# The Secrets of Zinnias Revealed

Alexa Wright, Julia Kornegay, Travis Hootman, John Dole



**NC STATE** UNIVERSITY

# Zinnia Production and Postharvest



- Cultivars
- Production
- Postharvest
- Future Breeding of new zinnias

## Zinnia: Cultivars

# Benary Giants – most individual colors:

- Bright Pink
- Carmine Rose
- Coral
- Deep Red
- Deep Rose
- Golden Yellow
- Lime
- Orange
- Purple
- Salmon Rose
- Scarlet
- White
- Wine





# 'Sun Cherry', 'Gold', 'Red'









American Takii









Genesis Seed



## Zinnia 'Oklahoma'





14+ day vase life, Benary





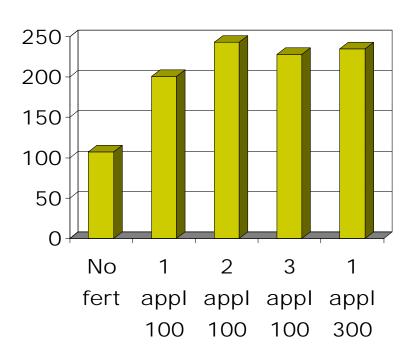


'Cupcake Orange' /' Yellow' Vaselife: 9-10 days

## **Production: Fertilization**



#### Harvested stems (no.)

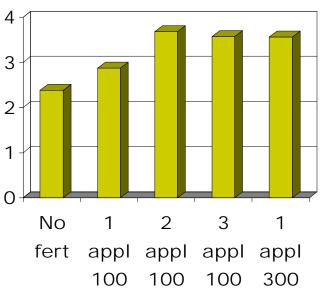


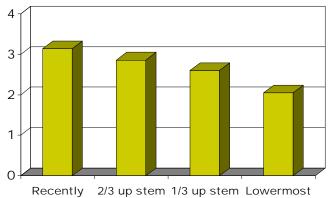
appl = application

100 = 100 lb/acre nitrogen

300 = 300 lb/acre nitrogen

#### Tissue N level (%)



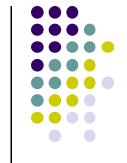


mature 2/3 up stem 1/3 up stem Lowermos

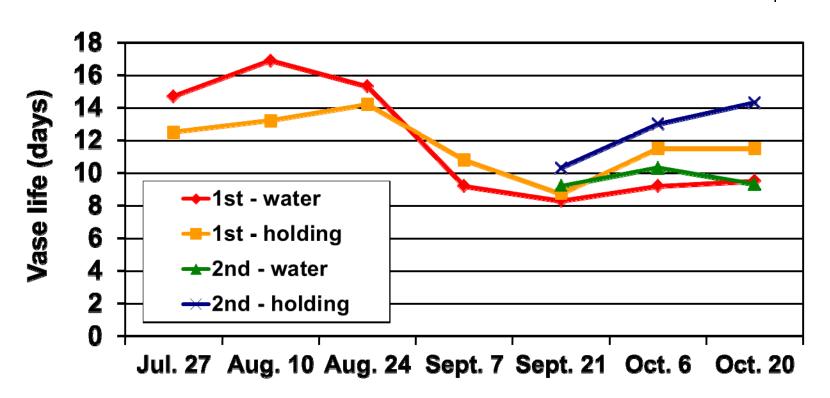




	Water		Hydrator (4 hrs)		Holding duration
	Water	Holding	Water	Holding	
Benary's Giant Wine	8	10	8	9	2 days
Queen Red Lime	6	8	6	9	2 days
Red Beauty	8	9	8	9	2 days
Benary's Giant Lime	24	16	20	1	Continuous
Oklahoma Carmine	19	17	20	18	Continuous
Oklahoma Yellow	22	22	24	22	Continuous
Sun Cherry	12	7	13	7	Continuous
Sun Gold	11	9	12	8	Continuous
Uproar Rose	23	16	25	15	Continuous
Zowie Yellow Flame	33	22	31	21	Continuous

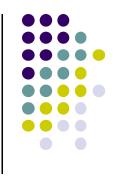


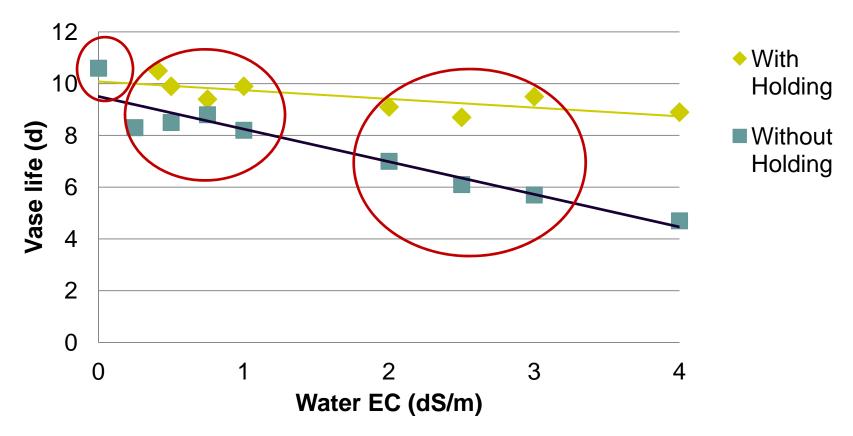
## **Postharvest: Seasonality**



Harvest date

## **Postharvest: Water EC**

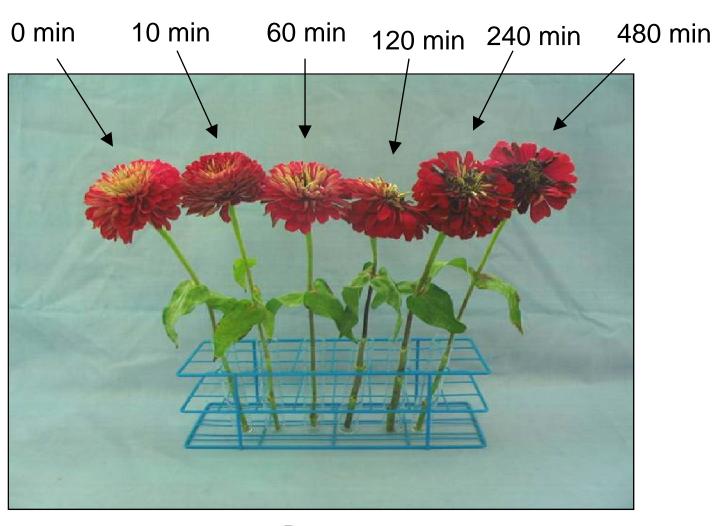




- Increasing EC reduced vase life
- Holding solution helped to mediate the negative effects of high EC on vase life

# **Postharvest: Drying Time After Recutting**

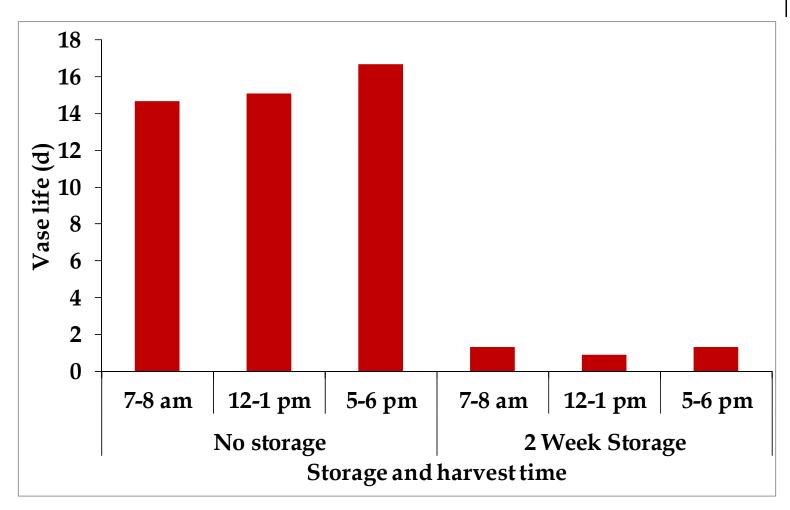




Day 11

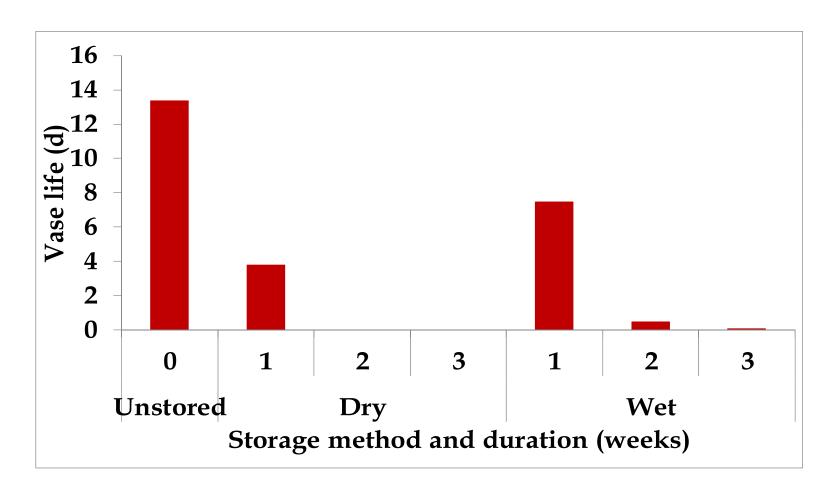
# Postharvest: Harvest Time and Storage





# Postharvest: Storage Method and Duration





## **Postharvest: Summary**



- Erratic results
- Cold damage
  - Yes, if stored at 36F for one week
  - No, if stored for 1 to 3 days at 34 to 36F

#### Flower foods

- 2-day pulse of holding solution improved vase life
- Shorter vase life and petal damage sometimes occurs when stems are kept in holding solution too long or when a hydrator is followed by a holding solution

#### Water

- Low EC
- pH doesn't matter

## **Postharvest: Summary**



- Harvest and Storage
  - Afternoon harvests slightly lengthens vase life
  - Zinnia doesn't store well, regardless of wet or dry storage
- Handling
  - Can tolerate being out of the water for as long as 2 hours
  - Recut if dry, don't recut if stems are not out of the water
- "Dirty" flower that is sensitive to bacteria cleanliness is very important



## **Germplasm Resources**

- Tolerate
  - Summer heat
  - Drought
- Vary in height
- Flowers
  - High diversity in form
  - Wide range of solid and bicolors
  - Attract butterflies, bees, and hummingbirds
- Disease resistance



## **Zinnia Systematics**

# Subgenus *Diplothrix* (20)

- Z. juniperifolia
- Z. citrea
- Z. acerosa
- Z. oligantha
- Z. grandifolia
- Z. anomala

## Subgenus Zinnia

### **Section Mendezia (22)**

- Z. angustifolia
- Z. maritima
- Z. greggii
- Z. bicolor
- Z. purpusii
- Z. tenella
- Z. leucoglossa
- Z. littoralis

### **Section Zinnia (24)**

- Z. violacea
- Z. haageana
- Z. peruviana
- Z. tenuifolia



## **Zinnia Systematics**

### Subgenus Diplothrix (20)

- Z. juniperifolia
- Z. citrea
- Z. acerosa
- Z. oligantha
- Z. grandifolia
- Z. anomala

### Subgenus Zinnia

#### Section Mendezia (22)

- Z. angustifolia
- Z. maritima
- Z. greggii
- Z. bicolor
- Z. purpusii
- Z. tenella
- Z. leucoglossa
- Z. littoralis

### **Section Zinnia (24)**

- Z. violacea
- Z. haageana
- Z. peruviana
- Z. tenuifolia



## **Powdery Mildew**



- Fungal disease
- First appears in August or September
- Scattered circular white powdery-looking spots on the leaves
- Ruins or even kills the plant



## **Bacterial Leaf and Flower Spot**



- Can develop at anytime
- Characterized by angular red brown leaf spots
- Often affects newly transplanted or emerged seedlings
- Heavily spotted tissues wither and die



## **Alternaria Blight**



- Late summer early fall fungal disease
- Circular in shape with reddish brown to purple margins and grey-white centers
- Heavily spotted tissues wither and die



## **Germplasm Disease Ratings**

Zinnia species	Cultivar	Powdery mildew	Bacterial leaf and flower spot
violacea	Benary Giant Lime	S	S
violacea	Benary Giant Scarlet	S	I/S
violacea	Zowie Yellow Flame	S	S
violacea	State Fair Mix	S	1
haageana	Aztec Sunset	ı	R/I
haageana	Jazzy Mix	I/S	R/I
haageana	Chippendale	ı	R
tenuifolia	Red Spider	I/S	R/I
peruviana	PI410405	I/S	R
angustifolia	Cascade Beauties Yellow	HR	HR
angustifolia	Crystal White	HR	HR
angustifolia	Starbright	HR	HR

S= susceptible, I= intermediate, R= resistant, HR= highly resistant

## Example of *Z. marylandica*

- Hybrid of Z. angustifolia and Z. violacea
- Highly disease resistant
- Compact bedding plants
  - Too short for cut flower use
- Flower all season
- Moderate heat and drought tolerance



## **Drought Tolerance**





- Many cultivars advertised as drought and heat tolerant
- Few studies on drought and heat tolerance

## **Breeding Goals**

- Utilization of the germplasm
- Interspecific hybridization
- Disease resistant cut flower types
- Drought and heat tolerant cut flower types



## **Breeding Challenges**





- Much of the genetic diversity is not well known
- Interspecific incompatibility and infertile hybrids

## Support

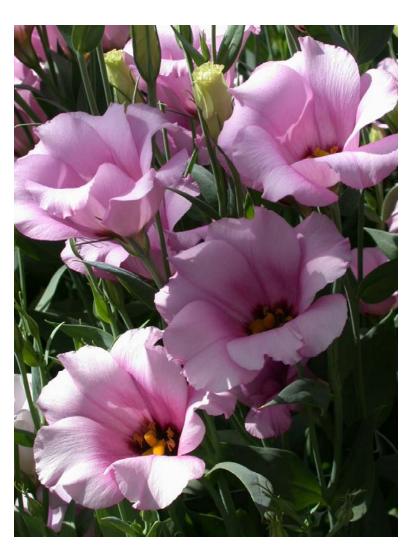
- ASCFG Research Fund
- American Floral Endowment
- Hill Foundation

- Numerous plant material suppliers
- Pokon Chrysal
- Floralife
- Coor Farm Supply
- Dillon Plastics, Fafard, Berger, Scotts



## The Cut Flower Crew (CFC)





- Ingram McCall
- Diane Mays
- Iftikhar Ahmad
- Alicain Carlson
- Brigitte Crawford

