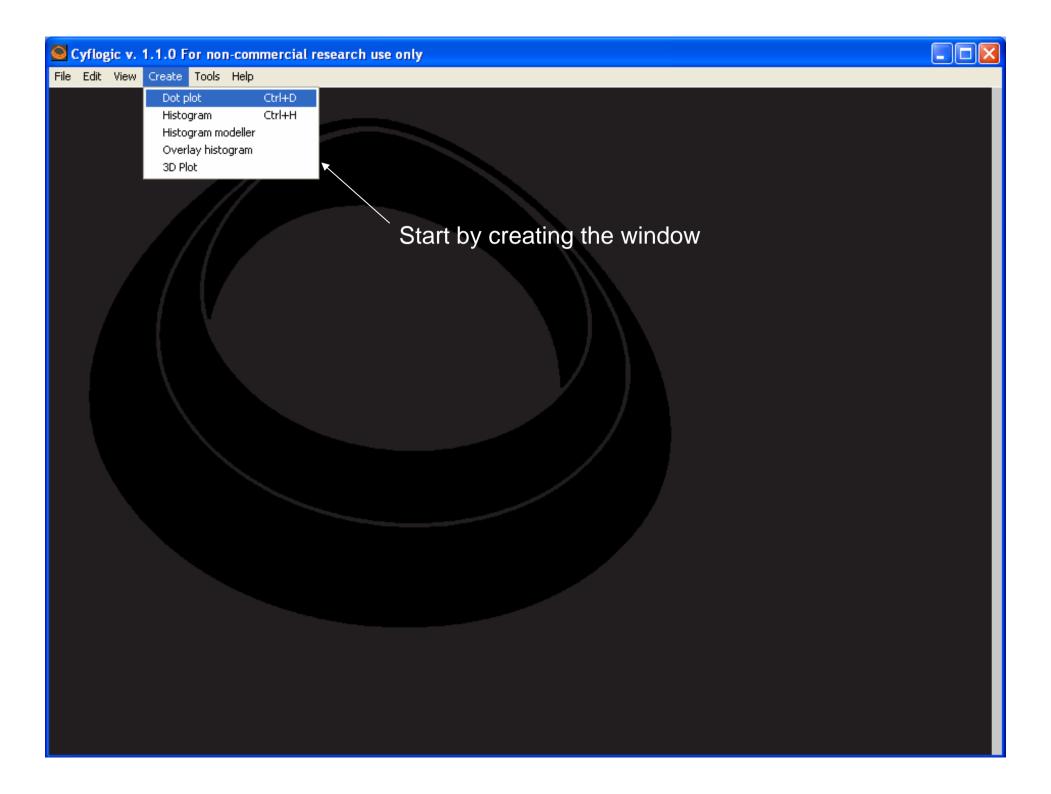
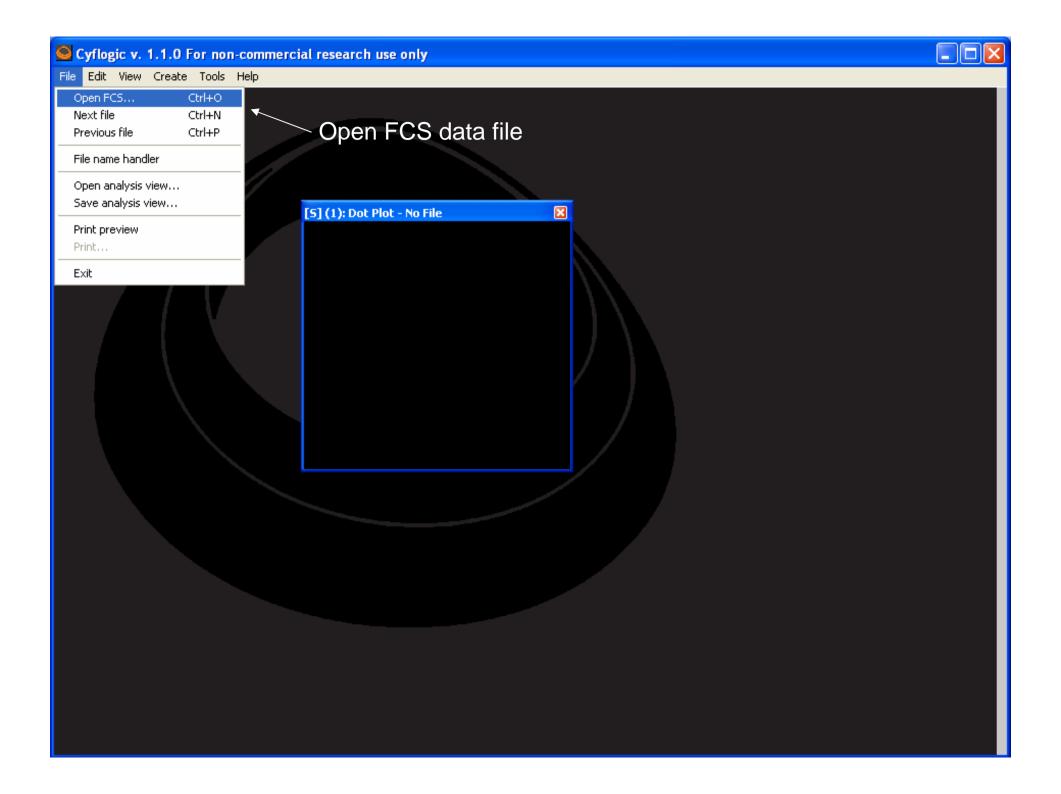


Introduction to version 1.1.0

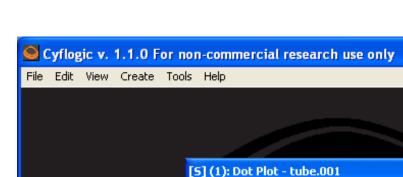
Instruction date 16.5.2008

### Windows and Files









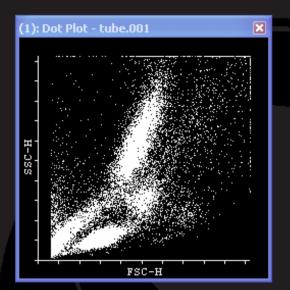


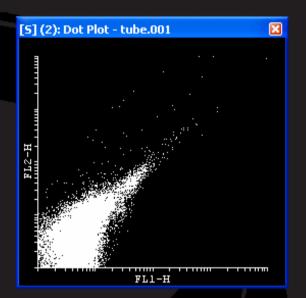
Save data as .TXT...

Show in print preview page

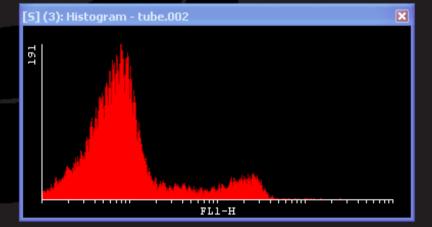
Right-click somewhere else in the area opens the pop-up menu.

File Edit View Create Tools Help

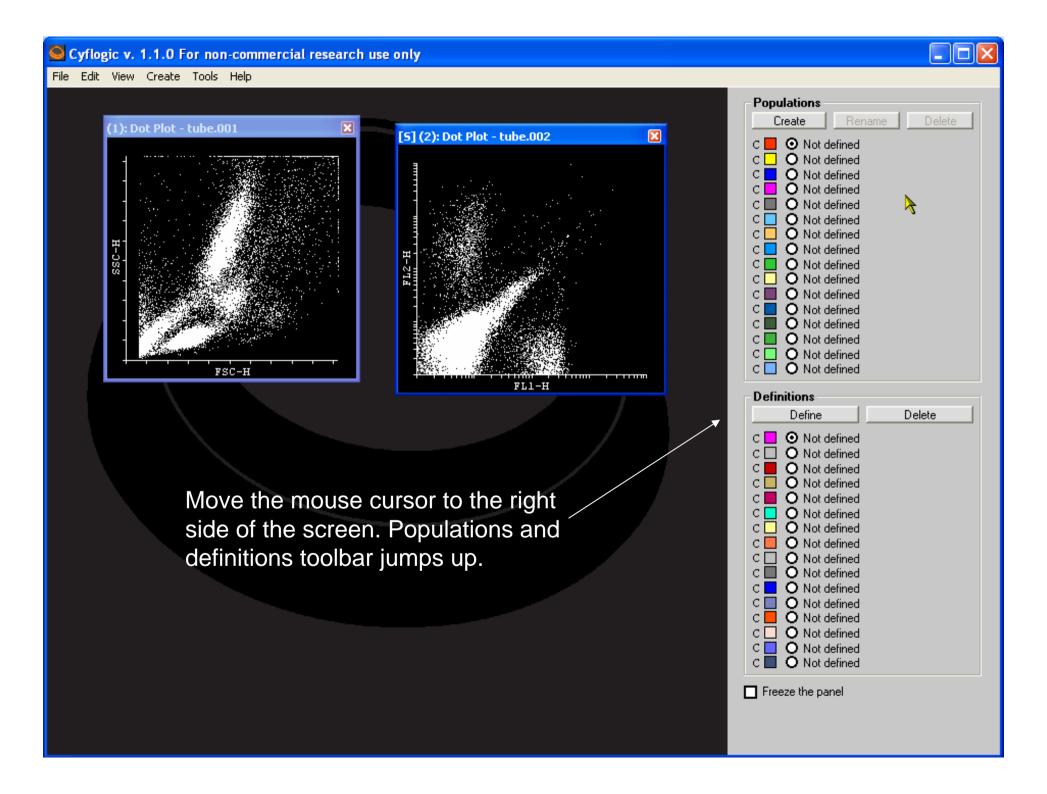


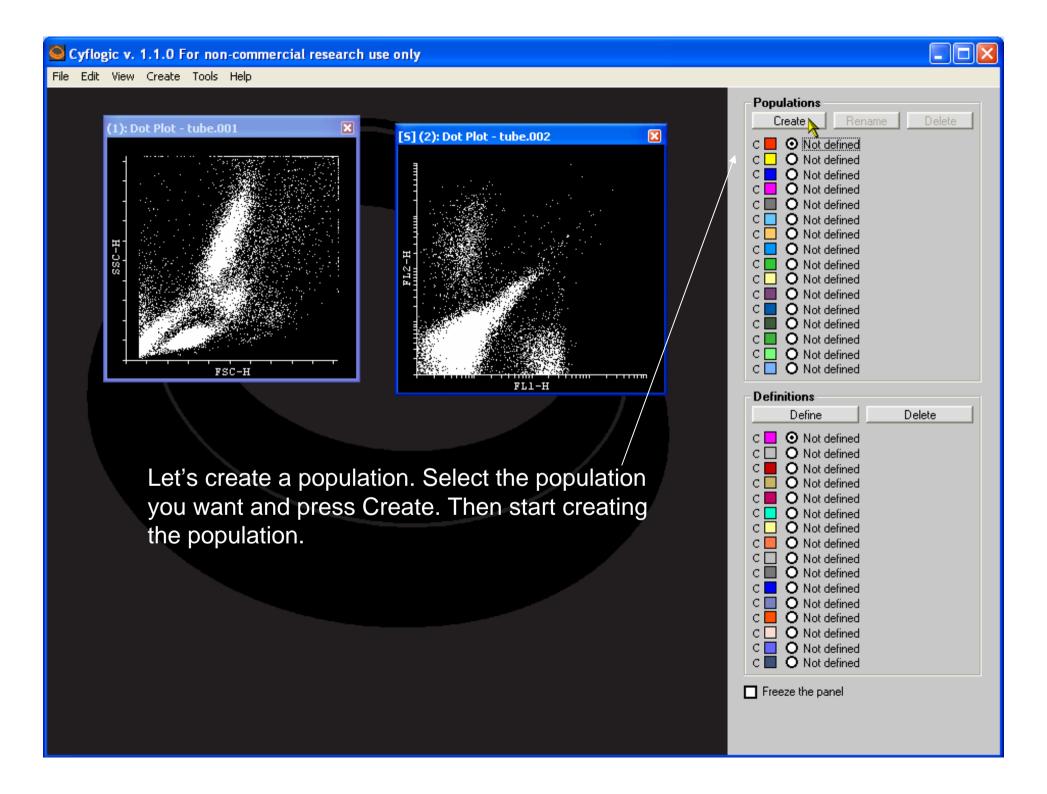


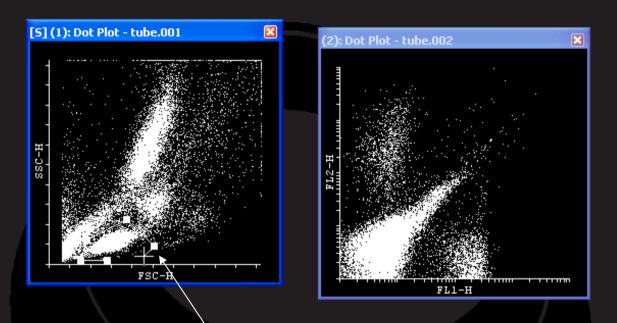
You can move forward and backward in the folder by pressing CTRL-N (next file in folder) and CTRL-P (previous file in folder). the feature affects to all selected windows.



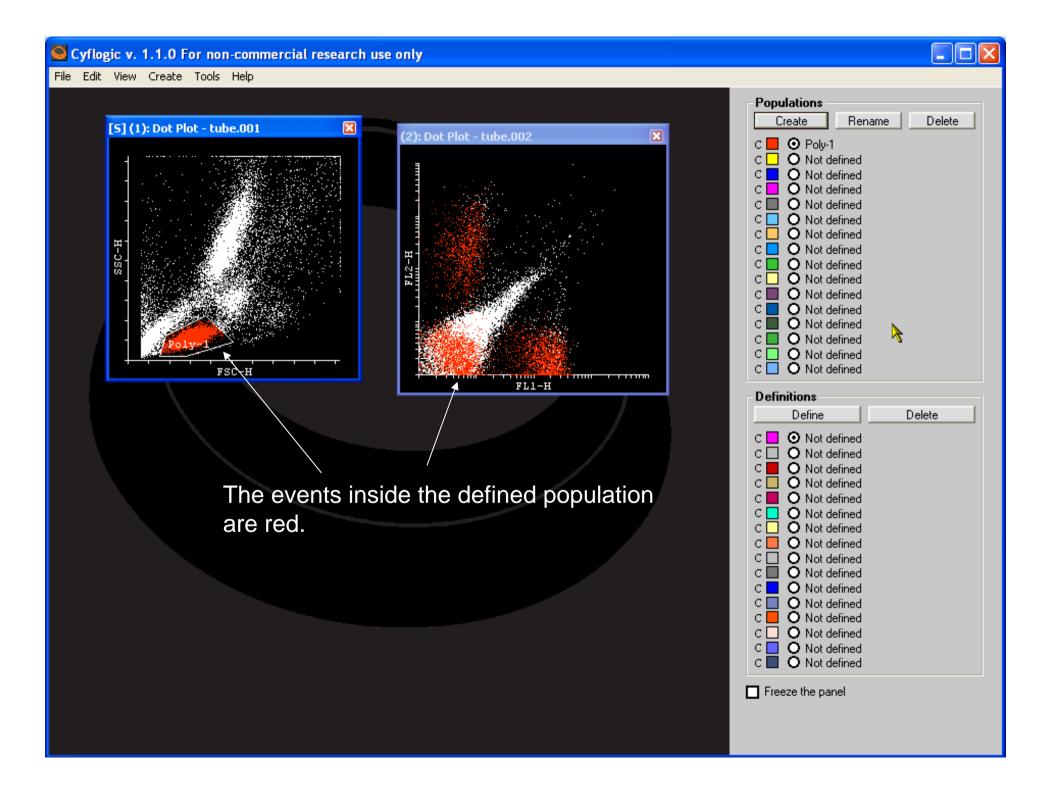
## Populations and Definitions

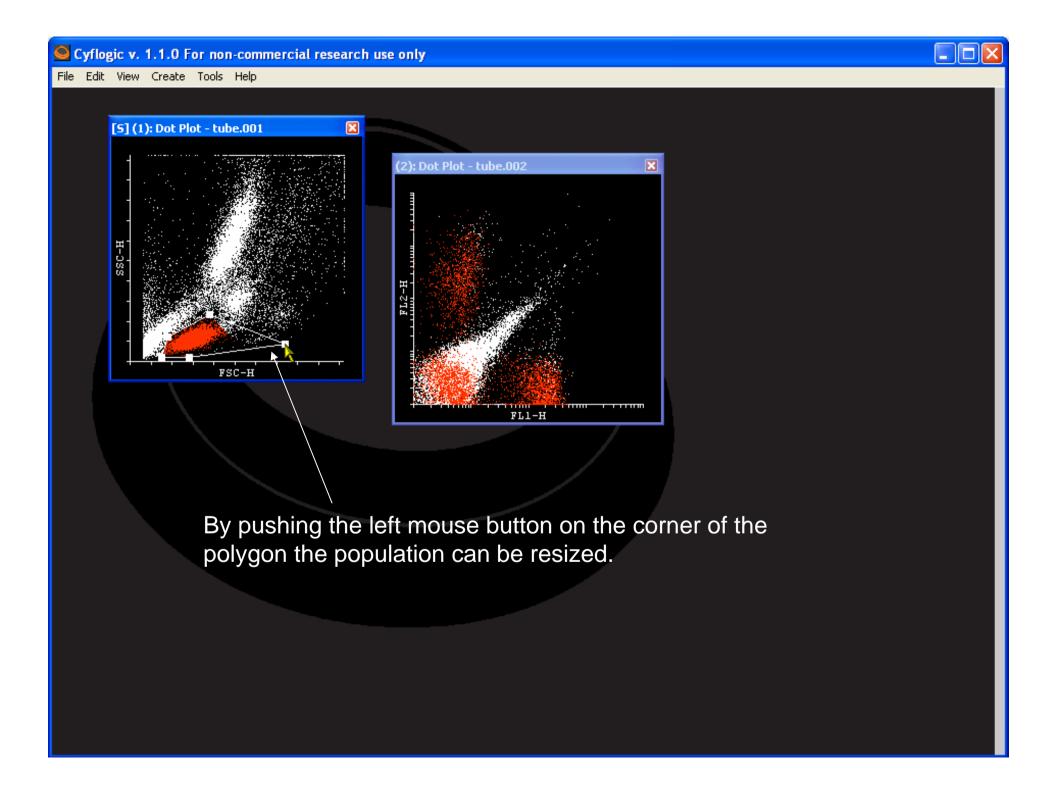


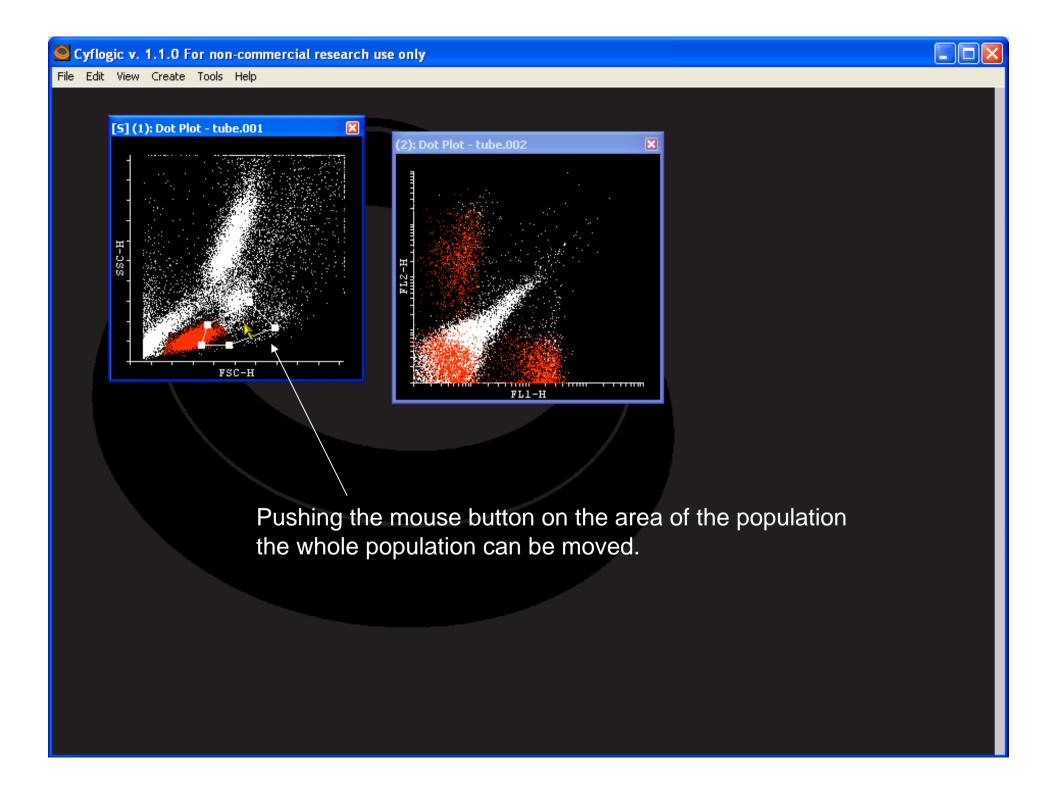


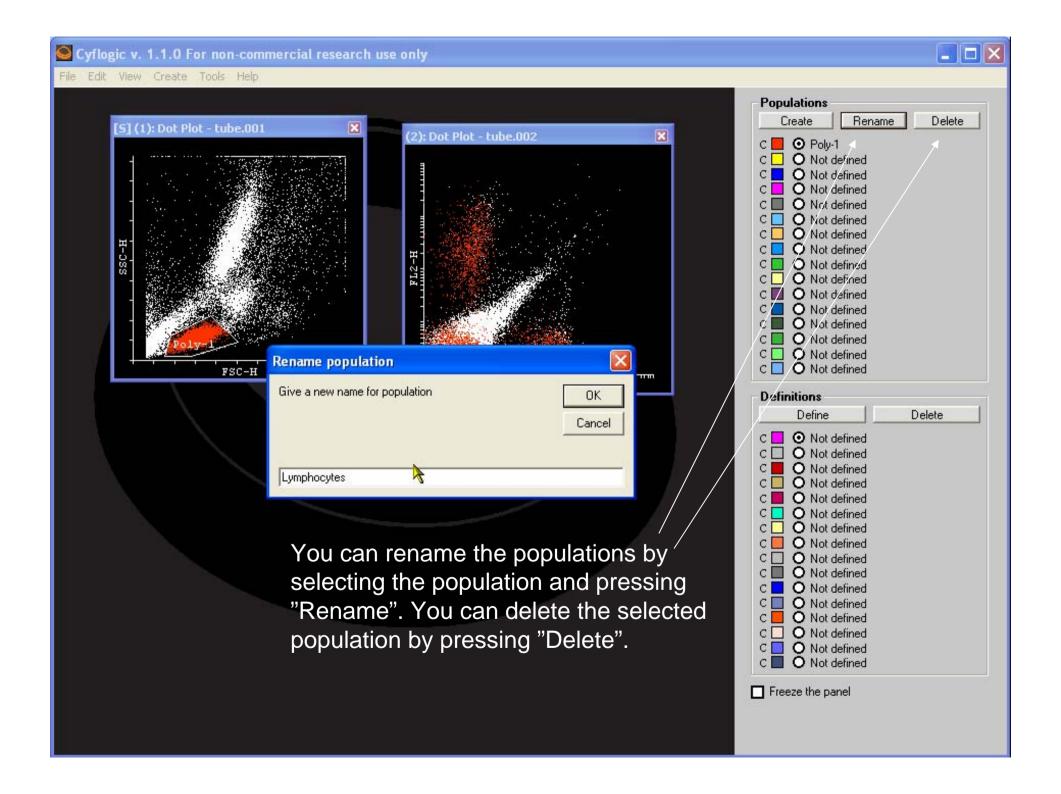


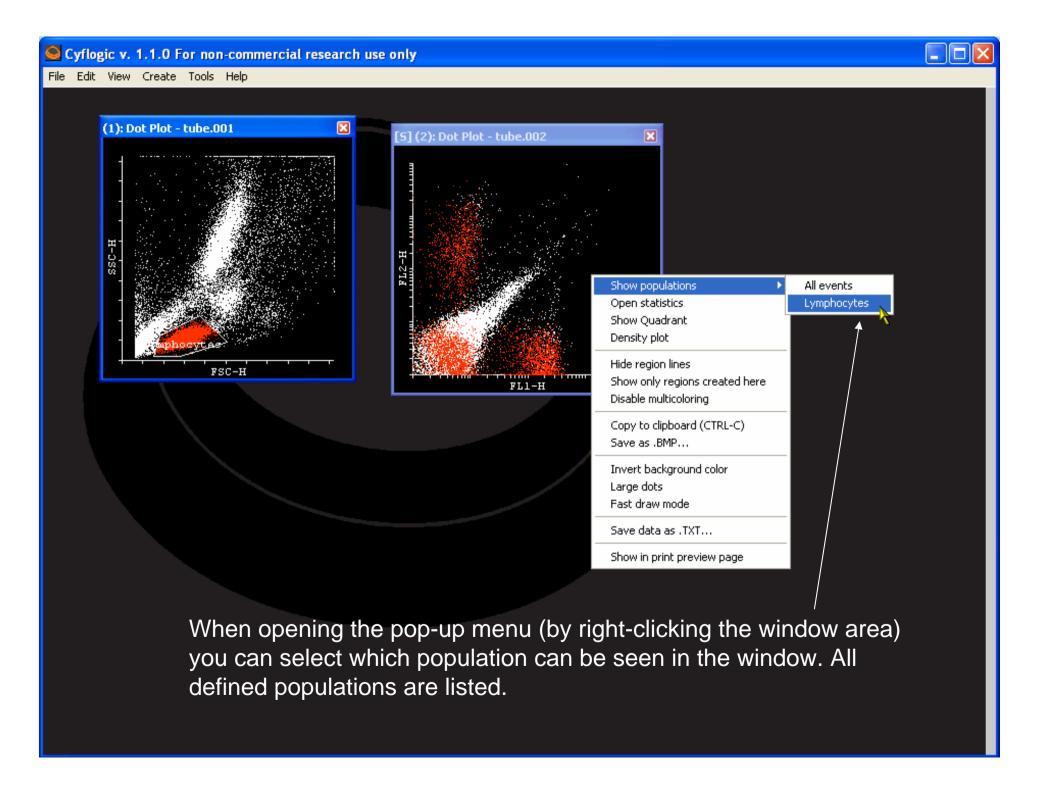
In dot plots, you can create polygons. Click to create corners. When you want to close the polygon, left-click the first point OR right-click anywhere. The population is defined.

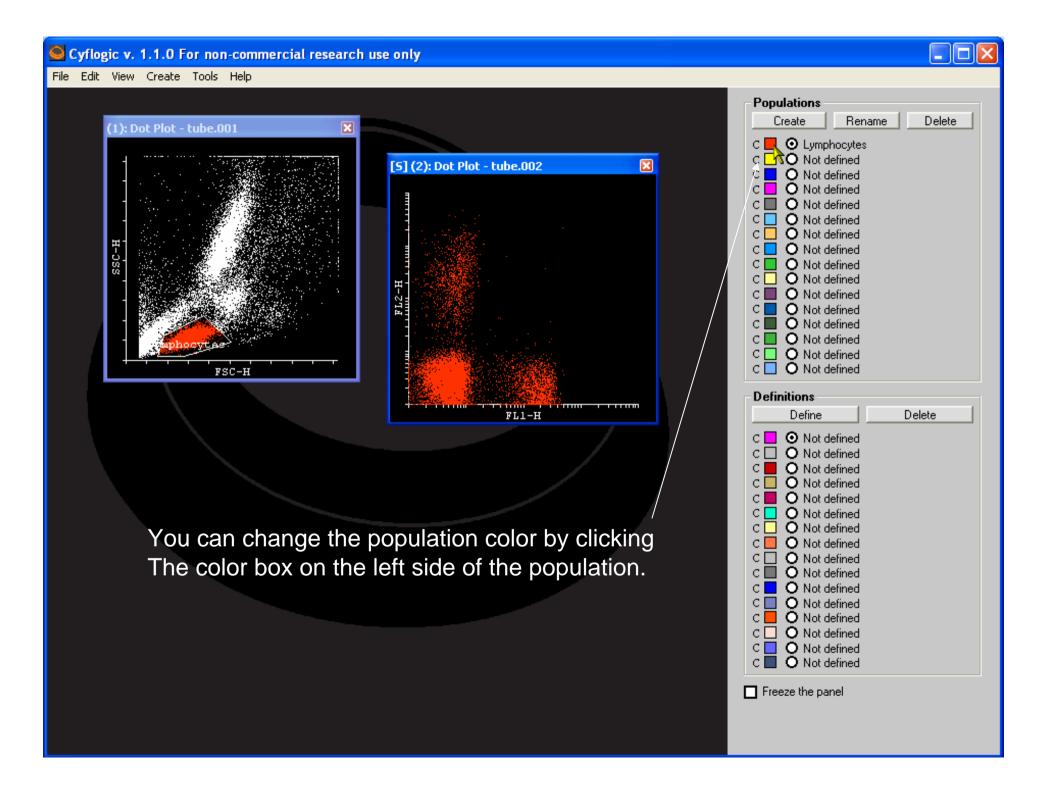


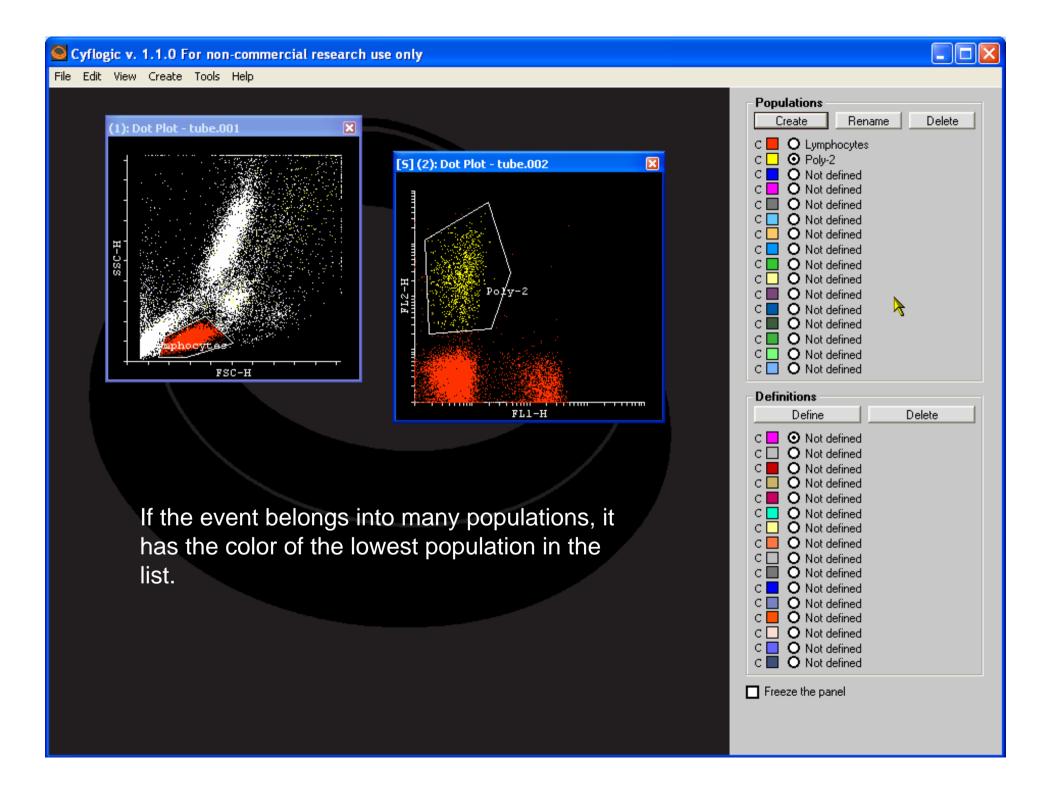


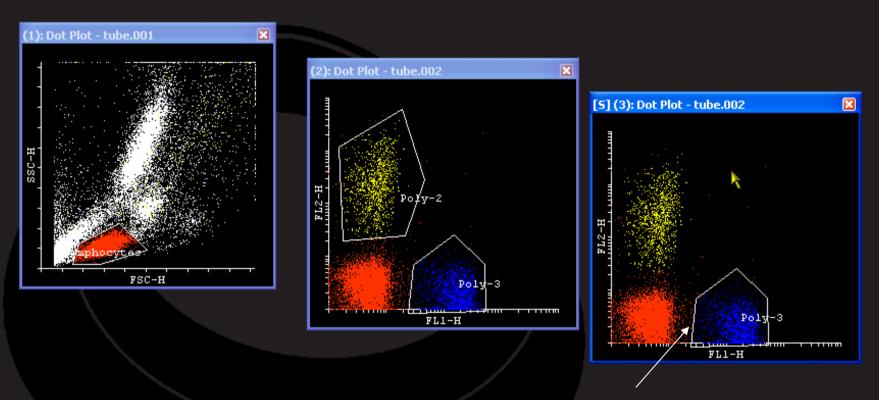




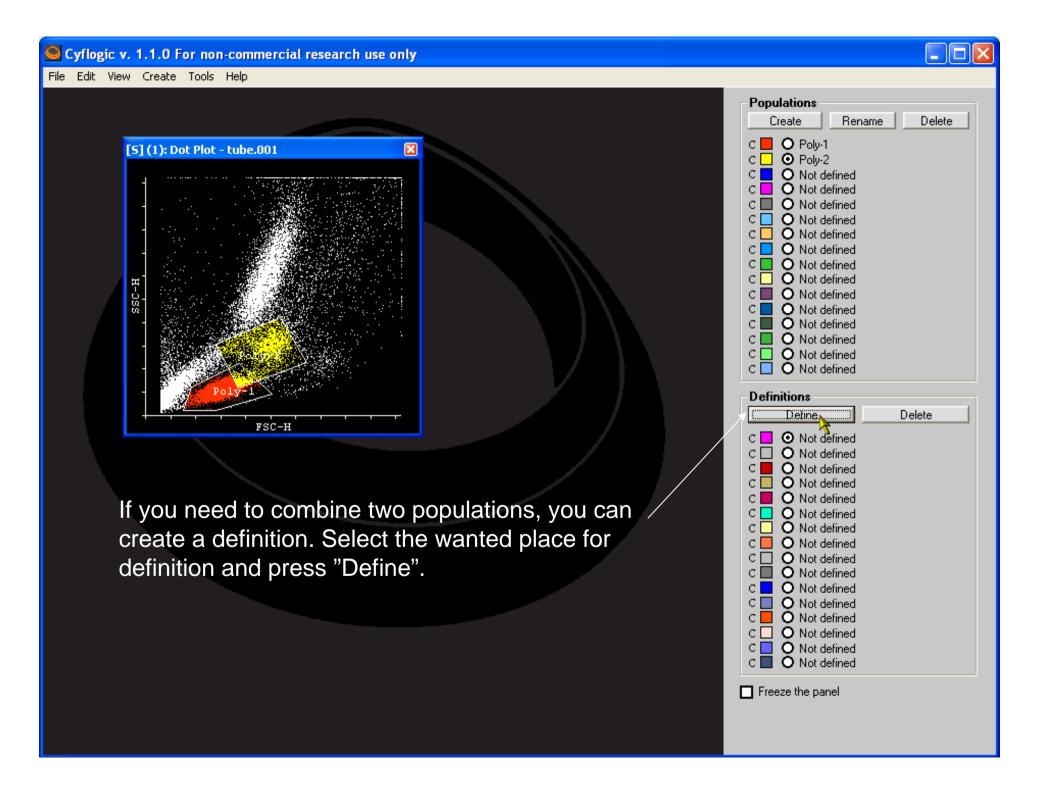


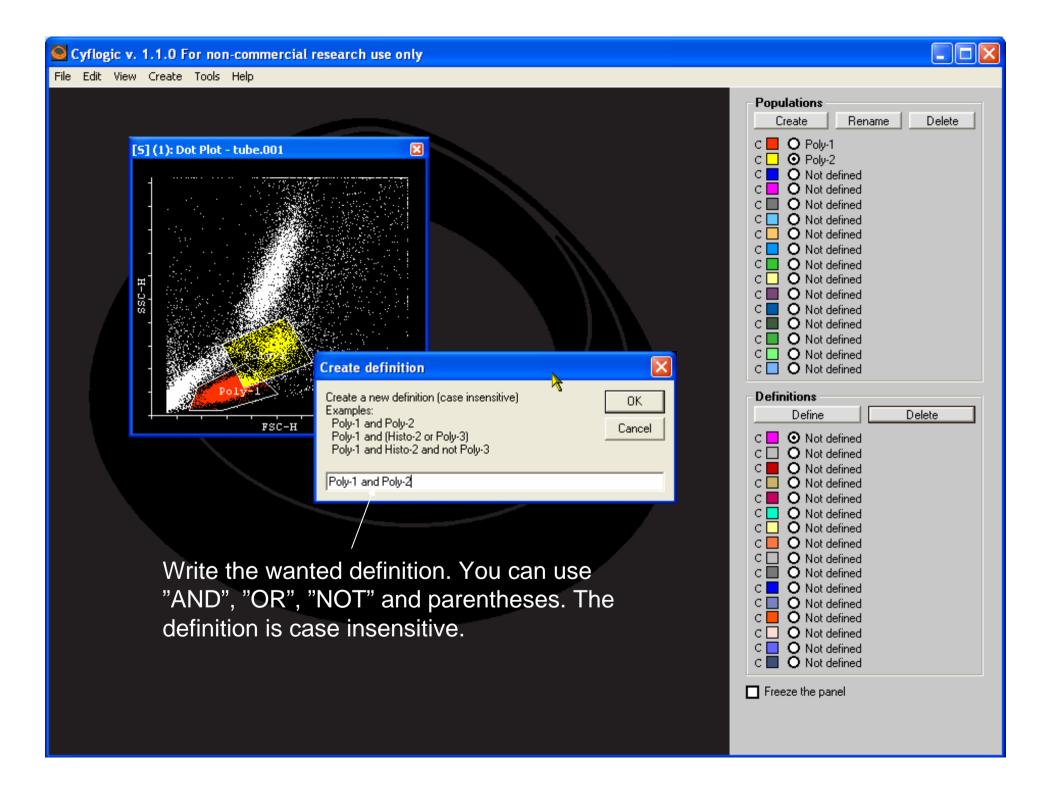






The populations are only parameter specific, in other words, they appear in every window having the same parameters (in same order). If you want to hide the unnecessary region lines, you can choose "Show only regions created here"; only the regions created in that specific window appear. In the example case, Poly-3 has been created in the rightmost window and the option has been chosen, resulting that only Poly-3 line can be seen. This affects only the visibility of the region lines.





#### Other population remarks:

If the population is deleted, all definitions which used the deleted population will be also deleted.

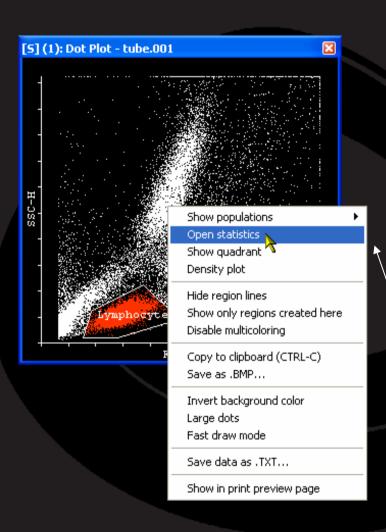
You can define colors for definitions similarly as for populations. You can also make them transparent.

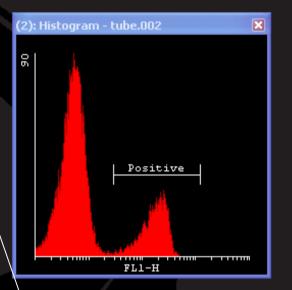
### Statistics





File Edit View Create Tools Help



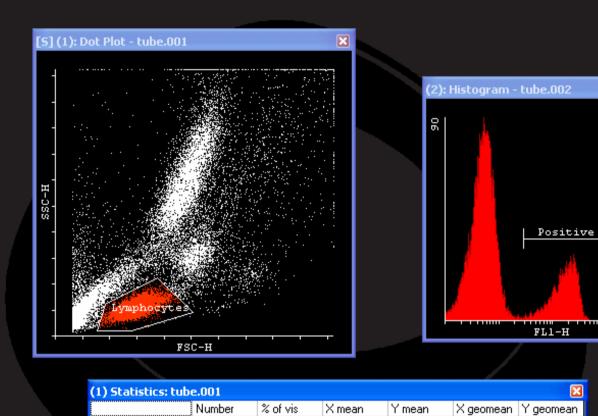


You can open statistics for the window by selecting "Open statistics" from the pop-up menu.

Visible.

Lymphocytes





100

42,24

26418

11161

The statistics box shows the numbers of your data. If you add / delete the populations, change axis or change data files, statistics box is automatically updated. The number on the left corner tells from which window the statistics has been created.

364,61

299,8

316,22

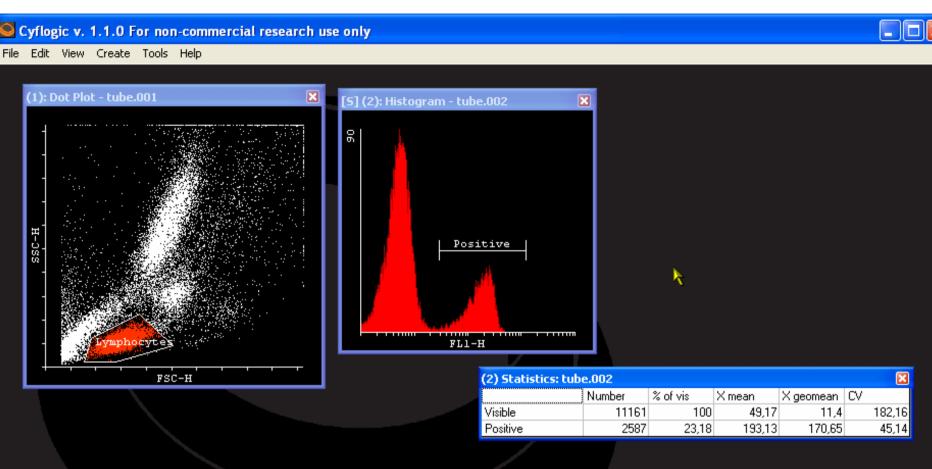
297,24

205,69

107,3

294,55

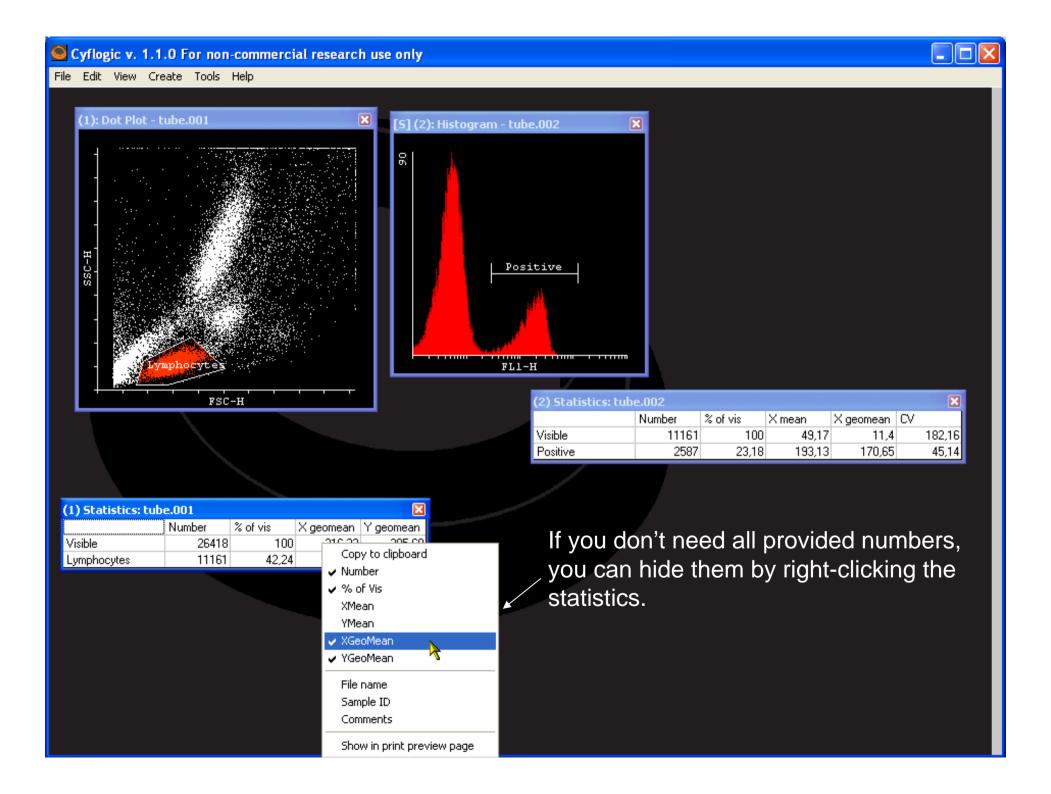
109,45



(1) Statistics: tube.001						
	Number	% of vis	X mean	Ymean	X geomean	Y geomean
Visible	26418	100	364,61	294,55	316,22	205,69
Lymphocytes	11161	42,24	299,8	109,45	297,24	107,3

You can create several statistics from different windows. Only the relevant populations and definitions can be seen in the box.

Attention! In this example, histogram shows only the events inside population "Lymphocytes". All the statistics have been calculated only from the events which are visible in the histogram.

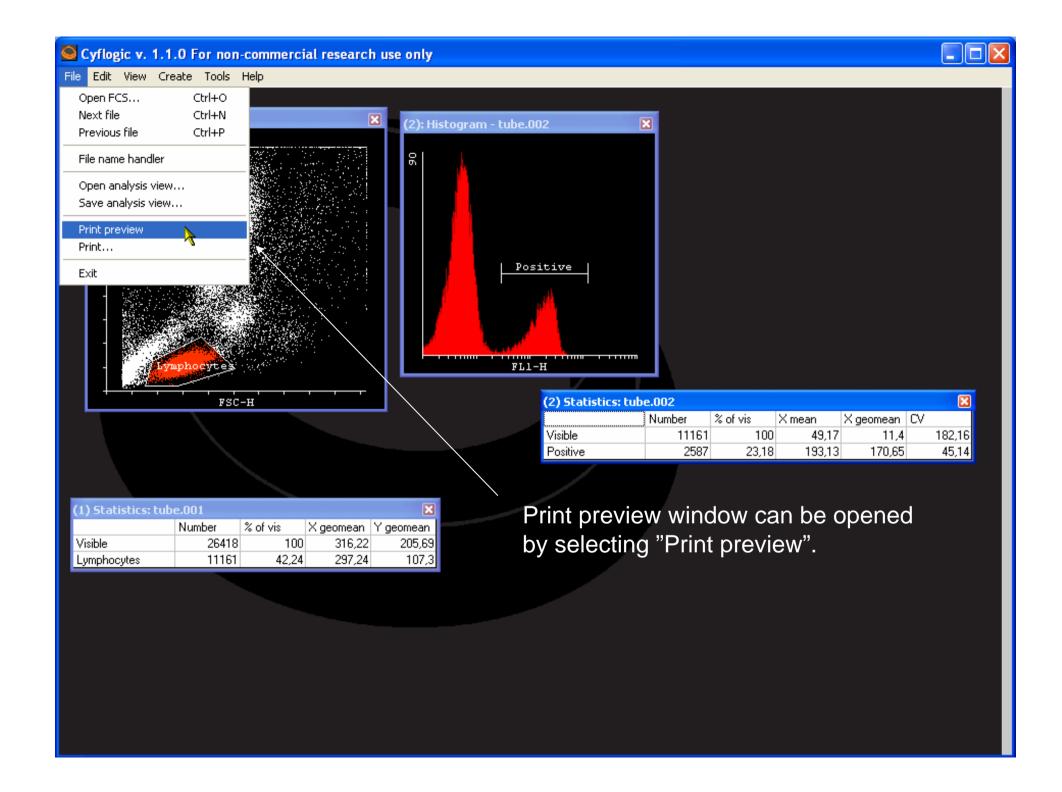


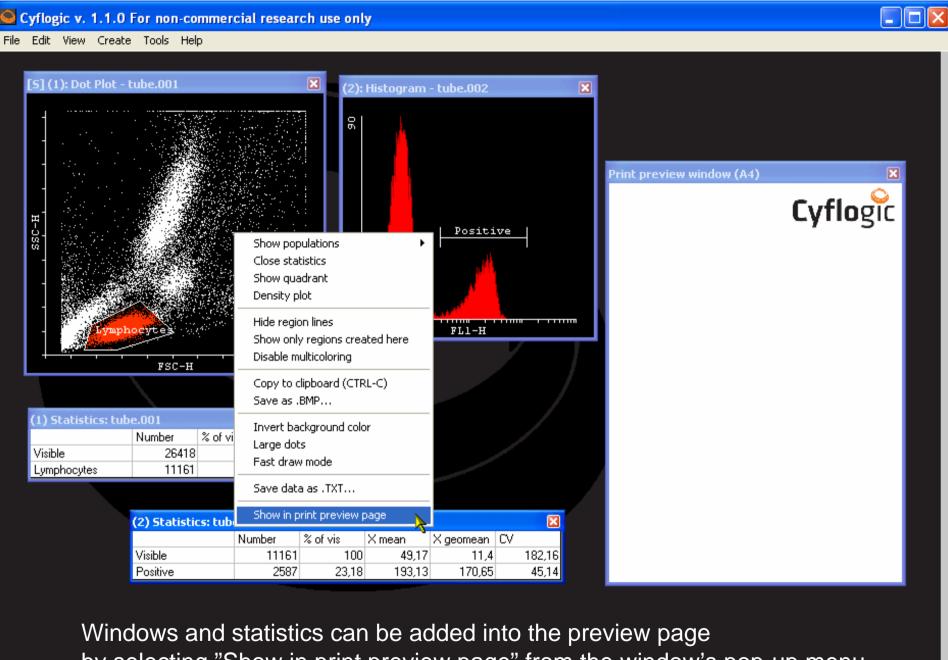
#### Other statistics remarks:

You can copy the contents of statistics window by selecting "Copy to clipboard" from pop-up menu or by pressing CTRL-C when the wanted window is active.

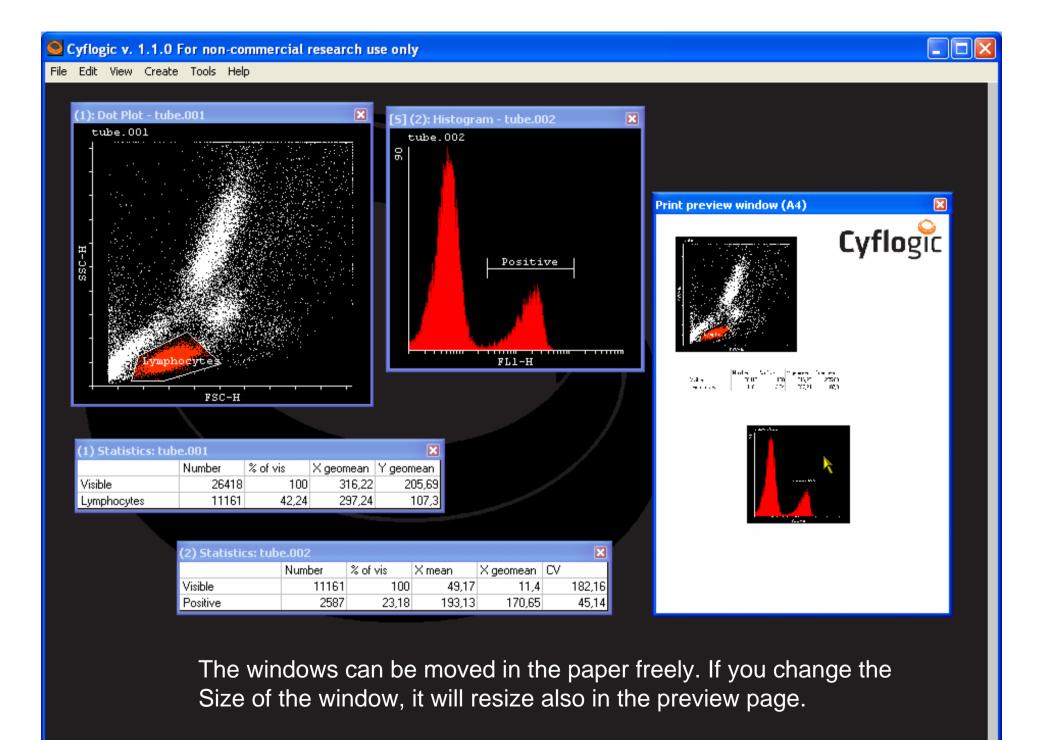
If the window which has created the statistics is closed, the statistics is also closed.

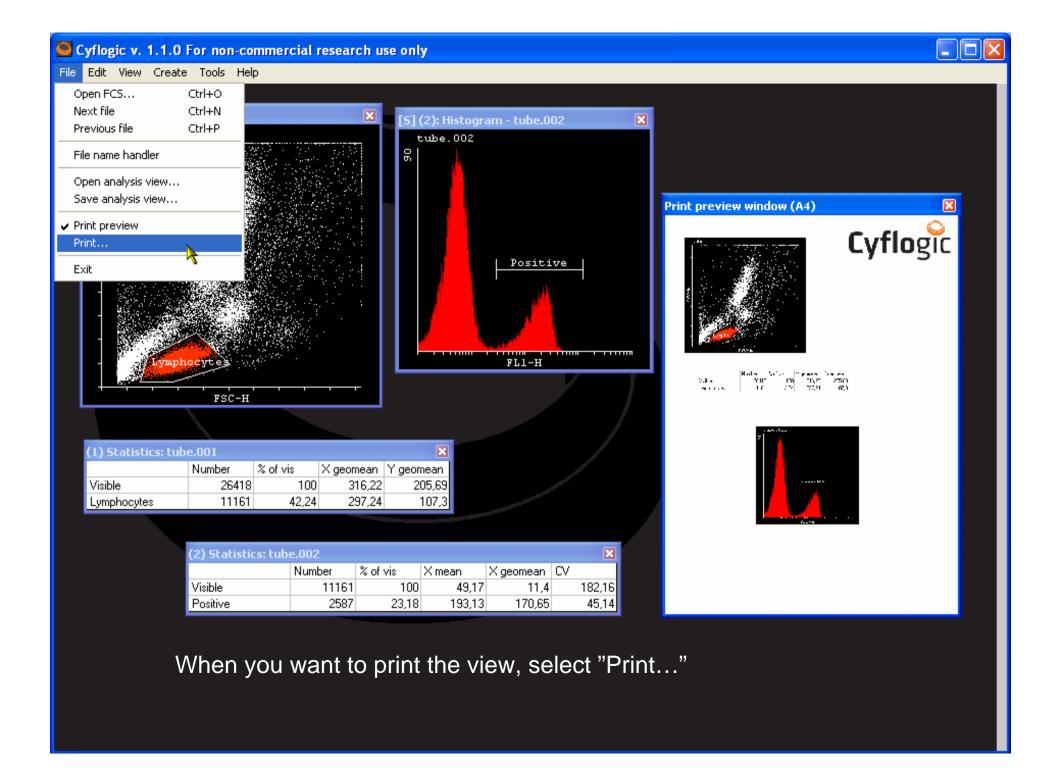
# Printing



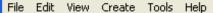


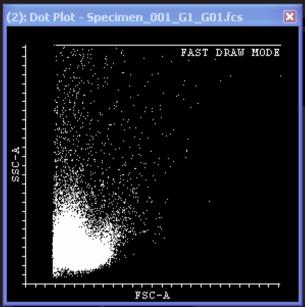
by selecting "Show in print preview page" from the window's pop-up menu





# Large files





(2) Statistics: Specimen_001_G1_G01.fcs						
FAST DRAW	Number	% of vis	×mean	Ymean	× geomean	Y geomean
Visible	35434	100	61699,44	50189,72	56964,94	39482,82

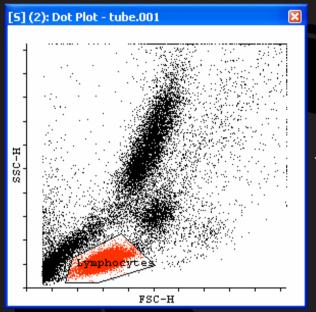
If you load FCS file containing more than 50000 events, the window is switched into "Fast draw mode". Only every n:th event is drawn and statistics are calculated from those drawn events.

(1) Statistics: Specimen_001_G1_G01.fcs						
	Number	% of vis	Xmean	Ymean	X geomean	Y geomean
Visible	106302	100	61856,46	50178,78	57112,58	39501,62

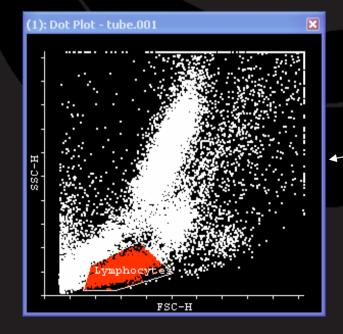
By selecting "Full draw mode" all events are drawn and the statistics are counted from every event.

## Dot plot features

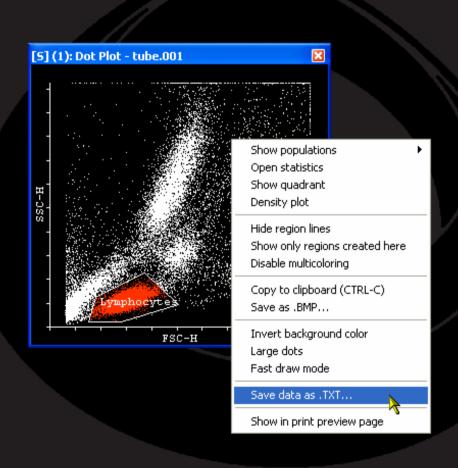




By selecting "Invert background color" the background color changes, from black to white or vice versa.



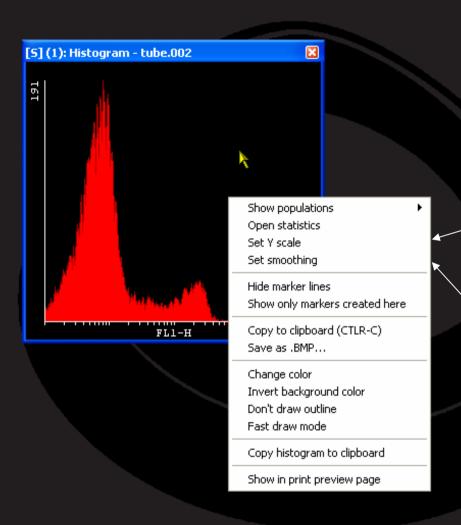
By selecting "Large dots" the size of the dots is doubled. You can change the size back to normal by selecting "Small dots".



By selecting "Save data as .TXT" You can save the visible events Into the file.

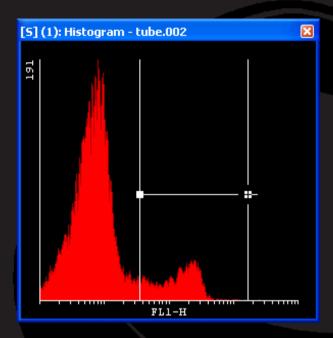
ATTENTION! The real values of the events are saved. If some channel is logarithmic, it means only that it is shown as logarithmic; the data itself is linear. Therefore, if you make a dot plot with e.g. Excel from the saved data, it might look different because of linear scales.

### Histogram features



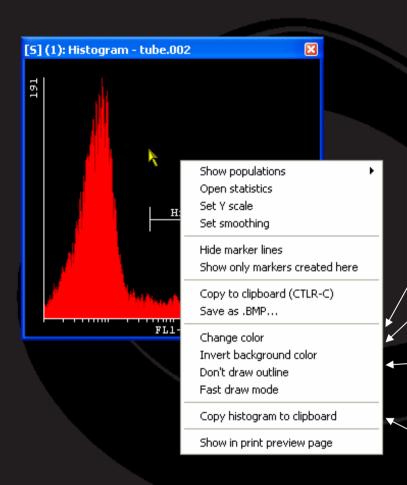
By selecting "Set Y scale" you can define the scale. If the scale is set to 0, it automatically finds the highest peak.

By selecting "Set smoothing" you can define the smoothness of the histogram. The higher number, the smoother the histogram is. Smoothing doesn't affect the data and statistics.



Histogram populations are called "Markers". They act exactly similarily as other populations (e.g. polygons created from dot plot). You can create the marker by pressing "Create" button in the populations tools and defining it by pushing mouse button where you want to start it and releasing the button where you want to end it.

Attention! The populations created from histograms are transparent by default.



You can change the color of the histogram by choosing "Change color".

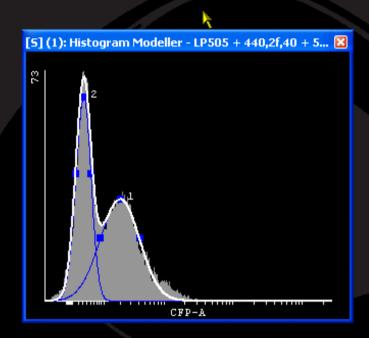
You can invert the black background to white and vice versa by selecting "Invert background color".

If you want that the darker outline is not drawn, you can select "Don't draw outline".

You can copy the histogram profile (as numbers) into the clipboard by selecting "Copy histogram to clipboard".

### Histogram modeller features



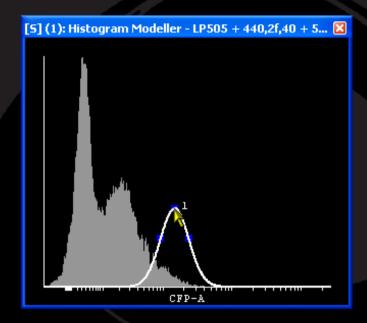


(1) Statistics: LP505 + 440,2f,40 + 585,2f,42_CFP.fcs							
	% of tot	X mean	X geomean	CV 81,59			
Curve 1	56,51	253,97	181,23	81,59			
Curve 2	43,48	32,81	26,16	56,09			

Histogram modeller is a new tool for modelling the histogram and understanding the overlapping populations.

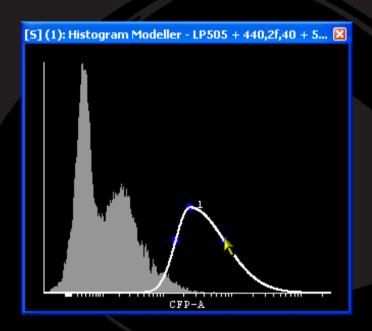
The idea is to add gaussian curves (blue lines) on the top of the histogram. White line is the sum of blue lines. The goal is to fit the white line to the histogram.

Attention! Modeller statistics doesn't tell anything about the original data; it just tells the features of the curves. This must be kept in mind when analyzing the numbers.

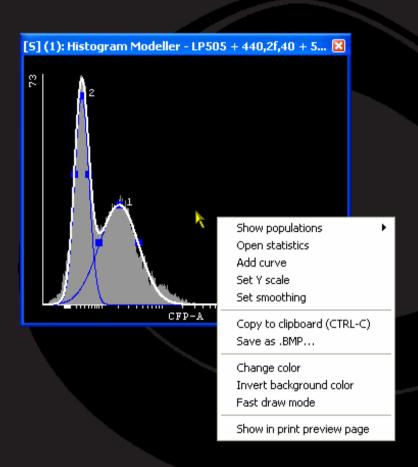


Start modelling by creating the curve. You can do it by selecting "Add curve" from pop-up menu. However, faster way is to push left mouse button down under the scale, move mouse up and put the curve into right position.

You can change the position and height of the curve by pushing the blue box on the top of the curve.

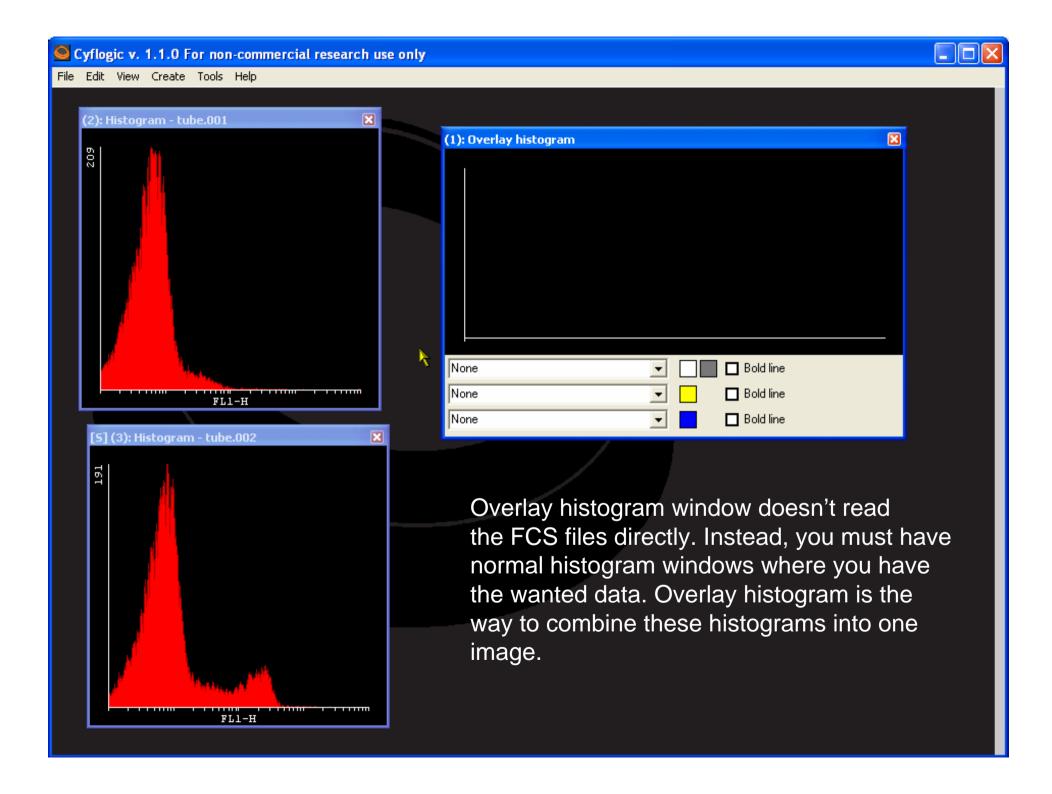


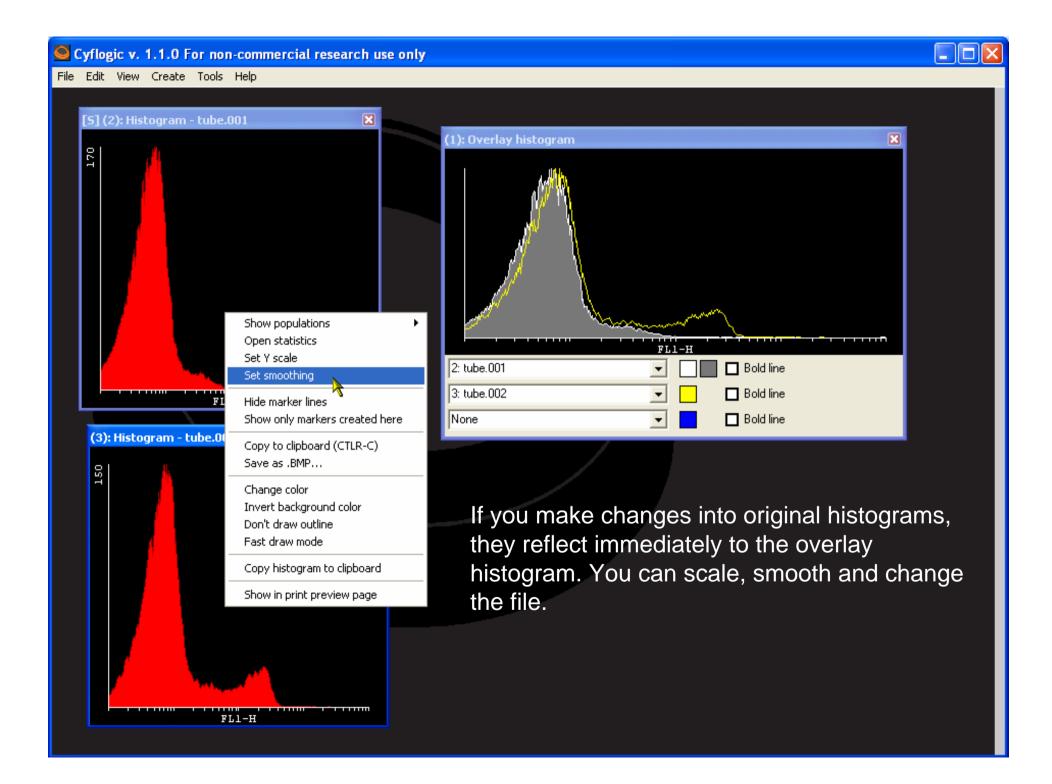
You can change the deviation of the curve from left and right blue boxes.



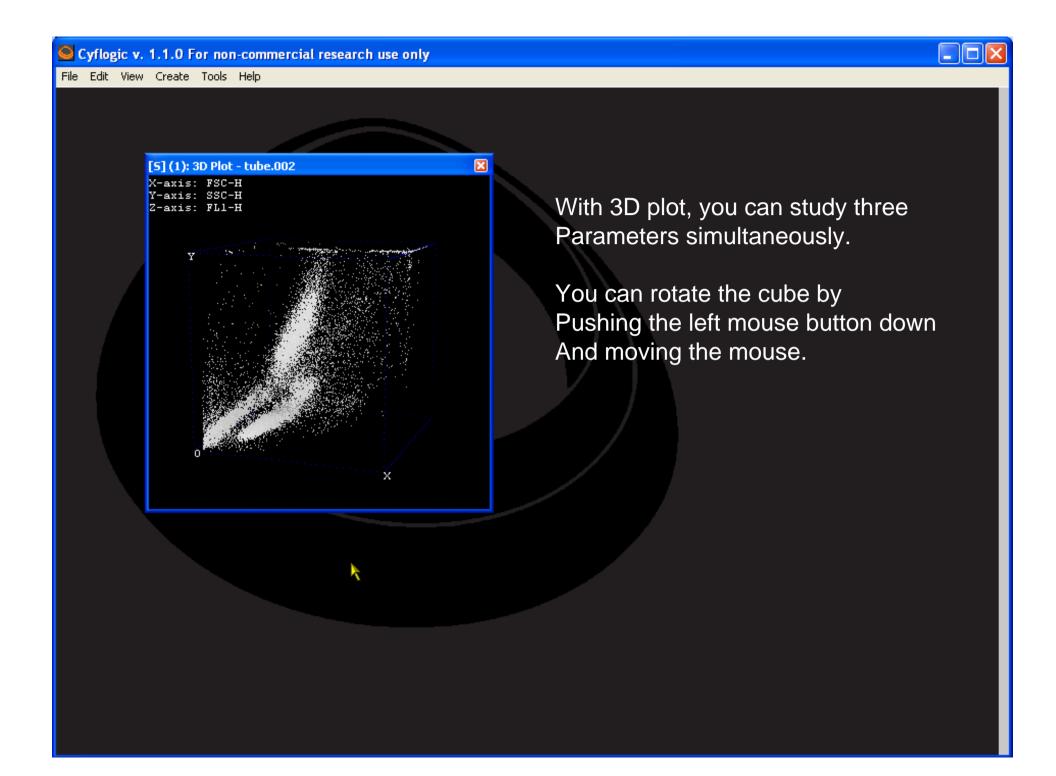
Features in the pop-up menu work the same way as in histograms.

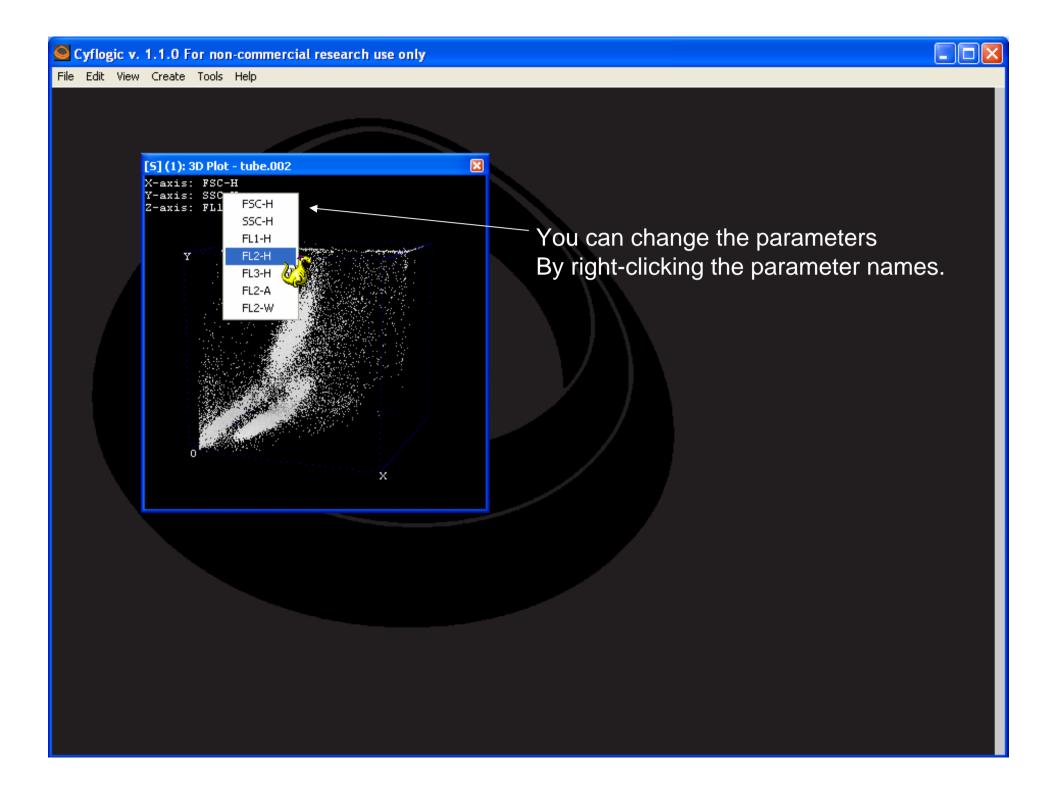
## Overlay histogram features

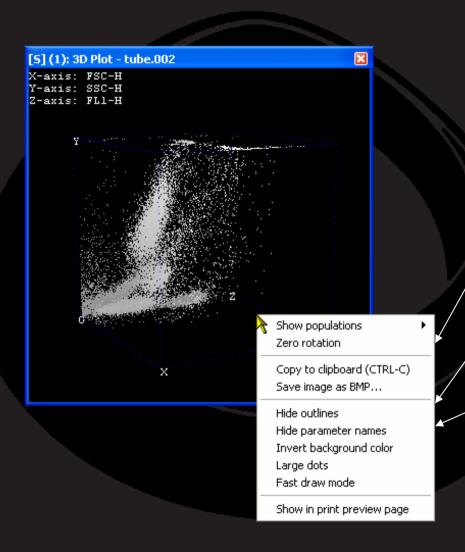




## 3D plot features







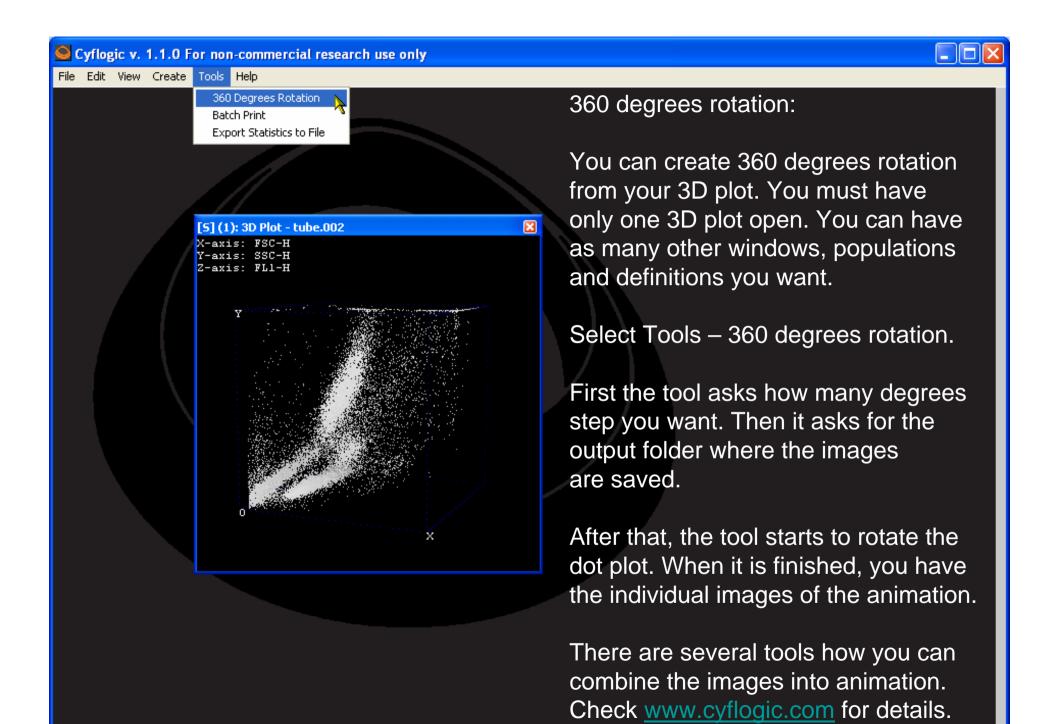
You can zero the rotation by selecting "Zero rotation".

You can hide the blue outlines by selecting "Hide outlines".

Parameter names can be hidden by selecting "Hide parameter names".

"Invert background color" and "Large dots" work same way as in dot plot.

### Tools-menu



#### Batch print:

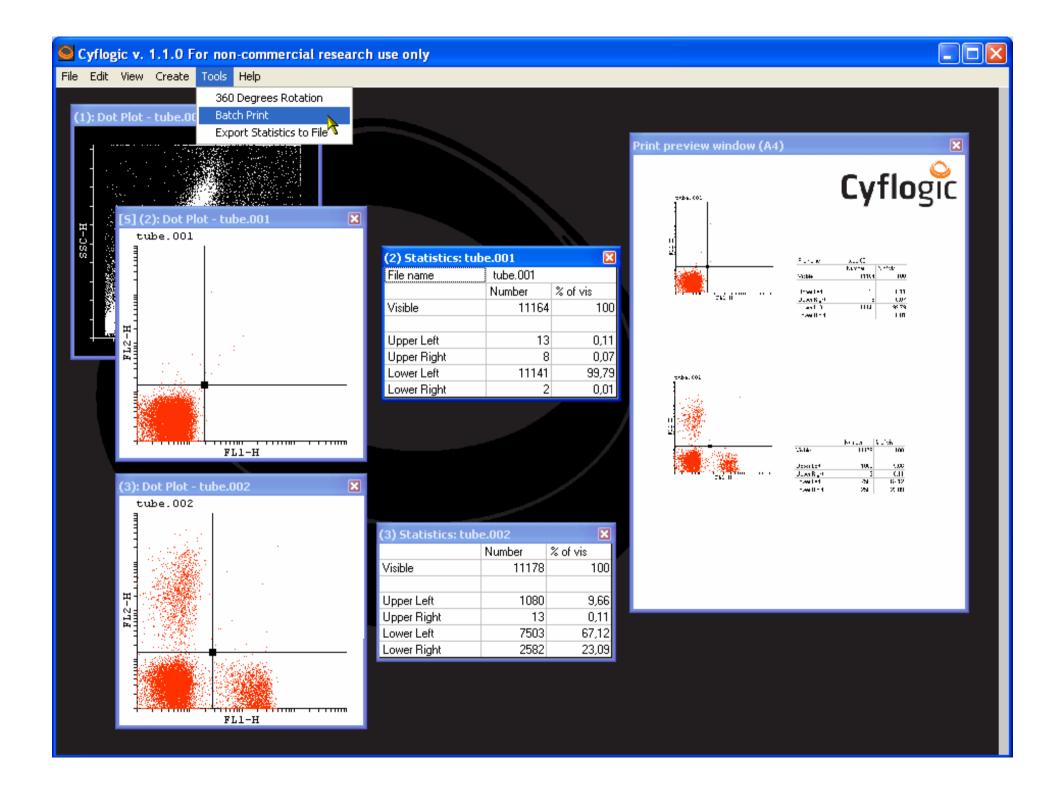
Batch printing enables you to print several prints with one command.

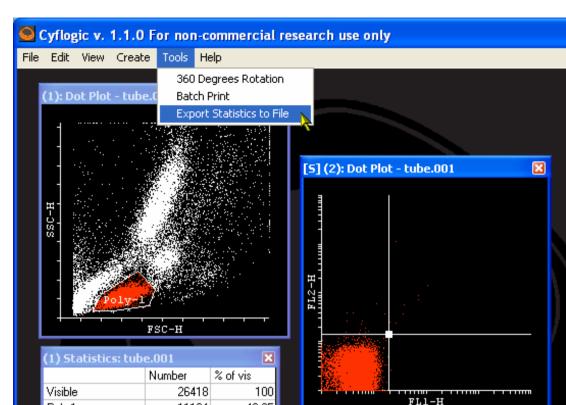
Let's assume that you have 10 files in the folder, and you want that one paper has data of two files (files 1 and 2 in first paper, 3 and 4 in second paper etc).

First create the preview paper with the wanted view (e.g. with two dot plots having files 1 and 2). Then choose Tools – Batch Print.

The tool asks for file increment. That number is the number how many files the windows jumps forward before next printing. Next it asks for the printer. Select the printer.

Next page shows the typical analysis layout.





42,25

11164

Poly-1

(2) Statistics: tube.001						
File name	tube.001					
	Number	% of vis	X geomean	Y geomean		
Visible	11164	100	4,73	2,5		
Upper Left	13	0,11	5,78	24,37		
Upper Right	8	0,07	42,88	77,91		
Lower Left	11141	99,79	4,72	2,49		
Lower Right	2	0,01	20,35	2,49		

#### Export statistics to file:

This tool exports the statistics of the files in one folder to text file which can be opened with. E.g Microsoft Excel.

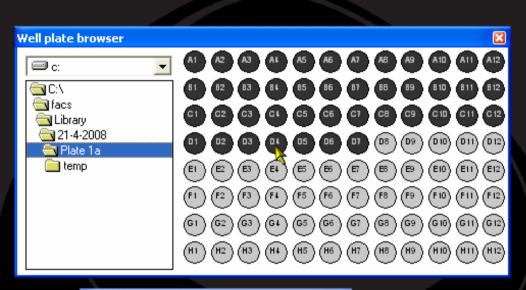
You must have at least one statistics window open. When selecting the tool, it asks for the file name for the export text file. Give the name, for example stats.txt.

All windows are moved into the first file of the folder, The statistics are exported, and then it moves into next. This continues until all files have gone through.

Remarks about Tools:

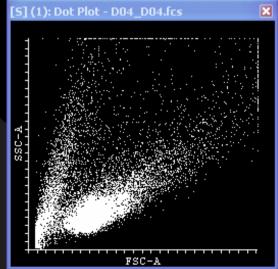
There will be more tools available in the address <a href="https://www.cyflogic.com">www.cyflogic.com</a>. Check frequently the web page.

### Miscellaneous tools

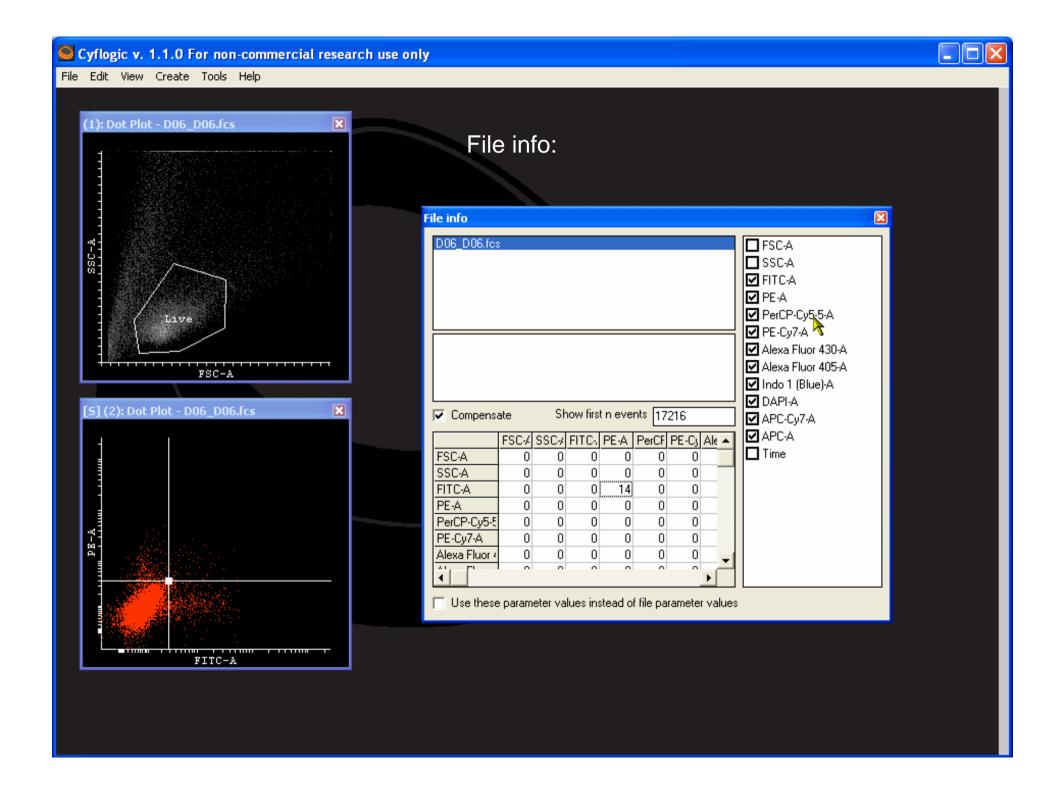


Well plate browser is an easy way to study the samples which are run from 96 well plate. When you open the folder, you can see the files as dark grey.

By double-clicking the well the file is opened into the selected windows.



Another tool for fast file change is File browser. It is just a simple browser, where you can open the file by double clicking it.



#### File info:

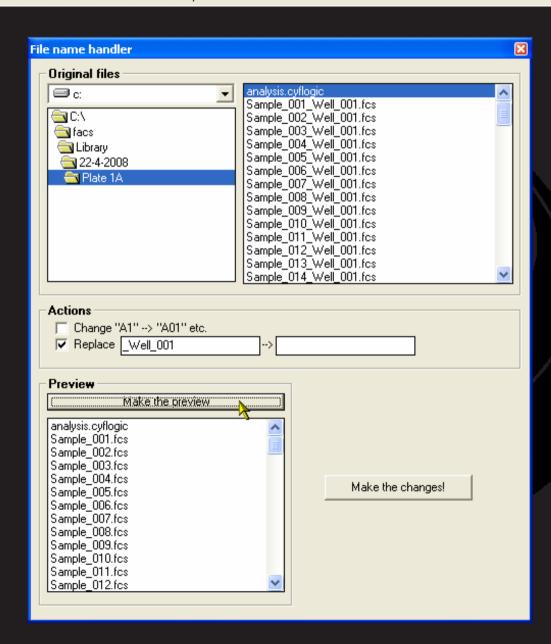
File info tool is a method for observing e.g. the compensation values of the file.

You can also change the values. On the left there is a list of files in memory. Click one. After this, you can change settings:

- By double-clicking the parameter name you can rename it
- By double-clicking the compensation value you can change it. Attention! Only with FCS3.0 files the real off-line compensation is possible, with other files the results might be quite interesting.
- You can change linear parameter into log and vice versa. This works only with FCS3.0 files.
- You can select how many first events you want to see.

Attention! These changes are not permanent, if you close the file, the changes disappear.

By selecting "Use these parameters instead of file parameters" the parameter names, lin/logs and compensations of all the files are overruled. If you load new files, these parameters overrule their parameters also. Again, these changes are not permanent.



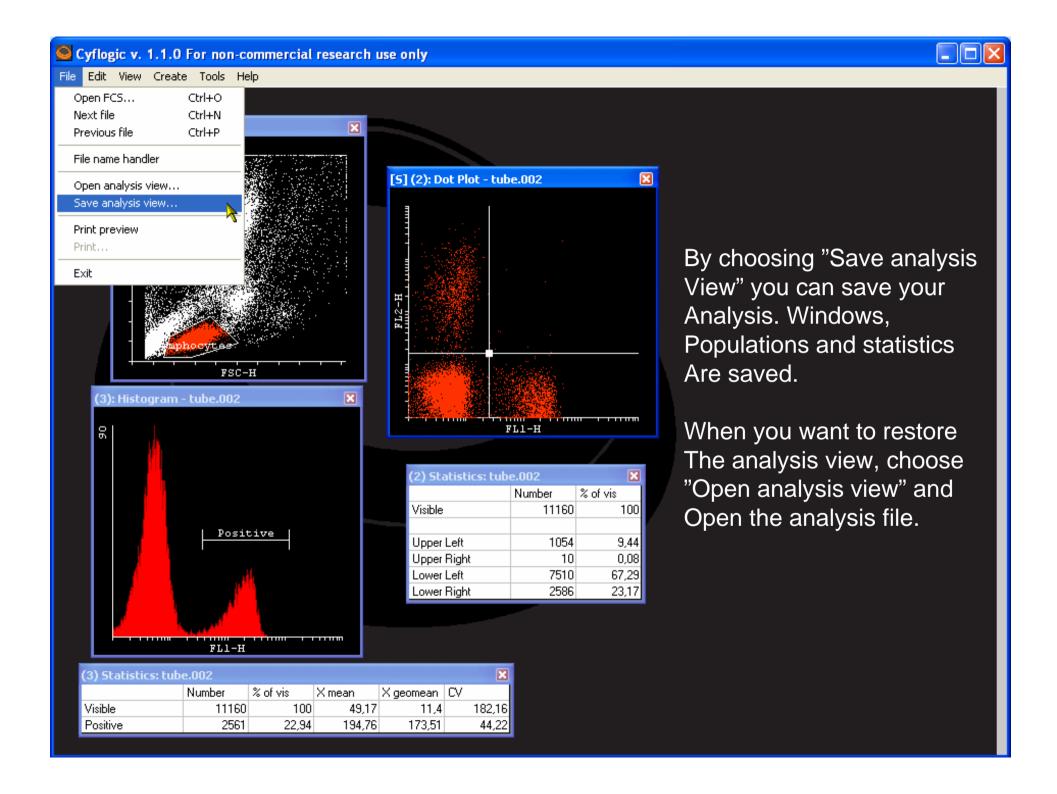
File name handler

With this tool, you can change the file names of one folder.

E.g. if your file names have something extra which you want to get rid of (e.g. in this example "\_Well\_001" in every file name) you can use action "Replace". Give the original string and the string to be replaced (or leave it empty). Then press "Make the preview" to see what would be result. If you are happy, press "Make the changes".

You can also change well names so that they are alphabetized correctly.

## Save analysis view



### Comments, ideas, bugs?

If you find a bug, get the idea or want to comment the features of Cyflogic, go to <a href="https://www.cyflogic.com">www.cyflogic.com</a> – Discussion. There you can find the idea and bug discussion pages where you can tell your ideas!