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National Endowment for Democracy



PAY INSTITUTE
For Education & Development

Monitoring Report on The Fifth Session of the Parliament of Kurdistan



Staff working on the project

Project Supervisor:

Dr. Sarwar AbdulRahman Omar

Project manager:

Baban Jaafar Hama

Project coordinator:

Aram Sardar Omar

**Director of PAY Observatory
Website:**

Arez Dara Jalal

**The Arab Section official at
the PAY Observatory website:**

Miran Hussein Hassan

Project Accountant:

Ibrahim Hassan Ahmed

**Contributors in the writing of
the report**

M. Sakar Aziz Rashid



The Second Report

Public Vote
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PAY Institute for Education and Development is a Kurdistan-based non-governmental organization that was formally registered at the non-governmental organizations department on (28/11/2013), and began its activities in December 2013.

Monitoring the Kurdistan Parliament Project:
This project started to perform its work with the beginning of the 4th term of the Kurdistan Parliament. And now, with the support of the National Endowment for Democracy (NED), it leads the duties that it is entrusted with.



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Pay Observatory for Monitoring of the Kurdistan Parliament

www.payied.org

Pay Observatory has started its activities two years ago and it is a part of the monitoring and evaluation project of the Kurdistan Parliament's works . This website publishes information about the previous parliamentary sessions in both Kurdish and Arabic languages. It has published the personal biography of the parliament members, the presidencies of the Parliament and the laws and decisions issued by Parliament for the first three sessions of parliament.

The fourth session (2013-2018) has published the curriculum vitae of: parliamentarians, the parliament president , the laws and decrees issued by the parliament, the temporary and the permanent committees, the program of work of meetings, the rules of procedure, video clips of parliamentary sessions, all the news related to the parliament and the absence of members of parliament with the list of their phone numbers, In addition to other sections such as the articles published on the Parliament in other media and information on the Parliament of the Afno-graphic, and whatever published on parliamentary work and its publications, and free writers, who wrote on the Parliament. On the other hand pay more attention to the committees and parliamentary blocks' news, provided that they are linked to the issuance of laws and the exercise of control over public institutions.

Pay Institute publicized all the reports concerning the monitoring of parliament and all the other projects the institute works on them. After working on the Arabic part of the website, in the future English part of the website will be added.

With the start of the fifth parliamentary session, the parliamentary oversight project will continue and many changes will be made to the project.

Introduction

One year after the elections were adjourned, the fifth parliamentary elections were held on September 30, 2018. At the beginning of 2018, we published a report on the voter register and problems in this record. In this report, we asked the political parties to participate in the elections and do their best to hold free and fair elections and respect the will of the voter, we asked the Commission to bear the historical responsibility entrusted to them and to implement the instructions legally, but the Parliament, the Commission and the political parties were not at that required level, because of the dereliction of the parliament and lack of political courage of political parties awareness of the seriousness of the stage participated in the elections, as we see its result and all the political parties are dissatisfied with it, and this is the subject of ridicule and question. Because the representatives of the five parties that have the largest number of seats in the parliament are those who conducted the elections and the Commission became a part of the forgery process, and because of the influences of the political parties and the inexperience of a number of members of the Commissioner's Board and not listening to them.

This report is the second (the report of PAY Institute) on the elections of September 30, 2018, and the report focused on the elections of the fifth parliamentary session of the Parliament of Kurdistan and the general voting process as well as the problems associated with the Parliament, the government and the Commission, and violations which were conducted in a Voting day, which was exercised by the political blocks and the security services as well as the Commission, in addition reference to the methods used in fraud and observations about the announcement of 85% of the results and the legal date to announce the results and complaints finally, our observations on 100% of the announcement of the final results.

PAY Institute for Education and Development
30/10/2018

Elections of the Fifth Session of the Parliament of Kurdistan

According to article 51 of Law No. (1) of 1992 on the elections of the Parliament of Kurdistan, the elections must be held every four years. The elections of the fourth session were held on 21/9/2013, but because of the problems and conflicts between the political parties, the members of Parliament took the oath (6/11/2013) and the Presidency of the Parliament was elected on 29/4/2014. The elections was supposed to be held in September 2017, but again because of the problems and conflicts between the political parties, the elections was postponed on the day (24/10/2017) and by a majority of votes in the parliament (60 out of 71 members) they decided to extend the legal duration of the Parliament elections for two sessions.

And, after that on (8/5/2018) the Prime Minister, in accordance with the powers he has, determined (30/9/2018) the date of elections for the fifth parliamentary session of the Parliament of Kurdistan.

For this purpose, the Elections Commission has taken the procedures for conducting the elections. In a statement issued on June 10, 2018, the Elections Commission announced the approval of 38 entities and rejected 3 entities. It then proceeded to draw lots for entity figures on 16/7/2018 and 29 entities and alliances that will participate in the elections were identified.

It should be noted that the entity (Kurdistan Freedom of Society Movement) had submitted a request to the Commission to participate in the elections, and on 10/6/2018 the number of the entity was set which was number number (23), but then the problems were created and was prevented from participating in the elections.

The names and numbers of the entities and alliances ratified were as follows:

First: The General Seats:

No.	Name of List	Number of List	Type of Seats
1	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	105	General seat
2	Towards Reform	119	General seat
3	Sardam List	127	General seat
4	New Generation List	134	General seat
5	Change Movement	148	General seat
6	The Conservative Party of Kurdistan	156	General seat
7	Azadi	164	General seat
8	Alliance for Democracy and Justice	172	General seat
9	Kurdistan Democratic Party	183	General seat
10	Islamic Union of Kurdistan	194	General seat
11	Turkmen Democratic List	203	Seat of the Turkmen component
12	Turkmen Development Party	215	Seat of the Turkmen component
13	List of Millt	224	Seat of the Turkmen component
14	Turkmen Alliance Erbil	239	Seat of the Turkmen component
15	Turkmen Movement (Yilderm)	246	Seat of the Turkmen component
16	Turkmen Reform Party	258	Seat of the Turkmen component
17	Turkmen Party of Erbil	267	Seat of the Turkmen component
18	List of Iraqi Turkmen Front	272	Seat of the Turkmen component
19	Rafidain List	306	The Assyrian Syriac Chaldean seat
20	Sons of the Rivers	317	The Assyrian Syriac Chaldean seat
21	Popular Council of the Assyrian Syriac Chaldean	344	The Assyrian Syriac Chaldean seat
22	National Union Alliance	368	The Assyrian Syriac Chaldean seat
23	List of Christian Democrats	384	The Assyrian Syriac Chaldean seat
24	Nubar Sibban Gharib	408	Armenian component seat
25	Edgar Hakop	423	Armenian component seat
26	Aram Bozo Hamo	452	Armenian component seat
27	Murad Mardrus Wartan	476	Armenian component seat
28	Iroant Nissan Marcus	489	Armenian component seat
29	Vahik Kamal Sarranian	497	Armenian component seat

General Voting Process

The elections of the fifth session of Parliament are the first elections to be held by the Independent High Election Commission for the elections and the referendum in the Kurdistan Region. The Commission issued a set of instructions and regulations for the elections, including:

1. The system of preparing and updating the voters register and displaying appeals No. (1) for the year 2018
2. The system of ratification of political entities and alliances No. (2) for the year 2018
3. Complaints and appeals system No. (3) for the year 2018
4. System of representatives of the political entities No. (4) for the year 2018
5. The system of international observers in the elections of the Kurdistan Parliament No. (5) for the year 2018
6. Elections campaign system No. 6 of 2018
7. The system of ratification of the list of candidates No. (7) for the year 2018
8. The media system in the elections No. (8) for the year 2018
9. The system of voting and counting the votes No. (9) for the year 2018
10. The system of distribution of seats in Parliament No. (10) for the year 2018

Board of Commissioners of the Independent High Electoral Commission
Office of Data
Table of Voting Centers and Stations
Elections of the Parliament of Kurdistan 30/9/2018

		Special Elections Friday 28/9/2018			General Elections Sunday 30/9/2018			Total		
Sign of the Governorate	Governorate	Number of Center	Number of Station	Number of Voters	Number of Center	Number of Station	Number of Voters	Number of Center	Number of Station	Number of Voters
5	Erbil	41	201	72.653	499	2.142	1.036.419	540	2.343	1.109.072
6	Sulaimani	37	172	62.220	476	2.306	1.134.760	513	2.478	1.196.980
4	Duhok	20	92	33.421	257	1.361	677.797	277	1.453	711.218
7	Halabja	1	6	2.175	28	132	66.016	29	138	68.191
Total		99	471	170.469	1.260	5.941	2.914.992	1.359	6.412	3.085.461

The number of voters in the elections of the Parliament of Kurdistan on 30/9/2018

No.	Governorate	Number of Voters	Participation Rate	Percentage
1	Erbil	1.036.419	607.083	58.58
2	Sulaimani	1.134.760	623.028	54.90
3	Duhok	677.797	419.351	61.87
4	Halabja	66.016	40.203	60.90
Total		2.914.992	1.689.665	57.96

The percentage of participation in voting (private and public) was as follows:

No.	Governorate	Number of Voters	Number of Participants	Percentage
1	Erbil	1.109.072	674.496	60.82
2	Sulaimani	1.196.980	678.608	56.69
3	Duhok	711.218	450.645	63.36
4	Halabja	68.191	42.230	61.93
Total		3.085.461	1.845.979	59.83

The voting centers were opened at 8:00 am to citizens to vote, which amounted to three million and 85 thousand and 461 people, including 170 thousand and 469 people in a special vote and nearly 2 million 915 thousand in the general vote.

The largest percentage of those entitled to vote were in the province of Sulaimani amounted to 1 million and 196 thousand and 980 people who were distributed to (2,478) on a station, and in the province of Erbil, those who were eligible to vote were one million and 109 thousand and 72 people and were distributed to (2,343) stations, and the number in the province of Duhok was 711 thousand and 218 people and were distributed on (1,453) stations, and in the province of Halabja the number of those who were entitled to vote were 68 thousand and 191 people and were distributed to (138) station.

Of these, there were 29 lists and 773 candidates, including 532 men and 241 women, competing for 111 seats, including 708 candidates competing for 100 seats in the general seats. According to the election system, 11 seats were allocated for the components, five for Turkmen, five for Christians, and one seat for the Armenians. 18 entities represented by 65 candidates participated in this elections, and competed for 11 seats in the components, including 36 Turkmen candidates, 23 candidates for Chaldeans, Syriac Assyrians and six candidates for Armenians.

The elections for the fifth session of the Parliament of Kurdistan were held in a semi-open system. According to this system the candidates are entitled to vote for the list and the candidate together or to vote for the list only, but they are not entitled to vote only for the candidates without the lists, that is, voters in the four provinces have the right to vote for candidates and lists. The blocks had one list at the level of the province, and the elections did not take place as required and all the entities doubt about the intentions of the other blocks and the Commission's actions were not as required due to weaknesses, as a result it has experienced many problems, and here we will classify the weaknesses and problems in this elections: -

First Problems Encountered in the Voting Process

First: Problems Related to the Parliament

1. In accordance with Article (3) of Law No. (4) of 2014 of the law of the Independent High Commission for Elections and Referendum it is responsible only before the Parliament and only the parliament can judge it, but the Parliament failed to judge the Commission and did not provide any facilities to overcome the problems, and also didn't judge it for the shortcomings and violations that were exercised and was not able to monitor the performance of the Commission.

2. Many of the memos were sent to the Commission by the members of the Parliament in order to follow the activities and activities of the Commission, but the Commission did not respond to them and did not care about the memos of members of the parliament.

3. In the meetings held on (23/1/2018) and (7/2/2018) with the Parliament Affairs Committee, the Commission has pledged to send copies of the voters register on CD to the members of the parliament, but so far the voters register has not been sent, and the members of the parliament remained silent about it and relied on a register of voters full of shortcomings and problems. ⁽¹⁾

4. More than once, a number of members of Parliament invited the Commission to attend the Parliament, but the Presidency of the Parliament did not do so. The Commission was invited on (9/7/2018) when there was only two months and twenty days to hold the elections and the goal of hosting them in the Parliament was to provide clarification on the preparations and the extent of refining the register of the voters, and that the time was too late they were unable to do. However, during this session, the Commission did not have sufficient answers to the questions and inquiries of the members of the Parliament, and they pledged to send the register of the voters to all members of the Parliament by CD, but they did not do that and the Parliament had not taken any action.

5. Failure to solve the problems related to the elections and failure to amend regulate and equalize it by the Parliament.

Second: Problems Related to the Government

1. The government interfered in the work of the Commission and that this is contrary to the principles of separation of powers.

2. The government (the institutions concerned) did not provide adequate support to the Commission in terms of providing information, statistics and facilities.

3. The powers of the Presidency of the Kurdistan Region that is specific to the elections were granted to the Prime Minister in accordance with Law No. (2) for the year 2017, but the Prime Minister failed to do his work.

4. The budget for the elections was not allocated on time.

5. The Ministries of Interior, Peshmarga and the Security Council did not provide sufficient support to the Commission in terms of submitting the names included in the special vote in order to separate them from the general vote and to prepare a voter register for the special vote which is free of shortcomings.

(1)–<http://www.perlemanikurdistan.com/Default.aspx?page=article&id=23748&l=3>

Third: Problems Related to the Political Entities

1.The election offices in the political parties were not at the required level and there was no coordination with the Commission, and at issuing laws and regulations they did not have any observations and criticisms, and if things did not harmonize with their attitudes they were talking about it in the media and not in the form of formal notes and appeals.

2.All the political parties wanted to postpone the elections date, but they were divided among themselves into two groups; the first group stipulated the postponement of the elections in exchange for not being held responsible for what happened in the current government and the second group called for postponement of the election for several reasons they could have done through the Commission during the past years (such as preparing a problem-free voter register and holding the provincial and parliamentary elections together) and these conflicts have negatively affected the Commission's performance, and some of them were saying that they knew that there will be counterfeiting in the elections, but we were forced to participate.⁽¹⁾

3.There was a conflict between the political parties because the Commission has been formed by the political parties and it is nominally independent, and that reflected negatively on the members of the Board of Commissioners in the Commission.

4.A number of political parties did not have any observers in some election centers to monitor the election process.

Fourth: Problems Related to the Commission

1.The Commission was under the domination of the parties and that reflected negatively on its work.

2.The Commission has not been able to determine the sufficient time required to conduct the necessary procedures for holding and ratifying the elections, where four months were identified and then three months to carry out the required preparations, which were determined by the Prime Minister without the Commission having any opinion on this period and it was only approved.

3.The Commission has not been able to implement its decisions as it is, and it has retreated from implementing or amending a number of decisions it has taken, for example:

- It was announced by a decision that the vote is only by the Iraqi nationality certificate, but during the special vote other documents were used for voting.

- The vote is by the Iraqi nationality certificate and the civil status identity, which was announced on the night preceding the general vote.

- Preventing photography and using mobile phones.

- Use of the Whatsapp system in the transfer of the information.

4.The Commission was unable to implement the program of work on schedule, where changes have been made in time for more than once, for example:

Date of updating the voter register

Date of registration of alliances

Entity registration date

Date of registration of names of candidates

The date of the commencement of election propaganda

5.The Commission was unable to clear the register of voters

(1)-<http://www.rudaw.net/sorani/kurdistan/>

The Commission was to purify the voters' register but failed to fulfill its pledge, although there were nearly 900,000 deceased and duplicate names, and suspected and unreal names which have been neglected. A new record was relied on depending on the names on the cards, but nevertheless no significant changes have been made and information has been placed in it as it is. For example, of the 280,000 deceased names, only 1900 names have been deleted, and the names of the duplicates and the names of the citizens of other parts of Kurdistan and the disputed areas have not been deleted.

For more information, see the memorandum of PAY Institute for Education and Development sent to the Commission in this regard.

6. The Commission issued a number of erroneous decisions that are contrary to the laws, for example:

A- On 25/9/2018, Resolution No. 51 was issued, which indicated that photographs of voters were taken and that this decision was not legal and that it would have caused chaos and led to the opposition of a number of parties including:

PAY Institute for Education and Development and it issued a statement of condemnation addressed to the concerned parties and the general assembly and called for the cancellation of this decision.

Civil society organizations and they supported the memo issued by PAY Institute and signed the memorandum issued on 26/9/2018. The memo was then forwarded to the UN Human Rights Office in Erbil and the UN Office in Sulaimani. They also reported their dissatisfaction with the decision. As a result of these pressures, the Commission was forced to reverse the decision.

The Independent Commission for Human Rights published a memorandum demanding the cancellation of these decisions.

B- In a press statement on the night (29/9/2018), the Commission announced a number of resolutions issued by the Council of the Commission, including that the election results are approved by the Council of the Commission by a majority (2/3) members of the Council, and this decision is contrary to the laws, and it was opposed by a number of parties, and then the Court of Cassation in the Kurdistan Region issued a decision that the decision of the Council of the Commission that the ratification of the election results by two-thirds of the members of the Board of Commissioners is not true and contrary to the law of the Commission, and noted that the meetings of the Board of Commissioners are carried out by an absolute majority of the members of the Council, and the issuance of laws by a majority of the audience and that in case of equal votes, the votes with which the president is will be the winner, and also noted that the appeals would be of no use because the elections were held on time.⁽¹⁾

C- Depriving prisoners and patients in hospitals from voting.

D- Decision to cancel the votes of 97 voting centers based on the complaints of observers without conducting any investigations.

E- Conducting investigations through telephone.

F- Existence of two types of procedures for public and private voting.

7. Most of the employees who were hired through contracts did not have sufficient skills and experience and were not trained in the form required and therefore were unable to carry out their duties as required and make many mistakes.

(1) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7346&MapID=1>

Second Violations on the Voting Day

First: Violations by the Entities

1. Some television channels of the political parties continued the process of the election campaign even after the voting.
2. Existence of election propaganda of the entities near the voting centers.
3. Identification cards and pictures of candidates were distributed to voters in a number of the voting centers.
4. Campaigning a number of candidates near the advertising campaign centers and among the voters.
5. Attacking a number of supporters of the entities the voting centers and applying pressure and other people tried to vote by force and that was actually done in a number of voting centers.⁽¹⁾

Second: Violations of the Security Services

1. Presence of a number of officials and senior officers of the Peshmarga forces in the voting centers, and put indirect pressure on voters to vote for certain entities.
2. During the special voting the movement of the voters, whose names were mentioned in the voting centers in other cities, was obstructed at the control points in (Koya, Erbil, Degala and Smaquli).
3. A number of media channels were blocked from conducting media coverage of the voting process. For example, the media staff of (KNN, NRT, K24, Speda, Westga News, G.kurdistan, Rudaw, and Kurdistan Tv) in (Erbil, Sulaimani, Soran, Koya, Raniya, Chwarqurna, Sedkan and Saidaadiq) and were attacked by the security forces.
4. The facilities were provided by the security services to those who seek to vote illegally and have not been prevented.⁽²⁾
5. Forcing citizens to take pictures of the election cards showing their vote in favor of any entity and there is lots of evidence on that.⁽³⁾



(1) <https://www.facebook.com/kwrddstan.hamarashid/videos/1474339716042716/>

(2) <https://www.facebook.com/naliatv/videos/335036613730043/>

(3) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=6848&MapID=1>

<https://www.dwarozh.net/details.aspx?jimare=83513>



Third: the Shortcomings of the Commission

1.A number of procedures and decisions issued by the Commission reached the directors of the centers, stations and employees of the Commission late, for example the decision to cancel the taking of photos issued on the evening of 27/9/2018 and the decision to cancel the use of mobile phones at the voting stations by voters which was issued on 28/9/2018.

2.The lack of adequate training for the staff working in the voting centers, and a number of them did not have sufficient experience on the nature of the work, especially the employees who were appointed by the parties.

3.In some of the voting centers voters were not prevented from taking pictures by mobile phones.

4.The codes and numbers on the voting boxes could be easily cleared and removed.

5.The codes and numbers on the locks were not identical with those on the boxes.

6.The absence of names of a large number of employees of the Ministry of Interior and Peshmarga in the voters registers for private voting.

7.Irregular distribution of voters to the voting centers in the cities and towns, which led to the inability to find their names easily.

8.Lack of presence of a large number of voters' names in the voters register for public vote.

9.Existence of lots of difference in the register of voters and they were not organized, for example the existence of names of the number of voters in the lists located outside the centers, but their names were not in the centers and were unable to vote.

10.Allowing a number of voters in some of the voting centers to vote using copies of Iraqi nationality certificate.

11.Running out of the election cards before the end of the voting process in a number of voting centers, although the percentage of voting was very low.

12.The process of counting and announcing the election results of the special vote had a negative impact on the voting process in the general vote.

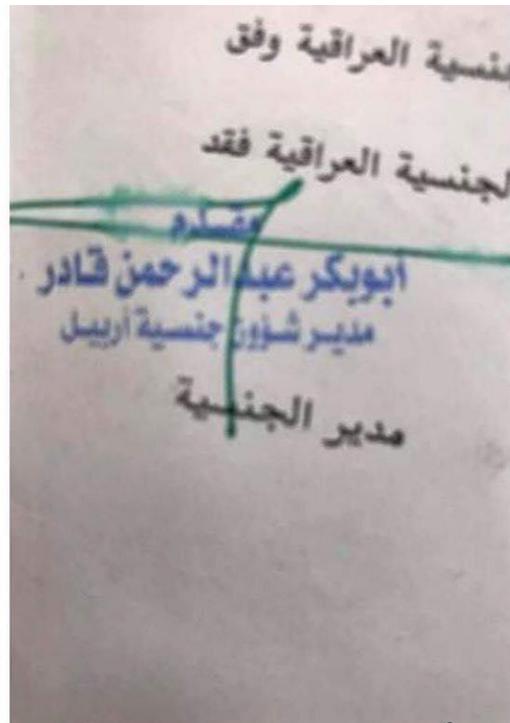
13.A new resolution was issued by the Commission at 10 pm on 29-30 September 2018.

14.Delay in sending the results to the Commission in Sulaimani.

Methods of Forgery Used in the Elections and Some Models Used

During the election process, many methods of fraud were adopted, which greatly affected the voices of the other parties and increased the number of votes of both the Kurdistan Democratic Party and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, the most important of these methods:

1. Issuing the certificates of Iraqi citizenship and civil status IDs issued by the two ruling parties for use in voting.^(٢٦)



(٢٦) <http://www.rudaw.net/sorani/kurdistan/011020181>

<https://www.awene.com/2018/10/01/103320/>

<https://www.facebook.com/mlazm.roya.7/videos/167667387487797/>

For example, an official of the Election Commission, Dilshad Jalal, wrote in his social networking page that he was performing his duties at the center of (Bawa Shaswar) school in Garmyan. At 5:30, a person with an Iraqi nationality and the identity of the civil status came to vote. He was surprised that these holdings were in his name but was carried by another person and has the picture of the holder of the documents.^(٢٦)

الاسم	رقم الهوية	رقم التسجيل
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01800587	7707197
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01788346	7707301
د. د. د. د. د. د.	0310549	7714480
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01800504	7707917
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01304502	7708161
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01714063	7704520
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01800503	7709487
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01810257	7711530
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01788304	7701694
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01789191	7707323
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01800501	7709483
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01801927	7708266
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01814026	7707436
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01813878	7705300
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01796388	7705343
د. د. د. د. د. د.	01788888	7701
د. د. د. د. د. د.	44770	77



2. Using Kurdish citizens from other parts of the voting process.^(٢٧)

3. Filling the voting boxes under the pressure of the security services, as at some voting centers the staff of the Commission were expelled and the voting boxes filled with votes in favor of the ruling parties.^(٢٨)

4. At 3:00 pm on September 30, during the voting process, communication between Sulaimani branch in the Commission and the main center in Erbil were interrupted, and the communications were not answered by the parties, this was another way of forgery in the elections. According to statements of the political entities, 12% of the votes were manipulated.^(٢٩)

5. Non-compliance with the procedures of the Commission was one of the methods used by the two ruling parties to rig the elections, as they were not complying with the procedures of the Commission in some of the voting centers.

6. Repeated and collective voting was one of the means used by these two parties to rig the elections.

7. Numbers of citizens of the disputed areas not included in the voting process were brought to Sulaimani, Erbil, Duhok and Halabja, and were provided with false papers to be able to participate in the elections.

(٢٦) <https://www.awene.com/2018/10/01/103320/>

(٢٧) <https://www.facebook.com/mlazm.roya.7/videos/167667387487797/>

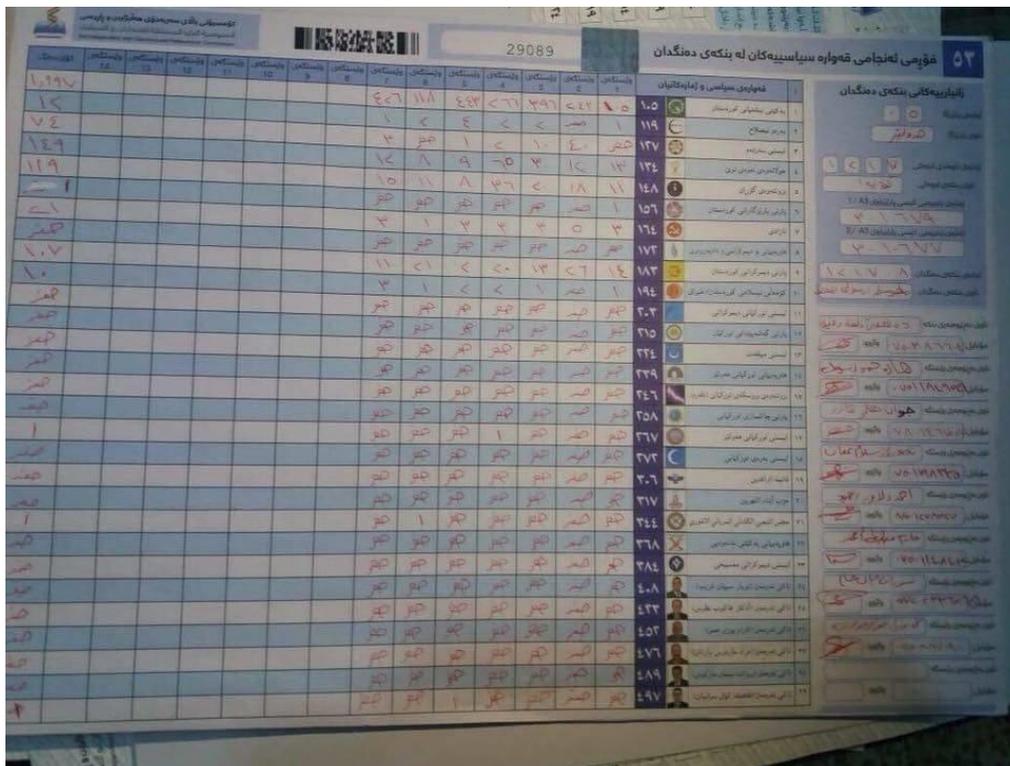
(٢٨) <https://www.facebook.com/KNN.KRD/videos/324294141456428/>

(٢٩) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=6974&MapID=1>

<https://diplomaticmagazine.net/politics/1242>

8. In Koya district, (Harmuta) school which carries the number (121708) in the stations (5-7) the voting rate reached (110%), as a large number of voting cards were placed in the voting boxes. According to Form 53, the result of the political entities at these voting stations was as follows:

No.	Entity	Station 7	Station 5
1	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	426 votes	443 votes
2	Towards Reform	1 vote	4 votes
3	Sardam List	3 votes	1 vote
4	New Generation List	12 votes	9 votes
5	Change Movement	15 votes	8 votes
6	The Conservative Party of Kurdistan	0	0
7	Azadi	3 votes	3 votes
8	Kurdistan Democratic Party	11 votes	2 votes
9	Islamic Group	3 votes	2 votes



9. In the district of Shaqlawa, (Halan) school center which carries the number (122701) in station No. (4) the voting rate reached (103%), according to Form No. (53), the result of the political entities in this station was : Democratic Party: 385 vote, National Union: zero, Change Movement: 2 votes, Islamic Group: 1 vote, New Generation List: 1 vote, Towards Reform: 0.



10. The ruling parties and their supporters attacked a number of the voting stations and the representatives of the political entities who objected to the counterfeiting operations were beaten. Dozens voted repeatedly and a number of citizens used false documents in the voting process.⁽²⁾

11. One of the representatives of the Change Movement (Faraedoon Kaki) was beaten and abducted after the voting in Saleh Qaftan center in Sulaimani city, and then was released near Jwan City.⁽²⁾

Faraedwn Kaky
2 hrs · 🌐

ئه م ئیواره یه دواى ته واوبونى ده ننگدان له به رده م قوتابخانه ی
صالح قفتان له لایه ن چه ندچه کداریکه وه
وه دواى لیدانیکى زۆر فراندیانم و دواتر لای شاری جوان فریبیان
دامه خواره وه



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7771



12. The media channels linked to the Movement of the New Generation have reported that a number of their observers have been beaten and kidnapped, and about this subject, Mr. Kazim Farouq, the spokesman for the Movement said that the Democratic Party seeks to intimidate their supporters through kidnapping, and that these behaviors will not scare nor discourage the citizens, and they know well that the popularity of the New Generation Movement is greater than the Democratic Party in Erbil, and that days before the elections and, also, on the election day a number of supporters of the New Generation Movement were beaten and kidnapped.^(٥)

On the night of September 30, one of the observers of the New Generation Movement (Harun Naseh) at the center of Hakkari School was beaten inside the election center and was kidnapped then by the security services of the Democratic Party and was thrown out of Erbil. And, one of the observers of the New Generation Movement (FryadWahid) was beaten by the security forces in Sulaimani.

13. In the center of (Ahmadi Khani) in Sulaimani city four people sought to vote by false certificate of Iraqi nationality and identity civil status cards, and a number of the Commission staff, police and representatives of the political entities tried to prevent them but they insisted on voting.^(٦)

14. In the center of Sharo in Sulaimani, which witnessed a large turnout by voters a number of people tried to rig the elections, and that after 4.30 pm the voting process was stopped because of the chaos caused by those at the voting station. Then a number of international observers have been present at the center to find out the problems of the voting process,^(٧) and that according to a video smuggled from inside the voting center shows that one of the people asks others to expel the Commission staff from the center, and others are putting the voting cards in the boxes.^(٨)

15. At the Computer Institute center in Sulaimani, a number of people attacked the election center and assaulted a number of employees of the Commission and sought to vote, and they beat the observers of the political entities and the staff of the Commission, which led to the suspension of the voting process for a period of time.

16. Lawand Jalal, an adviser to the parliament, said that he went to vote in Erbil at (Chwarchra) school center, but he discovered that other people voted instead of him, and that he published a photo of the voter register on his social networking page, showing that others voted and signed instead of him.

(٥) <https://www.knnc.net/Details.aspx?jimare=7771>

(٦) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7032&MapID=1>

(٧) <https://www.knnc.net/Details.aspx?jimare=7771>

(٨) <http://www.kurdistan24.net/so/news/84083ae4-383b-4b05-824d-185793e937e2>

1996	50210014	4228901	لاولك كامران عبدالقادر
1978	50144623	205777	لاوند جلال اغا
1997	50199451	4002740	لاوين شيروان رشيد
1983	50218200	4094027	لقنجة سيروان بكرسامي
1980	50150067	201148	لذي عبالستار سلطان

17.A number of political entities indicate that their representatives have been beaten and detained by the security services and that have been referred to in the various media that have covered the media for the elections.^(٢٦)

18.At (Sarbasti) voting center in Sulaimani, the voting process was suspended due to a number of people entering the center and seeking to vote illegally.

19.Observers of the political entities noted that there was widespread fraud in the elections and violations were committed against observers of the political entities participating in the elections.^(٢٧)

20.A number of voting center managers were severely beaten by the security services because they prevented fraud. Concerning that, Hero Attar, the director of one of the voting centers, said that she was beaten by 20 people in the presence of the security forces. They tried to vote illegally and she intervened to prevent them but they beat her and held her in a corner.^(٢٨)

21.A number of political entities observers pointed out that the Democratic Party and the Patriotic Union had fully prepared to rig the elections by falsifying thousands of documents and sent their supporters and their armed men in the afternoon to the voting centers to fill the vote boxes with their votes, and they beat and assaulted the Commission staff and the entity monitors and those who tried to prevent them from forgery, which enabled them to do so and they have destroyed devices and equipments of the voting process in a number of centers.^(٢٩)

22.A number of voting centers have been shot by the gunmen in order to intimidate citizens so that they can carry out the election fraud in addition exposing the representatives of the political entities and the staff of the Commission which led the concerned organizations to monitor the elections and even the officials of the election Commission to detect widespread fraud.^(٣٠)

23.In a report, the Speda Channel of the Kurdistan Islamic Union states that the Iraqi nationality certificate was issued by the two ruling parties for Kurds from other parts of

(٢٦) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=6980&MapID=1>

(٢٧) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7001&MapID=1>

(٢٨) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7001&MapID=1>

(٢٩) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7001&MapID=1>

(٣٠) <http://www.speda.net/index.php/news/kurdistan/38499>

Kurdistan, which was one of the most important features of the September 30th elections where more than 400,000 fake Iraqi citizenship certificates were issued to be used in the forgery and there is evidence to prove that. A Kurdish citizen, who is from Syria and lives in Kurdistan Region for 20 years, stated that an Iraqi nationality was issued to him in Erbil and was forced to vote, then they withdrew the certificate of Iraqi nationality from him and threatened him not to talk about it to the medias, and that he reported it by telephone to the Speda Channel.^(٤٢)

24. One of the candidates of the Movement of Change, Karoukh Osman, said that in one of the voting centers, in the town of Qasre, he was insulted, beaten and prevented from voting by the security services of the Kurdistan Democratic Party and was threatened with death, but he was insisted on voting and was able to vote after the intervention of the director of the district.

^(٤٢) http://hawlati.co/page_detail?smart-id=d3276

Announcing 85% of the votes by the Commission

The Board of Commissioners held a meeting at 3 pm on Thursday (October 4, 2018). The issue of announcing the election results and how to announce them was discussed. Both the Kurdistan Democratic Party and the Kurdistan Islamic Group put pressure on the Board of Commissioners to announce the results of the parliamentary elections. The Commission was supposed to prepare a report on the non-final results, publish details of the existing complaints and submit them to the Board of Commissioners, and according to some information, both the Change Movement and the Islamic Union were not with the announcement of the results as for the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan it has committed neutrality between the two parties.

Concerning this subject, Shirwan Zarrar, the spokesman for the Independent Election Commission for Elections and Referendum, states that the final results of the elections will be announced on Thursday, October 4, 2018, after which a decision will be made on complaints and boxes marked with red tape,⁽⁵⁾ and that on the same day and during a press conference the results of 85% of the results was announced as follows:

The General Seats

No.	Name of the list	No. of vote
1	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	287575
2	Towards Reform	69477
3	Sardam List	13708
4	New Generation List	113297
5	Change Movement	164336
6	The Conservative Party of Kurdistan	3028
7	Azadi	7069
8	Alliance for Democracy and Justice	6886
9	Democratic Party of Kurdistan	595592
10	Islamic Group of Kurdistan	94992

The Components Seats

No.	Name of the list	No. of vote
1	Turkmen Democratic List	628
2	Turkmen Development Party	2636
3	List of Millt	526
4	Turkmen Alliance Erbil	605
5	Turkmen Movement (Yilderm)	695
6	Turkmen Reform Party	2464
7	Turkmen Party of Erbil	561
8	List of Iraqi Turkmen Front	1332
9	Rafidain List	2147
10	Sons of the Rivers	301
11	Popular Council of the Assyrian Syriac Chaldean	2552
12	National Union Alliance	6291
13	List of Christian Democrats	181
14	Nubar Sibban Gharib	242
15	Edgar Hakop	373
16	Aram Bozo Hamo	463
17	Murad Mardrus Wartan	346
18	Iroant Nissan Marcus	494
19	Vahik Kamal Sarranian	489

(5) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7116&MapID=1>

After the publication of the non-final results, the Commission formed a committee consisting of four general managers and sent them to Sulaimani to investigate the reason for the interruption of communication between Sulaimani office with the Commission headquarters in Erbil and delay in announcing the participation rate in this province, but this committee has not yet published any announcement or any clarification on the subject.

It is surprising that no administrative order has been issued to the non-final results announced by the Commission, which accounted for (85%) of the total votes, and that none of the members of the Board of Commissioners signed the order of the non-final results, and there is no letter signed or sealed until the political entities challenge these results announced by the Commission, and the announcement of the results of the non-final elections not only interfere with the laws only, but lost the status of an institution that considers itself independent.

The worse is when the non-final results of the elections were presented, representatives of all political parties were present, and this is a flaw and a weak point for all the parties and is an indirect recognition of the results of the Commission.

According to law, it was assumed that after the election results were collected and organized, an order would be prepared by the Commission and that the results would be recorded there, and then the members of the Commission would sign them and issue an official order. However, the Board of Commissioners did not reach a conclusion and none of the members of the Board signed the results.

However, a question was raised among the citizens as the Commission has announced the results of 85% of the vote how will the remaining 15% be treated and will it lead to any changes in the results?

It is noteworthy that after the announcement of the final results, Ismail Khormali, rapporteur of the Council of the Commission, that represents the Islamic Union, in a talk show in NTR Channel, said that he was not with the announcement of the final results of the elections and that he informed the members of the Board of Commissioners that these results are informal and would result in the Commission being obliged to do so.

Failure to Comply with the Legal Deadline for Announcing the Results

In accordance with paragraph (1) in section (12) of the rules of procedure of Parliament No. (9) for the year 2018, the process of voting, its sorting and counting are carried out by the Commission, and within 72 hours the Commission announces the results of the final results, but the Commission was unable to do so , and although the Commission announced, on the evening of 4/10/2018, the final results of the votes, i.e, 85% of the votes, but these results cannot be considered the final results of the votes, and then at 12 pm of (21/10/2018), i.e, after 20 days the final results were announced, i.e after 470 hours of the elections, the non-final results were announced as follows:

First: The General Seats

No.	Name of the list	List No.	Number of votes	Number of seats
1	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	105	319912	21
2	Towards Reform	119	79912	5
3	Sardam List	127	15434	1
4	New Generation List	134	127115	8
5	Change Movement	148	186903	12
6	The Conservative Party of Kurdistan	156	3628	0
7	Azadi	164	8063	1
8	Alliance for Democracy and Justice	172	2983	0
9	Democratic Party of Kurdistan	183	688070	45
10	Islamic Group of Kurdistan	194	109494	7

Second: Seats of the Turkmen Component

No.	Name of the list	List No.	Number of votes	Number of seats
1	Turkmen Democratic List	203	298	0
2	Turkmen Development Party	215	3318	2
3	List of Millt	224	885	1
4	Turkmen Alliance Erbil	239	760	0
5	Turkmen Movement (Yilderm)	246	846	0
6	Turkmen Reform Party	258	3125	1
7	Turkmen Party of Erbil	267	695	0
8	List of Iraqi Turkmen Front	272	1545	1

Third: Assyrian Syriac Chaldean Component Seats

No.	Name of the list	List No.	Number of votes	Number of seats
1	Rafidain List	306	2626	1
2	Sons of the Rivers	317	108	0
3	Popular Council of the Assyrian Syriac Chaldean	344	2963	1
4	National Union Alliance	368	8088	3
5	List of Christian Democrats	384	238	0

Fourth: Armenian Component Seats

No.	Name of the list	List No.	Number of votes	Number of seats
1	Nubar Sibban Gharib	408	290	0
2	Edgar Hakop	423	439	0
3	Aram Bozo Hamo	452	611	0
4	Murad Mardrus Wartan	476	425	0
5	Iroant Nissan Marcus	489	590	0
6	Vahik Kamal Sarranian	497	615	1

However, of the nine members of the Commission five of them, representing the Democratic Party and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, signed it. The remaining four, representing the Change Movement, the Islamic Group and the Islamic Union, rejected the results and did not sign them.^(٦)

(٦) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7155&MapID=1>

Version of the Memorandum



هەریمی کوردستانی عێراق
کۆمسیۆنی یالای سەریه خۆی هەلبژاردن و پرسی
 المفوضية العليا المستقلة للانتخابات والاستفتاء
The Independent High Elections and Referendum Commission

راگەیانندی رۆژنامه‌هوانی
بابەت/ رەتکردنەوهی ئەنجامی هەلبژاردنی خۆی پێنجەمی پەرلەمانی کوردستان لە ۲۰/۹/۲۰۱۸

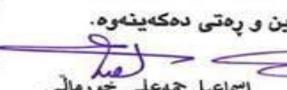
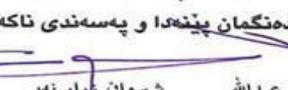
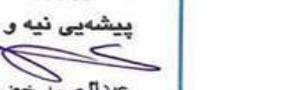
چەماوەری بەشەمی ئەتی کوردستان، هاولاتیانی بەرێژ...
 ئاشکرایە لەسەرەتای دەستبەکاربوونمان لەکۆمسیۆن تا ئەم ساتە و مەختە لێپراوانە و خۆنەویستمانە کارمان کردووە بۆ ئەوەی بتوانین لە ناست چاوەڕوانیەکانی خەڵکی کوردستاندا بین و هەلبژاردنیکی پاکژ و شەفاف بەرپۆه ببەین. لەسەرەتای ئامادەکاری بۆ پرۆسەی هەلبژاردنی پەرلەمانی کوردستان، کۆمسیۆن لەلایەن خۆیەوە چەندین پەڕه‌و و پێکاری گرتەبەر کە زەمانەتی هەلبژاردنیکی پاک و بێگەرد بکات. بۆیە هەموومان بەهێواوە لەو پۆژەمان دەروانی کە هەلبژاردنی پەرلەمانی کوردستانی تێدا ئەنجام دەدرێت.

بەداخەوه لەپۆژانی هەلبژاردن لە ۲۸ و ۲۰۱۸/۹/۲۰ سەدان دیمەنی پێشیلکاری و ئەخوازانمان لەمییدیاکان و تۆپە کۆمەڵایەتیەکانە بەرچاوەوت، تا رادەیی شکاندن سندوقەکانی دەنگدان و ئازار و ئەشکەنجەدانی فەرمانبەران کۆمسیۆن و بریکاری قەوارە سیاسییەکان. سەدان کەس پەییوەندیان پێوه دەکردین کە هەپەشه و پێشیلکاریان بەرانبەر کراوه و پەپەرە و پێکارەکانی کۆمسیۆن پشنگووی خراون و جێبەجێ نەکران. هەر بۆیە (۱۰۴۵) سکالای جۆراوجۆر پێشکەشی کۆمسیۆن کرا سەبارەت بە ساختەکاری و پێشیلکاریەکان.

لەدوای کۆتایی هاتنی پرۆسەکە هیواوەکە هەبوو کە ئەنجومەنی کۆمسیاران پالپشت بەو سکالایانە و بوونی ئەو سەدان سندوقە سورە بتوانن گۆرانکاری لەئەنجامەکاندا بکات و ئەگەر بەشێوهیەکی تەواویش نەبێت، نیمیچە دادگەرێک بەرپا بکات و دەنگە راستەقینەکانی خەڵک لەدەنگە ساختەکان جیا بکاتەوه. بەلام سەرەپای شەپونخونی و کارکردنی بەردەوام لە سێ هەفتە پابردوودا لەسەر سکالاکان و کەمووکۆپەکانی پرۆسەکە لەلایەن سەرجم تیمەکانی کۆمسیۆنەوه، لەکۆتاییدا ئەنجومەنی کۆمسیاران دەستەوسان بوو لەبەدیهیانی ئەو دادگەرێکە لەبەر چەندین هۆکاری خۆدی و بابەتی.

بەداخەوه بەدرێژایی ئەمەق چاوەروانی کۆبونەوهی ئەنجومەنی کۆمسیاران بووین، بەلام هیچ وادەیک بۆ کۆبونەوه دیارینەکرا، دواتر دوای ئاگادار کردنەوهمان و دواخستنی چەندین جار لەکاتژمێر (۱۱) یازدەمی ئەمشەو بەبێ بوونی ئەجێندای پێشوهختە وەرگرتنی پای ئەندامان و ئەو هەزاران لاپەرە تێبێنیانە لەسەر کەمووکۆپەکانی فۆرمی ئەنجامەکانی هەلبژاردن نوسرابوو، بابەتی ئەنجامەکانی هەلبژاردن کە ئەنجامی کۆتایی نین و پەن لە کەمووکۆپی و ناتەواوی لەسەر تاسەری هەریم خرایە نێو باسی کۆبونەوهکە. ئەگەرچی ئێمە چەندین جار داوامان کرد کۆبونەوهکە دوا بخرێت بۆ ئەوەی کارەکە بەشێوهیەکی تەندروست و بەرێچکەیی یاسایی خۆیدا بپروات، بەلام بەبێ گوێدانە داخواریەکانی ئێمە و ئەو هەموو یاداشتەیی لەو بارەیهوه پێشکەشمان کردبوو، بەپەلە و بەبێ هیچ گفتوگۆیک خستەیهکی ئامادەکراوی پێشوهختە خرایە دەنگدان و بەزۆرینەمی دەنگ تێپەڕینرا.

بۆیە ئێمە وەک چوار لەئەندامانی ئەنجومەنی کۆمسیاران کەله‌خواره‌وه ناومان هاتوو، کەزۆرتین پشکی کارو ماندوو بوونمان هەبوو لەم پرۆسەیه‌دا، دژی ئەو کۆبونەوهیه‌ بووین و بە نایاسایی هەزاین و پیمان وایە ئەم کاره‌ پێشەیی نیه‌ و دەنگمان پێنەدا و پەسەندی ناکیین و پەتی دەکەینەوه.

 د. ریزان هەرشید کریم سەرۆکی کارگێری هەلبژاردن ۲۰/۹/۲۰۱۸	 اسماعیل هەمەلی خورمالی بریار دەری ئەنجومەن ۲۰/۹/۲۰۱۸	 شێروان ژار نەبی و تەبێزی ئەنجومەن ۲۰/۹/۲۰۱۸	 عەبدالحمید حەسەر عەبدالله ئەندامی ئەنجومەن ۲۰/۹/۲۰۱۸
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But it is noticeable that the number and percentage of the votes have changed in a way that led to many doubts about the results, and if the results of (4/10) and (20/10) are compared we will notice:

First: The General Seats

No.	Name of List	Number of votes in 4/10	Number of votes in 20/10	Difference	Seats
1	Patriotic Union of Kurdistan	287575	319912	32337	21
2	Towards Reform	69477	79912	10435	5
3	Sardam List	13708	15434	1726	1
4	New Generation List	113297	127115	13818	8
5	Change Movement	164336	186903	22567	12
6	The Conservative Party of Kurdistan	3028	3628	600	0
7	Azadi	7069	8063	994	1
8	Alliance for Democracy and Justice	6886	2983	3903	0
9	Kurdistan Democratic Party	595592	688070	92478	45
10	Islamic Union of Kurdistan	94992	109494	14502	7
11	Turkmen Democratic List	628	298	330	0
12	Turkmen Development Party	2636	3318	682	2
13	List of Millt	526	885	359	1
14	Turkmen Alliance Erbil	605	760	155	0
15	Turkmen Movement (Yilderm)	695	846	151	0
16	Turkmen Reform Party	2464	3125	661	1
17	Turkmen Party of Erbil	561	695	134	0
18	List of Iraqi Turkmen Front	1332	1545	213	1
19	Rafidain List	2147	2626	479	1
20	Sons of the Rivers	301	108	193	0
21	Popular Council of the Assyrian Syriac Chaldean	2552	2963	411	1
22	National Union Alliance	6291	8088	1797	3
23	List of Christian Democrats	181	238	57	0
24	Nubar Sibban Gharib	242	290	48	0
25	Edgar Hakop	373	439	66	0
26	Aram Bozo Hamo	463	611	148	0
27	Murad Mardrus Wartan	346	425	Games	0
28	Iroant Nissan Marcus	494	590	96	0
29	Vahik Kamal Sarranian	489	615	126	1
Total		1.379.286	1.569.148	190.693	111

It is surprising that in the announcement of these results in which there were the observations and critiques of the entities that:

1.The votes of the entities were not identical with the candidates, that is, in case of not counting the votes in the boxes marked with red tapes this was not taken for the candidates as well, since it was supposed not to count the votes of the entities and the candidates together.

2.The total votes of a number of entities decreased rather than increase and this surprised these entities, how the total number of votes by 85% can be more than 100%.

Lists whose votes were reduced after the announcement of 100% of the votes

No.	Name of List	Number of votes in 4/10	Number of votes in 20/10	Differences	Seats
1	Alliance for Democracy and Justice	6886	2983	3903	0
2	Turkmen Democratic List	628	298	330	0
3	Sons of the Rivers	301	108	193	0
Total		7815	3389	4426	0

3.Errors in the announcement of the results of a number of candidates, for example:

The Commission announced that the candidate (Amna Mohammed) from the list of the Change Movement has won the elections though she did not participate in the elections, and she withdrew before the elections, but the Commission announced that she won and got (3,378), in fact, the winning candidate was Dr. Shayan al-Askari who got these votes and in this sequence.

The Commission announced that the candidate (Shukria Shekhani) from the Islamic Group list won the elections and got (1005), but in fact the winning candidate was Rupak Ahmed Rahman who got the votes.

The Complaints

The committee charged with investigating the complaints completed the process and sent a report to the Board of Commissioners.

The head of the complaints committee in the Commission pointed out that part of the complaints were about the attack or entry into the centers by the security services, and control of the election centers by a number of militants, and they will not tolerate the actions and the Council deals responsibly with these complaints.

The Commission spokesman, Shirwan Zarar, said that some of the complaints were due to the entry of the security services into the voting centers, or that the Commission lost control of these centers or there was shot outside the centers and that the citizens were intimidated and did not participate in the vote.^(٤٢)

Ismail Khormali, the Commission's decision, said that the process of following up the complaints about the voting boxes is over, and that they are waiting for the counting of the votes in the boxes about which there are complaints. He also said that there are more than a thousand complaints about the boxes and they have followed up and investigated them, and that 300 of them marked with red tape, and is scheduled to start the process of counting the votes. He further noted that after the discussion of this issue by the Commission he decides to cancel the votes of the voting centers that a security force stormed in and voted by force, and they only proposed to cancel the votes of the parties that have been filed complaints against them and they are discussing this issue, and that perhaps in the investigation stage, the color of the tapes of some boxes are changed from green to red and to be investigated further.^(٤٣)

In accordance with Decision No. (62) issued by the Commission on October 20, 2018, the political entities submitted 781 complaints to the Commission. The Commission rejected 614 complaints on the grounds that they would not affect the results of the elections, and 167 complaints were accepted, which led to the failure to count 96 election centers, which included (119617) votes that were canceled and canceled, and the centers are the following:

(٤٢) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7555&MapID=1>

(٤٣) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7258&MapID=1>

First: Erbil Governorate (59) Voting Centers

No.	Name of the Center	Number of the center
1	Hamorabi	121202
2	Shkofa	220406
3	Lavan (Soran)	222608
4	Hasan Najar	220004
5	Sarsang	420204
6	Dilan Basic School	220206
7	Sardam (Soran)	122606
8	Health of the Region	322603
9	Dldar	322608
10	Roshnay	120704
11	Malay Gawra	221703
12	Shwan Basic School	121613
13	Sikrdkan	121827
14	Peshkawtn	220107
15	Erbil International Exhibition	220105
16	Halala	220104
17	Shaista	420105
18	Analinda	120110
19	Sarkandy Khelany	222305
20	Qazy Muhammed	220203
21	Didwan Bahrka	221304
22	Peshawa / Azady	120602
23	Sarchnar	520304
24	Bekas	220303
25	Saktan	221706
26	Lezan	221307
27	Grdy Gwtyar	121309
28	Gwlstan	121615
29	Shekh Saeedy Piran	120707
30	Hardy School for girls	221602
31	Sarbakh/ Koya	221709
32	Bawajy	121704
33	Chra	321705
34	Harmota	121707
35	Razan	121402
36	Hawar Basic School	420106
37	Kani / Koya	121707
38	Sangeen / Goran	120702
39	Hajee Qadir	121701
40	Zanist / Koya	121703
41	Nabaz	120701
42	Sahand	322607
43	Kolan	420301
44	Ibn Mustawfy	420107
45	Hamdee	120703
46	Khjabawa	320301

47	Mawlawy	121102
48	Roz	320306
49	Saljwq	221001
50	Jawahery	320106
51	Chwarchra	220204
52	Hakary	320201
53	Dyako	420305
54	Midea	321103
55	Halo Basic School	320150
56	Yakety Basic School	321750
57	Koya School for Boys	121750
58	Qushtapa	121550
59	Barzani Namr	120601

Second: Sulaimani Governorate (27) Voting Centers

No.	Name of the Center	Number of the center
1	Jawahiry	426604
2	Mawat	129701
3	Mhabad	126103
4	Saiwan Preparatory Trading School	426606
5	Aram Basic School	128501
6	Sharo Basic School	226502
7	Halsho	428901
8	Qazy Muhammed	127001
9	Hawry School for girls	126309
10	Qaiwan Basic School	126503
11	Yakety School for girls/ Ranya	128702
12	Sarchnar Basic School	127008
13	Kharmanan School for girls	226204
14	Zargata Basic School	126501
15	Zamwa	127004
16	Bngrd / Kalar	127507
17	Rangin School for girls	126605
18	Badirkhan	227510
19	Bradost	226405
20	Mariwan	127601
21	Sherwan / Kalar	427506
22	Kalar kon	427501
23	Razbar	226804
24	Sirwany New	126805
25	Kamaran Mukry	126108
26	Computer Institute	226407
27	Galawezh / Ranya	128650

Third: Duhok Governorate (11) Voting Centers

No.	Name of the Center	Number of the center
1	Wlat	223302
2	Sarbi (Shiladze)	124602
3	Pe Bzne	124510
4	Komata	123602
5	Sarok	223201
6	14 Azar	823102
7	Shahidan	123604
8	Bardarash	124305
9	Sarsang	323550
10	Qubad	123750
11	Shalin	123350

It is noted in the lists above that: -

1. Most of the voting centers that have been abolished are in Erbil, 59 centers and 27 in Sulaimani and Duhok governorate 11 centers.

2. In the case of the division of the areas of authority, 58 centers are within the influence of the Democratic Party and 39 are within the influence of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan.

3. The votes of the election centers in Halabja Governorate were not invalidated.

After the announcement of the non-final results, four members of the Board of Commissioners representing the Change Movement, the Islamic Group and the Islamic Union announced in a statement, that the Council of the Commission was unable to achieve parity and were unable to decide on the complaints issues in the form of counting the correct votes from the forged votes .

The spokesman of the Election Commission noted that away from the habits prevailing in the meetings of the Committee and the guidance of the political offices of the Kurdistan Democratic Party and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan the election results were announced, and they demanded for postponing the announcement of the results to another day, but they did not accept this because they knew that after resolving the complaint forms, the results would change in a way that would conflict with the interests of the ruling parties .

In order to follow up the issue of issuance of thousands of fake Iraqi citizenship certificates by the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan and the Kurdistan Democratic Party in the parliamentary elections in the region, the blocks of the Change Movement and the mobility of the new generation and the Kurdistan Islamic Group in the Iraqi parliament, decided to send a letter to the Iraqi Interior Ministry and to (Qasim Araji) Iraqi Interior Minister, noting that they are informing them about an important and sensitive matter which is the forgery of tens of thousands of certificates of Iraqi nationality and the identity of civil status by the Kurdistan Democratic Party and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, which have not been registered in the official records and does not have any priorities, and pointed to the danger to the Iraqi national security , and that these two parties have manipulated the results of the elections and the will of truth for the Kurdish people and therefore a committee of inquiry should be formed on this subject, and they expressed their willingness to provide assistance to the Iraqi government in this issue^(٤) .

(٤) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7299&MapID=1>

Who are those that claim Forgeries?

First: The Political Parties:

1.Patriotic Union of Kurdistan:

At 7:00 pm on September 30, after the start of the counting of votes in the centers and stations, Saadi Ahmed Pira, a spokesman for the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, announced in a statement to various media that the parliamentary elections witnessed large fraud cases. He confirmed that the Political Bureau of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan the general secretary of the party decided not to accept the election results and demanded the observers of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan in the voting centers not to sign the election results and to leave the voting center.

کوردستان
یه کیتی نهجامی هه لێژاردن رته ده کاته وه



که مێک پێش ئێستا له کۆنگره یه کی
رۆژنامه وانیدا سه عدی نه حمه د پیره
وته بیژی ره سعی یه کیتی نیشتمانی
کوردستان رایگه یاند: یه کیتی نه جامی
هه لێژاردن رته ده کاته وه.

.. PUKmedia زانیاری زیارتی بۆ دوده کاته وه ..
...
زیاتر بخوینه ره وه «

He also pointed out that there are serious references on this subject and that threatens the democracy and the political process also the efforts of political parties to create a free and

میدیاکانی یه کیتی هه وائی ره تکرده وهی نهجامی هه لێژاردنه کانیان سرپیه وه



democratic society in the Kurdistan Region, and the peaceful transfer of power he confirmed that this forgery which occurred in the elections was unprecedented in the history of elections in the Kurdistan Region, the PUK and the Political Bureau have decided that these results can not be accepted, and we reject it fully and that we should expedite the convening of a meeting of political parties to discuss the current situation and take responsibility to discuss this issue , he claims that they had information that the personal status department has been cordoned off by the authorities and closed without knowing what happened inside the circle and the results will be used unfairly they should therefore not be accepted.⁽³⁾

But it is surprising that after several minutes on the rejection of the election results by the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, the news was removed by the media, the pages and sites belonging to this party, and then the president of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan's list, Qubad Talabani, pointed that it is still too early to accept or reject the election results⁽⁴⁾ .

For his part, Hazhar Mohammed, an official of the media department in third center in the National Union in Erbil, pointed out that in some areas in the province of Erbil, the voting rate was between 110% to 115% and was in the interest of a particular political party, and that if the results of these centers rejected it will affect the results of a particular political party,

(3) <https://www.knnc.net/Details.aspx?jimare=7760>

<https://www.sharpress.net/all-detail.aspx?Jimare=126881>

<http://www.westganews.net/dreja.aspx?=hewal&jmara=62808&Jor=1>

(4) <http://www.rudaw.net/sorani/kurdistan/3009201829>

especially in the regions of Mergasur, Bla u Barzan, each of these boxes contains 500 votes, and the number of boxes that suffer from similar problems are too much.^(٤٣)

Saman Garmiany who is a member of the leadership of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan pointed out in a statement on the parliamentary elections for the voice of America that the elections have witnessed many cases of fraud, and they are waiting for the results of the elections, at the same time they are with the continuation of the process of peace and democracy.^(٤٤)

The National Union leadership council held a meeting in Sulaimani city on 6 November 2018 under the supervision of (Kosrat Rasool Ali) and noted that the National Union considers the election fraud as illegal and against the principles of human rights and that the party leadership council may discuss this issue, they also reject all things that lead to distorting the facts, and they reject all attacks against the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan.^(٤٥)

2. The Kurdistan Democratic Party

In a statement, Mahmood Mohammed, the spokesman for the Kurdistan Democratic Party states that it is from the principle of complying with the instructions of the Commission, we declare that we will file complaints against all violations and abuses that occurred in some areas under the fundamental procedures followed, he claimed that they will follow them and will not anticipate events and will not prejudge others.

And we reject the accusations or the hostile and unbalanced style of the speaker of the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan, which was corrected by his party shortly after, and we hope that these feelings and anger will not be in response to the strong measures and accurate instructions by the Commission, which led to narrowing the margin of fraud widespread and organized or to cover the Violations and abuses by accusing others.^(٤٦)

The Kurdistan Democratic Party leadership council in Sulaimani and Halabja said in a statement on electoral fraud in the city of Sulaimani that the reference was made to the violations that took place in the city of Sulaimani, which was carried out by one of the Kurdish parties and they support the instructions and decisions of the Election Commission.

Atta Sheikh Hassan, the spokesman for the Democratic Party leadership council in Sulaimani and Halabja, who read the statement, said that any party seeking to steal the votes of citizens would not be able to serve the citizens. It is unreasonable to expel the Commission staff and replace them by the others. and the illegal voting, what happened can not be considered as a voting process. And that any political entity insulting the will of the citizens is a cowardice and will be punished by the citizens, and that in Sulaimani there was a great chaos and the security services were monitoring the voting process, so the participation rate in Sulaimani was low.^(٤٧)

On the other hand, Khasraw Goran, the official of the election system of the Kurdistan Democratic Party, said during a press conference that there were many cases of forgery, especially in Sulaimani and Koya where the observers of the political parties were beaten and

^(٤٣) <http://snnc.co/News.aspx?id=34046&MapID=1>

^(٤٤) <https://www.sharpress.net/all-detail.aspx?Jimare=127411>

^(٤٥) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7184&MapID=1>

^(٤٦) http://hawlati.co/page_detail?smart-id=d3295

^(٤٧) <https://www.kurdistantv.net/ar/node/28037>

expelled, and that this is a violation of the instructions of the Commission. he states that they hope that the Commission can deal legally with the complaints of political parties and not to be under the influence of any political entity, and that their complaints were in the places where there were violations, and that whenever there were attacks on their observers, they have filed complaints, and that everyone must abide by the results that will be announced by the Commission, because it has the right to reject the results of a certain area and not partis.^(١)

He pointed out that they have filed 100 complaints and challenged the Commission and that in some places the observers of the political parties and the Election Commission staff was beaten.^(٢)

3.The Change Movement

Ali Hama Salih A member of the Kurdistan Parliament and head of the Change Movement in the Parliament of Kurdistan states that the Change Movement and the Islamic Group and the Islamic Union are in front of a historical responsibility, and they must not accept the results of the parliamentary elections, which were rigged by the two ruling parties, and the ruling parties in the Kurdistan Region has forged 250 thousand documents. The voting rate in Sulaimani has changed from 35% to 55%, and each of the Change Movement, Islamic groups and the Islamic Union have addressed that you have chosen four members of the Board of Commissioners. The acceptance of forgery and injustice is in their hands and they can reject injustice, forgery, restore hope and restore the status of the elections. They state that what happened was not an election but a farce. In Koya and Shaqlawa, the participation rate was 120%, and there are evidences that one of the officers is a lieutenant in the security services in Erbil entered an election center with a number of gunmen and voted for more than once and threatened everyone and if they refused voting he will arrest them, and said that if the four representatives of the three parties refused to sign the election result, the election will not be ratified , and in the event of signing, they will be involved in the major crime committed by the parties of power^(٣) .

For his part, (Bestoon Faiq) a member of the Parliament of Kurdistan in his page in the social network published a huge number of documents of Iraqi nationality certificates and empty identity civil status of the Directorate of Nationality and Personal Status in Sulaimani II and special to Garmian, located in Kalar, the officers took the keys of these rooms from the official's department and took all the documents, and that is very dangerous, and puts many question marks on the election process and will lead to turn the principle of democracy in the Kurdistan Region to a farce, and he informed the concerned parties and Ministry of Interior in both Kurdistan Region and Iraq by what happened.^(٤)

4.Kurdistan Islamic Union

The Leadership Council of the Islamic Union of Kurdistan pointed out in a statement that in order to discuss and evaluate the election process in the parliament of Kurdistan, an emergency meeting of their party was held on October 6, 2018 under the chairmanship of Salahaddin Baha al-Din, the party's general secretary. During the meeting, the non-final

(1) http://hawlati.co/page_detail?smart-id=d3297

(2) <https://www.dwarozh.net/details.aspx?jimare=83726>

(٣) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7110&MapID=1>

(٤) <https://www.sharpress.net/all-detail.aspx?Jimare=126936>

results of the elections were rejected. and the increasing of election votes of the ruling power are against the principles of democracy and human rights.

And in the evening of October 7, 2018, Salahaddin Baha al-Din met with Ali Bapir, the leader of the Islamic Group in Kurdistan. During the meeting, the issue of the elections was discussed and both of them agreed that the ruling parties in the Kurdistan Region have changed the results in a manner that is compatible with their interests and that lead to the weakening of the hope of the citizens for the political experience in the Kurdistan Region.⁽⁵⁾

After the announcement of the non-final results, the Islamic Union's leadership council published a second statement and pointed out that after a long wait and three weeks passed on the parliamentary elections on 30-9-2018 and because of the many violations and fraud by the two ruling parties, the Independent High Commission for Elections and Referendum in the Kurdistan Region has not been able to win the confidence of the Council of the Commission, and the results of the elections were passed by a simple majority, incomplete and incomplete and was announced at midnight, for that they will not endorse the election results and will challenge them and will take all legal ways to reject it

5. Kurdistan Islamic Group

Hauzhin Omar, an official of the election center of the Kurdistan Islamic Group said that the two ruling parties have practiced fraud throughout the region, and that they have appeals and complaints.⁽⁶⁾

Ali Bapir, prince of the Islamic Group, published a statement on his website stating that on Sunday, October 7, 2018, he visited Salahaddin Baha al-Din, the secretary-general of the Kurdistan Islamic Union. However, the two ruling parties rigged the elections and increased their votes, which changed the results of the elections in their favor, while 50% of the citizens of the region boycotted the elections, and the citizens of the region must know that, at the same time the Election Commission must have its position on this violations⁽⁷⁾.

6. The New Generation Movement

In a press conference, Shaswar Abdul Wahid head of the New Generation Movement pointed to the position of the New Generation of the Kurdistan Parliament elections process. He confirmed that the forged official documents were used to vote and the boxes filled with Election cards were placed instead of the original boxes. In addition the political entities observers and the Commission's staff were expelled. He hoped that other parties would have a similar attitude like the New Generation and boycott the fifth parliamentary session.⁽⁸⁾

After the results were announced 100% on 21/10, the Movement of the New Generation published a new statement on the elections, noting that the farce of the election results in which the Democratic Party won 45 seats and the National Union on 21 seats, reminds us of the farce of the elections held on 16 October 2002, in which Saddam Hussein won 100

⁽⁵⁾ <https://www.sharpress.net/all-detail.aspx?Jimare=127409>

<http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7229&MapID=1>

⁽⁶⁾ <http://www.payam.tv/dreje-y-hewal.aspx?id=47042&LinkID=1>

⁽⁷⁾ <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7229&MapID=1>

⁽⁸⁾ <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=6998&MapID=1>

percent of the vote. Less than a year, his regime was removed; Saddam Hussein's credibility was comparable to that of the Democratic Party and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan^(٤٣) .

The statement noted that the movement of the new generation, reject these results, as it is a part of a 27-year farce carried out by the two ruling parties in the province to insult and falsify the real votes in the Kurdistan Region^(٤٤) .

And the movement of the New Generation stressed to counter the farce created by the ruling parties. We call on all parties to unite the political discourse to face these situations and to prevent this ongoing insult to the right of the citizens of the Kurdistan Region and its legitimate institutions 27 years ago and the principles of democracy. We hope that the Movement of Change, in a united front to confront the Democratic Party and the Patriotic Union of Kurdistan.

7- Kurdistan Socialist Democratic Party

(Mohammad Haji Mahmood), General Secretary of the Kurdistan Democratic Socialist Party in a statement to the Turkish Anatolia Agency on the non-final results of the parliamentary elections of Kurdistan that they were hoping that the elections this time will be better under the Election Commission and prevent the recurrence of previous cases of forgery .But unfortunately, in some areas, the voting rate was between 25-35%, but in the afternoon it reached 56%, and that was bad, and the aim of the elections was for the citizens to choose their representatives in parliament, but two weeks ago there were parties involved in how to manipulate votes to Increase their voices and reduce the voices of other parties.^(٤٥)

8.Kurdistan Islamic Movement

The Islamic Movement published a statement on the parliamentary elections in the Kurdistan Region, describing the process as the other and the counterfeit and the abnormal situations that pass through the region and Iraq gave a golden opportunity to corrupt and counterfeit authority in the Kurdistan region to pass forged election.

And that it is unacceptable that the elections took place under abnormal conditions, the percentage of votes is a criterion for determining the role of the political parties in the region, and that while we have notes on the political process in the region, we must also seriously review our activities and reference to weaknesses And criticized how our past activities have been conducted. ^(٤٦)

9.Alliance for Democracy and Justice

Although the Alliance for Democracy and Justice officially announced a boycott of the elections and decided not to participate in it, while a number of candidates did not abide by party decisions, campaigned for themselves and entered the elections.

The candidates for the Alliance for Democracy and Justice criticized the way that the elections were conducted. On this subject, Ibrahim Ahmed, the party's candidate, said that

^(٤٣) <https://www.facebook.com/naliatv/videos/1749258365200543/>

^(٤٤) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7477&MapID=1>

<http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=6969&MapID=1>

^(٤٥) <https://www.sharpress.net/all-detail.aspx?Jimare=127550>

^(٤٦) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7008&MapID=1>

their party won 8,301 votes and that it qualified him to get one seat in Parliament. However, when the results announced 100%, some of their votes had gone to another party.^(٤٦)

Another candidate for this party, Umed Hama Rashid Jaf, said that on behalf of all the candidates and supporters of the party, he filed a lawsuit against the Independent Election Commission for elections and referendum in the province in Erbil court.

He said that the Commission was unable to announce the results on time, which was 72 hours after the elections and announced 85% of the results after 96 hours, and after the announcement of the results 100% of the results revealed the lack of credibility of the information of the Commission, With the results, that the votes of their party were canceled and that this contradicts the provisions of the rules (1/٢٨ + ٢٠ + ١٢) of the Permanent Iraqi Constitution and the decisions of the Federal Court No. 99, 104, 106 / Federal / Media / 2018 on 21/6/2018), which rejected these acts, and the decision of this court is binding on all parties And according to Article 94, the decisions of the Federal Supreme Court are absolute and binding on all parties, and that the number of votes of the list of Alliance for Democracy and Justice No. 172 disappeared, and that the votes of the list according to the declared results of 85% were 6886 votes and that according to the third results Of the official commission of 100% reached 8101 votes, but when the results of the elections were officially announced by 100% , their votes had decreased To 5118 votes, i.e. the number of votes decreased 3903 votes.^(٤٧)

10. Turkmen Front

The head of the Turkmen Front in Erbil said that in the general vote, one of the voting centers witnessed many votes of people instead of the citizens of others. In the special vote, one of the parties supported one of the Turkmen candidates in order to win, and they intervened in the affairs of the Turkmen. Which provoked resentment and provoked the awakening of a number of other Kurdish parties also, and they are not satisfied with the election results and they do not know anything about how to run things in the Commission because of the absence of their representatives in the Commission.^(٤٨)

Second: International Observers

Jan Kubic, The UN Special Representative for Iraq said that they are monitoring the process of elections in the Kurdistan Region, and that it is important that the citizens participate and invite citizens to participate in the elections, and there must be a strong parliament and he is pleased with the broad participation of citizens in the vote and hopes that the results are transparent, Citizens and they have many observers in many areas.

The Swedish team, which included Enica Limits and Jabbar Amin, participated as international observers in the parliamentary elections in the Kurdistan Region. They said that the elections were full of violations and things that contradict the principles of democracy and justice. They noticed violations in the elections and they were criticized and blamed by the

^(٤٩)

<https://www.knnc.net/Details.aspx?jimare=8628&fbclid=IwAR2V3gm0NCnyRbTo6aBG2YGdEcJD1SjFgaBAcnpHk9QrcEG-2rBHbvmlqG0>

^(٥٠) <https://www.sharpress.net/all-detail.aspx?Jimare=128793>

□

^(٥١) <https://www.rachlaken.com/Default.aspx?page=Article&id=20922&l=3>

organizations and representatives entities. They pointed out that a number of voters were pressed by the upper parties to vote for a certain party and take pictures of the Election cards, and that this is illegal and they will deliver these violations to the organizations they represent and will publish them to the public opinion^(٤٣) .

They also pointed to the existence of many problems in the registration of voters such as duplicate names and deceased citizens of the disputed areas and other parts of Kurdistan, and one of the political parties issued false official documents and they saw a number of employees of the Election Commission to prevent a number of people who were seeking to vote using forged documents, In addition, many violations, pressures and beatings have occurred in many areas, and this process has not been as democratic as it is discussed^(٤٤) .

A representative of Germany's Friedrich Eberte organization, which monitored the vote presses, said the vote was weak and not in the expectations of the election observers and that they had notes on the conduct of the elections.^(٤٥)

Third: Local Organizations

The network of Shams for election monitoring said that pressure has been exerted by observers of political entities and security services and Mukhtar on the staff of the Commission so that a number of people can vote for more than one time .

Hogr Chato, who is responsible of Shams network said: Six violations were recorded during the elections, which were as follows:

1. Failure to implement the laws and instructions of the Commission by some staff of the Commission because of their political tendencies and lack of adequate experience
- 2 .Non-secrecy of the vote and the occurrence of collective voting and voting of Election cards.
3. Exert pressure by a number of parties and the security services on the staff of the Commission to violate the instructions and allow repeated voting and voting using fake documents.
4. Continuation of campaigning inside and outside Election centers
5. Many voters were deprived of voting due to the change in their Election status or the absence of their names or ages, where the names of those over the age of 90 were temporarily deleted.
6. The removal of a number of observers of political parties, especially during the process of voting and counting of votes, and prevents the photocopy of forms No. 53 on the results of the centers.^(٤٦)

In a statement, observers of the Shams network pointed out that the participation rate in Sulaimani, Garamian and Halabja did not exceed 40% In addition, the PAY Institute monitored the elections through a number of observers and documented abuses and illegal acts as recorded in this report.

Fourth: The Commission and the Commission Staff

^(٤٣) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=6848&MapID=1>

^(٤٤) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7002&MapID=1>

^(٤٥) <https://www.dwarozh.net/details.aspx?jimare=83752>

^(٤٦) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=6992&MapID=1>

Officials of the Election Commission and the referendum in the region indicate the registration of a large number of complaints about violations that occurred in the elections and they formed a special committee to resolve complaints as soon as possible.

A member of the Commission of Commissioners Commission that they received information two days before the elections indicate the printing of 200 thousand copies of certificates of Iraqi nationality was scheduled to be used on the day of voting and pointed out that members of the citizens were brought from Kirkuk and its around to vote using fake Iraqi citizenship certificates These certification were distributed to Sulaimani, Kalar, Kifri, Koya, Taqtaq and other areas.

On this subject matter, Hendrin Mohammed, Chairman of the Board of Commissioners of the Election Commission said that this information was true that a large number of certificates of fake Iraqi nationality were printed and that the Commission issued this decision to prevent forgery^(٤٣).

He also pointed out that 425 complaints have been registered and more than 200 boxes marked with red tape have been closed due to non-closure according to the Commission's instructions or complaints. A committee has been set up to investigate violations and violations committed during the elections and attacks on Commission staff during the election process. They will not tolerate and abuse those who have committed attacks on Commission staff and that perpetrators should be punished.^(٤٤)

He emphasized during a press conference that their contacts with commission staff in Sulaimani have been cut off and that they do not know the percentage of participation in voting in this province.^(٤٥)

The spokesman for the Independent High Election Commission and the referendum that they have notes on the process of voting in the parliamentary elections and that there are a large number of complaints and violations have been registered and a committee was formed to resolve complaints as soon as possible and that the Commission has formed a committee of four general managers and were sent to Sulaimani to investigate The communication incident between the Office of Sulaimani in the Commission with the National Office of the Commission in Erbil and delayed announcement of the participation rate in the general vote in this province^(٤٦).

Sherwan Zarrar said that it was true that there were cases of fraud in everywhere, but we assure everyone that decisions will be taken on the results of the elections accurately and we will maintain the votes of the Secretariat and we are ready to maintain the votes of voters in the province of Kurdistan blood, and the Commission did not make any agreement with anyone Or any political party^(٤٧).

For his part, Ismael Khormali, reporter of the Board of Commissioners in an interview with the channel (NRT), states that there was pressure on observers of political entities and staff of the Commission throughout the region, but they were able to confront them and not to submit

(٤٣) <https://www.sbeiy.com/Details.aspx?jimare=9372>

<https://www.knnc.net/Details.aspx?jimare=7749>

(٤٤) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7067&MapID=1>

<https://www.knnc.net/Details.aspx?jimare=7836>

(٤٥) <http://www.kurdistan24.net/so/news/c21565fc-b59b-477c-8180-56c2baa657a9>

(٤٦) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=6981&MapID=1>

(٤٧) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7112&MapID=1>

to any pressure and that after the arrival of the results of the vote will be announced On the Commission website, and that the Commission's instructions were intended to reassure the citizens that they knew all the sources of fraud and violations and their aim was to prevent fraud in the elections.

Khormali asked all political parties who demonstrated to go to the voting centers and to protect the ballot boxes and to prevent fraud in the elections in order to reach the hands of the Commission in a secure manner, and that all political parties are entitled to take pictures of all forms to prevent any case of fraud. If there are any changes in the results compared to the recorded results, they can file complaints.^(٢٥)

"They will not remain silent and will not turn a blind eye to the fraud of any party or anyone and they will take all legal action against the counterfeiters," he said..^(٢٦) And they reassure everyone that all forgery that took place in the elections will be canceled.^(٢٧)

Dr. Jutyar Adil, a member of the Board of Commissioners, said that eight teams were formed to open and sort the votes indicated by the red tapes and started their work, and that within 24-48 hours they will send the results of these boxes to the Board of Commissioners, And the final decision will be made about them. The number of boxes with the red tape is 228 boxes and the number of votes in each box are between 300-400 votes, and it is not certain that all these votes will be canceled because there are boxes related to complaints and the Commission's instructions have not been implemented^(٢٨) .

Diar Nasraddin, deputy commissioner in Sulaimani, said the elections were not free of forgery as well as the elections held since 1992 were not so far free of forgery, including the September 30, 2018 elections.^(٢٩)

^(٢٥) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=6952&MapID=1>

^(٢٦) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7112&MapID=1>

^(٢٧) <http://www.nrttv.com/News.aspx?id=7107&MapID=1>

^(٢٨) <http://www.rudaw.net/sorani/kurdistan/1410201817>

^(٢٩) <https://www.knnc.net/Details.aspx?jimare=8005>

The Results

These elections showed a number of facts and some of these facts are old have been confirmed and will be listed now as follows:

1 - Parliament has not been at the required level in the control and accountability of the Commission when it cannot perform its duties as required or violation of laws

2-The Government has not fulfilled the required duties and adequate support for the Office

3- The Commission has not been successful in this experiment, as it has issued several resolutions that contradict each other and in violation of the laws and was unable to implement the decisions and regulations issued by it.

4-The majority of the problems encountered by the Commission and the process, were the members of the Council of the Commission responsibility.

5-The members of the Council of the Commission and those associated with the opposition parties (The Change Movement - Islamic Group - Islamic Union) because of the lack of inexperience and stubbornness were not conciliators in their work according to the statements issued by their parties and that the majority of forgery in the elections was because of them as they were supposed to take many steps But they did not.

6 - The Election Court did not fulfill the duties entrusted to it and did not listen to the appeals and complaints of political entities.

7-The Court of Cassation has not able to abide by neutrality and the implementation of laws and not to listen to all complaints submitted and announced the results as they are, and that if the implementation of the laws been done and complaints, so the sequence of winning candidates would change

8-all political parties without exception announced the occurrence of forgery in the elections.

9-The position of international and local observers on the election was negative and most of them talk about forgery in the elections

10-The Commission and the Council of the Commission did not hide the occurrence of large forgery in the elections and all of them have recognized this.

11 - The failure of the Commission in its duties and chaos and lack of experience members of the Board of Commissioners led to major mistakes.

12 - The announcement of the final results 20 days after the election is the evidence of the lack of success in the elections and the lack of transparency in the process

13 - Despite the existence of evidence to prove the increase in the participation rate in the elections for the benefit of the ruling parties, but the lack of participation of 41% of citizens in the elections according to the rates announced by the Commission proves lack of confidence in the legitimacy of the political system in Kurdistan

14-The announcement of the final results of the elections in the late hours of the night of October 20 is an evidence of serious questions about these results and all indicators indicate the existence of an illegal political agreement on the announcement of the results and not by legal means and the transparency of the elections. The letters of the four members of the Commission of Commissioners are evidence for this fact.

15 - After the publication of all the evidence and video sections, which indicate the occurrence of attacks on voting centers by unknown gunmen, had shown the weakness of the Commission and the lack of transparency of the elections

16-The public prosecution did not take any action on the violations that occurred such as the large number of Iraqi citizenship certificates, identities that were forged, fraud in the

elections, attacks on voting centers, the attacks on the staff of the Commission, the terrorism, and intimidation that occurred during the elections

17-The lack of participation in the elections and the number of invalid votes showed that most of the citizens of the Kurdistan region lost hope in the elections and they are against the power.

18.The forgery in the elections in Kurdistan Region becomes a habit, as all the elections in the Kurdistan region since 1992, were forged cases.

Recommendations

1.Preparing a voter registration based on the biometric system and purifying it of the deceased, the duplicate names, phantom, and depends on the national card as a basic source.

2.Amending the laws related to the elections and addressing the gaps in them and be adapted together and eliminating the existing conflict between them, such as:

- Law No. (1) for the year 1992 the election law of the Kurdistan Region
- Law No. (17) for the year 1993 the parties law in the Kurdistan Region
- Law No. (4) for the year 2014 law of the Independent High Commission for Elections and Referendum
- Law No. (1) for the year 2005 law of the Presidency of the Kurdistan Region
- Law No. (4) for the year 2009 law of elections of provincial councils and districts in the Kurdistan Region

3.The work of the Electoral Judiciary should be only organizing and preparing the cases. The decision-making on the results and ratification shall be carried out by all members of the Court of Appeal and shall be regulated by law.

4.Organizing and providing voter identification systems with voter register and information.

5.The Election Commission either to be fully independent or to become a partisan and that all parties are represented in them and that they are organized and that an independent status be removed from them.

6.In the case of the announcement of the results they should be sorted and declared at the level of administrative units.



رۆژ: ۲۰۱۸/۰۸/۱۶

ژمارە: ۶۵

بەریز / کۆمسیۆنی بالای سەربەخۆی هەلبژاردن و راپرسی بابەت / تانە لە تۆماری دەنگدەران

بەپێی بڕگەکانی بەشی چوارەم لە پەڕەوی ژمارە (۱) ی سالی (۲۰۱۸) کە (پەڕەوی ئامادەکردن و نوێکردنەوهی تۆماری دەنگدەران و خستنه پوی تانەکان بۆ هەلبژاردنی پەرلەمانی کوردستان)، ریکخراوەکان بۆیان هەیه بەدواداچوون بکەن بۆ تۆماری دەنگدەران و لەپێناو دانیابوون لە راستی و دروستی ئەو زانیاریانەیی خراوەتەپوو، و مافی ئەوەیان هەیه چاودێری پروسەیی نوێکردنەوه و خستنه پوی تۆماری دەنگدەران بکەن. لەم پێناوەندا ئیمە وەک (ئینستیتی پە ی بۆ پەرۆردە و گەشەپێدان) ئەم یاداشتەتان ئاراستە دەکەین:

یەكەم: سەرئەنجام گشتیەکان لەسەر کۆمسیۆن:

۱. بەنوسراوی ژمارە (۶۳) لە ۲۰۱۸/۰۷/۲۲) داوامان لە کۆمسیۆن کرد وینەیهک لە تۆمارەکهمان بە (EXEL) بخەنە بەردەست بە مەبەستی بەدواداچوون، بە داخووه کۆمسیۆن تەنها بە (PDF) وینەیهکی پێداین.
۲. پێویست بوو کۆمسیۆن وینەیهک لە تۆمارەکه بە شیۆیهی (EXEL) بخاتە بەردەست سەرجهەم قەوارەکان بۆ بەدواداچوون، بەلام نەیانکرد.
۳. نەخستنه بەردەستی تۆمار بە (EXEL) چ بۆ بەردەستی قەوارەکان چ بۆ ریکخراوەکان گومان لەبەرانبەر ئەم تۆمارە دروست دەکات، چونکە ئاشکرایە کە بەدواداچوون بۆ تۆمارێک کە (2.985.948) دەنگدەری تیاپیت بۆ بەراوردی (ناو، ژمارەیی کۆبۆن، ژمارەیی دەنگدەر، سالی لەدایکبوون) و زانیاریەکانی تر لەسەر فایلێکی (PDF) بۆ ئەوەیه کە کاری لەسەر نەکریت .
۴. بەپێی یاساوە پێی ئەو بەلێنانەش کە چ بە نوسراو و چ لە کۆبوونەوهکانی پەرلەماندا کۆمسیۆن بەلێنی بە پەرلەمان و پەرلەمانتاران دابوو کە وینەیهک لە تۆمارەکه بە (CD) بخاتە بەردەستیان بە مەبەستی بەدواداچوون، بەلام تا ئێستاش کۆمسیۆن ئەم تۆمارەیی بۆ پەرلەمان نەناردوووه پەرلەمانتاران بە دەستیان نەگەشتوووه !

٣. به پێی داتاكان وهزارهتی تهنرووستی (٢١٨٩٥٦) له و ماوهیه دا (٢٠١٧-٢٠٠١) مروودن، ئەمه جگه له مردوانی سالانی (١٩٩٦-٢٠٠١) ناوهكانیان دهست نهكەوتوون و له ژمارهیه دا نیه به لام كۆمسیۆن به پێی راگه یاندنی خۆی نزیكهی تهنها (١٤٠٠) ههزارو چوارسه د ناوی مردووی سپروه ته وه!

ژماره ی مردوان به پێ ی پارێزگا له سالانی ٢٠١٧ - ٢٠٠١				
سا ن	هه ولێر	ده وک	سلیمانی	کۆ ی گشتی
2001	2265	1198	5231	8694
2002	2240	1297	5987	9524
2003	2500	2500	6730	11730
2004	3069	2987	6023	12079
2005	2820	2541	6432	11793
2006	3082	3510	6480	13072
2007	3365	3211	7057	13633
2008	3275	4957	6898	15130
2009	3495	5972	7084	16551
2010	4333	5359	7040	16732
2011	4997	6706	8275	19978
2012	8077	7037	8671	23785
2013	3283	1260	1341	5884
2014	4105	1678	2900	8683
2015	3450	4463	925	8838
2016	5725	6135	4674	16534
2017	2861	1785	1670	6316
کۆ ی گشتی	62.942	62.596	93.409	218.956

٤. ئەو كهسانه ی دانیشتیوی ناوچه كوردستانیه كانی ده ره وه ی هه ریم بوون و پێشتر له هه ریم نیشته جی بوون به لام دواتر له ئەنجامی ریکاره كانی ماده ی (١٤٠) گه راونه ته وه ناوچه كانی خۆیان وه ك پارێزگا كانی (كه ركوك، موسل، سه لاحه دین، دیاله و قه زای مه خمور) سه رباری ئەوه ی ناویان له تۆماری ناوچه كانی خۆیان هه یه له تۆماری هه ریمی كوردستانیشدا ناویان هه ر ماوه و نه سراوه ته وه كه ئەمانه ش به سه دان هه زار مه زهنده ده كری ن.

٥. ژماره یه ك له كوردانی باکور (تورکیا) و رۆژئاوا (سوریا) و رۆژه لآت (ئێران) فۆرمی خۆراکیان بۆ دروستکراوه، ئەوانه ی له هه ریمدا نیشته جین و به پێی یاسا ره گه زنامه یان وه رگرتووه ئاساییه، به لام به شیکیان به ساخته ناسنامه ی باری شارستانیان بۆ دروستکراوه و (تعداد الفرعی) یان بۆ کراوه و ناویان خزینراوه ته نیو تۆماری ده نگدهرانه وه كه له راستیدا مافی ده نگدانیان نیه.

٦. ناوی دووباره ی ناوخۆ و گومانای له تۆماره كه دا نه سراوه ته وه. کاتیك وردبینی له تۆماره كه ده کریت ژماره یه کی زۆر ناوی دووباره ی تیا یه، هه رچه نده كۆمسیۆن پێی وایه ئەم ناوانه له یه كچوون نه ك دووباره، به لام

له راستیدا ناوه كان به هه مو پئوه ره كانی (ناوی سیانی، سال و شوینی له دایکبوز، کۆدی پارێزگا و کۆدی دهنگدانیشهوه) وهکو یه کن.

7. تا ئیستاش تۆماری دهنگدهرانی تایبته، كه نيزكهی (184,000) ههزار كهسه ريكنه خراوه و له تۆماره گهسته كه جيانه كراوه ته وه. ئه مه له كاتێكدا له ههلبژاردنه كانی رابردوو به شیک له وانه دوو جار دهنگیانداوه، هه م له كاتی دهنگدانى تایبته و هه م له كاتی دهنگدانى گهسته دا .

8. له بهشى دووهمی په پیرهوی ژماره (1) ی سالی 2018 ی (په پیرهوی ئاماده كردن و نوێكردنه وهی تۆماری دهنگدهران و خسته نه پرووی تانه كان بۆ ههلبژاردنی په رله مانى كوردستان-عێراق) دا له بره گه ی (3) ی لێهاتوویی دهنگدهردا هاتوه: دهنگدهر ده بی (ته مه نی هه زده سالی ته واو كرده ییت له رۆژی دهنگداندا)، واته بۆ ههلبژاردنی په رله مان تا مێژووی 2000/9/30 ده توانن دهنگ بدن، به لام له و تۆماره دا سه رجه م له دایکبوانی سالی (2000) داخل كراون و بۆ هه مووشیان رۆژی له دایکبونیان (2000) دانراوه، ئه مه له كاتێكدا دووره له راستیه وه! مه به ستیش له وه یه كه ئه وانه ی له مانگه كانی (10-11-12 ی سالی 2000) له دایکبون بۆ ههلبژاردنی په رله مان ته مه نیان نه گه یشتۆته 18 سال و ناکری ناویان له تۆماری دهنگدهراندا بیته و به شداری دهنگدان بکه ن.

9. له و تۆماره دا پشت به فۆرمی خۆراك به ستراره، ئه مه له كاتێكدا چه ندین خێزان له فۆرمیک زیاتریان هه یه .
10. ناوی تیکه ل و پیکه ل له تۆماره كه دا هه یه، فۆرمی خۆراك هه یه ناوی وه همی چۆته سه ر به بی ئه وه ی ئه و ناوانه له و خێزانه دا بونیان هه بیته .

له بهر ئه م خالانه ی سه ره وه پیمان وایه ئه م تۆماره پاکنه كراوه ته وه و گومانی دهنگدهران و قه واره كان و ریکخراوه كان ناره وینیتته وه . تاكه ریکگه ش بۆ ره واندنه وه ی گومان و به دوا داچوون و دلنیا بوونمان پیدانی تۆماره كه یه به شیوه ی (EXEL).

له گه ل ریزدا



سه ره ره عبدا لرجه ن عمر

سه رۆکی ئینستیتیوتی په ی بۆ په روهرده و گه شه پیدان

2018/08/16



بەربەر سکالای تانە ی رێکخراوی ناوخۆی ئەنێستۆی پە ی بۆ پەرۆردەو گەشە پێدان

پالێشت بە بەرگە ی (٤) لە ماددە ی (٦) وە بەرگە ی (٢) ی ماددە ی (٩) لە یاسای کۆمیسۆنی بالای ھەلبژاردن و راپرسی ژمارە (٤) سالی ٢٠١٤ و مادە ی ٣١ لە یاسای ھەلبژاردنی پەرلەمانی کوردستان ژمارە (١) سالی ١٩٩٢ ھەمەوار کراو ئەنجۆمەنی کۆمیساران دەسلاتی چارەسەرکردن و یەکلایکردنەوی ئەو سکالای ناکوێیانە ی ھە یە کە لە ئەنجامی خۆ نامادەکردن و جێبەجێ کردنی ھەلبژاردن و راپرسیە گشتیەکان دینە ئارو، ئەنجۆمەنی کۆمیساران سە یری گشت ئەو سکالایانە ی کرد کە پێشکەش کرابوون لە تۆماری دەنگدەران لە ماوی نوێکردنەوی تۆماری دەنگدەران لە رێکەوتی (٢١٠٨/٧/١١) تا (٢٠١٨/٨/١٨) سکالایە کە لە لایەن رێکخراوی نیوخۆی (ئەنێستۆی پە ی بۆ پەرۆردەو گەشە پێدان) ئەنجۆمەنی کۆمیساران لە رۆژی چوار شەممە رێکەوتی ٢٠١٨/٨/٢٩ سکالایە کە ی بەم شێوێ یە ی خوارەوی یە کلایی کردەو :

ئەو سکالایە ی کە ئەم رێکخراو پێشکەشی کۆمیسۆنی کردووە رەت دەکرێتەر بەھۆی ئەو ی کە مافی تانەدانی نیە لە تۆماری دەنگدەران بەپێتی پە یرو ی نامادەکردن و نوێکردنەوی تۆماری دەنگدەران و خستە رو ی تانەکان ژمارە (١) سالی ٢٠١٨ کە لە خالی (٣) لە بەشی پێنجەمی پە یروە کە کە باسی تانەدان لە تۆماری دەنگدەران دەکات تیندا ھاتووە (دەنگدەران و بریکارانی قەوارە سیاسیەکان بۆیان ھە یە تانە ی نووسراو پێشکەش بکەن بە گۆیرو ی ئەو فۆرمە ی بۆ ئەم مە بەستە دیاریکراو) ، بۆیە چاودیرانی ناوخۆی و نیو دەولەتی تەنھا مافی ئەو ییان ھە یە کە چاودیری پرۆسە ی نوێکردنەو و خستە رو ی تۆماری دەنگدەران بکەن بەپێتی خالی (٣) لە بەشی چوارەمی پە یرو ی نامادەکردن و نوێکردنەوی تۆماری دەنگدەران ھاتووە کە (چاودیرانی ناوخۆی و نیو دەولەتی و راگە یاندکاران و بریکارە قەوارە سیاسیەکان مافی ئەو ییان ھە یە چاودیری پرۆسە ی نوێکردنەو و خستە رو ی تۆماری دەنگدەران بکەن) .

ئەنجۆمەنی کۆمیساران

٢٠١٨/٨/٢٩

رۆژ: ۲۰۱۸/۹/۳

ژماره: ۶۸

بەرپز/ دەستەى دادوهرى هەلبژاردنەکان

بابەت/ تانەدان لە برپارى ئەنجومەنى کۆمسیاران لە کۆبوونەوهى رۆژى چوارشەمه ۲۰۱۸/۸/۲۹

لایەنى تانە لێدەر/ ئىنىستىتوتى پەى بۇ پەرورده و گەشە پپدان
لایەنى تانە لێدراو/ ئەنجومەنى کۆمسیاران لە کۆمسیۆنى بالای سەربەخۆى هەلبژاردن و راپرسى
برپارى تانە لێدراو/ برپارى سکالاو تانەى ریکخراوى ناوخواى ئەنستىتوتى پەى بۇ پەرورده و
گەشە پپدان لە کۆبوونەوهى رۆژى ۲۰۱۸/۸/۲۹

پاش سلاو و ریز...

لە وهلامى يادداشتى تانە و سکالاى ریکخراوهکهمان که به ژماره (۶۵) له ۲۰۱۸/۸/۱۶ ئاراستەى کۆمسیۆنى سەربەخۆى هەلبژاردن و راپرسیمان کردبوو، سەبارەت بە خراپى و ناپوختى تۆمارى دەنگدەران، که ریزهیهکی یەكجار نۆر ناوی مردوو و دووباره و ساخته و گوماناوی تیاپه و پاک نەکراوهتەوه، له کۆبوونەوهى رۆژى ۲۰۱۸/۸/۲۹ ئەنجومەنى کۆمسیاران بە برپارىک تانەکهمانى رەت کردەوه به بیانوى ئەوهى که ئیمه وهک ریکخراو بۆمان نیه تانە له تۆمارهکه بدهین، ئەمه له کاتیکدا:

۱- خودى کۆمسیۆن له رۆژى (۲۰۱۸/۷/۱۸) به فەرمى بانگهێشتى ریکخراوهکانى کردبوو که ئیمهش یهکک له و ریکخراوانه بووین، له رۆژى (۲۰۱۸/۷/۲۲) له بارهگای کۆمسیۆن کۆبووینهوه و خودى کۆمسیاران داوايان لیکردین که هاوکاریان بکهین له پاک کردنهوهى تۆمارى دەنگدەران.

۲- به نوسراوى فەرمى ریکخراوهکهمان له (۲۰۱۸/۷/۲۰) داواى تۆمارهکهمان له کۆمسیۆن کردوو به شیواى (EXEL) تاكو هاوکاریان بین بۇ پاک کردنهوهى ، بهلام کۆمسیۆن ئاماده نەبوو به (EXEL) نه به ئیمه و نه به هیچ ریکخراو و قهوارهیهکیشى بدات و دواتر به (PDF) وینهیهکیان پپداین بۇ ههمان مه بهست.

٣- خۆ ئەگەر ئێمە وەك ريكخراو (وەك كۆمسیۆن دەپلێت) بۆشمان نەبێت تانە لەو تۆمارە بدەین بە فەرمی، بەلام ئەو راستیانە ئێمە بەبەلگەوێ خستومانەتە روو، تا چەند كۆمسیۆن كارى لەسەر كردوو؟ بۆ ئەوەى تۆمارەكە پاك بكاتەوێ.

سەرئەنجام گشتیەكان لەسەر تۆمارى دەنگدەران:

كۆمسیۆن پروپاگەندەى ئەوێ دەكات گوايە تۆمارەكەى پاك كردۆتەوێ و تۆمارىكەى تازەى بەپشت بەستن بەفۆرمى خۆراك دروست كردوو، بەلام بەپێى بەدواداچوونى ئێمە تۆمارەكە پاك نەكراوەتەوێ، بەپێى ئەم بەلگانە:

١- لە تۆمارى دەنگدەراندا ناوى كوردانى رۆژئاوا (سوريا) كە فۆرمى خۆراكیان هەيە و ناویان خۆراوەتە نێو تۆمارەكەوێ، نەسراونەتەوێ، ئەمانە چەند نمونەيەكن:



كۆمسیۆنى باللی سەربەخۆی هەلبژاردن و راپرسی

سالی لەدايكيوون	پارتزگا	ژماره‌ی فۆرمى خۆراك
سالی لەدايكيوون بنووسه	پارتزگا هەلبژێره...	ژماره‌ی فۆرمى خۆراك بنووسه
ناوی باير	ناوی باوك	ناو
ناوی بايرت بنووسه	ناوی باوكت بنووسه	ناوی خۆت بنووسه

گەران

بۆ دۆزینەوێ ناوئێشانی بنگەکانی نوێکردنەوێ تۆمارى دەنگدەران. لەخوارەوێ کلیك لە ناوی پارتزگا کەت بکە.

- هەلەبجە
- سلیمانی
- دھۆک
- هەولێر

ووشەيەك بنووسه بۆ گەران لە ناو ئەم داتابانەى خوارەوێ

ژماره‌ی دەنگدەر	فۆرمى خۆراك	ناوی سياتی	لەدايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنگه‌ی دەنگدان	ناوی بنگه	بنگه‌ی تۆمار
50952853	4207063	شېخە شكري ابراهيم	1954	هەولێر	121306	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	بحرکە
50952854	4207063	شفان یونس الدواد	1986	هەولێر	121306	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	بحرکە
50952855	4207063	دلوفان مراد الداود	1981	هەولێر	121306	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	بحرکە

ژماره‌ی دەنگدەر	فۆرمى خۆراك	ناوی سياتی	لەدايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنگه‌ی دەنگدان	ناوی بنگه	بنگه‌ی تۆمار
51359998	4203252	محمد بوزان مصطفى	1982	هەولێر	122001	اعدادیه‌ بیجان للبنین	شاویس بیرزین
51359999	4203252	عیده‌ مصطفى محمود	1989	هەولێر	122001	اعدادیه‌ بیجان للبنین	شاویس بیرزین

ژماره‌ی دەنگدەر	فۆرمى خۆراك	ناوی سياتی	لەدايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنگه‌ی دەنگدان	ناوی بنگه	بنگه‌ی تۆمار
50900334	1303251	وهاب احمد یوسفی	1968	هەولێر	121302	منوسطه‌ ناشتی المختلطه	بحرکە

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
50952856	4207064	دلیرین یونس الداود	1981	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50952857	4207064	ستیر عیسی محمد	1988	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
50954418	4207068	سفوك سینو ولیکا	1960	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954419	4207068	رقیة سلیمان اسماعیل	1974	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
50954442	4207071	فهد عیسی برو	1965	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954443	4207071	جليلة یونس الداود	1965	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954444	4207071	جیان فهد عیسی	1995	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954445	4207071	محمد فهد عیسی	1997	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954446	4207071	هیفین فهد عیسی	1999	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
50954448	4207072	اکرم شیخ‌موسی محو	1978	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954449	4207072	فیان فهد برو	1991	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
50954466	4207073	بدران مجید حسین	1971	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954467	4207073	ستیر یونس الداود	1974	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954468	4207073	الماط بدران مجید	1998	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954469	4207073	جوان بدران مجید	2000	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
50954769	4211404	لورفان قهرمان ولیکا	1988	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954770	4211404	غدیر محمود صوان	1988	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954771	4211404	سالار قهرمان ولیکا	1997	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
50954772	4211405	محمد احمد علی	1988	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه
50954773	4211405	رونیه عبدالرحمن شلال	1986	هه‌ولیر	121306	متوسطه‌ی راویز للبنات	بحرکه

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆرك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1971	جلال حجی ابراهیم	4207074	50954456
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1973	زلیخه محمد خانحیدر	4207074	50954457
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1993	سوار جلال حجی	4207074	50954458
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1990	هفال جلال حجی	4207074	50954459
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1993	روزا جلال حجی	4207074	50954460
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1999	ریناس جلال حجی	4207074	50954461
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1998	حجی جلال حجی	4207074	50954465

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆرك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1987	ادریس خلیل هسام	4211406	50954775
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1988	بیریقان عبدالله یوسف	4211406	50954776

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆرك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1981	مروان محمد مسی	4211408	50954781
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1981	نیروز مامد احمد	4211408	50954782
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1990	حیش محمد مسی	4211408	50954787

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆرك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
(3) سیداوه	اعدادیه ازادی للبنین	320904	هه ولیر	1967	احمد علی عکاش	4211409	50632459
(3) سیداوه	اعدادیه ازادی للبنین	320904	هه ولیر	1977	راضیه یوسف احمد	4211409	50632460

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆرك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1983	شاهین نوری احمد	4211410	50954789
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1983	سمیره عبدالوهاب حمو	4211410	50954790

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆرك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1986	جوان علی حمو	4211411	50954794
بحرکه	متوسطه راویز للبنات	121306	هه ولیر	1985	اومید حسین حمدو	4211411	50954795

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆرك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
شاویس بیرزین	مدرسه بیمان الاساسیه	122003	هه ولیر	1981	مهند محمد بتش	4211421	51373728
شاویس بیرزین	مدرسه بیمان الاساسیه	122003	هه ولیر	1985	نازه نین حسن الیوسف	4211421	51373729

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژماره‌ى ده‌نگده‌ر
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1957	رمضان سلیمان رمضان	4211417	50954805
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1961	هدیه‌ موسی علی	4211417	50954806
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	2000	محمد رمضان سلیمان	4211417	50954807

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژماره‌ى ده‌نگده‌ر
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1979	خالد عبدالرحمن علو	4211418	50954808
(2) خبات	اعدادیه‌ جمه‌ دویز للبنین	221403	هه‌ ولیر	1987	اواز محمد علی	4211418	50954809

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژماره‌ى ده‌نگده‌ر
بحرکه	مدرسه‌ بحرکه‌ی هاوچرخ	121301	هه‌ ولیر	1974	عدنان حسی حجابراهم	4211420	50954816
بحرکه	مدرسه‌ بحرکه‌ی هاوچرخ	121301	هه‌ ولیر	1975	غالیه‌ مسلم حاجابراهم	4211420	50954817
بحرکه	مدرسه‌ بحرکه‌ی هاوچرخ	121301	هه‌ ولیر	2000	فلک عدنان حسی	4211420	50954819
بحرکه	مدرسه‌ بحرکه‌ی هاوچرخ	121301	هه‌ ولیر	1998	محمد عدنان حسی	4211420	50954820
بحرکه	مدرسه‌ بحرکه‌ی هاوچرخ	121301	هه‌ ولیر	1999	ملك عدنان حسی	4211420	50954825

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژماره‌ى ده‌نگده‌ر
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1975	رعد عیسی محمد	4211423	50954762
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1977	شریقه‌ محمد موسی	4211423	50954763
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	2000	روبین رعد عیسی	4211423	50954764

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژماره‌ى ده‌نگده‌ر
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1971	فاضل حمو محی	4215163	50955755
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1978	مدینه‌ مصطفی حمی	4215163	50955756
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1997	برفین فاضل حمو	4215163	50955757
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1999	محمد فاضل حمو	4215163	50955758
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	2000	عدله‌ فاضل حمو	4215163	50955759

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژماره‌ى ده‌نگده‌ر
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1983	حسین حسن الیوسف	4215166	50955720
بحرکه	متوسطه‌ راویز للبنات	121306	هه‌ ولیر	1990	جفین شاهین العمر	4215166	50955721

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژماره‌ى ده‌نگده‌ر
سیداوه‌ (3)	اعدادیه‌ ازادی للبنین	320904	هه‌ ولیر	1968	ولید محمد نوربراهیم	4215172	50648103
سیداوه‌ (3)	اعدادیه‌ ازادی للبنین	320904	هه‌ ولیر	1977	شیرین برکل محمد	4215172	50648104

زماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
50955690	4215173	جهاد حسين الخليل	1971	هه‌ولير	121306	متوسطة راويز للبنات	بحركة
50955691	4215173	فلک عبدالمجيد خليل	1977	هه‌ولير	121306	متوسطة راويز للبنات	بحركة
50955692	4215173	محمد جهاد حسين	1998	هه‌ولير	121306	متوسطة راويز للبنات	بحركة

٢- له تۆمارى ده‌نگده‌راندا ناوى كوردانى باكور (توركيا) كه فۆرمى خۆراكيان هه‌يه و ناويان خزينراوه‌ته نيو

تۆماره‌كه‌وه، نه‌سراونه‌ته‌وه، ئه‌مانه‌ چه‌ند نمونه‌يه‌كن:

زماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51458570	2300919	جامی فقهو شمدين	1955	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458571	2300919	تديمخان فتاح علي	1965	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458572	2300919	مريم جامی فقهو	1989	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458573	2300919	دلخواز جامی فقهو	1991	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458574	2300919	صابر جامی فقهو	1991	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458575	2300919	بارتی جامی فقهو	1993	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458576	2300919	روزهات جامی فقهو	1998	هه‌ولير	122309	مدرسه جالاک الاساسیه المختلطة	حرير وپاتاس
51458577	2300919	جیلان جامی فقهو	1999	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458578	2300919	دلکش جامی فقهو	2000	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس

زماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51458541	2300913	اسمیحان خليل عثمان	1960	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458542	2300913	شاکر فقهو دلستان	1989	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458543	2300913	کول فقهو دلستان	1992	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458544	2300913	مکريم فقهو دلستان	1992	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس

زماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51458549	2300916	انور عمر بيشو	1961	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458550	2300916	زينب بيرو بيشو	1964	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس
51458551	2300916	نازدار انور عمر	2000	هه‌ولير	122301	اعدادیه خانزاد للبنات	حرير وپاتاس

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	قۇرمى خۆراك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1970	تەتەر بابىر شقلى	2300918	51458559
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1976	مندىفه حاجى مىرخان	2300918	51458560
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1991	معرفيه تەتەر بابىر	2300918	51458561
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1992	غرىبه تەتەر بابىر	2300918	51458562
حرير وياتاس	مدرسه جالاک الاساسيه المختلطة	122309	هه ولىر	1998	شکریا تەتەر بابىر	2300918	51458563

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	قۇرمى خۆراك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1969	جمال كمال عبدالله	2300921	51458585
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1958	برىزاد جلىبى كوو	2300921	51458586
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1992	نزلىخان جمال كمال	2300921	51458587
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1995	مسعود جمال كمال	2300921	51458588
حرير وياتاس	مدرسه شبول الاساسيه المختلطة	122302	هه ولىر	1998	بىدرنك جمال كمال	2300921	51458589
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	2000	ولات جمال كمال	2300921	51458590

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	قۇرمى خۆراك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1975	زىنب بنىامى عزيز	2300925	51458605
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1988	حيدر بنىامى عزيز	2300925	51458606

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	قۇرمى خۆراك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1979	ظاهر احمد احمد	2300934	51458633
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1980	ناديه عمر ايشو	2300934	51458634
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1995	قدريه ظاهر احمد	2300934	51458635
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1999	نيركز ظاهر احمد	2300934	51458636

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	قۇرمى خۆراك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1950	كليك احمد بشو	2300941	51458673

بىنكە تۆمار	ناوى بىنكە	بىنكە دەنگدان	پارتىزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىيانى	قۇرمى خۆراك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1945	زهرا حاجى جندى	2300935	51458643
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1969	جعفر عثمان عثمان	2300935	51458644
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1971	الفا عثمان عثمان	2300935	51458645
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1975	صبيحه عثمان عثمان	2300935	51458646
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1975	محمدصالح عثمان عثمان	2300935	51458647
حرير وياتاس	اعدادىه خانزاد للبنات	122301	هه ولىر	1985	تحسين عثمان عثمان	2300935	51458648

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتیزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51458657	2300938	فتاح عمر بشو	1974	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458658	2300938	رحیمه‌ی جبار محمد	1975	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458659	2300938	مولود فتاح عمر	1991	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وپاتاس
51458660	2300938	عبدالهادی فتاح عمر	1999	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وپاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتیزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51458701	2300946	مالک حاجی فقهو	1988	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458702	2300946	شرین فتاح علی	1984	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458703	2300946	جیمین مالک حاجی	2000	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتیزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51458739	2300955	مهاجر عثمان عثمان	1973	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458740	2300955	ریحان کمال عبدالله	1975	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458741	2300955	سیهان مهاجر عثمان	1992	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458742	2300955	جیهان مهاجر عثمان	1993	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458743	2300955	مراری مهاجر عثمان	1997	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458744	2300955	جیلان مهاجر عثمان	2000	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وپاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتیزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51458749	2300956	فراح عمر بشو	1975	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458750	2300956	ذکیه‌ی احمد احمد	1980	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458751	2300956	فریاد نادر عمر	1999	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتیزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51458757	2300957	نورالدین بخشی خضر	1975	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458758	2300957	زهراء خضر عبدالله	1973	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458759	2300957	ازین نورالدین بخشی	1998	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458760	2300957	عبدالغفور نورالدین بخشی	1999	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارتیزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51458764	2300958	نوروز بخشی خضر	1978	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458765	2300958	فیروز ابراهیم محمد	1974	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458766	2300958	عونی نوروز بخشی	1999	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس
51458767	2300958	بروین نوروز بخشی	2000	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وپاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51502901	4055294	ئاده‌م خدر احمد	1992	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس
51502902	4055294	سه‌هه‌ر مصباح صالح	1993	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51489751	7070246	سفری کرم بابیر	1982	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس
51489752	7070246	بريشان جمال کمال	1988	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51481430	9010292	احمد تتر بابیر	1998	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس
51481431	9010292	تازیا کرم بابیر	1983	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51495935	9855152	تمر بابیر شاقلی	1978	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وبتاس
51495936	9855152	صافیه‌ی رمضان هنر	1984	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وبتاس
51495937	9855152	نايشي تمر بابیر	1999	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وبتاس
51495938	9855152	زلیخا تمر بابیر	2000	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51501090	9883872	شاهین احمد احمد	1980	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وبتاس
51501091	9883872	نازیفا سلیمان میرزا	1988	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وبتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51495940	9855153	مه‌مه‌د بابیر شاقلی	1962	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وبتاس
51495941	9855153	شکرناز احمد محمد	1978	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وبتاس
51495942	9855153	درسن مه‌مه‌د بابیر	1993	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس
51495943	9855153	کوستان مه‌مه‌د بابیر	1994	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس
51495944	9855153	اره‌ان مه‌مه‌د بابیر	1996	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس
51495945	9855153	زیلان مه‌مه‌د بابیر	1997	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس
51495946	9855153	محمد مه‌مه‌د بابیر	1999	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر وبتاس
51495947	9855153	ئه‌فین مه‌مه‌د بابیر	2000	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
51501087	9883871	صادر جامی فقه	1986	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس
51501088	9883871	ملك صديق خليل	1988	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر وبتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
51496362	9856039	جیله‌ی مکه‌ئیل حمان	1963	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51496363	9856039	صدیقا لشکری حجو	1968	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51496364	9856039	شریف جیله‌ی مکه‌ئیل	1999	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51496365	9856039	محمد جیله‌ی مکه‌ئیل	1997	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51496366	9856039	اسلام جیله‌ی مکه‌ئیل	1995	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
51497832	9867761	زکیا حسین عبدالله	1959	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51497834	9867761	مسعود حسین رشید	1989	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	سرکراوه
51497835	9867761	اسیل حسین رشید	1991	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51497836	9867761	ادیب حسین رشید	1994	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	سرکراوه
51497837	9867761	مزکین حسین رشید	1997	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	سرکراوه

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
51500982	9883839	زکی حمید احمد	1983	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51500983	9883839	عائشه‌ی خضر عبدالله	1986	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
51501025	9883851	حسین جامی فقا	1980	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51501026	9883851	فاطمه‌ی ستارخان فتاح	1986	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
51497838	9867763	جبرائیل مکه‌ئیل حمو	1958	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51497839	9867763	نوری کمال دینو	1962	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51497840	9867763	ناظیمة جبرائیل مکه‌ئیل	1988	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51497841	9867763	مرز جبرائیل مکه‌ئیل	1981	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51497842	9867763	علی جبرائیل مکه‌ئیل	1991	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51497843	9867763	نرمین جبرائیل مکه‌ئیل	1994	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس
51497844	9867763	ولی جبرائیل مکه‌ئیل	1996	هه‌ولیر	122301	اعدادیه‌ی خانزاد للبنات	حریر و پاتاس

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
51501083	9883870	عیماد سلیمان میرزا	1986	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر و پاتاس
51501084	9883870	حمیدا احمد احمد	1988	هه‌ولیر	122309	مدرسه‌ی جالاک الاساسیه‌ی المختلطة	حریر و پاتاس

۳- له تۆماری دهنگدهراندا ناوی کوردانی رۆژهلالات (ئیران) که فۆرمی خۆراکیان ههیه و ناویان خزیئراوه ته نیو تۆماره که وه، نه سراونه ته وه.

۴- له تۆماری دهنگدهراندا ناوی مردوان که به پیی داتاکانی وهزارهتی تهنروستی تهنها له سالانی (۲۰۰۰-۲۰۱۷) نزیکه ی (۲۱۸۹۵۶) کهس ده بییت و گوايه ئهوانه ی دهنگدان ده یانگریته وه به پیی ته مهن (۱۲۵۳۱۷) که سن، ئه مه جگه لهوانه ی که له سالانی (۱۹۹۶-۲۰۰۰) مردوون له ههریم که نازانریت چه ند که سن، ئه گهر که سیک له و ماوه یه دا مردبییت و ته مهنی تهنها یه ک مانگ بو بییت و تهنها ناوی خرابیته فۆرمی خۆراکه وه ئه وه ئیستا وه ک دهنگدهر ئه ژمار ده کریت، ههروه ها جگه لهوانه ی له سالی (۲۰۱۸) دا مردوون، ناویان له فۆرمی خۆراکدا ماوه و نه سراوه ته وه و به مه ش ئۆتوماتیکی ناویان له تۆماره که دا هه یه، به پیی داتای کۆمسیۆن تهنها (۱۹۰۸) دهنگدهر ناویان له تۆماره که دهره یئراوه، ئایا کۆمسیۆن وهلامی چیه بۆ ئه و ژماره رۆره ی مردوان که ناویان له تۆماره که دا هه یه و زه مانه ت چیه که له کاتی دهنگداندا ئه و ناوانه به مه بهستی ساخته کاری دهنگیان له جیاتی نادریت؟
که ئه مه خشته ی ژماره ی مردوانه به پیی سال له لایهن وهزارهتی تهنروستی وه:

ژماره ی مردوان به پیی ی پارێزگا له سالانی ۲۰۱۷ - ۲۰۰۱				
سال	ههویئر	دهۆک	سلیمانی	کۆی گشتی
2001	2265	1198	5231	8694
2002	2240	1297	5987	9524
2003	2500	2500	6730	11730
2004	3069	2987	6023	12079
2005	2820	2541	6432	11793
2006	3082	3510	6480	13072
2007	3365	3211	7057	13633
2008	3275	4957	6898	15130
2009	3495	5972	7084	16551
2010	4333	5359	7040	16732
2011	4997	6706	8275	19978
2012	8077	7037	8671	23785
2013	3283	1260	1341	5884
2014	4105	1678	2900	8683
2015	3450	4463	925	8838
2016	5725	6135	4674	16534
2017	2861	1785	1670	6316
کۆی گشتی	62.942	62.596	93.409	218.956

۵- له تۆماری دهنگدهراندا ناوی ئه و هاوالاتیانه نه سراوه ته وه که له ههریمه وه گهراونه ته وه بۆ ناوچه کوردستانیه کانی دهره وه ی ههریم، که به پیی ماده ی (۱۴۰) بۆ شاره کانی (موسل، قهزای مه خمور، کهرکوک، خانه قین و دیاله و سه لاحه دین و ناوچه کانی تر) گهراونه ته وه. ئهوانه به پیی فۆرمی خۆراک ناویان له نیو تۆماره که دا ماوه و نه سراونه ته وه.

٦- له بهشی دووه می په پیره وی ژماره (١) ی سالی ٢٠١٨ ی (په پیره وی ئاماده کردن و نو یکردنه وه ی تۆماری دهنگدهران و خستنه پرووی تانه کان بۆ هه لېژاردنی په رله مانی کوردستان-عیراق) دا له برگی ی (٣) ی لیها تووی دهنگدردا هاتوو: دهنگدرد ده بی (ته مهنی هه زده سالی ته واو کردییت له رۆزی دهنگداندا)، واته بۆ هه لېژاردنی په رله مان تا میژوی ٢٠٠٠/٩/٣٠ ده توانن دهنگ بدن، به لام له و تۆماری ده سهرجه م له دایکبوانی سالی (٢٠٠٠) داخل کراون و بۆ هه مووشیان رۆزی له دایکبونیان (٢٠٠٠) دانراوه، ئه مه له کاتیکیا دووره له راستیه وه! مه به ستیش له وه یه که ئه وانیه له مانگه کانی (١٠-١١-١٢ ی سالی ٢٠٠٠) له دایکبون بۆ هه لېژاردنی په رله مان ته مه نیان نه گه یشتۆته ١٨ سال و ناکری ناویان له تۆماری دهنگدهراندا بیته و به شداری دهنگدان بکن.

٧- تا ئیستاش تۆماری دهنگدهرانی تاییهت، که نیکه ی (١٨٤,٠٠٠) هه زار که سه ریکنه خراوه و له تۆماری گه شته که جیهانه کراوه ته وه. ئه مه له کاتیکیا له هه لېژاردنه کانی رابردوو به شیک له وانیه دووجار دهنگیانداوه، هه م له کاتی دهنگدانی تاییهت و هه م له کاتی دهنگدانی گه شتی دا.

٨- ناوی دووباره ی ناوخوا و گومانای له تۆماری دهنگدهرانا نه سراوه ته وه. کاتیکی وردیینی له تۆماری دهنگدهرانا که ده کریت ژماره یه کی زۆر ناوی دووباره ی تاییه، هه رچه نده گۆمسیۆن پیی وایه ئه م ناوانه له یه کچوون نه ک دووباره، به لام له راستیدا ناوه کان به هه موو پیوه ره کانی (ناوی سیانی، سال و شوینی له دایکبون، کۆدی پارێزگا و کۆدی دهنگدانی شه وه) وه کو یه کن.

٩- ژماره یه کی زۆر له فۆرمی خۆراک ناوی ئه ندامه کانی یه ک ناوه، ئه مه ش ده یسه لمینی که ئه م فۆرمانه وه همین و ته نها به مه به سستی تر دروستکراون، چونکه فۆرمی خۆراک له سه ر بنچینه ی ناو و ژماره ی ئه ندامانی خیزان دروستکراوه و ده بیته ناوه کان یه ک بگرنه وه، به لام له م فۆرمانه دا به م جۆره نیه، ئاخۆ له چ خیزانیکدا هه یه چه ند ناویک دووباره ببنه وه و چه ند ئه ندامیکی خیزان یه ک ناویان هه بیته؟! یاخود ئه ندامانی خیزان هیه کامیان ناوی باوک و باپیریان یه ک نه گریته وه؟! ئه مه ش چه ند نمونه یه که:

ژماره ی دهنگدهر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه ی دهنگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه ی تۆماری
61017587	6507011	فرزاد قادر محمود	1978	سلیمانی	126510	ئانویه رة نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017588	6507011	فرزاد شریف عمر	1972	سلیمانی	126510	ئانویه رة نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017589	6507011	فرزاد ابوبکر فرهاد	1974	سلیمانی	126510	ئانویه رة نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017590	6507011	فرزین امیر احمد	1974	سلیمانی	126510	ئانویه رة نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017591	6507011	فاروق اسماعیل عبدالله	1976	سلیمانی	126510	ئانویه رة نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
61017617	6507019	کاوه خلیل عبدالله	1973	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017618	6507019	کاوه مسعود صابر	1973	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017619	6507019	کاظم اسعد قادر	1975	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017620	6507019	کاوه نجمالدين محمد	1976	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017621	6507019	کامیز حسن کریم	1977	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
61017592	6507012	فرزاد نبی فیضالله	1979	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017593	6507012	هیشوو فریدون عمر	1985	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017594	6507012	فریشته محمد احمد	1980	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017595	6507012	شوان محمد اسماعیل	1980	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017596	6507012	شیروان عزت یونس	1977	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

سرکراوه

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
61017627	6507021	کاوه محمد احمد	1978	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017628	6507021	شهین علی حسن	1981	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017629	6507021	ویدا حسن محمدخان	1976	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017630	6507021	علی محمد ویس	1980	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017631	6507021	نبی محمود قادر	1974	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017632	6507021	خبات علی اکبر	1980	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

سرکراوه

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراک	ناوی سیانی	له‌دایک بوون	پارێزگا	بنکه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنکه	بنکه‌ی تۆمار
61017686	6507033	محمد قادر کریم	1975	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017687	6507033	سمر حاجی رسول	1975	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017688	6507033	محمود اکرم کامیل	1977	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017689	6507033	محمالدين نجمالدين علي	1977	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017690	6507033	محمد سهراب امین	1977	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

سرکراوه

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
61017664	6507029	محمد حامل سعید	1977	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017665	6507029	محمد مسعود سعدون	1973	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017666	6507029	محمد مراد رسول	1974	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017667	6507029	محمد محمود منصور	1974	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017668	6507029	محمد کریم قادر	1978	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

سرکراوه

سرکراوه

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
61017681	6507032	محمد عابد رسول	1973	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017682	6507032	مه‌دی عبدالله رسول	1960	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017683	6507032	محمد محمود رسول	1973	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017684	6507032	منو جیر سیروان	1973	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017685	6507032	محمد امیر کرم	1974	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
61017695	6507035	مسعود محمد علي	1971	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017696	6507035	مینا قویاد اسعد	1969	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017697	6507035	معصومة سعید قادر	1972	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017698	6507035	محمد قادر نوری	1973	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017699	6507035	منصور غالب ناصر	1974	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
61017659	6507028	محمد جعفر قادر	1971	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017660	6507028	محمد مسعود رحیم	1972	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017661	6507028	منصور مراد شریف	1975	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017662	6507028	مهران عمر قادر	1975	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017663	6507028	میعتبا علي حسن	1976	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

ژماره‌ی ده‌نگده‌ر	فۆرمی خۆراك	ناوی سیانی	له‌دايك بوون	پارێزگا	بنكه‌ی ده‌نگدان	ناوی بنكه	بنكه‌ی تۆمار
61017676	6507031	محمد رضا سعید	1976	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017677	6507031	مه‌داد احمد محمود	1975	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017678	6507031	محمد صديق فرهاد	1976	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017679	6507031	مکائیل رامی سیروان	1979	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5
61017680	6507031	منصور سعید اسعد	1979	سلیمانی	126510	ثانویه رة‌نکین للبنات	مرکزالمدينة - 5

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1975	احمد مصطفى عمر	6506923	61017196
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1973	سهيلة فرزاد بهزاد	6506923	61017197
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1973	سالار ناصر احمد	6506923	61017198
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1974	سهيلة قادر غغ	6506923	61017199
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1974	سردار جعفر رسول	6506923	61017200

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1974	جمشيد عمر كريم	6506941	61017277
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1973	جمال امير حمد	6506941	61017278
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1974	جمال احمد نادر	6506941	61017279
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1975	جمال كاميل حسن	6506941	61017280
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1978	جمال قادر ابوبكر	6506941	61017281

بنكهى تۆمار	ناوى بنكه	بنكهى دهنگدان	پارتزگا	له داىك بوون	ناوى سىانى	فۆرمى خۆراك	ژمارهى دهنگدهر
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1980	خليل علي مظفر	6506957	61017353
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1974	خيات اسعد مصطفى	6506957	61017354
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1974	خليل حسين قادر	6506957	61017355
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1974	خليل رضا ناصر	6506957	61017356
5 - مركزالمدىنة	ثانوية رة نكين للبنات	126510	سليماني	1974	حسين قادر جليل	6506957	61017357

له گه ل ريزدا



د. سەرۆەر عبدالرحمن عمر

سەرۆكى ئىنستىتوتى بهى بۆ پەروەردە و گەشە پيوان

۲۰۱۸/۹/۳



تکايە ئەو پېشيلکارىانەى کۆمىسيۆنى هە ئېژاردنەکان رابگرن

بەريزان:

بەرلەمانى کوردستان

سەرجهەم قەوارە سىياسىيە بەشداربووہکانى هە ئېژاردن

دەستەى سەرپە خۆى مافى مرؤف

نوسىنگەى (UNAMI) ئە هەريەى کوردستان

لەرؤژى ۲۵/۹/۲۰۱۸ دا، کە تەنھا پىنج رۆژ ماوہ بۆ دەنگدان، ئەنجومەنى کۆمىسيارانى کۆمىسيۆنى بالائى سەرپەخۆى هە ئېژاردن و راپرسى، بېريارىكى بە ژمارە (۵۱) دەرکرد سەبارەت بە رىکارەکانى هە ئېژاردن کە حەوت خالى لەخۆ گرتووہ، ئەوہى لەو بېيارەدا ماىەى هە لۆهستە لەسەر کردنە خالى پىنجەمە کە تيايدا هاتووہ: “زىاد کردنى رىکارى وىنەگرتنى دەنگدەران، بەشپوہىەک هەر دەنگدەريک پيش ئەوہى دەنگ بەدات وىنەىەكى نزيكى خۆى و ئەو بەلگەنامەىە بگيريت کە دەنگى پىدەدات، لەلايەن فەرمانبەرى وىستگەوہ دەپاريزيوت و دەنئردريت بۆ ئەو ژمارەى کە کۆمىسيۆن بۆى ديارى دەکات و دواتريش لەلايەن فەرمانبەرانى بنکەى لاوہکىوہ ئەو وىنانە وەردەگيريت و لەکۆمپيوتهرى تايبەت بەو بنکەىە هەلدەگيريت.”

ئەمە جگە لەوہى کە دەرکردنى هەر بېريارىكى لەم جۆرەو لەم کاتەدا لەپووى شکلەىوہ رەتکاروہىە، چونکە هەموو بېريارىكى لەم جۆرە دەبيت بوارى تانە ليدانى بۆ پرەخسيت، کەچى کاتى تانە ليدانىش نەماوہ، هەر بۆىە ئەرکى دادگايە راستەوخۆ ئەم بېيارە هەلبوہشينيتهوہ، ئەمە جگە لەوہى سەرتاپاي بېيارەکە ناياسايىە، چونکە پىچەوانەى کۆمەلئىک بنەماى ياسايى و رىکەوتننامەو دەستور و ياساي بەرکارە لەوانە:

۱- پىچەوانەى بنەماکانى مافى مرؤف و جارنامەى گشتىى مافەکانى مرؤفە.

۲- پىچەوانەى دەستورى هەميشەىى عىراقە کە مادەکانى (۱۵) و (۱۷) و (۳۷) دا باسى لە ئازادىيەکان کردووہ و هاتووہ کە پىويستە مافى ئازادىى تاکەکەس پاريزراو بيت.

۳- پىچەوانەى مادەى (۴) ياساي ژمارە (۴) ي سالى (۲۰۱۴) ياساي کۆمىسيۆنى بالائى سەرپەخۆى هە ئېژاردن و راپرسىە.

۴- پىچەوانەى ياساي ژمارە (۱) ي سالى ۱۹۹۲ ي ياساي هە ئېژاردنە کە پىويستە نهيىنى دەنگدەر لەکاتى دەنگداندا پاريزراو بيت.

5- پیچەوانەى مادەى (۲) ى ياساى ژمارە (۶) ى سالى (۲۰۰۸) ى ياساى خراب بەکار هينانى ئامپرهکانى پهيوەندى کردنه که بهى رهزاهەندى نايىت وینهى هيج کهسيک بگيريت.

6- پیچەوانەى مادەکانى (۴۳۷) و (۴۲۸) ى ياساى ژمارە (۱۱) ى سالى (۱۹۶۹) ى ياساى سزادانى عيراقىى هەموارکراوه.

7- هەموو برپار و رينماييهک دەبيت پشت به ياسايهک ببهستيت، بهلام ئەم برپاره هيج سەنەديکى ياسايى نيه.

ئەمە جگە لهوهى کاتى دەرکردنى برپارهکه گومانمان دەبات بەرهو نيهتى خراب له دانانى ئەو برپاره لهکاتیکدا کۆمسيۆن پيشتر وینه گرتنى لهلايهن دەنگدەرانەوه لهناو ويستگهکان قەدەغە کردووه، لههەمان کاتدا لهمەيدانى پراکتیکدا لهبرى ريگهچاره، گرفتى ليدەکهويتهوه، لهوانه:

1- وینهگرتنى دەنگدەر لهلايهن بهريوهبرى ويستگهى دەنگدانهوه دژى نازادى تاکهکهسيه و ريگه پيدراو نيه.
2- ئەم ريکاره و وینهگرتنى دەنگدەر لهلايهن بهريوهبرى ويستگهى دەنگدانهوه به موبايلى کهسى ريگره له بەشداريکردنى دەنگدەران.

3- هيج سوخت و يريک نيه بۆ بهراوردکردنى وینهى دەنگدەران و کۆکردنەوهيان له سترقهريکى تايهت که پاريززاو بيىت.

4- هيج ريگهيهکى پاريززاو و پلان بۆدانراو نيه که ئەم ويناى کۆبکاتهوه.

5- هيج پالپشتيکى ياسايى نيه که ريگه بهم کاره بدات که ئەنجومەنى کۆمسياران برپارى ليداو.

6- هيج ياسايهک نيه بۆ يهکالاکردنەوهى تانه لهسەر ئەم بابەته.

7- ئەم برپاره دەستهبرى پاراستنى نهينى دەنگدان ناکات و پيچەوانەى ياسايه.

8- کاريهگهري خرابى دەبيت لهسەر به ناسايى بهريوهچوونى پرۆسهى دەنگدان و پهشيوى ليدەکهويتهوه.
ئەگەر مەبهست لهم برپاره ريگرى کردنه له ساختهکارى، دەبوايه کۆمسيۆن تۆمارى دەنگدەران پاک بکاتهوه، که بەداخهوه نه خويان کرديان و نه ريگهيان به قهوارهو ريکخراوهکانيشدا هاوکاريان بن و نه گوپيان له تانهکانيشيان گرت.

9- ئەگهري ههيه ئەم برپاره لهلايهن حزيه دەسهلاتدارهکانهوه خراب به کاربهيندريىت و بيته مایهى فشار کردن له (دەنگدەرانى تايهت، ئەوانهى نايانهويىت بهشدارى دەنگدان بکن)، ئەمەش دووباره پيشيلى مافى مروقه.
لهبەر ئەم هۆکارانهى سەرەوه، داوا له لايهنه پهيوەنديدارهکان دەکهين که فشارهکانيان چر بکەنەوه بۆ ريگرتن لهو برپارهوه ههلوەشانندنهوهى، لههەمان کاتدا هەموو ههولەکان يهک بخريىن بۆ ئەوهى ههلبژاردنيکى پاک و بيگهردى دوور له ساختهکارى بهريوه بچيىت.

لهگه ل ريژدا

ئينستيتوتى پهى بۆ پهروهردەو گهشه پيدان

26/9/2018