

PEX 8636 Interoperability Test Report

Version 1.0

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1. PURPOSE

This test plan details interoperability procedures and results for the PEX 8636 Rapid Development Kit (RDK).

2. PRODUCT INFORMATION

The ExpressLane[™] PEX 8636 offers 36 PCI Express Gen 2 (5.0 GT/s) lanes, capable of configuring up to 24 flexible ports and fully conforms to the PCI Express Base Specification, rev 2.0. With 24-ports, the PEX 8636 is the largest PCIe switch in the industry serving the communications and networking markets. The PEX 8636 architecture implements Multicast as defined in the PCI Express Specification. With support for 64 multicast groups and 24 ports, the PEX 8636 provides the user with flexibility in the programmability of multicast, a required feature in the primary markets served by the PEX 8636. Any available port in the PEX 8636 can be the source of a multicast transaction based. PEX 8636 also supports cut-thru with the industry's lowest latency of 200ns (x1 to x1) and offers state of the art test and debug features which provide visibility into the various internal blocks including the SerDes. The device also features an on-chip Non-Transparent port for dual-host and failover applications as well as Virtual Switch Mode function for endpoint migration. The PEX 8636 is offered in a 35 x 35mm 1156-ball FCBGA and is available in lead-free packaging. This device supports Access Control Services (ACS).

3. SCOPE

3.1 Test Phases

There are three test phases as defined below:

- Phase 1: *Motherboards and System BIOS Testing* This phase ensures the PEX 8636 RDK is properly detected in different operating systems and works with different motherboard chipsets, CPUs, BIOS, and drivers. Preference is given for testing with PCI Express Gen 2 systems.
- Phase 2: *Endpoints Testing* This phase consists of testing with endpoint devices, such as video adapter cards, Ethernet network cards, storage controllers and TV tuners.
- Phase 3: WHQL Certification This phase tests primarily focuses on the PCI compliance and IO stress tests of the DTM certification test suite.

The following Microsoft operating systems can be used as the software platforms:

- Windows XP Professional, Standard and x64 bit with Service Pack 3
- Windows Server 2003 with Service Pack 2
- Windows Vista with Service Pack 1 (Ultimate, Enterprise, x64 bit)
- Fedora Linux version 8, 9, 10, 11
- Red Hat Linux 5.1
- Apple Mac X (Leopard version)
- Windows Server 2008 (Standard and x64 bit Enterprise)
- Windows Server 2008 R2
- Windows 7 Standard and x64 bit

<u>Note:</u> It is not possible to test every combination of endpoints, BIOS versions, motherboard chipsets and drivers. However, the test cases below are selected carefully to ensure the widest interoperability coverage of the RDKs. Refer to the test checklists attached for the exact configurations and test results.

3.2 Test Omissions and Assumptions

The following RDK features are not tested as part of interoperability.

1. Hot-Plug Tests

- 2. Serial EEPROM Tests EEPROM functions are used and tested within the context of the PEX Device Editor software only.
- 3. JTAG Header JTAG is not used for interoperability.
- 4. *Configuration modules* Unless specified otherwise, testing covers default modules received with the RDK kit only. Not all possible module combinations will be tested.
- 5. *Multicast, Read Pacing, Crosslink, and Nontransparent bridging (NT)* These application-specific features are beyond the scope of typical interoperability testing.
- 6. *Advanced SDK features* Probe mode and SERDES Eye Widths features are beyond the scope of interoperability testing.
- 7. Power and Voltage Measurements

4. PRETEST REQUIREMENTS

4.1 Collateral

As a minimum, the following items are required to complete the tests.

1. PEX 8636 RDK - See Hardware Reference Manual for PEX 8636 RDK 2. SDK 6.4: - Low-Level Application Software for Bridge/Switch Devices 3. System Platforms: - See Motherboards and Systems List. 4. Video Adapters: - NVIDIA 8800 GTS PCI Express (Gen 2) - Diamond Radeon HD 3850 PCI Express (Gen 2) Matrox Millenium P650 PCI Express - NVIDIA NVS 440 PCI Express - AMD Radeon Pro x1600 PCI Express 5. Ethernet Adapters: - Intel Gigabit Ethernet PCI Express (Ophir) - Broadcom Nextreme x5715 PCI Express SysKonnect 9E21D PCI Express 6. SCSI HBAs: - LSI Logic 22320 PCI Express 7. FC HBAs: - Qlogic QLA2432 PCI Express 8. TV tuners: - KWorld TV Tuner PVR-TV PE210

4.2 Other Documentation

The test procedures assume the tester has fully read the following documentation first:

- 1. Hardware Reference Manual for the PEX 8636 RDK
- 2. PEX SDK Release Notes
- 3. PEX 8XXX PLX Switches/Bridges RDK Interoperability Design Note
- 4. Installation guides of the endpoints. See the manufacturers' latest product updates.

4.3 Software and Identification Information

Proper interoperability testing requires documenting test environments and setups. Some key information include: software and driver versions, system BIOS settings, RDK configurations (jumpers and switch settings), PCBs identifications, chip markings and auxiliary software utilities.

Use the attached <u>Software and Hardware Identification Information</u> sheet and completely fill out the exact hardware and software used.

4.4 System BIOS Settings

Modern PC test systems have a system BIOS that allows configuring specific settings. These settings, ranging from video displays to power management allow taking advantage of powerful hardware features.

It is critical that the System BIOS is properly configured. RDKs may not work at all or work in an unpredictable, if the settings are incorrect or sub-optimal. See the Design Note <u>PEX 8XXX – PLX</u> <u>Switches/Bridges RDK Interoperability</u> for more information.

To access the system BIOS, reboot the system and either hit the ESCAPE key or F1 key or F2 key or DELETE key (different BIOS have different access keys) BEFORE the Windows operating system loads. Verify that the BIOS parameters are set to the values below.

After changing the BIOS parameters, remember to SAVE THE SETTINGS (typically select the F10 key). Reboot the system to reinitialize the BIOS which then loads Windows normally.

4.5 Physical Layout of RDK

4.5.1 Baseboard RDK

The PEX 8636 RDK is only available as a baseboard.

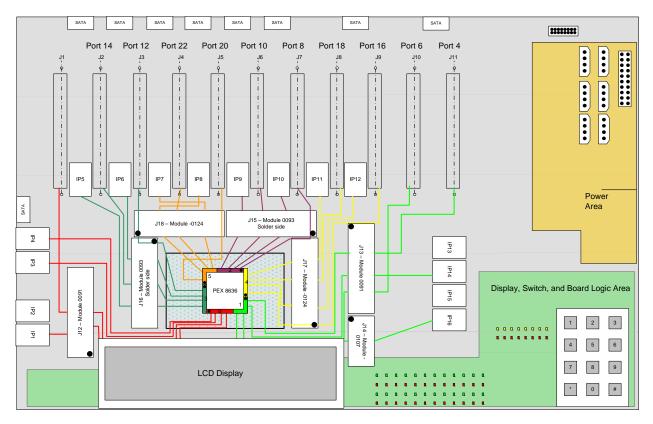


Figure 1. General Layout of PEX 8636 Baseboard

5. TEST DESCRIPTIONS AND PROCEDURES

5.1 Motherboards and System BIOS

The goal is to ensure that the RDK and SDK, together, perform fundamental functions interfacing with motherboard root complexes. Root complexes include Northbridge and/or Southbridge chipsets and system interrupt controllers.

In this phase, only the PEX 8636 RDK is tested in motherboard slots. No endpoints are used. The focus is the root complex interface and BIOS/motherboard detection of the PLX hardware only.

The general methodology is:

- 1. Reserve the test system. See the attached list of <u>Motherboards and System BIOS</u>.
- 2. The PC should already be preconfigured with the necessary hardware and software:
 - Windows operating system (Windows XP or Windows Server 2003 or Windows 64-bit Server 2003 or Windows Vista)
 - Formatted and partitioned internal ATA hard disk with at least 40 Gigabytes
 - At least 1 Gigabytes of memory and a Pentium 4 or equivalent CPU
 - PEX SDK software
- 3. Install the RDK board (using its default switch and jumper settings) into the system and connect the power connector.
- 4. Boot up the system into Windows and check that the RDK is correctly detected and enumerated.
- 5. Run the interoperability procedures against motherboards, chipsets, BIOS, endpoints (video adapters, Ethernet adapters, SCSI/FC HBAs or TV tuners).
- 6. Record all findings and work with engineering groups to resolve problems found.

5.1.1 Visual Link-Up Tests

See the Hardware Reference Manual of the bridge or switch product for exact locations and functions of the LEDs.

- 1. Select a test system that has PCI Express slots. See the Motherboards and System BIOS list.
- 2. Make sure the system is fully powered OFF first.
- 3. Install the RDK into an available PCI Express slot. Connect the power connector.
- 4. Turn on the system and monitor the RDK's LEDs. When lighted green, these indicators show lanes or port linkup status.
- 5. Verify the LEDs against their functional assignments from the Hardware Reference Manual. Check for Gen 2 status with solid LEDs, and blinking LEDs denoting Gen 1 status or reduced lanes.

5.1.2 Operating System Installation

Install one of the following operating system:

- 1. Microsoft operating system: This may include Windows XP Professional (standard or 64-bit version), or Windows Server 2003 or Windows Vista.
- 2. Apple operating system: Use OS X Leopard version
- 3. Fedora operating system: Use version 9

Depending on the operating system, use Device Manager, System Profiler or UNIX's lspci command to show the detected devices.

5.1.3 Device Manager Detection Tests

These tests verify RDK detection at the operating system level.

1. Go into Control Panel → System → Device Manager. Select the View tab; right click to choose DEVICE BY CONNECTION.

- 2. Under "System Devices", verify that a category called "PCI standard PCI-to-PCI bridge" appears.
- 3. Under the system's name, there should be a category called ACPI Multiprocessor PC. Click on it and traverse through the hierarchical tree Microsoft ACPI-Compliant System → PCI Bus → Intel ® xxxx PCI Express Root yy. There could be multiple roots of the PCI Express ports so continue to check each branch until the "PCI standard PCI-to-PCI bridge" appears.

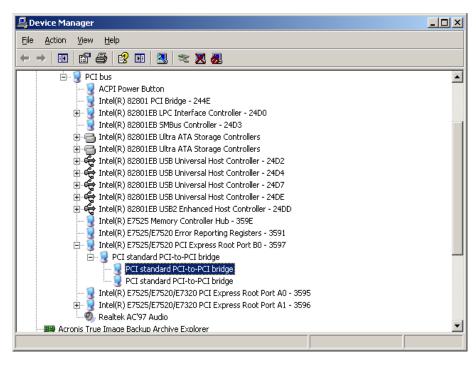


Figure 2. Device Manager Detection of Switch

Move the cursor over the "PCI standard PCI-to-PCI bridge" item, and right click. A small menu box appears. Select "Properties" and then a screen below displays.

PCI standard PCI-to-PCI bridge Properties										
General Driver Details Resources										
	PCI standard PCI-to-PCI bridge									
	Device type:	System devices								
	Manufacturer:	(Standard syste	m devices)							
	Location:	PCI Slot 6 (PCI I	bus 6, device 1,	function 0)						
This If you	Device status This device is working properly. If you are having problems with this device, click Troubleshoot to start the troubleshooter.									
Device usage:										
Use thi	s device (enable)			<u> </u>						
			ОК	Cancel						

Figure 3. Routing Information of Switch Device

This window shows the "PCI standard PCI-to-PCI device" and lists its routing information in the LOCATION field:

- PCI slot number
- Bus number
- Device number
- Function number

Record this information before proceeding further. Next, move the cursor to the "Details" tab (the third tab), and click it.

The next screen shows sample product information.

PCI standard PCI-to-PCI bridge Properties	? 🗙
General Driver Details Resources	
PCI standard PCI-to-PCI bridge	
Hardware Ids	~
PCIVEN_1085&DEV_8636&SUBSYS_00000000&REV_AA PCIVEN_1085&DEV_8636&SUBSYS_00000000 PCIVEN_1085&DEV_8636&REV_AA PCIVEN_1085&DEV_8636 PCIVEN_1085&DEV_8636&CC_060400 PCIVEN_1085&DEV_8636&CC_0604	
OK Ca	incel

Figure 4. Vendor ID and Chip ID of PEX 8636 Switch

Verify that the vendor ID is 10B5 and the chip ID is 8636.

5.1.4 Slot Tests

Different PC systems support different numbers and types of PCI Express slots, ranging from x1, x2, x4, x8 or x16 lane widths.

Test all different lane widths that the system supports. Note that if there are multiple slots having the same lane width, select and test with one slot only. For example, if the system has multiple x1 slots, then test with one x1 slot only.

The recommended sequence is to test the x1 slot first, then x2, then x4 and so on.

- 1. Make sure the system is fully powered OFF.
- 2. Insert the RDK into the PCI Express x1 slot.
- 3. Run the following tests for each slot:
 - a. Visual Link-Up tests
 - b. Device Manager tests
- 4. Record all findings.
- 5. Repeat the above for x2, x4, x8 and x16 slots, if they are available.

5.1.5 PLX PEX Device Editor Tests

The PEX Device Editor is a graphical interface provided as part of the SDK software to configure, control, and get status of the RDK hardware.

The PEX Device Editor portal serves two key functions:

- 1. Examine low-level device information (such as Dev ID, Bus, Device Number, Link width, port),
- 2. Read and write configuration registers, memory-mapped register, execute block reads

Even though the GUI offers other tools, such as comparing EEPROM images, probe mode, SerDes Eye Patterns and Performance Monitors, interoperability testing does not cover these advanced features.

To begin, go into Programs \rightarrow PLX PEXSDK \rightarrow PEX Device Editor.

5.1.5.1 Detection

See highlighted item in Figure 4. On the left pane is a smaller box showing the detected device. Check the device ID, Vendor ID, Revision, Bus, Function, Slot and Mode, and Chip type. Record this information and compare it against the slot number /bus number/ device number/ function number recorded earlier from the Device Manager Tests.

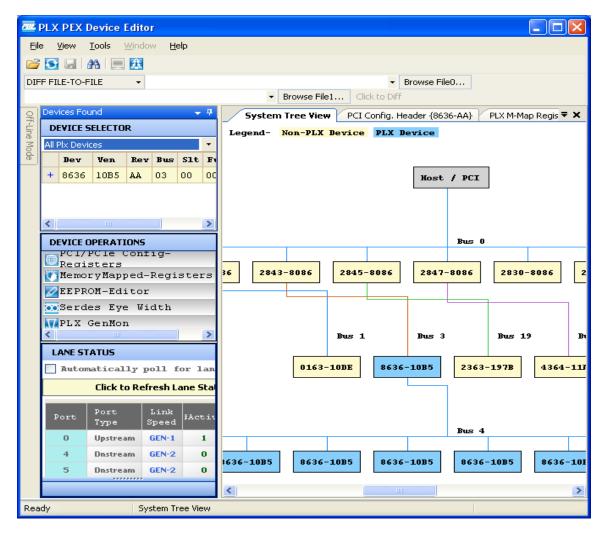


Figure 5. System Tree View of PEX 8636 Switch

Note: The PEX Device Editor software should display all the active and inactive upstream and downstream ports and the number of lanes found during the enumeration process. Count the total of these ports and lanes. This number should equal to the total number of ports and lanes supported by the RDK.

5.1.5.2 EEPROM Tests

Run the following tests only if the EEPROM is enabled (set by jumpers or switches on the board). Skip these tests if the EEPROM is not used.

1. Read PCI/PCIe Configuration Registers

- a. Look at the middle box of the screen above, labeled "PCI/PCIe Configuration Registers". Click to select. A new window should be displayed on the right screen.
- b. The Port, Configuration Address and Value drop-down boxes will appear. Select Port 0, Configuration Address 0.

🕿 PLX PEX Device Editor											
<u>File View Tools Window Help</u>											
2	🍃 💽 🛃 🕋 📃 🔼 MemoryMapped Address 🔹 🔹 Find Next 🛛 All Ports										
Port	Port: 0 Port: 4 Port: 5 Port: 6 Port: 7 Port: 8 Port: 9 Port: 10 Port: 11 Port: 12 Port: 13									;	
Port	:: 14	Port: 15	Port: 1	6 Port: 17	Port: 18	Port: 19	Port: 20	Port:	21 Port: 22	Port: 23	
DIFF	FILE	-TO-FILE	•						▼ Brow	vse File0	
_						▼ Bro	wse File1	Cli	ick to Diff		
Pe	/	System Tre	e View	PCI Config	. Header {	[8636-AA}	-			•	×
lices	Rd	/Wr Conf	ig Reg	ister —							_
Devices Found	Po	rt o	Y Co	onfig Addı	ess	Ro	t i	¥alue		Wr	
		M-Map	Port	Port	Range	¥alue	Wr	Rd	Description		^
Off-Line Mode	+	0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	863610B	5 Wr	Rd	PCI Configu	ration ID	
	+	0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	00100007	7 Wr	Rd	PCI Commar	nd/Status	
de	+	0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	060400A	AWr	Rd	PCI Class C	ode and	
	+	0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	00010008	8 Wr	Rd	Miscellaneo	us Control	
	+	0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	F810000) Wr	Rd	Base Addre:	<u>ss 0</u>	
		0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	00000000) Wr	Rd	Base Addre:	<u>ss 1</u>	
	+	0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	00180403	3 Wr	Rd	Bus Number		
	+	0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	000001F	Ur	Rd	Secondary S	Status, 17	
	+	0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	0000FFF() Wr	Rd	Memory Bas	e and Limit	
	+	0000000	0 0	0000000	31:0	0001FFF	Ur	Rd	Prefetchable	e Memor	
		0000000	0 0	00000000	31:0	00000000) Wr	Rd	Prefetchable	e Memor	~
Read	ly		REMOT	E: 172.17.7.	151, [PCI{e	e}]REMOTE:	Device I	d: 8636,	Vendor		



- c. Click Rd (grayed out button). This process reads the CSR (Configuration Status Registers) and then displays the offset addresses [typically from 0000 to xxxx] and data.
- d. Check to ensure the four bytes show "863610B5" and "Read successful". Change the offset addresses and the block size to read different ranges. There is no need to verify all the bytes displayed. The goal is just to be able to read and dump the EEPROM contents for display only.

2. Read Memory-Mapped Registers

- a. Look at the middle box of the screen above, labeled "Memory Mapped Registers". Click to select. A new window should be displayed on the right screen.
- b. Click on the tab label "PLX-M Map Registers {8636-AA}".
- c. The Port, Configuration Address and Value drop-down boxes will appear. Select Port 0, Configuration Address 0.

ene p	🚾 PLX PEX Device Editor									
Eile	<u> Eile View Tools Window H</u> elp									
🚰 💽 🛃 🚔 🧮 🔣 MemoryMapped Address - 🔹 Find Next 🛛 All Ports									Find Next All Ports	
Port	t: 0	Port: 4 Po	rt: 5	Port: 6 Por	t: 7 Port	:: 8 Port: 9	Port:	10 Por	rt: 11 Port: 12 Port: 13	
Port	t: 14	Port: 15	Port: 1	6 Port: 17	Port: 18	Port: 19	Port: 20) Port:	21 Port: 22 Port: 23	
DIFF	FILE	E-TO-FILE	•						▼ Browse File0…	
						▼ Brow	wse File	1 Cli	ick to Diff	
Devi	\angle	System Tree '	View	PCI Config.	Header {8	636-AA} F	PLX M-	Map Re	gisters {8636-AA} 🛛 🕶 🗙	
Devices Found		M-Map Address	Porl	Port Addr	Range	¥alue	Wr	Rd D	escription	
- united - u	+	00000000	0	00000000	31:0	863610B5	Wr	Rd	CI Configuration ID	
	+	00000004	0	00000004	31:0	00100007	Wr	Rd	CI Command/Status	
Off-Line Mode	+	00000008	0	80000008	31:0	060400AA	Wr	Rd	CI Class Code and	
	+	0000000C	0	0000000C	31:0	00010008	Wr	Rd	Aiscellaneous Control	
ode	+	00000010	0	00000010	31:0	F8100000	Wr	Rd B	lase Address 0	
		00000014	0	00000014	31:0	00000000	Wr	Rd B	lase Address 1	
	+	00000018	0	00000018	31:0	00180403	Wr	Rd B	lus Number	
	+	0000001C	0	0000001C	31:0	000001F1	Wr	Rd S	econdary Status, I/	
	+	00000020	0	00000020	31:0	0000 FFF 0	Wr	Rd	Aemory Base and Limit	
	+	00000024	0	00000024	31:0	0001FFF1	Wr	Rd P	Prefetchable Memory	
		00000028	0	00000028	31:0	00000000	Wr	Rd P	Prefetchable Memory	
		0000002C	0	0000002C	31:0	00000000	Wr	Rd	Prefetchable Memory	
	+	00000030	0	00000030	31:0	00000000	Wr	Rd	/O Upper Base and 👽	
Read	ly		REMO	TE: 172.17.7.	151, [PCI{	e}]REMOTE:	Device :	(d: 8636,	, Vendor	

Figure 7. Memory-mapped Registers of PEX 8636 Switch

- d. Click Rd (grayed out button). This process reads the memory-mapped registers and then displays the offset addresses [typically from 0000 to xxxx] and data.
- e. Check to ensure the four bytes show "863610B5" and "Read successful".

f. Change the offset addresses and the block size to read different ranges. There is no need to verify all the bytes displayed. The goal is just to be able to read and dump the EEPROM contents for display only.

3. EEPROM Editor

In some cases where it may be necessary to set special programming settings, the EEPROM Editor is available to change specific bits in registers. See the data book for more information.

802	PLX PEX Device Editor														
Eik	ile <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp														
2	😼 🛃 🎮 📃 🔣 MemoryMapped Address - 🔹 Find Next 🛛 All Ports									5					
Po	rt: C														
	rt: 1		Port: 12	Port: 1	_			ort: 16	Por	rt: 17	Port: 1	.8 P	ort: 19	Port: 20	
Po	rt: 2	21	Port: 22	Port: 2	3 Port:	NT-Virtua	l Port:	Link							
DIF	FF	ILE-1	IO-FILE	-							_	•		se File0	
								▼ Bro	owse	e File1	. Clic	k to D	iff		
Devi	PC	I Cor	nfig. Head	ler {8636	-AA}	PLX M-Ma	p Registe	rs {8630	5-AA	\} E	EPROM	l Edit	or {86:	36-AA}	₹×
Devices Found	F	_							_	_	_	-	_	_	
ů				M-M	lap Add	ress	Rang	e	De	scripti	on				
		+	Add	0000	0000		31:0		PCI Configuration ID						
)FF-Li		+	Add	0000	0004		31:0		PCI Command/Status						
Off-Line Mode		+	Add	0000	0008		31:0		PCI Class Code and Revision ID						
ode		+	Add	0000	000C		31:0		Mis	cellan	eous C	ontr	<u>ol</u>		~
		1		_											
			Rem Al	1 Edit	: Row#		М-Мар	Addre	55	Port		Ra	nge	Value	
		+ [Remove		1		00000B	AC			0	31	:0 (00000000	
	<					Ш			_			J			>
Rea	Ready REMOTE: 172.17.7.151, [PCI{e}]REMOTE: Device Id: 8636, Vendor														

Figure 8. EEPROM Editor of PEX 8636 Switch

5.1.5.3 I²C Access

Use the I²C cable to connect the laptop to the I²C pins of the RDK. Launch the PEX Editor I²C utility and check for register displays.

Install the Aardvark driver 2.0 into the laptop or pc slave system that will access l²C. Check Device Manager (under the Universal Serial Bus Controller category) to make sure the "TotalPhase Aardvark l²C/SPC Host Adapter" is properly loaded.

🖴 Device Manager	
<u>Eile Action View H</u> elp	
 Processors Sound, video and game controllers System devices Universal Serial Bus controllers Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2934 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2935 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2936 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2937 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2938 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2938 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2938 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2939 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Universal Host Controller - 2931 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB Enhanced Host Controller - 2931 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2931 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) ICH9 Family USB2 Enhanced Host Controller - 2930 Intel(R) USB Root Hub USB Root Hub 	

Figure 9. I²C Adapter Detection in Device Manager

Within PEX Editor, click and search for connected I²C devices. All I²C devices found will be displayed displayed. For example, the following shows the 8636 Device was found.

402	PLX PI	X Dev	ice E	ditor				-		
Eile <u>V</u> iew <u>T</u> ools <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp										
C	7 💽 🛛			4						
DI	FF FILE-1	O-FILE		•						
									•	
Br	owse File	e0								
Br	owse File	•1 C	lick to	Diff					•	
	/ices Fou							-		
D	EVICE S	ELECTO	R							
PL>	((I2C) D	evices							•	
	Dev	Ven	Rev	Bus	Slt	Fun	Mode		^	
	8636	10B5	AA	03	00	00	120			
	8636	10B5	AA	04	04	00	120			
	8636	10B5	AA	04	05	00	12C		~	
	EVICE O									
1.000	PCI/F		_	_	_	_	3			
B .4	Memor		_	Regi	ster.	3				
	EEPRO			-1 1-						
-	Serde	-		ath				_		
	ANE ST		·						٦	
	Autom	atical	ly p	oll 1	tor 1	ane :	status			
		Click	to Re	fresh	Lane	Statu	IS			
					, 1					
	Port	Port Type		Li Spe	nk eed	#Act:	ive Ins	acti	v	
	0	Upstr	eam	GE	N-1	1		15		
L		_								
De	vices Fou	Ind Off	-Line M	1ode						
Ready System Tree View										

Figure 10. I²C Access of PEX 8636 Switch

5.1.6 MAC Operating System Detection

Insert the RDK into a selected PCIe slot. Turn on the system and have it boot it up into the MAC operating system.

To check for RDK detection, execute the following steps:

- a) Go \rightarrow Utilities \rightarrow System Profiler \rightarrow PCI Cards \rightarrow PCI Bridge
- b) Check the displayed devices for the PLX RDK.
- c) Note that devices are listed according to slots detected.

5.1.7 Redhat and Fedora Linux Operating Systems Detection

Select one (1) system and install the Fedora Linux operating system. Run the command to check for device detection.

- a. Ispci this Linux command (located in the \SBIN directory) lists detected PCI devices in the system. Check for switch as well as connected downstream devices.
- b. Repeat the above for the Redhat operating system.

5.2 Endpoints

Testing endpoints includes include both Gen 2 and Gen 1 devices such as video cards, ethernet adapters, and storage controllers. Testing requires using both the PEX 8636 RDK and a specified endpoint together as a unit.

Select and test the endpoints behind the switch or bridge in all provided port modes (x1, x4, x8). Depending on whether the device is a bridge or a switch, FORWARD and REVERSE modes may apply. See the list of Endpoint Devices and Connectivity Kits.

The general methodology for testing endpoints is as follows:

- 1. Insert the RDK into one of the PCI Express slot. Connect external power to board.
- 2. Connect one (1) endpoint device to the PCI Express slot of the RDK. Reboot the system and install device drivers for the endpoint. Some endpoints such as video adapters have embedded drivers as part of the operating system in which case no drivers may be needed. However, it is highly recommended to use the latest manufacturer-supplied drivers from the CD or by downloading the latest drivers from the internet.
- 3. Reboot the system. Check the device driver under CONTROL PANEL \rightarrow DEVICE MANAGER.
- 4. Run specific tests related to the endpoint. For example, if the device is an Ethernet adapter card, connect to a specific internet website, such as <u>www.plxtech.com</u>. If the device is a video adapter card, check for visual displays on the screen monitor.

<u>SPECIAL NOTE</u>: Do not connect multiple endpoint devices to the PEX 8636RDK. The focus is to qualify each endpoint component independently and individually. As a result, test with only one (1) endpoint at a time only. Testing multiple endpoints is done in fully-loaded configurations, which are part of phase 3.

5.2.1 Video Adapter Tests

Standard PC systems have embedded graphics support or come with an existing video adapter. PCI Express video cards present a new class of video devices to the BIOS and operating system that must be redetected and re-enumerated along with the existing video devices.

In most cases, PCI Express video devices can coexist with other video devices. However, the system BIOS may require disabling the embedded graphics support and/or removing the existing video card in order for the PCI Express video card to work.

- 1. Make sure the system is completely powered OFF.
- 2. Perform the following steps:
 - a. Select a PCI Express video card from the list of video cards to be tested.
 - b. Insert the RDK into a free (unpopulated) motherboard's PCI Express slot.

- c. Connect the Power Connector to the RDK.
- d. Insert the video card in any one of the PCI Express slot of the RDK.
- e. Connect one end of the monitor cable to the output connector of the video card. Some video cards require special DVI-OUT adapters to convert between 15-pin SVGA and DVI-OUT connections. Use the adapters as appropriate.
- f. Power on the system and watch the RDK's LEDs to display endpoint detection and lane status.

Some motherboards support primary and secondary graphics, depending on the PCI or PCI Express modes. Reverify the proper settings in the system BIOS (see <u>System BIOS</u> settings list) before running the tests below.

5.2.1.1 Video display on the monitor

Turn on the monitor and the system. Check for visual display. Be default, the Windows OS should load standard VGA driver automatically or detects a new device and requests for a driver.

Note: If no manufacturer's video drivers are available, Windows automatically loads the generic "standard video adapter" driver.

5.2.1.2 Driver installation & updates

Manufacturer-supplied drivers allow enhanced performance beyond standard video driver supplied by the Windows operating system. If available, always install the driver software.

5.2.1.3 Driver detection

Check Device Manager \rightarrow Display Adapters to make sure the new driver is loaded. There should be no yellow bangs, or red crosses next to the driver name. Otherwise, there are either resource conflicts or the driver does not detect or load properly or the driver is disabled.

The following screen shows how an NVIDIA video card is detected and displayed.

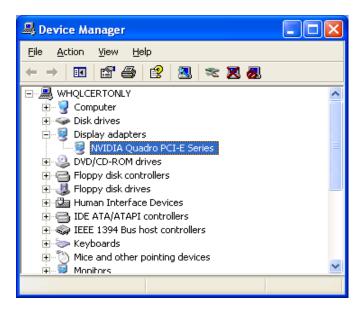


Figure 11. Device Manager Detection of NVIDIA Video Card

If it is necessary to update drivers from the CD or the internet, right-click the item and select "UPDATE DRIVER".

5.2.2 Ethernet Adapter Tests

Standard PC systems have embedded graphics support or preinstalled Ethernet adapters. Some PCI Express endpoints may only work by disabling the embedded graphics support and/or removing the existing adapter completely.

5.2.2.1 Driver installation

Manufacturer-supplied drivers allow enhanced performance beyond standard network card driver supplied by the Windows operating system. If available, always install the driver software.

5.2.2.2 Driver detection & updates

Check Device Manager \rightarrow Network Adapters to make sure the new driver is loaded. There should be no yellow bangs, or red crosses next to the driver name. Otherwise, there are either resource conflicts or the driver does not detect or load properly or the driver is disabled.

The following screen shows how an Intel network adapter card is detected and displayed.

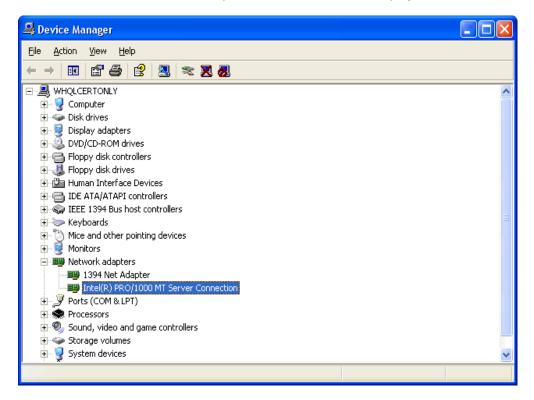


Figure 12. Device Manager Detection of Intel Network Card

To update drivers from the CD or the internet, right-click and select "UPDATE DRIVER".

5.2.2.3 Web-page access

Open your internet Web browser. Type an internet URL address, such as <u>www.plxtech.com</u>. Check to see if the Website is accessible. Within the Website, click on several different links such as company or products information ensure network downloads are accessible.

5.2.3 SCSI or Fibre-Channel HBA Tests

5.2.3.1 Driver installation

Manufacturer-supplied drivers allow enhanced performance beyond standard SCSI or Fibre-channel storage controller driver supplied by the Windows operating system. If available, always install the driver software.

5.2.3.2 Driver detection

Check Device Manager \rightarrow SCSI and RAID controllers to make sure the new driver is loaded. There should be no yellow bangs, or red crosses next to the driver name. Otherwise, there is either resource conflicts or the driver does not detect or load properly. The following screen illustrates the LSI Logic SCSI Raid Controller detection.



Figure 13. Device Manager Detection of LSI SCSI HBA

If the Fibre-channel HBA is used, the driver installation and detection is similar to the SCSI HBA. It is also displayed in the same SCSI and RAID controller category.

The following screen illustrates the Emulex Fibre-channel HBA detection.

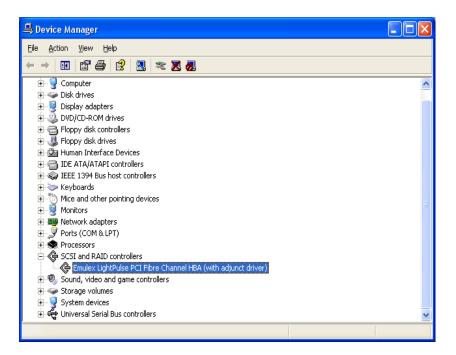


Figure 14. Device Manager Detection of Emulex Fibre-Channel HBA

5.2.3.3 Read/Write data files

Modern HBAs have their own BIOS. After powering up the system, the SCSI or Fibre-channel BIOS together with the system BIOs automatically enumerate and display the connected devices. For example, if an LSI Logic MegaRaid adapter is installed, the BIOS displays its own BIOS version, lists SCSI/FC devices detected and momentarily pauses with the CTRL-M prompt to allow the user to configure HBA's BIOS settings.

Refer to the manufacturer's documentation to set the HBA BIOS properly. The Windows operating system does not detect and enumerate properly if the HBA BIOS settings are set incorrectly.

Once the HBA BIOS is set up correctly, Windows should also detect the HBA, its connected drives and assign them drive letters. Refer to Microsoft's DISK MANAGEMENT utility to partition and format the drives.

Once the formatted drives are available to read and write files, run the tests below.

- 1. Create special directories within the SCSI or Fibre-channel drives, for instance TEMP.
- 2. Copy some directories from the internal ATA drives over to the SCSI or Fibre-channel drives.
- 3. Switch to the SCSI or Fibre-channel drive and verify that the new folders and files are fully copied over.

5.2.4 TV Tuner Cards

TV tuners cards are devices emulating TV devices or other display devices such as cameras or camcorders through adapter cards. TV tuners typically offer both video and sound features and may have sophisticated download and uploading features through TV antennas, satellites or networked sources.

Interoperability testing focuses on simple capture and display features only

TV tuner cards install similarly to video cards or Ethernet card or SCSI/FC cards. However, TV tuner cards require an external power source, so use the correct adapter and connect to power jack on the back of the card.

5.2.4.1 Driver installation

Install the manufacturer-supplied drivers for Windows from the CD. For more updated drivers, download from the internet at the vendor's website. For example, the Win TV 2000 TV tuner driver downloads are available at www.hauppauge.com in the support section.

5.2.4.2 Driver detection

Check Device Manager \rightarrow Sound, video and game controllers to make sure the new driver is loaded properly. There should be no yellow bangs, or red crosses next to the driver name. Otherwise, there are resource conflicts or the driver is disabled or does not load properly. The following screen shot illustrates the Win TV 2000 TV tuner card.

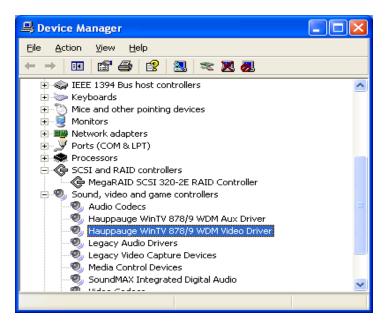


Figure 15. Device Manager Detection of Hauppauge TV Tuner

5.2.4.3 Video Capture and Display

TV tuners require video capture and display software. For example, Hauppauge TV tuners require proprietary Hauppauge WinTV 2000 software. Do not mix and match video capture and display software from other TV tuner vendors. They may not be compatible.

- 1. Install the Win TV 2000 software from the CD. The software may have separate video and audio components, resulting in multiple detection passes by Windows.
- 2. Once fully installed, the application resides in PROGRAMS as Microsoft application software. Launch it by double-clicking the application.
- 3. A new screen box appears as below.



Figure 16. Sample Launch Pad of WinTV Application

4. Click on the first button (TV Mode) and the camera starts the capture. Record all results and observations.

5.3 WHQL DTM Certification

WHQL tests are highly dependent on the exact type and configurations of the system and endpoints. The Unclassified driver mode in DTM allows the user to select just the bridge device itself for testing. DTM automatically mounts the appropriate tests to determine if the device meets this minimum WHQL driver certification.

The following sample screen shows test classes for the bridge under the DEVICE category.

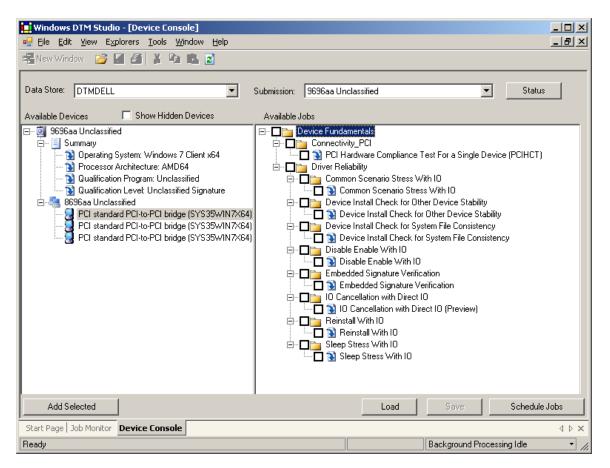


Figure 17. Sample DTM Test Selections

Click to select the following tests. They are exact test descriptions from Microsoft.

5.3.1.1 Common Scenario Stress with IO

The Common Scenario Stress with IO job ensures that the device-under-test accepts and correctly handles numerous Plug-and-Play (PnP) and power management state change scenarios, including disable/enable and suspend/hibernate/wake. Additionally, this job ensures that the device is still functional after these state changes through SimpleIO stress testing.

5.3.1.2 Disable Enable with IO

The Disable Enable with IO job ensures that the device can be disabled and enabled without error. Additionally, this job tries to ensure that the device is still functional after these changes in state through SimpleIO stress testing.

5.3.1.3 Sleep Stress with IO

The Sleep Stress with IO job ensures that the device under test permits the system to be cycled through all supported sleep states. Additionally, it ensures that the device is still functional after these state changes through SimpleIO stress testing.

5.3.1.4 PCI Compliance

This section tests for compliance to PCI Express 2.0 specifications.

5.4 Advanced Test Configurations

5.4.1 Fully-Loaded Endpoint Configurations

This test loads as many different endpoints as possible into the RDK slots and stresses the board by running simultaneous traffic. Typically, video adapters, Ethernet adapters, and SCSI or Fibre-channel adapters are used together.

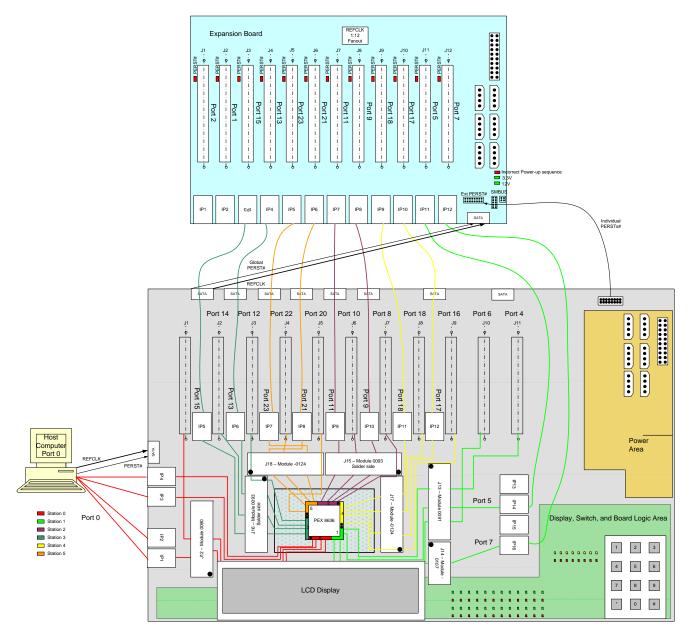
Fully-loaded configurations use multiple endpoints together, which individually have been qualified and passed with the RDK already. That is, the endpoints selected should have passed Phase 2 of the Endpoints tests.

- 1. Select and record the exact name and model of the selected endpoint (see <u>Endpoints and Connectivity</u> <u>Kits</u> list).
- 2. Fully load all the slots of the PEX 8636 RDK with endpoints. As a minimum, populate the RDK with one video adapter, one Ethernet adapter and one SCSI or FC controller adapter
- 3. Connect the video monitor to the video adapter endpoint, the Ethernet cable to the Ethernet endpoint and SCSI/FC disk drives to the SCSI/FC controller endpoint.
- 4. Power up the system and run the following tests:
 - a. Visual Link-Up Tests
 - b. Device Manager Tests
 - c. Endpoints Tests
 - Video adapter tests
 - Ethernet adapter tests
 - SCSI/FC adapter tests
- 5. Record all observations and results.

<u>SPECIAL NOTE</u>: Do not test each endpoint at a time. All endpoints (which should already qualified individually in the <u>Endpoints Test Section</u>) must be connected to the PEX 8636 RDK at the same time and tested together as a unit.

5.4.2 Fully-Load RDK with Expansion Board

This test builds upon the above Fully-Loaded Endpoint Configuration and adds the Expansion Board to test more ports. The setup is as follows:



5.4.3 Virtual Switch Configurations

Virtual switches testing are dependent on the RDK Board port configurations. For the PEX 8636 RDK, Switch SW6 pins 1:0, allow setting the base Mode 0 or the virtual switch modes.

# Virtual Switches Enabled	Upstream Ports (UP)	Downstream Ports (DS)				
	Port 0	Port 1,Port 2				
	Port 4	Port 3,Port 5				
	Port 8	Port 6,Port 7				
8	Port 10	Port 9,Port 11				
0	Port 12	Port 13,Port 14				
	Port 16	Port 15,Port 17				
	Port 20	Port 21,Port 18				
	Port 22	Port 23,Port 19				
	Port 0	Port 1 - Port 3				
	Port 4	Port 5 - Port 7				
6	Port 8	Port 9 - Port 11				
0	Port 12	Port 13 - Port 15				
	Port 16	Port 17 - Port 19				
	Port 20	Port 21 - Port 23				
	Port 0	Port 1 - Port 3, Port 12 - Port13				
	Port 4	Port 5 - Port 7,Port 14 - Port 15				
5	Port 8	Port 9 - Port 11				
	Port 16	Port 17 - Port 19				
	Port 20	Port 21 - Port 23				
	Port 0	Port 1 - Port 3,Port 12 - Port 13				
4	Port 4	Port 5 - Port 7,Port 14 - Port 15				
4	Port 8	Port 9 - Port 11,Port 20 - Port 21				
	Port 16	Port 17 - Port 19,Port 22 - Port 23				
	Port 0	Port 1 - Port 7				
3	Port 8	Port 9 - Port 15				
	Port 16	Port 17 - Port 23				
2	Port 0	Port 1 - Port 11				
۷	Port 12	Port 13 - Port 23				

Table 1. Setting Virtual Switches with SW8

See section 3.1.3 of the PEX 8636 HRM for detailed setup information for each RDK.

For example, to configure for 8 virtual switches using the following steps:

- 1. Setting the SW8[2:0] straps for '111'.
- 2. Insert one cable adapters in RDK in either Slot 1 or Slot 2 of the RDK. Next, insert an equivalent cable adapter in any available PCIe slot of the Host computer. Repeat this for any additional virtual switch. Finally, connect the mini-SAS cables and the red SATA cable into the exact connectors as shown.
- 3. Power on the RDK first and then power on the Host system.

Once the RDK and the host systems are set up for virtual switches, run the following tests:

- 1. Visual LEDs Linkup check the Port Status Indicators of the baseboard RDK. The LEDs should light up and show the detected upstream ports and downstream ports. Verify that these upstream and downstream ports correspond to definitions in Table 2 above.
- Device Manager Detection For every host system that is connected to the upstream port slot of the RDK, verify that Device Manager correctly detect and display the "PCI Standard PCI to PCI Bridge". See Figure 3 as an example. Verify that these upstream and downstream ports correspond to definitions in Table 1 above.
- 3. PEX Editor Detection For every host system that is connected to the upstream port slot of the RDK, install the SDK and check the PEX Editor to make sure it detects the RDK. See Figure 6 as an example. Check the displayed upstream and downstream ports to make sure they correspond to definitions in Table 2 above.
- 4. Endpoint Tests Connect endpoints, such as video cards, ethernet adapter cards or SCSI/Fibre Controller cards to the assigned downstream ports. Run video display tests, network tests or data storage tests to make sure the correct host system can access its assigned downstream ports.

Reconfigure the VS_MODE[2:0] bits and the SW8[2:0] straps for 6, 5, 4, 3 and 2 virtual switches and repeat the above tests 1-4.

6. Test Results

Before testing begins, log all the equipment, and setup information. See the <u>Software and Hardware Identification</u> <u>Information</u> checklist attached. During testing, take detailed notes of all observations, symptoms, workarounds or other useful information for the follow-up or debug process.

6.1 Attachment A – Software and Hardware Identification Information

Fill in the table below with exact labels, versions used by the hardware and the software.

Name	Version	Other Identification Information
PEX SDK	6.4	
RDK (board+chip) - PEX 8636	- Board Serial No: 8636AAA-51090003 Chip markings: Not available due to heat sink	
Default Configuration:	 Baseboard with single x16 upstream port 0 only. The rest are x1 downstream ports. 	
Configuration modules:	Use configuration modules for <u>DEFAULT</u> mode. See HRM.	
Expansion board:	Yes	
Virtual Switch Configurations:	Support for 8, 6, 5, 4, 3, 2 virtual switches	
Operating Systems		
- Windows XP	 Standard and x64 bit with Service Pack 3 	
Professional	(volume license)	
- Windows Server 2003	 Standard version with SP2 (volume license) 	
- Windows Vista	- Standard and x64 bit Enterprise	
- Fedora Linux	- Versions 8, 9, 10, 11	
- Red Hat Linux	- Version 5.1 Server x86 DVD	
- Mac OS	- Version X (Leopard) ver 10.4.11	
- Windows Server	- Standard and x64 bit Enterprise	
2008		
- Windows 7 Ultimate	- Standard and x64 bit	
WHQL test suites - Driver Test Manager	- WLK 1.5.7565.000	
(DTM)		

Table 2. Software and Hardware ID Information

6.2 Attachment B – Motherboards and System BIOS

Test Category	in For	Pass o r expla	or Fa anat	ail (P [`] c	or F) etails,	, refei	to the T = No	e Note	Num			or F I		-	=111
	1	2	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>
Visual Link-Up Test	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	F2
OS Installation															
Windows XP Pro	Р		Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р			Р	Р	Р	
Windows Server 2003	Р									Р					
Windows 7	Р			Р								Р	Р	Р	
Vista	Р	Р		Р				Р	Р		Р	Р			
Mac X OS (Leopard)											Р				
Linux Fedora, Red Hat			Р			Р		Р							
Windows Server 2008			Р			Р	Р								
- Windows: Device Mgr Detection	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
- Apple: Sys Profiler Detection											Р				
- Linux: LSPCI Device Detection			Р			Р		Р							
Slot Tests	Р	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	F3	Р	Р	Р	F1	Р	
PEX Editor Detection Tests	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
Power Options															
1. Restart	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	
2. Standby/Sleep	Ρ	NA	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	NA	Р	Р	Р	Р	
3. Hibernation	Ρ	NA	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	NA	NA	Р	Р	Р	
4. Shutdown	Р	Р	Ρ	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	Р	

Notes:

- F1: HP x4600 Workstation Connections to PCIe slots 2 and 4 give beep "no video" Power-On Self Test (POST) codes. Device Manager Shows "Not Enough Resources" in PCIe slot 1.
- F2 : Gigabyte GA-EP45-DS3 The RDK does not properly boot up in any PCIe slot. There is no video POST display or sign-on at all. The RDK's Port Reset LEDs show either solid red or flicker red. The system constantly tries to reset but was unsuccessful to boot up. Upgrading to the latest system BIOS, configuring the BIOS for PCI adapter as the primary video display, testing in all PCIe slots, or forcing to Gen-1 mode still could not help to boot up system. Test analysis shows that the system can only detect up to 10 ports. Since the PEX 8636 RDK supports 21 supports, the system runs out of resources and, therefore, cannot boot up.
- F3: Intel Tylersburg PDK This is a development system with known slot issues. The workaround is to use the x1 PCIe adapter inserted between the system PCIe slot and the PLX x16 PCIe adapter for system to proper detect the RDK.

6.3 Attachment C - Video Adapters

Table 4. Test Results Matrix for Video Adapters

Test Category	System Number (Refer to Motherboards and Systems List) : Fill in Pass or Fail (P or F). For explanation details, refer to the Note Number after P or F below.NA = Not AvailableNT = Not Tested														
	1	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>
Video Adapter Tests															
Card Name & Model: <u>NVIDIA 8800 GTS</u> (Gen 2)															
Video display on the monitor	Р		Р						Р	Р				Р	Р
Driver installation	Р		Ρ						Р	Р				Р	Р
Driver detection	Р		Ρ						Ρ	Р				Р	Р
Card Name & Model: ATI_Diamond Radeon HD 4870 (Gen 2)															
Video display on the monitor	Ρ		Ρ						Р	Р				Р	Ρ
Driver installation	Ρ		Ρ						Р	Р				Р	Ρ
Driver detection	Р		Ρ						Ρ	Р				Р	Р
Card Name & Model: ATI x1950 Pro Radeon															
Video display on the monitor	Р		Ρ						Р	Р				Р	Р
Driver installation	Ρ		Ρ						Ρ	Р				Р	Ρ
Driver detection	Ρ		Ρ						Р	Р				Р	Ρ

6.4 Attachment D - Ethernet Adapters

Table 5. Test Results Matrix for Ethernet Adapters

Test Category	System Number (Refer to Motherboards and Systems List): Fill in Pass or Fail (P or F)For explanation details, refer to the Note Number after P or F below.NA = Not AvailableNT = Not Tested														
	1	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>29</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>
Ethernet Adapter Tests															
Intel Pro/1000 PT Dual Port Server															
Driver installation	Р		Р					Р	Р					Р	Р
Driver detection	Р		Р					Р	Р					Р	Р
Web-page access	Р		Ρ					Р	Р					Р	Р
<u>DLINK – 560T</u>															
Driver installation	P1		P1					P1	P1					P1	P1
Driver detection	P1		P1					P1	P1					P1	P1
Web-page access	P1		P1					P1	P1					P1	P1
Broadcom 5708 NEXTREME															
Driver installation	Р		Р					Р	Р					Р	Р
Driver detection	Р		Ρ					Р	Р					Ρ	Р
Web-page access	Р		Ρ					Р	Р					Р	Р
Intel 10 Gig XFSR Dual Port															
Driver installation	Р		Р					Р	Р					Р	P2
Driver detection	Р		Ρ					Р	Р					Р	P2
Web-page access	Р		Р					Р	Р					Р	P2

Notes:

- P1: Dlink 560T --- This rogue network adapter does not meet PCIe 2.0 specifications and only works in Gen-1 mode. The RSVD-17# switch (pin 5 of SW13) of the RDK must be flipped to get this network card to link up properly.
- P2: Intel 10 Gig XFSR Dual Port: The Gigabyte GA-EP45-DS3 system links up and detects the RDK in Windows 7. However, it cannot access the internet, with Device Manager showing "Cannot Start" (Code 10). Most likely a Windows 7-compatible driver is needed.

6.5 Attachment E - SCSI/FC HBAs and TV Tuners

Table 6. Test Results Matrix for SCSI/FC HBAs and TV Tuners

Test Category	For e	System Number (Refer to Motherboards and Systems List): Fill in Pass or Fail (P or F)For explanation details, refer to the Note Number after P or F below.NA = Not AvailableNT = Not Tested														
	1	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>
SCSI/FC Storage HBA Tests																
LSI SCSI 320-2E RAID Controller																
Driver installation	Р							Р	Р						Р	
Driver detection	Р							Р	Р						Р	
Read/Write data files	Р							Р	Р						Р	
Emulex LP 1050EX-F2																
Driver installation	Р							Р	Р						P2	
Driver detection	Р							Р	Р						P2	
Read/Write data files	Р							Р	Р						P2	
Marvell SAS Controller																
Driver installation	Р							Р	Р						Р	
Driver detection	Р							Р	Р						Р	
Read/Write data files	Р							Р	Р						Р	
TV Tuner Tests							<u> </u>									
KWorld TV Tuner PVR-TV PE210																
Driver installation	P1							P1	P1						P1	
Driver detection	P1							P1	P1						P1	
Video capture & display	P1							P1	P1						P1	

Notes:

- P1: KWorld TV Tuner PVR-TV PE210 --- This rogue TV tuner card does not meet PCIe 2.0 specifications and will only work in Gen-1 mode. The RSVD-17# switch (pin 5 of SW13) of the RDK must be flipped for the network card to link up properly.
- P2: Emulex LP 1050EX-F2 --- When tested with other endpoints (such as the LSI SCSI 320-2E RAID Controller and Broadcom Extreme network card), the system shows "PCI IRQ Routing Table Error" during bootup. However, if this Emulex card is the only downstream endpoint the system boots up without problems. This is most likely a BIOS resources allocation limitation.

6.6 Attachment F - WHQL Certification Results for PEX 8636 RDK

Table 7. WHQL Certification Results for PEX 8636 RDK

RDK Manufacturer: PLX Technology Other Notes: DTM 1.5.7565.000
Type (PCIe): PCI Express interface with 8636AA Revision
Board Revision: 8636AA Baseboard
Controller System : Dell Precision 670, Xeon 2.8 GHz, 1 Gigabytes memory, Windows Server 2003
Client System: ASUS P5Q Pro, Intel E5200 CPU @2.5 GHz, 4 Gigabytes DDR2, Windows 7 x64 bit

Test Category	Pass/Fail Results	Notes
Common Scenario Stress With I/O	PASS	Run in automated mode
Disable Enable With IO	PASS	Run in automated mode
Sleep Stress With IO	PASS	Run in automated mode
PCI compliance Test Suite	PASS	Run in automated mode

6.7 Attachment G – Advanced Tests

Table 8. Fully-Loaded Configurations

Test Category	System Number (Refer to Motherboards and Systems List): Fill in Pass or Fail (P or F)For explanation details, refer to the Note Number after P or F below.NA = Not AvailableNT = Not Tested													=)		
	1	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>
Fully-loaded RDK																
Video adapter: <u>NVIDIA 8800</u> <u>GTS</u> Video adapter: <u>ATI VisionTek</u> <u>9250</u> Ethernet adapter: <u>Broadcom</u> <u>Nextreme</u> Ethernet adapter: <u>Dlink DGE- 560T</u> Ethernet adapter: <u>SysKonnect</u> <u>SK-9E21D</u> Ethernet adapter: <u>Chelsio B320E</u> Ethernet adapter: <u>Intel Pro/1000</u> <u>Dual Port PT</u> Ethernet adapter: <u>Broadcom</u> <u>Nextreme</u> Ethernet adapter: <u>Broadcom</u> <u>Nextreme</u> Ethernet adapter: <u>Broadcom</u> <u>Nextreme</u> RDK plug-in adapter: 8606		Ρ			Ρ			Ρ								
Fully-loaded RDK + Fully- Loaded Expansion Board		Р			Р			Р								

Table 9. Virtual Switch Configurations

Test Category	For	expla		detai	er to <u>N</u> Is, ref		he No	te Nu	-		-			or Fail	(P or	F)
	<u>1</u>	<u>2</u>	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>	<u>12</u>	<u>14</u>	<u>23</u>	<u>24</u>	<u>27</u>	<u>28</u>	<u>31</u>	<u>32</u>	<u>35</u>	<u>36</u>	<u>37</u>	<u>38</u>
Virtual Switch Configurations																
- Two virtual switches					Р				Р							
 Visual LED Linkup 					P				P							
 Device Mgr Detection 					P				P							
 PEX Editor Detection 					F				1							
- Three virtual switches					Р				Р							
 Visual LED Linkup 					P				P							
 Device Mgr Detection 					P				P							
 PEX Editor Detection 									•							
- Four virtual switches					Р				Р							
 Visual LED Linkup 					P				P							
 Device Mgr Detection 					P				P							
 PEX Editor Detection 																
- Five virtual switches					Р				Р							
o Visual LED Linkup					Р				Р							
• Device Mgr Detection					Р				Р							
• PEX Editor Detection																
- Six virtual switches					Р				Р							
• Visual LED Linkup					Р				Р							
 Device Mgr Detection 					Р				Р							
• PEX Editor Detection																
- Eight virtual switches					Р				Р							
 Visual LED Linkup 					Р				Р							
 Device Mgr Detection 					Р				Р							
 PEX Editor Detection 																

7. Test Equipment

7.1 Motherboards and System BIOS

Table 10. List of Motherboards and their Key Information

System #	Motherboard	Root Complex	CPU	BIOS	PCI Express Slots	Operating System
1	ASUS (Gen 2) M3A32-MVP Deluxe AMD X2 2 GB DDR2, PC2-5300	AMD Northbridge RD790 Southbridge SB600	AMD	AMI Version: 0603 11/26/2007	4- x16	Windows XP Pro SP3 Vista Enterprise
2	ASUS (Gen 2) P5Q Pro Intel Pentium Dual-Core CPU E5200@ 2.50GHz, 4 GB DDR2	INTEL Northbridge P45/P43 rev. A3 Southbridge 82801JR (ICH10R) rev. 00	INTEL	AMI Version:0401 04/13/2009	2- x16 3- x1	Windows 7 Vista Ultimate SP2 Vista Ultimate x64 Windows 2008 Server R2 x64
4	ASUS (Gen 2) Maximus Formula 512 MB DDR2 PC2-6400	Intel Northbridge X38 rev. 01 Southbridge 82801 (ICH9 rev. 01)	INTEL	AMI Version: 0505 10/12/2007	2- x16 3- x1	Windows XP Pro SP3 Vista Enterprise Fedora 8 Windows 2008 Server
5	ASUS (Gen 2) P6T Intel Core i7 CPU 920 @2.67GHz 12 GB DDR3	Intel Northbridge X58 rev.12 Southbridge 82801JR (ICH10R) rev. 00	Intel	AMI Version: 0507 04/28/2009	3- x16 1- x1	Windows XP Pro SP3 Vista Ultimate with SP1 Windows 7
6	GIGABYTE GA-P35-DS3L Duo Core E6420 2 GB DDR2 SDRAM 333	Intel Northbridge P35/G33/G31 rev. 02 Southbridge ID2918 rev. 02	INTEL	PHOENIX AWARD Version: BIOS F5 09/07/2007	3- x1 1-x16	Windows 2003 Server SP2 Standard and Enterprise Fedora 8
7	HP Proliant ML 115 G1 Dual Core Opteron 1210 1 GB DDR2 300	Nvidia Northbridge nForce 570 SLI rev. A2 Southbridge nForce 570 SLI rev. A3	AMD	HP Version: 011 03/10/2007	2-x8 1-x16	Windows 2003 Server SP2 Windows 7
11	ASUS P5N32-E SLI Core 2 Duo E6600 DDR2, PC2-6400, 4 Gigabytes	Intel Northbridge nForce 680i SLI SPP rev. A2 Southbridge 680i SLI MCP rev. A2	INTEL	PHOENIX Version: 1002 03/28/2007	3-x16 1-x1	Windows XP Pro SP3
12	ASUS P5E (Gen 2) Intel Core 2 Duo E6850 2 GB DD2 PC2-5300	Intel Northbridge X38 rev. 01 Southbridge 82801lb (ICH9) rev. 02	INTEL	AMI Version: 0203 10/11/2007	2- x16	Windows XP Pro SP3 Vista Enterprise
13	ASUS P5WDG2 WS Pro Intel Pentium 4 530 2 GB DDR2	Intel Northbridge i974X rev. C0 Southbridge 82801GB (IXH7) rev. 01	INTEL	AMI Version: 0803 03/01/2007	2-x16	Windows XP Pro SP3
14	AMD (Gen 2) Shiner 512MB DDR2 PC2-4300	AMD Northbridge ID9600 rev. 00 Southbridge ID 439D rev. 00	INTEL	AMI Version: 080014 12/07/2007	2- x16 1- x1	Windows XP Pro SP3 Vista Enterprise Windows 2008 Server

System #	Motherboard	Root Complex	CPU	BIOS	PCI Express Slots	Operating System
15	AMD (Gen 2) Hammerhead 4 GB DDR2, PC2-4300	AMD Northbridge RD790 Southbridge AIT SB600	AMD	AMI Version: 080014 08/14/2007	4- x16 1-x1	Windows XP Pro SP3 Vista Enterprise Fedora 8
19	AMD Platform Tigris Bali Mobile Reference Platform S2g3 dual core AMD 64 processor 4 GB DDR3, PC2-6400	AMD North bridge RD880M rev A11 Southbridge SB710 rev A14	AMD	PHOENIX Version: PBA1128a 11/28/08	1- x1 3- PCle minicard	Vista Ultimate SP2 Windows 7
20	ASUS (Gen 2) Rampage Formula Intel Core2 Quad CPU Q9550 @ 2.8GHz, Socket 775 LGA, Yorkfield	Northbridge Intel X48 rev.01, Southbridge Intel 82801R (ICH9R) rev.02	INTEL	AMI 04/03/08	2- x16 2- x1	Windows XP Pro SP3 Vista Ultimate SP1 Vista Ultimate x64 SP1
21	HP Workstation XW 8200 Intel Xeon, 3.2 GHz Cranford 5GB SDRAM	Intel Northbridge E7525 Southbridge 82801EB (ICH5) rev. 0C	INTEL	HP Version: 786B8 v2.10 5/31/2006	1- x16 1- x1	Windows Server 2003 (Standard and Enterprise) Windows Server x64 for 2003 Fedora Core Linux 9 Red Hat Linux 5.1
23	DELL Precision 690 Xeon 5110 Woodcrest 4 Gigabytes	Intel Northbridge 5000X rev. 12 Southbridge 6321ESB rev. 09	INTEL	DELL Version : A05 05/24/2007	3-x8 1-x16	Windows XP Pro x64 Windows Server 2008
24	GIGĂBÝTE GA-965P-S3	Intel Northbridge 965P Southbridge ICH8	INTEL	PHOENIX AWARD Version F6, 10/12/2006	1- x16 3- x1	Windows XP Pro SP3 Fedora Linux 8 Red Hat Linux 5.1
26	ASUS P5W64 WS	Intel Northbridge 975X Southbridge ICH7R	INTEL	AMI Version: 02.58	4- x16	Windows XP Pro SP3
27	INTEL (Gen 2) Tylersburg B2 PDK platform Socket 775 LGA, 1600 MHz DDR3 PC3-6400E (400Mhz) Elpida	Intel Northbridge Intel ID3400 rev.00 Southbridge Intel 82801B (ICH9) rev.02	INTEL	INTEL Version: TCV023_CRB	1- x16 3- x8	Windows Server 2008 x64
29	DELL PowerEdge 2900 Xeon 5150 Woodcrest 7 GB DDR2	Intel Northbridge Intel 5000X rev. 11 Southbridge Intel 6321ESB rev. 09	INTEL	DELL Version: 1.1.3 08/21/2006	4-x8	Windows Server 2003 SP2
31	APPLE Mac Pro Xeon 5130 Woodcrest 4 BG DDR2	Intel Northbridge 5000X rev. 31 Southbridge 632ESB rev. 09	INTEL	APPLE Version: MP11.88Z.005D.B00.0709141354 09/14/2007	4-x16	Apple Mac OS X (Leopard) Vista Ultimate SP2
35	DELL (Gen 2) T7400 1 GB DDR2	Intel Northbridge ID4003 rev. 20 Southbridge 6321ESB rev. 09	INTEL	DELL Version: A00 11/05/2007	2-x16 1-x8	Windows 7 Vista Ultimate SP2 Windows Server 2008

System #	Motherboard	Root Complex	CPU	BIOS	PCI Express Slots	Operating System
36	HP (Gen 2) Workstation XW4600 1 Gigabytes	Intel Northbridge X38 rev. 00 Southbridge 82801IB (ICH9) rev. 02	INTEL	HP Version: 786F3 v1.06 01/29/2008	2-x16 1-x8 1-x1	Vista Ultimate SP2 Windows XP Pro SP3 Windows 7
37	MSI (Gen 2) K9N2 Diamond Athlon 64 X2 Dual Core 3600+ 8 GB DDR2	Nvidia Northbridge nForce 780a SLI SPP rev. A2 Southbridge nForce 780 SLi MCP rev. A2	AMD	AMI Version: 2.0 04/10/2008	3- x16 1- x1	Windows 7 Windows XP Pro SP3 Vista Ultimate SP2
38	GIGABYTE (Gen 2) Gigabyte GA-EP45-DS3R/DS3 Intel core 2 Duo CPU E4500 @ 2.20GHz, Socket 775 LGA, Conroe	Intel Northbridge ID2E20 rev. 02 Southbridge ID3A16 rev.00	INTEL	Phoenix Award Version: F4 05/28/2008	2-x16 3-x1	Windows XP Pro SP3
40	AMCC Power PC 460EX Evaluation Kit (up to 1.067 GHz), 512 MB DDR2 SDRAM	AMCC Power PC	AMCC	Software Support: Resource CD, Denx CD	1-x1 1-x4	Embedded Linux
41	FREESCALE MCEVALHPCN- 8641D Power PC 1.0 GHz to 1.5GHz 4GB of RAM	Freescale MPC8641D (dual core) South Bridge: ULI 1575	FREESCALE	Software Support: U-Boot bootloader, CodeWarrior Development Studio v8.8 Rev D Build 80229, Linux BSP, and DINK Debugger	1-x16	GNU/Linux Kernel 2.6.23
42	FREESCALE PPCEVAL-DS-8572B Dual e500 Core Power PC 1.5 GHz	Freescale MPC8572B	FREESCALE	Software Support: U-Boot bootloader, CodeWarrior Studio v8.8 Rev D Build 80229, Linux BSP, and DINK Debugger	2-x16	GNU/Linux Kernel 2.6.23
43	FREESCALE –DS-8536 E500 Core Power PC 1.5 GHz	Freescale MPC8536	FREESCALE	Software Support: U-Boot bootloader, CodeWarrior Studio v8.8 Rev D Build 80229, Linux BSP, and DINK Debugger	3-x16	GNU/Linux Kernel 2.6.23
44	FREESCALE MPC8544DS E500 Core Power PC 1.067 GHz	Freescale MPC8544DS	FREESCALE	Software Support: U-Boot bootloader, CodeWarrior Studio v8.8 Rev D Build 80229, Linux BSP, and DINK Debugger	2-x16	GNU/Linux Kernel 2.6.23
46	AMD (Gen 2) Pufferfish AMD Phenom II X4 910 Processor @ 2600.0 MHz 2 GB DDR3, PC3-10700H 667 MHz	AMD Northbridge ATI ID5A11 rev. 00 Southbridge ATI SB700 rev. 00	AMD	AMI Version: 080014 10/31/2008	2-x16 1-x4	Vista Ultimate SP2 Windows XP Pro SP3
47	CAVIUM NETWORKS EBH Octeon CN5650 NSP Pass 2.1 Core clock: 800 MHz, DDR clock: 399 MHz DRAM: 4096 MB Flash: 8 MB	Cavium Networks CN 5650 processor	Cavium Networks	Cavium Networks U-Boot 1.1.1	1-x1	Fedora Core Linux 8 Fedora Core Linux 10
48	AMD (Gen 2) GUAM Dual Core 804 MHz 3 GB DDR3	AMD Northbridge: RS 880 Southbridge: SB880	AMD	Phoenix Award Version: EGM1006a 10/06/2009	1-x4	Vista Ultimate SP2

7.2 Endpoint Devices and Connectivity Kits

Device Category	Product Manufacturer	Model Name/Number	Product Details	System Interface	Software Drivers and/or Drivers
Graphics adapters	BFG Technology	GeForce 8800 GTX	575 MHz core clock; 900 MHz memory clock; support for both Microsoft® DirectX 10 and DirectX 9; PureVideo™ HD ² technology	PCI Express	ForceWare Release 158 Version: 158.22 Release Date: May 17, 2007
	NVIDIA (Gen 2)	GeForce 8800 GTS Alpha Dog Edition	NVIDIA graphics card PCI Express 2.0 512 DDR3, Order code PV-T88G-YDF4, GF 88000GTS 650M 512MB DDR3 DUAL PCI TV PCI-E, S/N.IXF229432	PCI Express	Driver CD xfx Play Hard version 169.06, s/n door card, DVI adapter, quick install guide, Company of heros cd game pak.
	Kaser	GeForce 6600	NVIDIA CineFX 30 engine; 256 MB ; Duall 400 MHz RAMDACs; OpenGL support	PCI Express	NVIDIA ver N.5.II.I
	Kaser	Radeon x300SE	ATI Radeon (VPU) ; 128 MB system memory; 15 VGA connector; S- Video/composite connector, DVI connector	PCI Express	International Installation CD ver A5.7.1
	PNY Technologies	GeForce 6600	NVIDIA SLI Ready and CineFX 3.0 Engine; 300 MHz core clock, 128-bit DDR memory interface 256 MB DDR; VGA + DVI+HDTV/S-Video Outputs	PCI Express	Verto GDRV-7777
	ATI	Diamond Stealth Radeon X300SE	ATI Radeon; 128 MB /Mo Hypermemory; requires 420 W power supply or higher; Dual monitor Display	PCI Express	ATI Catalyst drivers v 6.0
	NVIDIA	Quadro NVS-280	Microsoft-certified component; integrated component of Dell Precision 670	PCI Express	Nv4-disp.dll Ver 6.14.0010.6127
	NVIDIA	PCI Express 6200	GeForce 6 Series Turbocache	PCI Express	ForceWare Release 80 Ver 84.21
	NVIDIA	Quadro NVS-440	256 DDR3 memory, 4 x DVI-I , 1920x1200; BIOS ver 5.43.02.88.03	PCI Express	Drivers CD ver 81.67
	NVIDIA	Quadro FX 3700	512MB, 256-bit, 112 CUDA processor cores, Dual-link DVI, PCIe 2.0 support, SLI technology	PCI Express	Drivers Release 182 Version: 182.65 Release Date: 05-04-2009
	Matrox	Millenium P650 P65- MDDE128F	128 MB memory	PCI Express	Matrox Parhelia Series & Matrox P- Series
	Matrox	M9125	512 MB memory	PCI Express	Windows XP Driver: 2.08.00.074 SE U WHQL, dated Jun. 5, 2009
	Connect 3D	ATI Radeon X1600 series. C3D 3050	512MB GDDR2+DVI+TV	PCI Express	CD=Connect 3D, Graphics card driver Version 10.4
	ATI	X1950 Pro 256 MB	Dual GPU PCIe x16 Video card with two DVI-I and one S-Video connector outputs. Requires 6-pin external power.	PCI Express	CD 100 180-G01513-100 ATI Catalyst Software
	ATI	ATI Radeon x700 series.	One DVI output and one VGA output; ASIC type RV410 with x16 card edge	PCI Express	Display driver for Windows XP; version 7.8, August 13, 2007

Device Category	Product Manufacturer	Model Name/Number	Product Details	System Interface	Software Drivers and/or Drivers
	ATI (Gen 2)	Diamond Radeon HD 3850 Gen 2 PCIe x16 Video cards AMD/ATI ASIC is RV670	GPU PCIe x16 Video card with two DVI-I and one S-Video connector outputs. Does require a 6 pin external power connecter.	PCI Express	CD version 3.0 p/n.34083, with Quick Start guide., 1 ATI Crossfire cable, 1 s-video to rca out connector adapter, 1 s-video to rca composite video out adapter, 2 DVI to VGA adapters.
	AMD (Gen 2)	Diamond Radeon HD 4870 Gen 2 PCIe x16 video cards	Dirext 10.1, CrosfireX Ready, 512 MB, GDDR5, 2560 x1600 maximum resolution	PCI Express	AMD Catalyst Software Suite version 8.9
	S3 (Gen 2)	Chrome 540GTX 256MB GDDR3 DVI/HDMI	PCIe Gen 2 x16, Chromotion™ Video Engine, DirectX® 10.1, Shader Model 4.1, 1920x1080p HD resolution	PCI Express	Microsoft Certified Driver 6.14.10.0270 April 30, 2009
Ethernet Cards	HP	Broadcom NetXtreme	Gigabit PCI-E	PCI Express	Broadcom NetXtreme Ethernet drivers v 8.1
	Broadcom	BCM5708A0804F long low profile	Single port. 10/100/1000Base-T	PCI Express	Broadcom NetXtreme Ethernet drivers v10.12.01, 3/13/2007
	Broadcom	BCM5751PKFBG	Single port. 10/100/1000Base-T SP #393626-001 Short low profile cards.	PCI Express	Broadcom NetXtreme Ethernet drivers v10.24D, 2/1/2007
	Dlink	DGE-560T	Gigabit PCI-E Ethernet adapter; support 10/100/1000 Mbps transfer rate; low-profile; 256 MB memory	PCI Express	Wired Ver 1.00
	SysKonnect	SK-9E21D SK-9E22	10/100/1000Base-T Adapter; auto-detect, 802.3ab, u, ad, 802.1pq; ACPI 2.0 compatible; up to 133 MHz Bus Speed; PCI 2.3 compliant Dual-port version	PCI Express	Installation CD V 4.33
	Silicom	BCM5714CKPBG	Single-port, x1 lane, Low profile	PCI Express	Installation CD PxGx rev 9.0.5
	Intel	Pro/1000 Dual Port PT	Gigabit copper for servers	PCI Express	Intel Ophir drivers
	Intel	10 Gig XFSR	Dual Port Server Adapter	PCI Express	Intel 10 Gig drivers
	Silicom	Dual-port 10 Gigabit Ethernet (SR)	Intel® 10 Gigabit XF SR Dual Port Server Adapter	PCI Express	Intel 10 Gigabit XF SR Ethernet Version 13, 4/10/2008
	Marvell	VA6800m V1.0	SAS x8 controller	PCI Express	See <u>www.marvell.com</u> website
	Chelsio Communications	B320E	Dual Port 10 GBit Bypass Server Adapter	PCI Express	Microsoft-certified T3 Ndis Function driver, driver date 4/24/2008, version 1.4.19.7
TV Tuner Cards	KWorld	TV Tuner PVR-TV PE210	PCI- Dual Hybrid _ LP; Philip SAA 7162E/G; Dual Analog Card PVR	PCI Express	PCI-E Dual Version F; CD Software Hypermedia KW v1.01; SoundMAX Digital Audio v5.12.1.3620 5/27/2003
	Avermedia	TV Tuner AverTV Combo	NTSC/ATSC Combo Desktop TV	PCI Express	Avermedia Driver Installation XP v2.5; Aver TV AP6 Application ver 6.0.7
HBAs & Storage	Qlogic	QLA-2432	PCI Express Gigabit Fibre channel adapter; using FW 4.00.12	PCI Express	SAN Surfer Management Suite (SMS) ver 2006
Controllers	Emulex	LP1050EX-F2	PCI Express Single Port Fibre Channel adapter	PCI Express	CD- Technical Information and Drivers 04-334 07/2004 FC1061802-00R
	Emulex	LP11002	PCI Express Dual Port Fibre Channel adapter	PCI Express	Windows 2003 Server Driver 5.2.41a1-1b

Device Category	Product Manufacturer	Model Name/Number	Product Details	System Interface	Software Drivers and/or Drivers
	Emulex (Gen 2)	LPE12000	PCI Express Single Port Fibre Channel adapter; 8 Gig/sec FC data rate; 5 Gig/sec at PCIe 2.0 with x4 lanes	PCI Express	Storport Minidriver v. 2.00a12 for Windows Vista FC port driver 2.42a0 for Windows Server 2003
	SIIG	SATA II PCIe RAID	SATA II PCIe RAID adapter ; compliant to PCI-e base spec 1.0a; low-profile; uses Silicon Image SIL 3132	PCI Express	SIIG SATA II PCIe RAID v12.3.1
	LSI Logic	LSI22320 MegaRaid	Ultra-320 SCSI Host Bus Adapter	PCI Express	Driver 1.20.18 for Win XP
	Fusion IO	FS1-001-081-ES-0001	80 GB x4 PCIe RAM Disk Drive; Single Level Cell NAND	PCI Express	Driver 1.2.6.38143 for Windows 64 bit
Connectivity Devices and Kits	DLink	DGS-1008D	8-port gigabit switch; 10/100/1000Mbps switched ports; IEEE 802.3 flow control for full duplex	Not applicable	Not Applicable
	Linksys	EXHUB12S	Stackable Ethernet 100Base TX-12-Port Hub	Not applicable	Not Applicable