pre-breakfast and late-afternoon walk around the resort grounds and sandwiched in between these we took a fairly-steep hike up the hill behind the resort into some good forest. Birds were plentiful throughout the day and included all four island endemics, two new ones being **Whistling Fruit Dove** (quite 'bland' compared to the other endemic fruit doves we had been seeing!), and the stunning **Crimson Shining Parrot** – possibly the better-looking of the three Fijian endemic shining parrots. We also had fantastic views of numerous **Many-colored Fruit Doves** – these were very pretty!

Other birds seen during the day included **Kadavu Honeyeater**, **Kadavu Fantail**, **Barking Imperial Pigeon**, **Pacific Kingfisher**, **Collared Lory**, **Sulphur-breasted Myzomela**, **Polynesian Triller**, **Fiji Whistler**, **Slaty Monarch**, **Fiji Shrikebill**, **Vanikoro Flycatcher**, **Fiji Bush Warbler**, **Fiji White-eye**, **Silvereye**, and **Polynesian Starling**.

Day 16, 17th October 2016. Kadavu to Viti Levu

Our final day birding in Fiji had come around. We spent the morning having a final walk around part of the island, where we bettered our views of both **Whistling Fruit Dove** and **Crimson Shining Parrot** from the previous day, and again recorded many of the species listed above.

Late-morning we took a much smoother boat ride back to Kadavu Airport, from where we took the first of two flights. First up was our flight to Suva, and then after some more time at our favorite airport in Fiji we took our second flight back to Nadi, where we overnighted at an airport hotel; here an early night beckoned.

Day 17, 18th October 2016. Fiji to Upolu, Samoa

We had an early start to make our flight across to the island of Upolu in Samoa, and everything went smoothly. After arrival in Samoa, we drove along the gorgeous coastal road to our base for a couple of nights in the capital Apia.

We took a late afternoon walk, where we enjoyed watching **Pacific Golden Plover** and **Buff-banded Rails** walking around people's front gardens! We saw our first endemics in **Samoan Fantail** and **Samoan Starling**, and had great looks at the gorgeous **Blue-crowned Lorikeet** and **Cardinal Myzomela**.



*We enjoyed so many beautiful birds on this Pacific tour, including **Cardinal Myzomela**.*

Day 18, 19th October 2016. Upolu

A morning walk around the Robert Louis Stevenson Museum grounds was rewarding and gave us plenty to look at. **Samoan Fantail** and **Samoan Starling** were present, along with **Crimson-crowned Fruit Dove**, **Flat-billed Kingfisher**, **Blue-crowned Lorikeet**, **Polynesian Wattled Honeyeater**, **Polynesian Triller**, **Samoan Whistler**, and **Polynesian Starling**.

It was also worth looking skywards, where **Brown Noddies**, **White Terns**, and **White-tailed Tropicbirds** were frequently noted overhead. The **White Terns** were busy chasing each other around in breeding territorial disputes, which was a very impressive sight.

After a siesta during the heat of the day (and the hottest temperatures we'd had on the entire tour) we made our way into a forest road, where we found many of the above-listed species and a few more new ones, such as **Metallic Pigeon**, **Pacific Imperial Pigeon**, **Mao**, **Samoan Triller**, **Pacific Robin**, and **Red-headed Parrotfinch**.

Day 19, 20th October 2016. Upolu and tour concluded

The final day of the tour had come around in no time at all. We'd really enjoyed our time at the Robert Louis Stevenson Museum grounds the previous day, so we headed back there for our final morning's birding. We had very nice views of many species we'd previously seen, but we also got our best views of **Flat-billed Kingfisher** and **Crimson-crowned Fruit Dove**. Before long it was time to head back to the airport, where this Pacific custom tour concluded.



*We enjoyed great views of **Flat-billed Kingfisher** while birding in Samoa.*

Bird List – Following IOC (6.4)

Species names in bold text are country endemics: New Caledonia (NC), Fiji (F), or Samoa (S).

Species where multiple subspecies were recorded are shown in grey font. For subspecies recorded in Fiji the scientific name is followed by the island name: Viti Levu (Vi), Vanua Levu (Va), or Kadavu (Ka) if more than one subspecies was recorded.

Further notations used in the list include: Critically Endangered (CR), Endangered (EN), Vulnerable (VU), Near-threatened (NT), and Introduced (I).

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country
	ANSERIFORMES	
Ducks, Geese and Swans	Anatidae	
Pacific Black Duck	<i>Anas superciliosa</i>	NC, F
	GALLIFORMES	
Pheasants and allies	Phasianidae	
Wild Turkey (I)	<i>Meleagris gallopavo</i>	NC

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country
	PHAETHONTIFORMES	
<u>Tropicbirds</u>	<u>Phaethontidae</u>	
White-tailed Tropicbird	<i>Phaethon lepturus</i>	S
	PELECANIFORMES	
<u>Hérons, Bitterns</u>	<u>Ardeidae</u>	
Nankeen Night Heron	<i>Nycticorax caledonicus caledonicus</i>	NC
White-faced Heron	<i>Egretta novaehollandiae</i>	NC, F
Pacific Reef Heron	<i>Egretta sacra</i>	F
	SULIFORMES	
<u>Frigatebirds</u>	<u>Fregatidae</u>	
Lesser Frigatebird	<i>Fregata ariel</i>	F
<u>Gannets, Boobies</u>	<u>Sulidae</u>	
Brown Booby	<i>Sula leucogaster</i>	F
Red-footed Booby	<i>Sula sula</i>	F
<u>Cormorants, Shags</u>	<u>Phalacrocoracidae</u>	
Little Pied Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo melanoleucos melanoleucos</i>	NC
	ACCIPITRIFORMES	
<u>Ospreys</u>	<u>Pandionidae</u>	
Eastern Osprey	<i>Pandion cristatus melvillensis</i>	NC
<u>Kites, Hawks and Eagles</u>	<u>Accipitridae</u>	
Swamp Harrier	<i>Circus approximans</i>	NC, F
Whistling Kite	<i>Haliastur sphenurus</i>	NC
White-bellied Goshawk (NT)	<i>Accipiter haplochrous</i>	NC
Fiji Goshawk	<i>Accipiter rufitorques</i>	F
	EURYPYGIFORMES	
<u>Kagu</u>	<u>Rhynochetidae</u>	
Kagu (EN)	<i>Rhynochetos jubatus</i>	NC
	GRUIFORMES	
<u>Rails, Crakes and Coots</u>	<u>Rallidae</u>	
Buff-banded Rail	<i>Gallirallus philippensis swindellsii</i>	NC
Buff-banded Rail	<i>Gallirallus philippensis goodsoni</i>	S
Australasian Swampphen	<i>Porphyrio melanotus samoensis</i>	NC
Australasian Swampphen	<i>Porphyrio melanotus vitiensis</i>	S
	CHARADRIIFORMES	
<u>Plovers</u>	<u>Charadriidae</u>	
Pacific Golden Plover	<i>Pluvialis fulva</i>	F, S
<u>Sandpipers, Snipes</u>	<u>Scolopacidae</u>	
Wandering Tattler	<i>Tringa incana</i>	F
Whimbrel	<i>Numenius phaeopus variegatus</i>	F
Bar-tailed Godwit (NT)	<i>Limosa lapponica</i>	NC, F
Ruddy Turnstone	<i>Arenaria interpres</i>	F

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country
<u>Gulls, Terns and Skimmers</u>	<u>Laridae</u>	
Silver Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus novaehollandiae forsteri</i>	NC
Brown Noddy	<i>Anous stolidus</i>	S
Black Noddy	<i>Anous minutus</i>	F
White Tern	<i>Gygis alba</i>	S
Greater Crested Tern	<i>Thalasseus bergii</i>	F
	COLUMBIFORMES	
<u>Pigeons, Doves</u>	<u>Columbidae</u>	
Rock Dove (I) (Feral Pigeon)	<i>Columba livia</i> [dom.]	NC, F, S
Metallic Pigeon	<i>Columba vitiensis hypoenochroa</i>	NC
Metallic Pigeon	<i>Columba vitiensis vitiensis</i>	F
Metallic Pigeon	<i>Columba vitiensis castaneiceps</i>	S
Spotted Dove (I)	<i>Spilopelia chinensis</i>	NC, F
Pacific Emerald Dove	<i>Chalcophaps longirostris chrysochlora</i>	NC
Tongan Ground Dove (VU)	<i>Alopecoenas stairi</i>	F, S
Many-colored Fruit Dove	<i>Ptilinopus perousii mariae</i>	F
Many-colored Fruit Dove	<i>Ptilinopus perousii perousii</i>	S
Crimson-crowned Fruit Dove	<i>Ptilinopus porphyraceus fasciatus</i>	S
Orange Fruit Dove	<i>Ptilinopus victor victor</i>	F
Golden Fruit Dove	<i>Ptilinopus luteovirens</i>	F
Whistling Fruit Dove (NT)	<i>Ptilinopus layardi</i>	F
Cloven-feathered Dove (NT)	<i>Drepanoptila holosericea</i>	NC
Pacific Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula pacifica</i>	S
Barking Imperial Pigeon	<i>Ducula latrans</i>	F
Goliath Imperial Pigeon (NT)	<i>Ducula goliath</i>	NC
	CUCULIFORMES	
<u>Cuckoos</u>	<u>Cuculidae</u>	
Shining Bronze Cuckoo	<i>Chrysococcyx lucidus layardi</i>	NC
Fan-tailed Cuckoo	<i>Cacomantis flabelliformis simus</i>	F
	APODIFORMES	
<u>Swifts</u>	<u>Apodidae</u>	
Glossy Swiftlet	<i>Collocalia esculenta albidior</i>	NC
White-rumped Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus spodiopygius leucopygius</i>	NC
White-rumped Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus spodiopygius assimilis</i>	F
White-rumped Swiftlet	<i>Aerodramus spodiopygius spodiopygius</i>	S
	CORACIIFORMES	
<u>Kingfishers</u>	<u>Alcedinidae</u>	
Sacred Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus sanctus canacorum</i>	NC
Pacific Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus sacer vitiensis</i> (Vi and Va)	F
Pacific Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus sacer eximius</i> (Ka)	F
Flat-billed Kingfisher	<i>Todiramphus recurvirostris</i>	S

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country
	PSITTACIFORMES	
Old World Parrots	Psittaculidae	
Horned Parakeet (VU)	<i>Eunymphicus cornutus</i>	NC
New Caledonian Parakeet	<i>Cyanoramphus saisseti</i>	NC
Coconut Lorikeet	<i>Trichoglossus haematodus deplanchii</i>	NC
Blue-crowned Lorikeet	<i>Vini australis</i>	S
Crimson Shining Parrot (VU)	<i>Prosopieia splendens</i>	F
Masked Shining Parrot (NT)	<i>Prosopieia personata</i>	F
Maroon Shining Parrot	<i>Prosopieia tabuensis tabuensis</i>	F
Collared Lory	<i>Phigys solitarius</i>	F
	PASSERIFORMES	
Honeyeaters	Meliphagidae	
New Caledonian Myzomela	<i>Myzomela caledonica</i>	NC
Cardinal Myzomela	<i>Myzomela cardinalis</i>	S
Sulphur-breasted Myzomela	<i>Myzomela jugularis</i>	F
Grey-eared Honeyeater	<i>Lichmera incana incana</i>	NC
New Caledonian Friarbird	<i>Philemon diemenensis</i>	NC
Kadavu Honeyeater	<i>Xanthotis provocator</i>	F
Polynesian Wattled Honeyeater	<i>Foulehaio carunculatus</i>	S
Fiji Wattled Honeyeater	<i>Foulehaio taviunensis</i>	F
Kikau	<i>Foulehaio procerior</i>	F
Crow Honeyeater (CR)	<i>Gymnomyza aubryana</i>	NC
Giant Honeyeater	<i>Gymnomyza brunneirostris</i>	F
Mao (EN)	<i>Gymnomyza samoensis</i>	S
Barred Honeyeater	<i>Glycifohia undulata</i>	NC
Australasian Warblers	Acanthizidae	
Fan-tailed Gerygone	<i>Gerygone flavolateralis flavolateralis</i>	NC
Woodswallows, Butcherbirds	Artamidae	
Fiji Woodswallow	<i>Artamus mentalis</i>	F
White-breasted Woodswallow	<i>Artamus leucorynchus melaleucus</i>	NC
Cuckooshrikes	Campephagidae	
South Melanesian Cuckooshrike	<i>Coracina caledonica caledonica</i>	NC
New Caledonian Cuckooshrike (NT)	<i>Coracina analis</i>	NC
Long-tailed Triller	<i>Lalage leucopyga montrosieri</i>	NC
Polynesian Triller	<i>Lalage maculosa pumila</i> (Vi)	F
Polynesian Triller	<i>Lalage maculosa woodi</i> (Va)	F
Polynesian Triller	<i>Lalage maculosa soror</i> (Ka)	F
Polynesian Triller	<i>Lalage maculosa maculosa</i>	S
Samoan Triller (NT)	<i>Lalage sharpei sharpei</i>	S
Whistlers and allies	Pachycephalidae	
New Caledonian Whistler	<i>Pachycephala caledonica</i>	NC

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country
Fiji Whistler	<i>Pachycephala vitiensis optata</i> (Vi)	F
Fiji Whistler	<i>Pachycephala vitiensis aurantiiventris</i> (Va)	F
Fiji Whistler	<i>Pachycephala vitiensis kandavensis</i> (Ka)	F
Samoan Whistler	<i>Pachycephala flavifrons</i>	S
Rufous Whistler	<i>Pachycephala rufiventris xanthebraea</i>	NC
Fantails	<u>Rhipiduridae</u>	
Grey Fantail	<i>Rhipidura albiscapa bulgeri</i>	NC
Streaked Fantail	<i>Rhipidura verreauxi verreauxi</i>	NC
Streaked Fantail	<i>Rhipidura verreauxi layardi</i> (Vi)	F
Streaked Fantail	<i>Rhipidura verreauxi erythronota</i> (Va)	F
Kadavu Fantail (NT)	<i>Rhipidura personata</i>	F
Samoan Fantail	<i>Rhipidura nebulosa nebulosa</i>	S
Silktaill (NT)	<i>Lamprolia victoriae klinesmithi</i>	F
Monarchs	<u>Monarchidae</u>	
Slaty Monarch	<i>Mayrornis lessoni lessoni</i>	F
Southern Shrikebill	<i>Clytorhynchus pachycephaloides pachycephaloides</i>	NC
Fiji Shrikebill	<i>Clytorhynchus vitiensis vitiensis</i> (Vi)	F
Fiji Shrikebill	<i>Clytorhynchus vitiensis buensis</i> (Va)	F
Fiji Shrikebill	<i>Clytorhynchus vitiensis compressirostris</i> (Ka)	F
Black-throated Shrikebill (NT)	<i>Clytorhynchus nigrogularis</i>	F
Melanesian Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra caledonica caledonica</i>	NC
Vanikoro Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra vanikorensis rufiventris</i> (Vi and Va)	F
Vanikoro Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra vanikorensis kandavensis</i> (Ka)	F
Azure-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra azureocapilla whitneyi</i> (Vi)	F
Azure-crested Flycatcher	<i>Myiagra azureocapilla castaneigularis</i> (Va)	F
Crows, Jays	<u>Corvidae</u>	
New Caledonian Crow	<i>Corvus moneduloides</i>	NC
Australasian Robins	<u>Petroicidae</u>	
Yellow-bellied Flyrobin	<i>Microeca flaviventris</i>	NC
Pacific Robin	<i>Petroica pusilla kleinschmidti</i> (Vi and Va)	F
Pacific Robin	<i>Petroica pusilla pusilla</i>	S
Bulbuls	<u>Pycnonotidae</u>	
Red-vented Bulbul (I)	<i>Pycnonotus cafer</i>	NC, F, S
Swallows, Martins	<u>Hirundinidae</u>	
Pacific Swallow	<i>Hirundo tahitica</i>	F
Welcome Swallow	<i>Hirundo neoxena</i>	NC
Cettia Bush Warblers and allies	<u>Cettiidae</u>	
Fiji Bush Warbler	<i>Horornis ruficapilla bradiceps</i> (Vi)	F
Fiji Bush Warbler	<i>Horornis ruficapilla castaneoptera</i> (Va)	F
Fiji Bush Warbler	<i>Horornis ruficapilla ruficapilla</i> (Ka)	F
White-eyes	<u>Zosteropidae</u>	

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country
Green-backed White-eye	<i>Zosterops xanthochroa</i>	NC
Fiji White-eye	<i>Zosterops explorator</i>	F
Silvereye	<i>Zosterops lateralis griseonota</i>	NC
Silvereye	<i>Zosterops lateralis flaviceps</i>	F
Starlings, Rhabdornis	Sturnidae	
Striated Starling	<i>Aplonis striata striata</i>	NC
Polynesian Starling	<i>Aplonis tabuensis vitiensis</i>	F
Polynesian Starling	<i>Aplonis tabuensis brevirostris</i>	S
Samoan Starling	<i>Aplonis atrifusca</i>	S
Jungle Myna (I)	<i>Acridotheres fuscus</i>	F, S
Common Myna (I)	<i>Acridotheres tristis</i>	NC, F, S
Thrushes	Turdidae	
Island Thrush	<i>Turdus poliocephalus layardi</i> (Vi)	F
Old World Sparrows, Snowfinches	Passeridae	
House Sparrow (I)	<i>Passer domesticus domesticus</i>	NC
Waxbills, Munias and allies	Estrildidae	
Common Waxbill (I)	<i>Estrilda astrild astrild</i>	NC
Red Avadavat (I)	<i>Amandava amandava</i>	F
Fiji Parrotfinch	<i>Erythrura pealii</i>	F
Red-headed Parrotfinch	<i>Erythrura cyaneovirens cyanovirens</i>	S
Red-throated Parrotfinch	<i>Erythrura psittacea</i>	NC
Chestnut-breasted Mannikin (I)	<i>Lonchura castaneothorax castaneothorax</i>	NC
TOTAL		117

Wildlife List

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country
	MAMMALIA	
	CHIROPTERA	
	Pteropodidae	
Samoan Flying Fox	<i>Pteropus samoensis</i>	F, S
Pacific Flying Fox	<i>Pteropus tonganus</i>	F
	Herpestidae	
Javan Mongoose	<i>Herpestes javanicus</i>	F
	ARTIODACTYLA	
	Delphinidae	
Spinner Dolphin	<i>Stenella longirostris</i>	F, S
TOTAL		4
	REPTILIA	
	TESTUDINES	

Common Name	Scientific Name	Country
	Cheloniidae	
Green Turtle	<i>Chelonia mydas</i>	F
	SQUAMATA	
	Diplodactylidae	
Gracile Bavayia	<i>Bavayia geitaina</i>	NC
	Gekkonidae	
Common House Gecko	<i>Hemidactylus frenatus</i>	S
Oceania Gecko	<i>Gehyra oceanica</i>	F
Common Smooth-scaled Gecko	<i>Lepidodactylus lugubris</i>	F
	Scincidae	
Samoa Skink	<i>Emoia samoensis</i>	S
Black Emo Skink	<i>Emoia nigra</i>	S
Viti Slender Treeskink	<i>Emoia concolor</i>	F
Dark-bellied Copper-striped Skink	<i>Emoia impar</i>	S
Copper-tailed Skink	<i>Emoia cyanura</i>	F
Pacific Bluetail Skink	<i>Emoia caeruleocauda</i>	F
Litter Skink sp.	<i>Caledoniscincus sp.</i>	NC
Southern Whiptailed Skink	<i>Tropidoscincus variabilis</i>	NC
Green-bellied Tree Skink	<i>Lioscincus nigrofasciolatum</i>	NC
TOTAL		14
	<u>AMPHIBIA</u>	
	ANURA	
	Bufonidae	
Cane Toad	<i>Rhinella marina</i>	F
TOTAL		1