Teachers' answer sheet

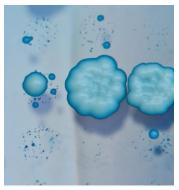
USEFUL



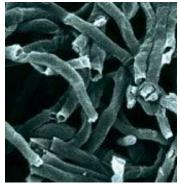
Agaricus bisporus
Common mushroom.
Edible. Chestnut,
button, white and
portobello
mushrooms are all the
same species at
different growth
stages.



Aspergillus flavus
Itaconic acid from Aspergillus fungi is used to make LegoTM, synthetic rubber and plastic car parts.



Saccharomyces cerevisiae
Brewer's yeast.
This is one of the species of fungi that is used in the fermentation process of beermaking.



Fusarium
venenatum
This fungi is high
in protein and is
used in Quorn™'s
meat substitute
products.



Penicillium sp.
Some Penicillium
fungi produce
penicillin, a molecule
that is used as an
antibiotic.



Mycorrhizal fungi
These fungi help
plant roots to absorb
water and nutrients
and get a source of
carbohydrates from
the plant.

Teachers' answer sheet

HARMFUL



Hymenoscyphus fraxineus
A fungal pathogen which affects ash trees, causing "ash dieback"



Candida albicans This yeast is found naturally in the human body, but can also cause human disease.



Cordyceps sp.

Parasitic fungus that infects the muscles of the host, forcing the insect to move to a particular place (often high up a tree, or into water) so that when the fruiting body bursts out of the insect's body, the spores are scattered as far as possible.

One benefit of the *Cordyceps* species is that they prevent any one species of insect from becoming too dominant.



Amanita phalloides
Deathcap.
Causes the majority of
fatal mushroom
poisonings worldwide.



