

# Scleroplax granulata Rathbun, 1893

| Nomenclature                               |               |  |
|--|---------------|--|
| Phylum                                     | Arthropoda    |  |
| Class                                      | Malacostraca  |  |
| Order                                      | Decapoda      |  |
| Family                                     | Pinnotheridae |  |
| Common Synonyms (S)<br>Previous Names (PN) |               |  |



| Distribution               |  |  |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Type Locality              | Ensenada, Baja California  |  |
| Geographic<br>Distribution | Porcher Island, British Columbia to Punta Abreojos, Baja California, México (Jensen 2014).   |  |
| Habitat                    | Bays and harbors, symbiotic with echiuroid worm <i>Urechis caupo</i> , ghost shrimps <i>Neotrypaea californiensis</i> , <i>N. gigas</i> , <i>Upogebia pugettensis</i> , and <i>U. macginitieorum</i> ; intertidal zone on sandy mud flats in protected bays, to 13 m (Campos 2006). Also reported from the softshell clam <i>Mya arenaria</i> (Jensen 2014). |  |

#### **Description**

From Wicksten 2012 (unless otherwise noted)

Size: Male carapace length about 3 mm, female to 6 mm.

**Carapace:** Subpentagonal, hard, granulate anteriorly near margins; punctate elsewhere; front narrow, produced, slightly convex. Orbits nearly circular, eyestalk short, thick. Antennules almost transverse.

**Mouthparts:** 3<sup>rd</sup> maxilliped with a propodus that extends to the end of the dactylus (characteristic of genus; Campos 2006).

**Chelipeds:** Chela of male swollen, heavy; much larger than in female. Dactyl curved, fixed finger with large tooth, fingers gaping.

**Pereopods:** P2–5 slender, granulate. P4 longest, its segments narrow, flattened; dactyls slender, almost straight, nearly as long as dactyls.

**Abdomen:** Male abdomen narrow, tapering gradually to broad terminal segment, female abdomen fringed with setae.



| Diagnostic C  | Diagnostic Characteristics                     |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| Diagnostic<br>Characteristics<br>(From Wicksten<br>2012)  | Photo, Illustrations                           | Photo,<br>Illustration<br>Credit         |  |  |
| ,   |  | Campos<br>2007, p. 643                   |  |  |
| Carapace hard,<br>much wider than<br>long, dorsally<br>convex and<br>anteriorly granulate;<br>lower anterolateral<br>margin curving<br>gradually into<br>posterolateral<br>margin | 1 mm   | Marine<br>Sediment<br>Monitoring<br>Team |  |  |
|   | Carapace (dorsal view); voucher specimen AR978 | Campos                                   |  |  |
| Walking legs<br>subequal (P4<br>slightly longer but<br>not markedly so)   | D2 D2  | 2007, p. 643                             |  |  |



Marine Sediment Monitoring Team

| Left walking legs (dorsal vi | ew); voucher specimen AR978 |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|

| Related Species and Characteristic Differences |  |  |
|--|--|--|
| Species Name                                   | Diagnostic Characteristics   |  |
| Opisthopus transversus                         | Carapace about as wide as long; pereopods 2-5 subequal (P3 longest); molluscan hosts  Note: This is a southern California species with a northern range of Monterey (Wicksten 2012). |  |

## Comments

# Literature

Campos, E. 2006. Systematics of the genus *Scleroplax* Rathbun, 1893 (Crustacea: Brachyura: Pinnotheridae). *Zootaxa*. 1344:33-41.

Campos, E. 2007. Key to Pinnotheridae. *In:* Carlton, J.T. (Ed). *The Light and Smith Manual. Intertidal Invertebrates from Central California to Oregon.* 4<sup>th</sup> ed. Los Angeles, CA: University of California Press. pp. 632-655. (p. 643-644)

- Garth, J.S. and D.P. Abbott. Brachyura: The True Crabs. P. 595-630. *In: Intertidal invertebrates of California*. Morris, R.H., Abbott, D.P. and E.C. Haderlie (Eds.). Stanford University Press, Stanford, CA. (p. 618)
- Jensen, G.C. 2014. Crabs and shrimps of the Pacific coast. A guide to shallow-water decapods from Southeastern Alaska to the Gulf of Mexico. MolaMarine, Bremerton, WA. 240 pp.
- Rathbun, M.J. 1893. Scientific results of explorations by the U. S. fish commission steamer *Albatross*. XXIV. Descriptions of new genera and species of crabs from the west coast of North America and the Sandwich Islands. *Proceedings of the U. S. National Museum* 16:223-260. (p. 250-251)
- Rathbun, M.J. 1918. The grapsoid crabs of North America. *Bulletin of the U.S. National Museum* 97:1-444, Plates 1-159, figs. 1-172. (p. 171-172)
- Wicksten, M.K. 2012. Decapod Crustacea of the Californian and Oregonian Zoogeographic Provinces. *Zootaxa* 3371. Magnolia Press. 307 pp.

### **More Information**

More information about Puget Sound benthic invertebrates is available at:

http://www.ecy.wa.gov/programs/ eap/psamp/index.htm Prepared by Dany Burgess (Ecology) and Julianne Ruffner (Ecology); reviewed by Jeff Cordell (UW – Seattle). This document is available on the Department of Ecology's website at <a href="https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/publications/SummaryPages/1603212.html">https://fortress.wa.gov/ecy/publications/SummaryPages/1603212.html</a>

If you need this document in a format for the visually impaired, call (360) 407-6764. Persons with hearing loss can call 711 for Washington Relay Service. Persons with a speech disability can call (877) 833-6341.