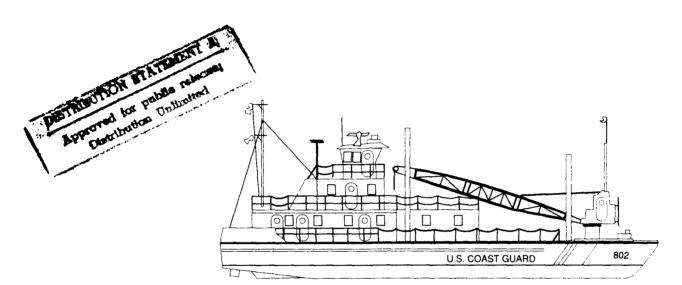
DOT-CG-N-01-94 DOT-VNTSC-CG-94-4



Analysis of Required Fleet Size and Private Sector Cost Comparisons for the USCG Inland Construction Tender Fleet

Final Report



Research and Special Programs Administration U.S. Department of Transportation John A. Volpe National Transportation Systems Center Cambridge, MA 02142-1093

May, 1994

This document is available to the public through the National Technical Information Service, Springfield, Virginia 22161

U.S. Department of Transportation

United States Coast Guard



Office of Navigation Safety and Waterway Services Washington, DC 20593-000 (







NOTICE

This document is disseminated under the sponsorship of the Department of Transportation in the interest of information exchange. The United States Government assumes no liability for its contents or use thereof.

ANALYSIS OF REQUIRED FLEET SIZE AND PRIVATE SECTOR COST COMPARISONS FOR THE USCG INLAND CONSTRUCTION TENDER FLEET

VOLPE CENTER PROJECT STAFF

Kip Brown Project Leader

Mark Bucciarelli General Engineer

Flavio Leo Operations Research Analyst

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this time for reviewing instructions, completing and reviewing the colla aspect of this collection of info Services, Directorate for informa 22202-4302, and to the Office of M	collection of information i searching existing data sou ection of information. Sen rmation, including suggesti ton Operations and Reports Management and Budget, Pape	s estimated to average rces, gathering and ma d comments regarding th ons for reducing this l , 1215 Jefferson Davis rwork Reduction Projec	1 hour per intaining t is burden burden, to Highway, S (0704-018	response, including the he data needed, and estimate or any other Washington Headquarters uite 1204, Arlington, VA 8), Washington, DC 20503,				
1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)	3. REPORT	rt TYPE AND DATES COVERED Final Report mber 1993 - May 1994						
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Analysis of Required Fle Comparisons for the USCG	5.	FUNDING NUMBERS CG-494/B-4005						
6. AUTHOR(S) Kip Brown, Mark Bucciare	lli, Flavio Leo							
7. PERFORMING ONGAMIZATION NAME(S. U.S. Department of Trans Research and Special Pro John A. Volpe National T Service Assessment Divis Cambridge, MA 02142-109	portation grams Administration ransportation System ion		8.	PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER DOT-VNTSC-CG-94-4				
9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NA LCDR Mitch West			10.	SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER				
USCG Office of Navigatio Short Range Aids to Navi 2100 2nd Street, SW Washington, DC 20593-00	gation Division	ay Services		DOT-CG-N-01-94				
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES								
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY ST	ATEMENT		126	D. DISTRIBUTION CODE				
This document is availab National Technical Infor			161					
13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) This report documents an analysis performed in support of the United States Coast Guard in managing its fleet of construction tenders (WLICs). Three areas were examined: a determination of the optimum number of WLICs needed for the construction component of current WLIC work; a comparison of Coast Guard construction tender costs with representative private sector costs; and an assessment of the mission-related factors concerning WLICs that need to be considered before reducing the construction tender fleet or contracting for the construction of fixed aids to navigation. The analysis concludes that 11 WLICs are required for construction purposes; private sector costs exceed those of Coast Guard construction tenders fully employed on construction activities; and mission-related factors including having the capability of shifting tenders in response to peaks in construction activity and vessel maintenance requirements need to be included in any decision to alter the size and locations of the construction tender fleet.								
14. SUBJECT TERMS Aids to Navigation, Cons Support System	truction Tender, Bu	oy Tender, Decis:	ion	15. NUMBER OF PAGES 190 16. PRICE CODE				
17. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION 18 OF REPORT Unclassified	. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE Unclassified	19. SECURITY CLASSIF OF ABSTRACT Unclassifie		20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT				
ISN 7540-01-280-5500		ل مور میں	Sta Pre 208	ndard Form 298 (Rev. 2-89) scribed by ANSI Std. 239-18 -102				

TABLE OF CONTENTS

E	XECUTIVE SUMMARY x	ci
1	PURPOSE	1
2	BACKGROUND	1
3		6 7 8 10
4	COMPARISON OF WLIC AND PRIVATE SECTOR COSTS14.1 Data Limitations14.2 Costs Not Includec14.3 WLIC Operating Costs14.4 Determining WLIC Construction Proportions14.4.1 HUDSON Log14.4.2 MALLET Log14.4.3 SAGINAW Log14.5 Private Sector Costs24.6 Life Cycle Cost Analysis2	15 16 17 18 19 19 20
5	WLIC QUALITATIVE MISSION FACTORS25.1 Surge Response25.2 Buoy Work35.3 ATON Support to Other Districts35.4 Discretionary Preventive Maintenance35.5 Quality Assurance35.6 Coast Guard Infrastructure35.7 Scheduled and Unscheduled Vessel Maintenance35.8 Non-ATON Support to Other CG Missions35.9 Non-ATON Marine Construction35.10 Heavy Lift Capability and Cable Repairs3	25 30 30 30 31 32 33 33 34

.

5.11 Coast Guar	d Visibility and Public Perception
 6.1 District 5 6.2 District 7 6.3 District 8 6.4 Impact on Pr 6.5 Comparison 	3737373739100 <t< td=""></t<>
7 RECOMMENDA	ATION
APPENDIX A	WLIC OPERATIONS QUESTIONNAIRE
APPENDIX B	WLIC SERVICE TIMES
APPENDIX C	DESCRIPTION OF DSS ONE-PAGE SUMMARY SHEETS
APPENDIX D	DSS RESULTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION LOG FILE
APPENDIX E	DSS RESULTS FOR COMBINED WLICS
APPENDIX F	DSS RESULTS FOR HUDSON AND MALLET LOG FILES & SUMMARY ACTIVITY LOGS FOR HUDSON, MALLET, AND SAGINAW
APPENDIX G	COAST GUARD CONTRACT LINE ITEM SPREADSHEET DATA FOR THE COLUMBIA RIVER SYSTEM (D13) AND SAN FRANCISCO BAY (D11)
APPENDIX H	BREAKDOWN OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY FOR MALLET, HUDSON, AND SAGINAW
APPENDIX I	PROJECTED THROUGH-CONTRACT COSTS FOR MALLET, HUDSON, AND SAGINAW
APPENDIX J	SUMMARY OF THROUGH-CONTRACT COSTS FOR MALLET, HUDSON, AND SAGINAW
APPENDIX K	LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS SPREADSHEETS FOR MALLET, HUDSON, AND SAGINAW
APPENDIX L	PROJECT TRAVEL

- vi -

LIST OF TABLES

TABLE 1.	WLIC FLEET HOME PORTS	2
TABLE 2.	DERIVED 1992 CONSTRUCTION LOG FILE ACTIVITIES	7
TABLE 3.	DERIVED 1992 CONSTRUCTION LOG FILE DSS RESULTS	9
TABLE 4.	REPORTED PILING DATA	9
TABLE 5.	DERIVATION OF WLIC UNDERWAY HOURS TARGET 1	2
TABLE 6.	DSS RESULTS FOR COMBINED WLICs	4
TABLE 7.	WLIC OPERATING COSTS 1	.7
TABLE 8.	SUMMARY OF HUDSON, MALLET, AND SAGINAW LOG FILES 1	8
TABLE 9.	WLIC CONSTRUCTION OPERATING COSTS 2	20
TABLE 10.	MALLET LOG ACTIVITY PERFORMED THROUGH COLUMBIA	
	RIVER CONTRACT 2	21
TABLE 11.	COMPARISON OF GOVERNMENT & CONTRACTED ANNUAL	
	OPERATING COSTS 2	2!
TABLE 12.	COMPARISON OF GOVERNMENT AND CONTRACTED LIFE	
	CYCLE COSTS	!3
TABLE 13.	WLIC MISSION FACTORS 2	?6
TABLE 14.	AVERAGE 1990-1993 WLIC DISCREPANCY RESPONSE LEVELS 2	27
TABLE 15.	NON-DISCREPANCY VS. DISCREPANCY PROFILE OF 1992	
	DERIVED LOG FILE 2	
TAELE 16.	REVISED REPLACEMENT BUSL PROJECTIONS FOR WLICs 4	13

LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE 1.	DISTRICT 5 WLICS	2
FIGURE 2.	DISTRICT 7 WLICS	3
FIGURE 3.	DISTRICT 8 WLICS	3
FIGURE 4.	PROJECTED DISTRICT 5 WLICS	38
FIGURE 5.	PROJECTED DISTRICT 7 WLICS	40
FIGURE 6.	PROJECTED DISTRICT 8 WLICS	42

Accession	For
NTIS MAA	I
DTIC CAR	Ē
$U_{\rm DR} = {\rm transmiss}$	3
3000 1	11 A
Dy. D'Alla Set	n na mana a mana maka wa
	- H C/
1	••• ***
$g^{(1)} = X^{(1)}$	and the second
- ``	u (181
\mathbf{X}	ł
X N	*

- vii -

LIST OF ACRONYMS

AFC	allotment fund control
ANT	aids to navigation team
AOPS	abstract of operations
ATON	aids to navigation
ATONIS	aids to navigation information system
BU	buoy boat
BUSL	buoy boat - stern loading
CDB	corporate data base
СО	commanding officer
CPI	consumer price index
D1	USCG First District (Boston, MA)
D2	USCG Second District (St. Louis, MO)
D5	USCG Fifth District (Portsmouth, VA)
D7	USCG Seventh District (Miami, FL)
D8	USCG Eighth District (New Orleans, LA)
D9	USCG Ninth District (Cleveland, OH)
D11	USCG Eleventh District (Long Beach, CA)
D13	USCG Thirteenth District (Seattle, WA)
D14	USCG Fourteenth District (Honolulu, HI)
D17	USCG Seventeenth District (Juneau, AK)
DBN	daybeacon
DGPS	differential global positioning system
DOT	Department of Transportation
DSS	decision support system
ELT	enforcement of laws and treaties
FY	fiscal year
G-N	USCG Office of Navigation Safety & Waterway Services
G-NSR	USCG Short Range Aids to Navigation Division
GIS	geographical information system
LB	lighted buoy
LT	fixed light
NOAA	National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration
O&M	operating and maintenance
OAN	USCG District Operations Division, Aids to Navigation and Waterways
	Management Branch
RSPA	Research and Special Programs Administration
SFM	service force mix
SRA	short range aids
TED	turtle exclusion devices
ULB	unlighted buoy
USCG	United States Coast Guard

USCGC VNTSC	USCG cutter Volpe National Transportation Systems Center
VOSS	vessel oil skimming systems
WLB	seagoing buoy tender
WLI	inland buoy tender
WLIC	inland construction buoy tender
WLM	coastal buoy tender
WLMR	coastal buoy tender replacement vessel
WLR	river buoy tender

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

This report documents an analysis performed in support of the United States Coast Guard in managing its fleet of construction tenders (WLICs). The project was sponsored by the Coast Guard's Office of Navigation Safety and Waterway Services, Short Range Aids to Navigation Division (G-NSR). Three areas were examined: a determination of the optimum number of WLICs needed for the construction component of current WLIC work; a comparison of Coast Guard construction tender costs with representative private sector costs; and an assessment of the mission-related factors concerning WLICs that should be considered before reducing the construction tender fleet or contracting for the construction of fixed aids to navigation.

Background

The Coast Guard operates a fleet of 16 WLICs whose purpose is to build, or rebuild if destroyed, fixed aids to navigation (ATON). Three of the tenders are home ported in the Fifth Coast Guard District (Portsmouth, VA), five are located in the Seventh District (Miami, FL), and eight are located in the Eighth District (New Orleans, LA). The most common types of fixed structures built by WLICs are daybeacons, lights, and ranges. Over time, due to geographic availability and because construction work has not fully utilized their capacity, WLICs have been assigned responsibilities for servicing buoys.

The need to replace some of the older WLICs is approaching. However, the acquisition of new construction tenders can be deferred if, as older tenders are retired, the loss is offset by a reduction in the demand for construction tenders. The Coast Guard recognizes that such a reduction can be realized tarough off-loading the non-construction activities performed by WLICs onto less expensive resources. Specifically, the new replacement stern-loading buoy boats (BUSLs) being acquired by the Coast Guard can perform much of the buoy work done by WLICs, and their capital costs are less than one-seventh of the estimated cost of a new WLIC.

Previous work by the Volpe Center was directly applicable to the requirements of this analysis. A 1990 Volpe Center study initiated by the Office of Management and Budget to evaluate the commercial servicing of short range ATON performed by Coast Guard Aids to Navigation Teams concluded that no definitive advantage would be gained through a contracting effort. For a 1992 study in support of the Coast Guard's Service Force Mix (SFM) 2000 project, the Volpe Center designed, developed and exercised the ATON SFM Decision Support System (DSS) to project fleet size requirements for the Coast Guard's replacement fleet of seagoing and coastal buoy tenders. Finally, a 1993 Volpe Center study applied the ATON SFM DSS to project the required number of replacement BUSLs, mentioned previously. That analysis projected the need for 44 replacement BUSLs, 10 of which were targeted for the buoy work assigned to WLICs that BUSLs are capable of performing. The analysis concluded, however, that the final number of replacement BUSLs will depend on the projected WLIC fleet size produced by this analysis.

Projected WLIC Construction-Culy Fleet Size

A derived log file representing one year of construction activities for the 16 current WLICs was developed for this analysis. The file was based on an October, 1993 version of the CJast Guard's Aids to Navigation Information System (ATONIS) discrepancy file and a comparison of the 1990 and 1993 ATONIS aid files. The number of derived activities was 1,640, or approximately 103 per tender.

The derived file was converted for use with the ATON SFM DSS. Additional data required by the DSS, including verse, speeds, service times, lengths of cruises, lengths of work days, and prep/deprep times, were collected by G-NSR from each of the current tenders. The DSS was exercised for each current tWLIC and the results were validated against reported piling usage data. DSS results showed opportunities for combining the work of some tenders, based on the use of an underway target of 1,500 hours (developed by this analysis).

The Fifth District (D5)

DSS results for D5 indic te that two WLICs -- one home ported at Baltimore and the other at Atlantic Beach, NC -- are capable of performing the construction work of the District's three current construction tenders. A large disparity was apparent, however, between the derived log file and the reported underway hours in the Coast Guard's Abstract of Operations for the three D5 construction tenders. Based on discussions with D5 personnel, the difference was attributed to structure upgrades performed by D5 which could not be captured in the derived file. If significant levels of additional structure upgrades are planned in the Fifth District, two construction tenders may not be adequate for the district's requirements. However, the ability to justify the need for a third renstruction tender based on structure upgrade requirements is not apparent. Upgrades can be planned out in advance and could be amenable to being performed through commercial contracts.

The Seventh District (D7)

DSS results for D7 indicate that four WLICs are capable of performing the construction work of the District's five current construction tenders. The current home port projected for elimination is Brunswick, GA.

The Eighth District (D8)

DSS outputs, combined with the WLIC qualitative mission factors identified in this analysis, result in a projection of five WLICs for the Eighth District.

DSS results for D8 indicate that one construction tender assigned to each of the district's four groups -- each of which currently have two -- would be capable of accomplishing the district's fixed aid construction requirements with minimal crossing of group boundaries. However, a fleet of four WLICs would have no capacity within the 1,500 hours underway target for above-average years of activities and consequently would be severely strained during periods of tender maintenance or significant surge response situations. These conditions are especially

relevant for D8, where 83% of WLIC construction activities were in response to discrepancies which generally can not be rescheduled around maintenance and surge response requirements. Accordingly, this analysis concludes that five WLICs are required in D8. The area around Morgan City, LA, would be a central location for the fifth tender, but placement of the fifth tender is subject to district concerns and local considerations.

Impact on Projected Replacement BUSL Requirements

The Volpe Center's August, 1993 analysis of Coast Guard BUSL requirements projected the need for 10 replacement BUSLs to perform the buoy work currently performed by WLICs. Based on the results of this study, reducing the WLIC fleet size by five -- to a fleet of 11 -would still leave some capacity for some WLICs to perform buoy work. Having re-examined the BUSL requirements, the BUSLs previously projected for Charleston, Miami, and Galveston are no longer required, resulting in a revised projection of seven BUSLs for WLIC buoy work.

Comparison of WLIC and Private Sector Costs

The cost analysis of WLICs was initiated from the Coast Guard's own interest in exploring the relative costs of the WLIC fleet. No trial contracts have been developed or are planned. Therefore, private sector cost data directly related to the areas of operation of the 16 current WLICs was not available. Instead, current Coast Guard contracts for marine construction in Districts 11 (California) and 13 (Oregon and Washington) served as the source of comparable private sector costs. Therefore, differences in cost of living and in geographic marine construction costs, and possible economies of scale, are not reflected in this analysis.

Coast Guard costs were developed based on an estimation of the proportion of construction tender ATON resources expended on fixed aid construction activities versus non-construction activities. The use of an estimate was necessary because the Coast Guard does not track construction tender costs by mission area.

The results of the economic analysis indicate that private sector contract costs exceed those of Coast Guard construction tenders that are fully employed on construction activities. Of the total average annual WLIC operating cost of \$771,820, 56% is consumed on personnel, 27% on engineering, and only 17% on operations and maintenance. The relatively fixed personnel and engineering costs result in lower average unit costs as a tender's workload increases.

Accordingly, an under utilized Coast Guard construction tender compares significantly less favorably against private sector costs than a tender that is fully utilized when capital replacement costs are included. This finding is consistent with the Coast Guard's use of contracted construction resources in those districts where the level of construction activity does not warrant the assignment of WLICs.

WLIC Qualitative Mission Factors

A reduction in the Coast Guard's construction tender fleet will reduce the availability of WLICs for performing activities beyond their ATON construction mission. The effects would be most noticeable in the following areas:

- meeting surge response requirements;
- providing ATON support to other Coast Guard districts;
- covering for other tenders undergoing scheduled and unscheduled maintenance;
- providing non-ATON support to other Coast Guard missions; and
- providing non-ATON marine construction support to other Coast Guard and government organizations.

To the extent that these activities are no longer performed by Coast Guard assets, the Coast Guard's vⁱ-ibility and associated public perception may be affected.

If private sector fixed aid construction costs were to compare favorably with Coast Guard construction tender costs, the following considerations should be included in the decision of whether to pursue the contracting option.

- Shifting contracted resources in response to surge response and maintenance requirements may be more difficult than it is with Coast Guard resources.
- The Coast Guard districts to which WLICs are periodically loaned would have to acquire alternative resources.
- Alternatives would have to be found for performing the WLICs' buoy work, for building docks and bulkheads for other Coast Guard and government organizations, and for the support to other Coast Guard missions currently delivered by WLICs.
- The Coast Guard's pipeline for developing personnel skilled in construction tender activities would no longer exist and therefore could not produce the expertise required to assure the quality of contracted fixed aid construction operations.
- Contractual specifications may inhibit the performance of discretionary preventive maintenance.
- Any delays encountered by contractors in receiving government payments may work counter to the requirements of an effective aids to navigation system.

Conclusion

A fleet of 11 construction tenders would be sufficient to meet current fixed aid construction requirements. This represents a reduction of five tenders from the current fleet of 16.

This would be achieved primarily through the transfer of approximately 1,400 of the 1,600 buoys worked by WLICs to seven replacement stern-loading buoy boats. In addition, other $V_{t}LIC$ mission areas, including ATON support to other districts, non-ATON support to other Coast Guard missions, and construction of docks and bulkheads for both the Coast Guard and other government agencies, would have to be curtailed.

Construction tenders fully employed doing construction work result in economies of scale due to the fixed personnel and engineering costs of vessel operations. These economies of scale result in no apparent monetary advantage to contracting the work of construction tenders.

Recommendation

As the new BUSLs are brought into service and the oldest WLICs are retired, the Coast Guard should begin a realignment of construction tender operating areas down to a configuration of 11 WLICs. Then, the Coast Guard should acquire new WLICs to replace the remaining tenders.

The absence of complete and available data on the activities of the Coast Guard's construction tenders encountered by this analysis indicates that the Coast Guard needs to uniformly record and collect data capturing the activities of its ATON resources. Maintaining accurate, complete, and uniform data on construction activities and on all other ATON servicing activities would provide the Coast Guard with benefits beyond the requirements of this analysis. As federal agencies are faced with greater demands on limited resources, measuring and ensuring effectiveness becomes increasingly more important.

Better data will also provide a more accurate basis from which to consider contracting options. Contracting options should be investigated only for situations where required construction levels are not enough to keep a construction tender fully employed on construction activities. This includes areas where less than one WLIC is required, and where some number plus a fraction is warranted. Contracting an amount of work equal to the fractional portion would offer cost advantages over partially using Coast Guard assets. Private sector unit costs compare favorably with those of under utilized construction tenders.

1 PURPOSE

The Volpe Center was tasked by the U.S.C.G. Office of Navigation Safety and Waterway Services, Short Range Aids to Navigation Division (G-NSR) to conduct a fleet sizing and economic analysis study of the inland construction tender fleet (WLICs) in support of G-NSR's Short Range Aids to Navigation Mission Analysis (SRAMA). The objectives of the analysis are the following:

- 1. To project the required WLIC fleet size needed to perform only the construction component of current WLIC work. The results will be used by the Coast Guard in planning for the decommissioning of the oldest tenders in the WLIC fleet.
- 2. To compare Coast Guard construction tender costs with representative private sector marine construction costs. The results will be incorporated into future acquisition plans for replacing WLICs.
- 3. To perform a qualitative analysis of the mission of WLICs. This objective is intended to identify those factors that are related to the mission of WLICs but which are not directly relevant to the first two objectives. The factors will address issues that need to be considered by the Coast Guard before any decision is made to reduce the construction tender fleet or to contract for the construction of fixed aids to navigation.

2 BACKGROUND

The Coast Guard operates a fleet of 16 WLICs whose purpose is to build, or rebuild if destroyed, fixed aids to navigation (ATON). Three of the tenders are home ported in the Fifth Coast Guard District (Portsmouth, VA), five are located in the Seventh District (Miami, FL), and 8 are located in the Eighth District (New Orleans, LA). Table 1 and Figures 1 through 3 show the WLIC locations for each district.

The most common types of fixed structures built by WLICs are daybeacons, lights, and ranges. Over time, due to geographic availability and because construction work has not fully utilized their capacity, WLICs have been assigned responsibilities for servicing buoys. The need to replace some of the older WLICs is approaching and the opportunity exists to off-load their buoy work onto the relatively less expensive stern-loading buoy boats (BUSL) currently being acquired by the Coast Guard.¹

¹ Capital costs for a replacement BUSL are approximately \$1 million, whereas the initial G-NSR estimate for a replacement WLIC is \$7.7 million. Therefore, viewing capital costs only, up to 7 BUSLs would be cost effective if they resulted in one less WLIC.

DISTRICT	HOME PORT	WLIC	CLASS	
5	Baltimore, MD	SLEDGE	75-foot	
	Portsmouth, VA	KENNEBEC	160-foot	
	Atlantic Beach, NC	PRIMROSE	100-foot	
7	Charleston, SC	RAMBLER	100-foot	
	Brunswick, GA	S'LAX	100-foot	
	Mayport, FL	HAMMER	75-foot	
	Miami Beach, FL	HUDSON	160-foot	
	St. Petersburg, FL	VISE	75-foot	
8	Mobile, AL	AXE	75-foot	
	Mobile, AL	SAGINAW	160-foot	
	New Orleans, LA	WEDGE	75-foot	
	New Orleans, LA	PAMLICO	160-foot	
	Galveston, TX	CLAMP	75-foot	
	Galveston, TX	HATCHET	75-foot	
	Corpus Christi, TX	ANVIL	75-foot	
	Corpus Christi, TX	MALLET	75-foot	

TABLE 1. WLIC FLEET HOME PORTS

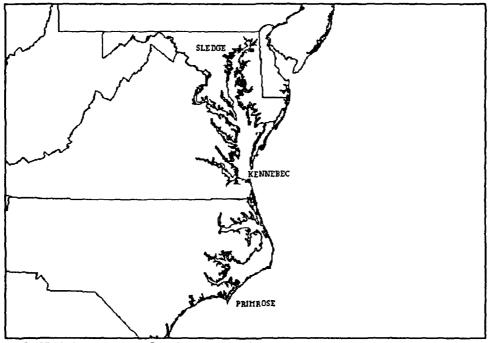


FIGURE 1. DISTRICT 5 WLICS (3)

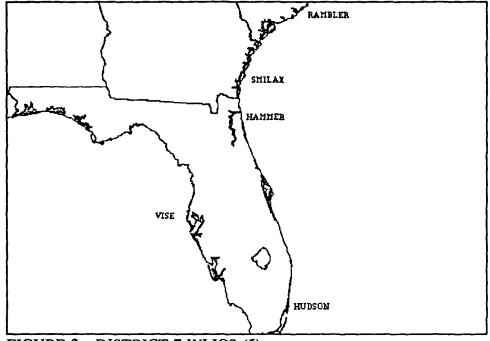


FIGURE 2. DISTRICT 7 WLICS (5)

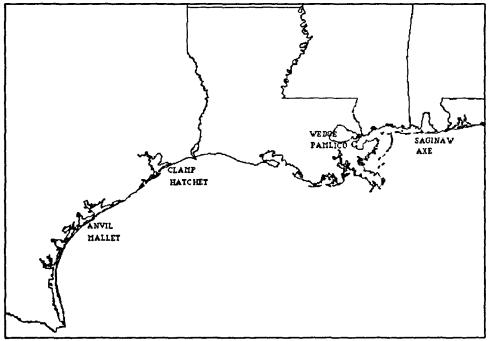


FIGURE 3. DISTRICT 8 WLICS (8)

Past Volpe Center support to the Coast Guard provides a basis for analyzing relative costs and fleet size requirements of WLICs. In 1990, the Office of Management and Budget requested that the Department of Transportation conduct an objective and independent evaluation of the results of three trial contracts awarded by the Coast Guard for commercial servicing of short range aids to navigation. The Volpe Center was tasked to perform the evaluation by the Coast Guard, the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Administration, and the Office of the Assistant Secretary for Budget and Programs. The Volpe Center's evaluation "did not produce any definitive position on whether the servicing of aids to navigation assigned to ANTs [Coast Guard Aids to Navigation Teams] should be contracted. All trial contractors performed satisfactorily. The differences between the contractors' costs and estimated USCG costs were not consistent enough to generalize to future cases for contracting ANTs."²

In support of the Coast Guard's Service Force Mix (SFM) 2000 Project, the Volpe Center designed, developed and exercised the ATON SFM Decision Support System (DSS) to project fleet size requirements for the replacement fleet of seagoing and coastal buoy tenders being acquired by the Coast Guard. The analysis projected the need for 16 seagoing tenders and 14 coastal tenders, representing a reduction of seven tenders from the current fleet size.³

In 1993, the Volpe Center analyzed requirements for the replacement BUSLs being acquired by the Coast Guard. The analysis, conducted as part of SRAMA, considered the use of the replacement buoy boats in three areas: to replace the Coast Guard's current fleet of thirteen 46-foot BUSLs and twelve 45-foot buoy boats; to assume some or all of the buoy work being performed by WLICs and inland buoy tenders (WLIs); and to identify and offset possible shortages in ATON response capabilities resulting from the decreased fleet size of seagoing and coastal buoy tenders projected by SFM 2000. The analysis projected the need for 44 replacement BUSLs, 10 of which were targeted for the WLIC buoys that BUSLs are capable of working.⁴ The analysis concluded, however, that the final number of replacement BUSLs will depend on the projected WLIC fleet size produced by this analysis.

² Volpe National Transportation Systems Center, U.S. Department of Transportation, *Evaluation of Contracting the Servicing of Short Range Aids to Navigation*, RSPA-TSC-CG094-TM-1, August, 1990.

³ Volpe National Transportation Systems Center, U.S. Department of Transportation, Aids to Navigation Service Force Mix 2000 Project, Volume 1: Development and Application of an Aids to Navigation Service Force Mix Decision Support System, Final Report. DOT-VNTSC-CG-92-2.1, June 1992.

⁴ Volpe National Transportation Systems Center, U.S. Department of Transportation, Analysis of USCG Replacement Stern-Loading Buoy Boat Requirements for the Aids to Navigation Mission, Final Report. DOT-VNTSC-CG-93-1, August, 1993.

3 PROJECTED WLIC CONSTRUCTION-ONLY FLEET SIZE

3.1 Data Limitations

The ATON SFM DSS utilizes geographic information system (GIS) technology to model the work activities of ATON servicing platforms. For SFM 2000, one-year profiles of aid servicing requirements were developed based on the service dates corresponding to aid inspections, mooring inspections, recharges, and reliefs contained in the Coast Guard's Aids to Navigation Information System (ATONIS). Aid discrepancies were derived from the ATONIS Discrepancy file and were supported or modified from surveys and discussions with tender and district personnel. A similar approach was also used for the 1993 analysis of replacement buoy boat fleet size requirements.

Unlike the activities of the coastal tenders, seagoing tenders, and buoy boats modeled in the previous Volpe Center studies, the construction work of WLICs does not follow regular annual servicing patterns and available data sources do not fully capture the historical construction work of the WLIC fleet. For instance, there are no structure "built" or "re-built" dates in the ATONIS Aid file, and the ATONIS Discrepancy file does not appear to be consistently and fully populated for all districts and tenders.

Key inputs required for a WLIC fleet-sizing analysis that were not available from the ATONIS files include the following: structure establishment dates; structure removal dates; conversions of aids from floating to fixed (in effect, establishments); and conversions from fixed to floating (in effect, removals). In addition, ATONIS provides no indication of the preventive maintenance performed by some tenders whereby aging structures are rebuilt in order to prevent future discrepancies.

Due to the limitations of the available data, the validity of the fleet-wide construction log file derived from existing data for this analysis is considered to be less accurate than the data used in past studies for the seagoing and coastal tenders and for BUSLs. To gage the validity of the derived log file, reported piling usage data was used as an indicator.

3.2 The Derived Log File

Vessel activity files, in list form, were provided by three WLICs: HUDSON (Miami - D7); SAGINAW (Mobile - D8); and MALLET (Corpus Christi - D8). The tenders used their actual ship logs to compile the lists. However, recognizing the extensive amount of time and effort required of the tenders to sort through their ship logs and compile two to three years of activities, and the impracticality of loaning out or copying actual ship logs, this analysis derived construction log files for all 16 WLICs from available data. The three vessel activity files that were received were used to evaluate the accuracy of the derived log files and as the basis for developing the construction-related operating costs of WLICs.

3.2.1 Discrepancies

The ATONIS Discrepancy file as of October, 1993 served as the basis for discrepancy inputs. The table covered 34 months of discrepancy data (beginning in January, 1991). Discrepancy records were considered to require a response by a WLIC if the following conditions were met:

- the associated aid type in the ATONIS Aid file was a light (LT) or daybeacon (DBN)
- the "Discrepancy Corrected" field (DISCCORR) was determined to be one of the following:

DISCONTINUED REBUILT/RECOVERED REBUILT/REMAINS RESET ON STATION

• the responding unit had been either a WLIC or had been left blank

Based on the available 34 months, a 12-month average was computed. Calendar year 1992 was then used as the base year. For WLICs where 1992 discrepancies exceeded the oneyear averages, randomly selected 1992 discrepancies were dropped to get down to the average. Where 1992 discrepancies fell short of the averages, discrepancies from either 1991 or 1993 were randomly added by changing their calendar year. Table 2 shows the resulting distribution of discrepancies (along with establishments, removals, and conversions).

3.2.2 Establishments, Removals, and Conversions

A comparison of the ATONIS Aid files from October 1990 and October 1993 was the basis for determining structure establishments, removals, and conversions. Establishments were determined to be structures existing in the 1993 file but not in the 1990 file. Conversely, removal/discontinuations were determined to be structures existing in the 1993 file. Conversions were identified by changes in the aid type field between 1990 and 1993, either to or from the structure designations of LT or DBN. Conversions within a structure aid type, such as an upgrade of a single-pile light to a multi-pile light, could not be identified from the available data.

One-year average totals of activities were computed, which corresponded to one-third of the total activity covered by the 36-month time frame between the two files. As with discrepancies, calendar year 1992 was used as the base year and 1992 activity quantities equal to the one-year averages were developed. Where 1992 service dates were still apparent on the 1993 aid file, those 1992 dates were used as the dates for establishments or conversions. Otherwise, the oldest service date attached to each 1993 aid file record was used as the relevant service date, except for removal/discontinuations, where the latest recorded service date on the 1990 file was used as the relevant service date. Where the resulting derived 1992 activities exceeded the one-year averages, selected 1992 activities were randomly dropped to get down to the average. Where 1992 activities fell short of the averages (as all removals did because they were based on dates from the 1990 file), service dates for a number of aids equal to the shortfall were randomly converted to 1992.

Table 2 contains the resulting distribution of establishments, removals, and conversions.

	DBNs to	LTs to	Re- mov-	Estab- lish-		Re- build/		Reset on	
WLIC	LTs	DBNs	als	ments	Only	Recov	Remain	Sta.	Total
KENNEBEC	3	0	6	45	0	20	4	0	78
PRIMROSE	5	0	10	30	0	97	7	4	153
SLEDGE	1	4	11	27	3	4	1	1	52
D5 Total:	9	4	27	102	3	121	12	5	283
HAMMER	o	0	1	7	0	38	15	1	62
HUDSON	2	1	10	14	1	51	29	1	109
RAMBLER	1	0	6	8	0	15	23	2	55
SMILAX	0	1	0	11	0	17	21	1	51
VISE	3	0	15	23	1	60	38	0	140
D7 Total:	6	2	32	63	2	181	126	5	417
ANVIL	1	0	2	12	3	31	29	0	78
AXE	0	1	1	4	2	37	45	1	91
CLAMP	0	1	16	7	2	58	78	2	164
HATCHET	0	0	8	2	5	34	38	1	88
MALLET	1	2	2	9	1	35	26	0	76
PAMLICO	0	0	17	13	8	38	40	1	117
SAGINAW	1	0	3	6	11	66	107	0	194
WEDGE	1	0	26	1	15	53	35	1 6	132 940
D8 Total:	4	4	75	54	47	352	398	0	940
Totals:	19	10	134	219	52	654	536	16	1640
Activity Columns: DBNs to LTs: Daybeacons converted to Lights LTs to DBNs: Lights converted to Daybeacons Removals: Removals(& DISCONTINUED & conversions to buoys) Establishments: Establishments (& buoys converted to structures) Pass. Light Only: Discrepancy: Passing Light Only (of LTs and DBNs) Rebuild/Recov: Discrepancy: Rebuild/ Wreckage Recovered Rebuild/Remain: Discrepancy: Rebuild/ Wreckage Remains Reset on Sta.: Discrepancy: Reset on Station									

TABLE 2. DERIVED 1992 CONSTRUCTION LOG FILE ACTIVITIES

3.3 Other DSS Inputs

G-NSR, with assistance from the Volpe Center, distributed a WLIC Operations Questionnaire to collect operating characteristics such as vessel speeds and service times. Appendix A shows the questionnaire form. In addition, a prior data call to the WLICs had generated buoy deck space, cruise lengths, prep/deprep times, and lengths of work days.

Manual assignments of questionnaire service times to iog file activity records were made based on the indicated log file work activities and the associated ATONIS aid types. Averages of available questionnaire times were used for structures whose composition (wood, steel, or concrete) and/or number of piles could not be determined. Appendix B contains the WLIC service times.

Abstract of Operations data was used to develop average total underway and highreadiness hours covering Fiscal Years 1991 through 1993 for comparison with DSS results.

3.4 DSS Results for Current WLIC Fleet

Appendix C describes the one-page summary report generated by the DSS. Appendix D contains the actual one-page reports corresponding to each of the 16 WLICs performing the activities of the derived construction log file. Table 3 summarizes those results.

3.5 Analysis of Piling Usage Data

The "Reported Pilings" and "Derived Pilings" columns of Table 3 correspond to the annual amounts of pilings reported for each tender (in D5) or group (in D7 and D8), and the amounts of pilings associated with the visits in the derived log files, respectively. Table 4 shows the piling data received from the three districts that served as the basis for the "Reported Pilings" column of Table 3. For groups having two WLICs, reported pilings for each tender were set to half of the group's total.

As shown in Table 3, District 5's reported pilings exceed derived pilings by 57%. The District indicated that it has converted a number of single pile structures into multi-pile structures. Because no differences between the 1990 and 1993 ATONIS aid files would be visible for the upgraded structures, the upgrades could not be captured in the derived log file. The upgrades also help explain KENNEBEC's relatively low hours in the derived log file. The derived log shows only 76 structure construction visits for KENNEBEC, requiring only 446 hours. The average reported underway hours for KENNEBEC, however, was 1,703. Because KENNEBEC is not a primary servicing unit for buoys or structures, all of its hours should be attributable to WLIC construction activities.

In D7 the reported piling count was only 3% more than the derived count, and in D8, the reported count was 5% less than the derived count. The relative closeness of Districts 7 and 8 piling totals implies that the derived log file reasonably represents the actual overall work activities in those districts.

المواجعة المواجد والتر	Struc-	hug l			AOPS	DCC /	Bonortod		ensuted (
		-	Avg.	DSS		DSS/ AOPS	Reported	Derived	eported/ Derived
WLIC	ture Visits		Days	Hours	Undrwy Hours	Hours	Pilings (Table 4)	Pilings	Pilings
WLIC	VIBILB	/Trip /?	<u>irip</u>	HOULE	HOULD	HOULE	(Table 4)	PIIIngs	PIIIngs
KENNEBEC	76	2.9	1.5	446	1703	26%	170	84	202%
PRIMROSE	137	3.7	2.0	979	1335	73%	240	165	145%
SLEDGE	49	2.6	2.2	544	1019	53%	70	57	123%
	District	5 Total	ls:	1969	4057	49%	480	306	157%
HAMMER	61	2.2	1.9	710	819	87%	72	95	76%
SMILAX	52	3.1	1.6	302	2379	13%	72	68	106%
Group Ma		Tota		1012	3198	32%	145	163	89%
RAMBLER	54	2.1	1.7	459	1200	38%	115	78	147%
HUDSON	108	3.3	2.2	1092	1763	62%	169	135	125%
VISE	140	3.6	1.9	937	1107	85%	136	172	79%
	District		als:	3501	7269	48%	564	548	103%
ANVIL	72	3.0	1.8	576	773	74%	96	79	122%
MALLET	62	2.2	1.8	611	1146	53%	96	81	119%
	orpus Chri		als:	1187	1919	62%	192	160	121%
CLAMP	146	3.7	1.6	805	981	82%	115	185	62%
HATCHET	74	2.7	1.7	713	1132	63%	115	90	128%
Group Ga	alveston	Tota	ls:	1519	2113	72%	231	275	84%
AXE	80	4.0	2.9	913	824	111%	165	101	164%
SAGINAW	175	5.5	2.2	902	1546	58%	165	216	77%
Group Mo	obile	Tota	ls:	1815	2370	77%	331	317	104%
PAMLICO	107	4.1	2.1	866	1773	49*	106	133	80%
WEDGE	91	2.5	1.8	719	927	78%	106	131	81%
Group Ne	ew Orleans	Total	ls:	1584	2700	59%	212	264	80%
	District	8 Total	ls:	6104	9103	67%	965	1016	95%
	Fle	et Total	ls:	11573	20429	57%	2009	1870	107%

TABLE 3. DERIVED 1992 CONSTRUCTION LOG FILE DSS RESULTS

TABLE 4. REPORTED PILING DATA

TENDER or Group	FY92	FY93	Total	Average
SLEDGE	70		70	70
KENNEBEC	170		170	170
PRIMROSE	240		240	240
Other D5	27	238	265	132.5
D5 Totals				612.5
Group Charleston	93	136	229	114.5
Group Mayport	89	200	289	144.5
Group Miami	128	209	337	168.5
Group St. Petersburg	5	267	272	136
GantSEC	18		18	18
D7 Totals				581.5
Group Mobile	383	278	661	330.5
Group New Orleans			424	212
Group Galveston	197	264	461	230.5
Group Corpus Christi		193	193	193
D8 Totals				966

3.6 Determination of WLIC Underway Hours Target

A key input to any fleet sizing analysis is the work capacity of the vessels involved. Historical data provides an indication of capacity but does not necessarily represent a preferred measure of operations. As shown in Table 3, average WLIC underway hours for Fiscal Years 1990 through 1992 ranged from a low of 773 (ANVIL, Corpus Christi, TX) to a high of 2,379 (SMILAX, Brunswick, GA). The average for all 16 tenders was 1,277 hours. Limiting all vessels to the low figure would help to minimize crew and vessel fatigue, but would be inefficient and would require more than the current level of 16 tenders. Using the high figure would mean significantly less tenders would be required, but the vessels and crews would be more prone to frigue and failure. The average may be a relatively better target, but it does not necessarily take into account vessel capabilities. Overall, the following factors deter the use of historic data:

- Past operations are based on assigned missions. Vessels assigned less work than they are capable of will show lower employment numbers.
- Differences in how operational data is recorded diminishes the data's utility. In the interests of safety, WLICs generally will not work at night and will instead tie up to a mooring or spud down (WLICs have "spuds" which are posts that can be lowered into the water and which effectively anchor and stabilize the tender so that it can perform construction operations). If moored in port, the associated time may be recorded as standby or high readiness hours. If spudded down, the time may be recorded as underway hours. For example, SMILAX's underway hours, which were the highest of the fleet, generally include overnight time. Identifying the different record-keeping practices employed throughout the fleet and quantifying their impacts is beyond the scope of this analysis.
- Historic WLIC operational data in most cases includes varying amounts of buoy servicing. Weighting those hours equally with construction hours may not be appropriate.

To determine the minimum fleet size capable of supporting mission requirements, a target employment figure is required by which DSS outputs can be judged to represent a vessel that is either over or under-utilized. The method employed by this analysis to determine the target was based on a mix of historic data, published standards, and derived results. There are two published limitations on WLIC operations⁵. The first is a limit of 165 days away from home port. Because of the restricted size of WLIC operational areas, this figure is seldom significant. Where it becomes significant, restricting yard maintenance to the tender's home port area may be an effective means of controlling the problem, since no WLIC's total of underway days exceeds 165.

The second published limitation is the requirement for 95 days of dedicated maintenance, leaving 270 days per year available for operations. This figure is an upper limit, which is seldom approached in practice. Based on the cutter being employed in operations for 5 days per week during non-maintenance periods, 200 operational days per year are available.

⁵ U.S.C.G. Commandant Instruction 3100.5, Cutter Employment Standards. July 22, 1991.

Of these 200 "operational" days, some must be spent in port, conducting training, loading materials, off-loading wreckage, and performing other activities in support of the underway mission. In SFM 2000 for WLMs and WLBs, the ratio of underway days to in port operational days was 3:1, calling for 150 of the 200 days to be spent underway. This ratio is significantly different than recorded WLIC operations: the historical mean for WLICs is 1.4, and the median is 1.6. (Much of the difference between the WLM/WLB and WLIC ratios is attributable to WLICs having to dismantle and dispose of wreckage retrieved from damaged structures upon returning to port.) An examination of individual WLICs shows that the "busiest" construction tenders reported a higher ratio than those reporting fewer underway days and hours. A conservative ratio of 1.5:1 (60%) would give a target of 120 underway days, which is close to the totals reported for those vessels currently considered fully employed.

Because of the nature of WLIC operations, only part of each "underway" day is spent actually in transit or performing construction. Fleet-wide, the average underway hours per underway day is 14 hours.

Historic data indicates that WLICs are highly focused on ATON. For the fiscal years 1990-1992, 90% of all reported operations were for ATON. In FY 1992, WEDGE had been determined to be in excess of District 8's needs and plans were initiated for its conversion to a river buoy tender. That year, WEDGE was detailed to build a dock for the National Data Buoy Center, recording nearly 2000 hours outside the ATON mission. Excluding that one year of WEDGE data, the WLIC fleet averaged 92.5% of its underway hours on the ATON mission. For the purposes of determining operational targets, 90% of underway time was used as the amount of WLIC time to be spent on the construction of fixed aids.

Attributing 90% of the targeted number of WLIC underway hours to the ATON mission results in an operational ATON underway hours target of 1,500 hours (120 days * 14 hours per day * 90% on ATON \approx 1,500 hours). A WLIC would therefore be targeted to spend 1,500 hours per year in transit to and servicing fixed aids to navigation. Table 5 summarizes the derivation of the target and the relevant data from the Abstract of Operations.

TABLE 5. DERIVATION OF WLIC UNDERWAY HOURS TARGET

(from FY 90-92 U.S.C.G. Abstract of Operations)

90-92 Averages	D2 (from D8)	D5	D7	D8	Under- way Toial	In Port Opera- tions	High Readi- ness
ATON	55.5	253.6	454.3	513.5	1276.8	594.9	502.3
Other	0.4	15.4	36.5	93	145.4	81.1	25.3
Totals	55.9	269	490.8	606.4	1422.2	676.0	527.6
% ATON					89.8%	(=90%)	
PERCENT	UNDERWAY DAYS						
			1990	1991	1992	90-92	
	Underway Days		109.4	100.1	96.4	102.0	
	In Port Operations	Days	72.6	84.6	62.8	73.3	
_	% Underway Days	s	60%	54%	61%	58%	(≈60%)
UNDERWA	AY HOURS PER DA	Υ					
	90-92 Avg. Days		102				
	90-92 Avg. Hours		1422.2				
_	Avg. Hours / Day		13.94	(=14)			
DERIVATI	ON OF UNDERWA	Y TARGET I	HOURS				
	Calendar Days			•	365		
	Less Maintenance	Days			95		
	Less Weekends				70		
	Available Days				200		
	% Underway				60%		
	Available Underwa	ay Days			120		
	Avg. Hours / Day				14		
	Available Hours /	Year			1680		
	Historie % ATON				90%		
	Available ATON I	lours			1512	(= 1500)	

An additional consideration in applying an underway hours target limit is that the derived log represents an average year of construction work. A fleet that was projected using the 1,500 hour target may not always be able to meet peak year requirements within those hours. However, the limit is not a finite point that, if exceeded in peak years, would necessarily strain the abilities of the vessel and crew. Similarly, lower hours during off-peak years do not necessarily represent inefficiency. Recognizing that trade-offs have to be made between being able to respond to peak years and operating efficiently, DSS utilization amounts of greater than 1,500 hours are prohibited when developing the projected fleet. Similarly, three or more adjacent tenders for which the DSS reports utilization amounts of greater than 90% would warrant further consideration, and would generally be regarded as unacceptable.

3.7 Projected WLIC Fleet Size

Based upon projected DSS hours as a percentage of historical reported AOPS hours, as shown in Table 3's "DSS/AOPS Hours" column, opportunities for combining the construction work of some WLICs were evident. Specifically, it appeared that one WLIC might be able to perform the construction work in each of the five Coast Guard Groups that currently have two WLICs -- Group Mayport in D7 and Groups Mobile, New Orleans, Galveston, and Corpus Christi in `8. In addition, it appeared that two construction tenders might be sufficient for District 5. For each of the five groups and District 5, the DSS was used to evaluate the potential for fleet reductions.

In District 5, by reassigning KENNEBEC's 77 activities between SLEDGE and PRIMROSE, combined with a shift of some of PRIMROSE's activities to SLEDGE, DSS results indicate that two tenders could serve District 5.

In District 7, DSS results indicate that the activities of RAMBLER, (Charleston, SC), SMILAX (Brunswick, GA), and HAMMER (Mayport, FL) could be performed by two tenders home ported in any two of the three current ports.

In District 8, applying one tender to the workloads of each group's two tenders indicated that Groups Corpus Christi (1,111 hours) and New Orleans (1,416 hours) would be under the 1,500 underway hours limit, but Groups Galveston (1,531 hours) and Mobile (1,615) would exceed the limit. However, by shifting group boundaries to utilize the available capacities in Corpus Christi and New Orleans, all four tenders could be brought within the limit.

Appendix E contains the associated one-page DSS reports, and Table 6 summarizes the results.

WLIC	Home Port	Struc- ture Visits	Avg Visits /trip	Avg Days /trip	DSS Hours	DSS / 1500 Target Hours	Transit Time / Service Time
<u>District 5</u> PRIMROSE/							
KENNEBEC SLEDGE/	ATLANTIC BEACH	140	3.9	2.4	1297	86%	6.7
KENNEBEC	BALTIMORE	122	4.1	2.5	1200	80%	9.5
District 7							
RAMBLER/SMILAX	CHARLESTON	71	2.2	1.9	727	48%	3.9
HAMMER/SMILAX	MAYPORT	96	2.9	2.2	923	62%	6.8
SMILAX/RAMBLER							
HAMMER	BRUNSWICK	167	3.4	2.7	2175	145%	5.4
District 8							
ANVIL/MALLET	CORPUS CHRISTI	134	3.3	2.0	1111	74%	4.3
CLAMP/HATCHET	GALVESTON	220	4.7	2.1	1531	102%	1.4
SAGINAW/AXE	MOBILE	255	6.4	2.8	1615	108%	2.4
PAMLICO/WEDGE	NEW ORLEANS	198	4.3	2.2	1416	94%	5.0
After Shifting	Group Boundari	es					
ANVIL/MALLET	CORPUS CHRISTI		3.9	2.4	1466	ရဒ္ဒန္	5.4
CLAMP/HATCHET	GALVESTON	196	4.3	2.2	1424	95%	1.3
SAGINAW/AXE	MOBILE	235	6.0	2.7	1492	99%	2.4
PAMLICO/WEDGE	NEW ORLEANS	214	4.7	2.3	1489	99%	4.9
With Fifth WLI	<u>C at Morgan Cit</u>	v					
ANVIL	CORPUS CHRISTI		3.7	2.1	1165	78%	4.4
CLAMP	GALVESTON	162	3.7	1.6	859	57%	.8
HATCHET	MORGAN CITY	127	4.9	2.6	1141	76%	3.8
SAGINAW	MOBILE	170	5.3	2.5	1194	80%	2.4
PAMLICO	NEW ORLEANS	194	4.5	2.0	1064	71%	4.1

TABLE 6. DSS RESULTS FOR COMBINED WLICS

3.8 Comparison of Derived and Actual Log File Results

DSS results for the compiled logs of MALLET and HUDSON are shown in Table 8 (Page 18).

MALLET's derived log consisted of 63 aid visits requiring 611 hours, and its compiled actual log consisted of 80 visits requiring 732 hours. Without shifting group boundaries, the additional 121 hours could be absorbed by the projected Corpus Christi tender. If group boundaries were shifted, the additional hours would put all four projected tenders closer to or over the 1,500 hour target.

The difference in DSS results for HUDSON's derived and actual log files does not affect the projected fleet size. The derived 1 \geq consisted of 109 aid visits requiring 923 hours, and the actual log file consisted of 183 aid visits requiring 1,273 hours. Although the difference is significant, the derived log results in combination with HUDSON's large operating area supported the continued need for a WLIC in Miami, making the difference between the two log files inconsequential.

4 COMPARISON OF WLIC AND PRIVATE SECTOR COSTS

4.1 Data Limitations

The Volpe Center's 1990 contracting evaluation of Coast Guard Aids to Navigation Teams utilized data from actual private sector bids received in response to statements of work for performing ATON servicing at five different locations. Contracts were awarded at three of those five locations. As a result, the 1990 study had access to actual private sector costs that could be directly compared with Coast Guard costs along with qualitative data on contractor performance results.

This analysis of WLICs was initiated from the Coast Guard's own interest in exploring the relative costs of the WLIC fleet. No trial contracts have been developed or are planned. Therefore, private sector cost data directly related to the operations of the 16 current WLICs was not available.

Instead, current Coast Guard contracts for marine construction in Districts 11 (California) and 13 (Oregon and Washington) served as the source of comparable private sector costs. An underlying assumption was that the conditions necessary for building aid structures are consistent across geographic areas. For example, although generally water depths are greater and seas are rougher in the Pacific Northwest than in the Gulf, structures can only be built in the relatively shallower and calmer waters of Districts 11 and 13, making the actual conditions for building structures comparable to those in the Gulf. However, possible differences in costs of living and marine construction costs between the areas covered by the two contracts and the areas currently worked by WLICs are not reflected. Based on the differences that were observed between the D11 and D13 contracts, those differences may be significant. Economies of scale that might be realized from higher volumes of construction work than those represented by the D11 and D13 contracts are also not reflected.

In addition, for the three locations examined, it was assumed that contractor facilities would be located at the current WLIC home ports. Efficiencies that could be gained from a contractor operating from multiple facilities within a single WLIC's operating area are therefore not reflected.

Finally, the USCG Corporate Data Base (CDB), which was utilized by this analysis as the source of current WLIC operating costs, does not differentiate between construction and buoy activities. To counter this limitation, an approach was developed for estimating WLIC construction costs based on the percentage of resource hours required for construction activities in comparison to the total resource hours required for all activities, using DSS results for actual WLIC logs.

4.2 Costs Not Included

In the interests of simplicity and expedience, some costs relevant to a contracting analysis were assumed to be zero because their magnitudes were not considered to warrant significant attention at this time. These cost elements include indirect mission support costs associated with ATON construction activities, tender salvage values and disposal costs, contract administration costs, and contractor payments of social security and federal taxes.

4.3 WLIC Operating Costs

Operating Costs for the 16 current WLICs were developed from the USCG Corporate Data Base as follows:

- Average full direct costs were compiled for the years 1991 through 1993. Full direct costs are vessel specific and can be broken down into Personnel (AFC 10-12), Operations and Maintenance (AFC 30), and Engineering (AFC 42-45).
- Costs associated with ATON supplies and services, which would not be expected to change under a contracting scenario, were ignored.
- Personnel costs were standardized. This was done by multiplying Unit Personnel Costs from the CG's <u>Standard Personnel Cost Tables</u> by vessel personnel allowances (crew size and grades).
- Yearly costs were converted into 1993 dollars by using inflation factors based on the Consumer Price Index (CPI).
- Vessel specific and fleet-wide costs were calculated by averaging the adjusted yearly costs. A summary of the results is provided in Table 7.

Table 7 represents the total operating costs of WLICs, but only the costs associated with construction activities are relevant to this analysis. To determine the construction-related cost component of the total operating costs, the proportion of construction-related work to total work was developed through use of the Aids to Navigation Service Force Mix DSS.

Summary 91-93	Personnel	O&M	Engineering	Total
WLIC 75s				
16901 ANVIL	\$ 398,572	\$85,303	\$108,547	\$592,422
16902 HAMMER	398,572	102,659	81,867	583,098
16903 SLEDGE	417,335	249,102	280,925	947,362
16904 MALLET	398,572	74,788	85,480	558,840
16905 VISE	417,335	102,781	233,239	753,355
16906 CLAMP	398,572	85,140	172,391	656,103
16907 WEDGE	398,572	94,289	180,567	673,428
16909 HATCHET	398,572	108,294	310,664	817,530
16910 AXE	398,572	112,076	197,246	707,894
WLIC 75 AVERAGE	\$402,742	\$112,714	\$183,436	\$698,892
WLIC 100s				
16305 PRIMROSE	508,452	200,131	80,387	788,971
16306 RAMBLER	569,211	141,342	324,003	1,034,555
16307 SMILAX	482,118	124,560	364,075	970,753
WLIC 100 AVERAGE	519,927	155,344	256,155	931,426
WLIC 160s				
17003 KENNEBEC	437,866	166,088	291,651	895,606
17001 PAMLICO	437,866	124,935	179,939	742,740
17002 HUDSON	437,866	151,807	211,554	801,227
17004 SAGINAW	437,866	131,948	255,419	825,233
WLIC 160 AVERAGE	437,866	143,695	234,641	816,201
ALL WLICS AVERAGE	433,495	128,453	209,872	771,820

TABLE 7. WLIC OPERATING COSTS In 1993 Dollars

4.4 Determining WLIC Construction Proportions

The DSS was used to provide a relative indication of construction-related activities in comparison to the total activities of WLICs. This was accomplished by comparing the DSS' reported number of hours for selected WLICs to perform all of their work with the reported number of hours for those tenders to perform only their construction work. As mentioned previously, the available operational data (ATONIS) did not sufficiently lend itself to this task. Instead, a request was made of each of the three relevant districts to provide the Volpe Center with at least one representative WLIC ship log which could be translated into an aid activity file for use with the DSS.

Ship log data was received from District 7 (HUDSON: Miami, FL) and District 8 (SAGINAW: Mobile, AL; and MALLET: Corpus Christi, TX). Service times for the log activities were derived by matching the indicated log activity descriptions with the WLIC questionnaire service time categories, as shown in Appendix B. Table 8 summarizes the three log files.

	HUDSON	MALLET	SAGINAW*
Log File Months	23	15	21
Aid Visits			
Total	662	412	654
Construction Visits	349	97	466
% Construction	53%	24%	71%
On Station Servicing Time			
Total Hours	695.5	314.9	1,421.5
Construction Hours	613.3	187.2	1,282.0
% Construction	88.2%	59.4%	90.2%
DSS Hours (for 1 Year)			
Total Visits	405	366	0
Construction Visits	183	80	0
Total Hours	1,482	943	0
Construction Hours	1,273	732	0
% Construction Hours	85.9%	77.6%	85.9%
	4		t

TABLE 8. SUMMARY OF HUDSON, MALLET, AND
SAGINAW LOG FILES

* Because the DSS could not be run for SAGINAW due to the absence of Aid Numbers on the SAGINAW log file, HUDSON's % Construction was applied to SAGINAW.

4.4.1 HUDSON Log

HUDSON's log covered October, 1991 through September, 1993 (23 months). The file was the most easily adapted for use because each individual activity was coded by whether or not a WLIC was necessary to perform the activity and by the actual amount of on-station time that was required. Of the 662 activities included in the file, 349 required a WLIC (53% of total activities) and consumed a total of 613.3 on-station service hours (88% of total on-station time). The remaining 313 activities (47% of total activities) not requiring a WLIC consumed only 82.2 hours of on-station service time (12% of on-station service time). The large difference in onstation time in comparison to aid servicing activities is explained in part by HUDSON's extensive use of its small boat crew to perform non-construction activities while the tender performs construction work. Appendix F, Page F-5, shows the breakdown of on-station service time for HUDSON's log file. Pages F-8 through F-14 show the HUDSON log file's "Indicated Actions", the corresponding "Derived Actions", and whether or not a WLIC was needed. Again, for HUDSON, the determination of whether or not a WLIC was needed was provided on the log file by the tender.

The DSS results for one year of HUDSON's activities showed a total of 1,482 hours. The corresponding one-page summary report is contained in Appendix F (Page F-1). The DSS results for one year of HUDSON's construction-only activities reported a total of 1,273 hours. The corresponding one-page summary report is contained in Appendix F (Page F-2). The resulting proportion of construction time to total time is 85.9%. This proportion, when applied to HUDSON's average operating costs from the CDB, result in an average annual operating cost of \$688.3 thousand for HUDSON's construction activities.

4.4.2 MALLET Log

MALLET's log covered June, 1992 through September, 1993 (15 months). Of the 412 activities included in the file, 97 required a WLIC (24% of total activities) and consumed a total of 187 on-station service hours (59.4% of total on-station time). The remaining 315 activities (76% of total activities) not requiring a WLIC consumed 127.7 hours of on-station service time (40.6% of on-station service time). Appendix F, Page F-6, shows the breakdown of on-station service time for MALLET's log file. Pages F-14 through F-17 show the MALLET log file's "Indicated Actions", the corresponding "Derived Actions", and whether or not a WLIC was needed.

The DSS results for one year of MALLET's activities showed a total of 943 hours. The corresponding one-page summary report is contained in Appendix F (Page F-3). The DSS results for one year of MALLET's construction-only activities reported a total of 732 hours. The corresponding one-page summary report is contained in Appendix F (Page F-4). The resulting proportion of construction time to total time is 77.6%. This proportion, when applied to MALLET's average operating costs from the CDB, results in an average cost of \$433.7 thousand for MALLET's construction activities.

4.4.3 SAGINAW Log

SAGINAW's log covered January, 1992 through September, 1993 (21 months). Of the 654 activities included in the file, 466 required a WLIC (71% of total activities) and consumed a total of 1,282 on-station service hours (90.2% of total on-station time). The remaining 188 activities (29% of total activities) not requiring a WLIC consumed 139.5 hours of on-station service time (9.8% of on-station service time). Appendix F, Page F-7, shows the breakdown of on-station service time for SAGINAW's log file. Pages F-17 through F-20 show the SAGINAW log file's "Indicated Actions", the corresponding "Derived Actions", and whether or not a WLIC was needed.

Due to the absence of an Aid Number field on SAGINAW's log file, its log records could not be linked to the ATONIS Aid file. As a result, geographic aid locations and associated aid data could not be determined, so the DSS could not be applied to SAGINAW's log. However, both HUDSON and SAGINAW are 160-foot WLICs and their proportions of on-station service times were relatively equal -- 88% on-station construction time for HUDSON compared to 90.2% for SAGINAW. Therefore HUDSON's proportion of DSS construction hours to total hours (85.9%) was applied to SAGINAW. This proportion, when applied to SAGINAW's average operating costs from the CDB, result in an average cost of \$708.9 thousand for SAGINAW's construction activities.

Table 9 summarizes the construction costs for HUDSON, MALLET, and SAGINAW.

WLIC	Operating Cost	% Construction (from DSS)	Construction Cost			
HUDSON	\$801,227	85.9%	\$688,254			
SAGINAW	825,233	85.9%	708,875			
MALLET	558,840	77.6%	433,660			

 TABLE 9. WLIC CONSTRUCTION OPERATING COSTS

 In 1993 Dollars

4.5 Private Sector Costs

Existing Coast Guard contracts for marine construction in the Columbia River (D13) and in San Francisco Bay (D11) served as the basis for the development of representative private sector costs. The line items of both contracts were reviewed and compiled into a spreadsheet that could be associated with the log file activities of HUDSON, MALLET, and SAGINAW. The spreadsheet is contained in Appendix G.

The construction-related records within each of the three log files were reviewed and linked to the related items in both of the West Coast contracts. This process relied on the remarks provided on the log files, the structure types and pilings from ATONIS (for MALLET and HUDSON), and the log file Aid Name field (for SAGINAW). Appendix H shows the resulting distribution of the construction activities for each of the three WLICs.

The activities of the three WLICs were then linked to the contract line items and tabulated. Appendix I shows the breakdown of the work order quantities resulting from the linking of the activities to the contract line items, and Appendix J summarizes the Appendix I tables through six corresponding summary tables (3 WLICs * 2 contracts). As an example of the contents of the tables, the MALLET/Columbia River table is shown as Table 10.

TABLE 10. MALLET LOG ACTIVITY PERFORMEDTHROUGH COLUMBIA RIVER CONTRACT

	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5
ITEM 1: MOBILIZATION/ DEMOBILIZATION			····. ···. ····.		
		2		7	9
Visits Per Trip	1	3	4	•	-
Required Number of Trips	97	32	24	14	11
Mobilization/Demob. Costs Per Trip	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500
TOTAL MOBILIZATION/DEMOB.	\$533,500	\$177,833	\$133,375	\$76,214	\$59,278
ITEM 2: TRANSIT COSTS			<u> </u>		
Transit Costs Per Mile	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60
Average Miles Per Trip	157	175	194	213	235
TOTAL TRANSIT COSTS	\$914,542	\$338,719	\$282,266	\$177,424	\$151,796
ITEM 3: REMOVALS	\$197,200	\$197,200	\$197,200	\$197,200	\$197,200
ITEM 4: MATERIALS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM 5: INSTALLATIONS	\$220,000	\$220,000	\$220,000	\$220,000	\$220,000
ITEM 6: REPAIRS	\$29,700	\$29,700	\$29,700	\$29,700	\$29,700
ITEM 7: DIVING SERVICES	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM 8: FIELD ENGINEERING	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM 9: BUOYS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM 10: DELIVER REMAINING MATERIALS	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM 11: PICK UP MATERIALS REMAINING	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM TOTALS: 15 Months	\$1,894,942	\$963,453	\$862,541	\$700,539	\$657,974
ADJUSTED TOTALS: 12 Months	\$1,515,954	\$770,762	\$690,033	\$560,431	\$526,379

The five scenarios shown in Table 10 correspond to the possibilities that were examined for the number of aids visited per trip, ranging from 1 to 9. Scenario 3, which is shaded, was determined to be the scenario that best represents MALLET's construction activities based on the one-year DSS run of MALLET's construction work (see Appendix F, Page F-4). The DSS reported that MALLET visited 4.0 aids per trip which corresponds to Scenario 3. Visiting 4 aids per trip, the 97 aid visits in the MALLET log file would require 24.25 trips. Each trip was priced at an average of \$5,500 by the Columbia River contract, for a total Item 1 (Mobilization/ Demobilization) cost of \$133,375.

Item 2 (Transit Costs) was developed based on the average miles per trip reported by the DSS (again, for MALLET, see Appendix F, Page F-4). Servicing 4 aids per DSS trip and making 20 trips, MALLET transited at 6 knots for 561.92 hours, for a total of 3,372 nautical

miles, or 3,880 standard miles. Dividing by 20 trips, the average trip was slightly less then 194 miles. Under Scenario 3, 24.25 trips were necessary and the Columbia River contract cost per mile was \$60. Total transit costs were therefore 194 * 24.25 * \$60, or \$282,266. For the other four scenarios, a 10% change in miles per trip, starting from Scenario 3's 194 miles per trip, was used as an estimate of the effect of servicing one more or one less aid per trip (90% of 194 = 175, 90% of 175 = 157; and 110% of 194 = 213, 110% of 213 = 235).

Items 3 (Removals), 5 (Installations), and 6 (Repairs) were based on applying the associated contract costs to the corresponding number of activities indicated on the log files. The Item 4 (Materials) cost of \$0 was based on the assumption that, as at present, the government would provide all materials and that those costs are not included under WLIC operating costs. For Items 10 (Deliver Remaining Materials) and 11 (Pick Up Materials Remaining), it was assumed that a contractor would be able to accommodate the receipt and storage of materials at their own facilities and that any associated costs (which are also not currently included under WLIC operating costs) would not be significantly different than those currently incurred by the government. Items 7 (Diving Services), 8 (Field Engineering), and 9 (Buoys) were also not considered significant.

Table 11 shows the resulting comparisons of government and contract costs for HUDSON, SAGINAW, and MALLET.

WLIC	USCG Construction Cost	Average Visits per Trip (Scenario 3)	Cost Using Columbia River Contract	Cost Using San Francisco Contract
HUDSON	\$688,254	5.8	\$1,248,991	\$1,981,150
SAGINAW	708,875	5.5	1,686,994	2,531,306
MALLET	433,660	4.0	690,033	1,067,807

TABLE 11. COMPARISON OF GOVERNMENT & CONTRACTED ANNUAL OPERATING COSTS In 1993 Dollars

4.6 Life Cycle Cost Analysis

G-NSR has developed an initial estimate of \$7.7 million to acquire a new WLIC of the 160-foot class. The estimate is based on the current acquisition costs of the replacement WLMs and WLBs. Appendix K contains the spreadsheets used to develop life cycle costs for HUDSON, MALLET, and SAGINAW. To be conservative, the lower of each tender's two contract costs -- which in each case corresponded to the Columbia River contract -- was chosen for comparison with government costs. The life cycle was based on the arbitrary premise that each vessel would remain in operation for ten more years and then be replaced with a new 160-foot WLIC that would continue in operation for another 30 years. Table 12 contains a summary of the life cycle costs contained in Appendix K.

		IN 199.	Donars			
(\$ K)	MALLET through USCG	MALLET through Contract		HUDSON through Contract	SAGINAW through USCG	SAGINAW through Contract
O&M Costs (40 years)	17,346	27,601	27,530	49,960	28,355	67,480
Capital(replaced in 2003)	7,700	0	7,700	0	7,700	0
Total 40 Year Cost	25,046	27,601	35,230	49,960	36,055	67,480
Total Discounted (@4%)	14,129	14,204	19,369	25,710	19,794	34,726

TABLE 12. COMPARISON OF GOVERNMENT AND CONTRACTED LIFE CYCLE COSTS

The life cycle cost results indicate that private sector contract costs exceed those of Coast Guard construction tenders for all three tenders. However, the MALLET private sector costs exceed government costs by less than 1%. If actual life cycle contract costs are \$75,000 less than projected, or MALLET's life-cycle costs are \$75,000 more than projected, the MALLET costs would exceed private sector costs.

The relatively poorer cost performance of MALLET in comparison to HUDSON and SAGINAW can be attributed to its relative lower level of utilization. Although MALLET is responsible for more buoys (283) than either HUDSON (36) or SAGINAW (70), DSS underway hours indicated that 77.6% of MALLET's costs were attributable to construction activities, versus 85.9% for HUDSON (whose percentage was also applied to SAGINAW). MALLET's estimated average annual construction operating costs of \$433,660 are 63% of HUDSON's \$688,254 and 61% of SAGINAW's \$708,875. However, MALLET's 80 average annual construction visits are only 43% of HUDSON's 183 visits and 30% of SAGINAW's 266 visits. The differences in operating costs for MALLET contribute significantly to making it less competitive with private sector costs.

MALLET's higher unit costs are reflective of the higher operating costs per underway hour of the 75-foot class of WLICs when compared to the 160-foot class. The average annual Abstract of Operations underway hours (see Table 3) shows that, of the 16 construction tenders, the highest reported AOPS underway hours was for a 100-footer (SMILAX), followed in order by the four 160-footers (PAMLICO, HUDSON, KENNEBEC, and SAGINAW), the remaining two 100-footers (PRIMROSE and RAMBLER), and then the nine 75-footers -- of which MALLET was actually the highest. Although the average annual operating costs of the 75-foot class are similarly less than those of the 100-foot or 160-foot classes (see Table 7), the cost per underway hour is actually higher. Adding up Table 3's AOPS hours by class and dividing the sums into Table 7's annual operating costs, the average costs per underway hour are \$721, \$568, and \$481 for the 75-foot, 100-foot, and 160-foot classes, respectively. The lower utilization figures for the 75-foot class, when combined with the relatively fixed personnel and engineering costs, produce the significantly higher average unit costs. Why the 75-foot class is relatively under-utilized is not a subject of this analysis, and may in fact be coincidental. Regardless, a relatively under-utilized tender compares less favorably with private sector costs than one that is fully utilized. If the under-utilization of the 75-foot class is due to design limitations, the Coast Guard's intention of limiting future WLIC acquisitions to vessels of the 160-foot class would help maintain the government's cost advantage, as shown by the life cycle cost results for HUDSON and SAGINAW.

5 WLIC QUALITATIVE MISSION FACTORS

The projected WLIC fleet size and the private sector cost comparison developed by this analysis consider only an average annual level of fixed aid construction activities performed by the WLIC fleet. Reducing or eliminating the WLIC fleet would affect the availability of WLICs to perform the other activities in which they are currently employed, and could potentially impact the Coast Guard's ability to respond to both peak and average levels of fixed aid construction requirements. Although difficult to quantify, the other WLIC activities need to be considered before making changes to the WLIC fleet.

To account for the additional WLIC activities, this analysis developed a list of relevant factors. Because relevant inputs and net effects are either unavailable or would require a level of effort beyond the scope of this analysis, the factors were developed from a qualitative rather than quantitative perspective. They were derived from a combination of past Volpe Center efforts and discussions with Coast Guard ATON personnel at each of the three districts in which WLICs are located.

Compilation of the qualitative factors was focused on the two key considerations of this analysis -- a reduction in the WLIC fleet size and contracting for fixed aid construction. Some factors, such as surge response (the ability to respond to surges in fixed aid construction requirements) and non-ATON support to other Coast Guard missions, were relevant to both a reduced WLIC fleet and to the contracting of the construction component. Other factors, such as quality assurance and control of discretionary preventive maintenance were relevant only to the contracting area. Table 13 shows the compiled list of WLIC mission factors broken out by the inputs of the three districts and the two areas considered -- reducing the WLIC fleet size and contracting for the construction component. Check marks indicate where potentially adverse effects were identified. For example, a check mark appears in the "Surge Response" row under District 5's "Impacted by Reduced Fleet" column because, based on inputs from the district, it was concluded that D5's ability to respond to a surge response would be adversely affected by a reduced fleet size. Each factor is discussed below.

5.1 Surge Response

Surge response refers to the need to service quickly large numbers of ATON discrepancies caused by weather extremes such as hurricanes, severe icing, severe droughts, and major coastal storms. Underlying this concern is the broader issue of operating philosophy that is beyond the scope of this analysis: how quickly must surge response requirements be met? Discrepancy response factors are computed by the Coast Guard for every discrepant aid, based upon the criticality of the aid and the nature of the discrepancy. Unless a fixed aid discrepancy imposes a hazard to navigation (such as when structure wreckage is blocking a channel), the discrepancy can be temporarily fixed by an Aids to Navigation Team through the deployment of temporary buoys. A WLIC will permanently repair the discrepancy when it can be worked into its schedule.

	Dist	rict 5	Dist	rict 7	Dist	rict 8
Mission Factors	Affected by Reduced Fleet	Affected by Con- tracting Out	Affected by Reduced Fleet	Affected by Con- tracting Out	Affected by Reduced Fleet	Affected by Con- tracting Out
Surge Response	1	1	1	1	1	1
Buoy Work		1		1		1
ATON Support to Other CG Districts	1	1			1	1
Discretionary Preventive Maintenance		1		1		1
Quality Assurance		1		1		1
Scheduled and Unscheduled Vessel Maintenance	1	1	1		1	1
Coast Guard Infrastructure		1	1	1		1
Non-ATON Support to Other CG Missions	1	1	1	J	1	1
Non-ATON Marine Construction	1	1	1	1	J	1
Heavy Lift Capability and Cable Repairs	1	1				
Coast Guard Visibility and Public Perception	1	1	1	1	1	1

TABLE 13. WLIC MISSION FACTORS

Table 14 shows the average discrepancy response levels of the current 16 WLICs. The report was developed based on the 1990-1993 ATONIS discrepancy file. The discrepancy response level is the product of the ATONIS aid file "Discrepancy Response Factor 1" field and the ATONIS discrepancy file "Discrepancy Code" field. Because not all discrepancies could be linked to the aid file, and because not all that were linked had non-zero values in the relevant fields, not all of the discrepancies were included in computing the average response levels. The table provides an indication of the relative criticality of discrepancy response for the 16 WLIC areas. Due to the number of discrepancies for which response levels could not be computed, combined with the use of ANTs to provide an initial response which may alter the construction tender response requirement, no overall conclusions could be made from the table.

Dis- trict	WLIC	Port	Total Discrepancies	Computable Discrepancies	Average Discrepancy Resp. Level
7	VISE	ST PETERSBURG	310	175	138.7
8	PAMLICO	NEW ORLEANS	270	130	151.1
8	ANVIL	CORPUS CHRISTI	178	40	182.8
7	HUDSON	MIAMI	216	117	190.1
8	MALLET	CORPUS CHRISTI	166	62	205.0
7	RAMBLER	CHARLESTON	117	63	205.9
8	HATCHET	GALVESTON	201	89	212.8
8	AXE	MOBILE	251	54	213.3
8	SAGINAW	MOBILE	491	111	220.6
8	WEDGE	NEW ORLEANS	336	139	220.9
5	SLEDGE	BALTIMORE	17	13	240.2
8	CLAMP	G'LVESTON	431	133	243.6
7	SMILAX	BRUNSWICK	111	59	281.4
5	KENNEBEC	PORTSMOUTH	63	24	282.5
5	PRIMROSE	ATLANTIC BEACH	324	102	303.4
7	HAMMER	MAYPORT	194	130	313.7
	Coast	Guard Discrepancy	Response Level	5	—, <u> </u>
	600 ar	nd up IMMEDIATE			
	450 -	599 HIGH PRIORI	[TY (within	18 hours)	
	275 -	449 PRIORITY	(within	36 hours)	
	150 -	274 ROUTINE		72 hours)	
	1 -	149 DECISION/DE	EFERRED (as prac		

 TABLE 14. AVERAGE 1990-1993 WLIC DISCREPANCY RESPONSE LEVELS

Surge response requirements are unpredictable, yet contingency planning for execution and coordination has to be in place to mitigate the adverse effects to public safety and national economy. The 1990 Volpe Center contracting study stated:

"In recent years there have been numerous cases where surge response was critically instrumental for restoring public safety to large sections of the nation that were devastated by hurricanes and flooding. [These] cases point out the national need for a geographically diversified capability in order to ensure the safety and security of the navigable U.S. waters. Clearly in those districts that are subject to extreme weather conditions the ATON resources are essential for surge response."

Effects of Reduced Fleet

A reduced fleet size would cause a decrease in the capacity to respond to unexpected surges in the demand for fixed aid construction. The relative effects would depend on an individual tender's typical work profile -- a tender that is fully employed doing fixed aid construction but which spends proportionately more time on non-discrepancy types of construction (which are more conducive to being deferred to a later date) could more readily provide surge response. Conversely, a tender that is already primarily employed in discrepancy response would be less able to absorb surge response requirements. Relative servicing priorities would be more apparent in the first case, but in both cases there would be less capacity within the 1,500 hour target limit to provide both regular services and surge response.

Table 15 shows the relative proportions of discrepancy and non-discrepancy responses by tenders and districts. The table was developed from Table 2, which contained the derived 1992 construction 'og file activities. It provides an indication of the relative levels of discrepancy and non-discrepancy responses for the current construction tender fleet. In the Fifth District, 46% of WLIC activities were for discrepancy response, in the Seventh District this number was 74.2%, and in the Eighth District it was 82.8%.

Depending upon the size of the required surge response, the impacts could be felt by anywhere from a single tender up to the entire construction tender fleet. At those locations where home ports are projected to be eliminated (Portsmouth, VA, and Brunswick, GA), average distances between home ports and discrepancy response locations will increase, resulting in greater average response times for both regular and surge response requirements.

Effects of Contracting

If the required level of surge response mandates that additional resources be shifted from other areas, the ability to relocate contractor vessels and crews may be more difficult and expensive than those incurred in relocating Coast Guard resources.

If the required level does not warrant the shifting of resources, the ability of a contracted fleet to respond to a surge response may still differ significantly from those of the Coast Guard, depending in large part on how the contract is structured. After a major storm, contractors could be divid competing demands on their resources, whereas Coast Guard resources are dedicated to Coast Guard requirements. A contract could be structured and funded to specify that a contractor must give priority to Coast Guard requirements, but the ability of the Coast Guard to enforce such requirements within the period of time required to meet a surge response would be of concern. One scenario offered was if, during a period when a significant surge response was required another customer offered a contractor a premium price for the contractor's services, the contractor might respond by overworking his resources to the point where his resources became incapable of performing to the desired contractual level, or might break down altogether. Problems experienced by contractors in receiving prompt payments from the government might further influence a contractor towards pursuing non-government opportunities that are financially more lucrative and timely.

WLIC	Non- Discrepancies (*)	% of Total	Discrepancies (**)	% of Total	Tota! Activities
KENNEBEC	54	71.1	22	28.9	76
PRIMROSE	45	32.8	92	67.2	137
SLEDGE	43	86.0	7	14.0	50
D5 Total	142	54.0	121	46.0	263
HAMMER	8	13.1	53	86.9	61
HUDSON	29	26.9	79	73.1	108
RAMBLER	15	27.8	39	72.2	54
SMILAX	14	26.9	38	73.1	52
VISE	41	29.3	99	70.7	140
D7 Total	107	25.8	308	74.2	415
ANVIL	15	20.8	57	79.2	72
AXE	6	7.5	74	92.5	80
CLAMP	24	16.4	122	83.6	146
HATCHET	10	13.5	64	86.5	74
MALLET	14	22.6	48	77.4	62
PAMLICO	33	30.6	75	69.4	108
SAGINAW	10	5.7	165	94.3	175
WEDGE	28	29.5	67	70.5	95
D8 Total	140	17.2	672	82.8	812
CG Total	389	26.1	1101	73.9	1490

TABLE 15. NON-DISCREPANCY VS. DISCREPANCY **PROFILE OF 1992 DERIVED LOG FILE**

* Non-Discrepancy Activities: Daybeacons converted to Lights Lights converted to Daybeacons Removals(& structures converted to buoys) Establishments (& buoys converted to structures)
** Discrepancy Activities: Passing Light Only on DBNs or LTs Rebuild/ Wreckage Recovered Rebuild/ Wreckage Remains Reset on Station

5.2 Buoy Work

Construction tenders are designed for constructing fixed aids to navigation. However, the required design features are also applicable to working certain buoy sizes and locations. As a result, in the absence of alternative resources and where available WLIC capacity exists, construction tenders have historically been assigned regular buoy maintenance responsibilities.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

Because buoy work is one of the primary components of the ATON mission, any reduction in the construction tender fleet must necessarily be combined with either the assignment of an appropriate level of alternative buoy servicing resources to the affected WLIC operational areas, or with the provision for sufficient remaining construction tender capacity to continue doing the buoy work. Where no fleet reduction is realized, WLICs will continue to work buoys as usual. Although further attention to the management and allocation of ATON resources may be required, any reduction in the construction tender fleet will necessarily include appropriate provisions for doing the buoy work, so no net effect should result.

Effects of Contracting

Contracting the construction work performed by WLICs would eliminate their availability for doing buoy work. Alternative methods would have to be pursued to provide those capabilities.

5.3 ATON Support to Other Districts

WLICs also provide fixed aid construction support to other Coast Guard districts. Most significantly, in recent years construction tenders have been dispatched from D5 to D1 and from D8 to D2 for the purpose of building fixed aids to navigation. The volumes of fixed aid construction work in both D1 and D2 do not support the permanent assignment of construction tenders, but the demands and costs of one-time large-scale conversions of floating aids to fixed aids often warrant the temporary transfer of WLICs to accomplish the task.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

A reduced construction tender fleet would impact the ability to provide ATON construction support to other districts.

Effects of Contracting

Contracts would have to be expanded or additional contracts would have to be awarded to perform ATON construction currently provided by WLICs to other Coast Guard districts. When faced with deciding between contracting to convert buoys to structures or continuing to use buoys, the decision to stay with buoys may be made more often.

5.4 Discretionary Preventive Maintenance

In addition to responding to reported discrepancies, construction tender operations also include the performance of preventive maintenance on structures in order to prevent future discrepancies. During regular operations, if a WLIC commanding officer (CO) notices appreciable deterioration to a structure that otherwise is performing according to specifications and is not technically discrepant, the CO will make an assessment as to the urgency of the situation and the tender will either stop and rebuild the structure at that time or the CO will make plans to return and rebuild the aid at a later date. Factors included in the assessment would be the probability of aid failure, the availability of materials to perform the repairs, and the probability that the tender would be in the area again in the near future.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

Although data supporting the frequency of preventive maintenance activities was not directly available, the derived construction tender log file developed for this analysis took into account such activities through consideration of reported versus derived piling usage figures. Therefore no effect on the Coast Guard's performance of preventive maintenance should result from a reduced fleet size.

Effects of Contracting

Personal, professional, and legal considerations should prevent the misuse of contractor discretion in determining when or whether to perform preventive maintenance. However, required preventive maintenance could be ignored if a contractor is faced with having to pay overtime to complete the job or with the threat of having their judgement questioned and perhaps not being reimbursed. In the latter case, there might be an advantage to the contractor in foregoing the preventive maintenance and waiting until an actual discrepancy occurred. The government might then have to issue an emergency work order that could be more profitable to the contractor than performing preventive maintenance.

5.5 Quality Assurance

A factor related to having the discretion to perform preventive maintenance is quality assurance. Marking the "best water" in a waterway requires knowledge of local conditions and attention to detail. Ensuring proper placement of aids and adherence to sound construction practices is presently accomplished through the experience and commitment of the construction tender crews. Limits on crew endurance and time and cost constraints exist, but there is no financial motivation to cut corners.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

A reduced construction tender fleet would result in larger areas of operation for the remaining tenders. As the areas increase, the ability of COs and their crews to be expert on the features of their assigned waterways may diminish. However, because the smaller fleet will be more focused on the construction element and will only have to be familiar with fixed aid locations, the effects should offset each other, resulting in no net effect on quality assurance.

Effects of Contracting

Contracting the construction of fixed aids creates the opportunity for greater continuity of personnel than is possible under Coast Guard operations, due to the turnover aspect of military tours of duty. Conversely, contracts are subject to change whenever they are recompeted, and the changeover could constitute 100% of the required personnel. Under a threeyear military rotation policy, only one-third of a Coast Guard crew changes every year. Contracting therefore does not appear to imply a consistent effect on quality assurance through the ability to provide continuity of personnel.

Financial considerations, however, could affect quality assurance if a contractor could keep his costs down and still perform within the requirements of their contract. If contractors know they will only be reimbursed according to the terms of their contracts, they might be reluctant to go beyond those terms if they might not be reimbursed. One scenario offered was a situation where an existing contractor did not win a follow-on contract but whose current contract had not yet expired. In a situation where applying resources to a task might prove fruitless or not produce visible results, such as finding and removing the wreckage of a destroyed structure, the motivation to downplay quality assurance could result.

Due to government liability considerations, contracting the construction of aids to navigation would necessitate the provision of adequate government quality assurance resources. Depending on factors beyond the scope of this analysis, government oversight could range anywhere from complete on-sight supervision and verification down to only random and periodic audits and inspections of completed work. Either way, the resulting costs to the government could be considerable.

5.6 Coast Guard Infrastructure

The personnel and vessels associated with the construction of fixed aids to navigation represent a substantial investment on the part of the Coast Guard. The Coast Guard has been constructing fixed aids for 50 years⁶. Experience and proven ability aside, the current institutional structure supporting the construction component provides a pipeline of expertise and supporting resources that help ensure the continued success of the program.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

Due to the rotational aspect of Coast Guard military tours of duty, as the size of a program area decreases, the ability to develop the personnel skills and experience required to continue performing the mission becomes impaired. The Coast Guard is studying this issue in relation to all of its mission areas⁷.

Effects of Contracting

A contracted fleet of construction tenders would eliminate the existing pipeline. As a result, the mechanisms currently in place for developing the skills and experience necessary to provide contract quality assurance would be gone. Today, there would be an ample supply of

⁶ The oldest construction tenders, the 100-foot class, were commissioned in 1944.

¹ G-PD5, Workforce Planning Division (1994)

qualified personnel available from among the current and past construction tender personnel that are still in the Coast Guard. However, as the personnel produced by the existing pipeline retire, the ability to develop and apply qualified personnel to the task would become more difficult.

5.7 Scheduled and Unscheduled Vessel Maintenance

Unscheduled vessel maintenance is similar to surge response -- the effect is a significant increase in the demand on available resources. Depending upon the amount of downtime involved, the effects of scheduled maintenance can be as significant as unscheduled maintenance, although the ability to plan and prepare for scheduled maintenance generally results in a lower overall impact.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

A reduction in the construction tender fleet size would cause a decrease in the number of coverage options when a tender goes in for maintenance. Limiting the geographic area from which shipyard repair bids are accepted could be a partial solution.

Effects of Contracting

A contracted fleet of construction tenders would present at least the same maintenance problems as those encountered by the Coast Guard's own fleet. With Coast Guard vessels, if the funding for repairs is not available in a tender's maintenance budget, the funding can be transferred eventually from other areas. From a timing perspective, it may be easier for a contractor to procure the repair of their vessels than it is for the Coast Guard, but whether the contractor has the necessary funds could become an issue.

In addition, as with surge response requirements, the ability to relocate contracted vessels and crews in response to vessel maintenance requirements may be more difficult and expensive than those incurred in relocating Coast Guard resources.

5.8 Non-ATON Support to Other CG Missions

WLICs have also been used in support of other Coast Guard missions. In support of marine environmental response activities, WLICs are among the smallest vessels capable of deploying vessel oil skimming systems (VOSS). WLICs have supported the Enforcement of Laws and Treaties (ELT) mission through their ability to provide "hotel services" during ELT operations. Recently, in D8, WLICs have been used in the enforcement of the use of Turtle Exclusion Devices (TED) by commercial fishermen.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

Although historically the amount of support WLICs have provided to other Coast Guard missions has been low in terms of their total underway time (90% of which has been in support of ATON), the impact of a reduced WLIC fleet would depend on the nature and urgency of the required activities and the availability and cost of other resources that might be substituted in their place. If the relative importance of a non-ATON requirement is judged to be greater than

assigned WLIC activities, construction tenders could be diverted from the ATON mission. The resulting impacts would then have to be absorbed by the ATON mission.

Effects of Contracting

Alternative methods would have to be pursued for accomplishing the support currently provided by WLICs to other Coast Guard missions.

5.9 Non-ATON Marine Construction

The marine construction capabilities of Coast Guard construction tenders are sometimes used to build docks and repair bulkheads at Coast Guard facilities and other government agencies, including the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration, the Army Corps of Engineers, the Environmental Protection Agency, and the Department of Interior.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

A reduced construction tender fleet would reduce the availability of WLICs for performing non-ATON marine construction.

Effects of Contracting

Alternative methods would have to be acquired to accomplish the non-ATON marine construction services currently performed by WLICs.

5.10 Heavy Lift Capability and Cable Repairs

The Fifth District indicated that the lift capability of WLICs is sometimes used for hoisting large battery packs up onto aid structures and for pulling up and repairing underwater cables. Generally, replacing battery packs is a component of regular aid servicing performed by other units, and not by WLICs. However, the responsible units are most often Aids to Navigation Teams, and they lack the resources necessary to perform the required lifting.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

A reduced construction tender fleet in the Fifth District would reduce the availability of WLICs for performing the heavy lift and cable repair services.

Effects of Contracting

Alternative methods would have to be pursued to accomplish these functions in the Fifth District.

5.11 Coast Guard Visibility and Public Perception

Public perception of the Coast Guard is an intangible asset that is of immense value in procuring the resources necessary to provide required levels of service and for the recruitment and retention of qualified personnel. Construction tenders are highly visible Coast Guard assets. Their appearance in a waterway can provide a mariner with the confidence of knowing that their

interests are being served, and that if there are any problems, they know who to contact to have the situation corrected. Coast Guard personnel encountered in the course of this analysis were universally found to be dedicated and devoted to their work, and concerned about preventing any decrease in service to the mariner.

Effects of Reduced Fleet

Any reduction in the construction tender fleet would primarily be accomplished through off-loading their buoy work onto the 49-foot replacement stern-loading buoy boats currently being acquired by the Coast Guard. Visually, the buoy boats are significantly less imposing than a construction tender, but more than a one-for-one replacement of buoy boats to construction tenders would be required to accomplish the buoy responsibilities. Because the ATON work being performed by the current fleet of construction tenders would still be performed by Coast Guard resources after a fleet reduction, no net effect on Coast Guard visibility from the ATON perspective should occur. However, to the extent that the other functions provided by construction tenders are no longer performed by Coast Guard assets, the Coast Guard's visibility would decrease.

Effects of Contracting

Elimination of the construction tender fleet would significantly reduce the Coast Guard's public visibility in the affected geographic areas. Public perception of Coast Guard performance, however, will remain tied to the performance of the aids to navigation system. If the system fails, the Coast Guard will ultimately remain both accountable and liable.

6 CONCLUSION

This analysis concludes that a fleet of 11 construction tenders would provide the Coast Guard with sufficient resources to meet current levels of fixed aid construction requirements, representing a reduction of five tenders from the current fleet of 16. Considering only annual construction workloads, 10 tenders would be sufficient. However, this would entail only four WLICs in the Eighth District which, in light of additional qualitative factors, was judged to be inappropriate. This analysis concludes that five construction tenders are required in D8.

Reducing the WLIC fleet by five would be achieved primarily through the transfer of approximately 1,400 of the 1,600 buoys worked by WLICs to seven replacement stern-loading buoy boats. In addition, other WLIC mission areas, including providing ATON support to other districts, non-ATON support to other Coast Guard missions, and the construction of docks and bulkheads for both the Coast Guard and other government agencies, would have to be curtailed.

A construction tender fleet dedicated to construction work would retain the ability to meet critical discrepancy response requirements, such as removing and rebuilding damaged structures posing hazards to navigation, and would preserve the Coast Guard career pipeline necessary to develop and maintain construction tender expertise and quality assurance.

Construction tenders fully employed doing construction work result in economies of scale due to the relatively fixed personnel and engineering costs associated with vessel operations. These economies of scale result in no apparent monetary advantage to be gained from contracting the work of construction tenders.

Following are summaries of the findings of this analysis.

6.1 District 5

DSS outputs for the Fifth District indicate that two WLICs -- one home ported at Baltimore and the other at Atlantic Beach, NC -- are capable of performing the construction work of the three current construction tenders. This finding was counter to what was expected based on reported Abstract of Operations underway hours for SLEDGE (Baltimore, MD), KENNEBEC (Portsmouth, VA), and PRIMROSE (Atlantic Beach, NC). Except for SLEDGE, the district's construction tenders are assigned little or no buoy work, so their AOPS hours should be almost entirely attributable to construction activities. The derived log file did not support that conclusion.

Discussions with the Fifth District revealed that the difference between the AOPS and DSS underway hours was primarily attributable to the number of structure upgrades performed in D5. In developing the derived log file, if an aid had been an "LT" (light structure) in the 1990 ATONIS aid file, and was still an "LT" in the 1993 version, then an upgrade during that time from a single-pile structure to a multi-pile structure would not have been captured. That the derived pilings total was only 64% of the district's reported total supports the conclusion that

the difference is attributable to structure upgrades.

If significant levels of additional structure upgrades are planned in the Fifth District, two construction tenders may not be adequate for the district's requirements. However, the ability to justify the need for a third construction tender based on structure upgrade requirements is not apparent. Upgrades can be planned out in advance and could be amenable to being performed under commercial contracts. The derived log file activities for the Fifth District already include the largest percentage (54%) and frequency (142 activities) of non-discrepancy work (establishments, conversions, and removals) of the three WLIC districts.

The Fifth District is subject to both hurricanes and severe winter icing that can cause significant damage to fixed aids. The possibility of such events occurring and the potential significance of the effects cannot be overlooked. However, it is not apparent that two construction tenders -- combined with additional resources from both within and outside the district -- could not satisfactorily respond to such events.

One replacement buoy boat is projected for D5 to offset the one-tender reduction in its WLIC fleet. Due to the large number of buoys (132) assigned to SLEDGE that can be worked by a buoy boat, the new buoy boat should be located in Baltimore. The geographic areas of coverage for the two projected D5 construction tenders are shown in Figure 4.

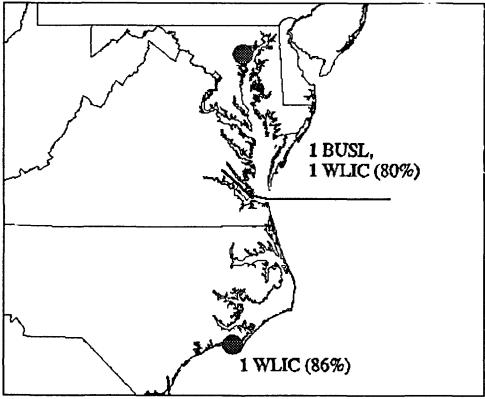


FIGURE 4. PROJECTED DISTRICT 5 WLICS (2)

6.2 District 7

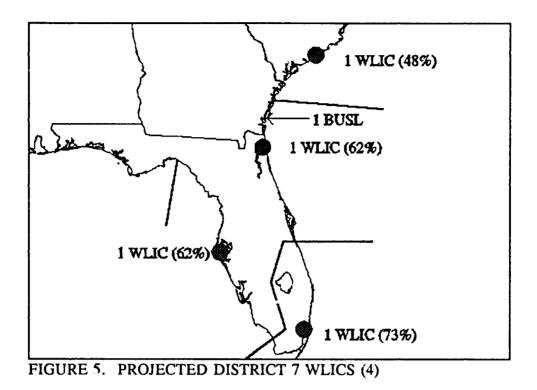
DSS results for the Seventh District indicate that, due to the extensive operating areas of HUDSON (Miami, FL) and VISE (St. Petersburg, FL), no fleet reductions can be made at those locations.

However, DSS results for RAMBLER (Charleston, SC) and Group Mayport's SMILAX (Brunswick, GA) and HAMMER (Mayport, FL) indicate that two tenders could perform the construction work currently performed by those three tenders. The lowest utilization totals were reported when the two projected tenders are home ported in Charleston (48%) and Mayport (62%). Although both tenders would be relatively under utilized for construction work, DSS results showed that one tender working from the central Brunswick port would be 145% utilized.

Individually, among the 16 current construction tenders, the DSS reported the lowest (302) and third lowest (459) amounts of underway hours for the derived construction activities of SMILAX and RAMBLER, respectively. Conversely, SMILAX and RAMBLER show the highest (47) and third highest (16) totals of assigned buoys that cannot be worked by replacement buoy boats. It is projected that the two tenders replacing RAMBLER, SMILAX, and HAMMER will still have sufficient capacity to retain assignment of those buoys.

Despite the relatively low utilization amounts for the projected Charleston and Mayport tenders, the previous projection of one new buoy boat for Brunswick, which will no longer be home to a WLIC, is unchanged. This is based on the following considerations: the two construction tenders will still be assigned the non-BUSL buoys; currently, SMILAX reports the highest underway hours of the 16 WLICs -- a BUSL assigned to Brunswick will help offset the loss of those hours; and, anticipating assignment of the BUSL, the Coast Guard is preparing to convert a number of heavy-sinker buoys to smaller sinkers capable of being worked by a BUSL.

The buoy boats previously projected for Charleston and Miami, however, are no longer required. The WLICs projected for those locations will have sufficient capacity to meet existing buoy servicing requirements. The geographic areas of coverage for the four projected D7 construction tenders are shown in Figure 5.



6.3 District 8

The Eighth District's eight construction tenders are each assigned, on average, over 150 buoys. Off-loading those buoys onto replacement buoy boats significantly reduces demand on those tenders. DSS outputs for D8 indicate that one construction tender assigned to each of the district's four groups -- each of which currently have two WLICs -- would be capable of accomplishing the district's fixed aid construction requirements. Maintaining the current group boundaries, single WLICs at Corpus Christi, Galveston, New Orleans, and Mobile would operate at 74%, 102%, 94%, and 108% of underway hours capacity, respectively. By shifting group boundaries to take advantage of the available capacity at Corpus Christi, the utilization figures for all four groups can be brought to between 95% and 99%.

Additional considerations, including the WLIC qualitative factors identified in this analysis, indicate that reducing the D8 construction tender fleet to four is not advisable. Specifically, the following factors were considered:

- The derived log file represents an average year. Deploying four construction tenders at nearly 100% of their capacity allows little or no capacity for above-average annual workloads.
- Based on the derived log file, 83% of the construction activities performed by D8 WLICs are in response to discrepancies. This was the highest percentage of the three

districts (D7: 74%, D5: 46%). Areas where WLICs spend proportionately more time on discrepancy response requirements, as in D8, are more adversely affected by surge response and maintenance requirements. Compared to non-discrepancies, discrepancy response cannot be as easily deferred, and therefore cannot be as easily scheduled or rescheduled around maintenance and surge response requirements.

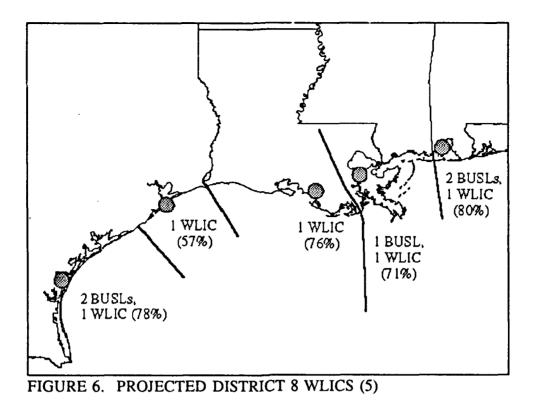
• The D8 ports of New Orleans, Port Arthur (TX), Houston/Galveston, Mobile, and Corpus Christi were five of the top six ports in the country identified for establishment or improvement of Vessel Traffic Systems⁸, offering an indication of the relative significance and state of the district's ports.

Accordingly, this analysis concludes that five construction tenders are required in the Eighth District. The choice of location for the fifth tender requires further inputs from the district. Geographically, New Orleans and Galveston are the middle two ports in the district and either one of them, or some point in between, could be an appropriate location. The area of Morgan City, LA, due to its central location within the district and therefore its relative proximity to each of the other four WLIC ports, might be an advantageous location for the fifth tender, subject to local considerations and district concerns.

Previously, six new buoy boats had been projected for D8. Based on the five projected tenders, the need for five of the six buoy boats still exists. The buoy boat projected for Galveston is now unnecessary due to the availability of a sufficient level of WLIC capacity from Galveston to perform the required buoy work⁹. The geographic areas of coverage for the five projected D8 construction tenders, with the fifth tender home ported in Morgan City, are shown in Figure 6.

⁹ U.S. Department of Transportation, U.S. Coast Guard, Ports Needs Study (Vessel Traffic Services Benefits), DOT-1-CG-N-01-91-1.2, August, 1991.

⁹ The 1993 Volpe Center BUSL study projected 402 WLIC hours for the Galveston WLIC buoys.



6.4 Impact on Projected Replacement BUSL Requirements

The Volpe Center's August, 1993 analysis of Coast Guard BUSL requirements projected the need for 10 replacement BUSLs to perform the buoy work currently done by WLICs. However, the analysis also concluded that its findings were subject "to the follow-on WLIC mission analysis and fleet-sizing study. Both factors may contribute to a lowering of the projected number of replacement BUSLs." The BUSL analysis assumed a WLIC fleet with no available capacity for performing buoy work. Based on the results of this study, reducing the WLIC fleet size would still leave some capacity for some WLICs to perform buoy work. Having re-examined the requirements for replacement BUSLs, the BUSLs projected for Charleston, Miami, and Galveston are no longer required, resulting in a revised projection of 7 BUSLs for WLIC buoy work. Table 16 shows the revisions along with the number of buoys assigned to each WLIC that can be worked by BUSLs.

Dis- trict	State	WLIC/City	Buoys BUSLs Can Work	Buoys BUSLs Can't Work	Previous BUSL Projection	Revised BUSL Projection
5	MD	SLEDGE/Baltimore	132	15	1	1
5	VA	KENNEBEC/Portsmouth	0	0	0	0
5	NC	PRIMROSE/Atlantic Beach	10	5	0	0
	Dis	trict 5 Totals	142	20	ī	1
7	sc	RAMBLER/Charleston	35	16	1	0
7	GA	SMILAX/Brunswick	23	47	1	1
7		HAMMER/Mayport		0	n n	ō
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	FL	HUDSON/Miami	27	9	1	0
7	FL	VISE/St Petersburg	3	2	ō	Ō
		trict 7 Totals	96	74	3	1
8	AL	AXE/Mobile	317	4	2	2
8	AL	SAGINAW/Mobile	56	14	_	
8		WEDGE/New Orleans	14	3	1	1
8		PAMLICO/New Orleans	88	ī		
8		CLAMP/Galveston	119	24	1	0
8		HATCHET/Galveston	129	4		
8		ANVIL/Corpus Christi	216	1	2	2
8	TX	MALLET/Corpus Christi	283	0		
_	Dis	trict 8 Totals	1222	51	66_	5
	Fle	et Totals	1460	145	10	77

TABLE 16. REVISED REPLACEMENT BUSL PROJECTIONS FOR WLICs

6.5 Comparison of WLIC and Private Sector Costs

The comparison of government and private sector costs contained in this analysis is intended to provide an indication of the relative costs. The results should not be interpreted as a complete study of all relevant factors -- such an analysis is not warranted at this time. Instead, the objective was to provide a basis for the formulation of future acquisition plans for replacing WLICs. If a complete analysis were warranted, representative private sector costs from the relevant geographic areas would need to be collected. In addition, a more precise delineation between construction versus non-construction WLIC costs would be warranted.

The results of the economic analysis indicate that private sector contract costs exceed those of Coast Guard construction tenders that are fully employed on construction activities. Of the total average annual WLIC operating cost of \$771,820, 56% is consumed on personnel, 27% on engineering, and only 17% on operations and maintenance. The relatively fixed personnel and engineering costs result in lower average unit costs as a tender's workload increases.

Accordingly, when capital replacement costs are included, an under utilized Coast Guard construction tender compares significantly less favorably against private sector costs than a fully utilized tender. This finding is consistent with the Coast Guard's use of contracted resources in districts where the level of construction activity does not warrant the assignment of WLICs.

6.6 Qualitative Mission Factors

A reduction in the Coast Guard's construction tender fleet will reduce the availability of WLICs for performing activities beyond their ATON construction mission. The effects would be most noticeable in the following areas: meeting surge response requirements; providing ATON support to other Coast Guard districts; covering for other tenders undergoing scheduled and unscheduled maintenance; providing non-ATON mission support to other Coast Guard and government organizations. To the extent that these activities are no longer performed by Coast Guard assets, the Coast Guard's visibility and associated public perception may be affected.

If private sector fixed aid construction costs were to compare favorably with Coast Guard construction tender costs, the following considerations should be included in the decision of whether to pursue the contracting option.

- The ability to shift contracted resources in response to both surge response and maintenance requirements may be more difficult with a contracted fleet than it is with Coast Guard assets.
- The Coast Guard districts to which WLICs are periodically loaned for the purpose of building fixed aids would have to pursue alternative means of building those aids.
- Alternatives would have to be found for performing the WLICs' buoy work, for building docks and bulkheads for other Coast Guard and government organizations, and for the support to other Coast Guard missions currently delivered by WLICs.
- If all fixed aid construction was contracted, the existing construction tender career pipeline, which produces Coast Guard personnel trained in both the aids to navigation mission and marine construction, would no longer exist. This would impact the ability to develop qualified personnel capable of assuring the quality performance of contracted fixed aid construction operations.
- Contractual specifications may inhibit the performance of discretionary preventive maintenance. In some cases, there might be a financial advantage to a contractor in foregoing preventive maintenance and waiting until an actual discrepancy occurs.
- Government reimbursement mechanisms may work counter to the requirements of an effective aids to navigation system. The receipt of prompt payments might be crucial to the ability of some contractors to maintain unbroken levels of service. Any problems experienced in receiving prompt payments might influence a contractor towards pursuing non-government opportunities that are financially more lucrative and timely during periods of high Coast Guard demand.

7 RECOMMENDATION

Construction tenders are essential to the successful performance of the aids to navigation systems in the areas in which they operate. WLICs provide the ability to quickly respond to and repair damaged structures which pose hazards to navigation. In addition, the ability to exercise judgment without regard for profits cannot be overlooked in assessing the value of WLICs.

This analysis recommends that, as the new BUSLs are brought into service and the oldest WLICs are retired, the Coast Guard begin a realignment of construction tender operating areas down to a configuration requiring 11 WLICs. From that point, the Coast Guard should pursue the acquisition of new WLICs to replace tenders retired thereafter.

The projected fleet size is based upon a derived log file that represents current activities. The fact that the log file was derived infers an obvious recommendation of this analysis: the work performed by Coast Guard ATON resources needs to be more accurately captured. The derived log file was judged to be an accurate depiction of construction tender activities. However, differences between the derived log file and reported Abstract of Operations utilization figures were apparent, as were differences between the derived log file and the three sets of actual compiled ship log data.

The Coast Guard is in the process of developing a new Aids to Navigation Information System which should cut down significantly on the data inconsistencies evident in the current version. However, at this time, no plans are in place for capturing the data appropriate to this analysis. At a minimum, this analysis recommends uniformly capturing the following data on all construction tender activities judged by the Coast Guard to be consistent with the mission of construction tenders:

- Date of activity;
- Description of activity;
- Aid number;
- Performing unit;
- Time spent on station; and
- Pilings utilized (if any).

For modeling purposes, assigning each activity to a corresponding tender trip number would be useful. The trip number could be a simple counter of each time the tender got underway from its home port.

Maintaining accurate, complete, and uniform data on construction activities, and on all other ATON servicing activities, would provide the Coast Guard with benefits beyond the requirements of this analysis. The ability to identify patterns and trends in aid servicing requirements by aid number, type, waterway, environment, and servicing unit would aid in the allocation of current resources, and would provide a basis for developing the justification for additional required resources. Furthermore, as federal agencies are faced with greater demands on limited resources, measuring and ensuring *effectiveness* becomes increasingly important. Measuring effectiveness is often not a simple task, but it is unduly complicated by the absence of a clear definition of goals and objectives and associated performance and cost data. The effectiveness of an aids to navigation system requires a determination of benefits and costs, and costs need to be allocated to cost elements. Based on the data available to this analysis, such an allocation would be difficult for construction tender activities.

Capturing and compiling data related to performance and effectiveness will also provide a more accurate basis from which to consider contracting options. This analysis recommends that contracting options be investigated for only those situations where required construction levels are not sufficient to keep a construction tender fully employed on construction activities. This includes both areas where no WLICs are warranted and those where WLICs are warranted but more than a whole number of tenders is called for. In the latter case, contracting the nondiscrepancy work that can be planned in advance would offer cost advantages over partially utilizing Coast Guard assets for those purposes. On the basis of average unit costs, private sector costs compare favorably with those of under utilized tenders.

APPENDIX A

WLIC OPERATIONS QUESTIONNAIRE

WLIC OPERATIONS QUESTIONNAIRE

Unit Name:_____

Phone:_____

1. What is your vessel's average transit speed?* Kt *Average transit speed should be lower than cruising speed, since it includes slowing while approaching an aid staion, mooring maneuvers, current affects, and no wake zones. Maneuvering to find the aid position, and dragging for wreckage should be counted as a part of servicing time.

- 2. Does your unit routinely work aids at night? YES / NO
- 3. Do you routinely transit between work areas at night? YES / NO
- 4. If the answer to 3 is no, are nights away from home port generally reported in the Abstracts as: UW / STANDBY
- 5. Many aids are repaired when a problem becomes apparent, but before there is a reported discrepancy. What percentage of your construction is for reported discrepancies?

6. Please enter the average times it takes for your unit to complete the following services. Include time to sweep for old structures if appropriate. This average should consider varying water depths, aid characteristics and requirements, bottom types, and other conditions throughout your AOR.

Aid Type	New Construct	Recover & Rebuild	Remove & Replace	Minor Repairs
Wood Daybeacon				
Steel Daybeacon	<u> </u>			
Wood Single Pile Lt				
Steel Single Pile Lt				
Wood 3 Pile Light				
Steel 3 Pile Light				
Wood 4 Pile Light		<u></u>	<u></u>	
Steel 4 Pile Light				
4 Pile Range Wood				
4 Pile Range Steel			. <u></u>	

Aid Type	New Construct	Recover & Rebuild	Remove Replace	
8 Pile Range Wood				
8 Pile Range Steel				
12 Pile Range Wood				
12 Pile Range Steel				
7. Can all the aids reasonably well is				YES / NO
8. If no, what catego	ories are mi	ssing? _		
C = Recharge	at and do no ns are used: spection Change (inclu (includes An ervice (inclu Check	t affect i udes Annua nual Inspe	operating l Inspect: ction)	hours. The
Aid Type	I B	С	М	P R
ULB	<u>N/A</u>	<u>_N/A</u>		
LB	<u>N/A</u>			
DBN		<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/A</u>	<u>N/AN/A</u>
LT			<u>N/A</u> <u>N</u>	<u>N/AN/A_</u>
SM Range		<u></u>	<u>N/A _ N</u>	<u>N/AN/A</u>
LG Range			<u>N/A </u>	<u>N/AN/A_</u>
10. Are there signif employment which				rded as ATON ecify)

11. Given that the personnel and boats are available, can portions of your mission be performed by other standard CG ATON resources? What portions of your mission cannot be performed by any other resource? (specify)

12. Estimate the total number of piles you can carry for construction. Assume that you are not carrying buoy tending materials.

Wood: _____ Steel: _____

13. Are there any other factors which limit the number of aids you can build before returning to home port:

APPENDIX B

WLIC SERVICE TIMES

Page 2

.

MLIC Service Times

ULIC Service Times

Page 1

Ž	11.14 Title Code in Nours Description*	to a state of the second of the second s	Average GA D0.65	5 Fleet Average L1 00.33 1	5 Fleet Average L2 00.75	5 Firet Average L3 02.38 1	Average L3-K		5 Fleet Average M2 01.50 1	5 Fleet Average M3 03.38 1	5 Fleet Average M3-R 01.13	62 5 Fleet Average N4 00.38 IALIMin Reps 43 5 Flaet Average 01 02 50 201 IAAU Con	5 Fleet Average 02 02.25	5 Fleet Average 03 04.44	5 Fleet Average 03-R 01.48	5 Fleet Average 04 00.56	5 Fleet Average P3 05.00	5 Fleet Average P3-R 01.67	Average P4 00.63	S Fleet Average	5 Fleet Average 03 03.88	Average 03-R 01.29	5 Fleet Average Q4 00.50	5 Fleet Average R1 04.00	Average R2 05.00	5 Fleet Average	S Flast Average K3-K U2.00	Average S1 26.00	5 Fleet Average S2 26.50	5 Fleet Average S3 39.00	Average S3-R 13.00	00 D Fleet Average S4 UU.00 4AL/MIN Kep5 84 5 5 aat Average 14 00 34 Dansumin Dans	5 Fleet Average V4 00.38	5 Fleet Average WK 00.50	5 fleet Average Y1 10.00	5 Fleet Average Y2 13.50	5 Fleet Average Y3 13.00	erage Y4 02.00 4	5 KENNEBEC 11 01.00	5 KENNEBEC 12 02.00	5 KENNEBEC 13 02.00 1	5 KENNEBEC 14 00.50 1 K VENTEREC 24 01.50	9/ > KENNEBEC 21 UI.3U ISUBNNEW CON OR 5 KENNEBEC 22 AT AA 150BUD/1245	3 KENNEDEL 22 U3.UU I
5	Dis- trict Vessel Neme Code in Kours Description [*]	C Elizer Average 11 DA 44 LEBUNAL For	13 01.25	Average 13-R 00.25	Average 14 00.29	Average 21 01.00 1		4	Average 24 00.40 1	Average 31 01.33	Average 32 01.50	Average 3		Average A1 02.00	Average 42 02.75	Average 43 03.50 1	43-R 01.67	Average 44 00.67	Average 51 03.67	-		Average 54 00.75	Average 61 04.00	62 05.00	Average 63 05.00	Average 64 00.88	S FLEET AVERAGE /I U4.34 44LINEW CON S FLAAT AVARAAA 73 OK SO 24178AA/BAb	Average 73 06.00	Average 73-R 02.00	00.88	Average 81 07.00	5 Fleet Average 82 10.30 4SLIRec/Reb 5 Elast Average 82 40 00 4SLIRec/Reb	Average 84 01.50	Average 91 28.33	92 34.00	Ĩ	93-R 24.00		Average FS 00.75	Average F8 01.02	Average F9 00.40	Average FA 00.65	Average 65 00.75	-

00.97 Mooring 00.40 Pos Check 00.55 1ADBINRen/Reb 00.79 1ADBINRen/Reb 00.79 1ADBINRen/Reb 00.74 1ADBINRen/Reb 00.74 1ADBINRen/Rep 00.74 1ADBINRen/Rep 00.75 1ALTRen/Rep 01.13 1ALTRen/Rep 01.13 1ALTRen/Rep 01.48 2ALTRen/Rep 01.55 2ALTNIN Reps 01.56 4ALTNEN/Rep 01.56 4ALTNEN/Rep 01.50 14DBINREn/Repl 01.50 14DBINREn/Repl 01.50 14DBINREn/Repl 01.50 15DBINREn/Repl 01.50 15DBINREn/Repl 01.50 15DBINREn/Repl 01.50 15DBINREn/Repl 01.50 15DBINREn/Repl

Page 3
Times
Service
K IC

		•																																													
	Description*		1 SDBMR een/Repl	1SDBMMin Reps	TULTNew Con	1WLTRec/Reb	INLIKEN/KEPL 1.4 This Base	ISTINAL CON	-	1SLTRen/Repl	ISLTMIN Reps	Jul Then Con	3ut.TRec/Reb			4SLTNew Con	4SLTRec/Reb	·		ANLINEN CON	4WLIKec/Keb			ASLINCH LOT 251 Theo /Dok	43L Rec/Red 4SI Then/Peni	4SLTMin Reps	1WDBNNew Con	1uDBNRec/Reb	140BNRen/Repl	1 UDBNR emove	1408kMin Reps	I SUBIKCIII/ KEPL 1 Christemove	ISOBNMIN REDS	IMLTNew Con	1ut TRec/Reb	1WLTRem/Repl	TWLTRemove	tel Them/Peri	1SLTRemove	1SLTMin Rece	Sultinen Con	3uLTRec/Reb	3uLTRen/Repl	34LTRemove			4WLINGW CON
Service	in Hours		8.8	00.50	02.00	8.20		3.5	202	03.50	01.0	02.00	8.8		01.00	8	2	8.4	02.00	22.00	9.9 9		3.5	3 2		00.50	00.33	8.3	8.3	8.2	20.12	35	• - •	01.00	01.50	5.5	8.58	3 S 2 S	01.67	• •	00.40	02.00	06.00	02.00	8	8.8	8.9
	Code	;	2	21	តរ	25	25	5	: 9	13	3	51	22	ន	5	5	23	3 :	23	58	25	2 3	\$3	= \$	25	2	:=	12	۲ ۲	13-R	2;		1	ñ	2		33-R	55		1	5	52	3	53-R	х:	3;	5
	s- ct Vessel Name		5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	S KENNEDEL E VENNEDEL	5 NEWNEDEC	S KENNEREC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	5 KENNEBEC	S KENNEBEC	S KENNEBEC E VENNEBEC	J ACANEBEL E VENNEBER	S KENNEDEL	5 KENNEBEC	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	S DD IMPOSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 DD1ND/CE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMOSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	5 PRIMROSE	> PRIMKOSE
ì	trict		8	8	101	201	<u></u>	<u>s</u> ž	<u> </u>	201	1 08	1 09	110	E	112	113	21	511	923			A		121	22	22	12	126	127	128	<u>62</u>	25	22	133	2	<u>ا</u>	<u>8</u>		2 2	140	141	142	143	144	155	9 I 2	141

es Page 4	Service Time in Nours Description ^e		17 7 8 8	.00 4M.TRei	.75 441.THin	.00 4ULTNe	.00 4MLTRe	72.00 4MLTRem/Repl	24.00 4WLIKEMOVE	.00 Inspect	R	2.2	8	8,8	U2.UV KECHENGE D1 11 Mooring	20	.00 Reli	.33 1	Ř	8. 1	. 79 1ADBNRemo	01 00 1AI TUANTIN KEPS	32	.38 1AL	01.13 1ALTRemove	.38 1ALTNin	ន្ល	03.25 ZALTRec/Reb	15	3	8	-67	60 25LIMIN		1	ຊ	00.50 ZWLTMin Repe	.00 3ALTNew	00 3AL	.00 JALTRE	.00 3ALTRemo	75 3ALTNIN	•	00 4V
Service Timer	Code	•	22	7-1	2	5	8	56	2 3	: E	82	5	FA	88	38	3 3	3	5	2		¥- 51	13	2	Ð	M3-R	Ŧ	59	88	3		Ed.	P3-R	4 C	5 8	12	63-R	3	r 1	R2		4-24 1	2	7 E	22
W.IC Ser	Vessel Name		PR IMROSE		PRIMROSE	PRIMROSE	PR I MROSE	PR IMROSE	PKINKUSC De 1 Nemec	PRIMROSE		PRIMROSE	PRIMROSE	PRIMROSE	PK I TKUSE DD 1 MD/CE	PRIMROSE		PRIMROSE	PRIMROSE	PR I MROSE		PKIRKUSE Dotwoose	PRIMROSE	PR IMROSE	PR I MROSE	PRIMROSE	PRIMROSE	PR I MROSE		: =			PRIMKOSE Da IMDOCE	PK LEKUSC DP 1 MD/SE	PRIMROSE	PR I MROSE	PRIMROSE	PR I NROSE	ž.	PR I MROSE	PRIMROSE	PR I MROSE	PK [FIKUSE	PR I MROSE
	Dis- trict		6 <u>7</u>	150 5	151 5	152 5	153 5	154 5	() () () () () () () () () () () () () (52	158 5	159 5	160	161	201	33	165 5	166 5	167 5	168	51 51		22	12	174 5	5	176	2 22		180 5	181 5	182 5			<u>5</u>	187 5	188 5	189 5	190 5	191 5	192 5	193		<u>5</u> 8

WLIC Service Times

Page 6

Service Time to in Mourt Amerringiant	.50 OSLTMIn Re	06.00 4SLTHEN CON	.00 4SLTRec/	.00 4SLTI	01.00 4SLTMin Reps	.93 1uDBNNew	1.72 1uDBNRec/	01.23 1u08	.41 1UDBNRemo	.25 1u0BNNin	95 1SDBNNer 06 1snbvbe	.70 ISUBARGC	.01 ISUBNIK	33	Contract of	.69 1ULTRec/	69 TULTREM	-90 1MLT	TNin	Ŭ	-	ň	.02 1SLTRemo	.74 ISLIMIN	-81 34LTI	DU JULIKEC/KEI DO ZUITE/E-	TT TUT TO		.70 3SLTNen	.90 3SLTRem/	.97 3SLTRemo	THÍN	-38 4MLTW	18.23 44LIKec/KeD 18 25 201 IBem/Ben/	OR GUITERONS	02.53 4HLTMI	.00 4SLTNew	.50 4SLTRe	12.00 4SLTRem/Repl	.00 4SLTRe	.73 4SLTMin	.00 4ULTNew	.88 44LTRec		-R 08.13 4NLTRemove
	3	L A	Y2	73	*	verage 11	iverage 12	verage 13	verage 13-	verage 14	Verage 21	IVERAGE 22		Veraye 25-		2	verage 33		verage 34	verage 41	verage 42	verage 43		Verage 44		Verage 3/	• •	verage 25	1.40 . 41		verage 63-		-90e	Verage /2					verage 83	verage 83-	verage 84		verage 92	verage 93	verage 93-
Dis- cice	5 SLEDGE	5 SLEDGE	5 SLEDGE	5 SLEDGE	5 SLEDGE	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet 1				7 Fleet	7 Fleet	7 Fleet	7 Fleet	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet	7 Fleet /	7 fleet /	7 Fleet	7 Fleet	7 Fleet				7 Fleet /	7 Fleet	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet	7 Fleet	7 Fleet	7 Fleet	7 Fleet	7 Fleet	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet /	7 Fleet
	246	247	248	249	250	231	252	253	Ś	522	22	Ğ		55	32	262	263	264	265	266	267	268	269	2	22	24	222	ť K	276	277	278	2	280		Ĭ	282	285	286	287	288	289	290	291	292	293

4.41.THIIn Repa OADBANNIn Repa OADBANNin Repa INDBANKer/Feb INDBANKer/Feb INDBANKer/Feb ISDBANKer/Rep ISDBANKer/Rep ISDBANKer/Rep INLTNEW Con ISLITNEW CON 3SLTRec/Reb 3SLTRen/Repl 3SLTNin Reps 4ULTNew Con 4ULTRec/Reb 441. TRen/Repl 441. TMin Reps 451. TRec/Reb 451. TRec/Reb 451. TRen/Rupl 451. TMin Reps 441. TNew Con 441. TNew Con 441. TRec/Repl 441. TMin Reps Service Time in Nours Description⁺ 4ALTRemove Page 5 Mooring Pos Check Pos Check Relief techarge Inspect Inspect Noor ing Relief MLIC Service Times e Sode ;;;; おみみメリじじょうごろみすおおみらいらふういいかののめへででんりののみかののみたちやみらいのののの。 キャ Dis-trict Vessel Name PR I MROSE

MLIC Service Times

Page 8

:

Service Time	in Nours Description*	07.36 4ALTRemo	•	.00 BALTNew	•	•	.1M8 00.	8	.35 OADBNMIn	.69 UALTHIN	.50 OSLTMin	. UU BULTNEN	.00 BULTRev	. UU SHLTREM	.00 BULTRemo		. UU 45L Xec/X	00 4SLINEN	A TURNING OA	80 1UDBND-r/	25 JUNENPARE	C. 1 DRNB we	20 JUDRIMIN	.60 1SDBNNew	.25 1SDBNRec/	1SDBNRem	.42 1SDBNRemo	0.20 1SDBNMin	1.25 JULTNew	1.25 1WLTRec/Rel	01.73 INLIGENTREPL	-40 JULTMin	.25 1SLTNew	.50 ISLTRec/	.50 1SLT	.83 1SLTRemo	.40 ISLTNIN	C SULINEN	D3 50 341 Kec/Kep	17 JULTRE	40 JULT	.50 4WLTN	.50 4MLTRei	.50 4MLTRem	.50 4MLTRe	00.00 44LTRin Reps 09.00 4SLTRec/Reb	
	Code	5	3	E	12	13	13-1	11	3	*	Ŧ		Ž		X-	25	25	23	::	: 2	1 L	14	-	5	22	23	23-R	21	ñ	22	- -		5	42	43	43-R	41	51	25	23-E	-	7	2		2.1	< 8	
Dis-	trict Vessel Name	7 Fleet Average	7 Fleet Average	7 Fleet Average	7 Fleet Average	7 Fieet Average	7 Fleet Average	/ Fleet Average	7 Fleet Average	/ Fleet Average	/ Fleet Average		•	7 FLOOT AVERAGE		7 LANNED			- 3	• •	7 HANNER	7 HAMMER	7 HAMMER	2	Ŧ.	* *	7 HANNEK	7 HAMMER	7 HAMMER	7 I AMMER	7 HAMMER	.		5 3	7 HANNER		• •	7 PRIMER	7 HAMMER	2	2.1						
		ž	345	346	347	348	349	350	351	352	323		ŝ	\$ }	222		202		25	ž	33	Ş	3	3 29	368	369	370	2	22	E:	t K	376	377	378	22 M	380	185	282	8 2 2	385	386	387	388	88 89	25	392	

........... 140 BIR Memove 14. Traew Con 24. Traew Con 24. Traew Con 24. Traew Con 25. Traew Con 1ADBNRec/Reb 1ADBNRem/Repl ZultRemove ZultMin Reps SaltNew Con SaltRec/Reb SaltRem/Repl SaltRemove in Hours Description* DBNDayBrd Ch LTDayBrd Ch 1ADBNNew Con in Reps LTDayBrd Ch **GALTNEN CON** 4ALTRec/Reb 4ALTRen/Repl 4SLTRemove Page 7 Mooring Pos Check Relief DBNInspect LTInspect LTInspect Pos Check Inspect Recharge Inspect Noor ing tel ief **3ALTHİ** ******* Service MLIC Service Times 32888350888228882368835888 នេងភ្ន 2528 Fleet Average -----Dis-trict Vessel Name leet leet eet leet leet Fleet Fleet leet Fleet fleet leet leet leet leet Fleet eet **F**[eet ŝ leet leet eet eet Fleet fleet Fleet Fleet eet eet Fleet Fleet Fleet Fleet eet eet eet Ĕ E J. ~

Page 10	Description*	CALTMIN Repe	2		45LININ Reps	HUDHINGH LON	1.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0		6		1SDBNRec/Reb	1 SUBNRen/Repl	I SUBNIKENDVE 1 CARIMI = Bana		ISLINEN CON	1SLTRec/Reb	1SLTRem/Repl		1SLTMin Reps				8.		dition C	(8	IMC (TB)	MR (LB)	R (LB)		IN (ULB)	R (ULB)	BN .	LT	Mooring	Pos Check	e ·	Nooring	t 1/6 dowing	2 1/4 Hours	3 1/4 Hours	4 1/4 Hours	5 1/4 Hours	6 1/4 Hours	/ 1/4 Hours
	Ì 2 ⊢ ₽	04.00			5.5 5			8.90 8.90	00.20	01.50			39			03.20	03.20		00.80		8.8	3 2	٠			00.00	·	•		00.20	09.00	00.50		00.50				8.8				· •	_	5 2 2	67.10
Service Times		× *	Y2	23	44	= :	25	5 9-51	1	21	22	22	X-52	52	15	75	43	43-R	44	52	5	50	N-CO	5 2	5 2	24	S.	AS	A 6	81		5 4 H	ī	F2	F8	F9	E.	83			HU03	HU04	HUOS	HU06	200H
WLIC Ser	ų	~	~~~	~	~ .						-	-	* 3				7	7	7	Ż	~						. 2	7	*	7	2 3	. 2			*	z	z :	2 :			2 2	. 2	z	Z :	z
	v e 8	HAMMER	HAMMER	HAMMER	HAMMER	NDS00N		IOS OTH	NUDSOUN	HUD SOL	IOSONH	HUD SOLH			HUDSON	NOSONH	NOSONH	NOSONH	NOSON	NOV CH	ž.	£		~ -	. 1	HIDS	HUDSON	HUDSON	HUDSON	IOSONH	HOSONH		IDS ON H	HUDSON	IOSONH	HUDSONH	HOSON	ioson H			NOS ON H	HUDSON	NOSONH	HUDSONH	HOS ON H
	Dis- trict	<u>۲</u>	~	~	~ '	~ 1	~ ~		. ~	~	~	~ '	~ •		• •	~	~	~	~	~	~ 1	~ 7				• ••	. ~	2	~	~		~ ~	. •••	~	2	~	~ '	~ *	~ ~	~ ~	- ~	~	~	~ 1	-
			3	474	\$	9 ! 5 :		13	450	451	452	453	404		457	458	459	460	461	462	463	9	ç :	9 t	204	393	24	471	472	Ļ	2	C 22	25	478	23	480	481	5 85	503		6 8 8	487	488	681	690

1 ADBNNew Con 1 ADBNNew Con 1 ADBNRem/Rept 1 ADBNRemove 1 ADBNN in Reps 1 ALTNew Con 1 ALTNew Con 1 ALTNew/Rept 1 ALTRec/Rept Service Time : in Hours Description^s 1ALTN: n Reps ZALTRen/Repl ZALTRen/Repl ZALTRen/Repl ZALTRen/Repl ZALTRen/Repl ZSLTNew Con ZSLTNew Con ZSLTNew Con ZSLTNew Con ZULTRen/Repl 3ALTRemove 3ALTMin Reps 4ALTNew Con 4WLTRemove 4WLTMin Reps 4SLTRemove 4ALTRec/Reb 4ALTRem/Repl **OADBNMin Reps** 4SLTRemove 4SLTMin Reps 4ALTMIN Reps 4SLTRem/Repl 4ULTRen/Rept 4ULTNew Con 4ut.TRec/Reb 4ALTRemove **1ALTRemove** Pos Check Relief • Page Inspect Mooring 9.00 1.00 WLIC Service Times Code Dia-trict Vessel Name 7 HAUMER HAMMER

WLIC Service Times Page 11

*

Service	Time in Hours Description*	.00 8 1/4 H	ŝ	.50 10 1/4	71 11 27.	- 00 12 12	.25 13 1/4	VI 11 0C.	.7 15 1/4	00 16 1/4	×/1 /1	*/1 01 0C.	A/I AI CI	TO Berbah. Ud	.90 RemRol: Nd	20 Minkep: Wd	8	.25 21 1/4	50 22 1/4	22 23 1/2	21 12	06.23 25 1/4 Hours	21 12	00 28 1/4	.25 29 1/4 Hours	.50 NewCon: Stl	.70 Reckeb: Stl	St I		22 31 1/2 27 1/2	.00 32 1/4	25 33 1/4	t g	25 37 1/4	.50 38 1/4	.73 39 1/4 H	.00 NewCon: 1P Vd	.20 RecReb: 1P	.00 Reakpt: 1P Wd	UU Minkep:	•	1		
	Code	HU08	60 <u>7</u>	FU10	E E	#012			HU15	1019 1019					1 1 1 1 1	HUID	HU20	HU21	HU22	HU23	HU24			HU28	HU29	HUZA	HU2B			HEUH 151	HU32	HU33		HU37	HU38	HU39	HU3A	HU38	HUSC		- C 71 M	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Î	
	: :t Vessel Name	NCSONH /	7 HUDSON	VOSONH 2	7 HUDSON	NOSON 2	NOSON /	NOSONN	NOSONH 2	V KUDSON	NOSON /	7 uncount		7 HIDSON	VOSQUH 2	7 HUDSON	NOSONH 2	VIDEN NOSONH 2	A HUDSON	NOSONH 2	NOSON /	7 HUDSON		NOSONH 2	7 HUDSON	7 HUDSON	NOSON 2	VOSON 2		NOSONH 2	NOSONH 2	NOSON 2	MOSON 2	VIOSONH 2	VICEN NOSONH 2	Nosanit 7	NOSON 2	NOSON 2	NOSON /				NOSONI 2	
	trict	167	492	693	3.4	6	84	164	8 9 9 9	\$	500			33	202	506	507	508	200	510		215	115	515	516	517	518	610	251	225	523	524	527	528	229	230	531	232	533	ž ř		5	35	

WLIC Service Times Page 12

Service Time	urs Descriptio	11.25 45 1/4 Hour	50 46 1/4	71 12 27.	48 1/4	.25 49 1/4 #	5 S 2 S	J Derensin all all	80 Minter 10	50 50 1/4 Hours	75 51 1/4	00 52 1/4	.25 53 1/4 H		25 57 1/4	50 58 1/4	.75 59 1/4	.00 NewCon: 3P	.00 RecReb:1P S	.00 RemRpl:	. UU MINKep:	00 00 Kerfan 30 CH 17	00 Pecefit:30	.00 Reminition 3P	.00 MinRep:3P S	.00 NewCon:	.00 RecREb: 4P	DU.DU KENKPL: 4P WG LI DO.DO Mirean: 40 LH LI	.00 NewCon:4	.00 RecREb:4P S	.00 Remitpl:4P S	WinRep:4P Stl L	OD REACON: 4P MO K	DO Reckeo:	00 MinRep: 4P	.00 NewCon:4P S	.00 RecREb:4P	8	.50 Minkep:4P S	.00 NewCon: BP (2 2 2 2 2 2	ON MUMBER 80	NITKEP: OF	
	Code	HUK5	E 5	HUK7	BAUH BAUH	1479 1479				HU50	HUS1	HU52	ESU:		HU57	HU58	HU59	HUSA	HUSB	HISC S			HILER	29 2 4	BU60	NU7A			HU8A	HU88	108C		¥4514			MUM	HUAB	HUAC	Q					
	Vessel Name	DSON	NOSON	NOSON	NOSON	NOSON	NOSON		NUSCIN	NOSON	NOSON	NOSON	NOSON		NOSON	NOSON	NOSQNH	NOSQNH	NOSQNH	NOSON	NOSON		HUDSON	NOSON	NOS ON	NOSONH	NOSQNH		NOSON	NOSQN	NOSON	NOSON			ACSON.	NOSQUH	NOSON	NOSQIN	NOSON	NOSON	NOSON		NOSON	
Dis-	E		~	~	~	~ 1	~ ~			. ~	~	~	~ 1	~ ~	 • •	~	~	7	~ '	~ *	- 1	~ ~	. ~	• ►	~	~	~ *	~ ~	. ~	~	~	~ *	- 1		. ~	2	~	~	~ 1	~ '		- 1	• •	
	-	240	541	542	243	32	222	25	278	249	550	551	222		556	557	558	559	<u>8</u>	261	ž	8 3 8	555	32	567	568	269	25	22	573	574	22	25		25	580	581	582	ន្ល	ž	285			

WLIC Service Times Page 13

vice Time	Nours Description*	RecRED: 8P S	.00 Remept:8P S	Minkep:8P S	NewCon: 12p Wd I	:12p Wd	Remonal: 12p Vol 1	Minkep: 12p Wu K	00 RecRED: 120	.00 RemRol: 120 St 1	MinRep: 12p St	NewCon: 1P	RecREb: 1P	00.00 RemKpl:1P Con LT 01 20 MinBar:19 Con LT	70 NeuCon:5P S	RecReb:5P S	RemRpl:5P	MinRep:5P	÷0;	S.	<u></u>	O TAUBWKen	.40 IAUBNMIN KEPS .75 141 THEM CON	2	202	.07 1ALTRem	.80 1ALTMIN	.23 ZALTNEW CON	28	2ALTRenk	80 ZALTMIN	2	. OS 251 TB-m/8-nj	8	ຣ	ZNLTRec/	2		8	.97 3ALTRemo	.80 3ALTMin	5	AU UAUBWRIN	22	
017180 E.L	Code in Ho	. 5							-								HUGC 06	HUGD 02	[1 01	12 01			35	20 20		M3-R 01		10 S 2 S		03-R 02		- (3.8	~		0 2 02				¢,		2 2 3 3	38 58	88 88	;
	Vessel Name	SON	NOSON	NOS GNH	NOSOH	NOSON	HUDSON			NOSON	Nosani	Nosanh	Nosanh		NUSCIH	Nosanh	Nosanh	Nosanh	Nosanh	Nosani	Nosoni				NosanH	Nosanh	NOSON	NOSON	NOSON	Nosanh	NOSON	Nosan		Nosan	NOSONH	NOSQN	NOSON	NOSON	Noson	NOSON	NOSON	NOSON			
Dis-	trict	~	~	~	~ (~ 1	204 204			~	~	~	~ 1	209		.~	606 7	~	~	8	2		513 7 1 7 1 7 1	614 71	15	616 7 4	17 7	618 7 1 410 7 1	20	~	~ '	~ •	024 7 7	626 7 1	~	628 7 1	~	~	~	~ 1		634 7 I	~ ~		-

Page 14	rvice Time Woure Deervintion®	5 i	.00 1uDBNNeu	.00 1uDBNRe	.50 1WDBNRem	-50 14DBNRemo	CLEANAGE CC.				.50 THLIREN/Kept	SO LUTINIT	.00 ISLTMIN	.00 JULTNew	.00 Jultrec/Reb	ä	3ult TRemo	3MLTMIn	.00 3SLTMIN	.00 4ULTNew	20 44	- States - States	.00 4MTMIr	.00 4SLTMin	.00 4MLTNew	.50 4MLTRe	.50 444.TRem	.85 44LIRENOVE AA 241 THÍN BANS	.00 Inspect	2	.23	ຣຸ	8.2	• -	25 Pos	.00 Relief	8	.00 1ADBNRet	.50 1ADBNRem	.50 1ADBWRemk	-42 1ADBINIT	-UU TALINEM	ED TALIXEC/KED	17 IALTRON	.75 JALTNIn	.50 ZALTNew C
Service Times	Servi Ti Tode in Mou		-	12		¥	-				55 US	2	. –	_	52 52	-	~	_			88	 	•			-		92-K 00		. –	-	-	5 5 5 5		-		L1 01	5 12	_ (e r	33			4	:	01
WLIC Ser	teres teres			RAMBLER		RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER Damer Er	AND	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER PAMRI FP	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER Damei ed	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER PANRI FP	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER	RAMBLER		KAMBLEK DAMDI ED	RAMBLER	MBI	RAMBLER
	Dis	5:	638 7	639 7	2 079		20	200		~ ' {}	040		- 2	650 7	651 7	652 7	653 7	654 7	655 7	656 7	657 7 250 7	450 7	660 7	661 7	662 7	663 7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	~ ^ ^ ¥¥	667 7	668 7	669 7	670 7	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		674 7	675 7	676 7	677 7	578 2	- 629		- F	- 200 207	1000	685 7	686 7

B-7

Page 15	
Times	
Service	
NLIC	

	Description*	ZALTRec/Reb	æ :	ZALIK emove 241 TM: _ Doco	251 Thin Repa	Zultitien Con	Rec/	2MLTRem/Repl	ZVIL TRemove		3ALTNew Con	3ALTRec/Reb	3ALTRem/Rept	SALIXEMOVE	JALININ KEPS 441 Then Con		4ALTRen/Repl	4ALTRemove	4ALTMin Reps	OADBNMin Reps	OALTMIN Reps	4SLTMin Reps	1WDBNNew Con	140BKRec/Reb	1 UDBNR em/Rept	1UDRVMin Pere	1SDBNRem/Repl	1 SDBNR emove	1SDBNMin Reps	INLINEN CON	1ULTRec/Reb	INLIKCIIVKEPI 1111 TRANSANA			BULTHEN CON			ž			4MLTNew Con	Ě	444. I Remy Kept			
Service	in Nours	5.20 C 1	8.5 2.5	0.1	8.6	• .	i .	03.75	01.25			8		2.2	8.6	02.50	02.50	00.83	06.00	00.42	8.3	00.00	01.00 02.00		02.10		00.10	00.33	00.50	05.00	03.50	71.10	00.50	01.00	03.00		•			00.10	48.00	8.9	38	88		
	Code	8	81	8 2	5 2	1 1	: 2	63	8-F	2	5	22	22	¥-22	1	; ;	S	S3-R	3	z	*	77	=:	2:	13		: N	23-8	24	Ē	R :		} %	4	51	22	5	23-F	3	3 i	51	21	25	¥-22	12	
	ct Vessel Name	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	/ KAMBLEK 7 DAMPLED	7 RAMOLEK 7 RAMRIFP	7 PAMBI FR	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	/ KANBLEK 7 DAMPLED	7 PANDLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 RAMBLER	7 SMILAX		7 SMILAX 7 CMILAX	7 SMILAA	7 SMILAX	7 SMILAX	7 SMILAX	7 SMILAX	7 SHILAX	7 SHILAN	7 SMILAX	7 SMILAX	7 SMILAX	7 SMILAX	7 SHILAX	Z SHILAX	7 SMILAX				7 SMILAX	7 CHILAN	7 SHILAX	
i c	trici	 687	889 889 890	88	040 K01	602	693	969	695	696	697	698	669	2	502	203	204	705	206	707	708	602	210	E	212	212	715	716	717	718	617	35	222	123	724	22	922	127	82	2 i	21	56	2 F	22	52	

WLIC Service Times Page 16

Service Theorem	in Hours Description			-00 +M 1KeC/	30 00 414 18	-00 4M THIN	.00 Inspect	2	0.25 Pos	.00 Relief	01.00 Inspect	.50 Rech	<u>s</u>	2.22	1.00 Relief	.00 1ADBNNew	8	ŝ	.42 1ADBNRemo	IN 140	00 IVI	03 50 44178		OT 75 TALTARINE	-50 ZALTNew	.75 ZALTRec/	.75 2ALI		.88 ZALTHIN	.00 2SLTMin	.50 ZM.TNew	a e	-/3 // // // // // // // // // // // // /	ġκ	00 3AL THAN	.00 3ALTRec/	.00 3AL1	01.33 3ALTRemove	01.00 JALTMin Reps	.00 4ALTI	.00 4ALTRe	.00 4ALTRem	.00 4ALTRemo	4ALTMIN	-	•	24.00 BALIKER/KEPI	
	- 10 -	: ;	2	22	2 2	2 3	1	. 62	2	2	ខ	67	g	8	3	5	21			3	Ξŝ		53	23	EB	8	8	03-R	8	2	59	22	98	53	5	22	ß	R3-R	R 4	S1	22		2-23	31	= :	21	2 2	2
	ssel Name					SMILAX SMILAX	SMILAX	SMILAX	SMILAX	SMILAX	SHILAX	SMILAX	SHILAX	SHILAX	_	_	SHILAX	SHILAX	SHILAX		SHILAX	-	SMILAA SWILAV	SHILAA Shilaa	SHILAX	SMILAX	SHILAX	SMILAX	SMILAX	SMILAX	SHILAX	SHILAX				SMILAX	SMILAX	SMILAX	SMILAX	_	_	SMILAX	. ا	SMILAX				
	trict	. *	- 7	~ *	- 7	- ~	• ~	• •	. ~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~	~ '	~ 1	~	~*	- •		~ ~	- 1-	~	~	~	~	~	~	~ *	- 1	- 1-	• •	• •	~	~	~	~	~	~	~ 1	~ 1	~ ~	- 1	~ ~	•
		ì	21	È	2	451	172	272	743	772	745	246	747	248	672	ŝ	R	22	R	Ŕ	ĉì	2	čř	ĈK	52	761	762	763	202	765	82	192	8 2		2	12	E	12	Ê	26	E	84	ÊÌ	2	ē i	ĕj	22	5

Page 18		Description*	DBMInepect	DBNDeyBrd Ch	repect	LTDeysra Ch	L Theyers		-	1ADBNRem/Repl	1ADBNRemove	1ADBMMin Reps	1ALTNew Con	1ALIRec/Reb	1AL TREEVE	1ALTMIN Reps	ZALTNew Con	2ALTRec/Reb	2ALTRen/Repl		ZALIMIN KEPS	Rec/	-	TRe	THÍN I	ZULTNEW CON	2NLTRen/Repl	Re		3ALTNew Con	JAL I KEC/KED TAI TPan/Pani	LTRe	Nin		ž	4AL I K CNV Kept	ALTHIN REDS	NMIL	OALTMIN Repa	OSLTMin Reps	•	1uDBMRec/Reb 1uDBWBen/Rec		1.5
	Service Time	2	00.17			8.20	• _ '	• •	К С	01.50	00.50	00.34	01.50	32	00.00		6.19	ň	03.38	51 11 11		:-:	m				• •	-				• •		-		3.15		•			•	5.5	• _	S.8
Service Times	ă	Code in	£	ž.	r 2 :	5 5	2 2	12	2	םו	L3-R	41	E		2 1	-	6	02		03-F	5 2	P2	2	P3-R	54	56	38	03-R	70	5		5-52 8-52	R4	S1	23	55 9-15	-	Ľ	7	¥	=	2 t		: 7
WLIC Ser		Vessel Name	VISE	-	÷.			•	i iii		V VISE	V VI SE					7 VISE	7 VISE						7 VISE			VISE	÷		7 VISE			7 VISE	÷.		V VISE			7 VISE	7 VISE	B ANVIL	S ANVIL	ANVIL ANVIL	3 ANVIL
	Dia:		12	835	22	6 57			17	22	843	844	842 242	919		078	850	851	852	853		856	857	858	859		- 298 895	863	758	<u>.</u>	0 1	3 3	698	870			874	12	876	877		628		

Page 17	scriptio	BALTMin Reps	NMI	UALTMIN Reps Rui Tireu Con	TRec/	TRem	TRemo	THIN		1WDBNNew Con 1LDRNDac /Pah	5	1 JUDBNRemove		ISUBNNEN LON Isnenber /beb	1 SDRNPen/Ren	No.		INLINEN CON	1ULTRec/Reb	INLIRGIVREPL 111 TRemove	TULTMIN REDS	1SLTNew Con	1SLTRec/Reb	15L I Kenvkept	ISLINGIOVE 1SLTMin Reps	New	3uLTRec/Reb	SULTREN/REPL THITRENOVE	JULINEILVE SULTHIN REDS	Tkeu	Ě	4MLTRem/Repl		ANLININ KEPS Asi Then Con	TRec/	4SLTRem/Repl	TRemo	LTMin	44LTNew Con	4ULTRec/Reb 4ULTBee/Reb	4ULTRemove	4MLTMin Reps
		00.20	· •	8 2 2 2	• •		-	-	2 S I	5.9 5.5	. –	00.33	1:4 8	2 8 3 8	• -	00.67	00.50	- ÷	8.8	22.20	01.00	01.50	03.50	2.5	00.50	02.50		22.20				•	20 .20	•	• •				•	8.0 10.80	8	
ž	ν, c		0	0 ~	. 0		CA -			96	.0	0	0.	50		.0	0	0		20	, 0	0	00	50		0	0		,0	.0		0.			, -	-	Č					
rvice Ti		1	3	\$ 3	X X	12	X3-R	X	2:	= 2	: 2	13-R	2;	2 2	3 5	ខ្ល	24	F	81	3	ំ កំ	41	Ģ (5 ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° ° °	¥-2-3	51	31	22.5	* *	7	2			22	22	83	83-R	వే	51	88	8-26	
MLIC Sei	Name																																									
			SHILA			SHILA	SHILA		SHILAX	VISE	VISE	VISE	VISE			VISE	VISE	VISE	VISE			VISE	VISE		VISE			VISE	VISE	VISE			VISE		VISE		VISE		VISE	VISE	VISE	VISE
	is- ict	~	~			~	~	~	~ 1			~	~ 1	~ ~		~	~	~	~ •		. ~	~	~ 1	- •		~	~ '	~ ~	- ~	~	~	~ 1			~	~	~	~ 1	~ '	~ ~	. ~	~
		12	2	182		2	ĕ	2	e i	٤¥	£	202	2 {	28	86	20 20 20	803	804	8 8	200	808	8	810		813	814	815	816 e17	818	819	820	821	228	728	825	826	827	828	62g	830 911		5

	escript	E E	ZM.TNew Con	ZML I KOC/KOD ZML TROM/Roal	. n	Ē	SALTNEN CON	SALTRec/Reb	SAL I KON KOL	SALIKOMUVE SALIMÍN Rens	New		4ALTRen/Repl	4ALTRemove		BALTNew Con	BALTRec/Reb	BALTRem/Repl	BALTREMOVE BALTHÉE Bere	DADRNHIN Reps	OALTHIN Reps	BullTNew Con	But. T.R.ec / Reb	Bull TRem/Repl. Ruli TRemove	Bul TMin Reos	JUDBNNEN Con	1uDBNRec/Reb	14084Rem/Repl	INDRIKENOVE 1.D.D.Win Bane	INLINEN CON	1uLTRec/Reb	1uL TRen/Repl	1UL TRemove		SWLINEN LON Zui Theo / Beh	Jul Them/Ren/	3HLTRemove	JULTHIN REDS	4ULTRem/Repl	4 WLTRemove	4HLTNew Con	4ULTRec/Reb	4ULTRen/Repi
Service	n Kours		8.20		01.25		8	88	38		12.00	8		05.33	05.00	24.00	30.00	30.00	0.01	22			30.00	0.00	05.00	00.50	8.8	09.00		00.80	01.20		00.37	00.20		80.50	00.10	00.50				8	22.00
	Code		23	3 6	03-F	2	5	22			5	22	S	53-R	3	F	21		13-K	1	5	ž	21	2.5	: 2	=	2 !			5	22	23	ř .	n :	<u>ج</u> ۵	""	2.5 2.5	: 	R	2-F	5	26	5
		, , , , ,																																									
	Vessel	ANVIL	ANVIL		ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL		AWVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVI.	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	ANVIL	AXE	AXE	AXE		AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE		AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE
	ËŤ.	••	••••	0 «	•0	40	80 (00	• •	0 00		0	80	80	80	•0	60 (80 (10 a		9 60	60	80 (10 eC	80	60	0	80 0	0 00	0 00	8	80	80	80 9	ο α) 80	9 00	8	80	80	60 (-04	90
		932	533 566		936	937	88	5		22	10	3	53	88	23	8	68	2	۶ŝ	ï	ŝ	955	8	<u>ኛ ጿ</u>	56	8	198	22	23	55	ş	967	8	8		33	26	26	5	926	5	826	20

Page 19	Description*	1ULTNew Con	TRe l	int i kanykapi 1 UL TRanove	TNI	BULTNew Con	L TRe	JUL I Ren/Repl	Julikamove 3ulitmin Bene	THEN	TRe		444.TRemove //HTMin Book		Mooring	-	Rel ief	Inspect	Recharge	Pos Chark		=	DBNDayBrd Ch		LTDayBrd Ch LTDacharra	LT inspect	LTDayBrd Ch	LTRecharge	₽.	LTDayBrd Ch LTDackard	1ADBNKew Con		1ADBNRem/Rept	0	BNMin		IAL IKEC/KED 1al TPam/Panl	1ALTRemove	1ALTMIN Reps		2ALTRec/Reb	2ALTRem/Rep(2ALTRemove	G K
		: 8	នុន					8,8		8	8	8; I	y s	ŝ K			ŝ		8,5		9	£.		នុរ		33	8	8	ຊີ	S S	38	8	8	Ŗ	សុខ	S S	ÿĉ	3	ŝŔ	ŝ	۴	Кĸ	j
	~~ 오		23		8	8	8	88	38		16	2	68	88		8	8	83	58	s S	88	8	8	88	88	58	5	5	8	85		5		8	83	5 6	52	58	88	8	8	83	5
Ĩ	-																																					_	_				
Ξ	- Berlin - B Berlin - Berlin -	Ē	22	2.2	±.	5	2	25	2.3	5	8	۲	8-57 8-57	c 12		<u>e</u>	Z'	ទរ		88	:3	£	2	23	0	- 12	2	5	ю:	9 t	-	2	m	ř,	4	= 9		2		5	8	85	Į.
WLIC Servic	ļ	* * * * * * *																																									
		F	Ĭ		Ĭ	۲I	ž		İŠ	3	۲I			İ	KIL S	۲IL	۲I	N I		15	: 1	VIL	VIL		ANVIL		ANVIL	۲IL	Ī	ANVIL	117	ANVIL	۲۲	۲ï۲	Ĭ			: ;;	:5	ZIT.	۲I	ž	
	ž	Ì	22		Ň	VNV	NA			ANV	ANV	VNA			NA	M	NN	ANA			N	ANV	ANV	Z.	VNA	ANA	R	VNV	ANV			Ş	AN	ANV	ANA		23	INN	NA	ANV	IVIA	ANV	É
	Dis- trict	. 40	•0 •	0 40	. 40	*0		0 4		. 60	60	80 (• •0	60	10	4 0 (0.0		9 60	•0	80	80 (10 ex	9 40	60	80	¢) (, 40	•0	80	•0	60 4	•	0 «) 60	0	60	eO -	60 6 0	,
		: 28	ž		587	888	8	2	6	63	ž	5		No.	8	8	ō.	202	g g	Š	2 g	907	8	88	616	32	613	914	915	55	816	919	920	921	22		5	926	22	928	82	930	i,

District Control of Co		awa ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka ka	8 :	847 (c 1 100 50 100 br>100 50 100 br>100 50 100 100 50 100 100 50		Description* Inspect Inspect Mooring Mooring Relief Mooring Pos Check Relief Mooring Pos Check Relief All INew Con 14.1 New Con 14.1 New Con 14.1 New Con 14.1 New Con
		₩	-8 :	- 2 8588888588558		Description ^s Inspect Mooring Pos Check Relief Relief Rechange Hooring Pos Check Relief MußBMNew Con 140BMNew Con 140BMNew Con 140BMNew Con 1401TKec/Reb 141.TKec/Reb
			•		: 282222828888200	Inspect Inspect Pos Check Relief Inspect Recharge Mooring Pos Check Relief All They Con MBINRec/Reb MLTNew Con MUTTNey Con MUTTNey Con MUTTNey Con
2011025 201105 201105 201105 201105 201105 201105 201105 201100 201100 201	ань Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар		. 5 5 5 6 6 8 6 5 7 7 7 5 2 7 6 8 6 8 5 7 7 5 2 7 5 8 6 8 5 5 7 7 5 2 7 5 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7 5 6 7	58888588558	888888888888	Mooring Pos Check Relief Inspect Recharge Hooring Pos Check Relief ANDBMNew Con ANDBMNew ON ANDBMNEW CON ANDBMNE CON AND AND ANDBMNE CON AND AND ANDBMNE CON AND
1035 10055 1	сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар		528688323325 <u>7</u> 288828	88888888888	8888888888888	Pos Check Relief Inspect Recharge Hooring Pos Check Recief NUBINNew Con NUBINNew Con NUBINNew Con NUT New Con NUT The Con NULT Recheb
1033 1035 1035 1035 1035 1035 1035 1035	стар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар		28988223255328929:	888288228	88888888888	Relief Inspect Recharge Hooring Pos Chack Relief AUBINNew Con AUBINNew Con AUBINNew Con AUDINNIN Reps ALTNew Con
2002 200 2002 2	1775 1776 1776 1776 1776 1776 1776 1776		828222225552828	88288228		Inspect Recharge Hooring Pos Chack Relief RulBune Con AUBUNin Repa ALTNew Con ALTNew Con
1035 1035 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055	сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар Сстар		28822222EE¥28228	8288228		Recharge Hooring Pos Chack Ruelie Ruelie Außawer Con Außawin Repa Jauraer Con Jauraer
1035 1035 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055	10000000000000000000000000000000000000		889277253289928	588558		Mooring Pos Check Relief ANBINGec Reb ANBINGec Reb ALTNew Con ALTNew Con
10055 10055			82288284283 832372842888283	88228		ros Chack Relief Maßinken Con Maßinken Con Malthen Con Malthen Con Malthen Con
2011000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1	10000000000000000000000000000000000000		10325320323;	8228		1408NNew Con 1408NNew Con 1408NNin Reps 141 New Con 141 New Con
2000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000 1000			177253282828	558	38262	1000 ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD ADD
2002 1002 1002 1005 1005 1005 1005 1005				5	N K X	1ADBNMin Repa 1ALTNew Con 1ALTRec/Reb
11042 11042 11045 11045 11055 105555 105555 105555 105555 1055555 105555 105555 105555 105555 1055555			25329929	3	ĸ	1ALTNew Con 1ALTRec/Reb
1045 1044 1044 1044 1055 1055 1055 1055			5728928;	5	X	1ALTRec/Reb
1044 1045 1045 1046 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 105			728228	8	0	ALL THE DOOR
1045 1046 11046 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 105	C C C A B C C A B C C A B C C A B C C A B C C A B C C A B C C A B C C A B C C C A B C C C C		28228	8	R	IALININ KEPS
1046 1047 1047 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 105			8228	8	2	ZALTNew Con
1047 1047 1054 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055			828	8	8	2ALTRec/Reb
1048 11049 1055 1055 1055 1055 8 8 8 8 8 1055 8 8 8 8 1055 1055 8 8 8 8 1055 1055 8 8 8 8 1055 1055 8 8 8 8 8 1055 1055 8 8 8 8 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 1055 105	CLARP CLARP CLARP		29:	8	R	ZALTHIN Reps
1049 11050 105555 105555 105555 105555 1055555 105555 105555 105555 105555 1055555 1			3	8	2	ZM.TNew Con
1056 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 9 1057 8 8 9 1055 8 8 9 1055 8 8 9 1055 8 8 9 1055 8 8 9 1055 8 8 9 1055 8 1055 8 1055 8 9 1055 8 1055 8 1055 8 9 1055 8 10055 8 10055 8 1055 8 1055 8 100	CLANP CLANP CLANP			8	8	2M.TRec/Reb
1051 8 1052 8 1054 8 1055 8 1055 8 8 1055 8 8 8 1055 8 8 8 1055 8 8 8 1055 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			2	8	R	ZM.TMin Reps
1052 1055 1056 8 8 8 1056 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			2	8.		SALTHew Con
1055 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			6 2	3	R	SALTRec/Reb
1056 1056 1056 1056			2	8	c	SALTMIN Reps
ccut 6501 7201 8 8 8 8	CLANP		s i	22	Ř:	(ALTNew Con
			22	R	81	ALTRec/Reb
			\$:	i i	2 2	
			= 2	i X	38	BALINEW CON
1050 B			12	38		AALINEL/NED Aal Thin Dene
1060 8	CLANP		1	8	28	DADRANKIN Repa
1061 8	CLARP		3	8	Ē	DALTNIN REDS
1062 8	CLAMP		X	2	8	But Then Con
1063 8	CLMP		X2	26.	8	but TRec/Reb
1064 8	CLAMP		¥X	02.	ñ	BM.TNin Repe
1065 8	Fleet A	Average	:	8	-	INDBNNew Con
1066 8	-	Average	12	6.	-	1uDBNRec/Reb
1067 8	-	Average	۲ ۲	8		ILDBNRen/Repl
1068 8	-	Average	13-R	8	•	ILDBNRemove
1069 8		Average	2 :	8	•	luDBMMin Reps
1070 B		Average	2	5	-	SOBNNEN Con
8 1201	-	Average	5	5		IN.They Con
8 2/01		Average	2	5		IM.TRec/Reb
8 5201	-	Average	n	5		M.TRew/Repl
1074 8	-	Average	4- 22	8		INL TRemove
2010	-	Average	z ;	83		IM.THIN Reps
201		Average	Ç:	83		ISLTNew Con
	-	Average	Ş,	88		ISLTRec/Reb
200	-	ALL BR	2			ISLIK CIN KCPL
2001 2001 2007 200 200			Average Average Average Average Average Average Average Average	11111111111111111111111111111111111111	12222288888888888888888888888888888888	

Page 21	Description ^e	4WLTMin Reps		•	Pos Check			1.AUBNKEC/KED 1.ADRVP==/R=n	88	12	TALTNew Con	1ALTRec/Reb	1ALTRem/Repl	TALTRemove TALTRis Boom	2AI TKAL Con	ZALTRec/Reb	2ALTRes/Repl	LR cent	TNin	Ξ.	ZML I KeC/KeD		THIN	Ĕ	a l	3ALTRen/Repl 3ALTRenve		LTNew	4ALTRec/Reb	4ALTRem/Repl	4AL (Kemove 4AL THIN Rene		OALTNIN Repa	-		TWOBARTA Reps	TRec/	THÍN		3M.TRec/Reb	THÍN	INCH	44LTRec/Reb 24M TMin Rene	
	rzice Time Korz	02.00	7.30	00.30	8.20		22	2 9 9	8.20	. –	_	· •	01.10	2.00	•		· - •				01.20 20.20	00.68 00.68	00.35	02.50	03.00	8.6		-	22.00	12.50	28	9.10 10		•			22.20		_	٠	•	٦.	81	•
i	Servi Ti In Hou			0	0	00	20		0	0	0	0	0	э с		0	0	0	0	-	50	5 0	0	0	0	oc	• o	-	N	- 6	50	0	6	5	0 (32	¢ G	ō	0	9	8:	Ē	29	i
Service Tin		3	5	2	6	2.	5:	32	1	11	Į.	¥		51	5	8	8	03-R	2	68	32			r 1	82	R3 03-0		s1	S2		, 7 ,	3	47	=	₽;	1	5 2	12	51	52	3	6	83	Ľ
WLIC Ser	Vessel Name	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE AYE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE AVE	AXF	XE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE AXF	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	AXE	CLANP	CLAMP 11 1111		CLANP	CLAMP	CLMP	CLAMP	CLANP	CLANP	CLANP	
	Dis- trict		40	•0	10 (0 4	0 4	0 40	•	•	40	*0	60 (0 «	9 40	•0	•0	•0	40 (10 (0 4	9 40	- 40	10	0	10 eC	80	80	•0	80 4	0 40	• •0	40	•0	10 (0 44) •0	- 40	60	•0	-0	80 (10 40	J
	-	8	28	R R	z i	<u> </u>	86	20%	8	8	<u>8</u>	8	8	£ 8	: g	266	8	8	8	8		38	5	800	200		010	10	012	10	510	016	1017	018	610		022	023	024	025	1026	027	028	

B-11

WLIC Service Times

Page 24

Service Time • in Nours Description*		5	00.48 1	-48 TALTNIN R	1ZALTNeu 12ALTNeu	27 00 124L186C/860	38	12ALTHIN	.84 ZALTNew	.41 ZALTRe	30 ZALTRe	// ZALIK em o Se Jaltwia	5 X 8	.50 2SLTRec/	8	00.83 2SLTRemo	.75 2SLTNin	9	8 I	22.22	38	-57 3ALTNey	.61 3ALTRec/	03.67	01.22	-71 SALTMIN	15.15 4ALINEN CON 16.88 4ALTRec/Red	.93 4AL	05.31	.22 4ALTMIN	8	24.50 BALIKEC/KED	08.27	63.79	2	.48 OALTHIN	8	.50 Bultre	24.80 BMLTRei	US.2/ BMLIKEMOV NT 70 RUITHIN D		.75 1LDBNRec/	75 1UDBNR em/	00.25 1WDBNRemo
Code	;	뀦		ŧ	2 9	2 1		1	2	8	88	5 S	5 2	2	2	P3-R	ž	5	21		, ,		2	ß	2-21 2-1	2	5 0	3	S3-P	5¢	= 1	2 2	2 - 2-		3	2	X	2		¥-5 X	;;	: 2	: 🗂	13-R
lis- 'ict Vessel Name		8 Fleet Average	8 Fleet Average	8 Fleet Average	5 Fleet Average	O TLEEL AVERAGE R Flant Average	8 fleet Average	<	8 Fleet Average	Fleet	Fleet	o ricet Average R Fiest Average	Fleet	Fleet A	Fleet	8 fleet Average	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet A	O FLEET AVERAGE	Fleet	Fleet A	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	G Fleet Average 8 Fleet Average	Fleet A	Fleet	8 fleet Average	Fleet A	8 Fleet Average	Fleet A	Fleet	Fleet /	Ĩ	Fleet	Fleet A	Fleet Ave	8 Fleet Average R Fleet Average	UATOUCT		M	8 HATCHET
ţ, o	:	1128	1129	1130	1151	2011		1135	1136	1137	1138	4CI I	1141	1142	1143	1144	1145	1146	1147	2411	1150	1151	1152	1153	1154		9CII 1157	1158	1159	1160	1161	2011	315	1165	1166	1167	1168	1169		22		1174	117	1176

is Page 23	nrvice Time	rs Descrip	0.43 1SLTRemo	75 ISLTNI	.57 JULTNew	5	-67 3M	.22 JM.TRemo	SULTHIN SULTHIN	00.07 4WLINEW LON 10 47 241 TPac /Pach		N	.17 4ULTNIN	ĸ	8	2	03 36 44LIKCMOVE		1241 TRec/	-	8	-	Ŗ	49 Mooring	UU.31 POS LNECK	9 89	3	8	.27	5	08N1nspect	00.46 ITInspect	8	188.	.63 LTInspect	សុរ	q a	01.00 LIInspect	X I Therherd	2	8	8	5	.22 1ADBNMIr	1ALTNew	01.55 1ALTRec/Reb
ice Time		8	- 7 - 57		5	23	2	4 -22	* F	a 5	: 22	3-6	2	6	81			12	2	12	D3-R	2	<u>ک</u>	2	2:	۲g	5	8	6	3	÷	5 i	91	17	5	9 !	22	23	25	: 5	2	15	L3-R	2	E	MZ
WLIC Service		Vessel Name	• 🐠	Elect Average	8 Fleet Average	l fleet Average	I Fleet Average	Fleet Average	Fleet Average) FLEET AVERAGE	i Fieet Average	I Fleet Average	i Fleet Average	l fleet Average	I Fleet Average	Fleet Average	brieet Average	i Fleet Average	i fleet Average	i Fleet Average	I Fleet Average		<	< •		s Fleet Average S fleet Average	5 Fleet Average	1	i fleet Average	<u><</u>	< •	s fleet Average S fleet Average	<	ß Fleet Average	S Fleet Average	< •	< •	s ricet Average 1 fier Average		<		<	<	S Fleet Average	< ک د	S Fleet Average
	Dis-	trict	0201	1.180	1:181 B	1.182 1.182				1100	1088	1(89 8	1/90 8	1(91 8	1(92 8			1001	1097 8	1098 8	1099 8	1100 8	1101 8	1102		1105 8	1106 8	1107 8	1108 8	1109 8		1112	1113 8	1114 8	1115 8	1116 8	R /		1120	1121 8	1122 8	1123 8	1124 8	1125 8	1126 8	1127 8

WLIC Service Times Page 25

Service Time	Nours Description*	.17 tubbumin Re	.75 TMLTNew (8	8	.35 THLIREMO	16.00 AULININ KEPS 16.00 AULINEW CON	.00 4M.TRec/	.00 4uLTRem	R	8	00.08 Inspect	00.12 Pos Check	.17 Reli	8	សុ	UU.17 MOOFING AA 12 Bee check	17 Beli	: 0	ĸ	r;	00.25 1ADBNRemove An 17 1ADBNMin Barr	Z 1AL TNEW	.00 1ALTRec/	00 1AL	00.33 IALTRemove no 25 ialtwin Pane	.75 ZALTNEW	.00 2ALTRec/	8	00.25 ZALINGHOVE 00.25 ZALIMIN REDS	.75 2NLTNew		01.00 24L1K6m/K6pt 00.33 24L1R6move	-25 ZH	.00 4ALTNew	8	8,	U/.55 4ALTREMOVE 03 00 4ALTWIN Pers		2 12	33 1uDBNNew	.50 1WDBNRec/
282	Code in H	-	-		-	33-65	*5			¢,					_	_	30			L2 0		13-R				M3-R 0		-			10		03-B	:				0 ¥-53			1	12 0
<u>'</u>	ict Vessel Name		8 HATCHET	B NATCHET		≦ :	8 MATCHET 8 Matchet	B HATCHET	8 NATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 NATCHET	8 HATCHET	A MATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 MATCHET	R HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET	R HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET 8 VATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 MATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHEI 8 HATCHET	_	8 HATCHET	Ŧ	8 HATCHET	8 HATCHET R MATCHET				ž
Ō	trj	117	1178	6211	1180	1811	2811	18	1185	1186	1187	221	1100	1191	1192	1193	3		1197	1198	1199	1200	1202	1203	1204	1205	1207	1208	1209	1211	1212	1213	1215	1216	1217	1218	1219	1220	1221	1223	1224	1225

WLIC Service Times Page 26

Service Time	in Nours Description	00.66 1MBNRen/Repl	.22 1uDBMRe	00.25 tubennin	58	01.50 1HLTRem	-R 00.50 1MLTRemo	00.50 1M	UZ.UU JMLIMEN	03.00 3MLTRem	-R 01.00 3MLTRemo	01.00 3MLTMIN	00.00 th	08.00 4M	-R 02.67 4M.TRemo	OK DO ANTININ KEPS	08.00 4MLTRec/	10.00	-R 03.33 4WLTRemov	01.00 1 (LB)	01.50 11	02.00 IMC	02.00 10	55	00.33 1	00.50 IM (ULB)	00.50 IM	00.50 Sp	00.25 F	20.00 1		- 67 - 08-33 1-	14.00 12HL	8	00.50	00.33 Insp	00.50 Pos Check	00.08 Relief	01.00 Insp	02.00	01.50
14	essel Name C	1226 B MALLET 13	80		1229 8 MALLET 51	8 MALLET	8 MALLET		S MALLEI	8 MALLET	8 MALLET	8 MALLET	1240 8 MALLET 72	8 MALLET	8 MALLET	1243 8 MALLET /4 1242 8 MALLET 01	8 MALLET	8 MALLET	B MAL	1240 0 MALLEI 74 1260 8 MALIFI A1	8 MALLET	51 8 MALLET A	Z B MALLET A	1255 8 MALLET A5 1254 8 MALLET A5	5 8 MALLET B	56 8 MALLET	57 8 MALLET	1259 8 MALLET 64 1259 8 MALLET C1	8 MALLET	8 MALLET	1262 8 MALLET D2	8 MALLET	8 MALLET	66 8 MALLET	8 MALLET	68 8 MALLET	1269 8 MALLET F8 1270 8 MALLET F9	B MALLET	MALLET	8 MALLET	2

																													.1	1			-				-	F	L.	L	5	- .	.						
		and a			ب	5		ర	•		£			£		S	ð	Rept	9 / G	Repa	S.	8 1			NG DBN			Ad DBN	PH d	PH d	R A	3	3			Ph dy	PH dy	- PA 45	PH 45	P. 48				S	Reb	Repl	Š	Reps	ŝ
Page 27		Description [*]	Chec.		DBNInspec	DBNDayBrd	LTInspect	LTDayBrd Ch	LTRecharge	L1 Inspect	LTDayBrd	LTRecharg	LT1nspect	LTDayBrd		1ADBNNew	1ADBNRec/Reb		1 ADBNR CMC	TADBNNIN Repa	TALTNew Con	1ALTRec/Reb	1AL I KENVKE	1ALTMIN B		_		-	•		emkpl:			Recken: J	• •			RemRpl: 4					MinRep: 8	12ALTNew	12ALTRec/Reb	12ALTRen/Rep	že#	<i>c</i>	ZALTNew C
_	Service Time	=	8	8.3	00.17	80.25	00.42	00.50	8.3	80.73	01.50	01.50	01.50	03.00	02.50	8.33	01.50	8.8	8.8	8 9 8 8 9 8	8.S	02.00		00.50	8.33	01.50	00.67	00.25	01.00	02.00	01.50	00.50	05.00	0.00	00.10	00.40	00.90	08.00	01.50	10.00	15.00	16.00	03.00	20.00	24.00	-		•	01.50
Service Times	••	Code in	8	3	ŧ5	₹	15	16	17	SU	ðر	7r	Š	¥6	K7	5	2	ים ים	LS-R	1:		2 7		23	AIM	MA18	MAIC	MA 10	MAJA	MA38	MA3C	MA3D	MASA		NA5D	MA7A	HA7B	MA7C	RM	MABA	MABB	MABC	MABD	E.	N2	5	N.3-R	1	5
WLIC Ser		Home																																															
-		Vessel		MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	HALLET	MALLET	MALLET	HALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	WALLET WALLET	VALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	WLLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	WLLET	MALLET	MALLET
	Dis-	trict		10	10	80	10	•0	10	40	10	=	60	•0	80	80	80	10	0		6	10 e	0.00		5	80	80	80	80	80	80			<u> </u>			8	8	8	_	80	80	80	80	8	80	80 (80 (10
			1275	1276	1277	1278	1279	1280	1281	1282	1283	1284	1285	1286	1287	1288	1289	0671	S S	22	ŝ	1205	12051	1297	1298	1299	1300	1301	1302	1303	1304	5051	1506	1208	1309	1310	1311	1312	1313	1314	1315	1316	1317	1318	1319	1320	1321	1322	1323

Page 23	scripti) 2ALTRec/Reb	ZALTRe	ZALTRem	ZALTMin		ZMLTRec	ZM.TRem			3ALTRec/	3ALTRem	3ALTRemo	3ALTMIN	4ALTNew	1 4ALIREC/RED	3	4ALTHI	BALTNew	BAL	BALTRem	BALTRemove	• •		BULTNen	BULTRe	Bull TRem	SHLTRent	•	TUDBNRAC/	1 NDBNR CH	-	1MDBNMin	1 SDBNNen	- 1	1WLTRec/Reb		INLTHIN	1SLTNew Con	ě	1SLTRen/Repl	TRemo	THE THE	SULTRec/Reb
		02.50		÷ •	•		•	2 2 2 2	2 8 C K	• 7			•		5 S 5 S	•				15.00	•	50	5 8 5 8	00.50		15.00	-	82.33 83				00.33		•	31	55	00.44		5.3	02.50	02.50	88	2 S S S	
I		1	-	<u> </u>								Ŭ								.			, C	, С		-	-				.0	0	0			50	50		0	0	0	00	30	.0
rice Tìr	10	8	8	5	8	2	8	92	* -32	5 2	. 28 8	£3	R3-8	24	ខេះ	2 20	5	3	Ξ	12	۲I ۲	13-8		53	Ţ	X2		8-82	\$ • × •	: 2	: £	13-R	2	23	5;	35	25		41	42	43	43-R	* . * .	22
MLIC Service	Kee	•																															~	~ ^	-				~	~	~	~ '		
	Vessel	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET		MALLET	MULET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	WALLET		MALLET	WILET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	MALLET	TALLET	5 Z	: =	HALLET	ALLET				PANLICO		- i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	PANLICO				PAML1CO	PAULICO	PANLICO	PANL [CO			÷ —
	bis- trict		Ø	-0	10	•0	•0	10 6	0 0	5 40		10	•0	•0	5	Q 60	2 00	60	-	8	3	200	0 9			80	80	e0 e	0 0	0 00	80	80	0	60 0	2	10 a	5 60		1	.	-	80 6	0 9	3 60
		1324	1325	1326	1327	1328	1329		26	125	133	1335	1336	1337		1221		1342	1343	1344	1345			1340	1350	1351	1352	1353		1356	1357	1358	1359	8	2			1365	1366	1367	1368	1369		32

WLIC Service Times

Page 30

ł

	Description*	LTRen/R		THÍN				Š	-	C .		ONLINEN CON	5 6		E I	1uDBNNew Con	1uDBNRec/Reb	140BMRem/Repl	0			n a c	INLINEC/NED 111 Theo/Neo	INLIKEN/KEPL 111 TREBOVE		1SLTNew	3ULTNew	3uLTRec/Reb	3ULTRen/Repl	SULTRemo	JULININ KEPS	AULTONC	4ULTRen/R		AULTHIN	-		IMR (ULB)	R (ULB)	12MLTNew	12M TRe	12MLTRem/Rept	12M.TRemo	N.			Pos Check
_	Hours	- 🗣			ė		•	٠	-	٠	•	3.5	•	• •	• •	01.00						01.30	•	• _	•			-	03.50		38	•	24.00				8.3	٠.	8				٠		00.50		8.8
		53	s3-8	z	11	12	2 1	13-R	17	5	4	= \$	22			:	12		13-R	21	2	51	2	2 2	: 2	5	51	52	2	23- 8	1 6	. 0	: 5	93-R	2	81	B2	83	4	01	02	m	D3-R	21	2	82	6
	trict Vessel Name	8 PANLICO	E PANLICO	& PAMLICO	8 PAMLICO	8 PAMLICO	-		Ē		-	5 PARLICU 8 BAMITCO	-		8 PANLICO	8 SAGINAU	8 SAGINAN	8 SAGINAN	8 SAGINAN	8 SAGINAN		8 SAGINAU	AVIITA O	8 SAGINAL			8 SAGINAU		•••		D SALINAN B CACINAL		•			8 SAGINAN	8 SAGINAN			SAGI					n ·	B SAGINAN	8 SAGINAN
		1423	1423	1424	1425		1427			14.50	1431	2691	7271	5151	1436	1437	1438	1439	1440	1441	1442	1443		(144) (1446	2776	1448	1449	1450	1451	1452	7271		1456	1457		1459	1460	1461	1462	1463	1464	1465	1466	1467	1468	1469	27

Sul TRemove Sul Trin Reps Aul Trec/Reb Aul Trec/Reb Aul Trec/Rep Aul Trenve Aul Trec/Reb Aul Trec/Reb Aul Trec/Reb Aul Trec/Reb Aul Trec/Reb 1ADBNNew Con 1ADBNRec/Reb 1ADBNRemove 1ADBNMin Reps 1ALTNEW Con 1ALTNEW/Reb 1ALTNEW/Reb 1ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEW Con 2ALTNEW/Reb 2ALTNEW/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2SLTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEW/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEM/Reb 2ALTNEW/Reb 1 ADBNRem/Rept in Repe **3MLTRem/Repl** 3AL TRem/Rep! Description¹ GALTNew Con 4ALTRec/Reb **3ALTRemove** Inspect Mooring Pos Check Relief Page 29 **3ALTHÍ** Service Time in Hours D WLIC Service Times Dis-trict Vessel Name PARL ICO • ~ --80

Page 32	e e 6 Descriptio	• •	75 1uDBNRec/Reb 75 1uDBNRec/Reb	1 UDBNR	1NDBNMI	75 TULTNew Con	5 1ULTRec/Reb 5 1ULTRem/Rep/	TRemove	JULTHIN	Sul Tken	ou Jak ikec/keo 50 Jul 12em/2eol	3uLTRe	3uLTMIn	10 441.TKew Con 10 241 Teac/each		Å,	4ULTMIn	00 4HLTNew Con 00 4ULTDec/Deb	4uLTRem		4M.THIN R	0 12WLTNew Con		-		33 Inspect	i Rooring 13 Dos Cherk		-	5 1ADBNRec/Reb	13 JAUGNKONVKODV 14 JADANA AMANAA		5 TALTNEW D	5 1ALTRe	25 1ALTRem/Repl	-	12ALTNes	12ALTRei	12ALTRes	.00 12ALTKemove .00 12ALTMin Reps
		1 4	8 8 K K	2.2 8	80.25	•	55	8	8	-, -	38			00 71 12 00	80.71	8	- 1	12.00	• •		01.00 100	8.8 8	38	8.80 8.90	00.40	88	38	38	00.50	28	S S	88	8.7	5		38	20.02	24.00	2.2	88
	й с	1	0 0	0	0	0	0 C	0	0	00	50	0	0			0	0			0	0	N r	u n	10	0	00	- c	0	0	0 0	э с	0	0	0	00	э с	2	~	~ ~	20
Service Time		=	5 t	- 	14	۲	25		Å	51	215	53-R	3	22	: 12	2-6	2	28	: 2	93-R	2	22	2 6	03- F	40	τ.	2 2	Š	5	2:			ĥ	2 ·	S S		E	N2		N-5N 5N
WLIC Ser	Ves	8 WEDGE	8 VEDGE	8 VEDGE	8 UEDGE	B WEDGE	8 WEDGE A VIENCE	8 NEDGE	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE	g wedge B wedge	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE 8 VIENCE	B VEDGE	8 NEDGE	B WEDGE	8 NEDGE 8 VEDGE	B NEDGE	8 WEDGE	S WEDGE	8 WEDGE	a wende R wende	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE	A WEVGE	8 WEDGE	8 NEDGE	8 WEDGE	a weuge B wer oe	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE	B VEDGE	A LERGE	8 NEOGE	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE
	Dis- tríct	1520	1521 1521	1523	1524	1525	1526	1528	1529	1530	151	1533	1534	1535	1537	1538	1539	1540	1542	1543	1544	1545	1547	1548	1549	1550		1553		in i	0000	1558	1559	1560	1561	2001	156	1565	1566	1568

iees Page 31	Service Time in Nours Description	00.75 Relief	Ę,	U1.25 IAUBUREC/RED	.50 LADBNRe	.20 1ADBNMir	2.65 1ALTNew		01.73 IALIKERVKEPL	30 14	.00 12AL1	30.00 12ALTRec/Reb 22 00 1241 18/8/	12 12 N	10.00 12AL1	.83 ZALTNEN C	.25 2M	UZ-D3 ZALIKEN/KEPI	00.65 2AL	.00 2SLTNew	.65 ZULTNew	אג <u>ג</u> י	UZ.03 ZWLIKEW/KEPL	00.65	.00 3ALTNew	-00 3AL	03.50	K UI.I/ JALIKemove Af An Taira Pars	.00 4ALTNEW	2.00	24.00 4AL	R 08.00 4ALTRemove	.00 BALTNEW	.00 BALTRec/	28.00	.33 BALTRemo	.00 BALTHIN	ZO DADBNNIF		OO Sul Her/	33	R	08.00 BULTMÍ
Service Ti	- 10	ž	5	25	קנ	2	E	ž	2 4	2 ±	'n	¥ i			9	81	38		2	9	83	35		2	8 2	m r	7	t s	S2	м	1-ES 2	5 =	2	m	÷.	2	33	\$ 5	\$	žÖ	- C	
WLIC Sei	Ke.	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGIMAN	SAGINAM	-	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAU			SAGINAN	-	SAGINAN	SAGINAU	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SALLINAN	SAGINAW	SAGINAW	SAGINAW	SAGINAU	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAW	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAU	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAU	SAGINAN	SAGINAU	SAGINAN	SAGINAN	SAGINAN
			8	22	0 40 r 10	76 8	8	8 8 8			82	20 is 20 is	5 e 5 e	9 9	87 8	60 (60 (202	0 ec	8 55	93 8	8 76	6 2 8 9	0 e0	98 89	8	_	56	30	04 8	-	90 8 8			8	18	80 i 7 i	80 e	10 ed 4 v	0 e	060	. e0	•0
		3	3		13	147	3	2	141	1 2	148	148		148	148	1488	2	102	149	149	51		149	149	149	55		₹ <u>5</u>	150	1505	1506	2021	150	15	15	5	5		n i	25	15	151

B-16

nes Page 34	Service Time in Hours Description*	03 13 1ci Tam/am/	14 1SLTR	.72 ISLTNIN	Jul They	.06 JultRec	04.27 JULTRem/Repl	.37 3M.TRemo	.76 SULTHIN		D. UU 3SLIREC/RED	SCITES	-29 3SLTNIr	.00 AMTNew	.53 4M.1	12.15 4MLTRem/Repl	22 4ULTRem	.66 4ULTNIN	4	4	.00 4SLTRem	.00 4SLTRem	_	-20 4M Ther	17 10	1	.31 4WLTHI	-67 4SL	3	_	00.67 Sp	01.07 50	00.77 Fe	=	12MLTRev	12MLTRem	12M.TRemo	UO.UU IZMLIRIN Keps					, ,	= 2	ULTA Inspect	UI.2U Kecnerge A1 21 Maaniaa	ų
ce Ti	Code	5	5	\$	5	22	ສ	1- 22	22	50	34		32	7	2	R	ř.	2	3	221	ສ່	3	ð ö	20	16	2.5	36	Å - ľ	S	8	58	3 2	2	5	22	50	2-20	1	= 1	21	21	2 2	2:	₹ Y	32	38	3
WLIC Service	l Kane		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average		Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	Average	ALCI ORC
	Vessel			Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet		Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	fleet	Fleet	Fleet					Fleet	Fleet	Flriet	Fikt	Fliget			Fleet	Fleet	Fleet	Fl set	Fleet	Fleet		Ξ.		Fleet	L'eer	Fi cet			
	Dis- trict	: 8	: 8	8	8	8	8	8	8	88	8 2	8 8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8 8	88	8 2	\$ 8	: 8	: 8	8	8	8	8	88	8	: 8	8	8	8	8 8	\$ 8	\$ 8	88	\$ 8	88	\$ \$	38	\$ 8	8 \$	2
	÷		1610	1620	1621	1622	1623	1624	1625	1626	1621	1620	1620	1631	1632	1633	1634	1635	1636	1637	1638	1639	0,00			13	1645	1646	1647	1648	1649	1551	1652	1653	1654	1655	1656	201	8001	1659			200	2001		<u>681</u>	ŝ

Page 33	rvice Time Moure Descriptiont		.38 2AL	.88 2ALTRe	1.00 ZALIKONNYEPI 0 43 24 TB	32	.38 ZMLTNew	.88 ZM	.88 Zull	.63 ZuLTRemo	R S	.50 3ALTRec/	.50 3AL	.83 3ALTRemo	UU.3U 3ALIMIN Keps 13 00 441 TVAL For	.00 4ALTRec/	4AL	.67 4ALTRenc	.00 4ALTMIN	16.00 BALINEN CON 20.00 RAI TREC/PEN		67	.00 BALTMIN	.25 CADBNMIN	UU.SU UALIMIN Keps	38		5	-00 BULTMIN R	UU./1 INUBANNEN LON N1 20 IUNRUBer/Deh	.09 ILDBNRem	.33 1uDBNRemo	.24 TuDBNMin		· 77 1SDBNRec/	.81 1SDBNRem	44 1SDBNMIn	.29 JULTNew C	.88 1MLTRec/	5	00.62 14LTRemove An 53 14LTREmove	OF 1SI THAN	
ice Times	Servi Ti Tin	5	-		3	¥.		-		ar	35	_	R3 02	e ¢	5÷		2 S	~	57 75	= 2	12	13-R				27 = 2		ec	23		13	~	14	21 22		ę	:	31 0	32 01	_	33-K		14
WLIC Service			w	w 1					w	w.		, u	.	יעו				ų	LU I		, w		ų	u I			w	w.	•	t Average t Average	<	t Average	<u>د</u>	23	t Average	t Avera	t Aver	t Average	it Average	it Average	t Average	t Average	t Average
	Dis- trict Vessal		B NEDGE	8 LEDGE			8 NEDGE	B WEDGE	B LEDGE	8 VEDGE		8 LEDGE	8 NEDGE	8 NEDGE		B LEDGE	8 WEDG	8 WEDGE	8 WEDGE	S VEDGE	8 LEDGE	8 HEDGE	8 NEDGE	8 NEDGE		8 WEDGE	B WEDGE	Ξ.	3:		9 Fleet	99 Flee	99 Flee	99 Fleet		99 Flee	1	99 F. ee	99 Flee	90 F. e	8 2 8 2 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8		8 I 6
	ā	5	1569	22		, Z	1574	1575	1576	157	0/51	1580	1581	1582		285	1586	1587	1588	2001 1500	1591	1592	1593	1594	5	1597	1598	1599	1600		1603	1604	1605	1606	1001	891 893	1610	1611	1612	1613	1614 1615	2101	1617

WLIC Service Times Page

2

Service Time	e in Hours Description [±]	19.68 4ALTRec/Re	21.06 4ALTRem	07.02 4ALTRemov	UC.CS AALIMIN Keps To 78 AAITHAN CAN	.39 BALTRec/	60 BALTRem	.20 BAL	.84 SALTHIN Rep	Z8 DADBWHIN		78 Bull New	.39 BM.TRe	39.60 BM	-20 BM.TRemo	10 00 451 THAN FOR	-30 4St TRec/	.00 4SLTRe	4SL	.00 LB Insp	LB Insp	₽. ₽.	3 8	LB Reli	00 ULB	.00 ULB 1	ULB Moorng+	00.00 DBN Inspection	00 LT 1	.00 Nev	.00 Reckeb: Wd	C UULUU Kenkert: WICIDEN	DO. 00 NEWCON: Stl	00.00 RecReb: Stl	00.00 RemRpl: Stl	00.00 Minkep: Stl	00.00 NewCon: 1P V			00.00 NewCon: 1P S	.00 RecReb	C 00.00 Remepi: 1P Sti LT	
		- 10	S	23	\$5	:2	12	13-1	2	33	1	ž	X	2	ż;	\$;	- 2	12	2	R	2	83	Į	28	81	82	83	1	2	ST1	ST1	ST1C ST1D	ST2	ST28	ST2C	ST2D	ST3A			514 15	ST4	STA	Ŧ
	Vessel Name	Fleet Ave	Fleet A	Fleet Aver	Fleet Average	Fleet Aver	Fleet	Fleet /	Fleet A	Fleet Aver	Fleet Average	Fleet A	Fleet	Fleet A	Fleet	FICE AVER	Fleet A	Fleet Aver	Fleet Aver	2	•	TEMP	•	•	•			TEMP	•	TENP		TEMP		TENP				•	TEMP		-	- •	
Dis-	trict	8	8:	88	\$8	: 8	8	8	81	88	8 3	: 8:	8	8	88	8 8	8	: 8	8	8	8	88	8 3	8	8	8	88	\$ 8	: 8:	8	81	38	: 8:	8	8	8	88	3 8	\$ 8	: 8	8	88	2
		1716	1717	81/1		2	222	173	2	22	120	1728	1729	22	Ē			222	1736	127	1738	621	174	1742	1743	1744	1745	1747	1748	1749	ŝ	ēķ	1733	134	1755	1756				1261	1762	1763	Č.

************ 140888464 140888464/Reb 14088864/Reb 14088864/Reb 1417864/Reb 1417864/Reb 1417864/Reb 1417864/Reb 1417864/Reb 12417864/Reb 251. TRenvice 251. Trenve 251. Trenve 251. Trenve 251. Trenve 251. Trenve 251. Trenve 251. Trenve 351. DBMInspect DBNDayBrd Ch LTInspect LTInspect LTInspect LTInspect LTInspect LTInspect LTInspect LTInspect in Nours Description* LTRecharge Page 35 Pos Check Relief Service Time 00.84 01.97 02.87 02.87 00.96 03.13 03.85 03.85 03.85 03.85 03.85 15.82 **W.IC Service Times** Code Fleet Average
 Fleet Average
 Fleet Average
 Fleet Average
 Fleet Average
 Fleet Average
 Fleet Average
 Fleet Average
 Fleet Average
 Fleet Average Average Average Average Average Average Average Average Average Dis-trict Vessel Name Fleet leet fleet eet eet eet eet ž

tes Page 37	Se vice	in Hours Description*	 NewCon: 3P 1	DO DO BAMBAL TO UN IT	.00 Mingen: 3P 5	NewCon: 3	.00 RecREb:3P S	.00 Remept:3P S	MinRep:3	.00 NewCon:	00 RecRED:	OU ON MEMORY: 4P WG LI	00 NewCon:4	.00 RecREb.	RemRpl:4P S	00 Minkep:4	OU BACEEN.	Renkol:	00 MinRep: 4P 1	.00 NewCont4P S	00 RecRED: P S	Reakpt :4P		RecRED: SP 1	Renkpl: 8P	NinRep:	NewCon:8P	DO.OC RECRED:8P Sti Rg	Minkeo:8P S	NewCon: 12p	RecREb: 12p 1	Remaple: 12p 1		.00 RecREb:1	8	.00 MinRep:1	NewCon: 1P	8	8	5 8	00.00 NewCon:5P Sti LT		5
šervice Tir		Code	 ST5A		ST50	STEA	S168	S16C	S (60	S17A	82 1 S		STBA	ST 88	S18C		A LOIS	S19C	ST 90	STAA	STAB	STAC		5188	STBC	STB0	STCA	STCB	212	STDA	STDB	STDC	STEA	STEB	STEC	STED	STFA	STFB	STEC	STFD	STGA	355	3
WLIC Ser		trict Vessel Name	90 TEMP	VY (EM	_		-	-		- 1	99 TEMP	A ICH		99 TEMP								79 TEMP	-	99 TEMP	-	-	- 1	50 TEMP	•		-	90 TEMP				5-7 TEMP	-		- 1		99 TEMP	 90 TEMP	
			1765	1747	1768	1769	0//1	Ē	Ē	Ei	Š		Ē	1778	Ē		22	1783	178	1785	282	18/1	8 22	ŝ	121	1792		žž	1786	1021	1798	<u>8</u>	1001	1802	1803	1804	1805	1806	1807	1808	18.79		;

8
~
Ö.
-
ü
-
0
3
~
÷.
Š.

P

1WDBMMin Reps abcccddddddd

e: Mumber of Piles b: Composition w = Wood s = Steel c = Concrete A = Average c = Structure Type c = Structure Type c = Structure Type d = Action Performed d = Action Performed d = Action Performed Mew Con: New Construction Mew Con: New Construction Mew Con: Recove & Replace Remove: Remove & Replace

APPENDIX C

DESCRIPTION OF DSS ONE-PAGE SUMMARY SHEETS

APPENDIX C. LAYOUT OF DSS 1-PAGE SUMMARY SHEET

Time report generated date report generated

ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS

vessel & report #

VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT

Platform Characteristics

- vessel class and name

- Homeport: city and state

- average transit speed: from survey

- maximum cruise length: from survey

- work day: from survey

- Prep/Deprep time: from survey (minimum minutes between aids WLICs =15)
- Dispatch: date of first trip (1/1/93 for derived WLIC log, all aids last serviced in 1992 will be serviced) (Window size: size of service days window, Step size: number of days between vessel trips) (a Window Size, Step Size of 1,1 will result in the DSS servicing the aids within +/- 1 or 2 days of actual dates)

Summary Statistics

Total Navaids assigned	=	number of aids assigned (includes port)
Total Navaids serviced	=	number of aids visited by DSS
Total trips	=	generated by DSS
Underway days	=	total calendar days tender was out
Avg buoys / trip	=	calculated
Avg underway days / trip	-	calculated
Total transit time	=	sum of DSS trip routes
Total service time	=	sum of required aid servicing times
Total idle time	-	sum of overnight time away from port
Total time	=	sum of above three times
Total short transits	=	inter-navaid trip times that were < prep/deprep time
Total length of short trips	=	time that was expended by by DSS on those trip:
Additional prep/deprep time	=	additional time needed to $=$ prep-deprep time
Avg service time / navaid	=	calculated
Avg transit time / navaid	=	calculated
Avg total time / navaid	=	calculated
Total ATON hours used	=	Sum Total of all hours
Historical ATON hours used	=	AOPS avg. of Underway and Hi-Readiness Hours

APPENDIX D

DSS RESULTS FOR THE CONSTRUCTION LOG FILE

Table of Contents

DISTRICT 5	
KENNEBEC	D-1
PRIMROSE	D-2
SLEDGE	D-3
DISTRICT 7	
RAMBLER	D-4
HAMMER	D-5
SMILAX	D-6
HUDSON	D-7
VISE	D-8
DISTRICT 8	
ANVIL	D-9
MALLET	D-10
CLAMP	D-11
HATCHET	D-12
AXE	D-13
SAGINAW	D-14
PAMLICO	D-15
WEDGE	D-16

10:38:2

Tuesday 3/22/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS

KENNEBC3.REP

VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT _____ Platform Characteristics - WLIC KENNEBEC - Homeport PORTSMOUTH, VA - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 Prep/Deprep time 0:15
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics = 77 (0 Seasonal) = 76 (0 Seasonal) = 26 Total Navaids assigned Total Navaids serviced Total trips = 39 Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 2.9 Avg underway days / trip = 2.9 Total transit time = 349:58 Total service time = 90:45 Total service time = 90:45 Total idle time (not added) = 95:47 Total time = 440:43_____ Total short transits = 33 Total length of short trips = 3:20 Additional prep/deprep time = 4:55 -----Avg service time / navaid=1:12Avg transit time / navaid=4:40Avg total time / navaid=5:52 Total ATON hours used = 445:38 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 1703:00

======

10:38:11

Tuesday 3/22/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS

PRIMROS4.REP

VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ****************** Platform Characteristics ------- WLIC PRIMROSE - Homeport ATLANTIC BEACH, NC - 8.5 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned Total Navaids serviced = 138 (0 Seasonal) = 137 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 37 Underway days = 74 Avg buoys / trip = 3.7 Avg underway days / trip = 2.0Total transit time= 814:48Total service time= 158:46 Total transit time Total idle time (not added) = 184:23 Total time = 973:34 -----Total short transits = 40 Total length of short trips = 4:15 Additional prep/deprep time = 5:45 ------Avg service time / navaid=1:10Avg transit time / navaid=5:59Avg total time / navaid=7:09 1:10 Total ATON hours used = 979:19 ======

Historical ATON hours used = 1335:00 ____

10:37:53

VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT

Tuesday 3/22/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS

SLEDGE5.REP

Platform Characteristics - WLIC SLEDGE - Homeport BALTIMORE, MD - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 Prep/Deprep time 0:15
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics _____ Total Navaids assigned= 50 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 49 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 19 Underway days = 41 Avg buoys / trip= 2.6Avg underway days / trip= 2.2 Total transit time= 488:57Total service time= 53:31 Total service time = 53:31 Total idle time (not added) = 73:25 Total time = 542:28 -----Total short transits = 11 Total length of short trips = 0:48 Additional prep/deprep time = 1:57 -----Avg service time / navaid=1:06Avg transit time / navaid=10:01Avg total time / navaid=11:07 1:06 Total ATON hours used = 544:25====== Historical ATON hours used = 1019:00 ******* 15:0:41

VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT

Tuesday 3/22/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS rambler7.REP

-------**Platform Characteristics** _____ - WLIC RAMBLER - Homeport CHARLESTON, SC - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned = 55 (0 Seasonal, Total Navaids serviced = 54 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 26 = 43 Avg buoys / trip = 2.1 Avg underway days / trip = 1.7 Total transit time= 358:45Total service time= 98:38 Total idle time (not added) = 81:25 Total time = 457:23 _____ Total short transits = 9 Total length of short trips = 0:18 Additional prep/deprep time = 1:57 -----Avg service time / navaid=Avg transit time / navaid=Avg total time / navaid= 1:50 6:41 8:30 Total ATON hours used = 459:20 ======= Historical ATON hours used = 1200:00 =======

15:39:14 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS hammer2.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ------Platform Characteristics ------- WLIC HAMMER - Homeport MAYPORT, FL - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics -----Total Navaids assigned= 62 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 61 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 28 = 54 Underway days Avg buoys / trip= 2.2Avg underway days / trip= 1.9 Total transit time= 616:37Total service time= 91:41 Total idle time (not added) = 112:27 = 708:18 Total time Total short transits = 7 Total length of short trips = 0:20 Additional prep/deprep time = 1:25 -----Avg service time / navaid=1:30Avg transit time / navaid=10:08Avg total time / navaid=11:38 Total ATON hours used = 709:43_____ Historical ATON hours used = 1426:00 ======

15:39:7 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS smilax3.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ***** Platform Characteristics _____ - WLIC SMILAX - Homeport BRUNSWICK, GA - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 Prep/Deprep time 0:15
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics ______ Total Navaids assigned= 53 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 52 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 17 = 27 Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 3.1 Avg underway days / trip = 1.6 Total transit time = 205:54 Total service time = 93:30 Total idle time (not added) = 77:30 Total time = 299:24 Total short transits = 15 Total length of short trips = 0:54 = 2:51 Additional prep/deprep time _____ Avg service time / navaid=1:48Avg transit time / navaid=4:01Avg total time / navaid=5:49 Total ATON hours used = 302:16 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 2403:00 ======

10:19:27 Tuesday 3/22/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS hudson15.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics ------ WLIC HUDSON - Homeport MIAMI, FL - 6.5 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 109 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 108 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 33 Underway days = 72 Avg buoys / trip = 3.3 Avg underway days / trip = 2.2 Total transit time= 888:00Total service time= 199:24 Total idle time (not added) = 191:56 = 1087:24Total time -----Total short transits = 31 Total length of short trips = 2:46 Additional prep/deprep time = 4:59 -----Avg service time / navaid=1:51Avg transit time / navaid=8:16Avg total time / navaid=10:07 Total ATON hours used = 1092:23======= Historical ATON hours used = 1763:00 =======

15:39:35 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS vise2.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ========================= Platform Characteristics ------- WLIC VISE - Homeport ST PETERSBURG, FL - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics ----Total Navaids assigned= 141 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 140 (0 Seasonal) = 39 Total trips = 74 Underway days Avg buoys / trip= 3.6Avg underway days / trip= 1.9 Total transit time= 680:38Total service time= 248:50 Total idle time (not added) = 194:40 Total time = 929:27 _____ Total short transits = 40 Total length of short trips = 2:05 = 7:55 Additional prep/deprep time -----Avg service time / navaid=1:47Avg transit time / navaid=4:55Avg total time / navaid=6:42 Total ATON hours used = 937:22 ======= Historical ATON hours used = 1660:00 =======

15:41:34 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS anvil3.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ****** Platform Characteristics - WLIC ANVIL - Homeport CORPUS CHRISTI, TX - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics -----Total Navaids assigned= 73 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 72 (0 Seasonal) = 72 (0 Seasonal) = 24 Total trips Underway days = 43 Avg buoys / trip = 3.0 Avg underway days / trip = 3.0 = 1.8 = 489:54 = 84:35 Total transit time Total service time Total idle time (not added) = 178:34 Total time = 574:29-----Total short transits = 10 Total length of short trips = 1:24 Additional prep/deprep time = 1:06 -----Avg service time / navaid=1:10Avg transit time / navaid=6:49Avg total time / navaid=8:00 Total ATON hours used = 575:35 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 1512:00 =======

Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS mallet16.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ------Platform Characteristics -------- WLIC MALLET - Homeport CORPUS CHRISTI, TX - 6 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 63 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 62 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 28 = 49 Underway days Avg buoys / trip= 2.2Avg underway days / trip= 1.8 Total transit time = 515:43 Total service time = 94:38 Total idle time (not added) = 96:19 Total time = 610:21 -----Total short transits 5 = Total length of short trips = 0:36 = 0:39 Additional prep/deprep time -----Avg service time / navaid=1:32Avg transit time / navaid=8:20Avg total time / navaid=9:51 Total ATON hours used = 611:00 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 1845:00 ======

15:44:6

15:41:3

Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS

clamp3.REP

VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ______ Platform Characteristics _____ - WLIC CLAMP - Homeport GALVESTON, TX - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics -----Total Navaids assigned= 147 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 146 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 39 = 64 Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 3.7 Avg underway days / trip = 3.7= 375:18 = 424:07 Total transit time Total service time Total idle time (not added) = 137:30 = 799:25Total time ~~~~~~ Total short transits = 42 Total length of short trips = 4:39 Total short transits = 5:51 Additional prep/deprep time -----Avg service time / navaid=2:54Avg transit time / navaid=2:37Avg total time / navaid=5:31 Total ATON hours used = 805:16 ======= Historical ATON hours used = 1328:00

======

15:41:22 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS hatchet2.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics _____ - WLIC HATCHET - Homeport GALVESTON, TX - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 Prep/Deprep time 0:15
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics _____ Total Navaids assigned=75 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced=74 (0 Seasonal)Total trips=27Underway days=47 Avg buoys / trip = 2.7 Avg underway days / trip = 2.7Total transit time= 565:59Total service time= 145:47 Total idle time (not added) = 137:37 Total time = 711:47 -----Total short transits = 11 Total length of short trips = 1:16 Additional prep/deprep time = 1:29 -----= Avg service time / navaid 1:58 Avg transit time / navaid Avg total time / navaid = 7:40 9:38 Total ATON hours used = 713:16 _____ Historical ATON hours used = 1370:00 _____

15:39:49 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS axe3.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT _____ Platform Characteristics _____ - WLIC AXE - Homeport MOBILE, AL - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics ------Total Navaids assigned= 81 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 80 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 20 Total Navaids serviced Total trips = 58 Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 4.0 Avg underway days / trip = 2.9 Total transit time = 793:50 = 117:11 Total service time Total idle time (not added) = 179:56 Total time = 911:01 -----Total short transits = 12 Total length of short trips = 0:53 Additional prep/deprep time 2:07 = -----N H N Avg service time / navaid Avg transit time / navaid Avg total time / navaid 1:2 9:57 11:25 Total ATON hours used = 913:08 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 1658:00 ======

15:40:3 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS saginaw3.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics - WLIC SAGINAW - Homeport MOBILE, AL - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 176 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 175 (0 Seasonal) = 32 = 70 Total trips Underway days = 5.5 Avg buoys / trip = 2.2 Avg underway days / trip Total transit time= 576:43Total service time= 319:40 Total idle time (not added) = 242:30Total time = 896:23 _____ Total short transits= 37Total length of short trips= 4:08 Additional prep/deprep time = 5:07 -----Avg service time / navaid = 1:50 Avg transit time / navaid Avg total time / navaid = 3:19 = 5:09 Total ATON hours used = 901:30 ======= Historical ATON hours used = 2248:00 ======

15:40:47 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS pamlico3.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT _____ Platform Characteristics - WLIC PAMLICO - Homeport NEW ORLEANS, LA - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 Prep/Deprep time 0:15
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics ____ Total Navaids assigned = 108 (0 Seasonal) Total Navaids serviced = 107 (0 Seasonal) = 26 = 55 Total trips Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 4.1 Avg underway days / trip = 2.1Total transit time = 728:34 Total service time = 132:39 Total idle time (not added) = 249:20 Total time = 861:13 _____ Total short transits = 27 Total length of short trips = 2:12 = 4:33 Additional prep/deprep time -----Avg service time / navaid=1:14Avg transit time / navaid=6:51Avg total time / navaid=8:05 Total ATON hours used = 865:46 _____ Historical ATON hours used = 1956:00 _____

10:19:51 Tuesday 3/22/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS wedge4.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics ~ WLIC WEDGE - Homeport NEW ORLFANS, LA - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned=92 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced=91 (0 Seasonal)Total trips=36Underway days=64 = 2.5 Avg buoys / trip Avg underway days / trip = 1.8Total transit time=625:57Total service time=88:59 Total idle time (not added) = 121:12 Total time = 714:56 -----Total short transits = 24 Total length of short trips = 2:21 Total short transits Additional prep/deprep time = 3:39 _____ Avg service time / navaid=0:59Avg transit time / navaid=6:55Avg total time / navaid=7:54 0:59 Total ATON hours used = 718:35 *===== Historical ATON hours used = 927:00 2=25252

APPENDIX E

DSS RESULTS FOR COMBINED WLICS

Table of Contents

DISTRICT 5, shifting of aid assignments between groups	
PRIMROSE/KENNEBEC	E-1
SLEDGE/KENNEBEC	E-2
DISTRICT 7, shifting	
RAMBLER/SMILAX	E-3
HAMMER/SMILAX	E-4
SMILAX/RAMBLER/HAMMER	E-5
DISTRICT 8, no shifting	
ANVIL/MALLET	E-6
CLAMP/HATCHET	E-7
SAGINAW/AXE	E-8
PAMLICO/WEDGE	E-9
DISTRICT 8, shifting	
ANVIL/MALLET	E-10
CLAMP/HATCHET	E-11
SAGINAW/AXE	E-12
PAMLICO/WEDGE	E-13
DISTRICT 8, with fifth WLIC at Morgan City	
ANVIL	E-14
CLAMP	E-15
HATCHET	E-16
SAGINAW	E-17
PAMLICO	E-18

10:53:23 Tuesday 3/22/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS primros5.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics ______. - WLIC PRIMROSE/KENNEBEC - Homeport ATLANTIC BEACH, NC - 8.5 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 Prep/Deprep time 0:15
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics ___________ Total Navaids assigned= 141 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 140 (0 Seasonal) = 36 Total trips = 87 Underway days Avg buoys / trip= 3.9Avg underway days / trip= 2.4 Total transit time = 1123:33= 167:32Total service time Total idle time (not added) = 201:48 = 1291:07Total time _____ Total short transits = 40 Total length of short trips = 4:31 Additional prep/deprep time = 5:29 _____ Avg service time / navaid=1:12Avg transit time / navaid=8:04Avg total time / navaid=9:16 Total ATON hours used = 1296:36 ======= Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 =======

10:53:10 Tuesday 3/22/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS sledge6.REF VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics - WLIC SLEDGE/KENNEBEC - Homeport BALTIMORE, MD - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics _____ Total Navaids assigned= 123 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 122 (0 Seasonal)Total trained= 20 Total trips = 30 Underway days = 75 Avg buoys / trip= 4.1Avg underway days / trip= 2.5 Total transit time= 1079:30Total service time= 113:21 Total idle time (not added) = 214:48Total time = 1192:51____ Total short transits = 42 Total length of short trips = 3:37 Additional prep/deprep time = 6:53 -----Avg service time / navaid=0:56Avg transit time / navaid=8:54Avg total time / navaid=9:50 0:56 Total ATON hours used = 1199:44 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 ======

10:56:56 Monday 4/11/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS ramblr13.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ***************** Platform Characteristics - WLIC RAMBLER/SMILAX - Homeport CHARLESTON, SC - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics ______ Total Navaids assigned= 72 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 71 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 32Underway days= 60 Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 2.2 Avg underway days / trip = 1.9 Total transit time = 576:33 = 148:08 Total service time Total idle time (not added) = 138:56 Total time = 724:40 .____ Total short transits = 10 Total length of short trips = 0:27 Additional prep/deprep time = 2:03 _____ Avg service time / navaid=2:05Avg transit time / navaid=8:09Avg total time / navaid=10:14 Total ATON hours used = 726:44 _____ Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 -----

10:54:13 Monday 4/11/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS hammer6.REP VLSSEL SUMMARY REPORT ______ Platform Characteristics - WLIC HAMMER/SMILAX - Homeport MAYPORT, FL - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 Prep/Deprep time 0:15
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned=97(0Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced=96(0Seasonal)Total trips=33Underway days=71 Avg buoys / trip = 2.9 Avg underway days / trip = 2.9Total transit time= 800:17Total service time= 118:32 Total idle time (not added) = 159:50 Total time = 918:50 ____ Total short transits = 20 Total length of short trips = 1:07 Additional prep/deprep time = 3:53 -----Avg service time / navaid=1:14Avg transit time / navaid=8:23Avg total time / navaid=9:37 1:14 = 922:43 Total ATON hours used _____ Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 ======

10:0:3 Thursday 4/14/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS smilax11.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ***************** Platform Characteristics - WLIC SMILAX/RAMBLER/HAMMER - Homeport BRUNSWICK, GA - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics -------= 168 (0 Seasonal) = 167 (0 Seasonal) Total Navaids assigned Total Navaids serviced Total trips = 49 = 134Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 3.4 Avg underway days / trip = 2.7 Total transit time = 1829:19 = 339:35 Total service time Total idle time (not added) = 368:45 Total time = 2168:55 _____ Total short transits= 32Total length of short trips= 1:28 Additional prep/deprep time = 6:32 _____ Avg service time / navaid Avg transit time / navaid = 2:02 = 11:00 = 11:00 = 13:02 Avg total time / navaid Total ATON hours used = 2175:27 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 =======

16:25:51 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS ANVIL4.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ****************** Platform Characteristics - WLIC ANVIL/MALLET - Homeport CORPUS CHRISTI, TX - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 135 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 134 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 41 = 84 Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 3.3 = 2.0 Avg underway days / trip Total transit time=901:31Total service time=207:44 Total idle time (not added) = 319:02 Total time = 1109:15_____ Total short transits Total short transits = 18 Total length of short trips = 2:24 Additional prep/deprep time = 2:06 _____ Avg service time / navaid = 1:33 Avg transit time / navaid = Avg total time / navaid = 6:45 8:18 Total ATON hours used = 1111:21 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 ======

E-6

16:25:22 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS CLAMP4.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT _____ Platform Characteristics ------- WLIC CLAMP/HATCHET - Homeport GALVESTON, TX - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned = 221 (0 Seasonal) = 220 (0 Seasonal) Total Navaids serviced = 47 Total trips = 100 Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 4.7 Avg underway days / trip = 2.1 Total transit time = 900:54 Total service time = 622:41 Total idle time (not added) = 289:02 = 1523:36Total time -----Total short transits Total short transits = 53 Total length of short trips = 5:56 = 7:19 Additional prep/deprep time _____ Avg service time / navaid Avg transit time / navaid Avg total time / navaid 2:50 = = 4:08 6:58 = = 1530:54 Total ATON hours used ======= Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 ======

16:24:6 Friday 3/4/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS SAGINAW4.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT *********************** Platform Characteristics ------- WLIC SAGINAW/AXE - Homeport MOBILE, AL - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 256 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 255 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 40 Underway days = 111 Avg buoys / trip = 6.4 Avg underway days / trip = 2.8 Total transit time= 1141:28Total service time= 466:18 Total idle time (not added) = 441:40 Total time = 1607:46------Total short transits = 49 Total length of short trips = 4:32 Total short transits Additional prep/deprep time = 7:43 _____ Avg service time / navaid=1:50Avg transit time / navaid=4:30Avg total time / navaid=6:20 1:50 Total ATON hours used = 1615:29 ======= Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 =======

Tuesday 3/22/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS pamlico6.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ***************** Platform Characteristics ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ - WLIC PAMLICO/WEDGE - Homeport NEW ORLEANS, LA - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length work day is 7:00 to 19:00
Prep/Deprep time 0:15
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 199 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 198 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 46 = 100Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 4.3 Avg underway days / trip = 2.2Total transit time= 1173:25Total service time= 234:22 Total idle time (not added) = 362:42Total time = 1407:48_____ Total short transits = 52 Total length of short trips = 4:23 = 8:37 Additional prep/deprep time -----Avg service time / navaid Avg transit time / navaid Avg total time / navaid = 1:11= 5:58 = 7:09 Total ATON hours used = 1416:25 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 =======

13:13:44

17:42:9 Thursday 3/17/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS anvil5.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics - WLIC ANVIL/MALLET - Homeport CORPUS CHRISTI, TX - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 163 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 162 (0 Seasonal) = 42 Total trips Underway days = 100Avg buoys / trip = 3.9 Avg underway days / trip = 2.4 Total transit time= 1234:37Total service time= 228:01 Total idle time (not added) = 291:00 = 1462:38 Total time -----Total short transits = 30 Total length of short trips = 3:40 Additional prep/deprep time = 3:50 -----Avg service time / navaid=1:24Avg transit time / navaid=7:39Avg total time / navaid=9:03 Total ATON hours used = 1466:27 ===== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 ____

14:21:33 Friday 3/18/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS CLAMP5.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics _____ - WLIC CLAMP/HATCHET - Homeport GALVESTON, TX - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length
- work day is 7:00 to 19:00
- Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics ------Total Navaids assigned= 197 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 196 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 46 Total trips = 100Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 4.3 Avg underway days / trip = 2.2 Total transit time= 805:35Total service time= 612:55Total idle time (not added)= 286:38 Total time = 1418:30-----Total short transits = 41 Total length of short trips = 4:44 Additional prep/deprep time = 5:31 -----Avg service time / navaid=Avg transit time / navaid=Avg total time / navaid= 3:08 4:08 7:16 Total ATON hours used = 1424:01====== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 ======

Friday 3/18/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS saginaw5.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ------Platform Characteristics _____ - WLIC SAGINAW/AXE - Homeport MOBILE, AL - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep, Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned = 236 (O Seasonal) Total Navaids serviced = 235 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 39 Underway days = 105 Avg buoys / trip = 6.0 = 0.0 Avg underway days / trip = 1044:42 Total transit time Total service time = 439:26 Total idle time (not added) = 430:10 Total time = 1484:09-----Total length of short trips = 48 Additional prep/deprep time = 7:21 _____ Avg service time / navaid=Avg transit time / navaid=Avg total time / navaid= 1:52 4:29 6:21 Total ATON hours used = 1491:30====== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00======

14:24:55

14:25:40 Friday 3/18/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS pamlico5.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics - WLIC PAMLICO/WEDGE - Homeport NEW ORLEANS, LA - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 Prep/Deprep time 0:15
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 215 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 214 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 46 Total trips = 106 Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 4.7 Avg underway days / trip = 2.3 Total transit time= 1231:31Total service time= 249:00 = 249:00 Total idle time (not added) = 417:31Total time = 1480:31-----Total short transits = 53 Total length of short trips = 4:42 Additional prep/deprep time = 8:33 ------Avg service time / navaid = 1:10 Avg transit time / navaid Avg total time / navaid = 5:48 = 6:57 Total ATON hours used = 1489:04 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 ======

10:9:59 Friday 4/8/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS ANVIL10.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT **************** Platform Characteristics -------- WLIC ANVIL - Homeport CORPUS CHRISTI, TX - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics ~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~ Total Navaids assigned = 154 (0 Seasonal) Total Navaids serviced = 153 (O Seasonal) Total trips = 41 Underway days = 88 Avg buoys / trip = 3.7 Avg underway days / trip = 2.1Total transit time = 946:56 = 214:01 Total service time Total idle time (not added) = 329:15 Total time = 1160:56_____ Total short transits Total short transits = 30 Total length of short trips = 3:40 Additional prep/deprep time = 3:50 -----Avg service time / navaid Avg transit time / navaid=Avg total time / navaid=Avg total time / navaid= 1:24 6:13 7:37 Total ATON hours used = 1164:46 ======= Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 ======

10:9:6 Friday 4/8/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS CLAMP10.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics - WLIC CLAMP - Homeport GALVESTON, TX - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics ~~~~~~~~~~ Total Navaids assigned= 163 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 162 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 44 Underway days = 72 Avg buoys / trip= 3.7Avg underway days / trip= 1.6 Total transit time= 382:00Total service time= 472:01 Total idle time (not added) = 170:02 Total time = 854:01_____ Total short transits = 35 Total length of short trips = 3:55 = 4:50 Additional prep/deprep time _____ Avg service time / navaid=Avg transit time / navaid=Avg total time / navaid= 2:55 2:23 = 5:18 Avg total time / navaid Total ATON hours used = 858:50======= Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 **az**=====

8:52:36 Monday 4/11/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS hatchet8.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics - WLIC HATCHET - Homeport LITTLE WAX BAYOU LT 1 - 7 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 128(0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 127(0 Seasonal) = 26 = 68 Total trips Underway days Avg buoys / trip = 4.9 Avg underway days / trip = 2.6 Total transit time= 902:00Total service time= 234:51 Total idle time (not added) = 165:28 Total time = 1136:51_____ Total short transits = 27 Total length of short trips = 2:40 Total short transits Additional prep/deprep time = 4:05 ~----Avg service time / navaid=Avg transit time / navaid=Avg total time / navaid= 1:51 7:08 = 8:59 Total ATON hours used = 1140:55====== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 ======

10:7:57 Friday 4/8/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS SAGINW10.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ______ **Platform Characteristics** _____ - WLIC SAGINAW - Homeport MOBILE, AL - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 171(0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 170(0 Seasonal) = 32 Total trips Underway days = 81 Avg buoys / trip= 5.3Avg underway days / trip= 2.5 Total transit time=835:38Total service time=352:38 Total idle time (not added) = 279:59 Total time = 1188:16-----Total short transits = 35 Total length of short trips = 3:01 Additional prep/deprep time = 5:44 _____ Avg service time / navaid=2:04Avg transit time / navaid=4:57Avg total time / navaid=7:01 Total ATON hours used = 1194:00====== Historical ATON hours used = 1500:00 _____

10:8:33 Friday 4/8/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS PMLICO12.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT Platform Characteristics _____ - WLIC PAMLICO Homeport NEW ORLEANS, LA - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length work day is 7:00 to 19:00
Dispatch Friday 1/1/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 7 days, Step size = 7 days) Summary Statistics -*---------Total Navaids assigned= 195 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 194 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 43 = 86 Underway days Avg buoys / trip= 4.5Total service time= 208:50Total idle time (not added)= 296:29 = 1057:29 Total time _____ Total short transits = 44 Total length of short trips = 4:15 Additional prep/deprep time = 6:45 _____ Avg service time / navaid=1:05Avg transit time / navaid=4:25Avg total time / navaid=5:29 Total ATON hours used = 1064:00====== Historical ATON hours us d = 1500:00=======

APPENDIX F

DSS RESULTS FOR HUDSON and MALLET LOG FILES & ACTIVITY LOGS FOR HUDSON, MALLET, AND SAGINAW

Table of Contents

Page

HUDSON, 1 Year Log File	F-1
HUDSON, 1 Year Construction-Only Log File	F-2
MALLET, 1 Year Log File	F-3
MALLET 1 Year Construction-Only Log File	F-4
HUDSON, Summary of Log Activities	F-5
MALLET, Summary of Log Activiites	F-6
SAGINAW, Summary of Log Activiites	F-7
Actions and Derived Actions for HUDSON, MALLEr and	
SAGINAW	F-8

16:53:11 Wednesday 1/5/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS hudson3.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT *************** Platform Characteristics - WLIC HUDSON (1 yr log file, 10/20/91 thru 10/20/92: all activities) - Homeport Miami, FL - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - 1000 sq.ft. deck space available - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Tuesday 10/20/1992 at 7:00 (Window size = 3 days, Step size = 3 days) Summary Statistics ______ Total Navaids assigned= 406 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 402 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 46 Underway days = 124 Deck Space Available= 46000Deck Space Used= 0 (0 = 0 (0.0% utilization) = 8.7 Avg buoys / trip Avg underway days / trip = 2.7Total transit time= 1387:57Total service time= 366:15Total idle time= 465:51 Total time = 2220:03-----Total short transits = 180 Total length of short trips = 11:44 Additional prep/deprep time = 33:16 _____ Avg service time / navaid=0:55Avg transit time / navaid=3:32Avg total time / navaid=5:36 Total discrepancies = 0 Computed discrepancy hours = 0:00 -----Additional Structure Visits = 0 Additional Structure hours = 0:00 -----Total weather hours = 0:00 ------Same time servicing (subtract) = 76:20 Total ATON hours used = 2176:59 ====== Historical ATON hours used = 2124:00 ______

9:33:20 Thursday 1/6/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS hudson7.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT ______ Platform Characteristics _____ - WLIC HUDSON (1 yr log file, 10/20/91 thru 10/20/92: construction only) - Homeport Miami, FL - 8 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - 1000 sq.ft. deck space available - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Tuesday 10/20/1992 at 7:00 (Window size = 3 days, Step size = 3 days) Summary Statistics -----Total Navaids assigned= 184 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 181 (0 Seasonal) = 181 (0 Seasonal) Total trips = 44 = 102 Underway days Deck Space Available = 44000 Deck Space Used = 0 (0.0% utilization) Avg buoys / trip = 4.1 Avg underway days / trip = 2.3 Total transit time Total service time $= 1263:52 \\= 294:45 \\= 293:02$ Total idle time Total time = 1851:40-----Total short transits= 52Total length of short trips= 4:15 Additional prep/deprep time = 8:45 -----1:38 Avg service time / navaid=1:38Avg transit time / navaid=7:02Avg total time / navaid=10:17 Total discrepancies = 0 Computed discrepancy hours = 0:00 _____ Additional Structure Visits = 0 Additional Structure hours 0:00 = -----0:00 Total weather hours = ------Same time servicing (subtract) = 36:43 _____ Total ATON hours used = 1823:41====== Historical ATON hours used = 2124:00 *==**

16:31:57 Monday 1/10/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS mallet12.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT **************** Platform Characteristics - WLIC MALLET (1 yr log file, 6/24/92 thru 6/24/93: all activities) - Homeport CORPUS CHRISTI, TX - 6 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - 950 sq.ft. deck space available - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Thursday 6/24/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 0 days, Step size = 1 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 367 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 365 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 36Underway days= 87 Underway days Deck Space Available= 34200Deck Space Used= 2298.97 (6.7% utilization) Avg buoys / trip = 10.1Avg underway days / trip = 2.4 Total transit time=874:22Total service time=275:26Total idle time=377:29Total time= = 1527:17_____ Total short transits = 232 Total length of short trips = 18:32 Additional prep/deprep time = 39:28 _____ Avg service time / navaid=0:45Avg transit time / navaid=2:30Avg total time / navaid=4:18 Avg total time / navaid Total discrepancies = 0 = 0:00 Computed discrepancy hours ----Additional Structure Visits = 0 = 0:00 Additional Structure hours _____ = 0:00 Total weather hours _____ Same time servicing (subtract) = 0:00 _____ Total ATON hours used = 1566:45 *===== Historical ATON hours used = 1845:00 ******

16:36:47 Monday 1/10/1994 ATON SERVICE FORCE MIX DSS mallet13.REP VESSEL SUMMARY REPORT **************** Platform Characteristics - WLIC MALLET (1 yr log file, 6/24/92 thru 6/24/93: contruction only) - Homeport CORPUS CHRISTI, TX - 6 knot average transit speed - 120 hour maximum cruise length - work day is 7:00 to 19:00 - 950 sq.ft. deck space available - Prep/Deprep time 0:15 - Dispatch Thursday 6/24/1993 at 7:00 (Window size = 0 days, Step size = 1 days) Summary Statistics Total Navaids assigned= 81 (0 Seasonal)Total Navaids serviced= 79 (0 Seasonal)Total trips= 31Underway days= 66 Deck Space Available = 29450 Deck Space Used = 0 (0.0% utilization) Avg buoys / trip = 2.5 Avg underway days / trip = 2.1 Total transit time= 737:01Total service time= 157:49Total idle time= 151:00Total time= 151:00 **= 1045:49** -----Total short transits Total short transits = 14 Total length of short trips = 1:41 Additional prep/deprep time = 1:49 _____ Avg service time / navaid=2:00Avg transit time / navaid=9:21Avg total time / navaid=13:16 Total discrepancies = 0 Computed discrepancy hours = 0:00 ----Additional Structure Visits = 0 Additional Structure hours = 0:00 -----Total weather hours = 0:00 _____ Same time servicing (subtract) = 0:00 Total ATON hours used = 1047:393232222 Historical ATON hours used = 1845:00 ======

Hudson Log Activities (23 Months, Oct/91 thru Sep/93)

Aid Type	Quarter Hours	Count	Total Service Time	Aid Type	Quarter Hours	Count	Total Service Time
WLIC Needed?	= N			WLIC Needed?	= Y		
DBN	.33	106	8.8	DBN	1.00	28	7.0
DBN	1.00	35	8.8	DBN	2.00	17	8.5
DBN	5.00	2	2.5	DBN	3.00	31	23.3
DBN	6.00	1	1.5	DBN	4.00	46	46.0
LB	.33	1	.1	DBN	5.00	40	50.0
LB	1.00	3	.8	DBN	6.00	16	24.0
LB	3.00	3	2.3	DBN	7.00	8	14.0
LB	4.00	3	3.0	DBN	8.00	3	6.0
LB	6.00	2	3.0	DBN	9.00	2	4.5
LB	7.00	1	1.8	DBN	10.00	4	10.0
LT	.33	76	6.3	DBN	11.00	4	11.0
LT	1.00	32	8.0	DBN	12.00	1	3.0
LT	2.00	2	1.0	DBN	15.00	1	3.8
LT	3.00	1	.8	DBN	16.00 19.00	2	8.0
LT LT	4.00 5.00	6 2	6.0 2.5	DBN DBN	21.00	1 1	4.8 5.3
LT	8.00	1	2.0	DBN	24.00	1	6.0
LT	27.00	1	6.8	LT	1.00	13	3.3
ULB	1.00	14	3.5	LT	2.00	12	6.0
ULB	2.00	12	6.0	LT	3.00		6.0
ULB	3.00	8	6.0	LT	4.00	12	12.0
ULB	4.00	1	1.0	LT	5.00	13	16.3
Totals		313	82.2	LT	6.00	11	16.5
			(11.8%)	LT	7.00	5	8.8
				LT	8.00	3	6.0
				LT	9.00	8	18.0
				LT	10.00	5	12.5
				LT	11.00	5	13.8
				LT	12.00	11	33.0
				LT	13.00	5	16.3
				LT	14.00	1	3.5
				LT	15.00	3	11.3
					16.00	2	8.0
				LT LT	17.00 19.00	1 6	4.3 28.5
				LT	20.00	3	15.0
				LT	21.00	1	5.3
				LT	22.00	1	5.5
				LT	24.00	1	6.0
				LT	28.00	2	14.0
				LT	31.00	2	15.5
				LT	32.00	1	8.0
				LT	34.00	1	8.5
				LT	35.00	1	8.8
				LT	39.00	2	19.5
				LT	43.00	1	10.8
				LT	49.00	1	12.3
				LT	50.00	1	12.5
				LT	52.00	1 349	13.0
				Total	a	α ΔQ	613.3

Table: Hudhours 662 695.5 (100.0%)

349

Totals

613.3 (88.2%)

Mallet Log Activities (15 Months, Jun/92 thru Aug/93)

		Sorviao		Total	
Aid Type	Activity	Time	Count	Time	
WLIC Needed? = N 3 PILE WOOD LT 4 PILE WOOD PLATFORM LS PASSING LIGHT ONLY SINGLE PILE WOOD LT SINGLE PILE WOOD LT ULB ULB ULB ULB ULB ULB WOOD DAYBEACON WLIC Needed? = N Total 40.6%)					
WLIC Needed? = N					
3 PILE WOOD LT	INSPECTION	.50	1	.50	
4 PILE WOOD PLATFORM	INSPECTION	.50	1	.50	
ЪВ –	REPLACED	1.50	1	1.50	
PASSING LIGHT ONLY	INSPECTION	.50	3	1.50	
SINGLE PILE WOOD LT	INSPECTION	.50	6	3.00	
SINGLE PILE WOOD LT	POSITION CHECK	.50	29	14.50	
ULB	ESTABLISHED (MISSING)	.50	16	8.00	
ULB	INSPECTION	.33	165	54.45	
ULB	MOORING INSPECTION	.50	22	11.00	
ULB	POSITION CHECK	.33	13	4.29	
ULB	REPLACED	.50	14	7.00	
ULB	RESET	.50	42	21.00	
WOOD DAYBEACON	INSPECTION	.25	2	.50	
WLIC Needed? = N Total	S		315	127.74	(
40.6%)					`
·					
WLIC Needed? = Y					
3 PILE WOOD LT	DISCONTINUED	1.00	1	1.00	
3 PILE WOOD LT	REBUILT	3.00	11	33.00	
3 PILE WOOD LT	REPAIRED	1.00	5	5.00	
4 PILE WOOD PLATFORM	PEBUILT	6.00	3	18.00	
8 PILE WOOD PLATFORM	REBUILT	15.00	1	15.00	
8 PILE WOOD PLATFORM	REPAIRED	3.00	1	3.00	
MUD SILL	REBUILT	2.00	1	2.00	
None	REBUILT	.33	2	.66	
PASSING LIGHT ONLY	ESTABLISHED	.33	3	.99	
PASSING LIGHT ONLY	REBUILT	1.50	1	1.50	
PASSING LIGHT ONLY	RESET	.50	1	.50	
SINGLE PILE WOOD DBN	REBUILT	1.50	15	22.5Ŭ	
SINGLE PILE WOOD DBN	REPAIRED	.25	2	.50	
SINGLE PILE WOOD LT	ESTABLISHED	1.00	1	1.00	
SINGLE PILE WOOD LT	REBUILT	2.00	32	64.00	
SINGLE PILE WOOD LT	REPAIRED	.50	7	3.50	
WOOD DAYBEACON	REBUILT	1.50	10	15.00	
WLIC Needed? = Y Total	8		97	187.15	(
WLIC Needed? = Y 3 PILE WOOD LT 3 PILE WOOD LT 3 PILE WOOD LT 4 PILE WOOD PLATFORM 8 PILE WOOD PLATFORM MUD SILL None PASSING LIGHT ONLY PASSING LIGHT ONLY PASSING LIGHT ONLY SINGLE PILE WOOD DBN SINGLE PILE WOOD DBN SINGLE PILE WOOD LT SINGLE PILE WOOD LT SINGLE PILE WOOD LT SINGLE PILE WOOD LT SINGLE PILE WOOD LT WOOD DAYBEACON WLIC Needed? = Y Total 59.4%)					•
-					
Table: Malhours			412	314.89	
(100 09)					

(100.0%)

Saginaw Log Activities (21 Months, Jan/92 thru Sep/93)

				Total	
		Service		Service	
Aid Type	Activity	Time	Count	Time	
Aid Type					
WLIC Needed? = N	/MOORING /MOORING/RELIEF /RELIEF DISC BUOY DISCONTINUED ESTABLISHED INSPECTION None POSITION CHECK REPAIRED REPLACED RESET None DISC BUOY INSPECTION None RECHARGED				
BUOY	/MOORING	.75	81	60.8	
BUOY	/MOORING/RELIEF	.75	48	36.0	
BUOY	/RELIEF	.75	З	2.3	
BUOY	DISC BUOY	.75	1	.8	
BUOY	DISCONTINUED	.75	1	.8	
BUOY	ESTABLISHED	.75	2	1.5	
BUOY	INSPECTION	.50	1	.5	
BUOY	None	.75	4	3.0	
BUOY	POSITION CHECK	.75	2	1.5	
BUOY	REPAIRED	.75	4	3.0	
BUOY	REPLACED	.75	10	7.5	
BUOY	RESET	.75	11	8.3	
DBN	None	.75	1	.8	
LT	DISC BUOY	.75	1	.8	
LT	INSPECTION	.50	5	2.5	
LT	None	.75	9	6.8	
	RECHARGED	.75	4		
WLIC Needed? = N	None RECHARGED Totals		188	139.5	(9.8%)
WLIC Needed? = Y			-		
1 Pile Steel LT	Rebuild	4.00	1	4.0	
1 Pile Wood DBN	Discontinue Establish Rebuild Rebuild/Remove Repair Reset	1.25	1	1.3 77.0	
1 Pile Wood DBN	Establish	1.00	77	77.0	
1 Pile Wood DBN	Rebuild	1.00	38	38.0	
1 Pile Wood DBN	Rebuild/Remove	1.50	35	52.5	
1 Pile Wood DBN	Repair	.20	14	2.8	
1 Pile Wood DBN	Reset	1.50	1	1.5	
1 Pile Wood LT 1 Pile Wood LT	DISCOULTURE	1.25	1	1.3 46.8	
1 Pile Wood LT	Establish	1.30	36	46.8	
1 Pile Wood LT 1 Pile Wood LT 1 Pile Wood LT	Rebuild	1.30			
1 Pile Wood LT	Rebuild/Remove	1.75	53	92.8	
1 Pile Wood LT	Rebuild/Remove Repair Reset	.30	27	8.1	
1 Pile Wood LT	Reset	1.75	1	1.8	
3 Pile Wood LT	Establish	2.00	13	26.0	
3 Pile Wood LT	Reset Establish Rebuild Rebuild/Remove Repair Establish Rebuild	2.00	26	52.0	
3 Pile Wood LT	Rebuild/Remove	3.50	20	70.0	
3 Pile Wood LT	Repair	1.00	10	10.0	
4 Pile Wood LT	Establish	16.00	7	112.0	
4 Pile Wood LT	VEDUIIO	10.00	10	200.0	
4 Pile Wood LT	Rebuild/Remove	24.00	10	240.0	
4 Pile Wood LT	Repair	4.00	5	20.0	
8 Pile Wood LT	Establish	20.00	1	20.0	
8 Pile Wood LT	Rebuild	20.00	2	40.0	
8 Pile Wood LT	Rebuild/Remove	28.00	2	56.0	
8 Pile Wood LT	Repair	8.00	1	8.0	
WLIC Needed? = Y	Totals		466	1282.0	(90.2%)
m -h-1 - m t			<i><i><i>с</i> г л</i></i>	1401 5	(100.00)
Table: Saghours			654	1421.5	(100.0%)

WLIC	WLIC Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
HUDSON	N	DBN		INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	CONDUCTED SOUNDING SURVEYED BISCAYN E BAY DBNS 16-2	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	INSPECTED FOR DETERIORATION	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N		INSPECTED FOR DETERIORATION INSPECTED SPC FOR REBUILD	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	INSPECTED SPS STRUCTURES	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	INSPECTED SPW FOR REBUILD INSPECTED STRUCTURE FOR LEANING SURVEYED RED SIDE OF CH LAKE WORTH S DBN 46-48	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	INSPECTED STRUCTURE FOR LEANING	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SURVEYED RED SIDE OF CH LAKE WORTH S DBN 46-48	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SURVEYED RED SIDE OF CH LARE WORTH S DEN 48-48 TO DETERMINE IF CUTTER CAN TRANSIT CHANNEL CONVERTED OLD SPS OF ABOVF. AID TO A SHOAL DBN FOUND OFF STATION, RESET ON STATION FOUND EXTINGUISHED, RECHARGED REBLACED MISSING DAYBOARDS REPLACED 1 MISSING DAYBOARDS REPLACED DAMAGED DAYBOARDS REPLACED DAYBOARDS REPLACED DAYBOARDS	INSPECTION	17
HUDSON	N	DBN	CONVERTED OLD SPS OF ABOVE AID TO A SHOAL DBN	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	FOUND OFF STATION, RESET ON STATION	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	FOUND EXTINGUISHED, RECHARGED	RECHARGE	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	REBLACED MISSING DAYBOARDS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	RENUMBERED/REPLACED DAYBOARDS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N N	DBN	REPLACED I MISSING DATBUARD	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	DBN DBN	REPLACED DAMAGED DATBUARDS	REPAIRED	4
HUDSON HUDSON	N	DBN	REPLACED DAYBOARDS WIRE DRAGGED NEG RESULTS FOR OLD SPC	REPAIRED	2
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT LOWERED DAYBOARDS THAT WERE OBSCURING TH		1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT RENUMBERED/REPLACED DAYBOARDS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT RENUMBERED/REPLACED DATBOARDS ON (08) DB		1
HUDSON	N	DBN		SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN		SMALL BOAT	i
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS	SMALL BOAT	34
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (02) DAY BEACONS		5
HUDSON	Ň	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (03) DAY BEACONS	SMALL BOAT	6
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (03) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	6
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (04) DAY BEACONS	SMALL BOAT	2
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (04) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	3
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (05) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	3
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (06) DAY BEACONS	SMALL BOAT	6
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (07) DAY BEACONS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (07) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (08) DAY BEACONS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (09) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (10) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	2
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (102) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (11) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	2
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (15) DAY BEACONS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (16) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (2) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	6
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (29) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (3) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	2
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (4) DAYBEACONS SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (5) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	2
HUDSON	N N	DBN		SMALL BOAT	3
HUDSON		DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (7) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	-
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (8) DAYBEACONS Small boat replaced dayboards on 13 daybeacons	SMALL BOAT	2
HUDSON	N N	DBN		SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS/ESTABLISHED POSTIONS	SMALL BOAT SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED MISSING DAYBOARD SMALL BOAT REPLACED MISSING DAYBOARDS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN		SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	DBN	SMALL BOAT REPLACED MISSING ICW MARK ON DAYBOARD SMALL BOAT STRAIGHTENED AND REATTACHED DAYBOARDS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LB	DISCONTINUED AFTER WORKING ABOVE AID	DISCONTINUED	1
HUDSON	N	LB	DISCONTINUED DBN 17, SET BUOY,	DISCONTINUED	1
HUDSON	N	LB	CONDUCTED EXTENISIVE SURVEY OF SHOAL, REMOVED TEMP	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	LB	CONDUCTED EXTENSIVE SURVEY OF SHORE, REMOVED TEMP	MOORING	2
HUDSON	N	LB	MOORING INSPECTION	MOORING	1
HUDSON	N	LB	RELOCATED, CONDUCTED MOORING INSPECTION	MOORING	
HUDSON	N	LB	REPLACED BRIDLE, MOORING INSPECTION, INSPECTED	MOORING	1
HUDSON	N	LB	RELIEF AND MOORING	MOORING/RELIEF	
HUDSON	N	LB	RELIEF AND MOORING INSPECTION	MOORING/RELIEF	i

WLIC	WLIC Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
HUDSON	N	LB	RELOCATED DUE TO SHOALING	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	N	LB	RELIEVED AND RELOCATED BUOY	RELIEF	1
HUDSON	N	LB	SMALL BOAT REPAIRED AND INSPECTED (04) LIGHTS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	ESTABLISHED BUCY TO MARK BEST WATER,	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	N N	LT LT		INSPECTION	1
HUD SON HUD SON	N	LT	HUDSON INSPECTED/SERVICED LIGHT INSPECTED CONCRETE DOUGHNUT PLATFORM, GC D CONVITIO	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	LT	INSPECTED PLATFOP, M, INSTALLED NIXALITE	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	Ň	LT	INSPECTED PLATFORM AND PILE	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	LT	INSPECTED PLATFORM, DESIGNED SPECIAL MPS TEMPLATE C	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	LT	INSPECTED STRUCTURE FOR DETERIORATION	INSPECTION	4
HUDSON	N	LT	INSPECTED STRUCTURE FOR LEANING	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	LT		INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	LT	INSPECTED, SERVICED, REPLACED BATTERY BOX	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N N	LT LT		INSPECTION	1
HUD SON HUD SON	N	LT	SUDVEYED ADEA DREDGING NEEDED	INSPECTION INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	LT		INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	Ň	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING 20 FT 18 INCH TWR AND SAF-T-CLIMB		. 1
HUDSON	Ň	ĹΤ	REBUILT, ADDED 5 FT TWR SECTION, BRUSHED, REMOUNTED		1
HUDSON	N	LT	REBUILT 30' 18" TOWER, REMOVED TWO OLD STRUCTURES		1
HUDSON	N	LT	FOUND EXTINGUISHED, RECHARGED, LWP INSTALLED 6 KRW INSTALLED SAF-T-CLIMB REPAIRED AND REALIGNED DAYBOARDS	RECHARGE	1
HUDSON	N	LT	INSTALLED 6 KRW	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	INSTALLED SAF-T-CLIMB	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	REPAIRED AND REALIGNED DAYBOARDS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	REPAIRED DATBOARDS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	REPAIRED HANGING DAYBOARD	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	REPAIRED HANGING DAYBOARD, REPLACED L BRACKET	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N N	LT LT	REPLACED 1 MISSING DAYBOARD REPLACED 30 FT LADDER, FA 240,DAYBOARD, INSTALL SAF	REPAIRED	1
HUD SON HUD SON	N	LT	REPLACED SU FT LADDER, FA 240, DATBOARD, INSTALL SAF REPLACED ALL LIGHTING EQUIPMENT, FOUND EXTINGUISHED		1
HUDSON	N	LT	REPLACED DAYBOARDS AND LADDER BACK	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ň	LT	REPLACED DAYBOARDS, ONE WAS MISSING	REPAIRED	i
HUDSON	Ň	LT	REPLACED LADDER	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	REPLACED LADDER BACK	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	REPLACED MISSING DAYBOARD	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	RE [LACED MISSING DAYBOARDS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SERVICED, INSPECTED, REPLACED DAYBOARDS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SERVICED, REPLACED DAYBOARDS	REPAIRED	4
HUDSON	N	LT	STARTED DAYBOARD REPLACEMENT	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	STARTED REBUILDING	REPAIRED	1
HUD SON HUD SON	N N	LT LT	STARTED SERVICE/DAYBOARD REPLACEMENT FOUND EXTINGUISHED, SMALL BOAT RECHARGED AND SERVIC	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	N	LT	REPORTED AS A DISC TO ANT, SMALL BOAT SERVICED	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT CHANGED DAYBOARDS TO 4SGS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	Ň	LT	SMALL BOAT CLEANED SOLAR PANEL AND REPLACED BATTERY		1
HUDSON	Ň	LT	SMALL BOAT ESTABLISHED LT ON STRUCTURE	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT INSPECTED MPW IN MADE MINOR REPAIRS	SMALL BOAT	7
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT INSPECTED/SERVICED (2) LIGHTS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT INSPECTED/SERVICED (3) LIGHTS	SMALL BOAT	3
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT INSPECTED/SERVICED (4) LIGHTS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT INSPECTED/SERVICED (7) LIGHTS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT INSPECTED/SERVICED LIGHT	SMALL BOAT	2
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT RELIT (FOUND EXT)	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N		SMALL BOAT REMOUNTED DAYBOARDS	SMALL BOAT	2
HUD SON HUD SON	N	LT LT	SMALL BOAT RENUMBERED/REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (02) DB SMALL BOAT REPAIRED AND INSPECTED (04) LIGHTS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPAIRED AND INSPECTED (04) LIGHTS SMALL BOAT REPAIRED PLATFORM ON MPW AND REPLACED LA		1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPAIRED, REPLACED SOLAR PANEL	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED 1 MISSING DAYBOARD	SMALL BOAT	i
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED ALL LIGHTING EQUIPMENT, HIT BY		1
HUDSON	Ň	LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS	SMALL BOAT	2

Page 2

WLIC	WLIC Needed?		Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
HUDSON	N	 LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS AND CLEANED SOLAR PAN	SMALL ROAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (06) DAYBEACONS	SMALL BOAT	i
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS ON (3) LIGHTS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED DAYBOARDS/ESTABLISHED POSTION,S	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED LADDER	SMALL BOAT	3
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED LADDER BACK	SMALL BOAT	3
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT REPLACED MISSING DAYBOARD	SMALL BOAT	3
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT SERVICED AID AND CLEANED SOLAR PANEL	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT SERVICED AND CHANGED LANTERN TO AMBER	SMALL BOAT	3 1
HUD SON HUD SON	N N	LT LT	SMALL BOAT SERVICED FOUND BURNING IN DAYLIGHT SMALL BOAT SERVICED LT, REPLACED MISSING DAYBOARD,	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT SERVICED LT, REPLACED MISSING DATBOARD,	SMALL BOAT	11
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT SERVICED REPLACED LADDER BRACKETS AND DA		2
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL ROAT SERVICED AND REPLACED MISSING RATTERY		1
HUD SON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT SERVICED, REPLACED DAYBOARDS SMALL BOAT STRAIGHTENED DAYBOARDS	SMALL BOAT	11
HUDSON	N	LT	SMALL BOAT STRAIGHTENED DAYBOARDS	SMALL BOAT	1
HUDSON	N	Port			1
HUDSON	N	ULB	ESTABLISHED BUOY TO MARK BEST WATER,	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	N	ULB	ESTABLISHED BUOY, WAS DBN WITH HIGH KNOCKDOWN, REMOV	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	N	ULB	ESTABLISHED DUE TO SHOALING	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	N	ULB	POST/ON CHECKED & SOUNDINGS	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	N	ULB	POSTION CHECKED & SOUNDINGS	INSPECTION	3
HUDSON	N	ULB	CONDUCTED MOORING INSPECTION	MOORING	3 1
HUDSON	N N	ULB ULB	CONDUCTED MOORING INSPECTION, PAINTED	MOORING	1
HUD SON HUD SON	N	ULB	CONDUCTED SOUNDING SURVEY, REPLACED MOORING MOORING INSPECTION	MOOR ING MOOR ING	5
HUDSON	N	ULB	RELOCATED DUE TO SHOALING, MOORING INSPECTION	MOORING	2
HUDSON	N	ULB	RELOCATED, CONDUCTED MOORING INSPECTION	MOORING	2
HUDSON	N	ULB	RELOCATED, CONDUCTED MOORING INSPECTION, RENUMBERED		1
HUDSON	Ň	ULB	REPLACED MOORING, RELOCATED DUE TO DREDGING	MOORING	1
HUDSON	N	ULB	RELIEF AND MOORING	MOORING/RELIEF	1
HUD SON	N	ULB	RELIEF AND MOORING INSPECTION	MOORING/RELIEF	1
HUDSON	N	ULB	RELIEVED HULL CONDUCTED MOORING INSPECTION	MOORING/RELIEF	1
HUDSON	N	ULB	RELIEVED HULL, CONDUCTED MOORING INSPECTION	MOORING/RELIEF	1
HUDSON	N	ULB	RELIEVED HULL, REPLACED MOORING	MOORING/RELIEF	1
HUDSON	N	ULB	RELIEVED AND RELOCATED BUOY	RELIEF	5
HUDSON	N N	ULB	RELIEVED AND RELOCATED TO MARK BEST WATER	RELIEF	1
HUDSON	N	ULB Total	RELOCATED AND RELIEVED HULL	RELIEF	314
HUDSON					514
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	DISCONTINUED, RECOVERED OLD SPC	DISCONTINUED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	ESTABLISHED AID UTILIZING A SPW	ESTABLISHED	3
HUDSON	Y Y	DBN	ESTABLISHED AID UTILIZING SPW REMOVED (2) TEMP BUOY		1
HUDSON	Y Y	DBN DBN	ESTABLISHED AID, DISCONTINUED BUOY	ESTABLISHED	1 2
HƯỜ SON HƯỜ SON	Y	DBN	ÉSTABLISHED UTILIZED SPW ESTABLISHED UTILIZING A SPW	ESTABLISHED ESTABLISHED	č 1.
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	ESTABLISHED UTILIZING A SPW ESTABLISHED UTILIZING ASPS TO MARK A ROCK LEDGE	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	ESTABLISHED UTILIZING SPW, REMOVED TRUB	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	ESTABLISHED, SPW, DISCONTINUED DBN 6, RECOVERED OLD		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	ESTABLISHED, UTILIZED SPW, REMOVED TEMP BUOY	ESTABLISHED	2
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	CONVERTED BUOY TO SPW DBN, DISCONTINUED BOUY	REBUILD	5
HUDSON	Y	DBN	CONVERTED LT IA TO DBN 1A	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	CONVERTED TO MPS, NOAA, NWS, TENDER WORK ORDER	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	COVERTED OLD DBN 18 TO A SHOAL DBN (SEE ABOVE)	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT AID UTILIZING A SPW, DISCONTINUED TRUB	REBUILD	2
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT AID UTILIZING ASPS, DISCONTINUED TRLB	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT AND RELOCATED UTILIZED A SPW	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT AS SPW, DISCONTINUED TRUB	REBUILD	4
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPS	REBUILD	1
HUD SON HUD SON	Y Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, DISCONTINUED TRUB		1
HUDSON	Y	DBN DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW (CHANGED FROM PRIVATE TO FE REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, WIRE DRAGGED, REMOVE D TRU		1 1

WLIC	WLIC Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, CUT OFF OLD SPS ABOVE WATER	REBUILD	3
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, OLD SPS DESTROYED	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING SPS, UNABLE TO LOCATE OLD SPW	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT/RELOCATED UTILIZING A SPW, OLD SPS CUTOFF B		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	CHANGED AID FM BUOY TO DBN UTILIZING SPW, REMOVED B		2
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	FOUND LEANING, REBUILT UTILIZING SPW, RECOVERED O		1
HUD SON HUD SON	Y	DBN	REBUILD AID UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD CAST IRO		1
HUDSON	Y Y	DBN DBN	REBUILT AID TO MARK BEST WATER UTILIZED SPW, REMOVE REBUILT AID UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS WAS		1
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	REBUILT AID UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS WAS	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	REBUILT AID UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT AID UTILIZING SPW, RECOVERED 2 OLD STRUCTUR	•	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT AND RELOCATED UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OL		1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT AND RELOCATED, UTILIZED SPW, REMOVED WRECKA		1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT AS SPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS, DISCONTINUED TRU		1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT AS SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPC, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT AS SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	3
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT AS SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPW, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPS, RECOVERED DBN 23 OLD STRUCTUR		1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPS, RECOVERED NON CG SPS, REMOVED		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS, REMOVED TR		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS, REMOVED TR		4
HUDSON HUDSON	Y Y	DBN DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPS, REMOVED TRUB REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPC AND TRLB	REBUILD/REMOVE	2 1
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPC AND TRUB REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS & SPC, REMOV	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS & SPC, REMOVED TR		3
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPW	REBUILD/REMOVE	4
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, REMOVED TRLB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	18
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPC, REMOVED		1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPC, FOUND IN		1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS AND TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS, RECOVER	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS, REMOVED	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, KECOVERED OLD SPW	REBUILD/REMOVE	7
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPW AND TRUB		2
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	26
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED WRECKAGE, DETERI		1
HUDSON	Y Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED WRECKAGE, REMOVE		2
HUD SON HUD SON	Ŷ	DBN DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, REMOVED OLD SPS, REMOVED T REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	8
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED OLD SPC AND TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS AND TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	ź
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED WRECKAGE, REMOVED		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT UTILIZING SPW, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	2
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT, USING SPS, CUT OLD SPS A WATER EDGE TOP RE	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REBUILT/RELOCATED, RECOVERED OLD SPS CUT BY NOAA DI	REBUILD/REMOVE	2
HUDSON	Y	DBN	RELOCATED AID	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	RELOCATED AID DUE TO ROCK LEDGE, UTILIZED SPW	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	RELOCATED AID UTILIZED SPS, DISCONTINUED TEMP BUOY	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	RELOCATED AID UTILIZING A A SPW, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	RELOCATED UTILIZING A SPW, REMOVED OLD PVC PILE, RE		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	STRAIGHTENED	REBUILD/REMOVE	9
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	STRAIGHTENED SPS	REBUILD/REMOVE	5
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	STRAIGHTENED SPS AND REPLACED DAYBOARDS	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	STRAIGHTENED, CLEANED DAYBOARDS	REBUILD/REMOVE REBUILD/REMOVE	'n
HUD SON HUD SON	Y Y	DBN DBN	STRAIGHTENED, LEVELED DAYBOARDS STRAIGHTENED, REPLACED DAYBOARDS	REBUILD/REMOVE	4
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	RECOVERED OLD SPC	REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	RECOVERED OLD SPS, SET TRUB DUE TO DARKNESS	REMOVE	i
100308	•	UUN	REGOVERED DED GEG, GET INDE DUE IN DARKHEGS	NETOTE	•

WLIC	WLIC Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REMOVED (02) SPS STRUCTURES CUT OFF BY NOAA DIVERS		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REMOVED OLD SPS CUT BY NOAA	REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y Y	DBN	REMOVED SPS STRUCTURES CUT OFF BY NOAA DIVERS REMOVED TWO OLD SPW STRUCTURES FROM STA LAUDERDALE	REMOVE	2
HUD SON HUD SON	Ŷ	DBN DBN	WRECKAGE REMOVAL, RECOVERED OLD SPC	REMOVE	1
KUDSON	Ý	DBN	WRECKAGE REMOVAL, RECOVERED OLD SPC	REMOVE	2
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	ATTEMPTED TO REBUILD, UNABLE DUE TO WX, SET TRUB	REPAIRED	2
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	INCREASED HIEGHT OF STEEL PILE	REPAIRED	ĩ
HUDSON	Ý	DBN	RENUMBERED, REPLACED DAYBOARDS (WLIC REQUEST FOR PR		i
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REPAIRED PILING AND REPLACED DAYBOARDS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	DBN	REPAIRED PLATFORM	REPAIRED	j
HUDSON	Y	DBN	REPLACED PLATFORM, REMOVED OLD CONCRETE PLATFORM	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	STRAIGHTENED, REPLACED DAYBOARDS, REMOVED TRUB	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	DBN	UNABLE TO REBUILD DUE TO WX SET TRUB	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	DISCONTINUED AID, REMOVED OLD SPS	DISCONTINUED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	ESTABLISHED AID UTILIZING ASPS	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	ESTABLISHED AID UTILIZING ASPS, DISCONTINUED TEMP R	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	ESTABLISHED LT UTILIZING AMPS AND 5 FT TOWER SECTIO	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	ESTABLISHED SPS LT	ESTABLISHED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	ESTABLISHED UTILIZING ASPS	ESTABLISHED	•
HUDSON	Y	LT	CONDUCTED SURVEY OF SHOAL, SHOAL STILL EXISTS, MSG	INSPECTION	÷
HUDSON	Y	LT	SERVICED LT, WAS FLASHING DURING DAYLIGHT, BAD D.L.	INSPECTION	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT AID UTILIZING ASPS	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	COMPLETED REBUILD OF MPS	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	COMPLETED REBUILDING LT 7	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	CONVERTED OLD SPS DBN TO SPS LT	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	CONVERTED SPS TO AMPS STRUCTURE	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	CONVERTED TO MPS	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	MAJOR RENOVATION/REPLACED CROSS MEMBERS/REBUILT PLA		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT AID UTILIZING A SPS, CUT OLD SPS ABOVE WATE		1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT AID UTILIZING ASPS, CUT OLD SPS OFF AT WATE		1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT MPW PLATFORM AND REPLACED LADDER	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT PLATFORM AND LADDER ON MPW	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPS, CUT OLD SPS ABOVE WATERLIN		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING AMPS	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, CUT OFF OLD SPS ABOVE WATER		2
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, OLD SPS DETERIORATED	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT/RELOCATED MPS	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT/RELOCATED SPS	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REPLACED/REBUILT PLATFROM, REPLACED DAYBOARDS	REBUILD	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	CUT AND REMOVED OLD MPS, DROVE 2 PILES OF NEW MPS	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILD UTILIZING A MPS, RECOVERED OLD CAST IRON MP		1
HUD SON HUD SON	Y Y	LT LT	REBUILD UTILIZING A MPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS AND TRLB		1
	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT AS MPS WITH 5 FT TWR, RECOVERED OLD MPW REBUILT AS SPS, RECOVERED 4 OF 5 MPS WRECKAGE, REMOV	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUD SON HUD SON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT AS SPS, RECOVERED 4 OF 5 MPS WRECKAGE, REMOV REBUILT AS SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPC, REMOVED TRUB		1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT AS SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPC, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE REBUILD/REMOVE	2
	Y	_	REBUILT AS SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS, REMOVED TRUB		1
HUD SON HUD SON	Y	LT LT	REBUILT MS SFW, SEARCHED FOR OLD SFC, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT MPS LT, REMOVED WRECKAGE	REBUILD/REMOVE	3
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT MPS, REMOVED MPS WRECKAGE	REBUILD/REMOVE	5
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT UTILIZED MPS, REMOVED TRLB (HAD BEEN REMOVE		1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT UTILIZED SPS, RECOVERED OLD SPC, REMOVED TR		1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT UTILIZED SPS, RECOVERED OLD SPC, REMOVED TR		3
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS, REMOVED TR	REBUILD/REMOVE	2
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT UTILIZED SPW, REMOVED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	2
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING (02) SPW, RECOVERED TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPS, RECOVERED OLD MPW	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS, REMOVED		. 1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPC, REMOVED		ż
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPC, REMOVED		1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING A SPW, RECOVERED OLD SPS, REMOVED		j

Page 5

WLIC	WLIC Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING AMPS, RECOVERED OLD MPW	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED OLD MPW	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS AND TRLB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS AND TRUB	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS, 1 SPS RE	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED OLD SPS, RECOVERE	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, RECOVERED TRLB	REBUILD/REMOVE	2
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT UTILIZING ASPS, REMOVED TRUB, SEARCH FOR OL		1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REBUILT UTLIZING ASPS, REMOVED SPS WRECKAGE	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT, USING SPS, RECOVERED OLD MPW STRUCTURE	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REMOVED WRECKAGE, STARTED REBUILDING MPS	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	STRAIGHTENED	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	STRAIGHTENED AID, LEVELED PLATFORM AND DAYBOARDS	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y Y	LT LT	STRAIGHTENED AND REPLACED LOW MAST KIT	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	STRAIGHTENED AND REPLACED PLATFORM	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUD SON HUD SON	Y		STRAIGHTENED AND SERVICED STRAIGHTENED SPS	REBUILD/REMOVE REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	STRAIGHTENED, LEVELED PLATFORM, LANTERNAND DAYBOA		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	STRAIGHTENED, LEVELED PLATFORM AND SERVICED	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	STRAIGHTENED, SERVICED	REBUILD/REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	RECOVERED WRECKAGE OF OLD SPC AND PLATFORM LOCATED	REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REMOVED PREVIOUS WRECKAGE, OLD PILE & PLATFORM	REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT .	REMOVED SPS STRUCTURES CUT OFF BY NOAA DIVERS	REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REMOVED WRECKAGE, ONE PIECE OF PILE REMAINS	REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	WRECKAGE REMOVAL, RECOVERED OLD SPC	REMOVE	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	WRECKAGE REMOVAL, RECOVERED OLD SPS	REMOVE	2
HUDSON	Y	LT	CUTTING MPS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	FABRICATED AND INSTALLED WOOD DECKING ONTWO PLATFO	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	ADDED ONE SPW	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	COMMENCED REMOVAL WITH USN DIVERS CUTTING AID UNDER		1
HUDSON	Y	LT	CUTTING MPS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	DROVE FIRST 2 PILES OF MPS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	FINSHED BUILDING MPS, NOAA, NWS, TENDER WORK ORDER		1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	INCREASED HIEGHT OF STEEL PILE	R. PAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	INSTALLED NEW TOWER, LADDER AND DECKING	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	INSTALLED SPECIAL TEMPLETE CAP, REPLACED DAYB., SER		1
HUDSON	Y	LT	PLACED MPS TEMPLETE ON AID, WX PROHIBITTED PILE DRI		1
HUDSON	Y Y	LT	REBLACED SPECIAL 3 PILE CONCRETE PLATFORM	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	RENUMBERED, REPLACED DAYBOARDS (WLIC REQUEST FOR PR		1
HUD SON HUD SON	Ŷ	LT	REPAIRED DECK AND INSTALLED LADDER REPAIRED LADDER, PLATFORM AND INSTALLED SAF-T-CLIMB	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REPAIRED MADER, FLATFORM AND INSTALLED SAT T CEIMS		1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REPAIRED MPW PLATFORM AND REPLACED LADDER	REPAIRED	i
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REPAIRED PLATFORM AND ATTACHED SOLAR PANEL	REPAIRED	t
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REPLACE PLATFORM ON SPC	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ý	LT	REPLACED AND ALIGNED (2) ONG DAYBOARDS, REPLACED LA		j
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REPLACED BOTTOM LADDER SECTION	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REPLACED LADDER	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REPLACED LADDER AND REPAIRED STRUCTURE	REPAIRED	3
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REPLACED LOW MAST KIT	REPAIRED	3
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REPLACED LOWMAST KIT	REPAIRED	2
HUDSON	Y	LT	REPLACED LOWMAST KIT ON SPC	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REPLACED MPS PLATFORM AND FA 240	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REPLACED MPW PLATFORM	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	REPLACED PLATFORM	REPAIRED	9
HUD SON	Y	LT	REPLACED PLATFORM AND LADDER	REPAIRED	2
HUDSON	Y	LT	REPLACED PLATFORM AND LADDER INSPECTED SPS STRUCTUR		1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REPLACED PLATFORM AND MISSING DAYBOARDS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	REPLACED TOWER AND LADDER	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	RE [LACED LOW MAST KIT	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	RE LACED PLATFORM AND LADDER	REPAIRED	1

Page 6

F-13

WEIC	WLIC Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	RE [LACED PLATFORM AND SERVICED	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Ŷ	LT	SERVICED REPLACED LADDER AND DAYBOARDS	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	LT	STARTED CUTTING OLD MPS AND REBUILDING NEW MPS	REPAIRED	1
HUD SON	Y	LT	UNABLE TO RECOVER REMAINING 1 PILE DUE TO WX, NOT A	REPAIRED	1
HUDSON	Y	Total			349
HUDSON		Total			66 3
MALLET	N	DBN	1000 LB SINKER	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	DBN	6/LWP	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	LB	REPLACED FLASNER	REPLACED	1
MALLET	N N	LT LT	4/LWP	INSPECTION INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	LT	5/LWP FIXED/REPLACED FLASHER	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	LT	LWP	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	LT	NEW 6K6R'S	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	LT	NEW BOARDS/LWP	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	Ň	LT	REPAIRED HEADER/SERV.	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	Ň	LT	SCPR/ALL	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	LT	SERVICED AID	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	LT	SET TRLB/08	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	LT	SINKER	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	LT	CHECKED ??????	POSITION CHECK	1
MALLET	N	LT	POC CHECK	POSITION CHECK	1
MALLET	N	LT	POS CHECK	POSITION CHECK	21
MALLET	N	LT	POS CHECK/CONFIRMATION	POSITION CHECK	1
MALLET	N	LT	POS CHECK/ON	POSITION CHECK	1
MALLET	N	LT	POS CHECK/ON STA	POSITION CHECK	1
MALLET	N	LT	POS CHECK/ONSTA	FOSITION CHECK	1
MALLET	N	LT	POS. CHECK	POSITION CHECK	2
MALLET	N	Port			1
MALLET	N	ULB	MISS ALL/13	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	1
MALLET	N	ULB	MISSING LWP	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	1
MALLET	N	ULB	MISSING/11/LWP	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	3
MALLET MALLET	N N	ULB ULB	MISSING/12 MISSING/12/SCPR	ESTABLISHED (MISSI ESTABLISHED (MISSI	2
MALLET	N	ULB	MISSING/13/SCPR	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	1
MALLET	N	ULB	MISSING/14/SCPR	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	1
MALLET	N	ULB	MISSING/ALL	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	1
MALLET	Ň	ULB	MISSING/GCFR/13	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	1
MALLET	N	ULB	MISSING/LWP	ESTABLISHED (MISS!	1
MALLET	Ň	ULB	MISSING/SCPR/12	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	1
MALLET	N	ULB	MISSING/SCPR/13	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	1
MALLET	Ň	ULB	MISSING/SNPR/9	ESTABLISHED (MISSI	1
MALLET	N	ULB	12/HULL	INSPECTION	2
MALLET	N	ULB	12/HULL/SCPR	INSPECTION	3
MALLET	N	ULB	12/LWP	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	13/LWP	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	13/LWP/ONSTA	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	14 HULL/SCPR	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	ALL	INSPECTION	7
MALLET	N	ULB	ALL 6CFR/13	INSPECTION	4
MALLET	N	ULB	ALL 6CPR/13	INSPECTION	2
MALLET	N	ULB	ALL SCPR/13	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	ALL SCPR/13	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	ALL/13	INSPECTION	7
MALLET	N	ULB	FWP	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	UL8	HULL	INSPECTION	9
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL-SNPR	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB		INSPECTION	5 5
MALLET	N N		HULL/13 HULL/14/LWP	INSPECTION	5
MALLET	N	ULB	NULL/ 14/LWP	INSF CTION	i

Page 7

	WLIC Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
WLIC	Needed?	Ald type			3
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/6CFR/13	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/6CPR/12	INSPECTION	2
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/6CPR/13	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/6CPR/14	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/7	INSPECTION	2
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/ALL	INSPECTION	2
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/ALL/12	INSPECTION	3
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/ALL/13	INSPECTION	
MALLET	N	UL8	HULL/SCPR/11	INSPECTION	1 2
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/SCPR/12	INSPECTION	2
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/SCPR/13	INSPECTION	2
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/SCPR/14/FOUND OFFSTA	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/SCPR/15	INSPECTION	3
MALLET	N	ULB	HULL/SINKER	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	INP/12	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	INSP./LWP/12	INSPECTION	4
MALLET	N	ULB	INSP/12	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	INSP/ON/12	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	INSP/POS??	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	None	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	ONSTA/INSP/POS CHECK	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	SCPR/12	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	SCPR/12/LWP	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	SCPR/13/LWP	INSPECTION	4
MALLET	N	ULB	SCPR/HULL/12	INSPECTION	9
MALLET	N	ULB	SERV	INSPECTION	5
MALLET	N	ULB	SERV/11	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	SERV/11FT	INSPECTION	5
MALLET	N	ULB	SERV/12	INSPECTION	14
MALLET	N	ULB	SERV/12FT	INSPECTION	7
MALLET	N	ULB	SERV/13	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	SERV/13FT	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	JLB	SERV/16	INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	SERV/4FT	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	ų	ULB	SERV/REPOS/11FT	INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	SERVICED/HULL/12	INSPECTION INSPECTION	16
MALLET	N	ULB	SERVICED/HULL/13	INSPECTION	3
MALLET	N	ULB	SERVICED/HULL/14	INSPECTION	2
MALLET	N	ULB	SERVICED/HULL/15	INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	SERVICED/HULL/16	INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	SINKER/HULL	MOORING INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	ALL/MOORING LOST/12	MOORING INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	CHAIN/6CPR/13	MOORING INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	MOOR INSP./7	MOORING INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	MOORING/12	MOORING INSPECTION	8
MALLET	N	ULB	MOORINGS	MOORING INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	MOORINGS/12	MOORING INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	MOORINGS/13	MOORING INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	REPLACED SINKER	MOORING INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	REPLACED SINKER/13	MOORING INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	REPLACED SINKER/15	MOORING INSPECTION	i
MALLET	N	ULB	REPOS/2 SINKERS/11	MOORING INSPECTION	j
MALLET	N	ULB	SCPR SINKER REPLACES/ALL	MOORING INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	SINKER/15	MOORING INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	SINKER/ALL	MOORING INSPECTION	1
MALLET	N	ULB	SINKER/POS CHECK	POSITION CHECK	1
MALLET	N	ULB	MISSING CHECK	POSITION CHECK	i
MALLET	N	ULB	ONSTA/11/LWP	POSITION CHECK	i
MALLET	N	ULB	ONSTA/14/LWP	POSITION CHECK	ż
MALLET	N	ULB	POS CHECK	POSITION CHECK	1
MALLET	N	ULB	POS CHECK/HULL/12	POSITION CHECK	1
MALLET	N	ULB	POS. ?????/12	FUSITION CRECK	•

Page 8

WLIC	Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Coun
MALLET MALLET	N	ULB	POS. VER. SNPR/12	POSITION CHECK	
MALLET	N N	ULB	POS. VER./ALL SNPR/12	POSITION CHECK	
MALLET	Ň	ULB	POS. VER./HULL/SNPR/12	POSITION CHECK	
MALLET	N	ULB ULB	POS./12	POSITION CHECK	
MALLET	N	ULB	FOUND DAMAGED REPLACED ALL NEW HULL	REPLACED	
MALLET	N	ULB		REPLACED	
MALLET	N	ULB	NEW HULL/SCPR/13	REPLACED	
MALLET	Ň	ULB	REPLACED ALL	REPLACED	
MALLET	N	ULB	REPLACED HULL/SNPR 15/RESET/LWP	REPLACED	
MALLET	N	ULB	????/OFFSTA/STP	RESET	
MALLET	N	ULB	FOUND MISSING	RESET	
MALLET	N	ULB		RESET	
ALLET	N	ULB	FOUND OFFSTA/LWP/12 MISSING RESET L??	RESET	f
ALLET	Ň	ULB	OFFSTA	RESET	2
ALLET	Ň	ULB	OFFSTA SINCKE/SCPR/12	RESET	1
ALLET	Ň	ULB	OFFSTA/12/RESET	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	OFFSTA/HULL ALL	RESET	2
ALLET	N	ULB	OFFSTA/LWP	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	OFFSTA/RESET ON AP	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	OFFSTA/SINNER/13	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	RELOCATED/ALL	RESET	1
ALLET	Ň	ULB	REPOS	RESET	2
ALLET	N	ULB	REPOS/11	RESET	4
ALLET	N	ULB	REPOS/HULL ALL/12	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET 8.5 LWP	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET HULL	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET HULL/12	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	-	RESET	4
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET HULL/SCFR/12 RESET HULL/SNPR/12	RESET	2
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET ON STA/12	RESET	2
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET ON STATZ RESET/12/LWP	RESET	1
ALLET	Ň	ULB	RESET/12/LWP	RESET	2
ALLET	N	ULB		RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET/15/LWP RESET/16/LWP	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET/19/LWP	RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET/ALL	RESET	1
ALLET	Ň	ULB		RESET	1
ALLET	N	ULB	RESET/HULL/12	RESET	1
ALLET	N	Total	SNPR/OFFSTA/12/????	RESET	1 316
ALLET	Y	DBN	DISCONT.		5.0
ALLET	Ý	DBN	_	DISCONTINUED	1
ALLET	Ŷ	DBN	ESTABLISHES DESTROYED/11	ESTABLISHED	3
ALLET	Ý	DBN		REBUILT	1
ALLET	Ý	DBN	FOUND DEST. REMOVED TRUB REBUILT FOUND DESTROYED/RBLT/9	REBUILT	2
ALLET	Ŷ	DBN	RBIT/LWP/8	REBUILT	1
ALLET	Ŷ	DBN		REBUILT	1
ALLET	Ŷ	DBN	RBLT LWP	REBUILT	1
ALLET	Ý	DBN	RBLT/11/LWP RBLT/14	REBUILT	1
ALLET	Ý	DBN		REBUILT	1
ALLET	Ŷ	DBN	RBLT/15	REBUILT	1
ALLET	Ý	DBN	RBLT/17	REBUILT	1
ALLET	Ŷ		RBLT/7	REBUILT	1
ALLET	Ŷ	DBN	RBLT/LWP	REBUILT	2
LLET		DBN	RBLT/LWP/11	REBUILT	1
LLET	Ŷ	DBN	RBLT/LWP/4	REBUILT	1
LLET	Ŷ	DBN	RBLT/POS CHECK/DAY ????	REBUILT	1
	Ŷ	DBN	REBLT	REBUILT	1
	Ŷ	DBN	REBUILT	REBUILT	i
	Y		REBUILT AID	REBUILT	4
	Ŷ		REBUILT/5/LWP	REBUILT	1
LLET	Y	DBN	REBUILT/LWP/12	REBUILT	

Page 9

Page IU	Ρ	age	10
---------	---	-----	----

WLIC	WLIC Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
MALLET	Y	DEN	REBUILT/LWP/7	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	DBN	RFIP/RBLT/???/3	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	DBN	REPAIRED	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Y	DBN	REPLACED DBDS/LWP	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Y	LT	SERV. ESTABLISHED NEW	ESTABLISHED	1
MALLET	Y	LT	3 RBLT LWP		1
MALLET	Y	LT	DESTROYED LWP	REBUILT REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	LT	FOUND DEST. REMOVED TRUB REBUILT	REBUILT	i
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	FOUND DEST/REBUILT	REBUILT	ż
MALLET	Y	LT	RBLT RBLT 77777/POS CHECK	REBUILT	ĩ
MALLET	Y Y	LT LT	RBLT/10/LWP	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ý	LT	RBLT/12	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	RBLT/13	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	RBLT/20	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	RBLT/4/LWP	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT.	RBLT/DESTR./6	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	RBLT/LWP	REBUILT	4
MALLET	Y	LT	RBLT/LWP/1	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	LT	RBLT/LWP/4	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	LT	RBLT/NO WRECKAGE	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	LT	RBLT/WP/11FT	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	LT	REBLT	REBUILT REBUILT	4
MALLET	Y	LT	REBUILT	REBUILT	4
MALLET	Y	LT	REBUILT AID	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT AID/LWP	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT LT	REBUILT CAGE/1 Rebuilt on old structure	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y Y	LT	REBUILT ON RETURN EVELED LANTERN	REBUILT	1
MALLET MALLET	Ŷ		REBUILT RECOVERED WK6TRLB	REBUILT	2
MALLET	Ý	LT	REBUILT REMOVED	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ý	LT	REBUILT/10/LWP	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT/11/LWP	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ý	LT	REBUILT/12	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT/17	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	LT	REBUILT/8/LWP	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	LT	REBUILT/LWP/5	REBUILT	1 2
MALLET	Y	LT	REBUILT/LWP/6	REBUILT	2
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	REBUILT/NO WRECK FOUND/DESTROYED	REBUILT REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	LT	REBUILT/ONSTA/4	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	LT	REGUILT/ADDED/WIRE	REPAIRED	ì
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	ADDED REPRO LADDER/LWP	REPAIRED	i
MALLET	Ŷ		ADDED TWO PIKES New Ladder	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT LT	REP	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Y Y	LT	REPAIRED LADDER	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Y	LT	REPAIRED LWP	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Y	LT	REPAIRED/10	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	REPLACED HEADER	REPAIRED	2
MALLET	Ý	LŤ	REPLACED LADDER	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Ý	LT	RPRD	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	RPRD/HEADER/LWP	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	RPRD/LWP/9	REPAIRED	1
MALLET	Ŷ	LT	RELOCATED	RESET	1
MALLET	Y	ULB	RBLT/12	REBUILT	1
MALLET	Y	ULB	REGUILT/20/LWP/?????	REBUILT	1 97
MALLET	Y	Total			
MALLET		Total			413
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Annual Moor	/MOORING	1
SAGINAW	Ň	BUOY	Annual Moor.	/MOOR ING	3

WLIC

	WLIC				
WLIC	Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
SAGINAW Saginaw	N	BUOY	Annual Mooring	/MOOR ING	24
SAGINAW	N N	BUOY	Annual New Mooring	/MOORING	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Annual- Moor.	/MOOR ING	2
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Annual/Moor	/MOOR ING	4
SAGINAW	N	BUOY BUOY	Annual/New Mooring	/MOOR ING	2
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Inspect- New Mooring	/MOORING	1
SAGINAW	Ň	BUOY	Inspect/New Mooring	/MOOR ING	13
SAGINAW	Ň	BUOY	Moor. Annual Moor/Annual	/MOOR ING	7
SAGINAW	Ň	BUOY	Mooring pos. Check	/MOOR ING	13
SAGINAW	Ň	BUOY	Nooring re-set	/MOORING	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Mooring reset	/MOOR ING	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Off STa. Reset Annual/Mooring	/MOORING	3
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Recieved w/3cr New Mooring	/MOORING	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Relieved/Mooring Insp	/MOORING	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Reset/new boom & moor	/MOORING /MOORING	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Annual Relief/Mooring	/MOORING/RELIEF	2
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Annual Relief/New Mooring	/MOORING/RELIEF	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Annual- Relief- Moor.	/MOORING/RELIEF	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Inspect Relief/New Mooring	/MOORING/RELIEF	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Moor/Relief	/MOORING/RELIEF	11
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Mooring Relief Reset	/MOORING/RELIEF	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Relief Moor	/MOORING/RELIEF	4
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Relief Mooring	/MOORING/RELIEF	4
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Relief Replaced Mooring	/MOORING/RELIEF	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Relief- Moor. Annual	/MOORING/RELIEF	i,
SAGINAW	N N	BUOY	Relief/New Mooring	/MOORING/RELIEF	19
SAGINAW SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Relief	/RELIEF	3
SAGINAW	N	BUOY BUOY	Disc B	DISC BUOY	1
SAGINAW	N	BUCY	Removed	DISCONTINUED	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Est/Disc B Established	ESTABLISHED	1
SAGINAW	Ň	BUOY	Inspect	ESTABL I SHED	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	nspect	INSPECTION	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Unable to Build	None	3
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Rea Chack	None	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Position obk	POSITION CHECK	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Penningd	POSITION CHECK	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Penninged Hole	REPAIRED	
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Sinking hole Beneined	REPAIRED REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Trubod	REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Paliavad	REPLACED	7
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Rolinuad II/ F/L	REPLACED	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Replaced	REPLACED	2
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Off Sta Baraat a/a	RESET	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Positioned	RESET	i
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Doop (abaak sees	RESET	1
SAGINAW		BUOY	Re-set	RESET	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Re-set o/s	RESET	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Re-set unable to posn./wk	RESET	1
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Reset	RESET	3
SAGINAW	N	BUOY	Reset on AP	RESET	1
SAGINAW Saginaw	N	BUOY	Reset.	RESET	1
SAGINAW	N N	DBN	Found Structurly Sound	None	1
SAGINAW	N	LT	Recovered Wkg. Disc. 5x11 Temp	DISC BUOY	1
SAGINAW	N		Batt.Stolen- Re-lighted	INSPECTION	1
SAGINAW	N		Re-lite	INSPECTION	2
SAGINAW	N	-	Delie	INSPECTION	1
SAGINAW	พ	LT		INSPECTION	1
			Ant Mahila (Dahutia	lone	8
SAGINAL					
SAGINAW SAGINAW	N N		Bachassa	ione RECHARGED	1

Page 12

WLIC	Needed?	Aid Type	Indicated Action	Derived Action	Count
SAGINAW	N	LT	Recharged	RECHARGED	3
SAGINAW	N	Total			188
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Est	ESTABLISHED	1
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Est.	ESTABLISHED	1
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Est/Disc B	ESTABLISHED	73
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Established	ESTABLISHED	2
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Rebuild	RÉBUILT	1
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Rebuilt	REBUILT	36
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Rebuilt/no wreck located	REBUILT	1
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Est/Buoy Rec. Wkg.	REBUILT/REMOVE	1
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Re-established	REBUILT/REMOVE	1
SAGINAW	Y Y	DBN DBN	Rebuilt		28
SAGINAW SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Relocated	REBUILT/REMOVE	3
SAGINAW	Ŷ	DBN	by ANT. rebuilt	REBUILT/REMOVE REBUILT/REMOVE	1
SAGINAW	Ý	DBN	Raised Four/height	REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	Ý	DBN	Rebuilt Straighted	REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	Ý	DBN	Replaced Boards	REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	Ý	DBN	Replaced DBD	REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	Ý	DBN	Replaced Missing DBN's	REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	Ŷ	DBN	Replaced missing Day Board	REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Replaced missing Dayboard	REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Replaced pile	REPAIRED	3
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Straighted	REPAIRED	2
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Straightened	REPAIRED	2
SAGINAW	Y	DBN	Relocated	RESET	1
SAGINAW	Ŷ	LT		DISCONTINUED	1
SAGINAW	Y	LT		ESTABLISHED	49
SAGINAW	Y	LT	Disc. DBN Established Lt	ESTABLISHED	1
SAGINAW	Y	LT	Est.	ESTABLISHED	1
SAGINAW	Y	LT	Establish	ESTABLISHED	1
SAGINAW	Y	LT	Established	ESTABLISHED	3
SAGINAW	Y	LT	Established 10yds channel ward of work	ESTABLISHED	1
SAGINAW SAGINAW	Y Y	LT LT	Extablishment Rebuild	ESTABLISHED	1
SAGINAW	Y		Rebuilt	REBUILT	1 112
SAGINAW	Ý	LT	Rebuilt White Pine Recovered Wkg.	REBUILT REBUILT	1
SAGINAW	Ŷ	LT	REDUITE WITTE FINE RECOVERED WKg.	REBUILT/REMOVE	5
SAGINAW	ÿ	LT	Rebuilt	REBUILT/REMOVE	73
SAGINAW	Ŷ	LT	Relocated	REBUILT/REMOVE	1
SAGINAW	Ŷ	LT	Replaced	REBUILT/REMOVE	ż
SAGINAW	Ý	LT	Wreckage on beach Dog River	REBUILT/REMOVE	1
AGINAW	Ý	LT	by ANT	REBUILT/REMOVE	i
AGINAW	Ŷ	LT	rebuilt	REBUILT/REMOVE	1
AGINAW	Ŷ	LT	Added New Range Boards	REPAIRED	1
GAGINAW	Y	LT	Added bottem piles	REPAIRED	1
SAGINAW	Y	LT	Brackets Replaced header	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Instal Day	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Installed Batton Piles and Y Brac	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Installed bottom piles	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Leveled Header	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Minor repair	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Rebolted piles replaced header	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Ŷ	LT	Rebuilt Dic TRLB	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Rebuilt Header	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Reolted Piles replaced header	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Repair	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Ŷ	LT	Repaired	REPAIRED	6
AGINAW	Ŷ	LT	Repaired Battery Box	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Ŷ	LT	Repaired Header	REPAIRED	1
AGINAW	Y	LT	Repaired Tow Support	REPAIRED	1

HUDSON, MALLET and SAGINAW Logs

WLIC WLIC Needed? Aid Type Indicated Action Derived Action Count -----------******* --------------SAGINAW Repaired header Y LT REPAIRED 1 SAGINAW Y LT Replaced 2 bottom piles REPAIRED 1 SAGINAW Y LT Replaced DBD's REPAIRED 2 SAGINAW Y LT Replaced DBDS REPAIRED 1 Ŷ Y SAGINAW LT Replaced Day Board REPAIRED 1 SAGINAW LT Replaced Dayboard REPAIRED 1 Replaced Header SAGINAW Y LT REPAIRED 2 Ý Y SAGINAW LT. Replaced Tower REPAIRED SAGINAW Replaced Tower Rebolted Braces Replaced header LT REPAIRED 1 SAGINAW Y LT REPAIRED Ŷ 6 SAGINAW LT Replaced header Bracket REPAIRED 1 SAGINAW Replaced x-bracing & bottom bracing LT REPAIRED 1 SAGINAW Y LT Straighted REPAIRED SAGINAW Ŷ 1 LT Tightened heading REPAIRED 1 SAGINAW Y LT Relocated RESET 1 SAGINAW Y Total 465 SAGINAW Total

Table: ACTIONS Report: 1

653

Page 13

Actions and Derived Actions for

APPENDIX G

COAST GUARD CONTRACT LINE ITEM SPREADSHEET DATA FOR THE COLUMBIA RIVER SYSTEM (D13) AND SAN FRANCISCO BAY (D11)

			COA	COAST GUARD CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT BY ACTIVITY	F BY ACTIN	117			Appr	A PPENDIX	じ
1					Per Ur	Per Unit Cost	- Our	Quentites]Ę	
					Columbia River	SF/8P/8	Columbia	8F/ 8P	Columbia		
•	General Category of Work	Type of work	4 Per Unit	Activity	ε	Baye	3 River System	/6 Bays	3 River System	SF/SP/S Bays	6
-	Item No. 1: Mobilization- Demobilization	Emergency Orders	 Per Delivery Order 	Mobilize for removel of structure in AREA No 1.	\$3,000	\$1,150			\$3,000	11,150	0
2		E	•	Demobilize for removal of structure in AREA No 1.	\$3,000	\$1,150	-	-	\$3,000	\$1,150	9
<u>ں</u>			•	Mobilize for removel of structure in AREA No 2.	\$2,500	\$1,150	-	1	\$2,500	\$1,150	ş
1d		•	5	Demobilize for removel of structure in AREA No 2.	\$2,500	\$1,150	-	-	\$2.500	\$1,150	ê
			·	Mobilize for removal of atructure in AREA No 3.		\$2,400		•	0 \$	\$2,400	ê
2		•		Demobilize for removal of structure in AREA No 3.		\$2.400		-	•	12,400	L
10		Improper Characteristic Delivery Orders	•	Mobilize for Improper Characteristic Delivery Order in AREA No 1.	\$3.000	\$1,600	-	-	\$3,000	11,600	
Ĕ				Demobilize for Improper Characteristic Delivery Order in AREA No 1.	\$3,000	¢009	-	-	\$3,000	\$1,600	â
=			Ŧ	Mobilize for Improper Characteristic Delivery Order in AREA No 2.	\$2,500	\$1,600	-	1	\$2,500	\$1,600	°.
		•	•	Demobilize for Improper Cherecteristic Delivery Order in AREA No 2.	\$2,500	000	-	-	\$2,500	11,600	0
*				Mobilize for Improper Characteristic Delivery Order in AREA No 3.		\$2,600		-	•	\$2,600	°.
=		•	•	Demobilize for Improper Characteristic Delivery Order in AREA No 3.		\$2,600		-	0\$	\$2,600	0\$
2.	Item No. 2: Transit Costs		\$ Per Nautical Mile		99\$	1150	50	60	\$3,000	69,000	0 #
3e	Item No. 3: Removals	Emargency Orders	Remov includi # Per Structure Order.	Remove dameged single (1) pipe pile structure, including daymark, under Emergency Delivery Order.	\$2,200		-		\$2,200	•	°.
36				Remove damaged single (1) pile structure, including platform assembly & ATON equipment, under Emergency Delivery Order.		\$2,250		-	•	\$2,250	ç
8			•	Remove demaged multi-pile structure, including pletform essembly & ATON equipment, under Emergency Delivery Order.		\$2,550		-	° ,	12,550	ê
3d		•	Ŧ	Remove demaged three (3) pipe pile structure, including deymark, under Emargency Delivery Order.	\$3,000		-		\$3,000	8	Ş
ę	•		•	Remove damaged three (3) pile wood daybeecon structure, including daymark, under Emergency Delivery Order.	\$3,000				\$3,000	0	8
Jf		•	Ŧ	Remove damaged four (4) pile wood structure, incuding platform assembly and ATON equipment, under Emergency Delivery Order.	\$3,500				\$3,500	9	ŝ
30				Remove demeged four (4) pile steel structure, inouding platform sseembly and ATON sequipment, under Emergency Delivery Order.	\$3,000		-		\$3,000	0	ç
									J	G-1, 2/16/94	4

			COA	COAST GUARD CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT BY ACTIVITY	I BY ACTIV	/ITY			Appr	A PPGNDIY	2
					Per Ur	Per Unit Cost	9	Quantities	Total Co	. 5	5
•	General Category of Work	Type of work	e Per Unit	Activity	Columbia River Svatem		Columbia 3 River System	SF/ SP /S Baye	Columbia 3 River Bystem	BF/8P/6 Beye	
é		•		Remove damaged five (5) pile wood structure, incuding platform assembly and ATON equipment, under Emergency Delivery Order.	200		-		\$2,200	9	Ŷ
ਰ		•	E	Remove damaged nine (9) pile wood range structure, incuding platform assembly and ATON equipment, under Emergency Delivery Order.	\$4,800		-		\$4,800	8	Ŷ
रू		F	2	Remove damaged nine (9) pile wood dophlin structure under Emergency Delivery Order.	\$4,800				\$4 ,800	•	2
Ř		Ŧ	E	Remove damaged thirteen (13) pile wood dophlin structure under Emergency Delivery Order.	\$5,200		-		\$5,200	Ç	ç
ਲ		•	•	Remove 30 foot or less sectional steel tower from base structure under Emergency Delivery Order.	\$2,500		-		\$2,500	2	e
Ę		Improper Charactersistic Delivery Order	# Per Structure	Remove damaged single (1) pipe pile structure, including daymark, under IC Delivery Order.	\$2,200		-		\$2,200	9	ę
ર્સ			•	Remove demaged single (1) pile structure, including platform assembly & ATON equipment, lunder IC Delivery Order.		\$2,250		-	Ŷ	\$2,250	ŝ
ę			•	Remove damaged multi-pile structure, including platform assembly & ATON equipment, under IC Delivery Order.		\$2,710		-	•	\$2 ,710	Ç
e B		•	8	Remove damaged three (3) pipe pile etructure, including daymark, under IC Delivery Order.	\$3,000		-		\$3,000	0	ç
ę		E		Remove demaged three (3) pile wood daybeacon structure, including daymark, under IC Delivery Order.	\$3,000		-		\$3,000	04	°,
ň		£	E	Remove demaged four [4] pile wood structure. incuding platform assembly and ATON equipment, under IC Delivery Order.	\$3,500		-		\$3,500	0\$	\$
ę		•		Remove demaged four (4) pile steel atructure, incuding platform assembly and ATON equipment, under IC Delivery Order.	\$3,000		-		13,000	04	Ç
ĕ		•	E	Remove damaged five (5) pile wood structure, incuding platform assembly and ATON equipment, under IC Delivery Order.	\$2,200		-		\$2,200	04	Ŷ
3r		¥	\$ per Pile Removed	Remove broken pile from multi-pile wood structures under IC Delivery Order.	\$500		-		\$500	04	0
ş			\$ Per Structure	Remove damaged nine (9) pile wood dophlin structure under IC Delivery Order.	\$4,800		-		\$4,800	Ş	ç
3×		E	•	Remove damaged thirteen (13) pile wood dophlin structure under IC Delivery Order.	\$5,200		-		\$5,200	9	ŝ
Эv			T	Remove 30 foot or less sectional steel tower from base structure under IC Delivery Order.	\$2,500		-		\$2,500	0	e
4	ttem No. 4: Materiale	Wood Structures	\$ Per Pile	Treated Timber Piles for 60' long timber piles.	\$800		2		\$4,000	2	Ç
									U	G-2, 2/16/94	4

1			COA	COAST GUARD CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT BY ACTIVITY	T BY ACTIV	<u>کا</u>			APPE	APPENDIX	C
Ī					Per Unit Cost	it Cost	O	Quentities	Total Cr	4	
1					Columbia River	6F/6P/6	Columbia 3 River Bystem	6F/ 6P /5 Beve	Columbia 3 River Bystem	6F/6P/6 8eye	3
•	General Category of Work	Type of work		long timber piles.	ő		5			Ŷ	•
0			±	Treated Timber Piles for 90' long timber piles.	\$1,500		2		\$7,500	•	•
2		Platform Structures includes ledder stanchion, cross- bracing, non-range daymark mounting materials, and	t Per Plant	Platform Materials for five (5) pile wood	\$1 ,200		-		\$1,200	°,	ç
44				Platform Materiels for four (4) pile wood structure.	\$1,365		-		\$1,365	0	e
:			9 per pile wrapped atructure	Pile Wrap Materials (wire, ropa, clampa act.) for five (5) pile wood structure.	\$500		-		\$200	ç	9
4			# per brace	3" X 12" ladder braces for four (4) pile wood structures.	\$100		2		\$200	°.	2
4			\$ per 5' 7" ladder section	Fabricated ladder sections.	100		Q		\$200	•	e
4			\$ per lineer foot	Rub boards for four (4) pile structure.	\$5		4		\$200	9	2
4			\$ per daymark mount	Daymark mounting matarials for four (4) pile wood structure. Costs for non-range daymark mounting meterials included in platform costs.	\$50		-		\$20	•	\$
			\$ per daybeacon structure	Spike gride, bolts, nute & other hardware for three [3] pile wood daybeacon structure.	\$150		-		\$150	•	2
4			\$ per pile wrapped structure	Pile wrap meterial (wire, robe, calmps etc.) for nine (3) pile wood structure.	\$700		-		\$700	ç	9
Ę				Pile wrap meterial (wire, rope, celmps etc.) for thirteen (13) pile wood structure.	\$850		-		\$850	•	8
4		Steel Pipe Pile Structures	(\$ per LF)	40' long stell pipe	\$22		400		\$8,800	•	9
4			(\$ per weld)	Prepare and weld pipe sections into pile.	\$250		2		\$500	0	2
			\$ per pile length	Prepare and Weld pipe sections into pile upto 80LF.		\$1,000		10		10,000	
			\$ per pile	Prepare and Weld pipe sections into pile over and E		\$1,250		10		\$12,500	
4		Steel Structures	\$ per LF	30' long steel H-pile	\$22		120		\$2,640		9 9
4		•	E	40° long steel H-pile	\$22		160		\$3,520		_
¥.		• •		50' long steel H-pile W/R ± 31	574 13		264		\$3,432		┿┥
7 4		Ŧ	(\$ per weld)	Prepare and Weld H-Pile sections into pile	\$250		4		\$1,000		2
<u> </u>		******		Cut off pipe section, not to exceed ten feet, to obtain desired height of pile (above MHW).		\$1,280			06	1,280	e
ž			+ per cut								

G-3, 2/16/94

G-3

L			COA	COAST GUARD CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT BY ACTIVITY	L BY ACTIV	/17/					
				Price and Quantity Totals					APPF	APPENDIX	C
					Per U	Per Unit Cost	en O	Quantities	Total C	Total Cost Per Activity	N N
					Columbia River	SF/SP/S	Columbia	GF/ SP	Columbia		
•	General Category of Work	Type of work	4 Per Unit	Activity	System	Baye	3 River System /S Bays	/S Baye	3 River Bystem	8F/8P/8 8-Y-	•
4		XXXXXXX	\$ per addition	Add pipe section, not to exceed ten feet, to obtain desired height of pile (above MHW).		\$1,280		-	9	\$1,280	2 0
42		****	\$ per platform	Fabricate collision tolerant Pila Structure platform assembly as per		\$2,050		2	9	4,100	°₽ ○
;			ā	Fabricated platform materials, including lantern							\$ {\$
4					0000.14		2		000' *		
4pb		•	8 per 7' ladder section	Fabricated ladder section	\$120		3		\$360		0\$ 0\$
			\$ per ladder								
400		•	bracket	Febricated single pile ladder bracket.	\$150		3		\$450		0 0
4dd		•	(\$ per dayboard bracket)	Fabricated single pile range dayboard bracket.	\$150		ņ		\$450		0 4
			(\$ per ladder bracket)	Fabricated multi-pile ladder bracket.	\$150				\$450		0 4 0 4
			(\$ per dayboard								
411		•	bracket)	Fabricated multi-pile range deyboard bracket.	\$150				\$450		9 9
480		T	(\$ per 10 ft. etructure)	Fabricated 10 foot gelvanized standard equare sectional steel tower, including platform istructure.	\$4,044		-		\$4,044		0 \$ 0
Ę		•	(\$ per 15 ft. structure)	Fabricated 15 foot galvanized standard equare sectional steel tower, including platform structure.	\$ 4,466		-		4,466		• •
		•	(\$ per 20 ft.	Febricated 20 foot gelvenized standard squere sectionel steel tower, including platform	9		-				\$
4				Fructure. Fabricated 25 foot geivanized standard square	180		-		001/04		
41		•	(\$ per 25 ft. structure)	aectional steel tower, including platform structure.	\$6,909		•		\$6,90 8	*	0 \$ 0
			(\$ per 30 ft.	Fabricated 30 foot galvanized standard square sectional steel tower, including platform							<u> </u>
4kk		3		structure.	\$7,716		•		17,716	•	₽ 0
ŝ	item No. 5: Installation	Three (3) Pile Wood Daybescon	(\$ per structure)	Install 3 pile daybeacon structure including daymark.	\$2,500		-		\$2,500		0 #
		Four (4) Pile Wood Structure	(\$ per structure)	Install 4 pile range structure, including platform assembly, ladder stanchion, cross-bracing and daymark.	\$9,460		-		\$9,460	•	
		T	\$ per 5' 7" Indder environ	fostall laddar on A sila structures	0014		~		400	S	4
3 B		•	<pre>\$ per LF of rub boards</pre>	\$ per LF of rub boards install rub boards on 4 pile structures.	\$10	<u> </u>	40		\$400		+
ۍ ۱		Five (5) Pile Wood Structure	\$ per structure	tnatall 5 pila wood atructura, including platform assembly, ladder stanchion and daymarks.	\$4,500		-		\$4,500	°,	°
51					\$1 00		ى م		\$200	0	0
, 2 2		Nine (9) Pile Wood Structures	Per Structure wraps	Install 9 pile dolphin structure, including pile wraps.	\$7,500		-		\$7,500	\$7,500 \$0 \$0	÷
										G-4. Z/16	194

L			COA	COAST GUARD CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT BY ACTIVITY	T BY ACTIV	ΛITY					ζ
				Price and Quantity Totals					AFFE	AFFENDIA	5
					Columbia	bia Lost		SF/		I DEM COLL LOL VERNIL	
•	General Category of Work	Type of work	s Per Unit	Activity	River Bystern	SF/SP/S Baya	Columbia 3 River System	SP /8 Beye	Columbia 3 River System	SF/SP/8 Bays	P
ŝ		Single Pile Range Structure		Install single-pile range structure including platform essembly.		\$4.250		-		\$4,250	ŝ
		Martha Structure	•	install multi-pile range structure including		45 750		-	O \$	85 750	L
1				Install 4 pile NON- range structure, including		20,101		•	2		+
Ģ		Four (4) Pile Wood Structure		platform assembly, ladder stanchion, cross- bracing and daymark.	\$9.460		-		\$9,460	2	ŝ
				Install single pile lateral atructure including					4	+ 2 2 2 E	L
ř		Single Mie Lateral Structure		piattorm assembly. Install multi- bila lataral atructure including		G77'54		-		277'64	2
51	æ	Mutti-Pile Leteral Structure	•	pistion assembly.		\$4,250		-	\$ 0	\$4,250	ç
ŝ		Single-bile steel structure	\$ Der structure	install Single-pile steel day beecon structure, and devmarks	\$2,700				\$2.700	•	Ş
		1		Install Single-pile steel structure, including							
5u			ł	platform essembly,ladder stanchions, & deymarks.	\$3,000		-		\$3,000	0\$	0
			\$ per 7' ladder	Install ladder on single-pile steel daybescon							
50		•	section		\$100		e		\$300	0 \$	2
ç		Multi-Pile Steel Structures	\$ per structure	Instell multi-pile steel structure, including platform sseembly, ladder stanchions, and daymarks.	\$4,200		-	·	14 ,200	0	\$0
5 o		•	\$ per 7' ladder	install ladder on multi-pile steel daybeacon structures	\$100		4		# 400	°.	ê
5,		•	\$ per structure	sectional steel tower, platform, ladder, and daymarks.	\$12,000		-		\$12,000	0 \$	ê
56		Thirteen (13) Pile Wood Structures	\$ per structure	install 13 pile dolphin structure, including pile wrsp°s	\$7,200		-		17,200	0\$	ê
.0	ltern No. 6: Repeirs	stures	(\$ per pile)		\$3,000		-		\$3,000	÷	ê
ą			(\$ per platform)	Replace a platform assembly on a multi-pile wood structure.			•		\$3,200	0\$	\$
ę		•	(\$ per ledder section)		1 100		-		¢100	0\$	•
ž		•	\$ per hardware set		\$750		-		1750	06	ç
2			\$ per pile wrap	Replace the pile wrap on a 5 pile wood dolphin structure	\$750		-		\$750		8
5			\$ per brace or rub board	Replace ladder braces or rub boards on a 4 pile wood structure	\$500		-		\$500	•	ê
ĝ		Ŧ	\$ per pile wrap	Replace the pile wrep on a 9 pile wood dolphin structure.	\$2,200		1		\$2,200	0	Ŷ
ę		•	8	Replace the pile wrap on a 13 pile wood dolphin structure.	\$2,700		-		\$2.700	Ŷ	ê
õ	~	Mutti-Pile ATON Structure	\$ per repair	Repeir multi-pile ATON structure: Install new through bolts, weld new pipe extension in pelce.		\$2,400	-	-	ç	\$2,400	0 #
9		Platform Replacement	\$ per platform	\$ per platform Replace existing demaged platform.		\$750		-	0\$	1 750	ê

G-5, 2/16/94

			COA	COAST GUARD CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT BY ACTIVITY	T BY ACTIV	VTIN					,
						Bar I hais Coas		Constant of	AFFE	AFFE	٦
•					Columbia	SF/SP/6	Columbia	8F/ 8P	Columbia	Total Lost Per Adminy	
•	General Category of Work	Type of work	a Per Unit	Activity	System	Baye	3 River System	/8 Baye	3 River Bystem	SF/SP/S Baye	~
ر ۵			* per ledder	Replace existing damaged seven foot ladder extension and support brackets with new seven							
5		Ladder replacement	& tension	foot ladder extension and support brackets. Renieve the fudder continuon on a single vice vice		\$750		-	ç	\$750	2
ō		Steel Structures	section	repiece the record section on a single pipe pile structure	\$100		-		¢100	9	0
F.9		•	•	Replece the ladder section on a multi-pipe pile structure	\$100						
				Diving services to cut one wood structure,		+		T		2	2
	Itern No. 7: Diving Services		\$ per structure	Characteristics Delivery Order.	\$3,200	\$1,000	-	4	\$3,200	14,000	\$0
88	litem No. 8: Field Engineering		\$ per structure	# per structure Perform geodetic surveying	\$2,500	\$3,500	-	14	\$ 7 KAD	149 000	•
6	lten: No. 9: Buoye	Temporary Buoya	# per buoy	Retrieve and return temporary buoy to assigned ANT	002 1	 					
96		Selvaged Buoys	\$ Der set	Remove and deliver ATON sets consisting of : buov.chain & sinker to Rese		\$300		, o			
	Item No. 10: Deliver remaining								2	NOT 12	2
10.	Metarials to UU base lapacity at and of contact.		\$ per one delivery	Deliver remaining Materials to CG Base [specify] at end of contect.			•		:	0	Ş
10b			\$ per return	Return pipe (1), platforms (2), & ladder extensions (3) remaining at and of contract							
10c			<pre>\$ per driving pile</pre>	Return CTPS Diriving Pile at and of Contract				-	2	0054	2
104			t per batterv	Containerize and ranafer batteries incidentally recordered						8	2
:	Item No. 11: Pick up materiale.		\$ per one oickup	Remaining from last year's contract at CG Base ISonaritut	:		 			084	2
116				Pick up 800 LF of Gov't furnished aipe.		\$1 300	-	-	•		2
110			\$ per 400 LF Increments	Pick up additional Gov't furnished nine > 8001 F		000				2015'I	
114				Pick up ten (10) platform assemblies.		\$400		- - -		007	
1.			\$ per 5 platform increments.	Pick up additional platforma at 5 platforma per trip min.		\$400		-	g	1 00	Ç.
11			* per one pickup	Pick up 5 ladder extensione with 8 single pile ladder brackets & 2 multi pile ladder brackets.		100		-	•	001	2
10			 Per additional Iedder 	Pick un additional Ladda averaione		9011					
411		Collision Tolerant Pile Structure (CTPS		Piek up CTPS & Drining Pile.		\$250			2	8	2
									\$257,810 \$149,975 \$0	9149,975	\$0\$

G-6, 2/16/94

. . . .

BREAKDOWN OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY FOR MALLET, HUDSON, AND SAGINAW

		BREAK	NMO0	BREAKDOWN OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY	SINUCI	ION ACI	1/11 7					
				Passing			Passing	4 Pile Wood	8 Pile Wood			
THE MALLET	Single Pile	Three Pile	Wood	Wood Light Only, Single Pile Three Pile Light Only, Platform, DBN DBN Wood LT Wood LT LT LT LT	Single Pile	Single Pile Three Pile Lig	Light Only, LT	Platform, LT	Platform, Mud Sill, LT LT	Mud Sill, LT	None, LT Total	Total
Rehmit /Renlaced	16		100	-	35	12		e E		-	2	64
Repaired		4		-	2			-	-			-
Reset							-					
Discontinued						1						
Established							Ð					~
Geodetic Survey												
Diving Services												
Buoys (Temporary)												
Buoys (Satvaged)												
Delivery of Materials to CG Base												
Pick Up of Matrerials to CG Base												
Total	11	4	8	7	40	13	4	4				97

H-I, 2/16/94

		BREAK	DOWN	BREAKDOWN OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY	STRUCT	ION ACT	ΓΙΥΙΤΥ					
THE HUDSON	Single Pite Wd DBN	Three Pile Wood DBN	Wood DBN	Passing Wood Light Only, Single Pile Single Pile Light Only, DBN DBN Wood LT Steel LT LT	Single Pile Wood LT	Pas: Single Pile Single Pile Ligh Wood LT Steel LT LT	Passing Light Only, LT	Multi Pile Steel Platform	8 Pile Wood Platform, I	Mud Sill, One Pile LT Steel, LT	One Pile Steel, LT	Total
Rebuil Only												0
Rebuilt & Removals	145				44	2		6				200
Repaired	6				46	1		80				64
Reset		-										0
Discontinued	11				7	-						19
Established	44				18	-		3				66
Geodetic Survey												0
Diving Services												0
Buoys (Temporary)												0
Buoys (Salvaged)												0
Delivery of Materials to CG Base												0
Pick Up of Matrerials to CG Base												0
Total	209	0	0	0	115	5	0	20	0	0	0	349

H-2, 2/16/94

	:	BREAK	DOWN	REAKDOWN OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY	ISTRUCT	ION AC	<i>LIVITY</i>					
				Daceine			Daceina	4 Pile	8 Pile Wood			
THE SAGINAW	Single Pile Wd DBN	Three Pile Wood DBN	Wood DBN	Light Only, Single Pile DBN Wood LT	Single Pile Wood LT	Single Pile Three Pile Lig Wood LT Wood LT	Three Pile Light Only, Wood LT LT	Platform, LT	Platform, LT	Mud Sill, LT	One Pile Steel, LT	Total
Rebuilt Only	38				12	26		13	2			151
Rebuilt & Removals	35				53	20		10	2			120
Repaired	14				27	10		9	1			57
Reset	-				F							
Discontinued	-				1							
Established	77				36	13		7	1			134
Geodetic Survey												
Diving Services												
Buoys (Temporary)												
Buoys (Salvaged)												0
Delivery of Materials to CG Base												
Pick Up of Matrerials to CG Base												
Total	166	0	0	0	189	69	0	35	9	0		466

H-3, 2/16/94

H-3/4

APPENDIX I

PROJECTED THROUGH-CONTRACT COSTS FOR MALLET, HUDSON, AND SAGINAW

			NOSON	HUDSON: Actual 23 Months Ling File	Months Ling F						APPENUIX	
Unit Costs: 1. Columbia River System	ε											.
ALL WORK ORDERS	\$6,904,244	\$3,287,459	\$2,393,899	\$2,274,459	\$2,108,454							
JOB COSTS NOT SPECIFIC TO								From DSS				
WORK ORDER Scenario 1	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5			1-Year Log				
Visits Per Trip		3	6.80				5.5	5.8 aids/trip				
Total Number of Trips	349	116	60	50	39	_	6,550.18	6,550.18 knots * transit time	nsit time			
Mob/Demo Costs Per Trip	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500	•	7,537.95	7,537.95 transit miles	-			
Fatal Mab/Demob Casts	\$1,919,500	\$639,833	\$330,948	\$274,214	\$213,278		31.00	31.00 trips				
Transit Costs Per Mile	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	ł	243.16	243.16 miles per trip	d			
Ava Milies Per Trip	177	197	219	243	267							
fotal Transit Costs	\$3,711,894	\$1,374,776	\$790,101	\$727,395	\$622.3							
Geodetic Survey & Positionings	\$0		\$0	0\$								
Divine Services	\$0	ŝ	\$0	05	C S							
	0ş											
Buove (Salvanad)				¢,								
Delivery of Metalials to CG Base												
Pick Up of Matronials to CG Base	0\$	\$0	\$0	\$0	0\$							
									8 Pile			
							Passing	Multi Pile	Wood			
JOB COSTS SPECIFIC TO WORK Single Pile Wd Three Pile	Single Pile Wd	Three Pile		Passing Light	Single Pile	Single Pite	Light Only,	Steel	tform,	Mud Sill, One Pile		
	Nau	NGO DOOM	NGI DOOM	Uniy, UBN	N000 LI	Steel LI		Platform		- 1		Total
Losts by Job Urder: 3. Hemovals A Materiale	\$2,200	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$3,000	\$2,200	\$2,200		\$3,000	\$4,800	\$3,500	\$3,500	
Fa e o Installation	\$2 500	\$7 500	\$2 500	\$2 500	4.7 E.O.O	\$2,700		000 F\$	47 EAO	64 COO	64 E00	
50.0 Installation				000144	\$3,000	\$2 700		2002	000.14		000.44	
6. Renairs		\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$3,000	\$750		53 200			
						200101	2011		201			
Work Order: Rebuilt Only	0		0		C	C		C	c	C		
Job Order(s): 5. Installation	\$0	0\$	\$0	0\$	ŝ)Ş	Ş	Ş	\$0	\$0,	ŝn	
Total Cost	0\$	0\$	\$0	\$0\$	0\$	\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	
Work Order: Rebuilt & Removal	145	0	0	0	44	~	P		0	0	0	200
Job Order (s): 3. Removal	\$319,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$96,800	\$4,400	0\$	\$27,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	447,200
5. Installation	\$362,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$110,000	\$5,400	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	515,700
Total Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$206,800	\$9,800	\$0\$		\$0	\$0	\$0	962,900
Work Order: Repaired		0	0	0	46		0	8	0	0	0	ľ
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs		ŝ	\$0	\$0	\$34,500	\$3,000	\$0	\$25,600	\$0	\$0	\$0	69,85
Total Cost	\$6,750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$34,500	\$3,000	\$0	\$25,600	0\$	\$0	\$0	69,850
Work Order: Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0\$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Total Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0	0\$	0\$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0
Work Order: Discontinued	11	0	0	0		-	0	0	0	0	0	19
Job Order (s): 3. Removals	ļ	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$15,400	\$2,200	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	41,800
Total Cost	\$24,200	\$0	\$0	0\$	\$15,400	\$2,200	\$0	0,2	\$0	\$0	\$0	41,800
		0	0	0	18	-	0		0	0	0	99
Job Order (s): 5. Installation		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$54,000	\$2,700	\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0	198,300
Intal Cost	000 0014											

I-1

I-H1, 3/21/94

COSTS	File
CONTRACT	Months Log
THROUGH-(Actual 23
PROJECTED .	HUDSON

APPENDIX ! Wood Platform, Mud Sill, One Pile LT LT Steel, LT 8 Pile Multi Pile Steel Platform Passing Light Only, I T Single Pile Steel LT 267 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 \$158,019 \$150 \$1,555,816 \$3,290,586 \$4,075 Scenario 5 Passing Light Single Pile Only, DBN Wood LT \$3,598,404 243 50 \$150 \$1,818,486 \$203,168 \$4,075 Scenario 4 \$245,203 6.80 219 60 \$5,487,747 \$3,797,205 \$4,075 \$1,975,252 Wood DBN Scenario 3 116 \$474,058 \$3,436,939 \$4,075 \$150 197 JOB COSTS SPECIFIC TO WORK Single Pile Wd Three Pile ORDER DBN Wood DBN Scenario 2 \$9,279,736 349 177 \$150 \$12,278,661 \$1,422,175 \$4,075 WORK ORDER Scenario 1 JOB COSTS NOT SPECIFIC TO Unit Costs: 2. SF/SP/S Bays ALL WORK ORDERS Delivery of Materials to CG Base Pick Up of Matrerials to CG Base Total Transit Costs Geodetic Survey & Positionings Mob/Demo Costs Per Trip Total Mob/Demob Costs Transit Costs Per Mile **Fotal Number of Trips** Buoys (Temporary) Avg Miles Per Trip Buoys (Salvaged) **Diving Services** Visits Per Trip

ORDER DBN	NB	Wood DBN	Wood DBN	Only, DBN	Wood LT	Steel LT	LT	Platform 1	LT	LT	Steel. LT	Totai
Costs by Job Order: 3. Removals	\$2,250				\$2,250	\$2,250		\$2,550	\$2,550			
4. Materials												
5.1. Installation	\$3,225				\$4,250	\$3,225		\$4,250	\$5,750			
5.2. Installation	\$3,225				\$3,225			\$4,250	\$5,750			
6. Repairs	\$750				\$750	\$2,400		\$2,400	\$2,400			
Work Order: Rebuilt Only	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Job Order(s): 5. Installation	\$0	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0\$	\$0	\$0	
Total Cost	\$0	0\$		\$0 \$0	0\$ (\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Work Order: Rebuilt & Removal	145		0	0	0 44	2	°	ດ -	0	0	°	200
Job Order (s): 3. Removal	\$326,250	\$0		\$0 \$0	000'66\$ (\$4,500	\$0	\$22,950	\$0	\$0	\$0	452,
5. Installation	\$467,625	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$187,000	\$6,450	\$0\$	\$38,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	699,325
Total Cost	\$793,875	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$286,000	\$10,950	\$0	\$61,200	\$0	\$0	\$0	1,152,02
Work Order: Repaired	6		0	0	0 46	-	0	œ	0	0	Ĭ	64
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs	\$6,750	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$34,500	\$2,400	\$0	\$19,200	\$0	\$0	\$0	62,850
Total Cost	\$6,750	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$34,500	\$2,400	0\$	\$19,200	\$0	\$0	\$0	62,850
Work Order: Reset	0		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs	\$0	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Total Cost	\$0	\$0		\$0 \$0	0\$ (\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	
Work Order: Discontinued	11		0	0	0 7	-	•	0	0	0	0	
Job Order (s): 3. Removals	\$24,750	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$15,750	\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	42,750
Total Cost	\$24,750	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$15,750	\$2,250	0\$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	42,75(
Work Order: Established	44		0	0	0 36	13	0	2	-	0	0	101
Job Order (s): 5. installation	\$141,900	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$116,100	\$41,925	\$0	\$16,800	\$2,400	\$0	\$0	319,125
Total Cost	\$141,900	\$0		\$0 \$0	\$116,100	\$41,925	\$0	\$16,800	\$2,400	\$0	\$0	319,125

I-H2, 3/21/94

		•	ROJECTED T	PROJECTED THROUGH-CONTRACT COSTS	NTRACT CC	STS				•		-
			MALLET: /	MALLET: Actual 15 Months Log File	nths Log Fild							
Unit Costs: 1. Columbia River System												
ALL WORK ORDERS	\$1,894,942	\$963,453	\$862,541	\$700,539	\$657,974							
JOB COSTS NOT SPECIFIC TO								From DSS				
WORK ORDER Scenario 1	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5			1-Year Log				
Viaita Per Trip	F			2	6		4					
Total Number of Trips	97			14	1		3,371.52	3,371.52 knots * transit time	nsit time			
Mob/Demo Costs Per Trip	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500		3,879.95	3,879.95 transit miles	ş			
Total Mob/Demob Costs	\$533,500	\$177,833	\$133,375	\$76,214	\$59,278		20.00 trips	trips				
Transit Costs Per Mile	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60		194.00	194.00 miles per trip	i i			
Avg Milles Per Trip	157	175	194	213	235	-						
Total Transit Costs	\$914,542	\$338,719	\$282,266	\$177,	\$151,796							
Geodetic Survey & Positionings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0\$							
Diving Services	\$0	\$0	0\$	\$0	0\$							
Buoys (Temporary)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0							
Buoys (Salvaged)	\$0	\$0	0\$	0\$	U\$							
Delivery of Materials to CG Base	\$0	\$0										
Pick Up of Matrerials to CG Base	0\$	\$0	06									
					;			í				
							Passing	4 Pile Wood	8 Pile Wood			
UCB CUSIS STECIFIC TO WUTH Single Pile ORDER Wood DBN	ORDER Wood DBN	Three Pile Wood DRN	Wood DRN	Passing Light Only DRN	Single Pile	Three Pile Wood I T	Light Calo: 1 T	Platform,	Platform,	Mud Sill,	None	
	000 01							- 1				
costs by Job Graef. J. Removais 4. Materials	007'76	\$3,000	93,000	\$3,000	\$2,200	\$3,000		\$3,500	\$4,800	\$3,500	\$3,500	
5. Installation	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2.500	\$2.500	\$4 500		\$4 500	\$7 500	\$4 600	44 600	
6. Repairs	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$3,200	\$750	\$3,200	\$3,200		000'++	
Work Order: Rebuilt /Replaced	15	0	10		32	=	0	m	~	-	G	74
Job Order (s): 3. Removal	\$33,000	\$0	\$30,000	\$3,000	\$70,400	\$33,000	\$0	\$10,500	\$4,800	\$3,500	\$0	\$188,200
5. Installation	\$37,500	\$0	\$25,000	\$2,500	\$80,000	\$49,500	\$0	\$13,500	\$7,500	\$4,500	\$0	\$220,000
Total Cost	\$70,500	0\$	\$55,000	\$5,500	\$150,400	\$82,500	\$0	\$24,000	\$12,300	\$8,000	\$0	\$408,200
Work Order: Repaired	2	0	0	0	4	5	0	0	-	0	0	15
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs	\$1,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,250	\$16,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,200	\$0	\$0	\$25,950
Total Cost	\$1,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,250	\$16,000	\$0	\$0	\$3,200	\$0	\$0	\$25,950
Work Order: Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	ſ
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750
Total Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750
Work Order: Discontinued	0	0	0	0	0	e	0	0	0	0	P	ſ
Job Order (s): 3. Removals	0 \$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,000
Total Cost	\$0	\$0	\$0	0 \$	\$0	\$9,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$9,000
Work Order: Established	0	0	0	0	-	0	5	0	0	P	o	4
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs	Q	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750	\$0	\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,000
Total Cost	\$0	\$0	\$ 0	0\$	\$750	0\$	\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$3,000

I-3

I-M1, 3/21/94

APPENDIX I

APPENDIX I

			MALLET: /	MALLET: Actual 15 Months Log File	nths Log File	-						
Unit Costs: 2. SF/SP/S Bays												
ALL WORK ORDERS	\$3,211,905	\$1,508,831	\$1,334,759	\$1,030,304	\$953,685							
JOB COSTS NOT SPECIFIC TO						_						
WORK ORDER Scenario 1		Scenerio 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5							
Visits Per Trip	-	e	4	4	6	_						
Total Number of Trips	97	32	24	14	:							
Mob/Demo Cotts Per Trip	\$4,075	\$4,075	\$4,075	\$4,075	\$4,075	_						
Total Mob/Demob Costs	\$395,275	\$1.31,758	\$98,819	\$56,468	\$43,919							
Transit Costs Per Mile	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	_						
Avg Miles Per Trip	157	175	194	213	235							
Total Transit Costs	\$2,286,355	\$ 3 6,798	\$705,665	\$443,561	\$379,491							
Geodetic Survey & Positionings	0\$	\$0	0\$	0\$	\$0	_						
Diving Services	\$0	\$0	\$ 0	\$0	\$0							
Buoys (Temporary)	\$0	\$0	\$0	ç	\$0							
Buoys (Saivaged)	\$0	\$0\$	0\$	\$0	\$0							
Delivery of Materials to CG Base	\$0	0\$	\$	\$0	\$0							
Pick Up of Matrerials to CG Base	0\$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0							
								4 Pile	8 Pile			
TO COLTS SPECIFIC TO INCOM							ß	Wood	Wood			
JOB CUALS SPECIFIC TO WURN Single Pile		Three Hie		Passing Light	Single Pile	Three Pile	Light	Platform,	Platform,	Mud Sill,	None	
ORDER \		Wood JBN	Wood DBN	Only, DBN	Wood LT	Wood LT	Only, LT	1		L1	LT	
Costs by Job Order: 3. Removals	\$2,250	\$2,550	\$2,550	\$2,550	\$2,250	\$2,550		\$2,550	\$2,550	\$2,550	\$2,550	
4. Materials												
5. Installation	\$3,225	+,250	\$4,250	\$4,250	\$4,250	\$5,750		\$5,750	\$5,750	\$5,750	\$5,750	
6. Repairs	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$2,400	\$750	\$2,400	\$2,400			
Work Order: Rebuilt /Replaced	15	0	10		32	Ξ	0	m	-	-	0	74
Job Order (s): 3. Removal	\$33,750	\$0	\$25,500	\$2,550	\$72,000	\$28,050	\$0	\$7,650	\$2,550	\$2,550	\$0	\$174,600
5. Installation	\$48,375	\$0	\$42,500	\$4,250	\$136,000	\$63,250	\$0	\$17,250	\$5,750	\$5,750	\$0	
Total Cost	\$82,125	\$0	\$68,000	\$6,800	\$208,000	\$91,300	\$0	\$24,900	\$8,300	\$8,300	\$0	\$497,725
Work Order: Repaired	2	0	0	0	4	2	0	0	-	0	0	15
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs	\$1,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,250	\$12,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,400	\$0	\$0	\$21,150
Total Cost	\$1,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$5,250	\$12,000	\$0	\$0	\$2,400	\$0	\$0	\$21,150
Work Order: Reset	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	-
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750
Total Cost	0\$	\$0	0\$	0\$	\$0	\$0	\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750
	Ċ	Ċ	Ċ		Ċ	Ċ		ľ	Ċ	ľ	ľ	ľ

PROJECTED THROUGH-CONTRACT COSTS

I-M2, 3/21/94

\$7,650

\$0 \$0 Õ \$0 \$0

° 00 00

၀ ၀၀

၀ ဒီဝီ

\$ \$ \$

\$7,650

0 000

0 \$0

0 \$0 \$0

\$0 0 \$0

\$7,650

၀ ၀ ၀ ၀ ၀

၀ ဒိုဇီ

0

S S

၀ ဒ္အဝ္ခ

Work Order: Discontinued Job Order (s): 3. Removals Total Cost Work Order: Established Job Order (s): 6. Repairs Total Cost

0

\$7,650

\$3,000

၀ ၀၀၀

၀ ဒီ ဒီ

\$2,250 \$2,250

\$750

0 \$0\$

Unit Costs: 1. Columbia Niver System	٤					!						
ALL WORK ORDERS	\$7,963,493	\$3,888,840	\$2,952,239	\$2,737,908	\$2,551,241							Ì
JOB COSTS NOT SPECIFIC TO							7	From DSS				
WORK ORDER Scenario 1	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Scenario 4	Scenario 5		Derive	Derived 1-Year Log	og			
Visits Per Trip		ε	5.50		6		5.5 ai	5.5 aids/trip				
Total Number of Trips	466	155		67	52		4613.76 knots * transit time	nots * tran	sit time			
Mob/Demo Costs Per Trip	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500	\$5,500		5309.52 transit miles	ansit miles				
Total Mob/Demob Costs	\$2,563,000	\$854,333	\$466,000	\$366,143	\$284,778		32 trips	ips				
Transit Costs Per Mile	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	\$60	_	165.922 miles per trip	iles per trij				
Ave Milles Per Trie	134	149	166	183	201							
Tatal Transit Costs	\$3.757.743	\$1,391,757	\$843,4	\$729,015	\$623,713							
Genderic Survey & Positionings	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	_						
Divins Sandras	Uş	0\$	0ş	\$D	\$0							
Burue (Temporary)	0.s	0\$	05	0\$	\$0							
Biove (Salvered)		0\$	U	0\$	C S							
Deficiency of Materials to CG Base				U\$	- Uş							
Pick Up of Metrerials to CG Base	\$0	0\$	\$0	0\$	0\$							
							ſ	1	8 Pile			
							ğ					
JOB COSTS SPECIFIC TO WORK Single Pile	WORK Single Pile	Three Pile		Passing Light	Single Pile	Three Pile	Light Pla	tform,	tform,	Mud Sill, One Pile	One Pile Starl I T	
					A 200	*2 000	1	2 500	000	000	43 500	
LOSIS DY JOD UTURE 3. Nemovals A Materials		000.5\$	000.00	000.00	74,400	20,000		2000,02		00000	000'00	
5a.e.g. Installation	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$2,500	\$4,500		\$4,500	\$7,500	\$4,500	\$4,500	
5n.p. Installation					\$3,000	\$4,200						
6. Repairs	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$750	\$3,200	\$750	\$3,200	\$3,200			
Work Order: Rebuilt Only	38	0		0	11	26	0	~	2	0	-	141
Job Order(s): 5. Installation		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$177,500	\$117,000	- 1		\$15,000	ŝ	\$4,500	\$467,500
Total Cost	\$95,000	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$177,500	\$117,000	\$0	\$58,500	\$15,000	\$0	\$4,500	\$467,500
Work Order: Rebuilt & Removal		0		0	53	20	0	10	7	0	0	120
Job Order (s): 3. Removal		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$116,600	\$60,000			\$9,600	\$0	\$0	\$298,200
5. Installation		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$132,500	\$90,000		\$45,000	\$15,000	ŝ	\$0	\$370,000
lotal Cost	\$164,5	2		0*	\$249,100	000,061 \$	2 2		24,000	Ş	2	\$008,200
Work Order: Repaired		•		° ;	27	10	•	5 1 c 000		°ç	0	57 57
JOD UTGET (S): 0. Hepairs					020 000	000,255		\$10,000	000,00		0,0	100 100
Total Cost	\$10,500	0\$	ζ.	0°	\$20,250	000/26\$	20 20	\$16,000	\$3.200	20	2	581,950
Work Order: Reset		۰ :		0	-	0		•	° :	•	õ	
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs		80	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	0	\$ 750	\$0	\$0	;	\$0	00 00	\$0	\$1,500
Total Cost	\$ 750	\$0	σ,	\$0	\$ /50	\$0 \$		ا	۵ ارژ	;; ;;	2	\$1,500
Work Order: Discontinued				° :	-	o :		0	° :	•	0	
Job Order (s): 3. Removals		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,200	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	ŝ	\$0	\$4,400
Total Cost	\$2,200	\$0	ŝ	\$0	\$2,200		•	ç	\$0 \$	ç	\$0	\$4,400
Work Order: Established		0	0	0	36		0	٢	-	0	0	134
Job Order (s): 5. Installation		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$108,000	\$54,600	\$0	\$22,400	\$3,200	\$ 0	\$0	\$419,200

Unit Costs: 2. SF/SP/S Bays												
									i			
ALL WORK ORDERS	\$13,269,107	\$6,088,175	\$4,429,786	\$4,069,617	\$3,746,077							
JOB COSTS NOT SPECIFIC TO WORK ORDER Scinition 1	Scenario 1	Scenario 2	Scenario 3	Srenedo A	Scenario 6							
	ŀ											
Total Number of Trips	466	155	282 282	67	52							
Moh/Derno Costs Per Trip	\$4.075	\$4.075	\$4.075	\$4.075	\$4.075							
Total Mob/Demob Casts	\$1,898,950	\$632,983	\$345,264	\$271.279	\$210.994							
Transit Costs Per Mile	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150	\$150							
Avg Milles Per Trip	134	149	166.	183	201							
Total Transit Costs	\$9,394,357	\$3,479,392	\$2,108,722	\$1,822,538	\$1,559,283							
Geodetic Survey & Positionings	\$0	\$0	\$0	0\$	0\$							
Diving Services	\$ 0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0							
Buoys (Temporary)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0							
Buoys (Salvaged)	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0							
Delivery of Materials to CG Base	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0							
Pick Up of Matrerials to CG Base	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0\$	\$0							
							1	4 Pile	8 Pile			
INB COSTS SPECIFIC TO WORK 20		i			i	i	p					
	-	I hree Pile Wood DBN	Wood DBN	Passing Light Only DRN	Single Pile Wood I T	Three Pile Wood I T	Cight Only, 1 T	Platform, I	Platform, P	Mud Sill, One Pile	One Pile	
Costs by Job Order: 3. Removals	\$2.250				\$2.250	\$7 550		3 550	12 550			
4. Materials									000141			
5.1. Installation					\$4,250	\$5,750		\$5,750	\$5,750			
5.2. Installation	*				\$3,225	\$4,250		\$5,750	\$5,750			
6. Repairs	\$750				\$750	\$2,400		\$2,400	\$2,400			
Weth Order Defend the Mark	86	c	ſ		•	90		÷	ſ	¢	ŀ	
tob Orderich: E Installation	5177 E			ç	1/ 1/	07 07 07 19	° ç	01 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	× 1 1 1 0 0 1 1 0 0	² 4		1010 0001
Total Cost					\$301,750	\$143,000		\$74,750	\$11,500	0.4		5660,U50
Work Order: Behulit & Removal		c C	2	, c	53	00			000111	ç	_	000,0000
Job Order (s): 3. Removal	\$78.7	° 0\$	° 0\$	°°\$	\$119.250	\$51.000	ç,	\$25.500	\$5 100	ç,	¢,	121 009 8708
5. Installation	\$	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$225.250	\$115,000		\$57,500	\$11.500	\$0		\$522.125
Total Cost		0\$	0\$	\$0	\$344,500	\$166,000	1	\$83,000	\$16,600	\$0	-	\$801,725
Work Order: Repaired	14	0	0	0	27	10	0	2		0	o	57
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,250	\$24,000		\$12,000	\$2,400	\$0	\$0	\$69,150
Total Cost	t \$10,500	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$20,250	\$24,000	\$0\$	\$12,000	\$2,400	\$0	\$0	\$69,150
Work Order: Reset		0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Job Order (s): 6. Repairs		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,500
Total Cost	t \$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$750	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$1,500
Work Order: Discontinued		0	0	0	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	2
Job Order (s): 3. Removals	\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,500
Total Cost		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$2,250	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,500
		0	° :	0	36	13	0	L	-	0	0	134
Job Order (s): 5. Installation		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$116,100	\$55,250		\$16,800	\$2,400	\$0	\$0	\$438,875
Total Cost	\$248,325	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$116,100	\$55,250	- CS	\$16 BOO	\$2 400	\$D	Ş	4438 875

SUMMARY OF THROUGH-CONTRACT COSTS FOR MALLET, HUDSON, AND SAGINAW

SUMMARY OF THROUGH-CONTRACT COSTS,	S, MALLET						
	Columbia River	ļ	Mullet	Maller	Ĭ	Mallar	Mailet
COST CATEGORY	System	CG Ope +	••• •	2	3	•	6
ITEM 1. MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	\$22,000		\$533,500	\$177,833	\$133,375	\$76,214	812,868
ITEM 2: TRANSIT COSTS	\$3,000		\$914,542	\$338,719	\$282,266	\$177,424	\$151,796
ITEM 3: REMOVALS	\$64,100		\$197,200	\$197,200	\$197,200	\$197,200	\$197,200
-	\$83.488		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	\$64.420		\$220,000	\$220,000	\$220,000	\$220,000	\$220,000
ITEM 6. BEDAIRS	\$13,400		\$29,700	\$29,700	\$29,700	\$29,700	\$29,700
ITEM 7. DIVING SERVICES	\$3.200		\$0	\$0	\$0	0\$	\$0
	\$2,500		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM OF TELO CHOINELING	\$1,700		0\$	\$0	0\$	\$0	\$0
TEM TO DELIVED BEMAINING MATERIALS	15		\$0	\$0	0\$	\$0	\$0
I EM 10: UCLIVEN REMEMINING MATERIALS	\$1		\$0	\$0	0\$	\$0	\$0
	\$257.810	\$558,840	\$1,894,942	\$963,453	\$862,541	\$700,539	\$657,974
		\$433,660	\$1,515,954	\$770,762	\$690,033	\$560,431	\$526,379
About the of Mark Orders		97	97	97	16	97	97
NUTIDET OF WORK OLDERS			-	S	4	2	6
NUMDER OF VISIUS FELTERING Mark Dame & Transite Costs Ber Work Order	#01/101	\$0	\$14,928	\$5,325	\$4,285	\$2,615	\$2,176
MOD, DETTI, & ITERISIS COSIS FER WUR CIGE		\$0	\$4.607	\$4,607	\$4,607	\$4,607	\$4,607
Uther Losts Fer Work Order Total Contract Posts Per Work Order	#DIV/01	\$4,471	\$15,628	\$7,946	\$7,114	\$5,778	\$5,427
		Mallet	Mailet	Maliet	Mallet	Mallet	Mellet
COST CATEGORY	SF/SP/S Bavs	CG Ope	٢	2	3	4	9
ADRII 17 A TION/DEMOBILIZATION	\$21,000		\$395,275	\$131,758	\$98,819	\$56,468	\$43,919
	000'6\$		\$2,286,355	\$846,798	\$705,665	\$443,561	\$379,491
ITEM 3: REMOVALS	\$9,760		\$182,250	\$182,250	\$182,250	\$182,250	\$182,250
1 -	\$29,160		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
1	\$17,475		\$323,125	\$323,125	\$323,125	\$323,125	\$323,125
	\$3,900		\$24,900	\$24,900	\$24,900	\$24,900	\$24,900
ITEM 7: DIVING SERVICES	\$4,000		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM 8: FIELD ENGINEERING	\$49,000		\$0	\$0	\$	\$0	\$0
ITEM 9: BOUYS	\$2,400		\$0	\$0		\$0	\$0
ITEM 10: DELIVER REMAINING MATERIALS	\$480		\$0	\$0			\$0
	\$3.800		\$0	\$0	\$0		\$0
GRAND TOTAL FOR ALL ITEMS	\$149,975	\$558,840	\$3,211,905	\$1,508,831	\$1,334,759	\$1,030,304	\$953,685
		\$433,660	\$2,569,524	\$1,207,065	\$1,067,8(\$824.2	\$762,948
Number of Work Orders		67	97	97	97	6	76
Number of Vicits per Trip			-	e	4	-	ת
Moh. Dem. & Transits Costs Per Work Order	10/VIC#	\$0	\$	\$10,088	\$8,294		\$4,365
Other Costs Per Work Order	#DIV/0	0\$		\$5,467	\$5,467		50,40/ 51,005
Total Contract Costs Per Work Order	#DIV/01	\$4,471	\$26,490	\$12,444	1 \$11,008	\$8,497	608'/\$

• Reduced by 67% for non-construction work. •• Reduced by 12/15 months to reflect one year.

J-1, 3/22/94

SUMMARY OF THROUGH-CONTRACT COSTS, HUDSON

COST CATEGORY	Columbia		Hudaon	Hudeon	Hudson	Hudson	Hudeon
MOBILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	Hiver System	CG 0pe •	100	2		4	u D
ITEM 2. TRA	\$22,000		\$1,919,500	\$639,833	\$330,948	\$274,214	\$213,278
	\$54 100		\$3,711,894	\$1,374,776	\$790,101	\$727,395	\$622,326
17	204, 100		\$489,000	\$489,000	\$489,000	\$489,000	\$489,000
ITEM 4: MATERIALS	\$83,488		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
	\$64,420		\$714,000	\$714,000	\$714,000	\$714,000	\$714,000
ITEM 5: REPAIRS	\$13,400		\$69,850	\$69,850	\$69,850	\$69,850	\$69,850
I EM 7: DIVING SERVICES	\$3,200		\$0	\$0	0\$	\$0	\$0
I EM 8: FIELD ENGINEERING	\$2,500		\$0	\$0	0\$	\$0	\$0
	\$1,700		\$0	0\$	0\$	\$0	\$0
I I EM 10: DELIVER REMAINING MATERIALS	\$1		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
I I EM 11: PICK UP MATERIALS REMAINING	\$1		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
GRAND TOTAL FOR ALL ITEMS	\$257,810	\$801,227	\$6,904,244	\$3,287,459	\$2,393,899		\$2,108,454
ACJUSTED TOTAL		\$688,254	\$3,602,214	\$1,715,196	\$1,248,991	186,674	\$1,100,063
		349	349	349	349	349	349
Moh Dom 8 Transis Cash barne 10			-	n	5.80	2	თ
Charlow Derive a fransilis Losis Per Work Urder	#DIV/01	\$0	\$16,136	\$5,773	\$3,212	\$2,870	\$2.394
Uther Losts Per Work Urder	#DIV/0I	\$0	\$3,647	\$3,647	\$3,647	\$3,647	\$3.647
I otal CUNTRACT COSTS PER Work Order	#DIV/0	\$1,972	\$10,322	\$4,915	\$3,579	\$3,400	\$3.152
COST CATEGORY		Hudson	Hudson	Hudson	Hudson	Hudeon	Hudson
MOBILIZATION/DEMODILIZATION	SLISPIS BAYS	CG Ops •	-	2	3	4	9
	\$21,000		\$1,422,175	\$474,058	\$245,203	\$203,168	\$158,019
	\$9,000		\$9,279,736	\$3,436,939	\$1,975,252	\$1,818,486	\$1,555,816
	\$9,760		\$495,450	\$495,450	\$495,450	\$495,450	\$495,450
ITEM 4: MATERIALS	\$29,160		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
II EM 5: INSTALLATIONS	\$17,475		\$1,018,450	\$1,018,450	\$1,018,450	\$1,018,450 \$	\$1,018,450
I EM 6: REPAIRS	\$3,900		\$62,850	\$62,850	\$62,850	\$62,850	\$62,850
ITEM /: DIVING SERVICES	\$4,000		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
I CM 8: FIELU ENGINEERING	\$49,000		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM 10. DELIVED BENAMING ANTERIALS	\$2,400		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
-	\$480		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
COAND TOTAL FOR	\$3,800		\$0		\$0	\$0	\$0
GRAND I UI AL FUR ALL ITEMS	\$149,975	\$801,227	\$12,278,661	\$5,487,747	\$3,797,205	\$3,598,404 \$	\$3,290,586
Number of Mark Orders		\$688,254	\$6,406,258	\$2,863,173	\$1,981,150	\$1,877,428 \$	1,716,827
Number of Work Urgers		349	349	349	349	349	349
			-	e	5.80	7	თ
Mou, Dern, of Iransits Costs Per Work Urder	#DIV/01	ò	\$30,665	\$11,206	\$6,362	\$5,793	\$4,911
Total COSIS FEI WORK OFUER	10//10#	\$0\$	\$4,518	\$4,518	\$4,518	\$4,518	\$4,518
	#01/01	\$1,972	\$18,356	\$8,204	\$5,677	\$5,379	\$4,919
educed by 84% for non-construction work. **Reduced by 12/23 months to relfect	12/23 month	s to relfect ,					

J-2, 3/22/94

Reduced by 84% for non-construction work. **Reduced by 12/23 months to relfect one year.

	Columbia River	Sacinaw	Saginaw	Saginaw	Saginaw	Saginaw	
CORT CATEGORY	System	CG Ops	•	2	8	4	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
ITEM 1. MORILIZATION/DEMOBILIZATION	\$22,000		\$2,563,000	\$854,333	\$466,000	\$366, 143	\$284,178
ITEM 7. TRANSIT COSTS	\$3.000		\$3,757,743	\$1,391,757	\$843,489	\$729,015	\$623,713
ITEM 3. REMOVALS	\$64,100		\$302,600	\$302,600	\$302,600	\$302,600	\$302,600
ITEM A. MATERIALS	\$83.488		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	0\$
ITEM E. INSTALLATIONS	\$64.420		\$1,256,700	\$1,256,700	\$1,256,700	\$1,256,700	\$1,256,700
ITEM 6. BEDAIRS	\$13.400		\$83,450	\$83,450	\$83,450	\$83,450	\$83,450
ITEM D. NUMC CERVICES	\$3,200		\$0	0\$	\$0	\$0	\$0
	\$2 EOD		\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$0
II EM 8: FIELU ENGINEERING	\$1 700		\$0	\$0	0\$	0\$	\$0
ILEM 9: BUUTS	201112			0\$	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM 10: DELIVER REMAINING MATERIALS					05	\$0	\$0
ITEM 11: PICK UP MATERIALS REMAINING	- [000 - 000		000 000 000	42 052 230	\$2 737 908	\$2.551.241
GRAND TOTAL FOR ALL ITEMS	\$257,810	\$825,233	\$1,303,430	101 000 000	686		\$1,457,852
ADJUSTED TOTAL		C/ 8'80/ \$	100'000'+*	10177778			466
Number of Work Orders		466	404	00+	2001		
Number of Visits Per Trip				000 **	0.00	\$2 35U	\$1.950
Mob. Dem. & Transits Costs Per Work Order	#DIV/0I	0\$	\$13,504	\$4,020	010,2%	\$2 C 2 C 4	42 676
Other Costs Per Work Order	10//JO#	\$0	\$3,525	53,52	070'04	50,040	40,040 40 108
Total COntract Costs Per Work Order	10/VIC \$	\$1,521	\$9,765	\$4,769	\$3,020	100,06	171/07
	ci ch'c Jaire	Saginew	Seginew	Saginaw	Saginaw 3	Saginaw 4	Saginaw 5
	201000 1000		\$1 898 950	\$632,983	\$345,264	\$271,279	\$210,994
II FM 1. MUBILIZATION/DEMUBILIZ	000/1-24		\$9,394,357	\$3.479.392	\$2,108,722	\$1,822,538	\$1,559,283
ILEM 2: TRAINOIL CAUSED	*0.760		\$284 100	\$284.100	\$284,100	\$284,100	\$284,100
II EM 3: HEM. TVP 2	001,64		05	0\$	\$0	\$0	\$0
ITEM 4: MALERIALD	929,100		\$1 671 050	\$1 671 050	\$1,621,050	\$1,621,050	\$1,621,050
ITEM 5: INSTALLATIONS	C/+//1¢		\$70,650	\$70.650	\$70,650	\$70,650	\$70,650
ITEM 6: REPAIRS	93,300			08	\$0	\$0	\$C
ITEM 7: DIVING SERVICES	\$4,000				0\$	\$0	0\$
ITEM 8: FIELD ENGINEERING	\$49,000				0\$	\$0	\$0
ITEM 9: BOUYS	\$2,400			C.	0\$	\$0	\$
ITEM 10: DELIVER REMAINING MATERIALS	\$480				C\$	\$0	\$0
ITEM 11: PICK UP MATERIALS REMAINING	\$3,800	-+-	412 2E0 107	\$6 088 175	54 479 786	\$4.069.617	\$3.746.077
GRAND TOTAL FOR ALL ITEMS	\$149,975	-+-	A10,203,014	\$3 A70 067	47 531 306	\$2 325 495	-\$2,140,616
ADJUSTED TOTAL		C/8'80/\$1	170C 1 6	100/4/06	100172	466	466
Nurriber of Work Orders		404	400	204			
Number of Visits Per Trip				0 80 875	35 766	\$4,493	\$3.799
Mob, Dem, & Transits Costs Per Work Order			000 476	020,05	44 740		
Other Custs Per Work Order	10//10#	\$1.521	\$10,271	\$7,466	\$5,432		

J-3/4

APPENDIX K

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS SPREADSHEETS FOR MALLET, HUDSON, AND SAGINAW

LIFE CYCL	E COST.	MALLET	1								APPE	NDIZ	K K	
WLIC 75	TOTAL	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2029	203 0	2031	2032
No. Vessels in Fleet														
WLIC 75 Average Full Co	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
WLIC 75 Avg % of Cons	_	T	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	i	1	1	1	1
Mallet Annual Full Cost	_	1	1	1	1	1	i	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Mallet Annual % of Const	1	-	i	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	i		i i)
Mallet Thru Contract		1	1	i	1	1	1	1	1	1	i	1	1	1 1
Total	_	4	1	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
O&M Costs ('93 SK)	(
WLIC 75 Average Full Co	27,956	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699
WLIC 75 Avg % of Cons	21,694	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542
Maliet Annual Full Cost	22,354	559	559	559	559	559	559	559	559	559	559	559	559	559
Mallet Annual % of Const	17,346	434	434	434	434	434	434	434	434	434	434	434	434	434
Mallet Thru Contract	27,601	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690
C					••••••					-				
Capital Costs ('93 SK)	7,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,700	0	o	o	0
WLIC 75 Average Full Co	7,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,700	0	0	0	
WLIC 75 Avg % of Cons	7,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,700	0	0	0	
Mallet Annual Full Cost Mallet Annual % of Const	7,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,700	0	0	0	-
Mallet Thru Contract	7,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0,700	0	o	o o	o
Wallet Thru Contract	. ŭ	, v	U	0	v	0	v	U	Ŭ	U	0	Ŭ	Ň	
O&M + Capital (93 SK)														1 1
WLIC 75 Average Full Co	35,656	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	699	8,399	699	699	699	699
WLIC 75 Avg % of Cons	29,394	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	542	8,242	542	542	542	542
Mailet Annual Full Cost	30,054	559	559	559	559	559	559	559	559	8,259	559	559	559	559
Mallet Annual % of Const	25,046	434	434	434	434	434	434	434	434	8,134	434	434	434	434
Mallet Thru Contract	27,601	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690	690
Discounted 1993 SK														
Discount Rate	2%													
Discount Factor	-1	1.000	0.980	0.961	0.942	0.924	0.871	0.853	0.837	0.820	0.490	0.481	#####	0.462
WLIC 75 Average Full Co	25,818	699	685	672	659	646	608	596	585	6,890	343	336	329	323
WLIC 75 Avg % of Cons	21,449	542	532	521	511	501	472	463	454	6,762	266	261	256	251
Mallet Annual Full Cost	21,910	559	548	537	527	516	487	477	468	6,775	274	269	263	258
Mailet Annual % of Const	18,417	434	425	417	409	401	378	370	363	6,672	213	208	204	200
Mallet Thru Contract	19,254	690	677	663	650	637	601	589	577	566	338	332	325	319
Discount Rate *	4%													
Discount Factor	-	1.000	0.962	0.925	0.889	0.855	0.760	0.731	0.703	0.676	0.244	0.234	#####	0.217
WLIC 75 Average Full Co	19,588	699	672	646	621	597	531	511	491	5,674	170	164	157	151
WLIC 75 Avg % of Cons	16,366	542	521	501	482	464	412	396	381	5,568	132	127	122	117
Mallet Annual Full Cost	16,705	559	537	517	497	478	425	408	393	5,579	136	131	126	121
Mallet Annual % of Const	14,129	434	417	401	386	371	330	317	305	5,495	106	102	98	94
Mallet Thru Contract	14,204	690	663	638	613	590	524	504	485	466	168	162	155	149
Discount Rate **	7%													
Discount Factor	-	1.000	0.935	0.873	0.816	0.763	0.623	0.582	0.544	0.508	0.088	0.082	#####	0.071
WLIC 75 Average Full Co	13,884	699	653	610	571	533	435	407	380	4,270	61	57	53	50
WLIC 75 Avg % of Cons		542	507	474	443	414	338	316	295	4,190	47	44	41	39
Mailet Annual Full Cost	11,886	559	522	488	456	426	348		304	4,198	49		43	40
Mailet Annual % of Const		434	405	379	354	331	270		236		38	35	33	31
Mallet Thru Contract	9,843	690	645	603	563	526	430	402	375	351	60	56	53	49
												<u> </u>		<u> </u>

	WLIC 75	WLIC 75	Mallet	Mallet	Mallet
COST	Average	Average	Annuai	Annual	thru
PARAMETERS	Full Cost	% of Cnst	Full Cost	% of Cnst	Contract
Operating & maint.	Construction Related Work	(===>	77.60%		
costs/vessel/year:					
Personnel	403	313	399	309	0
Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
M&R	296	230	160	124	690
Total O&M/vessel	699	542	559	434	690
Capital costs/vessel:					
Lead vessel	-				0
Each following vessel	7,700	7,700	7,700	7,700	7,700

K-1, 4/18/94

* Suggested by OMB for Purchese & Lesse Options. ** Suggested by OMB for Cost-Benefit Analysis.

LIFE CYCLE COST, HUDSON

AFFENDIX K

WLIC 160	TOTAL	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2029	2030	2031	2032
No. Vessels in Fleet														
WLIC 160 Average Full	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
WLIC 160 Avg % of Co		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	i	1	1 1	1	1
Hudson Annual Full Cost		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Hudson Annual % of Co		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	i	l i		1
Hudson Thru Contract	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	i	ī	1		1
Total	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
O&M Costs ('93 SK)														
WLIC 160 Average Full	32,648	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816
WLIC 160 Avg % of Co	28,045	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701
Hudson Annual Full Cost	32,049	801	801	801	801	801	801	801	801	801	801	801	801	801
Hudson Annual % of Co	27,530	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688
Hudson Thru Contract	49,960	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1.249	1,249	1 .	1,249	1 1
Capital Costs ('93 SK)											_			
WLIC 160 Average Full	7,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,700	0	0	0	0
WLIC 160 Ave % of Co	7,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,700	0	0		1 1
Hudson Annual Full Cost	7,700	0	0	0	0 0	0	0	0	0	7,700	0	0	0	1 1
Hudson Annual % of Co	7,700	0	0	0	0 0	0	ő	0	0	7,700	0	Ö	0	0
Hudson Thru Contract	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ő	0	0	0.700	0	o	0	
	ĭ	v	Ū	v	Ū	Ŭ	v	v	U	v	Ŭ	ľ	Ŭ	Ň
O&M + Capital (93 SK)														
WLIC 160 Average Full	40,348	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	8,516	816	816	816	816
WLIC 160 Avg % of Co	35,745	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	8,401	701	701	701	701
Hudson Annual Full Cost	39,749	801	801	801	801	801	801	801	801	8,501	801	801	801	801
Hudson Annual % of Co	35,230	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	688	8,388	688	688	688	688
Hudson Thru Contract	49,960	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1,249	1.249
Discounted 1993 SK														
Discount Rate	2%													
Discount Factor	_	1.000	0.980	0.961	0.942	0.924	0.871	0.853	0.837	0.820	0.490	#####	#####	#####
WLIC 160 Average Full	29,091	816	800	785	769	754	711	697	683	6,986	400	392	385	377
WLIC 160 Avg % of Co	25,880	701	687	674	661	648	610	598	587	6,892	344	337	330	324
Hudson Annual Full Cost	28,673	801	786	770	755	740	698	684	670	6,974	393	385	378	370
Hudson Annual % of Co	25,521	638	675	662	649	636	599	587	576	6,881	337	331	324	318
Hudson Thru Contract	34,850	1,249	1,225	1,200	1,177	1,154	1,087	1,066	1,045	1,025	612	600	589	577
Discount Rate *	4%													
Discount Factor		1.000	0.962	0.925	0.889	0.855	0.760	0.731	0.703	0.676	0.244	#####	#####	#####
WLIC 160 Average Full	22,003	816	785	755	726	698	620	596	573	5,753	199	191	184	177
WLIC 160 Avg % of Co	19,634	701	674	648	623	599	533	512	493	5,675	171	164	158	152
Hudson Annual Full Cost	21,695	801	770	741	712	685	609	585	563	5,743	195	188	181	174
Hudson Annual % of Co	19,369	688	662	636	612	588	523	503	484	5,667	168	161	155	149
Hudson Thru Contract	25,710	1,249	1,201	1,155	1,110	1,068	949	913	878	844	304	293	281	271
Discount Rate **	7%													
Discount Factor	1	1.000	0.935	0.873	0.816	0.763	0.623	0.582	0.544	0.508	0.088	#####	#####	#####
WLIC 160 Average Full	15,557	816	763	713	666	623	508	475	444	4,329	71	67	62	58
WLIC 160 Avg % of Co	13,916	701	655	612	572	535	437	408	381	4,271	61	57	54	50
Hudson Annual Full Cost	15,344	801	749	700	654	611	499	466	436	4,322	70	66	61	57
Hudson Annual % of Co	13,732	688	643	601	562	525	429	401	374	4,264	60	56	53	49
Hudson Thru Contract	17,817	1,249	1,167	1,091	1,020	953	778	727	679	635	109	102	95	89
		1,277	1,107	1,071	1,020			121	019		109	1 102	, ,,	

COST	WLIC 160 Average	WLIC 160 Average	Hudson Annual	Hudson Annual	Hudson thru
PARAMETERS	Full Cost	% of Cnst	Full Cost	% of Cast	Contract
Operating & maint. costs/vessel/year:	Construction Related Work	>	85.90%		
Personnel	438	376	438	376	0
Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
M&R	378	320	363	312	1249
Total O&M/vessel	816	701	801	688	1249
Capital costs/vessel:					
Lead vessel	_			_	0
Each following vessel	7,700	7,700	7,700	7,700	0

K-2, 4/18/94

--

* Suggested by OMB for Purchase & Lease Options. ** Suggested by OMB for Cost-Benefit Analysis.

LIFE CYCLE COST, SAGINAW

APPENDIX K

LIFE CYCLE C		AGINAV		1000							PPE			
WLIC 160	TOTAL	1993	1994	1995	1996	1997	2000	2001	2002	2003	2029	2030	2031	2032
No. Vessels in Fleet	1]		
WLIC 160 Average Full Cost		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1	1 1
WLIC 160 Avg % of Const		1	1	1	1	1	i	1	1	1	1	ł i	1	1
Saginaw Annual Full Cost		1		1	1	1	,	1	i	1	;			
Saginaw Annual % of Const		1		1	i	1	1	1	1	1				
Saginaw Thru Contract		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	,	1		1 ;	
Total		4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4		
Total	-		4	4	-	-4	4	-4	4	-	4	-	7	~
O&M Costs ('93 \$K)														1
WLIC 160 Average Full Cost	32,648	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816
WLIC 160 Avg % of Const	28,045	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701
Saginaw Annual Full Cost	33,009	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825
Seginaw Annual % of Const	28,355	709	709	709	709	709	709	709	709	709	709	709	709	709
Saginaw Thru Contract	67,480	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1.687
Capital Costs ('93 SK)														
WLIC 160 Average Full Cost	7,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,700	0	0	0	0
WLIC 160 Avg % of Const	7,700	0	0	0	Ő	0	õ	ő	0	7,700	õ	ŏ	1	1
Saginaw Annual Full Cost	7,700	Ő	0	Ő	Ő	ő	ő	ő	Ő	7,700	Ő	Ö	-	-
Saginaw Annual % of Const	7,700	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,700	ő	Ő	-	-
Saginaw Ahnual % of Const Saginaw Thru Contract	1,100	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7,700	0	o o		1 1
		0	U	0	0	U	0	U	U	0	0		ľ	"
O&M + Capital (93 \$K)												[[[
WLIC 160 Average Full Cost	40,348	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	816	8,516	816	816	816	816
WLIC 160 Avg % of Const	35,745	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	701	8,401	701	701	701	701
Saginaw Annual Full Cost	40,709	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	825	8,525	825	825	825	
Seginaw Annual % of Const	36,055	709	709	709	709	709	709	709	709	8,409	709	709	709	709
Saginaw Thru Contract	67,480	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687	1,687
Discounted 1993 SK												Í		
Discount Rate	2%											}		1
Discount Factor	_	1.000	0.980	0.961	0.942	0.924	0.871	0.853	0.837	0.820	#####	#####	#####	#####
WLIC 160 Average Full Cost	29,091	816	800	785	769	754	711	697	683	6,986	400	392	385	377
WLIC 160 Avg % of Const	25,880	701	687	674	661	648	610	598	587	6,892	344	337	330	324
Saginaw Annual Full Cost	29,343	825	809	793	778	762	718	704	691	6,994	405	397	389	381
Saginaw Annual % of Const	26,096	709	695	681	668	655	617	605	593	6,898	348	341	334	327
Saginaw Thru Contract	47,071	1,687	1,654	1,621	1,590	1,559	1,469	1,440	1,412	1,384	827	811	795	779
Discount Rate *	4%													
Discount Factor	. – II	1.000	0.962	0.925	0.889	0.855	0.760	0.731	0.703	0.676	#####	#####	#####	#####
WLIC 160 Average Full Cost	22,003	816	785	755	726	698	620	596	573	5,753	199	191	184	177
WLIC 160 Avg % of Const	19,634	701	674	648	623	599	533	512	493	5,675	171	164	158	152
Saginaw Annual Full Cost	22,189	825	793	763	734	705	627	603	580	5,759	201	193	186	179
Saginaw Annual % of Const	19,794	709	682	655	630	606	539	518	498	5,681	173	166	160	154
Saginaw Thru Contract	34,726	1,687	1,622	1,560	1,500	1,442	1,282	1,233	1,185	1,140	411	395	380	365
Discount Rate **	7%													
Discount Factor	_{	1.000	0.935	0.873	0.816	0.763	0.623	0.582	0.544	0.508	#####	#####	#####	#####
WLIC 160 Average Full Cost	15,557	816	763	713	666	623	508	475	444	4,329	71	67	62	
WLIC 160 Avg % of Const	13,916	701	655	612	572	535	437	408	381	4,271	61	57	54	í
Saginaw Annual Full Cost	15,686	825	771	721	674	630	514	480	449	4,334	72	68	1 ·	4
Saginaw Annual % of Const	14,026	709	663	619	579	541	441	413	386		62			1
Saginaw Thru Contract	24,065	1,687	1,577	1,473	1,377	1,287	1.051	982	918	858	148	138		1
							1,001							<u> </u>
1		160	WLIC 160	Saginaw	Saginaw	Saginaw	1							

	160	WLIC 160	Saginaw	Saginaw	Saginaw
COST	Average	Average	Annual	Annual	thru
PARAMETERS	Full Cost	% of Cnst	Full Cost	% of Cnst	Contract
Operating & maint.	nstruction Related Work	*****>	85.90%		
costs/vessel/year:					
Personnel	438	376	438	376	0
Fuel	0	0	0	0	0
M&R	378	325	387	333	1,687
Total Odt M/vessel	816	701	825	709	1,687
Capital costs/vessel:					
Lcad vessel					0
Each following vessel	7,700	7,700	7,700	7,700	0

K-3, 4/18/94

* Suggested by OMB for Purchase & Lesse Options. ** Suggested by OMB for Cost-Benefit Analysis.

APPENDIX L

PROJECT TRAVEL

September 21-22, 1993, U.S.C.G. WLIC Experts Conference National ATON Training Center, Yorktown, Virginia

Attendees:

LT Tom Flynn, Fifth District (oan) CWO Lenny Cruz, Commanding Officer, USCGC SLEDGE LTJG Bill Wise, Seventh District (oan) CWO Mark Allen, Commanding Officer, USCGC HUDSON BMC Chuck Unkrich, Eighth District (oan) BMCM Jerry Alverson, Officer-in-Charge, USCGC CLAMP

LCDR Mitch West, G-NSR Kip Brown, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center Mark Bucciarelli, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center Flavio Leo, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center

February 22, 1994, Briefing of Preliminary Results to Fifth Coast Guard District Portsmouth, VA

Attendees:

CAPT John Vaughn, Chief, Fifth District (oan) LCDR Bill Southwood, Deputy Chief, Fifth District (oan) LT Tom Flynn, Fifth District (oan) Mr. John Walters, Fifth District (oan)

LCDR Mitch West, G-NSR Kip Brown, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center Flavio Leo, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center

February 23, 1994, Briefing of Preliminary Results to Eighth Coast Guard District New Orleans, LA

Attendees:

CAPT James Force, Chief, Eighth District (oan) CDR John Gentile, Deputy Chief, Eighth District (oan) LT Steve Hadley, Eighth District (oan) BMC Chuck Unkrich, Eighth District (oan)

LCDR Mitch West, G-NSR Kip Brown, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center Mark Bucciarelli, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center Flavio Leo, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center

February 24, 1994, Briefing of Preliminary Results to Seventh Coast Guard District Miami, FL

Attendees:

CAPT Brian Hadler, Chief, Seventh District (oan) LCDR Howard Van Houten, Deputy Chief, Seventh District (oan) LCDR Gene Gray, Seventh District (oan) LTJG Bill Wise, Seventh District (oan) BMCS Bob Hunsacker, Seventh District (oan)

LCDR Mitch West, G-NSR Kip Brown, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center Mark Bucciarelli, Volpe National Transportation Systems Center