

WATTLE

Acacias of Australia

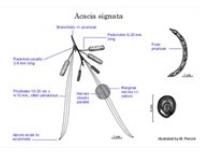
Acacia signata F.Muell.



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See illustration.



Acacia signata occurrence map.
Occurrence map generated via Atlas of Living
Australia (<https://www.ala.org.au>).

Family

Fabaceae

Distribution

Occurs from near Hamelin Pool S to Cockleshell Gully and E to near Wubin, W.A., and not common in this range.

Description

Shrub or tree 2–4 m high, usually wispy or straggly. Branchlets often ±arching or pendulous, ±pruinose. Phyllodes often pendulous, linear to linear-elliptic, straight to curved, 10–20 cm long, 4–10 mm wide, tapering to pulvinus, acute to acuminate, coriaceous, grey-green to subglaucous, glabrous; nerves numerous, fine, subdistant, rarely anastomosing; midnerve most evident; marginal nerves yellow or yellowish, prominent; pulvinus 3–6 mm long. Inflorescences 1–4-headed racemes; raceme axes usually 2–8 mm long (rarely to 45 mm), pruinose, glabrous; peduncles 6–20 mm long, glabrous; spikes 12–23 mm long, 6–7.5 mm diam., golden. Flowers 5-merous; sepals united, puberulous. Pods linear, slightly raised over seeds, curved, c. 7 cm long and 5–6 mm wide, coriaceous, pruinose, glabrous. Seeds longitudinal, subdiscoid, compressed, 4–4.5 mm long, glossy, dark brown; pleurogram shortly U-shaped or nearly semicircular; funicle-areil short, thick.

Habitat

Grows in yellow sand and sandy loam on sandplains and flats in heath, scrub and shrubland.

Specimens

W.A.: near Hamelin Pool, J.S.Beard 3028 (PERTH); 9.1 km on road from Kalbarri to Ajana, R.S. & R.A.Cowan A807 (CANB, K, NY, PERTH, US); 0.3 km N of Wubin on Wubin-Mullewa rd, N.Hoyle 332 (MEL, PERTH); 19.2 km N of Cockleshell Gully, W.A.Loneragan 67.032 (PERTH); 6.5 km N of Coorow, Geraldton Hwy, B.R.Maslin 4335 (PERTH).

Notes

Although the racemes are commonly 2–8 mm long, much longer ones (to 4.5 cm), are found occasionally (e.g., 12.8 km SW of Winchester, 1 Sept. 1974, C.Chapman, PERTH); examples of several racemes per axil are also found occasionally (e.g. from Witcherina, G.Phillips for A.M.Ashby 4838, NY, PERTH). Data on habit are limited, but a wispy or straggly form from the Murchison R. area is often noted; there are other collections that omit such detail and a very few which note the plant as a compact shrub (e.g. 5 km S of Winchester, Sept. 1974, C.Chapman, PERTH, and from near the mouth of the Murchison R., J.S.Beard 2035, PERTH).

Formerly confused with *A. yorkrakinensis* subsp. *acrita* which differs largely in its regularly densely branching habit, by its somewhat shorter pulvinus with red or brown phylloide margins and by its oblong-elliptic seeds with a conspicuous funicle-areil and elongate U-shaped pleurogram. There may also be a difference in phylloide colour, but the paucity of observations of this characteristic, as well as of habit and fruits, makes assessment of the taxa extremely difficult; future studies may suggest they be combined, each with infraspecific rank. *Acacia yorkrakinensis* extends SE from the Perenjori-Wubin area which is the southern end of the range of *A. signata*.

FOA Reference

Data derived from *Flora of Australia* Volumes 11A (2001), 11B (2001) and 12 (1998), products of ABRS, ©Commonwealth of Australia

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This identification key and fact sheets are available as a mobile application:



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