SQL SERVER 2019 LICENSING DATASHEET

Editions overview

The SQL Server 2019 editions align with how customers are deploying applications and solutions:

- Enterprise Edition is ideal for applications requiring mission critical in-memory performance, security, and high availability
- Standard Edition delivers fully featured database capabilities for mid-tier applications and data marts

SQL Server 2019 is also available in free Developer and Express editions. Web Edition is offered in the Services Provider License Agreement (SPLA) program only.

SQL Server 2019 licensing models

SQL Server 2019 offers customers a variety of licensing options aligned with how customers typically purchase specific workloads. There are two main licensing models that apply to SQL Server:

PER CORE: Gives customers a more precise measure of computing power and a more consistent licensing metric, regardless of whether solutions are deployed on physical servers on-premises, or in virtual or cloud environments.

- Core based licensing is appropriate when customers are unable to count users/devices, have Internet/Extranet workloads or systems that integrate with external facing workloads.
- To license a physical server—when running SQL Server in a physical OSE—all physical cores on the server must be licensed.
- A minimum of four core licenses are required for each physical processor on the server.

SERVER + CAL: Provides the option to license users and/or devices, with low cost access to incremental SQL Server deployments.

- Each server running SQL Server software requires a server license.
- Each user and/or device accessing a licensed SQL Server requires a SQL Server CAL that is the same version or newer – for example, to access a SQL Server 2012

Standard Edition server, a user would need a SQL Server 2012 or 2019 CAL.

 Each SQL Server CAL allows access to multiple licensed SQL Servers, including Standard Edition and legacy Business Intelligence and Enterprise Edition Servers.

SQL Server 2019 Editions availability by licensing model:

SQL Server 2019	Licensing Options	
Edition	Server + CAL	Per Core
Enterprise		•
Standard	•	•
Developer	Free edition	
Express	Free edition	

Benefits of SQL Server 2019 with SA

Software Assurance coverage helps customers take full advantage of their SQL Server license investment. With SA, SQL Server customers unlock valuable benefits including:

Software Assurance Benefit	SQL Server 2019 Editions	
	Standard	Enterprise
Fail-Over servers for disaster recovery New	•	•
Fail-Over servers for disaster recovery in Azure New	•	•
Fail-Over servers for high availability	•	•
Unlimited virtualization		•
Power BI Report Server		•

By combining mission critical performance, scale and availability of SQL Server Enterprise Edition with the benefits provided through SA, customers unlock the full power of SQL Server:

- Stay current with all SQL Server features
- Access an unlimited number of virtual machines
- Modernize to the cloud with existing licenses

SQL SERVER 2019 LICENSING DATASHEET

- Take advantage of high availability scenarios at no additional licensing cost
- Generate data visualizations on premises with Power BI Report Server

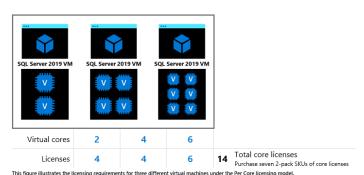
Licensing for virtualization and containers

SQL Server 2019 offers use rights for virtual machines and containers, to provide flexibility for customers' deployments. There are two primary licensing options for virtual machines and containers in SQL Server 2019 – the ability to license individual virtual machines and containers and the ability to license for maximum densities in highly virtualized or high-density container environments.

INDIVIDUAL VIRTUAL MACHINES OR CONTAINERS

As hardware capabilities grow, it continues to be more common for each database to use a fraction of its server's computing power. When deploying databases on Virtual Machines (VMs) or containers that use just a fraction of a physical server, savings can be achieved by licensing individual VMs or containers.

Note: For licensing, Containers follow the same rules as licensing SQL Server for virtual machines.



Sql. Server 2019 VM
Sql. Server 2019 VM
Server licenses
1 1 2 Total server licenses
Client access licenses
1 1 1 3 Total CAL licenses

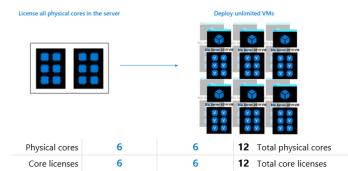
This figure shows an example of licensing virtual machines under the Server+CAL licensing model.

Note: When licensing VMs or containers under the Server + CAL model, the number of virtual or physical cores does not affect the number of server licenses required.

- To license a VM or container with core licenses, purchase a core license for each virtual core (virtual thread) allocated to the VM or the number of cores configured for access by the container (with a minimum of 4 core licenses per VM or container).
- To license a single VM or container with a server license (for Standard Edition only), purchase a server license for each VM or container, and a CAL for each user or device.
- Each licensed VM or container covered with SA can be moved frequently within a server farm, or to a thirdparty hoster or cloud services provider, without the need to purchase additional SQL Server licenses.

HIGH-DENSITY VIRTUALIZATION OR CONTAINER DEPLOYMENT

Further savings can be achieved by licensing SQL Server high density VM or container deployments. This is a great option for customers who want to take advantage of the full computing power of their physical servers and have very dynamic provisioning and de-provisioning of virtual resources or container images.



Shown is an example of licensing a 12-core physical server for unlimited VMs with Enterprise Edition core licenses and SA.

Customers can deploy an unlimited number of VMs or containers on the server and utilize the full capacity of the licensed hardware, by fully licensing the server (or server farm) with Enterprise Edition core licenses and SA coverage based on the total number of physical cores on the servers.

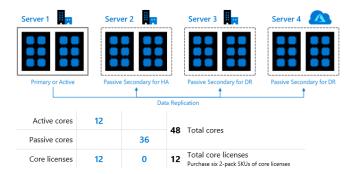
 SA enables the ability to run an unlimited number of virtual machines or containers to handle dynamic workloads and fully utilize the hardware's computing power.

Licensing for high availability and Disaster Recovery

SQL Server software can be configured so that if one server fails, its processing will be picked up, recovered and continued by another server. Each active server licensed with SA coverage allows the installation of a single passive server used for fail-over support.

For each on-prem server with SQL Server 2019 and covered by active SA, customers can use the following passive replicas in anticipation of a failover event:

- One passive fail-over replica for High Availability in a separate server
- One passive fail-over replica for Disaster Recovery in a separate server
- One passive fail-over replica for Disaster Recovery in a single VM on Azure



Licensing for non-production use

SQL Server 2019 Developer Edition provides a fully featured version of SQL Server software—including all the features and capabilities of Enterprise Edition—licensed for development, test and demonstration purposes only.

Customers may install and run the SQL Server Developer

Edition software on any number of devices. This is significant because it allows customers to run the software on multiple devices (for testing purposes, for example) without having to license each non-production server system for SQL Server.

A production environment is defined as an environment that is accessed by end-users of an application (such as an Internet website) and that is used for more than gathering feedback or acceptance testing of that application.

SQL Server 2019 Developer Edition is a free product, available for download at the SQL Server Application Development site: aka.ms/SQLServerAppDev

Developers can also gain access to SQL Server Developer through the Visual Studio Dev Essentials program, which also provides access to many other valuable developer resources. For more information visit: aka.ms/ Visual Studio Dev