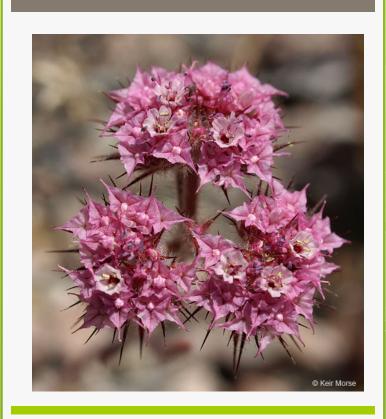
Chorizanthe douglasii Benth.



Chorizanthe douglasii Benth.

- Early 1800's Douglas' Spineflower
 - After Scottish collector for the Royal Horticultural Society
- 1913 Jepson classification: Chorizanthe nortonii
- 1934 Goodman classification: Chorizanthe douglasii
- 1989 Reveal revised the classification

Geographic Distribution

- South America
- 40 Species in North America
- o 33 are in California
- Some of those species are disappearing
 - C. pungens var. pungens
 - o C. valida
 - C. parryi var. fernandina is extinct

Coastal California

- Monterey
- San Benito
- San Luis Obispo
- Mediterranean climate



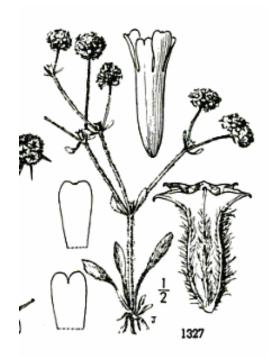
Native Habitat

- Located at sea level,55-1600 meters
- Sandy or gravelly
- Chaparral
- Woodland
- Coastal scrub
- Coniferous forest



Taxonomic Description

- Height: 10-50 cm tall
- Leaves: Basal, entire, 5-40 cm long,
- Mid stem, whorl of leaves
- Involucre, 3-5 cm, hairy
- Membrane: purple margin,
- Hooked bracts
- Flower: Perianthe, 3.5 to
 4.5 mm long, toothed
 lobes, white to rose





Seed Dispersal

Seeds disperse in the involucre

May be aerial or animal

Production Schedule

Production Schedule

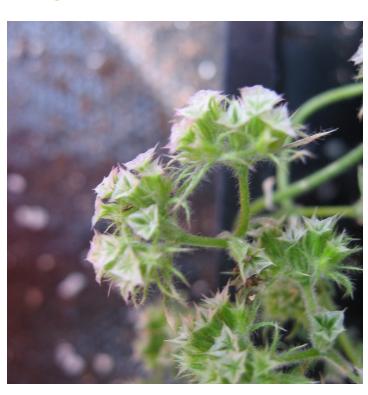
Week 10			Week 17
Germinate Seed			Earth Day April 22



Commercial Opportunities

- Colorful landscape plant
 - Planted in masses
 - Planted in containers
- New product line appealing to sustainability movement
 - Promote natives
 - Save the species

Up Close or at a Distance





Threats to Natives

- Development
 - Environmentalists vs. Developers
- o "Weeds"
 - Competition from non native plants
- Insects
 - Impact plant productivity

New Market Niche Sustainability

- New Product Lines Using Native and/or Endangered Species
- "Save Me"...the species
 - Appeal to native plant enthusiasts
- "Save Water"...
 - Appeal to environmentalists



EARTH DAY Plant a Native

...before it's too late

Chorizanthe douglasii Douglas Spineflower



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