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Environmental Assessment Determinations and Compliance Findings for HUD-assisted Projects 24 CFR Part 58

Project Information

Project Name: Communications Tower in Southeast Austin Fire Station 1101

Responsible Entity: City of Austin, TX

Grant Recipient (if different than Responsible Entity):

State/Local Identifier: B-16-DH-48-001; CDBG-DR

Preparer: Michael Simpson

Certifying Officer Name and Title: Rey Arellano, Assistant City Manager

Grant Recipient (if different than Responsible Entity):

Consultant (if applicable): Motorola Preliminary Professional, Engineering and Design Services; Enertech Resources, LLC Environmental Administrative Services

Direct Comments to: Michael Simpson, Wireless Program Services Manager

Project Location: Fire Station 1101, 9019 Elroy Road Del Valle, TX 78617, Lat: 30-07-17.82N; Long: 97-37-58.95 W (NAD 83)

Description of the Proposed Project [24 CFR 50.12 & 58.32; 40 CFR 1508.25]: The proposed project consists of the construction of an emergency radio communications tower on behalf of the City of Austin. The tower will be a 182' self-support structure, equipped with FAA required lighting. The compound for the tower will be gravel paved, surrounded with metal fencing, and include an equipment shed, generator shelter, and a 499-gallon diesel fuel tank attached to a concrete pad with secondary containment. The compound for the tower will be accessed through an existing driveway and parking lot located within the property boundary of Fire Station 1101. The subject property is owned by Travis County Emergency Service District #11. Following completion of environmental review, the City of Austin and Travis County Emergency Services District 11 will discuss land use agreements for the tower placement. The proposed tower location has existing fire safety and training buildings to the east of the location. North of the proposed tower location is a box storage container. As the project is considered a critical action all associated equipment shelters, generators, and diesel storage must be elevated and/or floodproofed a minimum of 3 feet above the nearest base flood elevation. The subject property is located entirely within Zone X per FEMA panel 48453C0710J, effective on 01/06/2016. The subject property shows a ground elevation of approximately 597' Due to the topographic gradient and significant elevation change between the Zone A location and the subject property the subject site has little potential to be affected by flooding. As Zone A flood plains do not have a base flood elevation (BFE) determined GPD Group used the Estimated Base Flood Elevation (estBFE) tool available through FEMA. Based on the estBFE tool the nearest .2 percent (500 year) base flood elevation to the subject property is 554'. As the subject property shows an elevation of 597' and the nearest estimated base flood elevation is reported at 554' any equipment installed will be more than 40 feet above the nearest base flood elevation thus meeting the requirements established for critical actions.

Statement of Purpose and Need for the Proposal [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]: The proposed project is needed to improve the public safety and public service radio communications systems related for local government responses to calls for service from the public. It will add much needed additional radio signal coverage and system capacity in southeast Travis County.

Existing Conditions and Trends [24 CFR 58.40(a)]: The project area is a small grass patch near existing storage shipping containers and a structure used for fire safety training. The permanent structures to the east of the project location are used for fire safety and training practices. The structure to the north of the proposed location is a non-permanent storage container. The proposed project will improve E-911 and internal emergency responder communication. Based on the site evaluation there are no negative impacts anticipated to the environment due to the proposed project. The proposed site design will comply with established FCC guidelines related to RF Emissions exposure (47 CFR Section 1.1301). The City of Austin recognized a need for the proposed self-support tower and subsequent collocation of antennas to provide more system capacity and effective radio signal propagation for coverage of the target LMI census tract areas. Through the construction of this tower and enhancement of the communications system public-safety first responders, as well as public-service agencies (water, electric, transportation, watershed protection, animal control, resource recovery, etc.), within Travis County will have a more robust dedicated network, enabling more effective communication in delivery services to members of the public.

Funding Information

Grant Number	HUD Program	Funding Amount
B-16-DH-48-0001	CDBG-DR	\$4,860,508.73

Estimated Total HUD Funded Amount: \$4,860,508.73

Estimated Total Project Cost (HUD and non-HUD funds) [24 CFR 58.32(d)]: \$4,860,508.7

Compliance with 24 CFR 50.4, 58.5, and 58.6 Laws and Authorities

Record below the compliance or conformance determinations for each statute, executive order, or regulation. Provide credible, traceable, and supportive source documentation for each authority. Where applicable, complete the necessary reviews or consultations and obtain or note applicable permits of approvals. Clearly note citations, dates/names/titles of contacts, and page references. Attach additional documentation as appropriate.

Compliance Factors: Statutes, Executive Orders, and Regulations listed at 24 CFR §58.5 and §58.6	Are formal compliance steps or mitigation required?	Compliance determinations
STATUTES, EXECUTIVE OI and 58.6	RDERS, AND R	REGULATIONS LISTED AT 24 CFR 50.4
Airport Hazards 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart D	Yes No	Federal Aviation Administration study 2019- ASW-262-OE of No Hazard was released on 2/14/2019 and extended on 7/22/2020. The project is not within 2,500 feet of a civilian airport nor within 15,000 feet of a military airport. See airport location map and Airport Hazards review. The project meets FAA No Hazard To Aviation Requirements (see attached determination).
Coastal Barrier Resources Coastal Barrier Resources Act, as amended by the Coastal Barrier Improvement Act of 1990 [16 USC 3501]	Yes No	Travis County is not associated nor located near any Coastal Barrier Resources. Fire Station 1101 is approximately 141 miles from the nearest Texas Coastal Barrier Unit. Therefore, this project has no potential to impact and is in compliance with the Coastal

		Barrier Resources Act. See attached map for reference.
Flood Insurance Flood Disaster Protection Act of 1973 and National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994 [42 USC 4001-4128 and 42 USC 5154a] STATUTES, EXECUTIVE O	Yes No	Located in flood zone X. FEMA Firm panel 48453C0710J effective 1/6/2016. Flood insurance is not required under Part 58. The City of Austin participates in FEMA's National Flood Program; however, the project does not require flood insurance. The project is in compliance with Flood Insurance requirements. Please see attached FEMA map for reference.
& 58.5		
Clean Air Clean Air Act, as amended, particularly section 176(c) & (d); 40 CFR Parts 6, 51, 93	Yes No	The project does not include new construction or conversion of land use facilitating the development of public, commercial, or industrial facilities of five or more dwelling units. Therefore, this project includes no activities that would require further evaluation under the Clean Air Act. On November 16, 2017, the EPA designated the majority of Texas, including Travis, Williamson, Bastrop, Hays, and Caldwell Counties, as attainment/unclassifiable for the 2015 eight-hour ozone NAAQS, with an effective date of January 16, 2018. The installation of a communications tower will not create any air quality conditions. The project is in compliance with the Clean Air Act.
Coastal Zone Management Coastal Zone Management Act, sections 307(c) & (d)	Yes No	Travis County is not located in the Coastal Zone Management area. Fire Station 1101 is located more than 100 miles from any counties associated with Coastal Zone Management. Project is in compliance with the Coastal Zone Management Act. Please reference attached map.
Contamination and Toxic Substances 24 CFR Part 50.3(i) & 58.5(i)(2)	Yes No	The results of the Phase 1 environmental site assessment (ESA) showed no recognized environmental concerns for this site. The Phase 1 was conducted as a preliminary

		environmental review of existing site conditions as the location is not owned and maintained by the City of Austin and is currently occupied by an operational Fire Station. There were no indications of pre- existing contaminants or suspected environmental concerns with the site location necessitating the assessment. The site visit confirmed there were no indications of pre-existing contaminants or recognized environmental concerns. There was no evidence of distressed soil or vegetation at the subject property. At the time of the site visit the subject property consisted weed/grass area and of a wood pile and charcoal/ash piles, indicative of a controlled burn area overseen by the fire department. There was no evidence of recognized environmental concerns associated with the subject property, and no recommendations
		for further testing. A radius report completed by GeoSearch is attached showing existing environmental conditions, distances, and mapped areas with potential environmental issues. The subject property has no mapped or noted environmental concerns. Please reference site photographs and attached site visit checklist.
Endangered Species Endangered Species Act of 1973, particularly section 7; 50 CFR Part 402	Yes No	The project is located in Travis County, Texas. Based on the Official Species List published by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service on the Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system, the following species are listed as being present in Travis County, Texas:
		Federal Listing: Birds:
		Golden-cheeked Warbler- Federally Endangered, No critical habitat for this species
		Least Tern- Federally Endangered, No critical habitat for this species. Only to be considered for wind energy project.

 Piping Plover- Federally Threatened, there is final critical habitat for this species. The project location is outside the critical habitat. Only to be considered for wind energy projects. Red Knot- Federally Threatened, No critical habitat for this species. Only to be considered for wind energy projects. Whooping Crane- Federally Endangered, there is final critical habitat for this species. The project location is outside the critical
habitat. There will be no tree removal and the area is
previously developed/disturbed.
Amphibians:
Austin Blind Salamander- Federally Endangered, there is final critical habitat for this species. The project location is outside the critical habitat.
Barton Springs Salamander- Federally Endangered, No critical habitat for this species.
Jollyville Plateau Salamander- Federally Threatened, there is final critical habitat for this species. The project location is outside the critical habitat.
Clams:
Texas Fatmucket- Candidate Species, No critical habitat for this species
Texas Fawnsfoot- Candidate Species, No critical habitat for this species
Texas Pimpleback- Candidate Species, No critical habitat for this species
Insects:
Kretschmarr Cave Mold Beetle- Federally Endangered, No critical habitat for this species
Tooth Cave Ground Beetle- Federally Endangered, No critical habitat for this species
Arachnids:

Bee Creek Cave Harvestman- Federally Endangered, No critical habitat for this species
Bone Cave Harvestman- Federally Endangered, No critical habitat for this species
Tooth Cave Pseudoscorpion- Federally Endangered, No critical habitat for this species
Tooth Cave Spider- Federally Endangered, No critical habitat for this species
Flowering Plants:
Bracted Twistflower- Candidate Species, No critical habitat for this species
No suitable habitats for the listed species were identified, therefore the project would have no effect on federally listed, threatened, or endangered species. A Federal agency is not required to consult with the USFWS if it determines an action will not affect listed species or critical habitat. The IPaC Official Species List is attached for reference. This project is in compliance with the Endangered Species Act.
State Listed Species:
Amphibians:
Austin Blind Salamander – reference federal listing review.
Barton Springs Salamander – reference federal listing review
Jollyville Plateau Salamander – reference federal listing review
Strecker's Chorus Frog – no critical habitat for this species
Woodhouse's Toad – no critical habitat for this species
Arachnids:
Bandit cave spider - no critical habitat for this species
Bone Cave Harvestman - reference federal listing review.

Texella Grubbsi – no critical habitat for this species
Texella spinoperca – no critical habitat for this species
Tartarocreagris infernalis – no critical habitat for this species
Tartarocreagris intermedia – no critical habitat for this species
Tartarocreagris attenuate – no critical habitat for this species
Tartarocreagris domina – no critical habitat for this species
Tartarocreagris Proserpina – no critical habitat for this species
Cicurina travisae – no critical habitat for this species
Eidmannella reclusa – no critical habitat for this species
Texella reddelli – no critical habitat for this species
Tooth Cave pseudoscorpion - reference federal listing review.
Tooth Cave spider - reference federal listing review.
Birds:
Bald Eagle – Threatened status, subject site location not suitable habitat.
Black Rail – Threatened status, subject site location not suitable habitat.
Black Capped Vireo – subject site location not suitable habitat
Franklin's Gull – migrates through Texas, subject site location not suitable habitat
Golden Cheeked Warbler – reference federal listing review.
Interior Least Tern – Endangered status, subject site location not suitable habitat.
Mountain Plover – subject site location not suitable habitat

		 Piping Plover – reference federal listing review. Swallow Tailed Kite – Threatened status, subject site location not suitable habitat Western Burrowing Owl – roosts in abandoned burrows subject site location is not suitable habitat White faced ibis – Threatened status, subject site location is not suitable habitat Whooping Crane – reference federal listing review Wood Stork – Threatened status, subject site location is not suitable habitat Zone Tailed Hawk – Threatened status, subject site location is not suitable habitat Zone Tailed Hawk – Threatened status, subject site location is not suitable habitat The United States Fish and Wildlife Service Migratory Bird Program, released best practices for Communication Towers in March, 2021. The proposed site is under 199' AGL, avoids wetlands, coastal areas, ridgelines, and other known bird concentration areas. The proposed tower is free standing and will not require guyed wires. Lighting will be completed to meet Federal Aviation Administration requirements. The proposed tower design meets the recommendations provided by the USFWS. The entirety of the proposed property is located within previously disturbed land, with no known suitable habitat. There is no tree or shrub removal associated with the
		with no known suitable habitat. There is no
Explosive and Flammable Hazards 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart C	Yes No	The project does not involve the development of a hazardous facility, however an above ground storage tank with secondary containment is proposed. The

		above ground storage tank is proposed to hold 499 gallons of diesel fuel and would be used for back-up emergency power and elevated to 3 feet above the estimated BFE as required for Critical Actions. The addition of the tower and subsequent emergency generator will not increase congregation at the training buildings therefore ASD calculations are not required. The back-up power solution is needed to ensure emergency communications are uninterrupted during power outages. Diesel has a flashpoint of 140 degrees F (60 degrees C) and is classified as a combustible liquid. The project is in compliance with Explosive and Flammable Hazards.
Farmlands Protection Farmland Protection Policy Act of 1981, particularly sections 1504(b) and 1541; 7 CFR Part 658	Yes No	According to the soil survey map which is attached for reference there is one type of soil within the project area, BtB (Burleson gravelly clay). Access to the site is through an existing driveway. The proposed tower site and compound would sit on previously disturbed land that contained a wood pile and, compacted dirt, and a mixture of wild grass and weeds. The project is in compliance with the Farmland Protection Policy Act.
Floodplain Management Executive Order 11988, particularly section 2(a); 24 CFR Part 55	Yes No	The entirety of the project is located in flood zone X. FEMA Firm panel 48453C0710J effective 1/6/2016. Therefore, there will be no impact to floodplain management associated with the project development. As the proposed is considered a critical action all equipment associated with construction is required to be elevated and/or floodproofed at least 3 feet above the nearest base flood elevation (BFE) per available FEMA information. Using the FEMA estimated BFE tool, a flood elevation of 554 feet was provided. The subject property shows an elevation of 597 feet. As the subject property is more than 40 feet higher in elevation than the estimated BFE the site will be in compliance with the requirements associated with critical actions. Please see attached

		FEMA FIRM map and the estimated BFE documentation. The project is in compliance with Floodplain Management.
Historic Preservation National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800	Yes No	According to a review of the Texas Historical Commission Historic Sites Atlas, no historic sites are located in the vicinity of the project areas. A Historic Sites Atlas Map is attached. The Texas Historical Commission (THC) was consulted. The THC provided concurrence on March 20, 2020 for both above-ground resources and archaeology. No Historic Properties present was the finding. THC concurrence letter is attached for reference.
		Tribal Directory Assessment Tool (TDAT) was used to identify federally recognized tribes to consult with that have an interest in projects located in Travis County. Tribal nations consulted include: Comanche Nation of Oklahoma, Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana, Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma, Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas, Apache Tribe of Oklahoma, and Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakonie) of Oklahoma. The City of Austin provided no responses from the tribal nations that were consulted. Tribal consultation is attached for reference.
		Based on Section 106 consultation there are no Historic Properties Affected. In compliance with THC if buried cultural materials are encountered during construction or disturbance activities, work will cease in the immediate area and THC's Archaeology Division will be contacted to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect the cultural remains. The project is in compliance with Section 106.
Noise Abatement and Control Noise Control Act of 1972, as amended by the Quiet Communities Act of 1978; 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart B	Yes No	The project does not involve construction for residential use, a rehabilitation of existing residential properties, or a research demonstration. Therefore, this project does not include activities that would require further evaluation under HUD's noise

		regulation. The project is in compliance with
		HUD's Noise regulation.
Sole Source Aquifers Safe Drinking Water Act of 1974, as amended, particularly section 1424(e); 40 CFR Part 149	Yes No	The project site is approximately 12 miles west of the Edwards Aquifer II (Austin Area) SSA Artesian Zone, please see attached map for reference. Based on the distance from the aquifer the project will have no impact and is in compliance with the Sole Source Aquifer requirements.
Wetlands Protection Executive Order 11990, particularly sections 2 and 5	Yes No	The National Wetlands Inventory data did not indicate the presence of potential wetlands at the project location. Additionally, the soil characteristics noted in the soil survey map and observed on site are not indicative of potential wetlands. A copy of the National Wetlands Inventory map is attached for reference. The project is in compliance with Executive Order 11990.
Wild and Scenic Rivers Wild and Scenic Rivers Act of 1968, particularly section 7(b) and (c)	Yes No	As shown on the attached Wild and Scenic Rivers map, this project is not within proximity of a National Wild and Scenic River System river. The project is in compliance with the Wild and Scenic Rivers Act.
ENVIRONMENTAL JUSTIC	E	
Environmental Justice Executive Order 12898	Yes No	The proposed project will not involve acquisition of property resulting in the relocation of residences or displacement of businesses. The project will not impact private property and will not divide or isolate existing neighborhoods. Therefore, while minority and low-income populations are present near the proposed project area, the proposed project will not result in adverse impacts to these populations, the tower project will enhance underserved communities by improving critical infrastructure and communications support for City of Austin and Travis County First Responders, and public-service agencies. No adverse environmental impacts were identified in the project's total environmental review. The Environmental Justice Screen (EJ Screen) report for the project area is

	attached for reference. The project is incompliance with Executive Order	
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Environmental Assessment Factors [24 CFR 58.40; Ref. 40 CFR 1508.8 &1508.27] Recorded below is the qualitative and quantitative significance of the effects of the proposal on the character, features and resources of the project area. Each factor has been evaluated and documented, as appropriate and in proportion to its relevance to the proposed action. Verifiable source documentation has been provided and described in support of each determination, as appropriate. Credible, traceable and supportive source documentation for each authority has been provided. Where applicable, the necessary reviews or consultations have been completed and applicable permits of approvals have been obtained or noted. Citations, dates/names/titles of contacts, and page references are clear. Additional documentation is attached, as appropriate. **All conditions, attenuation or mitigation measures have been clearly identified.**

Impact Codes: Use an impact code from the following list to make the determination of impact for each factor.

- (1) Minor beneficial impact
- (2) No impact anticipated
- (3) Minor Adverse Impact May require mitigation

(4) Significant or potentially significant impact requiring avoidance or modification which may require an Environmental Impact Statement

Environmental	Impact	
Assessment Factor	Code	Impact Evaluation
LAND DEVELO	PMENT	
Conformance with Plans / Compatible Land Use and Zoning / Scale and Urban Design	2	The proposed site will meet all zoning and planning requirements associated at the city, county, and state level.
Soil Suitability/ Slope/ Erosion/ Drainage/ Storm Water Runoff	2	Minimal grading will be accomplished for the compound. No impact is anticipated as the area appears to have previously been leveled for the exterior buildings.
Hazards and Nuisances including Site Safety and Noise	2	Site safety will be in accordance with all applicable OSHA regulations for construction sites. Best management practices will be included in contract specifications. Upon completion of construction no noise impacts are anticipated and there will be no hazards or nuisances associated with the constructed tower and compound.
Energy Consumption	2	For a non-occupied communications tower facility, the largest energy load is the climate control for the equipment shelter. High efficiency HVAC equipment will be required in design consideration.

Environmental Assessment Factor	Impact Code	Impact Evaluation		
SOCIOECONOMIC				
Employment and Income Patterns		There will be no impact to employment and income patterns. The proposed site is located within the property boundary of Fire Station 11		
Demographic Character Changes, Displacement	2	No displacement of people will occur. Nor will there be demographic character changes as a result of this project.		

Environmental	Impact				
Assessment Factor	Code	Impact Evaluation			
COMMUNITY FACILITIES AND SERVICES					
Educational and	2	Project will not impact any educational or cultural facilities			
Cultural Facilities		as the proposed site is located within the property boundary of Fire Station 11			
Commercial	2	Project will not impact any commercial facilities as the			
Facilities		proposed site is located within the property boundary of Fire Station 11			
Health Care and	2	Project will not impact any health care or social service			
Social Services		facilities as the proposed site is located within the property boundary of Fire Station 11			
Solid Waste	2	Project will not require solid waste services			
Disposal / Recycling					
Wastewater /	2	Project will not require wastewater/sanitary services.			
Sanitary Sewers					
Water Supply	2	Project will not require water services			
Public Safety -	1	Project will enhance radio and communication capability for			
Police, Fire and		public safety within Travis County.			
Emergency Medical					
Parks, Open Space	2	Project will not impact any parks or open space and			
and Recreation		recreation areas as the proposed site is located within the			
		property boundary of Fire Station 11			
Transportation and	2	Project will have no impact to traffic loading. Access will			
Accessibility		come from Elroy Road through the Fire Station 11.			

Environmental	Impact				
Assessment Factor	Code	Impact Evaluation			
NATURAL FEATURES					

Unique Natural Features,	2	There will be no impact to unique natural features or water resources as none are present in the direct APE.
Water Resources		
Vegetation, Wildlife	2	Project will have no impact on vegetation or wildlife, no critical habitats were found in completion of the IPaC. No tree removal is required for site completion.
Other Factors		

Additional Studies Performed: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment as land is not owned by the City of Austin, Federal Aviation Administration Determination of No Hazard, Cultural Resources Assessment completed by Terracon.

Field Inspection (Date and completed by): Matt Dickson 7/9/2020

List of Sources, Agencies and Persons Consulted [40 CFR 1508.9(b)]: THC, USFWS, HUD, FEMA, EPA, TPWD, TCEQ, NEP Assist, Texas Coastal Management Program, City of Austin Communications and Technology Department - Wireless Communication Services Division, Comanche Nation, Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana, Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma, Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas, Apache Tribe of Oklahoma, Wichita & Affiliated Tribes.

List of Permits Obtained:

The City of Austin has received an approved construction notice from the Federal Aviation Administration, indicating the proposed tower is not a danger to air navigation. COA has also been granted a 30-channel 800 MHz trunked radio system license by the Federal Communications Commission. Public safety towers within the city limits of Austin are exempted from compliance with the city tower ordinance.

Public Outreach [24 CFR 50.23 & 58.43]: N/A

Cumulative Impact Analysis [24 CFR 58.32]: The proposed Fire Station 1101 project is part of a communications upgrade for City of Austin-Travis County public safety and public service responders. Additional tower locations are currently being evaluated for other radio system upgrades. The site design associated with Fire Station 1101 shows as providing no negative impact to the surrounding community and environment. COA Wireless Communication Services

Division staff could find no pending other radio tower projects, multistory building projects, or any other planned construction activities or structures that would block, hamper, or otherwise impact the desired radio signal propagation from this location.

Alternatives [24 CFR 58.40(e); 40 CFR 1508.9] The criteria for site selection included ground elevation, neighboring property uses, accessibility to roadways, and public communications improvement areas. Due to the disturbance at the proposed site location and the existing access route to reach the site it was determined that Fire Station 1101 was the most viable location for the proposed self-support tower. Two other location were evaluated but rejected due to unacceptable factors that were identified during the site selection process. One was Travis County Emergency Services Fire Station 1102 at 4010 FM-1327, Buda, TX. It was determined that the eventual height of an adjacent sanitary landfill would interfere with intended microwave network radio transmissions that needed to shoot across the top of the landfill so that the proposed FS1102 tower could communicate to an existing radio tower in south Austin. The second site that was evaluated and rejected was a privately-owned track near 11202 Thaxton Road, Austin, TX. It was determined that the landowner wanted the tower to be situated in a location more distant from the adjoining public road that desirable to the City of Austin. This meant a longer access road would be required, exceeding City of Austin impervious cover limitations on the property, resulting in a potentially expensive remediation process in excess of available funding.

No Action Alternative [24 CFR 58.40(e)]: Based on the site-specific review there are no known adverse effects to the human environment. The proposed site will provide critical infrastructure and communications support for City of Austin and Travis County First Responders, and public-service agencies. Not moving forward with this tower project would mean that the LMI families living in the targeted census tracts would continue to be underserved by insufficient public-safety and public-service agency radio communications channels and capacity, particularly important during major weather events such as the flooding that occurred in 2015.

Summary of Findings and Conclusions: The project site location is suitable from an environmental standpoint and meets the purpose and need of the surrounding community and first responders. The review shows that there are no impacts to the environment based on the proposed site design and plan.

The subject location provides existing utility infrastructure to attain power, existing access road thus minimizing ground disturbing activity, and previously disturbed land for the location of the tower and compound.

Mitigation Measures and Conditions [40 CFR 1505.2(c)]

Summarize below all mitigation measures adopted by the Responsible Entity to reduce, avoid, or eliminate adverse environmental impacts and to avoid non-compliance or non-conformance with the above-listed authorities and factors. These measures/conditions must be incorporated into project contracts, development agreements, and other relevant documents. The staff responsible for implementing and monitoring mitigation measures should be clearly identified in the mitigation plan.

The proposed site location was chosen to avoid impacts to natural settings. Specifically, access will be provided through the existing parking lot/access for Fire Station 1101. The tower location has been utilized for controlled burning of pallets and does not appear to be suitable habitat for species. No tree or shrub removal is needed to facilitate the proposed tower location. Additionally, the proposed tower site utilizes design criteria that were established by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service Migratory Bird Program such as remaining under 199', being a free-standing structure, and not being located on a ridgeline or near a wetland feature. Utilizing an above ground diesel storage tank for back-up power is necessary to ensure public safety communication is not disrupted during any emergency situations. The use of secondary containment provides additional safety measures to prevent spilling/leakage of the diesel. The fire department utilizes buildings to the east of the proposed site for fire safety and training purposes. The location of the above ground storage tank for back-up power is depicted in the western section of the compound, allowing distance from the fire training building. As the project is considered a critical action, all installed equipment shelters, generators, and diesel storage will be elevated a minimum of 3 feet above the nearest ascertainable base flood elevation (BFE) or floodproofed. As the entirety of the proposed project is located within Zone X per FEMA panel 48453C0710J, effective on 01/06/2016 the FEMA Estimated BFE tool was utilized to find the nearest BFE within a mapped flood plain. The nearest flood zone (Zone A) is approximately 1100 feet to the south of the subject property. The FEMA Estimated BFE shows as 554 feet at the Zone A location. The subject property shows a ground elevation of 597 feet. As the subject property is more than 40 feet above the nearest estimated BFE the design of the proposed tower and all associated equipment will meet the requirements established for critical actions.

Law, Authority, or Factor	Mitigation Measure
The United States Fish and Wildlife Service Migratory Bird Program (Endangered Species Act of 1973)	The tower is proposed under 199 feet and is free- standing. Additionally, the site is not located near a ridgeline or wetlands feature. The tower follows the guidelines established by the Migratory Bird Program of the USFWS. No tree or shrub removal is required for the construction of the proposed site.
Explosive & Flammable Hazards 24 CFR Part 51 Subpart C	The proposed generator has secondary containment and will be installed using all applicable OSHA requirements. All generator set manufacturers recommend checks to be performed when the generator is in stand-by mode and when the generator is operating under loaded conditions. Stand-by checks can include fluid checks and loading of generator at given times. The City of Austin will complete a generator check on a two-month interval to ensure proper functioning and the generator is free of leaks.
Floodplain Management	All equipment associated with construction is required to be elevated and/or floodproofed at least 3 feet above the nearest base flood elevation (BFE) per available FEMA information. Using the FEMA estimated BFE tool, a flood elevation of 554 feet was provided. The subject property shows an elevation of 597 feet. The tower structure is floodproofed by design. The equipment shelter, generator, and diesel storage tank will be elevated more than 40 feet above the nearest BFE due to the topographic nature/elevation of the subject site.
Historic Preservation National Historic Preservation Act of 1966, particularly sections 106 and 110; 36 CFR Part 800	In compliance with THC, if buried cultural materials are encountered during construction or disturbance activities, work will cease in the immediate area and THC's Archaeology Division will be contacted to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect the cultural remains.

Determination:

Finding of No Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(1); 40 CFR 1508.27] The project will not result in a significant impact on the quality of the human environment.

Finding of Significant Impact [24 CFR 58.40(g)(2); 40 CFR 1508.27] The project may significantly affect the quality of the human environment.

Preparer Signature:	_Date: 5/14/2021
Name/Title/Organization: <u>Matt Dickson/Project Manager/GPD Group</u>	
Certifying Officer Signature: Michael Simpson <u>Digitally signed by Michael Simpson</u> <u>Digitally signed by Michael Simpson</u> <u>Digitally</u>	Date: <u>5/14/21</u>
Name/Title: Michael Simpson, City of Austin Wireless Program Services Ma	anager

This original, signed document and related supporting material must be retained on file by the Responsible Entity in an Environmental Review Record (ERR) for the activity/project (ref: 24 CFR Part 58.38) and in accordance with recordkeeping requirements for the HUD program(s).



This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Airport Hazards (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/airport-hazards

- 1. To ensure compatible land use development, you must determine your site's proximity to civil and military airports. Is your project within 15,000 feet of a military airport or 2,500 feet of a civilian airport?
 - No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within the applicable distances to a military or civilian airport.
 - \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.
- 2. Is your project located within a Runway Potential Zone/Clear Zone (RPZ/CZ) or Accident Potential Zone (APZ)?

 \Box Yes, project is in an APZ \rightarrow Continue to Question 3.

 \Box Yes, project is an RPZ/CZ \rightarrow Project cannot proceed at this location.

□No, project is not within an APZ or RPZ/CZ

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within either zone.

3. Is the project in conformance with DOD guidelines for APZ?

□Yes, project is consistent with DOD guidelines without further action.

- → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documentation supporting this determination.
- \Box No, the project cannot be brought into conformance with DOD guidelines and has not been approved. \rightarrow *Project cannot proceed at this location.*

If mitigation measures have been or will be taken, explain in detail the proposed measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

Click here to enter text.

→ Work with the RE/HUD to develop mitigation measures. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documentation supporting this determination.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

Please see included imagery showing Austin-Bergstrom International Airport being approximately 4.15 miles from the proposed FS1101 location. Additionally the Federal Aviation Administration provided a Determination of No Hazard (study number 2019-ASW-262-OE) released on 02/14/2019 for the proposed tower location. The study was extended on 7/22/2020 and remains no hazard to flights.

unset Valley

Line	Path	Polygon	Circle	3D path	8	3D poly	
Measure	e the dista	nce between t	wo points c	on the gro	und		
	Map Leng	gth:		4.15 M	iles		•
Gr	ound Leng	gth:		4.15			
	Head	222		158.12 de			

Austin-Bergstrom International Airport

Thaxton Road Location

Creedmoor

© 2020 Google

Travis

FS1101 Location

Imagery Date: 11/22/2019 30°10'02.75" N 97°40'00.0



This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Coastal Barrier Resources (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/coastal-barrier-resources

		<u> </u>	· ·		
Alabama	Georgia	Massachusetts	New Jersey	Puerto Rico	Virgin Islands
Connecticut	Louisiana	Michigan	New York	Rhode Island	Virginia
Delaware	Maine	Minnesota	North Carolina	South Carolina	Wisconsin
Florida	Maryland	Mississippi	Ohio	Texas	

Projects located in the following states must complete this form.

1. Is the project located in a CBRS Unit?

 \boxtimes No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within a CBRS Unit.

\Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to 2.

<u>Federal assistance for most activities may not be used at this location. You must either</u> <u>choose an alternate site or cancel the project.</u> In very rare cases, federal monies can be spent within CBRS units for certain exempted activities (e.g., a nature trail), after consultation with the Fish and Wildlife Service (FWS) (see <u>16 USC 3505</u> for exceptions to limitations on expenditures).

2. Indicate your recommended course of action for the RE/HUD

- □ Consultation with the FWS
- \Box Cancel the project

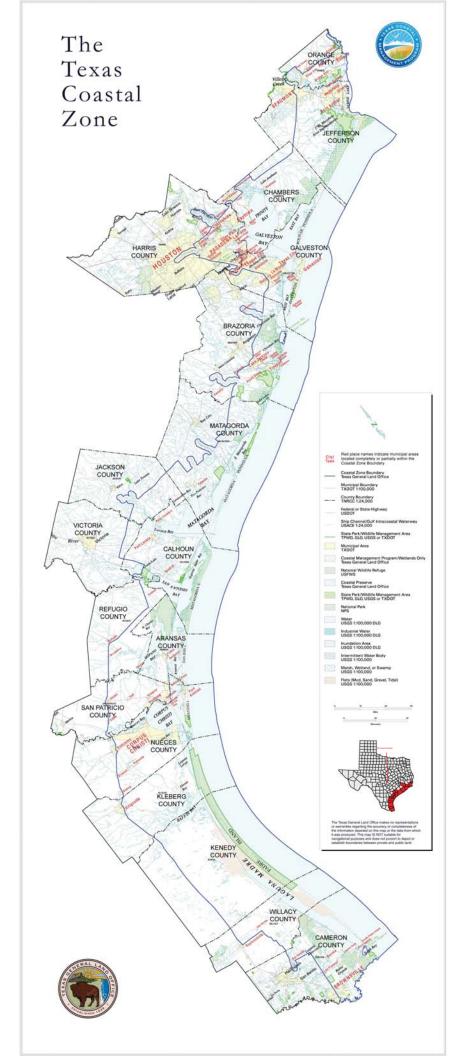
Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

Travis County is not included in the Texas Coastal Zone Map





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Flood Insurance (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/flood-insurance

1. Does this project involve mortgage insurance, refinance, acquisition, repairs, rehabilitation, or construction of a structure, mobile home, or insurable personal property?

 \Box No. This project does not require flood insurance or is excepted from flood insurance. \rightarrow Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

 \boxtimes Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.

2. Provide a FEMA/FIRM map showing the site.

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates floodplains. The <u>FEMA Map Service</u> <u>Center</u> provides this information in the form of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs).

Is the structure, part of the structure, or insurable property located in a FEMA-designated Special Flood Hazard Area?

 \boxtimes No \rightarrow Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

- \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 3.
- **3.** Is the community participating in the National Flood Insurance Program *or* has less than one year passed since FEMA notification of Special Flood Hazards?
 - Yes, the community is participating in the National Flood Insurance Program.
 Flood insurance is required. Provide a copy of the flood insurance policy declaration or a paid receipt for the current annual flood insurance premium and a copy of the application for flood insurance.

 \rightarrow Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

 Yes, less than one year has passed since FEMA notification of Special Flood Hazards.
 If less than one year has passed since notification of Special Flood Hazards, no flood Insurance is required.

ightarrow Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

No. The community is not participating, or its participation has been suspended.
 Federal assistance may not be used at this location. Cancel the project at this location.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

Per FEMA panel number 48453C0710J, effective on 01/06/2016 the proposed site is located in Zone X (Area Of Minimal Flood Hazard).



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Air Quality (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/air-quality

1. Does your project include new construction or conversion of land use facilitating the development of public, commercial, or industrial facilities OR five or more dwelling units?

 \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.

- \boxtimes No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Provide any documents used to make your determination.
- 2. Is your project's air quality management district or county in non-attainment or maintenance status for any criteria pollutants?

Follow the link below to determine compliance status of project county or air quality management district:

https://www.epa.gov/green-book

- No, project's county or air quality management district is in attainment status for all criteria pollutants
 - → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.
- □ Yes, project's management district or county is in non-attainment or maintenance status for one or more criteria pollutants. \rightarrow Continue to Question 3.
- 3. Determine the <u>estimated emissions levels of your project for each of those criteria pollutants</u> that are in non-attainment or maintenance status on your project area. Will your project exceed any of the *de minimis or threshold* emissions levels of non-attainment and maintenance level pollutants or exceed the screening levels established by the state or air quality management district?

 \Box No, the project will not exceed *de minimis* or threshold emissions levels or screening levels

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Explain how you determined that the project would not exceed de minimis or threshold emissions.

- □ Yes, the project exceeds *de minimis* emissions levels or screening levels.
 - → Continue to Question 4. Explain how you determined that the project would not exceed de minimis or threshold emissions in the Worksheet Summary.
- 4. For the project to be brought into compliance with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Explain in detail the exact measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

Click here to enter text.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

Subject site is proposed as an unmanned unoccupied communications tower and equipment shelter. On November 16, 2017, the EPA designated the majority of Texas, including Travis, Williamson, Bastrop, Hays, and Caldwell Counties, as attainment/unclassifiable for the 2015 eight-hour ozone NAAQS, with an effective date of January 16, 2018 (82 FR 54232)



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Coastal Zone Management Act (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/coastal-zone-managementh

	0				
Alabama	Florida	Louisiana	Mississippi	Ohio	Texas
Alaska	Georgia	Maine	New Hampshire	Oregon	Virgin Islands
American Samoa	Guam	Maryland	New Jersey	Pennsylvania	Virginia
California	Hawaii	Massachusetts	New York	Puerto Rico	Washington
Connecticut	Illinois	Michigan	North Carolina	Rhode Island	Wisconsin
Delaware	Indiana	Minnesota	Northern Mariana Islands	South Carolina	

Projects located in the following states must complete this form.

- 1. Is the project located in, or does it affect, a Coastal Zone as defined in your state Coastal Management Plan?
 - \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.
 - \boxtimes No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing that the site is not within a Coastal Zone.

2. Does this project include activities that are subject to state review?

- \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 3.
- □No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination.
- **3.** Has this project been determined to be consistent with the State Coastal Management Program? □Yes, with mitigation. → The RE/HUD must work with the State Coastal Management Program to develop mitigation measures to mitigate the impact or effect of the project.

 \Box Yes, without mitigation. \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination.

 \Box No \rightarrow <u>Project cannot proceed at this location</u>.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

Travis County is not located within the Texas Coastal Zone Map.



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Contamination and Toxic Substances (Single Family Properties) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/environmental-review/site-contamination

1. Evaluate the site for contamination. Were any on-site or nearby toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances found that could affect the health and safety of project occupants or conflict with the intended use of the property?

Provide a map or other documentation of absence or presence of contamination¹ and explain evaluation of site contamination in the Worksheet below.

\boxtimes No \rightarrow Explain below.

Environmental review data showed no recorded contamination on site. Site reconnaissance associated with the Phase I ESA also showed no toxic, hazardous, or radioactive substances.

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

 \Box Yes \rightarrow Describe the findings, including any recognized environmental conditions (RECs), in Worksheet Summary below. Continue to Question 2.

⊠ Check here if an ASTM Phase I Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) report was utilized. The results of the Phase 1 environmental site assessment (ESA) showed no recognized environmental concerns for this site. The Phase 1 was conducted as a preliminary environmental review of existing site conditions as the location is not owned and maintained by the City of Austin and is currently occupied by an operational Fire Station. There were no indications of pre-existing contaminants or suspected environmental concerns with the site location necessitating the assessment. A site visit was conducted and confirmed there were no indications of pre-existing contaminants or recognized environmental concerns. There was no evidence of distressed soil or vegetation at the subject property. At the time of the site visit the subject property consisted weed/grass area and of a wood pile and charcoal/ash piles, indicative of a controlled burn area overseen by the fire department.

¹ Utilize EPA's Enviromapper and state/tribal databases to identify nearby dumps, junk yards, landfills, hazardous waste sites, and industrial sites, including EPA National Priorities List Sites (Superfund sites), CERCLA or state-equivalent sites, RCRA Corrective Action sites with release(s) or suspected release(s) requiring clean-up action and/or further investigation. Additional supporting documentation may include other inspections and reports.

2. Can adverse environmental impacts be mitigated?

- \Box Adverse environmental impacts cannot feasibly be mitigated \rightarrow <u>HUD assistance may not be</u> used for the project at this site. Project cannot proceed at this location.
- □ Yes, adverse environmental impacts can be eliminated through mitigation. → Provide all mitigation requirements² and documents. Continue to Question 3.
- 3. Describe how compliance was achieved. Include any of the following that apply: State Voluntary Clean-up Program, a No Further Action letter, use of engineering controls³, or use of institutional controls⁴.

Click here to enter text.

If a remediation plan or clean-up program was necessary, which standard does it follow?

- □ Risk-based corrective action (RBCA)
- \rightarrow Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

Please see attached Radius report prepared by GeoSearch on July 17, 2020. The subject property had no mapped environmental concerns. Two state listed Petroleum Storage Tanks (PST), one Inustrial and Hazardous Waste Site (IHW), one City of Austin Underground Storage Tank (AUSTINUST). All mapped sites are .13 miles from the subject property or farther. Based on the regulatory records provided no adverse environmental impacts are anticipated for the subject property.

² Mitigation requirements include all clean-up actions required by applicable federal, state, tribal, or local law. Additionally, provide, as applicable, the long-term operations and maintenance plan, Remedial Action Work Plan, and other equivalent documents.

³ Engineering controls are any physical mechanism used to contain or stabilize contamination or ensure the effectiveness of a remedial action. Engineering controls may include, without limitation, caps, covers, dikes, trenches, leachate collection systems, signs, fences, physical access controls, ground water monitoring systems and ground water containment systems including, without limitation, slurry walls and ground water pumping systems.

⁴ Institutional controls are mechanisms used to limit human activities at or near a contaminated site, or to ensure the effectiveness of the remedial action over time, when contaminants remain at a site at levels above the applicable remediation standard which would allow for unrestricted use of the property. Institutional controls may include structure, land, and natural resource use restrictions, well restriction areas, classification exception areas, deed notices, and declarations of environmental restrictions.



Photograph 1. View facing south towards the Subject Property



Photograph 2. View facing east towards the Subject Property



Photograph 3. View facing west towards the Subject Property



Photograph 4. View facing north towards the Subject Property



Photograph 5. View facing west away from the Subject Property



Photograph 6. View facing east away from the Subject Property



Photograph 7. View facing south away from the Subject Property



Photograph 8. View facing north away from the Subject Property



Radius Report

GeoLens by GeoSearch

Target Property: Enertech- FS1101 Elroy Road Del Valle, Travis County, Texas 78617

Prepared For:

GPD Group-Dallas

Order #: 149787 Job #: 361705 Project #: 2020730.36 Date: 07/17/2020

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Zip Report



This report was designed by GeoSearch to meet or exceed the records search requirements of the All Appropriate Inquiries Rule (40 CFR \ddot{i}_{ℓ} /2312.26) and the current version of the ASTM International E1527, Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Process or, if applicable, the custom requirements requested by the entity that ordered this report. The records and databases of records used to compile this report were collected from various federal, state and local governmental entities. It is the goal of GeoSearch to meet or exceed the 40 CFR \ddot{i}_{ℓ} /2312.26 and E1527 requirements for updating records by using the best available technology. GeoSearch contacts the appropriate governmental entities on a recurring basis. Depending on the frequency with which a record source or database of records is updated by the governmental entity, the data used to prepare this report may be updated monthly, quarterly, semi-annually, or annually.

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Target Property Summary

Target Property Information

Enertech- FS1101 Elroy Road Del Valle, Texas 78617

Coordinates

Point (-97.633041, 30.121616) 594 feet above sea level

USGS Quadrangle

Creedmoor, TX

Geographic Coverage Information

County/Parish: Travis (TX) ZipCode(s): Del Valle TX: 78617 Austin TX: 78719



FEDERAL LISTING

Standard Environmental Records

Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	Search Radius (miles)
EMERGENCY RESPONSE NOTIFICATION SYSTEM	<u>ERNSTX</u>	0	0	TP/AP
FEDERAL ENGINEERING INSTITUTIONAL CONTROL SITES	<u>EC</u>	0	0	TP/AP
LAND USE CONTROL INFORMATION SYSTEM	<u>LUCIS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
RCRA SITES WITH CONTROLS	<u>RCRASC</u>	0	0	TP/AP
RESOURCE CONSERVATION & RECOVERY ACT - GENERATOR	RCRAGR06	0	0	0.1250
RESOURCE CONSERVATION & RECOVERY ACT - NON- GENERATOR	RCRANGR06	0	0	0.1250
BROWNFIELDS MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	<u>BF</u>	0	0	0.5000
DELISTED NATIONAL PRIORITIES LIST	<u>DNPL</u>	0	0	0.5000
NO LONGER REGULATED RCRA NON-CORRACTS TSD FACILITIES	<u>NLRRCRAT</u>	0	0	0.5000
RESOURCE CONSERVATION & RECOVERY ACT - NON-CORRACTS TREATMENT, STORAGE & DISPOSAL FACILITIES	<u>RCRAT</u>	0	0	0.5000
SUPERFUND ENTERPRISE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM	<u>SEMS</u>	0	0	0.5000
SUPERFUND ENTERPRISE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM ARCHIVED SITE INVENTORY	<u>SEMSARCH</u>	0	0	0.5000
NATIONAL PRIORITIES LIST	<u>NPL</u>	0	0	1.0000
NO LONGER REGULATED RCRA CORRECTIVE ACTION FACILITIES	<u>NLRRCRAC</u>	0	0	1.0000
PROPOSED NATIONAL PRIORITIES LIST	<u>PNPL</u>	0	0	1.0000
RESOURCE CONSERVATION & RECOVERY ACT - CORRECTIVE ACTION FACILITIES	RCRAC	0	0	1.0000
RESOURCE CONSERVATION & RECOVERY ACT - SUBJECT TO CORRECTIVE ACTION FACILITIES	<u>RCRASUBC</u>	0	0	1.0000
SUB-TOTAL		0	0	

Additional Environmental Records

Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	Search Radius (miles)
AEROMETRIC INFORMATION RETRIEVAL SYSTEM / AIR FACILITY SUBSYSTEM	<u>AIRSAFS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
BIENNIAL REPORTING SYSTEM	<u>BRS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
CERCLIS LIENS	<u>SFLIENS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
CLANDESTINE DRUG LABORATORY LOCATIONS	<u>CDL</u>	0	0	TP/AP
EPA DOCKET DATA	<u>DOCKETS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
ENFORCEMENT AND COMPLIANCE HISTORY INFORMATION	ECHOR06	0	0	TP/AP
FACILITY REGISTRY SYSTEM	<u>FRSTX</u>	0	0	TP/AP



				Search Radius
Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	(miles)
HAZARDOUS MATERIALS INCIDENT REPORTING SYSTEM	HMIRSR06	0	0	TP/AP
HAZARDOUS WASTE COMPLIANCE DOCKET FACILITIES	<u>HWCD</u>	0	0	TP/AP
INTEGRATED COMPLIANCE INFORMATION SYSTEM (FORMERLY DOCKETS)	<u>ICIS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
INTEGRATED COMPLIANCE INFORMATION SYSTEM NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM	<u>ICISNPDES</u>	0	0	TP/AP
MATERIAL LICENSING TRACKING SYSTEM	<u>MLTS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
NATIONAL POLLUTANT DISCHARGE ELIMINATION SYSTEM	NPDESR06	0	0	TP/AP
PCB ACTIVITY DATABASE SYSTEM	<u>PADS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
PERMIT COMPLIANCE SYSTEM	PCSR06	0	0	TP/AP
SEMS LIEN ON PROPERTY	<u>SEMSLIENS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
SSEHRI PFAS CONTAMINATION SITES	<u>SSEHRIPFAS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
SECTION SEVEN TRACKING SYSTEM	<u>SSTS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
TOXIC SUBSTANCE CONTROL ACT INVENTORY	<u>TSCA</u>	0	0	TP/AP
TOXICS RELEASE INVENTORY	<u>TRI</u>	0	0	TP/AP
ALTERNATIVE FUELING STATIONS	<u>ALTFUELS</u>	0	0	0.2500
FEMA OWNED STORAGE TANKS	<u>FEMAUST</u>	0	0	0.2500
HISTORICAL GAS STATIONS	<u>HISTPST</u>	0	0	0.2500
INTEGRATED COMPLIANCE INFORMATION SYSTEM DRYCLEANERS	ICISCLEANERS	0	0	0.2500
MINE SAFETY AND HEALTH ADMINISTRATION MASTER INDEX FILE	<u>MSHA</u>	0	0	0.2500
MINERAL RESOURCE DATA SYSTEM	<u>MRDS</u>	0	0	0.2500
OPEN DUMP INVENTORY	<u>ODI</u>	0	0	0.5000
SURFACE MINING CONTROL AND RECLAMATION ACT SITES	<u>SMCRA</u>	0	0	0.5000
URANIUM MILL TAILINGS RADIATION CONTROL ACT SITES	<u>USUMTRCA</u>	0	0	0.5000
DEPARTMENT OF DEFENSE SITES	DOD	0	0	1.0000
FORMER MILITARY NIKE MISSILE SITES	<u>NMS</u>	0	0	1.0000
FORMERLY USED DEFENSE SITES	<u>FUDS</u>	0	0	1.0000
FORMERLY UTILIZED SITES REMEDIAL ACTION PROGRAM	<u>FUSRAP</u>	0	0	1.0000
RECORD OF DECISION SYSTEM	<u>RODS</u>	0	0	1.0000
SUB-TOTAL		0	0	

STATE (TX) LISTING

Standard Environmental Records

				Search Radius
Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	(miles)
STATE INSTITUTIONAL/ENGINEERING CONTROL SITES	<u>SIEC01</u>	0	0	TP/AP
PETROLEUM STORAGE TANKS	<u>PST</u>	2	0	0.2500
BROWNFIELDS SITE ASSESSMENTS	<u>BSA</u>	0	0	0.5000
CLOSED & ABANDONED LANDFILL INVENTORY	<u>CALF</u>	0	0	0.5000
COMMERCIAL MANAGEMENT FACILITIES FOR HAZARDOUS WASTE AND INDUSTRIAL SOLID WASTES	<u>WSTMGMT</u>	0	0	0.5000
LEAKING PETROLEUM STORAGE TANKS	<u>LPST</u>	0	0	0.5000
MUNICIPAL SOLID WASTE LANDFILL SITES	<u>MSWLF</u>	0	0	0.5000
OPERATOR CLEANUP PROGRAM SITES	<u>OCP</u>	0	0	0.5000
RAILROAD COMMISSION VCP AND BROWNFIELD SITES	<u>RRCVCP</u>	0	0	0.5000
VOLUNTARY CLEANUP PROGRAM SITES	<u>VCP</u>	0	0	0.5000
STATE SUPERFUND SITES	<u>SF</u>	0	0	1.0000
SUB-TOTAL		2	0	

Additional Environmental Records

Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	Search Radius (miles)
GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION CASES	<u>GWCC</u>	0	0	TP/AP
HISTORIC GROUNDWATER CONTAMINATION CASES	<u>HISTGWCC</u>	0	0	TP/AP
LAND APPLICATION PERMITS	LANDAPP	0	0	TP/AP
MUNICIPAL SETTING DESIGNATIONS	<u>MSD</u>	0	0	TP/AP
NOTICE OF VIOLATIONS	NOV	0	0	TP/AP
SPILLS LISTING	<u>SPILLS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
TCEQLIENS	<u>LIENS</u>	0	0	TP/AP
TIER I I CHEMICAL REPORTING PROGRAM FACILITIES	<u>TIERII</u>	0	0	TP/AP
DRY CLEANER REGISTRATION DATABASE	DCR	0	0	0.2500
INDUSTRIAL AND HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES	<u>IHW</u>	1	0	0.2500
PERMITTED INDUSTRIAL HAZARDOUS WASTE SITES	<u>PIHW</u>	0	0	0.2500
AFFECTED PROPERTY ASSESSMENT REPORTS	APAR	0	0	0.5000
DRY CLEANER REMEDIATION PROGRAM SITES	<u>DCRPS</u>	0	0	0.5000
INNOCENT OWNER / OPERATOR DATABASE	<u>10P</u>	0	0	0.5000
RADIOACTIVE WASTE SITES	<u>RWS</u>	0	0	0.5000
RECYCLING FACILITIES	WMRF	0	0	0.5000
SALT CAVERNS FOR PETROLEUM STORAGE	<u>STCV</u>	0	0	0.5000



Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	Search Radius (miles)
INDUSTRIAL AND HAZARDOUS WASTE CORRECTIVE ACTION SITES	<u>IHWCA</u>	0	0	1.0000
SUB-TOTAL		1	0	



LOCAL LISTING

Standard Environmental Records

Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	Search Radius (miles)
CITY OF AUSTIN UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS	<u>AUSTINUST</u>	1	0	0.2500
SUB-TOTAL		1	0	

Additional Environmental Records

Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	Search Radius (miles)
EDWARDS AQUIFER PERMITS	EAP	0	0	TP/AP
CITY OF AUSTIN HISTORICAL UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS	<u>AUSTINHISTUST</u>	0	0	0.2500
SUB-TOTAL		0	0	



TRIBAL LISTING

Standard Environmental Records

Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	Search Radius (miles)
UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS ON TRIBAL LANDS	<u>USTR06</u>	0	0	0.2500
LEAKING UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANKS ON TRIBAL LANDS	LUSTR06	0	0	0.5000
OPEN DUMP INVENTORY ON TRIBAL LANDS	<u>ODINDIAN</u>	0	0	0.5000
SUB-TOTAL		0	0	

Additional Environmental Records

Database	Acronym	Locatable	Unlocatable	Search Radius (miles)
INDIAN RESERVATIONS	INDIANRES	0	0	1.0000
SUB-TOTAL		0	0	

	TOTAL		4	0	
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FEDERAL LISTING

Standard environmental records are displayed in **bold**.

Acronym	Search Radius (miles)	TP/AP (0 - 0.02)	1/8 Mile (> TP/AP)	1/4 Mile (> 1/8)	1/2 Mile (> 1/4)	1 Mile (> 1/2)	> 1 Mile	Total
AIRSAFS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
BRS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
CDL	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
DOCKETS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
EC	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
ECHOR06	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
ERNSTX	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
FRSTX	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
HMIRSR06	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
HWCD	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
ICIS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
ICISNPDES	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
LUCIS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	о
MLTS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
NPDESR06	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
PADS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
PCSR06	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
RCRASC	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
SEMSLIENS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
SFLIENS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
SSEHRIPFAS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
SSTS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
TRI	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
TSCA	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
RCRAGR06	0.1250	0	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
RCRANGR06	0.1250	0	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
ALTFUELS	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
FEMAUST	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
HISTPST	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
ICISCLEANERS	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
MRDS	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
MSHA	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
BF	0.5000	0	0	о	0	NS	NS	о
DNPL	0.5000	0	0	о	0	NS	NS	о
NLRRCRAT	0.5000	0	о	0	0	NS	NS	0

Acronym	Search Radius (miles)	TP/AP (0 - 0.02)	1/8 Mile (> TP/AP)	1/4 Mile (> 1/8)	1/2 Mile (> 1/4)	1 Mile (> 1/2)	> 1 Mile	Total
ODI	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
RCRAT	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
SEMS	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
SEMSARCH	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
SMCRA	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
USUMTRCA	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
DOD	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
FUDS	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
FUSRAP	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
NLRRCRAC	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
NMS	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
NPL	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
PNPL	1.0000	0	0	0	о	0	NS	0
RCRAC	1.0000	0	0	0	о	0	NS	о
RCRASUBC	1.0000	0	0	0	о	0	NS	о
RODS	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
SUB-TOTAL		0	0	0	0	0	0	0



STATE (TX) LISTING

Standard environmental records are displayed in **bold**.

Acronym	Search Radius (miles)	TP/AP (0 - 0.02)	1/8 Mile (> TP/AP)	1/4 Mile (> 1/8)	1/2 Mile (> 1/4)	1 Mile (> 1/2)	> 1 Mile	Total
GWCC	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
HISTGWCC	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
LANDAPP	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
LIENS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
MSD	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
NOV	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
SIEC01	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
SPILLS	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
TIERII	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
DCR	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
IHW	0.2500	0	0	1	NS	NS	NS	1
PIHW	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
PST	0.2500	0	0	2	NS	NS	NS	2
APAR	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
BSA	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
CALF	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
DCRPS	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
IOP	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
LPST	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
MSWLF	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
OCP	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
RRCVCP	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
RWS	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
STCV	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
VCP	0.5000	о	0	о	о	NS	NS	0
WMRF	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
WSTMGMT	0.5000	о	0	о	о	NS	NS	0
IHWCA	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
SF	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
SUB-TOTAL		0	0	3	0	0	0	3



LOCAL LISTING

Standard environmental records are displayed in **bold**.

Acronym	Search Radius (miles)	TP/AP (0 - 0.02)	1/8 Mile (> TP/AP)	1/4 Mile (> 1/8)	1/2 Mile (> 1/4)	1 Mile (> 1/2)	> 1 Mile	Total
EAP	0.0200	0	NS	NS	NS	NS	NS	0
AUSTINHISTUST	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
AUSTINUST	0.2500	0	0	1	NS	NS	NS	1
SUB-TOTAL		0	0	1	0	0	0	1



TRIBAL LISTING

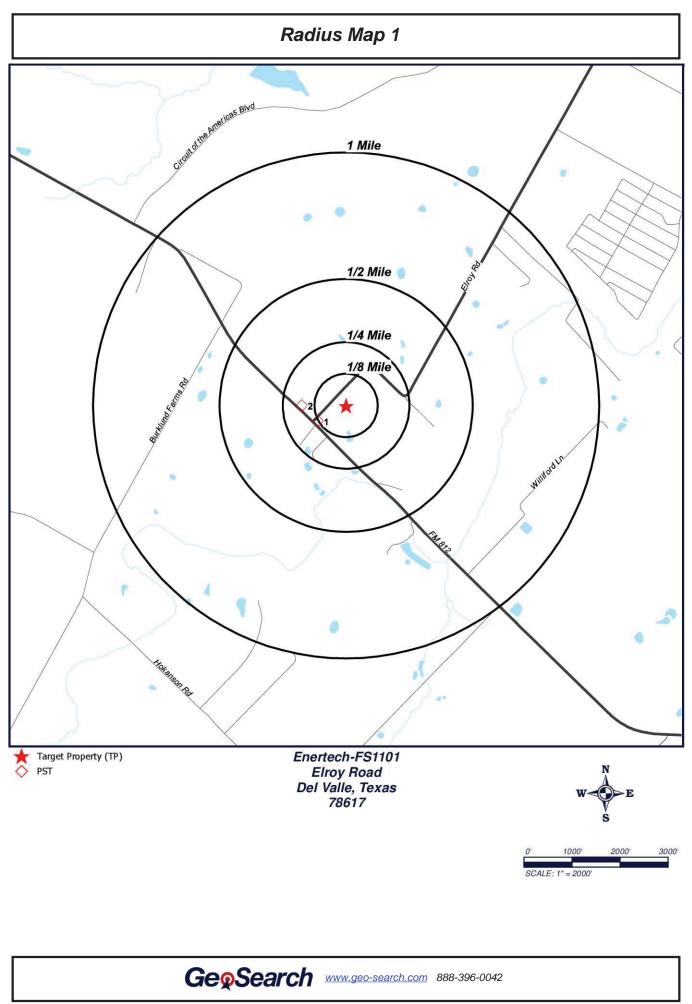
Standard environmental records are displayed in **bold**.

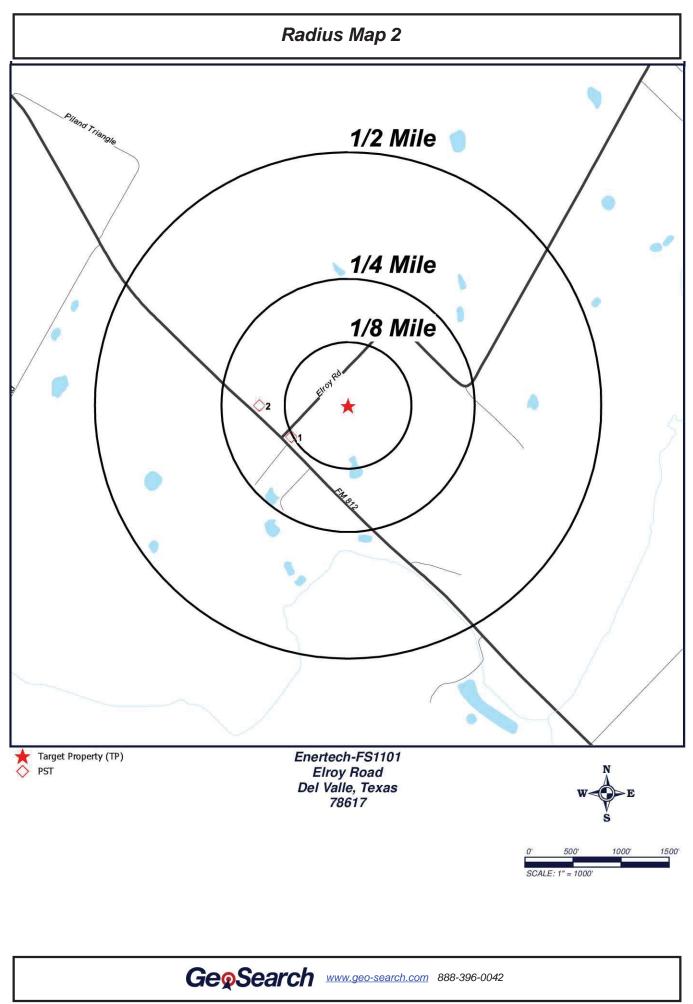
Acronym	Search Radius (miles)	TP/AP (0 - 0.02)	1/8 Mile (> TP/AP)	1/4 Mile (> 1/8)	1/2 Mile (> 1/4)	1 Mile (> 1/2)	> 1 Mile	Total
USTR06	0.2500	0	0	0	NS	NS	NS	0
LUSTR06	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
ODINDIAN	0.5000	0	0	0	0	NS	NS	0
INDIANRES	1.0000	0	0	0	0	0	NS	0
SUB-TOTAL		0	0	0	0	0	0	0

TOTAL	0	0	4	0	0	0	4

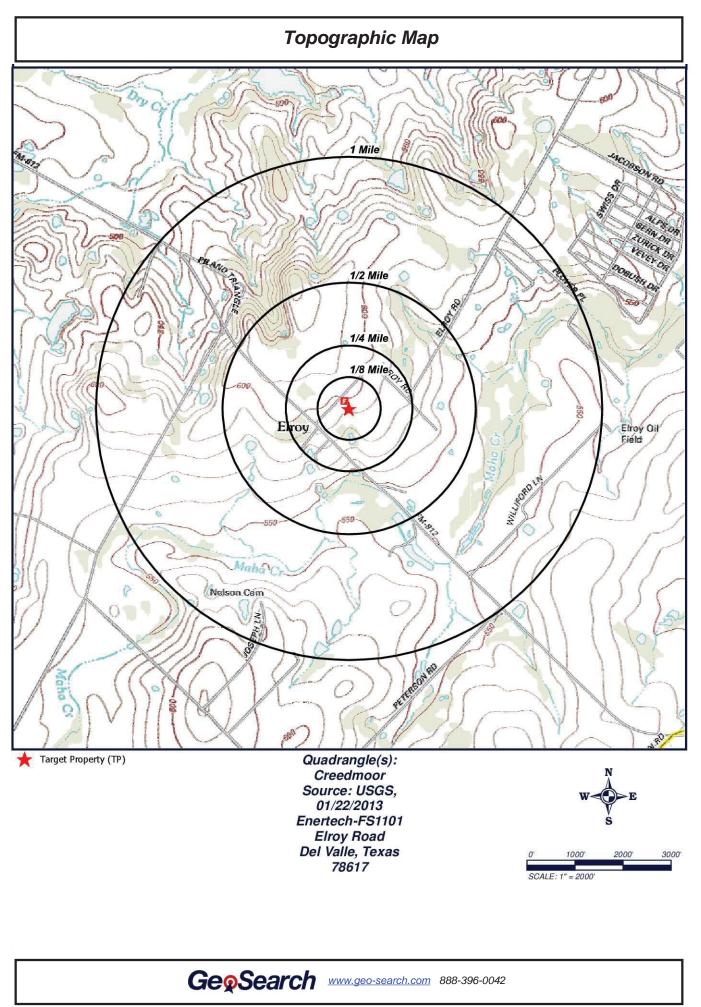
NOTES: NS = NOT SEARCHED TP/AP = TARGET PROPERTY/ADJACENT PROPERTY











Located Sites Summary

Мар	Database	Site ID#	Relative	Distance	Site Name	Address	PAGE
ID#	Name		Elevation	From Site			#
1	AUSTINUST	OJ090	Higher (595 ft.)	0.128 mi. WSW (676 ft.)	ELROY COUNTRY GROCERY	13912 FM 812 RD, AUSTIN, TX 78617	<u>20</u>
1	PST	54978	Higher (595 ft.)	0.128 mi. WSW (676 ft.)	ELROY COUNTRY CORNER	13912 FM 812 RD, DEL VALLE, TX 78617	<u>21</u>
2	IHW	61214	Higher (602 ft.)	0.175 mi. W (924 ft.)	GUARANTEED CONVERTERS	13820 FM 812 RD, DEL VALLE, TX 78617	<u>30</u>
2	PST	71908	Higher (602 ft.)	0.175 mi. W (924 ft.)	PRIVATE PROPERTY	13820 FM 812 RD, DEL VALLE, TX 78617	<u>31</u>

NOTE: Standard environmental records are displayed in **bold**.



Site Summary By Database

/lap ID#	Database Name	Site ID#	Relative Elevation	Distance From Site	Site Name	Address
<u>l</u>	AUSTINUST	OJ090	Higher (595 ft.)	0.128 mi. WSW (676 ft.)	ELROY COUNTRY GROCERY	13912 FM 812 RD, AUSTIN, TX 78617
	IHW	61214	Higher (602 ft.)	0.175 mi. W (924 ft.)	GUARANTEED CONVERTERS	13820 FM 812 RD, DEL VALLE, TX 78617
	PST	54978	Higher (595 ft.)	0.128 mi. WSW (676 ft.)	ELROY COUNTRY CORNER	13912 FM 812 RD, DEL VALLE, TX 78617
	PST	71908	Higher (602 ft.)	0.175 mi. W (924 ft.)	PRIVATE PROPERTY	13820 FM 812 RD, DEL VALLE, TX 78617

NOTE: Standard environmental records are displayed in **bold**.



Elevation Summary

Elevations are collected from the USGS 3D Elevation Program 1/3 arc-second (approximately 10 meters) layer hosted at the NGTOC. .

Target Property Elevation: 594 ft.

NOTE: Standard environmental records are displayed in **bold**.

EQUAL/HIGHER ELEVATION

Map ID#	Database Name	Elevation	Site Name	Address	Page #
1	AUSTINUST	595 ft.	ELROY COUNTRY GROCERY	13912 FM 812 RD, AUSTIN, TX 78617	<u>20</u>
<u>1</u>	PST	595 ft.	ELROY COUNTRY CORNER	13912 FM 812 RD, DEL VALLE, TX 78617	<u>21</u>
2	IHW	602 ft.	GUARANTEED CONVERTERS	13820 FM 812 RD, DEL VALLE, TX 78617	<u>30</u>
<u>2</u>	PST	602 ft.	PRIVATE PROPERTY	13820 FM 812 RD, DEL VALLE, TX 78617	<u>31</u>

LOWER ELEVATION

No Records Found



City of Austin Underground Storage Tanks (AUSTINUST)

MAP ID# 1Distance from Property: 0.128 mi. (676 ft.) WSWElevation: 595 ft. (Higher than TP)

FACILITY INFORMATION

GEOSEARCH ID: 0J090 UST ID #: 0J090 NAME: ELROY COUNTRY GROCERY ADDRESS: 13912 FM 812 RD AUSTIN, TX APPROXIMATE LOCATION OF TANK: NOT REPORTED TANK TYPE: NOT REPORTED STATUS OF UST BY CITY COUNCIL: NOT REPORTED CITY COUNCIL APPROVAL DATE: NOT REPORTED ORDINANCE MANDATING UST TO BE IN RIGHT OF WAY OR NOT: NOT REPORTED PERMIT STATUS: EXEMPT FACILITY HISTORICAL RECORD?: NO COMMENT: NOT REPORTED HYPER LINK TO COUNCIL MINUTES: NOT REPORTED

Back to Report Summary



MAP ID# 1 Distance from Property: 0.128 mi. (676 ft.) WSW Elevation: 595 ft. (Higher than TP)

FACILITY INFORMATION

ID#: 54978 NAME: ELROY COUNTRY CORNER ADDRESS: 13912 FM 812 RD DEL VALLE, TX 78617 COUNTY: TRAVIS REGION: 11 TYPE: RETAIL BEGIN DATE: 12/01/1982 STATUS: ACTIVE EXEMPT STATUS: NO RECORDS OFF-SITE: NO NUMBER OF ACTIVE UNDERGROUND TANKS: 3 NUMBER OF ACTIVE ABOVEGROUND TANKS: 1 APPLICATION INFORMATION:_

RECEIVED DATE ON EARLIEST REGISTRATION FORM: 11/19/2014 SIGNATURE DATE ON EARLIEST REGISTRATION FORM: 11/18/2014

SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK DHUKA, SIGNATURE TITLE NOT REPORTED

CONTACT INFORMATION

NAME: MUBARAK DHUKA TITLE: PRESIDENT ORGANIZATION: ELROY COUNTRY CORNER MAIL ADDRESS: MAILING ADDRESS NOT REPORTED CITY NOT REPORTED PHONE: (512) 2431603 0

NAME: SRR INVESTMENTS INC CONTACT ADDRESS: 13912 FM 812 RD DEL VALLE TX 78617 TYPE: CORPORATION/COMPANY BEGIN DATE: 07/12/1995 CONTACT ROLE: OWNCON CONTACT NAME: MUBARAK DHUKA CONTACT TITLE: PRESIDENT ORGANIZATION: SRR INVESTMENT INC PHONE: 5122431603 0 FAX: NOT REPORTED EMAIL: NOT REPORTED

ENFORCEMENT ACTION DATE: 09/10/2014

OWNER NUMBER: CN602556367

OPERATOR

OWNER

OPERATOR NUMBER: CN602556367 NAME: SRR INVESTMENTS INC CONTACT ADDRESS: 13912 FM 812 RD DEL VALLE TX 78617 TYPE: CORPORATION/COMPANY BEGIN DATE: 07/12/1995 CONTACT ROLE: OPRCON CONTACT NAME: MUBARAK DHUKA CONTACT TITLE: PRESIDENT



ORGANIZATION: SRR INVESTMENT INC PHONE: (512) 2431603 0 FAX: NOT REPORTED EMAIL: NOT REPORTED SELF-CERTIFICATION SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135927 SIGNATURE DATE: 02/13/2001 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK ALI, PRESIDENT FILING STATUS: INITIAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135928 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/15/2002 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: NUBARAK DHAUKA, NOT REPORTED FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135929 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/20/2003 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK ALI, PRES FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135930 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/10/2004 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK DHUKA, NOT REPORTED FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135931 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/12/2005 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK DHUKA, PRESIDENT FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135932 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/20/2006 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK DHUKA, SEC FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135933 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/15/2007 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBATAK DHUKA, PRES FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135934 SIGNATURE DATE: 07/23/2008 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK DHUKA, PRESIDENT FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135935 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/27/2009

SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: SHAUKAT PRASLA, VP FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135936 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/02/2010 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK DHUKA, PRESIDENT FILING STATUS: RENEWAL REGISTRATION FLAG: YES SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135937 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/15/2011 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK DHUKA, PRES FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 135938 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/30/2012 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK DHUKA, PRESIDENT FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES** SELF-CERTIFICATION ID: 226975 SIGNATURE DATE: 08/30/2013 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: MUBARAK DHUKA, PRES FILING STATUS: RENEWAL **REGISTRATION FLAG: YES CONSTRUCTION NOTIFICATION** NO CONSTRUCTION NOTIFICATION DATA REPORTED FOR THIS FACILITY **UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK** TANK ID: 1 NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS: 1 INSTALLATION DATE: 12/01/1982 REGISTRATION DATE: 07/17/1990 TANK CAPACITY (GAL): 8000 EMPTY TANK: EMPTY STATUS: TEMP OUT OF SERVICE STATUS BEGIN DATE: 03/31/2014 INTERNAL PROTECTION DATE: NOT REPORTED REGULATORY STATUS: FULLY REGULATED TANK DESIGN SINGLE WALL: NO TANK DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: YES PIPE DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES PIPE DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO TANK DETAILS MATERIAL: CONCRETE CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP,CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY INSTALLATION,CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION, COATED TANK (STEEL W/EXTERNAL POLYURETHANE LAMINATE) **EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT:** TANK SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, TANK VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER TANK COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE **COMPARTMENT DETAILS** UST COMPARTMENT ID: 136322 TANK ID: 1

COMPARTMENT LETTER: A SUBSTANCES: EMPTY OTHER SUBSTANCES: NOT REPORTED CAPACITY (GAL): 8000 COMPARTMENT RELEASE DETECTION: VAPOR MONITORING, GROUNDWATER MONITORING, MONITORING OF SECONDARY CONTAINMENT BARRIER, AUTOMATIC TANK GAUGE TEST & INVENTORY CONTROL, INTERSTITIAL MONITORING WITHIN SECONDARY WALL/JACKET, WEEKLY MANUAL TANK GAUGING (TANKS <= 1000 GAL), MONTHLY TANK GAUGING (FOR EMER. GENERATOR TANKS), SIR (STAT. INVENTORY RECONCILIATION) & INVENTORY CONTROL SPILL CONTAINMENT AND OVERFILL PREVENTION: TIGHT-FILL FITTING CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP,FACTORY - BUILT SPILL CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP, DELIVERY SHUT-OFF VALVE, FLOW RESTRICTOR VALUE, ALARM (SET@<=90%) W3A OR 3B **PIPING SYSTEMS** MATERIAL: CONCRETE CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP,CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY **INSTALLATION, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION** EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: PIPE SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, PIPE VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER CONNECTORS & VALVES: NOT REPORTED **PIPING RELEASE DETECTION:** VAPOR MONITORING, GROUNDWATER MONITORING, MONITORING OF SECONDARY CONTAINMENT BARRIER, INTERSTITIAL MONITORING WITHIN SECONDARY WALL/JACKET, MONTHLY PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST (@ 0.2 GPH), ANNUAL PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST / ANNUAL ELECTRONIC MONITORING (@ 0.1 GPH), TRIENNIAL TIGHTNESS TEST (FOR SUCTION/GRAVITY PIPING),AUTO. LINE LEAK DETECTOR (3.0 GPH FOR PRESSURE PIPING),SIR (STAT. INVENTORY RECONCILIATION) & **INVENTORY CONTROL** PIPE COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE TANK ID: 1 NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS: 1 INSTALLATION DATE: 12/01/1982 REGISTRATION DATE: 07/17/1990 TANK CAPACITY (GAL): 8000 EMPTY TANK: EMPTY STATUS: TEMP OUT OF SERVICE STATUS BEGIN DATE: 03/31/2014 INTERNAL PROTECTION DATE: NOT REPORTED REGULATORY STATUS: FULLY REGULATED TANK DESIGN SINGLE WALL: NO TANK DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: YES PIPE DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES PIPE DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO TANK DETAILS MATERIAL: CONCRETE CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY INSTALLATION, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION, COATED TANK (STEEL W/EXTERNAL POLYURETHANE LAMINATE) EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: TANK SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, TANK VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER TANK COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE **COMPARTMENT DETAILS** UST COMPARTMENT ID: 136322

TANK ID: 1 COMPARTMENT LETTER: A SUBSTANCES: GASOLINE OTHER SUBSTANCES: NOT REPORTED CAPACITY (GAL): 8000 COMPARTMENT RELEASE DETECTION: NOT REPORTED SPILL CONTAINMENT AND OVERFILL PREVENTION: TIGHT-FILL FITTING CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP,FACTORY - BUILT SPILL CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP, DELIVERY SHUT-OFF VALVE, FLOW RESTRICTOR VALUE, ALARM (SET@<=90%) W3A OR 3B **PIPING SYSTEMS** MATERIAL: CONCRETE CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY **INSTALLATION, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION** EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: PIPE SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, PIPE VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER CONNECTORS & VALVES: NOT REPORTED **PIPING RELEASE DETECTION:** VAPOR MONITORING, GROUNDWATER MONITORING, MONITORING OF SECONDARY CONTAINMENT BARRIER, INTERSTITIAL MONITORING WITHIN SECONDARY WALL/JACKET, MONTHLY PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST (@ 0.2 GPH), ANNUAL PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST / ANNUAL ELECTRONIC MONITORING (@ 0.1 GPH), TRIENNIAL TIGHTNESS TEST (FOR SUCTION/GRAVITY PIPING),AUTO. LINE LEAK DETECTOR (3.0 GPH FOR PRESSURE PIPING),SIR (STAT. INVENTORY RECONCILIATION) & **INVENTORY CONTROL PIPE COMPLIANCE FLAG** CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE TANK ID: 2 NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS: 1 INSTALLATION DATE: 12/01/1982 REGISTRATION DATE: 07/17/1990 TANK CAPACITY (GAL): 8000 EMPTY TANK: EMPTY STATUS: TEMP OUT OF SERVICE STATUS BEGIN DATE: 03/31/2014 INTERNAL PROTECTION DATE: NOT REPORTED REGULATORY STATUS: FULLY REGULATED TANK DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES TANK DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO PIPE DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES PIPE DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO **TANK DETAILS** MATERIAL: NOT REPORTED CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY INSTALLATION, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION, COATED TANK (STEEL W/EXTERNAL POLYURETHANE LAMINATE) **EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT:** TANK SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, TANK VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER TANK COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE COMPARTMENT DETAILS UST COMPARTMENT ID: 136323 TANK ID: 2 COMPARTMENT LETTER: A

SUBSTANCES: EMPTY OTHER SUBSTANCES: NOT REPORTED CAPACITY (GAL): 8000 COMPARTMENT RELEASE DETECTION: VAPOR MONITORING, GROUNDWATER MONITORING, MONITORING OF SECONDARY CONTAINMENT BARRIER, AUTOMATIC TANK GAUGE TEST & INVENTORY CONTROL, INTERSTITIAL MONITORING WITHIN SECONDARY WALL/JACKET, WEEKLY MANUAL TANK GAUGING (TANKS <= 1000 GAL), MONTHLY TANK GAUGING (FOR EMER. GENERATOR TANKS), SIR (STAT. INVENTORY RECONCILIATION) & INVENTORY CONTROL SPILL CONTAINMENT AND OVERFILL PREVENTION: TIGHT-FILL FITTING CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP,FACTORY - BUILT SPILL CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP, DELIVERY SHUT-OFF VALVE, FLOW RESTRICTOR VALUE, ALARM (SET@<=90%) W3A OR 3B **PIPING SYSTEMS** MATERIAL: JACKETED CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP,CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY INSTALLATION.CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: PIPE SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, PIPE VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER **CONNECTORS & VALVES:** NOT REPORTED **PIPING RELEASE DETECTION:** VAPOR MONITORING, GROUNDWATER MONITORING, MONTHLY PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST (@ 0.2 GPH), ANNUAL PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST / ANNUAL ELECTRONIC MONITORING (@ 0.1 GPH), TRIENNIAL TIGHTNESS TEST (FOR SUCTION/GRAVITY PIPING),AUTO. LINE LEAK DETECTOR (3.0 GPH FOR PRESSURE PIPING),SIR (STAT. INVENTORY RECONCILIATION) & **INVENTORY CONTROL PIPE COMPLIANCE FLAG** CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE TANK ID: 2 NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS: 1 INSTALLATION DATE: 12/01/1982 REGISTRATION DATE: 07/17/1990 TANK CAPACITY (GAL): 8000 EMPTY TANK: EMPTY STATUS: TEMP OUT OF SERVICE STATUS BEGIN DATE: 03/31/2014 INTERNAL PROTECTION DATE: NOT REPORTED REGULATORY STATUS: FULLY REGULATED TANK DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES TANK DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO PIPE DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES PIPE DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO **TANK DETAILS** MATERIAL: NOT REPORTED CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY INSTALLATION, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION, COATED TANK (STEEL W/EXTERNAL POLYURETHANE LAMINATE) **EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT:** TANK SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, TANK VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER TANK COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE COMPARTMENT DETAILS UST COMPARTMENT ID: 136323 TANK ID: 2 COMPARTMENT LETTER: A

SUBSTANCES: GASOLINE OTHER SUBSTANCES: NOT REPORTED CAPACITY (GAL): 8000 COMPARTMENT RELEASE DETECTION: NOT REPORTED SPILL CONTAINMENT AND OVERFILL PREVENTION: TIGHT-FILL FITTING CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP.FACTORY - BUILT SPILL CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP, DELIVERY SHUT-OFF VALVE, FLOW RESTRICTOR VALUE, ALARM (SET@<=90%) W3A OR 3B **PIPING SYSTEMS** MATERIAL: JACKETED CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY **INSTALLATION, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION** EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: PIPE SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, PIPE VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER CONNECTORS & VALVES: NOT REPORTED PIPING RELEASE DETECTION: VAPOR MONITORING, GROUNDWATER MONITORING, MONTHLY PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST (@ 0.2 GPH), ANNUAL PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST / ANNUAL ELECTRONIC MONITORING (@ 0.1 GPH), TRIENNIAL TIGHTNESS TEST (FOR SUCTION/GRAVITY PIPING),AUTO. LINE LEAK DETECTOR (3.0 GPH FOR PRESSURE PIPING),SIR (STAT. INVENTORY RECONCILIATION) & **INVENTORY CONTROL** PIPE COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE TANK ID: 3 NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS: 1 INSTALLATION DATE: 12/01/1982 REGISTRATION DATE: 07/17/1990 TANK CAPACITY (GAL): 6000 EMPTY TANK: EMPTY STATUS: TEMP OUT OF SERVICE STATUS BEGIN DATE: 03/31/2014 INTERNAL PROTECTION DATE: NOT REPORTED REGULATORY STATUS: FULLY REGULATED TANK DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES TANK DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO PIPE DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES PIPE DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO TANK DETAILS MATERIAL: NOT REPORTED CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY INSTALLATION, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION, COATED TANK (STEEL W/EXTERNAL POLYURETHANE LAMINATE) EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: TANK SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, TANK VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER TANK COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE **COMPARTMENT DETAILS** UST COMPARTMENT ID: 136324 TANK ID: 3 COMPARTMENT LETTER: A SUBSTANCES: EMPTY OTHER SUBSTANCES: NOT REPORTED CAPACITY (GAL): 6000

COMPARTMENT RELEASE DETECTION: VAPOR MONITORING, GROUNDWATER MONITORING, MONITORING OF SECONDARY CONTAINMENT BARRIER, AUTOMATIC TANK GAUGE TEST & INVENTORY CONTROL, INTERSTITIAL MONITORING WITHIN SECONDARY WALL/JACKET, WEEKLY MANUAL TANK GAUGING (TANKS <= 1000 GAL), MONTHLY TANK GAUGING (FOR EMER. GENERATOR TANKS), SIR (STAT. INVENTORY RECONCILIATION) & INVENTORY CONTROL

SPILL CONTAINMENT AND OVERFILL PREVENTION: TIGHT-FILL FITTING CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP,FACTORY - BUILT SPILL CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP,DELIVERY SHUT-OFF VALVE,FLOW RESTRICTOR VALUE,ALARM (SET@<=90%) W3A OR 3B PIPING SYSTEMS

MATERIAL: JACKETED

CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP,CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY INSTALLATION,CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION

EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: **PIPE SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, PIPE VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER** CONNECTORS & VALVES:

NOT REPORTED

PIPING RELEASE DETECTION:

VAPOR MONITORING, GROUNDWATER MONITORING, MONTHLY PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST (@ 0.2 GPH), ANNUAL PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST / ANNUAL ELECTRONIC MONITORING (@ 0.1 GPH), TRIENNIAL TIGHTNESS TEST (FOR SUCTION/GRAVITY PIPING), AUTO. LINE LEAK DETECTOR (3.0 GPH FOR PRESSURE PIPING), SIR (STAT. INVENTORY RECONCILIATION) & INVENTORY CONTROL

PIPE COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE

TANK ID: 3	NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS: 1
INSTALLATION DATE: 12/01/1982	REGISTRATION DATE: 07/17/1990
TANK CAPACITY (GAL): 6000	EMPTY TANK: EMPTY
STATUS: TEMP OUT OF SERVICE	STATUS BEGIN DATE: 03/31/2014
INTERNAL PROTECTION DATE: NOT REPORTED	REGULATORY STATUS: FULLY REGULATED
TANK DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES	TANK DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO
PIPE DESIGN SINGLE WALL: YES	PIPE DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO

TANK DETAILS

MATERIAL: NOT REPORTED CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP.CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY INSTALLATION.CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION, COATED TANK (STEEL W/EXTERNAL POLYURETHANE LAMINATE) EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: TANK SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, TANK VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER TANK COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE **COMPARTMENT DETAILS** UST COMPARTMENT ID: 136324 TANK ID: 3 COMPARTMENT LETTER: A SUBSTANCES: GASOLINE OTHER SUBSTANCES: NOT REPORTED CAPACITY (GAL): 6000



COMPARTMENT RELEASE DETECTION: NOT REPORTED SPILL CONTAINMENT AND OVERFILL PREVENTION: TIGHT-FILL FITTING CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP.FACTORY - BUILT SPILL CONTAINER/BUCKET/SUMP, DELIVERY SHUT-OFF VALVE, FLOW RESTRICTOR VALUE, ALARM (SET@<=90%) W3A OR 3B **PIPING SYSTEMS** MATERIAL: JACKETED CORROSION PROTECTION: EXTERNAL DIELECTRIC COATING/LAMINATE/TAPE/WRAP, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FACTORY **INSTALLATION, CATHODIC PROTECTION - FIELD INSTALLATION** EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: PIPE SYNTHETIC TANK-PIT/PIPING-TRENCH LINER, PIPE VAULT/RIGID TRENCH LINER CONNECTORS & VALVES: NOT REPORTED PIPING RELEASE DETECTION: VAPOR MONITORING, GROUNDWATER MONITORING, MONTHLY PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST (@ 0.2 GPH), ANNUAL PIPING TIGHTNESS TEST / ANNUAL ELECTRONIC MONITORING (@ 0.1 GPH), TRIENNIAL TIGHTNESS TEST (FOR SUCTION/GRAVITY PIPING),AUTO. LINE LEAK DETECTOR (3.0 GPH FOR PRESSURE PIPING),SIR (STAT. INVENTORY RECONCILIATION) & **INVENTORY CONTROL** PIPE COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: YES CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE

ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK INFORMATION

AST ID #: 161550 MULTIPLE COMPARTMENT FLAG: NO TANK ID: 1 REGISTRATION DATE: 07/17/1990 INSTALLATION DATE: 01/01/1995 STATUS BEGIN DATE: 01/01/1995 TANK CAPACITY (GAL): 2000 REGULATORY STATUS: FULLY REGULATED STATUS: IN USE SUBSTANCES: DIESEL MATERIAL OF CONSTRUCTION STEEL: YES CORRUGATED METAL: NO FIBERGLASS: NO CONCRETE: NO ALUMINIUM: NO CONTAINMENT EARTHEN DIKE: NO CONCRETE: NO CONTAINMENT LINER: NO NONE: NO STAGE I VAPOR RECOVERY: NOT REPORTED STAGE I INSTALLATION DATE: NOT REPORTED

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Industrial and Hazardous Waste Sites (IHW)

MAP ID# 2 Distance from Property: 0.175 mi. (924 ft Elevation: 602 ft. (Higher than TP)	.) W
FACILITY INFORMATION	OWNER INFORMATION
SWR#: 61214 EPA ID: NOT REPORTED	NAME: GUARANTEED CONVERTERS
TCEQ#: 19573	ADDRESS: 13820 FM 812 RD
NAME: GUARANTEED CONVERTERS	DEL VALLE, TX 78617
ADDRESS: 13820 FM 812 RD	PHONE: NOT REPORTED
DEL VALLE, TX 78617	
CONTACT: LIZ TAYLOR	
PHONE: NOT REPORTED	
BUSINESS DESCRIPTION: THIS REGISTRATION WAS INACTI	VATED BECAUSE THIS FACILITY WAS REGISTERED PRIOR
TO1994 AND NO WASTE ACTIVITY WAS REPORTED IN 1994, 19	95 AND 1996.
INDUSTRIAL WASTE PERMIT #: NOT REPORTED	
MUNICIPAL WASTE PERMIT #: NOT REPORTED	
SIC CODE: NOT REPORTED	
WASTE GENERATOR: YES	
WASTE RECEIVER: NO	
WASTE TRANSPORTER: NO	
TRANSFER FACILITY: NO	
MAQUILADORA (MEXICAN FACILITY): NO	
STATUS: INACTIVE AMOUNT OF WASTE GENERATED: CONDITIONALLY EXEMP	
GENERATOR TYPE: NON-INDUSTRIAL AND/OR MUNICIPAL	I SMALL QUANTITY GENERATOR
THIS FACILITY IS A NOTIFIER	
THIS FACILITY IS NOT A STEERS REPORTER - (STATE OF TEXA	AS ENVIRONMENTAL ELECTRONIC REPORTING SYSTEM)
THIS FACILITY IS NOT REQUIRED TO SUBMIT AN ANNUAL WAS	
THIS FACILITY IS NOT INVOLVED IN RECYCLING ACTIVITIES	
LAST UPDATE TO TRACS (TCEQ REGULATORY ACTIVITIES AN	D COMPLIANCE SYSTEM): 12/16/2019
ACTIVITIES	
ACTIVITY TYPE: UNKNOWN	
ACTIVITY DESCRIPTION: NOT REPORTED	
WASTE NO RECORDS	

Back to Report Summary

MAP ID# 2 Distance from Property: 0.175 mi. (924 ft.) W Elevation: 602 ft. (Higher than TP)

FACILITY INFORMATION

ID#: 71908 NAME: PRIVATE PROPERTY ADDRESS: 13820 FM 812 RD DEL VALLE, TX 78617 COUNTY: TRAVIS REGION: 11 TYPE: NOT REPORTED BEGIN DATE: 08/31/1987 STATUS: INACTIVE EXEMPT STATUS: NO RECORDS OFF-SITE: NO NUMBER OF ACTIVE UNDERGROUND TANKS: 0 NUMBER OF ACTIVE ABOVEGROUND TANKS: 0

APPLICATION INFORMATION:

RECEIVED DATE ON EARLIEST REGISTRATION FORM: 04/16/1999 SIGNATURE DATE ON EARLIEST REGISTRATION FORM: 04/14/1999 SIGNATURE NAME & TITLE: JAMES TAYLOR, OWNER ENFORCEMENT ACTION DATE: NOT REPORTED

OWNER

OWNER NUMBER: CN601266794 NAME: TAYLOR CONTACT ADDRESS: OWNER ADDRESS NOT REPORTED CITY NOT REPORTED

TYPE: INDIVIDUAL

BEGIN DATE: 08/31/1987 CONTACT ROLE: NOT REPORTED CONTACT NAME: NOT REPORTED CONTACT TITLE: NOT REPORTED ORGANIZATION: NOT REPORTED PHONE: NOT REPORTED FAX: NOT REPORTED EMAIL: NOT REPORTED

OPERATOR

NO OPERATOR INFORMATION REPORTED

SELF-CERTIFICATION

-NO SELF-CERTIFICATION INFORMATION REPORTED-

CONSTRUCTION NOTIFICATION

NOTIFICATION CONSTRUCTION ID: 18627 APPLICATION RECEIVED DATE: 12/21/1999 SCHEDULE CONSTRUCTION DATE: 04/05/1999 GENERAL DESCRIPTION OF PROPOSED CONSTRUCTION: NOT REPORTED

CONTACT INFORMATION

NAME: JAMES TAYLOR TITLE: NOT REPORTED ORGANIZATION: PRIVATE PROPERTY MAIL ADDRESS: MAILING ADDRESS NOT REPORTED CITY NOT REPORTED PHONE: (512) 6011036 0

UNDERGROUND STORAGE TANK TANK ID: 1 NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS: 2 INSTALLATION DATE: 01/01/1981 REGISTRATION DATE: 04/16/1999 TANK CAPACITY (GAL): 5000 EMPTY TANK: NOT EMPTY STATUS: REMOVED FROM GROUND STATUS BEGIN DATE: 04/22/1999 INTERNAL PROTECTION DATE: NOT REPORTED REGULATORY STATUS: FULLY REGULATED TANK DESIGN SINGLE WALL: NO TANK DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO PIPE DESIGN SINGLE WALL: NO PIPE DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO TANK DETAILS MATERIAL: NOT REPORTED CORROSION PROTECTION: NOT REPORTED EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: NOT REPORTED TANK COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: NO CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE **COMPARTMENT DETAILS** UST COMPARTMENT ID: 168204 TANK ID: 1 COMPARTMENT LETTER: A SUBSTANCES: DIESEL OTHER SUBSTANCES: NOT REPORTED CAPACITY (GAL): 2500 COMPARTMENT RELEASE DETECTION: NOT REPORTED SPILL CONTAINMENT AND OVERFILL PREVENTION: NOT REPORTED **PIPING SYSTEMS** MATERIAL: NOT REPORTED CORROSION PROTECTION: NOT REPORTED EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: NOT REPORTED CONNECTORS & VALVES: NOT REPORTED PIPING RELEASE DETECTION: NOT REPORTED **PIPE COMPLIANCE FLAG** CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: NO CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE TANK ID: 1 NUMBER OF COMPARTMENTS: 2 INSTALLATION DATE: 01/01/1981 REGISTRATION DATE: 04/16/1999 TANK CAPACITY (GAL): 5000 EMPTY TANK: NOT EMPTY STATUS: REMOVED FROM GROUND STATUS BEGIN DATE: 04/22/1999 INTERNAL PROTECTION DATE: NOT REPORTED REGULATORY STATUS: FULLY REGULATED

TANK DETAILS

GeoSearch www.geo-search.com 888-396-0042

TANK DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO

PIPE DESIGN DOUBLE WALL: NO

TANK DESIGN SINGLE WALL: NO

PIPE DESIGN SINGLE WALL: NO

MATERIAL: NOT REPORTED CORROSION PROTECTION: NOT REPORTED **EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT:** NOT REPORTED TANK COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: NO CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE **COMPARTMENT DETAILS** UST COMPARTMENT ID: 168205 TANK ID: 1 COMPARTMENT LETTER: B SUBSTANCES: USED OIL OTHER SUBSTANCES: NOT REPORTED CAPACITY (GAL): 2500 COMPARTMENT RELEASE DETECTION: NOT REPORTED SPILL CONTAINMENT AND OVERFILL PREVENTION: NOT REPORTED **PIPING SYSTEMS** MATERIAL: NOT REPORTED CORROSION PROTECTION: NOT REPORTED EXTERNAL CONTAINMENT: NOT REPORTED CONNECTORS & VALVES: NOT REPORTED **PIPING RELEASE DETECTION:** NOT REPORTED PIPE COMPLIANCE FLAG CORROSION PROTECTION COMPLIANCE FLAG: NO CORROSION PROTECTION VARIANCE: NO VARIANCE

ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK INFORMATION NO ABOVEGROUND STORAGE TANK DATA REPORTED FOR THIS FACILITY

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Unlocated Sites Summary

This list contains sites that could not be mapped due to limited or incomplete address information.

No Records Found



AIRSAFS

Aerometric Information Retrieval System / Air Facility Subsystem

VERSION DATE: 10/20/14

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) modified the Aerometric Information Retrieval System (AIRS) to a database that exclusively tracks the compliance of stationary sources of air pollution with EPA regulations: the Air Facility Subsystem (AFS). Since this change in 2001, the management of the AIRS/AFS database was assigned to EPA's Office of Enforcement and Compliance Assurance. Enforcement and Compliance History Online (ECHO) Clean Air Act data from AFS are frozen and reflect data as of October 17, 2014, the EPA retired this system for Clean Air Act stationary sources.

BRS Biennial Reporting System

VERSION DATE: 12/31/15

The United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), in cooperation with the States, biennially collects information regarding the generation, management, and final disposition of hazardous wastes regulated under the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act of 1976 (RCRA), as amended. The Biennial Report captures detailed data on the generation of hazardous waste from large quantity generators and data on waste management practices from treatment, storage and disposal facilities. Currently, the EPA states that data collected between 1991 and 1997 was originally a part of the defunct Biennial Reporting System and is now incorporated into the RCRAInfo data system.

CDL

Clandestine Drug Laboratory Locations

VERSION DATE: 02/25/20

The U.S. Department of Justice ("the Department") provides this information as a public service. It contains addresses of some locations where law enforcement agencies reported they found chemicals or other items that indicated the presence of either clandestine drug laboratories or dumpsites. In most cases, the source of the entries is not the Department, and the Department has not verified the entry and does not guarantee its accuracy. Members of the public must verify the accuracy of all entries by, for example, contacting local law enforcement and local health departments. The Department does not establish, implement, enforce, or certify compliance with clean-up or remediation standards for contaminated sites; the public should contact a state or local health department or environmental protection agency for that information.

DOCKETS

EPA Docket Data

VERSION DATE: 12/22/05

The United States Environmental Protection Agency Docket data lists Civil Case Defendants, filing dates as far back as 1971, laws broken including section, violations that occurred, pollutants involved, penalties assessed and superfund awards by facility and location. Please refer to ICIS database as source of current data.

EC

Federal Engineering Institutional Control Sites

VERSION DATE: 05/22/20



This database includes site locations where Engineering and/or Institutional Controls have been identified as part of a selected remedy for the site as defined by United States Environmental Protection Agency official remedy decision documents. The data displays remedy component information for Superfund decision documents issued in fiscal years 1982-2017, and it includes final and deleted NPL sites as well as sites with a Superfund Alternative Approach (SAA) agreement in place. The only sites included that are not on the NPL, proposed for NPL, or removed from proposed NPL, are those with an SAA Agreement in place. A site listing does not indicate that the institutional and engineering controls are currently in place nor will be in place once the remedy is complete; it only indicates that the decision to include either of them in the remedy is documented as of the completed date of the document. Institutional controls are actions, such as legal controls, that help minimize the potential for human exposure to contamination by ensuring appropriate land or resource use. Engineering controls include caps, barriers, or other device engineering to prevent access, exposure, or continued migration of contamination.

ECHOR06

Enforcement and Compliance History Information

VERSION DATE: 05/30/20

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's Enforcement and Compliance History Online (ECHO) database, provides compliance and enforcement information for facilities nationwide. This database includes facilities regulated as Clean Air Act stationary sources, Clean Water Act direct dischargers, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act hazardous waste handlers, Safe Drinking Water Act public water systems along with other data, such as Toxics Release Inventory releases.

ERNSTX

Emergency Response Notification System

VERSION DATE: 04/05/20

This National Response Center database contains data on reported releases of oil, chemical, radiological, biological, and/or etiological discharges into the environment anywhere in the United States and its territories. The data comes from spill reports made to the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency, U.S. Coast Guard, the National Response Center and/or the U.S. Department of Transportation.

FRSTX Facility Registry System

VERSION DATE: 04/05/20

The United States Environmental Protection Agency's Office of Environmental Information (OEI) developed the Facility Registry System (FRS) as the centrally managed database that identifies facilities, sites or places subject to environmental regulations or of environmental interest. The Facility Registry System replaced the Facility Index System or FINDS database.

HMIRSR06

Hazardous Materials Incident Reporting System

VERSION DATE: 05/20/20

The HMIRS database contains unintentional hazardous materials release information reported to the U.S.



Department of Transportation located in EPA Region 6. This region includes the following states: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.

HWCD

Hazardous Waste Compliance Docket Facilities

VERSION DATE: 04/29/19

This list of the Federal Agency Hazardous Waste Compliance Docket Facilities is maintained by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA). According to the EPA, Section 120(c) of CERCLA requires EPA to establish a listing, known as the Federal Facility Hazardous Waste Compliance Docket (Docket), of Federal facilities which are managing or have managed hazardous waste; or have had a release of hazardous waste. Thus, the Docket identifies all Federal facilities that must be evaluated to determine whether they pose a risk to human health and the environment and it makes this information available to the public. In order for the Docket to remain current and accurate it requires periodic updating.

ICIS

Integrated Compliance Information System (formerly DOCKETS)

VERSION DATE: 03/28/20

ICIS is a case activity tracking and management system for civil, judicial, and administrative federal Environmental Protection Agency enforcement cases. ICIS contains information on federal administrative and federal judicial cases under the following environmental statutes: the Clean Air Act, the Clean Water Act, the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act, the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act - Section 313, the Toxic Substances Control Act, the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act, the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act, the Safe Drinking Water Act, and the Marine Protection, Research, and Sanctuaries Act.

ICISNPDES

Integrated Compliance Information System National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

VERSION DATE: 04/26/20

Authorized by the Clean Water Act, the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program controls water pollution by regulating point sources that discharge pollutants into waters of the United States. This database is provided by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

LUCIS

Land Use Control Information System

VERSION DATE: 09/01/06

The LUCIS database is maintained by the U.S. Department of the Navy and contains information for former Base Realignment and Closure (BRAC) properties across the United States.

MLTS

Material Licensing Tracking System

VERSION DATE: 06/29/17

MLTS is a list of approximately 8,100 sites which have or use radioactive materials subject to the United States



Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) licensing requirements. Disclaimer: Due to agency regulations and policies, this database contains applicant/licensee location information which may or may not be related to the physical location per MLTS site.

NPDESR06

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System

VERSION DATE: 04/01/07

Authorized by the Clean Water Act, the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit program controls water pollution by regulating point sources that discharge pollutants into waters of the United States. The NPDES database was collected from the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) from December 2002 through April 2007. Refer to the ICIS and/or ICIS-NPDES database as source of current data. This database includes permitted facilities located in EPA Region 6. This region includes the following states: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.

PADS

PCB Activity Database System

VERSION DATE: 10/09/19

PADS Identifies generators, transporters, commercial storers and/or brokers and disposers of Polychlorinated Biphenyls (PCB) who are required to notify the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency of such activities.

PCSR06

Permit Compliance System

VERSION DATE: 08/01/12

The historic Permit Compliance System tracked enforcement status and permit compliance of facilities controlled by the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) under the Clean Water Act. This database includes permitted facilities located in EPA Region 6 states: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas. This system has since been modernized by United States Environmental Protection Agency and is now integrated into the Integrated Compliance Information System (ICIS). Please refer to the ICIS database as the current source for this data.

RCRASC

RCRA Sites with Controls

VERSION DATE: 05/14/20

The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) gives the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) the authority to control hazardous waste from the "cradle-to-grave." This includes the generation, transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA also set forth a framework for the management of non-hazardous solid wastes. The 1986 amendments to RCRA enabled EPA to address environmental problems that could result from underground tanks storing petroleum and other hazardous substances. This listing refers to facilities with institutional controls in place.

SEMSLIENS

SEMS Lien on Property

VERSION DATE: 03/23/20



The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, Office of Superfund Remediation and Technology Innovation (OSRTI), has implemented The Superfund Enterprise Management System (SEMS), formerly known as CERCLIS (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System) to track and report on clean-up and enforcement activities taking place at Superfund sites. SEMS represents a joint development and ongoing collaboration between Superfund's Remedial, Removal, Federal Facilities, Enforcement and Emergency Response programs. This is a listing of SEMS sites with a lien on the property.

SFLIENS CERCLIS Liens

VERSION DATE: 06/08/12

A Federal CERCLA ("Superfund") lien can exist by operation of law at any site or property at which United States Environmental Protection Agency has spent Superfund monies. These monies are spent to investigate and address releases and threatened releases of contamination. CERCLIS provides information as to the identity of these sites and properties. This database contains those CERCLIS sites where the Lien on Property action is complete. Please refer to the SEMSLIENS database as source of current data.

SSEHRIPFAS SSEHRI PFAS Contamination Sites

This PFAS Contamination Site Tracker database is compiled by the Social Science Environmental Health Research Institute (SSEHRI) at Northeastern University. According to the SSEHRI, the database records qualitative and quantitative data from each known site of PFAS contamination, including timeline of discovery, sources, levels, health impacts, community response, and government response. The goal of this database is to compile information and support public understanding of the rapidly unfolding issue of PFAS contamination. All data presented was extracted from government websites, news articles, or publicly available documents, and this is cited in the tracker. Disclaimer: The source conveys this database undergoes regular updates as new information becomes available, some sites may be missing and/or contain information that is incorrect or outdated, as well as their information represents all contamination sites SSEHRI is aware of, not all possible contamination sites. This data is not intended to be used for legal purposes. Limited location details are available with this data. Please access the following source link for the most current information: https://pfasproject.com/pfas-contamination-site-tracker/

SSTS

Section Seven Tracking System

VERSION DATE: 02/01/17

The United States Environmental Protection Agency tracks information on pesticide establishments through the Section Seven Tracking System (SSTS). SSTS records the registration of new establishments and records pesticide production at each establishment. The Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA) requires that production of pesticides or devices be conducted in a registered pesticide-producing or device-producing establishment. "Production" includes formulation, packaging, repackaging, and relabeling. For this database, the Product Information is only available for establishments up through 2014 or prior years, product



details are no longer released by the EPA within the current SSTS non-Confidential Business Information data.

Toxics Release Inventory

VERSION DATE: 12/31/18

The Toxics Release Inventory, provided by the United States Environmental Protection Agency, includes data on toxic chemical releases and waste management activities from certain industries as well as federal and tribal facilities. This inventory contains information about the types and amounts of toxic chemicals that are released each year to the air, water, and land as well as information on the quantities of toxic chemicals sent to other facilities for further waste management.

TSCA

TRI

Toxic Substance Control Act Inventory

VERSION DATE: 12/31/16

The Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) was enacted in 1976 to ensure that chemicals manufactured, imported, processed, or distributed in commerce, or used or disposed of in the United States do not pose any unreasonable risks to human health or the environment. TSCA section 8(b) provides the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) authority to "compile, keep current, and publish a list of each chemical substance that is manufactured or processed in the United States." This TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory contains non-confidential information on the production amount of toxic chemicals from each manufacturer and importer site. The EPA has collected Chemical Data Reporting (CDR) data since in 1986 (as Inventory Update Reporting). Collections occur approximately every four years and reporting requirements changed from collection to collection.

RCRAGR06

Resource Conservation & Recovery Act - Generator

VERSION DATE: 06/15/20

The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) gives the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) the authority to control hazardous waste from the "cradle-to-grave." This includes the generation, transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA also set forth a framework for the management of non-hazardous solid wastes. The 1986 amendments to RCRA enabled EPA to address environmental problems that could result from underground tanks storing petroleum and other hazardous substances. This listing refers to facilities currently generating hazardous waste. EPA region 6 includes the following states: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.

RCRANGR06

Resource Conservation & Recovery Act - Non-Generator

VERSION DATE: 06/15/20

The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) gives the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) the authority to control hazardous waste from the "cradle-to-grave." This includes the generation, transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA also set forth a framework for the management of non-hazardous solid wastes. The 1986 amendments to RCRA enabled EPA to address environmental problems that could result from underground tanks storing petroleum and other hazardous substances. This listing refers

to facilities classified as non-generators. Non-Generators do not presently generate hazardous waste. EPA Region 6 includes the following states: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.

Alternative Fueling Stations

VERSION DATE: 04/30/20

Nationwide list of alternative fueling stations made available by the U.S. Department of Energy's Office of Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy. Includes Bio-diesel stations, Ethanol (E85) stations, Liquefied Petroleum Gas (Propane) stations, Ethanol (E85) stations, Natural Gas stations, Hydrogen stations, and Electric Vehicle Supply Equipment (EVSE).

FEMAUST	FEMA Owned Storage Tanks
VERSION DATE: 12/01/16	

This is a listing of FEMA owned underground and aboveground storage tank sites. For security reasons, address information is not released to the public according to the U.S. Department of Homeland Security.

HISTPST

Historical Gas Stations

VERSION DATE: NR

This historic directory of service stations is provided by the Cities Service Company. The directory includes Cities Service filling stations that were located throughout the United States in 1930.

ICISCLEANERS

Integrated Compliance Information System Drycleaners

VERSION DATE: 03/28/20

This is a listing of drycleaner facilities from the Integrated Compliance Information System (ICIS). The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) tracks facilities that possess NAIC and SIC codes that classify businesses as drycleaner establishments. The following Primary SIC Codes are included in this data: 7211, 7212, 7213, 7215, 7216, 7217, 7218, and/or 7219; the following Primary NAICS Codes are included in this data: 812320, 812331, and/or 812332.

MRDS Mineral Resource Data System

VERSION DATE: 03/15/16

MRDS (Mineral Resource Data System) is a collection of reports describing metallic and nonmetallic mineral resources throughout the world. Included are deposit name, location, commodity, deposit description, geologic characteristics, production, reserves, resources, and references. This database contains the records previously provided in the Mineral Resource Data System (MRDS) of USGS and the Mineral Availability System/Mineral Industry Locator System (MAS/MILS) originated in the U.S. Bureau of Mines, which is now part of USGS.



MSHA

Mine Safety and Health Administration Master Index File

VERSION DATE: 09/20/19

The Mine dataset lists all Coal and Metal/Non-Metal mines under MSHA's jurisdiction since 1/1/1970. It includes such information as the current status of each mine (Active, Abandoned, NonProducing, etc.), the current owner and operating company, commodity codes and physical attributes of the mine. Mine ID is the unique key for this data. This information is provided by the United States Department of Labor - Mine Safety and Health Administration (MSHA).

BF Brownfields Management System

VERSION DATE: 04/09/20

Brownfields are real property, the expansion, redevelopment, or reuse of which may be complicated by the presence or potential presence of a hazardous substance, pollutant, or contaminant. Cleaning up and reinvesting in these properties takes development pressures off of undeveloped, open land, and both improves and protects the environment. The United States Environmental Protection Agency maintains this database to track activities in the various brown field grant programs including grantee assessment, site cleanup and site redevelopment. This database included tribal brownfield sites.

DNPL

Delisted National Priorities List

VERSION DATE: 04/22/20

This database includes sites from the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Final National Priorities List (NPL) where remedies have proven to be satisfactory or sites where the original analyses were inaccurate, and the site is no longer appropriate for inclusion on the NPL, and final publication in the Federal Register has occurred.

NLRRCRAT

No Longer Regulated RCRA Non-CORRACTS TSD Facilities

VERSION DATE: 06/15/20

This database includes RCRA Non-Corrective Action TSD facilities that are no longer regulated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or do not meet other RCRA reporting requirements. This listing includes facilities that formerly treated, stored or disposed of hazardous waste.

ODI Open Dump Inventory

VERSION DATE: 06/01/85

The open dump inventory was published by the United States Environmental Protection Agency. An "open dump" is defined as a facility or site where solid waste is disposed of which is not a sanitary landfill which meets the criteria promulgated under section 4004 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6944) and which is not a facility for disposal of hazardous waste. This inventory has not been updated since June 1985.

RCRAT

Resource Conservation & Recovery Act - Non-CORRACTS Treatment, Storage & Disposal Facilities

VERSION DATE: 06/15/20

The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) gives the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) the authority to control hazardous waste from the "cradle-to-grave." This includes the generation, transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA also set forth a framework for the management of non-hazardous solid wastes. The 1986 amendments to RCRA enabled EPA to address environmental problems that could result from underground tanks storing petroleum and other hazardous substances. This listing refers to facilities recognized as hazardous waste treatment, storage, and disposal sites (TSD).

SEMS

Superfund Enterprise Management System

VERSION DATE: 04/23/20

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, Office of Superfund Remediation and Technology Innovation (OSRTI), has implemented The Superfund Enterprise Management System (SEMS), formerly known as CERCLIS (Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Information System) to track and report on clean-up and enforcement activities taking place at Superfund sites. SEMS represents a joint development and ongoing collaboration between Superfund's Remedial, Removal, Federal Facilities, Enforcement and Emergency Response programs.

SEMSARCH

Superfund Enterprise Management System Archived Site Inventory

VERSION DATE: 04/23/20

The U.S. Environmental Protection Agency's (EPA) Superfund Enterprise Management System Archived Site Inventory (List 8R Archived) replaced the CERCLIS NFRAP reporting system in 2015. This listing reflects sites at which the EPA has determined that assessment has been completed and no further remedial action is planned under the Superfund program.

SMCRA

Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act Sites

VERSION DATE: 11/26/19

An inventory of land and water impacted by past mining (primarily coal mining) is maintained by the Office of Surface Mining Reclamation and Enforcement (OSMRE) to provide information needed to implement the Surface Mining Control and Reclamation Act of 1977 (SMCRA). The inventory contains information on the location, type, and extent of AML impacts, as well as, information on the cost associated with the reclamation of those problems. The inventory is based upon field surveys by State, Tribal, and OSMRE program officials. It is dynamic to the extent that it is modified as new problems are identified and existing problems are reclaimed.

USUMTRCA

Uranium Mill Tailings Radiation Control Act Sites

VERSION DATE: 03/04/17

The Legacy Management Office of the Department of Energy (DOE) manages radioactive and chemical waste,



environmental contamination, and hazardous material at over 100 sites across the U.S. The L.M. Office manages this database of sites registered under the Uranium Mill Tailings Control Act (UMTRCA).

DOD Department of Defense Sites

VERSION DATE: 12/01/14

This information originates from the National Atlas of the United States Federal Lands data, which includes lands owned or administered by the Federal government. Army DOD, Army Corps of Engineers DOD, Air Force DOD, Navy DOD and Marine DOD areas of 640 acres or more are included.

FUDS

Formerly Used Defense Sites

VERSION DATE: 12/31/18

The Formerly Used Defense Sites (FUDS) inventory includes properties previously owned by or leased to the United States and under Secretary of Defense Jurisdiction, as well as Munitions Response Areas (MRAs). The remediation of these properties is the responsibility of the Department of Defense. This data is provided by the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), the boundaries/polygon data are based on preliminary findings and not all properties currently have polygon data available. DISCLAIMER: This data represents the results of data collection/processing for a specific USACE activity and is in no way to be considered comprehensive or to be used in any legal or official capacity as presented on this site. While the USACE has made a reasonable effort to insure the accuracy of the maps and associated data, it should be explicitly noted that USACE makes no warranty, representation or guaranty, either expressed or implied, as to the content, sequence, accuracy, timeliness or completeness of any of the data provided herein. For additional information on Formerly Used Defense Sites please contact the USACE Public Affairs Office at (202) 528-4285.

FUSRAP

Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program

VERSION DATE: 03/04/17

The U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) established the Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program (FUSRAP) in 1974 to remediate sites where radioactive contamination remained from the Manhattan Project and early U.S. Atomic Energy Commission (AEC) operations. The DOE Office of Legacy Management (LM) established long-term surveillance and maintenance (LTS&M) requirements for remediated FUSRAP sites. DOE evaluates the final site conditions of a remediated site on the basis of risk for different future uses. DOE then confirms that LTS&M requirements will maintain protectiveness.

NLRRCRAC

No Longer Regulated RCRA Corrective Action Facilities

VERSION DATE: 06/15/20

This database includes RCRA Corrective Action facilities that are no longer regulated by the United States Environmental Protection Agency or do not meet other RCRA reporting requirements.



NMS

Former Military Nike Missile Sites

VERSION DATE: 12/01/84

This information was taken from report DRXTH-AS-IA-83A016 (Historical Overview of the Nike Missile System, 12/1984) which was performed by Environmental Science and Engineering, Inc. for the U.S. Army Toxic and Hazardous Materials Agency Assessment Division. The Nike system was deployed between 1954 and the mid-1970's. Among the substances used or stored on Nike sites were liquid missile fuel (JP-4); starter fluids (UDKH, aniline, and furfuryl alcohol); oxidizer (IRFNA); hydrocarbons (motor oil, hydraulic fluid, diesel fuel, gasoline, heating oil); solvents (carbon tetrachloride, trichloroethylene, trichloroethane, stoddard solvent); and battery electrolyte. The quantities of material a disposed of and procedures for disposal are not documented in published reports. Virtually all information concerning the potential for contamination at Nike sites is confined to personnel who were assigned to Nike sites. During deactivation most hardware was shipped to depot-level supply points. There were reportedly instances where excess materials were disposed of on or near the site itself at closure. There was reportedly no routine site decontamination.

NPL

National Priorities List

VERSION DATE: 04/22/20

This database includes United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) National Priorities List sites that fall under the EPA's Superfund program, established to fund the cleanup of the most serious uncontrolled or abandoned hazardous waste sites identified for possible long-term remedial action.

PNPL Proposed National Priorities List

VERSION DATE: 04/22/20

This database contains sites proposed to be included on the National Priorities List (NPL) in the Federal Register. The United States Environmental Protection Agency investigates these sites to determine if they may present long-term threats to public health or the environment.

RCRAC

Resource Conservation & Recovery Act - Corrective Action Facilities

VERSION DATE: 06/15/20

The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) gives the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) the authority to control hazardous waste from the "cradle-to-grave." This includes the generation, transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA also set forth a framework for the management of non-hazardous solid wastes. The 1986 amendments to RCRA enabled EPA to address environmental problems that could result from underground tanks storing petroleum and other hazardous substances. This listing refers to facilities with corrective action activity.

RCRASUBC

Resource Conservation & Recovery Act - Subject to Corrective Action Facilities

VERSION DATE: 06/15/20



The Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) gives the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) the authority to control hazardous waste from the "cradle-to-grave." This includes the generation, transportation, treatment, storage, and disposal of hazardous waste. RCRA also set forth a framework for the management of non-hazardous solid wastes. The 1986 amendments to RCRA enabled EPA to address environmental problems that could result from underground tanks storing petroleum and other hazardous substances. This listing refers to facilities subject to corrective actions.

RODS

Record of Decision System

VERSION DATE: 04/22/20

These decision documents maintained by the United States Environmental Protection Agency describe the chosen remedy for NPL (Superfund) site remediation. They also include site history, site description, site characteristics, community participation, enforcement activities, past and present activities, contaminated media, the contaminants present, and scope and role of response action.



GWCC

Groundwater Contamination Cases

VERSION DATE: 12/31/18

This is a Joint Groundwater Monitoring and Contamination Report provided by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) with the Railroad Commission of Texas (RRC). The annual report describes the status of groundwater monitoring activities conducted or required by each agency at regulated facilities or associated with regulated activities. The report provides a general overview of groundwater monitoring by participating members on a program by program basis. Groundwater contamination is broadly defined in the report as any detrimental alteration of the naturally occurring quality of groundwater.

HISTGWCC

Historic Groundwater Contamination Cases

VERSION DATE: 12/31/17

This is a Joint Groundwater Monitoring and Contamination Report provided by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) that includes historic groundwater contamination cases reported since 1994. These cases have been closed by a program area or agency, such as the TCEQ, the Railroad Commission of Texas, and/or the Texas Alliance of Groundwater Districts. According to the TCEQ report, although enforcement actions may be closed on these cases, the Activity Status Code descriptions allow that groundwater contamination may still be present at the site and may therefore be of interest to regulatory agencies and the general public.

LANDAPP

Land Application Permits

VERSION DATE: 06/18/20

Texas Land Application Permits are a requirement from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality for any domestic facility that disposes of treated effluent by land application such as surface irrigation, evaporation, drainfields or subsurface land application.

LIENS	TCEQ Liens

VERSION DATE: 06/06/18

Liens filed upon State and/or Federal Superfund Sites by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

MSD	Municipal Setting Designations
VERSION DATE: 02/03/20	

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) defines an MSD as an official state designation given to property within a municipality or its extraterritorial jurisdiction that certifies that designated groundwater at the property is not used as potable water, and is prohibited from future use as potable water because that groundwater is contaminated in excess of the applicable potable-water protective concentration level. The prohibition must be in the form of a city ordinance, or a restrictive covenant that is enforceable by the city and filed in the property records. The MSD property can be a single property, multi-property, or a portion of property.

TCEQ Disclaimer: This data is for informational purposes and may not have been prepared for or be suitable for legal, engineering, or surveying purposes. It does not represent an on-the-ground survey and represents only the approximate relative location of property boundaries.

NOV Notice of Violations

VERSION DATE: 02/24/16

This database containing Notice of Violations (NOV) is maintained by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. An NOV is a written notification that documents and communicates violations observed during an inspection to the business or individual inspected.

SIEC01

State Institutional/Engineering Control Sites

VERSION DATE: 05/22/20

The Texas Risk Reduction Program (TRRP) requires the placement of institutional controls (e.g., deed notices or restrictive covenants) on affected property in different circumstances as part of completing a response action. In its simplest form, an institutional control (IC) is a legal document that is recorded in the county deed records. In certain circumstances, local zoning or ordinances can serve as an IC. This listing may also include locations where Engineering Controls are in effect, such as a cap, barrier, or other engineering device to prevent access, exposure, or continued migration of contamination. The sites included on this list are regulated by various programs of the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ).

SPILLS

Spills Listing

VERSION DATE: 04/10/20

This Texas Commission on Environmental Quality database includes releases of hazardous or potentially hazardous materials into the environment.

TIERII

Tier I I Chemical Reporting Program Facilities

VERSION DATE: 12/31/12

The Texas Tier II Chemical Reporting Program in the Department of State Health Services (DSHS) is the state repository for EPCRA-required Emergency Planning Letters (EPLs), which are one-time notifications to the state from facilities that have certain extremely hazardous chemicals in specified amounts. The Program is also the state repository for EPCRA/state-required hazardous chemical inventory reports called Texas Tier Two Reports. This data contains those facility reports for the 2005 through the 2012 calendar years. Please contact the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality Tier II Chemical Reporting Division as the current source for this data, due to confidentiality and safety reasons details such as the location and capacity of on-site hazardous chemicals is only available to local emergency planning agencies, fire departments, and/or owners.

DCR

Dry Cleaner Registration Database

VERSION DATE: 05/12/20



The database includes dry cleaning drop stations and facilities registered with the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

IHW

Industrial and Hazardous Waste Sites

VERSION DATE: 02/06/20

Owner and facility information is included in this database of permitted and non-permitted industrial and hazardous waste sites (this database excludes information for one time shipment requests). Industrial waste is waste that results from or is incidental to operations of industry, manufacturing, mining, or agriculture. Hazardous waste is defined as any solid waste listed as hazardous or possesses one or more hazardous characteristics as defined in federal waste regulations. The IHW database is maintained by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

PIHW

Permitted Industrial Hazardous Waste Sites

VERSION DATE: 02/06/20

Owner and facility information is included in this database of all permitted industrial and hazardous waste sites. Industrial waste is waste that results from or is incidental to operations of industry, manufacturing, mining, or agriculture. Hazardous waste is defined as any solid waste listed as hazardous or possesses one or more hazardous characteristics as defined in federal waste regulations. Permitted IHW facilities are regulated under 30 Texas Administrative Code Chapter 335 in addition to federal regulations. The IHW database is maintained by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

PST

Petroleum Storage Tanks

VERSION DATE: 03/09/20

The Petroleum Storage Tank database is administered by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). Both Underground storage tanks (USTs) and Aboveground storage tanks (ASTs) are included in this report. Petroleum Storage Tank registration has been a requirement with the TCEQ since 1986.

APAR

Affected Property Assessment Reports

VERSION DATE: 05/20/20

As regulated by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, an Affected Property Assessment Report is required when a person is addressing a release of chemical of concern (COC) under 30 TAC Chapter 350, the Texas Risk Reduction Program (TRRP). The purpose of the APAR is to document all relevant affected property information to identify all release sources and COCs, determine the extent of all COCs, identify all transport/exposure pathways, and to determine if any response actions are necessary. The Texas Administrative Code Title 30 §350.4(a)(1) defines affected property as the entire area (i.e. on-site and off-site; including all environmental media) which contains releases of chemicals of concern at concentrations equal to or greater than the assessment level applicable for residential land use and groundwater classification.



BSA

Brownfields Site Assessments

VERSION DATE: 05/15/20

The Brownfields Site Assessments database is maintained by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). The TCEQ, in close partnership with the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) and other federal, state, and local redevelopment agencies, and stakeholders, is facilitating cleanup, transferability, and revitalization of brownfields through the development of regulatory, tax, and technical assistance tools.

CALF	Closed & Abandoned Landfill Inventory
VERSION DATE: 11/0	1/05

The Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, under a contract with Texas State University, and in cooperation with the 24 regional Council of Governments (COGs) in the State, has located over 4,000 closed and abandoned municipal solid waste landfills throughout Texas. This listing contains "unauthorized sites". Unauthorized sites have no permit and are considered abandoned. The information available for each site varies in detail and this historical information is not updated. Please refer to the specific regional COG for the most current information.

Dry Cleaner Remediation Program Sites

VERSION DATE: 03/03/20

This list of DCRP sites is provided by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). According to the TCEQ, the Dry Cleaner Remediation Program (DCRP) establishes a prioritization list of dry cleaner sites and administers the Dry Cleaning Remediation fund to assist with remediation of contamination caused by dry cleaning solvents.

IOP	Innocent Owner /	Operator Databa	se

VERSION DATE: 05/26/20

Texas Innocent Owner / Operator (IOP), created by House Bill 2776 of the 75th Legislature, provides a certificate to an innocent owner or operator if their property is contaminated as a result of a release or migration of contaminants from a source or sources not located on the property, and they did not cause or contribute to the source or sources of contamination. The IOP database is maintained by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

LPST Leaking Petroleum Storage Tanks

VERSION DATE: 03/04/20

The Leaking Petroleum Storage Tank listing is derived from the Petroleum Storage Tank (PST) database and is maintained by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. This listing includes aboveground and underground storage tank facilities with reported leaks.

Municipal Solid Waste Landfill Sites

VERSION DATE: 06/05/20

The municipal solid waste landfill database is provided by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality. This database includes active landfills and inactive landfills, where solid waste is treated or stored.

ОСР

Operator Cleanup Program Sites

VERSION DATE: 06/04/20

The Operator Cleanup Program oversees Operator-led cleanups to ensure compliance with RRC rules. The Sites in the Operator Cleanup Program enter the program on a case by-case basis through referral from the RRC District Offices or other RRC sections (e.g. Technical Permitting or Legal Enforcement) when groundwater has been impacted or has the potential to be impacted, risk-based site assessment is needed, or when the release consists of a unique or unusual contaminant. Operators can also choose to voluntarily enter their cleanup sites into the RRC's Operator Cleanup Program. Database is provided and maintained by the Railroad Commission of Texas (RRC) and location information is limited to what is available via the agency.

RRCVCP	Railroad Commission VCP and Brownfield Sites

According to the Railroad Commission of Texas, their Voluntary Cleanup Program (RRC-VCP) provides an incentive to remediate Oil & Gas related pollution by participants as long as they did not cause or contribute to the contamination. Applicants to the program receive a release of liability to the state in exchange for a successful cleanup.

RWS Radioactive Waste Sites

VERSION DATE: 07/11/06

This Texas Commission on Environmental Quality database contains all sites in the State of Texas that have been designated as Radioactive Waste sites.

STCV	Salt Caverns for Petroleum Storage
VERSION DATE: 09/01	/06

The salt caverns for petroleum storage database is provided by the Railroad Commission of Texas.

VCP Voluntary Cleanup Program Sites

VERSION DATE: 05/22/20

The Texas Voluntary Cleanup Program (VCP) provides administrative, technical, and legal incentives to encourage the cleanup of contaminated sites in Texas. Since all non-responsible parties, including future lenders

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and landowners, receive protection from liability to the state of Texas for cleanup of sites under the VCP, most of the constraints for completing real estate transactions at those sites are eliminated. As a result, many unused or underused properties may be restored to economically productive or community beneficial uses. The VCP database is maintained by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality.

WMRF

Recycling Facilities

VERSION DATE: 11/01/12

This listing of recycling facilities is provided by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality's Recycle Texas Online service. The company information provided in this database is self-reported. Since recyclers post their own information, a facility or company appearing on the list does not imply that it is in compliance with TCEQ regulations or other applicable laws. This database is no longer maintained and includes the last compilation of the program participants before the Recycle Texas Online program was closed.

WSTMGMT

Commercial Management Facilities for Hazardous Waste and Industrial Solid Wastes

VERSION DATE: 10/01/19

This publication lists facilities that have permits or authorizations from the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ) to receive, on a commercial basis, and manage hazardous waste, industrial nonhazardous waste, or both.

IHWCA

SF

Industrial and Hazardous Waste Corrective Action Sites

VERSION DATE: 01/21/20

This database is provided by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality (TCEQ). According to the TCEQ, the mission of the industrial and hazardous waste corrective action program is to oversee the cleanup of sites contaminated from industrial and municipal hazardous and industrial nonhazardous wastes. The goals of this program are to: Ensure that sites are assessed and remediated to levels that protect human health and the environment; Verify that waste management units or facilities are taken out of service and closed properly; and to Facilitate revitalization of contaminated properties.

State Superfund Sites

VERSION DATE: 05/26/20

The state Superfund program mission is to remediate abandoned or inactive sites within the state that pose an unacceptable risk to public health and safety or the environment, but which do not qualify for action under the federal Superfund program (NPL - National Priority Listing). As required by the Texas Solid Waste Disposal Act, Texas Health and Safety Code, Chapter 361, the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality identifies and evaluates these facilities for inclusion on the state Superfund registry. This listing includes any recent developments and the anticipated action for these sites as documented in the annual state Superfund registry publication of the Texas Register as well as the Superfund Webpage on the TCEQ website.



Edwards Aquifer Permits

VERSION DATE: 07/21/06

EAP

This database, maintained by the Texas Commission on Environmental Quality, contains Edward Aquifer permits.

AUSTINHISTUST	City of Austin Historical Underground Storage Tanks
VERSION DATE: 06/09/20	

This is an inventory of historical underground gas storage tanks. An Underground Storage Tank (UST) can pose a very serious threat to human health, the environment, and property if not properly operated and maintained. The UST Leak Prevention Program focuses on all facilities with underground storage tanks storing hazardous materials found within the UST Program jurisdiction. Please credit the City of Austin Planning and Development Review with use of this data.

AUSTINUST	City of Austin Underground Storage Tanks

VERSION DATE: 06/09/20

This is an inventory of active underground gas storage tanks. An Underground Storage Tank (UST) can pose a very serious threat to human health, the environment, and property if not properly operated and maintained. The UST Leak Prevention Program focuses on all facilities with underground storage tanks storing hazardous materials found within the UST Program jurisdiction. Please credit the City of Austin Planning and Development Review with use of this data.



USTR06

Underground Storage Tanks On Tribal Lands

VERSION DATE: 04/01/20

This database, provided by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), contains underground storage tanks on Tribal lands located in EPA Region 6. This region includes the following states: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.

LUSTR06

Leaking Underground Storage Tanks On Tribal Lands

VERSION DATE: 04/01/20

This database, provided by the United States Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), contains leaking underground storage tanks on Tribal lands located in EPA Region 6. This region includes the following states: Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, and Texas.

ODINDIAN

Open Dump Inventory on Tribal Lands

VERSION DATE: 11/08/06

This Indian Health Service database contains information about facilities and sites on tribal lands where solid waste is disposed of, which are not sanitary landfills or hazardous waste disposal facilities, and which meet the criteria promulgated under section 4004 of the Solid Waste Disposal Act (42 U.S.C. 6944).

INDIANRES

Indian Reservations

VERSION DATE: 09/27/17

The Department of Interior and Bureau of Indian Affairs maintains this database that includes American Indian Reservations, off-reservation trust lands, public domain allotments, Alaska Native Regional Corporations and Recognized State Reservations.





Columbus Office 1801 Watermark Drive tel 614.210.0751 Suite 150 Columbus, OH 43215 www.gpdgroup.com

fax 614.210.0752

Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Checklist

Project Name:	FS1101		
Location:	9019 Elroy Road Del Valle, TX		
Project No.	2020730.36		
-			
Prepared By: <u>N</u>	Matt Dickson	Date: 7/9/20	
Checked By:		Date:	
Client Information	1:		
Company Name:	Enertech Resources		
Name:	Harmony Clarkrider		
Address:			
Phone Number:			

1.1 PHYSICAL SETTING

PHYSICAL SETTING INFORM	ATION FOR SITE AND SURROUNDING AREA	SOURCE
Topography		
Site Elevation	Approx 594'	
Surface Runoff/ Topographic Gradient	E/SE run off	
Closest Surface Water	None visible	
Soil Characteristics		
Soil Type:	Scrub grass/gravel	
Description:	Compacted access gravel drive, tower area weeds/grass with burn pile in center.	
Geology/Hydrogeology		
Formation:	N/A	
Description:		
Estimated Depth to First Occurrence of Ground Water:		
*Hydrogeologic Gradient: (If known)	N/A	
Site Water Source		

*The ground water flow direction and the depth to shallow, unconfined ground water, if present would likely vary depending upon seasonal variations in rainfall and the depth to the soil/bedrock interface. Without the benefit of on-site ground water monitoring wells surveyed to a datum, ground water depth and flow direction beneath the site cannot be ascertained.

1.2 GENERAL DESCRIPTION

GENERAL SITE INFO	RMATIO	N		
Site Reconnaissand	ce			
Field Personnel		Matt Dickson		
Reconnaissance Da	ite	7/9/2020		
Weather		93 partly cloudy		
Site Contact/Title				
Site Description				
Site Name		FS1101		
Site Location/Addre	ess	9019 Elroy Road Del Valle, TX		
Adjoining Streets		Elroy Road and FM812		
Land Area				
Land Area Descript	tion			
No. of Buildings		Year Constructed	Approx. Square Footage	No. of Floors
Other Site Improve	ments	Multiple buildings near subject property. Controlled burn building NE of proposed tower location. Three portable buildings/storage which appear to be able to relocate.		
Site Topographic Re	elief			

Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Checklist Job Number: Date:

1.3 CURRENT SITE USE

Those entries below designated by an "X" indicate that the Item or Feature was observed during the site visit. If no "X" designation appears below, then the Item or Feature was not observed on the date of the site visit.

Category	Item or Feature	Item or Feature Observed
	Emergency Generators	
Site Operations, Processes, and	Elevators	
Equipment	Air Compressors	
	Hydraulic Equipment	
Above ground Chemical	Evidence of aboveground storage tanks	x
Aboveground Chemical or Waste Storage	Drums, barrels, and or containers	x
	Cleaning and/or similar supplies	x
	Evidence of underground storage tanks or ancillary UST equipment	
	Sumps, cisterns, catch basins, and/or dry wells	
Underground Chemical	Grease traps	
or Waste Storage, Drainage, or Collection	Septic tanks and/or leach fields	x
Systems	Oil/water separators	
	Pipeline markers	
	Interior floor drains	
Transformers/PCBs	Pad or pole-mounted transformers and/or capacitors	
	Stressed vegetation	
	Stained soil or pavement	
	Leachate and/or waste seeps	
	Trash, debris, and/or other waste materials	x
	Dumping or disposal areas	
Evidence of Releases or Potential Releases	Construction/demolition debris and/or dumped fill dirt	
	Surface water discoloration, odor, sheen, and/or free floating product	
	Strong, pungent, or noxious odors	
	Exterior pipe discharges and/or other effluent discharges	
	Laboratory hoods and/or incinerators	1
	Waste treatment systems and/or water treatment systems	1
	Surface water bodies (pits, ponds, or lagoons)	
Other Notable Site Features	Quarries or pits	
	Other	

1.3.1 Notes on Observed Site Characteristics and Other Observations

Area comprising the compound and tower location appears to be a controlled Burn area. Wood piled in center of the grassy area, ash/charcoal piles within Area as well. Location is on Fire Department land, all burning appears to be for Training purposes. Approx 200 gallon above ground propane tank noted approximately 160' NW of proposed site location. Rusted car frame approximately 45' from proposed site location.

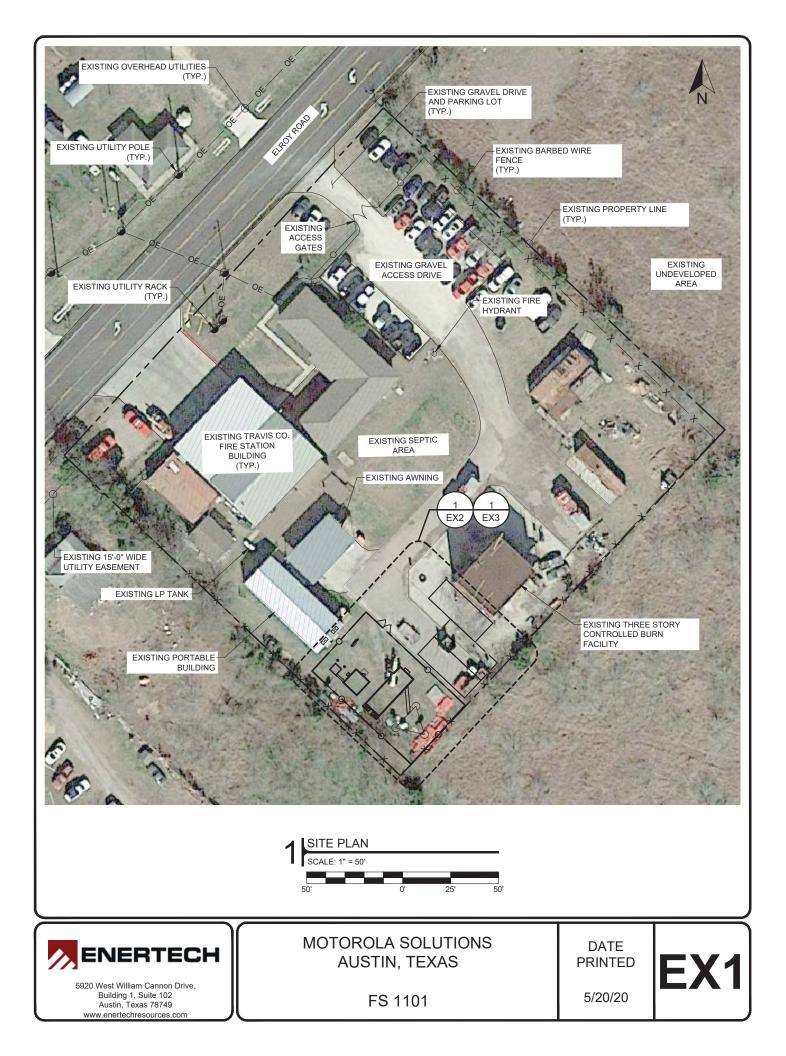
No trees within project area, no above ground tanks within defined project area, no evidence of nests or suitable habitat within the project area. No standing water or potential wetlands within the project area or visible from project area. Land area behind a fire station with developed access. All noted drums, AST, cleaning materials appear to be in line with a fire station. Nothing of concern noted during site visit. Phase I Environmental Site Assessment Checklist Job Number: Date:

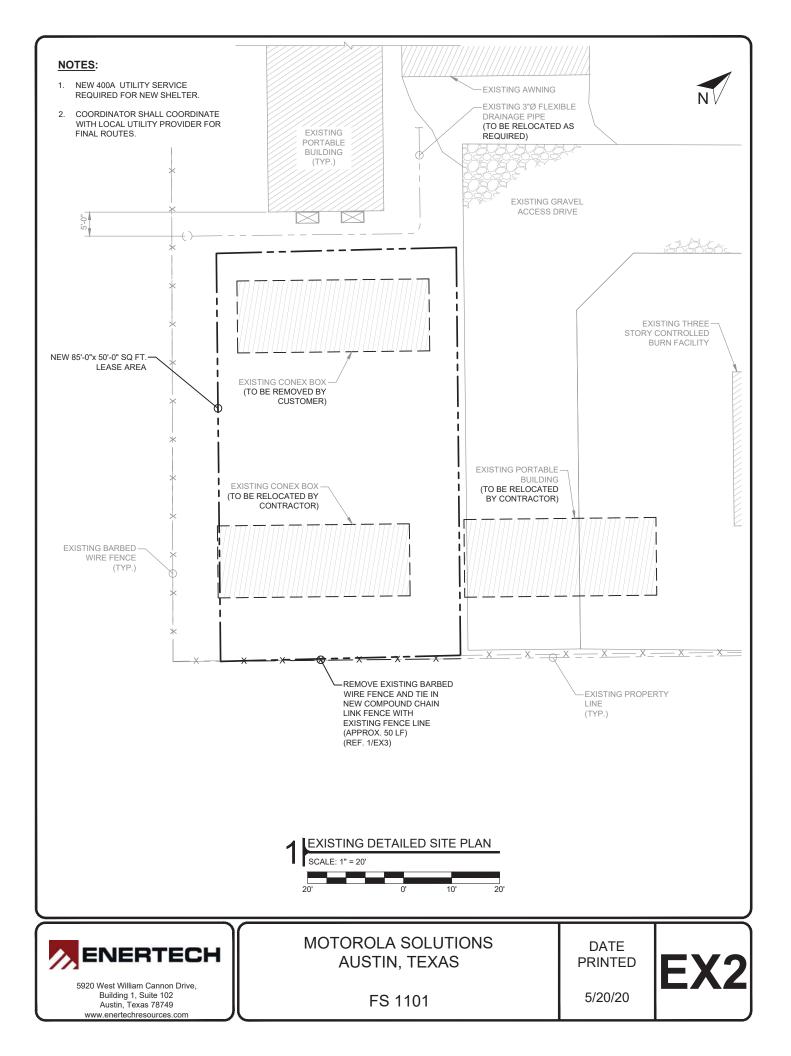
1.4 CURRENT SURROUNDING LAND USE

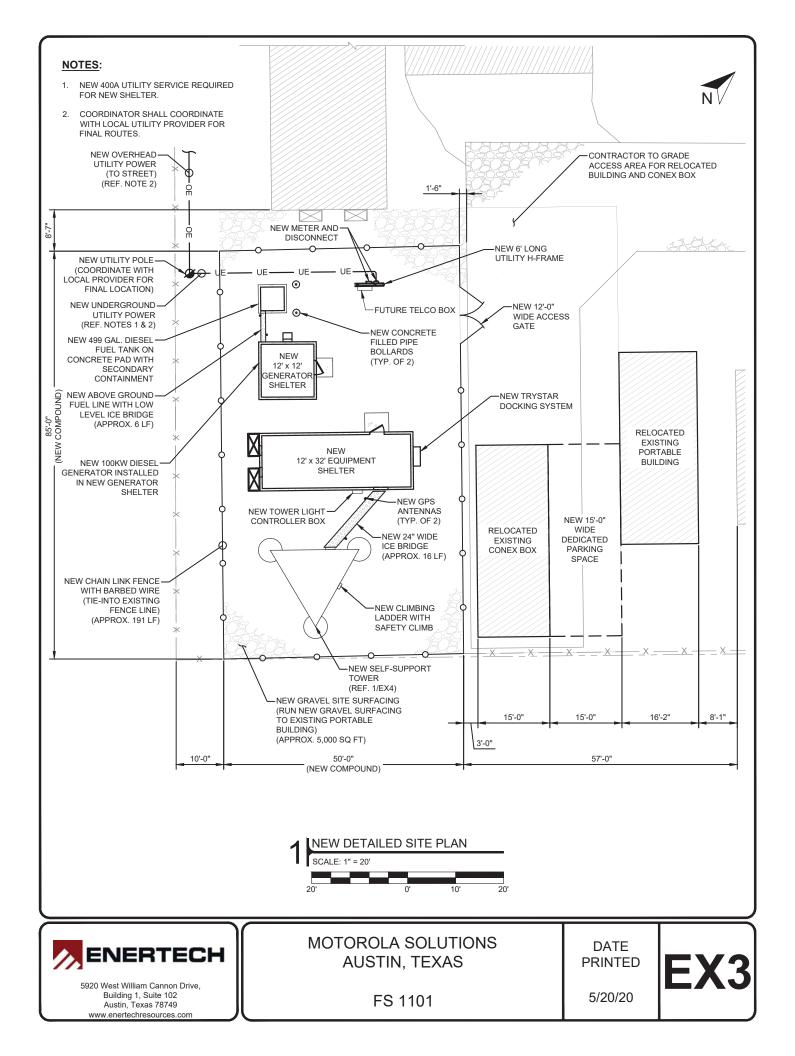
Visual observations of adjoining/surrounding properties (from site boundaries and readily accessible public areas) are summarized below.

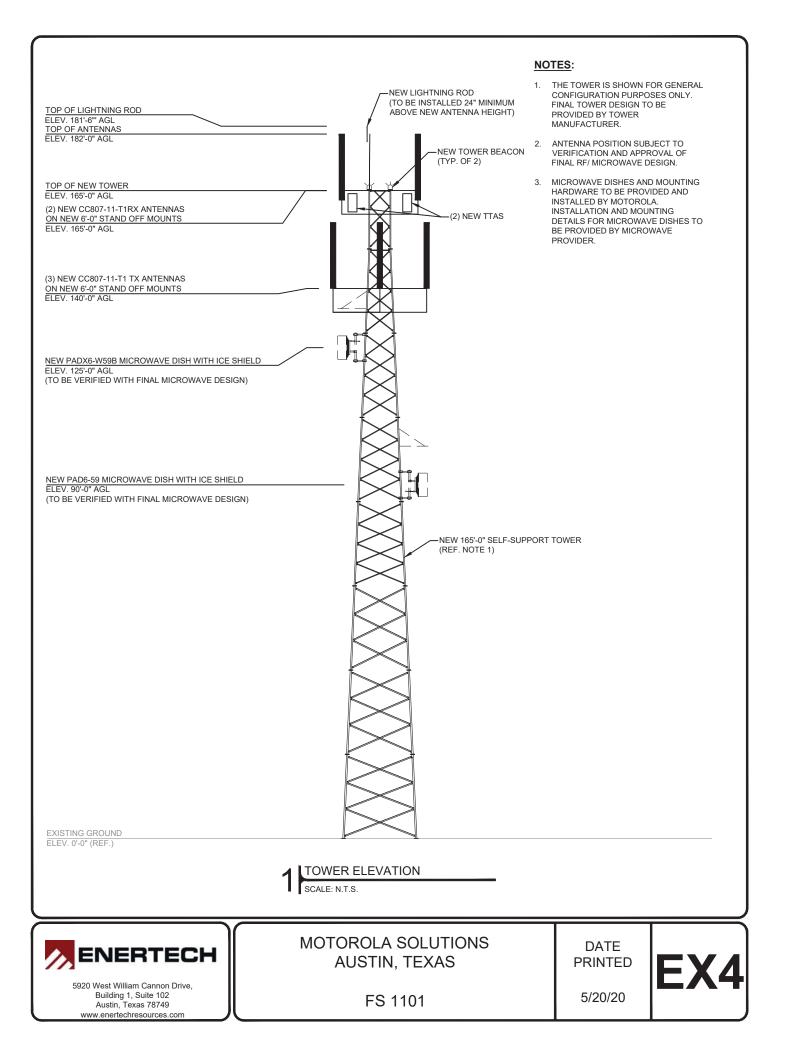
Adjoining/Surr	ounding Properties
----------------	--------------------

Name: access road followed by septic field various buildings to the NW and NE
Address:
Description:
Name: Portable structure (no interior walls appears to be used for training on gas leaks as pipes and hoses are exposed) followed by controlled burn structure for training purposes
Address:
Description:
Name: Fence line followed by field with scrub brush and thin trees
Address:
Description:
Name: portable container/shipping box followed by fence line with field and scrub brush and trees
Address:
Description:











U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Endangered Species Act (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/endangered-species

- 1. Does the project involve any activities that have the potential to affect species or habitats?
 - ☑ No, the project will have No Effect due to the nature of the activities involved in the project.
 → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.

□No, the project will have No Effect based on a letter of understanding, memorandum of agreement, programmatic agreement, or checklist provided by local HUD office.

Explain your determination:

Click here to enter text.

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.

 \Box Yes, the activities involved in the project have the potential to affect species and/or habitats. \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.

2. Are federally listed species or designated critical habitats present in the action area? Obtain a list of protected species from the Services. This information is available on the <u>FWS Website</u>.

 \Box No, the project will have No Effect due to the absence of federally listed species and designated critical habitat.

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination. Documentation may include letters from the Services, species lists from the Services' websites, surveys or other documents and analysis showing that there are no species in the action area.

□Yes, there are federally listed species or designated critical habitats present in the action area.

 \rightarrow Continue to Question 3.

- 3. Recommend one of the following effects that the project will have on federally listed species or designated critical habitat:
 - □No Effect: Based on the specifics of both the project and any federally listed species in the action area, you have determined that the project will have absolutely no effect on listed species or critical habitat.
 - → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination. Documentation should include a species list and explanation of your conclusion, and may require maps, photographs, and surveys as appropriate.
 - □May Affect, Not Likely to Adversely Affect: Any effects that the project may have on federally listed species or critical habitats would be beneficial, discountable, or insignificant.
 - → Partner entities should not contact the Services directly. If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, they will have to complete Informal Consultation. Provide the RE/HUD with a biological evaluation or equivalent document. They may request additional information, including surveys and professional analysis, to complete their consultation.

□Likely to Adversely Affect: The project may have negative effects on one or more listed species or critical habitat.

→ Partner entities should not contact the Services directly. If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, they will have to complete Formal Consultation. Provide the RE/HUD with a biological evaluation or equivalent document. They may request additional information, including surveys and professional analysis, to complete their consultation.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The IPaC dated July 16, 2020 states, "there are no critical habitats within your project area under this office's jurisdiction." Additionally existing access will be utilized to reach the project location and there is no need for tree removal to facilitate the proposed tower and equipment.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE Austin Ecological Services Field Office 10711 Burnet Road, Suite 200 Austin, TX 78758-4460 Phone: (512) 490-0057 Fax: (512) 490-0974 <u>http://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/AustinTexas/</u> http://www.fws.gov/southwest/es/EndangeredSpecies/lists/



July 16, 2020

In Reply Refer To: Consultation Code: 02ETAU00-2020-SLI-1814 Event Code: 02ETAU00-2020-E-03744 Project Name: Enertech- FS1101

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that *may* occur within the county of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

Please note that new information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Also note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 *et seq.*), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of federally listed as threatened

2

or endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect these species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

While a Federal agency may designate a non-Federal representative to conduct informal consultation or prepare a biological assessment, the Federal Agency must notify the Service in writing of any such designation. The Federal agency shall also independently review and evaluate the scope and content of a biological assessment prepared by their designated non-Federal representative before that document is submitted to the Service.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by a federally funded, permitted or authorized activity, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. The following definitions are provided to assist you in reaching a determination:

- *No effect* the proposed action will not affect federally listed species or critical habitat. A
 "no effect" determination does not require section 7 consultation and no coordination or
 contact with the Service is necessary. However, if the project changes or additional
 information on the distribution of listed or proposed species becomes available, the project
 should be reanalyzed for effects not previously considered.
- May affect, but is not likely to adversely affect the project may affect listed species and/or critical habitat; however, the effects are expected to be discountable, insignificant, or completely beneficial. Certain avoidance and minimization measures may need to be implemented in order to reach this level of effect. The Federal agency or the designated non-Federal representative should consult with the Service to seek written concurrence that adverse effects are not likely. Be sure to include all of the information and documentation used to reach your decision with your request for concurrence. The Service must have this documentation before issuing a concurrence.
- *Is likely to adversely affect* adverse effects to listed species may occur as a direct or indirect result of the proposed action. For this determination, the effect of the action is neither discountable nor insignificant. If the overall effect of the proposed action is beneficial to the listed species but the action is also likely to cause some adverse effects to individuals of that species, then the proposed action "is likely to adversely affect" the listed species. The analysis should consider all interrelated and interdependent actions. An "is likely to adversely affect" determination requires the Federal action agency to initiate formal section 7 consultation with our office.

Regardless of the determination, the Service recommends that the Federal agency maintain a complete record of the evaluation, including steps leading to the determination of effect, the qualified personnel conducting the evaluation, habitat conditions, site photographs, and any other related information. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at: <u>http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF</u>.

Migratory Birds

For projects that may affect migratory birds, the Migratory Bird Treaty Act (MBTA) implements various treaties and conventions for the protection of these species. Under the MBTA, taking, killing, or possessing migratory birds is unlawful. Migratory birds may nest in trees, brushy areas, or other areas of suitable habitat. The Service recommends activities requiring vegetation removal or disturbance avoid the peak nesting period of March through August to avoid destruction of individuals, nests, or eggs. If project activities must be conducted during this time, we recommend surveying for nests prior to conducting work. If a nest is found, and if possible, the Service recommends a buffer of vegetation remain around the nest until the young have fledged or the nest is abandoned.

For additional information concerning the MBTA and recommendations to reduce impacts to migratory birds please contact the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service Migratory Birds Office, 500 Gold Ave. SW, Albuquerque, NM 87102. A list of migratory birds may be viewed at https://www.fws.gov/birds/management/managed-species/migratory-bird-treaty-act-protected-species.php. Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers can be found at: https://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/guidance-documents/communication-towers.php. Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines

<u>https://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/guidance-documents/wind-energy.php</u>) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Finally, please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan <u>https://www.fws.gov/birds/management/project-assessment-tools-and-guidance/guidance-documents/eagles.php</u>.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

Austin Ecological Services Field Office

10711 Burnet Road, Suite 200 Austin, TX 78758-4460 (512) 490-0057

Project Summary

02ETAU00-2020-SLI-1814
02ETAU00-2020-E-03744
Enertech- FS1101
COMMUNICATIONS TOWER

Project Description: Enertech will build a new 190-foot tall self-support tower.

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: <u>https://www.google.com/maps/place/30.121678169210043N97.63301036654177W</u>



Counties: Travis, TX

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 18 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species. Note that 3 of these species should be considered only under certain conditions.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Birds

NAME	STATUS
Golden-cheeked Warbler (=wood) Dendroica chrysoparia	Endangered
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/33</u>	
Least Tern Sterna antillarum	Endangered
Population: interior pop.	
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
This species only needs to be considered under the following conditions:	
Wind Energy Projects	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8505</u>	
Piping Plover <i>Charadrius melodus</i>	Threatened
Population: [Atlantic Coast and Northern Great Plains populations] - Wherever found, except	
those areas where listed as endangered.	
There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat.	
This species only needs to be considered under the following conditions:	
 Wind Energy Projects 	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6039</u>	
Red Knot Calidris canutus rufa	Threatened
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	
This species only needs to be considered under the following conditions:	
 Wind Energy Projects 	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1864</u>	
Whooping Crane <i>Grus americana</i>	Endangered
Population: Wherever found, except where listed as an experimental population	0
There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/758</u>	
Amphibians	
NAME	STATUS
Austin Blind Salamander Eurycea waterlooensis	Endangered
There is final critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat.	
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5737</u>	
Barton Springs Salamander Eurycea sosorum	Endangered
No critical habitat has been designated for this species.	0
Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/1113</u>	
Jollyville Plateau Salamander <i>Eurycea tonkawae</i>	Threatened
Jony vine i lateau Salamanuel Luiyteu tolkuwue	Threatened

Jollyville Plateau Salamander *Eurycea tonkawae* There is **final** critical habitat for this species. Your location is outside the critical habitat. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3116</u>

Clams

NAME	STATUS
Texas Fatmucket Lampsilis bracteata No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9041</u>	Candidate
Texas Fawnsfoot <i>Truncilla macrodon</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8965</u>	Candidate
Texas Pimpleback <i>Quadrula petrina</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/8966</u>	Candidate
Insects	
NAME	STATUS
Kretschmarr Cave Mold Beetle <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/3140</u>	Endangered
Tooth Cave Ground Beetle <i>Rhadine persephone</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5625</u>	Endangered
Arachnids	
NAME	STATUS
Bee Creek Cave Harvestman <i>Texella reddelli</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2464</u>	Endangered
Bone Cave Harvestman <i>Texella reyesi</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/5306</u>	Endangered
Tooth Cave Pseudoscorpion <i>Tartarocreagris texana</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/6667</u>	Endangered
Tooth Cave Spider <i>Neoleptoneta myopica</i> No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2360</u>	Endangered

Flowering Plants

NAME

STATUS

Candidate

Bracted Twistflower *Streptanthus bracteatus* No critical habitat has been designated for this species. Species profile: <u>https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/2856</u>

Critical habitats

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.

Page 1 of 18

Last Update: 3/5/2021

TRAVIS COUNTY

AMPHIBIANS

Austin blind salamander	Eurycea waterlooensis	
Aquatic and subterranean; streams an	nd caves.	
Federal Status: LE	State Status: E	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1	State Rank: S1
Barton Springs salamander	Eurycea sosorum	
Aquatic; springs, streams and caves	with rocky or cobble beds.	
Federal Status: LE	State Status: E	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1	State Rank: S1
Jollyville Plateau salamander	Eurycea tonkawae	
Aquatic; springs, streams and caves	-	
Federal Status: LT	State Status: T	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2	State Rank: S2
Strecker's chorus frog	Pseudacris streckeri	
Terrestrial and aquatic: Wooded floo	dplains and flats, prairies, cultivated fields and marshes. Lik	•
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S3
Woodhouse's toad	Anaxyrus woodhousii	
Terrestrial and aquatic: A wide varie Aquatic habitats are equally varied.	ty of terrestrial habitats are used by this species, including for	prests, grasslands, and barrier island sand dunes.
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: SU
	ARACHNIDS	
Bandit Cave spider	Cicurina bandida	
Very small, subterrestrial, subterrane		
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y		State Rank: S1
Endenne. I	Global Rank: G2Q	State Kalik. ST
Bone Cave harvestman	Texella reyesi	
Small, blind, cave-adapted harvestma	an endemic to several caves in Travis and Williamson counti	es; weakly differentiated from Texella reddelli
Federal Status: LE	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S2

DISCLAIMER

ARACHNIDS

No accepted common name	Texella grubbsi	
Habitat description is not available a	t this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1
No accepted common name	Texella mulaiki	
Habitat description is not available a	t this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S2
No accepted common name	Texella spinoperca	
Habitat description is not available a	t this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: GNR	State Rank: SNR
No accepted common name	Tartarocreagris infernalis	
Habitat description is not available a	t this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S2?
No accepted common name	Tartarocreagris intermedia	
Habitat description is not available a	t this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1
No accepted common name	Tartarocreagris altimana	
Habitat description is not available a		
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1
No accepted common name	Tartarocreagris attenuata	
Habitat description is not available a	t this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1

DISCLAIMER

ARACHNIDS

No accepted common name	Tartarocreagris domina	
Habitat description is not available a	t this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1
No accepted common name	Tartarocreagris proserpina	
Habitat description is not available a		
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1
No accepted common name	Cicurina travisae	
Habitat description is not available a	t this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2Q	State Rank: S1
No accepted common name	Eidmannella reclusa	
Habitat description is not available a	t this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1
Reddell harvestman	Texella reddelli	
Small, blind, cave-adapted harvestma	an endemic to a few caves in Travis and Williamson counties	
Federal Status: LE	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S2
Tooth Cave pseudoscorpion	Tartarocreagris texana	
Small, cave-adapted pseudoscorpion	known from small limestone caves of the Edwards Plateau	
Federal Status: LE	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1
Tooth Cave spider	Neoleptoneta myopica	
Very small, cave-adapted, sedentary	spider	
Federal Status: LE	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1

BIRDS

bald eagle

Haliaeetus leucocephalus

Found primarily near rivers and large lakes; nests in tall trees or on cliffs near water; communally roosts, especially in winter; hunts live prey, scavenges, and pirates food from other birds

DISCLAIMER

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TRAVIS COUNTY

BIRDS

BIRDS			
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S3B,S3N	
Black Rail	Laterallus jamaicensis		
	shes, pond borders, wet meadows, and grassy swamps; ne ious years dead grasses; nest usually hidden in marsh gra		
Federal Status: LT	State Status: T	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S2	
black-capped vireo	Vireo atricapilla		
Oak-juniper woodlands with distinctive patchy, two-layered aspect; shrub and tree layer with open, grassy spaces; requires foliage reaching to ground level for nesting cover; return to same territory, or one nearby, year after year; deciduous and broad-leaved shrubs and trees provide insects for feeding; species composition less important than presence of adequate broad-leaved shrubs, foliage to ground level, and required structure; nesting season March-late summer			
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3B	
Franklin's gull	Leucophaeus pipixcan		
This species is only a spring and fall migrant throughout Texas. It does not breed in or near Texas. Winter records are unusual consisting of one or a few individuals at a given site (especially along the Gulf coastline). During migration, these gulls fly during daylight hours but often come down to wetlands, lake shore, or islands to roost for the night.			
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S2N	
golden-cheeked warbler	Setophaga chrysoparia		
Ashe juniper in mixed stands with various oaks (Quercus spp.). Edges of cedar brakes. Dependent on Ashe juniper (also known as cedar) for long fine bark strips, only available from mature trees, used in nest construction; nests are placed in various trees other than Ashe juniper; only a few mature junipers or nearby cedar brakes can provide the necessary nest material; forage for insects in broad-leaved trees and shrubs; nesting late March-early summer.			
Federal Status: LE	State Status: E	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G2	State Rank: S2S3B	
• • • • • •			
interior least tern	Sternula antillarum athalassos		
and gravel bars within braided stre	goons, islands. Subspecies is listed only when inland (mo ams, rivers; also know to nest on man-made structures (i staceans, when breeding forages within a few hundred fe	nland beaches, wastewater treatment plants, gravel	
Federal Status: DL: Delisted	State Status: E	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4T3Q	State Rank: S1B	
mountain plover	Charadrius montanus		
	hortgrass prairie, on ground in shallow depression; nonbi	reeding: shortgrass plains and bare, dirt (plowed)	

DISCLAIMER

BIRDS			
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S2	
piping plover	Charadrius melodus		
Beaches, sandflats, and dunes along Gulf Coast beaches and adjacent offshore islands. Also spoil islands in the Intracoastal Waterway. Based on the November 30, 1992 Section 6 Job No. 9.1, Piping Plover and Snowy Plover Winter Habitat Status Survey, algal flats appear to be the highest quality habitat. Some of the most important aspects of algal flats are their relative inaccessibility and their continuous availability throughout all tidal conditions. Sand flats often appear to be preferred over algal flats when both are available, but large portions of sand flats along the Texas coast are available only during low-very low tides and are often completely unavailable during extreme high tides or strong north winds. Beaches appear to serve as a secondary habitat to the flats associated with the primary bays, lagoons, and inter-island passes. Beaches are rarely used on the southern Texas coast, where bayside habitat is always available, and are abandoned as bayside habitats become available on the central and northern coast. However, beaches are probably a vital habitat along the central and northern coast (i.e. north of Padre Island) during periods of extreme high tides that cover the flats. Optimal site characteristics appear to be large in area, sparsely vegetated, continuously available or in close proximity to secondary habitat, and with limited human disturbance.			
Federal Status: LT	State Status: T	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S2N	
swallow-tailed kite	Elanoides forficatus	rivers lakes and reader nexts high in tall tree	
in clearing or on forest woodland edg	swampy areas, ranging into open woodland; marshes, along ge, usually in pine, cypress, or various deciduous trees	rivers, lakes, and ponds; nests high in tall tree	
Federal Status:	State Status: T	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S2B	
western burrowing owl	Athene cunicularia hypugaea		
Open grasslands, especially prairie, proosts in abandoned burrows	lains, and savanna, sometimes in open areas such as vacant l	ots near human habitation or airports; nests and	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4T4	State Rank: S2	
1.4 6 1.11			
white-faced ibis	Plegadis chihi		
rookeries in so-called hog-wallow pr	and irrigated rice fields, but will attend brackish and saltwate airies. Nests in marshes, in low trees, on the ground in bulrus		
Federal Status:	State Status: T	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S4B	
whooping crane	Grus americana		
Small ponds, marshes, and flooded g winters in coastal marshes of Aransa	rain fields for both roosting and foraging. Potential migrant is, Calhoun, and Refugio counties.	via plains throughout most of state to coast;	
Federal Status: LE	State Status: E	SGCN: Y	
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G1	State Rank: S1N	
wood stork	Mycteria americana		

DISCLAIMER

BIRDS

Prefers to nest in large tracts of baldcypress (Taxodium distichum) or red mangrove (Rhizophora mangle); forages in prairie ponds, flooded pastures or fields, ditches, and other shallow standing water, including salt-water; usually roosts communally in tall snags, sometimes in association with other wading birds (i.e. active heronries); breeds in Mexico and birds move into Gulf States in search of mud flats and other wetlands, even those associated with forested areas; formerly nested in Texas, but no breeding records since 1960

Federal Status:	State Status: T	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4	State Rank: SHB,S2N

zone-tailed hawk

Arid open country, including open deciduous or pine-oak woodland, mesa or mountain county, often near watercourses, and wooded canyons and tree-lined rivers along middle-slopes of desert mountains; nests in various habitats and sites, ranging from small trees in lower desert, giant cottonwoods in riparian areas, to mature conifers in high mountain regions

Federal Status:	State Status: T	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4	State Rank: S3B

Buteo albonotatus

CRUSTACEANS

Balcones Cave amphipod Subaquatic, subterranean obligate am	Stygobromus balconis phipod	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S2
Ezell's Cave amphipod Known only from artesian wells	Stygobromus flagellatus	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S3
No accepted common name Habitat description is not available at	<i>Lirceolus bisetus</i> this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1

FISH

american eel

Anguilla rostrata

Originally found in all river systems from the Red River to the Rio Grande. Aquatic habtiats include large rivers, streams, tributaries, coastal watersheds, estuaries, bays, and oceans. Spawns in Sargasso Sea, larva move to coastal waters, metamorphose, and begin upstream movements. Females tend to move further upstream than males (who are often found in brackish estuaries). American Eel are habitat generalists and may be found in a broad range of habitat conditions including slow- and fast-flowing waters over many substrate types. Extirpation in upstream drainages attributed to reservoirs that impede upstream migration.

Federal Status:

Endemic: N

Global Rank: G4

State Status:

SGCN: Y State Rank: S4

DISCLAIMER

FISH

FISH		
Guadalupe bass	Micropterus treculii	
Endemic to the streams of the northern and eastern Edwards Plateau including portions of the Brazos, Colorado, Guadalupe, and San Antonio basins; species also found outside of the Edwards Plateau streams in decreased abundance, primarily in the lower Colorado River; two introduced populations have been established in the Nueces River system. A pure population was re-established in a portion of the Blanco River in 2014. Species prefers lentic environments but commonly taken in flowing water; numerous smaller fish occur in rapids, many times near eddies; large individuals found mainly in riffle tail races; usually found in spring-fed streams having clear water and relatively consistent temperatures.		
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3
sharpnose shiner	Notropis oxyrhynchus	
	azos River upstream of Possum Kingdom Lake. May be nati r mostly silt and shifting sand substrates.	ive to Red River and Colorado River basins.
Federal Status: LE	State Status: E	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S1S2
silverband shiner	Notropis shumardi	
In Texas, found from Red River to with turbid water over silt, sand, an	Lavaca River; Main channel with moderate to swift current v d gravel.	velocities and moderate to deep depths; associated
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S4
smalleye shiner	Notropis buccula	
far south as Hempstead, Texas but a	ge; presumed to have been introduced into the Colorado Riv appears to now be restricted to upper Brazos River system up dy channels of main stream, over substrate consisting mostly	ostream of Possum Kingdom Lake. Typically
Federal Status: LE	State Status: E	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2	State Rank: S1S2
Texas shiner	Notropis amabilis	
In Texas, it is found primarily in Ec includes rocky or sandy runs, as we	lwards Plateau streams from the San Gabriel River in the eas ll as pools.	st to the Pecos River in the west. Typical habitat
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4	State Rank: S4
INSECTS		
a caddisfly	Neotrichia juani	
Specimens were collected from per-	ennial and ephemeral rivers, and small spring-fed streams (F	Iarris and Tiemann 1993).
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: G1	State Rank: S1

DISCLAIMER

INSECTS

a caddisfly	Xiphocentron messapus	
Habitat description is not available a	at this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G3	State Rank: S2?
a cave obligate beetle	Rhadine austinica	
Habitat description is not available a	at this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1S2
American bumblebee	Bombus pensylvanicus	
Habitat description is not available a		
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: G3G4	State Rank: SNR
cave obligate springtail	Oncopodura fenestra	
Habitat description is not available a	at this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S2?
Comanche harvester ant	Pogonomyrmex comanche	
Habitat description is not available a	at this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
	State Status: Global Rank: G2G3	SGCN: Y State Rank: S2
Federal Status:	Global Rank: G2G3	
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un		State Rank: S2
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> der rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau Federal Status: LE	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> ider rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o State Status:	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the SGCN: Y
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> der rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau Federal Status: LE	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> ider rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o State Status:	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the SGCN: Y
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau Federal Status: LE Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> ider rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o State Status: Global Rank: G1G2 <i>Lymantes nadineae</i>	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the SGCN: Y
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau Federal Status: LE Endemic: Y No accepted common name	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> ider rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o State Status: Global Rank: G1G2 <i>Lymantes nadineae</i>	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the SGCN: Y
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau Federal Status: LE Endemic: Y No accepted common name Habitat description is not available a	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> der rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o State Status: Global Rank: G1G2 <i>Lymantes nadineae</i> at this time.	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the SGCN: Y State Rank: S1
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau Federal Status: LE Endemic: Y No accepted common name Habitat description is not available a Federal Status: Endemic:	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> der rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o State Status: Global Rank: G1G2 <i>Lymantes nadineae</i> at this time. State Status: Global Rank: GNR	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the SGCN: Y State Rank: S1 SGCN: Y
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau Federal Status: LE Endemic: Y No accepted common name Habitat description is not available a Federal Status: Endemic: No accepted common name	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> ider rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o State Status: Global Rank: G1G2 <i>Lymantes nadineae</i> at this time. State Status: Global Rank: GNR <i>Rhadine subterranea</i>	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the SGCN: Y State Rank: S1 SGCN: Y
Federal Status: Endemic: Y Kretschmarr Cave mold beetle Small, cave-adapted beetle found un Edwards Plateau Federal Status: LE Endemic: Y No accepted common name Habitat description is not available a Federal Status: Endemic:	Global Rank: G2G3 <i>Texamaurops reddelli</i> ider rocks buried in silt; small, Edwards Limestone caves in o State Status: Global Rank: G1G2 <i>Lymantes nadineae</i> at this time. State Status: Global Rank: GNR <i>Rhadine subterranea</i>	State Rank: S2 of the Jollyville Plateau, a division of the SGCN: Y State Rank: S1 SGCN: Y

DISCLAIMER

TRAVIS COUNTY

INSECTS

Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2	State Rank: S2
No accepted common name	Macrotera parkeri	
Habitat description is not available	at this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: GNR	State Rank: SNR
No accepted common name	Bombus variabilis	
Habitat description is not available	at this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: SNR
No accepted common name	Andrena scotoptera	
Habitat description is not available	at this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: GNR	State Rank: SNR
Tooth Cave ground beetle	Rhadine persephone	
Resident, small, cave-adapted beet	le found in small Edwards Limestone caves in Travis and V	Williamson counties
Federal Status: LE	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1G2	State Rank: S1
	MAMMALS	
Aransas short-tailed shrew	Blarina hylophaga plumbea	
Excavates burrows in sandy soils u	nderlying mottes of live oak trees or in areas with little to	no ground cover.
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G5T1Q	State Rank: S1
big brown bat	Eptesicus fuscus	
Any wooded areas or woodlands ex	cept south Texas. Riparian areas in west Texas.	

Any wooded areas or woodlands exc	ept south Texas. Riparian areas in west Texas.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S5

DISCLAIMER

MAMMALS

big free-tailed bat	Nyctinomops macrotis	
	cate that species prefers to roost in crevices and cracks in hig to single offspring late June-early July; females gather in nu pportunistic insectivore	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S3
cave myotis bat	Myotis velifer	
Colonial and cave-dwelling; also roo	osts in rock crevices, old buildings, carports, under bridges, a of up to thousands of individuals; hibernates in limestone ca	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4G5	State Rank: S4
	Spilogale putorius slands, fence rows, farmyards, forest edges & amp; woodland	
	n wooded areas and tallgrass prairies, preferring rocky canyon	-
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4	State Rank: S1S3
long-tailed weasel	Mustela frenata	
Includes brushlands, fence rows, up	land woods and bottomland hardwoods, forest edges & rocky	y desert scrub. Usually live close to water.
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S5
mountain lion	Puma concolor	
Generalist; found in a wide range of	habitats statewide. Found most frequently in rugged mounta	ins & riparian zones.
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S2S3
swamp rabbit	Sylvilagus aquaticus	
Primarily found in lowland areas ne	ar water including: cypress bogs and marshes, floodplains, cr	reeks and rivers.
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S5
tricolored bat	Perimyotis subflavus	
	are important. Caves are very important to this species.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S3S4

DISCLAIMER

MAMMALS

western hog-nosed skunk	Conepatus leuconotus	
Habitats include woodlands, grassl habitat of the ssp. telmalestes	ands & amp; deserts, to 7200 feet, most common in rug	ged, rocky canyon country; little is known about the
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4	State Rank: S4
woodland vole	Microtus pinetorum	
Include grassy marshes, swamp ed	ges, old-field/pine woodland ecotones, tallgrass fields;	generally sandy soils.
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S3
	MOLLUSKS	
No accepted common name	Stygopyrgus bartonensis	
Habitat description is not available		
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1	State Rank: S1
No accepted common name	Patera leatherwoodi	
Habitat description is not available	at this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: G1	State Rank: S1
N7 / N		
No accepted common name	Millerelix gracilis	
Habitat description is not available		
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic:	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S2?
No accepted common name	Phreatodrobia punctata	
Habitat description is not available	at this time.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2	State Rank: S1
Texas Fatmucket	Lampsilis bracteata	
cracks in bedrock slabs, and macro Past authorities have reported this	rate current in sand, mud, and gravel substrates among phyte beds. Has also been observed inhabiting the root species intolerant of reservoir conditions but recent sur lev et al. 2017b). [Mussel of Texas 2019]	s of cypress trees and vegetation along steep banks.

Federal Status: CState Status: TSGCN: YEndemic: YGlobal Rank: G1State Rank: S1

DISCLAIMER

MOLLUSKS

Texas Pimpleback	Cyclonaias petrina	
	rge rivers primarily in riffles and runs. Often found in substracks in bedrock slabs. Considered intolerant of reservoirs (F	1
Federal Status: C	State Status: T	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1	State Rank: S1
	REPTILES	
eastern box turtle	Terrapene carolina	
spring to forest in summer. They cor	it forests, fields, forest-brush, and forest-field ecotones. In s nmonly enters pools of shallow water in summer. For shelte y can successfully hibernate in sites that may experience sub	r, they burrow into loose soil, debris, mud, old
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S3
plateau spot-tailed earless lizard	Holbrookia lacerata	
open meadows, old and new fields, g	tely open prairie-brushland regions, particularly fairly flat ar graded roadways, cleared and disturbed areas, prairie savann squite-prickly pear associations (Axtell 1968, Bartlett and B	a, and active agriculture including row crops);
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: GNR	State Rank: S2
slender glass lizard	Ophisaurus attenuatus	
	assland, prairie, woodland edge, open woodland, oak savanr and ponds, often in habitats with sandy soil.	as, longleaf pine flatwoods, scrubby areas,
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S3
Texas garter snake	Thamnophis sirtalis annectens	
Terrestrial and aquatic: Habitats used marshes. Damp soils and debris for c	d include the grasslands and modified open areas in the vicir cover are thought to be critical.	hity of aquatic features, such as ponds, streams of
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G5T4	State Rank: S1
Texas horned lizard	Phrynosoma cornutum	
	e vegetation, including grass, prairie, cactus, scattered brush ters rodent burrows, or hides under rock when inactive. Occ h the Big Bend area.	
Federal Status:	State Status: T	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4G5	State Rank: S3

DISCLAIMER

REPTILES

Texas map turtle	Graptemys versa	
Aquatic: Primarily a river turtle but (emergent rocks and woody debris).	can also be found in reservoirs. Can be found in deep and sha	allow water with sufficient basking sites
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G4	State Rank: SU
western box turtle	Terrapene ornata	
	utles inhabit prairie grassland, pasture, fields, sandhills, and treams and creek pools. For shelter, they burrow into soil (e. er species.	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G5	State Rank: S3
	PLANTS	
arrowleaf milkvine	Matelea sagittifolia	
Most consistently encountered in the	ornscrub in South Texas; Perennial; Flowering March-July; F	Fruiting April-July and Dec?
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3
basin bellflower	Campanula reverchonii	
	e gravel, gravelly sand, and rock outcrops on open slopes with er alluvial deposits along major rivers; flowering May-July	th exposures of igneous and metamorphic rocks;
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2	State Rank: S2
bracted twistflower	Streptanthus bracteatus	
slopes and in canyon bottoms; sever	s and clay loams over limestone in oak juniper woodlands an al known soils include Tarrant, Brackett, or Speck over Edw dely from year to year, depending on winter rainfall; floweri	ards, Glen Rose, and Walnut geologic
Federal Status: C	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G1	State Rank: S1
- • • • • •		
Buckley tridens	Tridens buckleyanus	
	rocky limestone slopes; Perennial; Flowering/Fruiting April	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3G4	State Rank: S3S4

DISCLAIMER

PLANTS

canyon bean	Phaseolus texensis	
Narrowly endemic to rocky canyons cliffs and outcrops, frequently along	in eastern and southern Edwards Plateau occurring on limes creeks.	stone soils in mixed woodlands, on limestone
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G2	State Rank: S2
canyon mock-orange	Philadelphus texensis var. ernestii	
	comb pits on outcrops of Cretaceous limestone exposed as ri- on woodland; flowering April-June, fruit dehiscing September	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3T3	State Rank: S3
canyon sedge	Carex edwardsiana	
• •	juniper woodlands in canyons and ravines, usually in clay loa	ams very high in calcium on rocky banks and
	beds. Carex edwardsiana usually grows near C. planostachy	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3G4	State Rank: S3S4
Correll's false dragon-head	Physostegia correllii	
	a, in creek beds, irrigation channels and roadside drainage dit the Rio Grande; or underlain by Austin Chalk limestone alor	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G2	State Rank: S2
Engelmann's bladderpod	Physaria engelmannii	
Grasslands and calcareous rock outc 2015).	rops in a band along the eastern edge of the Edwards Plateau	, ranging as far north as the Red River (Carr
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G4	State Rank: S3
glandular gay-feather	Liatris glandulosa	
Occurs in herbaceous vegetation on	limestone outcrops (Carr 2015)	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S2

DISCLAIMER

PLANTS

Glass Mountains coral-root	Hexalectris nitida	
	s in canyons in the mountains of the Brewster County, but er voodlands over limestone on the Edwards Plateau, Callahan I Sept	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3
gravelbar brickellbush	Brickellia dentata	
Essentially restricted to frequently-s	coured gravelly alluvial beds in creek and river bottoms; Per	rennial; Flowering June-Nov; Fruiting June-Oct
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3G4	State Rank: S3S4
Greenman's bluet	Houstonia parviflora	
Grass pastures. Feb- Apr. (Correll and	nd Johnston 1970).	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3
Heller's marbleseed	Onosmodium helleri	
Occurs in loamy calcareous soils in Flowering March-May	oak-juniper woodlands on rocky limestone slopes, often in n	nore mesic portions of canyons; Perennial;
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3
low spurge	Euphorbia peplidion	
Occurs in a variety of vernally-mois	t situations in a number of natural regions; Annual; Flowerin	ng Feb-April; Fruiting March-April
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3
narrowleaf brickellbush	Brickellia eupatorioides var. gracillima	
Moist to dry gravelly alluvial soils a	long riverbanks but also on limestone slopes; Perennial; Flo	wering/Fruiting April-Nov
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G5T3	State Rank: S3
net-leaf bundleflower	Desmanthus reticulatus	
Mostly on clay prairies of the coasta	l plain of central and south Texas; Perennial; Flowering Apr	il-July; Fruiting April-Oct
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3

DISCLAIMER

PLANTS

Plateau loosestrife	Lythrum ovalifolium	
Banks and gravelly beds of perennia Flowering/Fruiting April-Nov	al (or strong intermittent) streams on the Edwards Plateau, Ll	ano Uplift and Lampasas Cutplain; Perennial;
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3G4	State Rank: S3S4
plateau milkvine	Matelea edwardsensis	
-	ak and oak-juniper woodlands; Perennial; Flowering March-	Oct; Fruiting May-June
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3
rock grape	Vitis rupestris	
	nd in streambeds; Perennial; Flowering March-May; Fruiting	g May-July
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S1
scarlet leather-flower	Clematis texensis	
Usually in oak-juniper woodlands in July	n mesic rocky limestone canyons or along perennial streams;	Perennial; Flowering March-July; Fruiting May-
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3G4	State Rank: S3S4
spreading leastdaisy	Chaetopappa effusa	
Limestone cliffs, ledges, bluffs, stee Perennial; Flowering (May) July-Oc	p hillsides, sometimes in seepy areas, oak-juniper, oak, or m	ixed deciduous woods, 300-500 m elevation;
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3G4	State Rank: S3S4
Stanfield's beebalm	Monarda stanfieldii	
Largely confined to granite sands al	ong the middle course of the Colorado River and its tributari	es; Perennial
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3
sycamore-leaf snowbell	Styrax platanifolius ssp. platanifolius	
Rare throughout range, usually in or	ak-juniper woodlands on steep rocky banks and ledges along erennial; Flowering April-May; Fruiting May-Aug.	intermittent or perennial streams, rarely far from
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3T3	State Rank: S3
Texabama croton	Croton alabamensis var. texensis	

DISCLAIMER

Endemic: Y

TRAVIS COUNTY

PLANTS

In duff-covered loamy clay soils on rocky slopes in forested, mesic limestone canyons; locally abundant on deeper soils on small terraces in canyon bottoms, often forming large colonies and dominating the shrub layer; scattered individuals are occasionally on sunny margins of such forests; also found in contrasting habitat of deep, friable soils of limestone uplands, mostly in the shade of evergreen woodland mottes; flowering late February-March; fruit maturing and dehiscing by early June Federal Status: State Status: SGCN: Y Endemic: Y Global Rank: G3T2 State Rank: S2 Texas almond Prunus minutiflora Wide-ranging but scarce, in a variety of grassland and shrubland situations, mostly on calcareous soils underlain by limestone but occasionally in sandier neutral soils underlain by granite; Perennial; Flowering Feb-May and Oct; Fruiting Feb-Sept Federal Status: State Status: SGCN: Y Endemic: Y Global Rank: G3G4 State Rank: S3S4 Texas amorpha Amorpha roemeriana Juniper-oak woodlands or shrublands on rocky limestone slopes, sometimes on dry shelves above creeks; Perennial; Flowering May-June; Fruiting June-Oct SGCN: Y Federal Status: State Status: Endemic: N Global Rank: G3 State Rank: S3 **Texas barberry** Berberis swaseyi Shallow calcareous stony clay of upland grasslands/shrublands over limestone as well as in loamier soils in openly wooded canyons and on creek terraces; Perennial; Flowering/Fruiting March-June Federal Status: State Status: SGCN: Y Endemic: Y Global Rank: G3 State Rank: S3 **Texas** fescue Festuca versuta Occurs in mesic woodlands on limestone-derived soils on stream terraces and canyon slopes; Perennial; Flowering/Fruiting April-June Federal Status: State Status: SGCN: Y Endemic: N Global Rank: G3 State Rank: S3 Texas milk vetch Astragalus reflexus Grasslands, prairies, and roadsides on calcareous and clay substrates; Annual; Flowering Feb-June; Fruiting April-June Federal Status: State Status: SGCN: Y Endemic: Y Global Rank: G3 State Rank: S3 Texas seymeria Seymeria texana Found primarily in grassy openings in juniper-oak woodlands on dry rocky slopes but sometimes on rock outcrops in shaded canyons; Annual; Flowering May-Nov; Fruiting July-Nov Federal Status: State Status: SGCN: Y

DISCLAIMER

Global Rank: G3

The information on this web application is provided "as is" without warranty as to the currentness, completeness, or accuracy of any specific data. The data provided are for planning, assessment, and informational purposes. Refer to the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQs) on the application website for further information.

State Rank: S3

Endemic: Y

TRAVIS COUNTY

PLANTS

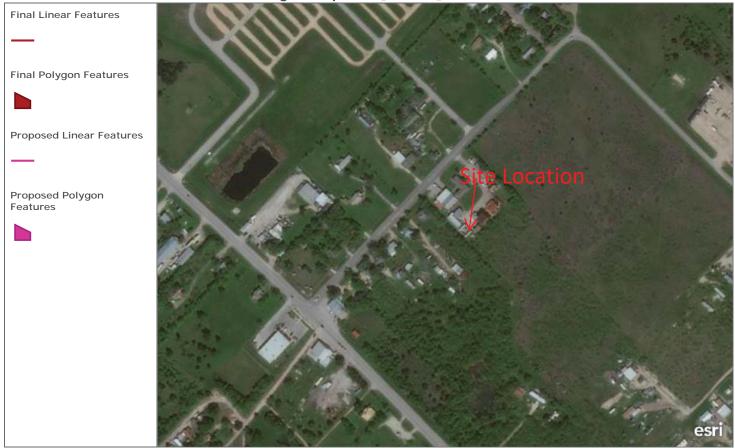
tree dodder	Cuscuta exaltata	
Parasitic on various Quercus, Juglan Flowering May-Oct; Fruiting July-O	s, Rhus, Vitis, Ulmus, and Diospyros species as well as Acad	ia berlandieri and other woody plants; Annual;
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G3	State Rank: S3
turnip-root scurfpea	<i>Pediomelum cyphocalyx</i> back woodlands on limestone substrates on the Edwards Plate	au and in north control Toyas (Carr 2015)
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: Y	Global Rank: G3G4	State Rank: S2S3
pinyon-juniper woodlands in higher fusiformis mottes on terrraces of spr (Taylor County), the White Rock Es Gillespie County on igneous substra- years	<i>Hexalectris warnockii</i> er woodlands on shaded slopes and intermittent, rocky creekl mesic canyons (to 2000 m [6550 ft]), primarily on igneous s ing-fed perennial streams, draining an otherwise rather xeric carpment (Dallas County), and the Edwards Plateau in oak-ju tes of the Llano Uplift; flowering June-September; individua	ubstrates; in Terrell County under Quercus limestone landscape; on the Callahan Divide uniper woodlands on limestone slopes; in l plants do not usually bloom in successive
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y
Endemic: N	Global Rank: G2G3	State Rank: S2
Wright's milkvetch On sandy or gravelly soils; April (Di	Astragalus wrightii iggs et al. 1999).	
Federal Status:	State Status:	SGCN: Y

State Rank: S3

DISCLAIMER

Global Rank: G3

Critical Habitat for Threatened & Endangered Species [USFWS]



A specific geographic area(s) that contains features essential for the conservation of a threatened or endangered species and that may require special management and protection.

300ft

U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service | The data found in this file were developed by the U.S. Fish & Wildlife Service field offices. For more information please refer to the species level metadata found with the individual shapefiles. The ECOS Joint Development Team is responsible for creating and serving this conglomerate file. No data alterations are made by ECOS. | Maxar



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Explosive and Flammable Hazards (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/explosive-and-flammable-facilities

1. Is the proposed HUD-assisted project itself the development of a hazardous facility (a facility that mainly stores, handles or processes flammable or combustible chemicals such as bulk fuel storage facilities and refineries)?

⊠ No → Continue to Question 2.

□ Yes
 Explain:
 Click here to enter text.
 → Go directly to Question 5.

2. Does this project include any of the following activities: development, construction, rehabilitation that will increase residential densities, or conversion?

 \boxtimes No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Please see site summary below.

 \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 3.

- 3. Within 1 mile of the project site, are there any current *or planned* stationary aboveground storage containers that are covered by 24 CFR 51C? Containers that are <u>NOT</u> covered under the regulation include:
 - Containers 100 gallons or less in capacity, containing common liquid industrial fuels OR
 - Containers of liquified petroleum gas (LPG) or propane with a water volume capacity of 1,000 gallons or less that meet the requirements of the 2017 or later version of National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) Code 58.

If all containers within the search area fit the above criteria, answer "no." For any other type of aboveground storage container within the search area that holds one of the flammable or explosive materials listed in Appendix I of 24 CFR part 51 subpart C, answer "yes."

🗌 No

→ Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide all documents used to make your determination.

 \boxtimes Yes

 \rightarrow Continue to Question 4.

- 4. Visit HUD's website to identify the appropriate tank or tanks to assess and to calculate the required separation distance using the <u>electronic assessment tool</u>. To document this step in the analysis, please attach the following supporting documents to this screen:
 - Map identifying the tank selected for assessment, and showing the distance from the tank to the proposed HUD-assisted project site; and
 - Electronic assessment tool calculation of the required separation distance.

Based on the analysis, is the proposed HUD-assisted project site located at or beyond the required separation distance from all covered tanks?

 \boxtimes Yes

 \rightarrow Based on the response, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

🗆 No

 \rightarrow Go directly to Question 6.

5. Is the hazardous facility located at an acceptable separation distance from residences and any other facility or area where people may congregate or be present?

Please visit HUD's website for information on calculating Acceptable Separation Distance.

🗆 Yes

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to residences and any other facility or area where people congregate or are present and your separation distance calculations.

🗆 No

 \rightarrow Continue to Question 6.

Provide map(s) showing the location of the project site relative to residences and any other facility or area where people congregate or are present and your separation distance calculations.

6. For the project to be brought into compliance with this section, all adverse impacts must be mitigated. Mitigation measures may include both natural and manmade barriers, modification of the project design, burial or removal of the hazard, or other engineered solutions. Describe selected mitigation measures, including the timeline for implementation, and attach an implementation plan. If negative effects cannot be mitigated, cancel the project at this location. Note that only licensed professional engineers should design and implement blast barriers. If a barrier will be used or the project will be modified to compensate for an unacceptable separation distance, provide approval from a licensed professional engineer. Click here to enter text.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

• Map panel numbers and dates

- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The project does not involve the development of a hazardous facility (a facility that mainly stores, handles or processes flammable or combustible chemicals such as bulk fuel storage facilities and refineries), however an above ground 499 gallon diesel storage tank is proposed to facilitate back up power should a power outage be experienced. The addition of the tower and subsequent emergency generator will not increase congregation at the training buildings therefore ASD calculations are not required. The back-up power solution is needed to ensure emergency communications are uninterrupted during power outages. The diesel storage tank will be elevated at least 3 feet above the nearest base flood elevation as this component is part of a critical action. The nearest estimated base flood elevation is 554 feet the subject property has an elevation of 597 feet.



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Farmlands Protection (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/farmlands-protection

- 1. Does your project include any activities, including new construction, acquisition of undeveloped land or conversion, that could convert agricultural land to a non-agricultural use?
 - \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.
 - 🛛 No

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

- 2. Does "important farmland," including prime farmland, unique farmland, or farmland of statewide or local importance regulated under the Farmland Protection Policy Act, occur on the project site? You may use the links below to determine important farmland occurs on the project site:
 - Utilize USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service's (NRCS) Web Soil Survey <u>http://websoilsurvey.nrcs.usda.gov/app/HomePage.htm</u>
 - Check with your city or county's planning department and ask them to document if the project is on land regulated by the FPPA (zoning important farmland as non-agricultural does not exempt it from FPPA requirements)
 - Contact NRCS at the local USDA service center <u>http://offices.sc.egov.usda.gov/locator/app?agency=nrcs</u> or your NRCS state soil scientist <u>https://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/detail/soils/contactus/?cid=nrcs142p2_053951</u> for assistance
 - □ No → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide any documents used to make your determination.
 - \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 3.
- 3. Consider alternatives to completing the project on important farmland and means of avoiding impacts to important farmland.
 - Complete form <u>AD-1006</u>, "Farmland Conversion Impact Rating" and contact the state soil scientist before sending it to the local NRCS District Conservationist.
 - Work with NRCS to minimize the impact of the project on the protected farmland. When you
 have finished with your analysis, return a copy of form AD-1006 to the USDA-NRCS State Soil
 Scientist or his/her designee informing them of your determination.

Work with the RE/HUD to determine how the project will proceed. Document the conclusion: □Project will proceed with mitigation.

Explain in detail the proposed measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide form AD-1006 and all other documents used to make your determination.

□Project will proceed without mitigation.

Explain why mitigation will not be made here:

Click here to enter text.

→ If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide form AD-1006 and all other documents used to make your determination.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The proposed site location does not impact agricultural land.



National Cooperative Soil Survey

Conservation Service

Soil Map—Travis County, Texas

Γ

erest (ACI) Spoil Area erest (ACI) Soil Area Init Polygons Story Spot Init Points Wet Spot Init Points Wet Spot Init Points Story Spot Init Points Init Points Ini	The soil surveys that comprise your AOI were mapped at 1:24,000.	Warning: Soil Map may not be valid at this scale.	Enlargement of maps beyond the scale of mapping can cause	misunderstanding of the detail of mapping and accuracy of soil line placement. The maps do not show the small areas of	contrasting soils that could have been shown at a more detailed	¢	Please rely on the bar scale on each map sheet for map	Source of Map: Natural Resources Conservation Service	Web Soil Survey URL: Coordinate System: Web Mercator (EPSG:3857)	Maps from the Web Soil Survey are based on the Web Mercator	projection, which preserves direction and shape but distorts	alstance and area. A projection that preserves area, such as the Albers equal-area conic projection, should be used if more	accurate calculations of distance or area are required.	This product is generated from the USDA-NRCS certified data as of the version data(s) listed helow.	or une version date(s) inica below. Soil Survey Area: Travis County Tevas		Soil map units are labeled (as space allows) for map scales	1:50,000 or larger.	Date(s) aerial images were photographed: May 27, 2018—Nov 20. 2018	The orthomhoto or other hase man on which the soil lines were	compiled and digitized probably differs from the background	imagery displayed on these maps. As a result, some minor shifting of map unit boundaries may be evident.		
erest (AOI) Unit Polygons Unit Lines Init Points res pot pot vater Water Water to t croded Spot					al Line Features		ams and Canals	<u>s</u>						Aerial Photography	5 6	Su	So	1:5	Da 20			im: Shi		
			ons		Soil Map Unit Points	ures	1			Gravel Pit	Gravelly Spot	Landfill	_		Mine or Quarry	Miscellaneous Water	Perennial Water	Rock Outcrop	Saline Spot	Sandy Spot	Severely Eroded Spot	Sinkhole	Slide or Slip	Sodic Spot

2/2/2021 Page 2 of 3

USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service

Web Soil Survey National Cooperative Soil Survey

Map Unit Legend

Map Unit Symbol	Map Unit Name	Acres in AOI	Percent of AOI
BtB	Burleson gravelly clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes	4.1	100.0%
Totals for Area of Interest		4.1	100.0%



Travis County, Texas

BtB—Burleson gravelly clay, 1 to 3 percent slopes

Map Unit Setting

National map unit symbol: 2ssgb Elevation: 300 to 800 feet Mean annual precipitation: 32 to 45 inches Mean annual air temperature: 63 to 70 degrees F Frost-free period: 220 to 270 days Farmland classification: All areas are prime farmland

Map Unit Composition

Burleson and similar soils: 90 percent Minor components: 10 percent Estimates are based on observations, descriptions, and transects of the mapunit.

Description of Burleson

Setting

Landform: Stream terraces, stream terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Microfeatures of landform position: Circular gilgai, circular gilgai Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Parent material: Calcareous clayey alluvium of pleistocene age derived from mixed sources

Typical profile

Ap - 0 to 16 inches: gravelly clay Bss - 16 to 42 inches: clay Ck - 42 to 60 inches: clay

Properties and qualities

Slope: 1 to 3 percent
Depth to restrictive feature: More than 80 inches
Drainage class: Moderately well drained
Runoff class: Very high
Capacity of the most limiting layer to transmit water (Ksat): Very low to moderately low (0.00 to 0.06 in/hr)
Depth to water table: More than 80 inches
Frequency of flooding: None
Frequency of ponding: None
Calcium carbonate, maximum content: 15 percent
Maximum salinity: Nonsaline to slightly saline (0.0 to 4.0 mmhos/cm)
Sodium adsorption ratio, maximum: 2.0
Available water capacity: Moderate (about 7.2 inches)

Interpretive groups

Land capability classification (irrigated): None specified

USDA

Land capability classification (nonirrigated): 2e Hydrologic Soil Group: D Ecological site: R086AY011TX - Southern Blackland Hydric soil rating: No

Minor Components

Branyon

Percent of map unit: 10 percent Landform: Stream terraces Landform position (three-dimensional): Tread Microfeatures of landform position: Circular gilgai Down-slope shape: Linear Across-slope shape: Convex Ecological site: R086AY011TX - Southern Blackland Hydric soil rating: No

Data Source Information

Soil Survey Area: Travis County, Texas Survey Area Data: Version 22, Jun 11, 2020





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Floodplain Management (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/floodplain-management

1. Does <u>24 CFR 55.12(c)</u> exempt this project from compliance with HUD's floodplain management regulations in Part 55?

🗆 Yes

Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(c) here. If project is exempt under 55.12(c)(6) or (8), provide supporting documentation.

Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

 \boxtimes No \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.

2. Provide a FEMA/FIRM map showing the site.

The Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) designates floodplains. The <u>FEMA Map</u> <u>Service Center</u> provides this information in the form of FEMA Flood Insurance Rate Maps (FIRMs).

Does your project occur in a floodplain?

 \boxtimes No \rightarrow Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

🗆 Yes

Select the applicable floodplain using the FEMA map or the best available information:

 \Box Floodway \rightarrow Continue to Question 3, Floodways

- \Box Coastal High Hazard Area (V Zone) \rightarrow Continue to Question 4, Coastal High Hazard Areas
- □ 500-year floodplain (B Zone or shaded X Zone) \rightarrow Continue to Question 5, 500-year Floodplains
- □ 100-year floodplain (A Zone) \rightarrow The 8-Step Process is required. Continue to Question 6, 8-Step Process

3. <u>Floodways</u>

Is this a functionally dependent use?

🗆 Yes

<u>The 8-Step Process is required.</u> Work with HUD or the RE to assist with the 8-Step Process. \rightarrow *Continue to Worksheet Summary.*

 \square No \rightarrow Federal assistance may not be used at this location unless an exception in 55.12(c) applies. You must either choose an alternate site or cancel the project.

4. Coastal High Hazard Area

Is this a critical action such as a hospital, nursing home, fire station, or police station?

□ Yes → Critical actions are prohibited in coastal high hazard areas unless an exception in 55.12(c) applies. You must either choose an alternate site or cancel the project.

🗆 No

Does this action include new construction that is not a functionally dependent use, existing construction (including improvements), or reconstruction following destruction caused by a disaster?

Yes, there is new construction of something that is not a functionally dependent use.
 New construction must be designed to FEMA standards for V Zones at 44 CFR 60.3(e) (24 CFR 55.1(c)(3)(i)).

 \rightarrow Continue to Question 6, 8-Step Process

□ No, this action concerns only existing construction.

Existing construction must have met FEMA elevation and construction standards for a coastal high hazard area or other standards applicable at the time of construction. \rightarrow Continue to Question 6, 8-Step Process

5. 500-year Floodplain

Is this a critical action?

 \square No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

 \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 6, 8-Step Process

6. 8-Step Process.

Is this 8-Step Process required? Select one of the following options:

□ 8-Step Process applies.

This project will require mitigation and may require elevating structure or structures. See the link to the HUD Exchange above for information on HUD's elevation requirements.

ightarrow Work with the RE/HUD to assist with the 8-Step Process. Continue to Worksheet Summary.

\Box 5-Step Process is applicable per 55.12(a)(1-3).

Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(a) here.

Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow Work with the RE/HUD to assist with the 5-Step Process. Continue to Worksheet Summary.

 8-Step Process is inapplicable per 55.12(b)(1-4).
 Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(b) here. Click here to enter text. \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

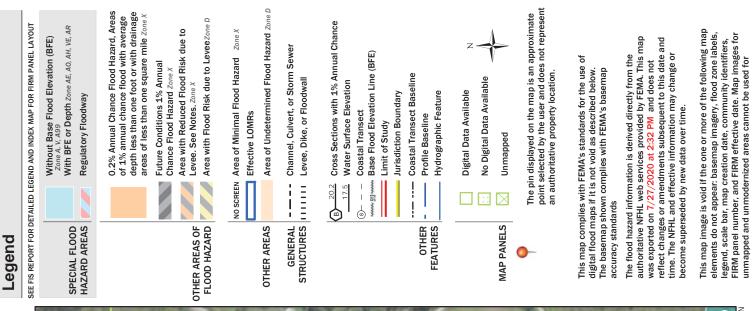
- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

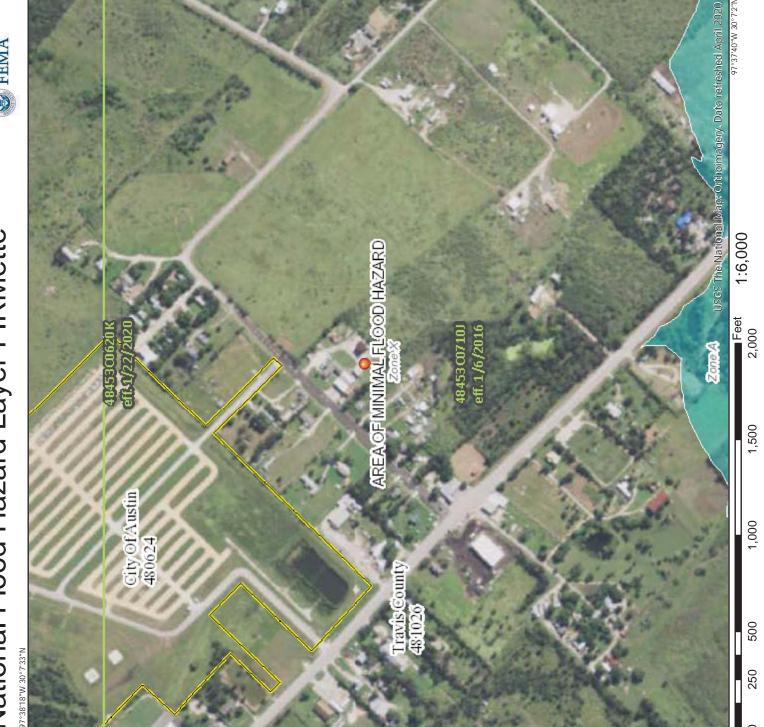
Per FEMA panel number 48453C0710J, effective on 01/06/2016 the proposed site is located in Zone X (Area Of Minimal Flood Hazard). The nearest flood zone (Zone A) is approximately 1100' to the south of the subject property. The entirety of the subject site is located in Zone X. The subject property shows a ground elevation of approximately 597' Due to the topographic gradient and significant elevation change between the Zone A location and the subject property the subject site has little potential to be effected by flooding. As Zone A flood plains do not have a base flood elevation (BFE) determined GPD Group used the Estimated Base Flood Elevation (estBFE) tool available through FEMA. Based on the estBFE tool the nearest .2 percent (500 year) base flood elevation to the subject property is 554'. As the subject property shows an elevation of 597' any equipment installed will sufficiently be above the estimated BFE. The FEMA estBFE report is attached for review.

National Flood Hazard Layer FIRMette

FEMA



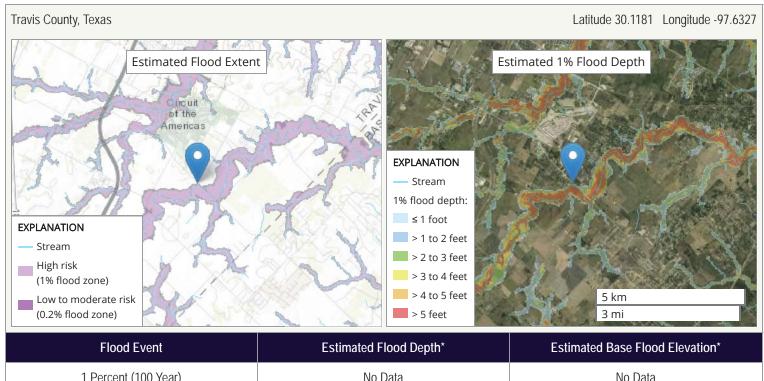
regulatory purposes.





Flood Risk Information Report

FEMA is providing a look at flood data availability and relative Base Level Engineering analysis through the Estimated Base Flood Elevation Viewer (Estimated BFE Viewer). Base Level Engineering uses high resolution ground elevation data, flood flow calculations, and fundamental engineering modeling techniques to define flood extents for streams. The viewer is an effective tool for property owners, community officials, and land developers to identify flood risk, estimated flood elevations, and flood depths for watersheds where Base Level Engineering has been prepared.



0.2 Percent (500 Year)	1.8 feet above land surface	554.0 feet NAVD 1988

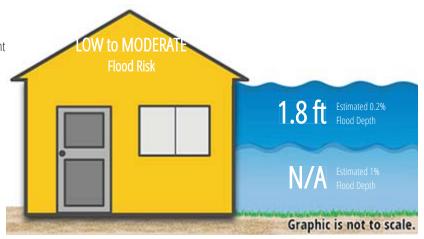
* The information included in this report is based on the location marker shown in the map. Results are not considered an official determination.

Information made available from the Estimated BFE Viewer needs to be accepted by local community officials to be used for insurance rating purposes.

Knowing Your Risk

Base Level Engineering data availability and analysis information is important because it can be used to:

- Inform floodplain management decisions and ordinance administration;
- Identify significant floodplain changes;
- Serve as base modeling for map revisions; and
- Support the Zone A BFE information for a Letter of Map Amendment (LOMA) request.





Using This Data

Consult the local floodplain manager and building department in your community before making any building or land modifications. Local officials may use this information to regulate development near flooding sources to create more flood-resilient communities. Local building and permitting requirements vary by community and are based on local decisions and ordinances.

Everyone is at risk. The chances of experiencing a flood can vary due to unevaluated conditions, such as the unstudied effects of community growth and development or intense storms uncharacteristic to historical trends. Maintaining or obtaining a flood insurance policy is essential to ensure a property owner is covered if a flood occurs. Visit http://FloodSmart.gov for more information on the costs of flooding and to locate an insurance agent in your area.

Base Level Engineering and the Estimated BFE Viewer tool help identify the BFE in effective Zone As. If a property owner believes that a structure is above or outside of the base flood extent in an effective Zone A, a LOMA request may be submitted and the flood risk report from the Estimated BFE Viewer should be included. To complete an application, use the online web-based tool or download the paper forms (https://www.fema.gov/letter-map-changes). Items needed to apply include the following:

• Copy of a **plat map** that identifies the property and includes the locality's recording information **OR**

Copy of the **property** deed with both locality's recording information and the property's written legal description **and** a **parcel or tax map** identifying the location.

- Elevation information indicating the lowest adjacent grade to the building certified by a licensed land surveyor or registered professional engineer, except for buildings clearly shown outside the SFHA. If built recently, building permit files may contain this information. Note the professional may use the estimated BFE (estBFE) results for the BFE value on the elevation form or certificate.
- The Estimated BFE flood risk information report relative to the property indicating the estimated flood level and model.
- A letter of acceptance and support from your local floodplain administrator for the Estimated BFE information included in your report.

Please note other types of development may require additional documentation and possibly an application fee. A LOMA may result in removal of the SFHA designation and the Federal requirement for flood insurance. However, maintaining a flood policy may still be required by the lender. Flood insurance coverage to repair damage caused by flooding is available for areas outside the SFHA.

Taking Action

Floods can happen anywhere at any time, which is why it is important to be prepared and to take steps before a flood event to protect your property from costly damage. Mitigation measures to consider include the following:

- Elevating. Elevating the lowest floor of new or existing buildings above the BFE reduces risk and may lower flood insurance premiums.
- Interior Modification. Raising the equipment servicing the building or infilling basements susceptible to flooding.
- Dry Floodproofing. Sealing your structure to prevent floodwaters from entering. Residential property insurance is not reduced if dry floodproofing is used. Only commercial properties receive reduced flood insurance when dry floodproofing is used.
- Wet Floodproofing and Flood Vents. Making portion of a building more resistant to flood damage or, in some cases, allowing water to enter during a flood to prevent damages by equalizing pressure on walls and foundations.

Deciding on the right method to mitigate future damage and loss requires an assessment of various factors: the hazards to your home, permit requirements, the technical limitations of the methods, and cost.

Discuss the potential mitigation options with your local floodplain administrator and building department to determine the next appropriate steps.



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

This Worksheet was designed to be used by those "Partners" (including Public Housing Authorities, consultants, contractors, and nonprofits) who assist Responsible Entities and HUD in preparing environmental reviews, but legally cannot take full responsibilities for these reviews themselves. Responsible Entities and HUD should use the RE/HUD version of the Worksheet.

Historic Preservation (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/historic-preservation

Threshold

Is Section 106 review required for your project?

□ No, because a Programmatic Agreement states that all activities included in this project are exempt. (See the <u>PA Database</u> to find applicable PAs.)

Either provide the PA itself or a link to it here. Mark the applicable exemptions or include the text here:

Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

□ No, because the project consists solely of activities included in a No Potential to Cause Effects memo or other determination [36 CFR 800.3(a)(1)].

Either provide the memo itself or a link to it here. Explain and justify the other determination here:

Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

 \boxtimes Yes, because the project includes activities with potential to cause effects (direct or indirect). \rightarrow *Continue to Step 1.*

The Section 106 Process

After determining the need to do a Section 106 review, HUD or the RE will initiate consultation with regulatory and other interested parties, identify and evaluate historic properties, assess effects of the project on properties listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places, and resolve any adverse effects through project design modifications or mitigation.

Step 1: Initiate consultation

Step 2: Identify and evaluate historic properties

Step 3: Assess effects of the project on historic properties

Step 4: Resolve any adverse effects

Only RE or HUD staff may initiate the Section 106 consultation process. Partner entities may gather information, including from SHPO records, identify and evaluate historic properties, and make initial assessments of effects of the project on properties listed in or eligible for the National Register of Historic Place. Partners should then provide their RE or HUD with all of their analysis and documentation so that they may initiate consultation.

Step 1 - Initiate Consultation

The following parties are entitled to participate in Section 106 reviews: Advisory Council on Historic Preservation; State Historic Preservation Officers (SHPOs); federally recognized Indian tribes/Tribal Historic Preservation Officers (THPOs); Native Hawaiian Organizations (NHOs); local governments; and project grantees. The general public and individuals and organizations with a demonstrated interest in a project may participate as consulting parties at the discretion of the RE or HUD official. Participation varies with the nature and scope of a project. Refer to HUD's website for guidance on consultation, including the required timeframes for response. Consultation should begin early to enable full consideration of preservation options.

Use the <u>When To Consult With Tribes checklist</u> within <u>Notice CPD-12-006</u>: <u>Process for Tribal Consultation</u> to determine if the RE or HUD should invite tribes to consult on a particular project. Use the <u>Tribal</u> <u>Directory Assessment Tool (TDAT)</u> to identify tribes that may have an interest in the area where the project is located. Note that only HUD or the RE may initiate consultation with Tribes. Partner entities may prepare a draft letter for the RE or HUD to use to initiate consultation with tribes, but may not send the letter themselves.

List all organizations and individuals that you believe may have an interest in the project here:

Texas Historical Commission (THC); Comanche Nation of Oklahoma; Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana; Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma; Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas; Apache Tribe of Oklahoma; Wichita & Affiliated Tribes of Oklahoma.

 \rightarrow Continue to Step 2.

Step 2 - Identify and Evaluate Historic Properties

Provide a preliminary definition of the Area of Potential Effect (APE), either by entering the address(es) or providing a map depicting the APE. Attach an additional page if necessary.

Above ground resources were evaluated for a ½ mile APE, no historic properties were found within the indirect APE. The APE for direct effects is defined as the area that would be directly impacted by construction and operating activities associated with the proposed undertaking. This area consists of approximately 10,940 square feet of a previously disturbed ground for the tower, access, and compound. THC provided concurrence of No Historic Properties in the Direct or Indirect APE on March 20, 2020

Gather information about known historic properties in the APE. Historic buildings, districts and archeological sites may have been identified in local, state, and national surveys and registers, local historic districts, municipal plans, town and county histories, and local history websites. If not already listed on the National Register of Historic Places, identified properties are then evaluated to see if they are eligible for the National Register. Refer to HUD's website for guidance on identifying and evaluating historic properties.

In the space below, list historic properties identified and evaluated in the APE.

Every historic property that may be affected by the project should be listed. For each historic property or district, include the National Register status, whether the SHPO has concurred with the finding, and whether information on the site is sensitive. Attach an additional page if necessary. No historic properties were noted in the direct or indirect APE.

Provide the documentation (survey forms, Register nominations, concurrence(s) and/or objection(s), notes, and photos) that justify your National Register Status determination.

Was a survey of historic buildings and/or archeological sites done as part of the project?

If the APE contains previously unsurveyed buildings or structures over 50 years old, or there is a likely presence of previously unsurveyed archeological sites, a survey may be necessary. For Archeological surveys, refer to HP Fact Sheet #6, <u>Guidance on Archeological Investigations in HUD Projects</u>.

□ Yes → Provide survey(s) and report(s) and continue to Step 3.
 Additional notes:
 Click here to enter text.

 \boxtimes No \rightarrow Continue to Step 3.

Step 3 - Assess Effects of the Project on Historic Properties

Only properties that are listed on or eligible for the National Register of Historic Places receive further consideration under Section 106. Assess the effect(s) of the project by applying the Criteria of Adverse Effect. (<u>36 CFR 800.5</u>) Consider direct and indirect effects as applicable as per HUD guidance.

Choose one of the findings below to recommend to the RE or HUD.

Please note: this is a recommendation only. It is **not** the official finding, which will be made by the RE or HUD, but only your suggestion as a Partner entity.

⊠ <u>No Historic Properties Affected</u>

Document reason for finding:

- \boxtimes No historic properties present.
- □ Historic properties present, but project will have no effect upon them.

□ <u>No Adverse Effect</u>

Document reason for finding and provide any comments below.

Comments may include recommendations for mitigation, monitoring, a plan for unanticipated discoveries, etc.

Click here to enter text.

□ <u>Adverse Effect</u>

Document reason for finding:

Copy and paste applicable Criteria into text box with summary and justification. Criteria of Adverse Effect: <u>36 CFR 800.5</u>] Click here to enter text.

Provide any comments below:

Comments may include recommendations for avoidance, minimization, and/or mitigation. See THC concurrence documentation.

Remember to provide all documentation that justifies your National Register Status determination and recommendations along with this worksheet.

Marshall, Nicole R

From: Sent: To: Subject: noreply@thc.state.tx.us Friday, March 20, 2020 12:16 PM Scott, Ann M; reviews@thc.state.tx.us Project Review: 202008917



Re: Project Review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and/or the Antiquities Code of Texas **THC Tracking #202008917**

Communication Tower Travis County, Del Valle Tower 9019 Elroy Road Del Valle,TX 78617

Dear Ann M Scott:

Thank you for your submittal regarding the above-referenced project. This response represents the comments of the State Historic Preservation Officer, the Executive Director of the Texas Historical Commission (THC), pursuant to review under Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and the Antiquities Code of Texas.

The review staff led by Tiffany Osburn and Caitlin Brashear has completed its review and has made the following determinations based on the information submitted for review:

Above-Ground Resources

• No historic properties are present or affected by the project as proposed. However, if historic properties are discovered or unanticipated effects on historic properties are found, work should cease in the immediate area; work can continue where no historic properties are present. Please contact the THC's History Programs Division at 512-463-5853 to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect historic properties.

Archeology Comments

• No historic properties present or affected. However, if buried cultural materials are encountered during construction or disturbance activities, work should cease in the immediate area; work can continue where no cultural materials are present. Please contact the THC's Archeology Division at 512-463-6096 to consult on further actions that may be necessary to protect the cultural remains.

We look forward to further consultation with your office and hope to maintain a partnership that will foster effective historic preservation. Thank you for your cooperation in this review process, and for your efforts to preserve the irreplaceable heritage of Texas. If you have any questions concerning our review or if we can be of further assistance, please email the following reviewers: tiffany.osburn@thc.texas.gov, caitlin.brashear@thc.texas.gov

This response has been sent through the electronic THC review and compliance system (eTRAC). Submitting your project via eTRAC eliminates mailing delays and allows you to check the status of the review, receive an electronic response, and generate reports on your submissions. For more information, visit <u>http://thc.texas.gov/etrac-system</u>.

Sincerely,

Executive Director, Texas Historical Commission

Please do not respond to this email.

HOME (/)

Atlas Map - Atlas: Texas Historical Commission



ATLAS⁽⁷⁾

ATLAS MAP (/MAP)

ADVANCED SEARCH ABOUT ATLAS (/ADVANCEDSEARCH) (/ABOUT)

DOWNLOADS (/DATA/DATADOWNLOAD)





Texas Homeland Security (http://www.texashomelandsecurity.com/) | Texas Veterans Portal (http://www.texvet.org/partners/texgov) | Texas.gov (http://www.texas.gov) TRAIL Search (https://www.tsl.state.tx.us/trail/index.html) | Site Map (http://www.thc.texas.gov/sitemap) | Policies (http://www.thc.texas.gov/policies) | Archeological Log In (/Account/Login?Length=5) © 2020 Texas Historical Commission.



Tribal Directory Assessment Information

TDAT



Contact Information for Tribes with Interests in Travis County, Texas

	Tribal Name	County Name
+	Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas	Travis
+	Apache Tribe of Oklahoma	Travis
+	Comanche Nation, Oklahoma	Travis
+	Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana	Travis
+	Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma	Travis
+	Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakonie), Oklahoma	Travis
1 - 6	of 6 results	« < 1 → » 10 ∨



Comanche Nation of Oklahoma Tribal Consultation Letter FS1101

10/22/2020

Martina Minthorn, THPO & William Nelson, Chairman Comanche Nation of Oklahoma 6 SW D Avenue Lawton, OK 73502 martinac@comanchenation.com williamn@comanchenation.com

Re: FS 1101 9019 Elroy Road, Del Valle, TX 78617 HUD Program

Dear: THPO Minthorn and Chairman Nelson,

The City of Austin is considering funding the project listed above with federal funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Under HUD regulation 24 CFR 58.4, the City of Austin has assumed HUD's environmental review responsibilities for the project, including tribal consultation related to historic properties. Historic properties include archeological sites, burial grounds, sacred landscapes or features, ceremonial areas, traditional cultural places and landscapes, plant and animal communities, and buildings and structures with significant tribal association.

City of Austin will conduct a review of this project to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and its implementing regulations 36 CFR Part 800. We would like to invite you to be a consulting party in this review to help identify historic properties in the project area that may have religious and cultural significance to your tribe, and if such properties exist, to help assess how the project might affect them. If the project might have an adverse effect, we would like to discuss possible ways to avoid, minimize or mitigate potential adverse effects.

To meet project timeframes, if you would like to be a consulting party on this project, please let us know of your interest within 30 days. If you have any initial concerns with impacts of the project on religious or cultural properties, please note them in your response.

Enclosed is a map that shows the project area and a historic resource review completed by Terracon. The project consists of the construction of an emergency radio communications self-support tower approximately 182 feet tall in Del Valle, Travis County, Texas. The total area of the potential ground disturbances is considered as the area of potential effect (APE). The total area of the APE is approximately 0.1 acre (see Exhibits 1 and 2). A new 182-foot self-support

the potential ground disturbances is considered as the area of potential effect (APE). The total area of the APE is approximately 0.1 acre (see Exhibits 1 and 2). A new 182-foot self-support tower will be constructed; the compound for the tower will be gravel paved, surrounded with metal fencing, and include an equipment shed, generator shelter, and a fuel tank on a concrete pad. The compound for the tower will be accessed through an existing driveway and parking lot.

More information on the Section 106 review process is available at http://www.onecpd.info/environmental-review/historic-preservation/.

HUD's process for tribal consultation under Section 106 is described in a Notice available at <u>https://www.onecpd.info/resource/2448/notice-cpd-12-006-tribal-consultation-under-24-cfr-part-58</u>.

If you do not wish to consult on this project, please inform us. If you do wish to consult, please include in your reply the name and contact information for the tribe's principal representative in the consultation. Thank you very much. We value your assistance and look forward to consulting further if there are historic properties of religious and cultural significance to your tribe that may be affected by this project. Please send your reply to the following two email addresses: <u>Oralia.huggins@austintexas.gov</u> and <u>FCClicenses@austintexas.gov</u>

Sincerely,

mike Simpoon

Mike Simpson Wireless Program Services Manager FCC Regulatory Affairs Coordinator (512) 972-3232 Mike.simpson@austintexas.gov

cc: [THPO]



Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana Tribal Consultation Letter FS1101

10/22/2020

Linda Langley, THPO & David Sickey, Chairman Coushatta Tribe of Louisiana PO Box 10 Elton, LA 70532 Ilangley@mcneese.edu dsickey@coushatta.org

Re: FS 1101 9019 Elroy Road, Del Valle, TX 78617 HUD Program

Dear: THPO Langley and Chairman Sickey,

The City of Austin is considering funding the project listed above with federal funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Under HUD regulation 24 CFR 58.4, the City of Austin has assumed HUD's environmental review responsibilities for the project, including tribal consultation related to historic properties. Historic properties include archeological sites, burial grounds, sacred landscapes or features, ceremonial areas, traditional cultural places and landscapes, plant and animal communities, and buildings and structures with significant tribal association.

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Sincerely,

mike Simpoon

Mike Simpson Wireless Program Services Manager FCC Regulatory Affairs Coordinator (512) 972-3232 Mike.simpson@austintexas.gov

cc: [THPO]

2



Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma Tribal Consultation Letter FS1101

10/22/2020

Lauren Norman-Brown, THPO & Russell Martin, President Tonkawa Tribe of Indians of Oklahoma 1 Rush Buffalo Road Tonkawa, Oklahoma 74653 jbrown@tonkawatribe.com rmartin@tonkawatribe.com

Re: FS 1101 9019 Elroy Road, Del Valle, TX 78617 HUD Program

Dear: THPO Norman-Brown and President Martin,

The City of Austin is considering funding the project listed above with federal funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Under HUD regulation 24 CFR 58.4, the City of Austin has assumed HUD's environmental review responsibilities for the project, including tribal consultation related to historic properties. Historic properties include archeological sites, burial grounds, sacred landscapes or features, ceremonial areas, traditional cultural places and landscapes, plant and animal communities, and buildings and structures with significant tribal association.

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Sincerely,

mike Simpson

Mike Simpson Wireless Program Services Manager FCC Regulatory Affairs Coordinator (512) 972-3232 Mike.simpson@austintexas.gov

cc: [THPO]



Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakonie), Oklahoma Tribal Consultation Letter FS1101

10/22/2020

Gary McAdams, THPO & Terri Parton, President Wichita and Affiliated Tribes (Wichita, Keechi, Waco & Tawakonie), Oklahoma PO Box 729 Anadarko, Oklahoma 73005 Terri.Parton@wichitatribe.com gary.mcadams@wichitatribe.com

Re: FS 1101 9019 Elroy Road, Del Valle, TX 78617 HUD Program

Dear: THPO McAdams and President Parton,

The City of Austin is considering funding the project listed above with federal funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Under HUD regulation 24 CFR 58.4, the City of Austin has assumed HUD's environmental review responsibilities for the project, including tribal consultation related to historic properties. Historic properties include archeological sites, burial grounds, sacred landscapes or features, ceremonial areas, traditional cultural places and landscapes, plant and animal communities, and buildings and structures with significant tribal association.

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Sincerely,

mike Simpson

Mike Simpson Wireless Program Services Manager FCC Regulatory Affairs Coordinator (512) 972-3232 Mike.simpson@austintexas.gov

cc: [THPO]

2



Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas Tribal Consultation Letter FS1101

10/22/2020

Bryant Celestine, THPO & Nita Battise, Chairperson Alabama-Coushatta Tribe of Texas 571 State Park Road 56 Livingston, TX 77351 Celestine.Bryant@actribe.org tcnbattise@actribe.org

Re: FS 1101 9019 Elroy Road, Del Valle, TX 78617 HUD Program

Dear: THPO Celestine and Chairperson Battise,

The City of Austin is considering funding the project listed above with federal funds from the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD). Under HUD regulation 24 CFR 58.4, the City of Austin has assumed HUD's environmental review responsibilities for the project, including tribal consultation related to historic properties. Historic properties include archeological sites, burial grounds, sacred landscapes or features, ceremonial areas, traditional cultural places and landscapes, plant and animal communities, and buildings and structures with significant tribal association.

City of Austin will conduct a review of this project to comply with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and its implementing regulations 36 CFR Part 800. We would like to invite you to be a consulting party in this review to help identify historic properties in the project area that may have religious and cultural significance to your tribe, and if such properties exist, to help assess how the project might affect them. If the project might have an adverse effect, we would like to discuss possible ways to avoid, minimize or mitigate potential adverse effects.

To meet project timeframes, if you would like to be a consulting party on this project, please let us know of your interest within 30 days. If you have any initial concerns with impacts of the project on religious or cultural properties, please note them in your response.

Enclosed is a map that shows the project area and a historic resource review completed by Terracon. The project consists of the construction of an emergency radio communications self-support tower approximately 182 feet tall in Del Valle, Travis County, Texas. The total area of the potential ground disturbances is considered as the area of potential effect (APE). The total

area of the APE is approximately 0.1 acre (see Exhibits 1 and 2). A new 182-foot self-support tower will be constructed; the compound for the tower will be gravel paved, surrounded with metal fencing, and include an equipment shed, generator shelter, and a fuel tank on a concrete pad. The compound for the tower will be accessed through an existing driveway and parking lot.

More information on the Section 106 review process is available at http://www.onecpd.info/environmental-review/historic-preservation/.

HUD's process for tribal consultation under Section 106 is described in a Notice available at <u>https://www.onecpd.info/resource/2448/notice-cpd-12-006-tribal-consultation-under-24-cfr-part-58</u>.

If you do not wish to consult on this project, please inform us. If you do wish to consult, please include in your reply the name and contact information for the tribe's principal representative in the consultation. Thank you very much. We value your assistance and look forward to consulting further if there are historic properties of religious and cultural significance to your tribe that may be affected by this project. Please send your reply to the following two email addresses: <u>Oralia.huggins@austintexas.gov</u> and <u>FCClicenses@austintexas.gov</u>

Sincerely,

Mike Simpson

Mike Simpson Wireless Program Services Manager FCC Regulatory Affairs Coordinator (512) 972-3232 Mike.simpson@austintexas.gov

cc: [THPO]



Apache Tribe of Oklahoma Tribal Consultation Letter FS1101

10/22/2020

Bobby Komardley, Chairman Apache Tribe of Oklahoma PO Box 1330 Anadarko, Oklahoma 73005 bkomardley@outlook.com

Re: FS 1101 9019 Elroy Road, Del Valle, TX 78617 HUD Program

Dear: Chairman Komardley,

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To meet project timeframes, if you would like to be a consulting party on this project, please let us know of your interest within 30 days. If you have any initial concerns with impacts of the project on religious or cultural properties, please note them in your response.

Enclosed is a map that shows the project area and a historic resource review completed by Terracon. The project consists of the construction of an emergency radio communications self-support tower approximately 182 feet tall in Del Valle, Travis County, Texas. The total area of the potential ground disturbances is considered as the area of potential effect (APE). The total area of the APE is approximately 0.1 acre (see Exhibits 1 and 2). A new 182-foot self-support tower will be constructed; the compound for the tower will be gravel paved, surrounded with

metal fencing, and include an equipment shed, generator shelter, and a fuel tank on a concrete pad. The compound for the tower will be accessed through an existing driveway and parking lot.

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HUD's process for tribal consultation under Section 106 is described in a Notice available at <u>https://www.onecpd.info/resource/2448/notice-cpd-12-006-tribal-consultation-under-24-cfr-part-58</u>.

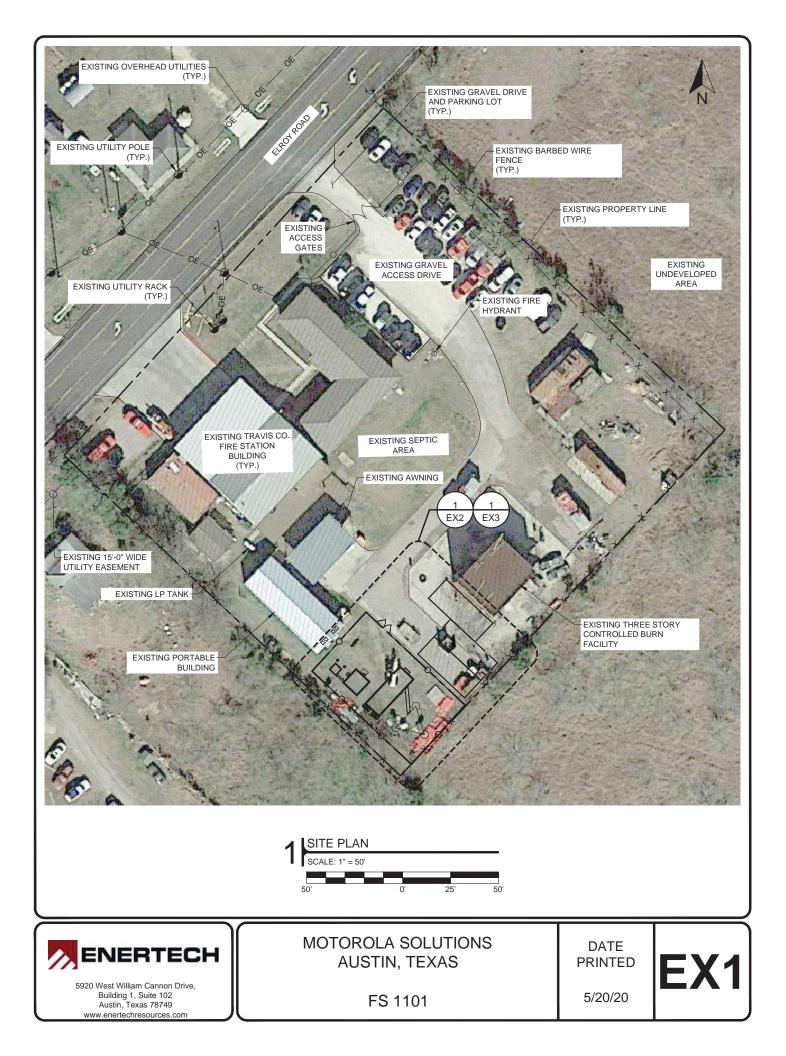
If you do not wish to consult on this project, please inform us. If you do wish to consult, please include in your reply the name and contact information for the tribe's principal representative in the consultation. Thank you very much. We value your assistance and look forward to consulting further if there are historic properties of religious and cultural significance to your tribe that may be affected by this project. Please send your reply to the following two email addresses: <u>Oralia.huggins@austintexas.gov</u> and <u>FCClicenses@austintexas.gov</u>

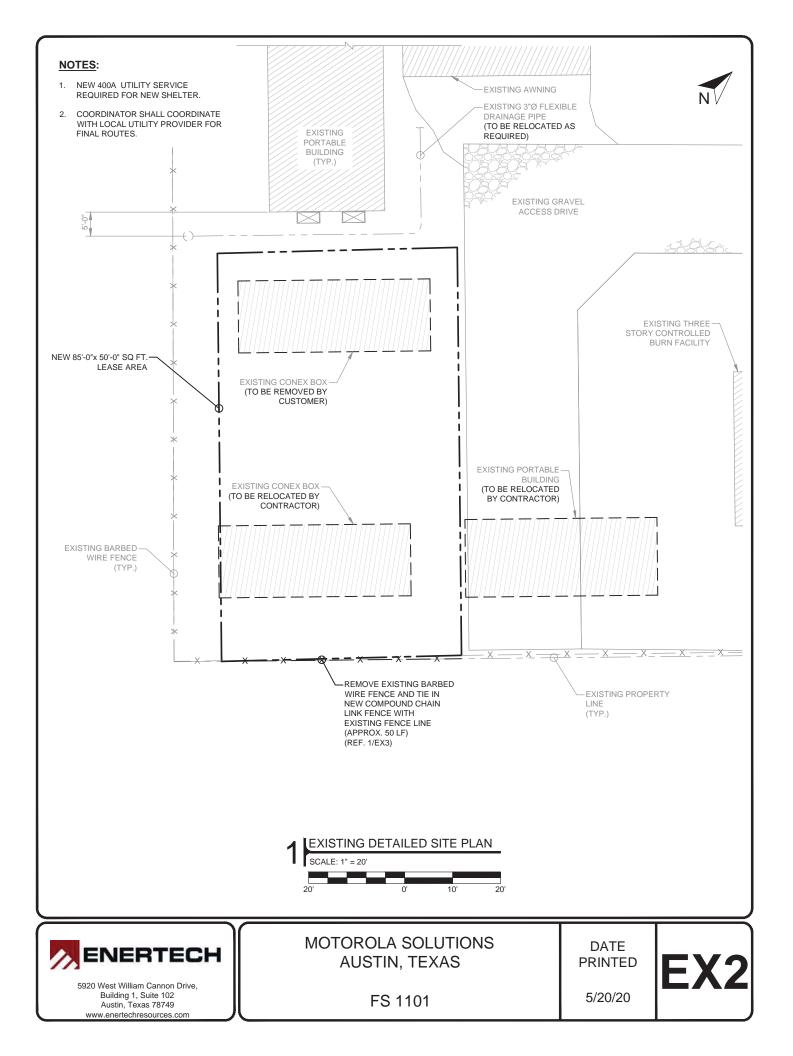
Sincerely,

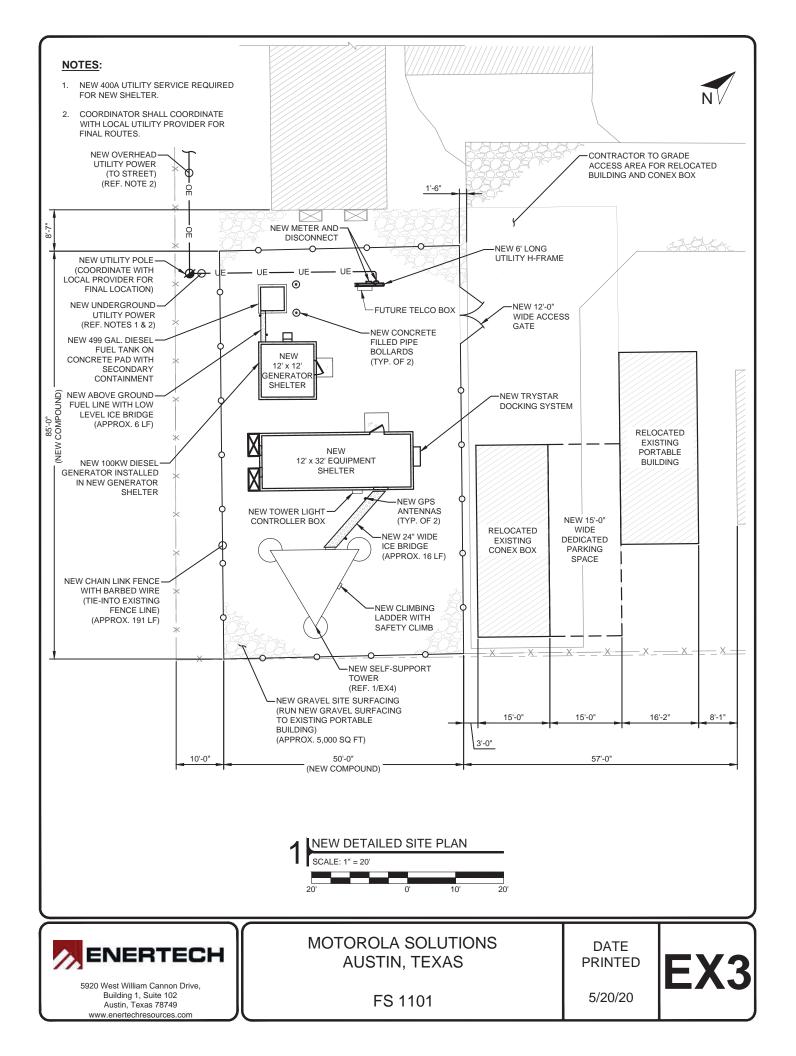
mike Simpson

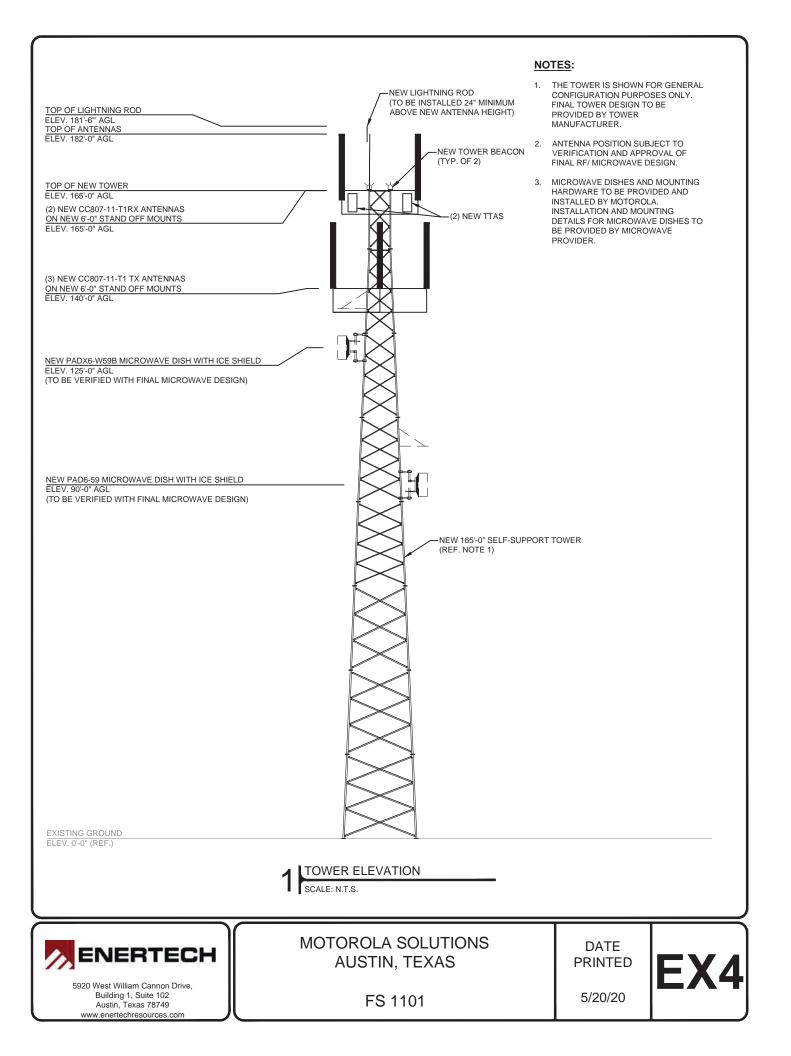
Mike Simpson Wireless Program Services Manager FCC Regulatory Affairs Coordinator (512) 972-3232 Mike.simpson@austintexas.gov

cc: [THPO]











U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Noise (EA Level Reviews) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/programs/environmental-review/noise-abatement-and-control

1. What activities does your project involve? Check all that apply:

 \Box New construction for residential use

NOTE: HUD assistance to new construction projects is generally prohibited if they are located in an Unacceptable zone, and HUD discourages assistance for new construction projects in Normally Unacceptable zones. See 24 CFR 51.101(a)(3) for further details. \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.

□ Rehabilitation of an existing residential property

NOTE: For major or substantial rehabilitation in Normally Unacceptable zones, HUD encourages mitigation to reduce levels to acceptable compliance standards. For major rehabilitation in Unacceptable zones, HUD strongly encourages mitigation to reduce levels to acceptable compliance standards. See 24 CFR 51 Subpart B for further details. \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.

oxtimes None of the above

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

 Complete the Preliminary Screening to identify potential noise generators in the vicinity (1000' from a major road, 3000' from a railroad, or 15 miles from an airport). Indicate the findings of the Preliminary Screening below:

□ There are no noise generators found within the threshold distances above.

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map showing the location of the project relative to any noise generators.

 \Box Noise generators were found within the threshold distances.

 \rightarrow Continue to Question 3.

3. Complete the Noise Assessment Guidelines to quantify the noise exposure. Indicate the findings of the Noise Assessment below:

 \Box Acceptable (65 decibels or less; the ceiling may be shifted to 70 decibels in circumstances described in §24 CFR 51.105(a))

Indicate noise level here: Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide noise analysis, including noise level and data used to complete the analysis.

 \Box Normally Unacceptable: (Above 65 decibels but not exceeding 75 decibels; the floor may be shifted to 70 decibels in circumstances described in 24 CFR 51.105(a))

Indicate noise level here: Click here to enter text.

If project is rehabilitation:

 \rightarrow Continue to Question 4. Provide noise analysis, including noise level and data used to complete the analysis.

If project is new construction:

Is the project in a largely undeveloped area¹?

🗆 No

 \Box Yes \rightarrow The project requires completion of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) pursuant to 51.104(b)(1)(i).

 \rightarrow Continue to Question 4. Provide noise analysis, including noise level and data used to complete the analysis.

□ Unacceptable: (Above 75 decibels)

Indicate noise level here: Click here to enter text.

If project is rehabilitation:

HUD strongly encourages conversion of noise-exposed sites to land uses compatible with high noise levels. Consider converting this property to a non-residential use compatible with high noise levels.

 \rightarrow Continue to Question 4. Provide noise analysis, including noise level and data used to complete the analysis, and any other relevant information.

If project is new construction:

The project requires completion of an Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) pursuant to 51.104(b)(1)(i). Work with HUD or the RE to either complete an EIS or obtain a waiver signed by the appropriate authority. \rightarrow Continue to Question 4.

4. HUD strongly encourages mitigation be used to eliminate adverse noise impacts. Work with the RE/HUD on the development of the mitigation measures that must be implemented to mitigate for the impact or effect, including the timeline for implementation.

□ Mitigation as follows will be implemented:

Click here to enter text.

¹ A largely undeveloped area means the area within 2 miles of the project site is less than 50 percent developed with urban uses or does not have water and sewer capacity to serve the project.

→ Provide drawings, specifications, and other materials as needed to describe the project's noise mitigation measures. Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

 No mitigation is necessary.
 Explain why mitigation will not be made here: Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow Continue to the Worksheet Summary.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The proposed undertaking is a 182' self-support communication tower located behind Travis County ESD 11 Fire Station 1101. The equipment shelter is an unmanned facility.



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Sole Source Aquifers (CEST and EA) - PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/sole-source-aquifers

1. Is the project located on a sole source aquifer (SSA)¹?

 \boxtimes No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination, such as a map of your project or jurisdiction in relation to the nearest SSA.

 \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.

2. Does the project consist solely of acquisition, leasing, or rehabilitation of an existing building(s)? \Box Yes \rightarrow The review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

 \Box No \rightarrow Continue to Question 3.

3. Does your region have a memorandum of understanding (MOU) or other working agreement with EPA for HUD projects impacting a sole source aquifer? Contact your Field or Regional Environmental Officer or visit the HUD webpage at the link above to determine if an MOU or agreement exists in your area.
□Yes → Continue to Question 4.

 \Box No \rightarrow Continue to Question 5.

- 4. Does your MOU or working agreement exclude your project from further review?
 - \Box Yes \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide documentation used to make your determination and document where your project fits within the MOU or agreement.

 \Box No \rightarrow Continue to Question 5.

5. Will the proposed project contaminate the aquifer and create a significant hazard to public health? Consult with your Regional EPA Office. Your consultation request should include detailed information about your proposed project and its relationship to the aquifer and associated streamflow source area. EPA will also want to know about water, storm water and waste water at the proposed project. Follow

¹ A sole source aquifer is defined as an aquifer that supplies at least 50 percent of the drinking water consumed in the area overlying the aquifer. This includes streamflow source areas, which are upstream areas of losing streams that flow into the recharge area.

your MOU or working agreement or contact your Regional EPA office for specific information you may need to provide. EPA may request additional information if impacts to the aquifer are questionable after this information is submitted for review.

- \square No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide your correspondence with the EPA and all documents used to make your determination.
- $\Box \text{Yes} \rightarrow \qquad \text{The RE/HUD will work with EPA to develop mitigation measures. If mitigation measures} \\ are approved, attach correspondence with EPA and include the mitigation measures in your environmental review documents and project contracts. If EPA determines that the project continues to pose a significant risk to the aquifer, federal financial assistance must be denied. Continue to Question 6.$

Worksheet Summary

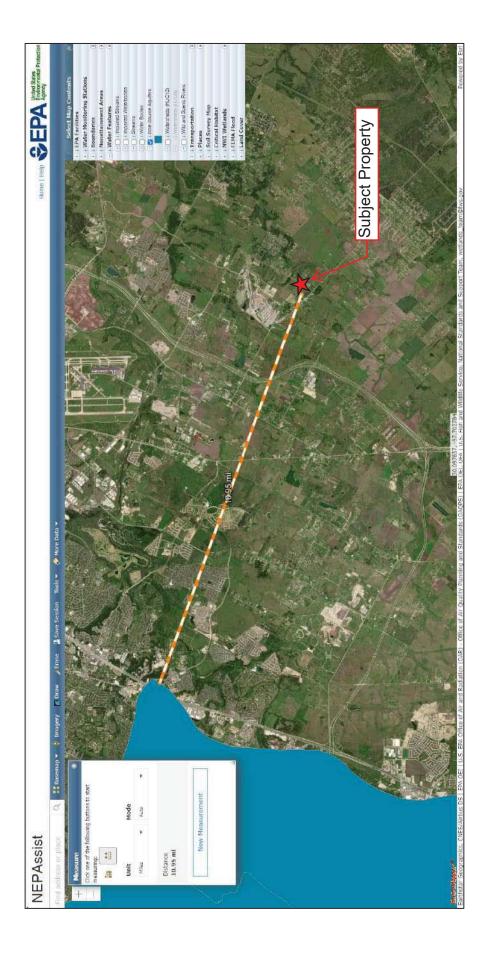
Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The site was evaluated using the NEPA Assist tool. The nearest sole source aquifer (Edwards Aquifer II (Austin Area) SSA - Artesian Zone) was found to be approximately 12 miles West of the proposed tower location. <u>https://nepassisttool.epa.gov/nepassist/nepamap.aspx</u>

Sole Source Aquifers Map





U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Wetlands (CEST and EA) – Partner

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/wetlands-protection

1. Does this project involve new construction as defined in Executive Order 11990, expansion of a building's footprint, or ground disturbance?

The term "new construction" includes draining, dredging, channelizing, filling, diking, impounding, and related activities and construction of any structures or facilities.

 \square No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

 \boxtimes Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.

- 2. Will the new construction or other ground disturbance impact a wetland as defined in E.O. 11990?
 - \boxtimes No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below. Provide a map or any other relevant documentation to explain your determination.

 \Box Yes \rightarrow <u>Work with HUD or the RE to assist with the 8-Step Process.</u> Continue to Question 3.

3. Does Section 55.12 state that the 8-Step Process is not required?

□ No, the 8-Step Process applies.

This project will require mitigation and may require elevating structure or structures. See the link to the HUD Exchange above for information on HUD's elevation requirements.

- ightarrow Work with the RE/HUD to assist with the 8-Step Process. Continue to Worksheet Summary.
- □ 5-Step Process is applicable per 55.12(a).

Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(a) here.

Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow Work with the RE/HUD to assist with the 5-Step Process. This project may require mitigation or alternations. Continue to Worksheet Summary.

 B-Step Process is inapplicable per 55.12(b).
 Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(b) here. Click here to enter text. \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to Worksheet Summary.

□ 8-Step Process is inapplicable per 55.12(c).

Provide the applicable citation at 24 CFR 55.12(c) here.

Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to Worksheet Summary.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

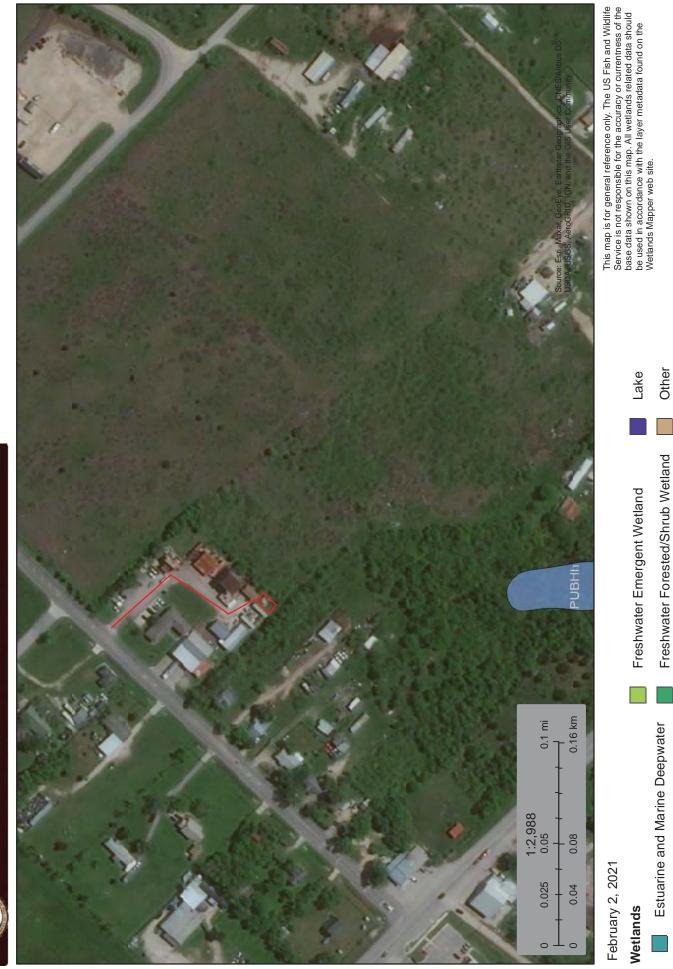
- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The proposed site location is not within a NWI mapped wetlands. Please see attached map.



FS1101 Wetlands Map



National Wetlands Inventory (NWI) This page was produced by the NWI mapper

Riverine

Freshwater Pond

Estuarine and Marine Wetland



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Wild and Scenic Rivers (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/wild-and-scenic-rivers

1. Is your project within proximity of a Wild and Scenic River, Study River, or Nationwide Rivers Inventory River?

 \boxtimes No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Provide documentation used to make your determination.

 \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.

2. Could the project do any of the following?

- Have a direct and adverse effect within Wild and Scenic River Boundaries,
- Invade the area or unreasonably diminish the river outside Wild and Scenic River Boundaries, or
- Have an adverse effect on the natural, cultural, and/or recreational values of a NRI segment.

Consult with the appropriate federal/state/local/tribal Managing Agency(s), pursuant to Section 7 of the Act, to determine if the proposed project may have an adverse effect on a Wild & Scenic River or a Study River and, if so, to determine the appropriate avoidance or mitigation measures.

Select one:

- □ The Managing Agency has concurred that the proposed project will not alter, directly, or indirectly, any of the characteristics that qualifies or potentially qualifies the river for inclusion in the NWSRS.
- → If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Provide documentation of the consultation (including the Managing Agency's concurrence) and any other documentation used to make your determination.
- □ The Managing Agency was consulted and the proposed project may alter, directly, or indirectly, any of the characteristics that qualifies or potentially qualifies the river for inclusion in the NWSRS.
- \rightarrow The RE/HUD must work with the Managing Agency to identify mitigation measures to mitigate the impact or effect of the project on the river.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

The site location was reviewed via the NEPA Assist tool, there are no Wild and Scenic River, Study River, or Nationwide Rivers Inventory Rivers near the subject property, thus no impact. (<u>https://nepassisttool.epa.gov/nepassist/nepamap.aspx</u>)

Wild and Scenic Rivers Map



No Wild and Scenic Rivers were found in the area around the Subject Property.



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF HOUSING AND URBAN DEVELOPMENT WASHINGTON, DC 20410-1000

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Environmental Justice (CEST and EA) – PARTNER

https://www.hudexchange.info/environmental-review/environmental-justice

HUD strongly encourages starting the Environmental Justice analysis only after all other laws and authorities, including Environmental Assessment factors if necessary, have been completed.

- 1. Were any adverse environmental impacts identified in any other compliance review portion of this project's total environmental review?
 - \Box Yes \rightarrow Continue to Question 2.
 - \boxtimes No \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.
- 2. Were these adverse environmental impacts disproportionately high for low-income and/or minority communities?

□Yes

Explain:

Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow The RE/HUD must work with the affected low-income or minority community to decide what mitigation actions, if any, will be taken. Provide any supporting documentation.

□No

Explain:

Click here to enter text.

 \rightarrow If the RE/HUD agrees with this recommendation, the review is in compliance with this section. Continue to the Worksheet Summary below.

Worksheet Summary

Provide a full description of your determination and a synopsis of the information that it was based on, such as:

- Map panel numbers and dates
- Names of all consulted parties and relevant consultation dates
- Names of plans or reports and relevant page numbers
- Any additional requirements specific to your program or region

Include all documentation supporting your findings in your submission to HUD.

There have been no adverse environmental impacts noted through the evaluation for the proposed communications tower.



EJSCREEN Report (Version 2020)

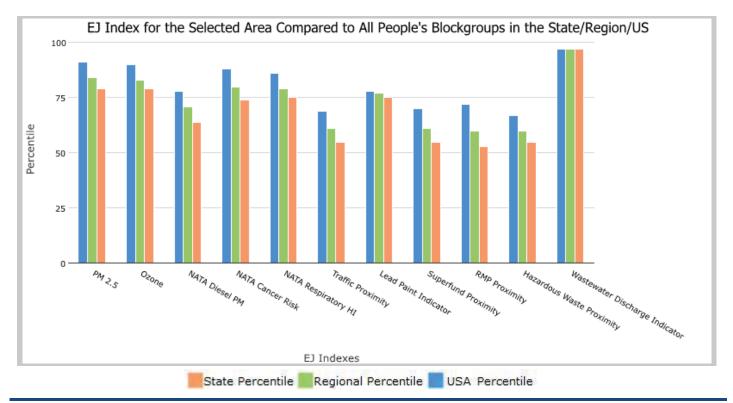


1 mile Ring Centered at 30.121594,-97.632987, TEXAS, EPA Region 6

Approximate Population: 322

Input Area (sq. miles): 3.14

Selected Variables	State Percentile	EPA Region Percentile	USA Percentile		
EJ Indexes					
EJ Index for PM2.5	79	84	91		
EJ Index for Ozone	79	83	90		
EJ Index for NATA [*] Diesel PM	64	71	78		
EJ Index for NATA [*] Air Toxics Cancer Risk	74	80	88		
EJ Index for NATA [*] Respiratory Hazard Index	75	79	86		
EJ Index for Traffic Proximity and Volume	55	61	69		
EJ Index for Lead Paint Indicator	75	77	78		
EJ Index for Superfund Proximity	55	61	70		
EJ Index for RMP Proximity	53	60	72		
EJ Index for Hazardous Waste Proximity	55	60	67		
EJ Index for Wastewater Discharge Indicator	97	97	97		



This report shows the values for environmental and demographic indicators and EJSCREEN indexes. It shows environmental and demographic raw data (e.g., the estimated concentration of ozone in the air), and also shows what percentile each raw data value represents. These percentiles provide perspective on how the selected block group or buffer area compares to the entire state, EPA region, or nation. For example, if a given location is at the 95th percentile nationwide, this means that only 5 percent of the US population has a higher block group value than the average person in the location being analyzed. The years for which the data are available, and the methods used, vary across these indicators. Important caveats and uncertainties apply to this screening-level information, so it is essential to understand the limitations on appropriate interpretations and applications of these indicators. Please see EJSCREEN documentation for discussion of these issues before using reports.



EJSCREEN Report (Version 2020)



1 mile Ring Centered at 30.121594,-97.632987, TEXAS, EPA Region 6

Approximate Population: 322 Input Area (sq. miles): 3.14



Sites reporting to EPA	
Superfund NPL	0
Hazardous Waste Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities (TSDF)	0



EJSCREEN Report (Version 2020)



1 mile Ring Centered at 30.121594,-97.632987, TEXAS, EPA Region 6

Approximate Population: 322

Input Area (sq. miles): 3.14

Selected Variables	Value	State Avg.	%ile in State	EPA Region Avg.	%ile in EPA Region	USA Avg.	%ile in USA
Environmental Indicators							
Particulate Matter (PM 2.5 in μ g/m ³)	9.34	9.18	48	8.95	58	8.55	76
Ozone (ppb)	40.2	41.3	38	41.8	37	42.9	29
NATA [*] Diesel PM (µg/m ³)	0.215	0.428	20	0.401	<50th	0.478	<50th
NATA [*] Cancer Risk (lifetime risk per million)	30	35	21	36	<50th	32	<50th
NATA [*] Respiratory Hazard Index	0.37	0.43	23	0.45	<50th	0.44	<50th
Traffic Proximity and Volume (daily traffic count/distance to road)	44	470	21	400	25	750	23
Lead Paint Indicator (% Pre-1960 Housing)	0.071	0.15	58	0.17	51	0.28	33
Superfund Proximity (site count/km distance)	0.011	0.084	7	0.081	7	0.13	6
RMP Proximity (facility count/km distance)	0.11	0.91	11	0.82	16	0.74	19
Hazardous Waste Proximity (facility count/km distance)	0.1	0.88	19	0.99	20	5	14
Wastewater Discharge Indicator (toxicity-weighted concentration/m distance)	0.53	0.41	96	9.5	96	9.4	93
Demographic Indicators							
Demographic Index	64%	47%	73	44%	77	36%	85
People of Color Population	84%	58%	73	52%	78	39%	86
Low Income Population	45%	35%	66	37%	65	33%	74
Linguistically Isolated Population	11%	8%	73	6%	80	4%	85
Population With Less Than High School Education	32%	17%	82	16%	86	13%	92
Population Under 5 years of age	2%	7%	10	7%	11	6%	15
Population over 64 years of age	11%	12%	51	13%	44	15%	33

* The National-Scale Air Toxics Assessment (NATA) is EPA's ongoing, comprehensive evaluation of air toxics in the United States. EPA developed the NATA to prioritize air toxics, emission sources, and locations of interest for further study. It is important to remember that NATA provides broad estimates of health risks over geographic areas of the country, not definitive risks to specific individuals or locations. More information on the NATA analysis can be found at: https://www.epa.gov/national-air-toxics-assessment.

For additional information, see: www.epa.gov/environmentaljustice

EJSCREEN is a screening tool for pre-decisional use only. It can help identify areas that may warrant additional consideration, analysis, or outreach. It does not provide a basis for decision-making, but it may help identify potential areas of EJ concern. Users should keep in mind that screening tools are subject to substantial uncertainty in their demographic and environmental data, particularly when looking at small geographic areas. Important caveats and uncertainties apply to this screening-level information, so it is essential to understand the limitations on appropriate interpretations and applications of these indicators. Please see EJSCREEN documentation for discussion of these issues before using reports. This screening tool does not provide data on every environmental impact and demographic factor that may be relevant to a particular location. EJSCREEN outputs should be supplemented with additional information and local knowledge before taking any action to address potential EJ concerns.