



EPIDENDRUM AMAZONICORIFOLIUM Hágster
THE GENUS EPIDENDRUM PART 3

Plate 409
ICONES ORCHIDACEARUM 4. 2001

EPIDENDRUM AMAZONICORIIFOLIUM Hágster, sp. nov.

Type: VENEZUELA: Bolívar: Caroní, Cerro Acopán, 1600 m, Octubre 1947, F. Cardona 2324. Holotype: US! (illustration voucher). Isotypes: NY! P!

Epidendro allochroño Hágster similare sed foliis 3-4(6) angustioribus, bracteis multo longioribus et acutis, apice acuto ad rhachim parallelo, petalis linear-lanceolatis uninervatis recedens.

Hierba epífita, cespitoso, 25-65 cm de alto. **Raíces** basales, carnosas, gruesas, 3 mm de grosor. **Tallos** sencillos, tipo caña, rectos, lateralmente comprimidos, 8-41 X 0.7-1.2 cm. **Hojas** 3-4[6], disticas, distribuidas en la mitad apical del tallo, subcoriáceas; vainas tubulares, lateralmente comprimidas, ancipitonas, estriadas, 1.5-7.5 cm de largo; lámina articulada, angostamente oblonga, ápice desigualmente bilobado, margen entero algo revoluto, lisa, verdes, (9)15-28 x 1.5-2.8 cm. **Espata** ausente. **Inflorescencia** apical, del tallo maduro, florece una sola vez, racemosa (excepcionalmente ramificada), distica, erecta, flexuosa, ca. 13-35 cm de largo (se desarrolla progresivamente); raquis lateralmente comprimido, ancipitoso, no ornamentado; brácteas del pedúnculo hasta 7, semejantes a las florales pero mucho más largas, casi paralelas al pedúnculo, imbricadas, conduplicadas, 25-81 x 5-8 mm. **Brácteas florales** mucho más largas que el ovario, conduplicadas, ovadas, agudas, 18-43 mm de largo; se desarrollan progresivamente, después de antesis son extendidas, no imbricadas. **Flores** hasta 20, sucesivas, no resupinadas, desarrollándose y abiertas una o dos a la vez, verdes, fragancia no registrada. **Ovario** grueso, terete, no ornamentado, 20-22 mm de largo. **Sépalos** entreabiertos a más o menos extendidos, libres, quilla dorsal prominente en los laterales, glabros, coriáceos, elípticos, aristados, margen extendido, 5-7 nervados, 18-22 x 5-7.5; el **dorsal** reflexo; los **laterales** más anchos que el dorsal. **Pétalos** libres o plegados a los sépalos laterales, linear-lanceolados, agudos, margen extendido, 1-nervados, 17-18 x 1.5-2 mm. **Labelo** unido a la columna, obreniforme, emarginado y mucronado, margen entero a finamente eroso, 10-14 x 13-20 mm; ecalloso; carinado, la carina gruesa y roma formando el mucrón grueso. **Columna** recta, gruesa, 10-14 mm de largo. **Clinandrio** reducido, entero. **Antera** ovoide, aguda, con una quilla roma al frente, 4-locular. **Polinios** 4, obovoides, lateralmente comprimidos, subiguales; caudículas suaves y granulosas, más largas que los polinios. **Rostelo** subapical, hendido. **Lóbulos laterales del estigma** 1/4 del largo de la cavidad estigmática. **Cápsula** elíptica, 48 x 28 mm, pedicelos y cuello reducidos.

Epiphytic, caespitose herb. Stems simple, laterally compressed, ancipitose, erect. Leaves 3-4[6], distichous, narrowly oblong, apex unequally bilobed, subcoriaceous, green. Inflorescence apical from mature growth, racemose (exceptionally 1-branched), distichous, erect, flexuose; rachis laterally compressed, ancipitose. Floral bracts much longer than the ovary, conduplicate, acute, not imbricated, except for the basal bracts which are much longer and imbricating. Flowers up to 20, successive, developing and open one or two at a time, green. Ovary thick, terete, no ornamented, 20-22 mm of length. Sepals elliptic, aristate, dorsally keeled, 5-7-veined. Petals linear-lanceolate, acute, free or adnate to lateral sepals, 1-veined. Lip obreniform, emarginate-mucronate, margin entire to finely erose; ecallose. Column straight. Clinandrium reduced. Anther ovoid, acute, 4-celled, with a low keel in front. Rostellum slit. Capsule ellipsoid, with reduced pedicel and neck.

OTHER SPECIMENS: BOLIVIA: Bang s.n, NY! FRENCH GUYANA: Berg 6609 CAY! GUYANA: Cardona 2324 NY! Christenson 1939 BRG! US Kelloff 1356 BRG! Maguire 35381 N! Renz 14100 Herb. Renz! PERU: Vargas 5542 AMES! CUZ! Killip 24618 AMES! US! Schunke 1291, 1884 F! VENEZUELA: Steyermark 106006 AMES! NY! Dunsterville 403 K! Cardona 2048 US! Ibid. 2324 P! US! Pannici 1915 AMES! Phelps s.n, NY! Steyermark 364 NY! Ibid. 1199 AMES! NY! Ibid. 60223 AMES! Ibid. 75081 AMES! Ibid. 88042 AMES! Ibid. 92285 AMES! NY! F! K! Ibid. 104267 AMES! Tate 1226 NY! Renz 8685, 9568 Herb. Renz!

OTHER RECORDS: PERU: Bennett 6561, illustration, xerox, AMO!



DISTRIBUTION AND ECOLOGY: Widespread around the upper reaches of the Amazon Basin from the French Guyana to Bolivia, in cloud forests, elfin forests, and other wet forests, epiphytic or terrestrial, 950-1950 m altitude (reported at 300 m in French Guyana in Kaeiteur Falls National Park). Flowering throughout the year.

RECOGNITION: *Epidendrum amazonicorifolium* is distinguished by caespitose growth, stems with 3-4[6] coriaceous, strap-like leaves, the erect, distichous, ancipitose inflorescence with open, long acute floral bracts, the apex pointed parallel to the rachis, successive flowers, produced 1-2 at a time, and 1-veined, linear-lanceolate petals. It is closely related to *Epidendrum villotae* Hágster & Dodson from the Pacific lowlands of Colombia and Ecuador, which can be distinguished by the 3-veined, oblanceolate petals and wider leaves. *Epidendrum coriifolium* Lindl., with semiterete, thick leaves is endemic to Costa Rica and northern Panama. *Epidendrum allochronum* Hágster has 2-3(4) leaves which are wider (1.9-3.2 cm), and the floral bracts are rounded and extended, the apex not pointing inwards. *Epidendrum imitans* Schltr. from the eastern slope of the Andes in Central Ecuador has closely imbricating floral bracts with the apex rounded, several flowers flowering simultaneously, linear petals and a subtriangular lip.

CONSERVATION STATUS: DD. The species is widespread.

ETYMOLOGY: In reference to the Amazon basin where the species is widespread along the upper reaches, and *E. coriifolium*.