

# BUFFERED CHARCOAL YEAST EXTRACT (BCYE) AGAR

<u>Cat. no. G07</u>	BCYE Agar, 15x100mm Plate, 18ml	10 plates/bag
<u>Cat. no. G08</u>	BCYE Selective Agar, 15x100mm Plate, 18ml	10 plates/bag
<u>Cat. no. G108</u>	BCYE Agar without Cysteine, 15x100mm Plate, 18ml	10 plates/bag
<u>Cat. no. G170</u>	BCYE Agar with CCVC, 15x100mm plate, 24ml	10 plates/bag
<u>Cat. no. G209</u>	BCYE Agar with DGVP, 15x100mm Plate, 18ml	10 plates/bag
<u>Cat. no. J61</u>	BCYE Agar / BCYE Agar without Cysteine, 15x100mm Biplate, 12ml/12ml	10 plates/bag
Cat. no. L24	BCYE Agar Slant, 20x125mm tube, 10ml	20 tubes/box
Cat. no. P251	BCYE Agar, Contact Plate, 15ml	10 plates/bag
<u>Cat. no. W76</u>	BCYE Agar with GPVC without Cysteine, 15x100mm Plate, 28ml	10 plates/bag
<u>Cat. no. W79</u>	BCYE Agar with VPC, 15x100mm Plate, 28ml	10 plates/bag
<u>Cat. no. W169</u>	BCYE Agar with GPVC, 15x100mm Plate, 26ml	10 plates/bag

### **INTENDED USE**

Hardy Diagnostics Buffered Charcoal Yeast Extract (BCYE) Agar formulations are recommended for use in the cultivation and primary isolation of *Legionella* spp. in water and other samples suspected of harboring the bacteria. BCYE without Cysteine is for use in conjunction with BCYE Agar containing L-Cysteine for identification of *Legionella* spp. from clinical and environmental sources.

Cat. no. P251 is not intended to be used for the diagnosis of human disease.

### **SUMMARY**

In 1977, MacDade et al. were the first to isolate the bacterium, *Legionella pneumophila*, responsible for causing Legionnaire's Disease. Following this discovery, there were numerous reports of *Legionella* being isolated from fresh water environments such as water distribution systems, evaporative condensers, air conditioning units, cooling towers, fountains, humidifiers, dentistry tools, shower heads, faucets and whirlpool spas or Jaccuzis<sup>®</sup>. To date, there are approximately 50 known species and 70 serogroups of *Legionella* that have been identified.

In 1978, Feeley et al. developed a medium to provide consistent isolation of *Legionella* species.<sup>(6)</sup> The medium demonstrated differential growth characteristics to aid in the identification of *Legionella* species. Feeley later modified the medium by substituting yeast extract for casein hydrolysate and beef extract, and replacing starch with (7)

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activated charcoal. Feeley called this modified formula Charcoal Yeast Extract (CYE) Agar. A further modification was made by Pasculle et al. in 1980.<sup>(8)</sup> This version employed the addition of ACES (N-2-acetamido-2-aminoethane sulfonic acid) buffer in order to maintain the proper pH for optimal growth. The new medium, designated BCYE for Buffered Charcoal Yeast Extract, could also be incubated aerobically. In 1981, Edelstein et al. increased the sensitivity of the medium by adding the potassium salt of alpha-ketoglutaric acid.<sup>(9)</sup> That same year, Wadowsky and Yee made the medium more selective by suggesting that glycine, vancomycin and polymyxin be added, resulting in the formation of GVP medium.<sup>(10)</sup> Another modification in 1984 by Dennis et al. made the medium even more selective for *Legionella* by the addition of cycloheximide, resulting in GVPC medium.<sup>(11)</sup>

Hardy Diagnostics BCYE Agar (Cat. no. G07, G08, G209, P251, W169, and G170) is based on Edelstein's formula and is formulated in accordance with ISO 11371:(1998)E.<sup>(15)</sup> This formulation employs the use of L-Cysteine, soluble ferric pyrophosphate, and alpha-ketoglutarate to enhance the growth of *Legionella* species. Activated charcoal removes toxic metabolic products. Protein and other growth nutrients are supplied by yeast extract.

BCYE Selective Agar (Cat. no. G08) contains anisomycin, colistin, and vancomycin. Anisomycin inhibits the growth of fungi. Gram-negative organisms are inhibited by colistin. Gram-positive organisms are inhibited by vancomycin.

It has been shown that *Legionella* spp. require the addition of L-cysteine for growth. BCYE Agar without Cysteine (Cat. nos. G108 and W76) can be used in conjunction with traditional BCYE medium. Organisms that fail to grow on BCYE without Cysteine but grow on traditional BCYE Agar can be presumptively identified as *Legionella* spp.

BCYE Agar with DGVP (Cat. no. G209) contains the dyes bromcresol purple and bromothymol blue, along with glycine, vancomycin and polymyxin. Antibiotics in the medium improve the recovery of *Legionella* species by inhibiting the growth of contaminating microorganisms, while dyes in the medium facilitate the differentiation and identification of *Legionella*.

BCYE Agar with GPVC (Cat. no. W169) contains glycine, vancomycin, polymyxin and cycloheximide for the greater inhibition of secondary microflora and further selective isolation of *Legionella* spp.

BCYE Agar with CCVC (Cat. no. G170) contains cephalothin, colistin, vancomycin, and cycloheximide. This is based on the formulation of Bopp et al.<sup>(14)</sup>, where they obtained the improved recovery of *L. pneumophila* with this selective media with an acid wash treatment to reduce the contaminating microbial flora present in environmental water samples.

### FORMULA

Ingredients per liter of deionized water:\*

BCYE Agar (Cat. no. G07, L24, and P251):					
Yeast Extract	10.0gm				
ACES Buffer	10.0gm				
Activated Charcoal	2.0gm				
Potassium Hydroxide	2.8gm				
Alpha-Ketoglutarate	1.0gm				
L-Cysteine	0.4gm				
Ferric Pyrophosphate	0.25gm				
Agar	12.0gm				

BCYE without Cysteine (Cat. no. G108, J61 section II, W76) is made using the above formulation, without the

addition of L-cysteine.

In addition, BCYE Selective Agar (Cat. no. G08) contains:

Anisomycin	80.0mg
Colistin	10.0mg
Vancomycin	0.5mg

#### In addition, BCYE Agar with DGPV (Cat. no. G209) contains:

Bromcresol Purple	5.0ml
Bromothymol Blue	10.0ml
Glycine	3.0gm
Polymyxin	3.0ml
Vancomycin	1.0mg

#### In addition, BCYE Agar with GPVC (Cat. no. W169, W76\*, W79\*\*) contains:

Glycine	3.0gm
Polymyxin	80,000iu
Cycloheximide	80.0mg
Vancomycin	1.0mg

\* BCYE Agar with GPVC (Cat. no. W76) does not contain L-cystiene \*\*BCYE with VPC (Cat. no. W79) does not contain Glycine

In addition, BCYE Agar with CCVC (Cat. no. G170) contains:

Cycloheximide	40.0mg
Colistin Solution	3.0ml
Cephalothin	4.0mg
Vancomycin	1.0mg

Final pH 6.8 +/- 0.2 at 25°C.

\* Adjusted and/or supplemented as required to meet performance criteria.

### STORAGE AND SHELF LIFE

Storage: Upon receipt store at 2-8°C. away from direct light. Media should not be used if there are any signs of deterioration (shrinking, cracking, or discoloration), contamination, or if the expiration date has passed. Product is light and temperature sensitive; protect from light, excessive heat, moisture, and freezing.

The expiration dating on the product label applies to the product in its intact packaging when stored as directed. The product may be used and tested up to the expiration date on the product label and incubated for the recommended quality control incubation times.

Refer to the document "Storage" for more information.

#### PRECAUTIONS

For Cat. nos. G07, G08, G108, G170, G209, J61, L24, W76, W79 and W169.

This product may contain components of animal origin. Certified knowledge of the origin and/or sanitary state of the animals does not guarantee the absence of transmissible pathogenic agents. Therefore, it is recommended that these products be treated as potentially infectious, and handle observing the usual universal blood precautions. Do not ingest, inhale, or allow to come into contact with skin.

This product is for *in vitro* diagnostic use only. It is to be used only by adequately trained and qualified laboratory personnel. Observe approved biohazard precautions and aseptic techniques. All laboratory specimens should be considered infectious and handled according to "standard precautions." The "Guidelines for Isolation Precautions" is available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention at <u>www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dhqp/gl\_isolation.html</u>.

For additional information regarding specific precautions for the prevention of the transmission of all infectious agents from laboratory instruments and materials, and for recommendations for the management of exposure to infectious disease, refer to CLSI document M-29: *Protection of Laboratory Workers from Occupationally Acquired Infections: Approved Guideline.* 

Sterilize all biohazard waste before disposal.

Refer to the document "Precautions When Using Media" for more information.

Refer to the document <u>SDS Search</u> instructions on the Hardy Diagnostics' website for more information.

For Cat. no. P251

This product may contain components of animal origin. Certified knowledge of the origin and/or sanitary state of the animals does not guarantee the absence of transmissible pathogenic agents. Therefore, it is recommended that these products be treated as potentially infectious, and handle observing the usual universal blood precautions. Do not ingest, inhale, or allow to come into contact with skin.

This product is for laboratory use only. It is to be used only by adequately trained and qualified laboratory personnel. Observe approved biohazard precautions and aseptic techniques. All laboratory specimens should be considered infectious and handled according to "standard precautions." The "Guidelines for Isolation Precautions" is available from the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention at <a href="http://www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dhqp/gl\_isolation.html">www.cdc.gov/ncidod/dhqp/gl\_isolation.html</a>.

For additional information regarding specific precautions for the prevention of the transmission of all infectious agents from laboratory instruments and materials, and for recommendations for the management of exposure to infectious disease, refer to CLSI document M-29: *Protection of Laboratory Workers from Occupationally Acquired Infections: Approved Guideline.* 

Sterilize all biohazard waste before disposal.

Refer to the document "Precautions When Using Media" for more information.

Refer to the document <u>SDS Search</u> instructions on the Hardy Diagnostics' website for more information.

#### PROCEDURE

Specimen Collection: Infectious material should be submitted directly to the laboratory without delay and protected

from excessive heat and cold. If there is to be a delay in processing, the specimen should be inoculated onto an appropriate transport media and refrigerated until inoculation. Consult listed references for information on specimen collection.<sup>(1-5)</sup>

The media should be brought to room temperature prior to use and inoculated to produce isolated colonies. Incubate aerobically in a humidified atmosphere at 35°C. Incubate for a minimum of four days and examine daily for growth. Media may be reincubated for up to seven days.

#### Method of Use (Environmental Samples):

1. Obtain a water sample under aseptic conditions and prepare the sample according to the protocol of the standard being applied. Analysis of the sample can be accomplished either by direct seeding or filtration, usually followed by concentration, heat and/or acid treatment, then plating.

2. In direct seeding, spread 0.1 to 0.5ml of the water sample or dilution, using a sterile spreading device, across the agar surface. If using a membrane filter, pour the water sample through a 0.22um polycarbonate membrane filter, place the membrane in a sterile flask containing 5ml of the initial water sample and centrifuge or sonicate the sample to concentrate. Proceed with the appropriate protocol, as required. If plating the filter directly, place the membrane, filtered side up, on the agar surface.

3. Incubate plates at  $35 \pm 2^{\circ}$ C. for a minimum of 3 days. Growth is typically visible after 3-4 days, but may take up to 2 weeks.

4. Note the number of each colony type and select at least three distinct colonies of Legionella from each plate.

5. Re-streak each colony onto a separate plate of BCYE without Cysteine (Cat. no. G108) and incubate using the same parameters as above.

6. Consider as positive for *Legionella* all colonies that develop on BCYE Agar, but present no growth on BCYE without Cysteine.

7. Proceed with immunofluorescence or serological tests for further identification.

### **INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS**

In general, colonies of *Legionella* spp. present a white to gray coloration. They may also have blue, pink, purple, maroon, greenish-yellow or dark red pigmentation that fades, becoming whiter and more filamentous with age. The colony surface is generally smooth with precise edges, but some strains may give a ground glass or "fried egg" appearance when viewed microscopically. Some species fluoresce under UV light.

On BCYE and BCYE Selective Agars, colonies of *Legionella pneumophila* appear white-gray to blue-gray and fluoresce yellow-green under long-wave UV light. Colonies of *Legionella bozemanii* appear white-gray to blue-gray and fluoresce blue-white under long-wave UV light. Colonies of *Legionella micdadei* do not fluoresce under long-wave UV light.

On BCYE with DGVP, all strains of *L. pneumophila* produce round, shiny and white colored colonies with a barely discernable green hue at 3 days incubation. Colonies will be larger by 5 to 7 days incubation, becoming more distinctly green, flat, dull, and opaque in appearance. *Tatlockia micdadei* (syn. *Legionella micdadei*) yields shiny, round, blue-gray colonies. Colonies become larger and more intensely blue in color during prolonged incubation. Colonies of *Fluoribacter* spp. appear round, shiny and distinctly green in appearance after 3 days incubation; the green coloration will deepen with continued incubation and colonies will remain shiny. Colonies of *L. bozemanii* will exhibit a bright pastel green coloration that will intensify over prolonged incubation; colonies will fluoresce blue-white under long-wave UV light.

Growth of most other flora should be inhibited or greatly reduced on BCYE Selective Agar, BCYE Agar with DGVP, BCYE Selective Agar with GPVC, and BCYE Selective Agar with CCVC.

# LIMITATIONS

It is recommended that biochemical, immunological, molecular, or mass spectrometry testing be performed on colonies from pure culture for complete identification.

It is also recommended that more than one type of medium be used for isolating *Legionella* spp. and that non-selective and selective BCYE Agar plates be inoculated in parallel.

The Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) recommend incubation of environmental samples with 2.5%  $CO_2$ ; however, *L. gormanii* is the only known species with enhanced growth under this condition.<sup>(12,13)</sup>

This medium is to be used for the isolation and presumptive identification of Legionella.

Colonies of *Legionella* that develop on white membrane filters may have a different appearance to those that develop against a black or dark background filter.

When handling *Legionella* spp., it is important to avoid aerosol formation. Thoroughly clean and disinfect all work areas.

Refer to the document "Limitations of Procedures and Warranty" for more information.

# MATERIALS REQUIRED BUT NOT PROVIDED

Standard microbiological supplies and equipment such as loops, other culture media, swabs, UV lamps, applicator sticks, incinerators, and incubators, etc., as well as serological and biochemical reagents, are not provided.

# QUALITY CONTROL

Hardy Diagnostics tests each lot of commercially manufactured media using appropriate quality control microorganisms and quality specifications as outlined on the Certificates of Analysis (CofA). The following organisms are routinely used for testing at Hardy Diagnostics:

Test Organisms	Inoculation Method*	Incubation			Describe	
		Time	Temperature	Atmosphere	Results	
BCYE Agar (Ca	t. no. G07, J6	1 (Section I	), L24, and P25	1):		
Legionella pneumophila ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33152**	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces yellow-green under long-wave UV light	
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i> clinical strain	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces yellow-green under long-wave UV light	
Legionella bozemanii ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33217	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies; fluoresces blue- white under long-wave UV light	
Legionella micdadei ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33204	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray, no fluorescence under long-wave UV light	
BCYE Selective Agar (Cat. no. G08):						
Legionella					Growth; white-gray to blue-	

<i>pneumophila</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33152**	А	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	gray colonies, fluoresces yellow-green under long-wave UV light
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i> clinical strain	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces yellow-green under long-wave UV light
<i>Legionella bozemanii</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33217	А	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies; fluoresces blue- white under long-wave UV light
<i>Legionella micdadei</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33204	А	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, no fluorescence under long-wave UV light
Escherichia coli ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25922**	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Inhibited
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25923	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Inhibited
<i>Candida</i> <i>albicans</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 10231	В	72hr	35°C	Aerobic	Inhibited
<i>Pseudomonas aeruginosa</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 15442	В	24-48hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition
BCYE with VPC	(Cat. no. W7	9):			
Legionella pneumophila ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33152**	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces yellow-green under long-wave UV light
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i> clinical strain	А	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces yellow-green under long-wave UV light
<i>Legionella bozemanii</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33217	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies; fluoresces blue- white under long-wave UV light
Legionella micdadei ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33204	А	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, no fluorescence under long-wave UV light
<i>Escherichia coli</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25922**	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Inhibited
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25923	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Inhibited
Pseudomonas					

<i>aeruginosa</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 15442	В	24-48hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition	
BCYE without Cysteine (Cat. no. J61 (Section II) and G108) and BCYE with GPVC without Cysteine (Cat. no. W76):						
Campylobacter jejuni ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33291**	А	24-72hr	35°C	Microaerophilic	Growth	
Legionella pneumophila ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33152**	A	48-72hr	35°C	Aerobic	Inhibited	
BCYE Agar with	n DGVP (Cat.	no. G209):	<u> </u>		n	
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33152**	A	48-120hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; pale green colonies, fluoresces yellow-green under long-wave UV light	
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i> clinical strain	A	48-120hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; pale green colonies, fluoresces yellow-green under long-wave UV light	
<i>Legionella bozemanii</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33217	A	48-120hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; bright green colonies; fluoresces blue-white under long-wave UV light	
<i>Legionella micdadei</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33204	A	48-120hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; blue-gray colonies, no fluorescence under long-wave UV light	
Escherichia coli ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25922**	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition	
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25923	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition	
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC <sup>®</sup> 15442	В	24-48hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition	
BCYE Agar with	n GPVC (Cat.	no. W169):				
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33152**	А	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces pale green under long-wave UV light	
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i> clinical strain	А	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces pale green under long-wave UV light	
<i>Legionella bozemanii</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33217	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces pale green under long-wave UV	

					light
<i>Legionella micdadei</i> ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33204	А	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces pale green under long-wave UV light
Escherichia coli ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25922**	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25923	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition
Aspergillus brasiliensis ATCC <sup>®</sup> 16404	G	24-48hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC <sup>®</sup> 15442	В	24-48hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition
BCYE Agar with	n CCVC (Cat. ı	no. G170):			
Legionella pneumophila ATCC <sup>®</sup> 33152**	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces pale green under long-wave UV light
<i>Legionella pneumophila</i> clinical strain	A	48-96hr	35°C	Aerobic	Growth; white-gray to blue- gray colonies, fluoresces pale green under long-wave UV light
Escherichia coli ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25922**	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition
Staphylococcus aureus ATCC <sup>®</sup> 25923	В	24hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition
Aspergillus brasiliensis ATCC <sup>®</sup> 16404	G	24-48hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition
Pseudomonas aeruginosa ATCC <sup>®</sup> 15442	В	24-48hr	35°C	Aerobic	Partial to complete inhibition

\* Refer to the document "Inoculation Procedures for Media QC" for more information.

\*\* Recommended QC strains for User Quality Control according to the CLSI document M22 when applicable.

#### USER QUALITY CONTROL

End users of commercially prepared culture media should perform QC testing in accordance with applicable government regulatory agencies, and in compliance with accreditation requirements. Hardy Diagnostics recommends end users check for signs of contamination and deterioration and, if dictated by laboratory quality control procedures or regulation, perform quality control testing to demonstrate growth or a positive reaction and to demonstrate inhibition or a negative reaction, if applicable. Hardy Diagnostics quality control testing is documented on the

certificates of analysis (CofA) available from Hardy Diagnostics <u>Certificates of Analysis</u> website. In addition, refer to the following document "<u>Finished Product Quality Control Procedures</u>," for more information on QC or see reference(s) for more specific information.

#### PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

All formulations of BCYE Agar listed should appear opaque, and black in color.



*Legionella pneumophila* (ATCC<sup>®</sup> 33152) colonies growing on BCYE Selective Agar (Cat no. G08). Incubated aerobically for 48 hours at 35°C.



Legionella pneumophila (ATCC  $^{\textcircled{R}}$  33152) colonies growing on BCYE Selective Agar (Cat. no. G08) under UV light. Incubated aerobically for 72 hours at 35°C.



Legionella bozemanii (ATCC $^{(R)}$  33217) colonies growing on BCYE Selective Agar (Cat. no. G08) under UV light. Incubated aerobically for 48 hours at 35°C.

### REFERENCES

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ATCC is a registered trademark of the American Type Culture Collection. Jacuzzi is a registered trademark of Jacuzzi, Chino Hills, CA.

IFU-10050[C]



1430 West McCoy Lane, Santa Maria, CA 93455, USA Phone: (805) 346-2766 ext. 5658 Fax: (805) 346-2760 Website: www.HardyDiagnostics.com Email: TechService@HardyDiagnostics.com Ordering Information

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