

ISISHWANKATHELO ESINGENABUCHWEPHESHE

**iDrafti yeNgxelo yoMiselo-md - i-ESIA Yeentshukumo Ezongezekileyo
Zokuhlola kwi Bloko 11B/12B yi TOTAL E&P SOUTH AFRICA B.V**

1. INTSHAYELELO

Esi siShwankathelo singenabuchwepheshe sibonelela ngamaggabantshintshi eDrafti yeNgxelo yoMiselo-md (i-DSR) alungiswe njengenxalenyenqkubo yoVavanyo IweMpembelelo kokusiNggongileyo kunye naseLuntwini (i-ESIA) ye TOTAL E & P South Africa B.V. (i-TEPSA). Esi siShwankathelo siyafumaneka ngesiNgesi, isiBhulu nangesiXhosa yaye isasazwa ngamahlakanachaphazelekayo njengesiseko sesaziso nokunika koluvo.

U TEPSA ufaka isicelo sesiGunyaziso sokusiNggongileyo ukuze enze iintshukumo ezongezekileyo zokuhlola kwixesa elizayo cebu kuhle kuNxwebe oluseMazantsi eKapa kwiBloko yeLayisenisi 11B/12B (bona Umda 1). Umda osemantla weBloko 11B/12B uphakathi kwamalunga nama 45 km ne 130 km cebu kunxweme le Cape St. Francis ne Mossel Bay, ngokuhambelana.

U TEPSA uneLungelo analo lokuHlola iBloko 11B/12B elivumela ukwenziwa kweentshukumo eziliqela zokuhlola, kuqukwaphando lonyikimo lomhlaba, uphando lomgangathphantis kwamanzi (i-sensor bathymetry surveys), iisampuli zentlenge nokubholwa kwamaqula kuhlolwa. UKususela ngexesa kunikwa iLungelo lokuHlola okokuqala, zenziwe iintshukumo ezininzi zokuhlola kwibloko, nto leyo ekhokelele ekufunyanisweni kwerhasi e Brulpadda ngo 2019. lintshukumo zisaqhube ka kwibloko.

U TEPSA uphakamisa ngoku nje ukwenza ezinye iintshukumo zokuhlola ezongezekileyo zokuhbola kwanezinyo ezayamene nako kummandla obanzi kunakuqala ukuqinisekisa ngcono ukufunyaniswa kovimba we hydrokhaboni. lintshukumo ezongezekileyo eziphakanyiswayo ziQuka:

- Ukubhola kwamanye amaqla okuhlola aya kuthi ga kwalishumi.
- Uphando Iwezombane-mtsokane kuvimba olawulwayo (CSEM).
- Ukuhutshwa kwendawo yokumisa izikhethpe ukwenzela kufunyanwe ulwazi Iwemozulu yokusingqongileyo neyzewlandle.

Olu hlolo lungachukumisa lintshukumo eziliqela ezipheniye ngokwemiMiselo ye EIA yango 2014 (njengoko ilungisiwe), yaye ngenxa yoku, siyafuneaka isiGunyaziso sokuSingqongileyo (EA) phambi kokuba babe nokuqala. i-SLR Consulting (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd (SLR) ichongwe njengeNgcaphephe ezimeleyo yeNtlola yokuSingqongileyo ukuba yenze inkqubo yoMiselo-md neye ESIA yezi ntshukumo zokuhlola ziphakanyiswayo.

2. KUTHENI U TEPSA EFUNA UKUQHUBEKA NGEZI NTSHUKUMO ZOKUHLOLA?

NgoJulai 2014, uRhulumente woMzantsi Afrika iqualise i Operation Phakisa ngenjongo, kwezinye, yokuvulela isakhono

sezooqosho seelwandle zoMzantsi Afrika. Ngokwayamene noku, kukhethwe amacandelo amane abalulekileyo njengemimandla emitsha yokukhula kwezoqosho lezezilwandle, elinye iluhlo lwe oli nerhasi eselwandle kude nonxweme. Injongo yoku kukupuhllisa ngakumbi umxholo owenza kube nako ukuhlola kwe oli nerhasi, into ebangela ukwanda kwamanani amaqla okuhlola abholwayo, ngexesha kuyuswa ixabiso elibanjelwa uMzantsi Afrika. Ngokwayamene noku, eyona nto kujoliswe kuyo echongwe yi Operation Phakisa kukubholwa kwamaqula okuhlola angama-30 kwiminyaka elishumi. U TEPSA ubonelela ngethuba lokuseka ngakumbi ubungakanani nokuwazeka kwezoqosho koovimba berhasi kunye/okanye i-oli efumaneka apha kuMzantsi Afrika kwiBloko Block 11B/12B

3. INGABA LIKHONA ITHUBA LOKUSEBENZISANA NOMSEBENZI?

I ESIA ikwisigaba soMiselo-md ngoku nje, apho ngenkubo yentatho-nxaxheba, kuchongwa imiba engakhona ukuba ijongwe ngakumbi. i-SLR sele ilungise iDrafti yeNgxelo yoMiselo-md (i-DSR), efumanekayo ukuba ihlolwe kuze kunikwe izimvo. i-DSR: ichaza amanyathelo e ESIA asele ethathiwe ukiza kuthi ga ngoku, kuqukwaphando ukuthatha inxaxheba kukawonke wonke; ibonelela ngenkukacha yeentshukumo eziphakanyiswayo kunye nenkazeloyokusingqongileyo okungathi kuchaphazeleke; yaye ichonga imiba ekhathazayo efuna ukuphandwa ngakumbi ukuze kwenziwe uvavanyo lwempembelelo.

Ungabandakanya ngokuthi:

- Ufunde esi Sishwankathelo Singenabuchwepheshe (ingxelo epheleleyo iyafumaneka ku www.slrconsulting.com/public-documents OR <https://slr11b12b.datafree.co>) - iyalikeleka ngeseli engenayo kwi-intanethi kungkho zindleko ze data).
- UKumameloukuthiyitshiweyo kweentlanganiso ezikwi intanethi (ii-webinar) ezibanjwe ngo Julai 2020. Okukuqka izimvo eziphakanyiswe ngaBantu abanomdla nabaChaphazelekayo (I&AP) neempendulo zokuqala ezivela kwi TEPSA ne SLR.
- Ukuhumela izimvo, imibazo okanye okukhathazayo kwi SLR kwiinkukacha zoqhamshelwano zingezantsi ngeposi, i-imayili, i-SMS, i-WhatsApp okanye utsalo lomnxeba.

Nceda uthumele izimvo zakho ku:

SLR Consulting (South Africa) (Pty) Ltd

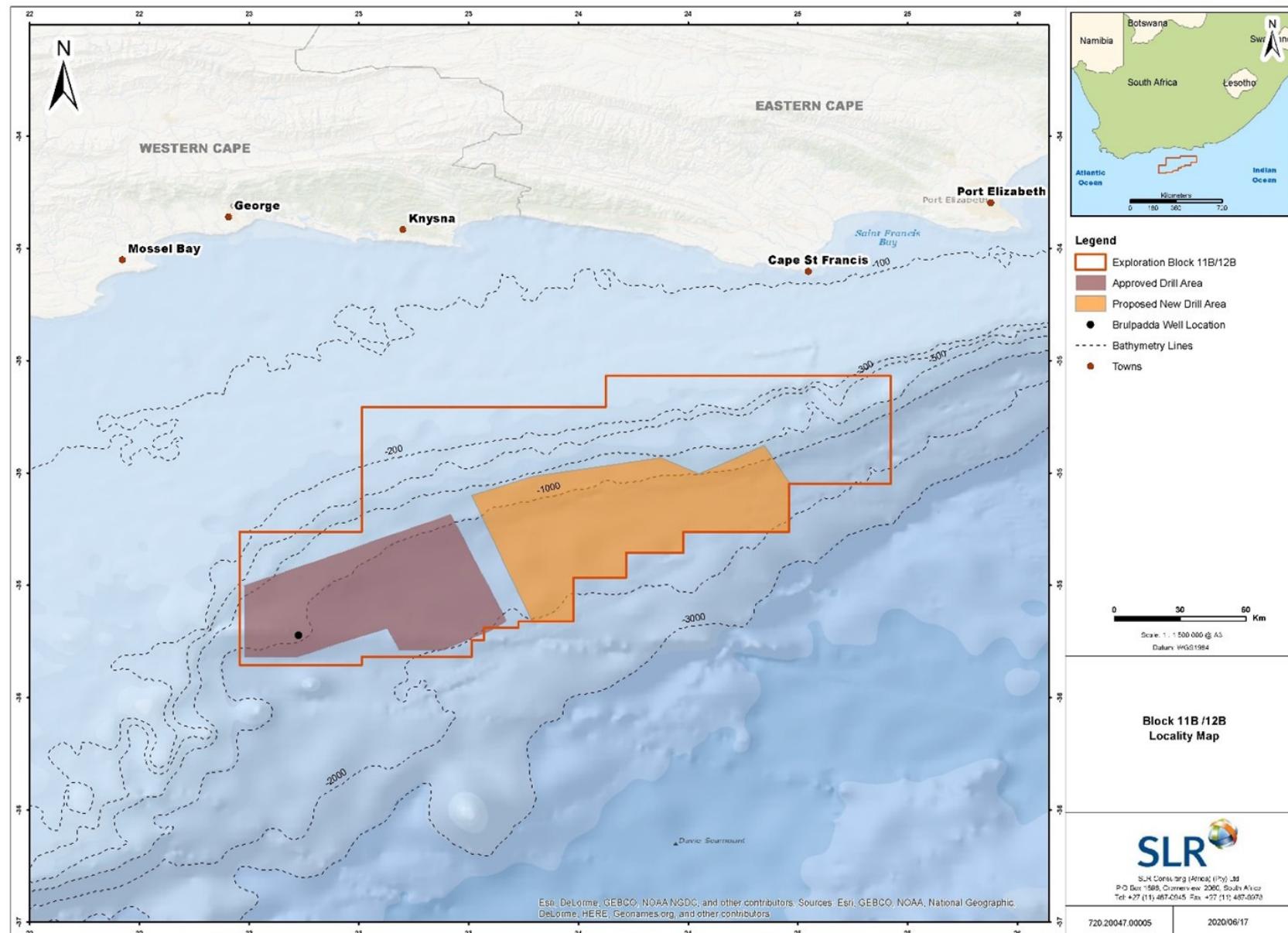
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Izimvo zifanele zifike e SLR kungadlulanga umhla wama

21 Agasti 2020



Umzobo 1: Indawo ekuyo iBloko yeLayisenisi 11B/12B cebu kuhle kuNxweme oluseMazantsi oMzantsi Afrika

4. UNENJONGO YOKWENZA NTONI U TEPSA?

U TEPSA ufaka isicelo sesiGunyaziso sokusiNgqongileyo ukuze enze iintshukumo ezichazwe ngezantsi.

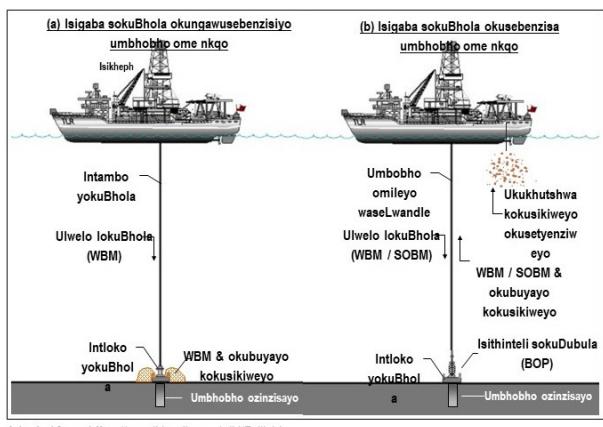
4.1 **Ukubhola Amaqula Okuhlola**

Ukuhlola kuya kuuka ukubhola ukuya kuthi ga kumaqula alishumi kusetyenziswa isixhobo sokubhola esingengatshoni sonke phantsi kwamanzi (i-rig) esinesixokelelwano esibanzi sokubamba indawo esibufaneleyo ubume oburhabaxa bamanzi anzulu aselwandle (akukho mfuneko yesizinzisi). Ngexesha kusetyenzwa, kuya kunyanzeliswa ummandla wokhusaleko ongange 500 m ongqonge isixhobo sokubhola.

Esi sixhobo (i-rig) siya kuxhaswa sisikhitshana esinamandla esisetyenziselwa ukutsala izikhephe ezinkulu, izikhephe ezimbini ezixhasayo kune neokuhanjisa ngeheliqophtha phakathi kwendawo le nesikhululo seenqwelomoya sase George. Indawo yokuceba nokulawula lo msebenzi (i-primary onshore logistics base) ingaba kwizibuko lase Mossel Bay (kungaba naseKapa okanye eBhayi).

Umngxuma wequla ukuya kumgangatho wolwandle wenziwa yibhithi yokubhola efakelwe kumtya ojikelezayo, olityumzayo ilitye libe zizinto ezingamacea ezbizwa ngokuba "okusikiwego". Ukubhola kwensiwa kwzigaba ezimbini, ezbizwa ngokuba zizigaba sokubhola ngaphandle kombhobho ome nkqo (udaka & okusikiwego kukturhela kumgangatho wolwandle) nokusebenzisa umbhobho ome nkqo (okusikiwego okusetyenziwego, kune nodaka olushiyekileyo, kukturhela kwikholam yamanzi) (bona Umzobo 4). Emva kokuba umngxuma ubholiwe, kubekwa imibhobho yentsimbi emngxunyeni ukubonelela ngobume obuqinileyo ize isanyentelwe kule ndawo.

Kulindeleke ukuba kuthathe iinyanga ezintathu ukuya kwezintandathu kwiqula ngalinye ukugqiba ukubhola okwenziwayo kune novavanyo, kuquka nokuambisa kwanokumisa ngxi izikhephe ezinkulu.

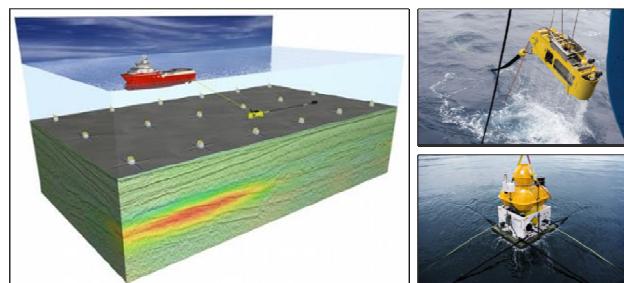


Umzobo 2: Izigaba zokuBhola

4.2 **Uphando Lwezombane-mtsalane Kuvimba Olawulwayo (CSEM)**

Uphando lwe CSEM lusetyenziselwa ukuchonga iimpaeu ezithile zezamatye ngaphantsi komgangatho wolwandle

ukuze kubonakaliswe ubukho boovimba be hydrokhabhoni. Uphando lwe CSEM lubandakanya ukwenza ifildi yombane kusetyenziswa umthombo otsalwayo. Kubekwa uluhlu lwezihobo zokufumana ulwazi lungumfuziselo wegridi kumgangatho wolwandle ukuze zishicilele iinguqu kule fildi ikhutshwayo ezibangelwa ngumaleko wokuxhathisa ngaphantsi nje komphezulu (bona Umzobo 3). I-CSEM ayibangeli nenjani ingxolo phantsi kwamanzi, kodwa endaweni yoko ikhupha ifildi yezombane-mtsulan. Umthombo okhutshwayo uphatha kuwo amandla angephi, athi aphele emehlweni ngokukhawuleza kumanzi olwandle. Uphando lwe CSEM lulindeleke ukuba luthathe ukuya kuthi ga kwiinyanga ezintathu ukuggitywa. Ummandla wokhusaleko oya kuthi ga kwiikhilomitha ezi 2 uyafuneka ukungqonga aphi kusetyenzwa khona.



Umzobo 3: Umzobo obonisa okudla ngokuba lumphando lwe CSEM kuboniswa umthombo otsalwayo kune nezihobo zokufumana ulwazi kumgangatho wolwandle (ekhohlo); umthombo (ekunene entla) nesifumani-lwazi (ekunene ezantsi)

4.3 **Ukukhutshwa kwendawo yokumisa izikhephe ukwenzenza kufunyanwe ulwazi lwemozulu yokusingqongileyo neyezolwandle (i-Metocean Buoy Mooring)**

Kuya kukturhwa ukuya kuthi ga kwisihlanu sezikhobo zokulinganisa imozulu kwi Bloko 11B/12B kwisithuba sonyaka omnye ukulinganisa imisinga, amaza, iqondo lobushushu amanzi, amazinga engxolo yamanzi endalo, imida yomoya ovuthuzayo nomoya osezolwayo. Isixhobo sokulinganisa amaza (wave buoy) siya kufuna ummandla wokhusel wexeshana ophakathi kwe 500 m ne 2 km yomkha-sangqa kumphezulu wolwandle (kuxhomekeke kubonzulu bamanzi). Zonke izikhephe ziayakunqandwa zingangeni kulo mmandla wokhusaleko.

4.4 **Ukuphendula Ngemo Kaxakeka (ukuchitheka kwe oli)**

Ukuba kungavela isiganeko esingafane senzeke sokuchitheka kwe oli, u TEPSA uneekontrakana namaqumrhu akhawulelanayo kumhlaba jikelele ukuba kusetyenziswe izixhobo ezikwizinga eliphezelu zokuvala zingcibe amaqla (umz. ukuba isithintel sokuDubula sisilele). Elinye lamaqurhu linoovimba balo e Saldanha elinye e UK nase Singapore. linkukacha zokuhanjisa kwezihobo neenkonzo zokukhawulelana ziya kuqulathwa kwiCebo Elikhawulezileyo IoMhla wokuChitheka Oli le TEPSA kune neCebo Elikhawulezileyo IoDubulo elakhelwe iqula ngalinye.

5. BOBUPHI UBUNTUNUNTUNU

OBUBALULEKILEYO OBUKHoyo

KOKUSINGQONGILEYO NASELUNTWINI?

Okusingqongileyo okungathi kuchaphazeleke kungohlulwa kube ziindidi ezintathu: (1) Ezibambekayo kubume, (2) Ezendalo ne (3) zentlalo noqoqosh.

5.1 Ezibambekayo kubume bokusingqongileyo

Ubume bokusingqongileyo buquka imiba efana nomoya ovuthuzayo neqondo lobushushu, imisinga yowlandle, umgangatho phantsi kwamanzi (i-bathymetry), amaza kune nentlenge kumgangatho wolwandle. Unxweme oluseMazantsi luyaziwa ngeziganeko eziggithisileyo zemozulu ezidla ngokwenzeka ngexesa leenyanga zobusika phakathi kwenyanga kaCanzibe neyoMsintsi. Ummandla ocebu nonxweme ulawulwa kakhulu nguMsinga ofudumeleyo we Agulhas. Ubukhulu bomgangatho wolwandle osebindini kwi Agulhas Bank unamatye kune neendawo ezombathiswe apha naphaya yintlenge. Umgangatho wolwandle kule ndawo iphakanyiselwa ukubholwa okutsha unentlenge engadibenanga.

5.2 Okwendalo kokusingqongileyo

UNxweme oluseMazantsi luxhasa ubutyebi beendidi ngeendidi zobomi baselwandle kuqukwia impilo entununtunu ekumazantsi olwandle, i-plankton, iiintlanzi nookrebe, amafudo, iiintaka zaselwandle kune nezilwanyana zaselwandle (ziqluka umnenga, inguza nezinja zaselwandle). Ezinye iindawo ezintununtunu kumazantsi olwandle kwiBloko 11B/12B zithathwa njengezisengozini, ngexa inkitha yeentlanzi xa ugugutha Unxweme oluseMazantsi yayanyanisa ne plankton, edala ixenye ebalulekileyo yoxomekeko Iwendalo kwenye ngokutya. Iintlanzi eziqhele ukubonwa kakhulu ematyeni, ngaphaya kwethambeka nakumanzi asenxwemeni kwiBloko 11B/12B ziintlolo ezinkulu ezhambahambayo kulwandle oluvulekileyo, kuqukwia iiindidi zeetyhuna, i-billfish nookrebe. Uninzi lookrebe luthathwa njengezisengozini yi International Union for Conservation of Nature (i-IUCN).

Iintlolo ezintathu zofudo ziayafumaneka xa ugugutha Unxweme oluseMazantsi, zibizwa ngokuba yi leatherback (Isengozini Ngokugithisileyo), i-loggerhead nangamanye amaxesha i-green turtle (zombini zisengozini), ngexa iindidi ezingama 60 zeentaka zaselwandle zaziwa okanye kucingelwa ukuba zingakhona kuzo iindidi ezili-15 zizala kulo mmandla, uninzi lwazo kwiziqithi ezsienxwemeni.

Izilwanyana zaselwandle ezaziwayo ukuba zikhona okanye zingakhona apha kuNxweme oluseMazantsi ziindidi ezingama 35 zeminenga neenguza. Kwezi, ezinye zithathwa njengezisengozini eGqithisileyo, Evisengozini, nezintununtunu engozini kuluhlu loLwazi oluBomvu loMzantsi Afrika (South African Red Data). Iindidi ezingathi zibonwe kakhulu kwi Bloko 11B/12B yinguza eyi common bottlenose dolphin, umnenga i-long-finned pilot whale, i-Bryde's whale, i-southern right whale ne humpback whale. li baleen whales ziqluka uhlobo i-blue, i-fin, i-sei, i-minke, i-dwarf minke, i-Bryde's, ne pygmy right. Kwiminenga enamazinyo, kungathanda ukubonwa i long-finned pilot whales yaye i short-beaked common dolphin sezona zingathanda

ukubonwa kwii odontocetes, ngexa iminenga ebulalayo ii killer whales nazo zikhe zabonisa. Kungathi kudityanwe nee sperm whales kumanzi anobunzulu obungaphaya kwe 1 000 m. I-Cape fur seal ilulo lodwa uhlobo Iwezinja zaselwandle ekungadityanwa nalo kwi Bloko 11B/12B. Ezona ndawo zifikutshane zokuzala xa ugugutha uNxweme oluseMazantsi sisiqithi i Seal Island e Mossel Bay, kunweme olusemantla e Robberg Peninsula e Plettenberg Bay nase Black Rocks (iqela le Bird Island) e Algoa Bay.

Zisibhozo lindawo Ezikhulseleyo kuNxweme loLwandle (Coastal Marine Protected Areas (ii MPAs)) yaye zisixhenxe lindawo Ezikhulseleyo Cebu kuhle noNxweme loLwandle (Offshore Marine Protected Areas) xa ugugutha Unxweme oluseMazantsi (bona Umzobo 4). lindawo Ezibalulekileyo ngokweZinto Eziphilayo nalapho Ziphila Khona okanye NgokweNdalo (ii-EBSAs) ziayfunyanwa nazo kufutshane nale bloko. Inxene esemantla ye Bloko 11B/12B igqitha kwi Kingklip EBSA eyathi yachongwa ukuba iniikeze ukhuseleko kwi Secret Reef, i-Kingklip Koppies ne Kingklip Ridge, kuqukwia ubume obusandula ukufunyanisa be biogenic coral reef ezineendidi ezintununtunu zeekorale, zee bryozoans, zee mollusc nezoo nonkala. Lo mmandla mtsha wokubholwa uphakanyiswayo uyayiphepha i Kingklip EBSA.

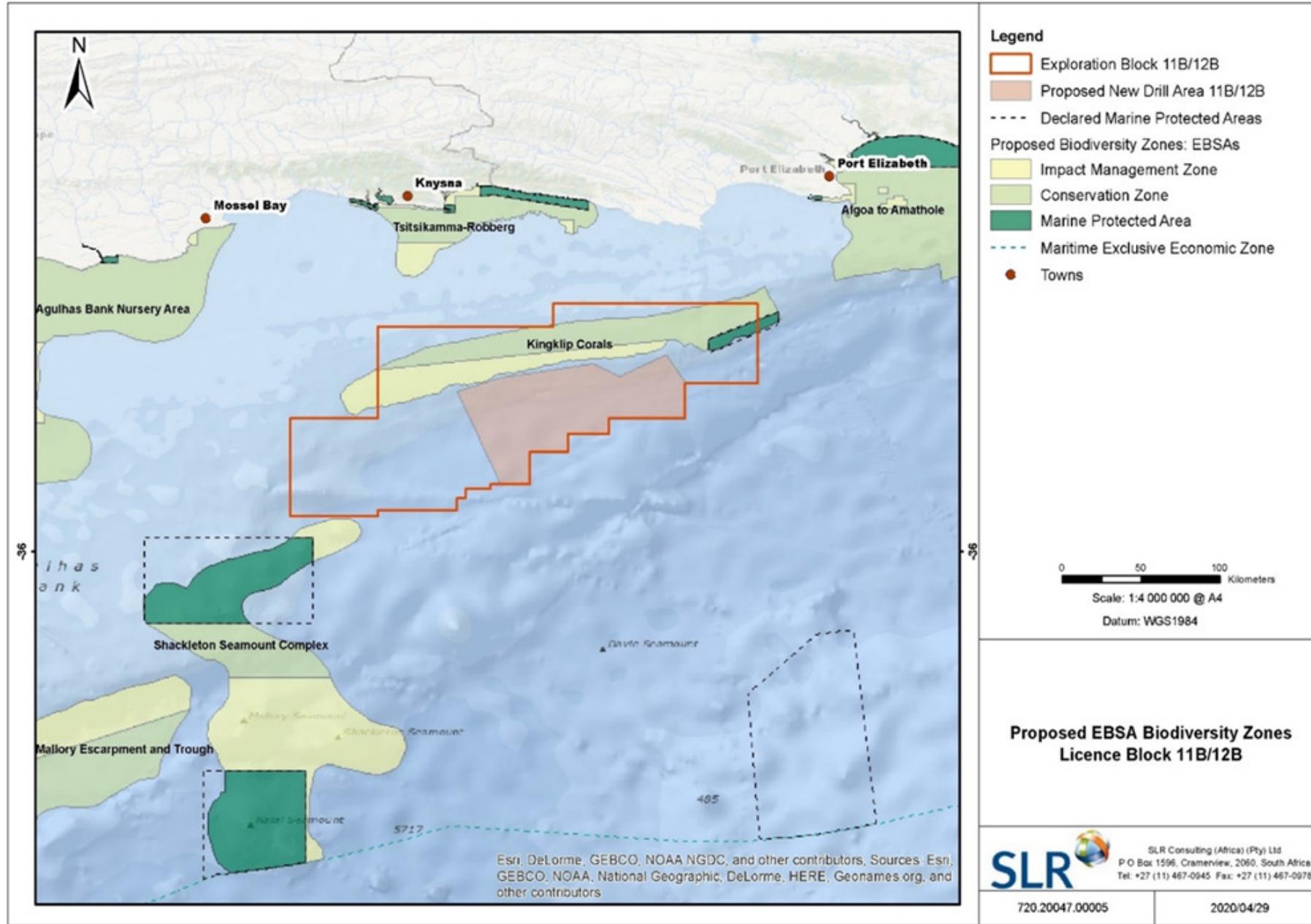
5.3 Okusingqongileyo kwezentlalo noqoqosh

Unxweme OluseMazantsi yindawo yokukhenkethela ethandwa kakhulu yaye ineendawo eziliqela zokuhlala eziselunxwemeni phakathi kwe Cape Agulhas ne Bhayi, ezidityanisa nguhola wendlela u N2 ogqitha kuzo okanye ozigwegwelezayo iidolphu ezinkulu zase Mossel Bay, i-George, ne Knysna ne Jeffrey's Bay. Izinto eziphambili zokhenketho nokuzonwabisa zижолise kakhulu kolu nxweme luqhle olunomhlabi onamatye nonxweme olunesanti eninzi. Ezokhenketho ludlala indima ebalulekileyo kwezoqoqosh noqoqosh.

Amacandelo amaninzi okulobelwa ukuthengisa asebenza kumanzi asisidibi nalawo anzulu kuNxweme oluseMazantsi. Ukuloba okuninzi kwenziwa kumanzi asisidibi kummandla orhangqe umhlabi kwi Agulhas Bank ukuya kubunzulu obul 1 000 m. Ukuloba okulindelwe ukuba kwenzeke kulo mmandla osementla wale Bloko 11B/12B kuquka i-demersal trawl, i-midwater trawl ne demersal longline fisheries, kodwa oku akungefane kwenzeke kumanzi anzulu apho kuphakanyisa ukubholwa khona.

Ukuloba okungade kuggithe kwizigaba ezinamanzi anzulu kukuloba ngomgca omde omkhulu wokuloba ityhuna i-swordfish nookrebe (kakhulu ukrebe i mako shark), nto leyo eyenzeka kummandla omkhulu kwi EEZ yoMzantsi Afrika nakwindawo erhangwe ngumhlabi esisidiba nakude le cebu nonxweme. Uninzi Iwezikhephe ezinkulu eiloba ngemigca emide Most zisebenza ukusuka eKapa yaye ukuloba kwenzeke unyaka wonke kulotya kakhulu kumaxesha asebusika (eyeSilimela) nasentlakohlama.

Ezinye iintlolo zokuloba, ezifana ne chokka squid, i-south coast rock lobster, i-traditional line fishing, i-small pelagic purse seine nezinye ii mariculture farms, zenzeka kummandla okufutshane kakhulu enxwemeni yaye azilindelekanga ukuba zichaphazeleke kukuhlolwa okucetywayo.



Umzobo 4: lindawo Ezikhuselwego eLwandle kune neendawo eziphakanyiswayo ezibalulekileyo kokuphilayo neendawo eziphila kuyo okanye kwNdalo ngokwayamene ne Bloko 11B/12B
(okubomvu) kunye nendawo entsha ephakanyiswayo yokubhola (oku-orenji)

6. I-ESIAIZA KUHLANGABEZANA NJANI NOKUCHAPHAZELEKA KOBUME BOKUSINGQONGILEYO?

Ngenxa yeentshukumo ezipifikanyiswayo kanye nobuntununtunu bobume bokusingqongileyo obuchaphazelekayo, zichongiwe iimpembelelo ezilqela ezingathi zibaluleke yaye zishwankathelwe kolu Ludwe. Ezi mpembelelo zibonisa ngokusekelwe kwiintsukumo zangaphambili zokubhola kokuhlola yaye ziya kuvavanywa ngokusesikweni ziingcaphephe ngexesha le ESIA, bhexaswa kukusetyenziswa kolwazi olutsha oluzekekisayo.

Intshukumo yeProjekthi	Ukuchaphazeleka Okucingelwayo
Utyalo-mali kwicandelo le O&G	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukufaka isandla/ukwenza igalelo kwezoqoqosho likazwelone.
Ukfumana nokusetyenziswa ababoneleli ngeenkonzo balapha nengqesho	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukfumana nokusebenzia ababoneleli ngeenkonzo balapha okwethutyanakumsebenzi oselunxwemeni nokuhanjisa kweehelikhopta njal-njl. • Ingqesho enyiniiwweyo yethutyanaya basebenzi abambalwa abanezakhonokwanabo bangenabo kakuhle ubuchule (umz. apha kwenziwa umsebenzizokuceba nokufezekisa umsebenzi).
Ukfumana nokusetyenziswa kwezinto ezithengiswa apha kanye neenkonzo ezilapha (umz. indawo yokuhlala nokutya)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukyunuka (nangona kunyiniwe) kwenkcitho yalapha kule ndawo kwiidolophuzonxweme olusemazantsi.
Ukukhutshwa kwamanzi azinzisayo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukukhutshwa kwamanzi azinzisayo, ngakumbi xa izikhephe ezinkulu zihamba zisiya okanye zibuya kulo mmandla ubholwayo, kungasaza iindidi zezintoeziphilayo ezingaqhelekanaganawo leyo.
Imimandla yokhuseleko ekufutshane nesixhobo sokubhola nezikhephe ezixhasayo	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukungalotya kummandla wokhuseleko ongama 500 m ukuya kwi 2 km ngexesha kusenziwa ezi ntshukumo zalo msebenzi.
Ukukhutshewa kwamanzi amdaka elwandle (umz. amanzi angwevu, ilindle, ukomisa umgangathowesikhephe) avela kwisixhobo sokubhola nasezikhepheni.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukgcolisa amanzi olwandle kanye neziphumo kwimpilo yeziilwanyanzaselwandle. • Ukyunuka komtsalane we plankton, iintlanzi nezinye izilwanyana kwindawo ekubholwa kuyo.
Ukunyuka kwengxolo yendalo yendawo ivela kwiidolophu	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukpazanyisawa kwezinja zaselwandle kanye neentaka zaselwandle elunxwemeni. • Ukpazanyisawa / ilahleko yemvakalelo yendawo kubantu abahlala apha nakubakhenkethi.
Ukukhutshwa kokusikiwego kukubhola okuvela kwizixhobo zokubhola kanye nokuphazanyisawa kwentenga kumgangatho wolwandle ngexesha kubholwa	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukyunuka kwezinga lokuba nkungu kwamanzi olwandle kanye nokungcola kobulunga bamanzi kuvela ekungcoleni kwentenga kanye neziphumo kwimpilo nokuphazamiseka kwintlanzi nezinye izilwanyana zaselwandle. • Ukuftaniseleka kweziilwanyana ezintununtunu kumgangatho wolwandle kubangelwa kukuwela kokusikiwego nesamente kuwo.
Ukwenza ingxolo phantsi kwamanzi ngokubhola nokusebenza kwezikhephe kanye noKhanelo IokuZamazama koMhlaba ngokume Nkqo (Vertical Seismic Profiling)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukpazamiseka kweziilwanyana zaselwandle kanye neentlanzi kummandla ekuhlolwa kuwo. • Ukbekwa kwenye iindawo kweentlanzi nokuloba.
Ukushiya ubume bequla eliphantsi kolwandle kumgangatho wolwandle	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukpazamisana neentshukumo ze demersal trawling okanye zezixhobo zoluloba.
Iziganeko ezingacetywanga ezinokwenzeka ezifana nokudubula kwequla, izinto eziwayo okanye ukulahlekelwa ngamafutha xa kusethiya izikhephe	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ukgcolisa ubomi baselwandle kuqukwa nokufa okungakhona kweziilwanyanza selwandle. • Izinto ezinkulu eziwiswayo zingaphazamisana neentshukumo zokuloba okanye umonakalo kwizixhobo zokuloba • Ukydyobha nge oli iindawo ezintununtunu ezelunxwemeni ukuba kungakho isiganeko esingafane senzeke sokuchitheka okukhulu kwe oli. • Ukpazamiseka kwamaqela asebenzia unxweme ukuba kungakho isiganeko esingafane senzeke sokuchitheka okukhulu kwe oli.

Ukuphendula ezi mpembelelo zingathi zibe khona ezikhankanywe ngasentla, le mfun-alwazi ilandelayo yeengcaphephe iza kwenziwa:

- Imizekeliso yokuchitheka kwe oli, okusikwa kukubhola kanye nokusasazwa kwengxolo engaphantsi kwamanzi.
- Uvavanyo Iwezinto eziphilileyo neendawo ezhilah kuzo elwandle naselunxwemeni.
- Uvavanyo Iwezokuloba izinto ezithengiswayo.
- Uvavanyo Iwezentlalo.

7. KOKUPHI OKULANDELAYO OKUYA KWENZEKA?

- Zonke izimvo ezifunyenwe ungadlulanga umhla wama **21 Agasti 2020** ziya kuperhendulwa njengenxaleny yeNgxelo yeZimvo neeMpendulo.
- Ingxelo yoMiselo-md iya kuhlaziya ngokusekelwe kwizimvo ize ingeniswe kunye neNgxelo yeZimvo neeMpendulo kwi Petroleum Agency of South Africa (PASA).
- I-PASA iya kuthi ke ibe neentsuku ezingama 43 zokuyamkela okanye ziyikhabe iNgxelo yoMiselo-md.
- I-SLR iya kwenza uvavanyo lwempembelelo ize ilungise iNgxelo ye ESIA.
- Ingxelo ye ESIA iya kwenziwa ifumaneku kubantu ababhalisiwego abazii I&APs ukuze bayihlole baze banike izimvo.