

## A DUMP Guide to Dung beetles - Key to the species 'Aphodius'



This key is based on Jessop (1986) with added images, corrections and updates in nomenclature and taxonomy.

1 - Scutellum long, one third to one fifth length of elytral suture	. 2
- Scutellum short, one eighth to one tenth length of elytral suture	5



Long



Short

**2**(1) - Small, length less than 6mm. Elytra black with posterior third red and often an ill-defined red spot at the shoulder. Length 3-6mm, Mar-Sept. Widespread in Eng & Wales, absent Scot. Open habitats

...... Otophorus haemorrhoidalis







- Pronotum with scattered coarse punctures. Elytral intervals without punctures, colour not as above ...... 4





- Narrow, width 2 – 3 mm. Elytral striae wide, as wide as intervals. Elytral intervals strongly convex. Head and pronotum black, elytra dark red to black. Length 6-8 mm, Mar-Sept. Regionally Extinct, once widespread in S. Eng., rare in Wales & Scot. Open habitats ...... Eupleurus subterraneous

NOTE: This species is very rare and has not been recorded for over 50 years. Retain voucher if seen.





5(1) - Large, length 9-13mm. Pronotum with few scattered coarse punctures as well as regularly distributed fine punctures. Colour dark reddish brown to black. Front of head (clypeus) semi-circular. (Only A. luridus & A. depressus have a similar semi-circular head shape). Length 9-13 mm, widespread in UK, often comes to light. 







- Smaller, length 2-9 mm. If as large as 9 mm (e.g. some specimens of A. luridus and A. depressus) then pronotum evenly punctuate and uniformly black or elytra pale brown with dark markings ...... 6

6(5) - Head strongly convex with a transverse ridge in the anterior third, without tubercles (bumps). Anterior threequarters of the head dull and without punctures, posterior one-quarter with a shining, finely punctured band. Front of head black, often with a narrow red margin, antennae yellow. Length 3-5 mm, Apr-July, Sefton Coast 

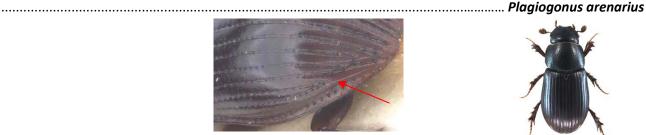
> NOTE: This species is very rare and only found in Ainsdale, Merseyside on sand dunes. If this is where you found it, please retain a voucher specimen for confirmation.





- Not with the above combination of characters ...... 7

**7**(6) - 9<sup>th</sup> elytral interval ridged and joining with the 7<sup>th</sup> interval posteriorly. Head and pronotum black, elytra dark red to black. Length 2-4 mm, Apr-Aug, Local in S Eng. Open habitats (usually sand or chalk soils)





- 9<sup>th</sup> elytral interval not ridged, even if it joins with the 7<sup>th</sup> .....

**8**(7) - Colour black with two sharply defined red spots on each elytra, a large spot near the apex and a much smaller one near the shoulder. Length 3-4 mm, Apr-Jun. Rare in S Eng. Open habitats on well drained soils

......Phalacronthus quadrimaculatus

NOTE: Sometimes confused with well-marked *O. haemorrhoidalis*, see couplet 2.







- First tarsomere of hind leg not strongly widened apically ...... 10



NOTE: This species is very rare in the UK, with recent records from the Channel Islands only. If your beetle looks similar, it could be *Euheptaulacus villosos, E. sus* or *Heptaulacus testudinarius*. Please retain a voucher specimen for confirmation.





- Surface of pronotum without hairs (a fringe of hairs may be present along the lateral sides) ....... 11













Note: *A. pedellus* was split from *A. fimetarius* based on chromosomal analysis and recent morphological characters (see Fery, & Rössner, 2015; Miraldo *et al.*, 2014). The above character works well, but requires close examination.





15(14) - Pronotum all the same colour - not at all lighter laterally	
- Pronotum lighter laterally	18
16(15) - Sides of head sinuous, scarcely angled in front of the eye. Front of head (clypeus) sinuate (a at front). Head often with small tubercles (bumps) Punctures on pronotum irregularly scatt sternites black. Elytra lacking discrete markings, colour light yellow brown, often with darke sides but all black forms exist. Length 5-8 mm, Apr-Aug. Widespread in UK. Open habitats edurained soils	ered. Abdominal er patches at the specially on well
- Sides of head strongly angled in front of the eye. Front of head (clypeus) semi-circular. Head (bumps). Punctures on pronotum evenly distributed	_
(Sumps). Functures on pronoton evenly distributed	17
<ul> <li>17(16) - Elytral intervals matt with sparse hairs on the apical third. Elytra pale or mid brown, with d markings, sometimes all black. Disc of pronotum densely covered with coarse and fine punched the punched soils</li></ul>	ctures. abitats, especially Acrossus luridus ronotum finely habitats
luridus	depressus
18(15) - Elytra with large patches of darker colour or first interval darker than remaining intervals.	Often giving the
appearance of a V shape lighter area pointing towards the posterior	19
- Elytra with dark colour present as discrete dashes on elytral intervals. First interval not dark intervals	

19(18) - Elytra with hairs, mostly in the posterior half	20
- Elytra without hairs, even at high magnification	23
<b>Note:</b> This couplet from Jessop should be used with caution. It works well for males but not some females, since these have micro hairs only. Careful examination is required.	
20(19) - Elytra with 8 <sup>th</sup> stria continuing almost to the base where it almost joins the 7 <sup>th</sup> stria as a series of	
punctures	21
- Elytra with 8 <sup>th</sup> stria ending abruptly, at least 1.5 scutellum lengths from the base with a few punctures	
towards the base only	22
21	
<b>21</b> (20) - Posterior margin of pronotum yellow. Length 4-6 mm, Sept-May (Autumn to Spring). Widespread in UK.	
All habitats	atus
- Posterior margin of pronotum black. Length 4-6 mm, Sept-May (Autumn to Spring). Rare, Kent only. Oper	
habitats	ıtus
NOTE: This species is very rare in the UK, with records from Kent only. Please retain a voucher specimen for confirmation.  **sphacelatus**  *punctatosulcatus**	
22(20) - Clypeus with a yellow spot well separated from each side and with fine evenly distributed punctures. Apic spur of front tibia in male pointed. Length 3-6 mm, Sept-May (Autumn to Spring). Local in S Eng. Open habitats, especially well drained soils	u <b>tus</b> d in ead
in UK. All habitats	mus

23(19) - Pronotum with a broad yellow margin at the base and sides. Scutellum constricted in the basal half. Maxillary palps light brown. Length 3-6 mm, May-Sept. Widespread but very local in Eng. Open habitats, 





24(23) - Legs, abdominal sternites, antennae and maxillary palps black or dark brown although the tip of the palps may be lighter. Head black, pronotum black with pale anterior-lateral margin, elytra orange with a dark sutural line (middle). Length 4-5 mm, Apr-Jun. Widespread but local in UK. Open habitats

...... Esymus merdarius



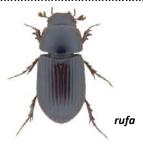
25(24) - Smaller, length 3-6 mm. Head brown, pronotum dark with a broad pale lateral margin, elytra pale orange with a dark sutural line (middle). Length 3-6 mm, Jun-Sept. Widespread but local in UK. Open habitats Bodiloides ictericus



26. (25) - Apex of elytra dull, duller than the rest of the elytra and without punctures. Colour pale brown, occasionally with four discrete dashes. Length 5-8 mm, Jun-Sept. Widespread but very local in UK. Open habitats

- Apex of elytra shinning and with fine punctures. Colour variable, from pale to dark brown, almost black. 





- Elytra lacking hairs, or at most with small hairs on apical third. Front angles of clypeus lacking long hairs .. 29









29

28









- Sides of the head near eyes project laterally. Clypeus with coarse punctures and a rough surface ............... 30





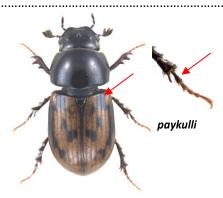


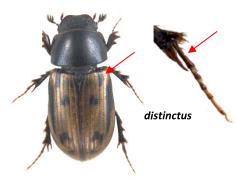




- Dark pattern on elytra includes base of 5<sup>th</sup> interval only and pattern generally less extensive. Basal tarsomere of middle leg longer, as long as the next three segments together. Length 3-6 mm, Sept-Apr (Autumn to Spring). Widespread but local in UK. Open habitats, especially well-drained soils (e.g. sand)

...... Chilothorax distinctus



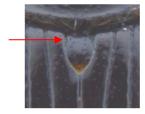


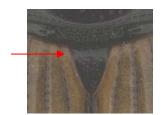
	<ul> <li>Large size, length 6-9 mm. Sides of head angled in front of the - Smaller, if as long as 6 mm then either sides of the head not s sinuous in front</li> </ul>	strongly angled in front of th	e eyes and clypeus
<b>34</b> (33)	sindous in Front	pical third. Elytra black, occa fine punctures. Length 6-9 n en habitats, especially well-o	asionally with paler nm, Apr-Jun. drained soils (see
	- Elytral intervals in apical third shining and hairless. Elytra blace finely and evenly punctured. Length 6-9 mm, May-Oct. Wides (see also couplet 17)	pread in UK, scarce in SE Eng	g. Open habitats
	luridus		depressus
<b>35</b> (33)	3) - Clypeus with obtuse anterior angles		36
	- Clypeus with anterior angles rounded		37
	s) - Pronotum black, lighter anteriorly and laterally and densely of striae with a row of punctures on each side. Length 4-6 mm, Joans absent Scot. Woodland habitats	un-Sept. Widespread in Eng, th faint red anterolateral ma th a transverse ridge. Length odland and scrub habitats	, local in Wales, <i>Limarus zenkeri</i> irkings. Elytral
	zenkeri		nemoralis





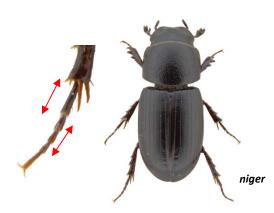


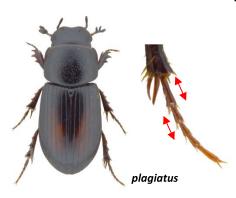




- First tarsomere on hind legs short, as long as the next two segments together. Elytral striae less strongly punctured. Colour all black, with a slight metallic sheen, sometimes with reddish mark on elytra. Length 4-5 mm, Apr-Jun. Widespread in UK, associated with pool edge debris on coastal dunes & saltmarshes

......Liothorax plagiatus







ater



borealis





 44(43) - Antennae and maxillary palps light brown. Colour variable, from pale to dark brown, almost black. 

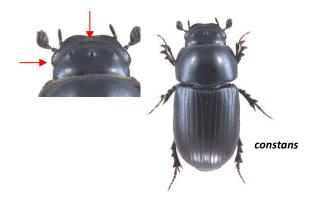






46(45) - Head with distinct angled protrusion near eye. Head with three distinct tubercles and a distinct ridge in front. Pronotum black, rarely with faint red markings anterolaterally. Elytral striae narrow. Elytra black to dark red, rarely paler apically. Length 5-6 mm, Mar-May. Widespread but local in UK. Open habitats 

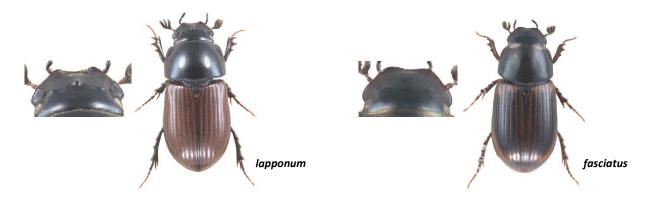
- Head near eye rounded, barely protruding. Head lacking distinct tubercles and ridge. Pronotum black with faint red markings anterolaterally. Elytral striae broad. Elytra black to dark red but usually paler apically. Length 3-5mm, Apr-Jun. Widespread in UK. All habitats ...... Esymus pusillus





**47**(45) - Clypeus with anterior margin broadly sinuate with obtuse angles. Head black, with three dorsal tubercles. Pronotum black, sometimes with anterolateral yellow markings. Elytra dark red to black. Length 4-6 mm, May-Aug. Widespread in N Eng, Wales & Scot. Open upland habitats

...... Agoliinus lapponum



## References

- Jessop, L. 1986. *Dung beetles and chafers Coleoptera: Scarabaeoidea*. Handbooks for the Identification of British Insects, **5**(11) Royal Entomological Society of London.
- Fery, H., & Rössner, E. 2015. Notes on the Aphodius (s. str.) fimetarius-complex–morphology, taxonomy, nomenclature and worldwide distribution (with emphasis on the Iberian Peninsula, Austria and Germany) (Scarabaeoidea: Scarabaeidae: Aphodiinae). Linzer biologische Beiträge, **47**(1), 459-489
- Miraldo, A., Krell, F.T., Smalen, M., Angus, R.B., & Roslin, T. 2014. Making the cryptic visible—resolving the species complex of *Aphodius fimetarius* (Linnaeus) and *Aphodius pedellus* (de Geer) (Coleoptera: Scarabaeidae) by three complementary methods. *Systematic Entomology*, **39**(3) 531-547.

## Acknowledgements

Many thanks to Katherine Child for assistance with imaging and to the many people who have contributed constructive comments.