

The Canary Islands

Naturetrek Tour Report

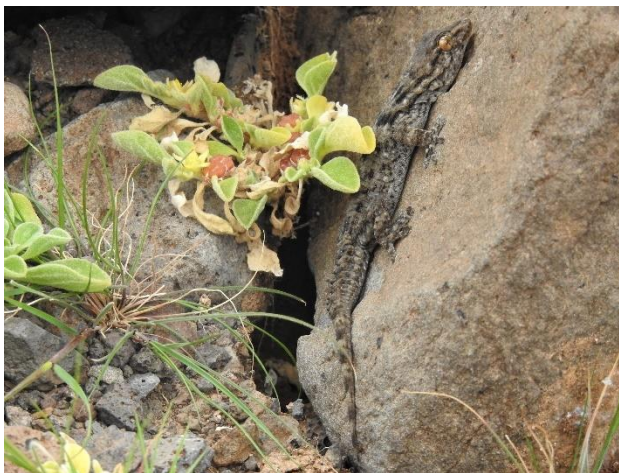
18th – 25th February 2023



Atlantic Canary



Erysimum virescens



East Canary Gecko



Mount Teide

Tour report by Jessica Turner & Paul Harnes
Images by Jessica Turner



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Tour participants: Jessica Turner & Paul Harmes (leaders) with 11 Naturetrek clients

Summary

This was the first trip on which we reversed the destinations, flying first to Fuerteventura. Here we enjoyed some great views of the desert specialities: Black-bellied Sandgrouse, Cream-coloured Courser and Houbara Bustard, as well as fascinating desert plants such as *Convolvulus caput-medusae* and *Cistanche phelypaea*. Canary Islands Stonechat, Great Grey Shrike, Greenish Black-tip and Plain Tiger butterflies, *Euphorbia bandiensis* and the delicate *Asphodelus tenuifolius* were among the supporting cast here. On Tenerife we particularly enjoyed time spent in the caldera of Mount Teide, with less driving than on previous trips. The Teno peninsula was very good botanically, as was the Laurel forest margins at Monte del Agua, while we saw good numbers of both Laurel and Bolle's Pigeons on La Gomera. The hotel at Vilaflor was a particular delight, for its excellent facilities, tasty food and the Tenerife Blue Chaffinches in the hotel grounds!

Jessica and Paul would like to thank the group for their company, enthusiasms and spotting skills, all of which contributed to an excellent week.

Day 1

Saturday 18th February

Fly Fuerteventura; transfer to Hotel Melia

Seven group members flew from Gatwick and one from Manchester, both flights being slightly delayed but arriving around 6.35pm. They met up with Jessica and Paul who had been on an earlier flight, and with another group member already on the island. The leaders already had the minibuses ready, so we were able to make a fairly prompt get-away, driving down to the hotel south of Costa Calma. After checking in, we met the remaining two group members who had arrived a couple of days earlier, Jessica outlined plans for the following day, and we enjoyed a tasty meal. Afterwards we were very ready for our beds after a long day's travel.

Day 2

Sunday 19th February

Costa Calma desert; Jandia peninsula; La Lajita

Most of the group met at 6.45am with the first hints of dawn in the eastern sky. We drove the short distance to Costa Calma and entered the desert area which lies behind the town. As we drove in further and the light improved, we started to hear Mediterranean Short-toed Larks, and we stopped on the far side to see several birds, including a small flock, some giving lovely views as they fed and sang. Shortly after, we saw two Black-bellied Sandgrouse close to the track and had superb views of them. Almost immediately after this delight, a pair of Cream-coloured Coursers were similarly very close and also gave excellent views! We then picked up more Coursers as they ran to and fro through the sparse scrub. Meanwhile, Yellow-legged Gulls (subsp. *atlantis*) were drifting in off the sea and several Ravens (subsp. *canariensis*) were seen as well, although we did not see any Bustards this morning. A few

Clouded Yellow butterflies were already on the wing. As we finished the slow drive, a Great Grey Shrike (subsp. *koenigi*) perched prominently on a bush. We returned to the main road, seeing three Hoopoes on the hotel access road, although not well.

After a delicious breakfast, we were ready to head out again at 10.30am, to visit the Jandia Peninsula at the south of the island, driving through Morro Jable. We parked up, with Berthelot's Pipit giving excellent views by the car park, while a Trumpeter Finch took off and flew into a gully, never to be seen again. A Barbary Ground Squirrel was watching the world from the top of a low building. We were looking at the plants in this very dry habitat, including the Barbed-wire Plant (*Launaea arborescens*), many of which were covered in the straw-like threads of Small-seeded Dodder (*Cuscuta approximata*), and the salt-bushes *Salsola divaricata* and *Caroxylon vermiculata*, both of which have 'bobbly', succulent leaves, the latter's being much smaller. We found several examples of the delicate asphodel *Asphodelus tenuifolius*, and the pink-flowered *Lotus glinoides*. The target plant here was the very rare *Euphorbia handiensis*, which only grows in a couple of populations on this peninsula. Meanwhile, an Egyptian Grasshopper attracted attention, as did tiny Atlantic Lizards (of the endemic Fuerteventura subsp. *maboratae*) and two East Canary Geckos (Fuerteventura subsp. *unamunoi*), and Clouded Yellow butterflies were on the wing.

We made a stop on the edge of Morro Jable near the old zoo to look at the now feral Hadada Ibis, with noisy Monk and Rose-ringed Parakeets in the palm trees above and Western Cattle Egrets wandering among the groups of people relaxing on the mown grass. Humming-bird Hawkmoths were nectaring on some of the flowering shrubs. We then returned to Costa Calma where we enjoyed a tasty pizza lunch.

Our afternoon destination was some rough ground near another zoo, at La Lajita, with a couple of water tanks. Here we noted several Vagrant Emperor dragonflies, a Blue Emperor patrolling over the water, and some beautiful Broad Scarlets. A Kestrel (east Canary subsp. *davotiae*) was seen briefly, while two Common Ringed Plovers flew off from the water's edge and two Common Sandpipers remained. The Mesembryanthemum species here were flowering well, and we could compare Dewplant (*Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum*) and Ice Plant (*M. crystallinum*) with their sparkling leaves. Butterflies included African Grass Blue and a Painted Lady. A family of Cattle Egrets were around, and a Little Egret flew over. We continued a circular walk, coming very close to a Great Grey Shrike which sang from a dead tree next to the path while a second bird had dropped into the scrub, maybe to a nest. High above us two Egyptian Vultures (subsp. *majorensis*) circled, dwarfing two Common Buzzards (subsp. *insularum*).

We returned to the Costa Calma desert, driving in from the La Pared end. We stopped to look at the desert plants, including the strange *Convolvulus caput-medusae*, the tiny yellow-flowered *Nanorrhinum urbanii* with toadflax-like flowers, the yellow Milk-vetch *Astragalus solandri* and the pink-flowered Sea-heath *Frankaenia capitata*. We also noted the trails in the sand of desert fauna (lizards and birds). Moving on, we soon found a party of Cream-coloured Coursers (these may have been the same birds seen in the morning) which again gave lovely views and later a flock of five Black-bellied Sandgrouse calmly feeding and again giving superb views.

We returned to the hotel with time for some to report the Red-vented Bulbuls in the gardens, before meeting for dinner at 7.30pm, after which those who wanted, updated our checklists, agreeing it had been an excellent day.

Day 3

Monday 20th February

Costa Calma desert; La Pared; Castillo de Lara; Mirador

We met outside the hotel again at 6.45am for a repeat drive through the Costa Calma desert. This time we drove slowly, but without stopping, until we reached the far side of the area. Mediterranean Short-toed Larks were again very active, and we soon picked up a group of three Black-bellied Sandgrouse where we had seen the five the previous evening, followed by more Cream-coloured Coursers. The first minibus then located a male Houbara Bustard on the right side of the vehicle at the same time as the second vehicle called one on the left side. We focussed on the second one, which was a female, and had great views of her in perfect light, although we could appreciate how she would disappear behind bushes, occasionally sticking her head up to look around. Meanwhile, the male walked off into the scrub and disappeared. Very satisfied, we decided to turn round and head for home. Jessica stopped for fuel and picnic shopping while Paul took the group back to the hotel, seeing a pair of Barbary Partridge en route.

After breakfast, we met at 10am to drive west to the goat farm at La Pared. We stopped by the pools on the access road, seeing Ruddy Shelduck, Ruff, four Stilt, a very vocal pair of Little Ringed Plover and a Common Snipe. A Spoonbill was on the edge of the next pool. A duck which walked off into the vegetation was probably a Marbled Duck, but it never reappeared so could not be confirmed. We also had good views of a pair of Trumpeter Finches, Spanish Sparrows and Berthelot's Pipit. A new plant was a mauve stock *Matthiola bolleana*, and many Vagrant Emperors were seen, while butterflies included Plain Tiger and Clouded Yellows. At the farm we saw another pair of Trumpeter Finches and more Ruddy Shelduck, before we drove on.

We took a route north through Pajara, with another pair of Barbary Partridge seen by the road and an Egyptian Vulture perched on a distant electricity tower. We continued north to a track into the hills at Castillo de Lara, stopping soon after we left the main road to watch a group of three Canary Island Stonechats. Greenish Black-tip butterflies and a Bordered Straw moth were on the wing. We moved on to the picnic site, where we enjoyed a tasty picnic with local goats' cheese. African Blue Tit (east Canaries subsp. *degener*) adult and juvenile were seen, as well as another Barbary Partridge and Common Buzzard. A Sublime Conehead Mantis was found, and butterflies included more Greenish Black-tips and Plain Tigers, as well as Bath White. We looked more closely at the differences between Balsam Spurge (*Euphorbia balsamifera* sometimes known as Sweet Spurge) and the Common Canary Spurge (*Euphorbia regis-jubae*), as well as noting the strange, horn-like pods of *Apteranthes burchardii* and the very spiny *Asparagus horridus*.

We moved on to Vega de Rio Palmas, where we took a short walk along the course of a stream, surrounded by Common and Giant Reed (*Phragmites australis* and *Arundo donax*). Three Laughing Doves, African Blue Tits and a Common Kestrel were seen near the start of the walk and Sardinian Warblers were active and showing well. Some

heard and then saw Spectacled Warbler, as well as a distant Egyptian Vulture. Our next stop was at the Mirador Las Peñitas, where the Barbary Ground Squirrels were bold, and Berthelot's Pipit was quite tame. We retraced our route back through Pajara, and on to Costa Calma. We stopped on the hotel access road to look at the extensive colonies of *Cistanche phelypaea*, a yellow Broomrape-type plant which parasitises the salt-bushes, and Caroline found a grey and yellow Slater *Porcellio spinipes*.

We had time to relax before another tasty meal from the extensive buffet, after which we updated our checklists.

Day 4

Tuesday 21st February

Barranco de Rio Cabras; transfer Vilaflor, Tenerife

Today we said goodbye to Fuerteventura and transferred to Tenerife. However, with an afternoon flight, there was still plenty of time to enjoy more of what the island can offer. Some of the group met at 7.15am to drive down the track that runs above the beach to the south of the hotel (Playa de la Barca and Playa Sotavento). The morning dawned grey with a chilly wind and the tide was low. We saw a flock of Sanderlings, Kentish, Common and a Little Ringed Plover, Dunlin, Grey Heron, Ruddy Shelduck and two Spoonbills. We returned for breakfast at 8am and were ready to leave by 9.30am, being serenaded by a Red-vented Bulbul as we prepared to depart.

Our route north took us through the centre of the island and the town of Antigua, where we turned east and followed a minor road towards the local rubbish dump. However, our destination only became visible as we approached: the Barranco de Rio Cabras, a steep-sided ravine with water. Our first sightings were a juvenile Egyptian Vulture perched on an electricity pole and an adult on the pylon above. The pools in the barranco held Black-winged Stilts, Greenshank, two Green Sandpipers, Common Sandpiper, a pair of Ruddy Shelduck and a Eurasian Teal. Laughing Doves were calling noisily, and we had good views, along with Trumpeter Finch and Canary Islands Stonechat, and a pair of Linnets (east Canaries subsp. *harterti*) flew past. Among the insects we noted Vagrant and Lesser Emperor and female Red-veined Darter dragonflies and a Sahara Bluetail damselfly.

We returned to the airport, where we had lunch and time to relax at the very quiet café in the Arrivals area before checking in for our 3.30pm flight to Tenerife Norte. Having sorted out new vehicles, we set off for Vilaflor via the motorway to Las Chafiras, from where we started to climb the slopes of Teide to Vilaflor, at 1400 metres above sea level. We appreciated how much greener this island is, with Almond blossom (*Prunus dulcis*), bushes of Canary Dock (*Rumex lunaria*) and the tall shrub-like Canary Sow-thistle (*Sonchus canariensis*) among the plants along the way. A Common Kestrel (west Canary subsp. *canariensis*) and a Barbary Partridge were by the road. We arrived at the hotel at about 6.30pm and checked in, meeting for a delicious meal at 8pm. Afterwards we updated our checklists and were very ready for our beds.

Day 5

Wednesday 22nd February

Teno peninsula; Monte del Agua; Masca road

The road onto the Teno Peninsula closes to private vehicles at 10am, so an early start was necessary today. After breakfast at 7am, we were on the road by 7.45am, driving up to the north-west of the island. A Barbary Partridge was seen by the road out of Vilaflor. After Santiago del Teide the road became slower, and we could see Canary Sow-thistle and Gorse (*Ulex europaeus*) by the roads. The route down towards the sea is always slightly complicated, but we reached the coast road and were soon passing through Buenavista del Norte towards Teno. We passed the barrier in good time, noting the flowering Canary Tree Mallow (*Mahva canariensis*) along the road. We stopped at the dramatic basalt cliffs of El Fraile. A pair of Kestrels was mobbing Ravens above. Plants here included Tenerife Wax Plant (*Ceropegia dichotoma*, whose local name means ‘dog-killer’), Leafless Spurge (*Euphorbia aphylla*), the Sea-lavender *Limonium frutescens*, and the Teno Knapweed (*Cheirolophus burchardii*).

We continued along the road to the Punta de Teno, where we parked and took more time to explore. Sea watching produced a number of Cory’s Shearwaters, mostly rather distant. The cool weather meant it was not ideal for lizards, but a few North Tenerife Lizards (subspecies *eisentrauti* of West Canary Lizards) were seen as they ran under rocks and bushes. Plants here were more adapted to the harsher environment and included two plants both called Canary Samphire: the ‘umbellifer’ *Astyadama latifolia* and the shrubby *Schizogyne sericea* in the Dandelion family. We also noted the silk-vine *Periploca laevigata* with its green-with-red flowers and enormous horned pods, the bird’s-foot trefoil *Lotus sessilifolius*, *Scilla haemorrhoidalis* and Dwarf Sea-lavender (*Limonium pectinatum*).

We returned to Buenavista, where the group stayed with Paul at a picnic site while Jessica went shopping. Here we had good views of West Canary Lizard, and butterflies included a Canary Islands Large White, Small Copper and Canary Speckled Wood. A young Praying Mantis was also seen, along with Tenerife Sand Grasshoppers. After a delicious picnic, with African Blue Tit (subsp. *teneriffae*) overhead, we took the road north towards Masca, taking the eastwards track at Monte del Agua. Here we parked and explored the edges of the Laurel forest with characteristic species such as Canary Tree Heather (*Erica canariensis*), Wax Myrtle (*Myrica faya*) and Canary Strawberry Tree (*Arbutus canariensis*) in more open areas, and the Azores Laurel (*Laurus novocanariensis*) the main species of the denser forest, some infected with Laurel Fungus (*Laurobasidium lauri*). Several pigeons were glimpsed in flight and from their colour and shape, they appeared to be Bolle’s Pigeons, but none were seen very well. African Blue Tit, Canary Islands Chiffchaff and Blackbird were flitting through the trees. The weather had turned to drizzle, a reminder that the laurisilva is a temperate cloud forest, but the rain eased as we walked. Other plants included Canary St. John’s-wort (*Hypericum canariensis*), Stemless Sow-thistle (*Sonchus acaulis*) and Atlantic Islands Buttercup (*Ranunculus cortusifolius*), all flowering well in places, and plants of Canary Islands Crane’s-bill (*Geranium reuteri*) and Canary Islands Foxglove (*Digitalis canariensis*). A nice find was the green-flowered orchid Gennaria (*Gennaria diphylla*), which also occurs in the western Mediterranean. We continued up the winding road, through Masca, passing the beautiful Purple Spurge (*Euphorbia atropurpurea*) and cautiously negotiating the hairpin bends, but enjoying the stunning views.

Having dropped down again into Santiago, we took the road up over the edge of the caldera. We stopped briefly at Pinar Chio, where we had good views of half a dozen Tenerife Blue Chaffinches on the picnic tables, but the

wind was very cold, so we did not stop long. We soon ran into thick low cloud, so the rest of the journey past Boca Tauce until just above Vilaflor had minimal visibility. We were pleased to return to the warm but agreed it had been another excellent day.

Day 6

Thursday 23rd February

La Gomera

A 6.45am departure saw us scraping ice of the minibus windscreens again, in order to head down to the harbour at Los Cristianos. We enjoyed breakfast overlooking the sea as we waited to board the 8.45am ferry to San Sebastian on La Gomera. Unfortunately, the old ferry with extensive open decks has now been replaced by a fast catamaran, with very a restricted outdoor area, which reduced the pleasure and scope for sea watching. However, we did our best, with good numbers of Cory's Shearwaters being seen as we left Tenerife. Not far out, we encountered a pod of Short-finned Pilot Whales, probably about 10, just on the edge of the ship's wake and at least a couple of them were breaching, so we could see their blunt heads. The sea was quieter further out, and we soon landed on La Gomera.

We took time to regain our land legs as we explored the town park, seeing a Monarch butterfly around the Bottlebrush trees and hearing, and seeing, Blackcap. After time for coffee, we took the GM-1 road up through the centre of the island, turning off to climb into the Garajonay National Park. This extensive area of Laurel forest is good for the endemic pigeons, and we stopped at Mirador El Rejo from where we had good views over the forest. Soon we were seeing several Laurel Pigeons in flight and could see how they differed from the Bolle's Pigeons we had previously seen. We also had excellent views of a couple of Bolle's Pigeons perched, so we could see the dark band on the tail. Blue Tits and Canary Island Chiffchaffs were around, and we also located a Goldcrest (Canary subsp. *teneriffae*, also known as the Tenerife Kinglet). We also enjoyed the plants along the road, including the beautiful blue Gomeran Bugloss (*Echium acanthocarpum*), Tree Pellitory (*Gesnouinia arborea*), enormous fronds of Chain Fern (*Woodwardia radicans*) and the climber Semele (*Semele androgyna*). There was also the endemic pink Gomeran Cineraria (*Pericallis steetzii*), Flat Houseleek (*Aeonium canariense* subsp. *latifolium*) and Canary Laurel (*Persea barbujuana*) infected with the gall mite *Aceria barbujuanae*. A couple of plants of *Aeonium aureum* (formerly *Greenovia aurea*) were in flower, showing their houseleek-like flower heads.

We moved a little higher in the forest to another mirador, El Bailadero. Here we admired a large *Juniperus cedrus*, covered in many lichens, and were able to read about the conservation of the Gomeran Bugloss, as well as having good views of Kestrel below. Some of the group took a walk through the Laurel Forest on a small, rather muddy path, really getting a sense of the ancient nature of this habitat. Where it was sunny and sheltered, butterflies were becoming active, and we were able to compare and contrast Red Admiral and Canary Red Admiral. As we were returning, we had lovely views of a pair of Goldcrests.

We then dropped out of the forest, stopping at a layby near Los Roques, a series of dramatic volcanic plugs. Plants on the bare rocks here included Canary Islands Alison (*Lobularia canariensis*) and Gomeran All-seed (*Dichranthus*

placamoides). Our final stop was in a bare, open area studded with bushes of Lamarck's Spurge (*Euphorbia lamarckii*) where, finally, some of the group saw a basking Boettger's Lizard, the air temperature today being rather low for them. We made our way back to the harbour for the 5pm ferry back to Tenerife. With the stronger wind, there were good numbers of Cory's Shearwaters throughout the crossing, and four Sandwich Terns as we neared the island. We drove back up the slopes of Teide as the light faded, after another fascinating day.

Day 7

Friday 24th February

The Caldera; Aguamansa

Our final full day on Tenerife saw some of the group walking round the gardens before breakfast, seeing the usual species of birds as the sun rose, with lovely views of Canaries, Great Spotted Woodpecker and Blue Tit. A new one for the trip was Grey Wagtail. The local Blue Chaffinch waited until after breakfast to show. Our first stop was at the picnic site of Las Lajas, which initially seemed very quiet, until we came across the Canaries and Blue Chaffinches as we were leaving, all glowing in the clear morning sun. Surprisingly in flower here, was a plant of Canary Island Wallflower (*Erysimum scoparium*).

We next drove up to the caldera at Boca Tauce, with the stunning views we had missed in the fog. We started to look at the special plants of the area, including Teide White Broom (*Cytisus supranubius*: the name means 'above the clouds') and Teide Sticky Broom (*Adenocarpus viscosus*), the scabious-like *Pteroccephalus lasiospermus*, and the giant loofah-like flowerheads of Teide Bugloss (*Echium wildpretii*). These plants all flower later in the year as the temperatures rise. From the next pull-in, at Los Roques (another one), we were able to walk through this amazing, lunar landscape. We then continued to drive slowly onwards, marvelling at the different colours and textures of the rocks and sands. A stop at El Portillo gave another perspective as well as the use of facilities.

We then dropped down the north side of the caldera, passing in to Canary Island Pine trees and then the Canary Tree Heath (*Erica canariensis*) and Canary Strawberry Trees (*Arbutus canariensis*). There was one flower of a Canary Cistus (*Cistus symphytifolius*) seen as we drove, and we could see the cloud ebbing up the mountainside. We turned off and stopped at the picnic site at Aguamansa, where Blue Tit, Blackbirds, Robin (Tenerife subsp. *superbus*) and the Tenerife and La Gomera subspecies of Common Chaffinch (*canariensis*) were overhead, and Goldcrest was seen again. (As of July 2023, the Common Chaffinches of the Canary Islands are being recognised as a separate, endemic species, Canary Islands Chaffinch.) Although we were lower, we had generally lost the sun here, so it felt cooler. Replete, we then retraced our route back up into the sun of the caldera, where we stopped for coffee at Las Cañadas. Blue Chaffinch, Canaries and a Great Grey Shrike were seen here.

Our final destination for today was below Vilaflor, at Cho Pancho, where we explored the vegetated slopes and field margins. Canary Sow-thistle was flowering, as was Tagasaste (*Chamaecytisus prolifer*), Almond (*Prunus dulcis*) and a Tree Aeonium (*Aeonium arboreum*). A Sardinian Warbler showed briefly, and Kestrel, Canary Islands Chiffchaff and Great Spotted Woodpecker were among the other birds noted.

We returned to the hotel in good time to relax and for those who wished to use the spa and pool, before meeting at 6.30pm to update our lists and discuss final arrangements, before our last dinner together.

Day 8

Saturday 25th February

Fly UK

There was time this morning to pack, relax and wander locally. A surprise bird sighting was a Brambling (a blog online claimed one seen last year was the fifth record for the island). We gathered for 11am, thanking the staff who had looked after us so well, loading the minibuses and setting off for the final time down the slopes of Teide. We arrived at the airport with plenty of time to say our goodbyes, return the vehicles and check in for our onward flights. We all agreed we had seen some of the best of the Canary Islands.

Jessica and Paul would like to thank the group for your spotting skills and enthusiasm, which all contributed to an excellent week.

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Cistanche phelypaea



Cream-coloured Courser

Species lists

Birds

(H = Heard only; * Near Endemic species (also on Madeira & Azores); ** = Endemic species; I – Introduced)

	Common name	Scientific name	February						
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25
Our tour checklist follows the names and taxonomy, including species order, of the International Ornithological Congress list of the birds of the world (version 13.1, January 2023) which seems destined to become the global standard in future.									
1	Ruddy Shelduck	<i>Tadorna ferruginea</i>	5	5+	4				
2	Eurasian Teal	<i>Anas crecca</i>		1					
3	Marbled Duck	<i>Marmaronetta angustirostris</i>		1					
4	Barbary Partridge (C.Is-I)	<i>Alectoris barbara koenigi</i>		5	1	1	2	1	H
5	Plain Swift *	<i>Apus unicolor</i>			10+				
6	'Canary Islands' Houbara Bustard	<i>Chlamydotis undulata fuertaventurae</i>		2					
7	Black-bellied Sandgrouse	<i>Pterocles orientalis</i>	9	3					
8	Feral Pigeon - I	<i>Columba livia feral</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
9	Bolle's Pigeon**	<i>Columba bollii</i>				6	4		
10	Laurel Pigeon**	<i>Columba junoniae</i>					5		
11	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
12	Laughing Dove	<i>Spilopelia senegalensis</i>		3	4				
13	Common Moorhen	<i>Gallinula chloropus</i>			1				
14	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>		6	3				
15	Common Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius hiaticula</i>	8		5				
16	Little Ringed Plover	<i>Charadrius dubius</i>		2	1				
17	Kentish Plover	<i>Charadrius alexandrinus</i>			2				
18	Ruff	<i>Calidris pugnax</i>		1					
19	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>			✓				
20	Dunlin	<i>Calidris alpina</i>			2				
21	Common Snipe	<i>Gallinago gallinago</i>		1					
22	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	2	1	1				
23	Green Sandpiper	<i>Tringa ochropus</i>			2				
24	Common Greenshank	<i>Tringa nebularia</i>			1				
25	Cream-coloured Courser	<i>Cursorius cursor</i>	15+	5					
26	Yellow-legged Gull (*)	<i>Larus michahellis atlantis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
27	Lesser Black-backed Gull	<i>Larus fuscus graellsii</i>			2				
28	Sandwich Tern	<i>Thalasseus sandvicensis</i>		1			4		
29	Cory's Shearwater	<i>Calonectris diomedea borealis</i>				10+	100+		
30	Hadada Ibis	<i>Bostrychia hagedash</i>	1						
31	Eurasian Spoonbill	<i>Platalea leucorodia</i>		1	2				
32	Western Cattle Egret	<i>Bulbulcus ibis</i>	c15	2					
33	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>		1	2	1			
34	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	1						
35	Egyptian Vulture (C.Is**)	<i>Neophron percnopterus majorensis</i>	3	2	4				
36	Common Buzzard (C.Is**)	<i>Buteo buteo insularum</i>	4	4+	1	2	2		
37	Eurasian Hoopoe	<i>Upupa epops</i>	3						
38	Great Spotted Woodpecker (T**)	<i>Dendrocopos major canariensis</i>			2	2		4	3
39	Common Kestrel (w.C.Is**)	<i>Falco tinnunculus canariensis</i>			1	3	3	4	2
40	Common Kestrel (e.C.Is**)	<i>Falco tinnunculus dacotiae</i>	1	1	1	4			
41	Monk Parakeet	<i>Myiopsitta monachus</i>	✓						

42	Rose-ringed Parakeet	<i>Psittacula krameri</i>	1						
43	Great Grey Shrike (**)	<i>Lanius excubitor koenigi</i>	6	3				1	
44	Northern Raven (**)	<i>Corvus corax canariensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
45	African Blue Tit (e.C.Is**)	<i>Cyanistes teneriffae degener</i>		4					
46	African Blue Tit (T, La G**)	<i>Cyanistes teneriffae teneriffae</i>			1	✓	✓	✓	✓
47	Mediterranean Short-toed Lark (e.C**.)	<i>Alaudala rufescens polatzeki</i>	✓	✓	H				
48	Canary Islands Chiffchaff**	<i>Phylloscopus canariensis</i>				3	✓	✓	✓
49	Iberian Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus iberiae</i>		?					
50	Eurasian Blackcap (sw Iberia & CI)	<i>Sylvia atricapilla heineken</i>	1	1	H	1	1	H	
51	Sardinian Warbler	<i>Curruca melanocephala leucogastra</i>		1				1	
52	Spectacled Warbler (C.Is, Mad, CV*)	<i>Curruca conspicillata orbitalis</i>		3		1			
53	Goldcrest (C.Is**)	<i>Regulus regulus teneriffae</i>					3	2	
54	Common Blackbird (C.Is, Mad*)	<i>Turdus merula cabrerai</i>			1	✓	✓	✓	1
55	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>		1				H	
56	European Robin (T**)	<i>Erithacus rubecula superbus</i>						1	
57	Canary Islands Stonechat**	<i>Saxicola dacotiae</i>		6	2				
58	Spanish Sparrow	<i>Passer hispaniolensis</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
59	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>						1	
60	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>		3	2				
61	Berthelot's Pipit*	<i>Anthus berthelotii berthelotii</i>	4	5	H	1		1	
62	Common Chaffinch (T, La G**)	<i>Fringilla coelebs canariensis</i>				1		8+	
63	Tenerife Blue Chaffinch**	<i>Fringilla teydea</i>					6	9	4
64	Brambling	<i>Fringilla montifringilla</i>							1
65	Trumpeter Finch (C.Is**)	<i>Bucanetes githagineus amantum</i>	1	4	2				
66	European Greenfinch	<i>Chloris chloris</i>				2			
67	Common Linnet (e.C.Is**)	<i>Linaria cannabina harterti</i>			2				
68	Common Linnet (w.C.Is**)	<i>Linaria cannabina meadowaldoi</i>				15+	2		
69	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>					H		
70	Atlantic Canary*	<i>Serinus canaria</i>		3		✓	✓	✓	✓

Mammals (D = Dead)

1	Algerian Hedgehog	<i>Atelerix algirus</i>	D		3D		D		
2	Short-finned Pilot Whale	<i>Globicephala macrorhynchus</i>					✓		
3	Bryde's Whale	<i>Balaenoptera brydei</i>			✓				
4	Barbary Ground Squirrel	<i>Atlantoxerus getulus</i>	✓	✓	✓				
5	Rabbit	<i>Oryctolagus cuniculus</i>						D	
6	Brown Rat	<i>Rattus norvegicus</i>							

Amphibians & Reptiles

1	Boettger's Lizard	<i>Gallotia caesaris</i>					✓		
2	(N. Tenerife) Western Canaries Lizard	<i>Gallotia galloti eisentrauti</i>				✓			
3	(Fuerteventura) Atlantic Lizard	<i>Gallotia atlantica mahoratae</i>	✓	✓	✓				
4	(Fuerteventura) East Canary Gecko	<i>Tarentola angustimentalis unamunoi</i>	✓						

Butterflies (LO = Leader only; N = Nymph)

	Common name	Scientific name	February						
			19	20	21	22	23	24	25
1	Canary Islands Large White	<i>Pieris cheiranthi</i>				✓			
2	Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
3	Bath White	<i>Pontia daplidice</i>		✓					
4	Greenish Black-tip	<i>Euchloe charltonia</i>		✓					
5	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colius crocea</i>	✓	✓			✓		
6	Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>				✓	✓		✓
7	African Grass Blue	<i>Zizeeria knysna</i>	✓						
8	Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa atalanta</i>					✓		
9	Canary Red Admiral	<i>Vanessa vulcanica</i>					✓		
10	Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>	✓				✓		
11	Monarch	<i>Danaus plexippus</i>	LO				✓		
12	Plain Tiger	<i>Danaus chrysippus</i>	✓	✓					
13	Canary Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge xiphioides</i>				✓	✓		

Moths

1	Hawaiian Beet Webworm	<i>Spoladea recurvalis</i>	✓			✓			
2	Bagworm	<i>Amitia cabrera</i>				N			
3	Barbary Spurge Hawk-moth	<i>Hyles tithymali</i>	✓						
4	Hummingbird Hawk-moth	<i>Macroglossum stellatum</i>	✓						
5	Bordered Straw	<i>Heliothis peltigera</i>		✓					

Other Invertebrates

1	Sahara Bluetail	<i>Ischnura saharensis</i>			✓				
2	Blue Emperor	<i>Anax imperator</i>	✓						
3	Lesser Emperor	<i>Anax parthenope</i>			✓				
4	Vagrant Emperor	<i>Anax ephippiger</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓			
5	Broad Scarlet	<i>Crocothemis erythraea</i>	✓			✓			
6	Red-veined Darter	<i>Sympetrum fonscolombii</i>			✓	✓			
7	Egyptian Grasshopper	<i>Anacridium aegyptium</i>	✓			✓			
8	A Red-winged Grasshopper	<i>Acrotylus insubricus</i>	✓			✓			
9	A Blue-winged Grasshopper	<i>Oedipoda canariensis</i>	✓						
10	Tenerife Sand Grasshopper	<i>Sphingonotus cf. rubescens</i>				✓			
11	Fuerteventura Sand Gr.	<i>Sphingonotus cf. fuerteventurae</i>	✓	✓	✓				
12	Sublime Conehead Mantis	<i>Hypsicorypha gracilis</i>		✓					
13	Praying Mantis	<i>Mantis religiosa</i>				✓			
14	Gendarme Bug	<i>Lygaeus sp.</i>				✓			
15	Caterpillar-hunting Potter Wasp	<i>Delta dimidiatipenne</i>	✓						
16	Canary Bumble Bee	<i>Bombus canariensis</i> **					✓		
17	Canary Flower Bee (w.Ca)	<i>Anthophora alluaudi allaudii</i>					✓		
18	Canary Flower Bee (e. Ca)	<i>A. alluaudi fuerteventurae</i>		✓					
19	White-banded Digger Bee	<i>Amegilla quadrifasciata</i>		✓					
20	Honey Bee	<i>Apis mellifera</i>					✓		✓
21	Pollen Chafer	<i>Tropinota squalida ssp canariensis</i>	✓			✓			
22	Cochineal Scale Insect	<i>Dactilopius sp.</i>						✓	
23	Piglet of the Sand	<i>Porcellio spinipes</i>		✓					
24	Orb Web Spider	<i>Araneas bufo</i>				✓			
25	Banded Garden Spider	<i>Agriope trifasciata</i>		✓		✓			
26	c.f. Tidal Spray Crab	<i>Plagusia depressa</i>					✓		

Plants

(* = Atlantic Islands endemic, ** = Canary Islands endemic, *** = Single Island endemic, [] = Introduced or planted)

Scientific name	Common name	Day	Location
Nomenclature contained within this list follows Plants of the World Online (POWO), an internationally accepted database of vascular plant families published by the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew.			
PTERIDOPHYTES			
Lycophytes			
Clubmosses & Quillworts			
Lesser Clubmoss Family			
Selaginellaceae			
<i>Selaginella denticulata</i>	Mediterranean Clubmoss	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
Leptosporangiate Ferns			
True Ferns			
Spleenwort Family			
Aspleniaceae			
<i>Asplenium onopteris</i>	Irish Spleenwort	5	Monte del Agua
Hard Fern Family			
Blechnaceae			
<i>Woodwardia radicans*</i>	Chain Fern	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
Hare's-foot Fern Family			
Davalliaceae			
<i>Davallia canariensis*</i>	Hare's-foot Fern	5	Monte del Agua
Bracken Family			
Dennstaedtiaceae			
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Bracken	5	Monte del Agua
Buckler-fern Family			
Dryopteridaceae			
<i>Dryopteris oligodonta</i>	-	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
Polypody Family			
Polypodiaceae			
<i>Polypodium macaronesicum*</i>	Macaronesian Polypody	5	Monte del Agua
GYMNOSPERMS			
CONIFERS			
Cypress Family			
Cupressaceae			
<i>Juniperus cedrus*</i>	Canary Island Juniper	6	Mirador Los Roques, La G.
Pine Family			
Pinaceae			
<i>Pinus canariensis**</i>	Canary Islands Pine	5	Corona forestal
ANGIOSPERMS			
FLOWERING PLANTS			
Primitive Angiosperms			
Pre-Dicots			
Laurel Family			
Lauraceae			
<i>Laurus novocanariensis* (L. azorica)</i>	Azores Laurel	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Persea (Apollonias) barbujana*</i>	Canary Laurel	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>Persea indica*</i>		5	Monte del Agua
Eu-Dicots			
True Dicotyledons			
Dewplant Family			
Aizoaceae			
<i>Aizoanthes hispanica</i>	Aizoon		
<i>Aizoon canariense</i>	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Mesembryanthemum crystallinum</i>	Ice Plant	2	La Lajita
<i>Mesembryanthemum nodiflorum</i>	Dewplant	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Sesuvium portulacastrum</i>	Beach Purslane	2	La Lajita
<i>Tetragonia tetragonioides</i>	New Zealand Spinach	2	Costa Calma
Goosefoot Family			
Amaranthaceae (Chenopodiaceae)			
<i>Achyranthes aspera</i>	Devil's Coach-whip	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Atriplex semilunaris</i>		2	La Lajita
<i>Beta vulgaris</i> subsp. <i>maritima</i>	Sea Beet	2	Jandia Peninsula

<i>Caroxylon (Salsola) divaricatum**</i>	-	2	Costa Calma Desert
<i>Caroxylon (Salsola) vermiculatum</i>	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Patellifolia patallaris</i>	-	3	La Pared
<i>Patellifolia procumbens</i>	-	3	Castillia del Lara
<i>Suaeda vera</i>	Shrubby Sea-blite	4	Playa Sotavento
Anarcardaceae	Sumach Family		
<i>[Pistacia terebinthus]</i>	Turpentine Bush	2	Morro Jable
<i>[Schinus molle]</i>	Pepper-tree	4	Commonly planted on roadsides
Apiaceae	Carrot Family		
<i>Astydamia latifolia</i>	Canary Samphire	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Athamanta (Tinguarra) cerviariifolia**</i>	-	6	Mirador Los Roques, La G.
<i>Bupleurum salicifolium*</i>		6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Drusa glandulosa</i>	-		Monte del Agua (leaves)
<i>Ferula linkii**</i>		5	Below Masca
<i>Foeniculum vulgare</i>	Fennel	7	S of Villaflor
Apocynaceae	Periwinkle Family		
<i>[Acokanthera oblongifolia]</i>	Wintersweet	6	Park in San Sebastian
<i>Apteranthes (Caralluma) burchardii ssp. b.**</i>	-	3	Castillio de Lara
<i>Calotropis procera</i>	Apple of Sodom	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Ceropegia dichotoma**</i>	Tenerife Wax Plant	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Periploca laevigata*</i>	-	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Plumaria rubra</i>	Frangipani	6	Park in San Sebastian
Aquifoliaceae	Holly Family		
<i>Ilex canariensis**</i>	Canary Island Holly	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
Araliaceae	Ivy Family		
<i>Hedera canariensis**</i>	Canary Ivy	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
Asteraceae (Compositae)	Daisy Family		
<i>Ageratina adenophora</i>	-	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>Argyranthemum callichrysum***</i>	Gomera Yellow Daisy	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Argyranthemum coronopifolium***</i>	Buenavista Daisy	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Argyranthemum frutescens agg.**</i>	Paris Daisy	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Argyranthemum gracile***</i>	-	4	Common on roadsides
<i>Argyranthemum tenerifae***</i>	-	7	Aguamansa
<i>Asteriscus (Nauplius) sericeus***</i>	Fuerteventura Sea-daisy	3	N of Pajara
<i>Bidens pilosa</i>	Bur Marigold	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Calendula arvensis</i>	Field Marigold	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Carlina salicifolia*</i>	Canary Carlina Thistle	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>Carlina xeranthemoides***</i>	-	7	Boca Tauce
<i>Cheirolophus burchardii***</i>	Teno Knapweed	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Cheirolophus teydis**</i>	Teide Knapweed	7	El Portillo
<i>Cotula australis</i>	a Buttonweed	4	Tenerife Norte Airport
<i>Cynara cardunculus</i>	Cardoon	6	Roadsides, La G. (in fruit)
<i>Dittrichia viscosa</i>	Stink Aster	2	La Lajita
<i>Galactites tomentosa</i>	Galactites	5	Buenavista del Norte
<i>Galinsoga quadriradiata</i>	Shaggy-soldier	4	Tenerife Norte Airport
<i>Glebionis coronaria var. discolor</i>	Crown Daisy	3	La Pared
<i>Kleinia neriifolia**</i>	Canary Islands Candle Plant	5	Monte del Agua

<i>Launaea arborescens</i>	Barbed-Wire Bush	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Launaea nudicaulis</i>	-	2	La Lajita
<i>Pallenis spinosus</i>	Pallenis	7	S of Villaflor
<i>Pericallis steetzii</i> ***	Gomeran Cinararia	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>Pericallis tussilaginis</i> **	-	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Phagnalon rupestre</i>	Phagnalon	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Schizogyne sericea</i> *	Canary Samphire	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Sonchus acaulis</i> **	Stemless Sow-thistle	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Sonchus canariensis</i> **	Canary Sow-thistle	7	S of Vilaflor
<i>Sonchus gomerensis</i> ***	-	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G. (leaves)
<i>Sonchus hierrensis</i> **	-	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>Sonchus leptcephalus (Atalanthus pinnatus)</i> **	-	7	S of Vilaflor
<i>Sonchus radicans</i> ***	Tuberous Sow-thistle	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Urospermum picroides</i>	-	5	Buenavista del Norte
<i>Vieraea laevigata</i> ***	Tenerife Samphire	5	Punto de Teno
Bignoniaceae	Indian Bean Family		
<i>[Spathodea campanulata]</i>	African Tulip Tree	6	Los Christianos
Boraginaceae	Borage Family		
<i>Echium acanthocarpum</i> ***	Gomeran Bugloss	6	Below Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>Echium decaisnei</i> **	Gran Canaria Bugloss	3	Castillo de Lara
<i>Echium plantagineum</i>	Purple Viper's-bugloss	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Echium virescens</i> ***	Tenerife Viper's-bugloss	5	Above Masca
<i>Echium wildpretii</i> subsp. <i>wildpretii</i> ***	Teide Bugloss	7	Los Roques, Tenerife (in fruit)
<i>Heliotropium europaeum</i>	Heliotrope (annual)	2	Costa Calma Desert
<i>Heliotropium ramosissimum</i>	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
Brassicaceae	Cabbage Family		
<i>Carrichtera annua</i>	Ward's Weed	3	La Pared
<i>Descurania bourgeauana</i> **	-	7	Boca Tauce
<i>Erysimum scoparium</i> **	Canary Island Wallflower	7	Las Lajas
<i>Erysimum virescens (bicolor)</i> **	-	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Hirschfeldia incana</i>	Hoary Mustard	3	Castillo de Lara
<i>Lobularia canariensis</i> *	Canary Islands Alison	6	Mirador Los Roques, La G.
<i>Parolinia intermedia</i> ***	-	5	Punto de Teno
Cactaceae	Cactus Family		
<i>[Opuntia dillenii]</i>	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>[Opuntia maxima] (O.ficus-indica)</i>	-	3	Vega de Rio Palmas
Campanulaceae	Bellflower Family		
<i>Canarina canariensis</i> **	Canary Bellflower	5	Monte del Agua
Caprifoliaceae	Honeysuckle Family		
<i>Pterocephalus lasiospermus</i> ***	-	7	Boca Tauce
Caryophyllaceae	Pink Family		
<i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>	Sticky Mouse-ear	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Dichranthus plocamoides</i> **	Gomeran All-seed	6	Mirador Los Roques, La G.
<i>Polycarpaea divaricata</i>		2	Costa Calma Desert
<i>Polycarpaea nivea</i>	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Silene gallica</i>	Small-flowered Catchfly	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	Bladder Campion	7	S of Vilaflor

<i>Stellaria media</i>	Chickweed	8	Pot weed at Hotel Villalba
Casuarinaceae			
Sheoak Family			
[<i>Casuarina equisetifolia</i>]	-	2	Planted at La Lajita
Cistaceae			
Cistus Family			
<i>Cistus monspeliensis</i>	Narrow-leaved Cistus	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Cistus symphytifolius</i> **	Canary Cistus	7	Aguamansa
<i>Helianthemum canariense</i>	Canary Rock-rose	3	La Pared
Convolvulaceae			
Bindweed Family			
<i>Convolvulus althaeoides</i>	Mallow-leaved Bindweed	7	S of Vilaflor
<i>Convolvulus canariensis</i> **	Canary Bindweed	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Convolvulus caput-medusae</i> **	Medusa's Head	3	Costa Calma Desert
<i>Convolvulus siculus</i>	Blue Bindweed	7	S of Vilaflor
<i>Cuscuta approximata</i>	Small-seeded Alfalfa Dodder	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Cuscuta planiflora</i>	Small-seeded Dodder	5	Punto de Tena
Crassulaceae			
Stonecrop Family			
<i>Aeonium arboreum</i> subsp. <i>holochrysum</i> **	-	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Aeonium (Greenovia) aureum</i> **	Golden Houseleek	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G (in bud)
<i>Aeonium canariense</i> **	Canary Houseleek	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Aeonium c. ssp. latifolium (A. subplanum)</i> ***	Flat Houseleek (La G)	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G. (in bud)
<i>Aeonium tabulaeforme</i> ***	Saucer Houseleek	5	Punto de Teno (leaves)
<i>Aichryson laxum</i> **	Annual Houseleek	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>A. pachycaulon</i> subsp <i>gonzaleshernandezii</i> ***		6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Aichryson parlatorei</i> **	-	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G (in bud)
<i>Crassula tillaea (C. muscosa)</i>	Mossy Stonecrop	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Monanthes laxiflora</i> **	-	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Monanthes polyphylla</i> ***	-	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Umbilicus gaditanus</i>	-	3	Castillo de Lara
Cucurbitaceae			
White Bryony Family			
[<i>Citrullus colocynthis</i>]	Desert Gourd	3	La Pared
Ericaceae			
Heather Family			
<i>Arbutus canariensis</i> **	Canary Strawberry Tree	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Erica canariensis</i> **	Canary Tree Heather	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Erica platycodon</i> **	Canary Besom Heath	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
Euphorbiaceae			
Spurge Family			
<i>Euphorbia aphylla</i> **	Leafless Spurge	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Euphorbia atropurpurea</i> ***	-	5	Above Masca
<i>Euphorbia balsamifera</i>	Balsam Spurge	3	Castillo de Lara
<i>Euphorbia canariensis</i> **	Canary Island Cactus-spurge	5	Punto deTeno
<i>Euphorbia candelabrum</i>		8	Tenerife Sud Airport
<i>Euphorbia handiensis</i> ***	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Euphorbia (broussonetii) lamarckii</i> **	-	7	S of Vilaflor
<i>Euphorbia regis-jubae</i> **	Common Canary Spurge	3	Castillo de Lara
[<i>Ricinus communis</i>]	Castor Oil Plant	5	Nr Buenavista del Norte
Fabaceae (Leguminosae)			
Pea Family			
[<i>Acacia cyclops</i>]	Red-eyed Wattle	2	La Lajita

<i>[Acacia saligna]</i>	Blue-leaf Wattle	3	Vega de Rio Palmas
<i>Adenocarpus foliolosus</i> **	Sticky Broom	7	S of Vilaflor
<i>Adenocarpus viscosus</i> ***	Teide Sticky Broom	7	Boca Tauce
<i>Astragalus solandri</i>		3	Costa Calma Desert
<i>[Bauhinia variegata]</i>	Orchid Tree	6	Park in San Sebastian
<i>Bituminaria bituminosa</i>	Pitch Trefoil	3	Castillo de Lara
<i>Cytisus (Spartocytisus) supranubius</i> ***	Teide White Broom	7	Boca Tauce
<i>Chamaecytisus prolifer</i> **	Tagasaste	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Genista linifolia</i> ssp. <i>gomeræ</i> (<i>Teline gom.</i>)***	-	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>[Leucaena leucocephala]</i>	River Tamarind	5	Roadsides N of San Sebastian
<i>Lotus campylocladus</i> ssp. <i>campylocladus</i> ***	-	5	Pinar Chio
<i>Lotus glinoides</i> (Pink)	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Lotus lancerottensis</i> *	-	3	Costa Calma Deseert
<i>Lotus sessilifolius</i> **	-	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Medicago minima</i>	Bur-medick	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Ononis hesperia</i>	a Yellow Restharrow	3	Roadside near Melia Hotel
<i>Scoparius muricatus</i>	Scorpion Vetch	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Ulex europaeus</i>	Gorse	5	Near Santiago del Teide
<i>Vicia benghalensis</i>	Bengal Vetch	5	Buenavista del Norte
<i>Vicia lutea</i>	Yellow Vetch	7	S of Vilaflor
<i>Vicia tetrasperma</i>	Smooth tare	7	Hotel garden
Frankeniaceae	Sea Heath Family		
<i>Frankenia capitata</i> *	a Sea Heath	3	Costa Calma Desert
Gentianaceae	Gentian Family		
<i>Ixanthus viscosus</i>	-	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
Geraniaceae	Geranium Family		
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	Common Stork's-bill	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Erodium malacoides</i>	Mallow-leaved Stork's-bill	3	Castillo de Lara
<i>Erodium moschatum</i>	Musk Stork's-bill	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's-foot Cranes-bill		
<i>Geranium purpureum</i>	Little Robin	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Geranium reuteri</i> ** (<i>G. canariense</i>)	Canary Island Crane's-bill	5	Monte del Agua (leaves)
Hypericaceae	St.John's-wort Family		
<i>Hypericum canariense</i> *	Canary St.John's-wort	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Hypericum glandulosum</i> *		5	Monte del Agua
<i>Hypericum grandifolium</i> *		5	Monte del Agua
<i>Hypericum reflexum</i> **	Reflexed St.John's-wort	7	S of Vilaflor
Lamiaceae	Dead-nettle Family		
<i>Bystropogon canariensis</i> **	-	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>Bystropogon origanifolius</i> **	-	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Cedronella canariensis</i> *	-	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Lavandula buchii</i> ***	-	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Lavandula canariensis</i> subsp. <i>canariensis</i> ***	Canary Island Lavender	5	Roadsides
<i>Micromeria lepida</i> *** (split fr <i>varia</i>)	Gomoran Savory	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Micromeria varia</i> **	Common Canary Savory	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Salvia verbenaca</i>	Wild Clary	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Sideritis cretica</i> ***	Teno False Sage	5	Punto de Teno

<i>Stachys ocymastrum</i>		6	Mirador Lamarda del Camello
Malvaceae	Mallow Family		
[<i>Ceiba speciosa</i>]	Silk Floss Tree	6	Park in San Sebastian
[<i>Hibiscus rosa-sinensis</i>]	Chinese Hibiscus	6	Park in San Sebastian
<i>Malva acerifolia</i> **	Canary Tree Mallow	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Malva parviflora</i>	Least Mallow	2	La Lajita
<i>Malva sylvestreis</i>	Common Mallow	2	La Lajita
Moraceae	Fig Family		
[<i>Ficus carica</i>]	Common Fig	3	La Pared
Myrtaceae	Myrtle Family		
[<i>Melaleuca (Calistemon) viminalis</i>]	Weeping Bottle-brush	6	Park in San Sebastian
<i>Myrica faya</i>	Wax Myrtle	5	Monte del Agua
Nyctaginaceae	Bougainvillea Family		
[<i>Bougainvillea glabra</i>]	Bougainvillea	3	Commonly planted
Oleaceae	Olive Family		
<i>Chrysojasminum odoratissimum</i> *	a Jasmine	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
Orobanchaceae	Broomrape Family		
<i>Cistanche phelypaea</i>	Cistanche	3	Verge of Access road to Hotel
Oxalidaceae	Wood Sorrel Family		
<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Bermuda Buttercup	5	Punto de Teno
Papaveraceae	Poppy Family		
<i>Eschscholzia californicum</i>	Californian Poppy	4	S of Vilaflor
Plantaginaceae	Plantain Family		
<i>Digitalis (Isoplexis) canariensis</i> **	Canary Island Foxglove	5	Monte del Agua (over)
<i>Globularia salicina</i>	Canary Globe Flower	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Miscopates selvagensis</i>	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Nanorrhinum (Kickxia) urbanii</i>	-	3	Costa Calma Desert
<i>Plantago arborescens</i> subsp. <i>arborescens</i> **	Canarian Shrubby Plantain	6	Mirador Los Roques, La G.
<i>P. coronopus</i> subsp. <i>coronopus</i> (<i>P. aschersonii</i>)	Stag's-horn Plantain	3	Costa Calma Desert
<i>Plantago lagopus</i>	Hare's-tail Plantain	5	Buenavista del Norte
<i>Plantago ovata</i>	-	3	Costa Calma Desert
Plumbaginaceae	Thrift Family		
<i>Limonium frutescens (fruticans)</i> ***	Tenerife Sea Lavender	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Limonium lobatum</i>	-	3	Vega de Rio Palmas
<i>Limonium pectinatum</i> **	Dwarf Sea Lavender	5	Punto de Teno
[<i>Plumbago auriculata</i>]		3	Hotel garden
Polygonaceae	Dock Family		
<i>Rumex lunaria</i> **	Canary Dock	4	Roadsides
<i>Rumex vesicarius</i>	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
Portulacaceae	Purslane Family		

<i>Portulaca oleracea</i>	Common Purslane	3	Vega de Rio Palmas
Primulaceae	Primrose Family		
<i>Lysimachia (Anagallis) arvensis</i> var. <i>caerulea</i>	Blue 'Scarlet' Pimpernel	5	Buenavista del Norte
Ranunculaceae	Buttercup Family		
<i>Ranunculus cortusifolius</i> *	Atlantic Islands Buttercup	5	Monte del Agua
Resedaceae	Mignonette Family		
<i>Reseda (crystallina) lancerotae</i> **	-	3	Castillo de Lara
Rosaceae	Rose Family		
[<i>Prunus dulcis</i>]	Almond	7	S of Vilaflor
<i>Sanguisorba megacarpa</i> *	a Burnet	7	S of Vilaflor
Rubiaceae	Bedstraw Family		
<i>Galium aparine</i>	Cleavers	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Galium scabrum</i>	-	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Phyllis nobla</i> *	Capitana	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>Rubia fruticosa</i> *	Madder	7	S of Vilaflor
Rutaceae (incl Cneoraceae)	Rue Family		
<i>Cneorum (Neochamaelea) pulverulenta</i> **		5	Punto de Teno
Salicaceae	Willow Family		
<i>Salix pedicellata</i> subsp. <i>canariensis</i> *	Canary Willow	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
Solanaceae	Nightshade Family		
<i>Burghmasia arborea</i> agg.	Angels Trumpets	6	Park in San Sebastian
<i>Lycium intricatum</i>	-	2	Jandia Peninsula
<i>Nicotiana glauca</i>	Shrub Tobacco	3	La Pared
[<i>Solandra grandiflora</i>]	Showy Chalicevine	3	Hotel garden
<i>Solanum nigrum</i>	Black Nightshade	2	La Lajita
Thymelaceae	Mezereon Family		
<i>Daphne gnidium</i>	Mediterranean Daphne	6	Aguamansa
Urticaceae	Nettle Family		
<i>Forsskaolea angustifolia</i> **	Narrow-leaved Forskaolea	5	Buenavista del Norte
<i>Gesnouinia arborea</i> **	Tree Pellitory	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
<i>Parietaria filamentosa</i> **	Canarian Wall Pellitory	7	Aguamansa
<i>Urtica morifolia</i> *	Membranous Nettle	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
Viburnaceae (Adoxaceae)	Viburnum Family		
<i>Viburnum rugosum (rigidum)</i> **	Canary Island Guelder Rose	5	Monte del Agua
Zygophyllaceae	Caltrop Family		
<i>Zygophyllum (Fagonia) creticum</i>	Fagonia	2	La Lajita
<i>Zygophyllum (Tetraena) fontanesii</i>	Canarian Bean-Caper	2	La Lajita
Monocots	Monocotyledons		
Amaryllidaceae	Daffodil Family		
<i>Allium canariensis</i>		7	S of Vilaflor

Areaceae	Palm Family		
<i>Phoenix canariensis</i> **	Canary Palm	6	La G.
[<i>Phoenix dactylifera</i>]	Date Palm	3	Roadsides
Asparagaceae	Asparagus Family		
[<i>Agave americana</i>]	Century Plant	3	Roadsides
<i>Asparagus horridus</i>	-	3	Castillo de Lara
<i>Dracaena draco</i>	Dragon Tree	3	Hotel garden
<i>Scilla haemorrhoidalis</i> **	-	5	Punto de Teno
<i>Semele androgyna</i>	-	6	Mirador El Rejo, La G.
Asphodelaceae	Asphodel Family		
[<i>Aloe vera</i>]	-	2	Roadsides
<i>Asphodelus aestivus</i>	Common Asphodel	5	Roadsides
<i>Asphodelus tenuifolius</i>	an Asphodel	2	Jandia Peninsula
Cyperaceae	Sedge Family		
<i>Carex perraudieriana</i> ***		6	Mirador Hermigera, La G.
<i>Cyperus rotundus</i>	-	5	Buenavista del Norte
Juncaceae	Rush Family		
<i>Juncus acutus</i>	Sharp Rush	3	Vega de Rio Palma
Orchidaceae	Orchid Family		
<i>Gennaria diphylla</i>	Gennaria	5	Monte del Agua
Poaceae	Grass Family		
<i>Arundo donax</i>	Giant Reed	3	Vega de Rio Palmas
<i>Avena barbata</i>	Bristle Oat	3	Vega de Rio Palmas
<i>Cenchrus ciliaris</i>	Buffle Grass or Sand Bur	5	Buenavista del Norte
<i>Cynodon dactylon</i>	Bermuda Grass	6	San Sebastian
<i>Hyparrhenia hirta</i>	-	7	S of Vilaflor
<i>Pennisetum setaceum</i>	Fountain Grass	4	Roadsides
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	Common Reed	3	Vega de Rio Palmas
<i>Setaria verticillata</i>	Rough Bristle-grass	6	Park in San Sebastian
<i>Stenotaphrum secundatum</i>	Buffalo Grass	6	Park in San Sebastian
<i>Stipa capensis</i>	-	2	Jandia peninsula
<i>Tricholaena teneriffae</i>	-	5	Buenavista del Norte
FUNGI:			
<i>Laurobasidium lauri</i>	Laurel Fungus	5	Monte del Agua
cf. <i>Calocera cornea</i>	Small Stagshorn Fungus	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
LICHENS:			
<i>Lobaria pulmonaria</i>	Tree Lungwort Lichen	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.
<i>Teloschistes flavicans</i>	Golden Hair Lichen	5	Monte del Agua
<i>Usnea</i> sp.	A Beard Lichen	6	Mirador El Bailadero, La G.