

## **An online taxonomic facility of Geometridae (Lepidoptera), with an overview of global species richness and systematics**

Authors: Rajaei, Hossein, Hausmann, Axel, Scoble, Malcolm, Wanke, Dominic, Plotkin, David, et al.

Source: Integrative Systematics: Stuttgart Contributions to Natural History, 5(2) : 145-192

Published By: Stuttgart State Museum of Natural History

URL: <https://doi.org/10.18476/2022.577933>

---

BioOne Complete (complete.BioOne.org) is a full-text database of 200 subscribed and open-access titles in the biological, ecological, and environmental sciences published by nonprofit societies, associations, museums, institutions, and presses.

Your use of this PDF, the BioOne Complete website, and all posted and associated content indicates your acceptance of BioOne's Terms of Use, available at [www.bioone.org/terms-of-use](http://www.bioone.org/terms-of-use).

Usage of BioOne Complete content is strictly limited to personal, educational, and non - commercial use. Commercial inquiries or rights and permissions requests should be directed to the individual publisher as copyright holder.

---

BioOne sees sustainable scholarly publishing as an inherently collaborative enterprise connecting authors, nonprofit publishers, academic institutions, research libraries, and research funders in the common goal of maximizing access to critical research.

## RESEARCH ARTICLE

# An online taxonomic facility of Geometridae (Lepidoptera), with an overview of global species richness and systematics

HOSSEIN RAJAEI<sup>1</sup>, AXEL HAUSMANN<sup>2</sup>, MALCOLM SCOBLE<sup>3</sup>, DOMINIC WANKE<sup>1,4</sup>,  
DAVID PLOTKIN<sup>5</sup>, GUNNAR BREHM<sup>6</sup>, LEIDYS MURILLO-RAMOS<sup>7,8</sup> & PASI SIHVONEN<sup>8</sup>

## Abstract

We present a new, online, open access portal to the geometrid moths of the world (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). The portal provides access to the global database including data on classification, valid genera and species, synonyms and type localities, and to an online list of valid names. The value of this online facility, *inter alia*, is demonstrated by using the underlying data to update our understanding of the global and regional species richness of the family. We also review, clarify and list the family-group names (family, subfamily, tribe) of the Geometridae to provide users with a better understanding of the higher category framework when they access the database. Currently, the Geometridae database includes 34,897 available species-group names. Of these, 7,891 are considered synonyms (23% of available names), giving a total of 27,006 valid species-group names, which in turn comprise 23,872 species names and 3,134 subspecies names. The world fauna is classified into 2,019 genera, 92 tribes and 9 subfamilies. Our paper also includes an annotated list of all 202 subfamily, tribe and subtribe names in systematic order. One hundred family-group names (49.5%) are considered synonyms. Although most geometrid species were described in the 19th and 20th centuries, the average number of new species descriptions from 2000–2022 has been fairly constant at around 80 per year, implying there is still much more hidden geometrid diversity yet to be discovered.

Key words: biogeography, database, geometrid moths, global, review, website.

## Zusammenfassung

Ein neues, frei zugängliches Online-Portal zu den Geometriden der Welt (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) wird hier vorgestellt. Das Portal bietet Zugang zu einer globalen Datenbank mit Informationen zur Klassifikation, zu sämtlichen validen Gattungs- und Artnamen, Synonymen und Typuslokalitäten. Die Bedeutung dieser öffentlich zugänglichen Datensammlung liegt darin, unsere Kenntnisse über den globalen und regionalen Artenreichtum der Familie Geometridae zu verbessern. Außerdem wurden die Namen der höherrangigen Taxa (Familie, Unterfamilie, Tribus) überarbeitet, ihr Status geklärt und aufgelistet, um den Benutzern ein besseres Verständnis der Phylogenie nach dem augenblicklichen Stand der Forschung zu vermitteln. Derzeit umfasst die Familie der Geometriden 23.872 beschriebene und valide Arten und 3.134 validierte Unterarten, während weitere 7.891 Namen als Synonyme betrachtet werden (23 % der verfügbaren Namen). Die weltweite Fauna ist in 2.019 Gattungen, 92 Triben und 9 Unterfamilien unterteilt. Unsere Arbeit enthält zudem eine kommentierte Liste aller 202 Unterfamilien-, Tribus- und Subtribusnamen in systematischer Reihenfolge. 100 dieser Namen (49,5 %) werden als Synonyme betrachtet. Während die meisten Geometriden-Arten im 19. und 20. Jahrhundert beschrieben wurden, liegt die durchschnittliche Zahl der neuen Artbeschreibungen von 2000 bis 2022 ziemlich konstant bei etwa 80 pro Jahr, was bedeutet, dass eine bedeutende Zahl von Geometriden noch darauf wartet, entdeckt zu werden.

## Introduction

Card indexes of insect species exist in many museums, such as that in the Natural History Museum, London (GASTON et al. 1995; SCOBLE 1999). Some of the available published printed catalogues have evolved from such card indexes (e.g., Arctiinae: WATSON & GOODGER 1986; Geometridae: SCOBLE 1999) or were compiled otherwise (e.g., POOLE 1989; SOBczyk 2011). In recent years, several global Lepidoptera species databases have become available online, notably for Papilionoidea (HÄUSER et al. 2005), Pyraloidea (NUSS et al. 2022), Bombycoidea (KITCHING

et al. 2018), Tortricidae (GILLIGAN et al. 2018) and Gracilariidae (DE PRINS & DE PRINS 2006–2022) in addition to a growing number of regional online catalogues (e.g., DE PRINS & DE PRINS 2011–2022; DOMINICK et al. 1983; HOLLOWAY 1986–1999; KARSHOLT & NIEUKERKEN 2013).

Species catalogues vary somewhat in their content, but provide basic taxonomic information to many of the following fields: valid names and synonyms, homonyms, authors, dates, references, type specimens, type localities and distribution. Depending on their comprehensiveness, they also enable access to consolidated data on species richness and how species are arranged in higher

taxonomic categories. Ideally, phylogenetic relationships are also reflected. Such extensive and structured content means that species catalogues can provide the foundation for global species richness estimates, and information on patterns in species description over time (GASTON et al. 1995). The number of insect species in the world is unknown, but current estimates rely significantly on verifiable information about the richness of described species (GARCIA et al. 2020). Furthermore, species catalogues may help to identify collection biases and understudied regions of the world, indicating where future field campaigns exploring the biodiversity should take place.

Species catalogues are lacking for most insect groups for several reasons. First, taxonomic information is scattered across a wide spread of journals and other literature. Second, many articles are difficult to source (although the Biodiversity Heritage Library provides a major improvement in accessibility, <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/>). Third, articles may be written in languages that are not widely understood. Fourth, numerous regional classifications may conflict with each other, making a consensus difficult. Fifth, data included in original publications are often superficial and do not allow unambiguous identification, a point especially true for the early literature. Finally, and perhaps most importantly, compiling such diverse and scattered information into a single entity is a time-consuming and labour-intensive task, requiring expert knowledge of a particular taxon, often with few specialists who are usually suffering a high workload.

Apart from our personal interest in the Geometridae, we consider that the family is particularly suitable for an online facility, with more than 23,000 species accounting for nearly 15% of all Lepidoptera species (NIEUKERKEN et al. 2011). Geometrid moths are the second-largest lepidopteran family (after Erebidae) in terms of described species. Furthermore, this global diversity has been summarised in two species catalogues dating back 23 and 15 years, respectively: (1) “Geometrid Moths of the World: A Catalogue” (SCOBLE 1999) and (2) “Online list of valid and available names of the Geometridae of the World” (SCOBLE & HAUSMANN 2007). Geometrid moths have received considerable attention during the last decades, and the use of molecular data, in particular, has advanced our understanding of the family significantly, so both the catalogue and the online list need updating. Before describing the scope and content of the new database (“Online taxonomic facility of geometrid moths”), we summarise the contents of the two earlier works.

**Geometrid Moths of the World: A Catalogue (SCOBLE 1999).** The Catalogue is a massive two-volume printed monograph of 1,016 pages, plus a 129-page index, and it is based on the British Museum of Natural History’s card index to genera and species of Geometridae housed in the Natural History Museum, London (NHMUK) [pre-

viously known as the British Museum (Natural History)]. The Catalogue provides access to the available names of geometrid moths of the World, including approximately 35,000 species-group names (including synonyms). The following data for each species and subspecies were entered (called ‘Fields’ in the Global Taxonomic Facility): Subfamily, Genus, Original genus, Taxon name (species or subspecies), Author, Date, Title of reference, Volume number of reference, Series number of reference, Part number of reference, Page number of original citation, Whether original reference was checked (yes/no), Whether a junior synonym (yes / no), If a junior synonym, of what species/subspecies, Number of names synonymised, Drawer number in BMNH collection, Depository of type(s), Type status (holotype, syntype(s) etc.), Type sex (if known), Type locality (country, state, place), Zoogeographical region. The printed Catalogue does not include all above-mentioned fields.

Entries are ordered alphabetically by genus and, within each genus, by species. The Catalogue also includes genus names and genus synonyms, citing author(s), date, reference to the original description, and type species. It includes extensive unpublished data extracted from details in the card index, but these were not separated from the published data. For a small number of species, larval foodplant data are provided. The publication also includes a morphological diagnosis of the family, a summary of the patterns of species description in the Geometridae derived from GASTON et al. (1995) and a list of genera in systematic order, following the order in which the collection in the British Museum of Natural History was laid out.

**Online list of valid and available names of the Geometridae of the world (SCOBLE & HAUSMANN 2007).** The global species list is displayed as an Excel spreadsheet derived from the above-mentioned Catalogue (SCOBLE 1999), containing information on the subfamily, genus, species, author and year of description for all validated geometrid moth species up to 2007, covering 22,951 species. Unlike the Catalogue (SCOBLE 1999), it does not give information on the original publication, depository of type(s), type status (holotype, syntype(s), etc.), subspecies, junior synonyms, or type locality. This list is now available the new Forum Herbulot website at <https://geometroidea.smns-bw.org/>.

In the present paper, we: i) announce the forthcoming launch of an online facility on Geometridae, describe its structure and comment on its value and purpose; ii) complement this open access biodiversity data release with an up-to-date review of Geometridae species diversity and subfamily-level phylogeny; and iii) provide an updated systematic list of family-group names. Finally, we present our plans for the future development of the facility.

## Material and methods

In order to update the printed and online world catalogues of geometrid moths (SCOBLE 1999; SCOBLE & HAUSMANN 2007), we searched the Zoological Record database (<https://clarivate.com/webofsciencelibrary/solutions/webofscience-zoological-record/>) for all records published after 2005, using the keyword “Geometridae”, and compared the contents of each publication against the “Online list of valid and available names of the Geometridae of the World” (SCOBLE & HAUSMANN 2007). In addition, we included all publications available to us from 1998, which were not covered by the Zoological Record database. In total, data from 462 publications (journal articles, books, short communications and any other form of available and valid scientific publications) were extracted and entered in the Excel table. These 462 literature references are listed in Appendix 2. Additionally, all published taxonomic changes, including new synonymies, new combinations, new statuses, etc., in all hierarchical categories, were incorporated. The cut-off date for the data input was 23 May 2022.

Geographic coverage of the aforementioned 462 publications was examined by scoring the biogeographic region(s) each publication included. If the taxa in the paper were confined to one biogeographic region only, only one region was scored “1”. If the paper covered multiple regions, each covered region was scored “1”. The scoring is listed in Supplementary File 1.

Statistics in this paper (see “A summary of the species richness and systematics of Geometridae”), below, are based on the Excel table we created, which contains 34,897 species-group names of geometrid moths. The sub-section “Phylogeny, classification and species richness by subfamily” is based partially on our literature review and partially on the Excel table (see Supplementary File 1).

The geographic distribution of geometrid moths (Fig. 4) is based on 23,872 valid species names (see Supplementary File 1), excluding the subspecies and synonyms (see Fig. 4A). Biogeographic regions were coded for each species based on its type locality (type locality information was missing for 17 species, which were excluded from the analysis). The biogeographic regions used in the analysis and shown in Fig. 4B are based on the scheme employed in the NHMUK collection and in The Global Lepidoptera Names Index (<https://www.nhm.ac.uk/our-science/data/lepindex/lepindex/>). The details are available in GASTON & HUDSON (1994).

The online portal with the graphical user interface (GUI) to access the data was created by computer engineer HAMID LAGHA (Mashhad, Iran) using React.js and python programming languages. The portal’s interface was designed to enable easy, user-friendly updates (by approved contributors) to reflect new taxonomic changes after its initial publication.

The classification presented under “Family-group classification and names of Geometridae of the world” (Appendix 1) and in a forthcoming “Online list of valid names of geometrid moths” will be merged into the GBIF Backbone Taxonomy (GBIF Secretariat 2021) and into backbone systematics on BOLD (RATNASINGHAM & HEBERT 2007).

## Results

### “Online taxonomic facility of geometrid moths” and list of valid names of geometrid moths

The new online portal provides access to all available names of geometrid moths of the world. The data are freely

available and can be accessed at <https://geometroidea.smns-bw.org/>. The portal provides front-end access to a back-end Excel table, which includes 34,897 species-group names of geometrid moths. The table includes data from all published systematic literature on geometrid moths accessible to the authors, covering the period from the 10th edition of *Systema Naturae* (LINNAEUS 1758) to 23 May 2022.

The back-end Excel table includes the following fields for all species-group names: Superfamily, Family, Subfamily, Tribe, Genus, Author, Year, Senior species, Senior subspecies, Senior species year, Senior subspecies year, Species, Subspecies, Species author, Species year, Species in author, Original genus, Country, Locality, Elevation, Latitude, Longitude, Junior synonym (yes/no), BIN, ID holotype (BOLD), Type depository, Type status, Type sex, Type country, Type state, Journal, Series, Volume, Part, Page (first), Comments.

Fields are not completed for every species, nor is a fully updated list of genera with synonyms available. As such, the online portal allows users to search the following columns for 34,897 species-group names: Family, Subfamily, Genus, Species, Subspecies and any name, including synonyms. Fig. 1A shows a typical query result from the back-end Excel table, in this case at genus level using the term “*Archiearis*”. Note that the search also reports a full list of synonyms and type localities. All species and synonyms are hyperlinked to the relevant species-level page (Fig. 1B). The data can be queried by using search terms (quick search and advanced search options are available) or by using a hierarchy search.

Additionally, the online portal contains a downloadable Excel table, which lists all valid and available names of Geometridae of the world. The structure of the Excel table is similar to that of the “Online list of valid and available names of the Geometridae of the world” (SCOBLE & HAUSMANN 2007).

The database will be updated by the authors as new information is published on Geometridae, with once-yearly updates of the facility and a list of valid and available names. This approach has the advantage of providing a citable, static version of the database with a date for each update release.

### A summary of the species richness and systematics of Geometridae

Our database of geometrid moths provides an ideal source of information for summarising knowledge of the species richness, distribution and systematics of the family globally, demonstrating more widely the value of compiling databases of species-rich taxa. The present world database includes 34,897 available species-group names. Of these, 7,891 are considered synonyms (23% of avail-

**A**

Family: Geometridae Leach, 1815    Subfamily: Archiearinae Fletcher, 1953    Tribe: will be updated    Genus: *Archiearis* Hübner, [1823]

[↗](#) *Archiearis infans infans* (Möschler, 1862) (*Brephos*)    T.L. in: [Canada]    ←  
[↗](#) = *hamadryas* (Harris, 1869) (*Brephos*)    T.L. in: [North America]

[↗](#) *Archiearis infans oregonensis* (Swett, 1917) (*Brephos*)    T.L. in: [U.S.A.]

[↗](#) *Archiearis parthenias bella* (Inoue, 1955) (*Brephos*)    T.L. in: Japan

[↗](#) *Archiearis parthenias elegans* (Inoue, 1955) (*Brephos*)    T.L. in: Japan

[↗](#) *Archiearis parthenias hilara* (Sawamoto, 1937) (*Brephos*)    T.L. in: Japan

[↗](#) *Archiearis parthenias lapponica* (Rangnow, 1935) (*Brephos*)    T.L. in: [Sweden/Finland]

[↗](#) *Archiearis parthenias parthenias* (Linnaeus, 1761) (*Phalaena (Noctua)*)    T.L. in: Sweden  
[↗](#) = *fulvulata* (Pallas, 1773) (*Phalaena*)    T.L. in: [Russia]  
[↗](#) = *glaucescens* (Goeze, 1781) (*PhalaenaNoctua*)    T.L. in:  
[↗](#) = *glaucofasciata* (Goeze, 1781) (*PhalaenaGeometra*)    T.L. in:  
[↗](#) = *plebeja* (Linnaeus, 1761) (*PhalaenaNoctua*)    T.L. in: Sweden  
[↗](#) = *vidua* (Fabricius, 1775) (*Bombyx*)    T.L. in: Anglia [England]

[↗](#) *Archiearis parthenias sajana* (Prout, 1912) (*Brephos*)    T.L. in: [Russia]

**B** *Archiearis infans infans* (Möschler, 1862) (*Brephos*)

Family: Geometridae Leach, 1815    Subfamily: Archiearinae Fletcher, 1953  
 Tribe: will be updated    Genus: *Archiearis*  
 Author: Hübner    Year: [1823]  
 Senior species: *infans*    Senior sub species: *infans*  
 Senior species author: Möschler    Senior species year: 1862  
 Species: *infans*    Subspecies: *infans*  
 Species author: Möschler    Species year: 1862  
 Species in author:    Original genus: *Brephos*  
 Country: [Canada]

**SYNONYMS**

= *hamadryas* (Harris, 1869) (*Brephos*)

**CLASSIFICATION**

Family	Geometridae Leach, 1815
Subfamily	Archiearinae Fletcher, 1953
Tribe	will be updated
Genus	<i>Archiearis</i>

**Fig. 1.** Examples of search results from the “Online taxonomic facility of geometrid moths”, available at <https://geometroidea.smns-bw.org/>. **A.** Genus-level result using the term “*Archiearis*”. **B.** Species-level result using the term “*Archiearis infans infans*”, or selecting the hyperlink in (A) (black arrow).

able names), giving a total of 27,006 valid species-group names, which in turn comprise 23,872 species names and 3,134 subspecies names. This diversity is classified into 2,019 genera and nine subfamilies (see “Phylogeny, classification and species richness by subfamily” for details).

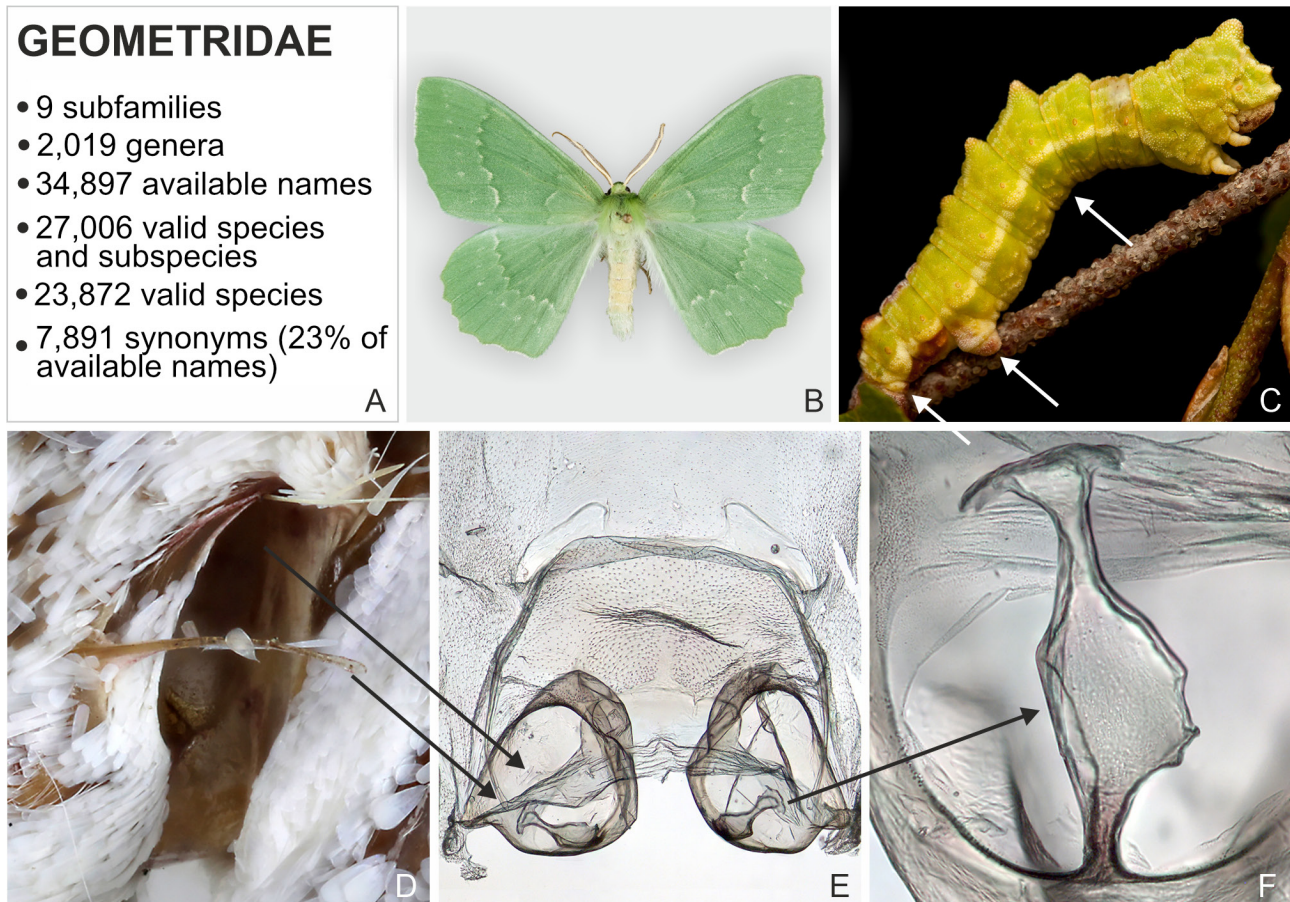
Subspecific names are often controversial in systematics. The current version of the “Online taxonomic facility of geometrid moths” includes 3,134 such entries. A robust approach has been taken in checklists of other lepidopteran

taxa (e.g., POOLE 1989; NIELSEN et al. 1996), in which it was proposed that subspecies names should be treated as junior synonyms of the relevant species name. With respect to the Geometridae, SCOBLE (1999: xx–xxi) argued that “subspecies are inconsistently founded and usually they merely burden the taxonomy without adding anything to our understanding of natural divisions within a species”. The subspecies problem was also discussed by SKOU & SIHVONEN (2015: 37) in the European context, a continent

overwhelmed by subspecies and synonymies. Indeed, in “The Geometrid Moths of Europe” series (HAUSMANN 2001, 2004; MIRONOV 2003; HAUSMANN & VIDALEPP 2012; SKOU & SIHVONEN 2015; MÜLLER et al. 2019a, 2019b) hundreds of subspecies names were sunk into synonymy (see HAUSMANN & SIHVONEN 2019). We follow SCOBLE (1999) and encourage taxonomists using the online database to adopt the approach of synonymising subspecies if they do not merit the rank of species unless there are clear and consistent reasons for not doing so.

*Phylogeny, classification and species richness by subfamily*

Much research on the systematics of the Geometridae has been carried out from the time of LINNAEUS onwards, but more needs to be done to improve its current state. Specifically, many if not most genera outside the Palaearctic or Nearctic regions need revision. Many genera as currently accepted are not monophyletic and their systematic position remains unstudied, even for those that have been

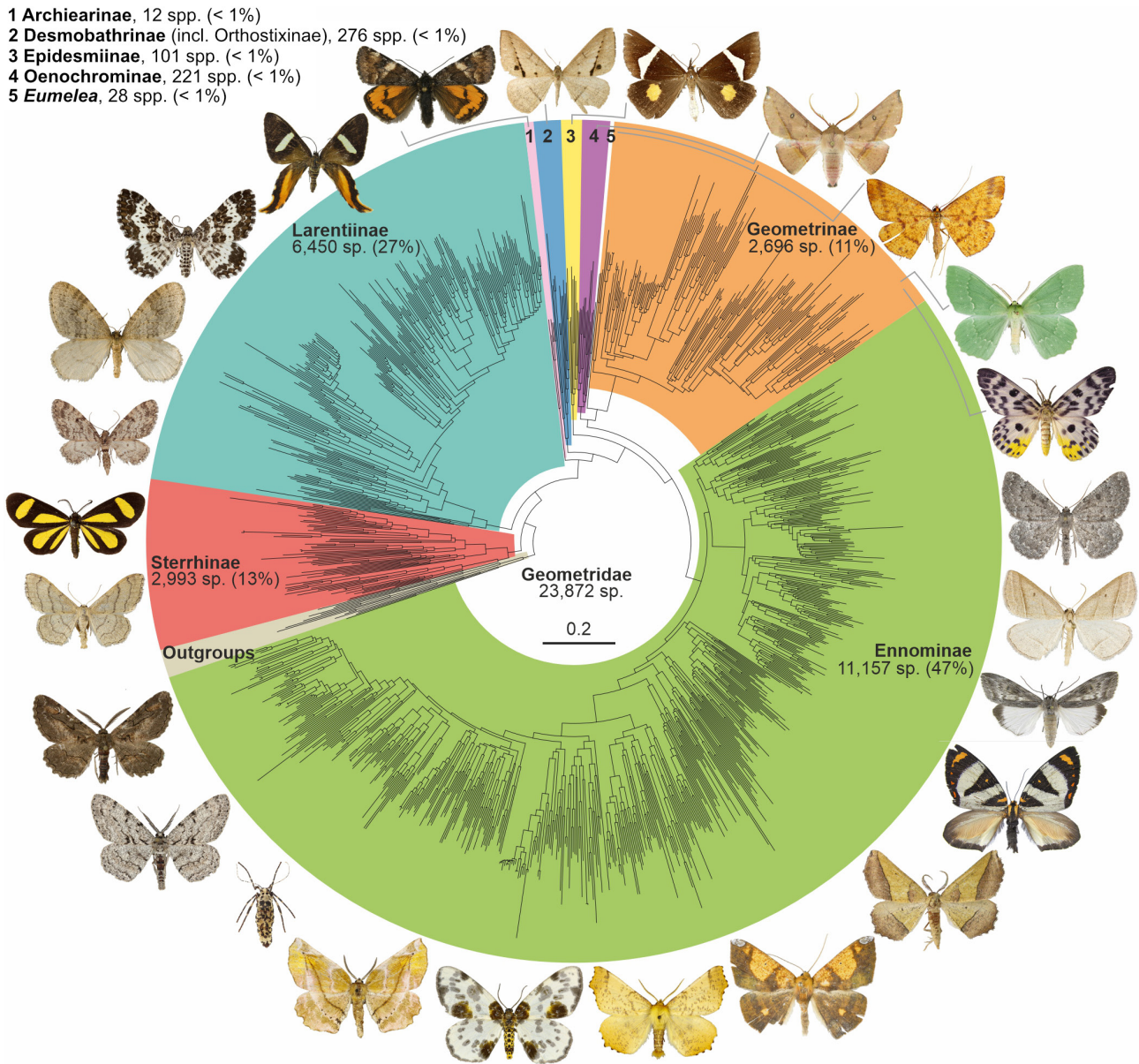


**Fig. 2.** Summary of species richness and classification of geometrid moths (based on data collected until 23.5.2022) and diagnostic morphological characters of the family. **A.** Summary of species richness and classification—see text for details. **B.** *Geometra papilionaria* Linnaeus, 1758 (photo: PEKKA MALINEN), adult male, the type species of the type genus of Geometridae. **C.** *Geometra papilionaria* caterpillar (photo: TAPIO KUJALA), showing diagnostic loss or reduction of ventral prolegs; prolegs are present only on segments 6 and 10, which causes the characteristic “looping” progression. Geometrid caterpillars also possess subprimary seta L4 on the abdominal segments (not visible on the photo due to the small size of the seta). **D–E.** *Phrataria replicataria* Walker, 1866 (photos: PASI SIHVONEN), showing the morphologically diagnostic tympanal organs on the ventral side of the second abdominal segment. **D.** Specimen with scales, arrows showing tympanal cavity and arched sclerotised rod curved over the tympanum. The ansa, which is visible in E and F, is inside the tympanal cavity and not visible in D. **E.** Specimen without scales, showing both tympanal organs. Arrows on left side of picture showing tympanal cavity and sclerotised rod. **F.** Tympanal organ’s ansa (arrow) enlarged. (B and C published under CC-BY-NC-SA-4.0 licence; original photos available on Finnish Biodiversity Info Facility <https://laji.fi/en>; D and E reproduced from MURILLO-RAMOS (2021), slightly modified)

collected and examined frequently from well-explored habitats and biomes. Moreover, numerous species remain undescribed.

A major impediment to achieving a more comprehensive and robust taxonomy for the Geometridae is the large number of species in the family compared with the limited resources for study—especially in terms of specialists and funding. The situation is further hindered by geographically and methodologically restricted approaches, which has resulted in classifications that are too narrow in outlook, lacking the necessary global overview of the family. In recent years, however, these shortcomings have been addressed, and with international collaboration and better geographic sampling, significant advances have been made. Notably, the higher-level classification has been rendered decidedly more robust. A summary of the main observations on the state of Geometridae systematics follows:

- Geometridae are a monophyletic family, being sister to Uraniidae within Geometroidea (Fig. 2A, B). The systematic position and monophyly of the family are supported by molecular and morphological data (e.g., HOLLOWAY 1997; MINET & SCOBLE 1999; SIHVONEN et al. 2011; REGIER et al. 2013; HEIKKILÄ et al. 2015; RAJAEI et al. 2015; KAWAHARA et al. 2019; MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019). The combination of presence of a central rod ('ansa') in the cavities of the paired tympanal organs and tympanal organs present on fused abdominal sternites 1–2 [Fig. 2D, E, F; for overview of structures see COOK & SCOBLE (1992)] is diagnostic, whereas in Uraniidae the tympanal organs differ in morphology and location, being on tergites 2–3 in males and on sternite 2 in females. Other geometroid families (Sematuridae, Epicopeiidae, Pseudobistonidae) lack tympanal organs [see RAJAEI et al. (2015) for other diagnostic characters] and other taxa with tympanal organs at the base of the abdomen, such as Pyraloidea and Drepanoidea, differ in structural details (MINET & SCOBLE 1999; MUNROE & SOLIS 1999). Tympanal organs are reduced in size in a few geometrid lineages, particularly in brachypterous females [see examples in MÜLLER et al. (2019a, 2019b)]. In Geometridae, larval prolegs are typically reduced to two pairs, causing these caterpillars to move by looping (Fig. 2C), whereas uraniid larvae have five pairs of well-developed prolegs (MINET & SCOBLE 1999). A few Geometridae species have more abdominal prolegs, e.g., species of Archiearinae (HAUSMANN 2001) and Oenochrominae (COMMON 1990) and in Ennominae this characteristic is almost exclusively confined to Diptychini as defined by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019), including, for instance, Afrotropical *Callioratis* Felder, 1874 (DUKE & DUKE 1998; STAUDE 2001; SIHVONEN et al. 2015) and some Australian and South American taxa (PARRA & HENRIQUEZ-RODRIGUEZ 1993; YOUNG 2008). HAUSMANN (2001: 69) provided a summary for Ennominae. Geometridae larvae have an extra L seta (subprimary L4) on the abdominal segments, which is absent in other families (DUGDALE 1961) except in Thyatiridae (STEHR 1987), but mapping of this character needs wider taxon sampling. Externally, both adults and larvae of geometrids are very variable in size, pattern and colour.
- Nine subfamilies of Geometridae are usually accepted, and the relationships between eight of them (Sterrhinae, Larentiinae, Archiearinae, Desmobathrinae, Epidesmiinae, Oenochrominae s. str., Geometrinae and Ennominae) are well-established (Fig. 3). These subfamilies are supported by morphological characters (see MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2021a) and molecular characters (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019). The status of the ninth subfamily, Orthostixinae, needs more research, as it may be part of Desmobathrinae (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2021b). The phylogenetic position of the genus *Eumelea* Duncan & Westwood, 1841 remains uncertain. It has been considered variously as a sister group to Desmobathrinae: Desmobathrini (HOLLOWAY 1996), Geometrinae (BELJAEV 2008b), or the Ennominae genus *Plutodes* Guenée, 1858, depending on the analysis employed (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019); as a result, MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) treated it as *incertae sedis*. The most recent study, based on 329 genetic markers, placed *Eumelea* either as sister to Geometrinae (analysis based on nucleotides) or as sister to Oenochrominae s. str. (analysis based on a study of amino acids) (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2021b). The situation is under review, with a proposal to accept *Eumelea* as representing a separate lineage and giving it subfamily status (MURILLO-RAMOS et al., unpublished). If Orthostixinae becomes a junior synonym of Desmobathrinae and *Eumelea* is given subfamily rank, the total number of valid subfamilies in Geometridae would remain at nine.
- Sterrhinae alone (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019) or Sterrhinae + Larentiinae are considered the sister group to the rest of Geometridae (e.g., YAMAMOTO & SOTA 2007; SIHVONEN et al. 2011). With regard to the phylogeny, many taxa, particularly in Desmobathrinae, Oenochrominae s. l., and Ennominae are still misplaced and will need transferring to other subfamilies.
- The most recent tribal-level classification based on a study benefitting from global taxon sampling included 1,206 geometrid species and 11 genes (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019). The resultant phylogenetic analysis improved the systematics of geometrids significantly. The results revealed that many species are misplaced in tribes and in genera; that many genera are non-monophyletic; and that a great deal of research is needed



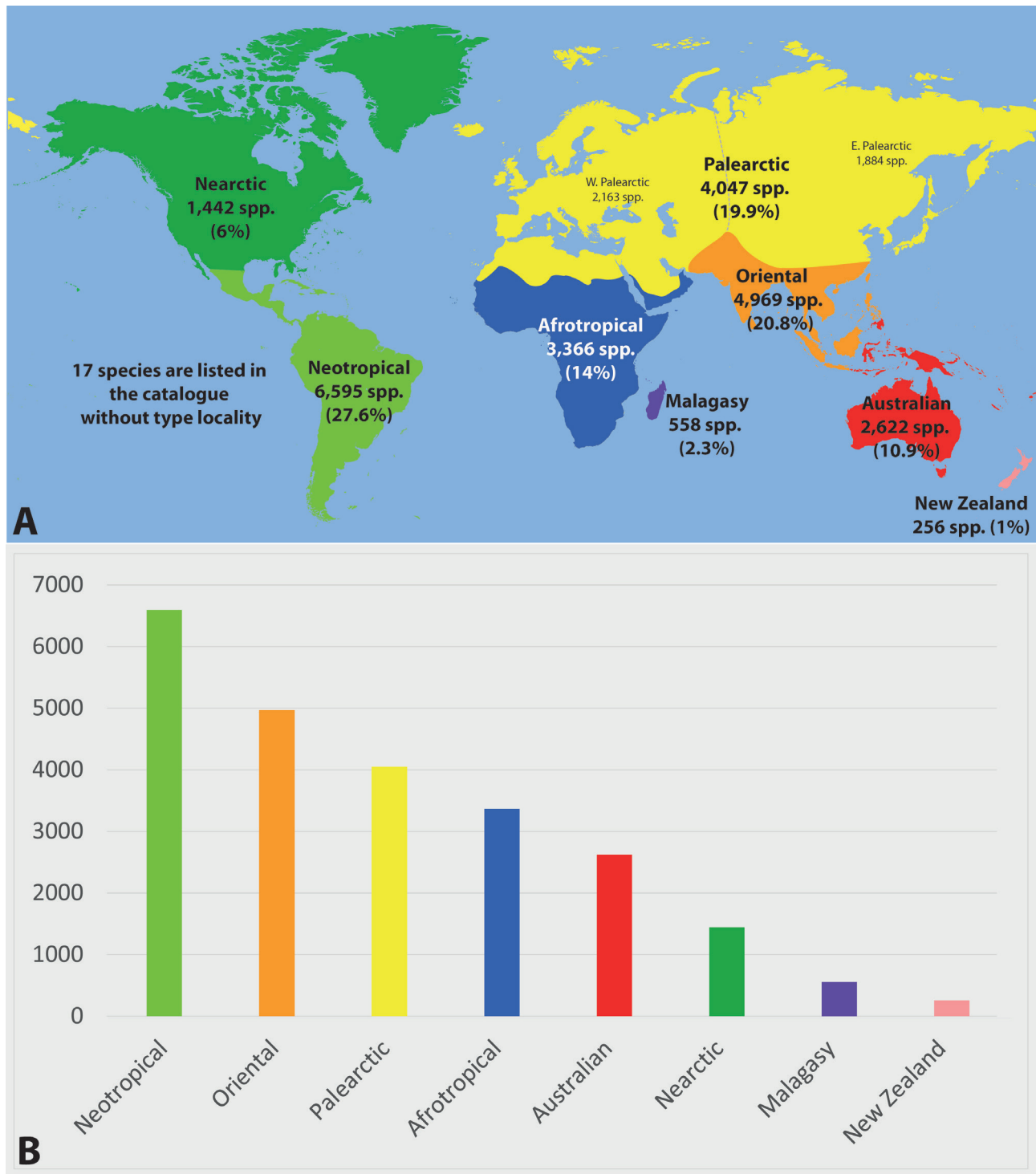
**Fig. 3.** Summary of Geometridae phylogeny, classification and species richness by subfamily. Non-ultrametric phylogeny and classification based on MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) and MURILLO-RAMOS (2021); species richness in each subfamily based on data presented in the current paper. The size of the coloured subfamilies in the tree is representative of the taxon sampling in MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2021b), not the species richness. The figured moths (not in scale relative to each other) represent selected species in each subfamily, both nocturnal and diurnal, to highlight the diversity of wing patterns, shapes and colours.

at these taxonomic levels. Subtribal classification is rarely applied in Geometridae systematics, except to Geometrinae (BAN et al. 2018).

Our understanding of the phylogenetic relationships and classification of geometrids varies greatly geographically and by taxon. The most intensively studied areas are the Nearctic (e.g., MCGUFFIN 1987; FERGUSON 2008;

POHL et al. 2016) and the West Palearctic (e.g., MÜLLER et al. 2019a, 2019b and references therein), yet much work remains to be done even in these areas. The taxonomic impediment is highest in the tropics, which are known to be the most species-rich areas (HILLEBRANDT 2004; BREHM et al. 2016). Significant parts of these faunas have not been included in modern taxonomic studies, and often nothing else exists than the original, usually very superficial





**Fig. 4.** Species richness in different biogeographic regions based on the analysis of the type localities of 23,872 valid species, showed on world map (A) and as a bar graph (B). The Neotropics are the most species-rich biogeographic region.

species and genus descriptions from late 1800s and early 1900s. Exceptions do exist, for instance *The Moths of Borneo* series (see HOLLOWAY 2011 and references therein).

#### *Species richness and geographic distribution of type localities*

Species richness of Geometridae in different biogeographic regions of the world is mapped in Fig. 4, a graphic that is based on an analysis of type localities. As regards the biogeographic regions, the highest described species richness is in the Neotropics, with 6,595 species, followed by the Oriental Region with 4,969 described species. The Palearctic Region, specifically the West Palearctic Region, is the most explored and its fauna has been the target of extensive taxonomic studies for several centuries. In total, 4,047 valid species are known from this region, 53% of them from the West Palearctic. The Afrotropical Region has 3,366 described species, followed by the Australian Region with 2,622 species. Of note is that the Oriental Region is considerably smaller in land area than the Nearctic, but the number of described species is much higher: 4,969 in the Oriental and 1,442 in the Nearctic. Madagascar and New Zealand are the smallest in terms of

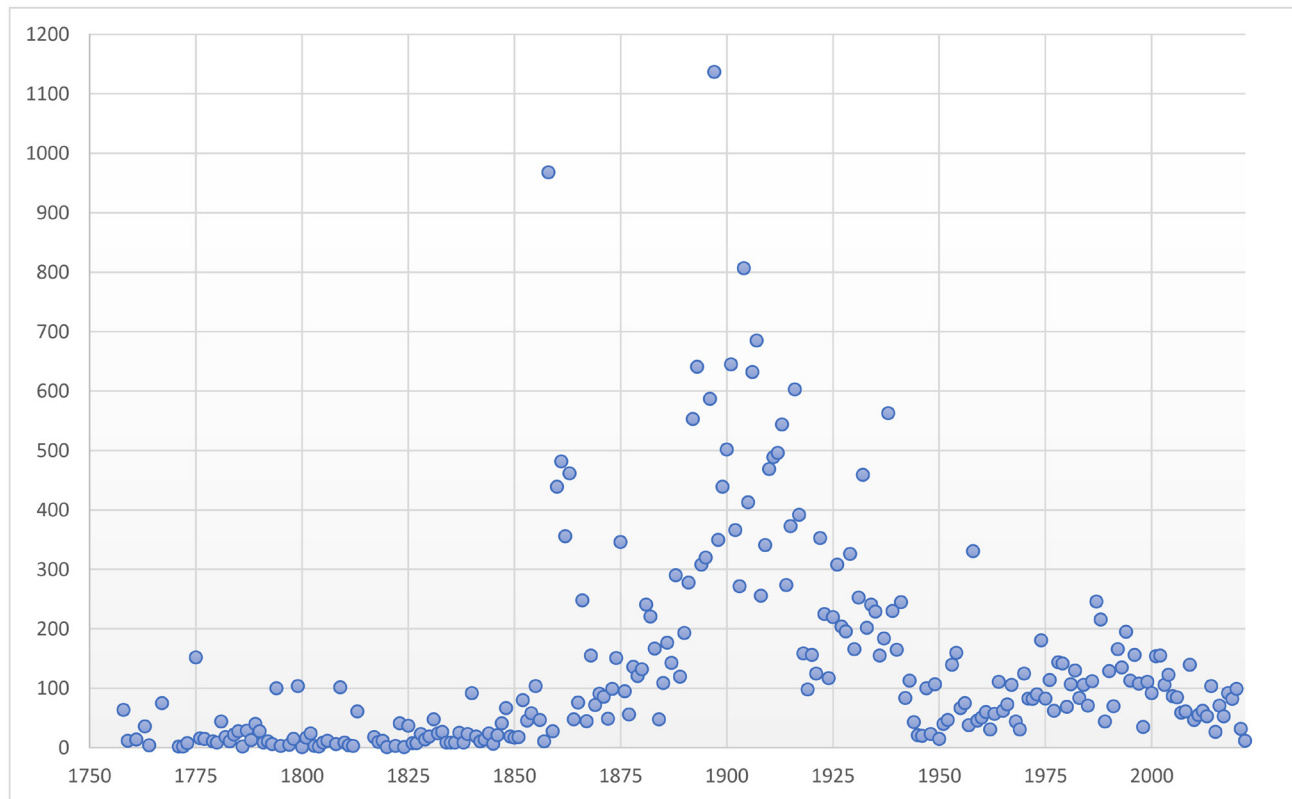
described species, but many of the species are endemic to these islands.

#### *Patterns of species description in the Geometridae*

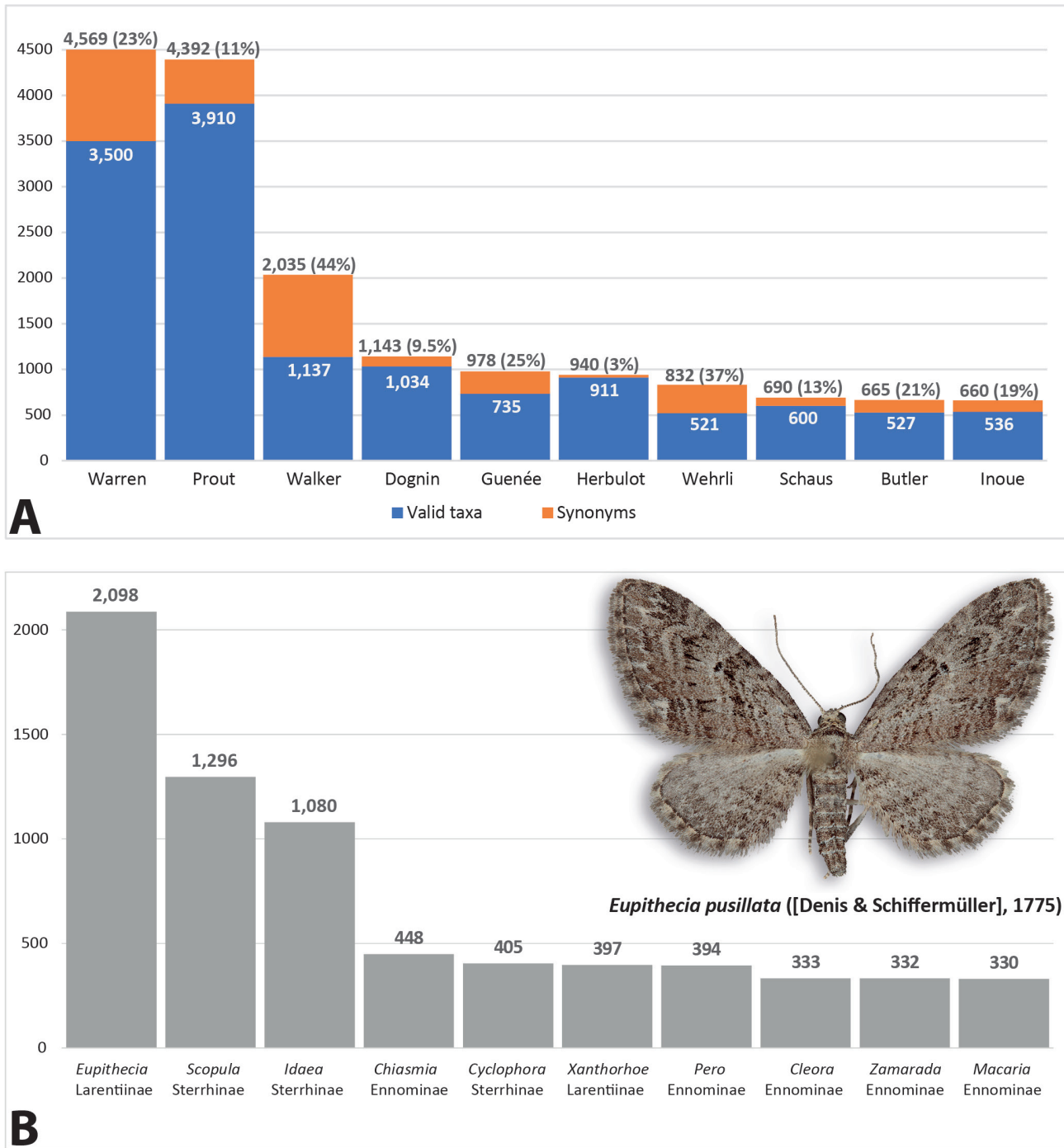
The annual pattern of species description in Geometridae (Fig. 5) shows a peak roughly between the years 1860 and 1950, with the highest numbers in the early 1900s. In seven years, the annual number of new species described exceeded 600: 1897 (1,137 species), 1858 (968 species), 1904 (807 species), 1907 (658 species), 1901 (645 species), 1893 (641 species) and 1916 (603 species). Altogether 1,854 new species and subspecies have been described by various authors since 2000, after publication of “Geometrid Moths of the World: A Catalogue” (SCOBLE 1999). From 2000–2022, the average number of new species descriptions has been 80 per year.

#### *Most productive authors describing Geometridae*

Analysis of all published species-level names of the geometrid moths shows that two English lepidopterists, namely WILLIAM WARREN (1839–1914) and LOUIS BEETHOVEN PROUT (1864–1943), described together 8,961 taxa, which



**Fig. 5.** Annual pattern of species description in Geometridae from 1758 to 2022. Similar data until 1995, but summarised by decade, were published by GASTON et al. (1995).



**Fig. 6.** Ten most prolific authors and ten most species-rich genera. **A.** Ten most prolific authors in Geometridae systematics and number of species-level taxa described by each, including taxa currently considered as synonyms (see also GASTON et al. 1995). Numbers above the bars are absolute numbers of described taxa, with percentages of synonymised names in parentheses; numbers of currently valid taxa are shown on the blue bars. **B.** Ten most species-rich genera of Geometridae. Number of valid species on y-axis. (Photo of *Eupithecia pusillata* by PEKKA MALINEN, published under CC-BY-NC-SA-4.0 licence and available on Finnish Biodiversity Info Facility <https://laji.fi/en>)

is roughly 25% of all described names in the family Geometridae. The top ten authors describing the most species-level taxa in Geometridae are shown in Fig. 6A. All have passed away, most recently French lepidopterist CLAUDE HERBULOT (19.2.1908–19.1.2006) and Japanese lepidopterist HIROSHI INOUE (8.7.1917–2.6.2008).

#### *Most species-rich genera in Geometridae*

The ten most species-rich genera are shown in Fig. 6B. The three most species-rich genera [*Eupithecia* Curtis, 1825 (Larentiinae), *Scopula* Schrank, 1802 (Sterrhinae) and *Idaea* Treitschke, 1825 (Sterrhinae)] are cosmopolitan. These genera have a large number of small species relative to the Geometridae in general, with a wingspan of usually much less than 30 mm. While *Geometridae* larvae typically consume fresh leaves, many *Eupithecia* caterpillars feed on flowers, and most *Idaea* and numerous *Scopula* larvae feed on withered plant debris.

#### *Geographic coverage of taxonomic literature during the last two decades (2003–2022)*

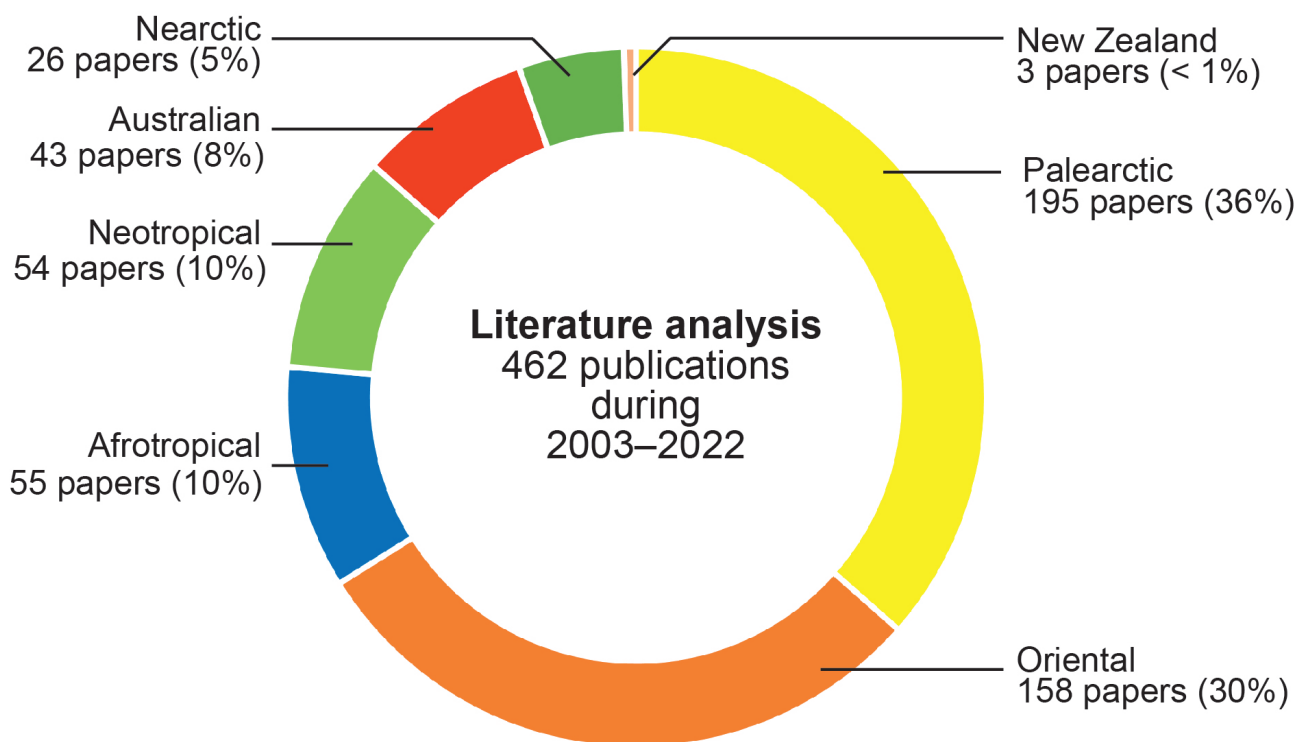
The geographic coverage of taxonomic literature on Geometridae during 2003–2022 is shown in Fig. 7. The taxonomic literature is uneven between biogeographic regions for that period, and out of 462 papers, the majority deal with the Palearctic (36%) and Oriental faunas (30%). Together, 353 publications cover the fauna of these regions, which is 66% of the world total. The fauna of China, which includes Palearctic and Oriental elements, has been intensively studied during 2003–2022; 46 papers focus on this fauna, and Chinese authors have prepared the majority of these. Fifty-four papers (10% of total) deal with the Neotropical fauna, which hosts the highest number of described species. The majority of taxonomic papers were published in *Zootaxa* (93), *Tinea* (74) and *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* (23).

After “*Geometrid Moths of the World: A Catalogue*” (SCOBLE 1999) was published, three species have been transferred from Geometridae to other families:

#### *Taxa excluded from Geometridae after 1999*

After “*Geometrid Moths of the World: A Catalogue*” (SCOBLE 1999) was published, three species have been transferred from Geometridae to other families:

- *Pseudobiston pinratanae* Inoue, 1994 was tentatively assigned to Geometridae: Geometrinae (INOUE 1994), but the absence of antero-abdominal tympanal organs, among other characters, raised doubts about its systematic position (STÜNING 2001). Based on molecular and morphological data, *P. pinratanae* was included in a new family, Pseudobistonidae Minet, Rajaei &



**Fig. 7.** Geographic coverage of taxonomic literature on Geometridae during 2003–2022. Colours align with biogeographic regions shown in Fig. 4. Details of examined literature listed in Supplementary File 1.

Stüning, 2015, as sister to Epicopeiidae, both families being part of Geometroidea (RAJAEI et al. 2015). This oriental moth is known from North Thailand and North Vietnam, and it is the only species included in Pseudobistonidae.

- *Cartaletis dargei* Herbulot, 2003 was originally placed in Geometridae: Sterrhinae (HERBULOT 2003). Recently, it was shown that the moth only superficially resembles true *Cartaletis* Warren, 1894 [the genus name is currently considered a junior synonym of *Aletis* Hübner, 1820, see SIHVONEN et al. (2020)], and it was transferred to Noctuidae: Agaristinae as *Aletopus dargei* (SIHVONEN et al. 2021).
- *Probolaea robiginosa* Turner, 1943 from Australia: Queensland was originally placed in Geometridae: Larentiinae (TURNER 1943). FLETCHER (1979) proposed an objective generic replacement name for *Probolaea*, namely *Ecphysis* Fletcher, 1979, because *Probolaea* Turner, 1943 is a junior homonym of *Probolaea* Meyrick, 1885. The species *robiginosa* is, however, a noctuid moth and was assigned to Erebidae: Cato-calinae by NIELSEN et al. (1996). This information was overlooked and *P. robiginosa* was listed as a Larentiinae in SCOBLE (1999). The original transfer from Geometridae to Erebidae may have been done earlier than NIELSEN et al. (1996), but we have not traced such literature. NIELSEN et al. (1996: 372, note 613) also explained that the original species name was misspelled as *robiginosa*, and that it should be *robigonosa* instead. We note that *robigonosa* is misspelled also, justifying this by the etymology note in TURNER (1943: 106), who wrote that the species name was based on “robiginosus, rusty” and emended it to *robiginosa* (ICZN 1999, Articles 32.5.1, 33). The classification in Erebidae was also missed by ÖZDIKMEN (2009), who proposed a new generic replacement name in Geometridae for *Ecphysis* Fletcher, 1979, which is a junior homonym of *Ecphysis* Townes, 1969 in Hymenoptera. Accordingly, this Australian species is currently named *Aslihana robiginosa* (Turner, 1943) and is assigned to Noctuoidea: Erebidae. DNA barcodes also support this assignment (BIN: BOLD:AAE0689).

*Taxa transferred, after 1999,  
from other families to Geometridae*

*Crambometra* Prout, 1915 with type species *C. derelicta* Prout, 1915 from South Africa, is a genus originally classified in Ennominae (as Geometrinae) with the note “Affinities very obscure, apparently rather a primitive form, perhaps verging on the Oenochrominae” (PROUT 1915: 376). *Crambometra* was later transferred to Noto-dontidae (JANSE 1920) without explanation, and this was potentially the reason why geometrid researchers over-

looked the taxon and it was not included in the relevant geometrid literature anymore, including the geometrid catalogues (SCOBLE 1999; SCOBLE & HAUSMANN 2007). SCHINTLMEISTER (2013) re-examined the type species of *Crambometra* and transferred it and its three species back to Geometridae. KRÜGER (2015) treated *Pachyncnemoides* Krüger, 1999 as a junior synonym of *Crambometra* Prout, 1915 and listed two further genus synonyms established earlier by KIRIAKOFF (1970). *Crambometra* was analysed in a multi-gene molecular phylogeny study and found to be nested within Ennominae: Diptychini, within the *Callioratis* Felder, 1874 and *Veniliodes* Warren, 1894 complex of genera (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019). Currently, *Crambometra* includes 14 species (KRÜGER 2015).

Family-group classification and  
names of Geometridae of the world

A list of Geometridae family-group names is presented in Appendix 1, to provide a higher classificatory context to the online facility. Many annotations are included to allow readers to gain a perspective on the way that the nomenclature and systematic ordering has evolved. The current list of family-group names is based on the “Moths of Borneo” publications (HOLLOWAY 1994, 1996, 1997), as well as FLETCHER (1979) and has been expanded and updated in line with recent studies, particularly molecular phylogenetic work (e.g., SIHVONEN et al. 2011; ÖUNAP et al. 2016; JIANG et al. 2017; BAN et al. 2018; BREHM et al. 2019; MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019; SIHVONEN et al. 2020). The morphology of the subfamilies was reviewed by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2021a) and the overall systematic order is based on the latest extensive molecular phylogeny [MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019), presented in full in BREHM et al. (2019; supplement 1)] and supplemented by more focused systematic studies as indicated in the text. We emphasise the point that there are numerous ways to render a phylogenetic hypothesis as a linear classification, and thus encourage the readers to study the original tree-form hypotheses in parallel.

Names of a few tribes that were not included in the molecular analyses are listed, some of them considered valid by BELJAEV (2008b), who discussed their relationships based on morphology. The list, which does not include incorrect subsequent spellings, will be updated and refined, and we expect to publish new versions with future updates in the “Online taxonomic facility [and list of valid names] of geometrid moths”.

In Appendix 1, all available family-group names (family, subfamily, tribe, subtribe) are shown in bold. The numbers of subordinated family-group names are given in brackets in the headline of each subfamily. Names in brackets are those given by the original author.

## Discussion

What is the real species richness of geometrid moths?

In many insect groups the real species richness is estimated to be considerably higher than the described fauna (ØDEGAARD 2000; GARCIA et al. 2020). The indirect data available suggests this is the case in Geometridae also. We estimate that the real species richness on the global scale is likely to rise from the current 23,872 valid species to 40,000–50,000 species. We try to justify this estimate by a few examples:

- Geometridae have been among the target groups in the Global Campaign of DNA barcoding (iBOL Lepidoptera). Within this project, numerous unnamed genetic clusters have emerged and in Ennominae, for instance, which is the most species-rich geometrid lineage with about 11,100 described species worldwide, the genetic data on BOLD suggests that at least 7,000 additional species await description (see Preface in MÜLLER et al. 2019a). Available DNA barcode data suggest a large amount of cryptic diversity in Lepidoptera in general (GARCIA et al. 2020) and a considerable percentage of tropical species are not even represented yet in databases such as BOLD systems.
- Some of the tropical genera might easily be as species-rich as the genera illustrated in Fig. 6B. For example, BREHM et al. (2011) concluded that *Eois* Hübner, 1818 could easily comprise more than 1,000 species, given the low rate of matches (10%) with described species of material collected in southern Ecuador.
- Regional diversity estimates in tropical regions also strongly suggest that a high number of species still need to be described. For example, BREHM et al. (2016) estimated regional species richness of geometrid moths at 2,350 species in an area of only 40 km<sup>2</sup> in the southern Andes. This corresponds to more than one third of the richness of the entire Neotropical Region (6,595 species), a far higher percentage than appears likely for a very small area that did not even include elevations below 1,000 m.
- Beta diversity along environmental gradients could currently be still underestimated. In montane areas, closely related species (currently regarded as one species) occur at different elevational bands (e.g., BREHM et al. 2003, 2016). Similar examples exist along the latitudinal gradient (e.g., PAKNIA & RAJAEI 2015).
- Several recent revisions based on both museum and fresh materials show a clear trend that the actual species richness is considerably higher than historically thought. An integrative revision of the genus *Prasinocyma* Warren, 1897 (Geometrinae), which focused on Ethiopia only, revealed that just 52% of the 40 Ethiopian species had been described (HAUSMANN et al. 2016).

The revision of the same genus at a continental scale (Africa) will raise the validated species number from 86 (in SCOBLE 1999) to more than 300 (HAUSMANN, unpublished), i.e., by more than 350%. In the Indo-Australian genus *Ziridava* Walker, 1863 (Larentiinae), the increase was 33% (SCHMIDT & TAUTEL 2022); in the Afrotropical *Trimetopia* Guenée, 1858 (Larentiinae) the increase was 70% (STADIE & FIEBIG 2019); and in the Chinese *Timandra* Duponchel, 1829 (Sterrhinae) the increase was 140% (CUI et al. 2019). On the other hand, there is a tendency of finding synonyms in better explored faunas, for example in Europe (see Conclusions).

Assuming a real number of at least 40,000 geometrid species on our planet, including at least 16,128 undescribed species, and assuming a linear continuation of the current pace of 80 descriptions per year, traditional taxonomic research will need another ca. 200 years to complete the task. However, detection of undescribed species may be fostered by DNA barcoding and descriptions may be accelerated by automated, modern tools of data transfer and manuscript templates.

### Future development of the “Online taxonomic facility of geometrid moths”

We wish, in time and depending on resources, to expand the “Online taxonomic facility of geometrid moths” in its current format to a more comprehensive knowledge base. Specifically, it is our long-term aim to:

- Expand coverage to include the entire superfamily Geometroidea, namely the families Geometridae, Epicopeidae, Pseudobistonidae, Sematuridae and Uraniidae.
- Supplement the database with photographs of type specimens. Progress is already being made by the project “Geometridae Mundi” (coordinated by AXEL HAUSMANN and HANS LÖBEL from Germany). It is intended to photograph not only type specimens but selected other material for all species. The number of photographs taken already exceeds 50,000 and covers ca 50% of the described species.
- Add information for each taxon on original descriptions, type localities, type specimens and their depositories, and genera and their synonyms, as in SCOBLE (1999).
- Forge links with the data on the BOLD website, particularly to type specimens.
- Add, if possible, information on immature stages and their hostplants, global and elevational distribution and habitats.
- Add, if possible, photographs of morphological traits (e.g., male and female genitalia, wing length, size).

## Conclusions

We have noted already the geographical bias in Geometridae systematics and conclude that there is an evident need to encourage a greater effort on species-rich but understudied regions if we are to make significant progress. Yet how might this be achieved? The universal and frequent plea for funding for taxonomy of the magnitude needed is unlikely to materialise, so finding ways of accelerating progress must rely on the community of geometrid taxonomists. DNA barcoding (HEBERT et al. 2003) has been used for rapid, mass description of species of braconid wasps (SHARKEY et al. 2021; FERNANDEZ-TRIANA 2022) and weevils (RIEDEL et al. 2014; RIEDEL & NARAKUSUMO 2019), as well as for descriptions and monographs of Geometridae (e.g., HAUSMANN et al. 2016; MÜLLER et al. 2019a, 2019b). Although extensive use of DNA barcoding without complementary evidence bears a risk of taxonomic instability [see MEIER et al. (2021) for a criticism of a minimalist, barcode-only-based approach to species description], molecular methods are an invaluable tool for developing taxonomic hypotheses, especially for mega-diverse taxa in the tropics. While this approach should be used ideally in conjunction with morphological evidence, the catastrophic loss of biodiversity requires more haste in species description, and thus some relaxation in selecting the perfect methodology. Therefore, we regard an accelerated integrative approach as the best practical option for promoting the taxonomy of geometrid moths in tropical countries, where species diversity is at its highest.

A further approach is to encourage geometrid taxonomists to concentrate on reviews and revisions at the level of genus, sampling as many species as possible. Past examples include studies on the Neotropical Geometrinae (PITKIN 1996), Ennominae (PITKIN 2002), Macariini (SCOBLE & KRÜGER 2002) and Scopulini (SIHVONEN 2005) and numerous papers dealing with the Chinese fauna (see Supplementary File 1), which created a framework to help those dealing with species descriptions. Such works would need to be centred at institutions with large collections with significant global coverage, but undertaken in a highly collaborative way among taxonomists, parataxonomists and collectors in species-rich regions.

Combined, these two approaches might be an effective means of making progress. A collaborative approach is exemplified in this paper, with authors from five countries contributing and benefitting from e-communication, although we note that only one country (Colombia) falls among those regions with high species richness.

If the description of new species is the major challenge in the tropics (e.g., BREHM 2018), that of synonymy is a greater issue in well-studied but relatively species-poor regions. As many as 23% of available names in “Online taxonomic facility of geometrid moths” are synonyms

( $n = 7,891$ ). This percentage is likely to increase significantly, considering that many of the 3,134 subspecies are likely to be synonymised in future. In Volume 6, Part 1 of the “The Geometrid Moths of Europe” (MÜLLER et al. 2019a), merely four new species were described, while 111 new synonymies, new statuses and new combinations were proposed, many of the proposed synonymies benefiting from DNA barcode data. The point raised years ago by SCOBLE (1999: xiv) is still valid, at least for well-known faunas: “We need to take careful account of the magnitude of synonymy besides the description of new species if we are to have ... a better understanding of species richness in the Geometridae”.

Finally, we were astonished by how difficult it sometimes is to find taxonomic literature on geometrid moths, despite the fact that we work in an era where funding bodies and institutions are encouraging or requiring open access publishing. While much of the older taxonomic literature is now available via the Biodiversity Heritage Library, even today, some taxonomists publish in journals that are not accessible online. Indeed, we encountered a few cases where even university librarians could not gain access to papers with data we wished to source. Furthermore, a few papers were published in journals lacking peer review and editorial standards. We encourage geometrid taxonomists to publish their manuscripts in peer-reviewed journals that are easily accessible and preferably open access.

## Acknowledgements

We express our most grateful thanks to Dr. AMIR M. JAVADI for designing the new logo of Forum Herbulot and to engineer HAMID LAGHA for designing the new website of Forum Herbulot. We thank the IT staff at SMNS, and in particular WIEBKE WALBAUM for her amazing patience and support. We thank all members of Forum Herbulot for their continuous scientific support and especially for providing us with their publications on geometrid moths. We highly appreciate DONALD HOBERN’S (GBIF) great help with detecting errors in the “Online taxonomic facility of geometrid moths”. Finally, we are thankful to reviewers Dr. CATHERINE J. BYRNE and Dr. SEI-WOONG CHOI for their critical and constructive review of the submitted version of this paper.

## Funding

Development of the new website of Forum Herbulot, which includes the “Online taxonomic facility of geometrid moths” presented herein, was supported financially by several Herbulotians (names in alphabetic order): GUNNAR BREHM, FEZA CAN, AXEL HAUSMANN, GYULA LÁSZLÓ, HOSSEIN RAJAEI, MALCOLM SCOBLE, PASI SIHVONEN, PEDER SKOU, HERMANN STAUDE, MANFRED SOMMERER, DIETER STÜNING, CLAUDE TAUTEL.

## References

- ABRAHAM, D., RYRHOLOM, N., WITZELL, H., HOLLOWAY, J. D., SCOBLE, M. J. & LÖFSTEDT, C. (2001): Molecular phylogeny of the subfamilies in Geometridae (Geometroidea: Lepidoptera). – *Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution* **20**: 65–77. <https://doi.org/10.1006/mpev.2001.0949>
- BAN, X., JIANG, N., CHENG, R., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2018): Tribal classification and phylogeny of Geometrinae (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) inferred from seven gene regions. – *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* **184** (3): 653–672. <https://doi.org/10.1093/zoolinnean/zly013>
- BELJAEV, E. A. (1998): Morphology of the copulatory apparatus in *Devenilia corearia* and description of a new tribe Deveniliini (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Zoologicheskii Zhurnal* **77**: 438–443.
- BELJAEV, E. A. (2000): Remarkable new genus and new species of the geometrid moths from Central Asia, related to the genus *Desertobia* Viidallepp, 1989 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) with notes on the taxonomy of the Desertobiini. – *Tinea* **16**: 240–245.
- BELJAEV, E. A. (2006): A morphological approach to the Ennominae phylogeny (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – In: HAUSMANN, A. & MCQUILLAN, P. (eds.): *Proceedings of the Forum Herbulot 2006. Integration of molecular, ecological and morphological data: Recent progress towards the higher classification of the Geometridae* (Hobart, 19–20 January 2006). – *Spixiana* **29**: 215–216.
- BELJAEV, E. A. (2008a): A new concept of the generic composition of the geometrid moth tribe Ennomini (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) based on functional morphology of the male genitalia. – *Entomological Review* **88**: 50–60. <https://doi.org/10.1134/S0013873808010089>
- BELJAEV, E. A. (2008b): Phylogenetic relationships of the family Geometridae and its subfamilies (Lepidoptera). *Meetings in memory of NA Cholodkovsky*. Issue 60, 238 pp.; St. Petersburg (Zoological Institute RASS).
- BELJAEV, E. A. (2009): Phylogenetic position of the tribe Azeliniini (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) based on functional morphology of the male genitalia. – *Euroasian Entomological Journal* **8**: 249–254.
- BELJAEV, E. A. (2016): Geometroidea, Geometridae. – In: LELEY, A. S. (ed.): *Annotated catalogue of the insects of Russian Far East*. Volume 2. Lepidoptera, pp. 518–666; Vladivostok, (Dalnauka).
- BREHM, G. (2018): Revision of the genus *Callipia* Guenée (1858) (Lepidoptera, Geometridae), with the description of 15 new taxa. – *European Journal of Taxonomy* **404**: 1–54. <https://doi.org/10.5852/ejt.2018.404>
- BREHM, G., BODNER, F., STRUTZENBERGER, P., HÜNEFELD, F. & FIEDLER, K. (2011): Neotropical *Eois* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae): checklist, biogeography, diversity, and description patterns. – *Annals of the Entomological Society of America* **104**: 1091–1107. <https://doi.org/10.1603/AN10050>
- BREHM, G., HEBERT, P. D. N., COLWELL, R. K., ADAMS, M. O., BODNER, F., FRIEDEMANN, K., MÖCKEL, L. & FIEDLER, K. (2016): Turning up the heat at a hotspot: DNA barcodes reveal 80% more species of geometrid moths along an Andean elevational gradient. – *PLoS ONE* **11**: e0150327. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0150327>
- BREHM, G., HOMEIER, J. & FIEDLER, K. (2003): Beta diversity of geometrid moths (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) in an Andean montane rainforest. – *Diversity and Distributions* **9**: 351–366. <https://doi.org/10.1046/j.1472-4642.2003.00023.x>
- BREHM, G., MURILLO-RAMOS, L., SIHVONEN, P., HAUSMANN, A., SCHMIDT, B. C., ÖUNAP, E., MOSER, A., MÖRTTER, R., BOLT, D., BODNER, F., LINDT, A., PARRA, L. E. & WAHLBERG, N. (2019): New World geometrid moths (Lepidoptera: Geometridae): molecular phylogeny, biogeography, taxonomic updates and description of 11 new tribes. – *Arthropod Systematics & Phylogeny* **77** (3): 457–486.
- COMMON, I. F. B. (1990): *The Moths of Australia*, 535 pp.; Melbourne (Melbourne University Press).
- COOK, M. A. & SCOBLE, M. J. (1992): Tympanal organs of geometrid moths: a review of their morphology, function, and systematic importance. – *Systematic Entomology* **17**: 219–232. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-3113.1992.tb00334.x>
- CUI, L., XUE, D. & JIANG, N. (2019): A review of *Timandra* Duponchel, 1829 from China, with description of seven new species (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *ZooKeys* **829**: 43–74. <https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.829.29708>
- DIAKONOV, A. M. (1936): Die Geometriden des Amur-Ussuru-Gebietes. II. Tribus Caberini, nebst Revision einiger Gattungen dieser Gruppe. – *Proceedings of the Zoological Institute* **3**: 475–531. [In Russian and German.]
- DOMINICK, T., DAVIS, D. R., FERGUSEN, D. C., FRANCLEMNT, J. G., MUNROE, E. G. & POWEL, J. A. (1983): *Check List of the Lepidoptera of America North of Mexico, including Greenland*, 284 pp.; London (The Wedge Entomological Research Foundation).
- DUGDALE, J. S. (1961): Larval characters of taxonomic significance of New Zealand ennomines (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Transactions of the Royal Society of New Zealand* **1**: 215–233.
- DUKE, A. J. H. & DUKE, N. J. S. (1988): Life cycle of a little-known South African geometer moth, *Callioratis abraxas* Felder (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Journal of the Entomological Society of Southern Africa* **51**: 144–146.
- FERGUSON, D. C. (2008): Geometroidea, Geometridae (part), Ennominae (part), Abraxini, Cassymini, Macariini. – In: HODGES, R.W. et al. (eds.): *The Moths of North America*. Fascicle **17.2**, 431 pp.; Washington (The Wedge Entomological Research Foundation).
- FERNANDEZ-TRIANA, J. L. (2022): Turbo taxonomy approaches: lessons from the past and recommendations for the future based on the experience with Braconidae (Hymenoptera) parasitoid wasps. – *Zookeys* **1087**: 19–9220. <https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.1087.76720>
- FLETCHER, D. S. (1979): *The generic names of moths of the world*. Volume 3. Geometroidea: Apoprogonidae, Axiidae, Callidulidae, Cyclidiidae, Drepanidae, Epicopeiidae, Epiplemidae, Geometridae, Pterothysanidae, Sematuridae, Thyatiridae, Uraniidae. 1st edition, 243 pp.; Suffolk, England (Trustees of the British Museum of Natural History). <https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.title.119424>
- GARCÍA-ROBLEDO, C., KUPREWICZ, E. K., BAER, C. S., CLIFTON, E., HERNÁNDEZ, G. G., & WAGNER, D. L. (2020): The Erwin equation of biodiversity: from little steps to quantum leaps in the discovery of tropical insect diversity. – *Biotropica*, **52** (4): 590–597. <https://doi.org/10.1111/BTP.12811>
- GASTON, K. J. & HUDSON, E. (1994): Regional patterns of diversity and estimates of global insect species richness. – *Biodiversity and Conservation* **3**: 493–500. <https://doi.org/10.1007/BF00115155>



- GASTON, K. J., SCOBLE, M. J. & CROOK, A. (1995): Patterns in species description: a case study using the Geometridae (Lepidoptera). – *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society* **55**: 225–237.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1095-8312.1995.tb01061.x>
- GBIF SECRETARIAT (2021): GBIF Backbone Taxonomy. Checklist dataset accessed via GBIF.org on 2022-08-26.  
<https://doi.org/10.15468/39omei>
- GILLIGAN, T. M., BAIXERAS, J. & BROWN, J. W. (2018): T@RTS: Online World Catalogue of the Tortricidae (Ver. 4.0). Available from: <http://www.tortricidae.com/catalogue.asp> (accessed May 2022)
- HAUSMANN, A. (1996a): Systematic list of the geometrid moths of the Levant and neighbouring countries (Part I: Orthostixiinae and Geometrinae). – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **19** (1–2): 91–106.
- HAUSMANN, A. (1996b): The morphology of the geometrid moths of the Levant and neighbouring countries (Part I: Orthostixiinae and Geometrinae). – *Nota lepidopterologica* **19** (1–2): 3–90.
- HAUSMANN, A. (2001): The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 1. Introduction. Archiarinae, Orthostixiinae, Desmobaethriinae, Alsephiliinae, Geometrinae, 282 pp. – In: HAUSMANN, A. (ed.): *The Geometrid Moths of Europe*; Stenstrup (Apollo Books).
- HAUSMANN, A. (2004): The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 2. Sterrhinae, 600 pp. – In: HAUSMANN, A. (ed.): *The Geometrid Moths of Europe*; Stenstrup (Apollo Books).  
<https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004322554>
- HAUSMANN, A., SCIARRETTA, A. & PARISI, A. (2016): Geometrinae of Ethiopia II: Tribus Hemistolini, genus *Prasinocyma* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **4065** (1): 1–63.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4065.1.1>
- HAUSMANN, A. & VIIDALEPP, J. (2012): The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 3. Subfamily Sterrhinae (II) (Lythriini). Subfamily Larentiinae I (Cataclymini, Xanthorhoini, Euphyiini, Larentiini, Hydriomenini, Stamnodini, Cidarini, Operophterini, Asthenini, Phileremini, Rheumapterini, Solitaneini, Melanthiini, Chesiadini, Trichopterygini), 743 pp. – In: HAUSMANN, A. (ed.): *The Geometrid Moths of Europe*; Vester Skerninge (Apollo Books)
- HAUSMANN, A., VIIDALEPP, J. & V. MIRONOV (2011): Fauna Europaea: Geometridae. – In: KARSHOLT, O. & NIEUKERKEN, E. J. VAN (eds.): *Fauna Europaea: Lepidoptera, Moths*. Fauna Europaea version 2.4. Available from: <http://www.faunaeu.org> (accessed May 2022)
- HAUSMANN, A. & SIHVONEN, P. (2019): Revised, annotated systematic checklist of the Geometridae of Europe and adjacent areas. – In: HAUSMANN, A., RAJAEI, H., SIHVONEN, P. & SKOU, P. (eds.): *The Geometrid Moths of Europe*. Volume 6. Part 2, pp. 795–871; Leiden (Brill).  
[https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004387485\\_016](https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004387485_016)
- HEBERT, P. D., CYWINSKA, A., BALL, S. L. & DEWAARD, J. R. (2003): Biological identifications through DNA barcodes. – *Proceedings of the Royal Society B Biological Sciences* **270** (1512): 313–21.  
<http://doi.org/10.1098/rspb.2002.2218>
- HEIKKILÄ, M., MUTANEN, M., WAHLBERG, N., SIHVONEN, P. & KAILA, L. (2015): Elusive ditrysian phylogeny: an account of combining systematized morphology with molecular data (Lepidoptera). – *BMC Evolutionary Biology* **15**: 1–27.  
<https://doi.org/10.1186/s12862-015-0520-0>
- HERBULOT, C. (1961–1963): Mise à jour de la liste des Geometridae de France. – *Alexandria* (1961) **2** (4): 117–124; (1962) **2** (5): 147–154; (1963) **3** (1): 17–24; **3** (2): 85–93.
- HILLEBRAND, H. (2004): On the generality of the latitudinal diversity gradient. – *The American Naturalist* **163** (2): 192–211.  
<https://doi.org/10.1086/381004>
- HODGES, R. W., DOMINICK, T., DAVIS, D. R., FERGUSON, D. C., FRANCLEMONT, J. G., MUNROE, E. G. & POWELL J. A. (eds.) (1983): *Check List of Lepidoptera of America North of Mexico*, 284 pp; London (E. W. Classey & The Wedge Entomological Research Foundation).
- HOLLOWAY, J. D. (1994): *The Moths of Borneo: Family Geometridae, Subfamily Ennominae*, 309 pp.; London (Southdene).
- HOLLOWAY, J. D. (1996): The moths of Borneo: family Geometridae, subfamilies Oenochrominae, Desmobaethriinae and Geometrinae. – *Malayan Nature Journal* **49** (3–4): 147–326.
- HOLLOWAY J. D. (1997): The moths of Borneo: family Geometridae, subfamilies Sterrhinae and Larentiinae. – *Malayan Nature Journal* **51**: 1–242.
- HOLLOWAY J. D. (1986–1999): *The Moths of Borneo*. Available from: [https://www.mothsofborneo.com/vol\\_18.php](https://www.mothsofborneo.com/vol_18.php) (accessed May 2022)
- HOLLOWAY, J. D. (2011): The moths of Borneo: families Phaudidae, Himantopteridae and Zygaenidae; revised and annotated checklist. – *Malayan Nature Journal* **63**: 1–548.
- HULST, G. D. (1896): A classification of the Geometrinae of North America, with descriptions of new genera and species. – *Transactions of the American Entomological Society* **23**: 245–386.  
<https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.title.9322>
- HÄUSER, C. L., HOLSTEIN, J. & STEINER, A. (2005): *The Global Butterfly Information System*. Available from: <http://www.globis.insects-online.de> (last updated 05.02.2014)
- ICZN (International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature) (1957): Opinion 450. – Opinions and declarations rendered by the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature **15** (15): 251–328.  
<https://ia902807.us.archive.org/21/items/biostor-146380/biostor-146380.pdf>
- INTERNATIONAL COMMISSION ON ZOOLOGICAL NOMENCLATURE [ICZN] (1999) *International Code of Zoological Nomenclature*. Fourth edition, xxix + 306 pp.; London (International Trust for Zoological Nomenclature). [Available with relevant declarations and amendments from: <https://www.iczn.org/the-code/the-code-online/>]
- INOUE, H. (1992): Geometridae. – In: HEPPNER, J. B. & INOUE, H. (eds): *Lepidoptera of Taiwan*. Volume 1. Part 2. Checklist, pp. 111–129; Florida (Scientific Publishers).
- INOUE, H. (1994): Two new genera and two new species of the Geometridae from Thailand. – *Tinea* **14**: 5–9.
- JANSE, A. J. T. (1920): On the South African Notodontidae with descriptions of apparently new genera and species. – *Annals of the Transvaal Museum* **7**: 149–237.
- JIANG, N., LI, X., HAUSMANN, A., CHENG, R., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2017): A molecular phylogeny of the Palaearctic and Oriental members of the tribe Boarmiini (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Invertebrate Systematics* **31** (4): 427–441.  
<https://doi.org/10.1071/IS17005>
- KARSHOLT, O. & NIEUKERKEN, E. J. VAN (2013): *Lepidoptera, Moths*. Fauna Europaea version 2017.06. Available from: <https://fauna-eu.org> (accessed May 2022)
- KAWAHARA, A. Y., PLOTKIN, D., ESPELAND, M., MEUSEMANN, K., TOUSSAINT, E. F. A., DONATH, A., GIMNICH, F., FRANSEN, P.,

- ZWICK, A., DOS REIS, M., BARBER, J. R., PETERS, R. S., LIU, S., ZHOU, X., MAYER, C., PODSIADLOWSKI, L., STORER, C., YACK, J., MISOF, B. & BREINHOLT, J. W. (2019): Phylogenomics reveals the evolutionary timing and pattern of butterflies and moths. – *PNAS* **116** (45): 22657–22663. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.1907847116>
- KIRIAKOFF, G. (1970): Lepidoptera Familia Notodontidae. Addenda et corrigenda ad partem primam. Genera *Aethiopica* et *Malgassica*. – In: WYTSMAN, P. (ed.): Genera Insectorum 217<sup>a</sup>, Supplément, pp. 1–74; Bruxelles (L. Desmet-Verteneuil).
- KITCHING, I. J., ROUGERIE, R., ZWICK, A., HAMILTON, C. A., ST LAURENT, R. A., NAUMANN, S., BALLESTEROS MEJIA, L., & KAWAHARA, A. Y. (2018): A global checklist of the Bombycoidea (Insecta: Lepidoptera). – *Biodiversity Data Journal* **6**: e22236. <https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.6.e22236>
- KRÜGER, M. (2015): Taxonomic remarks on southern African Geometridae putatively assigned to the tribe Nacophorini (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Annals of the Ditsong National Museum of Natural History* **5**: 62–63.
- LINNAEUS, C. (1758): *Systema Naturae*, 10th edition, 823 pp.; Holmiæ (Impensis direct. Laurentii Salvii).
- LERAUT, P. J. A. (1997): Liste systématique et synonymique des Lépidoptères de France, Belgique et Corse, 2nd edition, Supplément, 526 pp.; Paris-Wetteren (Alexanor).
- MCGUFFIN, W. C. (1981): Guide to the Geometridae of Canada (Lepidoptera) II. Subfamily Ennominae. 3. – *Memoirs of the Entomological Society of Canada* **117**: 1–153. <https://doi.org/10.4039/entm113117fv>
- MCGUFFIN, W. C. (1987): Guide to the Geometridae of Canada (Lepidoptera) II. Subfamily Ennominae. 4. – *Memoirs of the Entomological Society of Canada* **119**: 1–182. <https://doi.org/10.4039/entm119138fv>
- MEIER, R., BLAIMER, B. B., BUENAVENTURA, E., HARTOP, E., VON RINTELEN, T., SRIVATHSAN, A. & YEO, D. (2021): A re-analysis of the data in Sharkey et al.'s (2021) minimalist revision reveals that BINs do not deserve names, but BOLD Systems needs a stronger commitment to open science. *Cladistics* **38**: 264–275. <https://doi.org/10.1111/cla.12489>
- MINET, J. & SCOBLE, M. J. (1999): The drepanoid/geometroid assemblage. – In: KRISTENSEN, N. P. (ed.): *Lepidoptera: evolution, systematics and biogeography*, pp. 301–320.; Berlin (Walter de Gruyter). <https://doi.org/10.1515/9783110804744.301>
- MIRONOV, V. (2003): The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 4. Larentiinae II (Perizomini and Eupitheciini), 464 pp. – In: HAUSMANN, A. (ed.): *The Geometrid Moths of Europe; Vester Skerninge* (Apollo Books).
- MÜLLER, B., ERLACHER, S., HAUSMANN, A., RAJAEI, H., SIHVONEN, P. & SKOU, P. (2019a): Subfamily Ennominae II. (Boarmiini, Gnophini, additions to previous volumes) – In: HAUSMANN, A., RAJAEI, H., SIHVONEN, P. & SKOU, P. (eds.): *The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 6. Part 1*, pp. 1–562; Leiden (Brill). <https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004387485>
- MÜLLER, B., ERLACHER, S., HAUSMANN, A., RAJAEI, H., SIHVONEN, P. & SKOU, P. (2019b): Colour plates, Genitalia plates, Data of microscopic preparations, Checklist to Vols 1–6, References. Subfamily Ennominae II. (Boarmiini, Gnophini, additions to previous volumes). – In: HAUSMANN, A., RAJAEI, H., SIHVONEN, P. & SKOU, P. (eds.): *The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 6. Part 2*, pp. 563–906; Leiden (Brill).
- MUNROE, E. & SOLIS, M. A. (1999): The Pyraloidea. – In: KRISTENSEN, N. P. (ed.): *Lepidoptera: evolution, systematics and biogeography*, pp. 233–256; Berlin (Walter de Gruyter). <https://doi.org/10.1515/9783110804744.301>
- MUTANEN, M. & KAILA, L. (2022): Lepidoptera. – In: FinBIF: The FinBIF checklist of Finnish species 2021 – Finnish Biodiversity Information Facility, Finnish Museum of Natural History, University of Helsinki, Helsinki. Available from: <https://urn.fi/URN:ISSN:2490-0907> (accessed May 2022)
- MURILLO-RAMOS, L. (2021): On the origin of geometrid moths: the phylogenetic relationships and taxonomy. Ph.D. thesis, 275 pp.; Lund (Lund University).
- MURILLO-RAMOS, L., BREHM, G., SIHVONEN, P., HAUSMANN, A., HOLM, S., REZA GHANAVI, H., ÖUNAP, E., TRUUVK, A., STAUDE, H., FRIEDRICH, E., TAMMARU, T. & WAHLBERG, N. (2019): A comprehensive molecular phylogeny of Geometridae (Lepidoptera) with a focus on enigmatic small subfamilies. – *PeerJ* **7**: e7386. <https://doi.org/10.7717/peerj.7386>
- MURILLO-RAMOS, L., EGBERT, F., WILLIAMS, S., WAHLBERG, N., BREHM, G. & SIHVONEN, P. (2021a): A morphological appraisal of the new subfamily Epidesmiinae (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) with an overview of all geometrid subfamilies. – *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* **193** (4): 1205–1233. <https://doi.org/10.1093/zoolinnean/zlaa189>
- MURILLO-RAMOS, L., TWORT, V., SIHVONEN, P. & WAHLBERG, N. (2021b): Towards resolving the phylogenetic history of higher geometrid taxa by exploring protein-coding gene sets extracted by whole-genome shotgun sequencing. – In: MURILLO-RAMOS, L. (2021): *On the origin of geometrid moths: the phylogenetic relationships and taxonomy*. Ph.D. thesis, pp. 217–232; Lund (Lund University).
- MURILLO-RAMOS, L., CHAZOT, N., SIHVONEN, P., ÖUNAP, E., JIANG, N., HAN, H., CLARKE, J. T., DAVIS, R. B., TAMMARU, T. & WAHLBERG, N. (2021c): Molecular phylogeny, classification, biogeography and diversification patterns of a diverse group of moths (Geometridae: Boarmiini). – *Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution* **162**: e107198. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ympev.2021.107198>
- NIELSEN, S. E., EDWARDS, D. E. & RANGSI, T. V. (1996): *Checklist of the Lepidoptera of Australia. Volume 4*, 529 pp.; Collingwood (CSIRO Publishing).
- NIJCKERKEN, E. J. VAN, KAILA, L., KITCHING, I. J., KRISTENSEN, N. P., LEES, D. C. et al. (2011): Order Lepidoptera Linnaeus, 1758. – In: ZHANG, Z.-Q. (ed.): *Animal biodiversity: an outline of higher-level classification and survey of taxonomic richness*. – *Zootaxa* **3148** (1): 212–221. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3148.1.41>
- NUSS, M., LANDRY, B., MALLY, R., VEGLIANTE, F., TRÄNKNER, A., BAUER, F., HAYDEN, J., SEGERER, A., SCHOUTEN, R., LI, H., TROFIMOVA, T., SOLIS, M. A., PRINS, J. DE & SPEIDEL, W. (2003–2022): *Global Information System on Pyraloidea*. Available from: [www.pyraloidea.org](http://www.pyraloidea.org) (accessed May 2022)
- ØDEGAARD, F. (2000): How many species of arthropods? Erwin's estimate revised. – *Biological Journal of the Linnean Society*, **71**(4): 583–597. <https://doi.org/10.1111/J.1095-8312.2000.TB01279.X>
- ÖUNAP, E., VIIDALEPP, J. & SAARMA, U. (2008): Systematic position of Lythriini revised: transferred from Larentiinae to Sterrhinae (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Zoologica Scripta* **37**: 405–413. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1463-6409.2008.00327.x>

- ÖUNAP, E., VIIDALEPP, J. & TRUUVERK, A. (2016): Phylogeny of the subfamily Larentiinae (Lepidoptera: Geometridae): integrating molecular data and traditional classifications. – *Systematic Entomology* **21** (4): 824–843. <https://doi.org/10.1111/syen.12195>
- ÖZDIKMEH, H. (2009): A new name, *Aslihana* for the preoccupied moth genus *Ecpophysis* Fletcher, 1979 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Munis Entomology and Zoology Journal* **4** (1): 287–288.
- PAKNIA, O. & RAJAEI, H. (2015): Geographical patterns of species richness and beta diversity of Larentiinae moths (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) in two temperate biodiversity hotspots. – *Journal of Insect Conservation* **19**: 729–739. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10841-015-9795-0>
- PARRA, L. E. & HENRIQUEZ-RODRIGUEZ, J. L. (1993): Aportes al conocimiento de las polillas del genero *Mallomus* Blanchard, 1852 (Geometridae, Nacophorini). – *Bolivian Society of Biology* **64**: 171–187.
- PITKIN, L. M. (1996): Neotropical emerald moths: a review of the genera (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* **118**: 309–440. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1096-3642.1996.tb01268.x>
- PITKIN, L. M. (2002): Neotropical ennomine moths: a review of the genera (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* **135**: 121–401. <https://doi.org/10.1046/j.1096-3642.2002.00012.x>
- PITKIN, L. M., HAN, H. & JAMES, S. (2007): Moths of the tribe Pseudoterpnini (Geometridae: Geometrinae): a review of the genera. – *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* **150**: 343–412. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1096-3642.2007.00287.x>
- POHL, G. R., PATTERSON, B. & PELHAM, J. P. (2016): Annotated taxonomic checklist of the Lepidoptera of North America, North of Mexico. Working, 766 pp. Available from: [https://www.researchgate.net/publication/302570819\\_Annotated\\_taxonomic\\_checklist\\_of\\_the\\_Lepidoptera\\_of\\_North\\_America\\_North\\_of\\_Mexico](https://www.researchgate.net/publication/302570819_Annotated_taxonomic_checklist_of_the_Lepidoptera_of_North_America_North_of_Mexico)
- POOLE, R. W. (1989): Noctuidae. Parts 1–3. – In: HEPPNER, J. B. (ed.): *Lepidopterorum Catalogus* 118 (New Series), xii + 1314 pp.; Leiden (Brill).
- POVOLNÝ, D. & MOUCHA, J. (1955): On the high mountain Geometridae of the genus *Psodos* Treitschke 1828 with regard to their species in the mountains of Czechoslovakia and to the question of the origin of a species in mountain regions (Lepidoptera-Geometridae). – *Acta Entomologica Musei Nationalis Pragae* **30** (449): 143–179.
- PRINS, J. DE & PRINS, W. DE (2006–2022): Global taxonomic database of Gracillariidae (Lepidoptera). Available from: <http://www.gracillariidae.net> (accessed May 2022)
- PRINS, J. DE & PRINS, W. DE (2011–2022): Afrotropical moths, online database of Afrotropical moth species (Lepidoptera). Available from: <http://www.afrotropicalmoths.net> (accessed May 2022)
- PROUT, L. B. (1915): New genera and species of African Geometridae. – *Novitates Zoologicae* **22**: 311–385. <https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.1923>
- PROUT, L. B. (1929–1935): Die Afrikanischen Spinner. – In: SEITZ, A. (ed.): *Die Gross-Schmetterlinge der Erde*. Volume 16, 152 pp.; Stuttgart (A. Kernen).
- RAJAEI, H., GREVE, C., LETSCH, H., STÜNING, D., WAHLBERG, N., MINET, J. & MISOF, B. (2015): Advances in Geometroidea phylogeny, with characterization of a new family based on *Pseudobiston pinratanai* (Lepidoptera, Glossata). – *Zoologica Scripta* **44** (4): 418–436. <https://doi.org/10.1111/zsc.12108>
- RATNASINGHAM, S. & HEBERT, P. D. N. (2007): The Barcode of Life Data System (<http://www.barcodinglife.org>). – *Molecular Ecology Notes* **7** (3): 355–364. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1471-8286.2007.01678.x>
- REGIER, J. C., MITTER, C., ZWICK, A., BAZINET, A. L., CUMMINGS, M. P., KAWAHARA, A. Y., SOHN, J. C., ZWICKL, D. J., CHO, S., DAVIS, D. R., BAIXERAS, J., BROWN, J., PARR, C., WELLER, S., LEES, D. C. & MITTER, K. T. (2013): A large-scale, higher-level, molecular phylogenetic study of the insect order lepidoptera (moths and butterflies). – *PLoS ONE* **8** (3): e58568. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0058568>
- RIEDEL, A., TÄNZLER, R., BALKE, M., RAHMADI, C. & SUHARDJONO, Y. R. (2014): Ninety-eight new species of *Trigonopterus* weevils from Sundaland and the Lesser Sunda Islands. – *ZooKeys* **467**: 1–162. <https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.467.8206>
- RIEDEL, A. & NARAKUSUMO, R. P. (2019): One hundred and three new species of *Trigonopterus* weevils from Sulawesi. – *ZooKeys* **828**: 1–153. <http://dx.doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.828.32200>
- RINDGE, F. H. (1959): A revision of *Glaucina*, *Synglochis*, and *Eubarnesia* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* **118**: 259–366.
- RINDGE, F. H. (1983): A generic revision of the New World Nacophorini (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Bulletin of the American Museum of Natural History* **175** (2): 147–262.
- RINDGE, F. H. (1986): Generic descriptions of New World Lithini (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *American Museum Novitates* **2838**: 1–68.
- SCHINTLMEISTER, A. (2013): *Notodontidae and Oenosandridae* (Lepidoptera), 605 pp.; Leiden (Brill). <https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004259188>
- SCHMIDT, O. & TAUTEL, C. (2022): Notes on the Indo-Australian genus *Ziridava* Walker (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae), with description of two new species. – *Zootaxa* **5100** (1): 105–118. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.5100.1.5>
- SCOBLE, M. J. (ed.) (1999): *Geometrid Moths of the World: A Catalogue* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae), 1200 pp.; Collingwood, Victoria, Australia (CSIRO Publishing). <https://doi.org/10.1071/9780643101050>
- SCOBLE, M. J. & KRÜGER, M. (2002): A review of the genera of Macariini with a revised classification of the tribe (Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* **134**: 257–315. <https://doi.org/10.1046/j.1096-3642.2002.00008.x>
- SCOBLE, M. J. & HAUSMANN, A. (2007): Online list of valid and available names of the Geometridae of the World. Available from: <https://geometroidea.smns-bw.org/archive/48> (accessed May 2022; page updated in 2007)
- SHARKEY, M. J., JANZEN, D. H., HALLWACHS, W., CHAPMAN, E. G., SMITH, M. A., DAPKEY, T., BROWN, A., RATNASINGHAM, S., NAIK, S., MANJUNATH, R., PEREZ, K., MILTON, M., HEBERT, P., SHAW, S. R., KITTEL, R. N., SOLIS, M. A., METZ, M. A., GOLDSTEIN, P. Z., BROWN, J. W., QUICKE, D. L. J., ACHTERBERG, C. VAN., BROWN, B. V. & BURNS, J. M. (2021): Minimalist revision and description of 403 new species in 11 subfamilies of Costa Rican braconid parasitoid wasps, including host records for 219 species. – *ZooKeys* **1013**: 1–665. <http://dx.doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.1013.55600>
- SIHVONEN, P., MURILLO-RAMOS, L., BREHM, G., STAUDE, H. & WAHLBERG, N. (2020): Molecular phylogeny of Sterrhinae moths (Lepidoptera: Geometridae): towards a global classification. – *Systematic Entomology* **45**: 606–634. <https://doi.org/10.1111/syen.12418>

- SIHVONEN P., MURILLO-RAMOS L., WAHLBERG N., HAUSMANN A., ZILLI A., OCHSE M. & STAUDE H. S. (2021): Insect taxonomy can be difficult: a noctuid moth (Agaristinae: *Aletopus imperialis*) and a geometrid moth (Sterrhinae: *Cartaletis dargei*) combined into a cryptic species complex in eastern Africa. – *PeerJ* **9**: e11613.  
<https://doi.org/10.7717/peerj.11613>
- SIHVONEN, P., MUTANEN, M., KAILA, L., BREHM, G., HAUSMANN, A. & STAUDE, H. S. (2011): Comprehensive molecular sampling yields a robust phylogeny for geometrid moths (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *PLoS ONE* **6**: e20356.  
<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0020356>
- SIHVONEN P., STAUDE, H. S. & MUTANEN M. (2015): Systematic position of the enigmatic African cycad moths: an integrative approach to a nearly century old problem (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Diptychini). – *Systematic Entomology* **40**: 606–627.  
<http://dx.doi.org/10.1111/syen.12125>
- SKOU, P. & SIHVONEN, P. (2015): The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 5. Subfamily Ennominae I (Abraaxini, Apeirini, Bap-tini, Caberini, Campaeini, Cassymini, Colotoini, Ennomini, Epionini, Gnophini (part), Hypochrosini, Lithinini, Macari-nini, Prosoplophini, Theriini and 34 species of uncertain tribus association), 657 pp. – In: HAUSMANN, A. (ed.): The Geometrid Moths of Europe; Leiden (Brill).  
<https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004265738>
- SOBCZYK, T. (2011): World Catalogue of Insects. Volume 10. Psychidae (Lepidoptera), 467 pp.; Stenstrup (Apollo Books).  
<https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004261044>
- STADIE, D. & FIEBIG, R. (2019): Taxonomic revision of the Afro-tropical genus *Trimetopia* Guenée, [1858] (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft* **109**: 77–108.
- STAUDE, H. S. (2001): A revision of the genus *Callioratis* Felder (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Diptychinae). – *Metamorphosis* **12**: 125–156.
- STEHR, F. W., MARTINAT, P. J., DAVIS, D. R., WAGNER, D. L., HEPPNER, J. B., ET AL. (1987): Order Lepidoptera. – In: STEHR, F. W. (ed.): *Immature Insects*, pp. 288–596; Dubuque (Kendall/Hunt).
- STÜNING, D. (2001): Estimations about the systematic position of *Pseudobiston pinratanai* Inoue, 1994. – In: HAUSMANN, A. & TRUSCH, R. (eds.): *Proceedings of the Forum Herbulot 2001. Neotropical Geometridae: approaches to a modern concept of the geometrid system on genus and tribe level* (Munich, 8.3–9.3.2001). – *Spixiana* **24**: 200.
- TURNER, A. J. (1943): New species of Lepidoptera from the Barnard Collection. – *Memoirs of the Queensland Museum* **12**: 105–116.
- VIIDALEPP, J. (1996): Checklist of the Geometridae (Lepidoptera) of the former U.S.S.R., 111 pp.; Stenstrup (Apollo Books).
- VIIDALEPP, J. (2011): A morphological review of tribes in Larentiinae (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **3136** (1): 1–44.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3136.1.1>
- VIIDALEPP, J., TAMMARU, T., SNÄLL, N., RUOHOMÄKI, K. & WAHLBERG, N. (2007): *Cleorodes* Warren, 1894 does not belong in the tribe Boarmiini (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *European Journal of Entomology* **104**: 303–309.  
<https://doi.org/10.14411/eje.2007.046>
- VIVES MORENO, A. (1994): Catálogo sistemático y sinónimo de los lepidópteros de la Península Ibérica y Baleares (Insecta: Lepidoptera) Part 2, 775 pp.; Madrid (Ministerio de Agricultura, Pesca y Alimentación).
- VIVES MORENO, A. (2014): Catálogo sistemático y sinónimo de los Lepidoptera de la Península Ibérica, de Ceuta, de Melilla y de las islas Azores, Baleares, Canarias, Madeira y Salvajes. Insecta: Lepidoptera, 1184 pp; Madrid (Suplemento de SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterología).
- WAHLBERG, N., SNÄLL, N., VIIDALEPP, J., RUOHOMÄKI, K. & TAMMARU, T. (2010): The evolution of female flightlessness among Ennominae of the Holarctic forest zone (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution* **55**: 929–938.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ympev.2010.01.025>
- WATSON, A. & GOODGER, D. T. (1986): Catalogue of the Neotropical tiger-moths, 71 pp.; London (British Museum of Natural History).
- WEHRLI, E. (1939–1954): Subfamily: Geometrinae. – In: SEITZ, A. (ed.): *Die Gross-Schmetterlinge der Erde. Die Spannerartigen Nachtfalter* **4** (Supplement), pp. 254–722; Stuttgart (A. Kernen).
- WILTSHIRE, E. P. (1990): An illustrated, annotated catalogue of the Macro-Heterocera of Saudi Arabia. – *Fauna of Saudi Arabia* **11**: 91–250.
- YAMAMOTO, S. & SOTA, T. (2007): Phylogeny of the Geometridae and the evolution of winter moths inferred from a simultaneous analysis of mitochondrial and nuclear genes. – *Molecular Phylogenetics and Evolution* **44** (2): 711–723.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ympev.2006.12.027>
- YOUNG, C. (2008): Characterisation of the larvae of Australian Nacophorini. – *Zootaxa* **1862** (1): 1–74.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.1862.1.1>


## Authors' addresses:

<sup>1</sup>Staatliches Museum für Naturkunde Stuttgart (Entomologie), Rosenstein 1, D-70191 Stuttgart, Germany; e-mails: hossein.rajaei@smns-bw.de (HR, corresponding author), dominic.wanke@smns-bw.de (DW);  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-3940-3734> (HR),  <https://orcid.org/0000-0001-5390-8993> (DW)


<sup>2</sup>SNSB-Zoologische Staatssammlung München, Münchhausenstr. 21, D-81247 München, Germany;  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0358-9928>

<sup>3</sup>Science Group, Natural History Museum, London SW7 5BD, UK;  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-0458-3755>

<sup>4</sup>University of Hohenheim (Systematic Entomology, 190n), Garbenstr. 30, D-70599 Stuttgart, Germany

<sup>5</sup>McGuire Center for Lepidoptera and Biodiversity, Florida Museum of Natural History, University of Florida, FL 32611, Gainesville, FL, USA;  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-2339-655X>

<sup>6</sup>Phyletisches Museum, Friedrich-Schiller Universität Jena, Vor dem Neutor 1, D-07745 Jena, Germany;  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-7599-2847>

<sup>7</sup>Universidad de Sucre (Departamento de Biología), Carrera 28 No 5–267 Barrio Puerta Roja – Sincelejo, 130404 Sucre, Colombia;  <https://orcid.org/0000-0002-8256-105X>

<sup>8</sup>Finnish Museum of Natural History – LUOMUS (University of Helsinki), P. O. Box 17, Pohjoinen Rautatiekatu 13, FI-00014 Helsinki, Finland;  <https://orcid.org/0000-0003-2237-9325>

ZooBank registration: <https://zoobank.org/References/B03DA532-96FF-44DC-9372-39CDAADBA37C>

Manuscript received: 16.IX.2022; accepted: 18.XII.2022.

**Supplementary file:**

[Available from: <https://doi.org/10.6084/m9.figshare.21747089>]

Supplementary File 1: Examined literature between 2003 and 23.5.2022, with biogeographic coverage (Excel file).

**Appendix 1.** Family-group classification and names of Geometridae of the world.Family **Geometridae** Stephens, 1829 (202 names)

Declared as the correct name by the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature (ICZN 1957, Opinion 450).

Currently validated: 9 subfamilies (see text for details on problems in subfamily classification), 93 tribes and 11 subtribes.

Subfamily **Sterrhinae** Meyrick, 1892 (Sterrhidae) (23 names)

Although there are several senior synonyms of this name, the name Sterrhinae should be maintained for nomenclatural stability [as proposed by HOLLOWAY (1997: 15)]. For justification, see below under the tribe Sterrhini. Validity and order of tribes based on HOLLOWAY (1997), HAUSMANN (2004), MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) and SIHVONEN et al. (2020).

Tribe **Mecoceratini** Guenée, 1858 (Mecoceridae)

*Mecoceras* is a junior objective synonym of *Ametris*. Validated at tribe level and transferred from Desmobathrinae to Sterrhinae by SIHVONEN et al. (2020).

= **Ametridini** Prout, 1910 (Ametridicae), junior synonym (SIHVONEN et al. 2020).

Tribe **Cosymbiini** Prout, 1911 (Cosymbiinae)

Although there are senior synonyms of this name (see below), the name should be retained to maintain nomenclatural stability [as proposed by HOLLOWAY (1997: 23)]; see also ICZN (1999, Art. 40.2).

= **Ephyrini** Guenée, 1858 (Ephyridae), based on a junior homonym of a genus-group name outside Lepidoptera. Invalid according to ICZN (1999, Art. 39).

= **Zonosomini** White, 1876 (Zonosomatidi), based on *Zonosoma*, thus emended, senior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1997).

= **Cyclophorini** Moore, 1887 (Cyclophoridae), senior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1997). As the name Cyclophoridae is in common usage in Mollusca, based on the genus *Cyclophorus*, HOLLOWAY (1997: 15) proposed that it should be “gracefully conceded” to malacologists.

Tribe **Timandrini** Stephens, 1850 (Timandridi)

= **Calothysanini** Herbulot, 1963 (Calothysanini), based on (misinterpreted) genus name *Calothysanis*, a synonym of *Scopula* (Scopulini) (HOLLOWAY 1997).

Tribe **Rhodometrini** Agenjo, 1952 (Rhodometrinae)

= **Lythriini** Herbulot, 1962 (Lythriini), transferred from Larentiinae to Sterrhinae by ÖUNAP et al. (2008), synonymised with Rhodometrini by SIHVONEN et al. (2020).

Tribe **Cylopodini** Kirby, 1892 (Cylopodidae)

= **Micropinini** Kirby, 1912 (Micropinidae), junior synonym, based on an unnecessary genus-group replacement name (HOLLOWAY 1997).

= **Rhodostrophiini** Prout, 1935 (Rhodostrophiicae), junior synonym (SIHVONEN et al., 2020).

Tribe **Sterrhini** Meyrick, 1892 (Sterrhidae)

Although senior synonyms of this name exist (see below), Sterrhini should be maintained for nomenclatural stability, as proposed by HOLLOWAY (1997: 15) and in accordance with the intention and spirit of the concept of “prevailing usage” of ICZN (1999, cf. Art. 40.2).

= **Goniacidalini** Packard, 1876 (Goniacidalinae), senior synonym (HODGES et al. 1983).

= **Idaeni** Butler, 1881 (Idaeidae), senior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1997).

= **Ptychopodini** Pierce, 1914 (Ptychopodinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1997).

Tribe **Haemaleini** Sihvonen & Brehm, 2020 (Haemaleini)Tribe **Lissoblemmini** Sihvonen & Staude, 2020 (Lissoblemmini)Tribe **Scopulini** Duponchel, 1845 (Scopulites)

= **Acidaliini** Duponchel, 1845 (Acidalites). The original Latin word stem Acidal- (with the suffix -ites) needs to be emended to Acidali- (being based on the type genus *Acidalia*), leading to “Acidaliini” rather than to Acidalini; junior synonym, based on a junior homonym of a genus-group name outside the Lepidoptera (HOLLOWAY 1997).

= **Aletini** Hampson, 1918 (Aletinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1996).

= **Problepsini** Wiltshire, 1990 (Problepsini), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1997).

Subfamily **Larentiinae** Duponchel, 1845 (Larentites) (47 names)

The original Latin word stem Larent- (with the suffix -ites) needs to be emended to Larenti- (being based on the type genus *Larentia*), leading to “Larentiinae” rather than to Larentinae. Validity and order of tribes mainly follow HOLLOWAY (1997), VIIDALEPP (2011), HAUSMANN & VIIDALEPP (2012), ÖUNAP et al. (2016), BREHM et al. (2019) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019). BREHM et al. (2019), in their phylogenetic hypothesis, highlighted four lineages, each marked as “unnamed clade”. If further data substantiate these clades, they will need description at the level of tribe, but at this stage they are excluded from the list.

Tribe **Dyspteridini** Hulst, 1896 (Dyspteridinae)

Dyspteridini were removed from synonymy with Trichopterygini and given tribal rank by VIIDALEPP (2011), an action confirmed by ÖUNAP et al. (2016) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Tribe **Brabirodini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Öunap, 2019 (Brabirodini)

Tribe **Trichopterygini** Warren, 1894 (Trichopteryginae)

= **Lobophorini** Tutt, 1896 (Lobophorinae), junior synonym (HODGES et al. 1983).

Tribe **Chesiadini** Stephens, 1850 (Chesiadi)

The Latin word stem is Chesiad- (genitive of the type genus name *Chesias* = Chesiadis). Authorship of tribe name “Pierce, 1914” according to VIIDALEPP (2011).

= **Eucestiini** Warren, 1894 (Eucestiinae). Based on *Eucestia*, which is a junior objective synonym of *Chesias*; junior synonymy of tribe name: HOLLOWAY (1997: 97).

= **Odeziini** Exposito, 1978 (Odeziini), junior synonym (HAUSMANN & VIIDALEPP 2012: 442).

Subtribe **Aplocerina** Viidalepp, 2011 (Aplocerina)

Rank of subtribe adopted here, based on the findings of MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Tribe **Chrismopterygini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Öunap, 2019 (Chrismopterygini)

Tribe **Eudulini** Warren, 1897 (Eudulinae)

Tribe **Asthenini** Warren, 1894 (Astheninae)

Tribe **Perizomini** Herbulot, 1961 (Perizomini)

Tribe **Melanthiini** Duponchel, 1845 (Melanthites)

Emended by reasons of grammar: based on *Melanthia*.

Tribe **Eupitheciini** Tutt, 1896 (Eupitheciinae)

Preferred over the senior name Tephroclystini, following ICZN (1999, Art. 40.2) (prevailing usage of the pre-1961 replacement substitute name of the type genus).

= **Tephroclystiini** Warren, 1895 (Tephroclystiinae), senior synonym. Based on *Tephroclystia*, now treated as a junior synonym of *Eupithecia* (ICZN 1999, Art. 40.2.1).

= **Chloroclystini** Mironov, 1990 (Chloroclystina), junior synonym, originally proposed as a subtribe of Eupitheciini (HOLLOWAY 1997).

Tribe **Operophterini** Packard, 1876 (Operophterinae)

HOLLOWAY (1997) noted that Operophterinae should probably take precedence over Oporiniini as in VIVES MORENO (1994). Following this, Oporiniini is treated here as junior synonym.

= **Oporiniini** Pierce, 1914 (Oporiniinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1997).

Tribe **Solitaneini** Leraut, 1980 (Solitaneini)

Tribe **Triphosini** Tutt, 1896 (Triphosidi)

Subordinated under Rheumapterini in HAUSMANN & VIIDALEPP (2012), but validated at tribe level by VIIDALEPP (2011), SCHMIDT (2015), ÖUNAP et al. (2016) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019). The three tribes Triphosini, Phileremini and Rheumapterini resolved as a single cluster in BREHM et al. (2019), but these authors did not feel ready to synonymise the tribes without further study.

Tribe **Phileremini** Pierce, 1914 (Philereminae)

See comment under Triphosini

Tribe **Rheumapterini** Herbulot, 1961 (Rheumapterini)

See comment under Triphosini.

= **Melanippini** Bruand, 1846 (Melanippidae), senior synonym. Based on *Melanippe*, a junior synonym of *Rheumaptera*. It is proposed not to apply this name, as Rheumapterini is accepted widely.

= **Eucosmiini** Gumpfenberg, 1887 (Eucosmiinae), senior synonym. It is proposed not to apply this name, as Rheumapterini is widely accepted in the literature and Eucosmiinae was never used after the original description. Emended by reasons of grammar (based on *Eucosmia*, a junior synonym of *Hydria*).

Tribe **Psaliadini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Öunap, 2019 (Psaliadini)

Tribe **Cidariini** Duponchel, 1845 (Cidarites)

The original Latin word stem Cidar- (with the suffix -ites) needs to be emended to Cidari- (being based on the type genus *Cidaria*), leading to “Cidariini” rather than to Cidarini.

= **Therini** Pierce, 1914 (Therinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1997). Based on *Thera*. Theriini (based on *Theria*) is a family-group name in Ennominae.

Tribe **Scotopterygini** Warren, 1895 (Scotopteryginae)

Subordinated under Xanthorhoini in HAUSMANN & VIIDALEPP (2012), but treated as a tribe by VIIDALEPP (2011), SCHMIDT (2015) and, using molecular data, by ÖUNAP et al. (2016) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

= **Euboliini** Duponchel, 1845 (Eubolites), senior synonym, but not applied, as Scotopterygini is now largely accepted in the literature over Euboliini. Emended by reasons of grammar: based on *Eubolia*, a junior synonym of *Scotopteryx*.

= **Ortholithini** Tutt, 1896 (Ortholithinae), senior synonym, but not applied, as Scotopterygini is now largely accepted in the literature over Ortholithinae. Based on *Ortholitha*, a junior synonym of *Scotopteryx*.

= **Phasianini** Gumpfenberg, 1897 (Phasianinae). Based on *Phasiane*, a junior synonym of *Scotopteryx*. Senior synonym, but junior homonym of a family-group name in common use in Aves (*Phasianus*) (HOLLOWAY 1997: 98).

Tribe **Euphyiini** Herbulot, 1961 (Euphyiini)

Tribes Euphyiini, Pterocyphini, Cataclysmiini, Xanthorhoini and Epirrhoini form a complex of tribes (BREHM et al. 2019), potentially requiring synonymy. More research is needed.

Tribe **Pterocyphini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Öunap, 2019 (Pterocyphini)Tribe **Cataclysmiini** Herbulot, 1962 (Cataclysmiini)

Treated as a tribe by HAUSMANN & VIIDALEPP (2012) and ÖUNAP et al. (2016), but lumped with Xanthorhoini in MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) and classified as part of the Euphyiini-Xanthorhoini complex by BREHM et al. (2019).

Tribe **Xanthorhoini** Pierce, 1914 (Xanthorhoinae)

= **Psychophorini** Hampson, 1918 (Psychophorinae), treated as a junior synonym in HAUSMANN & VIIDALEPP (2012). VIVES-MORENO (1994) considered Psychophorini a junior synonym of Larentiini. *Psychophora* Kirby, 1824 has not been included in molecular phylogenetic analysis yet.

Tribe **Epirrhoini** Pierce, 1914 (Epirrhoini)

Subordinated under Xanthorhoini in VIIDALEPP (2011) and HAUSMANN & VIIDALEPP (2012), but raised to tribe level by BREHM et al. (2019; misspelled as “Epirhoini” in fig. 2).

Tribe **Rhinurini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Öunap, 2019 (Rhinurini)Tribe **Larentiini** Duponchel, 1845 (Larentites)

Emended by reasons of grammar (see under subfamily name).

= **Entephrini** Pierce, 1914 (Entephrinae), emended by reasons of grammar (based on *Entephrina*), junior synonym.

Tribe **Ennadini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Öunap, 2019 (Ennadini)Tribe **Hydriomenini** Meyrick, 1872 (Hydriomenidae)Tribe **Heterusiini** Warren, 1897 (Heterusiinae)Tribe **Cophoceratini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Öunap, 2019 (Cophoceratini)Tribe **Erateiniini** Guenée, 1858 (Erateinidae)

Sometimes misspelled as Erateiniini.

Tribe **Erebochlorini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Öunap, 2019 (Erebochlorini)Tribe **Stamnodini** Forbes, 1948 (Stamnodini)Subfamily **Geometrinae** Stephens, 1829 (Geometrinae) (33 names)

Validity and order of tribes mainly based on PITKIN (1996), HOLLOWAY (1996), HAUSMANN (1996a, 1996b, 2001), BAN et al. (2018), BREHM et al. (2019) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019). BREHM et al. (2019), in their phylogenetic hypothesis, highlighted four lineages, each marked as “unnamed clade”. These may require formal description at the category of tribe when more data are available.

Tribe **Ornithospilini** Ban, Jiang, Cheng, Yue & Han, 2018 (Ornithospilini)Tribe **Agathiini** Ban, Jiang, Cheng, Yue & Han, 2018 (Agathiini)



Tribe **Chlorodontoperini** Murillo-Ramos, Sihvonen & Brehm, 2019 (Chlorodontoperini)

Tribe **Aracimini** Inoue, 1961 (Aracimini)

Tribe **Neohipparchini** Holloway, 1996 (Neohipparchiti)

Relationship of ‘Neohipparchiti’ to ‘Geometriti’ noted by HOLLOWAY (1996: 193). Treated as a tribe by BAN et al. (2018) and supported by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Tribe **Timandromorphini** Inoue, 1961 (Timandromorphini)

Tribe **Geometrini** Stephens, 1829 (Geometrinae)

Tribe **Comibaenini** Inoue, 1961 (Comibaenini)

= **Euchlorini** Herbulot, 1963 (Euchlorini), junior synonym; based on genus name *Euchloris*, which is a junior homonym of a generic name in Coleoptera.

Tribe **Nemoriini** Gumpfenberg, 1887 (Nemorinae)

The original Latin word stem Nemor- (with the suffix -inae) needs to be emended to Nemori- (being based on the type genus *Nemoria*) leading to “Nemoriini” rather than to Nemorini.

= **Ochrognesiini** Inoue, 1961 (Ochrognesiini), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1996: 151; HAUSMANN 1996b: 31).

= **Synchlorini** Ferguson, 1969 (Synchlorini), relations to Comibaenini discussed in HOLLOWAY (1996: 196) and PITKIN (1996: 322), but subordinated under Nemoriini in MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) and BREHM et al. (2019) based on molecular evidence.

Tribe **Archeobalbini** Viidalepp, 1981 (Archeobalbini [sic!])

Emended, as based on *Archeobalba*. Synonymised with Pseudoterpnini by HOLLOWAY (1996: 149), raised again to tribe rank by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) and BREHM et al. (2019).

Tribe **Dysphaniini** Warren, 1895 (Dysphaniinae)

= **Hazini** Guenée, 1858 (Hazidae), junior synonym; based on *Hazis*, a junior objective synonym of *Euschema*, junior synonym of *Dysphania* (HOLLOWAY 1996).

= **Euschemini** Walker, 1862 (Euschemidae), junior synonym; based on *Euschema*, a junior synonym of *Dysphania* (HOLLOWAY 1996).

Tribe **Pseudoterpnini** Warren, 1893 (Pseudoterpninae)

PITKIN et al. (2007) commented the taxonomic history of the tribe.

= **Terpnini** Inoue, 1961 (Terpnini), junior synonym; based on *Terpne* (misspelled as *Terpna*), a junior synonym of *Geometra*, but referring to *Terpne* auctorum (= *Pachyodes*) (HAUSMANN 1996a: 96; HOLLOWAY 1996).

= **Pingasini** Heppner & Inoue, 1992 (Pingasini), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1996).

Tribe **Dichordophorini** Ferguson, 1969 (Dichordophorini)

Validity and potential subordination under another tribe awaiting study of molecular data.

Tribe **Hemitheini** Bruand, 1946 (Hemitheidae)

Reasons for tribal rank were given by HAUSMANN (1996; 2001). HOLLOWAY (1996: 196) proposed a broad concept of the tribe to include Thalerini, Comostolini, Hemistolini, Jodini and Thalassodini, a view supported by recent molecular analyses, e.g., BAN et al. (2018), BREHM et al. (2019) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

= **Thalerini** Herbulot, 1963 (Thalerini), given the rank of tribe by HAUSMANN (1996b; 2001), but synonymised as subtribe Hemitheina (misspelled as Hemitheiti) by BAN et al. (2018).

= **Chlorochromini** Duponchel, 1845 (Chlorochromites), senior synonym, based on *Chlorochroma*, a junior objective synonym of *Thalera*. Chlorochromini is not applied here, as Hemitheini is accepted widely (cf. HAUSMANN 1996a: 101).

The following taxa might have been treated as synonyms of Hemitheini (see above), but we list them as subtribes. Many further lineages revealed by molecular analysis, but not yet named, are likely to belong here.

Subtribe **Heliotheina** Exposito, 1978 (Heliothinae)

Based on *Heliothea*. Considered to belong to Geometrinae: Rhomboristini (as Rhomboristiti) by HOLLOWAY (1996: 150, 195), see also HAUSMANN (1996b: 12; 2001: 110). Treated as Hemitheini by BAN et al. (2018; misspelled as “Heliotheiti”) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) based on molecular evidence.

Subtribe **Rhomboristina** Inoue, 1961 (Rhomboristini)

Relationship to both Comostolini and Jodini suggested by HAUSMANN (1996b: 41). Subordination under Hemitheini proposed by BAN et al. (2018; misspelled as “Rhomboristiti”) based on molecular evidence, confirmed by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Subtribe **Hemistolina** Inoue, 1961 (Hemistolini)

Treated as a tribe by HAUSMANN (1996b; 2001). HOLLOWAY (1996: 196) proposed a wider concept (including Thalerini, Comostolini, Hemistolini, Jodini and Thalassodini). Subordination under Hemitheini proposed by BAN et al. (2018; misspelled as “Hemistoliti”) based on molecular evidence and supported by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Subtribe **Comostolina** Inoue, 1961 (Comostolini)

Treated as a tribe by HAUSMANN (1996b; 2001), related to Jodini (HAUSMANN 1996b: 41). HOLLOWAY (1996: 196) proposed a wider concept (including Thalerini, Comostolini, Hemistolini, Jodini and Thalassodini). Subordination under Hemitheini proposed by BAN et al. (2018; misspelled as “Comostoliti”) based on molecular evidence and supported by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Subtribe **Microloxiina** Hausmann, 1996 (Microloxiini)

Originally published on 21.11.1996 at tribe rank (HAUSMANN 1996). Subordination under Hemitheini proposed by BAN et al. (2018; misspelled as “Microloxiiti”) based on molecular evidence and supported by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019). = **Hierochothoniini** Viidalepp, 1996, published without exact date (= 31.12.1996)

Subtribe **Lophochoristina** Ferguson, 1969 (Lophochoristini)

Treated as a tribe by Pitkin (1996: 322). Subordination under Hemitheini proposed by BAN et al. (2018; misspelled as “Lophochoristiti”) based on molecular evidence and supported by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Subtribe **Jodina** Inoue, 1961 (Jodiini)

Emended by reasons of grammar (based on *Jodis* with the Latin word stem Jod-). Treated as a tribe by HAUSMANN (1996b; 2001), suggesting a relationship with Comostolini (HAUSMANN 1996b: 41). HOLLOWAY (1996: 196) proposed a wider concept (including Thalerini, Comostolini, Hemistolini, Jodini and Thalassodini). Subordination under Hemitheini proposed by BAN et al. (2018; misspelled as “Joditi”) based on molecular evidence and supported by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Subtribe **Thalassodina** Inoue, 1961 (Thalassodini)

Treated as a tribe by HAUSMANN (1996b). HOLLOWAY (1996: 196) proposed a wider concept (including Thalerini, Comostolini, Hemistolini, Jodini and Thalassodini). Subordination under Hemitheini proposed by BAN et al. (2018; misspelled as “Joditi”) based on molecular evidence and supported by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Subfamily **Archiearinae** Fletcher, 1953 (Archiearinae) (2 names)

The analyses of SIHVONEN et al. (2011) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) suggest that Archiearinae are the sister group to all Geometridae except the Sterrhinae + Larentiinae lineage.

= **Brephinae** auct. nec Hübner, 1826 (Brephidae), based on *Brephos* Ochsenheimer, 1816, a junior homonym of *Brephos* Hübner, 1813.

Subfamily **Desmobathrinae** Meyrick, 1886 (Desmobathridae) (2 names)

Based on *Desmobathra* Meyrick, 1886 (junior synonym of *Ozola* Walker, 1861). For validity at subfamily rank see HOLLOWAY (1996: 152, 159). See Orthostixinae for more information on Desmobathrinae–Orthostixinae relationship.

Tribe **Desmobathrini** Meyrick, 1886 (Desmobathridae)Tribe **Eumeleini** Warren, 1894 (Eumeleinae)

The position and classification of Eumeleini have proven difficult to elucidate. Based on molecular data, MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) suggested a sister-group relationship with the subfamily Geometrinae, provisionally placing the genus as “incertae sedis”. Recently, *Eumelea* Duncan & Westwood, 1841 was included in a whole-genome shotgun sequencing analysis and the name-bearing genus *Eumelea* was reconstructed as sister to Geometrinae (based on nucleotide analysis) or Oenochrominae s. str. (based on amino acid analysis). The authors proposed to raise Eumeleini to subfamily rank, but the publication and names and nomenclatural acts therein are not available for purposes of zoological nomenclature in accordance with ICZN (2012, Arts. 8.2, 8.3), and MURILLO-RAMOS and collaborators will formalise the new classification in a forthcoming publication.

Subfamily **Orthostixinae** Meyrick, 1892 (Orthostixidae) (1 name)

Subfamily rank questioned (HOLLOWAY 1996: 151), possibly subordinated to Ennominae. HAUSMANN (1996a, 1996b) recognized the subfamily but noted that the genera *Derambila* and *Ozola* seem to link with *Myinodes/Eumegethes*, *Orthostixis/Naxa* and *Gypsochroa*. The validity at subfamily rank was maintained by HAUSMANN (2001: 70, 89). Tentative molecular information on the genus *Naxa* suggests subordination under Ennominae (SIHVONEN 2011; MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019) despite several contradicting morphological characters. Recently, the name-bearing genus *Orthostixis* was included in a whole-genome shotgun sequencing analysis and *Orthostixis* was reconstructed as sister to *Ozola* (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2021b). Therefore, the authors proposed Orthostixinae as a junior synonym of Desmobathrinae, but the publication and names and nomenclatural acts therein are not available for purposes of zoological nomenclature in accordance with ICZN (2012, Arts. 8.2, 8.3), and MURILLO-RAMOS and collaborators will formalise the synonymy in a forthcoming publication.

Subfamily **Epidesmiinae** Murillo-Ramos, Brehm & Sihvonen, 2018 (Epidesmiinae) (1 name)

Epidesmiinae were recognised as a valid subfamily by Murillo-Ramos et al. (2019). Epidesmiinae have an Australasian distribution, with one species occurring in the Indo-Malayan realm. The lineage includes 102 described species that are classified into nine genera. Those are not classified into tribes thus far, and no family-level synonyms have been recognised (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2021a).

Subfamily **Oenochrominae** Guenée, 1858 (Oenochromidae) (3 names)

Oenochrominae s. str. has been recovered as sister to Geometrinae in molecular phylogenetic analyses (SIHVONEN et al. 2011; MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019).

= **Lyrceini** Meyrick, 1883 (Lyrceini), based on *Lyrcea*, a junior homonym of a name outside Lepidoptera; junior subjective synonym. Invalid according to ICZN (1999, Art. 39).

= **Monocteniini** Meyrick, 1889 (Monocteniadae), emended, junior subjective synonym (HOLLOWAY 1996: 151).

Subfamily **Ennominae** Duponchel, 1845 (Ennomites) (93 names)

Validity and order of tribes mainly based on MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019), supplemented by information from HOLLOWAY (1994), PITKIN (2002), BELJAEV (2008b), SKOU & SIHVONEN (2015), JIANG et al. (2017) and BREHM et al. (2019). BREHM et al. (2019), in their phylogenetic hypothesis, highlighted four lineages, marked as “unnamed clade”, which may need to be formally described at tribe level when more data become available. Those are not included in the current list.

Tribe **Euangeronini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Sihvonen, 2019 (Euangeronini)

Type genus *Euangerona*, previously assigned to Nacophorini (PITKIN 2002).

Tribe **Gonodontini** Forbes, 1948 (Gonodontini)

See remarks in HOLLOWAY (1994: 8, 111). Gonodontini needs to be referred to the Commission for a ruling (ICZN 1999, Arts. 41 and 65.2.), because of the misidentification of the generic type species (see SKOU & SIHVONEN 2015).

Tribe **Gnophini** Duponchel, 1845 (Gnophites)

Earlier suggested to fall, probably, under the wide concept of Boarmiini by HOLLOWAY (1994: 7), but recent molecular phylogenies have recovered Gnophini as a monophyletic lineage sister to Gonodontini (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019).

= **Aspilatini** Duponchel, 1845 (Aspilatites), senior subjective synonym (HOLLOWAY: 1994: 5), but based on a misspelled genus group name (*Aspitates*) (HOLLOWAY: 1994: 5). See SKOU & SIHVONEN (2015) for further information.

= **Dasydini** Duponchel, 1845 (Dasydites), based on *Dasydia* Guenée, 1845, a junior objective synonym of *Sciadia*.

= **Sionini** Duponchel, 1845 (Sionites). Included in Gnophini by HERBULOT (1961–1963), confirmed repeatedly, for instance by VIIDALEPP et al. (2007), WAHLBERG et al. (2010), SKOU & SIHVONEN (2015) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

= **Angeronini** Forbes, 1948 (Angeronini). Considered valid at tribal rank (e.g., by MCGUFFIN 1981; VIIDALEPP 1996; HAUSMANN et al. 2011; VIVES MORENO 2014), but included as a junior synonym of Gnophini by SKOU & SIHVONEN (2015) and BELJAEV (2016). Synonymy also confirmed by molecular data (YAMAMATO & SOTA 2007; SIHVONEN et al. 2011; MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019).

= **Psodini** Povolný & Moucha, 1955: 155, [Fig.] 1 (Psodinae). Not an available name because description is absent (Psodini is only mentioned on the figure). Included in Gnophini by BELJAEV (2016).

= **Diaprepesillini** Kuznetsov & Stekolnikov, 1982: 369 (Diaprepesillini). Included in Gnophini by VIIDALEPP (1996) and BELJAEV (2016).

Tribe **Odontoperini** Tutt, 1896 (Odontoperinae)

See HOLLOWAY (1994: 8, 111). Related to Nacophorini s. l. (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019).

= **Crocallini** Tutt, 1896 (Crocallidi), junior subjective synonym according to BELJAEV (2016). Limited molecular data suggest relationships to *Ennomos* and *Opisthograptis* (ÖUNAP et al. 2011). SKOU & SIHVONEN (2015) classified *Crocallis* in Ennomini of uncertain association. More research is needed.

= **Azelinini** Forbes, 1948 (Azelinini). A junior subjective synonym, proposed on the basis of molecular data (BREHM et al. 2019). In the phylogenetic analysis, Azelinini (represented by *Pero*) nested within Odontoperini (BREHM et al. 2019). Earlier, based on functional morphology of the male genitalia, relationships to Ennomini s. l. and Prosoplophini were suggested by BELJAEV (2009).

Tribe **Nacophorini** Forbes, 1948 (Nacophorini)

Relationship to Odontoperini (= Azelinini [= junior synonym of Odontoperini]) suggested by HOLLOWAY (1994: 8). This view is further supported by molecular data (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019). The North American fauna was revised by RINDGE (1983).

Tribe **Ennomini** Duponchel, 1845 (Ennomites)

= **Odopterini** Stephens, 1850 (Odopteridi), based on *Odoptera*, an unnecessary replacement name for *Ennomos*.

= **Ouraapterygini** Bruand, 1846 (Uraapteridae). Emended by FORBES (1848), HOLLOWAY (1996: 6). Subordinated under Ennomini by SIHVONEN et al. (2011), as earlier suggested by morphology (BELJAEV 2008a). Ourapterygini was subordinated under Ennomini based also on extensive molecular data (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019).

= **Emplociini** Guenée, 1858 (Emplocidae). Emended by reasons of grammar. Junior subjective synonym (PITKIN 2002: 135).

= **Oxydiini** Butler, 1886 (Oxydiidae). Junior subjective synonym (PITKIN 2002: 135).

= **Pantherini** Moore, 1887 (Pantheridae); based on a junior homonym of a genus-group name outside Lepidoptera (HOLLOWAY 1994: 9); invalid according to ICZN (1999, Art. 39).

= **Nephodiini** Warren, 1894 (Nephodiinae). Junior subjective synonym (BELJAEV 2008a), further supported by molecular data (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019; BREHM et al. 2019).

= **Leuculini** Hulst, 1896: 249 (Leuculinae), 317 (Leuculidae). Type genus: *Leucula* Guenée, 1858. Male genitalia are typical for Ourapterygini (see PITKIN 2002). However, the description of the tribe is based on “*Leucula lacteolata* Hulst”, a taxon situated outside Geometridae (E. BELJAEV, pers. comm.). *Leucula* subordinated under Ennomini in molecular analyses (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, BREHM et al. 2019).

= **Cingiliini** Forbes, 1948 (Cingiliini). Junior subjective synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 6; PITKIN 2002: 135).

Tribe **Rumiini** Tutt, 1896 (Rumiinae)

Based on *Rumia*, which is a junior objective synonym of *Opisthograptis*. Junior subjective synonym of Ennomini according to LERAUT (1997). Phylogenetic position still under investigation. In the molecular analysis of SIHVONEN et al. (2011), reconstructed as sister to *Epirranthis diversata*; in the analysis of ÖUNAP et al. (2011), as sister to *Crocallis elinguaris*.

Tribe **Thinopterygini** Holloway, 1994 (Thinopterygini)

Tribe **Campaeini** Forbes, 1948 (Campaeini)

= **Metrocampini** Tutt, 1896 (Metrocampidae), senior synonym. Based on *Metrocampa*, which is a junior objective synonym of *Campaea*. It is proposed not to apply this name, as Campaeini is largely accepted (see HOLLOWAY 1994: 6). In MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019), Campaeini lumped into a single cluster with Campaeini, Alsophilini and Prosoplophini.

Tribe **Alsophilini** Herbulot, 1963 (Alsophilinae)

Treated as a subfamily by HAUSMANN (2001), despite earlier doubts about subfamily rank and the suggestion of subordination under Ennominae (HOLLOWAY 1996: 149). Evidence from molecular analyses, however, supports the rank of tribe under Ennominae (e.g., SIHVONEN et al. 2011; MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019). In SIHVONEN et al. (2011) and MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019), classified as a tribe and Alsophilini united into a single cluster with Campaeini, Wilemaniini and Prosoplophini.

Tribe **Cheimoptenini** Kuznetsov & Stekolnikov, 1982: 347 (Cheimoptenini)

Position of tribe unclear. It has been placed in Ennominae (BELJAEV 2006) and in Desmobaethrinae (BELJAEV 2008b), but has not been subjected to studies on molecular phylogeny.

Tribe **Wilemaniini** Wehrli, 1941 (**Wilemaninae [sic!]**)

The original Latin word stem Wileman- (with the suffix -inae) needs to be emended to Wilemani- (being based on the type genus *Wilemania*), leading to “Wilemaniini” rather than to Wilemanini. In MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019), Wilemaniini united into a single cluster with Campaeini, Alsophilini and Prosoplophini. BELJAEV (2016) listed Wilemaniini as a junior synonym of Prosoplophini.

Tribe **Prosoplophini** Warren, 1894: 464 (Prosoplophinae)

In MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019), Prosoplophini was united into a single cluster with Campaeini, Alsophilini and Wilemaniini.

= **Ligiini** Guenée, 1858 (Ligidae), emended, based on *Ligia*. Senior synonym, but based on a junior homonym of a genus-group name outside Lepidoptera. Invalid according to ICZN (1999, Art. 39).

= **Colotoini** Wehrli, 1940: 345 (Colotoinae). Synonymy proposed in BELJAEV (2016). In the molecular phylogeny of Brehm et al. (2019), the Holarctic *Colotois pennaria* (Colotoini) grouped next to the Central American species *Himeromima aulis* Druce, 1892, which was assigned to Prosoplophini.

= **Compsopterini** Herbulot, 1963 (Compsopterini). The genus *Compsoptera* Blanchard, 1845 has not been included in a molecular phylogeny yet. *Compsoptera* was listed under Prosoplophini in BELJAEV (2016) and HAUSMANN & SIHVONEN (2019).

= **Zamacrini** “Meyrick nec Agassis”: cf. VIIDALEPP (1989: 102) and ZOOLOGICAL RECORD (1990/1991, 13D: 326): “Apochimini nom. nov. Viidalepp ... for Zamacrini Meyrick nec Agassis”. Listed under Prosoplophini in BELJAEV (2016).

= **Apochimini** VIIDALEPP, 1989: 102 (Apochimini) (an unnecessary replacement name for Zamacrini). Listed under Prosoplophini in BELJAEV (2016).

Tribe **Onychorini** Herbulot, 1963 (Onychorini)

Hausmann & Sihvonen (2019) listed *Onychora* Meyrick, 1892 in “Genera of uncertain tribus association”. Not included in a molecular phylogeny yet.

Tribe **Diptychini** Janse, 1933 (Diptychini)

Historically, Diptychini was considered as an intermediate group between Geometrinae [Geometrini] and Larentiinae [Larentiini] by JANSE (1933: 2) and as part of Oenochrominae by PROUT (1931: 120, in: PROUT 1929–1935). For subordination under Ennominae and supposed relationships to Nacophorini and Ourapterygini, see HOLLOWAY (1996: 150–151) and PITKIN (2002: 135). In the most recent and most extensive molecular dataset to date, Diptychini is nested within Ennominae and classified as a tribe, being sister to an unnamed clade and the Campaeini + Alsophilini + Wilemaniini + Prosoplophini complex. It does not show close relationship to Nacophorini (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019).

- = **Lithinini** Forbes, 1948 (Lithinini). Synonymised with Diptychini by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019). Close relationship with Caberini according to ABRAHAM et al. (2001; fig. 5b), not confirmed subsequently.
- = **Pachynemiini** Kirby, 1903 (Pachynemiidae). The structure of the male and female genitalia fit that of the Lithinini of Rindge (1986). Synonymy confirmed by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).
- = **Epirrhanthini** Forbes, 1948 (Epirrhanthini). In a molecular analysis, the group was included in Ennominae (SIHVONEN et al. 2011), but tribal status was not given. Relationships to Ennomini and Desmobjathrininae were discussed in HAUSMANN (2001: 99). Treated under Ennominae in HOLLOWAY (1994: 7) and under Lithinini in BELJAEV (2016). HAUSMANN & SIHVONEN (2019) recognised Epirrhanthini as a valid tribe, listing it after Lithini in the sequence of tribes.
- = **Lacariini** Orfila & Schajovskoy, 1959 (Lacariini), emended, based on *Lacaria*. For possible synonymy to Lithinini, see Holloway (1994: 7, 92).

Tribe **Oenoptilini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Sihvonen, 2019 (Oenoptilini)

The genera *Neobapta* and *Oenoptila*, currently classified in Oenoptilini, were previously assigned to Caberini (PITKIN 2002).

Tribe **Baptini** Forbes, 1948 (Baptini)

Closely related to Palyadini (ABRAHAM et al. 2001; fig. 5b) and subordinated under Caberini in PITKIN (2002: 131). In MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) and Brehm et al. (2019), treated as a tribe and included in a genetic cluster with Theriini.

= **Aleucini** Djakonov, 1936: 484 (Aleucini). Treated as a junior synonym of Baptini in HAUSMANN et al. (2011), but more recently classified in Theriini (SKOU & SIHVONEN 2015; HAUSMANN & SIHVONEN 2019). The name-bearing genus *Aleucis* Guenée, 1845 has not been included in molecular phylogenetic analysis yet. Aleucini is the senior synonym if included in the concept of Baptini or Theriini.

= **Lomographini** Wehrli, 1940: 381, 382 (Lomographinae). The original concept was based on the genus *Stegania* (possibly *Abraxini*), because of the misidentification of the generic type species. It needs to be referred to the ICZN Commission for a ruling (ICZN 1999, Arts. 41, 65.2.) (E. BELJAEV, pers. comm.).

Tribe **Theriini** Herbulot, 1963 (Theriini)

Falls into the broad conception of Boarmiini according to Holloway (1994: 13, 167). In MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) and BREHM et al. (2019), treated as a tribe and included in a genetic cluster with Baptini. See Aleucini under Baptini.

= **Cheimatobiini** Tutt, 1896 (Cheimatobiidi), senior synonym. Based on *Cheimatobia* Stephens, 1829, which is a junior objective synonym of *Theria*. It is proposed not to apply this name, as Theriini is widely accepted (see HOLLOWAY 1994: 6).

Tribe **Plutodini** Warren, 1894 (Plutodinae)

In MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) and BREHM et al. (2019), treated as a tribe, clustering separately from the Baptini/Theriini complex and more closely related to Palyadini.

Tribe **Palyadini** Guenée, 1858 (Palyadae)

Earlier subordination under Baptini rejected by HOLLOWAY (1994: 59), but accepted by ABRAHAM et al. (2001: fig. 5b). PITKIN (2002: 132) suggested status as a subtribe of Caberini/Baptini. In MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) and BREHM et al. (2019), treated at tribe rank, closely related to Plutodini.

Tribe **Epionini** Bruand, 1846 (Epionidae)

= **Hypochrosini** Guenée, 1858 (Hypochrosinae). Hypochrosini sensu HOLLOWAY (1994). Potential synonymy suggested also by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019), but there and in BREHM et al. (2019) formally still treated as a separate tribe because of limited taxon sampling.

= **Scardamiini** Warren, 1894 (Scardamiinae), based on *Scardamia*. Treated as a junior synonym of Epionini by BELJAEV (2016).

= **Anagogini** Forbes, 1948 (Anagogini), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY: 1994: 5). Potential synonymy suggested also by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019), but there and in BREHM et al. (2019) formally still treated as a separate tribe because of limited taxon sampling.

= **Seleniini** Tutt, 1896 (Seleniidi), suggested as a junior synonym in HOLLOWAY (1994: 9).

= **Apeirini** Kuznetsov & Stekolnikov, 1982: 358 (Apeirini). Potential synonymy with Epionini suggested (but not formally established) by MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) as well as by BREHM et al. (2019). Treated as a valid tribe by SIHVONEN & SKOU (2015), BELJAEV (2016) and HAUSMANN & SIHVONEN (2019). Apeirini is a morphologically isolated group (SIHVONEN & SKOU 2015). More research and, particularly, more extensive taxon sampling in this complex are needed.

Tribe **Drepanogynini** Murillo-Ramos, Sihvonen & Brehm, 2019 (Drepanogynini)

Genus *Drepanogynis* earlier subordinated under a wider concept of Nacophorini.

Tribe **Pyriniini** Brehm, Murillo-Ramos & Sihvonen, 2019 (Pyriniini)

Unassigned by PITKIN (2002), who suggested relationships with Caberini/Baptini. Sister lineage relationship to Caberini supported in MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Tribe **Caberini** Duponchel, 1845 (Caberites)

Sister lineage relationship to Pyriiniini supported in MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

= **Erastrini** Herrich-Schäffer, 1845 (Erastridae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1996: 7; 98). Emended, based on *Erastria*, with the Latin word stem *Erastr-*. The original concept referring to Noctuidae: Acontiinae. Classification of the generic type species (see FLETCHER 1979) leaves this family-group name applicable within Ennominae (HOLLOWAY 1994: 7).

= **Brotini** Grote, 1882 (Brotiinae). Emended, based on *Brotis*, with the Latin word stem *Brot-*, which is a junior homonym to a genus-group name in Noctuidae. Invalid according to ICZN (1999, Art. 39). Junior synonym in the broad concept of Caberini/Baptini of PITKIN (2002: 131).

= **Deiliniini** Warren, 1894 (Deiliniinae), based on *Deilinia*, a junior synonym of *Cabera* (HOLLOWAY 1996: 6; 98).

= **Catopyrrhini** Warren, 1894 (Catopyrrhinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1996: 6; 98).

= **Sphacelodini** Forbes, 1948 (Sphacelodini), retained as a synonym in the broad concept of Caberini/Baptini of PITKIN (2002: 131). Based on illustrations in PITKIN (2002), this group could be close to BELJAEV's concept of Deviniliini (E. BELJAEV, pers. comm.). In molecular phylogenies, *Sphacelodes vulneraria* (Hübner, 1823) grouped within Caberini (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019; BREHM et al. 2019).

Tribe **Deveniliini** Beljaev, 1998: 440 (Deveniliini)

Subordinated under Baptini by STÜNING (2000), maintained valid as a tribe by BELJAEV (2016). Not included in molecular phylogenetic studies so far.

Tribe **Cassymini** Holloway, 1994 (Cassymini)

The molecular analysis of MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019) revealed two clearly distinct genetic clusters, with Cassymini clustering together with Abraxini, Eutoeini and Macariini.

Tribe **Abraxini** Warren, 1893 (Abraxinae)

= **Zerenini** Duponchel, 1845 (Zerenites), based on a junior homonym of a genus-group name outside Lepidoptera; junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 9). Invalid according to ICZN 1999, Art. 39). Abraxini clustered together with Cassymini, Eutoeini and Macariini in the analyses of MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Tribe **Eutoeini** Holloway, 1994 (Eutoeini)

Eutoeini clustered together with Abraxini and Cassymini in the analyses of MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

Tribe **Macariini** Guenée, 1858 (Macaridae)

The original Latin word stem *Macar-* (with the suffix *-idae*) needs to be emended to *Macari-* (being based on the type genus *Macaria*), leading to "Macariini" rather than to *Macarini*. *Macariini* clustered with Cassymini, Abraxini and Eutoeini in MURILLO-RAMOS et al. (2019).

= **Atomorphini** Wehrli, 1953: 642 (Atomorphinae). Originally part of Semiothisinae, treated similarly in WILTSHIRE (1990), but later classified in Gnophini (e.g., VIIDALEPP 1996). The type genus *Atomorpha* Staudinger, 1901 was considered a junior synonym of *Isturgia* Hübner, 1823 by SKOU & SIHVONEN (2015) in *Macariini*. The name-bearing genus *Atomorpha* has not been included in molecular phylogenetic studies.

= **Semiothisini** Warren, 1894 (Semiothisinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 9).

= **Fernaldellini** Hulst, 1896 (Fernaldellinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 7).

Tribe **Boarmiini** Duponchel, 1845 (Boarmites)

A very broad concept of this tribe was proposed by HOLLOWAY (1994: 167), confirmed by recent molecular analyses (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019; MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2021c). JIANG et al. (2017) presented a detailed molecular analysis of the tribe, identifying 14 monophyletic lineages (potential subtribes) within it.

= **Cleorini** Duponchel, 1845 (Cleorites), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY: 1994: 6). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).

= **Fidoniini** Duponchel, 1845 (Fidonites), emended by reasons of grammar; based on *Fidonia*, a junior synonym of *Eurranthis* (Leraut 1997: 214). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).

= **Ascotini** Warren, 1893 (Ascotinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY: 1994: 5). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).

= **Bistonini** Stephens, 1850 (Bistonidi). Falling into the broad concept of Boarmiini according to HOLLOWAY (1994: 13, 167). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., SIHVONEN et al. 2011; MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).

= **Amphidasini** Duponchel, 1845 (Amphidasites), senior synonym. Based on *Amphidasis*, a junior objective synonym of *Biston*. It is proposed not to apply this name (neither for a potential subtribe), as *Bistonini/Bistonina* is widely accepted (see HOLLOWAY 1994: 5).

= **Hyberniini** Duponchel, 1845 (Hibernites), senior synonym. Emended. Based on *Hybernia*, a junior objective synonym of *Erannis*. It is proposed not to apply this name, as *Bistonini/Bistonina* is widely accepted (see HOLLOWAY 1994: 5, 7).

= **Eubyjini** Warren, 1893 (Eubyjinae), based on *Eubyja*, which is a junior synonym of *Biston* (HOLLOWAY 1994: 7).

= **Erannini** Tutt, 1896 (Eranniinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 7). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c). Emended, based on *Erannis*, with the Latin word stem *Erann-*.

= **Desertobiini** Viidalepp, 1989: 104 (Desertobiini). Subordinated under Boarmiini by BELJAEV (2000).

= **Dalimini** Wehrli, 1940 (Daliminae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1996: 150).

- = **Selidosemini** Meyrick, 1892 (Selidosemidae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 9). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).
- = **Braccini** Warren, 1894 (Braccinae), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 167).
- = **Melanchroiini** Hulst, 1896 (Melanchroiinae), junior synonym (PITKIN 2002: 130). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).
- = **Phaseliini** Wehrli, 1941 (Phaseliinae), suggested as falling into the wide concept of Boarmiini. Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).
- = **Melanolophini** Forbes, 1948 (Melanolophini), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 8; PITKIN 2002: 131). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).
- = **Glaucinini** Rindge, 1959: 265 (Glaucinini). Boarmiini synonymy supported by molecular analysis (MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).
- = **Bupalini** Herbulot, 1963 (Bupalini), junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 6; 167). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).
- = **Milioniini** Holloway, 1994 (Milioniini). First mentioned by Inoue (1992), but without description and thus unavailable. Junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 8, 302). Synonymy further supported by molecular analyses (e.g., MURILLO-RAMOS et al. 2019, 2021c).

Tribe **Cystidiini** Kuznetsov & Stekolnikov, 1982: 344 (Cystidiini)

Not included in molecular phylogenetic analysis so far. The tribe cannot be subordinated to Boarmiini because the vinculum and tegumen are separated one from another by a deep narrowing. Lateral lobes of anellus in *Cystidia* completely reduced; in *Obeidia*, the mentioned structures possibly remained, but homologies are difficult to interpret [cf. Inoue's (1992) revision of *Obeidia*] (E. BELJAEV, pers. comm.).

- = **Obeidiini** Holloway, 1994 (Obeidiini). First mentioned by INOUE (1992), but without description and thus unavailable. Junior synonym (HOLLOWAY 1994: 8, 302).

**Appendix 2.** List of literature examined for the preparation of the “Online taxonomic facility of Geometridae”, spanning 1998 to 23.5.2022 and only including references not already listed in SCOBLE (1999) or SCOBLE & HAUSMANN (2007).

- AARVIK, L. & BJORNSTAD, A. (2007): Review of the genus *Zamarada* Moore, 1887 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) in Tanzania, with description of new species. – *Esperiana Memoir* **3**: 7–57, 398–415.
- AGASSIZ, D. J. L. (2009): The Macrolepidoptera fauna of Acacia in the Kenyan Rift Valley (Part 2 – Description of new species). – *Tropical Lepidoptera Research* **19** (1): 9–17.
- AGUIAR, A. M. F. & KARSHOLT, O. (2006): Lepidoptera - Systematic catalogue of the entomofauna of the Madeira Archipelago and Selvagens Islands. – *Boletim do Museu Municipal do Funchal, Supplement* **9**: 5–139.
- BALINT, Z. & KATONA, G. (2016): Notes on two Transcaucasian Lepidoptera described by Gusztáv Emich in 1872 and 1873. – *Caucasian Entomological Bulletin* **12** (1): 139–142.  
<https://doi.org/10.23885/1814-3326-2016-12-1-139-142>
- BAN, X., JIANG, N., CHENG, R., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2018): Tribal classification and phylogeny of Geometrinae (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) inferred from seven gene regions. – *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* **184** (3): 653–672.  
<https://doi.org/10.1093/zoolinnean/zly013>
- BECK, K. R. & KARISCH, T. (2016): Ein weiterer Beitrag zur Kenntnis der Gattung *Mesothisa* Warren, 1905 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Lambillionea* **CXVI** (2): 100–104.
- BECK, K. R. & KARISCH, T. (2008): Beschreibung einer neuen Art der Gattung *Achrosis* Guenee, [1858] von den Philippinen (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Entomologische Zeitschrift* **118** (2): 51–52.
- BECK, K. R. & KARISCH, T. (2011): Zwei neue afrikanische Arten von *Zamarada* Moore, [1887] (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Entomologische Zeitschrift* **121** (2): 85–87.
- BELJAEV, E. (2007): Taxonomic changes in the emerald moths (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae) of East Asia, with notes on the systematics and phylogeny of Hemitheini. – *Zootaxa* **1584** (1): 55–68.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.1584.1.2>
- BELTRAN, E. M. (2008): *Compsoptera aemiliroum* Raineri, 1994, a synonym of *C. opacaria* (Huebner, [1819]) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Boletín de la SEA* **42**: 297–303.
- BOLOTOV, I. N., FROLOV, A. A., KOLOSOVA, Y. S. & KONDAKOV, A. V. (2014): The male of *Sauris moulinie* (Legrand, 1971) comb. n. (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae: Trichopterygini), an endemic Inner Seychelles moth. – *Zootaxa* **3765** (4): 397–400.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3765.4.8>
- BOLSHAKOV, L. V. & ISMAGILOV, N. N. (2016): Moths of Republic of Tatarstan. 1. Geometridae (Lepidoptera). – *Eversmannia* **47**: 35–80.
- BREHM, G. (2015): Three new species of *Hagnagora* Druce, 1885 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae) from Ecuador and Costa Rica and a concise revision of the genus. – *ZooKeys* **537**: 131–156.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.537.6090>
- BREHM, G. (2018): Revision of the genus *Callipia* Guenée, 1858 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae), with the description of 15 new taxa. – *European Journal of Taxonomy* **404**: 1–54.  
<https://doi.org/10.5852/ejt.2018.404>
- BREHM, G., MURILLO-RAMOS, L., SIHVONEN, P., HAUSMANN, A., SCHMIDT, B., ÖUNAP, E., MOSER, A., MÖRTTER, R., BOLT, D., BODNER, F., LINDT, A., PARRA, L. & WAHLBERG, N. (2009): New World geometrid moths (Lepidoptera: Geometridae): Molecular phylogeny, biogeography, taxonomic updates and description of 11 new tribes. – *Arthropod Systematics & Phylogeny* **77**: 457–486.  
<https://doi.org/10.26049/ASP77-3-2019-5>
- BYRNE, C. J. & WEI, N. S. (2012): *Kunanyia stephaniae* gen. nov. & sp. nov. (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae): an unusual and rare diurnal moth from the mountains of Tasmania. – *Zootaxa* **3503** (1): 25–46.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3503.1.2>
- CAN, F. (2009): DNA barcoding confirms species rank for a cryptic geometrid species from Turkey and Bulgaria (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Sterrhinae). – *Zootaxa* **2314** (1): 63–68.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2314.1.4>
- CAN, F. & MIRONOV, V. (2006): *Perizoma onurcani* sp. n. from Turkey (Geometridae: Larentiinae). – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **28** (3–4): 163–166.
- CHANG, W. & WU, S. (2013): Review of the genus *Hemistola* Warren, 1893 in Taiwan with notes on an unusual conifer-feeding larva and descriptions of three new species (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **3741** (4): 538–550.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3741.4.5>
- CHENG, R., XUE, D. & JIANG, N. (2019): A taxonomic study of the subspecies of *Ouraapteryx ebuleata* Guenée, 1858 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Entomotaxonomia* **41** (2): 154–159.
- CHOI, S. W. & KIM, S. S. (2016): A checklist of the genus *Scopula* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) including description of a new species and three newly recorded species from Korea. – *Zootaxa* **4178** (1): 131–137.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4178.1.6>
- CHOI, S. W. & STÜNING, D. (2011): Revision of the genus *Paraplana* Warren, 1895 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae) from Southeast Asia. – *Zootaxa* **3038** (1): 29–44.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3038.1.2>
- COCK, M. J. W. (2017): A preliminary catalogue of the moths (Lepidoptera except Papilionoidea) of Tobago, West Indies. – *Insecta Mundi* **585**: 1–58.
- COVELL, C. V. JR. (2013): Two Mexican Geometridae new to the United States, with a new synonymy. – *Tropical Lepidoptera Research* **24** (1): 59–60.



- COVELL, C. V. JR. (2015): Three New Species of *Idaea* Treitschke (Geometridae: Sterrhinae) from the Southwestern United States and Northern Mexico. – *Journal of the Lepidopterists' Society* **69** (4): 317–325.  
<https://doi.org/10.18473/lepi.69i4.a7>
- COVELL, C. V. JR. & HEPPNER, J. B. (2017a): Review of the genus *Simena* from Central America (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Lepidoptera Novae* **10** (1–2): 13–20.
- COVELL, C. V. JR. & HEPPNER, J. B. (2017b): The new genus *Neosimena* from Peru and western Brazil, with two new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Lepidoptera Novae* **10** (1–2): 9–12.
- CUI, L. & JIANG, N. (2018): *Aquilarigilla* gen. nov., a new genus of Sterrhinae from China with description of two new species (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **4514** (3): 431–437.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4514.3.8>
- CUI, L., JIANG, N., STÜNING, D. & HAN, H. (2018): A review of *Synegiodes* Swinhoe, 1892 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae), with description of two new species. – *Zootaxa* **4387** (2): 259–274.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4387.2.2>
- CUI, L., XUE, D. & JIANG, N. (2019a): A review of *Timandra* Duponchel, 1829 from China, with description of seven new species (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *ZooKeys* **829**: 43–74.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.829.29708>
- CUI, L., XUE, D. & JIANG, N. (2019b): A review of *Organopoda* Hampson, 1893 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from China, with description of three new species. – *Zootaxa* **4651** (3): 434–444.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4651.3.2>
- CUI, L., XUE, D. & JIANG, N. (2019c): Description of two new species of *Rhodostrophia* Hübner, 1823 from China (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **4563** (2): 337–353.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4563.2.7>
- CUI, L., XUE, D. & JIANG, N. (2020): Two new species of the tribe Rhodometrini Agenjo, 1951 from Sichuan, China (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **48** (189): 167–172.
- DA, W. & WANG, M. (2019): A new species of the genus *Timandromorpha* Inoue, 1944 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae) from S. Xizang, China. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **288**: 328–329.
- DEY, P., UNIYAL, V. P., HAUSMANN, A. & STÜNING, D. (2021): Revision of the genus *Prometopidia* Hampson, 1902, with description of the new species *P. joshimathensis* sp. nov. from West-Himalaya and its subspecies *P. j. yazakii* ssp. nov. from Nepal (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Zootaxa* **4980** (1): 028–044.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4980.1.2>
- EMBACHER, G., MURAUER, K. & TARMANN, G. M. (2005): *Thera variata mugo* Burmann & Tarmann, 1983 - syn. n. von *T. cembrae* Kitt, 1912 - (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Nachrichtenblatt der Bayerischen Entomologen* **54** (3–4): 73–81.
- ERLACHER, S. & ERLACHER, J. (2016): A systematic revision of the genus *Gnophopsodos* Wehrli, 1945, with description of two new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **4169** (3): 435–456.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4169.3.2>
- ERLACHER, S. & ERLACHER, J. (2017): A new species of *Charissa* Curtis, 1826 from Europe (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **4341** (1): 089–096.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4341.1.7>
- ERLACHER, S. & JUNGHANS, C. (2009): On the identity of *Psodos perlinii* Turati, 1914 (Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **32** (1): 47–54.
- ERLACHER, S., MARRERO PALMA, L. & ERLACHER, J. (2017): A systematic revision of *Charissa*, subgenus *Pterygnophos* Wehrli, 1951, with description of a new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **4341** (3): 400–418.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4341.3.4>
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2007): Nuevas contribuciones para la fauna de España (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **35** (138): 269–271.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2018a): A new species of the genus *Bracca* Huebner, [1820] from Sulawesi, Indonesia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Boarmiini). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **46** (184): 581–584.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2018b): A new species of the genus *Platycerota* Hampson, 1893 from Myanmar (Burma) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Baptini). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **46** (184): 695–697.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2019a): A new species of genus *Gonodontis* Hübner, (1823) from Indonesia, West of the Timor Island (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Gonodontini). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **47** (186): 233–236.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2019b): A new species of the genus *Ecliptopera* Warren, 1894 from Sulawesi, Indonesia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae, Cidariini). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **47** (185): 189–191.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2019c): A new species of the genus *Xylinophylla* Warren, 1898 from West Papua, Indonesia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Gonodontini). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **47** (186): 209–211.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2019d): A new species of the genus *Yazakia* Warren, 1894 from the island of Sulawesi (Celebes), Indonesia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Boarmiini). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **47** (185): 49–51.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2019e): New contributions for the genus *Bulonga* Walker, 1859 with description from a new species of Sulawesi, Indonesia and *Pseudobulonga* Expósito, gen. n. (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Baptini). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **47** (187): 475–478.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2020): A new species of the genus *Synegia* Guenee, 1858 from the Moluccas Islands: Ceram-Seram, Indonesia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Baptini). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **48** (190): 253–255.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2020): Una nueva especie del género *Naxa* Walker, 1856, de las montañas Arfak, Papúa Occidental (Indonesia) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Orthostixinae). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **48** (192): 689–691.

- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. (2021): Una nueva especie del género *Abraxas* Leach, [1815] del Monte Langgaliru, de la isla de Sumba (Indonesia) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterología **49** (196): 691–694.
- EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. & VIDALEPP, J. (2011): *Xanthorhoe iberica* (Staudinger, 1901) sp. bon., de España (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae, Xanthorhoeini). – SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterología **39** (156): 419–422.
- FALCK, P. & HAUSMANN, A. (2020): *Scopula villumi* Falck & Hausmann, sp. n. from Tenerife, Canary Islands, Spain (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Sterrhinae). – SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterología **48** (191): 507–511.
- FAZEKAS, I. (2016): Magyar Eupitheciini tanulmányok 4. Az *Eupithecia catharinae* Vojnits, 1969 típusanyagának revizioja. Hungarian Eupitheciini studies, No. 4. Revision of the *Eupithecia catharinae* Vojnits, 1969 type material (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – Acta Naturalia Pannonica **10**: 5–12.
- FERGUSON, D. C. (2008): Geometroidea, Geometridae (part), Ennominae (part), Abraxini, Cassymini, Macariini. – In: HODGES, R.W. et al. (eds.): The Moths of North America, Fascicle **17.2**, 431 pp.; Washington (The Wedge Entomological Research Foundation).
- FERGUSON, D. C. (2009): A revision of the red-brown caberine geometrids of the southeastern United States (Geometridae: Caberini). – Tropical Lepidoptera Research **19** (1): 35–51.
- FERRIS, C. D. (2007): Three new species of *Eupithecia* Curtis from Arizona and New Mexico with discussion of associated species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Eupitheciini). – Zootaxa **1516** (1): 49–60.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.1516.1.5>
- FERRIS, C. D. (2009a): *Synaxis triangulata* (Barnes & McDunnough) moved to *Caripeta* Walker (Geometridae: Ennominae). – Journal of the Lepidopterists' Society **63** (3): 164–165.
- FERRIS, C. D. (2009b): *Metanema brunneilinearis* Grossbeck misplaced in *Synaxis* Hulst (Geometridae: Ennominae). – Journal of the Lepidopterists' Society **63** (3): 166–168.
- FERRIS, C. D. (2010a): A new geometrid genus and species from Southeastern Arizona (Ennominae: Nacophorini). – Journal of the Lepidopterists' Society **64** (3): 147–153.  
<https://doi.org/10.18473/lepi.v64i3.a3>
- FERRIS, C. D. (2010b): A revision of the genus *Antepione* Packard with description of the new genus *Pionenta* Ferris (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – ZooKeys **71**: 49–70.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.71.789>
- FERRIS, C. D. & McFARLAND, N. (2010): A new species of *Plataea* (Geometridae: Ennominae) from Southeastern Arizona. – Journal of the Lepidopterists' Society **64** (2): 98–102.  
<https://doi.org/10.18473/lepi.v64i2.a5>
- FERRIS, C. D. & MIRONOV, V. (2007): Replacement name for *Eupithecia deserticola* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Eupitheciini). – The Canadian Entomologist **139**: 131–132.  
<https://doi.org/10.4039/n06-067>
- FERRIS, C. D. & SCHMIDT, B. C. (2010): Revision of the North American genera *Tetracis* Guenee and synonymization of *Synaxis* Hulst with descriptions of three new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – Zootaxa **2347** (1): 1–36.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2347.1.1>
- FERRIS, C. D. & SCHMIDT, C. (2011): *Pterospora nigrescens* (Hulst), a synonym of *Ixala klotsi* Sperry (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – ZooKeys **149**: 31–37.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.149.2343>
- FISCHER, H. (2008): *Eumera lewandowskii* sp. n. eine neue Art der Gattung *Eumera* Staudinger, 1892 aus Jordanien (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – Nachrichten des Entomologischen Vereins Apollo, Neue Folge **29** (1–2): 77–79.
- FISCHER, H. (2010): *Epirrhoe balearia* spec. nov. - a new geometrid species from the island of Ibiza with new records of geometrids from the Balearic Islands. – Atalanta (Markt-leuthen) **42** (1–4): 245–247.
- FISCHER, T. C., MICHALSKI, A. & HAUSMANN, A. (2020): *Eogeometer vadens* gen. n., sp. n., the first member of Macrolepidoptera in Eocene Baltic amber (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft **110**: 125–126.
- FIUMI, G. & FLAMIGNI, C. (2013): *Dyscia (Dyscia) govii* n. sp. della regione sardo-corsa (Insecta Lepidoptera Geometridae Ennominae). – Quaderno di Studi e Notizie di Storia Naturale della Romagna **38**: 191–199.
- FIUMI, G., FLAMIGNI, C., ZILLI, A. & HAUSMANN, A. (2013): Le specie del genere *Tephronia* nella regione sardo-corsa e descrizione di *Tephronia nuragica* n. sp. (Insecta Lepidoptera Geometridae Ennominae). – Quaderno di Studi e Notizie di Storia Naturale della Romagna **38**: 201–216.
- FU, C. M., SATO, R. & KAWAKAMI, Y. (2011): Description of a new species of the genus *Scardamia* Guenée (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Japan and Taiwan, with taxonomic notes on the related species. – Tinea **21** (5): 259–267.
- GARZÓN-ORDUÑA, I. J. (2019): A new species of *Ophthalmoblysis* Scoble, 1995 (Geometridae: Ennominae) from Mexico with 'sleepy' eyespots. – Zootaxa **4706** (3): 469–476.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4706.3.7>
- GIANTI, M. (2016a): A new species of *Epirrita* from Lebanon (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – Doriana **8** (397): 1–5.
- GIANTI, M. (2016b): *Monocerotesa galloi* Gianti, sp. n. a new species from China (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterología **44** (174): 299–301.
- GOVI, G. & FIUMI, G. (2005): *Macaria ichnusae*. Una nuova specie di Geometridae della Sardegna (Insecta Lepidoptera Geometridae Ennominae). – Quaderno di Studi e Notizie di Storia Naturale della Romagna **21**: 129–135.
- GOYAL, T., KIRTI, J. S. & SAXENA, A. (2018): Taxonomy of genus *Agathia* Geunee (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) with description of a new species from Western Ghats, India. – Indian Journal of Entomology, **80** (3): 951–959.  
<https://doi.org/10.5958/0974-8172.2018.00144.X>

- GUERRERO, J. J., CUENCA, E. D., BARROS, D. & ORTIZ, A. S. (2020): Redescription and DNA barcoding of diurnal moth *Athroolopha latimargo* Rothschild, 1914 bona sp., stat. rev. from the southern Iberian Peninsula (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Zootaxa* **4729** (4): 582–588.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4729.4.9>
- GUERRERO, J. J., HAUSMANN, A. & ORTIZ, A. S. (2021): Description of *Idaea josephinae* sp. n. from the Iberian Peninsula (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **4990** (2): 369–377.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4990.2.10>
- GUILLERMET, C. (2011): Contribution à l'étude des Hétérocères de l'île de La Réunion: description de six nouvelles espèces de Pyralidae, Geometridae, Arctiidae and Oecophoridae (Lepidoptera Heterocera). – *Entomologiste* **67** (2): 95–104.
- HAN, H., EXPÓSITO-HERMOSA, A. & XUE, D. (2009a): A taxonomic study of *Epipristis* Meyrick, 1888 from China, with descriptions of two new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **2263** (1): 31–41.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2263.1.3>
- HAN, H., GALSWORTHY, A. C. & XUE, D. (2005): A revision of the genus *Metallolophia* Warren (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Journal of Natural History* **39** (2): 165–195.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/00222930310001657865>
- HAN, H., GALSWORTHY, A. C. & XUE, D. (2009b): A survey of the genus *Geometra* Linnaeus (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Journal of Natural History* **43** (13–14): 885–922.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/00222930802702472>
- HAN, H., GALSWORTHY, A. C. & XUE, D. (2012): The Comibaenini of China (Geometridae: Geometrinae), with a review of the tribe. – *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* **165** (4): 723–772.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1096-3642.2012.00826.x>
- HAN, H., LI, J. & XUE, D. (2008): Revision of the genus *Xenozancla* Warren, 1893 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Geometrinae) with an analysis of its distribution pattern. – *Acta Entomologica Sinica* **51** (3): 315–321.
- HAN, H., SKOU, P. & CHENG, R. (2019): *Neochloroglyphica*, a new genus of Geometrinae from China (Lepidoptera, Geometridae), with description of a new species. – *Zootaxa* **4571** (1): 099–110.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4571.1.6>
- HAN, H., STÜNING, D. & XUE, D. (2007): *Epichrysodes* gen. n., a new genus of Geometrinae from the West Tianmu mountains, China (Lepidoptera, Geometridae), with description of a new species. – *Deutsche Entomologische Zeitschrift* **54** (1): 127–135.  
<https://doi.org/10.1002/mmnd.200700012>
- HAN, H., STÜNING, D. & XUE, D. (2010): Taxonomic review of the genus *Pseudostegania* Butler, 1881, with description of four new species and comments on its tribal placement in the Larentiinae (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Entomological Science* **13**: 234–249.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1479-8298.2010.00379.x>
- HAN, H. & XUE, D. (2008): A taxonomic review of *Pachyodes* Guenee, 1858, with descriptions of two new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **1759** (1): 51–68.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.1759.1.3>
- HAN, H. & XUE, D. (2009): Taxonomic review of *Hemistola* Warren, 1893 from China, with descriptions of seven new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Entomological Science* **12** (4): 382–410.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1479-8298.2009.00341.x>
- HAN, H. & XUE, D. (2011a): *Thalassodes* and related taxa of emerald moths in China (Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **3019** (1): 26–50.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3019.1.2>
- HAN, H. & XUE, D. (2011b): *Fauna Sinica (Insecta Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae)*. Volume 54, 864 pp.; Beijing (Science Press).
- HASHIMOTO, S. (2019): New and newly recorded species of the genus *Sauris* Guenee (Geometridae: Larentiinae) from Japan, with a taxonomic review of *S. hirudinata* Guenee. – *Tinea* **25** (1): 45–65.
- HAUSMANN, A. (2009a): *Hypochrosis hannelorae* sp. n. from Tanzania (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft* **99**: 91–93.
- HAUSMANN, A. (2009b): New and interesting geometrid moths from Sokotra islands (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft* **99**: 95–104.
- HAUSMANN, A. (2009c): New and interesting geometrid moths from Dhofar, southern Oman (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft* **99**: 111–128.
- HAUSMANN, A. (2009e): New and interesting geometrid moths from the Cape Verde Islands (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterología* **37** (146): 241–247.
- HAUSMANN, A. (2011): An integrative taxonomic approach to resolving some difficult questions in the Larentiinae of the Mediterranean region. – *Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft* **101**: 73–97.
- HAUSMANN, A. (2013): Integrative revision of the African geometrid genus *Dargeia* Herbulot, 1977. – *Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft* **103**: 99–104.
- HAUSMANN, A. (2020a): Revision of the West Palaearctic *Idaea nocturna* species group. – *Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft* **110**: 71–80.
- HAUSMANN, A. (2020b): *The Lepidoptera of Israel*. Volume 3: Geometridae. – *Proceedings of the Museum Witt* **9**: 1–256.
- HAUSMANN, A., CHAINEY, J., HEARD, T., MC KAY, F. & RAGHU, S. (2016a): Revision of the genus *Eueupithecia* Prout, 1910 from Argentina (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Sterrhinae). – *Zootaxa* **4138** (2): 392–400.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4138.2.11>

- HAUSMANN, A., HASZPRUNAR, G. & HEBERT, P. D. N. (2011): DNA barcoding the geometrid fauna of Bavaria (Lepidoptera): successes, surprises, and questions. – *PLoS ONE* **6**: 17134.  
<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0017134>
- HAUSMANN, A. & HEBERT, P. D. N. (2009): Order Lepidoptera, family Geometridae (Part 2): The Geometridae of the UAE revised in the light of mtDNA data. – In: HARTEN, T. VAN (ed.): *Arthropod fauna of the UAE*. Volume 2, pp. 468–479; Abu Dhabi (Dar Al Ammah).
- HAUSMANN, A., HERBERT, P. D. N., MITCHELL, A., ROUGERIE, R., SOMMERER, M., EDWARDS, T. & YOUNG, C. J. (2009): Revision of the Australian *Oenochroma vinaria* Guenée, 1858 species-complex (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Oenochrominae): DNA barcoding reveals cryptic diversity and assesses status of type specimen without dissection. – *Zootaxa* **2239** (1): 1–21.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2239.1.1>
- HAUSMANN, A. & HUEMER, P. (2011): Taxonomic decision as a compromise: *Acasis appensata* (Eversmann, 1832) in Central Italy—a case of conflicting evidence between DNA barcode and morphology (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **3070** (1): 60–68.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3070.1.7>
- HAUSMANN, A., LEIPNITZ, M. & BLÄSIUS, R. (2008): *Idaea omari* Hausmann & Bläsius, sp. n. from Morocco (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Sterrhinae). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **36** (143): 411–416.
- HAUSMANN, A., MILLER, M. A., LEIPNITZ, M. & BLÄSIUS, R. (2007): *Idaea nigra* Hausmann & Bläsius, sp. n. from La Gomera, Canary Islands, Spain (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Sterrhinae). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia* **35** (140): 499–505.
- HAUSMANN, A., PARISI, F. & SCIARRETTA, A. (2014): The geometrid moths of Ethiopia I: tribes Pseudoterpnini and Comibaenini (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **3768** (4): 460–468.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3768.4.4>
- HAUSMANN, A., PARISI, F. & SCIARRETTA, A. (2016b): The geometrid moths of Ethiopia II: *Prasinocyma* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **4065** (1): 001–063.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4065.1.1>
- HAUSMANN, A. & PARRA, L. (2009): An unexpected hotspot of moth biodiversity in Chilean northern Patagonia (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **1989** (1): 23–38.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.1989.1>
- HAUSMANN, A., POTOTSKI, A. & VIDALEPP, J. (2020): *Archedontia agnesae* gen. n., sp. n., a new sterrhine species from Tadjikistan (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Sterrhinae). – *Zootaxa* **4743** (2): 275–279.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4743.2.10>
- HAUSMANN, A. & SCIARRETTA, A. (2020): The Geometridae of Ethiopia III: genus *Zamarada* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Cassymini). – *Zootaxa* **4894** (3): 301–328.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4894.3.1>
- HAUSMANN, A., SCIARRETTA, A. & PARISI, F. (2016c): The Geometrinae of Ethiopia II: Tribus Hemistolini, genus *Prasinocyma* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **4065** (1): 1–63.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4065.1.1>
- HAUSMANN, A. & SKOU, P. (2008): Order Lepidoptera, family Geometridae. – In: HARTEN, T. VAN (ed.): *Arthropod fauna of the UAE*. Volume 1, pp. 562–590; Abu Dhabi (Dar Al Ammah).
- HAUSMANN, A., STADIE, D. & FIEBIG, R. (2016d): Geometridae Leach, [1815]. – In: HACKER, H. H. (ed.): *Systematic and illustrated catalogue of the Macroheterocera and superfamilies Cossoidea Leach, [1815], Zygaenoidea Latreille, 1809, Thyridoidea Herrich-Schäffer, 1846 and Hyblaeoidea Hampson, 1903 of the Arabian Peninsula, with a survey of their distribution (Lepidoptera)*. – *Esperiana* **20**: 61–138.
- HAUSMANN, A., SOMMERER, M., ROUGERIE, R. & HEBERT, P. (2009): *Hypobapta tachyhalotaria* spec. nov from Tasmania – an example of a new species revealed by DNA barcoding. – *Spixiana* **32** (2): 161–166.
- HAUSMANN, A. & VIDALEPP, J. (2012): The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 3. Subfamily Sterrhinae (II) (Lythriini). Subfamily Larentiinae I (Cataclysmiini, Xanthorhoiini, Euphyiini, Larentiini, Hydriomenini, Stamnodini, Cidariini, Operophterini, Astheniini, Phileremini, Rheumapterini, Solitaneini, Melanthiini, Chesiadini, Trichopterygini), 743 pp. – In: HAUSMANN, A. (ed.): *The Geometrid Moths of Europe; Vester Skerninge* (Apollo Books).
- HAUSMANN, A. & WILDFEUER, J. (2017): Nine new emerald species for the fauna of Yemen, with description of two new taxa in the genus *Prasinocyma* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Spixiana* **40** (2): 171–180.
- HASHIMOTO, S. (2021): Taxonomic study of the Japanese Trichopterygini (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae), with a proposal of a new tribe Heterophlebini. – *Japanese Journal of Systematic Entomology, Monographic Series* **6**: 1–146.
- HEPPNER, J. B. (2010): The new genus *Rindgeria* and its species in North America and Central America (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Lepidoptera Novae* **3** (3): 149–153.
- HUEMER, P. & HAUSMANN, A. (2009): A new expanded revision of the European high mountain *Sciadia tenebraria* species group (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **2117** (1): 1–30.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2117.1.1>
- HUEMER, P. & MAYR, T. (2015): Eine neue Unterart von *Colostygia kitschelti* (Rebel, 1934) mit Bemerkungen zum Artkonzept im *C. austriacaria*-Komplex (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Wissenschaftliches Jahrbuch der Tiroler Landesmuseen* **8**: 66–79.
- INFUSINO, M., SCALERCIO, S. & HAUSMANN, A. (2016): *Nothocasis rosariae* sp. n., a new sylvicolous, montane species from southern Europe (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *Zootaxa* **4161** (2): 177–192.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4161.2.2>
- INOUE, H. (2007a): A new subspecies of *Dysphania discalis* (Walker) (Geometridae, Geometrinae) from the Lingga Islands. – *Lepidoptera Science* **58** (1): 4–6.

- INOUE, H. (2007b): A new subspecies of *Dysphania transducta* (Walker) from Tawitawi Island, Sula Archipelago, Philippines (Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Tinea* **20** (1): 9–11.
- JIANG, N., LI, X., HAUSMANN, A., CHENG, R., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2017): A molecular phylogeny of the Palaearctic and Oriental members of the tribe Boarmiini (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Invertebrate Systematics* **31** (4): 427–441. <https://doi.org/10.1071/IS17005>
- JIANG, N., SATO, R. & HAN, H. (2012a): One new and one newly recorded species of the genus *Amraica* Moore, 1888 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae) from China, with diagnoses of the Chinese species. – *Entomological Science* **15** (2): 219–231. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1479-8298.2011.00507.x>
- JIANG, N., STÜNING, D., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2016): Revision of the genus *Metaterpna* Yazaki, 1992 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae), with description of a new species from China. – *Zootaxa* **4200** (4): 501–514. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4200.4.3>
- JIANG, N., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2010): A review of *Jankowskia* Oberthür, 1884, with descriptions of four new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Zootaxa* **2559** (1): 1–16. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2559.1.1>
- JIANG, N., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2011a): A review of *Biston* Leach, 1815 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) from China, with description of one new species. – *ZooKeys* **139**: 45–96. <https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.139.1308>
- JIANG, N., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2011b): A review of *Ophthalmitis* Fletcher, 1979 in China, with descriptions of four new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Zootaxa* **2735** (1): 1–22. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2735.1.1>
- JIANG, N., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2012b): A new species of *Arbomia* Sato & Wang (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) from Guangxi, Southern China. – *Zootaxa* **3765** (1): 098–100. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3765.1.8>
- JIANG, N., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2012c): A review of *Peratophyga* Warren, 1894 in China, with descriptions of two new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Zootaxa* **3478** (1): 403–415. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3478.1.36>
- JIANG, N., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2014a): A new species of *Arbomia* Sato & Wang (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) from Guangxi, Southern China. – *Zootaxa* **3765** (1): 98–100. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3765.1.8>
- JIANG, N., XUE, D. & HAN, H. (2014b): A review of *Luxiaria* Walker and its allied genus *Calletaera* Warren (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) from China. – *Zootaxa* **3856** (1): 073–099. <https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3856.1.3>
- KANEKO, T. (2016): A new species of the Sterrhinae (Geometridae) from Akiyoshidai-Plateau, Yamaguchi Prefecture, Japan. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **278**: 68–69.
- KANEKO, T. (2018): A new species of the Sterrhinae (Geometridae) from Tsushima Is., Nagasaki Prefecture, Japan. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **287**: 285–286.
- KANEKO, T. (2019): A new species of the Sterrhinae (Geometridae) collected by the late Mr Y. Yanagita from Iriomote-jima Is., the Ryukyus. – *Tinea* **25** (Supplement 1): 69–70.
- KANEKO, T. & FU, C.-M. (2020): Three new species of the subfamily Sterrhinae (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from Taiwan. – *Tinea* **25** (3): 183–187.
- KANEKO, T. & FUNAKOSHI, S. (2018): A new species of the Geometrinae (Geometridae) from Gifu Prefecture, Japan. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **287**: 299–300.
- KARISCH, T. (2007): Eine neue *Hispophora*-Art aus Kenia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Bulletin de l'Institut Royal des Sciences Naturelles de Belgique, Entomologie* **77**: 129–131.
- KARISCH, T. (2008a): Drei neue *Ochroplutodes*-Arten aus der Sammlung des Musée Royal de l'Afrique Centrale, Tervuren (MRAC) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Entomofauna* **29**: 213–219.
- KARISCH, T. (2008b): Zur Kenntnis von *Eupithecia jeanneli* Herbulot, 1953 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *Entomofauna* **29** (14): 201–208.
- KARISCH, T. (2010): Geometridae der Expeditionen H. Hoppes nach Bioko. 1. Teil: Desmobaethrinae, Geometrinae (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Lambillionea* **110** (3): 344–352.
- KARISCH, T. (2011): Geometridae der Expeditionen H. HOPPEs nach Bioko 2. Teil: Larentiinae (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Lambillionea* **111** (1): 71–80.
- KARISCH, T. (2016): Eine neue afrikanische *Metallospora*-Art (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Lambillionea* **CXVI** (1): 20–31.
- KARISCH, T. (2017): Zur Kenntnis der Gattung *Hypomecis* Huebner, 1821 in Ostafrika (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Entomofauna* **38** (3): 29–48.
- KARISCH, T. (2020a): Eine neue *Chlorodrepana* von Uganda (Lepidoptera, Ennominae). – *Lambillionea* **120** (2): 117–121.
- KARISCH, T. (2020b): Geometridae der Expeditionen H. Hoppes nach Bioko 4. Teil: Ennominae (ausser *Zamarada* Moore, 1887) (Lepidoptera). – *Lambillionea* **120** (2): 122–141.
- KARISCH, T. & BECK, K.-R. (2014): Beitrag zur Kenntnis der Gattung *Mesothisa* Warren, 1905 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Lambillionea* **114** (3): 187–195.
- KARISCH, T. & KRAMP, K. (2019): A new *Scopula* from mid-Atlantic Ascension Island (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Beiträge zur Entomologie* **69** (1): 87–90. <https://doi.org/10.21248/contrib.entomol.69.1.087-090>

- KEMAL, M. & KOÇAK, A. O. (2015): Notes on two species of Geometridae from Hatay Province (S. Turkey) (Lepidoptera). – *Miscellaneous Papers* **119**: 1–6.
- KEMAL, M. & UÇAK, H. (2018): Description of a new species of the genus *Wehrliola* Strand in East Turkey (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Miscellaneous Papers* **168**: 1–5.
- KEMAL, M., YILDIZ, I., KIZILDAG, S., UÇAK, H. & KOÇAK, A. Ö. (2018): Taxonomical and molecular evaluation of *Apochima* Agassiz in East Turkey, with a description of a new genus (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Miscellaneous Papers* **169**: 1–14.
- KIM, N. H., CHOI, S. W. & KIM, S. S. (2018): Additional report of the genus *Asthena* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) from Korea. – *Animal Systematics, Evolution and Diversity* **34** (2): 92–95.
- KIMURA, S. & SATO, R. (2017): A new species of the genus *Odontoptera* Stephens (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Hahajima Is. in the Ogasawara (Bonin) Islands, Japan. – *Tinea* **24** (1): 24–26.
- KIRTI, J. S. & GOYAL, T. (2011): A new species of *Plutodes* Guenee (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae) from Western Ghats of India. – *Journal of Applied Bioscience* **37** (1): 68–70.
- KNYAZEV, S. A. & MIRONOV, V. G. (2015): New species of the pugs (Lepidoptera, Geometridae: Eupithecia) for southern part of West Siberia, Russia. – *Evrasiatskii Entomologicheskii Zhurnal* **14** (2): 139–141.
- KOBAYASHI, H. & WANG, M. (2020): A new species of the genus *Acrodontis* (Geometridae, Lepidoptera). – *Tinea* **25** (2): 119–122.
- KOÇAK, A. & KEMAL, M. (2008): Some nomenclatural notes on the Geometridae of the world (Lepidoptera). – *Miscellaneous Papers* **138**: 8–9.
- KOSTJUK, A. Ö. (2009): *Agriopis budashkini* sp. n. – a new species of geometrid moths (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) from Crimea. – *Proceedings of the Zoological Society of London* **5**: 61–64.
- KOSTJUK, I., MIRONOV, V. & VIDALEPP, J. (2020): Review of the Central Asian species of *Phthorarcha* Meyrick (Geometridae: Alsephilinae) with description of a new species. – *Zootaxa* **4861** (2): 232–240.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4861.2.4>
- KOSTJUK, I. & VIDALEPP, J. (2020): Revision of the genus *Dzhugesia* Wehrli, 1936 (stat. n.), with description of a new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft* **110**: 89–95.
- KRÜGER, M. (2007): Composition and origin of the geometrid fauna (Lepidoptera) of the Sneeuberge, Eastern Cape, with description of new taxa. – *Annals of the Transvaal Museum* **44** (1): 25–66.
- KRÜGER, M. (2008): *Conchylia cymopolia* sp. nov. from the Richtersveld, northern Cape Province, South Africa (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae). – *Metamorphosis* **19** (1): 27–32.
- KRÜGER, M. (2009): New Afrotropical Nacophorini in the genera *Pacyncnemoides* Krueger, *Argyrophora* Guenee, *Micrologia* Warren, *Pseudomaenas* Prout and *Drepanogynis* Guenee (Lepidoptera, Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Annals of the Transvaal Museum* **46**: 1–35.
- KRÜGER, M. (2013): Revision of *Acrasia* Rogenhofer, 1875 and description of *Panhyperochia* gen. nov., a new genus of putative nacophorine geometrids from South Africa (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Annals of the Ditsong National Museum of Natural History* **3**: 99–152.
- KRÜGER, M. (2014): A revision of the *Mauna* Walker, 1865 and *Illa* Warren, 1914 group of genera (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae: Nacophorini). – *Annals of the Ditsong National Museum of Natural History* **4**: 77–173.
- KRÜGER, M. (2015): Taxonomic remarks on southern African Geometridae putatively assigned to the tribe Nacophorini (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Annals of the Ditsong National Museum of Natural History* **5**: 62–63.
- KRÜGER, M. (2017): *Henicovalva* gen. n., a new genus of predominantly Afrotropical Ennominae with unusually complex genitalia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *African Entomology* **25** (1): 42–61.  
<https://doi.org/10.4001/003.025.0042>
- LÁSZLÓ, G. M. (2003): New species of the genus *Erannis* Hübner, [1825] 1816 from the North-West Himalaya and Iran (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Acta Zoologica Academiae Scientiarum Hungaricae* **49** (2): 153–158.
- LÁSZLÓ, G. M. (2018): Descriptions of new Geometridae species from the Vartian collection with remarks on some poorly known taxa. – In: LÁSZLÓ, G. M., LÖDL, M., GAAL-HASZLER, S., GALSWORTHY, A., RONKAY, G., RONKAY, L. & VARGA, Z. (eds.): *Fibigeriana*. Volume 4. The Vartian Collection. Part IV. Geometridae, pp. 55–71; Budapest (Heterocera Press).
- LÁSZLÓ, G. M. & STÜNING, D. (2015): Description of a new *Paradarisa* Warren, 1894 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) from Taiwan. – *Tinea* **23** (2): 118–122.
- LEHMANN, L. (2011): *Lithostege stadiiei* sp. n. from North Iran (Geometridae: Larentiinae). – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **33** (2): 249–251.
- LERAUT, P. (2008a): Contribution to the study of the genus *Sciadia* Hübner, 1822 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de France* **113** (2): 177–182.  
<https://doi.org/10.3406/bsef.2008.16517>
- LERAUT, P. (2008b): Une nouvelle espèce du genre *Triphosa* Stephens, 1829 (Lep. Geometridae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de France* **113** (2): 452–454.  
<https://doi.org/10.3406/bsef.2008.3040>
- LERAUT, P. (2009): *Moths of Europe*, 804 pp.; Verrières-le-Buisson (N.A.P. Editions).
- LÉVÊQUE, A. (2006): Description d'un nouveau *Pero* du Mexique et compléments à la connaissance de *P. fortunata herissa* Lévêque, 2005 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de France* **111**: 345–352.  
<https://doi.org/10.3406/bsef.2006.16336>
- LÉVÊQUE, A. (2007): Description d'une nouvelle espèce de *Pero* du Pérou (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de France* **112** (3): 389–394.  
<https://doi.org/10.3406/bsef.2007.16454>

- LÉVÊQUE, A. (2010): Description d'une nouvelle espèce péruvienne du genre *Pero* Herrich-Schäffer, 1855 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de France **115** (1): 51–57.  
<https://doi.org/10.3406/bsef.2010.2831>
- LÉVÊQUE, A. (2015): Second contribution to the elaboration of a taxonomic checklist of geometrid moths from French Guiana: the species of the genus *Oospila* Warren, 1897. – Antenor **2** (2): 232–246.
- LÉVÊQUE, A. & VIDALEPP, J. (2015): Description of a new *Oospila* Warren, 1897, from French Guiana (Lepidoptera Geometridae Geometrinae Lophochoristini). – Antenor **2** (1): 142–147.
- LEWANDOWSKI, S. & TOBER, K. (2010): *Idaea sordida* horus subsp. nov., eine neue Unterart der Gattung *Idaea* TREITSCHKE, 1825 aus Ägypten. – Atalanta (Marktleuthen) **42** (1–4): 249–250.
- LEWIS, D. & COVELL, C. (2008): Review of the Neotropical genus *Cyllopoda* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Sterrhinae: Cyllopodini). – Tropical Lepidoptera Research **18** (2): 88–101.
- LI, H., JIANG, N., RUI, C., ZHANG, C. & HAN, H. (2018): A review of the subgenus *Epicterodes* of *Arichanna* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae), with description of one new species. – Journal of Asia-Pacific Entomology **21** (2): 501–512.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aspen.2018.02.013>
- LI, J., JIANG, N. & HAN, H. (2012a): *Heterophleps inusitata*, an extremely rare new moth species from western Yunnan, China (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – Zootaxa **3278** (1): 58–60.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3278.1.2>
- LI, J., XUE, D., HAN, H. & GALSWORTHY, A. (2012b): Taxonomic review of *Syzeuxis* Hampson, 1895, with a discussion of biogeographical aspects (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – Zootaxa **3357** (1): 1–24.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3357.1.1>
- LI, X., XUE, D. & JIANG, N. (2017): One new species and one new record for the genus *Ninodes* Warren from China (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – ZooKeys **679**: 55–63.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.679.12547>
- LINDT, A., HAUSMANN, A. & VIDALEPP, J. (2018): Review of some species groups of the genus *Oospila* Warren, with descriptions of nine new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Geometrinae). – Zootaxa **4497** (2): 151–194.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4497.2.1>
- LINDT, A., LENNUK, L. & VIDALEPP, J. (2017a): The genus *Dioscore* Warren, 1907: two new species and analysis of characters spread (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Geometrinae). – Journal of Insect Biodiversity **5** (16): 1–15.  
<https://doi.org/10.12976/jib/2017.5.16>
- LINDT, A., TASANE, T., ÖUNAP, E. & VIDALEPP, J. (2017b): Five new species of the genus *Paromphacodes* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Geometrinae) from High Andes in Ecuador. – Zootaxa **4303** (3): 395–406.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4303.3.5>
- LINDT, A., TASANE, T. & VIDALEPP, J. (2014): Two new emerald moth species from Ecuador, Peru and Bolivia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia **42** (165): 151–156.
- LINDT, A. & VIDALEPP, J. (2014): Two new emerald geometrid species of *Telotheta* Warren from Ecuador and Bolivia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae, Lophochoristini). – Biodiversity Data Journal **2**: e1158.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.2.e1158>
- LINDT, A. & VIDALEPP, J. (2015): *Oospila bulava*, a new emerald geometrid moth from South America (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – Zootaxa **4058** (1): 142–144.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4058.1.11>
- LIU, Z., DUE, D., WANG, W. & HAN, H. (2013): A review of *Psyra* Walker, 1860 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) from China, with description of one new species. – Zootaxa **3682** (3): 459–474.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3682.3.7>
- MAKHOV, I. (2021): Geometridae (Lepidoptera) of the Baikal region: keys to species and an annotated catalogue. Part 1. Ennominae. – Zootaxa **4962** (1): 1–125.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4962.1.1>
- MAKHOV, I.A. & LUKHTANOVA, V.A. (2021): Geometrid moths (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) of the Baikal Region: additions to the species list and results of DNA barcoding. – Entomological Review **101** (8): 1154–1172.  
<https://doi.org/10.1134/S001387382108011X>
- MALLICK, K., DEY R., BANDYOPADHYAY, U., MAZUMDER, A., GAYEN, S., ALI, M., NANDI DAS, G., RAHA, A., KUMAR SANYAL, A., KUMAR GUPTA, S., PRASAD UNYAL, S., CHANDRA, K. & KUMAR, V. (2022): Taxonomy and ecology of genus *Psyra* Walker, 1860 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae) from Indian Himalaya. – PLoS ONE **17** (4): e0266100.  
<https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0266100>
- MATSON, T. A. & WAGNER, L. D. (2020): A new *Stammodes* from the southwestern United States (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – ZooKeys **923**: 79–90.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.923.48290>
- MATSON, T. A. (2022): A new monotypic genus from the American Southwest to accommodate “*Semiothisa*” *kuschea* (Geometridae: Ennominae). – Zootaxa **5093** (1): 067–074.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.5093.1.4>
- MAZEL, R. & VARENNE, T. (2017): *Idaea alyssumata selenensis* ssp. n. dans le Midi de la France (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Sterrhinae). – Revue de l'Association Roussillonnaise d'Entomologie **XXVI**: 82–88.
- MIRONOV, V. (2013): New species and checklist of Turkish *Eupithecia* Curtis (Geometridae: Larentiinae). – Zootaxa **3717** (1): 39–52.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3717.1.3>

- MIRONOV, V. & GALSWORTHY, A. (2007): The genus *Eupithecia* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) in Taiwan: an updated survey. – Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan **58** (3): 341–363.
- MIRONOV, V. & GALSWORTHY, A. (2009a): A survey of the genus *Eupithecia* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) in mainland South East Asia: Part I. – Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan **60** (2): 93–116.
- MIRONOV, V. & GALSWORTHY, A. (2009b): A survey of the genus *Eupithecia* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) in mainland South East Asia: Part II. – Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan **60** (3): 167–188.
- MIRONOV, V. & GALSWORTHY, A. (2010a): *Eupithecia hollowayi* sp. n. (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from Borneo. – Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan **60** (4): 289–292.
- MIRONOV, V. & GALSWORTHY, A. (2010b): Further notes on *Eupithecia* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from Nepal and the Indian subcontinent. – Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan **61** (2): 137–172.
- MIRONOV, V. & GALSWORTHY, A. (2012): A generic level review of *Eupithecia* Curtis and some closely related genera based on the Palaearctic, Nearctic and Oriental fauna (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – Zootaxa **3587** (1): 46–64.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3587.1.2>
- MIRONOV, V. & GALSWORTHY, A. (2014a): A survey of *Eupithecia* Curtis, 1825 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae) in Mongolia with descriptions of two new species. – Zootaxa **3774** (2): 101–130.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3774.2.1>
- MIRONOV, V. & GALSWORTHY, A. (2014b): The *Eupithecia* of China: A Revision, 491 pp.; Leiden (Brill).  
<https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004254534>
- MIRONOV, V., GALSWORTHY, A. & RATZEL, U. (2008a): A survey of the *Eupithecia* fauna (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) of the Western Himalayas: Part I. – Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan **59** (1): 55–77.
- MIRONOV, V., GALSWORTHY, A. & RATZEL, U. (2008b): A survey of the *Eupithecia* fauna (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) of the Western Himalayas: Part II. – Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan **59** (2): 117–143.
- MIRONOV, V., GALSWORTHY, A. & RATZEL, U. (2008c): A survey of the *Eupithecia* fauna (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) of the Western Himalayas: Part III. – Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan **59** (3): 201–224.
- MIRONOV, V., GALSWORTHY, A. & XUE, D. (2006): New species of *Eupithecia* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from China, part V. – Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan **57** (4): 335–353.
- MIRONOV, V., GALSWORTHY, A., XUE, D. & PEKARSKY, O. (2011): New species of *Eupithecia* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from China, part VI. – Lepidoptera Science **62** (1): 12–32.
- MIRONOV, V. & RATZEL, U. (2012a): On *Eupithecia* Curtis, 1825 of Pakistan, with description of two new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae). – Entomologische Zeitschrift **122** (1): 35–41.
- MIRONOV, V. & RATZEL, U. (2012b): *Eupithecia* Curtis, 1825 of Afghanistan (Geometridae: Larentiinae). – Nota Lepidopterologica **35** (2): 197–231.
- MIRONOV, V. & RATZEL, U. (2012c): New species of *Eupithecia* Curtis (Geometridae: Larentiinae) from Syria. – Nota Lepidopterologica **35** (1): 19–26.
- MIRONOV, V. & RATZEL, U. (2012d): New species of the genus *Eupithecia* Curtis (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae) from Iran. – Zootaxa **3580** (1): 56–68.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3580.1.4>
- MORAES, S., MONTEBELLO, Y., STANTON, M. A., YAMAGUCHI, L. F., KATO, M. J. & FREITAS, A. V. L. (2021): Description of three new species of Geometridae (Lepidoptera) using species delimitation in an integrative taxonomy approach for a cryptic species complex. – PeerJ **9**: e11304.  
<https://doi.org/10.7717/peerj.11304>
- MÜLLER, B. (2018): *Biston rosenbaueri* sp. n. (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae) from the Balkan Peninsula. – Nota Lepidopterologica **41** (2): 207–213.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/nl.41.25099>
- MÜLLER, B., ERLACHER, S., HAUSMANN, A., RAJAEI, H., SIHVONEN, P. & SKOU, P. (2019a): Subfamily Ennominae II. (Boarmiini, Gnophini, additions to previous volumes) – In: HAUSMANN, A., RAJAEI, H., SIHVONEN, P. & SKOU, P. (eds.): The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 6. Part 1, pp. 1–562; Leiden (Brill).  
<https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004387485>
- MÜLLER, B., ERLACHER, S., HAUSMANN, A., RAJAEI, H., SIHVONEN, P. & SKOU, P. (2019b): Colour plates, Genitalia plates, Data of microscopic preparations, Checklist to Vols 1–6, References. Subfamily Ennominae II. (Boarmiini, Gnophini, additions to previous volumes). – In: HAUSMANN, A., RAJAEI, H., SIHVONEN, P. & SKOU, P. (eds.): The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 6. Part 2, pp. 563–906; Leiden (Brill).  
<https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004387485>
- MURILLO-RAMOS, L., BREHM, G., SIHVONEN, P., HAUSMANN, A., HOLM, S., GHANAVI, H. R., ÖUNAP, E., TRUUVVERK, A., STAUDE, H., FRIEDRICH, E., TAMMARU, T. & WAHLBERG, N. (2019): A comprehensive molecular phylogeny of Geometridae (Lepidoptera) with a focus on enigmatic small subfamilies. – PeerJ **7**: e7386.  
<https://doi.org/10.7717/peerj.7386>
- NAKAJIMA, H. (2014): A new species of *Callabraxas* (Larentiinae Geometridae) from Japan. – Tinea **23** (1): 60–64.
- NAKAJIMA, H. (2020): A new species of the genus *Operophtera* Hübner (Geometridae, Larentiinae) from Japan. – Tinea **25** (2): 123–127.
- NAKAJIMA, H. & WANG, M. (2013): Winter geometrid moths of the Guangdong Nanling National Nature Reserve, South China (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – Tinea **22**: 217–225.
- NAKAJIMA, H. & WANG, M. (2014): Winter geometrid moths (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) of the Jialingjiang Headwaters, Shaanxi Central China. – Tinea **23** (1): 47–59.



- NUPPONEN, K. & SIHVONEN, P. (2013): *Dorsispina furcicornaria*, a new geometrid species and new genus from Kazakhstan (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **36** (2): 179–187.
- OCHSE, M. (2020): Beschreibung neuer Taxa der afrikanischen Gattung *Mesothisa*. – *Spixiana* **43** (1): 149–159.
- ORHANT, G. E. R. J. (2009): 3ème contribution à la connaissance des Lépidoptères Hétérocères de Tahiti *Gymnoscelis barbuti* n. sp. (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de Mulhouse* **65** (3): 41–42.
- ORHANT, G. E. R. J. (2013): Sept nouveaux hétérocères asiatiques (Lepidoptera, Noctuidae, Geometridae). – *Lambillionia* **113** (1): 30–36.
- ORHANT, G. E. R. J. (2014a): Contribution to the knowledge of the genus *Tanaorhinus*. Description of a new species from Moluccas. Discovery and description of the male of *Tanaorhinus tibeta* Chu, 1982 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de Mulhouse* **70** (4): 59–64.
- ORHANT, G. E. R. J. (2014b): Nouveaux *Cleora* sud-est asiatiques (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de Mulhouse* **70** (2): 19–22.
- ORHANT, G. E. R. J. (2014c): Le genre *Astygisa* Walker, 1864 en Inde. Description d'une cinquième espèce. Nouvelles références pour le genre (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Lambillionia* **114** (3): 158–160.
- ORHANT, G. E. R. J. (2015): *Plutodes stueningi* new species for Lombok (Indonesia) (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae, Plutodini). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de Mulhouse* **71** (1): 1–2.
- ÕUNAP, E., MIRONOV, V. & VIIDALEPP, J. (2009): Molecular phylogeny of the genus *Lythria* and description of the male genitalia of *L. venustata* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Sterrhinae). – *European Journal of Entomology* **106**: 643–650.  
<https://doi.org/10.14411/eje.2009.080>
- ÕUNAP, E., TAMMARU, T. & TRUUVERK, A. (2019): Perizomini (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae) are polyphyletic. – *Insect Systematics & Evolution* **51** (3): 489–516.  
<https://doi.org/10.1163/1876312X-00002301>
- ÕUNAP, E. & VIIDALEPP, J. (2009): Description of *Crypsiphona tasmanica* sp. nov. (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Geometrinae), with notes on limitations in using DNA barcodes for delimiting species. – *Australian Journal of Entomology* **48**: 113–124.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1440-6055.2009.00695.x>
- PALACIOS, C., FARFAN, J. & CERDENA, J. (2020): A new species and a new record of *Pero* Herrich-Schaeffer, 1855 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) in the Andes of southern Peru. – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **43**: 301–309.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/nl.43.54177>
- PARRA, L. E. (2018): A new genus of Nacophorini (Geometridae) from Chile. – *Journal of the Lepidopterists' Society* **72** (4): 265–269.  
<https://doi.org/10.18473/lepi.72i4.a3>
- PARRA, L. E. & ALVEAR, C. A. (2009): Revision of the genus *Ennada* Blanchard (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **2062** (1): 46–56.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2062.1.4>
- PARRA, L. E., ALVEAR, C. A. & BENITEZ, H. A. (2018): *Parasynneuria anae* Parra gen. et sp. nov. (Geometridae) and distributional wing shape variation. – *Journal of the Lepidopterists' Society* **72** (3): 233–240.  
<https://doi.org/10.18473/lepi.v72i3.a9>
- PARRA, L. E. & HERNÁNDEZ, C. E. (2010): Estudio filogenético de los géneros de Lithinini de Sudamérica Austral (Lepidoptera, Geometridae): una nueva clasificación. – *Revista Brasileira de Entomologia* **54** (1): 1–27.  
<https://doi.org/10.1590/S0085-56262010000100001>
- PARRA, L. E., JIMÉNEZ-URRUTIA, M. C. & ZAMORA-MANZUR, C. (2009a): Revision of the genus *Hoplosauris* BUTLER 1882 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zootaxa* **1989** (1): 39–54.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.1989.1.3>
- PARRA, L. E., VILLAGRAN-MELLA, R., HERNANDEZ, E. & HERNANDEZ, C. (2010): Phylogeny of the genus *Psilaspilates* (Butler 1893) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) and description of a new species for Fray Jorge relict forest, Chile. – *Gayana* **74** (2): 94–101.  
<https://doi.org/10.4067/S0717-65382010000200003>
- PARRA, L. E., VILLAGRAN-MELLA, R. & MARQUET, P. A. (2009b): Phylogeny of the genera *Euclidiodes* and *Hasodima* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) and description of two new species from the Fray Jorge relict forest in northern Chile. – *Zootaxa* **2273** (1): 59–68.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2273.1.3>
- PARRA, V. & SANZANA, H. (2017): Phylogenetic study of the genera of Trichopterygini from Austral South America (Lepidoptera: Geometridae): a new classification. – *Gayana* **81** (2): 64–99.  
<https://doi.org/10.4067/S0717-65382017000200064>
- PATRICK, B. H., PATRICK, H. J. H. & HOARE, R. J. B. (2019): Review of the endemic New Zealand genus *Arctesthes* Meyrick (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae), with descriptions of two new range-restricted species. – *Alpine Entomology* **3**: 121–136.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/alpento.3.33944>
- PINKER, R. (1976): Über kleinasiatische *Eupitheci*en und deren Zusammenhänge mit jenen aus Macedonien (Lep., Geometridae). – *Zeitschrift der Arbeitsgemeinschaft Österreichischer Entomologen* **28**: 1–3.
- PITKIN, L. M., HAN, H. & JAMES, S. (2007): Moths of the tribe Pseudoterpnini (Geometridae: Geometrinae): a review of the genera. – *Zoological Journal of the Linnean Society* **150** (2): 343–412.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1096-3642.2007.00287.x>
- PLOTKIN, D. & KAWAHARA, A. Y. (2020): Review of recent taxonomic changes to the emerald moths (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Geometrinae). – *Biodiversity Data Journal* **8**: e52190.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.8.e52190>
- POHL, G. R., ANWEILER, G. G., SCHMIDT, B. C. & KONDLA, N. G. (2010): An annotated list of the Lepidoptera of Alberta, Canada. – *ZooKeys* **38**: 1–549.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.38.383>

- RAJAEI, H., GELBRECHT, J., SCHULZ, N. & HAUSMANN, A. (2021a): *Minoa lutea* Schwingenschuss, 1954 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae) recognized as bona species. – *Zootaxa* **4903** (2): 255–264.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4903.2.5>
- RAJAEI, H., HAUSMANN, A. & TRUSCH, R. (2022): Taxonomic review of the genus *Rhodostrophia* Hübner, 1823 (Geometridae: Sterrhinae) in Iran. – *Zootaxa* **5118** (1): 1–64.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.5118.1.1>
- RAJAEI, H., KOLLHORST, C., HAUSMANN, A. & STÜNING, D. (2021b): Taxonomy and systematics of the Iranian species of the genus *Ourapteryx* Leach, 1814 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) with the description of a new species. – *Zoology in the Middle East* **67** (3): 247–258.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/09397140.2021.1924420>
- RAJAEI, H. & LÁSZLÓ, G. M. (2014): *Scotopteryx kurmanjiana*, a new species from the Kopet-Dagh Mountains (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **37** (1): 37–42.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/nl.37.7954>
- RAJAEI, H., SHAHREYARI-NEJAD, S. & ESFANDIARI, M. (2019): Description of a new species of *Lithostege* Hübner, 1825 and of the male of *L. samandooki* Rajaei, 2011 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) from Iran. – *Zoology in the Middle East* **65** (4): 367–376.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/09397140.2019.1663880>
- RAJAEI, H., STADIE, D. & HAUSMANN, A. (2017): Taxonomic revision of the genus *Protorhoe* Herbulot, 1951 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae), new taxonomic changes and description of two new species. – *Zootaxa* **4282** (2): 269–291.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4282.2.3>
- RAJAEI, H. & STÜNING, D. (2012): *Scotopteryx kuznetzovi* (Wardikian, 1957) (Lepidoptera, Geometridae), new species for fauna of Iran and Turkey. – *Bonn Zoological Bulletin* **61** (1): 135–139.
- RAJAEI, H. & STÜNING, D. (2013): *Lehmannodes* gen. nov., a new genus of Larentiinae from Turkey and Iran (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Zoologischer Anzeiger* **252** (4): 562–571.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jcz.2012.11.006>
- RAJAEI, H., STÜNING, D. & TRUSCH, R. (2012): Taxonomic revision and zoogeographical patterns of the species of *Gnopharmia* Staudinger, 1892 (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Zootaxa* **3360** (1): 1–52.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3360.1.1>
- RAJAEI, H., STÜNING, D. & VIIDALEPP, J. (2011): A review of the species of *Lithostege* Hübner, [1825] 1816 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae), occurring in Iran and adjacent countries, with description of two new species from Iran and Pakistan. – *Zootaxa* **3105** (1): 1–46.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3105.1.1>
- RAJAEI, H. & XUE, D. (2012): A new species of the genus *Lithostege* (Geometridae: Larentiinae) from China. – *Zootaxa* **3478** (1): 399–402.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3478.1.35>
- RÁKOSY, L., STÜNING, D., STĂNESCU, M. & SOMMERER, M. (2017): The systematic position of *Palaeocrocota ostrtrogovichi* (Caradja, 1930) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Entomologica Romanica* **20**: 63–67.
- RAMOS-GONZÁLEZ, M. I., ZAMORA-MANZUR, C., ROSE-GARRIDO, C. A. & PARRA, L. E. (2018): An updated catalogue of the Geometridae (Lepidoptera: Geometroidea) from Chile. Part I: Archiarinae, Geometrinae and Sterrhinae. – *Gayana* **82** (1): 15–25.  
<https://doi.org/10.4067/S0717-65382018000100015>
- RAMOS-GONZÁLEZ, M. I., ZAMORA-MANZUR, C., SALADRIGAS MENES, D. & PARRA, L. E. (2019): The Trichopterygini (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) of Austral South America: description of new species from Chile. – *ZooKeys* **832**: 91–111.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.832.30851>
- RATZEL, U. (2018): Pug moths (*Eupithecia* Curtis, 1825) of Morocco with description of a new subspecies (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae, Eupitheciini). – *Entomologische Zeitschrift* **128** (4): 205–216.
- REDONDO, V. & GASTÓN, J. (2011): *Selidosema pyrenaearia* (Boisduval, 1840) bona species de la Península Ibérica y actualización de las especies ibéricas de *Selidosema* Hübner, [1823] del grupo *plumaria-brunnearia* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterología* **39** (165): 1–11.
- SATO, R. (2007a): Records and descriptions of the Boarmiini (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Nanling Mts, S. China. Part 4. – *Tinea* **20** (1): 33–34.
- SATO, R. (2007b): Two new species of the genus *Dasyboarmia* Prout (Geometridae, Ennominae) from the Philippines and Java. – *Tinea* **20** (1): 1–5.
- SATO, R. (2007c): The genus *Monocerotesa* Wehrli (Geometridae, Ennominae) in Sumatra, with description of one new species. – *Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan* **58** (3): 371–378.
- SATO, R. (2008a): Two new genera and three new species of the Boarmiini (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Sumatra. – *Tinea* **20** (2): 163–169.
- SATO, R. (2008b): Two new species of the genus *Psilalcis* (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Myanmar. – *Tinea* **20** (4): 209–212.
- SATO, R. (2008c): Notes on *Alcis variegata* (Moore), *A. colorifera* (Prout) (Geometridae, Ennominae), and their allies from the Sunda Islands, with descriptions of two new species. – *Transactions of the Lepidopterological Society of Japan* **59** (2): 171–185.
- SATO, R. (2009): Taxonomic status of *Asthena hamadryas* Inoue (Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *Yugato* **196**: 43–47.
- SATO, R. (2010): A new subspecies of *Myrteta angelica* Butler (Geometridae, Ennominae) from the Ryukyus. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **258**: 192–195.
- SATO, R. (2011): Two new species and one new subspecies of the genus *Hypomecis* Hübner (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Sulawesi and the Philippines. – *Tinea* **21** (5): 245–250.

- SATO, R. (2012a): Corrections of the original spelling for *Chrysoblephara guandongensis* Sato & Wang, 2006, and *Hypomecis exilis minadanalis* Sato, 2011 (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **22** (2): 147.
- SATO, R. (2012b): Descriptions of five new species of the genus *Cleora* Curtis (Geometridae, Ennominae) from the Philippines and Indonesia. – *Tinea* **22** (1): 53–60.
- SATO, R. (2012c): Eight new species of the genera *Hypomecis* Hübner, *Abaciscus* Butler and *Lophobates* Warren (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Southeast Asia. – *Tinea* **22** (2): 135–146.
- SATO, R. (2013): New and unrecorded species of the Boarmiini (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Sumatra, with some taxonomic notes. – *Tinea* **22** (4): 242–252.
- SATO, R. (2014a): *Micromedasina*, a new genus of the Boarmiini (Ennominae, Geometridae), with descriptions of two new species from South East Asia. – *Tinea* **23** (1): 7–83.
- SATO, R. (2014b): Six new species of the genus *Ophthalmitis* (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Southeast Asia and South India, with taxonomic notes on the related species. – *Tinea* **22** (5): 318–330.
- SATO, R. (2015a): Two new species of the genus *Alcis* Curtis (Ennominae, Geometridae) from West Myanmar. – *Tinea* **23** (3): 145–149.
- SATO, R. (2015b): Two new species of the genus *Cleora* Curtis (Ennominae, Geometridae), closely related to *C. repetita* (Butler), from Sumatra and West New Guinea, Indonesia. – *Tinea* **23** (3): 135–141.
- SATO, R. (2016a): Five new species of the genera *Hypomecis* Hübner, *Ophthalmitis* Fletcher and *Phthonosema* Warren (Geometridae, Ennominae) from the Indo-Malayan region. – *Tinea* **23** (5): 241–248.
- SATO, R. (2016b): Taxonomic notes on the genus *Exeliopsis* Prout (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Southeast Asia, with a description of one new species from Indochina. – *Tinea* **23** (4): 199–204.
- SATO, R. (2016c): Three new species of the genus *Chrysoblephara* Holloway (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Southeast Asia, with taxonomic notes on the other congeners. – *Tinea* **23** (4): 226–232.
- SATO, R. (2017a): Taxonomic notes on the genus *Lomaspilis* Hübner (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Japan, with description of a new species. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **282**: 184.
- SATO, R. (2017b): A new name for *Ectropis herbuloti* Sato, 2007 (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **24** (1): 43.
- SATO, R. (2017c): Records of the Boarmiini (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Laos, with descriptions of one new genus and four new species. – *Tinea* **23** (6): 309–330.
- SATO, R. (2017d): Two new species of the genus *Cleora* (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Bacan Is., Maluku in Indonesia, and Vietnam. – *Tinea* **24** (1): 8–11.
- SATO, R. (2018a): A new species of the genus *Ectropis* Huebner (Ennominae, Geometridae) from Japan. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **286**: 257–261.
- SATO, R. (2018b): *Cteropsis*, a new genus of Ennominae (Geometridae), with description of one new species from Sulawesi, Indonesia. – *Tinea* **24** (2): 93–95.
- SATO, R. (2018c): Taxonomic notes on the Boarmiini (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Sulawesi, with descriptions of three new species. – *Tinea* **24** (3): 142–151.
- SATO, R. (2019a): Four new species of the genus *Microcalicha* Sato (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Southeast Asia, with some taxonomic notes. – *Tinea* **25** (1): 70–74.
- SATO, R. (2019b): Revisional study on the genus *Prochasma* Warren (Geometridae, Ennominae), with descriptions of two new species. – *Tinea* **25** (1): 138–149.
- SATO, R. (2020a): Geometridae. – In: KISHIDA, Y. (ed.): *Moths of Laos*. Part 1., 224 pp. – *Tinea* **25** (Supplement 2).
- SATO, R. (2020b): Three new species of the genera *Parectropis* Sato and *Myrioblephara* Warren (Geometridae, Ennominae, Boarmiini) from Myanmar. – *Tinea* **25** (3): 173–178.
- SATO, R. (2021): Two new species of the genus *Menophra* from Taiwan, South China and Vietnam (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **25** (4): 208–212.
- SATO, R. & BELJAEV, E. A. (2009): *Cabera insulata* Inoue, a distinct species, separated from *C. exanthemata* (Scopoli) (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **20** (5): 299–306.
- SATO, R. & FU, C. M. (2010): Two new species of the Boarmiini (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Taiwan. – *Tinea* **21** (3): 122–128.
- SATO, R. & FUKUDA, T. (2014): Taxonomic notes on the genus *Doroptera* (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Japan and Taiwan. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **270**: 493–498.
- SATO, R. & MASUI, T. (2012): A new species of the genus *Synegia* Guenee (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Japan. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **265**: 365–368.
- SATO, R. & MIN, W. (2008): Notes on *Alcis semialba* (Moore) (Geometridae, Ennominae) and its allies from Southeast Asia, with descriptions of three new species. – *Tinea* **20** (4): 201–208.
- SATO, R. & MIN, W. (2016): Records and descriptions of the Boarmiini (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Nanling Mts, S. China (Part 5). – *Tinea* **23** (5): 257–269.
- SATO, R. & NISHIZAWA, M. (2020): A new species of the genus *Chiasmia* Hübner (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Japan. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **291**: 401–403.
- SATO, R. & NOZAKI, A. (2015): A new species of the genus *Bizia* Walker (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Japan. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **273**: 579–584.
- SATO, R. & STÜNING, D. (2013): Eleven new species of the genera *Ectropidia* Warren and *Myrioblephara* Warren (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Sulawesi and Maluku in Indonesia, with additional notes on species described earlier. – *Tinea* **22** (3): 190–213.
- SATO, R. & STÜNING, D. (2014): Review of the genus *Yazakia* Sato (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Sulawesi, with descriptions of six new species. – *Tinea* **23** (1): 65–77.
- SATO, R., STÜNING, D. & FU, C. M. (2011a): Review of the Taiwanese species of the genus *Xerodes* Guenee, [1858] (Geometridae, Ennominae), with taxonomic notes on the congeners from adjacent areas. – *Tinea* **21** (4): 219–237.

- SATO, R., STÜNING, D. & FU, C. M. (2011b): The genus *Descoreba* Butler (Geometridae, Ennominae) from Taiwan, with descriptions of two new species. – *Tinea* **21** (5): 280–287.
- SCALERCIO, S., INFUSINO, M. & HAUSMANN, A. (2016): *Nothocasis rosariae* sp. n., a new sylvicolous, montane species from southern Europe (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *Zootaxa* **4161** (2): 177–192.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4161.2.2>
- SCHAARSCHMIDT, M. (2012): Eine neue Art der Gattung *Milionia* Walker, 1854 von Taliabu, Indonesien (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Arthropoda Scientia* **2**: 8–13.
- SCHAARSCHMIDT, M. (2014): Die Gattung *Eubordeta* Rothschild, 1904 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae Ennominae). – *Neue Entomologische Nachrichten* **69**: 214–237.
- SCHAARSCHMIDT, M. & BRECHLIN, R. (2010): Eine neue Art der Gattung *Milionia* Walker, 1854 von Lombok, Indonesien (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Entomo-Satsphingia* **3** (4): 50–51.
- SCHMIDT, O. (2009): Taxonomic notes on the genus *Visiana* Swinhoe, with description of a new species from northern India (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *Spixiana* **32** (1): 111–116.
- SCHMIDT, O. (2013): Review of the species of *Visiana* Swinhoe from the Papua New Guinea region (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae). – *Zootaxa* **3693** (2): 189–199.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3693.2.5>
- SCHMIDT, O. (2015): The genus *Visiana* Swinhoe (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae) in Australia: resurrection of two species from synonymy. – *Zootaxa* **4021** (4): 501–514.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4021.4.1>
- SCHMIDT, O. (2018): Contribution to the knowledge of the genus *Visiana* Swinhoe (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae), with the description of two new species from Indonesia. – *Zootaxa* **4369** (1): 137–143.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4369.1.8>
- SCHMIDT, O. (2020): Australasian genus *Crasilogia* Warren (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae). – *Zootaxa* **4729** (4): 519–537.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4729.4.4>
- SCHMIDT, O. & TAUTEL, C. (2022): Notes on the Indo-Australian genus *Ziridava* Walker (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae), with description of two new species. – *Zootaxa* **5100** (1): 105–118.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.5100.1.5>
- SCIARRETTA, A. & HAUSMANN, A. (2020): The Geometridae of Ethiopia III: genus *Zamarada* (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae, Cassymini). – *Zootaxa* **4894** (3): 301–328.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4894.3.1>
- SEVEN, E. (2015): *Ramitia kufrana* sp. n., a new species from Turkey (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Journal of the Kansas Entomological Society* **88** (4): 430–433.  
<https://doi.org/10.2317/0022-8567-88.4.430>
- SEVEN, E., HAUSMANN, A. & AYKAL, A. (2021): Redescription of the little-known geometrid moth *Perigune jordanaria* (Staudinger, 1901), with description of a new subspecies (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Zoology in the Middle East* **67** (1): 65–72.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/09397140.2021.1883657>
- SEVEN, E., MIRONOV, V. & AKIN, K. (2019): A new species of *Eupithecia* Curtis (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Larentiinae) from Turkey. – *Zootaxa* **4668** (3): 443–447.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4668.3.9>
- SIHVONEN, P., SKOU, P., FLAMIGNI, C., FIUMI, G. & HAUSMANN, A. (2014): Revision of the *Hylaea fasciaria* (Linnaeus, 1758) species group in the western Palaearctic (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Zootaxa* **3768** (4): 469–486.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3768.4.5>
- SIHVONEN, P. & STAUDE, H. (2010): Revision of *Isoplenodia* Prout, 1932 with new records from continental Africa (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Sterrhinae). – *Zootaxa* **2453** (1): 25–41.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2453.1.2>
- SIHVONEN, P., STAUDE, H. S. & MUTANEN, M. (2015): Systematic position of the enigmatic African cycad moths: an integrative approach to a nearly century old problem (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Diptychini). – *Systematic Entomology* **40** (3): 606–627.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/syen.12125>
- SIRCOULOMB, G. (2008): Une nouvelle espèce de *Zamarada* du Gabon, du groupe “pristis” (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Entomologia Africana* **13** (1): 33–42.
- SIRCOULOMB, G. (2009): *Chiasmia gueyei* n. sp., une nouvelle espèce afrotropicale (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Entomologia Africana* **14** (1): 54–58.
- SIRCOULOMB, G. (2013): Les Geometridae du Parc national de Dzanga Ndoki (R.C.A): inventaire et description d’une nouvelle espèce du genre *Microlyces* Herbulot, 1981 (Lepidoptera) (1ère contribution). – *Entomologia Africana* **18** (1): 29–36.
- SIRCOULOMB, G. (2014): Les Geometridae du Parc national de Dzanga Ndoki (R.C.A): suite de l’inventaire et description d’une nouvelle espèce de *Cleora* Curtis, 1825 (Lepidoptera) (2de contribution). – *Entomologia Africana* **19** (1): 26–32.
- SIRCOULOMB, G. (2015): Description de deux nouvelles espèces de *Chiasmia* d’Afrique de l’Ouest (Lepidoptera Geometridae Ennominae). – *Antenor* **2** (1): 135–141.
- SIRCOULOMB, G. (2017): Les Geometridae du Parc national de Dzanga Ndoki (R.C.A): note corrective. – *Entomologia Africana* **22** (2): 13–14.
- SKOU, P., MIRONOV, V. & RIETZ, H. (2017a): *Eupithecia gypsophilata*, a new species in the *graphata* species group of the genus *Eupithecia* Curtis (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *Zootaxa* **4272** (2): 291–295.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4272.2.10>

- SKOU, P. & SIHVONEN, P. (2015): The Geometrid Moths of Europe. Volume 5. Subfamily Ennominae I (Abraxini, Apeirini, Bapini, Caberini, Campaeni, Cassymini, Colotoini, Ennomini, Epionini, Gnophini (part), Hypochrosini, Lithinini, Macariini, Proso-polophini, Theriini and 34 species of uncertain tribus association), 657 pp. – In: HAUSMANN, A. (ed.): The Geometrid Moths of Europe; Leiden (Brill).  
<https://doi.org/10.1163/9789004265738>
- SKOU, P., STÜNING, D. & SIHVONEN, P. (2017b): Revision of the West-Mediterranean geometrid genus *Ekboarmia*, with description of a new species from Portugal (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **40** (1): 39–63.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/nl.40.10440>
- SMETACEK, P. (2004): Description of new Lepidoptera from the Kumaon Himalaya. – *Journal of the Bombay Natural History Society* **101**: 269–276.
- SOMMERER, M. & HAUSMANN, A. (2020): *Hyposidra avosettaria* n. sp., a striking novelty from Mindanao (Lepidoptera Geometridae Ennominae). – *Antenor* **7** (1): 5–10.
- SOMMERER, M., STÜNING, D. & TAUTEL, C. (2015): *Lophophelma tanatoraja* spec. nov., a new geometrid moth from Sulawesi near *Lophophelma luteipes* Felder & Rogenhofer, 1875 (Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Tinea* **23** (2): 108–114.
- SOMMERER, M. & TAUTEL, C. (2020): New species of *Microplutodes* Holloway, 1994, from Wallacea (Lepidoptera, Geometridae Ennominae). – *Antenor* **7** (2): 150–163.
- SOMMERER, M. & TAUTEL, C. (2021): *Sternitoratodes* – a new genus in the *Pelagodes* group of Emerald Moths (Geometridae, Geometrinae), with description of the new species *St. echinus* from Luzon (Philippines). – *Tinea* **26** (1): 55–59.
- SOOD, R., ROSE, H. S. & PATHANIA, P. C. (2009): A new species of the genus *Zamarada* Moore (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) from Shivaliks in Punjab, India. – *Journal of Threatened Taxa* **1** (4): 236–237.  
<https://doi.org/10.11609/JoTT.ol584.236-7>
- STADIE, D. & FIEBIG, R. (2014): Taxonomic notes on the morphology, ecology and distribution of the *Crocallis elinguaris* (Linnaeus, 1758) species lineage of Asia Minor and the eastern adjacent territories with description of five new species and one new subspecies (Lep. Geometridae). – *Esperiana* **19**: 225–254.
- STADIE, D., FIEBIG, R. & RAJAEI, H. (2022): Taxonomic review of the genus *Hydria* Hübner, 1822 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae) in the Middle East, with description of three new species and one new subspecies. – *Zootaxa* **5092** (5): 501–530.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.5092.5.1>
- STADIE, D., HAUSMANN, A. & RAJAEI, H. (2014): *Cataclysmes subtilisparsata* Wehrli, 1932 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae) recognized as bona species – an integrative approach. – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **37** (2): 141–150.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/nl.37.7681>
- STADIE, D. & LEHMANN, L. (2012): On the winter and spring aspect of the Macrolepidoptera fauna of Jordan with remarks on the biology of some species (Lepidoptera: Tineoidea, Cossoidea, Bombycoidea, Papilionoidea, Geometroidea, Noctuoidea). – *Mitteilungen der Münchner Entomologischen Gesellschaft* **102**: 65–93.
- STAUDE, H., BAYLISS, J. & SIHVONEN, P. (2011): The Mulanje tiger moth *Callioratis grandis* Prout, 1922, new status, a critically endangered species from Malawi (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Diptychinae). – *Metamorphosis* **22** (2): 49–64.
- STAUDE, H. S. & SIHVONEN, P. (2014): Revision of the African geometrid genus *Zerenopsis* C. & R. Felder – moths with peculiar life histories and mating behaviours (Geometridae: Ennominae: Diptychini). – *Metamorphosis* **25**: 11–55.
- STEPHENS, A. E. A., GIBBS, G. W. & PATRICK, B. H. (2007): Three new species in the *Pseudocoremia modica* (Philpott, 1921) complex (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae) and their evolutionary relationships. – *New Zealand Entomologist* **30** (1): 71–78.  
<https://doi.org/10.1080/00779962.2007.9722153>
- STÜNING, D. (2010): Two new species of the *Plutodes costatus*-group from the Philippines and Indonesia (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Bonn Zoological Bulletin* **57** (1): 75–83.
- STÜNING, D. (2013): Two new species of *Plutodes* Guenee [1858] from the Philippines and Indonesia (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **22** (4): 253–261.
- STÜNING, D. (2018): Two new species of *Psilalcis* Warren from Thailand and China, mimicking members of *Abraxas* Leach (Geometridae, Ennominae, Boarmiini). – *Tinea* **24** (3): 187–197.
- STÜNING, D. (2019): New species and subspecies of *Bracca* Hübner from Luzon and Mindoro, the Philippines (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **24** (4): 310–323.
- STÜNING, D. & FU, C. M. (2019): Notes on *Gandaritis* Moore, 1868, with description of two new taxa from Taiwan and N. Vietnam (Lepidoptera, Geometridae: Larentiinae). – *Tinea* **25** (1): 170–183.
- STÜNING, D., HAFRIANI, R. & FAHRI, F. (2017): Three new species of the genus *Bracca* Hübner (Geometridae, Ennominae, Boarmiini) from Sulawesi, with notes on the already described species. – *Tinea* **24** (1): 46–62.
- STÜNING, D. & LÁSZLÓ, G. (2015): *Mohacolora* gen. n., a new genus of Ennominae (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from South-East Asia, with description of a new species. – *Zootaxa* **3914** (2): 195–200.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3914.2.9>
- STÜNING, D. & WALIA, V. K. (2009): The genus *Astygisa* Walker, 1864 in India, with description of a new species from Western Himalaya (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **21** (1): 9–22.
- STÜNING, D. & YAZAKI, K. (2008): Three new species of the genus *Timandromorpha* Inoue, 1944 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae) from Southeast Asia. – *Tinea* **20** (4): 253–263.
- SULLIVAN, J. B. (2010): New species of the Neotropical genus *Camptonema* Jones (Geometridae, Ennominae) with the first description of the female. – *ZooKeys* **39**: 263–272.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.39.433>

- SULLIVAN, J. B. (2011): Two new species of the *Hagnagora anicata* complex (Geometridae, Larentiinae) from Costa Rica. – *ZooKeys* **149**: 17–29.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.149.2345>
- SULLIVAN, J. B. & CHACÓN, I. (2011): The genus *Neotherina* Dognin (Geometridae, Ennominae) in Costa Rica. – *ZooKeys* **149**: 39–49.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.149.2346>
- TAUTEL, C. (2014a): Deux nouveaux *Tanaorhinus* pour la Wallacea (Lepidoptera Geometridae Geometrinae). – *Antenor* **1** (2): 191–198.
- TAUTEL, C. (2014b): Nouvelles espèces des Philippines pour les genres *Problepsis*, *Celenna*, *Craspedosis* et *Cleora* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de France* **119** (4): 511–520.  
<https://doi.org/10.3406/bsef.2014.2434>
- TAUTEL, C. (2015a): Nouveaux Geometridae des Philippines des genres *Comostola*, *Ornithospila* et *Maxates* (Lepidoptera Geometridae Geometrinae). – *Antenor* **2** (1): 122–134.
- TAUTEL, C. (2015b): Un nouveau *Tephronia*, *Tephronia tonnara* n. sp. (Lep. Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Oreina* **30**: 21–25.
- TAUTEL, C. (2016a): Géomètres rapportées du Laos par François Fournier: mission « Canopée 2012 » et description d'une nouvelle espèce (Lepidoptera Geometridae Geometrinae, Sterrhinae, Larentiinae et Ennominae). – *Antenor* **3** (2): 153–160.
- TAUTEL, C. (2016b): Nouvelles espèces de Géomètres du Cambodge et des Philippines (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de France* **121** (4): 491–506.  
<https://doi.org/10.3406/bsef.2016.2786>
- TAUTEL, C. (2018): Description de trois nouvelles espèces de Boarmiini de la Wallacea (Lepidoptera geometridae Ennominae). – *Antenor* **5** (1): 84–88.
- TAUTEL, C. (2019a): Nouvelles espèces autour du genre *Sauris* Guenée des Philippines (Lepidoptera Geometridae Larentiinae). – *Antenor* **6** (1): 1–8.
- TAUTEL, C. (2019b): Nouvelles espèces autour du genre *Sauris* Guenée des Philippines (Lepidoptera Geometridae Larentiinae). – *Antenor* **6** (1): 57–64.
- TAUTEL, C. (2019c): Nouvelles espèces autour du genre *Sauris* Guenée et de la tribu des Trichopterygini (Lepidoptera Geometridae Larentiinae). – *Antenor* **6** (2): 134–140.
- TAUTEL, C. (2020a): Nouvelles espèces du genre *Achrosis* Guenée de l'Asie du Sud-Est. – *Antenor* **7** (1): 5–10.
- TAUTEL, C. (2020b): Une nouvelle espèce du genre *Abraxas* des Philippines (Lepidoptera Geometridae Ennominae). – *Antenor* **7** (2): 147–149.
- TAUTEL, C. (2021): Nouvelles espèces de Thalassodes et des genres voisins de Nouvelle-Guinée, Wallacea et Philippines (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de France* **126** (1): 25–37.  
[https://doi.org/10.32475/bsef\\_2145](https://doi.org/10.32475/bsef_2145)
- TAUTEL, C. (2021): Six nouvelles espèces de Larentiinae des Philippines (Lepidoptera Geometridae Larentiinae Trichopterygini et Eupitheciini). – *Antenor* **8** (1): 87–95.
- TAUTEL, C. & BARRION-DUPO, A. L. (2017): Nouvelles espèces de Geometrinae des Philippines dans les genres *Comostola* et *Albinospila* (Lepidoptera Geometridae Geometrinae). – *Antenor* **4** (2): 141–146.
- TAUTEL, C. & BILLI, F. (2006): Découverte en France d'une nouvelle espèce du genre *Dyscia* (Hübner, 1825) (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Bulletin de la Société Entomologique de France* **111** (4): 525–527.  
<https://doi.org/10.3406/bsef.2006.16368>
- TAUTEL, C., BILLI, F. & LÉVÊQUE, A. (2009): Description d'un nouveau taxon européen du genre *Thera*: *Thera firmata tyrrhenica* Tautel & Billi, 2009, n. ssp. (Lep. Geometridae Larentiinae). – *Oreina* **6**: 20–24.
- TAUTEL, C., COLOMB, C. & VIEHMANN, J. (2016): *Afriberina tenietaria* (Staudinger, 1900) en France (Lepidoptera Geometridae Ennominae). – *Alexanor* **27**: 339–345.
- TAUTEL, C. & LÉVÊQUE, A. (2013): Un nouvel *Idaea* Treitschke, 1825, du groupe *typicata*: *I. barbuti* nov. sp. (Lepidoptera Geometridae Sterrhinae Sterrhini). – *Alexanor* **25**: 361–384.
- TRUSCH, R. & HAUSMANN, A. (2007): A new species of the genus *Rhodostrophia* Hübner, 1823 from Iran (Geometridae: Sterrhinae). – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **30** (1): 7–16.
- TRUUVVERK, A., ÖUNAP, E. & TAMMARU, T. (2017): *Epirrita pulchra* (Taylor, 1907) transferred to *Malacodea*, with notes on the phylogeny and ecology of the tribe Operophterini (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae). – *Zootaxa* **4258** (2): 145–156.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4258.2.4>
- TSVETKOV, E. V. (2012): Materials on the geometrid moth fauna of the Northern Caucasus with description of *Entephria cyanata alanica* ssp. n. (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Caucasian Entomological Bulletin* **8** (1): 153–154.  
<https://doi.org/10.23885/1814-3326-2012-8-1-153-154>
- TUUBA, F., HAUSMANN, A. & SCIARRETTA, A. (2020): Revision of the *Orbamia* Herbulot, 1966 group of genera with description of two new genera, ten new species, and two new subspecies (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae, Cassymini). – *ZooKeys* **929**: 53–77.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.929.50391>
- VALLHONRAT, F. (2012): *Peribatodes ebusaria* sp. nov. Una nova espècie trobada a l'illa d'Eivissa (Balears) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Butlletí Societat Catalana de Lepidopterologia* **103**: 33–39.
- VARGAS, H. A. (2007a): Una nueva especie de *Pero* Herrich-Schäffer (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) del Norte de Chile. – *Neotropical Entomology* **36** (4): 529–531.  
<https://doi.org/10.1590/S1519-566X2007000400008>
- VARGAS, H. A. (2007b): Dos nuevas especies de *Iridopsis* Warren (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) del norte de Chile. – *Revista Brasileira de Entomologia* **51** (2): 138–141.  
<https://doi.org/10.1590/S0085-56262007000200003>

- VARGAS, H. A. (2008): A new species of *Cosmophyga* Dognin (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from northern Chile. – *Revista Brasileira de Entomologia* **52** (3): 362–364.  
<https://doi.org/10.1590/S0085-56262008000300009>
- VARGAS, H. A. (2010): A new species of *Glena* Hulst (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from northern Chile. – *Revista Brasileira de Entomologia* **54** (1): 42–44.  
<https://doi.org/10.1590/S0085-56262010000100005>
- VARGAS, H. A. (2021a): *Iridopsis socoromaensis* sp. n., a geometrid moth (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from the Andes of northern Chile. – *Biodiversity Data Journal* **9**: e61592.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.9.e61592>
- VARGAS, H. A. (2021b): A new species of *Eupithecia* Curtis (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from the Andes of northern Chile. – *Nota Lepidopterologica* **44**: 239–247.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/nl.44.73247>
- VARGAS, H. A., HAUSMANN, A. & PARRA, L. E. (2020): A new species of *Macaria* Curtis (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae) from the Andes of northern Chile. – *Revista Brasileira de Entomologia* **64** (2): 1–6.  
<https://doi.org/10.1590/1806-9665-rbent-2020-0016>
- VASILENKO, V. S. (2016): A new species of the genus *Xanthorhoe* Hübner, 1825 ('1816') (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from Taimyr peninsula, Russia. – *Evrziatskii Entomologicheskii Zhurnal* **15** (5): 412–415.
- VASILENKO, V. S. (2018): Three new species of the *Scotapteryx burgaria* (Eversmann, 1843) species group (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from Siberia and Kazakhstan. – *Evrziatskii Entomologicheskii Zhurnal* **17** (5): 378–385.  
<https://doi.org/10.15298/euroasentj.17.5.12>
- VASILENKO, V. S. & BELJAEV, E. A. (2017): Review of geometrid moths of the *Xanthorhoe incurсата* (Hübner, 1813 ["1796"]) group (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae) from the Asian part of Russia, with description of a new species. – *Entomological Review* **97**: 911–925.  
<https://doi.org/10.1134/S0013873817080152>
- VASILENKO, V. S. & IVONIN, V. V. (2020): New and interesting records of geometrid moths (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from Novosibirskaya Oblast, Russia. – *Euroasian Entomological Journal* **19** (2): 62–66.  
<https://doi.org/10.15298/euroasentj.19.2.02>
- VASILENKO, V. S. (2006): New records of geometer-moths (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from West Mongolia. – *Euroasian Entomological Journal* **5** (4): 344–36.
- VASILENKO, V. S. (2007a): A new species of the genus *Xanthorhoe* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae) from the Urals and Western Siberia. – *Entomological Review* **87** (7): 920–922.  
<https://doi.org/10.1134/S0013873807070147>
- VASILENKO, V. S. (2007b): *Idaea pseudoaversata*, a new species of geometrids (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from the Southeastern Asian part of Russia. – *Entomological Review* **86** (7): 1–3.  
<https://doi.org/10.1134/S0013873807070159>
- VASILENKO, V. S. (2007c): New species of geometer-moths of the genus *Earophila* Gump (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from Transbaikalia and Primorye. – *Euroasian Entomological Journal* **6** (3): 319–321.
- VASILENKO, V. S. (2009): *Xanthorhoe dudkoi* sp. n., a new species of geometrids (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from the high mountains of Southeastern Altai. – *Zoologicheskii Zhurnal* **88** (3): 378–381.  
<https://doi.org/10.1134/S0013873809010187>
- VIDAL, E. H. F. (2016): *Selidosema brunnearia* (Villers, 1789) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Ennominae) en Galicia (España, N.O. Península Ibérica), con la descripción de una nueva subespecie. – *Archivos Entomológicos* **15**: 91–105.
- VIIDALEPP, J. (1976): On the fauna of geometrid moths (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) of the Mongolian People's Republic. – *Insects of Mongolia* (1975) **3**: 438–490.
- VIIDALEPP, J. (2003): Three different problems with *Thera firmata* (Hübner, [1822]). – In: XXVI Nordic-Baltic Congress of Entomology (Skalupes, Latvia). Abstract volume, pp. 39–40.
- VIIDALEPP, J. (2008): *Catarhoe mazeli* sp. n., a new west-mediterranean moth species (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *R.A.R.E. (Association Roussillonnaise d'Entomologie)* **17** (2): 41–48.
- VIIDALEPP, J. (2009a): *Cataclysmo dissimilata* Rambur bona sp. and *Camptogramma scripturata* comb. nov., with comments on genus *Euphyia* Hübner s.l. (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *R.A.R.E. (Association Roussillonnaise d'Entomologie)* **18** (1): 28–36.
- VIIDALEPP, J. (2009b): Revision of the genus *Pyrochlora* Warren, 1895 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **1989** (1): 55–65.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.1989.1.4>
- VIIDALEPP, J. (2011): *Rhopalodes lecorrei*, a new moth species from French Guiana (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae: Trichopterygini). – *Estonian Journal of Ecology* **60** (4): 321–327.  
<https://doi.org/10.3176/eco.2011.4.05>
- VIIDALEPP, J. & KOSTJUK, I. (2005): *Pljushichia prima*, new moth genus and species from Tadjikistan (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *European Journal of Entomology* **102** (4): 777–785.  
<https://doi.org/10.14411/eje.2005.105>
- VIIDALEPP, J. & KOSTJUK, I. (2020): *Rhodostrophia crypta*, a new species from Middle Asia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Biodiversity Data Journal* **8**: e52462.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.8.e52462>
- VIIDALEPP, J. & KOSTJUK, I. (2021): Taxonomic notes on two endemic geometrine genera from Middle Asia (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **5052** (1): 137–144.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.5052.1.9>

- VIIDALEPP, J. & LINDT, A. (2010): A new *Rhanidopsis* West, 1930 from the Malay Peninsula (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia **38** (149): 97–106.
- VIIDALEPP, J. & LINDT, A. (2012): A review of continental species of *Phrudocentra* Warren, 1895 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia **40** (158): 171–190.
- VIIDALEPP, J. & LINDT, A. (2017): Two new species of *Tachyphyle* Butler, 1881 from South America (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – SHILAP Revista de Lepidopterologia **45** (179): 521–528.
- VIIDALEPP, J. & LINDT, A. (2019a): A new Neotropical emerald moth genus based on some unusual “artefacts” (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – Zootaxa **4691** (2): 181–187.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4691.2.8>
- VIIDALEPP, J. & LINDT, A. (2019b): Description of a new species of the *Lissochlora albociliaria* species group (Lepidoptera: Geometridae, Geometrinae). – Zootaxa **4668** (3): 448–450.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4668.3.10>
- VIIDALEPP, J., LINDT, A. & HAN, H. (2012): *Pelagodes cancriformis*, a new emerald moth species from the north of Thailand, Laos and southern China (Lepidoptera, Geometridae: Geometrinae). – Zootaxa **3478** (1): 429–433.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3478.1.38>
- VIIDALEPP, J., MAES, J. M. & VIIDALEPP, T. (2010): To the knowledge of geometrid moths of Nicaragua (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – Revista Nicaraguense de Entomología **70** (3): 1–69.
- VIIDALEPP, J. & MIRONOV, V. (2006): *Pasiphila hyrcanica* sp. n. (Geometridae, Larentiinae) – a new species from Azerbaijan and Iran. – Nota Lepidopterologica **28** (3/4): 193–201.
- VIIDALEPP, J. & LINDT, A. (2014): *Haruchlora maesi*, a new emerald moth genus and species from Mesoamerica (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – Zootaxa **3869** (2): 165–170.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.3869.2.6>
- VIIDALEPP, J., LINDT, A. & KURINA, O. (2022): *Pljushtchia argoi* sp. n., a new geometrid moth from the Western Tien Shan Mountains (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). – Biodiversity Data Journal **10**: e82353.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/BDJ.10.e82353>
- VIIDALEPP, J. & STÜNING, D. (2022): *Sogdiana* gen. nov., a new floricomous genus from Central Asia (Geometridae, Ennominae). – Tinea **26** (2): 170–176.
- WALIA, V. K. & SHARANPREET (2014a): A new species of genus *Zamarada* Moore, along with comments on status of hind tibiae in male, labial palpi and antennae (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – Journal of Applied Bioscience **40** (2): 110–112.
- WALIA, V. K. & SHARANPREET (2014b): A new species of the genus *Zamarada* Moore from Imphal (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – Journal of Applied Bioscience **40** (2): 121–123.
- WANKE, D., HAUSMANN, A., KROGMANN, L., PETRÁNYI, G. & RAJAEI, H. (2020a): Taxonomic revision of the genus *Nychiodes* Lederer, 1853 (Geometridae: Ennominae: Boarmiini) with description of three new species—an integrative approach. – Zootaxa **4812** (1): 1–61.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4812.1.1>
- WANKE, D., HAUSMANN, A. & RAJAEI, H. (2019): An integrative taxonomic revision of the genus *Triphosa* Stephens, 1829 (Geometridae, Larentiinae) in Middle East and Central Asia, with description of two new species. – Zootaxa **4603** (1): 39–65.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4603.1.2>
- WANKE, D., HAUSMANN, A., SIHVONEN, P., KROGMANN, L. & RAJAEI, H. (2020b): Integrative taxonomic review of the genus *Synopsisia* Hübner, 1825 in the Middle East (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – Zootaxa **4885** (1): 27–50.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4885.1.2>
- WANKE, D., KROGMANN, L., MURILLO-RAMOS, L., SIHVONEN, P. & RAJAEI, H. (2021): Systematics of *Problepsis wiltshirei* (Prout, 1938), comb. nov. (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Sterrhinae) – an endemic species to the Zagros Mountains in the Middle East. – Nota Lepidopterologica **44**: 175–192.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/nl.44.67345>
- WANKE, D., FEIZPOUR, S., HAUSMANN, A., VIIDALEPP, J., & RAJAEI, H. (2022): Taxonomy and systematics of the enigmatic emerald moth *Xenochlorodes graminaria* (Kollar, 1850) (Lepidoptera: Geometridae), and its assignment to a new genus. – Integrative Systematics **5** (1): 61–71.  
<https://doi.org/10.18476/2022.857803>
- WEIDLICH, M. (2008): Beitrag zur Lepidopteren-Fauna des Notia Pindos (Tringia Massiv, Lakmos-Gebirge und Athamano-Gebirge) in Griechenland mit Beschreibung von zwei neuen Arten sowie Angaben zur Köcherfliegen- (Trichoptera) und Schnakenfauna (Diptera: Tipulidae). – Entomofauna **29** (27): 469–504.
- WEISERT, F. (2005a): Eine neue Art für Europa: *Eupithecia andrea* sp.n. (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae). – Zeitschrift der Arbeitsgemeinschaft Österreichischer Entomologen **57**: 47–49.
- WEISERT, F. (2005b): Eine neue Sterrhinae von den Kanarischen Inseln: *Idaea curvata* sp.n. (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – Zeitschrift der Arbeitsgemeinschaft Österreichischer Entomologen **57**: 107–110.
- WEISERT, F. (2009): Neue iranische Geometriden aus der Unterfamilie Ennominae (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – Zeitschrift der Arbeitsgemeinschaft Österreichischer Entomologen **61**: 123–128.
- WU, C. H., H. & XUE, D. (2008): A study on the genus *Glaucorhoe*, with descriptions of two new species from China (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae). – Zootaxa **1858** (1): 53–63.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.1858.1.4>
- WU, S., FU, C. M. & NAKAJIMA, H. (2014): *Trichopterigia yazakii* sp. nov., a Larentiine moth endemic to Taiwan (Geometridae). – Tinea **22** (5): 293–295.
- WU, S. (2018a): Further study on the genus *Lomographa* Hübner of Taiwan with descriptions of three new species (Geometridae: Ennominae). – Tinea **24** (2): 86–92.



- WU, S. (2018b): Discovery of the genus *Pseudepione* Inoue, 1943 in Taiwan, with description of a new species (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Zootaxa* **4486** (1): 096–100.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4486.1.10>
- WU, S. (2019): Description of a new species of *Hemistola* Warren, 1893 from China (Geometridae: Geometrinae). – *Tinea* **25** (1): 6–9.
- WU, S. & CHANG, W. C. (2013): *Triphosa taiwana* sp. nov., a new species endemic to Taiwan (Geometridae, Larentiinae). – *Tinea* **22** (4): 263–265.
- WU, S. & CHANG, W. C. (2018): Revising the generic characters of *Lobogonodes* Bastelberger, 1909, with description of a new species from Taiwan (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Larentiinae). – *Zootaxa* **4433** (3): 434–444.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4433.3.2>
- WU, S., SATO, R. & WANG, M. (2014): Elucidating the taxonomic problems surrounding *Amblychia sauteri* (Prout, 1914) with descriptions of two new species from S. China and Taiwan (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **23** (1): 10–18.
- WU, S. & XIE, Z. B. (2019): On the clarification of the species identity of *Peratophyga* Warren, 1894 of Taiwan, with description of a new subspecies (Lepidoptera: Geometridae: Ennominae). – *Tinea* **24** (4): 226–232.
- XIAN, C., PAN, Z., HAN, H. (2022): A new species of the genus *Chloroglyphica* Warren, 1894 (Lepidoptera, Geometroidea, Geometridae) from China. – *Zootaxa* **5094** (1): 196–200.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.5094.1.9>
- XIANG, L., XUE, D., WANG, W. & HAN, H. (2017): A review of *Euryobeidia* Fletcher, 1979 (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae), with description of three new species. – *Zootaxa* **4317** (2): 370–378.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4317.2.11>
- XUE, D., CUI, L. & JIANG, N. (2018): A review of *Problepsis* Lederer, 1853 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae) from China, with description of two new species. – *Zootaxa* **4392** (1): 101–127.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4392.1.5>
- XUE, D., SHI, D. M., XING, H. H., HAN, H. X. & LI, G. H. (2006): A study on the genus *Desertobia* Viidalepp, with description of a new species (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Acta Zootaxonomica Sinica* **31** (1): 198–199.
- XUE, D., WANG, X. & HAN, H. (2009): A revision of *Episothalma* Swinhoe, 1893, with descriptions of two new species and one new genus (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Zootaxa* **2033** (1): 12–25.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.2033.1.2>
- XUE, D.Y. & ZHU, H.F. (1999): *Fauna Sinica Insecta* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Larentiinae). Volume 15, 1090 pp.; Beijing (Science Press).
- YAZAKI, K. (2012a): A new species of *Ecliptopera* from Sulawesi (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **22** (2): 125–127.
- YAZAKI, K. (2012b): Five new species of Gonodontini from SE Asia (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **22** (2): 128–134.
- YAZAKI, K. (2012c): Two new species of *Peratophyga* from Sulawesi and the Philippines (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **22** (2): 100–102.
- YAZAKI, K. (2014): A new species of *Glaucoclystis* (Geometridae, Larentiinae) from Iriomote-jima Is., Japan. – *Japan Heterocerists' Journal* **271**: 521–523.
- YAZAKI, K. (2018a): A new species of the genus *Zamarada* Moore from Vietnam (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **24** (2): 126–129.
- YAZAKI, K. (2018b): A review of the genus *Hypochrosis* Guenee from the Philippines (Geometridae, Ennominae), with descriptions of eight new species. – *Tinea* **24** (2): 96–108.
- YAZAKI, K. (2019a): A new species of *Ozola* from E. Asia (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Tinea* **25** (1): 10–13.
- YAZAKI, K. (2019b): A new species of the genus *Chlorodontopera* from Vietnam (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Tinea* **24** (4): 301–303.
- YAZAKI, K. (2019c): A new species of the genus *Sarcinodes* from the Philippines (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Oenochrominae). – *Tinea* **24** (4): 292–294.
- YAZAKI, K. (2019d): Three new species of the genus *Pingasa* Moore from the Oriental Region (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Tinea* **25** (Supplement 1): 161–169.
- YAZAKI, K. (2020a): Geometridae. – In: KISHIDA, Y. (ed.): *Moths of Laos*. Part 1, 224 pp. – *Tinea* **25** (Supplement 2).
- YAZAKI, K. (2020b): A new species of the genus *Luxiaria* from the Philippines (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Tinea* **25** (2): 116–118.
- YAZAKI, K. (2020c): Three new species of the genus *Achrosis* Guenee from the Philippines (Geometridae, Ennominae). – *Tinea* **25** (2): 128–134.
- YAZAKI, K. & TANABE, T. (2019): A new species of the genus *Milionia* from Lombok I., Indonesia (Lepidoptera, Geometridae). – *Tinea* **25** (1): 61–63.
- YAZAKI, K. & WANG, M. (2018): Notes on geometrid moths (Lepidoptera, Geometridae) from Nanling Mts, S. China (IV). – *Tinea* **24** (3): 164–186.
- YU, T. & JIA, C. (2018): A new species of *Lophophelma* Prout, 1912 from China (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae). – *Tinea* **24** (3): 161–163.
- YU, T. & WANG. (2020): A new species of the genus *Sarcinodes* Guenée. – *Zootaxa* **4779** (4): 553–562.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4779.4.6>
- ZHANG, W., SHIH, C., SHIH, Y. H. & REN, D. (2020): A new macrolepidopteran moth (Insecta, Lepidoptera, Geometridae) in Miocene Dominican amber. – *ZooKeys* **965**: 73–84.  
<https://doi.org/10.3897/zookeys.965.54461>
- ZHANG, X., WANG, W. & HAN, H. (2019): A new species of the genus *Eucyclodes* (Lepidoptera, Geometridae, Geometrinae) from China. – *Zootaxa* **4691** (3): 297–300.  
<https://doi.org/10.11646/zootaxa.4691.3.11>
- ZOLOTUHN, V. V. (2017): A new species from the lower Volga and Caucasus and taxonomic notes on *Ourapteryx* Leach, 1814 (Lepidoptera: Geometridae). – *Proceedings of the Museum Witt* **7**: 529–667.