

The Maritime Alps

Naturetrek Tour Report

11 – 18 June 2017



Gymnadenia conopsea



Alpine Chamois



Musky Saxifrage



Saxifraga retusa subsp. *augustana*

Report and images by Jessica Turner



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Summary

This was the third time that Naturetrek had visited the Maritime Alps on the borders of Italy and France, an area of very diverse flora, where the Mediterranean influence combines with the alpine to give an amazing array of flowers. The early summer had been hot and dry so some of the spring flowers were over, but we still managed to find good examples of Marginate and Viscid Primroses in shady spots, and the carpets of Vanilla Orchids *Gymnadenia conopsea*, St. Bernard's Lilies and Gentians, and being able to find aromatic herbs such as English Lavender in the mountains, growing with species such as Alpine Aster, was a delight. With the stunning scenery, two characterful and welcoming hotels, and good company, it all made for a most enjoyable week.

Day 1

Sunday 11th June

Nice to Entracque, via the Roya Valley

Four group members travelled to Nice Airport where they met Jessica, who had just led another trip, so had flown in from Venice. We sorted the vehicle, loaded up, and were soon heading east along the Cote D'Azur, enjoying the scenery and the blue of the Mediterranean in the afternoon sun. We crossed into Italy, briefly, leaving the autostrada at Ventimiglia to head up the Roya valley, soon returning to France. This deeply incised valley with high rocky cliffs is most impressive.

We stopped on a section of the old road at Saorge, where we looked at some of the plants of the cliffs, many of which were past their prime: a result of recent hot weather. We found *Campanula macrorrhiza* and endemic relative of Harebell, the endemic Fragrant Stonecrop (*Sedum fragrans*), Spoon-leaved Saxifrage (*Saxifraga cuneifolia*), Wood Pink (*Dianthus sylvestris*) and a Curry Plant *Helichrysum saxatile*. The sculptural umbellifer *Laserpitium gallicum* was flowering well, and Maidenhair Fern (*Adiantum capillus-veneris*) was growing in a shady cave. A female Chequered Blue butterfly was nectaring, and a Crag Martin flew overhead. We soon moved on, continuing our journey up the valley to the Tenda Tunnel, where we were fortunate in not having to wait. On the Italian side, we drove down the long valley towards Cuneo, turning off into the Gesso valley, and so to Entracque and the Hotel Miramonti, our base for the first four nights. We received a warm welcome and soon settled in to our rooms. As the hotel does not provide dinner at this time of year, we went out to a restaurant, an old mill on the other side of the town, where we enjoyed a meal of local dishes. We then retired to bed after a long day.

Day 2

Monday 12th June

Le Gorge della Reina

Today we woke to a warm but hazy morning, and we decided to walk from the hotel. After a good breakfast, and with the makings of a picnic, we set out a short distance up the road, turning off and onto a grassy track through a meadow. Immediately we were struck by the numbers of flowers and butterflies. Perennial Lettuce (*Lactuca perennis*), with its blue flowers, yellow Hay Rattle (*Rhinanthus minor agg.*), white St. Bernard's Lily (*Anthericum lilago*), and the bright magenta cones of Pyramidal Orchids (*Anacamptis pyramidalis*) all made an initial impact.

There were also spikes of Late Spider Orchid (*Ophrys fuciflora*), Man Orchid (*Orchis anthropophora*), Twayblade (*Neottia ovata*) white Rock-rose (*Helianthemum apenninum*) and the large-flowered, yellow Rock-rose (*H. nummularium* subsp. *grandiflorum*), and Thyme Broomrape (*Orobanche alba*) growing on Wild Thyme (*Thymus vulgaris*). Among the butterflies and moths, we noted Common and Silver-studded Blues, Wood White, Heath and High Brown Fritillaries, Great Banded Grayling, which obligingly perched on a tree trunk, and Nine-spotted, Chimney Sweeper and Burnet moths.

We climbed steadily, passing into shady woodland of Spruce (*Picea abies*), Larch (*Larix decidua*) and Scots Pine (*Pinus sylvestris*), where we found White Helleborine (*Cephalanthera damasonium*) and Greater Butterfly Orchids (*Platanthera chlorantha*), and Red-necked Footman moth. Birds included Coal Tit, Chiffchaff, Bonelli's Warbler and Jay. It was a hot climb, zig-zagging up the steep hill, but eventually we reached the top of the saddle of Colletta della Lausa, emerging into another meadow, with stunning, if hazy, views - a patch of white in the sky revealed itself to be snow on a mountain peak, but the mountain was hardly visible! After a rest, we continued to explore the meadows and follow the path down the hill. Plants included Purple Lychnis (*Silene flos-jovis*), Toothed Orchid (*Neotinea tridentata*), the endemic Scabious *Knautia mollis*, the small-flowered rock-rose *Helianthemum oelandicum* subsp. *italicum*, more *Laserpitium gallicum*, and carpets of St. Bernard's Lilies. Enormous numbers of butterflies were gathering in damp places and on animal scats, especially Little Blue, Common Blue, Adonis Blue and Heath Fritillary, and Swallowtail, Scarce Swallowtail and Black-veined White were among the others noted. We had our picnic at the deserted hamlet of Tetto Stramondin, where we were joined by a children's group who were out walking.

Refreshed after our meal, which included cheeses made in Entracque, we made our way across to the Gorge della Reina. This year, with no snow and little water, we were able to explore the depths of this dramatic, narrow limestone gorge. We admired the Thick-leaved Saxifrage (*Saxifraga callosa*) that was hanging in profusion from the sheer cliffs, and also found Yellow Wood Violet (*Viola biflora*), Dark Columbine (*Aquilegia atrata*), and the leaves of Wolf's-bane (*Aconitum lycoctonum* subsp. *vulparia*). Sadly, all the primulas were well over, but we could see the basal rosettes of Marginate Primrose (*Primula marginata*). After a rest in the cool of a Beech wood, we made our way back down towards Entracque, finding en route a Military Orchid (*Orchis militaris*) that was not yet over (we'd seen the remains of many) and Red Helleborine (*Cephalanthera rubra*). The path emerged onto the road a short distance up from the hotel, so we were soon back for cool drinks after a most enjoyable, if hot and at times strenuous, walk.

Day 3

Tuesday 13th June

Colle di Tenda

We woke to another fine morning with the promise of another hot day. After a good breakfast and with picnic makings bought, we set out to return to the Colle di Tenda, on the boundary between Italy and France, through which we had passed on Sunday evening. This morning, just past Limone Piemonte, we took the minor road to Panice Soprana, and the zig-zag but well-graded road up the mountainside. We started to see the beautiful dark-pink clumps of Alpenrose (*Rhododendron ferrugineum*) just coming into flower, and the white Aconite-leaved Buttercup (*Ranunculus aconitifolium*). We continued to climb to the parking area at the top of the road, at 1,795 metres, from where we set off to walk to the top of the Col and the French border at 1,870 metres. At once, we

were finding Long-spurred Pansies (*Viola calcarata* agg.), Alpine Clover (*Trifolium alpinum*) and Frog Orchids (*Dactylorhiza viridis*). We soon found Spring Gentian (*Gentiana verna*), Alpine Bird's-foot Trefoil (*Lotus alpinus*), Matted and Creeping Globularia (*Globularia cordifolia* and *G. repens*), Perennial Candytuft (*Iberis sempervirens*) and Dwarf Buckthorn (*Rhamnus pumilus*). Amongst the taller plants were Arnica (*Arnica montana*), Chamois Ragwort (*Senecio doronicum*), Narcissus Anemone (*Anemone narcissiflora*), and Green False-helleborine (*Veratrum lobelianum*). Where snow had recently melted we found Alpine Snowbells (*Soldanella alpina*), Oxlips (*Primula elatior*), the lemon and the magenta forms of Elder-flowered Orchids (*Dactylorhiza sambucina*) and Alpine Coltsfoot (*Homogyne alpina*). A fledgling Black Redstart was on a rock just above us, with the parent bird nearby. The hill slopes beneath us looked beautiful with sheets of Alpenrose and Narcissus Anemone.

We took the path towards Forte Centrale, continuing to search the rocks. In a shady crevice we found some Marginate Primrose (*Primula marginata*) still in flower, while Mountain Avens (*Dryas octopetala*) was flowering well on sunny boulders, alongside Dwarf Juniper (*Juniperus communis* var. *saxatilis*). A quarry area held, amongst other species, Musky Saxifrage (*Saxifraga exarata* subsp. *moschata*), an endemic Treacle-mustard (*Erysimum jugicola*), and Italian Rockrose (*Helianthemum oelandicum* subsp. *italicum*). The ruined 19th century fort dominates the pass, but the grassy area beyond it provided a picnic site with stunning views, and both Alpine and Red-billed Choughs. We took the path on the south face, the Via del Sale (the Way of the Salt – a reference to a former trading route), finding Southern Butterwort (*Pinguicula leptoceras*), Alpine Bartsia (*Bartsia alpina*), Dwarf Hairy Broom (*Cytisus hirsutus* subsp. *pumilus*), the yellow Toadflax *Linaria supina*, and the purple Viscid Primrose (*Primula latifolia*). Two large birds calling loudly overhead as they interacted with each other were Short-toed Eagles. We eventually retraced our steps, taking a different path back to the vehicle. On the more densely vegetated banks, we found Sweet Spurge (*Euphorbia dulcis*), leaves of Masterwort (*Peucedanum ostruthium*), more Green False-helleborine (*Veratrum lobelianum*) and Streptopus (*Streptopus amplexifolius*) with its little, bell-like, hanging flowers.

As we started our descent to Limone, we stopped to look at an early attempt at a tunnel through the mountain (in fact three attempts, from 17th – 19th centuries, now known as Napoleon's Gallery). Clouded Apollos were on the wing. We noted the massive drop in temperature as we entered the tunnel, and mist emerging from it. Limestone Fern (*Gymnocarpium robertianum*), Alpine Basil Thyme (*Clinopodium alpinum*) and the remains of Marginate Primrose were round the tunnel mouth. As the bar at the car park was closed on Tuesdays, we stopped at one in Limonetto for much-needed cool drinks, before returning to Entracque. We enjoyed another meal on the restaurant terrace after another excellent day.

Day 4

Wednesday 14th June

Palanfrè; Grotte del Bandito

With another sunny morning, we set off to drive to the remote hamlet of Palanfrè, beyond Vernante, our starting point for the day's walk. A beautiful drive up a wooded valley led to the parking area, just below the cluster of houses and farms. We set off, noting Wood and Dusky Crane's-bills (*Geranium sylvaticum* and *G. phaeum*) and Sweet Cicely (*Myrrhis odorata*). By the buildings we found *Pilosella cymosa*, with its clustered flower-head, and a little further on, Dark and Betony-leaved Rampions (*Phyteuma ovatum* and *P. betonicifolium*). The path left the road and continued through an area of Beech wood (*Fagus sylvatica*) where we found the leaves of Asarabacca (*Asarum*

europaeum). By a stream we found Angelica (*Angelica sylvestris*), Dark Columbine (*Aquilegia atrata*), while a damp area contained good patches of Southern Butterwort (*Pinguicula leptoceras*) and Common Spotted Orchids (*Dactylorhiza fuchsii*). Where it was drier we added Large Yellow Foxglove (*Digitalis grandiflora*), Heartsease (*Viola tricolor* subsp. *subalpina*), Round-headed Rampion (*Phyteuma orbiculare*), Fragrant Orchids (*Gymnadenia conopsea* agg.), and Painted Pink (*Dianthus furcatus*). We also noted Laburnum (*Laburnum anagyroides*) and Whitebeam (*Sorbus aria* agg.). The path started to climb into another area of Beech wood, where we found several spikes of Coralroot Orchid (*Corallorhiza trifida*). Back in the open, we enjoyed Narcissus Anemone (*Anemone narcissiflora*), Round-headed Orchids (*Traunsteinera globosa*) and the fluffy seed heads of Alpine Pasque Flower (*Anemone alpina*). Butterflies this morning included numerous Clouded Apollos, Swallowtail, Dark-veined (also known as Mountain Green-veined) White, Wood White, Duke of Burgundy and Heath Fritillaries, Grizzled and Large Skippers, and Common, Adonis, Mazarine and Little Blues.

The path dropped towards the stream which, this year, was completely dry at this spot, as we passed a good stand of Southern Butterwort (*Pinguicula leptoceras*) and a clump of Leopard's-bane (*Doronicum pardalianches*). We crossed and stopped to have our picnic, enjoying a series of convenient boulders. A Bonelli's Warbler was singing and showed well. A Marmot's alarm call alerted us to its presence quite close, and then a Fox was seen close by – probably the cause of the call. We walked on up the stream, which now contained quite a flow of water, finding yellow Rhaetian Poppy (*Papaver aurantiacum*, now grouped into *Papaver alpinum*) on the loose stones of the bank. We became aware that the valley behind us was starting to look murky, so we decided to retrace our steps, following the path on the north-west side. A rocky knoll held a plant of Narcissus-flowered Onion, with one pink, bell-like flower open. As we continued, the sky became darker and the rain came. We donned our waterproofs and walked on, through a short but heavy thunderstorm, which eased as we entered the Beech wood. We stopped for refreshments at the Rifugio L'Albergh, already starting to dry out. (The name of the valley, Vallone degli Alberghi, is a corruption of Arbergh, meaning 'last pasture', rather than 'hotels'!)

We then drove down into the Gesso Valley to explore the Grotte del Bandito. A wooded path along the river led to exposed limestone rock faces. Amongst the plants here we found Lesser London Pride (*Saxifraga cuneifolia*) and Fragrant Stonecrop (*Sedum fragrans*) with some remaining flowers. An Orange Lily (*Lilium bulbiferum* subsp. *croceum*) was in fine flower, but rather high for photographs. Other plants included the Treacle-mustard *Erysimum hieracifolium*, Tufted Catchfly (*Silene saxifraga*), and Spreading and Nettle-leaved Bellflowers (*Campanula patula* and *C. trachelium*). We returned to the hotel, and after a break, met to go through the checklists before heading out, this time to the Realpark restaurant, for another tasty meal.

Day 5

Thursday 15th June

Entracque to Saint-Martin-Vesubie, via Vinadio, Sant' Anna and the Colle della Lombarda

Today we moved on to our second base for the trip. We packed up and said our thanks and farewells to Giuseppina at the Hotel Miramonti and, leaving Entracque, we took the minor road towards Demonte, climbing over the shoulder past the church of the Madonna de la Colletta to reach the Stura valley. We kept to the minor road along the valley floor and stopped for a break in Vinadio. We then took the road up the Valle Sant'Anna, climbing towards the Santuario, at 2,010 metres, but stopping when we saw some fine Orange Lilies (*Lilium*

bulbiferum subsp. *croceum*) growing near a convenient lay-by. An Apollo butterfly was new here, and a Scarce Copper was nectaring on Purple Lychnis (*Silene flos-jovis*).

Having parked at the Sanctuary, we took a small path above the buildings, finding the endemic bedstraw *Galium tendae*, Cobweb Houseleek (*Sempervivum arachnoideum*) and White Musky Saxifrage (*Saxifraga exarata* subsp. *exarata*) on a rock face near the car park. House and Crag Martins were flying low over us. The path led round a small col, where we found, amongst other plants, a yellow form of Long-spurred Pansies (*Viola calcarata* agg.), Trumpet Gentians (*Gentiana acaulis*), Pyramidal Bugle (*Ajuga pyramidalis*), Alpine Wood Forget-me-not (*Myosotis alpestris*), dark purple Alpine Bartsia (*Bartsia alpina*), the endemic Hen-and-Chickens Houseleek (*Sempervivum globiferum* subsp. *allionii*), and our first endemic Vanilla Orchid (*Gymnadenia conopsea*).

We then retraced our steps, and took the minibus to an upper car park. We intended to walk to the Lago Sant'Anna but, seeing the valley behind us was disappearing in cloud, opted instead to have our picnic while it was still sunny. We then decided to move on, to spend longer at the Col de la Lombarde. As we climbed even higher, we found sheets of white Kuepfer's Buttercup (*Ranunculus kuepferi*), which we stopped to enjoy. At the Col (2,350 metres), there were stunning views over both France and Italy, the cloud having cleared. Amidst quantities of Alpine Bird's-foot Trefoil (*Lotus alpinus*), we found Short-leaved Gentian (*Gentiana brachyphylla*), Mossy Cyphel (*Minuartia sedoides*) and some very pink, grey-leaved Alpine Moon Daisy (*Leucanthemopsis alpina*). Two Stoats chased each other across the rocks. On some shady, north-facing cliffs, we found the purple-flowered *Saxifraga retusa* subsp. *angustana*, the leaves of Piedmont Saxifrage (*Saxifraga pedemontana*) and some Marginate Primrose (*Primula marginata*) and, on a more grassy area, the endemic Rock-jasmine *Androsace affinis*. Here there were also several remaining snow patches.

We then started the long descent into the Tinée Valley, stopping for a leg stretch and refreshments in Isola, before continuing our journey down the valley and along the Valdeblore. We then dropped down to Saint-Martin-Vésubie and our hotel, La Chatâignerie. We quickly settled into our rooms as a sharp but short-lived thunderstorm crashed around us, before a delicious supper. We were all tired, and soon retired to bed.

Day 6

Friday 16th June

Millefonti; Rimplas

Today again dawned fine and sunny. We drove back again over La Colmiane towards St. Dalmas, where we took a very minor road up over the hillside, towards an area known as Millefonti. The views across the valley were magnificent, but concentration was needed for the road! Eventually we reached the parking area, the start of our walk. We walked slowly up the path enjoying the alpine meadows near the bus, and especially the endemic Vanilla Orchids (*Gymnadenia conopsea*), Fragrant Orchids (*Gymnadenia conopsea*), and a couple of spikes of a hybrid between the two (*Gymnadenia x truongae*). Other plants included some beautiful Ligurian Gentians (*Gentiana ligustica*), Spring Gentians (*G. verna*), Frog Orchids (*Dactylorhiza viridis*), and several spikes of Edelweiss (*Leontopodium nivale* subsp. *alpinum*). On the scree were some fine specimens of the strange endemic, Berardia (*Berardia subacaulis*), although we could not see any flowers.

We reached the Col de Veillos, at 2,164 metres, then climbed further to explore the adjacent knoll. A mosaic of the deep pink acid-loving Alpenrose (*Rhododendron ferrugineum*) growing next to the white calcareous-preferring Mountain Avens (*Dryas octopetala*) was eye-catching, and indicative of the complex geology of the area. A few spikes of Snowdon Lily (*Gagea serotina*) were growing amongst the Bilberry (*Vaccinium myrtillus*). In the rocks we found the going-over flowers of *Saxifraga diapensioides*, another endemic, Creeping Globularia (*Globularia repens*), Dark Stonecrop (*Sedum atratum*) and more leaves of Marginate Primrose (*Primula marginata*). Eventually, we reluctantly started to retrace our steps. Marmots made their presence felt, we had good views of Wheatear, and other birds included Water and Tree Pipits. A large bird circling overhead was a Griffon Vulture, while a second one was a Golden Eagle.

After our delicious picnic, we started our drive back along the narrow road. However, we soon stopped for further exploration in another rocky area. Purple Milk-vetch (*Astragalus danicus*) was growing by the road, and we found more remains of *Saxifraga diapensioides*, Wild Cotoneaster (*Cotoneaster intergerrimus*) and plenty of the white flax *Linum suffruticosum* subsp. *salsoloides*.

Back at the main road, we turned down the Valdeblore to drive to the little village of Rimplas. The excellent views, especially to the south and east, made this a strategic point in wartime, and its fort was part of the Maginot Line. We parked and walked up through the village towards the fort. On the roadside we found the purple-flowered Sainfoin Vetch (*Vicia onobrychooides*), and Striped Toadflax (*Linaria repens*) together with more Mediterranean species, such as Spiny Spurge (*Euphorbia spinosa*), Canterbury Bells (*Campanula medium*), and Prickly and Phoenician Juniper (*Juniperus oxycedrus* and *J. phoenicea*). Field Eryngo (*Eryngium campestre*) was coming into flower but the stately Molopospermum (*Molopospermum peloponnesiacum*) was over. However, the highlight here was the presence of a good number of Lizard Orchids (*Himantoglossum hircinum*) in fine flower, although the basal leaves were generally brown. The south-facing slope is normally good for butterflies, and we saw many Marbled Whites, Cleopatras, Scarce Swallowtails and Silver-studded Blues among them, together with a good number of the orange-and-black-striped 'AC Milan bugs', the shield bug *Graphosoma lineatum*.

We wandered slowly back through the village and retraced our route towards Saint-Martin-Vesubie for a break and cool drinks. We met later to update our lists, sitting outside under the Horse and Sweet Chestnut trees, before another tasty meal. Afterwards some of us explored the historic town as dusk fell.

Day 7

Saturday 17th June

Saint-Martin-Vesubie; Vallée de la Madone de Fenestre; Le Boreon

We started today at a spot on the outskirts of the town, where there is a location for Red Lily (*Lilium pomponium*), finding a single, beautiful specimen of this iconic species. We also added Heath-leaved St. John's-wort (*Hypericum coris*) and Harebells (*Campanula rotundifolia*) to our list.

We then headed north-east from the town, up the Vallée de la Madone de Fenestre. The Col de Fenestre was an important pilgrimage as well as trade route, and a church stands at the head of the valley. We parked and noted Spiked Bellflower (*Campanula spicata*), Alpine Knotweed (*Aconogonum alpinum*), flowering Cobweb Houseleek

(*Sempervivum arachnoideum*), Rock Speedwell (*Veronica fruticans*), Pink Mountain Clover (*Trifolium montanum* subsp. *rupestre*), Alpine Trefoil (*Trifolium alpestre*), the endemic *Viola valderia* and the silvery leaves of the endemic *Potentilla valderia*. A pair of Black Redstart were around the church, which we took time to visit. As we climbed the rocky path, we found Alpine Pasqueflowers (*Anemone alpina*) still in flower, more Houseleek, Lesser Masterwort (*Astrantia minor*) and Alpine Stonecrop (*Sedum alpestre*), amongst other plants. Marmots were calling, and we saw one, as well as having excellent views of three Chamois very close, and another further away. A Golden Eagle was seen circling over the mountain slopes, in good light. The stream, this year, was easy to cross, so we continued further along the path, enjoying the dramatic scenery, before deciding it was time to return for our final picnic.

We decided to make the most of our last day so, leaving the valley, we drove up the valley of Le Boreon, stopping to admire the waterfall. Common Houseleek (*Sempervivum tectorum*) was just coming into flower on the rocks below, and the Thick-leaved Saxifrage (*Saxifraga callosa*) was cascading from the cliffs. We had hoped to find a place for a drink in Le Boreon, but the bars were closed, so we returned to Saint-Martin-Vesubie with time to relax, explore and pack in preparation for the morrow, before enjoying our final evening.

Day 8

Sunday 18th June

Saint-Martin-Vesubie to Nice

This morning we had some time to spare before our flight, so we explored some lower altitudes in the Vesubie Valley. We packed up and said our farewells and thanks to M. Raiberti, and set off south. We took the minor road towards St. Honorat, where we stopped to explore the road banks and surrounding areas. Although it was very hot and rather dry, new species included the Sweet-William-resembling *Dianthus balbisii*, Staehelina (*Staehelina dubius*), Crupina (*Crupina crupinastrum*), Pallenis (*Pallenis spinosa*), Yellow Dragon's-teeth (*Lotus maritimus*), Mediterranean Buckthorn (*Rhamnus alaternus*), and a couple of flowers of the pink-flowered form of Common Rock-rose (*Helianthemum nummularium* subsp. *semiglabrum*). Butterflies included many Great Banded Graylings.

We soon had to leave all these riches to continue our journey to Nice airport. We arrived in good time, said goodbye to Rosie whose flight was not until the morrow, and the rest of us checked in for our flight back to the UK. We all agreed that we had seen some great plants in the stunning scenery of the Maritime Alps.

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Species Lists

Plants (*=endemic or near-endemic)

Nomenclature contained within this list follows the taxonomic amendments, based on DNA analysis, made by the Royal Botanic Gardens, Kew and the Missouri Botanic Garden, and following The Plant List, an internationally accepted list of vascular plant families, published and maintained by these two Institutions.

Scientific name	Common name	Location
PTERIDOPHYTES		
Calamophytes		
Equisetaceae		
<i>Equisetum arvense</i>	Field Horsetail	Gorge della Reina
<i>Equisetum fluviatile</i>	Water Horsetail	Palanfrè
Eusporangiate Ferns		
Ophioglossaceae		
<i>Botrychium lunaria</i>	Adder's-tongue Family Moonwort	Colle di Tenda
Leptosporangiate Ferns		
Aspleniaceae		
<i>Asplenium fontanum</i>	Spleenwort family Smooth Rock Spleenwort	Colle di Tenda
<i>Asplenium ruta-muraria</i>	Wall-rue	Colle di Tenda
<i>Asplenium trichomanes</i>	Maidenhair Spleenwort	Gorge della Reina
<i>Asplenium viride</i>	Green Spleenwort	Colle di Tenda
Athyriaceae		
<i>Athyrium filix-femina</i>	Lady-fern Family Lady-fern	Palanfrè
Cystopteridaceae		
<i>Cystopteris fragilis</i>	Bladder-fern Family Brittle Bladder-fern	Gorge della Reina
<i>Gymnocarpium dryopteris</i>	Oak Fern	Gorge della Reina
<i>Gymnocarpium robertianum</i>	Limestone Fern	Colle di Tenda
Dennstaedtiaceae		
<i>Pteridium aquilinum</i>	Bracken Family Bracken	Gorge della Reina
Dryopteridaceae		
<i>Dryopteris affinis</i>	Buckler-fern Family Scaly Male-fern	Colle di Tenda
<i>Dryopteris filix-mas</i>	Male-fern	Palanfrè
<i>Polystichum aculeatum</i>	Hard Shield-fern	Gorge della Reina
<i>Polystichum lonchitis</i>	Holly-fern	Colle di Tenda
Polypodiaceae		
<i>Polypodium vulgare</i> agg.	Polypody Family Common Polypody	Gorge della Reina
Pteridaceae		
<i>Adiantum capillus-veneris</i>	Maidenhair Fern Family Maidenhair Fern	Saorge
<i>Cryptogramma crispa</i>	Parsley Fern	Colle della Lombarda

Scientific name	Common name	Location
GYMNOSPERMS		
Cupressaceae		
<i>Juniperus communis</i>	Common Juniper	Gorge della Reina
<i>Juniperus communis</i> var. <i>saxatilis</i>	Dwarf Juniper	Colle di Tenda
<i>Juniperus oxycedrus</i>	Prickly Juniper	Rimplas
<i>Juniperus phoenicea</i>	Phoenician Juniper	Rimplas
Pinaceae		
<i>Larix decidua</i>	European Larch	Gorge della Reina
<i>Picea abies</i> subsp. <i>abies</i>	Spruce	Gorge della Reina
<i>Pinus mugo</i>	Dwarf Mountain Pine	Palanfrè
<i>Pinus nigra</i>	Black Pine	Gorge della Reina
<i>Pinus sylvestris</i>	Scots Pine	Gorge della Reina
<i>Pinus unciata</i>	Mountain Pine	Colle di Tenda
ANGIOSPERMS		
Pre-Dicots		
Aristolochiaceae		
<i>Asarum europaeum</i>	Birthwort Family Asarabacca	Palanfrè
Eu-dicots		
Adoxaceae		
<i>Sambucus nigra</i>	Moschatel Family Elder	Gorge della Reina
<i>Sambucus racemosa</i>		Red-berried Elderberry
Amaranthaceae (includes Chenopodiaceae)		
<i>Chenopodium bonus-henricus</i>	Amaranth Family Good King Henry	Colle di Tenda
Anacardiaceae		
<i>Cotinus coggyria</i>	Sumach Family Smoke Tree	Roadsides (France)
Apiaceae		
<i>Aegopodium podagraria</i>	Carrot Family Gound Elder	Palanfrè
<i>Angelica sylvestris</i>	Wild Angelica	Palanfrè (leaves)
<i>Anthriscus sylvestris</i>	Cow Parsley	Palanfrè
<i>Astrantia major</i>	Greater Masterwort	Palanfrè
<i>Astrantia minor</i>	Lesser Masterwort	La Madone de Fenestre
<i>Bupleurum petraeum</i>	Rock Hare's-ear	Gorge della Reina
<i>Conopodium majus</i>	Pignut	Palanfrè
<i>Eryngium campestre</i>	Field Eryngo	Rimplas
<i>Heracleum sphondylium</i>	Hogweed	Palanfrè
<i>Laserpitium gallicum</i>	A Sermountain	Gorge della Reina
<i>Laserpitium latifolium</i>	Broad-leaved Sermountain	Sant' Anna
<i>Meum athamanticum</i>	Spignel	Colle di Tenda
<i>Myrrhis odorata</i>	Sweet Cicely	Colle di Tenda
<i>Molopospermum peloponnesiacum</i>	Molopospermum	Rimplas
<i>Orlaya grandiflora</i>	Orlaya	Rimplas
<i>Orlaya kochii</i>	-	Gorge della Reina
<i>Peucedanum ostruthium</i>	Masterwort	La Madone de Fenestre
<i>Torylis leptophylla</i>		Gorge della Reina

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Apocynaceae <i>Vincetoxicum hirundinaria</i>	Periwinkle Family Swallow-wort	Gorge della Reina
Araliaceae <i>Hedera helix</i>	Ivy Family Ivy	Palanfrè
Berberidaceae <i>Berberis vulgaris</i>	Barberry Family Barberry	Gorge della Reina
Betulaceae <i>Alnus viridis</i> <i>Betula pendula</i> <i>Corylus avellana</i>	Birch Family Green Alder Silver Birch Hazel	Colle di Tenda Gorge della Reina Gorge della Reina
Boraginaceae <i>Cerintho minor</i> <i>Cynoglossum officinale</i> <i>Echium vulgare</i> <i>Myosotis alpestris</i> <i>Myosotis arvensis</i> <i>Myosotis ramosissima</i> <i>Myosotis scorpioides</i> <i>Myosotis sylvatica</i> <i>Pulmonaria officinalis</i>	Forget-me-not Family Lesser Honeywort Hound's-tongue Viper's-bugloss Alpine Wood Forget-me-not Field Forget-me-not Early Forget-me-not Water Forget-me-not Wood Forget-me-not Lungwort	Palanfrè Gorge della Reina Saorge Colle di Tenda Gorge della Reina Grotte del Bandito La Madone de Fenestre Gorge della Reina Palanfrè (leaves)
Brassicaceae <i>Aethionema saxatile</i> <i>Alyssum montanum</i> <i>Arabis alpina</i> <i>Arabis allionii</i> <i>Barbarea bracteosa</i> <i>Barbarea vulgaris</i> <i>Biscutella laevigata</i> <i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> <i>Cardamine amara</i> <i>Draba aizoides</i> <i>Erysimum hieracifolium</i> <i>Erysimum jugicola</i> * <i>Hornungia (Pritzelago) alpina</i> <i>Iberis sempervirens</i> <i>Kernera saxatilis</i> <i>Pseudoturritis turrita</i> <i>Ptilotrichum halimifolium (Alyssum ligusticum)*</i>	Cabbage Family Burnt Candytuft Mountain Alison Alpine Rock-cress a Hairy Rock-cress - Winter-cress Buckler Mustard Shepherd's Purse Large Bitter-cress Yellow Whitlow-grass An endemic Treacle-mustard Chamois Cress Perennial Candytuft Kernera Tower Cress an Alison	Colle di Tenda Colle di Tenda Colle di Tenda Colle di Tenda Colle della Lombardia Sant' Anna Colle di Tenda Gorge della Reina Grotte del Bandito Sant' Anna Grotte del Bandito Colle di Tenda Sant' Anna Colle di Tenda Colle di Tenda Gorge della Reina Grotte del Bandito (over)
Buxaceae <i>Buxus sempervirens</i>	Box Family Box	Rimplas
Campanulaceae <i>Campanula cochlearifolia</i> <i>Campanula medium</i>	Bellflower Family Fairy's Thimble Canterbury-bells	Colle di Tenda (in bud) Rimplas

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Campanula macrorrhiza</i> *	A Bellflower	Saorge
<i>Campanula patula</i>	Spreading Bellflower	Grotte del Bandito
<i>Campanula persicifolia</i>	Peach-leaved Bellflower	Gorge della Reina
<i>Campanula rapunculus</i>	Rampion Bellflower	Palanfrè
<i>Campanula rotundifolia</i>	Harebell	Saint-Martin-Vesubie
<i>Campanula scheuchzeri</i>	Scheuchzer's Bellflower	Palanfrè
<i>Campanula spicata</i>	Spiked Bellflower	Gorge della Reina
<i>Campanula trachelium</i>	Nettle-leaved Bellflower	Grotte del Bandito
<i>Phyteuma betonicifolium</i>	Betony-leaved Rampion	Palanfrè
<i>Phyteuma hemisphericum</i>	Globe-headed Rampion	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Phyteuma orbiculare</i>	Round-headed Rampion	Gorge della Reina
<i>Phyteuma ovatum</i>	Dark Rampion	Palanfrè
Caprifoliaceae		
<i>Centranthus ruber</i>	Red Valerian	Widespread
<i>Knautia integrifolia</i>	A Scabious	Gorge della Reina
<i>Knautia mollis</i> *	A Scabious	Rimplas
<i>Lonicera caprifolium</i>	Perfoliate Honeysuckle	Rimplas
<i>Lonicera etrusca</i>	Etruscan Honeysuckle	Gorge della Reina
<i>Valeriana montana</i>	Mountain Valerian	Palanfrè
<i>Valeriana officinalis</i>	Common Valerian	Colle di Tenda
<i>Valeriana tripteris</i>	Three-leaved Valerian	Colle di Tenda
Caryophyllaceae		
<i>Arenaria ciliata</i>	Ciliate-leaved Sandwort	Colle di Tenda
<i>Arenaria grandiflora</i>	Large-flowered Sandwort	Gorge della Reina
<i>Cerastium arvense</i>	Field Mouse-ear	Gorge della Reina
<i>Cerastium arvense</i> subsp. <i>suffruticosum</i>	A Field Mouse-ear (linear leaves)	Colle di Tenda
<i>Dianthus balbisii</i>	A Pink	St. Honorat
<i>Dianthus carthusianorum</i>	Carthusian Pink	Rimplas
<i>Dianthus furcatus</i>	Painted Pink	Palanfrè
<i>Dianthus pavonius</i>	Three-veined Pink	Sant' Anna
<i>Dianthus sylvestris</i>	Wood Pink	Saorge
<i>Gypsophila repens</i>	Alpine Gypsophila	Colle di Tenda
<i>Minuartia sedoides</i>	Mossy Cyphel	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Moehringia muscosa</i>	Mossy Sandwort	Gorge della Reina
<i>Petrorhagia prolifera</i>	Proliferous Pink	Gorge della Reina
<i>Petrorhagia saxifraga</i>	Tunic Flower	Gorge della Reina
<i>Saponaria ocymoides</i>	Rock Soapwort	Gorge della Reina
<i>Saponaria officinalis</i>	Soapwort	Roadsides
<i>Silene acaulis</i>	Moss Campion	Colle di Tenda
<i>Silene dioica</i>	Red Campion	Palanfrè
<i>Silene exscapa</i>	A Moss Campion	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Silene flos-jovis</i>	Purple Lychnis	Gorge della Reina
<i>Silene italica</i>	Italian Catchfly	Palanfrè
<i>Silene latifolia</i>	White Campion	Gorge della Reina
<i>Silene nutans</i>	Nottingham Catchfly	Gorge della Reina
<i>Silene otites</i>	Spanish Catchfly	La Madone de Fenestre
<i>Silene rupestris</i>	Rock Catchfly	Sant' Anna
<i>Silene saxifraga</i>	Tufted Catchfly	Gorge della Reina
Honeysuckle Family		
Pink Family		

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	Bladder Campion	Gorge della Reina
<i>Stellaria media</i>	Common Chickweed	Colle di Tenda
<i>Stellaria nemorum</i>	Wood Chickweed	Gorge della Reina
Cistaceae	Rock-rose Family	
<i>Helianthemum apenninum</i>	White Rock-rose	Gorge della Reina
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i> ssp. <i>grandiflorum</i>	Rock-rose	Gorge della Reina
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i> ssp. <i>semiglabrum</i>	Pink-flowered Rockrose	St. Honorat
<i>Helianthemum oelandicum</i> subsp. <i>alpestris</i>	Alpine Rock-rose	Colle di Tenda
<i>Helianthemum oelandicum</i> subsp. <i>italicum</i>	Italian Rock-rose	Gorge della Reina
Compositae (Asteraceae)	Daisy Family	
<i>Achillea clavennae</i>	Silvery Milfoil	Colle della Lombarda (leaves)
<i>Achillea erba-rotta</i>	Simple-leaved Milfoil	La Madone de Fenestre
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow	Palanfrè
<i>Adenostyles alliariae</i>	Adenostyles	Gorge della Reina
<i>Adenostyles leucophylla</i>	An Adenostyles	Sant' Anna
<i>Antennaria dioica</i>	Cat's-foot	Colle di Tenda
<i>Arnica montana</i>	Arnica	Colle di Tenda
<i>Artemisia absinthium</i>	Wormwood	Gorge della Reina
<i>Artemisia alba</i>	A Wormwood	Colle di Tenda
<i>Artemisia vulgare</i>	Mugwort	Gorge della Reina
<i>Aster alpinus</i>	Alpine Aster	Colle di Tenda
<i>Bellidastrum michelii</i>	False Aster	Colle di Tenda
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy	Gorge della Reina
<i>Berardia subacaulis</i> *	Berardia	Millefonti (leaves)
<i>Bupthalmum salicifolium</i>	Yellow Ox- eye	Gorge della Reina
<i>Carduus defloratus</i>	Alpine Thistle	Gorge della Reina
<i>Carduus litigiosus</i>	A Thistle	Gorge della Reina
<i>Carduus personata</i>	Great Marsh Thistle	Palanfrè
<i>Carlina acaulis</i> subsp. <i>acaulis</i>	Stemless Carlina Thistle	Colle di Tenda
<i>Carlina acaulis</i> subsp. <i>caulescens</i>	"Stemmed" Stemless Carlina Thistle	Palanfrè
<i>Cichorium intybus</i>	Chicory	Roadsides
<i>Cirsium eriophorum</i>	Woolly Thistle	Colle di Tenda (leaves)
<i>Cirsium erisithales</i>	Yellow Melancholy Thistle	Palanfrè
<i>Cirsium montanum</i>	A Brook Thistle	La Madone de Fenestre valley
<i>Cirsium spinosissimum</i>	Spiniest Thistle	Sant' Anna
<i>Cota (Anthemis) tinctoria</i>	Yellow Chamomile	Rimplas
<i>Crtupina crupinastrum</i>	Crupina	St. Honorat
<i>Cyanus (Centaurea) montana</i>	Perennial Cornflower	Palanfrè
<i>Cyanus (Centaurea) triumfettii</i>	A Perennial Cornflower	Le Boreon
<i>Doronicum pardalianches</i>	Leopard's-bane	Palanfrè
<i>Erigeron annuus</i>	Annual Fleabane	Gorge della Reina
<i>Erigeron atticus</i>	Greek Fleabane	La Madone de Fenestre
<i>Erigeron uniflorus</i>	One-flowered Fleabane	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Helichrysum italicum</i>	A Curry Plant	Saorge
<i>Hieracium tomentosum</i>	Woolly Hawkweed	Colle di Tenda (leaves)
<i>Homogyne alpina</i>	Alpine Colt's-foot	Colle di Tenda

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Jacobaea maritima</i> (<i>Senecio cineraria</i>)	Silver Ragwort	Saorge
<i>Lactuca perennis</i>	Perennial Lettuce	Gorge della Reina
<i>Leontopodium alpinum</i>	Edelweiss	Millefonts
<i>Leucanthemopsis alpina</i>	Alpine Moon Daisy	Colle di Tenda
<i>Leucanthemum vulgare</i>	Ox-eye daisy	Gorge della Reina
<i>Pallenis spinosa</i>	Pallenis	St. Honorat
<i>Petasites hybridus</i>	Butterbur	La Madone de Fenestre valley
<i>Phagnalon sordidum</i>	A Phagnalon	St. Honorat
<i>Pilosella cymosa</i>	-	Palanfrè
<i>Pilosella officinarum</i> agg.	Mouse-eared Hawkweed	Gorge della Reina
<i>Senecio doricum</i>	Chamois Ragwort	Colle di Tenda
<i>Staehelina dubius</i>		St. Honorat
<i>Taraxacum</i> agg.	Dandelion	Common
<i>Tolpis staticifolia</i>	Tolpis	Colle di Tenda
<i>Tussilago farfara</i>	Colt's-foot	Colle di Tenda
Convolvulaceae	Bindweed Family	
<i>Convolvulus arvensis</i>	Field Bindweed	Gorge della Reina
<i>Cuscuta europaea</i>	Greater Dodder	Palanfrè
Cornaceae	Dogwood Family	
<i>Cornus sanguinea</i>	Dogwood	Palanfrè
Crassulaceae	Stonecrop Family	
<i>Sedum acre</i>	Biting Stonecrop	Millefonts
<i>Sedum album</i>	White Stonecrop	Saorge
<i>Sedum alpestre</i>	A Stonecrop	Sant' Anna
<i>Sedum atratum</i> subsp. <i>atratum</i>	Dark Stonecrop	Millefonts
<i>Sedum dasyphyllum</i>	Fat-leaved Stonecrop	Saorge
<i>Sedum fragrans</i> *	Fragrant Stonecrop	Saorge
<i>Sedum ochroleucum</i>	Creamish Stonecrop	Saorge
<i>Sedum rupestre</i>	Rock Stonecrop	Saorge
<i>Sedum sexangulare</i>	Tasteless Stonecrop	Gorge della Reina
<i>Sedum telephium</i> subsp. <i>maximum</i>	An Orpine	Rimplas (leaves)
<i>Sempervivum arachnoideum</i>	Cobweb Houseleek	Millefonts
<i>Sempervivum globiferum</i> subsp. <i>allionii</i> *	A Hen-and-Chickens Houseleek	Sant' Anna
<i>Sempervivum tectorum</i>	Common Houseleek	Le Boreon
Ericaceae	Heather Family	
<i>Arctostaphylos uva-ursi</i>	Bearberry	Millefonts
<i>Rhododendron ferrugineum</i>	Alpenrose	Colle di Tenda
<i>Vaccinium myrtillus</i>	Bilberry	Colle di Tenda
<i>Vaccinium uliginosum</i>	Bog Whortleberry	Sant' Anna
Euphorbiaceae	Spurge Family	
<i>Euphorbia dulcis</i>	Sweet Spurge	Gorge della Reina
<i>Euphorbia spinosa</i>	Spiny Spurge	Rimplas
<i>Mercurialis perennis</i>	Dog's Mercury	Palanfrè

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Fagaceae		
<i>Castanea sativa</i>	Sweet Chestnut	Palanfrè
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	Beech	Gorge della Reina
Gentianaceae		
<i>Blackstonia perfoliata</i>	Yellow-wort	Gorge della Reina
<i>Centaureum erythraea</i>	Centaury	Gorge della Reina
<i>Gentiana acaulis</i>	Trumpet Gentian	Sant' Anna
<i>Gentiana brachyphylla</i>	Short-leaved Gentian	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Gentiana ligustica</i> *	Ligurian Gentian	Millefonti
<i>Gentiana lutea</i>	Yellow Gentian	Palanfrè
<i>Gentiana verna</i>	Spring Gentian	Colle di Tenda
<i>Gentianella campestris</i>	Field Gentian	Colle di Tenda
Geraniaceae		
<i>Geranium dissectum</i>	Cut-leaved Crane's-bill	Gorge della Reina
<i>Geranium nodosum</i>	Knotted Crane's-bill	Gorge della Reina
<i>Geranium phaeum</i>	Dusky Crane's-bill	Palanfrè
<i>Geranium pyrenaicum</i>	Hedgerow Crane's-bill	Gorge della Reina
<i>Geranium sanguineum</i>	Bloody Crane's-bill	Gorge della Reina
<i>Geranium sylvaticum</i>	Wood Crane's-bill	Colle di Tenda
Grossulariaceae		
<i>Ribes uva-crispa</i>	Gooseberry	Sant' Anna
Hypericaceae		
<i>Hypericum coris</i>	Heath-leaved St. John's-wort	Sasint-Martin-Vesubie
<i>Hypericum tetrapterum</i>	Square-stemmed St. John's-wort	Rimplas
Lamiaceae		
<i>Ajuga genevensis</i>	Blue Bugle	Gorge della Reina
<i>Ajuga pyramidalis</i>	Pyramidal Bugle	Sant' Anna
<i>Clinopodium acinos</i>	Basil Thyme	Rimplas
<i>Clinopodium (Acinos) alpinum</i>	Alpine Basil Thyme	Gorge della Reina
<i>Clinopodium nepeta</i>	Lesser Calamint	St. Honorat
<i>Galeopsis angustifolia</i>	Red Hemp-nettle	Palanfrè
<i>Lamiastrum galeobdolon</i>	Yellow Archangel	Gorge della Reina
<i>Lamium garganicum</i>	Large Red Dead-nettle	Palanfrè
<i>Lamium maculatum</i>	Spotted Dead-nettle	Colle di Tenda
<i>Lavandula angustifolia</i>	Common Lavender	Gorge della Reina
<i>Mentha aquatica</i>	Water Mint	Gorge della Reina
<i>Origanum vulgare</i>	Wild Marjoram	Gorge della Reina
<i>Prunella grandiflora</i>	Large-flowered Self-heal	Gorge della Reina
<i>Prunella laciniata</i>	Cut-leaved Self-heal	Gorge della Reina
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	Self-heal	Gorge della Reina
<i>Salvia pratensis</i>	Meadow Clary	Gorge della Reina
<i>Scutellaria alpina</i>	Alpine Skull-cap	Sant' Anna
<i>Stachys officinalis</i>	Betony	Gorge della Reina
<i>Stachys recta</i>	Perennial Yellow Woundwort	Gorge della Reina
<i>Stachys sylvatica</i>	Hedge Woundwort	Palanfrè

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Teucrium chamaedrys</i>	Wall Germander	Gorge della Reina
<i>Teucrium montanum</i>	Mountain Germander	Gorge della Reina
<i>Thymus pulegioides</i>	Greater Thyme	Rimplas
<i>Thymus vulgaris</i>	Common Thyme	Gorge della Reina
Leguminosae (Fabaceae)	Pea Family	
<i>Anthyllis montana</i>	Mountain Kidney-vetch	Colle di Tenda
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> agg	Kidney Vetch	Gorge della Reina
<i>Astragalus alpinus</i>	Alpine Milk-vetch	Colle di Tenda
<i>Astragalus danicus</i>	Purple Milk-vetch	Millefontes
<i>Astragalus monspessulanus</i>	False Vetch or Montpellier Milk-vetch	Palanfrè
<i>Chamaecytisus hirsutus</i> subsp. <i>pumilus</i> *	A Hairy Broom	Colle di Tenda
<i>Cytisophyllum sessilifolium</i>	Sessile Broom	Gorge della Reina
<i>Genista cinerea</i>	Ash-coloured Broom	Millefontes
<i>Genista germanica</i>	German Greenweed	Palanfrè
<i>Genista tinctoria</i>	Dyer's Greenweed	Gorge della Reina
<i>Hippocrepis comosa</i>	Horseshoe Vetch	Gorge della Reina
<i>Laburnum alpinum</i>	Alpine Laburnum	Colle di Tenda
<i>Laburnum anagyroides</i>	Laburnum	Palanfrè
<i>Lathyrus latifolius</i>	Broad-leaved Everlasting Pea	Roadsides Valdeblore
<i>Lathyrus pratensis</i>	Meadow Vetchling	Palanfrè
<i>Lathyrus sylvestris</i>	Narrow-leaved Everlasting Pea	Saorge
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i>	Spring Vetchling	Gorge della Reina (in seed)
<i>Lotus alpinus</i>	Alpine Bird's-foot Trefoil	Colle di Tenda
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Bird's-foot Trefoil	Gorge della Reina
<i>Lotus (Tetragonolobus) maritimus</i>	Dragon's Teeth	St. Honorat
<i>Medicago sativa</i>	Lucerne	Saorge
<i>Melilotus albus</i>	White Melilot	Saorge
<i>Melilotus officinalis</i>	Ribbed Melilot	Rimplas
<i>Onobrychis montana</i>	Mountain Sainfoin	Colle di Tenda
<i>Ononis natrix</i>	Large Yellow Restharrow	Rimplas
<i>Oxytropis helvetica</i>	Swiss Milk-vetch	Colle di Tenda
<i>Securigera varia</i>	Crown Vetch	Gorge della Reina
<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish Broom	Rimplas
<i>Trifolium alpestre</i>	Alpine Trefoil	La Madone de Fenestre
<i>Trifolium alpinum</i>	Alpine Clover	Sant' Anna
<i>Trifolium badium</i>	Brown Clover	Palanfrè
<i>Trifolium campestre</i>	Hop Trefoil	Palanfrè
<i>Trifolium montanum</i> subsp. <i>montanum</i>	White Mountain Clover	Gorge della Reina
<i>Trifolium montanum</i> subsp. <i>rupestre</i>	Pink Mountain Clover	Colle di Tenda
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Red Clover	Gorge della Reina
<i>Vicia cracca</i>	Tufted Vetch	Gorge della Reina
<i>Vicia onobrychoides</i>	Sainfoin Vetch	Rimplas
Lentibulariaceae	Bladderwort Family	
<i>Pinguicula leptoceras</i>	Southern Butterwort	Colle di Tenda
<i>Pinguicula vulgaris</i>	Common Butterwort	Gorge della Reina
Linaceae	Flax Family	
<i>Linum austriacum</i> subsp. <i>collinum</i>	A blue Flax	Palanfrè

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Linum catharticum</i> <i>Linum suffruticosum</i> subsp. <i>salsoloides</i>	Purging or Fairy Flax A white Flax	Gorge della Reina Gorge della Reina
Malvaceae <i>Malva neglecta</i>	Mallow Family Dwarf Mallow	Palanfrè
Moraceae <i>Ficus carica</i>	Fig Family Fig	Saorge
Onagraceae <i>Epilobium alsinifolium</i> <i>Epilobium (Chamerion) angustifolium</i> <i>Epilobium hirsutum</i>	Willowherb Family Chickweed Willowherb Rosebay Willowherb Great Willowherb	Palanfrè Gorge della Reina Palanfrè (leaves)
Oleaceae <i>Fraxinus excelsior</i> <i>Ligustrum vulgare</i> <i>Olea europaea</i>	Olive Family Ash Wild Privet Olive	Gorge della Reina Saorge Roadsides
Orobanchaceae <i>Bartsia alpina</i> <i>Euphrasia</i> sp. <i>Orobanche alba</i> <i>Pedicularis comosa</i> <i>Pedicularis gyroflexa</i> <i>Pedicularis rostratospicata</i> subsp. <i>helvetica</i> <i>Rhinanthus minor</i> agg.	Broomrape Family Alpine Bartsia an Eyebright Thyme Broomrape Crested Lousewort Tufted Lousewort Flesh-pink Lousewort Hay Rattle	Colle di Tenda La Madone de Fenestre Gorge della Reina Colle di Tenda Colle di Tenda Colle della Lombarda Gorge della Reina
Oxalidaceae <i>Oxalis acetosella</i>	Wood Sorrel Family Wood Sorrel	Colle di Tenda
Papaveraceae <i>Chelidonium majus</i> <i>Papaver alpinum (P.aurantiacum)</i> <i>Papaver rhoeas</i>	Poppy Family Greater Celandine Rhaetian Poppy Common Poppy	Gorge della Reina Palanfrè Gorge della Reina
Plantaginaceae <i>Antirrhinum latifolium</i> <i>Digitalis grandiflora</i> <i>Digitalis lutea</i> <i>Globularia cordifolia</i> <i>Globularia repens</i> <i>Globularia vulgaris</i> <i>Linaria repens</i> <i>Linaria supina</i> <i>Plantago lanceolata</i> <i>Plantago major</i> <i>Plantago maritima</i> subsp. <i>serpentina</i> <i>Plantago media</i> <i>Plantago sempervirens</i>	Plantain Family Snapdragon Large Yellow Foxglove Small Yellow Foxglove Matted Globularia Creeping Globularia Common Globularia Striped Toadflax Prostrate Toadflax Ribwort Plantain Greater Plantain Fleshy Plantain Hoary Plantain Shrubby Plantain	Gorge della Reina Gorge della Reina Gorge della Reina Colle di Tenda Colle di Tenda Gorge della Reina Rimplas Colle di Tenda Palanfrè Palanfrè Gorge della Reina Gorge della Reina Rimplas

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Veronica allionii</i> *	A Speedwell	Millefonts
<i>Veronica beccabunga</i>	Brooklime	Colle di Tenda
<i>Veronica bellidioides</i>	Violet Speedwell	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Veronica chamaedrys</i>	Germander Speedwell	Colle di Tenda
<i>Veronica fruticans</i>	Rock Speedwell	Colle di Tenda
<i>Veronica fruticoso</i>	Pink Rock Speedwell	Gorge della Reina
<i>Veronica officinalis</i>	Heath Speedwell	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i>	Thyme-leaved Speedwell	Colle di Tenda
<i>Veronica urticifolia</i>	Nettle-leaved Speedwell	Palanfrè
Plumbaginaceae	Thrift Family	
<i>Armeria alpina</i>	Mountain Thrift	Sant' Anna
Polygalaceae	Milkwort Family	
<i>Polygala alpestris</i>	Mountain Milkwort	Colle di Tenda
<i>Polygala nicaeensis</i>	Nice Milkwort	Gorge della Reina
Polygonaceae	Knotweed Family	
<i>Aconogonum (Polygonum) alpinum</i>	Alpine Knotweed	La Madone de Fenestre
<i>Persicaria bistorta</i>	Bistort	Palanfrè
<i>Rumex acetosa</i>	Sorrel	Colle di Tenda
<i>Rumex acetosella</i>	Sheep's Sorrel	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Rumex alpinus</i>	Monk's Rhubarb	Palanfrè
<i>Rumex scutatus</i>	French Sorrel / Shield Dock	Colle di Tenda
Primulaceae	Primrose Family	
<i>Androsace adfinis</i> *	A Rock-jasmine	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Primula elatior</i>	Oxlip	Colle di Tenda
<i>Primula latifolia</i>	Viscid Primrose	Colle di Tenda
<i>Primula marginata</i> *	Marginate Primrose	Colle di Tenda
<i>Primula veris</i>	Cowslip	Gorge della Reina (over)
<i>Soldanella alpina</i>	Alpine Snowbell	Colle di Tenda
Ranunculaceae	Buttercup Family	
<i>Aconitum lycoctonum</i> subsp. <i>vulparia</i>	Wolf's-bane	Gorge della Reina (leaves)
<i>Actaea spicata</i>	Baneberry	Palanfrè
<i>Anemone (Pulsatilla) alpina</i> subsp. <i>millefoliata</i>	Alpine Pasqueflower	La Madone de Fenestre
<i>Anemone narcissiflora</i>	Narcissus Anemone	Palanfrè
<i>Aquilegia atrata</i>	Dark Columbine	Gorge della Reina
<i>Caltha palustris</i>	Marsh Marigold	Sant' Anna
<i>Consolida regalis</i>	Forking Larkspur	Saorge
<i>Helleborus foetidus</i>	Stinking Hellebore	Millefonts
<i>Hepatica nobilis</i>	Hepatica	Colle di Tenda
<i>Ranunculus aconitifolius</i>	Aconite-leaved Buttercup	Colle di Tenda
<i>Ranunculus kuepferi</i>	Kuepfer's Buttercup	Colle della Lombarda
<i>Ranunculus montanus</i>	Mountain Buttercup	Colle di Tenda
<i>Thalictrum aquilegifolium</i>	Great Meadow-rue	Gorge della Reina
<i>Thalictrum foetidum</i>	Foetid Meadow-rue	Gorge della Reina
<i>Trollius europaeus</i>	Globeflower	Colle di Tenda

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Rhamnaceae		
<i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>	Mediterranean Buckthorn	St. Honorat
<i>Rhamnus pumila</i>	Dwarf Buckthorn	Colle di Tenda
Rosaceae		
<i>Agrimonia eupatoria</i>	Agrimony	Gorge della Reina
<i>Alchemilla alpina</i>	Alpine Lady's-mantle	Colle di Tenda
<i>Alchemilla conjuncta</i>	Silver Lady's-mantle	Colle di Tenda
<i>Alchemilla spp</i>	Lady's-mantles	Colle di Tenda
<i>Aruncus dioicus</i>	Goat's-beard Spirea	Gorge della Reina
<i>Cotoneaster integerrimus</i>	Wild Cotoneaster	Millefonti
<i>Dryas octopetala</i>	Mountain Avens	Colle di Tenda
<i>Filipendula ulmaria</i>	Meadowsweet	Roadsides
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	Wild Strawberry	Gorge della Reina
<i>Geum montanum</i>	Mountain Avens	Colle di Tenda (in seed)
<i>Geum rivale</i>	Water Avens	Colle di Tenda
<i>Geum urbanum</i>	Wood Avens	Gorge della Reina
<i>Potentilla argentea</i>	Hoary Cinquefoil	Gorge della Reina
<i>Potentilla crantzii</i>	Alpine Cinquefoil	Colle di Tenda
<i>Potentilla erecta</i>	Tormentil	La Madone de Fenestre
<i>Potentilla grandiflora</i>	Large-flowered Cinquefoil	Millefonti
<i>Potentilla recta</i>	Sulphur Cinquefoil	Gorge della Reina
<i>Potentilla saxifraga*</i>	Tufted Cinquefoil	Saorge
<i>Potentilla valderia*</i>	A Cinquefoil	Sant' Anna
<i>Prunus mahaleb</i>	St. Lucie's Cherry	Gorge della Reina
<i>Prunus spinosa</i>	Blackthorn	Gorge della Reina
<i>Rosa canina</i> agg.	Dog Rose	Gorge della Reina
<i>Rosa glauca</i>	Glaucous Dog Rose	Colle di Tenda
<i>Rubus fruticosus</i> agg.	Bramble	Gorge della Reina
<i>Rubus idaeus</i>	Raspberry	Colle di Tenda
<i>Rubus saxatilis</i>	Rock Bramble	Palanfrè
<i>Sanguisorba minor</i> agg.	Salad Burnet	Gorge della Reina
<i>Sorbus aria</i>	Whitebeam	Gorge della Reina
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	Rowan	Gorge della Reina
<i>Sorbus chamaemespilus</i>	False Medlar	Palanfrè
Rubiaceae		
<i>Asperula cynanchica</i>	Squinancywort	Colle di Tenda (in bud)
<i>Cruciata glabra</i>	Smooth Crosswort	Colle di Tenda
<i>Cruciata pedemontana</i>	A Crosswort	Palanfrè
<i>Galium album</i>	Upright Hedge Bedstraw	Gorge della Reina
<i>Galium odoratum</i>	Woodruff	Palanfrè
<i>Galium rotundifolium</i>	Round-leaved Bedstraw	Gorge della Reina
<i>Galium tendae*</i>	A Bedstraw	Colle di Tenda
<i>Galium verum</i>	Lady's Bedstraw	Gorge della Reina
Salicaceae		
<i>Salix caprea</i>	Goat Willow	Colle di Tenda
Willow Family		

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Santalaceae <i>Thesium divaricatum</i>	Sandalwood Family Branched Bastard Toadflax	Gorge della Reina
Sapindaceae <i>Acer campestre</i> <i>Aesculus hippocastanum</i>	Maple Family Field Maple Horse-chestnut	Gorge della Reina Saint-Martin-Vesubie (planted)
Saxifragaceae <i>Saxifraga aizoides</i> <i>Saxifraga callosa</i> <i>Saxifraga cuneifolia</i> <i>Saxifraga diapensioides</i> * <i>Saxifraga exarata</i> subsp. <i>exarata</i> <i>Saxifraga exarata</i> subsp. <i>moschata</i> <i>Saxifraga paniculata</i> <i>Saxifraga pedemontana</i> * <i>Saxifraga retusa</i> subsp. <i>augustana</i> * <i>Saxifraga rotundifolia</i> <i>Saxifraga stellaris</i>	Saxifrage Family Yellow Mountain Saxifrage Thick-leaved Saxifrage Lesser London Pride A Saxifrage White Musky Saxifrage Musky Saxifrage Live-long Saxifrage Piedmont Saxifrage A purple Saxifrage Round-leaved Saxifrage Starry Saxifrage	Colle di Tenda (leaves) Gorge della Reina Saorge (over) Millefontes Sant' Anna Colle di Tenda Gorge della Reina Colle della Lombarda (leaves) Colle della Lombarda Gorge della Reina La Madone de Fenestre
Scrophulariaceae <i>Scrophularia canina</i> <i>Verbascum nigrum</i> <i>Verbascum pulverulentum</i>	Figwort Family Alpine Figwort Dark Mullein Hoary Mullein	Colle di Tenda Gorge della Reina Gorge della Reina
Thymelaeaceae <i>Daphne mezereum</i>	Daphne Family Mezereum	Palanfrè (in berry)
Urticaceae <i>Parietaria officinalis</i> <i>Urtica dioica</i>	Nettle Family Large Pelitory of the Wall Common Nettle	Grotte del Bandito Gorge della Reina
Violaceae <i>Viola biflora</i> <i>Viola calcarata</i> agg. <i>Viola pyrenaica</i> <i>Viola reichenbachiana</i> <i>Viola tricolor</i> subsp. <i>subalpina</i> <i>Viola valderia</i> *	Violet Family Yellow Wood Violet Long-spurred Pansy Pyrenean Violet Early Dog Violet Heartsease Maritime Alps Pansy	Gorge della Reina Colle di Tenda Colle di Tenda Palanfrè Millefontes
Monocots		
Amaryllidaceae <i>Allium narcissiflorum</i> * <i>Allium schoenoprasum</i> <i>Allium sphaerocephalon</i>	Daffodil Family Narcissus-flowered Onion Chives Round-headed Leek	Palanfrè Palanfrè Gorge della Reina
Monocotyledons		

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Asparagaceae	Asparagus Family	
<i>Anthericum lilago</i>	St. Bernard's Lily	Gorge della Reina
<i>Leopoldia (Muscari) comosa</i>	Tassel Hyacinth	Gorge della Reina
<i>Maianthemum bifolium</i>	May Lily	Palanfrè
<i>Ornithogalum gussonei</i>	A Star-of-Bethlehem	Palanfrè
<i>Ornithogalum umbellatum</i>	Star-of-Bethlehem	Gorge della Reina
<i>Paradisea liliastrum</i>	St. Bruno's Lily	Colle di Tenda
<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i>	Solomon's-seal	Gorge della Reina
<i>Polygonatum verticillatum</i>	Whorled Solomon's-seal	Colle di Tenda
Colchicaceae	Autumn Crocus Family	
<i>Colchicum autumnale</i>	Autumn Crocus	Gorge della Reina (in seed)
Juncaceae	Rush Family	
<i>Luzula nivea</i>	Snowy Wood-rush	Gorge della Reina
Liliaceae	Lily Family	
<i>Gagea (Lloydia) serotina</i>	Snowdon Lily	Millefonti
<i>Lillium bulbiferum</i> subsp. <i>croceum</i>	Orange Lily	Sant' Anna
<i>Lillium martagon</i>	Martagon Lily	Palanfrè (in bud)
<i>Lillium pomponium</i>	Red Lily	Saint-Martin-Vesubie
<i>Streptopus amplexifolius</i>	Streptopus	Colle di Tenda
Melanthiaceae	Herb-Paris Family	
<i>Paris quadrifolia</i>	Herb-Paris	Gorge della Reina
<i>Veratrum lobelianum</i>	Green False-helleborine	Colle di Tenda (leaves)
Orchidaceae	Orchid Family	
<i>Anacamptis pyramidalis</i>	Pyramidal Orchid	Gorge della Reina
<i>Cephalanthera damasonium</i>	White Helleborine	Gorge della Reina
<i>Cephalanthera rubra</i>	Red Helleborine	Gorge della Reina
<i>Corallorhiza trifida</i>	Coralroot Orchid	Palanfrè
<i>Dactylorhiza fuchsii</i>	Common Spotted-orchid	Gorge della Reina
<i>Dactylorhiza sambucina</i>	Elder-flowered Orchid	Colle di Tenda
<i>Dactylorhiza (Coeloglossum) viridis</i>	Frog Orchid	Colle di Tenda
<i>Epipactis helleborine</i>	Broad-leaved Helleborine	Gorge della Reina (in bud)
<i>Gymnadenia albida</i>	Small White Orchid	Sant' Anna
<i>Gymnadenia conopsea</i> agg.	Fragrant Orchid	Gorge della Reina
<i>Gymnadenia corneliana</i> *	A Vanilla Orchid	Sant' Anna
<i>Gymnadenia rhellicani</i>	Dark Vanilla Orchid	Colle di Tenda
<i>Gymnadenia x truongae</i> (<i>G. conopsea</i> x <i>corneliana</i>)	A hybrid orchid	Millefonti
<i>Himantoglossum hircinum</i>	Lizard Orchid	Rimplas
<i>Neotinea (Orchis) tridentata</i>	Toothed Orchid	Gorge della Reina
<i>Neotinea (Orchis) ustulata</i>	Burnt Orchid	Gorge della Reina
<i>Neottia ovata</i>	Twayblade	Gorge della Reina
<i>Ophrys fuciflora</i>	Late Spider Orchid	Gorge della Reina
<i>Orchis anthropophorum</i>	Man Orchid	Gorge della Reina
<i>Orchis militaris</i>	Military Orchid	Gorge della Reina
<i>Platanthera chlorantha</i>	Greater Butterfly Orchid	Gorge della Reina
<i>Traunsteinera globosa</i>	Round-headed Orchid	Palanfrè

Scientific name	Common name	Location
Poaceae	Grass Family	
<i>Briza media</i>	Quaking-grass	Gorge della Reina
<i>Dactylis glomerata</i>	Cock's-foot	Common
<i>Festuca paniculata</i>	-	Colle di Tenda
<i>Phleum alpinum</i>	Alpine Timothy	Colle di Tenda
<i>Sesleria sphaerocephala</i>	A white Moor-grass	Gorge della Reina
Tofieldiaceae	False Asphodel Family	
<i>Tofieldia calyculata</i>	Tofield's Asphodel	Palanfrè
Xanthorrhoeaceae	Asphodel Family	
<i>Asphodelus albus</i>	White Asphodel	Palanfrè

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; H = heard only)

	Common name	Scientific name	June								
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
1	Griffon Vulture	<i>Gyps fulvus</i>							2		
2	Short-toed Snake Eagle	<i>Circaetus gallicus</i>			2						
3	Golden Eagle	<i>Aquila circaetus</i>							1	1	
4	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>				✓					
5	Common Buzzard	<i>Buteo buteo</i>		H		✓	✓			✓	
6	Rock Dove/Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓	
7	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>				✓					
8	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>			H	H	H	H	H	H	
9	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
10	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>		H		✓				H	
11	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>			✓				✓		
12	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
13	Eurasian Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
14	Red-billed Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax pyrrhocorax</i>			✓	✓			✓		
15	Alpine Chough	<i>Pyrrhocorax graculus</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	H	
16	Carrion Crow	<i>Corvus corone</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
17	Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus cornix</i>	✓					✓			
18	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>			1						
19	Coal Tit	<i>Parus ater</i>		✓		H					
20	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>		H		H				✓	
21	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		H					✓		
22	Eurasian Skylark	<i>Alauda arvensis</i>			✓				✓		
23	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
24	Eurasian Crag Martin	<i>Ptyonoprogne rupestris</i>	✓					✓	✓	✓	
25	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>						✓	✓	✓	
26	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>		H		H					
27	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>		H		✓					
28	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>		H	H	H	H	H	H	H	
29	Garden Warbler	<i>Sylvia borin</i>		H		H					
30	Lesser Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia curruca</i>			✓						
31	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>							H		
32	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

	Common name	Scientific name	June								
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	
33	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>		H	H	H	H	H	H	✓	
34	Mistle Thrush	<i>Turdus viscivorus</i>								✓	
35	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>		H		H	H				
36	Black Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus ochruros</i>			✓	✓				✓	
37	Common Redstart	<i>Phoenicurus phoenicurus</i>		✓	✓		✓				
38	Northern Wheatear	<i>Oenanthe oenanthe</i>			✓		H	✓	✓		
39	Blue Rock Thrush	<i>Monticola solitarius</i>			✓						
40	Italian Sparrow	<i>Passer italiae</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
41	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>			H						
42	Grey Wagtail	<i>Motacilla cinerea</i>					✓			✓	
43	White Wagtail	<i>Motacilla alba</i>	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
44	Tree Pipit	<i>Anthus trivialis</i>			✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
45	Water Pipit	<i>Anthus spinoletta</i>			✓		✓				
46	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
47	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	
48	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>				✓		✓	✓		
49	Common Linnet	<i>Linaria cannabina</i>					✓	✓			
50	Eurasian Bullfinch	<i>Pyrrhula pyrrhula</i>				H					

Mammals (D=Dead)

1	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>				2					
2	Stoat	<i>Mustela erminea</i>					2				
3	Roe Deer	<i>Capreolus capreolus</i>				✓					
4	Alpine Chamois	<i>Rupicapra rupicapra</i>								4	
5	Alpine Marmot	<i>Marmota marmota</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓		
6	Bank Vole	<i>Clethrionomys glareolus</i>				D					

Reptiles

1	Common Wall Lizard	<i>Podarcis muralis</i>		✓	✓	✓				✓	
2	Common Lizard	<i>Zootoca vivipara</i>				✓					

Butterflies (C=Caterpillar)

1	Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>		✓		✓	✓				
2	Scarce Swallowtail	<i>Iphiclides podalirius</i>		✓				✓			
3	Apollo	<i>Parnassius apollo</i>					✓			✓	
4	Clouded Apollo	<i>Parnassius mnemosyne</i>			✓	✓					
5	Black-veined White	<i>Aporia crataegi</i>		✓				✓			
6	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>				✓	✓				
7	Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓			
8	Mountain Green-veined White	<i>Pieris bryoniae</i>			✓	✓				✓	
9	Orange Tip	<i>Anthocharis cardamines</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			✓	
10	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓	✓		
11	Berger's Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias alfacariensis</i>		✓		✓		✓	✓		
12	Brimstone	<i>Gonepteryx rhamni</i>		✓	✓		✓	✓			
13	Cleopatra	<i>Gonepteryx cleopatra</i>						✓	✓		
14	Wood White	<i>Leptidea sinapis</i>		✓	✓	✓					
15	Green Hairstreak	<i>Callophrys rubi</i>			✓			✓			

	Common name	Scientific name	June							
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
16	Scarce Copper	<i>Lycaena virgaureae</i>		✓		✓	✓			
17	Little Blue	<i>Cupido minimus</i>		✓	✓	✓				
18	Chequered Blue	<i>Scolitantides orion</i>	✓							
19	Baton Blue	<i>Pseudophilotes baton</i>		✓						
20	Silver-studded Blue	<i>Plebejus argus</i>		✓					✓	
21	Mazarine Blue	<i>Cyaniris semiargus</i>			✓	✓	✓			
22	Adonis Blue	<i>Polyommatus bellargus</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
23	Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓
24	Duke of Burgundy Fritillary	<i>Hamearis lucina</i>				✓				
25	Small Tortoiseshell	<i>Aglais urticae</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓		
26	High Brown Fritillary	<i>Argynnis adippe</i>		✓			✓	✓		
27	Titania's Fritillary	<i>Clossiana titania</i>		✓						
28	Glanville Fritillary	<i>Melitaea cinxia</i>			✓					
29	Spotted Fritillary	<i>Melitaea didyma</i>		C						
30	Heath Fritillary	<i>Mellicta athalia</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓	✓	
31	Marbled White	<i>Melanargia galathea</i>		✓				✓		
32	Great Banded Grayling	<i>Kanetisa circe</i>		✓				✓		✓
33	Arran Brown	<i>Erebia ligea</i>		✓						
34	Almond-eyed Ringlet	<i>Erebia alberganus</i>				✓	✓	✓	✓	
35	Piedmont Ringlet	<i>Erebia meolans</i>		✓	✓	✓				
36	Meadow Brown	<i>Maniola jurtina</i>				✓		✓		
37	Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓		
38	Pearly Heath	<i>Coenonympha arcania</i>		✓		✓		✓		
39	Speckled Wood	<i>Pararge aegeria</i>			✓	✓				
40	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>		✓	✓	✓				
41	Large Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata maera</i>		✓						
42	Grizzled Skipper	<i>Pyrgus malvae</i>				✓	✓			
43	Alpine Grizzled Skipper	<i>Pyrgus andromedae</i>			✓				✓	
44	Dingy Skipper	<i>Erynnis tages</i>			✓	✓	✓			
45	Essex Skipper	<i>Thymelicus lineola</i>						✓		
46	Small Skipper	<i>Thymelicus sylvestris</i>		✓				✓		
47	Large Skipper	<i>Ochlodes venatus</i>				✓				

Moths

1	Forester	<i>Adscita statures</i>		✓	✓		✓			
2	Six-spot Burnet	<i>Zygaena filipendulae</i>		✓						
3	a Burnet Moth	<i>Zygaena osterodensis</i>		✓						
4	Small Argent and Sable	<i>Epirrhoe tristata</i>			✓					
5	Chimney Sweeper	<i>Odezia atrata</i>		✓		✓				
6	Latticed Heath	<i>Chaismia clathrata clathrata</i>		✓	✓					
7	Black-veined Moth	<i>Siona lineata</i>					✓			
8	Humming-bird Hawk-moth	<i>Macroglossum stellatarum</i>		✓	✓					
9	Red-necked Footman	<i>Atolmis rubicollis</i>		✓						
10	Mother Shipton	<i>Callistege mi</i>				✓				

Other Invertebrates

1	Great Green Bush-cricket	<i>Tettigonia viridissima</i>			✓					
2	Field Cricket	<i>Gryllus campestris</i>		H				H		

	Common name	Scientific name	June							
			11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18
3	A red and black Shield Bug	<i>Graphosoma lineatum</i>			✓		✓	✓		
4	Forest Bug	<i>Pentatoma rufipes</i>							✓	
5	Gendarme or Fire Bug	<i>Pyrrhocoris apterus</i>						✓		
6	Assassin Bug	<i>Rhinocoris iracundus</i>						✓		
7	A red and black Froghopper	<i>Cercopis vulnerata</i>		✓						
8	Paper Wasp	<i>Polistes cf biglumis</i>					Nest			
9	Green Tiger Beetle	<i>Cicindela campestris</i>		✓						
10	Dung Beetle	<i>Scarabaeus semipunctatus</i>			✓			✓		
11	a Chafer (black with white spots)	<i>Oxythyria funesta</i>						✓		
12	7-Spot Ladybird	<i>Coccinella 7-punctata</i>						✓	✓	
13	Leaf Beetle	<i>Chrysolina coerulans</i>					✓			



Marginate Primrose



Red Lily



Saint-Martin-Vesubie



Trumpet Gentian