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# PRELIMINARY DIAGNOSES OF APPARENTLY NEW BIRDS FROM COLOMBIA AND BOLIVIA.

BY W. E. CLYDE TODD.

The present paper is the fifth of the series to appear in these Proceedings giving brief preliminary descriptions of the apparently new birds received from time to time by the Carnegie Museum from tropical America. The author has again to acknowledge his indebtedness to Mr. Harry C. Oberholser for advice and assistance in working out certain of these forms, and to thank the authorities of several different institutions for the loan of material for use in this connection. All measurements are in millimeters, and the names of colors are as given in Mr. Robert Ridgway's "Color Standards and Color Nomenclature."

## Phœnicothraupis rubiginosus sp. nov.

Adult male very similar to the same sex of *Phanicothraupis salvini* salvini von Berlepsch, but slightly darker in general coloration. Adult female resembling that of *Phanicothraupis fuscicauda* Cabanis, but everywhere much brighter and yellower, less brownish.

Type No. 52,057, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Turbaco, Bolivar, Colombia, January 9, 1916; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

#### Ostinops decumanus melanterus subsp. nov.

Similar to Ostinops decumanus decumanus (Pallas) of Guiana, etc., but general coloration decidedly darker and blacker, with little or no chestnut tipping to the feathers of the upper and under parts.

Type No. 42,045, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Las Vegas, Santa Marta, Colombia, May 28, 1913; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

#### Ostinops sincipitalis australis subsp. nov.

Similar to Ostinops sincipitalis sincipitalis Cabanis, but upper parts duller brown, yellow of forehead paler and more restricted, under parts

4

more decidedly suffused with brown, and size smaller. Differs from O. sincipitalis neglectus Chapman in its smaller size, more brownish suffusion of the upper and under parts, paler yellow forehead, and in particular in the dull greenish (instead of rich deep yellow) color of the bill.

Type No. 51,486, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Buenavista, Bolivia, August 14, 1915; José Steinbach.

## Icterus mesomelas carrikeri subsp. nov.

Similar to *Icterus mesomelas taczanowskii* Ridgway in size and general coloration, but with the white outer margins of the remiges very narrow or wanting, as in *Icterus mesomelas salvinii* Cassin.

Type No. 49,711, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Fundacion, Santa Marta, Colombia, October 18, 1915; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

## Myiobius modestus suffusus subsp. nov.

Similar to Myiobius modestus modestus Todd, but under parts decidedly more yellowish, less buffy, especially on the under tail-coverts.

Type No. 52,134, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Turbaco, Bolivar, Colombia, January 13, 1916; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

## Attila caniceps sp. nov.

Pileum dull grayish, with obscure narrow shaft-streaks of dusky, the lores flecked with white; sides of neck and back dull olive citrine, shaded posteriorly with Dresden brown, and passing into pale wax yellow on the rump and upper tail-coverts; tail dull brown (between Brussels brown and raw umber); primaries dusky, with narrow external margins of grayish; secondaries dusky, externally margined with Dresden brown, the inner ones wholly of this color; wing-coverts dusky, tipped with buckthorn brown; chin and upper throat obscurely streaked with grayish white and dusky brown; lower throat and breast dull yellowish citrine, fading into white on the abdomen, all these parts with obscure dusky streaks; flanks and under tail-coverts pale lemon yellow, more or less shaded with buffy; under wing-coverts yellow ocher.

Type No. 52,736, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Jaraquiel, Bolivar, Colombia, March 3, 1916; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

## Attila neoxenus sp. nov.

Above dark citrine, brighter on the pileum, which is narrowly streaked with black, and passing into orange citrine posteriorly; rump and upper tail-coverts empire yellow; tail rather dark Dresden brown; wings dusky, the secondaries more or less margined externally with dark olive buff, the wing-coverts tipped with dull buffy yellow; throat, breast, and sides of head obscurely streaked with citron yellow and serpentine green; abdomen white, passing into amber yellow on the flanks and under tail-coverts; under wing-coverts Naples yellow.

Type No. 51,152, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Rio Yapacani, Bolivia, February 18, 1915; José Steinbach.

# Microrhopias melanogastris iliaca subsp. nov.

Decidedly larger than either Microrhopias melanogastris melanogastris (Pelzeln) or M. m. bahiæ (Hellmayr), and with the flanks in the male more extensively white. Wing (type) 57; tail, 62; bill, 13.5.

Type No. 51,582, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Villa Montes, Rio Pilcomayo, Bolivia, October 7, 1915; José Steinbach.

### Xiphocolaptes obsoletus sp. nov.

Somewhat resembling Xiphocolaptes emigrans costaricensis Ridgway, but general coloration much darker, between Brussels brown and raw umber; the pileum and sides of the head deep brown or blackish, with buffy streaking; under parts more distinctly streaked, especially anteriorly; bill shorter, stouter, and paler. Wing (type), 144; tail, 117; bill, 46; tarsus, 29.

Type No. 50,881, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult female; Rio Yapacani, Bolivia, September 21, 1914; José Steinbach.

### Xiphocolaptes procerus rostratus subsp. nov.

Similar to Xiphocolaptes procerus procerus Cabanis and Heine, but averaging larger, the bill especially being proportionately longer and stouter; coloration decidedly more rufescent, less olivaceous; and streaking of under parts wider and more conspicuous.

Tupe No. 52,771, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Jaraquiel, Bolivar, Colombia, March 4, 1916; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

## Xiphocolaptes major obscurus nom. nov.

The above name is proposed to replace the recently described Xiphocolaptes major saturatus Cherrie (Bull. Am. Mus. Nat. Hist., XXXV, 1916, 187), which name is preoccupied by Xiphocolaptes saturatus Ridgway, Proc. U. S. Nat. Mus., XII, 1890, 14, in text.

# Phæochroa cuvierii notia subsp. nov.

Similar to Phæochroa cuvierii cuvierii (Delattre and Bourcier), but outer rectrices with much more extended white tips, and without any blue-black subterminal band.

Type No. 52,769, Collection Carnegie Museum, subadult male; Turbaco, Bolivar, Colombia, January 15, 1916; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

### Celeus innotatus sp. nov.

Nearest apparently to Celeus loricatus (Reichenbach), from which it differs in having the spotting of the upper and under parts, wings, etc., very much reduced both in size and extent, leaving only a few small spots on the breast and upper back in adult males.

Type No. 52,769, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Jaraquiel, Bolivar, Colombia, March 4, 1916; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

## Bubo virginianus elutus subsp. nov.

Similar to *Bubo virginianus scotinus* Oberholser, but upper parts much paler, less rufescent, and legs more heavily mottled with dusky. From *Bubo virginianus mesembrinus* (Oberholser) it differs markedly in its much less deeply rufescent coloration, both above and below.

Type No. 52,583, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult female; Lorica, Bolivar, Colombia, February 17, 1916; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

## Pyrrhura subandina sp. nov.

Adult similar to immature *Pyrrhura luciani* Deville, but entire loral region crimson instead of mostly maroon; forehead (except for a narrow crimson frontal band) bluish; cheeks mostly bluish instead of maroon; blue nuchal band broader and less mixed with green; red color of rump and abdomen somewhat darker and duller, and under parts in general more tinged with bluish.

Type No. 52,830, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Jaraquiel, Bolivar, Colombia, March 7, 1916; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

### Eupsychortyx cristatus littoralis subsp. nov.

Similar to Eupsychortyx cristatus horvathi von Madarász, but upper back averaging less decidedly rufescent; superciliary and malar stripes much mixed with antique brown, and lower throat also more or less tinged with the same color.

Type No. 38,151, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Mamotoco, Santa Marta, Colombia, August 28, 1911; M. A. Carriker, Jr.

# Eupsychortyx decoratus sp. nov.

Similar in general to Eupsychortyx leucopogon Gould, but somewhat paler above, and the entire throat rich orange chestnut, leaving only the extreme chin whitish or buffy. Breast orange chestnut, concolor with the throat, spotted with black and white, the sides and flanks very heavily marked with orange chestnut.

Type No. 51,975, Collection Carnegie Museum, adult male; Calamar, Bolivar, Colombia, January 1, 1916, M. A. Carriker, Jr.