

# Flowers of Italy's Gargano Peninsula

Naturetrek Tour Report

9 - 16 April 2018



*Orchis lactea*



*Ophrys pegosspassionis*



*Morchella esculenta*



Common Swift



Holly Blues

Report and images by Andrew Cleave



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Tour participants: Andrew Cleave and Pete Stevens (leaders) plus 11 Naturetrek clients

## Summary

We enjoyed a week of pleasant sunny weather and were able to visit all of the key sites of the Gargano National Park where we found a huge range of orchids and other Mediterranean flora. The peaceful countryside was easily accessible and we walked along quiet tracks and through cool woodlands, and in many of the sites we were the only visitors there. We had picnics out of doors every day, with plenty of the local produce on offer. The historic town of Monte Sant'Angelo, with its whirling flocks of Swifts, was well worth a visit, and we ended the week in the picturesque small fishing port of Peschici where we enjoyed spectacular coastal views, Alpine Swifts nesting in the cliffs, and meals of the local seafood. As well as the rich flora we saw many species of butterflies, typical of this region, and had a good list of Mediterranean birds, especially on our visits to the coast.

## Day 1

Monday 9th April

Our tour began in Bari where we all gathered after the early morning flight from Gatwick. There was the usual busy period when we had to collect the two minibuses but we were eventually on the road, quickly leaving Bari behind us and heading onto the open road in the flat agricultural land which was under cultivation for as far as we could see. We drove through mile after mile of olive groves, vineyards, market gardens and orchards, but the roadside verges were colourful with wild flowers including Common Mallow *Malva sylvestris*, Poppies *Papaver* sp., Crown Daisies *Glebionis (Chrysanthemum) coronarium* and Giant Fennel *Ferula communis*. In places there were tall plants of Woad *Isatis tinctoria* and stately Stone Pine *Pinus pinea* trees to break up the horizon. We had a brief stop at a service station for lunch and then continued heading north, leaving the motorway to make for the coast along a minor road. We paused for a while to photograph the Giant Fennel and other roadside flowers, and scanned the fields for Lesser Kestrels and Corn Buntings.

Our next stop was by the sea at some salt pans where there were more interesting coastal plants and many wetland birds to spot, including Greater Flamingos, Pygmy Cormorants and Slender-billed gulls. The first orchids of the trip were spotted on a bank, in the form of several magnificent spikes of Giant Orchid *Himantoglossum robertianum*, many of them providing shelter for small terrestrial snails. After this breath of sea air we continued towards the limestone hills of Gargano which we could see in the distance. The flat plains gave way to a very steep limestone massif, which we climbed by way of many hairpin bends. We arrived at Monte Sant'Angelo in time to check in to the Palace Hotel and then have a brief orientation walk before our evening meal. The second orchid on our list was the Gargano form of the Early Spider Orchid *Ophrys sphegodes* subsp. *passionis*, with several spikes being found close to the hotel lobby. We had a brief get-together to go over the plans for the week ahead and enjoyed our first evening meal together.

## Day 2

Tuesday 10th April

Andrew and Pete collected picnic supplies after breakfast and we were then ready for our first full day in Gargano. We only needed to drive a very short distance from the hotel in order to reach a good habitat for flowers. The stony hillside with its neglected terraces looked rather blank at first but, as soon as we stepped out of the minibus, we started spotting the first orchids and other Mediterranean flora. The very small subspecies of Yellow Bee Orchid *Ophrys lutea* subsp. *galilea* was quite common on these slopes, and we also found plenty of

examples of the endemic Gargano Early Spider Orchids *Ophrys sphegodes* subsp. *passionis* and the most attractive Sawfly Orchid *Ophrys tenthredinifera*. More and more discoveries were made here as we spread out over the hillside. The curious cushion-forming Spiny Spurge *Euphorbia spinosa* filled the air with the scent of honey, and other typical Mediterranean scents were released as we walked over the short herb-rich turf. We moved further along the road to a slightly different habitat with more shrubs and steeper terraces and found many new species, including the Milky Orchid *Neotinea lactea* and large numbers of Man Orchids *Orchis anthropophora*.

We enjoyed our first picnic under the shade of some Eastern Hornbeam *Carpinus orientalis* trees before driving further along the road to the Pulsano Monastery, perched on the edge of the gorge. We explored the partly-restored monastery and grounds where we found the endemic Pale Golden Drops *Onosma echioides* and three species of Asphodel, but there were plenty of more common flowers here as well, such as the Field Marigold *Calendula arvensis* which also added splashes of colour. A short walk down the track in the gorge gave us the chance to find a colony of Bumblebee Orchids *Ophrys bombyliflora* and many more colourful species. This "Sentiero Natura" had many shrubs and herbs with labels beside them, including the endemic Gargano Bellflower *Campanula garganica* and the very abundant Turpentine Tree *Pistacia terebrinthus*. This pleasant and gentle walk was also ideal for spotting butterflies and there were several species on the wing in the warm sunshine, however a thick mist descended and it soon became much cooler. By now it was time to return to the hotel after our very full day. We met again before the evening meal to go over our checklists and discuss the plans for the next day.

## Day 3

Wednesday 11th April

The plan for today was to visit the Bosco Quarto, an extensive area of woodland and pastures a short distance from Monte Sant'Angelo. Our first stop was in some agricultural land in the floor of the valley where Wild Tulips grow amongst the cereal crop in what is a most unlikely situation for a perennial species. We found drifts of Tulips *Tulipa sylvestris* growing along the field margins and in the crop and were able to get some close views of them as we were serenaded by a nightingale on the distant hillside. Rather less colourful than the tulips, but an interesting find, was the diminutive Cotswold Pennycress *Microblaspi perfoliata*, with some plants in flower and others showing the characteristic penny shaped seed pods. Further along the road we stopped at the start of the trail into the forest. A large flat field proved to be a superb site for orchids with many species growing in great abundance here. We added some new ones to our list, including Burnt Orchid *Neotinea ustulata* and some buds of Lizard Orchid *Himantoglossum hircinum*, but the most common species here were Green-winged *Anacamptis morio*, Pink Butterfly *A. papilionacea* and Naked Man Orchids *Orchis italica*. In some places it was almost impossible to walk without stepping on them. Across the road we found many more orchids, including the Spectacled Ophrys *Ophrys argolica* subsp. *biscutella*. In a little copse of Turkey Oaks *Quercus cerris* there were at least three colour forms of the endemic Viola *Viola graeca* subsp. *heterophylla* and the very attractive Benghal Vetch *Vicia benghalensis*. After another short drive we stopped by a steep bank where wild Peonies *Paeonia mascula* were growing – mostly in leaf or tight bud, but some were open and very photogenic.

We then drove further into the forest along gravel roads until we reached a lonely picnic spot in a clearing surrounded by some ancient pollarded hornbeam trees. Andrew and Pete prepared the picnic here while the group explored the woods, finding new species for the list, such as Coralroot Bitter-cress *Cardamine bulbifera*, Ivy-leaved Bitter-cress *C. plumieri* and Bird-in-a-bush *Corydalis solida*. After our picnic we walked on through the forest to some steep stony slopes where drifts of Irises *Iris lutescens* and *I. pseudopumila* flowered amongst the rocks. An

almost dry muddy puddle had attracted several Holly Blue Butterflies which were finding something attractive in the mud. More Spectacled Ophrys were found here, and a common plant was Birthwort *Aristolochia rotundifolia*, with its strange flowers just showing between the leaves.

On the drive back out of the forest we stopped to photograph the Pheasant's-eye Narcissi *Narcissus poeticus* which were filling the air with their scent. A car stopped beside us at one point and the driver emerged with a wicker basket and beckoned for us to inspect the contents. He had been collecting fungi in the forest and proudly showed us some large edible Morels *Morchella esculenta*. He also warned us about the possibility of encountering snakes in the forest, although our snake sightings in previous years have been almost non-existent. We returned to the hotel by the same route and all met up again to go over the checklists before dinner.

## Day 4

Thursday 12th April

We had a slightly earlier start today, with the group getting the chance to visit the little supermarket where we did our daily shop for picnic supplies. We then took the road out of town towards Mattinata, enjoying lovely views of the Gulf of Manfredonia as we negotiated the hair-pin bends. We stopped at one view point to admire the hillsides covered in neatly constructed stone terraces and vast numbers of ancient Olive trees. A short stroll along one of the terraces proved to be very interesting with a chance to look at some of the typical flora of the hillsides, including Mallow-leaved Bindweed *Convolvulus althaeoides* and the striking yellow composite *Urospermum Urospermum dalechampii*. We followed the road down to Mattinata where the short by-pass had cut through Olive groves with some extraordinary old trees in them, many with massive gnarled trunks. The road then wound on upwards to Monte Sacro, a very famous botanical site, and also a popular walk with a ruined monastery at the summit. We took our time on this walk, with several new discoveries, including the Four-spotted Orchid *Orchis quadripunctata*, Sparse-flowered Orchid *Orchis pauciflora* and a very rare hybrid between the two. The trail was well marked, and obviously well used and we did not need to wander far from it to find plenty of interest. The endemic *Ophrys promontorii* was quite common in places and we also found the endemic form of Late Spider Orchid *Ophrys fuciflora* subsp. *apulica* here. Another plant of interest was the Spotted Rock-rose *Tuberaria guttata*, the most delicate of the Cistaceae to grow here. The deciduous trees were all coming into leaf and in the spring sunshine the various shades of green looked most attractive.

After our picnic we drove down the road a short distance before stopping where some cattle, and a large bull, were grazing peacefully. This was a good site of Bertoloni's Bee Orchid *Ophrys bertolonii* and the hybrid *Ophrys × bertoloniformis*. We had plenty of good specimens of these and a few other species like the Common Star-of-Bethlehem *Ornithogalum umbellatum*. The final stop of the day was to be at Monte Saraceno, another important historic site, noted for the large number of burial chambers carved out of the limestone. On the trail out to the ancient site we found a few specimens of the melanic form of the Yellow Bee Orchid *Ophrys lutea* subsp. *melena*, and a large patch of Roman Nettle *Urtica pilulifera*. The burial chambers were a good spot to look for plants like Maidenhair Fern *Adiantum capillus-veneris* and Pellitory-of-the-Wall *Parietaria judaica*, and there were several species of Broomrape emerging. At the end of the outcrop we had views back down to Mattinata in one direction and along the coast to Manfredonia the other way. A rather straggly shrub growing near the ruins was *Osyris alba*, and there were large patches of White Horehound *Marrubium vulgare* and smaller amounts of a pink Horehound *M. allyson* growing around the enclosures. Some fine specimens of Large Cuckoo Pint *Arum italicum* were seen growing in shady hollows near the path back to the minibuses. After another very full day of discoveries, and in

beautiful sunny weather, it was finally time to return to the hotel. We met up before our evening meal and went through the checklists, compared photographs and discussed the plans for the next day.

## Day 5

Friday 13th April

We spent some time exploring the maze of streets and historic buildings in the town this morning. Monte Sant'Angelo is a UNESCO World Heritage site and is full of fascinating churches, towers and winding streets. After an interesting time here, we set off to follow the Pilgrim's Path, the ancient track used by pilgrims visiting the shrines of Monte Sant'Angelo for many centuries. This pleasant track leads down from the town into a green valley and all along the route there are flowers to be seen, including large numbers of Gargano Early Spider Orchids, other curiosities like the Black Vetch *Vicia melanops*. This is a good area for butterflies and we had close views of several species as we descended. We had arranged to have a minibus at either end of the trail, so Andrew and Pete were able to pick up the second bus which we had left at the hotel and then gather up the group and carry on to the lovely woodlands and meadows surrounding Monte Calvo, the highest peak in Gargano.

We stopped at another secluded woodland picnic site and enjoyed pleasant sunny conditions for our explorations here. More Peonies were discovered close to the road, and the woodland had extensive displays of Blue Anemone *Anemone apennina* and Pheasant's-eye Narcissus *Narcissus poeticus*. A stroll through the woods after lunch led us to an area where we found Roman Orchids *Dactylorhiza romana* and a few Elder-flowered Orchids *D. sambucina*, and many more Spectacled and Sparse-flowered Orchids on the open slopes. The final stop for the day was at a copse of Wild Service Trees *Sorbus torminalis* where there were uncountable numbers of Roman Orchids, a few more Elder-flowered and several stands of what looked like Common Spotted Orchids but were in fact the very similar Wedge-lipped Orchid *Dactylorhiza saccifera*. Purple Gromwell *Buglossoides purpurocaerulea*, more narcissi, Meadow Saxifrage *Saxifraga granulata* and various vetches added to the colourful ground flora. After a gentle ramble here, we set off on the drive back to Monte Sant'Angelo, admiring the fields full of Yellow Asphodel *Asphodeline lutea* and the stony roadside slopes covered in yellow and purple irises.

## Day 6

Saturday 14th April

Today we left the Palace Hotel and set off for Peschici. Our route took us down to the Tulip fields and then up into the hilly area leading to the Foresta Umbra. We stopped on the way to explore a little track which had orchids growing in profusion along the grassy margins. A new species here was the variety of Green-winged known as *A. morio* subsp. *picta*, but there were plenty of familiar species here as well. We gained height as we travelled on into the forest and the vegetation changed from typical Mediterranean shrubs such as Tree Heather *Erica arborea* and Narrow-leaved Cistus *Cistus monspeliensis* to dense Beech *Fagus sylvatica* woods. We stopped at a picnic site in the shade of some magnificent Beech trees and followed the trail through the woods to the small lake. There were large concentrations of tadpoles in the shallows and some Golden Orfe cruising around. As well as the lofty Beech trees there were some huge ancient Yew trees *Taxus baccata* in the woods, and strangely, for the middle of the day, a Tawny Owl hooted from time to time. The deep hollows in the limestone were filled with mosses and ferns, making quite a contrast with the sunny hillsides we had been exploring earlier in the week.

After our picnic we drove on through the forest, pausing to look at some Fallow Deer in an enclosure. Further down the road, after many twists and turns, we pulled off to look at a large patch of Spring Cyclamen *Cyclamen repandum* which were growing on the steep bank. On the roadside there were many colourful shrubs and one more secretive plant which we eventually found a little further up the road: *Daphne sericea* is a delicately scented but rather small-flowered species. We were soon out of the forest and back in the Mediterranean zone again with vines, olives and citrus trees on either side. We pulled off the road at a lay-by unfortunately piled with debris, but the shrubby area next to it had a very good display of orchids, including some splendid Late Spider Orchids, Ploughshare Tongue Orchids *Serapias vomeracea* and the very scarce *Ophrys oestriifera* subsp. *montis-gargani*. After a thorough search here, we followed the road to Peschici and finally arrived at our destination, the Hotel Elisa.

It did not take long to check in to the rooms and there was time for an exploration of the attractive harbour and small town before we met in the bar to go over our checklists. The colony of Alpine Swifts in the cliffs provided quite a spectacle as they came down to investigate their nest sites. We then enjoyed a lovely seafood supper which the Hotel Elisa is famous for. We also enjoyed the unusual spectacle of seeing the sun set over the sea even though we were on the east coast of Italy.

## Day 7

Sunday 15th April

This was to be our last full day in Gargano so we made an early start after breakfast and headed west, stopping first to look at the Trabuco, the traditional fixed fishing net found in this region. Growing on the walls of the ancient tower were Sicilian Snapdragons *Antirrhinum siculum* and the endemic Gargano Bellflower *Campanula garganica*. The very scenic coastal route snaked down past Peschici's attractive rural railway station and then up again through Olive groves on terraced hillsides. We stopped at one Olive grove to look at a magnificent colony of Lady Orchids *Orchis purpurea*; the plants themselves were tall and robust and there were probably over 100 flower spikes in the area we looked at. On the roadside bank there were a few spikes of White Helleborine *Cephalanthera damasonium* just starting to open up. After this pleasant interlude we carried on up the hill and then joined the highway which led west towards the Lago Verano. We turned off after some miles and took a narrow road into a more hilly habitat. On one track we found the very attractive Purple Mullein *Verbascum phoenicium* and a new orchid for the list was the Dark Ophrys *Ophrys sphagodes* subsp. *atrata*.

The next stop was at an abandoned quarry on the edge of the Bosco di Spina Pulci. Here we were able to find two more orchid species which we had not come across so far. The Small-patterned Ophrys *Ophrys fuciflora* subsp. *parvimaclata* is a very rare species only found in the west of Gargano and a fine stand of these looked very photogenic. Nearby were a few specimens of the Provence Orchid *Orchis provincialis* just starting to go over but still showing all the important features. More Cyclamens were found here, and in amongst the spiny shrubs and limestone rocks there was a very rich flora. We carefully moved through the thickets of Christ's Thorn *Paliurus spina-christi* and the foul-smelling Bean Trefoil *Anagyris foetida* and were rewarded by finding Tongue Orchids *Serapias lingua* and more Yellow Bee Orchids. Bloody Cranesbill *Geranium sanguineum* was added to our list of British native species. We had a lunch break here and then started on the journey back to Peschici. Some of the group opted for a walk along the beach to look at the flora on the cliffs, which included Jupiter's Beard *Anthyllis barba-jovis*, a large shrubby close relative of Kidney Vetch. There were plenty of interesting shells to be found on the beach, including the Purple Dye Murex, used in ancient times to extract the purple dye for Roman togas. The Alpine Swifts appeared again as the sun set over the sea and we enjoyed another seafood supper.



## Day 8

Monday 16th April

We had to make an early start this morning to get back to Bari for the return flight to Gatwick, so we left Peschici promptly after breakfast at 7am and headed back for the highway, passing some of the sites we had visited the previous day. There was not much traffic at this time of the day so we made good progress. From the minibus we could see the wisps of smoke rising from the Olive groves as the annual spring pruning was taking place, and some of the trees appeared to have had a very drastic pruning with chain saws. Some had bare earth beneath them, but in places there was a colourful flora and we recognised Rosy Garlic *Allium roseum* and Borage *Borago officinalis* in one place. We could see the contrasting habitats as we travelled, with the Gargano massif always there on the horizon. The verges were still colourful with wild flowers and we had glimpses of a few birds, mainly gulls and corvids, as we travelled. Pulling off the autoroute near the airport we passed some tall Eucalyptus trees and these had the large untidy nests of Monk Parakeets in them, and a few of the birds were seen as we passed by.

We arrived at the airport in time for the check in and Andrew and Pete, who were staying on to look after a second group due to arrive shortly, said their farewells to everyone before they left.

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Pulsano gorge walk





Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Ferrula communis</i>	Giant Fennel	widespread and common in places
<i>Laserpitium latifolium</i>	Broad-leaved Sermountain	Pilgrim's Path, leaves only
<i>Orlaya grandiflora</i>	Orlaya	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Sanicula europaea</i>	Sanicle	Foresta Umbra
<i>Scandix pecten-veneris</i>	Shepherd's Needles	widespread, stony areas
<i>Smyrniium perfoliatum</i>	Perfoliate Alexanders	Monte Sacro
<i>Thapsia garganica</i>	Thapsia	leaves only, Pulsano road
<i>Tordylium apulum</i>	Tordylium	Olive grove roadside stop
<i>Torilis arvensis</i>	Spreading Hedge Parsley	Bosco Quarto area
<b>Apocynaceae</b>	<b>Periwinkle Family</b>	
<i>Nerium oleander</i>	Oleander	common in towns
<i>Vinca major</i>	Periwinkle	Bosco Quarto
<b>Aquifoliaceae</b>	<b>Holly Family</b>	
<i>Ilex aquifolium</i>	Holly	Bosco Quarto
<b>Araliaceae</b>	<b>Ivy Family</b>	
<i>Hedera helix</i>	Ivy	very common and widespread
<b>Betulaceae</b>	<b>Birch Family</b>	
<i>Betula pendula</i>	Silver Birch	Bosco Quarto
<i>Corylus avellana</i>	Hazel	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Carpinus orientalis</i>	Eastern Hornbeam	Pulsano road
<b>Boraginaceae</b>	<b>Forget-me-not Family</b>	
<i>Alkanna tinctoria (lehmanii)</i>	Dyer's Alkanet	widespread, open stony areas
<i>Anchusa caerulea</i>	-	stony areas, Olive grove stop
<i>Anchusa cretica</i>	-	Bosco Quarto
<i>Anchusa azurea (italica)</i>	Large Blue Alkanet	roadside stop nr Peschici
<i>Borago officinalis</i>	Borage	nr Peschici
<i>Buglossoides (Lithospermum) arvense</i>	Corn Gromwell	Monte Calvo woods
<i>Buglossoides (L.) purpureocaerulea</i>	Purple Gromwell	Monte Calvo woods
<i>Cerinthe major</i>	Honeywort	nr Peschici
<i>Cynoglossum creticum</i>	Cretian Hound's-tongue	Monte Sacro
<i>Echium italicum</i>	Pale Bugloss	coastal salt pans
<i>Echium platagineum</i>	Purple Viper's Bugloss	roadsides
<i>Echium vulgare</i>	Viper's-bugloss	roadsides
<i>Myosotis arvensis</i>	Field Forget-me-not	Pulsano road
<i>Myosotis discolor</i>	Changing Forget-me-not	Bosco Quarto
<i>Myosotis ramosissima</i>	Early Forget-me-not	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Myosotis sylvatica</i>	Wood Forget-me-not	Bosco Quarto
<i>Onosma (lucana*) echioides</i>	Pale Goldendrops	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Pulmonaria montana</i>	Mountain Lungwort	Bosco Quarto
<i>Pulmonaria officinalis</i>	Common Lungwort	leaves only
<i>Symphytum (tuberosum)</i>	a Comfrey	Pilgrim's Path
<b>Brassicaceae</b>	<b>Cabbage Family</b>	
<i>Aethionema saxatile</i>	Burnt Candytuft	Bosco Quarto
<i>Alliaria petiolata</i>	Garlic Mustard	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Alyssum montanum</i>	Mountain Alyssum	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Aurinia (Alyssum) saxatile</i>	Yellow Alyssum	widespread
<i>Aurinia (Alyssoides) sinuata</i>	Alyssoides	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Arabis caucasica</i>	Garden Rockcress	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Arabis hirsuta</i>	Hairy Rockcress	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Arabis turrita</i>	Tower Mustard	roadsides
<i>Arabis verna</i>	Spring Rockcress	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Aubretia columnae</i> subsp. <i>italica</i>	an Aubretia	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Biscutella didyma</i>	Biscutella	widespread, open sunny areas

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Cakile maritima</i>	Sea Rocket	salt marsh stop, Zaponetta
<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>	Shepherd's Purse	widespread, roadsides
<i>Cardamine bulbifera</i>	Coralroot Bitter-cress	Bosco Quarto
<i>Cardamine plumieri</i>	Ivy-leaved Bitter-cress	Bosco Quarto
<i>Cheiranthus cheiri</i>	Wallflower	Peschici
<i>Eruca sativa</i>	Wild Rocket	roadsides
<i>Hesperis matronalis</i>	Dame's Violet	Monte Calvo area
<i>Isatis tinctoria</i>	Woad	roadsides near Bari
<i>Lepidium (Cardaria) draba</i>	Hoary Cress	nr Peschici
<i>Lobularia maritima</i>	Sweet Alison	Pulsano
<i>Matthiola incana</i>	Hoary Stock	salt marsh area nr Zaponetta
<i>Microthlaspi perfoliatum</i>	Cotswold Penny-cress	Tulip stop
<i>Raphanes raphanistrum</i>	Wild Radish	salt marsh nr Zaponetta
<i>Sinapis alba</i>	Charlock	grassy areas
<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>	White Mustard	agricultural land near Bari
<i>Sisymbrium officinale</i>	Hedge Mustard	widespread
<i>Thlaspi praecox</i>	A Penny-cress	Tulip stop
<i>Turritis brassica (Fourraea alpina)</i>	-	two plants beside road in Bosco Quarto
<b>Cactaceae</b>	<b>Cactus Family</b>	
<i>Opuntia ficus-indica</i>	Prickly Pear	Peschici
<b>Campanulaceae</b>	<b>Bellflower Family</b>	
<i>Campanula garganica*</i>	a Bellflower (endemic)	Monte Sant'Angelo castle, Peschici walls
<b>Caprifoliaceae</b>	<b>Honeysuckle Family</b>	
<i>Centranthus ruber</i>	Red Valerian	roadsides
<i>Dipsacus fullonum</i>	Wild Teasel	waste areas, verges
<i>Lomelosia crenata</i> subsp. <i>dalleportae*</i>	An endemic Scabious	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Lonicera etrusca</i>	Etruscan Honeysuckle	Quarry stop
<i>Lonicera periclymenum</i>	Honeysuckle	Bosco Quarto
<i>Scabiosa ochroleuca</i>	Yellow Scabious	Mullein stop
<i>Valeriana tuberosa</i>	-	widespread
<i>Valerianella</i> agg.	A Cornsalad	Tulip stop
<b>Caryophyllaceae</b>	<b>Pink Family</b>	
<i>Arenaria serpyllifolia</i>	Thyme-leaved Sandwort	Pulsano gorge
<i>Cerastium fontanum</i>	Common Mouse-ear	widespread
<i>Cerastium glomeratum</i>	Sticky Mouse-ear	Tulip stope
<i>Petrorhagia velutina</i>	Kohlrauschia	nr Peschici
<i>Silene colorata</i>	-	Pulsano gorge
<i>Silene conica</i>	Sand Catchfly	salt pan stop nr Zaponetta
<i>Silene italica</i>	Italian Catchfly	Monte Saraceno
<i>Silene latifolia</i>	White Campion	roadsides
<i>Silene vulgaris</i>	Bladder Campion	nr Tulip stop
<i>Stellaria media</i>	Common Chickweed	roadsides and verges
<i>Stellaria nemorum</i>	Wood Stitchwort	Bosco Quarto
<i>Spergularia</i> sp	a Spurrey	rocks at Peschici
<b>Celastraceae</b>	<b>Spindle Family</b>	
<i>Euonymus europaeus</i>	Spindle	Bosco Quarto
<b>Chenopodiaceae</b>	<b>Goosefoot Family</b>	
<i>Chenopodium album</i>	Fat Hen	Tulip stop
<b>Cistaceae</b>	<b>Rock-rose Family</b>	
<i>Cistus creticus</i>	Pink Cistus	roadsides, most common nr Peschici
<i>Cistus monspeliensis</i>	Narrow-leaved Cistus	Monte Saraceno
<i>Cistus salvifolius</i>	Sage-leaved Cistus	common in stony areas
<i>Helianthemum apenninum</i>	White Rock-rose	nr Bosco Quarto

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Helianthemum oelandicum</i> subsp. <i>incanum</i>	Hoary Rock-rose	nr Foresta Umbra
<i>Helianthemum nummularium</i>	Rock-rose	widespread on stony hillsides
<i>Helianthemum salicifolium</i>	Willow-leaved Rock-rose	Pulsano Monastery road
<i>Tuberaria guttata</i>	Spotted Rock-rose	Monte Sacro
<b>Compositae (Asteraceae)</b>	<b>Daisy Family</b>	
<i>Achillea millefolium</i>	Yarrow	roadside stop nr Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Andryala integrifolia</i>	Andryala	leaves and buds only
<i>Artemisia absinthium</i>	Wormwood	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Bellis perennis</i>	Daisy	widespread and common
<i>Bellis sylvestris</i>	Southern Daisy	Pulsano roadside stop
<i>Calendula arvensis</i>	Field Marigold	common in grassy areas
<i>Centaurea alba</i>	a Knapweed	nr Bosco Quarto
<i>Centaurea cyanus</i>	Cornflower	leaves only
<i>Centaurea diomedea</i>	A fine-leaved Knapweed	mostly in tight bud, Monte Saraceno
<i>Cirsium tenoreanum</i>	a Woolly Thistle	leaves only
<i>Crepis rubra</i>	Pink Hawksbeard	common and widespread
<i>Crupina crupinastrum</i>	Crupina	Pulsano road
<i>Dittrichia viscosa</i>	Woody Fleabane	not in flower
<i>Doronicum columnae</i>	Heart-leaved Leopard's-bane	Bosco Quarto
<i>Evax pygmaea</i>	Evax	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Galactites tomentosa</i>	Galactites	widespread and common
<i>Glebionis coronarium</i>	Crown Daisy	roadsides near Bari
<i>Glebionis segetum</i>	Corn Marigold	field margins
<i>Helichrysum stoechas</i>	Curry Plant	Monte Saraceno
<i>Jurinea mollis</i>	a 'soft' Thistle	Monte Saraceno
<i>Matricaria recutita</i>	Scented Mayweed	Peschici
<i>Pallenis spinosa</i>	Pallenis	Mullein stop - mostly in bud
<i>Phagnalon rupestre</i>	Phagnalon	Monte Saraceno
<i>Ptilostemon gnaphaloides</i>	a Ptilostemon	Monte Saraceno
<i>Reichardia tingitana</i>	-	garden escape in Peschici
<i>Rhagadiolus edulis</i>	-	possibly this species at Fly-tip stop
<i>Rhagadulus stellatus</i>	Star Hawkbit	Mullein stop, and Fly-tip stop
<i>Scorzonera laciniata</i>	Cut-leaved Viper's-grass	Mullein stop
<i>Scorzonera villosa</i>	Hairy Viper's Grass	Bosco Quarto
<i>Senecio gallicus</i>	-	coastal salt pans
<i>Senecio (integrifolius)</i>	a Fleawort	nr Peschici
<i>Senecio vulgaris</i>	Groundsel	Tulip stop
<i>Silybum marianum</i>	Milk Thistle	Bosco Quarto
<i>Sonchus asper</i>	Prickly Sow Thistle	Tulip stop
<i>Taraxacum agg.</i>	a Dandelion	widespread in grassy areas
<i>Tragopogon crocifolius</i>	-	grassy areas, Pilgrim's Path
<i>Tragopogon hybridum</i>	-	occasional sightings
<i>Tragopogon porrifolius</i>	Salsify	roadsides and verges
<i>Tripleurospermum inodorum</i>	Scentless Mayweed	roadside Tulip stop
<i>Tussilago farfara</i>	Colt's-foot	leaves only, Bosco Quarto
<i>Urospermum dalechampii</i>	Urospermum	Olive grove roadside stop
<i>Urospermum picroides</i>	-	Fly-tip stop
<b>Convolvulaceae</b>	<b>Bindweed Family</b>	
<i>Calystegia sepium</i>	Hedge Bindweed	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Convolvulus althaeoides</i>	Mallow-leaved Bindweed	common on roadside banks and rocks
<i>Convolvulus althaeoides</i> subsp. <i>tenuissimus</i>	a Mallow-leaved Bindweed	possibly seen nr Monte Sacro
<i>Convolvulus cantabrica</i>	Pink Bindweed	possibly seen on roadside - Mattinata

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Cuscuta campestris</i>	Field Dodder	thought to be this species - nr Peschici
<b>Cornaceae</b>	<b>Dogwood Family</b>	
<i>Cornus sanguinea</i>	Dogwood	nr Peschici
<b>Crassulaceae</b>	<b>Stonecrop Family</b>	
<i>Sedum acre</i>	Biting Stonecrop	roadside rocks nr Foresta Umbra
<i>Sedum album</i>	White Stonecrop	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Sedum rubens</i>	Reddish Stonecrop	leaves only
<i>Sedum stellatum</i>	Starry Stonecrop	possibly - leaves only
<i>Umbilicus rupestris</i>	Wall Pennywort	common on rocks in Bosco Quarto
<b>Cucurbitaceae</b>	<b>Cucumber family</b>	
<i>Bryonia dioica</i>	White Bryony	nr Peschici
<i>Ecballium elaterium</i>	Squirting Cucumber	salt marsh near Zaponetta
<b>Ericaceae</b>	<b>Heather Family</b>	
<i>Arbutus unedo</i>	Strawberry Tree	road to Foresta Umbra
<i>Erica arborea</i>	Tree Heather	road to Foresta Umbra
<b>Euphorbiaceae</b>	<b>Spurge Family</b>	
<i>Euphorbia amygdaloides</i>	Wood Spurge	Bosco Quarto
<i>Euphorbia characias</i> subsp. <i>characias</i>	Mediterranean Spurge	widespread and common
<i>Euphorbia cyparissias</i>	Cypress Spurge	nr Peschici
<i>Euphorbia helioscopia</i>	Sun Spurge	Tulip stop, Pulsano Monastery
<i>Euphorbia myrsinites</i>	Broad-leaved Glaucous Spurge	Bosco Quarto
<i>Euphorbia peplus</i>	Petty Spurge	Tulip stop
<i>Euphorbia spinosa</i>	Spiny Spurge	common on some stony sites, Pulsano
<i>Mercurialis annua</i>	Annual Mercury	Monte Saraceno
<i>Mercurialis perennis</i>	Dog's Mercury	Bosco Quarto
<b>Fagaceae</b>	<b>Beech Family</b>	
<i>Castanea sativa</i>	Sweet Chestnut	Foresta Umbra
<i>Fagus sylvatica</i>	Beech	Foresta Umbra
<i>Quercus cerris</i>	Turkey Oak	Bosco Quarto
<i>Quercus coccifera</i>	Spanish Oak	Monte Saraceno
<i>Quercus ilex</i>	Holm Oak	widespread
<i>Quercus pubescens</i>	Downy Oak	nr Peschici
<b>Gentianaceae</b>	<b>Gentian Family</b>	
<i>Blackstonia perfoliata</i>	Yellow-wort	Olive grove nr Peschici
<b>Geraniaceae</b>	<b>Crane's-bill Family</b>	
<i>Erodium ciconium</i>	a Stork's-bill	Peschici
<i>Erodium cicutarium</i>	Common Stork's-bill	widespread and common
<i>Erodium malacoides</i>	Mallow-leaved Stork's-bill	Olive grove stop
<i>Geranium columbinum</i>	Long-stalked Crane's-bill	Bosco di Spina Pulci
<i>Geranium dissectum</i>	Cut-leaved Crane's-bill	roadsides
<i>Geranium lucidum</i>	Shining Crane's-bill	Bosco Quarto
<i>Geranium molle</i>	Dove's-foot Crane's-bill	widespread
<i>Geranium purpureum</i>	Little Robin	Bosco Quarto
<i>Geranium robertianum</i>	Herb Robert	widespread
<i>Geranium rotundifolium</i>	Round-leaved Crane's-bill	Bosco Quarto, Pilgrim's Path
<i>Geranium sanguineum</i>	Bloody Crane's-bill	Quarry stop
<b>Hypericaceae</b>	<b>St. John's-wort Family</b>	
<i>Hypericum perforatum</i>	Perforate St. John's-wort	leaves only
<b>Lamiaceae</b>	<b>Deadnettle Family</b>	
<i>Ajuga chamaepitys</i>	Ground Pine	leaves only, scarce this year
<i>Clinopodium acinos</i>	Basil-thyme	Pulsano road
<i>Clinopodium (Acinos) alpinus</i>	Alpine Basil Thyme	Monte Sacro
<i>Lamium bifidum</i>	Bifid Dead-nettle	Pilgrim's Path

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Lamium garganicum</i>	Large Red Dead-nettle	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Lamium maculatum</i>	Spotted Dead-nettle	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Marrubium alysson</i>	a pink Horehound	Monte Saraceno
<i>Marrubium vulgare</i>	White Horehound	Monte Saraceno - abundant
<i>Origanum vulgare</i>	Oregano	Pulsano areas
<i>Prasium majus</i>	Prasium	Pilgrim's Path, Monte Saraceno
<i>Prunella vulgaris</i>	Selfheal	Bosco Quarto
<i>Rosmarinus officinalis</i>	Rosemary	widespread and common
<i>Salvia argentea</i>	Silver Sage	leaves only, Pulsano road
<i>Salvia fruticosa</i>	Three-leaved Sage	Pulsano road, first stop
<i>Salvia pratensis</i>	Meadow Clary	Bosco Quarto
<i>Salvia verbenaca</i>	Wild Clary	scattered sites, common
<i>Satureja hortensis</i>	Summer Savory	Olive grove stop
<i>Sideritis romana</i>	Common Sideritis	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Stachys cretica</i>	Mediterranean Woundwort	Bosco Quarto
<i>Stachys officinalis</i>	Betony	leaves and buds only
<i>Thymus capitatus</i>	A Thyme	widespread, stony areas
<b>Leguminosae (Fabaceae)</b>	<b>Pea Family</b>	
<i>Anagyris foetida</i>	Bean Trefoil	nr Peschici, Quarry stop
<i>Anthyllis barba-jovis</i>	Jupiter's Beard	Rocks and cliffs at Peschici
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> agg.	Kidney Vetch	Peschici
<i>Anthyllis vulneraria</i> subsp. <i>praeporea</i>	Mediterranean Kidney Vetch (Pink)	very common, Pulsano monastery road
<i>Astragalus monspessulanus</i>	False Vetch	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Bitumaria bituminosa</i>	Pitch Trefoil	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Calycotome infesta</i>	Spiny Broom	widespread and common
<i>Ceratonia siliqua</i>	Carob	Monte Saraceno
<i>Cercis siliquastrum</i>	Judas Tree	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Coronilla scorpioides</i>	Annual Scorpion Vetch	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Cytisus decumbens</i>	Prostrate Broom	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Dorycnium hirsutum</i>	Dorycnium	Pulsano
<i>Hedysarum coronarium</i>	Italian Sainfoin	grassy road side verge, Bosco Quarto
<i>Hippocrepis comosa</i>	Horseshoe Vetch	common in stony areas
<i>Hippocrepis emerus</i> subsp. <i>emeroides</i>	False Senna	roadsides, Cyclamen stop
<i>Hymenocarpus circinatus</i>	Disk Trefoil	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Lathyrus aphaca</i>	Yellow Vetchling	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Lathyrus cicera</i>	a Vetchling	widespread and common
<i>Lathyrus clymenum</i>	a "two-tone" pea	grassy verges
<i>Lathyrus hybridus</i>	Hairy Yellow Vetch	Bosco Quarto and Cyclamen stop
<i>Lathyrus ochrus</i>	-	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Lathyrus setifolius</i>	Red Grass Vetchling	Bosco Quarto
<i>Lathyrus venetus</i>	a "tufted" vetch - pink and purple	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Lathyrus vernus</i>	Spring Pea	leaves only, Monte Calve
<i>Lotus corniculatus</i>	Bird's-foot Trefoil	Pulsano
<i>Lotus creticus</i>	Southern Bird's-foot Trefoil	Salt pans nr Zaponetta
<i>Lotus cytisoides</i>	a Trefoil	rocks nr Peschici
<i>Lotus halophilus</i>	Sea Bird's-foot Trefoil	Salt pans nr Zaponetta
<i>Lupinus micranthus</i>	Hairy Lupin	Fly-tip stop
<i>Medicago arabica</i>	Spotted Medick	widespread, grassy areas
<i>Medicago littoralis</i>	Shore Medick	salt marsh stop
<i>Medicago marina</i>	Sea Medick	Zaponetta
<i>Medicago orbicularis</i>	Large Disk Medick	Quarry stop
<i>Medicago polymorpha</i>	Toothed Medick	coastal salt pans

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Melilotus indicus</i>	Small Mellilot	Mullein stop
<i>Onobrychis aequidentata</i>	a Sainfoin - delicate purple flowers	Monte Saraceno
<i>Onobrychis caput-galli</i>	Cock's-comb Sainfoin	fairly common in stony areas
<i>Onobrychis crista-galli</i>	-	??
<i>Onobrychis saxatilis</i>	Rock Sainfoin	Pulsano road - first stop
<i>Pisum sativum subsp. elatius</i>	Cultivated Pea	roadsides, Bosco Quarto
<i>Robinia pseudacacia</i>	False Acacia	roadsides
<i>Scorpiurus muricatus</i>	a Scorpiurus	possibly - Monte Sacro road
<i>Spartium junceum</i>	Spanish Broom	scattered sites
<i>Tetragonolobus purpureus</i>	Winged or Asparagus Pea	Pulsano Monastery areas
<i>Trifolium campestre</i>	Hop Trefoil	Pulsano monastery
<i>Trifolium dubium</i>	Lesser Trefoil	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Trifolium hirtum</i>	Hairy Trefoil	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Trifolium incarnatum</i>	Crimson Clover	in tight bud only
<i>Trifolium medium</i>	Zigzag Clover	Tulip stop
<i>Trifolium pratense</i>	Red Clover	roadsides
<i>Trifolium repens</i>	White Clover	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Trifolium resupinatum</i>	Reversed Clover	Fly-tip stop
<i>Trifolium stellatum</i>	Star Clover	Pulsano
<i>Trifolium subterraneum</i>	Burrowing Clover	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Trifolium tomentosum</i>	Woolly Trefoil	Bosco Quarto
<i>Vicia barbaziatae</i>	small two-tone flowers	Bosco Quarto first stop
<i>Vicia benghalensis</i>	Benghal Vetch	Monte Sacro
<i>Vicia bithynica</i>	Bithynian Vetch	Monte Sacro
<i>Vicia cracca</i>	Tufted Vetch	Pulsano
<i>Vicia hirsuta</i>	Hairy Tare	Bosco Quarto
<i>Vicia hybrida</i>	a Yellow Vetch	start of Pilgrim's Path
<i>Vicia lutea</i>	Yellow Vetch	grassy areas
<i>Vicia melanops</i>	Black Vetch	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Vicia peregrina</i>	-	Pulsano road
<i>Vicia sativa agg</i>	Common Vetch	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Vicia villosa</i>	Fodder Vetch	Pulsano road
<b>Linaceae</b>	<b>Flax Family</b>	
<i>Linum austriacum (narbonense)</i>	Beautiful Flax	Monte Calvo areas
<i>Linum bienne</i>	Pale Flax	scattered sites
<i>Linum catharticum</i>	Fairy (Purging) Flax	Pulsano road
<i>Linum perenne</i>	Perennial Flax	open areas nr Bosco Quarto
<i>Linum tenuifolium</i>	-	Monte Sacro
<i>Linum trigynum</i>	a yellow flax	Fly-tip stop
<b>Malvaceae</b>	<b>Mallow Family</b>	
<i>Lavatera arborea</i>	Tree Mallow	Peschici
<i>Lavatera cretica</i>	Cretan Mallow	Peschici
<i>Malva cretica</i>		Olive grove stop
<i>Malva neglecta</i>	Dwarf Mallow	motorway stop
<i>Malva sylvestris</i>	Common Mallow	very common on verges
<i>Tilia cordata</i>	Small-leaved Lime	Foresta Umbra
<b>Moraceae</b>	<b>Mulberry Family</b>	
<i>Ficus carica</i>	Fig	common and widespread
<b>Oleaceae</b>	<b>Olive Family</b>	
<i>Fraxinus ornus</i>	Flowering Ash	very common and flowering prolifically
<i>Ligustrum vulgare</i>	Privet	Pulsano, Monte Calvo
<i>Olea europaea</i>	Olive	extensively cultivated



Scientific name	Common name	Location
<b>Orobanchaceae</b>	<b>Broomrape Family</b>	
<i>Bellardia trixago</i>	Bellardia	Monte Saraceno
<i>Euphrasia</i> agg.	Eyebright	Quarry stop
<i>Orobanche amethystea</i>	Amethyst Broomrape	grassy verge, not fully open
<i>Orobanche caryophyllacea</i>	Clove-scented Broomrape	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Orobanche minor</i>	Common Broomrape	mostly in tight bud
<i>Orobanche purpurea</i>	Yarrow Broomrape	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Orobanche ramosa</i>	Branched Broomrape	Monte Saraceno
<i>Orobanche sanguinea</i>		
<i>Parentucella latifolia</i>	Southern Red Bartsia	Monte Sacro
<i>Parentucella viscosa</i>	Yellow Bartsia	mostly in bud, fly-tip stop
<b>Oxalidaceae</b>	<b>Wood-sorrel Family</b>	
<i>Oxalis corniculata</i>	Procumbent Yellow Sorrel	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Oxalis pes-caprae</i>	Bermuda Buttercup	more common near coast, fields, verges
<b>Paeoniaceae</b>	<b>Paeony Family</b>	
<i>Paeonia mascula</i>	A Peony	shady bank nr Bosco Quarto
<b>Papaveraceae</b>	<b>Poppy Family</b>	
<i>Chelidonium majus</i>	Greater Celandine	roadside out of Peschici
<i>Corydalis solida</i>	Bird-in-a-bush	Bosco Quarto
<i>Fumaria capreolata</i>	Tall Ramping Fumitory	Peschici
<i>Fumaria muralis</i>	Common Ramping Fumitory	Peschici
<i>Fumaria officinalis</i>	Common Fumitory	possibly this species, Peschici
<i>Papaver apulum</i>	-	coastal salt pans
<i>Papaver hybridum</i>	Rough Poppy	Tulip stop
<i>Papaver rhoeas</i>	Common Poppy	common on agricultural land
<b>Plantaginaceae</b>	<b>Plantain Family</b>	
<i>Antirrhinum siculum</i>	Sicilian Snapdragon	Peschici
<i>Cymbalaria muralis</i>	Ivy-leaved Toadflax	rocks and walls, common
<i>Linaria pelisseriana</i>	Jersey Toadflax	fly-tip stop
<i>Misopates orontium</i>	Weasel Snout	roadside stops, scarce
<i>Plantago arenaria</i>	Branched Plantain	fly-tip stop
<i>Plantago coronopus</i>	Buck's-horn Plantain	very common
<i>Plantago lagopus</i>	Hare's-foot Plantain	Monte Saraceno
<i>Plantago lanceolata</i>	Ribwort Plantain	very common
<i>Plantago maritima</i>	Sea Plantain	Peschici
<i>Plantago seraria</i>	-	Monte Saraceno
<i>Veronica cymbalaria</i>	Cymbalaria-leaved Speedwell	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Veronica hederifolia</i> agg.	Ivy-leaved Speedwell	Bosco Quarto
<i>Veronica serpyllifolia</i>	Thyme-leaved Speedwell	Pulsano Monastery
<b>Plumbaginaceae</b>	<b>Thrift Family</b>	
<i>Limonium oleifolium</i>	a Rock Sea-lavender	leaves only, Peschici
<b>Polygalaceae</b>	<b>Milkwort Family</b>	
<i>Polygala nicaeensis</i>	Nice Milkwort	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Polygala vulgaris</i>	Common Milkwort	common
<b>Polygonaceae</b>	<b>Knotweed Family</b>	
<i>Polygonum maritimum</i>	Sea Knotgrass	saltmarsh area
<i>Rumex obtusifolius</i>	Broad-leaved Dock	Tulip stop
<i>Rumex pulcher</i>	Fiddle Dock	Cyclamen stop
<b>Primulaceae</b>	<b>Primrose Family</b>	
<i>Anagallis arvensis</i> (Red & Blue forms)	Scarlet Pimpernel	roadsides
<i>Cyclamen hederifolium</i>	Ivy-leaved Sowbread	leaves only, Foresta Umbra
<i>Cyclamen repandum</i>	Spring Cyclamen	Foresta Umbra

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<b>Ranunculaceae</b>	<b>Buttercup Family</b>	
<i>Anemone apennina</i>	Blue Anemone	Bosco Quarto
<i>Anemone hortensis</i>	-	Pulsano area
<i>Eranthis hyemalis</i>	Winter Aconite	leaves only, Tulip stop
<i>Ficaria verna</i> agg.	Lesser Celandine	leaves only, Pilgrim's Path
<i>Nigella damascena</i>	Love-in-a-mist	Pulsano area
<i>Ranunculus acris</i>	Meadow Buttercup	Bosco Quarto
<i>Ranunculus arvensis</i>	Corn Buttercup	Pulsano area
<i>Ranunculus bulbosus</i>	Bulbous Buttercup	Tulip stop
<i>Ranunculus millefoliatus</i>	-	open sunny areas, Pulsano road
<i>Ranunculus muricatus</i>	Rough-fruited Buttercup	possibly - Tulip stop
<i>Ranunculus repens</i>	Creeping Buttercup	Pilgrim's path
<i>Ranunculus sceleratus</i>	Celery-leaved Buttercup	nr Zaponetta
<b>Resedaceae</b>	<b>Mignonette Family</b>	
<i>Reseda alba</i>	White Mignonette	widespread
<i>Reseda lutea</i>	Wild Mignonette	widespread
<i>Reseda luteola</i>	Weld	Bosco Quarto
<i>Reseda phyteuma</i>	Corn Mignonette	nr Peschici
<b>Rhamnaceae</b>	<b>Buckthorn Family</b>	
<i>Paliurus spina-christi</i>	Christ's Thorn	Mullein stop, and quarry
<i>Rhamnus alaternus</i>	Mediterranean Buckthorn	Pulsano Gorge
<b>Rosaceae</b>	<b>Rose Family</b>	
<i>Aremonia agrimonioides</i>	Bastard Agrimony	Bosco Quarto
<i>Crataegus monogyna</i>	Hawthorn	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Cydonia oblonga</i>	Quince	Monte Calvo area
<i>Filipendula vulgaris</i>	Dropwort	Pulsano road
<i>Fragaria vesca</i>	Wild Strawberry	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Geum urbanum</i>	Wood Avens	Bosco Quarto
<i>Malus sylvestris</i>	Crab Apple	Foresta Umbra
<i>Potentilla hirta</i>	Hairy Cinquefoil	Quarry stop
<i>P. sterilis</i>	Barren Strawberry	Bosco Quarto
<i>Prunus dulcis</i>	Almond	Foresta Umbra
<i>Prunus spinosa</i>	Blackthorn	Bosco Quarto
<i>Pyracantha coccinea</i>	Firethorn	Peschici
<i>Pyrus amygdaliformis</i>	Almond-leaved Pear	Monte Sacro
<i>Pyrus communis</i>	Pear	Bosco Quarto
<i>Rosa</i> sp.	A Rose	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Rubus fruticosus</i> agg	Bramble	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Rubus sanctus</i>	a Bramble	Monte Sacro
<i>Sanguisorba (Poterium) minor</i>	Salad Burnet	Pulsano road
<i>Sorbus aucuparia</i>	Rowan or Mountain Ash	Bosco Quarto
<i>Sorbus torminalis</i>	Wild Service Tree	Monte Calvo area
<b>Rubiaceae</b>	<b>Bedstraw Family</b>	
<i>Asperula arvensis</i>	Blue Woodruff	Tulip stop
<i>Asperula taurina</i>	Southern Woodruff	possibly - not in flower - Foresta Umbra
<i>Cruciata laevipes</i>	Crosswort	roadsides, verges
<i>Galium aparine</i>	Cleavers	roadsides, verges
<i>Galium mollugo</i>	Hedge Bedstraw	nr Peschici
<i>Galium odoratum</i>	Woodruff	Foresta Umbra
<i>Galium verum</i>	Lady's Bedstraw	leaves only
<i>Rubia peregrina</i>	Wild Madder	road to Foresta Umbra
<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>	Field Madder	Bosco Quarto
<i>Valantia muralis</i>	a Valantia	Monte Saraceno

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<b>Rutaceae</b>	<b>Rue Family</b>	
<i>Ruta chalepensis</i>	Fringed Rue	leaves only
<b>Santalaceae</b>	<b>Sandalwood Family</b>	
<i>Osyris alba</i>	Osyris	Monte Saraceno
<i>Thesium sp.</i>	a Bastard Toadflax	scattered sites, Pulsano, Monte Sacro
<b>Sapindaceae</b>	<b>Maple Family</b>	
<i>Acer campestre</i>	Field Maple	widespread
<i>Acer platanoides</i>	Norway Maple	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Acer pseudoplatanus</i>	Sycamore	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Acer obtusatum</i>	Bosnian Maple	Bosco Quarto
<i>Acer opalus</i>	Italian Maple	Bosco Quarto
<b>Saxifragaceae</b>	<b>Saxifrage Family</b>	
<i>Saxifraga granulata</i>	Meadow Saxifrage	widespread, Pulsano, Bosco Quarto
<i>Saxifraga rotundifolia</i>	Round-leaved Saxifrage	Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Saxifraga tridactylites</i>	Rue-leaved Saxifrage	Pilgrim's Path
<b>Scrophulariaceae</b>	<b>Figwort Family</b>	
<i>Scrophularia peregrina</i>	Italian (Nettle-leaved) Figwort	leaves and buds only
<i>Scrophularia scopolii</i>	a Figwort	Mullein stop
<i>Verbascum longiflorum</i>	a Mullein	roadsides
<i>Verbascum phoeniceum</i>	Purple Mullein	Bosco di Spina Pulci
<i>Verbascum thapsus</i>	Aaron's Rod	roadsides, common in places
<i>Verbascum undulatum</i>	a Mullein	possibly - a roadside plant
<b>Solanaceae</b>	<b>Nightshade Family</b>	
<i>Hyoscyamus alba</i>	White Henbane	leaves only on Monastery wall
<i>Solanum sodomium</i>	Apple of Sodom	single shrub nr Peschici
<b>Thymelaeaceae</b>	<b>Daphne Family</b>	
<i>Daphne laureola</i>	Spurge Laurel	Bosco Quarto and Foresta Umbra
<i>Daphne sericea</i>		Cyclamen stop
<b>Ulmaceae</b>	<b>Elm Family</b>	
<i>Ulmus agg.</i>	An Elm	Monte Sant'Angelo
<b>Urticaceae</b>	<b>Nettle Family</b>	
<i>Parientaria judaica</i>	Pellitory of the Wall	widespread
<i>Urtica dioica</i>	Nettle	roadsides, verges
<i>Urtica pilulifera</i>	Roman Nettle	Monte Saraceno
<b>Violaceae</b>	<b>Violet Family</b>	
<i>Viola arvensis</i>	Field Pansy	Tulip stop
<i>Viola graeca</i>	A Pansy (purple or cream)	Bosco Quarto
<i>Viola riviniana</i>	Common Dog Violet	Pulsano area
<b>Vitaceae</b>	<b>Grape-vine Family</b>	
<i>Vitis vinifera</i>	Grape	extensively cultivated
<b>Monocots</b>	<b>Monocotyledons</b>	
<b>Amaryllidaceae</b>	<b>Daffodil Family</b>	
<i>Allium neapolitanum</i>	Naples Garlic	Pulsano gorge
<i>Allium pendulinum</i>	Pendulous Garlic	woods near Monte Calvo
<i>Allium roseum</i>	Rose Garlic	roadside nr Peschici
<i>Allium subhirsutum</i>	Hairy Garlic	Monte Calvo
<i>Allium subvillosum</i>	-	possibly this species - Monte Calvo
<i>Allium triquetum</i>	Three-cornered Leek	coastal salt pan areas
<i>Allium ursinum</i>	Ramsons	Foresta Umbra
<i>Narcissus poeticus</i>	Pheasant's-eye Daffodil	Bosco Quarto
<i>Narcissus (tazetta)</i>		unknown species in Bosco Quarto
<b>Araceae</b>	<b>Arum Family</b>	
<i>Arum italicum</i> subsp. <i>italicum</i>	Large Cuckoo Pint	Monte Saraceno

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Arum maculatum</i>	Cuckoo Pint	Bosco Quarto
<b>Asparagaceae</b>	<b>Asparagus Family</b>	
<i>Agave americana</i>	Century Plant	widespread in towns and roadsides
<i>Asparagus acutifolius</i>	Spiny Asparagus	widespread
<i>Leopoldia (Muscari) comosa</i>	Tassel Hyacinth	Monte Saraceno
<i>Muscari neglectum</i>	Dark Grape Hyacinth	very common on open hillsides
<i>Ornithogalum angustifolium</i>	Common Star-of-Bethlehem	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Ornithogalum montanum</i>	A Star-of-Bethlehem	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Ornithogalum pyrenaicum</i>	Bath Asparagus	Bosco di Spina Pulci
<i>Polygonatum multiflorum</i>	Solomon's Seal	Bosco Quarto
<i>Ruscus aculeatus</i>	Butcher's Broom	Bosco Quarto
<i>Urginea maritima</i>	Sea Squill	leaves only - widespread
<b>Cyperaceae</b>	<b>Sedge Family</b>	
<i>Carex caryophylla</i>	Spring Sedge	Pulsano road
<i>Carex sylvatica</i>	Wood Sedge	Bosco Quarto, Foresta Umbra
<b>Dioscoreaceae</b>	<b>Yam Family</b>	
<i>Dioscorea (Tamus) communis</i>	Black Bryony	Pilgrim's Path
<b>Iridaceae</b>	<b>Iris Family</b>	
<i>Crocus sp.</i>	a Crocus	Bosco Quarto
<i>Gladiolus italicus</i>	Field Gladiolus	leaves only
<i>Hermodactylus tuberosus</i>	Widow or Snake's-head Iris	Pilgrim's Path
<i>Iris foetidissima</i>	Stinking Iris	Cyclamen stop
<i>Iris lutescens*</i>	-	Bosco Quarto
<i>Iris pseudopumila*</i>	-	Bosco Quarto
<i>Romulea bulbocodium</i>		Bosco Quarto
<b>Juncaceae</b>	<b>Rush Family</b>	
<i>Luzula campestris</i>	Field Wood-rush	Foresta Umbra
<i>Luzula forsteri</i>	Southern Wood-rush	Foresta Umbra
<b>Liliaceae</b>	<b>Lily Family</b>	
<i>Tulipa sylvestris</i>	Wild Tulip	cultivated fields near Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Gagea (arvensis)</i>	a Yellow Star-of-Bethlehem	Bosco Quarto
<b>Orchidaceae</b>		<b>Orchid Family</b>

Note: The Orchidaceae are an evolving group, and subject to debate between 'splitters' (eg. Delforge) and 'lumpers' (eg

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Anacamptis morio</i> subsp. <i>morio</i>	Green-winged Orchid	Pulsano road, common
<i>Anacamptis morio</i> subsp. <i>picta</i>	a Green-winged Orchid	road to Foresta Umbra
<i>Anacamptis papilionacea</i>	Pink Butterfly Orchid	Pulsano road
<i>Anacamptis pyramidalis</i>	Pyramidal Orchid	Bosco di Spina Pulci
<i>Cephalanthera damasonium</i>	White Helleborine	roadside nr Peschici
<i>Dactylorhiza saccifera</i>	Wedge-lipped Orchid	woods nr Monte Calvo
<i>Dactylorhiza romana</i>	Roman Orchid	woods nr Monte Calvo
<i>Dactylorhiza sambucina</i>	Elderflower Orchid	woods nr Monte Calvo, scarce
<i>Himantoglossum hircinum</i>	Lizard Orchid	leaves and buds only
<i>Himantoglossum robertianum</i>	Giant Orchid	on bank nr saltmarshes, nr Bosco Quarto
<i>Neotinea (Orchis) lactea</i>	Milky Orchid	Pulsano road
<i>Neotinea maculata</i>	Dense-flowered Orchid	only in tight bud nr Monte Sant'Angelo
<i>Neotinea (Orchis) tridentata</i>	Toothed Orchid	buds only, Monte Sacro
<i>Neotinea (Orchis) ustulata</i>	Burnt Orchid	nr Bosco Quarto
<i>Neottia nidus-avis</i>	Bird's Nest Orchid	dried up seed heads from last year
<i>Ophrys apifera</i>	Bee Orchid	a few possible specimens at Fly-tip stop
<i>Ophrys bertoloniformis*</i>	-	roadside nr Monte Sacro
<i>Ophrys bertolonii</i>	Bertoloni's Bee Orchid	roadside nr Monte Sacro

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<i>Ophrys argolica</i> subsp. <i>biscutella</i>	Spectacled Ophrys	Bosco Quarto
<i>Ophrys bombyliflora</i>	Bumblebee Ophrys	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Ophrys fuciflora</i>	Late Spider Orchid	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Ophrys fuciflora</i> subsp. <i>apulica</i> *	Apulian Ophrys	Fly-tip stop
<i>Ophrys fuciflora</i> subsp. <i>parvimaculata</i>	Small-patterned Orchid	Quarry stop
<i>Ophrys fusca</i>	Sombre Bee Orchid	dried up and gone over
<i>Ophrys lutea</i> subsp. <i>galilea</i> (formerly <i>sicula</i> )	-	scattered sites, Pilgrim's path
<i>Ophrys lutea</i> subsp. <i>lutea</i>	Yellow Ophrys	Pilgrim's Path, Monte Sacro
<i>Ophrys lutea</i> subsp. <i>lutea</i> (formerly <i>phryganae</i> )	-	this species now not recognised
<i>Ophrys lutea</i> subsp. <i>melena</i>	a Yellow Ophrys	Monte Saraceno
<i>Ophrys oestriifera</i> subsp. <i>monti-gargani</i> *	-	nr Peschici - very few plants
<i>Ophrys promontorii</i> *	-	Pulsano road, Monte Sacro
<i>Ophrys sphegodes</i> subsp. <i>passionis</i> ( <i>garganica</i> )	Gargano Ophrys	widespread and quite common
<i>Ophrys sphegodes</i> subsp. <i>sipontensis</i> *	-	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Ophrys sphegodes</i>	Early Spider Orchid	scattered site
<i>O. sphegodes</i> subsp. <i>atrata</i> ( <i>O. incubacea</i> )	Dark Ophrys	Mullein stop
<i>Ophrys tenthredinifera</i>	Sawfly Ophrys	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Orchis anthropophora</i>	Man Orchid	quite common, many sites
<i>Orchis italica</i>	Naked Man Orchid	Pulsano road, Bosco Quarto
<i>Orchis pauciflora</i>	Sparse Flowered Orchid	Monte Sacro, Monte Calvo
<i>Orchis provincialis</i>	Provence Orchid	Quarry stop
<i>Orchis purpurea</i>	Lady Orchid	Olive grove nr Peschici
<i>Orchis quadripunctata</i>	Four-spotted Orchid	Monte Sacro
<i>Platanthera chlorantha</i>	Greater Butterfly Orchid	leaves and buds only
<i>Serapias lingua</i>	Tongue Orchid	common on Monte Sacro but only just opening up
<i>Serapias orientalis</i>	-	a few plants at Monte Saraceno
<i>Serapias parviflora</i>	Small-flowered Tongue Orchid	Fly-tip stop
<i>Serapias vomeracea</i>	Plough-share Tongue Orchid	Fly-tip stop
<b>Hybrids (a selection)</b>		
<i>Orchis x bivonae</i> ( <i>O. anthropophora</i> x <i>O. italica</i> )	-	possible specimen on Pulsano road
<i>Anacamptis morio</i> x <i>A. papilionacea</i>	-	Pulsano road
<i>Orchis pauciflora</i> x <i>Orchis quadripunctata</i>	-	Two specimens, Monte Sacro
<b>Poaceae</b>		
<i>Aegilops geniculata</i>	Aegilops	olive grove
<i>Anisantha sterilis</i>	Barren Brome	roadsides
<i>Arundo donax</i>	Giant Reed	salt marsh near Zaponetta
<i>Anthoxanthum odoratum</i>	Sweet Vernal Grass	Pulsano Monastery
<i>Avena</i> sp.	an Oat	coastal salt pans
<i>Brachypodium sylvaticum</i>	False Brome	roadsides, Pilgrim's Path
<i>Briza maxima</i>	Large Quaking Grass	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Briza media</i>	Quaking Grass	Pulsano Gorge ?
<i>Bromus hordeaceus</i>	Soft-brome	Pulsano Gorge
<i>Hordeum murinum</i>	Wall Barley	salt pan area
<i>Hordeum</i> sp.	a Barley	roadsides
<i>Lagurus ovatus</i>	Hare's-foot Grass	salt pan area
<i>Melica uniflora</i>	Wood Melick	Bosco Quarto
<i>Phragmites australis</i>	Common Reed	coastal marshes
<i>Stipa pennata</i>	a Feather Grass	roadsides near Mattinata

Scientific name	Common name	Location
<b>Posidoniaceae</b>	<b>Neptune Grass Family</b>	
<i>Posidonia oceanica</i>	Neptune Grass	"sea balls" from this species at coastal site
<b>Smilacaceae</b>	<b>Smilax Family</b>	
<i>Smilax aspera</i>	Common Smilax	Mullein stop
<b>Xanthorrhoeaceae</b>	<b>Asphodel Family</b>	
<i>Asphodeline lutea</i>	Yellow Asphodel	Pulsano Monastery, Monte Sacro
<i>Asphodelus aestivus</i>	Common Asphodel	very common
<i>Asphodelus fistulosus</i>	Hollow-leaved Asphodel	Pulsano Monastery
<b>LICHENS</b>		
<i>Lobaria pulmonaria</i>	Tree Lungwort	Foresta Umbra
<b>FUNGI</b>		
<i>Morchella esculenta</i>	Morel	Bosco Quarto
<i>Coprinus (lagopus)</i>	Ink Cap sp	Bosco Quarto
<i>Stereum hirsutum</i>	a bracket fungus	Foresta Umbra
<i>Fomes</i> spp	Bracket fungi	Foresta Umbra

Birds (✓=recorded but not counted; h = heard only; m = male)

	Common name	Scientific name	April							
			9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
1	Mallard	<i>Anas platyrhynchos</i>	4							
2	Greater Flamingo	<i>Phoenicopterus roseus</i>	50							
3	White Stork	<i>Ciconia ciconia</i>	2							
4	Grey Heron	<i>Ardea cinerea</i>	✓							
5	Little Egret	<i>Egretta garzetta</i>	✓						✓	
6	Pygmy Cormorant	<i>Microcarbo pygmaeus</i>	7							
7	Great Cormorant	<i>Phalacrocorax carbo</i>	1							
8	Eurasian Sparrowhawk	<i>Accipiter nisus</i>				✓				
9	Montagu's Harrier	<i>Circus pygargus</i>			✓	1m				
10	Eurasian Coot	<i>Fulica atra</i>	✓							
11	Black-winged Stilt	<i>Himantopus himantopus</i>	✓							
12	Kentish Plover	<i>Chasradrius alexandrinus</i>	2							
13	Common Sandpiper	<i>Actitis hypoleucos</i>	3							
14	Sanderling	<i>Calidris alba</i>	3							
15	Slender-billed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus genei</i>	6							
16	Black-headed Gull	<i>Chroicocephalus ridibundus</i>	✓							
17	Yellow-legged Gull	<i>Larus michahellis</i>	✓							
18	Rock Dove /Feral Pigeon	<i>Columba livia</i>	✓							
19	Common Wood Pigeon	<i>Columba palumbus</i>	✓							
20	Eurasian Collared Dove	<i>Streptopelia decaocto</i>	✓							
21	Common Cuckoo	<i>Cuculus canorus</i>	✓	✓					✓	✓
22	Eurasian Scops Owl	<i>Otus scops</i>					✓			
23	Tawny Owl	<i>Strix aluco</i>							✓	
24	Alpine Swift	<i>Tachymarptis melba</i>							✓	✓
25	Common Swift	<i>Apus apus</i>	✓		✓	✓			✓	✓
26	Pallid Swift	<i>Apus pallidus</i>							?	
27	Great Spotted Woodpecker	<i>Dendrocopos major</i>			✓					
28	European Green Woodpecker	<i>Picus viridis</i>			✓					
29	Lesser Kestrel	<i>Falco naumanni</i>	✓	1						
30	Common Kestrel	<i>Falco tinnunculus</i>	✓		1	1				
31	Red-footed Falcon	<i>Falco verspetinus</i>			✓					



	Common name	Scientific name	April							
			9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
32	Eurasian Jay	<i>Garrulus glandarius</i>			1				1	
33	Common Magpie	<i>Pica pica</i>	✓		✓					
34	Western Jackdaw	<i>Corvus monedula</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
35	Hooded Crow	<i>Corvus cornix</i>	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓		
36	Northern Raven	<i>Corvus corax</i>	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
37	Eurasian Blue Tit	<i>Cyanistes caeruleus</i>			✓	✓	✓			
38	Great Tit	<i>Parus major</i>		✓	✓					
39	Barn Swallow	<i>Hirundo rustica</i>			✓					
40	Common House Martin	<i>Delichon urbicum</i>	✓							
41	Cetti's Warbler	<i>Cettia cetti</i>								3
42	Willow Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus trochilus</i>			✓	✓				
43	Common Chiffchaff	<i>Phylloscopus collybita</i>			✓			✓		
44	Western Bonelli's Warbler	<i>Phylloscopus bonelli</i>				✓				
45	Zitting Cisticola	<i>Cisticola juncidis</i>	✓							
46	Eurasian Blackcap	<i>Sylvia atricapilla</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓		
47	Common Whitethroat	<i>Sylvia communis</i>					✓			
48	Subalpine Warbler	<i>Sylvia cantillans</i>		✓		2				
49	Eurasian Wren	<i>Troglodytes troglodytes</i>		✓	✓					
50	Eurasian Nuthatch	<i>Sitta europaea</i>		✓	✓	✓		✓		
51	Common Starling	<i>Sturnus vulgaris</i>	✓		✓					
52	Common Blackbird	<i>Turdus merula</i>		✓	✓					
53	Song Thrush	<i>Turdus philomelos</i>			✓		✓			
54	European Robin	<i>Erithacus rubecula</i>			✓					
55	Common Nightingale	<i>Luscinia megarhynchos</i>			✓					
56	European Stonechat	<i>Saxicola torquata</i>		✓						
57	Italian Sparrow	<i>Passer italiae</i>	✓	✓						✓
58	Dunnock	<i>Prunella modularis</i>			✓					
59	Common Chaffinch	<i>Fringilla coelebs</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
60	European Goldfinch	<i>Carduelis carduelis</i>	✓			✓				✓
61	European Serin	<i>Serinus serinus</i>	✓	✓						
62	Corn Bunting	<i>Emberiza calandra</i>			✓					
63	Cirl Bunting	<i>Emberiza cirlus</i>			✓					

## Mammals

1	Red Fox	<i>Vulpes vulpes</i>			✓					
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## Reptiles & Amphibians (T = tadpoles)

1	Common Toad	<i>Bufo bufo</i>						T		
2	Moorish Gecko	<i>Tarentola mauritanica</i>				✓				
3	Common Wall Lizard	<i>Podarcis muralis</i>				✓				
4	Slow Worm	<i>Anguis fragilis</i>			✓					
5	European Pond Terrapin	<i>Emys orbicularis</i>						✓		

## Fish

1	Golden Orfe	<i>Leuciscus idus</i>						✓		
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## Butterflies

1	Swallowtail	<i>Papilio machaon</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓			
2	Southern Festoon	<i>Zerynthia polyxena</i>					✓			
3	Large White	<i>Pieris brassicae</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
4	Small White	<i>Pieris rapae</i>				✓				

	Common name	Scientific name	April								
			9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
5	Green-veined White	<i>Pieris napi</i>									
6	Eastern Bath White	<i>Pontia edusa</i>									
7	Eastern Dappled White	<i>Euchloe ausonia</i>									
8	Orange Tip	<i>Anthocharis cardamines</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
9	Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias crocea</i>		✓							
10	Berger's Clouded Yellow	<i>Colias alfacariensis</i>									
11	Brimstone	<i>Gonepteryx rhamni</i>		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
12	Cleopatra	<i>Gonepteryx cleopatra</i>									
13	Wood White	<i>Leptidea sinapis</i>									
14	Green Hairstreak	<i>Callophrys rubi</i>		✓			✓	✓	✓		
15	Small Copper	<i>Lycaena phlaeas</i>		✓			✓				
16	Little Blue	<i>Cupido minimus</i>		✓			✓				
17	Holly Blue	<i>Celastrina argiolus</i>		✓	✓						
18	Green-underside Blue	<i>Glaucopsyche alexis</i>			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
19	Brown Argus	<i>Aricia agestis</i>						✓			
20	Common Blue	<i>Polyommatus icarus</i>		✓						✓	
21	Large Tortoiseshell	<i>Nymphalis polychloros</i>			✓	✓					
22	Small Tortoiseshell	<i>Aglais urticae</i>			✓						
23	Peacock Butterfly	<i>Inachis io</i>				✓					
24	Painted Lady	<i>Vanessa cardui</i>		✓		✓	✓				
25	Wall Brown	<i>Lasiommata megera</i>		✓		✓	✓				
26	Small Heath	<i>Coenonympha pamphilus</i>		✓						✓	
27	Grizzled Skipper	<i>Pyrgus malvae</i>					✓				
28	Red-underwing Skipper	<i>Spialia sertorius</i>				?					

## Moths (L = larvae)

1	Hummingbird Hawk-moth	<i>Macroglossum stellatum</i>						✓	✓	
2	Forester Moth	<i>Adscita statices</i>		✓						
3	A Lackey moth sp	<i>Malacosoma franconica</i>		L	L					L
4	The Mint Moth	<i>Pyrausta aurata</i>								✓
5	Dewick's Plusia	<i>Macdounoughia confusa</i>						✓		

## Other Invertebrates:

1	Egyptian Grasshopper	<i>Anacridium aegyptium</i>								✓
2	Field Cricket	<i>Gryllus campestris</i>		✓			✓			
3	A red-striped Shield Bug	<i>Graphosoma lineata (italica)</i>								✓
4	an Ascalaphid	<i>Libelloides coccajus</i>								✓
5	Bee Fly	<i>Bombylius major</i>			✓	✓				
6	Tawny Mining Bee	<i>Andrena fulva</i>				?				
7	Carpenter Bee	<i>Xylocopa violacea</i>				✓				
8	Garden Chafer	<i>Phyllopertha horticola</i>					✓			
9	Yellow-haired Barbary Bug	<i>Tropinota squalida</i>		✓						✓
10	a Dung Beetle	<i>Scarabaeus sp</i>		✓						
11	(Knotgrass) Leaf Beetle	<i>Chrysolina (polita)</i>		?						
12	Green Tiger Beetle	<i>Cicindela campestris</i>				✓				
13	Giant Centipede	<i>Scolopendra cingulatus</i>				✓				
14	7-spot Ladybird				✓					
15	Scorpion	<i>Euscopius flavicaudis</i>			?	?				