

Bryophyte community ecology in Olympic rainforests: The importance of structural diversity

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First went to Olympic rainforests in 2015...

Community Ecologist

- Patterns in species distributions
- Variations in where species are found

I made two observations

- Bryophyte species on the trunk and branch were different
- Not all nurse logs were created equal

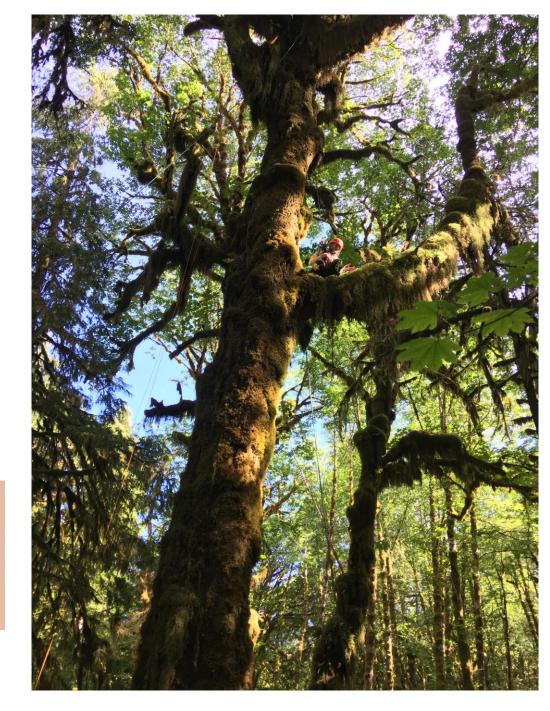
Research to date focused on other facets of systems



Habitat Heterogeneity Hypothesis

- Species are specialized to particular niches
 - Topography and substrate
 - Light
 - Temperature and relative humidity
- Greater variation in environment leads to greater diversity

Does variation in the tree canopies and the forest floor influence bryophyte distributions?



Epiphytic Bryophytes?

Epiphytes

- Structurally-dependent plants
- Non-parasitic
- Habitat, diversity, ecosystem function

Bryophytes

- Non-vascular (no true roots, stems, leaves)
- Poikilohydric
- 20,000 species (second to Angiosperms)

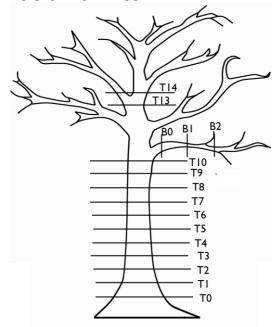


Surveyed Epiphytic Bryophytes

- Climbed three large Acer macrophyllum trees
- Surveyed epiphytes
 - every meter along trunk to 14-16 m
 - Every meter along branch to 3 m
 - 576 total surveys
 - Considered structural features



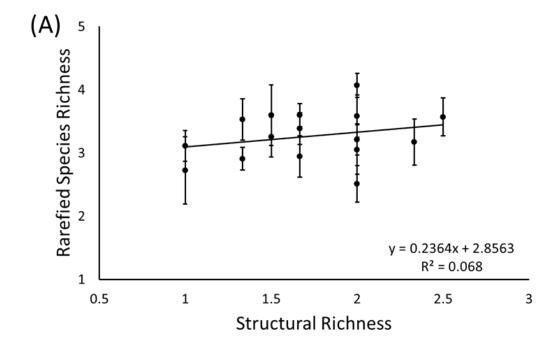
Kaela Hamilton

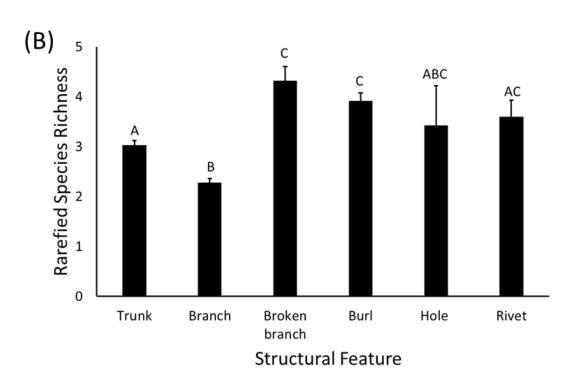




Species richness patterns

- 22 species observed
 - 16 mosses, 3 liverworts, 1 lichen, 1 lycophyte and 1 fern
- Relationship between structural richness (e.g., burls, broken branch) and species richness
- More species found in structural features on trunk than trunk or branches





Habitat Specialization: Trunk



Selaginella oregana Lycophyte



Isothecium myosuroides



Metaneckera menziesii



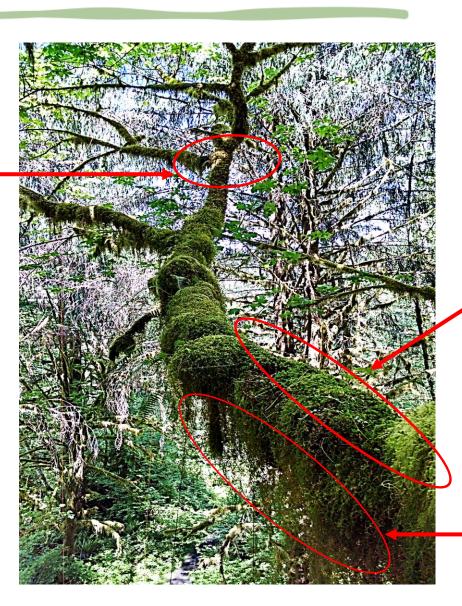
Leucolepis acanthoneuron



Habitat Specialization: Branches



Neckera douglasii





Rhytidiadelphus loreus



Selaginella oregana Lycophyte

Woods et al. 2019

Habitat Heterogeneity Hypothesis

Structural heterogeneity in tree canopies influence bryophyte distributions and diversity



Nurse log bryophyte surveys

In 166 plots (1 m²):

- Bryophyte community composition
- Tree seedling density
 - Western hemlock and Sitka spruce
- % canopy cover
- Bryophyte depth
- Decay class (kick test)







Kimmy Ortmann



Spherical densiometer (% canopy openness)



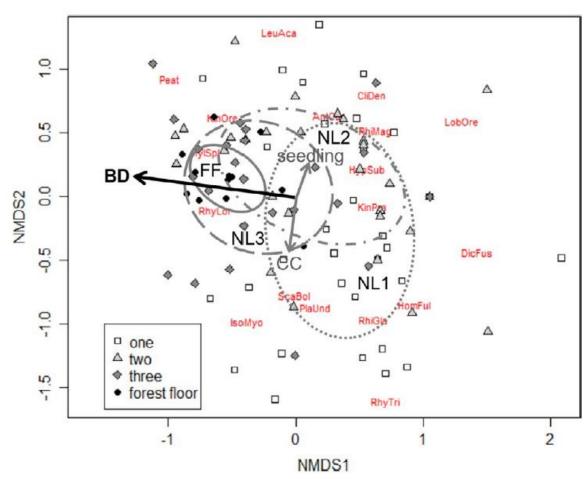
Woods et al. 2021

Nurse logs support unique bryophytes

- On nurse logs, we found a total of 18 different nonvascular species
 - 16 mosses, 1 liverwort, 1 lichen

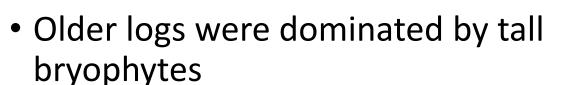
 We found only 6 different bryophyte species on the forest floor





Bryophyte community changes with nurse log decay

- Young logs were dominated by short bryophytes
 - Fan moss (*Rhizomnium glabrescens*)
 - Wavy-leaved cotton moss (Plagiothecium undulatum)



- Step moss (Hylocomium splendens)
- Lanky moss (Rhytidiadelphus loreus)



Rhizomnium glabrescens



Hylocomium splendens

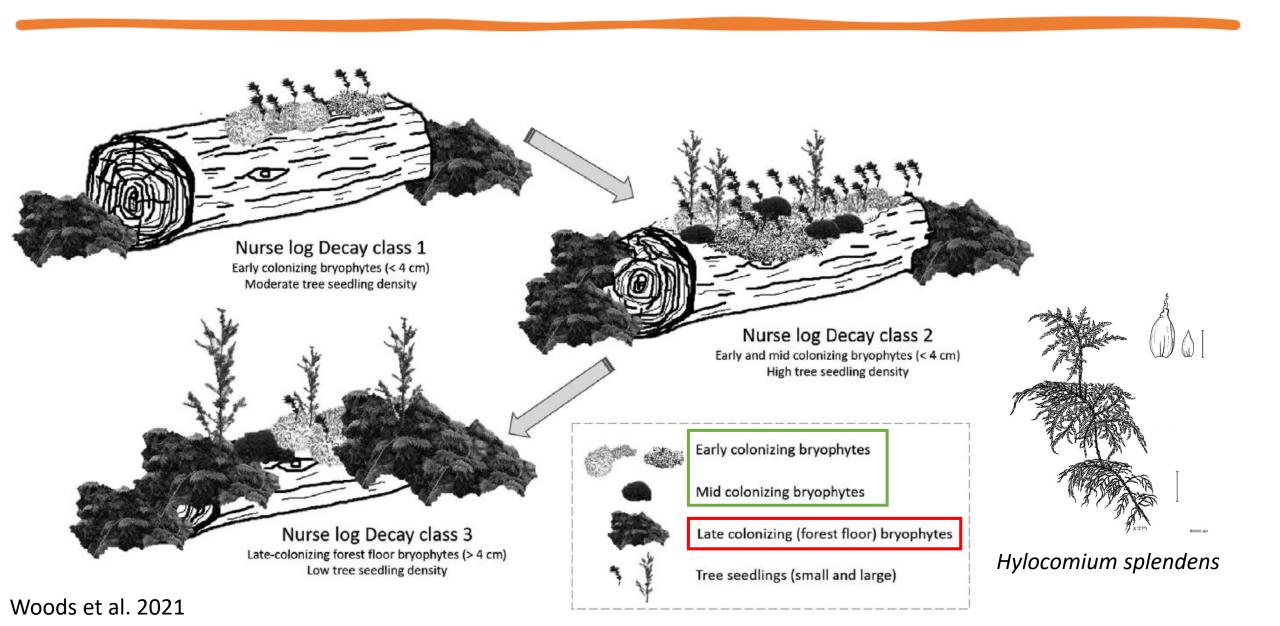


Plagiothecium undulatum



Rhytidiadelphus loreus

Conceptual model of bryophyte succession on nurse logs



Habitat Heterogeneity Hypothesis

Structural heterogeneity on the forest floor influences bryophyte distributions and diversity















Thanks to so many!







