



**Northeast Asia Petroleum Forum 2009** 

# Overview of Current Japanese Oil Industry and Important Issues in NE Asia

Akihiko Tembo
President of Petroleum Association of Japan
Chairman and Representative Director
Idemitsu Kosan Co., Ltd.



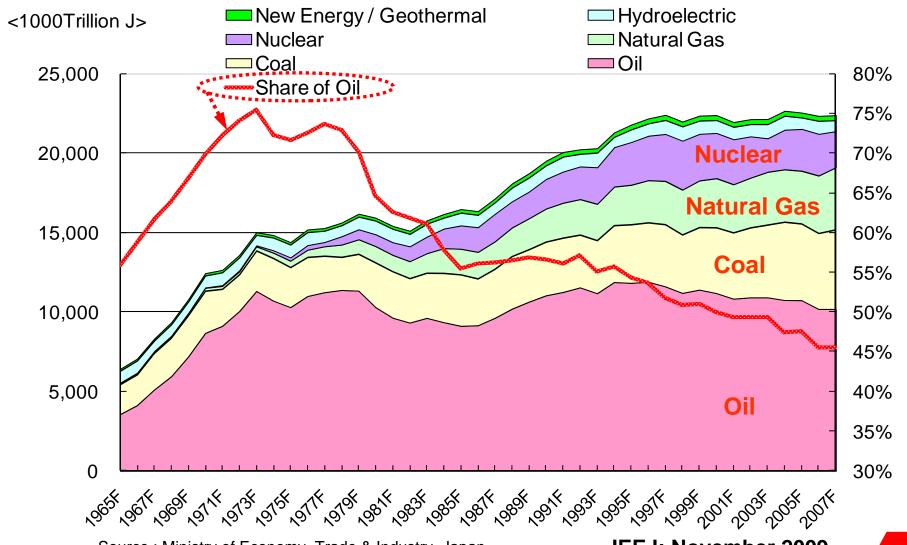
- 1. Energy Demand & Supply in Japan
- 2. Refining Capacity increase in Asia Pacific Middle East
- 3. Japanese Approaches
- 4. Final Comments "Important Issues in NE Asia"



# **Diversify of Primary Energy Supply in Japan**



- ✓ Primary energy supply diversified through the experience of 1<sup>st</sup> & 2<sup>nd</sup> oil crisis.
- ✓ Dependence to oil sharply dropped from 76% in early 70's to 45% in 2007.

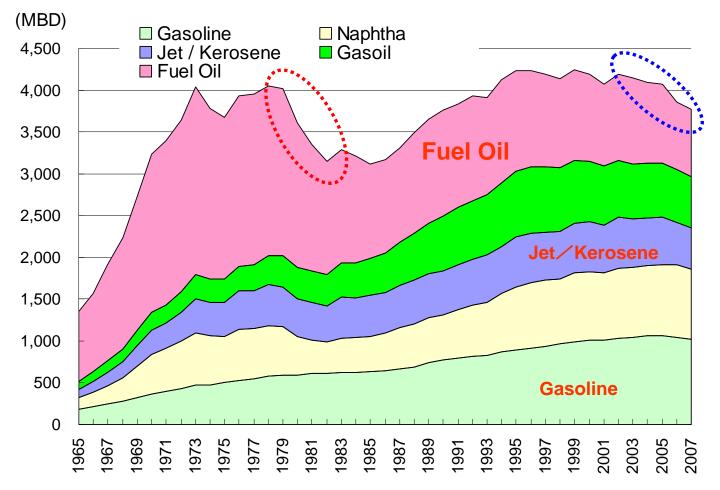




# Trend of Petroleum Demand in Japan



- ✓ Japanese petroleum demand peaked out in 2003, and keep declining.
- ✓ Efficiency improvement & fuel switching in Industrial sector decrease fuel oil demand.



Source: Ministry of Economy, Trade & Industry, Japan

IEEJ: November 2009

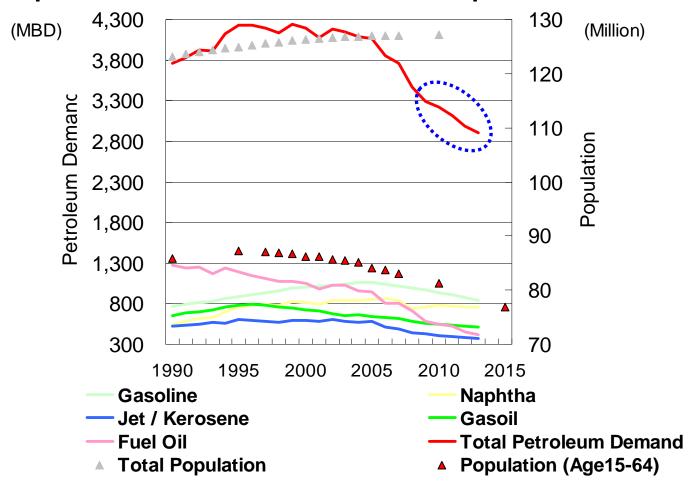


### **Japanese Petroleum Demand Outlook**



✓ Japanese petroleum demand will sharply drop 570 thousand b/d by 2013, in line with population decrease and further improvement of energy efficiency.

#### Japanese Petroleum Demand and Population Growth



Source: Ministry of Economy, Trade & Industry, Japan

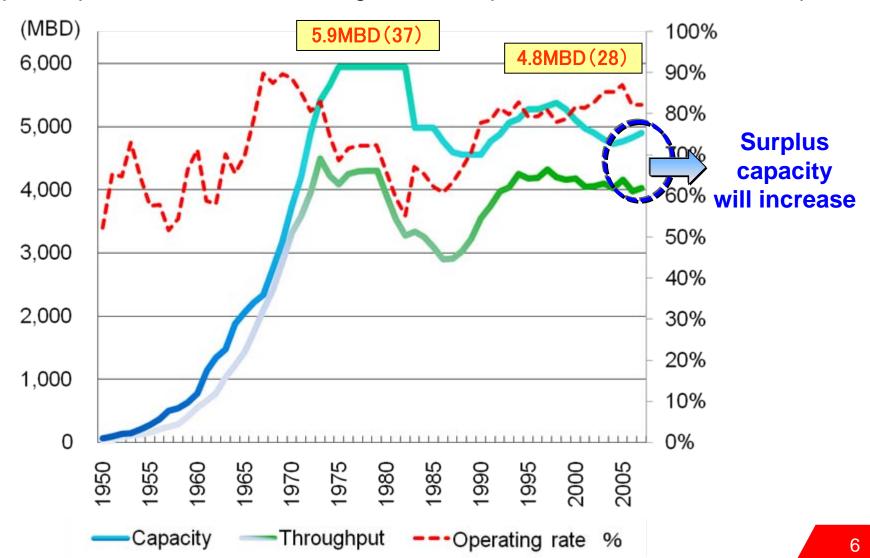
Ministry of Internal Affairs and Communications, Japan



## Refinery Capacity and Throughput in Japan



- ✓ Japanese oil companies increased their refineries until mid 1970's, under Japanese government's "Consuming Area Refining" policy .
- ✓ Surplus capacities have been causing downward pressure to domestic market price.

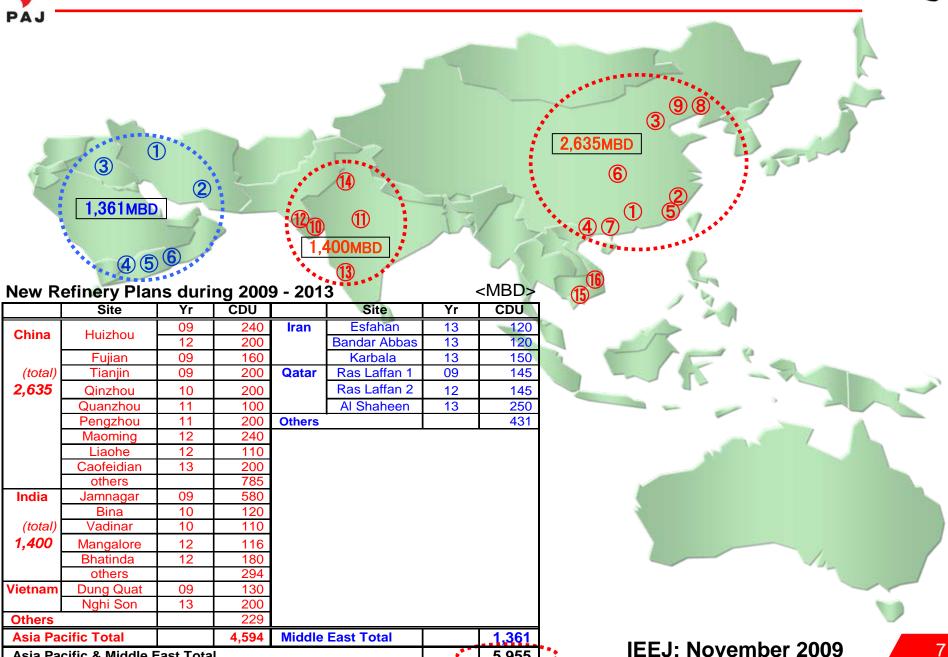




**Asia Pacific & Middle East Total** 

#### **New Refineries in Asia Pacific & Middle East**





5,955

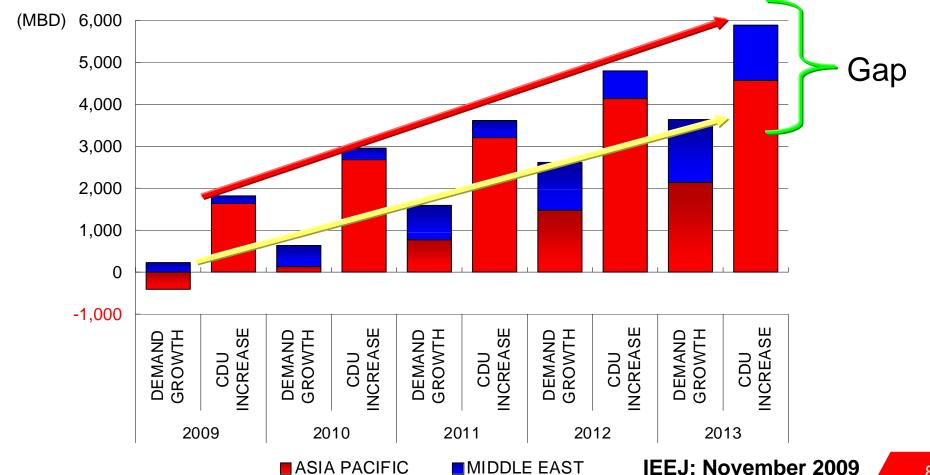


### Refining capacity increase and demand growth



✓ Oil demand in Asia Pacific & Middle East will steadily grow. However, as huge refining capacity addition will exceed demand growth, excess capacity will be increased by 2.3 million b/d in 2013.

✓ Thus, product market will be under pressure of ample supply from those new refineries.





# Japanese Approaches



Japanese refiners are taking measures to strengthen their competitiveness among International market.

- A) Integrated operation of Refining & Petrochemical Complexes
- **B) Expansion of Product export**
- C) Reorganization and Rationalization
- **D) Environmental Measures**

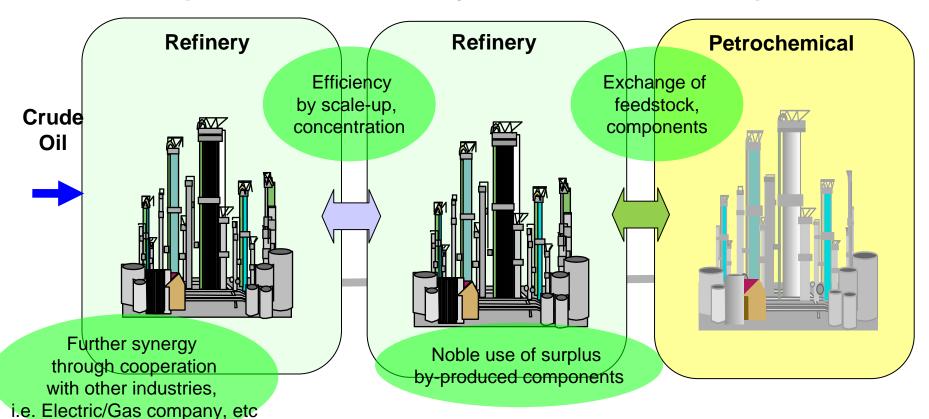


# A) Integrated operation of Petrochemical Complexes & &



✓ Japanese Refineries has started to cooperate "Over the fence" (i.e., "between companies", or "between refineries and petrochemical sites), to achieve further efficiency by generating synergy with nearby plant.

#### **Total Optimization of Refinery & Petrochemical Complexes**

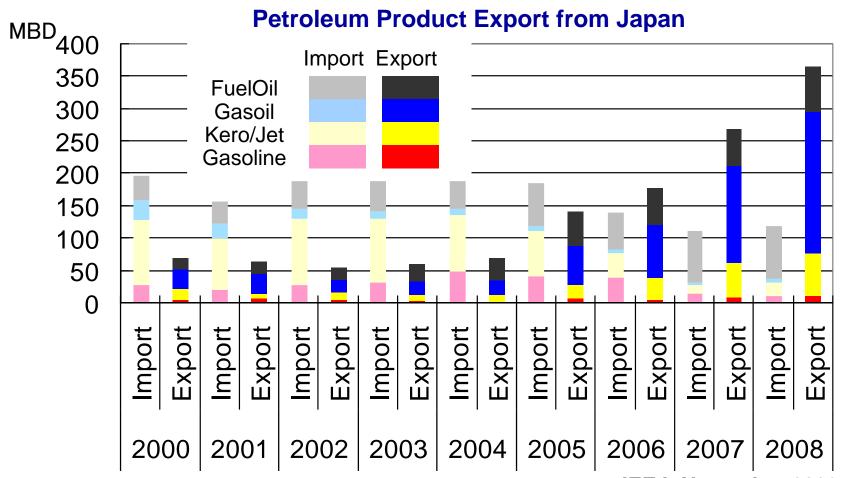




# **B) Expansion of Product Export**



- ✓ Japanese refining companies expand product export from 2005, in line with peak out of domestic oil demand.
- ✓ Product export in 2008 contribute to utilize 8% of total refining capacities.

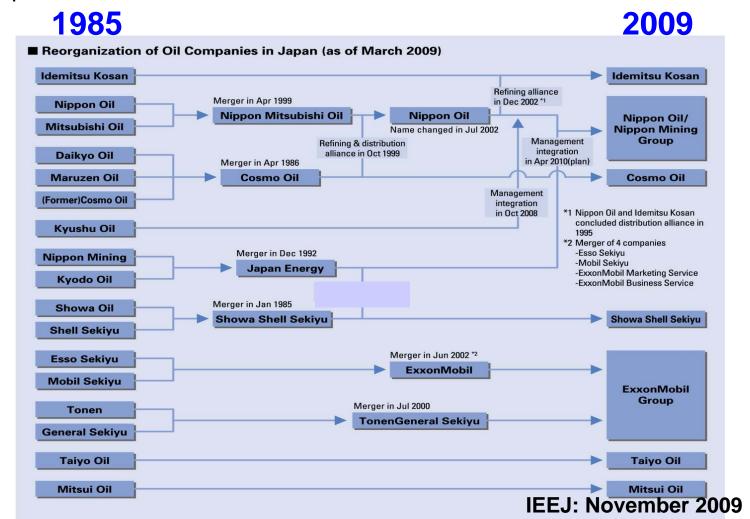




# C) Reorganization and Rationalization



- ✓ Realignment of domestic refineries and oil distributors was accelerated after 1996 when deregulation of Petroleum product import restriction was introduced.
- ✓ During the transition period, restructuring of refineries, storage terminals and petrol station was carried out.





# D) Environmental Measures



- ✓ Simultaneous pursuit of Environmental protection, Energy security and Economic growth ("3E") should be the basic principle.
- Improvement of energy efficiency, development of technology and international cooperation shall be key elements.

#### Japanese Oil Companies Actions over Climate Change

#### **Efficient Operation**

- Improvement of Energy Efficiency
- (= Reduction of CO<sub>2</sub> Emission in Refineries)
  - "Over the fence collaboration with neighbor factories
  - Efficient transport of oil products

#### International Contribution

International cooperation
 ex. Energy conservation project
 New Energy project (DME, etc)
 CDM project

# Efficient Consumption (High quality oil products & equipments)

- Contribution to Transport sec. ex. Bio-Fuel, Sulfur-free fuel
- Commercial & Residential sec.
   ex. Petroleum Cogeneration System

#### For the Future

R & D on Low carbon energy

ex. Fuel Cell Solar Power Wind Power, CCS

**IEEJ: November 2009** 



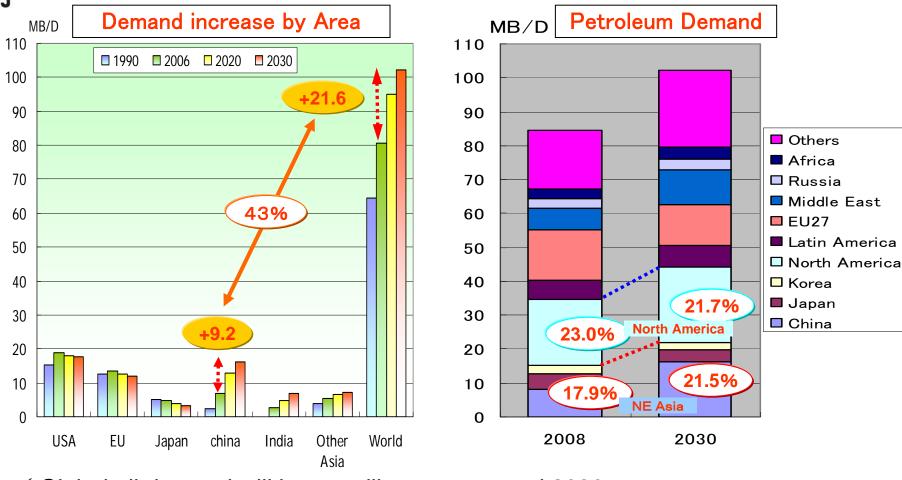


# Important Issues in Northeast Asia



#### **World Oil Demand Outlook**



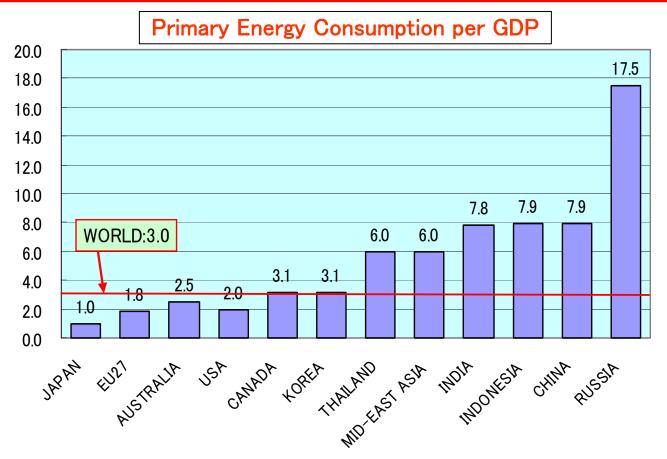


- ✓ Global oil demand will be steadily grown toward 2030.
- ✓ Asia Pacific will be driver of global demand growth. China will account for 43% of total demand growth.
- ✓ Asian country's crude oil import requirement will rapidly increase, while regional crude oil production remain stable.



# **Energy Efficiency**





- ✓ It is important to reduce global energy consumption by practical use of technology of advanced energy efficient countries.
- ✓ The method of sectoral approach is effective to improve energy-saving measures by best practicing of technologies, with easy comparison among industries in each country.



# Important issues in NE Asia



## Requirement for cooperation in NE Asian countries.

- ✓ Saving resources by further improving energy efficiency
  - Noble use of resource and reduction of environmental effect.
  - Equitable measure for each country by sectoral approach.
- ✓ Securing stable crude supply from producing countries
  - Import requirement will rapidly increase in Northeast Asia.
  - Strengthening ties by technical cooperation, partnership.
- ✓ Efficient use of refining capacity in Northeast Asia
  - Enhancing regional product trade to meet growing demand and utilize existing refineries.
- ✓ Strengthening oversee of speculative funds to future market
  - Restrict the inflow of excessive speculative funds to stabilize crude oil price.



# Important issues in NE Asia



- Energy issues are closely linked with regional economy. Regional ties and cooperate solution among Northeast Asia countries will be more efficient and required.
- ✓ It is important to encourage dialogue between key Northeast countries to discuss the issues shared by regional oil industry.

# Thank you for your attention

Contact: report@tky.ieej.or.jp