



Financial report



C ontents

General information on AGF and its capital structure	2
Administrative bodies	11
Board of directors – Managing Directors	13
Report of the Board of Directors to the General Meeting of Shareholders of 25 May 2004	22
Report of the Chairman pursuant to article L 225-37 of the Commercial Code	42
Report of the statutory Auditors	63
Consolidated financial statements	64
Annex to the consolidated financial statements	67
Notes on the consolidated balance sheet	91
Notes on the consolidated profit and loss statement	125
Report of statutory auditors on the consolidated financial statements	191
Statutory financial statements	193
Annex to statutory financial statements	195
Notes on the statutory balance sheet	198
Notes on the statutory profit and loss statement	204
Treasury shares at 31 December 2003	208
Subsidiaries and investments	209
Report of the statutory auditors on the annual financial statements	210
Schedule of securities held by the company at 31 December 2003	211
Five year financial summary	212
Special report of the statutory auditors on certain related-party transactions	213
Agenda of combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on 25 May 2004	215
Statement of responsibility for shelf registration document, financial information and audits	221
Report of the statutory auditors on the shelf registration document	222
Statutory auditors' fees	224
Appendices: Sustainable development	225
Independent verification statement on information relating to sustainable development	233
Table of contents for the shelf registration document	234

● **AGF Group Activities Report**
(companion document)



General information on AGF and its capital structure

1 – General information on the company

Name and corporate headquarters

Name: "Assurances Générales de France", also known as "AGF" ("the Company").
 Headquarters: 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 Paris.

Legal structure and legislation applicable to the Company

Assurances Générales de France is a French limited insurance company with a board of directors governed by provisions I through IV of book II of the legislative portion of the commercial code and the provisions of decree N°67-236 of 23 March 1967, by other provisions of legislation and regulations in effect as well as by corporate by-laws.

Incorporation of the Company

Assurances Générales de France was founded under law n° 73-8 of 4 January 1973 for a period of 99 years, starting 31 August 1973 and ending 30 August 2072.

Company purpose

Pursuant to article 5 of the by-laws, "The purpose of the Company both in and outside France is as follows:

- to acquire stakes in all forms, but particularly through subscriptions to share issues, acquisitions, or transfers of assets, in any and all companies, partnerships or enterprises, either existing or to be created, irrespective of their legal structure or purposes, in the insurance industry or in any other sector, and to manage or dispose of such stakes;
- to acquire, manage or sell any and all funds and securities, whether publicly quoted or not, as well as properties and property rights, and to transact any and all cash operations;
- and more generally, to carry out any and all industrial, civil, commercial, financial, market or other operations directly or indirectly related to the purposes set forth above and any related or similar purposes."

Business registration

The Company is registered under n° 303 265 128 RCS Paris. Code APE: 741 J.

Consultation of legal documents relating to the Company

General secretariat (*Secrétariat Général*) of the AGF Group - 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 Paris.

Fiscal year

From 1 January through 31 December.

Statutory distribution of profits

The profit and loss statement summarises income and expenses for the fiscal year, following deduction of amortisations and provisions through the process of offsetting such income and expenses against each other. Distributable profits comprise profits for the fiscal year, less prior year losses, as well as amounts to be placed in reserves subject to the law and by-laws, increased by retained earnings.

The General Meeting of Shareholders votes on the distribution of profits, based upon the recommendation of the Company's Board of Directors. Retained earnings or the amount to be distributed may be booked to one or more items, which are under shareholder control and subject to distribution or use, as shareholders deem appropriate. After recognising reserves, the General Meeting of Shareholders may vote to distribute amounts, which are then withdrawn from reserves. In each case, their decision shall expressly indicate the reserve line items to be used in said distribution.

General Meetings of Shareholders, voting rights and thresholds

Meetings of shareholders are called and held under the terms and conditions established by the law of 15 May 2001 relative to New Economic Regulations, known as "the NRE". All shareholders may participate in meetings either personally or through proxies. In all cases, the participation of all shareholders in general meetings is possible as soon as the shareholders' name has been registered with the Company at least 5 days prior to the meeting, or in the case of bearer shares, if a certificate affirming their lack of availability (*certificat de l'intermédiaire habilité*) up to the date of the meeting is filed within the same period at corporate headquarters or any other location indicated in the notice of the meeting of shareholders. In such cases, shareholders may be admitted upon proof of identity. The Board of Directors may eliminate or shorten this time period by enacting a measure that benefits all shareholders alike.

Voting by correspondence shall occur according to the terms and conditions established under applicable laws and regulations based on article 21 of the by-laws permitting the Board of Directors to avail itself, as it deems appropriate, of the use of electronic technology.

The corporate by-laws do not provide for double voting rights.

Any shareholder who directly or indirectly comes to own a number of shares that crosses a threshold equal to each fraction of 1% of share capital or voting rights is required to notify the Company of his or her total ownership within five trading days of the event. Such notification shall occur by registered letter with proof of receipt and be sent to the attention of the General Secretariat at corporate headquarters. In the event of failure to file said notification, one or more shareholders of a fraction of share capital equal to at least 1% may request that shares exceeding the threshold and subject to filing be denied their associated voting rights under the terms, conditions, and limitations established by law.

2 – Share capital of the AGF Group

Conditions in the Company by-laws in respect of changes in share capital and the respective rights of various categories of shares, to the extent that they are more restrictive than the provisions of law: None.

Amount and form of share capital

At 31 December 2003, the Company's share capital totalled 860 602 016.60 euros, divided into 188 172 639 fully paid-up shares.

These shares can be registered or bearer shares and may be sold at the discretion of shareholders, without any limitations and all of similar category.

The Company has the possibility to identify the shareholders by using a system that makes it possible to obtain the list of bearer shareholders from depository banks by going through Euroclear France.

Authorisations given to the Board of Directors to increase share capital

By virtue of delegations given by the Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 26 May 2003, the Board of Directors may in certain cases have the right to increase share capital and or to issue marketable securities as cited below on financial markets in France and abroad. When shares without preferential subscription rights are issued, the shareholders may in certain cases dispose of a priority subscription period under terms and conditions established by the Board of Directors, with only those unsubscribed shares being offered to the public in France or abroad.

By delegation of the Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meetings of 4 June 1999 and 5 June 2001, the Board of Directors may increase share capital over a period not to exceed 5 years and by a maximum of 5% of share capital for the benefit of Company employees who are members of a corporate savings plan and may also grant options to corporate officers and Company employees giving rights to subscribe to new or existing shares deriving from buy-backs over a period not to exceed 38 months and in an amount not to exceed 3 106 500 shares.

Authorisation given by the General Meeting of Shareholders

	Term of authorisation	Millions of euros
Issue of marketable securities with preferential subscription rights	26 July 2005	650*
		1,500**
Issue of marketable securities without preferential subscription rights	26 July 2005	650*
		1,500**
Capitalisation of reserves, profits, paid-in capital	26 July 2005	650*
Share capital increase in respect of exchange offer	26 July 2005	650*
		1,500**
Stock purchase or subscription rights to corporate officers and employees	5 August 2004***	31*
Share capital increase for employee members of a corporate savings plan	4 June 2004****	

* Maximum amount of share capital increase.

**Maximum amount of bond issue

***The renewal of this resolution will be submitted to the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 25 May 2004.

****The renewal of this resolution will be submitted to the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 25 May 2004.

Securities not representative of share capital

None.

Securities giving access to share capital

- Pursuant to the authorisation given by the General Meeting of Shareholders of 30 May 1994, on 19 December 1996, the Board of Directors granted corporate officers and certain employees 794 150 options for purchasing newly issued shares, increased in 2002 to 798 993 due to an adjustment to the number and price of options granted and unexercised at 14 May 2002, resulting from the distribution of reserves approved on that date. 537 318 of these options had been exercised at 31 December 2003.
- Pursuant to the authorisation given by the General Meeting of Shareholders of 28 May 1997, on 17 September 1997, the Board of Directors granted corporate officers and certain employees 734 500 options for purchasing newly issued shares, increased in 2002 to 749 436 due to an adjustment to the number and price of options granted and unexercised at 14 May 2002, resulting from the distribution of reserves approved on that date. 694 029 of these options had been exercised at 31 December 2003.
- Pursuant to the authorisation given by the General Meeting of Shareholders of 3 June 1998, on 18 September 1998, the Board of Directors granted corporate officers and certain employees 959 000 options for purchasing newly issued shares, increased in 2002 to 978 256 in 2002 due to an adjustment to the number and price of options granted and unexercised at 14 May 2002, resulting from the distribution of reserves approved on that date. 2 250 of these options had been exercised at 31 December 2003.
- Pursuant to the authorisation given by the General Meeting of Shareholders of 5 June 2001, on 2 September 2002, the Board of Directors granted corporate officers and certain employees 850 000 options for purchasing newly issued shares. 1 220 of these options had been exercised at 31 December 2003.
- Pursuant to the authorisation given by the General Meeting of Shareholders of 5 June 2001, on 23 September 2003, the Board of Directors granted corporate officers and certain employees 1 118 250 options for purchasing new shares. None of these options had been exercised at 31 December 2003.

At 31 December 2003, there were no other securities (convertible or exchangeable bonds, or warrants, etc.) giving access to the share capital of the Company.

Changes in share capital

in euros starting 4.6.1999

Date	Description	Number of shares	Paid-in capital (in FF)	Par value (in FF)	Share capital (in FF)
31.08.1973	- Creation of Société centrale d'AGF with share capital equal to that of the two companies of the AGF Group (AGF Vie and AGF Iart) (art. L 322-12 § 3 repealed by law no. 86-912 of 6 August 1986)	1,000,000		145	145,000,000
EGM 24.04.1980	- Increase in share capital from FF145 to 214.5 mn: - Public issue of 100 000 new shares at FF695 (including FF550 paid-in capital), - With preferential rights to existing shareholders, - Capitalisation of paid-in capital by raising the par value of each former and new share comprising new share capital (from FF145 to FF195)	1,100,000		195	214,500,000
AGM 30.06.1981	- Increase in share capital from FF214.5 to FF407mn by capitalisation of reserves - Increase in par value from FF195 to FF370 - 2 for 1 split in par value through the exchange of 2 new shares at FF185 for 1 former share at FF370	1,100,000 2,200,000		370 185	407,000,000 407,000,000
AGM 27.06.1986	- Division of share by 10	22,000,000		18,50	407,000,000
AGM 28.11.1990	Share capital increase through - Transfer of shares of Péchiney, Rhône-Poulenc, Total and BFCE, - Capitalisation of a portion of paid-in capital - Par value increased from FF18.50 to FF120 Methods: - Issue of 4 431 308 shares, with rights of ownership a/o 01.01.1991, in exchange for assets, - Valuation: FF987.89 / AGF share transferred to State (Péchiney, Rhône-Poulenc, Total) and FF1 261/share transferred to BFCE shareholders - Appropriation to the legal reserve	26,431,308 (317,175,696)		120	3,171,756,960
19.12.1990	- 2 for 1 split	52,862,616		60	3,171,756,960
Board of 28.06.1991	- Recognition of share capital increase by public tender offer on 25 June. Methods: - Issue of 2 782 243 shares with share warrants (2 warrants for 1 share at FF535), - Issue price: 535 francs set by decree of 30.05.1991, - Minimal value of AGF set by the CP, (opinion of 27.05.1991): FF26 bn (FF491.84/share), - Domestic tranche: 1 669,346 shares - International tranche: 1,112,897 shares, - BALO of 3 June 1991	55,644,859	1,237,988,578	60	3,338,691,540
Board of 24.01.1992	- Recognition of share capital increase through issue of 74 shares from exercises of subscription warrants through 31.12.1991	55,644,933	69,881	60	3,338,695,980

in euros starting 4.6.1999

Date	Description	Number of shares	Paid-in capital (in FF)	Par value (in FF)	Share capital (in FF)
EGM 02.02.1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increase in share capital through contribution of 2,812,500 BfG shares by AMB and BGAG - Appropriation to the legal reserve <p>Methods</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Issue of 3,500,000 shares with rights of ownership a/o 01.01.1993, - Issue price: FF510 set decree of 21.01.1993, - Minimal value of AGF set by the CP (opinion of 16.12.92): FF28 bn (FF503.19/share), - Valuation by Paribas, - Exchange rate DM = FF3.40, - Valuation of BfG: DM186.667 	59,144,933	1,552,568 986	60	3,548,695,980
Board of 22.01.1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognition of share capital increase through issue of 75 shares from exercises of warrants through 31.12.1992 	59,145,008	35,625	60	3,548,700,480
EGM 01.12.1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognition of share capital increase through contribution of 6 645 890 Métropole shares by its shareholders 	66,455,487	3,565,926,208	60	3,987,329,220
Board of 07.12.1993	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Appropriation to legal reserve - Compensation for contribution: - Issue of 7,310,479 AGF shares with rights of ownership a/o 01.01.1993. Exchange parity 11 AGF shares for 10 Métropole shares, - Valuation by Arjil. - Restatement of treasury shares: - Restatement: 5 728 349 shares held by AGF Vie (4 097 016) and AGF Richelieu (1 631 333), - Sale price: FF657 set by decree of 07.12.1993, - Minimal value of AGF shares sold set by CP (notice of 02.12.1993): FF3.5 bn (FF611/share) 				
Board of 17.01.1994	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognition of share capital increase from issue of 1,388,477 shares through exercise of balance of subscription warrants (see Board of 28.06.1991) - Appropriation to the legal reserve 	67,843,964	638,837,957	60	4,070,637,840
Board of 24.06.1994	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognition of share capital increase from issue of 175,830 shares in payment of 1993 dividend (issue price: FF463) 	68,019,794	70,859,490	60	4,081,187,640
29.07.1994	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - 2 for 1 split 	136,039,588		30	4,081,187,640
19.07.1995	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognition of share capital increase from issue of 104,122 shares in payment of 1994 dividend (issue price: FF161) 	136,143,710	13 639,892	30	4,084,311,300
Board of 17.09.1997	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Recognition of share capital increase from issue of 895,675 shares in payment of 1996 dividend (issue price: FF176) 	137,039,385	138,087,525	30	4,111,181,550
17.12.1997	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Increase in share capital to pay for shares of Worms & Cie tendered in joint AGF-Someal offer, through the creation of 27,194,110 shares (issue price: FF227.50) 	164,233,495	5,139,605,373	30	4,927,004,850

in euros starting 4.6.1999

Date	Description	Number of shares	Paid-in capital (in FF)	Par value (in FF)	Share capital (in FF)
09.01.1998	- Recognition of share capital increase through OSCAR conversions during 1997, leading to 8,102,261 new shares	172,335,756	1,469,947,533	30	5,170,072,680
15.04.1998	- Recognition of share capital increase through OSCAR conversions since 1 January 1998, and 8,000 stock option exercises, leading to a total of 10,977,788 new shares	183,313,544	1,990,572,504	30	5,499,406,320
03.06.1998	- Recognition of share capital increase through OSCAR conversions since 15 April 1998, and 6,000 stock option exercises leading to a total of 338,515 actions	183,652,059	67,668,928	30	5,509,561,770
18.09.1998	- Recognition of share capital increase through OSCAR conversions since 3 June 1998, the exchange of Worms shares, and 75,000 stock option exercises, leading to a total of 659,893 new shares	184,311,952	115,828,561	30	5,529,358,560
27.11.1998	- Recognition of share capital increase through OSCAR conversions since 17 September 1998, and 2 500 stock option exercises, leading to a total of 8 132 new shares	184 320,084	1 223,857	30	5,529,602,520
08.03.1999	- Recognition of share capital increase through stock option exercises, leading to a total of 79,800 new shares	184,399,884	8,651,363	30	5,531,996,520
04.06.1999	- Recognition of share capital increase through stock option exercises, leading to a total of 2,500 new shares.	184,402,384	68,983	30	5,532,071,520
04.06.1999	- Recognition of conversion of share capital into euros and elimination of references to the par value of shares	184,402,384	(77,560,004)	-	843,358,867
14.09.1999	- Recognition of share capital increase through stock option exercises, leading to a total of 16,000 new shares	184,418,384	301,850	-	843,432,042.52
03.12.1999	- Recognition of share capital increase through stock option exercises, leading to a total of 22,026 new shares	184,440,410	485,354	-	843,532,777.77
27.03.2000	- Recognition of share capital increase through stock option exercises, leading to a total of 98,650 new shares	184,539,060	174,542	-	843,983,950.59
20.09.2000	- Recognition of share capital increase through stock option exercises, leading to 21,144 new shares	184,560,204	408,563	-	844,080,652.04

in euros starting 4.6.1999

Date	Description	Number of shares	Paid-in capital (in FF)	Par value (in FF)	Share capital (in FF)
06.12.2000	- Recognition of share capital increase from stock option exercises, leading to 18,630 new shares	184,578,834	359,986	-	844,165,855.79
12.03.2001	- Recognition of share capital increase from stock option exercises, leading to 8,700 new shares	184,587,534	168,109	-	844,205,644.97
19.09.2001	- Recognition of share capital increase from stock option exercises, leading to 34,400 new shares	184,621,934	728,497.60	-	844,362,972.34
07.12.2001	- Recognition of share capital increase from stock option exercises, leading to 1,000 new shares	184,622,934	18,865.56	-	844,367,545.81
04.03.2002	- Recognition of share capital increase from stock options, leading to 108 200 new shares	184 731 134	2,041,434.33	-	844,862,395.27
02.09.2002	- Recognition of share capital increase from: . stock options, leading to 11,241 new shares; . the increase of share capital reserved for employees on 14 August 2002 leading to 1,494,934 new shares	186,237,309	52,582,453.56	-	851,750,841,45
15.11.2002	- Recognition of share capital increase from: . the exercise of stock options relative to the September 1997 plan, leading to 649,257 new shares; . the exercise of stock options relative to the December 1996 plan, leading to 6,198 new shares.	186,892,764	17,571,780.11	-	854,748,545.23
14.3.2003	- Recognition of share capital increase from the exercise of stock options leading to 13 396 new shares.	186,906,160	254,657.26	-	854,809,812.23
26.05.2003	-	-	-	-	-
18.07.2003	- Recognition of share capital increase resulting from the exercise of stock options leading to the creation of 3,066 new shares	186,909,226	56,289.25	-	854,823,834.49
23.09.2003	- Recognition of share capital increase resulting from the exercise of stock options leading to the creation of 18,879 new shares	186,928,105	359,132.40	-	854,910,177.04
09.12.2003	- Recognition of share capital increase resulting from the exercise of stock options leading to the creation of 22,258 new shares	186,950,363	408 ,638.67	-	855,011,973.35
29.12.2003	- Recognition of share capital increase resulting from: . the increase in share capital reserved for employees on 29 December 2003, leading to the creation of 1,214,304 new shares; . stock option exercises leading to the creation of 7,972 new shares exercised since the last meeting of the Board of Directors of 9/12/2003.	188,172,639	36,685,658.14	-	860,602,016.60

3 - Distribution of share capital and voting rights

Number of voting rights

The number of voting rights published in Balo at 4 June 2003 was 171 489 636.

Number of shareholders

The number of bearer shareholders from the most recent study "Identifiable bearer shares" (*Titres au porteur identifiables [TPI]*) requested of Euroclear France at 31 December 2003 was 111 520.

At 31 December 2003, the number of bearer shareholders was 4 075.

Shareholders holding 5% or more of share capital or voting rights

Shareholders of 5% or more*	Number of shares at 31.12.2003	% of share capital at 31.12.2003	Voting rights at 31.12.2003
Allianz A.G.	110,133,270	58.5%	64.2%
TOTAL	110,133,270	58.5%	64.2%

* To the best of the Company's knowledge, no shareholder other than Allianz AG held more than 5% of share capital or voting rights at 31 December 2003.

Share capital and voting rights held by members of administrative bodies and management

At 31 December 2003, directors and corporate officers held 48 814 shares of AGF, or 0.026% of share capital and 0.028% of voting rights.

AGF shares in the portfolios of Group companies held majoritively:

At 31 December 2003, Company AGF held 13 624 919 shares, or 7.24% of the Company's share capital, including 1 539 728 under a liquidity contract.

In order to limit share volatility, avoid erratic movements and give shareholders long-term security from irrational share movement mainly due to speculative trading company, AGF signed a liquidity contract with Crédit Lyonnais on 13 November 2003 in respect of 1 870 000 shares and 20 million euros in cash.

This contract is consistent with the Ethics Charter established by the French Association of Investment Companies (*Association Française des Entreprises d'Investissement*) and approved by review of the AMF of 10 April 2001. It was entered into under usual market conditions and subject to official publication by the AMF.

This contract became effective on 25 November 2003 and led to a net sale of 330 272 shares on 31 December 2003, lifting the cash balance on that date to 34 million euros and the share balance to 1 539 728.

Authorisation given to the Company to trade its own shares on the Stock Exchange

Pursuant to article L. 225-209 of the Commercial Code, the Board of Directors was authorised by the General Meetings of Shareholders of 4 June 1999, 30 May 2000, 5 June 2001, 14 May 2002 and 26 May 2003 to trade the Company's stock under an authorisation to buy back shares of the Company in pursuit of several objectives.

At 31 December 2003, Société AGF held 13 624 919 shares acquired pursuant to this authorisation.

This authorisation is likely to be renewed by the General Meeting of Shareholders of 25 May 2004 under the same legal framework and subsequent to the publication of an official *note d'information* approved by the AMF with the following limitations

- maximum purchase price: 80 euros, net of acquisition fees,
- maximum sale price: 30 euros, net of sales fees.

Maximum number of shares that may be acquired or sold: 10% of total existing shares. Given the fact that AGF directly held 6.60% of share capital (or 12 421 814 shares) at 12 March 2004, the maximum number of shares that may be acquired stood at 3.40% of the Company's share capital (6 402 845 shares).

Distribution of share capital at 31 December 2001, 2002 and 2003

Change in shareholders structure over 3 years at 31.12.2003

	Position at 31.12.2003			Position at 31.12.2002			Position at 31.12.2001		
	Number of shares	% of share capital	% of voting rights	Number of shares	% of share capital	% of voting rights	Number of shares	% of share capital	% of voting rights
Shareholder structure									
Allianz AG	110,133,270	58.5	64.2	110,133,270	58.9	64.8	109,459,013	59.3	65.3
Treasury	13,624,919	7.2	-	15,415,774	8.2	-	15,664,211	8.5	-
AGF employee investment fund (FCP)	4,353,925	2.3	2.5	3,351,994	1.8	2.0	2,148,250	1.2	1.3
Various individuals	52,145,894	27.8	30.4	49,432,288	26.5	29.1	50,756,622	27.4	30.3
Various institutions	7,914,631	4.2	4.6	8,572,834	4.6	5.0	6,652,538	3.6	4.0
TOTAL	188,172,639	100.0		186,906,160	100.0		184,680,634	100.0	-
including bearer shareholders	59,608,123	31.7	34.8	55,470,148	29.7	32.6	54,438,601	29.5	32.5
including corporate officers	40,000	0.0	0.0	40,000	0.0	0.0	40,000	0.0	0.0
including resident shareholders	47,942,738	25.5	28.0	54,478,099	29.1	32.0	52,906,533	28.6	31.6

There are no double voting rights. The difference between the percent of share capital and the percent of voting rights derives from the number of treasury shares at the date of the last General Meeting of Shareholders of 26 May 2003.

No pact, cooperative agreement, group of partner shareholders, or self-controlling action has been declared to the market authorities.

Individuals and institutions who can exercise a controlling interest on the company: at the conclusion of the friendly takeover offer launched 16 February 1998 on AGF, Allianz AG., with more than one-half of the shares comprising the Company's share capital, held the controlling interest.

4 - Market for the Company's securities

Shares listed on the Premier Marché

At 31 December 2003, 188 172 639 AGF shares were listed on the Premier Marché of Euronext Paris (date of introduction on the Official List: 16 February 1976) and eligible for the deferred settlement system (SRD).

Under authorisations given by the General Meetings of Shareholders of 28 May 1997 and 3 June 1998, on 8 March 2000, the Board of Directors approved a euro-issue of 450 million euros in subordinated securities on the Premier Marché of Euronext Paris.

This issue, which was covered in an official circular approved by the COB (n° 00-249) on 2 March 2000 and is now rated BBB+ by Standard & Poor's, is divided into two tranches of 225 million euros each maturing in 20 years, one at fixed rates (6.625% per year for the first ten years) and the second at floating rates (3-month Euribor + 78 basis points per year, also for the first 10 years). AGF has an early redemption option starting in the eleventh year. If that option is not exercised, then the last ten years will be calculated for both tranches at the 3-month Euribor + 178 basis points per year.

Other markets

AGF shares may also be traded on the London SEAQ, and since the privatisation, it has traded under the ADR programme in the United States (quotation 144 A). And finally, options on AGF stock are traded regularly on the Paris MONEP (*Marché des Options Négociables de Paris*).

5 - Dividends

In fiscal years 1997 to 2002, AGF's policy has been to maintain its dividend distribution rate at a level situated between 40% and 50% of annual consolidated net earnings. For fiscal year 2003, the AGF Group, confident in its future, will recommend to the General Meeting of Shareholders of 25 May 2004 a net dividend of 1.80 euros.

Dividend prescription: pursuant to the provisions of article 2277 of the Civil Code, dividends that are unclaimed at the end of a 5 year period are deemed to have lapsed. In such cases, they revert to the Public Treasury in keeping with article L.27 of the Law of State Domain (*Code du Domaine de l'Etat*).



Administrative bodies

Functioning of administrative bodies

Internal regulations of the Board of Directors

At its meeting of 14 March 2003, the Board of Directors adopted new internal regulations in order to better respond to market expectations in terms of transparency and take into greater consideration the most recent recommendations relative to corporate governance in the Bouton Report and handed down by the COB, by formalising its own role and methods of operation to a greater extent

The main characteristics are the following:

- role and functioning of the Board: a certain number of items are first submitted for its approval prior to any decision by management. Certain information must be communicated to it on a regular basis. Moreover, internal regulations now stipulate that each year the Board must put a review of its own operation followed by discussion on its agenda. This will occur at the meeting of the Board of Directors of 15 March 2004 to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2003 and include a comprehensive evaluation by a consultant under the Chairman of the Compensation Committee.
- rights and obligations of directors: each director has a certain number of rights (the right to receive relevant information on a regular or occasional basis, if circumstances so dictate, and the right to meet with corporate managers even in the absence of corporate officers, etc.) There are also certain countervailing obligations: each director holding privileged information is generally prohibited from divulging such information outside the context of his or her corporate responsibilities and must also specifically refrain from any trading of AGF, Euler Hermes and Enténial stock. In respect of the latter, this obligation was only applicable up until the conclusion of operations in respect of the sale of the stake of the AGF Group in the share capital of Enténial, which occurred on 4 February 2004. In order to monitor this restriction, directors must divulge all trading in these shares to the General Audit Director on a quarterly basis.

Frequency of Board meetings

In principle Board meetings are held quarterly with four meetings per year: in March for the annual financial statements, in May for the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders and quarterly statements, in September for the half-year financial statements, and in November/December for the budget.

Additional meetings are used for special presentations or to examine exceptional issues.

In its meeting of 23 September 2003, the Board added provisions to its internal regulations to allow for videoconferencing in order to provide for Board meetings via this medium in the event of emergencies.

During fiscal year 2003, the main non-recurring subjects addressed were:

- Revision of Board internal regulations in light of the recommendations of the Bouton report on corporate governance (methods of evaluating operations of the Board, introduction of videoconferencing, etc.),
- Review of several external growth proposals both in and outside France and partnerships in different areas (health, analysis and selection of management companies and OPCVM investment funds, employee savings, single window),
- Group policy in terms of calculating provisions for value impairment and for capital loss exposures,
- Summary of 2003 and 2004 asset allocation policy,
- Regular detailed summaries on the Group's financial situation compared to the markets,
- Measures to protect the AGF Group against volatility of equity and bond portfolios,
- Summary of the AGF Group's reinsurance policy.
- Adaptation of criteria for paying directors' fees in order to better reflect good governance practices (regular attendance at meetings of the Board and study committees),

- New organisation of the AGF Group,
- Disposals of Crédit Lyonnais, Enténial, Sophia, AGF Belgium Bank, life business in Brazil and Chile,
- Increase in share capital reserved for employees,
- Reform of the CAC 40.

Committees of the Board of Directors

Three study committees were implemented by the Board of Directors in its meeting of 3 June 1998 to replace the Committees on Accounts and Corporate Officers put into place at the time of the privatisation. Each one has adopted its own internal regulations.

- **The AGF Audit Committee is chaired by an independent director of the Board*:**

Chairman: Dominique Ferrero,

Mr. Robert Hudry**;

Detlev Bremkamp,

Secretary: Jean-Michel Mangeot.

The mission of the Audit Committee is to:

- analyse financial statements before their presentation to the Board of Directors and assure that accounting methods are relevant,
- approve the General Group Audit programme,
- be consulted on the appointment or renewal of the terms of statutory auditors and review their audits of financial statements,
- review any and all items that might have a significant financial impact on the Company,
- carry out special missions assigned by the Board of Directors.

- **The Transactions Committee is chaired by an independent director of the Board*:**

Chairman: Mr. Yves Cannac

Mr. Diethart Breipohl,

Mr. Hans-Dieter Kalscheuer

Secretary: Jean-Michel Mangeot

The mission of the Transactions Committee is to:

- review all transactions of more than 5 million euros, any acquisition or sale of a consolidated stake between AGF and Allianz or one of its group companies, as well as any bond issue by Allianz to which the AGF Group might subscribe to at more than 25%, and to verify that all of the above are in the interest of minority shareholders. Its opinion is required before any decision of the Board of Directors,
- to carry out special assignments given by the Board of Directors.

- **The Compensation Committee is chaired by an independent director of the Board:**

Chairman: Mr. André Levy-Lang

M. Michael Diekmann***

Mrs. Béatrice Majnoni d'Intignano

Secretary: François Thomazeau

The mission of the Compensation Committee is to:

- make recommendations to the Board concerning the remuneration and retirement of the Chairman, as well as other corporate officers as need be,
- make recommendations to the Chairman concerning the remuneration and retirement of non-corporate officer members of the Executive Committee,
- review recommendations of General Management in respect of the implementation of stock subscription or purchase plans authorised by the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders,
- to carry out special assignments given by the Board of Directors.

*Based on the definition of the Bouton report

**Mr. Robert Hudry was made a member of the Audit Committee at the 26 May 2003 meeting of the Board of Directors to replace Mrs. Majnoni d'Intignano.

***Mr. Michael Diekmann was made a member of the Compensation Committee at the 26 May 2003 meeting of the Board of Directors.



Board of Directors Managing Directors

Board of Directors at 31 December 2003

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

	Address	Present position	Nb AGF shares	Assignment and functions	1st appointment & expiration of term
Jean-Philippe THIERRY 55 years of age French national	AGF, 87 rue de Richelieu 75002 Paris	Chairman & CEO of AGF	40 000	Chairman & CEO AGF, AGF Holding Chairman of Board of Directors AGF IART, AGF Vie, Château Larose-Trintaudon Chairman of Supervisory Board Euler Hermes Chairman SC Holding SAS Director AGF International, AGF Ras Holding (Netherlands), Allianz Seguros y Reaseguros (Spain) Member of Supervisory Board Cie Financière Saint Honoré, Groupe Taittinger Non-voting member Baron Philippe de Rothschild SA, Paris Orléans, Rue Impériale 2003 assignments that Mr. Thierry no longer holds AGF Belgium Insurance	from 5 June 2001 to AGM of 25 May 2004
*Michael DIEKMANN 49 years of age German national Member of Compensation Committee	ALLIANZ AG Königinstrasse 28, 80802 Munich, Germany	Chairman of Allianz AG	500	Chairman of Supervisory Board Allianz Lebensversicherungs-AG/Germany, Allianz Versicherungs-AG/Germany, Dresdner Bank AG/Germany, Allianz Dresdner Asset Management GmbH/Germany Director RAS Riunione Adriatica di Sicurtà S.p.A./Italy, Allianz of America, Inc Member of Supervisory Council BASF AG/Germany, Linde AG/Germany, Lufthansa AG/Germany	from 26 May 2003 to 2007 AGM

*His predecessor, Dr Henning Schulte-Noelle, resigned as Vice Chairman and member of the Board of Directors of AGF on 29/04/2003.

	Address	Present position	N° AGF shares	Assignment and functions	1st appointment & expiration of term
<p>Diethart BREIPOHL 64 years of age German national</p> <p>Member of Compensation Committee</p>	<p>ALLIANZ AG Königinstrasse 28, 80802 Munich, Germany</p>		500	<p><i>Member of Supervisory Board</i> Allianz AG/Germany, Beiersdorf AG/Germany, Continental AG/Germany, Karstadt Quelle AG/Germany, Euler Hermes/France <i>Chairman of Supervisory Board</i> KM Europa Metal AG/Germany <i>Director</i> Banco Popular Español/Spain, Crédit Lyonnais/France, BPI Banco Portugues de Investimento/Portugal</p>	from 3 June 1998 to 2006 AGM
<p>Detlev BREMKAMP 59 years of age German national</p> <p>Member of Audit Committee</p>	<p>ALLIANZ AG Königinstrasse 28, 80802 Munich, Germany</p>	Member of Executive Board of Allianz AG	500	<p><i>Director</i> Asea Brown Boveri AG/Germany Hochtief AG/Germany , Allianz Global Risks Rückversicherungs-AG/Germany , Allianz General Insurance Company SA/Greece, Allianz Life Insurance Company SA/Greece, Riunione Adriatica di Sicurtà SpA/Italy, ACIF/Italy, Lloyd Adriatico/Italy, RAS International NV/Netherlands, Allianz Nederland Groep NV/Netherlands, AGF RAS Holding BV/Netherlands, Allianz Portugal S.A., Companhia de Seguros/Portugal, Allianz Risk Transfer/Spain, Elmonda/Switzerland, Allianz, Compania de Seguros y Reaseguros S.A./Spain</p>	from 3 June 1998 to 2006 AGM
<p>Antoine JEANCOURT-GALIGNANI 67 years of age French national</p>	<p>Gécina, 34 rue de la Fédération Paris, 75015</p>	Chairman of Gécina	500	<p><i>Chairman of Board of Directors</i> Gécina/France, Simco/France, Société des Immeubles de France/France, SNA Holding (Bermuda) Ltd/ Bermuda <i>Chairman of Supervisory Board</i> Euro Disney SCA/France <i>Member of Supervisory Board</i> Fox Kids Europe N.V./Netherlands Oddo & Cie SCA/ France <i>Director</i> Société Générale/France, Total Fina Elf/France, Kaufman & Broad/France, SNA SAL/Lebanon, SNA-Re (Bermuda) Ltd/Bermuda</p>	from 3 June 1998 to 2006 AGM
<p>Christian BRETTE 59 years of age French national</p> <p>Representative of general Agents</p>	<p>Boulevard des Champs-Élysées 10 rue Gutenberg Immeuble le Saint-Clair 91000 Evry</p>	AGF general Agent	2 740	<p><i>Director</i> Etampes Voyages Aprilis</p>	From 19 September 1996 to AGM of 25 May 2004
<p>Yves CANNAC 68 years of age French national</p> <p>Independent director Chairman of Transactions Committee</p>	<p>19 rue Pauline Borghèse 92200 Neuilly/Seine</p>	Member of Board Economic and Social	500	<p><i>Director and member of Accounting Committee</i> Société Générale <i>Director and Chairman of Strategy Committee</i> Caisse des Dépôts Développement <i>Member of Supervisory Board</i> Solving International (since July 2003) <i>Director</i> Danone (until May 2003)</p>	From 19 September 1996 to AGM of 25 May 2004

	Address	Present position	N° AGF shares	Assignment and functions	1st appointment & expiration of term
Hans-Dieter KALSCHUEUR 67 years of age German national Independent director Member of Transactions Committee	Lechelstrasse 74, D 80997 Munich, Germany		500	<i>Member of Supervisory Board</i> Mack und Schühle AG (Vorsitz)/Germany, Rewe-Zentral AG/Germany, Rewe-Zentralfinanz eG/Germany, Rewe Deutscher Supermarkt KgaA/Germany, Arabella Hotel Holding AG/Germany (until 15 September 2003),, IC Immobilien, Holding AG (Vorsitz)/Germany	from 3 June 1998 to 2006 AGM
André LEVY-LANG 66 years of age French national Independent director Chairman of Compensation Committee	23 Bd Jules Sandeau 75016 Paris		1 000	<i>Director</i> DEXIA SA, Schlumberger, Institut Europlace de Finance, American Hospital of Paris	from 3 June 1998 to 2006 AGM
Dominique FERRERO 56 years of age French national Independent director Chairman of Audit Committee	Crédit Lyonnais 19 Bd des Italiens 75002 Paris		580	<i>Member of Supervisory Board</i> Atos <i>Director</i> Vinci	from 14 May 2002 to 2006 AGM
Béatrice MAJNONI D'INTIGNANO 61 years of age French national Independent director Member of Compensation Committee	12 rue Debelleyme 75003 Paris	University professor (Université Paris XII)	1 455	<i>Member of Supervisory Board</i> Air Liquide	from 19 September 1996 to AGM of 25 May 2004
Philippe SABLONS 47 years of age French national Representative of non-management personnel	AGF Direction des Moyens Généraux 87 rue de Richelieu 75002 Paris	Technical and logistical services manager	10		Elected by the employees: from 15 June 2000 to AGM of 25 May 2004
Anita MAC-AULIFFE 52 years of age French national Representative of Management personnel	AGF, Direction Distribution Collectives Prévoyance, 20 Place de Seine, Tour Neptune, 92400 Courbevoie, La Défense	Manager of a management centre Major Direct Benefit Customers	10		Elected by the employees on 15 June 2000 to AGM of 25 May 2004
Mariano SOROLLA 50 years of age French national Representative of employee Shareholders	AGF, 3 Bd des Italiens 75002 Paris	Assurfinance	19		from 30 May 2000 to AGM of 25 May 2004

	Address	Present position	N° AGF shares	Assignment and functions	1st appointment & expiration of term
Robert HUDRY, Non-voting member 57 years of age French national Member of Audit Committee	Arcelor, Immeuble Pacific 13 cours Valmy 92070 la Défense Cedex	Managing Director of Arcelor	-	Chairman of Board of Directors PUM Member of Supervisory Board Euler Hermes/France Director IMS/France, ARBED, USINOR FFA (Fédération Française de l'Acier) Member of Study Committees Euler Hermes (Audit Committee), IMS (Compensation Committee)	from 15 March 2003 to 2007 AGM

MANAGING DIRECTORS

	Address	Present position	N° AGF shares	Assignment and functions	1st appointment & expiration of term
Laurent MIGNON 40 years of age French national	AGF, 87 rue de Richelieu 75002 Paris	Appointed Managing Director of AGF Group on 1/10/2003, Member of Executive Committee of AGF, responsible for life activities and financial services	277 AGF shares held through	Chairman & CEO Banque AGF Chairman of Board of Directors AGF Assurances Financières GIE Placements d'assurance FCPEs Chairman of Supervisory Board AGF Asset Management Vice Chairman of Supervisory Board AGF Private Equity Euler Hermes W Finance Director and managing director AGF Vie Director and managing director delegate AGF Holding Director AGF International Dresdner Gestion Privée Enténial Gécina Member of Supervisory Board Oddo et Cie SCA AGF Informatique Permanent representative of AGF International AGF IART Permanent representative of AGF Holding Génération Vie, Métropole SA, Bolloré Investissement AGF Private Equity Permanent representative of AGF Worms et Cie	

Address	Present position	N° AGF shares	Assignment and functions	1st appointment & expiration of term
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Permanent representative of AGF Vie

Bolloré

2003 assignments Mr. Mignon

no longer holds

Chairman of Assurances Fédérales IARD and director of Sophia

François THOMAZEAU

54 years of age
French national

AGF, 87 rue de Richelieu
75002 Paris

Appointed Managing Director of AGF Group on 1/10/2003, Member of Executive Committee of AGF Responsible for international, assistance and central supports

560
AGF
shares
held
through
FCPEs

Chairman & CEO

AGF International

Chairman of Board of Directors

ACAR (Assistance, Courtage d'Assurance et de Réassurance), AGF Afrique, AGF Belgium Holding (Belgium), AGF Belgium Insurance (Belgium), AGF Benelux (Luxembourg), AGF Holdings UK (UK), AGF Insurance (UK)

Vice Chairman of Board of Directors

AGF RAS Holding (Netherlands)

Vice Chairman delegate of the Board

Elmonda (Switzerland)

Director and managing director

AGF IART

Director and managing director delegate

AGF Holding

Director

AGF Vie, AGF Assurances Financières, AAAM (AGF Alternative Asset Management), Allianz Seguros y Reaseguros (Spain), Cofitem-Cofimur, PHRV, ImmoBanque, Thompson Clive Ltd (UK)

Member of Supervisory Board

Euler Hermes, W Finance, ARSA BV (Netherlands), Allianz Nederland Groep (Netherlands), GIE AGF Informatique

Permanent representative of AGF

Banque AGF, Enténial

2003 assignment which Mr. Thomazeau

no longer holds

Europe Expansion, ZA Schadeverzekering (Netherlands), ZA Levensverzekering (Netherlands), Holland Belegingsgroep (Netherlands), Restauration Investissement

• Mr. Gérard Pfauwadel's term as AGF Group Managing Director and member of the Executive Committee ceased on 15 April 2003 when he left the AGF Group.

• Mr. Jean-François Debros's term as Managing Director and member of the Executive Committee ceased on 30 September 2003 when he was named Advisor to the Chairman until his retirement at 31 March 2004.

Interests of executives in the share capital of the company

The directors and corporate officers of AGF held 48 814 AGF shares at 31 December 2003.

Fees paid to members of the Board of Directors

The global annual amount of fees paid to directors was established at 360 000 euros by the General Meeting of Shareholders of 26 May 2003.

In fiscal year 2003, 346 700 euros were paid from an annual budget available for directors' fees of 360 000 euros (AGM of 26 May 2003). The criteria for distribution were based on a fixed and variable component linked to attendance with an additional amount for service on a study committee.

Stock options

Out of 8 115 000 stock options granted for fiscal years 1996 through 2003, (number increased to 8 217 175 in 2002 due to an adjustment in the number and price of options granted and still not exercised at 14 May 2002, resulting from the distribution of reserves approved on that date). 1 430 356 were granted to the 10 top non-corporate officer optionees starting with fiscal year 2000 as well as to members of the Executive Committee before 2000.

- Options granted to non-corporate officer employees during fiscal year 2003:

In fiscal year 2003, a total of 172 000 options to subscribe to newly created shares were granted at a unit price of 42.64 euros with an expiration date on 21 October 2011 to the 11 non-corporate officer employees* who received the largest number of options.

- Options exercised by non-corporate officer employees during fiscal year 2003.

A total of 58 655 options were exercised by the 12 non-corporate officer employees** whose number of exercised options was the highest during fiscal year 2003.

- options granted during the fiscal year to each corporate officer:	number	price	expiration date
Mr. Jean-Philippe Thiery	100,000	42.64	21.10.2011

- options exercised during the fiscal year by each corporate officer:	number	exercise price
	none	-

* (6 ex æquo) ** (4 ex æquo)

Information on transactions with members of administrative or management bodies

None.

Loans and pledges to members of administrative or management bodies

There is a property loan of 22 868 euros to a member of the Executive Committee (residual balance, capital and interest to be reimbursed at 31 December 2003 stood at 6 766 euros).

Retirement plan

Prior to the privatisation, there was a supplementary retirement plan for the Chairman, Vice Chairman and managing directors of insurance companies. The total commitment at 31 December 2003 stood at 2.550 million euros. This plan, which has been closed out, affects two beneficiaries: Mr. Michel Albert and Mr. Jean-Daniel Lefranc.

After the privatisation of the Company in 1996, a supplementary retirement plan was put into place for members of the Executive Committee through a contract entered into with an external insurance company to take the place of the one that had existed in national companies. The total amount of the commitment stood at 8.798 million euros at 31 December 2003. As of this date, there were no vested rights under the plan other than for Mr. Antoine Jeancourt-Galignani, who is presently the only beneficiary.

Number of meetings of the Board of Directors and its committees in 2003 and participation of directors and a non-voting member in these meetings:

	Board	Committees			Total
		Audit	Compensation	Transactions	
1) Number of meetings	6	5	2	3	16
2) Attendance					
Mr. Thierry	6				6
Dr. Breipohl	6			2	8
Mr. Bremkamp	5	4			9
Mr. Brette	6				6
Mr. Cannac	6			3	9
Mr. Jeancourt-Galignani	5				5
Dr. Kalscheuer	5			3	8
Mr. Lévy-Lang	3		2		5
Mrs Majnoni d'Intignano	6	2*	2		10
Mr. Sablons	4				4
Mr. Ferrero	1	3			4
**Mr. Diekmann	3		1		4
Mrs Mac-Auliffe	6				6
Mr. Sorolla	6				6
***Mr. Hudry, non-voting member	3	2			5
****Dr. Schulte-Noëlle	1		1		2

* Mrs. Béatrice Majnoni d'Intignano was a member of the Audit Committee until 21 May 2003.

**Mr. Michael Diekmann was appointed director by the Combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 26 May 2003 and Vice Chairman of the Board of Directors on the same date; he is a member of the Compensation Committee.

***M. Robert Hudry was appointed non-voting member of AGF by the Board of Directors on 14 March 2003 and made member of the Audit Committee at the meeting of the Board of 26 May 2003 replacing Mrs. Majnoni d'Intignano, and attending the meeting of the Audit Committee in August 2003.

**** Dr Henning Schulte-Noelle resigned as Vice Chairman and director of AGF on 29 April 2003.

*E*mployee profit-sharing

Intéressement and participation plans

There are three plans at AGF that enable employees to share in Company profits:

1 - Intéressement

A profit-sharing agreement applicable to all companies that are part of the Economic and Social Unit of AGF was signed in June 2003 for a three year period. It provides financial rewards related to premium income growth, productivity and consolidated net income. For fiscal year (acquisition period from 1 January 2002 to 31 December 2002) the agreement did not provide for an amount to distribute. Therefore, the amount is equal to zero.

2 - Plan d'épargne d'entreprise

A corporate savings plan enables portfolios of marketable securities to be built.

Employee contributions give rise to a corporate matching contribution of up to 915 euros per employee per year.

The amounts paid under the corporate matching contribution during the seven last years were:

Year	
2003	4.140 million euros
2002	4.701 million euros
2001	5.695 million euros
2000	5.429 million euros
1999	3.328 million euros
1998	3.239 million euros
1997	3.292 million euros

3 - Participation

The profit-sharing plan provided for under the ordinance of 21 October 1986 allows employees to participate in the taxable profits of the Company.

This plan gives rise to the distribution of a portion of a special profit-sharing reserve that is calculated based on salaries paid during the year. For fiscal year 2002, the calculation and the payment made in 2003 stood at 1.636 million euros.

Stock options

Pursuant to articles L. 225-208 through L. 225-210 of the Commercial Code, on several occasions since 1990, the General Meeting of Shareholders has authorised the Board of Directors to grant options to buy existing or newly created shares of stock to employees and corporate officers of the Group under the terms and conditions established by law.

There is a single plan in the AGF Group for all optionees, including members of the Executive Committee. The main purpose is employee retention.

The grant policy is based on decisions taken by the Board of Directors, which in turn, are based on reports of the Compensation Committee on recommendations made by general management in terms of subscription or purchase plans authorised by the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders.

Type of options

The options granted by the Board of Directors were purchase options (up until the privatisation of the company), then subscription options from December 1996 through 1998, purchase options from 1999 through 2001, and in 2002 and 2003, once again they were subscription options.

Grant criteria

The following categories of individuals are eligible for grants:

- AGF Group executives,
- corporate officers and operating managers of subsidiaries,
- certain employees, whose jobs and accomplishments justify grants.

Frequency of grants

Grants have been made every year since 1990.

Conditions for exercising options granted in 2003

Options are valid for eight years, or through 21 October 2011.

Except in the event of death or disability, options cannot be exercised for one year, or prior to 21 October 2004; shares acquired through option exercise may not be sold prior to the expiration of a period that allows for the tax deduction of social benefit costs on the capital gain.

The termination of an employment contract or loss of a corporate officership leads to the forfeiture of options, except in certain cases (death, disability, retirement and exceptional individual events based on individual decision of the Chairman).

Option position at 31 December 2003

Grant date	Option type	Number of exercisable options initially	Number of exercisable options (1)	Including number that can be exercised by 10 top employees (2)	Including number that can be exercised by officers (3)	Number of optionees	Vesting date	Expiration date	Exercise price	Number of options exercised	Number of unexercisable options (4)	Including number that became unexercisable during FY (4)	Number of remaining options
2/02/96	(p)	637 000	638 162	76 000	20 000	178	3/02/98	2/02/04	22.82	543 668	72 962	0	21 532
19/12/96	(s)	794 150	798 993	167 750	61 250	194	20/12/98	19/12/04	23.39	537 318	115 146	8 687	146 529
17/09/97	(s)	734 500	749 436	162 637	51 098	179	17/09/02	17/09/05	31.92	694 029	11 750	0	43 657
18/09/98	(s)	959 000	978 256	214 615	61 318	230	16/10/03	16/10/06	42.59	2 250	93 514	0	882 492
14/09/99	(p)	1 000 000	1 020 521	235 055	61 318	240	12/10/04	12/10/07	47.08	3 000	73 709	0	943 812
20/09/00	(p)	1 000 000	1 020 240	130 816	42 923	341	18/10/02	18/10/08	55.80	3 000	83 132	0	934 108
19/09/01	(p)	1 022 100	1 043 317	145 793	66 427	346	17/10/03	17/10/09	47.55	0	64 288	0	979 029
2/09/02	(s)	850 000	850 000	125 690	52 520	356	30/09/04	30/09/10	33.66	1 220	0	0	848 780
23/09/03	(s)	1 118 250	1 118 250	172 000	100 000	348	21/10/04	21/10/11	42.64	0	0	0	1 118 250
TOTAL		8 115 000	8 217 175	1 430 356	516 854					1 784 485	514 501	8 687	5 918 189

(p) Purchase options

(s) Subscription options

(1) due to an adjustment in the number and price of options that may be subscribed to or purchase and still unexercised at 14 May 2002 resulting from the distribution of reserves approved on that date

(2) Non-officer employee optionees as of fiscal year 2000; prior to that date, options that may be exercised by members of AGF Executive Committee, including the Chairman. For fiscal years 2001, 2002 and 2003, 6 ex aequo lift to 12, 14 et 11, respectively, the number of 10 non-officer employees who received the highest number of options.

(3) The number of options that may be exercised by Chairmen & CEOs Antoine Jeancourt Galignani from February 1996 to September 2000 and Jean-Philippe Thierry since September 2001.

(4) Due to loss of rights.

On 23 September 2003, the Board of Directors voted to grant subscription options to Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry: 100 000 options at 42.64 euros expiring 21 October 2011; and to the 11* top non-officer employees: 172 000 options at 42.64 euros expiring 21 October 2011.

*including 6 ex aequo

Stock Appreciation Rights

Allianz A.G. has implemented a long-term profit-sharing programme for executives of all companies in its group.

Known as the Stock Appreciation Rights Plan (SARs), the programme is a bonus mechanism tied to the price of Allianz A.G. stock over seven years. This international plan also has a component of financial coverage that enables the company to limit the total amount to be paid when SARs are exercised.

SAR recipients will receive a sum equal to the product of the share price rise and the number of options granted in addition to the regular salary paid by their employing company.

The number of options granted is based on salary, which is weighted equally by three criteria, one based on Allianz Group business performance, the other on that of the AGF Group, and the third on the AGF Chairman's evaluation of the performance of each recipient.

Options are valid for seven years, although they do not vest for two years after their grant date and only if the price of Allianz A.G. stock has risen by at least 20% and outperformed the Dow Jones Stoxx Index for five consecutive days.

For 2003, the Board of Directors of 23 September 2003 based on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee granted Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry 7 572 SARs.

It also granted other members of the Executive Committee a total of 9 291 SARs.

Position of Allianz Stock Appreciation Rights (SARs) granted to Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry

Year	Number of SARs granted	Exercise price	Date of grant
2001	2,318	€322.14	1 April 2001
2002	1,565	€265.00	1 April 2002
2003	7,572	€65.91	1 April 2003
TOTAL	11,455		



Report of the Board of Directors to the General Meeting of Shareholders of 25 May 2004

Pursuant to the by-laws and applicable legislation you have been convened in a Combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders for the purpose of reporting on your Company's performance during fiscal year 2003, submitting for your approval the consolidated and statutory financial statements for that year, as well as various resolutions relative to the renewal of the terms of three directors, the appointment of a new director and the designation of a director to represent employee shareholders.

You will also be asked to approve recommendations for renewing the appointments of the present statutory auditors and their substitutes.

The Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders will also be asked to approve two resolutions to renew authorisation to increase share capital reserved for employee members of a corporate saving plan and grant stock purchase or subscription options to employees of the Group within certain limits as to duration and amount.

During fiscal year 2003, AGF significantly improved its consolidated net income group share, which stood at 763 million euros, a rise from net income of 268 million euros in 2002.

Group ROE amounted to 13.2%.

This performance was sustained by a marked improvement in operating profitability in life insurance, non-life insurance and financial services. Yearly results also felt the initial effect of cost reductions in life, non-life and health insurances.

Market conditions also improved during the second half. During the year, AGF booked consolidated capital gains on the disposal of Crédit Lyonnais securities tendered in Crédit Agricole's offer for 919 million euros. All of these factors made it possible to pursue efforts to consolidate financial position.

Group net asset value amounted to approximately 7.1 billion euros, a 19.7% rise from 31 December 2002.

The Board of Directors has voted to recommend that the General Meeting approve a net dividend of 1.8 euros per share, a major increase over the dividend for fiscal year 2002. It takes this action in order to recognise the significant recovery while noting that it must be pursued with determination in the next few fiscal years in order to build strength and shareholder profits.

● RESULTS

In order to reflect a segmentation change in respect of companies outside France as a result of mergers, results for 2003 are compared with pro forma results for 2002.

The ordinary contribution (before taxes, goodwill amortisation and exceptional items) of insurance companies, credit insurance, assistance, banking and other activities, excluding holding companies, amounted to 1 194 million euros, compared with 497 million at 31 December 2002, a rise of 140%.

The pre-tax contribution of holding companies stood at -124 million euros, compared with -34 million in 2002.

Tax expense was -56 million euros (1 million in 2002).

Ordinary goodwill amortisation expense totalled 110 million euros, compared with 138 million in 2002.

And lastly, exceptional items stood at -141 million euros, compared with -58 million 2002, owing mainly to 102 million euros in accelerated goodwill amortisation.

● CHANGES IN SCOPE OF CONSOLIDATION IN 2003

1. Disposal of Allianz AGF MAT UK Holding

Allianz AGF MAT UK Holding, which held a 25% stake in Tindall Riley Marine, was sold by the AGF Group during the first half of 2003. The contribution of Allianz AGF MAT UK Holding to consolidated results in the first half of 2003 was insignificant.

This sale gave rise to a loss of 8.8 million euros.

2. Liquidation of Immospain

Immospain was liquidated during fiscal year 2003; its first half contribution to consolidated results was insignificant. This liquidation led to a loss of 1.7 million euros.

3. Liquidation of Phénix Développement Gestion

Phénix Développement Gestion was liquidated during 2003; its contribution to consolidated results was insignificant.

4. Disposal of Kléber Poincaré

This company was sold in December 2003.

In 2003, this subsidiary contributed 2.9 million euros to net results. The disposal gave rise to profits of 37.4 million euros, which was booked to ordinary results, being comparable to the sale of an investment.

5. Acquisition of Egyptienne Arab International Non Life Insurance

80% of the shares formerly held by Allianz were acquired by AGF International in January 2003.

Temporary goodwill amounted to 17.3 million euros. The contribution to 2003 consolidated premium income stood at 8 million euros (non-life 7.6 million and health 0.4 million), and the contribution to net results (after goodwill amortisation) amounted to - 3.2 million euros.

6. Consolidation of Egyptienne Arab International Life Insurance

In December 2003, AGF International purchased all Allianz shares, lifting to 95.11% AGFs stake in this company. Goodwill stood at 3.2 million euros.

At 31 December 2003, the balance sheet of the company was fully consolidated; 2003 results were accounted for under the equity method at 43.66% (percent interest before controlling interest) for 0.4 million euros.

7. Disposal of Swiss subsidiaries

The Swiss subsidiaries were sold to Allianz in January 2003.

In 2002, they contributed 56.7 million euros to consolidated premium income (non-life 20.6 million, health 10.7 million and life 25.4 million) and - 3.3 million euros to net results.

The sale of Swiss subsidiaries gave rise to profit of 1.1 million euros.

8. Sale of AGF Allianz Chile Vida

This company was sold on 29 April 2003.

In 2002, it had contributed 34.1 million euros to consolidated premium income (compared with 0.3 million in 2003) and -0.9 million euros to net results (compared with - 0.3 million in 2003).

The disposal of this subsidiary gave rise to a loss (including sales fees) of 12.1 million euros.

9. Sale of Dutch company Akkermans Van Elten Holding

The contribution to results in 2002 was insignificant.

The sale gave rise to profit of 3.1 million euros.

10. AGF Belgium Bank Sale

The Belgian bank was sold in 2003.

The contribution to 2003 results totalled 3 million euros.

In 2002, its contribution to AGFs consolidated balance sheet amounted to 979.7 million euros, including 590.9 million of investments. Moreover, it had contributed 17.3 million euros to unrealised capital gains.

The sale of this subsidiary gave rise to a loss (including sales fees) of 0.8 million euros.

Consolidated premium income

in millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002 pro forma (1)
Life insurance in France	4,096	4,008
Non-life insurance in France	4,290	3,910
Health insurance in France	1,239	1,112
Life insurance outside France at constant structures	1,532	1,458
Impact of changes in scope of consolidation:		
Sale of Phenix (Switzerland)	-	(25)
Sale of AGF Allianz Chile Vida	-	(16)
Life insurance outside France	1,532	1,499
Non-life insurance outside France at constant structures	2,776	2,653
Impact of changes in scope of consolidation:		
Sale of Phenix (Switzerland)	-	(21)
Consolidation of Arab International Insurance (Egypt)	8	-
Non-life insurance outside France	2,784	2,674
Health insurance outside France at constant structures	338	322
Impact of changes in scope of consolidation:		
Sale of Phenix (Switzerland)	-	(11)
Consolidation of Arab International Insurance (Egypt)	1	-
Health insurance outside France	339	333
Credit insurance at constant structures	1,766	1,410
Impact of changes in scope of consolidation:		
Consolidation of Hermes by Euler	11	-
Change in method of consolidating Mundialis (Cobac)	3	-
Credit insurance (2)	1,780	1,410
ASSISTANCE	483	490
Total insurance premium income before pro forma impact	16,520	15,363
Total impact of changes in scope of consolidation	23	73
TOTAL PREMIUM INCOME FROM INSURANCE	16,543	15,436
Premium income of other activities	33	34
Net banking income	1,698	1,654

(1) pro forma related to segmentation changes

(2) Hermes has not been consolidated in financial statements since 1 July 2002. On a comparable basis, activities held nearly steady (1.9%).

● RESULTS BY ACTIVITY

1 - Life insurance

Consolidated premium income amounted to 5 603 million euros (+3.1% at constant structures and foreign exchange), 5 628 million euros including other services and accounted for a relative weight of 34% of total insurance activity.

The contribution to total ordinary results stood at 391 million euros, a rise of 97.5% from 31 December 2002 and accounted for 36.5% of ordinary net results.

● 1.1 Life insurance in France

(a) Contribution of life insurance in France to consolidated premium income

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
AGF Vie	3,720	3,752	4,248
Arcalis	88	74	245
Coparc	80	80	118
Génération vie	197	92	-
Compagnie de Gestion et de Prévoyance	11	10	10
Total life insurance in France	4,096	4,008	4,621

In millions of eur

* Pro forma data

Consolidated premium income in life insurance in France totalled 4 096 million euros, a 2.2% rise from 2002

(b) Contribution of life insurance in France to ordinary consolidated income

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
AGF Vie	425	225	455
Arcalis	(12)	(21)	1
Others	3	3	4
Ordinary results before goodwill and taxes	416	207	460

in millions of euros

* Pro forma data

The contribution of life insurance in France amounted to 416 million euros, compared with 207 million at 31 December 2002, a rise of 101%. This change owed to AGFs strategy to improve its financial margin by adapting the level of life policyholder profit-sharing and cost reduction initiatives put into place this year.

	FY 2003	FY 2002	FY 2001
AGF Vie			
Group share in share capital	99.99%	99.99%	99.99%
Equity capital	2,959	2,593	1,963
Life insurance premium income (including Overseas Dept's. and Terr.)	3,761	3,792	4,291
Net statutory income	297	(15)	256
Contribution to ordinary income before taxes	425	225	455*
Dividend paid	-	-	322

in millions of euros

* Pro forma data

1.2 Life insurance outside France

(a) Contribution of life insurance outside France to consolidated premium income

in millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
Belgium	492	453	451
Netherlands	538	511	494
Spain	305	275	467
Rest of Europe	-	-	51
Sub-total Europe	1,335	1,239	1,463
Brazil	79	75	123
Rest of South America	43	70	162
Others, excluding Europe	35	34	33
Branches (AGF Vie)	40	40	42
Life insurance outside France at constant structures	1,532	1,458	1,823
Sale of Phenix (Switzerland)	-	(25)	-
Sale of AGF Allianz Chile Vida	-	(16)	-
Sale of Ogar (Africa)	-	-	(3)
Impact of changes in scope of consolidation	-	(41)	(3)
Total life insurance outside France	1,532	1,499	1,826

* Pro forma data

Outside France, life insurance premium income amounted to 1 507 million euros (1 532 million euros with other services in Belgium and Holland), or a rise of 5.6% on a comparable basis. Accounting for the impact of foreign currency exchange in South America, the real premium income change was +1.9% (+2.2 % with other services).

(b) Contribution of life insurance outside France to ordinary consolidated income

in millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
Belgium	(62)	(37)	9
Netherlands	7	8	28
Spain	22	20	15
Rest of Europe	1	(1)	2
Sub-total Europe	(32)	(10)	54
Brazil	(2)	(4)	(1)
Rest of South America	4	6	-
Overseas	3	(2)	3
Other countries	2	1	1
Sub-total outside Europe	7	1	3
Ordinary income before goodwill and taxes	(25)	(9)	57

* Pro forma data

The contribution of life insurance outside France was -25 million euros, compared with -9 million in 2002, owing mainly to impairment losses net of write-backs in Belgium of 81 million euros.

(c) Commentary

In Belgium, premium income in life insurance amounted to 492 million euros (including other services), a rise of 8.6%. The ordinary contribution of life insurance stood at -62 million euros, compared with -37 million at 31 December 2002.

In the Netherlands, premium income in life insurance from subsidiaries rose to 538 million euros (including 24 million for other services), or +5.3%, and the contribution to ordinary results stood at 7 million euros, compared with 8 million at 31 December 2002. The contributions to premium income in fiscal years 2002 and 2001 were increased respectively by 4 million euros due to the absorption of two companies by Allianz Nederland Leven.

In Spain, premium income in life insurance rose significantly in 2003 to 305 million euros (AGF share), or by 10.9% and made a contribution of 22 million euros, compared with 20 million at 31 December 2002.

In South America, total premium income in life insurance stood at 122 million euros (-10,7 % on a comparable basis, i.e., pro forma and at constant foreign exchange). The ordinary contribution amounted to 2 million euros (as in 2002). In fiscal year 2003 life subsidiaries in Chile and Brazil were sold and exited consolidation during the year.

The ordinary contribution of other companies stood at 6 million euros, compared with -2 million in 2002..

2 - Health insurance

Health insurance includes individual and group bodily damages policies..

Consolidated premium income amounted to 1 578 million euros (+11.3% at constant structures and foreign currency exchange) and accounted for a relative weight of 10% of total activity.

The contribution to AGFs ordinary consolidated income was 8 million euros, compared with 46 million in 2002 and accounted for 0,8% of ordinary net income. The overall combined ratio(1) of the Group stood at 108.5%, compared with 107.6% at 31 December 2002.

2.1 Health insurance in France

(a) Contribution of health insurance in France to consolidated premium income

	<i>in millions of euro</i>		
	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
AGF Vie	270	218	181
Arcalis	2	2	2
AGF Iart	911	844	780
AGF La Lilloise	18	18	20
Assurances Fédérales	38	30	23
Total health insurance in France	1,239	1,112	1,006

* Pro forma data

The premium income of health insurance in France rose 11.4% to 1 239 million euros.

(1) Combined ratios are based on the ratio of claims net of reinsurance and acquisition and net management fees to premiums earned net of reinsurance (consolidated data).

(b) Contribution of health insurance in France to ordinary consolidated income

In millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
AGF Vie	(37)	(13)	(5)
Arcalis	2	4	(1)
AGF Iart	28	18	53
AGF La Lilloise	4	8	3
Assurances Fédérales	4	3	4
Ordinary income before goodwill and taxes	1	20	54

* Pro forma data

The contribution of health insurance in France amounted to 1 million euros, compared with 20 million in 2002. Results were down due to a difficult environment where government measures to reduce reimbursements for certain medicines applied pressure to claims expense. And the combined ratio of health insurance in France rose from 108.9% at 31 December 2002 to 109.3% at 31 December 2003.

2.2 Health insurance outside France

(a) Contribution of health insurance outside France to consolidated premium income

In millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
Belgium	48	42	43
Netherlands	116	110	101
Spain	25	23	18
Rest of Europe	20	27	25
Sub-total Europe	209	202	187
Brazil	46	38	63
Rest of South America	59	70	109
Rest of outside Europe	17	14	16
Branches (AGF Vie, AGF Iart)	8	9	7
Total health insurance outside France	339	333	382

* Pro forma data

Health premium income outside France amounted to 339 million euros, a rise of 1.8% (10.9% on a constant structure and foreign exchange basis).

(b) Contribution of health insurance outside France to ordinary consolidated income

In millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
Belgium	(6)	(1)	1
Netherlands	7	4	(6)
Spain	3	5	6
Rest of Europe	1	2	(1)
Sub-total Europe	5	10	-
Brazil	2	3	(5)
Venezuela	4	8	1
Rest of South America	-	2	(5)
Overseas	(3)	3	(2)
Other countries	(1)	-	1
Sub-total outside Europe	2	16	(10)
Ordinary income before goodwill and taxes	7	26	(10)

* Pro forma data

The contribution of health insurance outside France totalled 7 million euros, compared with 26 million in 2002. The combined ratio of health insurance outside France stood at 105.7% at 31 December 2003, compared with 103% at 31 December 2002.

(c) Commentary

In Belgium, premium income from health insurance amounted to 48 million euros, a rise of 14.3%. The ordinary contribution of health was -6 million euros, compared with -1 million at 31 December 2002; the combined ratio stood at 129.3%, compared with 125.4% at 31 December 2002.

In the Netherlands, health premium income from subsidiaries rose to 116 million euros, or 5.5%, and the contribution to ordinary income stood at 7 million euros, compared with 4 million at 31 December 2002. The combined ratio stood at an excellent level of 98.4%.

Premium income from health insurance in Spain rose significantly in 2003 to 25 million euros (AGF share), or 8.7% and contributed 3 million euros, compared with 5 million at 31 December 2002 due to an excellent combined ratio of 86%.

In South America, total premium income from health insurance totalled 105 million euros (+11.1% on a comparable basis, i.e., pro forma and at constant foreign currency exchange). The ordinary contribution amounted to 6 million euros, compared with 13 million at 31 December 2002. In South America, the combined ratio stood at 103.3%.

The ordinary contribution of other countries amounted to -3 million euros, compared with 5 million in 2002.

3 - Non-life insurance

Consolidated premium income from non-life insurance was robust at 7 074 million euros (+8.3% on a comparable basis, i.e., pro forma and at constant foreign currency exchange). It accounted for nearly 43% of total activity.

The non-life contribution to AGF ordinary income stood at 447 million euros, compared with 79 million in 2002, owing to efforts to improve operating profitability. The overall group combined ratio was 101.6%, compared with 108.3% at 31 December 2002.

The non-life contribution amounted to 41.8% of ordinary net income.

3.1 Non-life insurance in France

(a) The contribution of non-life insurance in France to consolidated premium income

in millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
AGF Iart	3,879	3,534	3,163
AGF Vie	28	14	16
AGF La Lilloise	275	263	275
Assurances Fédérales	56	52	47
Others	52	47	47
Non-life insurance in France at constant structures	4,290	3,910	3,548
Changes in scope of consolidation			
Disposal of AGF Mat	-	-	(884)
Total non-life insurance in France	4,290	3,910	4,432

* Pro forma data

All the 2003 initiatives to improve operating profitability from non-life insurance paid off. Premium income was characterised by dynamic growth at 4 290 million euros, a rise of 9.7% owing to rate increases..

(b) Contribution of non-life insurance in France to ordinary consolidated income.

in millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
AGF Iart	409	31	312
Non-life of AGF Vie	(1)	(3)	1
AGF Mat	-	-	(52)
AGF La Lilloise	(37)	(18)	3
Other	7	(7)	(23)
Ordinary income before goodwill and taxes	378	3	241

* Pro forma data

The contribution of non-life insurance in France was much improved, amounting to 378 million euros, compared with 3 million in 2002. The improvement was buoyed by the recovery of the combined ratio, which fell from 112.1% at 31 December 2002 to 102.4% at 31 December 2003, in line with the objectives set by the Group for the entire year. Moreover, more favourable market conditions and capital gains on the sale of Crédit Lyonnais stock sustained financial income.

in millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002	FY 2001
AGF Iart			
Group share in share capital	99.98%	99.98%	99.98%
Share capital	2,226	1,868	1,813
Premium income	4,991	4,540	4,079
Net statutory income	280	21	130
Contribution to ordinary income before taxes	409	31	312*
Dividends paid	-	-	133

* Pro forma data

3.2 Non-life insurance outside France

(a) Contribution of non-life insurance outside France to consolidated premium income

in millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
Belgium	325	320	348
Netherlands	975	913	770
Spain	815	721	620
Rest of Europe	-	8	13
Sub-total Europe	2,115	1,962	1,751
Brazil	212	229	379
Rest of South America	268	294	462
Rest of outside Europe	52	52	63
Branches (AGF Vie, AGF Iart)	129	116	106
Non-life insurance in France at constant structures	2,776	2,653	2,761
Change in scope of consolidation			
Sale of Phenix (Switzerland)	-	(21)	-
Consolidation of Arab International Insurance (Egypt)	8	-	-
Disposal of Ogar (Africa)	-	-	(15)
Impact of changes in scope of consolidation	8	(21)	(15)
Non-life insurance outside France	2,784	2,674	2,776

* Pro forma data

The premium income of non-life insurance outside France, which amounted to 2 784 million euros, was also on a distinct growth path, up 6.3% on a comparable basis, i.e., pro forma and at constant foreign currency exchange, owing to rate increases and the pursuit of business development.

(b) Contribution of life insurance outside France to ordinary consolidated income.

in millions of euros

	FY 2003	FY 2002*	FY 2001*
Belgium	(22)	(39)	(18)
Netherlands	8	8	3
Spain	50	30	44
United Kingdom	3	18	23
Rest of Europe	(10)	3	1
Sub-total Europe	29	20	53
Brazil	4	6	3
Colombia	9	12	7
Venezuela	2	15	2
Rest of South America	(3)	4	(6)
Overseas	17	16	18
Africa and Middle East	11	3	5
Sub-total outside Europe	40	56	29
Ordinary results before goodwill and taxes	69	76	82

* Pro forma data

The contribution to ordinary income amounted to 69 million euros, compared with 76 million in 2002 due to the adverse impact of additional provisions for lasting impairment in value in Belgium

The combined ratio of activities outside France was well oriented, dropping from 102.7% at 31 December 2002 to 100.3% at 31 December 2003.

(c) Commentary

In Belgium, non-life business rose 1.6% to 325 million euros. The application of disciplined underwriting measures led to an improvement in the combined ratio from 116.6% in 2002 to 103% in 2003, ahead of plan. The ordinary contribution stood at -22 million euros owing to additional provisions for value impairment, compared with -39 million at 31 December 2002.

In the Netherlands, the non-life activities of subsidiaries rose significantly in 2003 by 6.8% to 975 million euros also buoyed by a growth cycle. The combined ratio stood at an excellent level of 97.5%. The ordinary contribution amounted to 8 million euros (unchanged from 2002).

In Spain, non-life activities posted growth of 13% to 815 million euros (AGF share). The ordinary contribution amounted to 50 million euros, compared with 30 million at 31 December 2002 owing to an excellent combined ratio of 96%.

In South America, total premium income from non-life stood at 480 million euros (steady with +0.4% at comparable data, i.e., pro forma and at constant foreign currency exchange). Ordinary income was 12 million euros, compared with 37 million at 31 December 2002. The combined ratio stood at 107.6%.

The ordinary contribution of other countries totalled 21 million euros at 31 December 2003, compared with 40 million at 31 December 2002.

4 - Credit insurance

AGF Group premium income from credit insurance generated by the subsidiaries of Euler Hermes stood at 1 780 million euros, a 1.9% rise pro forma and at constant foreign currency exchange.

The ordinary contribution (AGF share) of Euler Hermes amounted to 125 million euros, a rise of 27.6% from 31 December 2002 (98 million euros). Despite a world economy that was still troubled, initiatives to improve underwriting profitability made it possible to reduce the combined ratio to nearly 80% (89% in 2002). Moreover, the synergies from consolidating Hermes are in line with expectations.

5 - Assistance

Premium income from assistance amounted to 483 million euros (including 88 million for other services), a rise of 1.6% at constant structures and foreign currency exchange. This contribution to ordinary net income was 13 millions euros unchanged from 2002.

6 - Banking

The ordinary results of banking and financial services rose significantly to 187 million euros, compared with 50 million in 2002. The growth was mainly attributable to the strong operating performance of Entenial, whose ordinary income amounted to 102 million euros at 31 December 2003, compared with 33 million at 31 December 2002. But this strong showing was also buoyed by gratifying results from asset management, which contributed 39 million euros at 31 December 2003, compared with 16 million at 31 December 2002, the positive contribution of Banque AGF (15 million euros at 31 December 2003, compared with 11 million at 31 December 2002, more than one year ahead of plan), and the marked recovery of factoring results generated by Eurofactor (9 million euros at 31 December 2003, compared with -15 million at 31 December 2002).

7 - Other activities

This category mainly comprised holding companies, cash management and brokerage houses.

The ordinary contribution before taxes and goodwill amortisation amounted to -101 million euros in 2003, compared with -21 million in 2002.

The ordinary results of the holding companies deteriorated (-124 million euros in 2003, compared with -34 million in 2002). Miscellaneous activities in and outside France made a contribution of 23 million euros in 2003, compared with 13 million in 2002.

● CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS

Consolidated net profit and loss group share stood at 763 million euros, a rise of 184.7%, and was distributed as follows:

in millions of euro

	FY 2003	FY 2002 pro forma	Change	FY 2001 pro forma
Life insurance in France	416	207	101.0%	460
Life insurance outside France	(25)	(9)	n.s.	57
Total life insurance	391	198	97.5%	517
Health insurance in France	1	20	-95.0%	54
Health insurance outside France	7	26	-73.1%	(10)
Total health insurance	8	46	-82.6%	44
Non-life insurance in France	378	3	n.s.	241
Non-life insurance outside France	69	76	-9.2%	82
Total non-life insurance	447	79	n.s.	323
Assistance	13	13	-	5
Credit insurance	125	98	27.6%	69
Banking activities in France	165	42	292.9%	49
Banking activities outside France	22	8	n.s.	10
Total banking activities	187	50	274.0%	59
Other activities in France	16	5	220.0%	7
Other activities outside France	7	8	-12.5%	11
Total other activities	23	13	76.9%	18
Ordinary results of insurance companies, banking and other activities before taxes and goodwill amortisation	1,194	497	140.2%	1,035
Holding companies in France	(66)	(18)	-266.7%	(76)
Holding companies outside France	(58)	(16)	-262.5%	5
Total holding companies	(124)	(34)	-264.7%	(71)
Ordinary results of insurance companies, banking and other activities before taxes and goodwill amortisation	1,070	463	131.1%	964
Taxes	(56)	1	n.s.	(81)
Goodwill amortisation	(110)	(138)	n.s.	(105)
Exceptional items	(141)	(58)	n.s.	(46)
Consolidated net profit and loss group share	763	268	184.7%	732

● OTHER FINANCIAL ITEMS

Based on the weighted number of outstanding shares at 31 December 2003, less the weighted number of treasury shares (15,193,451), or 172,934,005 shares, net earnings per share (weighted EPS) stood at 4.41 euros, compared with 1.57 euros in 2002. ROE amounted to 13.2%, compared with 4.6% in 2002.

Capital gains

In 2003 unrealised capital gains net of provisions for value impairment stood at 489 million euros, deriving from a significant gain of 919 million euros on shares of Crédit Lyonnais, which was offset by capital losses of 868 million euros and write-backs of provisions for value impairment of 438 million euros. Capital gains and losses realised in 2003 amounted to 51 million euros.

Moreover, the provision for capital loss exposures on the consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2002 was written back in its entirety to profit and loss during 2003 for a profit of 95 million euros.

Assets under management, unrealised capital gains

The market value of assets under management totalled 79.9 billion euros at 31 December 2003. Unrealised capital gains group share have also risen significantly since the end of 2002 to 4.7 billion euros at 31 December 2003, compared with 3.3 billion euros at 31 December 2002. They reaped the benefit of elimination of unrealised capital losses on equities, which completely disappears, since the situation at 31 December 2003 showed 300 million euros in net unrealised capital gains. Unrealised capital gains on property contracted slightly due to profit taking. Unrealised gains on bonds dropped from 2.7 billion euros at 31 December 2002 to 2.5 billion at 31 December 2003.

Net asset value

Consolidated book shareholders' equity amounted to 6.53 billion euros, compared with 5.97 billion at 31 December 2002. Net asset value (after share buy-backs) stood at 7.07 billion euros, or 40.5 euros per share, up from 34.5 euros after dividends at 31 December 2002. This change owed to the positive impact of yearly results and the growth of unrealised capital gains after taxes

● EVENTS SUBSEQUENT TO CLOSING

On 4 February 2004, AGF and Crédit Foncier finalised the sale of the 72.16% of the share capital of Entenial that AGF held through its subsidiary Banque AGF.

The sale agreements occurred at closing of fiscal year 2003, but the transfer of control did not occur until after closing, or on 4 February 2004.

At 31 December 2003 Entenial, in the process of being sold, was consolidated using the same methods and presentation principles applied in the previous fiscal year.

A provision of 28.2 million euros (including taxes) was booked in consolidated financial statements for fiscal year 2003 for capital losses on the sale in process of the Entenial shares held by the AGF Group.

On 28 January 2004, AGF tendered all of its shares in Sophia in the friendly offer launched by GE Real Investissement. Sale of life insurance and asset management subsidiaries in Brazil.

On 20 February 2004, through its Brazilian subsidiaries AGF Brasil Seguros and AGF Do Brasil, AGF finalised the sale of a 100% of the share capital with transfer of share ownership of the companies AGF Vida e Previdencia and Banco AGF to Banco Itau Holding Financiera.

The parties had entered into agreement on 31 December 2003 on various terms related to the sale. At 31 December, AGF Vida e Previdencia and Banco AGF were consolidated using the same methods and principles that had been applied in the prior fiscal year. Only reciprocal off-balance sheet commitments were recognised relating to the delivery of shares and the amount to be received.

● IMPLEMENTATION OF IFRS (INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS) AT AGF

Pursuant to European regulation n°1606/2002 and in compliance with IFRS 1, "Adoption of IFRS as accounting referential", the consolidated financial statements of the AGF Group for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2005 will be based in international accounting standards (IFRS) in effect at 31 December 2005 with comparative statements for fiscal year 2004 based upon the same standards.

In order to publish comparative information (the hypothesis of comparative 2004 statements based on IFRS is now that of the Group), the AGF Group will have to prepare an opening balance sheet at 1 January 2004, the point of departure for applying IFRS and the date that the impact of the transition will be booked, mainly to shareholders' equity.

Therefore, the AGF Group has implemented a project for converting to IFRS with the objective of identifying the main differences in accounting methods and preparing an opening balance sheet at 1 January 2004 based on the standards applied in 2005. This analysis will not be complete until IASB publishes the final expected norms and they are approved by the European Union.

Description of project and state of advancement

In order to provide for the consistency of accounting policy and implementation within the Group the IFRS conversion project is being carried out by a central team that manages all of the project for the Group.

Now in progress, the objective of the first phase, which is "diagnostic", is to identify and measure differences between the new standards and practices now applied in the Group. Task forces for different sectors affected by the changes in standards started to work in the second half of 2003.

The principal monitoring entities implemented to assure project success and measure its advancement exist at two levels:

- a pilot committee that includes the main project players at the Group and sub-group level,
- technical committees responsible for the pre-validation of IFRS technical points and options. .

A project to adapt accounting processes of Group companies and information systems (tools for gathering subsidiary data and a consolidation tool) are also in progress in order to be operational in 2005.

Description of main divergences already identified

IFRS in respect of insurance policies have still not been published and will not be applicable in 2005. They have been addressed in a survey summary (ED5) published in July 2003 that provides for two-phased implementation. Before the final publication of this standard, it is not possible to identify and estimate the impact of converting to IFRS on the booking of insurance policies. Future consequences of the standard are likely to relate mainly to the classification of insurance policies between policies falling under standard IAS39 relative to financial instruments and insurance policies falling under IFRS relative to insurance policies that in the present form of proposed standards are likely to be booked pursuant to existing standards during phase 1 starting 1 January 2005.

The IAS39 standard relative to financial instruments still not adopted by the European Union may have a major impact on financial statements for fiscal year 2005 and the 2004 comparison:

- it provides for a classification of financial instruments based on the objectives of the holder and the booking at fair value of investments available for sale and trading securities,
- it provides for accounting based on the principle of the amortised cost of certain life policies that the standard views as financial instruments,
- it provides for the breakdown of hybrid instruments such as convertible bonds into a debt and a shareholders' equity component.

IFRS 1 relative to the initial adoption of IFRS as accounting referential has specific provisions for transition to IFRS and options that are now being studied in respect of the following:

- the possible use in the opening IFRS balance sheet of the AGF Group at 1 January 2004 of accounts established in IFRS under the consolidation of Allianz AG, which has been releasing consolidating accounts under IFRS since 1998,
- the restatement or non-restatement of regroupings of companies that occurred before 1 January 2004,
- the valuation of fixed assets at 1 January 2004,
- the elimination of conversion differences booked under share capital.

Other major standards and interpretations that will be in effect at 31 December 2005 had still not been published in their final form by the IASB. They mainly include standards in respect of company regrouping (ED 3), assets held for later sale (ED4) or to macro-hedging (IAS 39 – supplement), as well as revised versions of standards for asset write-downs (IAS 36) and intangible assets (IAS 38), the initial adoption of the IFRS (IFRS 1) and all the revised standards that are part of project improvements.

In respect of scope of consolidation, IAS 27 relative to consolidated accounts and its interpretation SIC-12 lead to consolidation of all controlled entities, even if the Group holds no stake in the controlled entity. The methods of application of this interpretation are in review within the Group, namely as they concern methods of consolidating OPCVM investment funds. Although the Group is not now in a position to estimate divergences with present rules, this interpretation could possibly lead to increasing total Group assets and liabilities.

In terms of asset write-down rules, in light of discussion in progress in the IASB on proposed standards, AGF is not in a position at this point to estimate divergences with rules now applied by the Group for preparing statements according to French standards.

IFRS 2 (payment in equities) published 19 February 2004 will lead to a change in the method of booking stock purchase and subscription options granted by the Group to its employees.

IAS 40 relative to investment properties will lead to a breakdown of the value of property assets into homogenous components subject to amortisation according to differentiated maturities.

Intangible assets

Goodwill: unlike the provisions of regulation CRC 2000-05 on consolidated financial statements, ED3, the proposed standard on company regrouping, eliminates the amortisation of positive goodwill. An impairment test will have to be carried out at least once a year.

Network values: network values recognised at the time of company regrouping are likely to be reclassified in corresponding goodwill at 1 January 2004.

Intangible assets: the Group's development expenses, which are now booked as expenses, will be booked according to criteria established by IAS 38.

And lastly, it should be noted that some subjects are being reviewed by professional task forces in order to determine the methods of application adapted to specific situations (classification of life policies, booking of building, etc).

Presentation of financial statements

The presentation of the consolidated profit and loss statement will be significantly changed, mainly by eliminating non-operating income and expenses and the reintegration at the level of operating results of amortisation expenses and depreciation relative to goodwill.

The presentation of the balance sheet may be reviewed to separate short and long-term items.

● AGF SA

AGF SA is the main holding company of the AGF Group.

1 - Share capital increase

In fiscal year 2003, 52,175 stock subscription options granted to executives and employees were exercised, giving rise to the creation of an equal number of shares.

On 29 December 2003, 1,214,304 new shares reserved for employees were issued.

At 31 December 2003, share capital stood at 860 602 016.59 euros represented by 188,172,639 shares.

2 - Financial fixed assets and investments

Investments totalled 5 147 million euros at 31 December 2003, compared with 5 034 million at 31 December 2002 and were broken down as follows:

	<i>in millions of euros</i>		
	2003	2002	2001
Treasury shares	584	524	822
Equity investments	4,562	4,509	3,825
Investment securities	1	1	3
TOTAL	5,147	5,034	4,650

a) Equity investments

Equity investments included:

- 99.99% of AGF Holding for 4,178.2 million euros.
- 29.76% of Banque AGF for a net book value of 191 million euros.
- 99.99% of SNC AGF Cash for 0.2 million euros.
- 99.99% of Eustache for a net book value of 2.7 million euros.
- 0.75% of Worms for 13.1 million euros.
- 9.46% of Euler Hermes for 149.2 million euros.
- 7.61% AGF Asset Management for 28 million euros

	<i>in millions of euros</i>		
	Activity	Revenue	Results
AGF HOLDING 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 PARIS	Holding	111,896	40,549
EUSTACHE 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 PARIS	Holding	-	(396)
SNC AGF CASH 14, rue Halévy - 75009 PARIS	Cash mgt	-	4,733
Banque AGF 14, rue Halévy - 75009 PARIS	Banking	228,028	20,188
EULER HERMES 1, rue Euler - 75008 PARIS	Holding	-	36,169
AGF Asset Management 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 PARIS	Asset Management	89,369	7,724

b) Treasury shares

Pursuant to the new provisions of the law of 2 July 1998, the General Meeting of Shareholders of 4 June 1999 authorised the buy-back of a maximum of 10% of the share capital of AGF. This authorisation was renewed by subsequent General Meetings of Shareholders of 30 May 2000, 5 June 2001, 14 May 2002 and 26 May 2003. The authorisation of the COB was obtained on 6 May 2003.

Pursuant to opinion n° 98-D of the Emergency Committee of the CNC, these securities were booked as "financial fixed assets – treasury shares".

During fiscal year 2003, AGF acquired an additional 15,050 securities for 0.6 million euros (at an average cost of 42.15 euros) and sold 1,777,052 securities with a book value of 91 million euros (or an average cost of 50.96 euros).

At 31 December 2003, there were 13,603,387 treasury shares, or 7.2% of share capital with a gross book value of 750 million euros (or an average cost of 55.17 euros).

c) Investments

Marketable securities consisted of 21 532 AGF shares for a net book value of 0.5 million euros acquired for the purpose of stock option purchase grants to AGF Group employees and Gecina securities at a value of 0.1 million euros.

3 - Receivables from consolidated companies

Receivables in respect of consolidated companies amounted to 808 million euros, compared with 1 979 million in 2002. They included loans to AGF Holding amounting to 732.1 million euros and a loan to AGF Cash for 70.9 million euros.

4 - Provisions for risks and contingencies

They related mainly to the Entenial defeasances for 19.9 million euros and the tax dispute on withholding subsequently to the purchase of Banesto shares in 1994 for 3.8 million euros.

5 - Statutory results

Profits for the fiscal year stood at 423 million euros, compared with 439 million in 2002 and were broken down as follows:

in millions of euros

	2003	2002	2001
Equity investment income	332	666	27
Other net investment income	(1)	27	41
Operating expenses	(63)	(41)	(43)
Changes in provisions	(10)	13	25
Capital gains and losses net of write-downs	188	(302)	134
Tax consolidation gain	(23)	76	70
Income taxes	-	-	-
Net income	423	439	254

Equity investment revenue comprised dividends from:

- AGF Holding for 327.4 million euros,
- Euler Hermes for 3 million euros,
- Worms for 1.2 million euros,
- AGF Asset Management for 0.4 million euros.

Miscellaneous revenue mainly comprised income from cash operations, interest on receivables in respect of AGF Holding and interest on the loan to Allianz BV. Ordinary operating expenses stood at 63 million euros in 2003, compared with 41 million in 2002. The change was mainly attributable to the increase in fees from the Department of Communication, the SAFIR systems project and general management fees.

6 - Ownership threshold

Pursuant to article L. 233-6 of the new Commercial Code, we would call your attention to the fact that there were no new equity stakes acquired by AGF during 2003.

7 - Allocation of profit

In consideration of profits of 423 188 052.65 euros plus retained earnings of 198 035 350.26 euros, the available balance stood at 621 223 402.91 euros, which we would recommend distributing as follows: contribution to the long-term capital gains special reserve of 53 029 370 euros, pay-out of a dividend of 419 997 447.20 euros, an equalisation tax (*précompte*) on dividends of 103 512 836 euros, and the balance of 148 196 585.71 euros to retained earnings.

Profit for fiscal year 2003	423,188,052.65
Retained earnings	198,035,350.26
Distributable results allocated to:	621,223,402.91
- long-term capital gains special reserve	
- dividends	53,029,370.00
the balance of	419,997,447.20
being allocated to retained earnings.	148,196,585.71

The dividend per share would therefore be 1.80 euros, or:

- 1.80 euro: net dividend pay-out,
- 0.90 euro: tax credit.

Pursuant to the provisions of article 243 bis of the General Tax Code, you are hereby reminded that the dividend paid for the last three fiscal years was as follows:

	in euros per share		
	Gross dividend	Tax credit	Net dividend
FY 2000	3.00	1.00	2.00
FY 2001	3.00	1.00	2.00
FY 2002	1.50	0.50	1.00 *

*including 1.10 euros per share withdrawn from income and 0.90 euros per share from the ordinary reserve

8 - Information relative to the distribution of share capital

Pursuant to article L. 233-13 of the Commercial Code, you are hereby informed that Allianz A.G. held 58.5% of share capital at 31 December 2003. No other shareholder held more than 5%.

You are informed, pursuant to article L. 225.102 of the Commercial Code, that employees and former employees of the AGF Group held 2.2% of the share capital of the Company at 31 December 2003 in an FCPE employee investment plan.

Implementation of the sustainable development project

As was the case last year, the annual report for 2003 contains a large section on sustainable development (see page 1.59 of this shelf registration document). In keeping with the spirit of the NRE Law and the decree of 20 February 2002, a specific report providing a summary of practices in effect at AGF in areas of sustainable development was elaborated at the end of 2003 based on available information. The decision to fold "traditional institutional" and sustainable development approaches into a single report was taken because it provides a complete vision of the company to the widest possible audience.

All the key themes for a company like AGF are addressed. Although existing reporting systems do not always make it possible to cover a scope of consolidation like that of the Group, the information gathered attempts to present a faithful and sincere image of current practices. Therefore, each quantified datum includes mention of the exact nature of the scope in question. Moreover, various points do not have performance indicators.

The reporting system was carried over in 2003 from the previous year. But new indicators were added (ex: waste). The process of widening the reporting system will extend throughout the years to come in order to facilitate the consolidation of the maximum amount of data on an AGF scale, subject to technical and financial constraints. The challenge is to adapt reporting tools to the true underlying elements.

Information relative to corporate officers

a) Remuneration of corporate officers by the company during fiscal year 2003

Pursuant to article L. 225-102-1, § 1, of the Commercial Code, you are hereby informed that the remuneration and fringe benefits or directors' fees paid by the Company or the companies it controls during the fiscal year were distributed as follows:

The Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry (from 1 January to 31 December 2003), 926,984 euros distributed as follows:

- an annual base salary paid in 2003 of 662,389 euros.
- a variable portion paid in 2003 of 204,891 euros. One-half of this variable portion of remuneration was based on quantitative criteria linked to results and the other half on individual qualitative criteria.
- 28 400 euros in directors' fees paid by AGF S.A. and 31,304 euros by the other companies of the AGF Group.

The Chairman also has a company car and a chauffeur

Moreover, in its meeting of 23 September 2003, the Board of Directors, acting on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, granted Mr. Thierry 7,572 Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR), over and above those received in 2001 and 2002, and 100,000 AGF S.A stock subscription options.

The directors' fees paid in 2003 by AGF S.A. to corporate officers (excluding directors representing employees and employee shareholders and the chairman) stood at 222,400 euros and were distributed as follows:

- Mr. Breipohl 31,600 euros (including Compensation Committee),
- Mr. Cannac 33,200 euros (including Transactions Committee),
- Mr. Kalscheuer 30,000 euros (including Transactions Committee),
- Mrs. Majnoni d'Intignano 34,800 euros (including Audit Committee and Compensation Committee),
- Mr. Lévy-Lang 22,000 euros (including Compensation Committee),
- Mr. Brette 28 400 euros,
- Mr. Jeancourt-Galignani 25 200 euros,
- Mr. Ferrero 17,200 euros (including Audit Committee).

Directors' fees were not paid by AGF S.A. to Messrs. Schulte-Noëlle, Diekmann and Bremkamp, who informed the Board of their wish to forfeit them. Moreover, they did not receive fees from the French subsidiaries of the AGF Group or the foreign subsidiaries controlled by AGF S.A. within the meaning of article L. 233-16 of the Commercial Code.

AGF decided not to address the remuneration of Messrs. Schulte-Noëlle, Diekmann, Bremkamp and Breipohl paid by the Allianz Group, since their activities in that group appear to have no direct relationship with their responsibilities as directors of AGF S.A.

None of the corporate officers of the company (excluding the Chairman and the directors representing the employees and employee shareholders) received compensation from AGF S.A. or the subsidiaries it controls within the meaning of article L. 233-16 of the Commercial Code.

The total gross compensation paid to the three directors representing employee and employee shareholders during the year stood at 262,294 euros including 78 800 euros in directors' fees.

The directors' fees paid in 2003 by AGF S.A. totalled 329 600 euros, including 78 800 paid to directors representing employees and employee shareholders and 28 400 euros to Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry.

b) Mandates and functions of corporate officers during fiscal year 2003

You are also hereby informed that pursuant to the same provisions of law, the list of all mandates and functions of corporate officers in all companies appears under "Board of Directors at 31 December 2003" on page 13 of this report.

Resolutions presented for the approval of the Ordinary General Meeting of Shareholders

The Board of Directors recommends that shareholders in their Ordinary General Meeting approve the consolidated and statutory financial statements and set the total dividend on 175,824,784 dividend bearing shares (share capital outstanding, less treasury shares, at 12 March 2004) at 419,997,447.20 euros. Taking into account the equalisation tax (*précompte*) on the dividend of 103,512,836 euros, the amount actually distributed to shareholders would be 316,481,611.20 euros, or a net dividend of 1.80 euro per share. The balance of 148,196,585.71 euros would be booked to retained earnings. The dividend will be payable starting 26 May 2004 and will qualify for a tax credit of 50%, except in certain cases specified in the Finance Law of 2004, where the tax credit may be reduced to 10%.

At the 26 May 2003 AGM, shareholders appointed Mr Michael Diekmann to the Board of Directors for a period of four years, in accordance with by-laws, replacing Mr Henning Schulte-Noëlle, who resigned as of 29 April 2003. Mr Diekmann was then named Vice Chairman at the Board meeting held on the same day.

At the 25 May 2004 General Meeting you will be asked to renew the terms of Board members Mrs Majnoni d'Intignano and Messrs Thierry and Cannac, to appoint a new Board member, Mr Hervé de Veyrac, and to name a Board member representing employee shareholders. You will also be asked to renew the terms of the Statutory Auditors, Ernst & Young Audit and KPMG SA and the alternate Statutory Auditors, Messrs de Chastellux and Rivière.

The Board also recommends that you extend for another 18 months the authorisation given to the Board to buy back shares of the Company by any and all means, on the open market or over the counter, up to a maximum of 10% of share capital. Shares bought back may be used to regularise the share price, grant stock options to company employees, and improve the investment and financial management of the company. Pursuant to the law, a *note d'information* providing detailed information on the aforementioned buy-backs has been approved by the AMF.

Resolution presented for the approval of the extraordinary general meeting of the shareholders

In the extraordinary part of the meeting, you will be asked to renew, for a maximum of five years and a total number of newly-issued shares not to exceed 5% of share capital, the authorisation to carry out capital increases reserved for employees who participate in an Employee Savings Plan.

You will also be asked to renew the Board's authorisation to grant new stock options (subscription or purchase) to corporate officers and employees of the Group for a period of 38 months and up to a maximum of 4,000,000 shares.

Another resolution put before shareholders renews by anticipation for a period of five years the authorisation given to the Board to reduce share capital, as it sees fit, by cancelling a portion of the shares bought back pursuant to the authorisation provided for in resolution fifteen presented to the shareholders in their ordinary general meeting up to a maximum of 10% of share capital.

AGF

Report of the Chairman pursuant to article L.225-37 of the Commercial Code

Introduction

To the Shareholders,

Pursuant to the provisions of article 117 of law n° 20 03-706 dated 1 August 2003, known as the Law on Financial Security (*Loi de Sécurité Financière*), which introduced a new paragraph (the 6th) to article L. 225-37 of the Commercial Code, it is my responsibility, as Chairman of the Board of Directors of your company, to report:

- to the General Meeting of Shareholders on the preparation and organisation of the activities of the Board of Directors
- on internal procedures put into place
- on any limitations that might be enacted by the Board of Directors in respect of my powers as Chief Executive Officer.

This report relates to both the société AGF and the AGF Group; therefore, it is attached to the annual management report provided for by article L225-100 of the Commercial Code and the Group management report provided for under article L 233-26 of the same code. I asked that a specifically dedicated working group be created in developing the report and that it have direct access to all departments and subsidiaries and the responsibility of inventorying existing control procedures. I have personally followed its progress.

The proposed report was presented to the Audit Committee on 9 March 2004. It was then presented to and approved by the Board of Directors on 15 March 2004. Its format is in accordance with the recommendations of the AMF, or *Autorité des Marchés Financiers* (Financial Markets Authority) published on 23 January 2004.

Before going into the details of the report in respect of fiscal year 2003, several points should be made relative to internal control procedures within AGF.

In recent years AGF has implemented internal control procedures, i.e. a body of rules, directives and operating principles, the purpose of which is to ensure that:

- activities in the Group as well as the actions of AGF personnel conform to laws and regulations, and applicable standards and internal rules and are consistent with the values, directions and objectives set forth by labour and management and their delegates,
- internal and external communications fairly represent the company's situation and activity.

These procedures, although not absolute guarantees, provide reasonable assurance that the objectives set forth above will be met.

These rules of internal control exist in part because insurance companies are regulated and subject to a special regulatory environment, the ultimate purpose of which is the protection of policyholders. In France the Insurance Code sets forth a body of restrictive rules that cover legal, technical, underwriting, prudential and accounting aspects of insurance operations.

A public administrative authority, the *Commission de Contrôle des Assurances, Mutuelles et Institutions de Prévoyance*, the "CCAMIP" (Commission for Controlling Insurance, Mutual Companies and Prudential Institutions), is responsible for seeing to the successful application of these rules by the company. Similar regulations exist in other countries where AGF has subsidiaries.

AGF is part of the Allianz Group, the parent company of which, being listed on the New York stock exchange, must respect the provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley Law, the objective of which is to provide a guarantee of the reliability of financial information. Initiatives to assure AGF compliance with this law are in progress and part of a planned effort that includes the management of operational risks. They should come to a conclusion no later than in 2005 and strengthen existing internal control procedures. They will also facilitate progressive development in the years to come of the content of this report on internal control procedures.

The report is divided into three parts:

- Part 1: The conditions for preparing and organising the activities of the Board of Directors and limits imposed by the Board on the powers of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer,
- Part 2: The general organisation of internal control procedures within AGF,
- Part 3: The implementation of internal control procedures.

In order to respond to Article 120 of the Law on Financial Security, under which the auditors present their observations on the report of the Chairman for the internal control procedures relative to the development and treatment of financial and accounting information in a report attached to their general report, these procedures are separated into parts 2 title 5 and part 3 title 3 of this report.

Part 1 - Conditions for preparing and organising the activities of the Board of Directors and limits imposed by the Board on the powers of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

1 - The composition of the Board of Directors

Pursuant to the by-laws of the company, the Board of Directors comprises: no fewer than 9 and no more than 15 directors appointed by the General Meeting of Shareholders, 2 directors elected by employees of the Company and its French subsidiaries and 1 director representing employee shareholders appointed by the General Meeting of Shareholders based on the recommendation of employee shareholders

Directors are appointed for 4 years and one-half of the Board revolves every 2 years.

The Board of Directors comprises 14 members: the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the company, 3 directors representing the majority shareholder, 1 director representing AGF general agents, 1 director representing employee shareholders, 2 directors representing management and non-management employees respectively and elected directly by them, and 6 other directors, including 5 independent directors within the meaning of the Bouton report (i.e., with no relationship of any kind with the company, its Group, its management or one of its shareholders of more than 10% of share capital, which might compromise their independence of judgement).

In this respect and in keeping with the internal regulations of the Board, the latter must review the situation of each director at least once a year in order to ascertain whether there have been changes. This review was carried out by the Board in its 15 March 2004 meeting.

Moreover, pursuant to the powers given to it by company by-laws and its own internal regulations, the Board of Directors appointed a non-voting member (*censeur*) at its meeting of 14 March 2003. Serving a 4 year term, he is responsible for seeing to the strict application of the by-laws and has the right of review of company management in representing all shareholders. He may also participate in a Study Committee of the Board of Directors. In the fulfillment of his mission, the non-voting member attends meetings of the Board of Directors and takes part in its deliberations on a consultative basis. The individual now serving as the non-voting member also serves as a full member of the Audit Committee.

2 - *The revision of the internal regulations of the Board of Directors*

In March 2003, there was a complete revision of the internal regulations of the Board in order to comply with the principal recommendations of the Bouton report in terms of corporate governance, several of which were already being applied in a more informal manner by the company.

Over and above the yearly review of the situation of each director mentioned above, the more significant innovations included the instigation and completion of a total annual evaluation process of the operation of the Board of Directors by the directors themselves. The implementation of this process was assigned to Egon Zehnder International and its conclusions gave rise to deliberations at the Board meeting of 15 March 2004.

3 - *Report on fiscal year 2003*

The Board held 6 meetings in fiscal year 2003, including a special meeting on 18 July 2003 devoted to the proposed sale of the stake held by the AGF Group in Entenial. The attendance level of members of the Board was on the order of 80%. In its meeting of 23 September 2003, the Board inserted additional provisions in its internal regulations allowing for meetings of the Board through videoconferencing in the event of an emergency.

In the year just ended, the principal non-recurring subjects addressed by the Board over and above the major changes to the internal regulations of the Board, included the review of several acquisition proposals in and outside France and partnerships in various areas (health, analysis and selection of management companies and OPCVM investment funds, employee savings, etc.), and conversely several disposal operations (shares in Crédit Lyonnais, Entenial, Sophia and AGF Belgium Bank, life business in Brazil and Chile, etc.).

The Board of Directors also addressed:

- Group policies in terms of methods for calculating provisions for value impairment, and asset allocations for 2003 and 2004,
- AGFs financial situation compared to that of the markets, measures adopted to protect the Group against the volatility of its asset portfolios in equities and bonds,
- AGFs policy in reinsurance.

Moreover, the Board made decisions to:

- adapt criteria for distributing directors' fees to take into better account the practices of good government and promote attendance at meetings of the Board and study committees. Henceforth directors' fees paid to each director include a fixed payment of 9 200 €/year, a variable component of 3 200 € for attendance at a Board meeting and 1 600 € for attendance at a study committee of the Board. Excluding the Chairman and the representatives of employees, employee shareholders and AGF general agents, no director held responsibilities within the AGF Group or received any compensated assignment.
- increase share capital reserved for employees.

4 - The permanent study committees

Presently there are 3 permanent study committees within the Board of Directors, each one chaired by an independent director and each soon having its own internal regulations: the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Transactions Committee.

The Audit Committee has 3 members, two of whom are independent, and is chaired by Mr. D. Ferrero. Pursuant to the internal regulations of the Board, its mission includes the following:

- analysing financial statements prior to their presentation to the Board of Directors and assuring that accounting methods are relevant
- approving the Group General Audit programme
- being consulted on the appointment or renewal of the assignments of independent auditors and reviewing their verifications of financial statements
- reviewing any matter that might have a significant financial impact on the company
- carrying out special mission that might be assigned to it by the Board of Directors.

The main subjects addressed in the 5 meetings held in 2003, with an attendance rate of 73%, were:

- reviewing 2002 and first half 2003 financial statements (including "pre-earnings" statements), related reports of independent auditors and quarterly financials
- reviewing quarterly positions at 31 March and 30 September 2003
- the method for calculating asset provisions (provisions for permanent write-downs) in statements for 2002, asbestos risk
- hedging policies in respect of investment portfolios
- follow-up to observations by independent auditors on 1st half 2003 financial statements in respect of improving the quality of accounting period closings
- asset allocation policy and changes therein
- changes in the time period for receiving premiums.

And lastly, the internal audit plan for 2004 and a proposed recommendation for renewing the terms of independent auditors were approved.

In order to fulfill its mission, the Committee also heard the independent auditors, the managers responsible for finance, accounting, investments and the head of internal audit, all of whom were closely involved in Committee activities.

Each meeting held led to written minutes and a verbal report by the Chairman at the following meeting of the Board of Directors.

The Compensation Committee includes 3 members, two of whom are independent, and is chaired by Mr. A. Levy-Lang. Pursuant to the internal regulations of the Board, its mission includes the following:

- to make recommendations to the Board of Directors in respect of the remuneration and retirement package of the Chairman and other corporate officers as need be,
- to make recommendations to the Chairman in respect of the compensation and retirement of non-officer members of the Executive Committee,
- to review recommendations in respect of the implementation of stock option plans authorised by the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders
- to carryout special missions that might be assigned to it by the Board of Directors.

The main subjects addressed in the 2 meetings held in 2003, with an attendance rate of 100%, included: 2002 bonuses, base compensation and 2003 bonuses for members of the Executive Committee, as well as their supplementary retirement plan and stock option and Stock Appreciation Rights programmes for 2003.

Each meeting held led to written minutes and a verbal report by the Chairman at the following meeting of the Board of Directors.

The Transactions Committee includes 3 members, two whom are independent, and is chaired by Mr. Y. Cannac. Its mission includes the review of all operations exceeding 5 million euros, any acquisition or sale of a consolidated stake between AGF and Allianz or one of the companies in its group as well as any bond issue by Allianz, subscribed to at more than 25% and assuring that issues respect the interest of minority shareholders. Its opinion is required before each decision of the Board of Directors.

5 - *Limits imposed by the Board of Directors on the powers of the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer*

In its meeting of 14 March 2003, the Board of Directors voted to include in its internal regulations several limits emanating from pre-existing practices and/or internal rules, as well as rules in terms of decision making in several areas and for a certain number of operations. The principle of mandatory Board involvement was therefore instigated for miscellaneous issues, the importance of which requires either the Board's preliminary approval or specific and regular communication.

Issues requiring the preliminary approval of the Board of Directors:

- The acquisition or disposal of operating stakes by AGF or one of its subsidiaries, when operations exceed 300 million euros or have been previously brought before the Transactions Committee for its advice
- Strategic partnership agreements committing Group companies
- Major diversification operations
- Financial or operating restructuring within the Group where there is an impact on statutory financial statements
- Establishing strategic directions of the company

Mandatory information to be regularly communicated to the Board of Directors:

- The major parameters of annual budgets established by General Management
- Operations in respect of the share capital of subsidiaries that exceed 45 million euros
- Public cash, share exchange, or withdrawal offers on or by subsidiaries
- Acquisitions or disposals of financial stakes not falling under the daily management of assets by AGF or its subsidiaries of between 75 million and 300 million euros
- Property operations by AGF or its subsidiaries exceeding 150 million euros
- The financial structure and cash position of the company as well as the state of its commitments
- Reinsurance policy
- Asset allocation policy.

Part 2 - The general organisation of internal control procedures within AGF

The definition and objectives of internal control procedures were discussed in the introduction. Part 2 addresses the general organisation of these procedures at AGF, their implementation being addressed in part 3.

First, AGF is in a sector that is governed by the Insurance Code and placed under the supervisory authority of the CCAMIP. This public administrative authority has been a legal entity since the law of 1 August 2003, and has the right to investigate and impose disciplinary sanctions. The CCAMIP oversees and controls the activities of insurance companies in France and their ability to honour their commitments over time on an ongoing basis.

Insurance company regulations also provide for a certain number of special internal control procedures, including the drafting of a solvency report, as provided for in article L.322-2-4 of the Insurance Code, and the implementation of “audit trails” within the meaning of article A. 343-1 of the Code.

Internal control procedures are organised in the following manner at AGF:

The environment of control promotes compliance with rules and internal control procedures. It is mainly based on the following principles and players:

- Rules of ethics
- The Board of Directors and the three study committees (the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Transactions Committee)
- Technical and management structures: the Executive Committee, the General Management Committee, several committees dedicated to businesses, and the Financial Committee,
- The mechanism for delegating authority

The directors of each of the operating and functional entities are responsible for the implementation of these procedures.

Risk Management and the Committee on Risks assist them in identifying risks and defining the appropriate controls.

The system of processing and disseminating information assists in the monitoring and management of operations:

- Assuming the provision of data processing services (S&DP operation, development and integration of software) for most Group entities, AGF-Informatique monitors the security and integrity of the Information System
- A system for monitoring activity diffuses information that is useful to managers in order to take the appropriate steps at the right time.

Structures providing for the supervision of implementation of internal control procedures:

- Internal Audit independently evaluates the effectiveness of internal control procedures. Its conclusions and recommendations can be applied by management in improving existing procedures.
- The Executive Committee (the “Comex”) manages and directs activities and establishes the principal standards. Based on information regularly transmitted by the Department for Managing and Controlling Risk (*Direction du Pilotage et du Contrôle des Risques*), the Accounting Department or operating entities and partially by internal audit, it is also responsible for controlling activities and taking the appropriate steps. This supervision is over and above all regular leadership activities that occur at the level of the management committees of operating and functional entities.

1 - *The control environment*

1.1 Integrity and ethical principles

AGF values

Through the values made known to all Group employees, AGF emphasizes its ethical mission and must conform to the directions and precepts known by all: mutual respect, fairness, personal initiative and acceptance of responsibility, cohesiveness and solidarity.

The ethical initiative

The purpose of the AGF Group ethical initiative created in 2002 is to direct an internal network of contacts in all businesses, including the subsidiaries, to address transversal subjects such as the prevention of use of insider information or the coordination of anti-laundering initiatives, and to sensitise personnel to these questions. Every employee may contact the ethical coordinator of the Group. There is a direct link available at the Human Resource Department and sustainable development sites on AGF intranet.

Reference texts

AGFs ethical code, a spinoff of the Allianz Group Code, prescribes minimal rules of conduct for each employee both internally as well as in terms of customers and other business contacts: honesty, loyalty, integrity, confidentiality, non-discrimination, conflicts of interest, etc. It is attached to the employment contract of each new hire.

There are ethical codes specific to certain businesses:

- The Purchasing Department has drawn up its own code, in which it draws the attention of buyers to risks of compromise and corruption,
- AGF Asset Management has ethical regulations addressing individualised management under trading authorisation, the OPCVM investment funds and the employees themselves,
- Other financial businesses of the Group also have their codes of ethics: Banque AGF, W Finance, and Dresdner Gestion Privée.

1.2 The Board of Directors and the study committees

The Board of Directors abides by the principles of corporate governance, including the independence of directors (one-third are independent), in keeping with the recommendations of the Vienot – Bouton reports and the AMF. It establishes the direction of company business, sees to its implementation and addresses major subjects relative to the optimal operations of the company (described in part 1).

Each study committee of the Board (the Audit Committee, the Compensation Committee and the Transactions Committee) includes mainly independent members who are qualified and have experience in the area of Committee responsibility. The composition and missions of these committees were set forth in part 1.

1.3. Management and underwriting structures

The Executive Committee (“COMEX”)

Implemented on 1 October 1994, this non-statutory body where major issues affecting the life of the company are discussed and major directions decided upon, provides for the general management of the Group in a collegial manner.

Since 1 October 2003, the Committee has included 4 members: Mr. J-Ph. Thierry, AGF Chairman and Chief Executive Officer, Mr. F. Thomazeau, responsible for central support activities, international businesses and the Mondial Assistance Group, and Mr. L. Mignon, who is responsible for life and financial services and the Euler Hermes Group, both Managing Directors, and Mr. J-F Lequoy, Chief Financial Officer. It will be widened to include 5 as of 15 March 2004 when Mr. L. de Montferrand, who will be responsible for fire, accidents and miscellaneous risk (IARD) and agents, joins it.

Its area of responsibility extends to general Group policy, insurance operations, financial management, human resources management and the preliminary validation of recommendations to appoint or renew the appointments of corporate officers in Group companies in and outside France.

The issues and events raised are those that may have a significant impact on the Group in terms of strategy and results. They must facilitate information to General Management in real time in respect of events that may have an impact on the Group and decide on steps to be taken without infringing on the authority of the directors of branches, who are responsible for the management of their profit centres under the appropriate Managing Director.

Issues raised include the following: operations in respect of the share capital of subsidiaries, acquisitions or disposals of significant equity stakes, the creation of companies, partnership agreements (other than the routine), diversification operations, entries into new countries, the acquisition and disposal of certain categories of assets, the principles and general orientation of investments, and the recruitment, promotion and principles of compensation of senior managers.

Its method of operation provides in principle for a weekly meeting on an established day addressing an agenda drawn up by the Committee secretary in cooperation with the members of the Executive Committee. The latter are solicited themselves by the areas under their authority in respect of issues requiring review by the Executive Committee. The decisions taken are communicated to the appropriate parties at the conclusion of the meeting by the appropriate Executive Committee member.

An ad hoc process was implemented in terms of approving recommendations to appoint or renew the appointments of corporate officers so that they can be transmitted in a timely manner to the secretary of the Executive Committee by one of its members.

During 2003, 41 Executive Committee meetings were held

The General Management Committee and committees dedicated to businesses

The General Management Committee now includes 40 operating and functional senior managers of the Group. It meets every two weeks. The Committee was conceived as a place of exchange and reflection among the main senior managers.

There are also committees dedicated to businesses, where technical questions are discussed, including the monthly non-life insurance committee and the life insurance committee and the bi-monthly financial services committee.

The Financial Committee

AGF's Financial Committee meets once a month under the chairmanship of the Chairman of the AGF Group. Permanent members include the members of the Executive Committee, and the directors of Asset Management, Property and the Department of Insurance Investments.

Issues addressed relate mainly to strategic asset allocation of companies, investment policy in property, the market performance of general portfolios and hedging strategies. Other subjects may on occasion be addressed, such as investments in Private Equity or Group debt policy.

There are always written agendas and minutes of meetings.

1.4 The organisation of delegations/authorisations

In 1996, AGF, acting under the leadership of the Executive Committee, implemented a new mechanism of Delegation of Authority, the structure of which was approved by the Legal Department and independent experts.

Further development of delegations of authority and expense commitment powers is the responsibility of the Group General Secretariat.

The objectives of the delegations of authority are to:

- give managers a description of their missions,
- give them the means and needed powers to execute them, to commit and represent the company,
- remind them of their obligation to abide by (and see that employees under them abide by) all laws, regulations, agreements, ethical rules and internal procedures in effect that are applicable in their area of activity

Delegations are granted by the legal representatives of the principal companies of the Group to their assistants and rolled out through the organisation through sub-delegations to the main managers of the Group.

Expense commitment powers are given individually and establish the level of authority in terms of orders to pay and payments based on ceilings that are pre-approved by the Executive Committee.

Delegations of authority and expense commitment powers are written and signed by both parties.

These documents are updated on an ongoing basis when individuals change and/or there are changes in the scope of responsibility of the delegating or authorised party.

2 - Responsibilities in the implementation of internal control procedures

2.1 Internal control implemented by managers of operating and support entities

The objective of internal control is that each operating or support entity implement procedures, control and reporting systems that organise management and account for the activity.

The directors of each of the entities are responsible for the implementation and functioning of this system, the formalised and auditable nature of which must allow for regular evaluation of effectiveness through internal audit.

2.2 The Committee on Risks

The Committee on Risks sensitises management, assists in the identification of risks, and recommends appropriate solutions.

The Committee on Risks has authority over all underwriting, financial and operational risks borne by insurance companies, banks, and other AGF Group companies in France and abroad and does not give rise to sub-committees by legal Group company.

The Committee's objectives are the following:

- to direct major strategic choices, such as investment, reinsurance and non-life provisioning policies, as well as the management of catastrophic risk and underwriting,
- recommend systems of limitation,
- arbitrate conflicts of interests related to cumulative mandates internally ,
- propose the appropriate financial solutions to provide for balance between needs and resources in order to guarantee the economic and regulatory solvency of companies.

The Committee comprises permanent and invited members. The permanent members are the Chief Financial Officer of AGF (Committee Chairman), the Director of Risk Management and Control, the Director of Risk Management, the Director of Insurance Investments, the Manager of Asset-Liability Management, the Director of General Group Audit, the Manager of the Sarbanes-Oxley project, the Directors of Audit and Risk Management of Non-life, Life & Financial Services and Health & Group, as well as the Committee Secretary.

The Committee's prerogatives stem from the Executive Committee, to which it reports directly and submits final decisions for approval, with execution residing in the concerned entities.

3 - The system of processing and disseminating information

3.1 The information system

Comprising the members of the Executive Committee and the Director of Information Systems, the quarterly Strategic Committee's role is to monitor strategy and major systems projects.

The Systems Committee is extended to the main directors of the Group and AGF – Informatique managers. Its objective is mainly to initiate exchanges and discussions on transversal issues between AGF – Informatique and users.

Lastly, the Management Committee of AGF – Informatique provides for the definition of strategy and management of systems and data processing.

● 3.2 The system for monitoring activity

The budgetary-planning process

The internal objectives for activity and results are planned at the end of the year for the following year, and the strategic analysis of the positioning of various activities takes place in mid-year and relates to the following three years. Managers of activities recommend objectives or options that are decided upon by the Executive Committee.

Monthly reporting tables

A monthly report is sent to the Executive Committee. It includes summary indicators of business (premium income, changes in the policyholder portfolio, financial and underwriting ratios, etc.) as well as qualitative comments. It is followed by monthly reporting of overhead.

Reviews of quarterly activities

Quarterly meetings are held with the non-life operating entities. The purpose of these meetings is to review the achievement or non-achievement of quantitative objectives (combined ratios for example) and qualitative subjects on possible operating steps to take in the event of deviation from objectives as well as monitoring of strategic initiatives.

Operating profitability

The monitoring of activities through the usual accounting indicators is supplemented by a calculation of operating profitability, the underlying base of the profitability of activities if one spreads out certain volatile items (capital gains on security disposals). The main indicators of operation profitability are EVA and ROE (for non-life activities). These items are supplemented by an analysis of the level and change in the valuation of the portfolio and new business in life

As a complement to leadership by the Comex, internal audit is specifically responsible for verifying that control procedures have been implemented and are effective. Procedural responsibility belongs to the entity managers. With more than 100 auditors for 30 000 individuals, AGF is in compliance with the Allianz ratio of 1 auditor for 300 employees.

Audit includes:

- Operating audits under the organisational authority of managers and the control of the Executive Committee
- General Group Audit, reporting directly to the Group Chairman with functional responsibility on operating audits.

4 - *The supervision of implementation of internal control procedures*

● 4.1 Operating audit

Based on their size, legal or regulatory obligations, their businesses and geographic position, and with the agreement of the Executive Committee, the entities or groups of entities of AGF have an internal audit team, whose organisational responsibility is vested in their managers. In France, the audit managers of each of the three business units (Life and Financial Services, Health and Group, Non-life) report to a member of the Executive Committee.

Operating audit reports functionally to the Directors of General Group Audit. It involves:

- abiding by the ethical standards of the *Institut Français de l'Audit et du Contrôle Interne* (French Institute of Audit and Internal Control),
- adopting the internal audit methodology of the Group,
- submitting an annual audit plan and reporting up to General Group Audit,
- transmitting audit reports to General Group Audit upon request.

The auditors within various operating audit teams numbered one hundred at 31 December 2003.

● 4.2 General Group Audit

General Group Audit provides the Chairman and the Executive Committee of the Group with an opinion on the fulfillment of responsibilities by management over the Group's entire scope of consolidation. It works along side the Audit Committee.

In entities with separate employee representative bodies and where the AGF Group is not the only shareholder or in which the Group is not the majority shareholder but manages or has preponderant power, General Audit may intervene after the approval of employee representative bodies, regularly solicited by the corporate officers of AGF.

General Group Audit carries out inquiries on these entities, but also on their ties with the Group and other entities.

As a central Group department, General Audit provides for (or may provide for) the following in terms of different operating entities of the Group:

- leadership and coordination of audits, including the identification and monitoring of local control activities, and at times of assignment, the evaluation of the quality of their work and follow-up on recommendations;
- leading and monitoring themes of interest that are common to the audit function.

The Director of Audit may be informed of the detailed recommendations of the statutory auditors, either directly or through the managers of audited entities or the Group Financial Department.

At 31 December 2003, Group General Audit included approximately 10 auditors.

● 4.3 The Audit Charter

An audit charter, communicated to Group managers, sets forth the methods followed when audits occur within the Group, particularly in respect of:

- the annual assignment plan,
- the order of assignment,
- the conduct of the assignment,
- audit conclusions,
- follow-up to recommendations,
- audit teams and needed expertise,
- ethics.

5 - *The organisation of internal control procedures relative to the development and processing of financial and accounting information*

● 5.1 Organisation of accounting production

Accounting production is in part decentralised in the operating entities and in part centralised in Group functions.

5.1.1. The decentralised organisation

Accounting organisation is decentralised and accordingly each item on the balance sheet and profit and loss statements is assigned to a manager of a Business Unit or a functional department. Each manager is responsible for the booking of operations for those accounts assigned to him and for completing tasks that are identified at close out.

This organisation plan affects the usual operations as well as closing operations.

5.1.2. Group functional departments

Several Group functional departments develop rules and procedures and carry out operations that apply to the main subsidiaries, and operating and functional entities of the Group:

- The Accounting Department, which defines and implements Group accounting principles, provides for the organisation and development of the statutory and consolidated financial statements of AGF and its subsidiaries based on information transmitted by the subsidiaries and the operating entities. The payment process in the Group is under the Accounting Department.

For financial period closings, the Accounting Department coordinates all operations involving closing and the justification of accounts for establishing statutory statements (balance sheet, profit and loss statement and annexes) and accounts according to AGF consolidation standards. It monitors compliance with regulations and the traceability of items recorded and managers (Business Unit or functional department managers).

- The Tax Department, which provides for the management and monitoring of Group taxation and manages the tax scope of consolidation.
- The Department of Risk Management and Control, which leads and directs the annual budget process and medium-term planning for the Group, defines and implements management control tools and develops and coordinates Group policy in terms of risk management.

It receives intermediate closing statements and has direct and ongoing access to accounting data bases (including underwriting provisions).

- The Department of Insurance Investments, which provides for the management of financial and operating balance in insurance company portfolios, as well as the management and monitoring of banking and treasury operations related to investment management.

It also provides for all accounting of marketable security operations.

- The Operating Cash Management Department, which defines and implements Group policy in terms of cash flows and bank relations, provides for the management of banking operations

- The Corporate Finance Department, which defines and implements Group policy in terms of financing and equity investments, provides for the valuation of equity investments.

- AGF Immobilier, which provides for the management and accounting of property investments.

- The Department of Financial Communication, under the Group General Secretary, is responsible for strategic, institutional and especially financial communications, be they in support of other departments, units and subsidiaries or for the markets. It prepares, analyses and disseminates information regularly to all players in the financial markets (sell-side analysts, buy-side analysts and managers, individual shareholders and the general public).

Premium income is released on a quarterly basis and financial statements on a bi-annual basis.

In addition to the preparation of financial or institutional information materials (documents for analysts, financial press releases, etc.), Financial Communication is responsible for the half-year and yearly *document de référence*, financial publicity and letters to shareholders.

The department has implemented a process of actively watching the markets in order to keep the Executive Committee informed (weekly reporting) in respect of any information related to the stock (liquidity, volatility, etc.) or to business (analyses on the Group, the competition or the sector). The ongoing monitoring of the market's consensus by the Department makes it possible to monitor the market expectations vis-à-vis Group perspectives and if need be to issue a profit warning on results.

5.1.3. Relations with the statutory auditors

The mission of the statutory auditors affects annual and half-year financial statements, which are published, in addition to an intermediate review on statements at 30 September.

These assignments fall under the mission given by the General Meeting of Shareholders for annual financial statements and pursuant to article L.232.7 of the Commercial Code for half-year financial statements.

The statutory auditors draw up a working plan in respect of the control tasks deemed necessary to their assignment in order to express their opinion.

At the conclusion of their work three times per year, a report by the statutory auditors is sent and presented to each manager of the business unit or department concerned and a summary is then sent to the Financial Department.

For published financial statements, a summary report is prepared and presented to the Audit Committee and the Chairman.

These reports address audit differences, key highlights of the period and any recommendations to be implemented.

5.2 Rules and references relative to financial information

5.2.1. Regulations applicable to insurance companies

Regulations applicable to insurance are extensive and derive from various sources. They are a factor in bridging financial and accounting information.

Therefore, AGF complies with the accounting provisions in general law as well as those special provisions affecting insurance.

A detailed annual report is communicated to the *Commission de Contrôle des Assurances, Mutuelles et Institutions de prévoyance* (CCAMIP), the Insurance, Mutual Association and Protection Control Commission. It includes information on annual financial statements and reports required by article A 344-10 of the Insurance Code. In addition, specific quarterly reports are provided (annex to art. 344-13 of the decree of 28 July 1995).

The solvency report has been mandatory since May 1998. Its purpose is to insure that insurance company solvency does not change significantly in the short or long term. It is conceived as a support to internal controls in insurance companies.

According to the Insurance Code (article L322-2-4), the solvency report must set forth the terms and conditions under which the company through sufficient underwriting reserves guarantees its commitments to policyholders, summarise directions in terms of investment and show that the solvency margin is in compliance with regulations.

The solvency report is prepared at fiscal year closing. It is approved by the Board of Directors (or the Executive Board), which is responsible for its content. It must be communicated to the independent auditors and the CCAMIP.

5.2.2. General references, accounting principles and methods

When establishing statutory financial statements, the AGF Group applies the accounting principles and complies with the permanent general obligations of organising and maintaining accounting that are imposed on all commercial and industrial companies. AGF is also subject to specific regulations applicable to insurance companies, including the following:

- maintaining records that are specific to insurance companies,
- using the specific accounting presentation enabling statutory statements to have a visibility that is appropriate to the activity of insurance companies,
- providing control bodies with a document describing accounting procedures and organisation when it is needed for understanding the processing system and carrying out controls (Commercial Code, art. D1, referred to in art. R. 341-2 of the Insurance Code).

All of these principles and methods, as well as the options elected for valuing underwriting provisions, unit-links and investments are described in the annex to the financial statements. In establishing financial statements, the accounting department has set up standard and consistent reports for all operating activity.

These reports, segmented by Business Unit and functional department, drawn up in detail (at the basic account level), and summary form when completed provide for controls and results validation by each manager.

Moreover, there is a process that makes it possible to assign balance sheet accounts to each manager responsible for monitoring and justification.

Part 3 - The implementation of internal control procedures

After having identified actors and their respective roles, this part reports on the system for identifying risks and the main control procedures implemented internally.

1 - The risk identification system

Managers are responsible for implementing internal control procedures. To do so, they must first identify risks. The Risk Management Department (which is part of the Risk Management and Control Department) provides assistance in this task.

The principal risks being analysed, which are discussed in detail in the annual report of the AGF Group, are the following:

- **Market and asset-liability management risks:** the AGF Group has implemented active management of its market risks, which can be the following: risk of rising rates, risk of falling rates, risk of falling equity markets, risk of falling property markets, foreign exchange risk
- **Credit risks:** Risk Management has implemented a data base that pulls together all types of credit risks and has developed a system of limits.
- **Rate risk:** rate risk before reinsurance is mainly controlled through actuarial tools implemented by the underwriting departments responsible for designing products and monitoring their profitability.
- **Catastrophic risks:** Risk Management has undertaken a model of exposure of the AGF portfolio to the principal catastrophic risks (natural and industrial).
- **Reinsurance risk:** AGF has a simulation model that makes it possible to compare different reinsurance strategies.
- **Non-life provisioning risk:** non-life provisions are evaluated by the operating entities of the group using traditional methods.
- **Operating risks:** a report on operating risks is provided annually. To do so, Risk Management has relied on a cartography of risks. The approach is based on questionnaires addressed to the Business Units, the objective of which is to identify operating risks, then recommend and monitor the implementation of actions to reduce risks and improve risk coverage through the Group insurance programme.

Risks are then translated in terms of capital allocated to operating entities, which constitutes a fundamental management tool for profit centres.

The identification of risks is a preliminary step in controlling activity, the various aspects of which are set forth in detail below.

2 - Control activities

● 2.1 Control procedures in subsidiaries and functional and operating entities

2.1.1. The implementation of internal control by managers

The managers of each entity are responsible for the implementation of internal control, the objectives of which are the following in each entity of the Group:

- a definition of the entity's sectoral policy and its relationship with general policy, formalised, updated regularly and broken down into missions

- a translation of sectoral policy into pluriannual planning and annual budgeting
- a formalisation of objectives and instruments of measures that makes it possible to evaluate accomplishments
- a current functional organisation chart that recapitulates the missions of the entity and its organisation
- a general summary description of the plan for controlling the activities that fall under the entity's mission
- a formalisation of risk limits and a description of the measures making it possible to verify compliance
- a current compilation of procedures in effect as well as a general description of their purpose and interrelationships
- a definition of jobs that includes organisational levels, delegations of authority (commitment) and responsibilities by position (missions and reporting obligations).

2.1.2. The operating control procedures of the subsidiaries and the operating and functional entities

The operating control procedures of the subsidiaries and entities of the AGF Group fall within the framework of the following general plan:

- The "Strategic Dialogue" involves a discussion of the strategic situation of the subsidiary or entity. It includes making decisions on questions raised in terms of strategic alignment, as well as an agreement on the planned level of profitability, given budget and medium term planning.
- The "Planning Dialogue" involves developing a plan over 3 years, with special emphasis on the planned level of profitability for the upcoming year. It also includes the future needs of the subsidiary in share capital. This planning process includes a discussion of results for the year in progress using preliminary figures.

A unit within the Department of Risk Management and Control is specifically responsible for controlling subsidiaries outside France.

The operating control of activities outside France can be illustrated through two major subsidiaries in Belgium (AGF Belgium) and the Netherlands (Allianz Nederland).

These companies both have a board of directors and an audit committee that function according to the usual rules in terms of composition, meeting frequency and agenda. In the Netherlands, the board of directors and the audit committee include independent members, one of whom presides. Both in Brussels and Rotterdam, the external and internal auditors participate in the audit committee meeting on subjects that concern them.

Management control occurs through detailed monthly reporting of financial items recapping operation, an annual budget meeting, the "Planning Dialogue" as well as several revised forecasts of annual results. These two subsidiaries are included in the audit plan of the General Group Audit department, which acts based on frequency and procedures that are specific to the group. Lastly, they are included in the process of identifying and managing Group risks.

2.1.3. Procedures of systems control

The Department of Information Systems AGF-Informatique has put several entities into place responsible for procedural control both from the standpoint of legality and relative to information systems under its responsibility.

In keeping with the security policy of the Allianz Group, the Security Manager of Information Systems, the "RSSI" (*Responsable Sécurité des Systèmes d'Information*), defines the principles of organising systems security within AGF. He reports directly to the Administrator of AGF-Informatique and is involved in the various security units within AGF-Informatique departments. He also is involved in security initiatives such as the Activity Recovery Plan, and the management of access to the network, systems and business applications.

Within the departments of AGF- Informatique, these committees participate in internal control:

- The Architecture Committee monitors compliance with standards and the security policy established at AGF and in the Allianz Group. If need be, it confirms the application of the "Best Practices" in the market.
- The Study Committee for Standards is the unit of AGF- Informatique responsible for studying and recommending the list of standards that will subsequently be approved by the Management Committee of AGF Informatique, "Codir".

- The Technical Security Committee coordinates the action/project plans related to security. It follows their progress, records new actions and prioritises them in agreement with management.
- The Committee for Monitoring Systems Projects, the "CSIP", under the leadership of the Management Department provides for the monitoring (advancement, budget) of strategic information projects placed under the authority of the Codir.
- Management Control provides for consistency between services rendered, budget and invoicing.

The internal control unit is responsible for:

- the administration of AGF-Informatique under the regulation of companies (by-law compliance, meetings of the Supervisory Board and the General Meeting, consolidation and exit of members of the AGF Informatique GIE (European economic interest group), legal publications)
- the application within the GIE of principles of delegation and authorisations/rights defined by the Group
- relations with the Group Ethics entity as ethics contact
- coordinating and monitoring internal and external audits
- internal control assignments on procedures, mainly in response to reports of incidents in coordination with the RSSI for actions concerned by security.

● 2.2 Internal audit procedures

The activities of Operating Audit within each entity or group of entities consist mainly of:

2.2.1 Operating audit

The activities of operating audit within each entity or group of entities consist mainly of:

- checking internal control systems, ensuring that procedures are consistent with general and specific policies in compliance with the legislation and tax laws of the country concerned
- evaluating the state of the activities of each component of the entity by collecting information and carrying out the needed controls
- approving the design of information systems and the statistical data used during the course of assignments
- recommending corrective actions when necessary, particularly in terms of the reliability of financial and accounting information by seeing to their implementation and playing an advisory role for other departments in the prevention and internal control they are responsible for
- providing for control over delegating parties, agents and various individuals holding proxies (if need be)
- ensuring that the recommendations of independent auditors and group auditors accepted by the company are effectively implemented.

2.2.2. General Group Audit

Projects implemented by AGF General Group Audit when observing entities:

- verify the implementation of the results of general policies of the Group, except for points that are specifically excluded from the analysis when the assignment begins
- must take into consideration not only the existing situation, but also plans of action and projections, as well as local market conditions
- also relate to the means and methods used (structure, organisation, management method and team quality)
- include (at the time of assignments on controlled entities) the evaluation of the role of internal auditors in the general organisation of controls as well as the nature and extent of their inquiries and means

- may also occur pre or post-acquisition or post launch, verifying namely the validity of project hypotheses and the relevance and efficiency of processes for studying acquisitions or launches
- may lastly, when needed, carry out studies of entities in difficulty by using other existing skill bases in or outside the Group

3 - *Control activities specific to the development of accounting and financial information*

3.1 The consolidation process

The consolidated financial statements are drawn up by the Accounting Department on the basis of information transmitted by subsidiaries within the scope of consolidation.

Each subsidiary is responsible for the data transmitted for consolidation.

3.1.1. The principles of consolidation

The AGF Group's consolidated financial statements are established pursuant to general accounting procedures applicable in France and particularly with the decree of 17 January 2001 relating to the approval of n° 2000-05 of the Committee on Accounting Regulation relative to rules of consolidation of companies subject to the Insurance Code.

Subsidiaries must apply accounting principles and the Group method of evaluation that appear in the annex to consolidated financial statements.

The Accounting Department communicates information relative to the principles and accounting methods applicable in Group consolidated financial statements to the subsidiaries.

A questionnaire completed by the subsidiaries at each closing of consolidated statements and regular exchanges with subsidiaries make it possible to assure that these principles and their application are understood.

3.1.2. The frequency of consolidated financial statements

The consolidated statements of the AGF Group are drawn up quarterly. However, only the half-year and annual statements are subject to external publication and external audit.

The quarterly consolidated statements drawn up for internal purposes still make it possible to implement all controls and prepare for the analysis of operations. Thus, they contribute to the reliability of the yearly and half-yearly consolidated statements.

3.1.3. Monitoring the consolidation process

A highly detailed plan of tasks needed in completing the consolidated financial statements is drawn up by the Accounting Department. It includes the type of tasks to be accomplished and the responsible party for each task. This plan is monitored on a daily basis in order to identify immediately any tardiness or incomplete information in order to contact the responsible party.

3.1.4. The scope of consolidation

The AGF Group's consolidating company is AGF S.A. All companies controlled directly or indirectly or in which the Group has notable influence have to be consolidated.

Each quarter the Accounting Department gathers detailed information from each subsidiary relative to direct or indirect holdings exceeding 10% held by the Group (changes in holdings in number and in voting rights) in order to assure the comprehensiveness of the scope of

consolidation and determine any changes. The percentages of control and interest make it possible to determine the method of consolidation of subsidiaries

3.1.5. Gathering data from subsidiaries belonging to the scope of consolidation

Data are gathered through decentralised capture software that includes:

- **A normalised plan of accounts:**

The plan of consolidation accounts makes it possible to gather information consistently that is needed to complete consolidated financial statements and draft the annex to the consolidated statements.

The Group plan of accounts is subject to an annual update that is applied to the consolidated statements for the 1st quarter so that information on the impact of changes to plans of accounts is dependable before the first half consolidation.

- **Data consistency controls:**

There are numerous consistency controls over data input in the software for gathering data in order to provide for information quality. Several controls have blocking capability and stop the consolidation process whenever inconsistencies are not corrected.

- **The mandatory validation of operations captured by the subsidiary:**

The capture of data is broken down into successive phases that are validated before moving to the following phase.

When all data have been captured, there is an overall validation by the manager of accounts in the subsidiary before transmission to the Accounting Department and use in the system of consolidation.

Normalised editions of data captured in the system have been developed to enable the managers of accounts in subsidiaries to validate information.

Validated data are locked in and cannot be changed without an authorisation in the system.

- **Loading data by file using the accounting system of the subsidiary:**

Most subsidiaries have implemented procedures for automatic loading in the software for gathering data taken directly from their statutory accounting so that there is an audit trail between statutory accounting and consolidation reporting.

- **The normalisation of restatements between local standards and consolidation standards:**

The data gathering system also makes it possible to distinguish data in local standards and restatement entries to AGF consolidation standards, the organisation of which have been pre-defined in order to make restatements reliable.

3.1.6. The comparison and elimination of internal Group operations

The subsidiaries must capture detail on operations internal to the AGF Group by partner based on the scope of consolidation given to them at each closing. Each subsidiary must provide for a system check of the reciprocity of its internal operations with its partners and may have to contact them in order to correct deviations. The system accepts no deviation on operations internal to the Group.

3.1.7. The consolidation software

The data captured in the decentralised information gathering software are integrated in the central consolidation software, which make completion of the consolidation possible.

The identity of information captured by the gathering system and information integrated into the consolidation software is checked on a daily basis during the consolidation period.

The consolidation software makes possible monetary conversion, the accumulation of data from subsidiaries, the elimination of intra-group reciprocal operations, the elimination of internal dividends, the elimination of internal provisions, the elimination of results on internal sales, the elimination of consolidated securities and the distribution of share capital inside and outside the group.

At the beginning of each accounting period, opening balances in the information gathering system are compared with the opening balances of the consolidation software.

The following items are also monitored manually off the books in order to check the restitutions from the system of consolidation:

- The transition from the statutory results of each entity to contributions to consolidated results
- The change in consolidated share capital
- The comparison of internal dividends
- The change in the balance of deferred taxes
- The determination of consolidated premium income

The consolidation software makes it possible to follow the “audit trail” owing to restitutions authorising the analysis of the amount emanating from statutory accounts, restatements, conversion and consolidation entries for each account.

● 3.2 The closing process

3.2.1. Description of the closing process

The organisation of accounting is decentralised, each balance sheet and profit and loss statements item being assigned to a manager of a Business Unit or a functional department. Each manager is responsible for assuring that ordinary operations are booked for the accounts assigned to him and for tasks identified in closing operations.

The Accounting Department is responsible for coordinating all closing operations and checking accounts in establishing statutory statements (balance sheet, profit and loss statement and annex) and statements according to AGF consolidation standards. It monitors compliance with regulations and the traceability of booked items to managers (Business Unit or functional department managers).

There is a book of procedures describing all closing operations supporting the establishment of statements. This document includes all systems processes and those of the Accounting Department. Internal processes that are unique to each Business Unit and operating department (Department of Human Resources, Department of Insurance Investments, AGF Immobilier, Administrative Services, Taxation, Legal Department) are decentralised and formalisation is their responsibility. Each operation is described therein, planned and assigned to a single responsible party.

This document is checked by the managers participating in the development of statements then disseminated to the managers of operating departments, the Financial Department and the internal auditors.

A follow-up memo is disseminated daily to report on the execution of tasks and accomplishments. At the end of closing, a report on incidents is prepared. This information is disseminated to the managers who support the development of statements, the managers of operating departments and the Financial Department.

Therefore, this closing process makes the traceability of each account entry possible. The appropriate managers and the Departments of Risk Management and Control can consult each accounting entry and stay abreast of progress in the closing process.

3.2.2. Control procedures associated with the closing process

• The production of data processing systems

During close-out, the oversight unit of AGF Informatique provides for daily monitoring in order to assure that the operations of the previous evening have been carried out appropriately. Moreover, accounting teams check the consistency of transmitted files serving as the basis of closing operations.

In every case, there is a daily review by AGF Informatique and the Accounting Department.

• The valuation of marketable assets

The Data Administration unit in the operations department of AGF AM is responsible for valuing and controlling prices used in valuing marketable securities held by the insurance companies.

The prices and accrued coupon interest of instruments in the securities referential are entered using the main transaction providers: Fininfo for the prices of equities, and the market values of OPCVM funds and Bloomberg for the prices of money market instruments.

A verification and update of key rates occurs in the auxiliary financial accounting tool.

The market values of internal OCVM funds are directly integrated using the OCVM accounting tool

For non-listed securities and those not disseminated by the transaction providers, data administration gathers valuations for the reference period from management companies or counterparties

Marketable securities are valued at the market price based on closing on the last day of the reference period.

After importing price flows and manual input into the accounting tool, data administration has a tool that makes it possible to check the quality of reference prices (price presence on reference date, change in the price compared to another date, accrued coupon interest difference)

• Valuation of underwriting reserves

The valuation and control of non-life claims provisions are decentralised within each operating entity of the Group based on a process in several steps:

- Valuation of claims to pay provisions for each claim by claims services, which is based on either a sliding scale, or on the most appropriate valuation according to information held by the manager,
- Valuation of the final amount remaining to pay by underwriting segment at the level of each entity by services responsible for statistical studies based on standard methods (chain ladder, Bornhütter Ferguson, etc.) in the form of IBNR or IBNER provisions,
- Consistency checks by the management of each entity,
- Checks of methods and results by the statutory auditors,
- Centralised annual review of the average level of claims provisions needed on a very significant portion of the provisions of AGF IART and AGF La Lilloise, carried out by Risk Management, but after the closing of provisions.

• The quality of payable and receivable accounts

The Accounting Department manages a process of identifying and maintaining the quality of accounts for all third party accounts. This process is supported by information from managers of decentralised accounting units.

The documents used in the processes are sent to the managers of various sectors of activities.

Two principal initiatives are carried out regularly: "the quality questionnaires" and "monitoring of actions":

- The quality questionnaires are developed by the Central Department at each account closing period. They contain the list of accounts in each sector drawn up using the closing balance of accounts. For each account, the questions relate to the assignment of the account and the level of its justification. A communication on responses is sent regularly to the Financial Department.
- The monitoring of actions: a file on any risks declared by the sectors or identified in audits is established and centralised for the Group. This documentation is the basis of issues that may require provisioning

● 3.3. Actions implemented and possible improvements

Internal and external audit activities are monitored and applied. The significant items are part of action plans for making systems and processes reliable. There are now initiatives in progress that will make it possible to improve processes where it appears they might be applied in a better way, namely in the area of group insurance.

4 - *The Sarbanes-Oxley programme*

AGF is a member of the Allianz Group, the parent company of which is listed on the New York stock exchange. Therefore, AGF participates in the activities required for implementing the provisions of the Sarbanes-Oxley law, which concerns internal control procedures, among other subjects. Sections 302 et 404 of the Sarbanes-Oxley-Act provide that CEOs (Chief Executive Officers) and CFOs (Chief Financial Officers) certify that they have defined, implemented and evaluated the internal control procedures in terms of production and processing of financial information. Pursuant to section 404, external auditors must issue a statement on the internal control report of management.

For AGF, the initiatives needed, which began in 2003, for complying with the Sarbanes-Oxley law are covered in a major project. They are also coordinated with those relating to the Law on Financial Security and the management of operating risks. The initiative relates therefore to both financial processes (accounting, cash management, taxation, investments, etc.) and insurance processes (underwriting, claims management, etc.) It mainly involves identifying the main risks for each process, controls in place making it possible to minimise risk and if need be proceed with needed improvements.

CONCLUSION

AGF is present in a heavily regulated sector that is controlled by a supervisory authority exercising regular oversight.

AGF has progressively implemented a body of rules and principles of internal controls, the permanent evolution of which is managed by the Group in an effort to increase the level of managing risks and the efficiency of corresponding controls.

This activity will be further strengthened by the implementation of the Sarbanes-Oxley programme, which should no later than 2005 include the main entities, including AGF IART, AGF Vie and AGF S.A.



Report of the statutory Auditors

This is a free translation into English of a report issued in the French language and is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking readers. This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

AGF S.A.

Registered office: 87, rue Richelieu – 75002 Paris
Share capital: €860,602,017

Statutory auditors' report, prepared in accordance with article L.225-235 of the Commercial Code, on the report prepared by the Chairman of the Board of AGF S.A. on the internal control procedures relating to the preparation and processing of financial and accounting information

For the year ended 31 December 2003

To the shareholders,

In our capacity as statutory auditors of AGF S.A., and in accordance with article L.225-235 of the Commercial Code, we report to you on the report prepared by the Chairman of your company in accordance with article L.225-37 of the Commercial Code for the year ended 31 December 2003.

Under the responsibility of the Board, it is for management to determine and implement appropriate and effective internal control procedures. It is for the Chairman to give an account, in his report, notably of the conditions in which the duties of Board of the Directors are prepared and organised and the internal control procedures in place within the company.

It is our responsibility to report to you our observations on the information set out in the Chairman's report on the internal control procedures relating to the preparation and processing of financial and accounting information.

We performed our procedures in accordance with professional guidelines applicable in France. These require us to perform procedures to assess the fairness of the information and assertions set out in the Chairman's report on the internal control procedures relating to the preparation and processing of financial and accounting information. These procedures notably consisted of:

- obtaining an understanding of the objectives and general organisation of internal control, as well as the internal control procedures relating to the preparation and processing of financial and accounting information, as set out in the Chairman's report;
- obtaining an understanding of the work performed to support the information given in the report.

On the basis of these procedures, we have no matters to report in connection with the information and the assertions given on the internal control procedures relating to the preparation and processing of financial and accounting information, contained in the Chairman of the Board's report, prepared in accordance with article L.225-37 of the Commercial Code.

La Défense, 28 April 2004

KPMG Audit
Division of KPMG S.A.

Francine Morelli
Partner

ERNST & YOUNG Audit

Dominique Duret-Ferrari
Partner

AGF

Consolidated financial statements

Contents

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 64

Consolidated assets over 3 fiscal years	65
Consolidated liabilities over 3 fiscal years	65
Consolidated profit and loss statement	66
Summary of off-balance sheet commitments given and received	66
1 - Highlights of fiscal year 2003	67
2 - Principles and methods of consolidation	68
3 - Accounting principles and valuation methods	70
4 - Comparability of financial statements	81

NOTES ON THE CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEET 91

5 - Intangible assets	91
6 - Goodwill	92
7 - Companies accounted for under the equity method	95
8 - Investments	97
9 - Direct insurance and reinsurance receivables	104
10 - Due from banking customers	105
11 - Due from banking sector companies	106
12 - Other receivables	106
13 - Other assets	107
14 - Pre-payments and accrued income	108
15 - Group shareholders' equity	109
16 - Minority interests	112
17 - Provisions for contingencies or losses	113
18 - Deferred tax assets and liabilities	115
19 - Underwriting reserves	117
20 - Breakdown of financial debt	119
21 - Subordinated debt	120
22 - Direct insurance or reinsurance payables	121
23 - Due to banking customers	121
24 - Debt evidenced by certificates	122
25 - Due to banking sector companies	123

26 - Other debt	124
27 - Accruals and deferred income	124

NOTES ON THE CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS STATEMENT 125

28 - Total AGF Group revenue	125
28 - 1 Premium income from insurance operations	125
28 - 2 Gross banking income	127
29 - 1 Non-life insurance underwriting results	127
29 - 2 Life insurance underwriting results	128
30 - Banking income and expenses	128
31 - Consolidated profit and loss statement by business segment	129
31 - 1 Consolidated profit and loss statement – non-life insurance	130
31 - 2 Consolidated profit and loss statement – life insurance	136
31 - 3 Consolidated profit and loss statement – banking activities	140
31 - 4 Consolidated profit and loss statement – other businesses	140
32 - Summary of financial income, net of expenses	141
33 - Exceptional items	143
34 - Corporate income taxes	144
35 - Personnel	145

OTHER ANALYSES 150

36 - Off balance sheet commitments	150
37 - Financial instruments	154
38 - Disputes	157
39 - Ties with sister companies	159
40 - Events subsequent to closing	161
41 - Scope of consolidation	162

REPORT OF STATUTORY AUDITORS ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 191

Consolidated balance sheet at 31 December 2003

Consolidated assets

in millions of euros

	Notes	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Goodwill	6	1,547	1,881	1,695
Intangible assets	5	1,015	1,045	1,042
- portfolio of policies		82	93	116
- other		933	952	926
Insurance company investments	8	61,602	58,775	57,061
Investments representing unit-linked policies	8	8,301	8,194	8,687
Banking sector investments	8	3,266	4,011	3,204
Investments of other companies	8	949	1,054	1,239
Companies accounted for under the equity method	7	1,030	922	823
Reinsurers' share in underwriting reserves	19	3,404	3,819	3,302
Direct insurance and reinsurance receivables	9	3,088	3,650	4,093
Due from banking customers	10	13,949	13,506	13,238
Due from banking companies	11	2,651	2,005	2,353
Other receivables	12/18	1,660	1,966	1,669
Other assets	13	787	759	659
Prepayments and accrued income	14	3,705	3,451	3,743
- deferred acquisition costs		1,656	1,656	1,640
- other		2,049	1,795	2,103
Total assets		106,954	105,038	102,808

Consolidated liabilities

in millions of euros

	Notes	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Group shareholders' equity	15	6,526	5,970	6,135
- Share capital		861	855	844
- Share premium account		2,677	2,639	2,568
- Reserves, group share		3,266	3,173	2,845
- Net income, group share		763	268	732
- Other		(1,041)	(965)	(854)
Minority interests:	16	584	547	536
- Share in reserves		520	493	482
- Share in net income		64	54	54
Fund for general banking risks		18	21	21
Subordinated debt	20/21	1,502	1,579	894
Underwriting reserves:	19	64,779	63,198	61,188
- Life underwriting reserves		47,800	45,968	45,091
- Non-life underwriting reserves		16,979	17,230	16,097
Underwriting reserves on unit-linked policies	19	8,274	8,233	8,724
Provision for contingencies and losses	17	1,411	1,288	1,352
Direct insurance and reinsurance payables	22	1,565	1,718	1,997
Due to banking customers	23	3,166	4,235	4,142
Debt evidenced by certificates	20/24	13,205	12,523	10,986
Due to banking sector companies	20/25	2,827	2,513	3,210
Other debt	26	2,617	2,575	3,170
Accruals and deferred income	27	480	638	453
Total liabilities		106,954	105,038	102,808

Consolidated profit and loss statement for fiscal year 2003

in millions of euros

	Notes	Non-life insurance activities	Life insurance activities	Banking activities	Other activities	FY 2003	FY 2002 pro forma(2)	FY 2001 pro forma(1)
Premiums written	28.1	10,591	5,603	-	-	16,194	15,130	16,374
Change in unearned premiums		(58)	1	-	-	(57)	(109)	(145)
Premiums earned		10,533	5,604	-	-	16,137	15,021	16,229
Gross banking income	28.2	-	-	1,698	-	1 698	1 654	1 812
Revenue from other activities	31.4	-	-	-	33	33	34	30
Other operating income (net of expenses)		388	86	-	15	489	418	403
Net investment income	32	717	2,790	-	121	3,628	1,506	3,284
Total operating revenue		11,638	8,480	1,698	169	21,985	18,633	21,758
Insurance claims		(7,377)	(7,283)	-	-	(14,660)	(12,385)	(15,411)
Net income or expense of reinsurance ceded or accepted		(556)	(62)	-	-	(618)	(280)	336
Banking expenses	31.3	-	-	(1,234)	-	(1,234)	(1,388)	(1,530)
Expenses of other activities		-	-	-	(186)	(186)	(117)	(129)
Administrative costs		(2,964)	(980)	(248)	-	(4,192)	(3,985)	(4,071)
Total operating expense		(10,897)	(8,325)	(1,482)	(186)	(20,890)	(18,155)	(20,805)
TOTAL INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		741	155	216	(17)	1,095	478	953
Intersectoral transfers (3)		(59)	142	6	(89)	-	-	-
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME		682	297	222	(106)	1,095	478	953
Other income (net)						(59)	(43)	(9)
Exceptional items (net)	33					(19)	(72)	(73)
Corporate income tax	34					(112)	27	(54)
NET INCOME FROM CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES						905	390	817
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	7					144	89	92
Goodwill amortisation	6					(222)	(157)	(123)
CONSOLIDATED NET INCOME						827	322	786
Minority interests						(64)	(54)	(54)
NET INCOME (group share)						763	268	732
Diluted earnings per share						4.23	1.52	4.12
Undiluted earnings per share						4.41	1.57	4.27

(1) Proforma resulting from the change in accounting method relative to the provision for capital loss exposures (see note 4) and changes in segmentation.

(2) Proforma resulting from changes in segmentation (see note 4) and to the reclassification of a 23 million euro provision between "Other net income" and "Net financial income".

(3) Relates mainly to reinsurance, cash pooling and brokerage eliminations.

Summary of off-balance sheet commitments given and received (see note 36)

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Commitments given			
- Insurance companies	979	882	1,007
- Banking sector companies	3,038	2,472	1,927
- Other activities	202	208	402
Commitments received			
- Insurance companies	2,977	1,187	1,594
- Banking sector companies	3,889	3,822	3,778
- Other activities	670	629	764
Securities received as pledges from reinsurers			
- Insurance companies	698	1,031	1,186
Securities remitted by reinsured organisations with joint guarantee or substitution			
- Insurance companies	-	2	-

A

nnex to the consolidated financial statements

1 - Highlights of fiscal year 2003

● 1.1 Strategy of optimising allocated capital

Given its strategy of optimising allocated capital, the AGF Group made the decision to withdraw from life insurance in South America. Accordingly, AGF sold its life insurance subsidiary in Chile. Agreements to sell its life and asset management subsidiaries in Brazil were entered into at the end of the fiscal year.

AGF also undertook to reduce its exposure to banking risk. The Group sold its Belgian banking subsidiary AGF Belgium Banque to ING. Moreover, AGF sold the stake of 72.16% that it held in the share capital of Entenial to Crédit Foncier for 587 million euros at 100%, with the final sale occurring on 4 February 2004.

At 31 December 2003, life insurance and asset management subsidiaries in Brazil and the Entenial Group, which was in the process of being sold, were consolidated using the same methods and principles of presentation that were applied for the prior fiscal year.

● 1.2 Financial situation

The capital gain realised on the Crédit Lyonnais securities held by the AGF Group stood at 919 million euros.

AGF increased share capital reserved for employees through the issue of new shares on 29 December 2003. The new shares issued, with rights of ownership starting 1 January 2004, totalled 1 214 304, increasing the total number of outstanding shares to 188 172 639 at 31 December 2003.

● 1.3 Property and casualty insurance

The floods in southeastern France had a limited net impact (about 25 million euros) on 2003 financial statements due to reinsurance.

● 1.4 Banking and financial services

During the 2nd half of 2003, AGF finalised the acquisition of 100% of Dresdner Gestion Privée, which enabled the Group to strengthen its expertise in private management.

● 1.5 Property

Under its asset management policy, AGF decided to tender its stake in the share capital of Sophia in the public cash offer launched by GE Real Estate Investissement France at 41 euros per share.

2 - Principles and methods of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements were prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles as applied in France, and particularly with the decree of 17 January 2001 enacting regulation N°2000-05 of the Accounting Regulation Committee (Comité de Réglementation Comptable, CRC).

2.1 Methods of consolidation

Subsidiaries were fully consolidated when exclusively controlled by the AGF Group. They were consolidated proportionally when jointly controlled with one or more other groups, principally Allianz AG.

Companies over which the AGF Group has material influence were accounted for under the equity method.

OPCVM investment trusts were excluded from consolidation, as well as property companies, whose income is directly captured by the holding company to the extent that that does not alter the faithful representation of companies.

2.2 Closing date

The financial statements of companies within the AGF Group scope of consolidation were closed at 31 December.

2.3 Foreign exchange translation

The financial statements of foreign subsidiaries were established in their currency of operation. The conversion of statements in the currency of operation to the euro was based on the closing rate method and foreign exchange rates at 31 December.

The AGF Group's share in foreign exchange differences was posted to shareholders' equity under "foreign exchange differences" (see note 15 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements) and to "minority interests" for the share of other shareholders.

2.4 First consolidation differences

Pursuant to regulation N°2000-05 of the Accounting Regulation Committee, AGF did not retroactively restate acquisition and divestment operations prior to 1 January 2001; 2001 was the first year of application of regulation N°2000-05.

First consolidation differences were the differences between the acquisition costs of consolidated companies and the share in their restated shareholders' equity at acquisition date.

2.4.1 First consolidation differences prior to 1 January 2001

They were booked to identified assets and to an intangible network value (see note 5 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements) for acquisitions after 1 January 1992, as well as the present value of future profits of the life portfolio in the case of Zwolsche, acquired in 2000.

Prior to 1 January 1992, first consolidation differences were not allocated.

Capital gains deemed to be significant and lasting in nature were allocated to specific assets. Life insurance acquisitions gave rise, as appropriate, to a provision for policyholder profit-sharing, whereas non-life acquisitions gave rise to a provision to preserve balance in underwriting income, as necessary.

An amount was allocated to the value of the network up to the ownership stake or increased ownership stake for companies that were already consolidated, as follows:

- for insurance companies, one-half of premium income, net of reinsurance, for the last fiscal year prior to the acquisition,
- for credit insurance companies, 40% of premium income before reinsurance,
- for brokers, annual premium income.

In the cases of Athéna, Allianz France and Royal Nederland, the value of the network was calculated by applying the present value of future cash flows. The value of the network is established each year and subject to write-down, when appropriate.

2.4.2 First consolidation differences after 1 January 2001

The first consolidation difference was the difference between acquisition cost and a total valuation of assets and liabilities identified on acquisition date.

The cost of acquiring securities was equal to the amount paid to the seller by the buyer, plus any other costs directly related to the acquisition, net of corresponding tax savings.

A rise in the percent interest in a company that was already fully consolidated did not call into question the valuation of identified assets and liabilities, as established on the effective date of the controlling interest. The entire difference was booked to goodwill.

2.5 Goodwill (note 6 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements)

Goodwill was the unallocated portion of first consolidated differences.

Unless the amount was under 1.5 million euros, goodwill was generally amortised over twenty years. Otherwise, it was expensed in the year of the acquisition.

Goodwill was revalued each year in light of the situation of the companies concerned.

Negative goodwill corresponding to the accumulated earnings for a company whose shares were held prior to its entry in the Group's scope of consolidation was credited to profit and loss based on an amortisation schedule adapted to the situation of the company concerned.

Negative goodwill related to any shortfall in future returns taken into consideration in the acquisition price. It was booked to provisions for contingencies and losses and written back to profit and loss according to a schedule deemed appropriate to the company's situation.

2.6 Methodology followed in writing down intangible assets and goodwill

At each fiscal year closing, there is a comparison between the net book value and the present value of intangible assets and goodwill.

Present value was the useful value, i.e. a valuation of future business advantages expected from their use or removal.

If it is not possible to estimate the present value of an asset taken alone, the estimate will apply to all assets generating cash to which an isolated asset belongs. In some cases, this group of assets may be the company itself.

For equity investments with indicators that would imply that they lost value, the useful value was determined by discounting the expected net cash flows to infinity. Net cash flows were defined using the following:

- forecasts, generally over three years, taken from available budgets,
- hypotheses of normalised return on financial assets,
- a terminal growth rate based on long-term perspectives of the activity and inflation,
- capital allocated to the entity to cover underwriting and investment risk,
- the excess capital of the entity represented by the difference between its net asset value based on the most recent statements and allocated capital.

These flows are discounted at the cost of capital. The cost of capital used is based on the risk premium of each country and sector of activity. (In Europe, the rate is 8.15% for insurance companies.)

Analyses of the value sensitivity to hypotheses are conducted. Comparisons are made using implicit multiples of significant indicators of activity such as premiums, allocated capital or underwriting reserves.

For other equity investments, the useful value is notably calculated using net asset value with a multiple reflecting profitability relative to the entity in consideration.

Moreover, for quoted companies, when the market price at closing differs significantly from the value in consolidated financial statements including intangible assets, this approach is followed by a multi-criteria analysis that includes net asset value and the estimate of expected future economic benefits in addition to market price.

If there is a negative difference between the present value of an equity investment and its net book value in consolidated financial statements, a write-down may be recorded subsequently to an analysis of the difference.

2.7 Goodwill and network values in respect of foreign subsidiaries

Goodwill and network values in respect of foreign subsidiaries are booked in the local currency of the subsidiary (see note 4 on the comparability of financial statements).

2.8 Internal transfers between consolidated companies

Transfers of assets

Intra-group capital gains and losses from transfers of assets were eliminated in consolidation.

However, capital losses were not eliminated if they met criteria for permanent impairment in value.

Other transactions

Other intra-group transactions, mainly in respect of reinsurance, were eliminated from the balance sheet and the profit and loss statement.

2.9 Deferred taxes

Temporary differences between the book and fiscal value of assets and liabilities carried forward gave rise to the recognition of deferred taxes at the last known rate (variable deferral method).

All deferred tax liabilities are taken into consideration; however, deferred tax assets are booked only if their recovery is likely.

3 - Accounting principles and valuation methods

The consolidated financial statements were prepared based on methods defined by the Group for its consolidation and pursuant to:

- general accounting principles as applied in France to insurance companies,
- and valuation methods mentioned in this note that apply in preparing consolidated financial statements as exceptions to the methods applied to individual statements (as defined by regulation N°2000-05 of the Accounting Regulation Committee).

The methods used in consolidated statements do not change the retranscription of the business and legal properties of insurance policies, wherever they be located.

The valuation methods used for banking sector companies were those recommended in section III of regulation N°99-07 of the Accounting Regulation Committee.

3.1 Allocation of insurance company expenses according to purpose

Expenses for French and foreign insurance companies were initially recorded by type, then reallocated by purpose in the profit and loss statement based on distribution formulas using objective business criteria.

Investment management expenses were classified with investment expenses.

Claims administration expenses were included with claims expenses.

Costs relating to the acquisition of policies, administrative expenses and other insurance related costs were reported in the profit and loss statement.

● 3.2 Non-life insurance operations

Premiums

Premiums were recorded before taxes and reinsurance when written, net of cancellations, reductions and rebates.

They included, for the portion earned during the fiscal year, an estimate of premium to be written, and an estimate of premiums to be cancelled subsequently to closing date.

Reserves for unearned premiums (see note 19 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements)

A reserve for unearned premiums, before expenses and commissions, was booked policy by policy, based on the time between the fiscal year closing and premium expiration date.

Deferred acquisition costs

Costs related to acquiring new business (see note 14 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements), principally commissions and internal expenses related to policy issuance, were amortised over the life of the policy, according to the same rules that apply to reserves for unearned premiums.

The portion of acquisition costs attributable to the period from year-end to the premium expiration date was recorded in the balance sheet as a deferred acquisition cost under prepayments and accrued income.

Changes in deferred acquisition costs were posted to acquisition costs in the profit and loss statement.

Claims

Claims expenses comprised the following items:

- claims paid during the year relative to the current year or to preceding underwriting years, net of any claims recoveries,
- claims administration expenses, mainly claims department costs and commissions paid for claims administration.

Claims reserve

The claims reserve was an estimate of the costs of all claims incurred but unpaid at year end, whether reported or not, net of estimated recoveries.

They included a reserve for management expenses that was calculated based on actual experience. The claims reserve was not discounted.

Mathematical annuity reserves

Mathematical annuity reserves were the present value of commitments in respect of annuities and related expenses. They were based on tables believed to be appropriate, based on the location.

The underwriting interest rates used in calculating the present value of commitments were no greater than a conservative forecast of returns on the assets they represented.

Equalisation provision

These provisions may be booked if their purpose is to provide for possible future risk and events of low frequency and high unit cost or a macro-economic risk (credit insurance). They related mainly to commercial credit insurance and natural disaster protection.

The methods of establishing equalisation provisions for credit insurance are described in note 4.

Other underwriting reserves (see note 19 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements)

A provision for unexpired risk was booked by risk category in addition to the reserve for unearned premiums to provide for claims that may arise after year-end related to policies underwritten prior to that date and related business acquisition and administrative expenses when these were not covered by the reserve for unearned premiums.

Reserves for increasing risks were booked in health and disability insurance for risks that increase with policyholder age when premiums stay the same.

Capitalisation reserve

Fiscal year changes in respect of this reserve, booked to profit and loss in individual accounts, were cancelled in consolidated financial statements.

3.3 Life insurance technical operations**Definition**

Life insurance included all transactions that were defined as such in any legislation that applied to the consolidated companies of the AGF Group.

Premiums

Premiums were booked when written before reinsurance.

Life insurance reserves (see note 19 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements)

Mathematical reserves were equal to the difference between the present value of insurer and policyholder commitments.

The insurer's commitments equalled the present value of insurance benefits, based on the probability of payment. Policyholders' commitments equalled the present value of straight premiums remaining to be paid plus administrative costs, but excluding acquisition costs, adjusted for the probability of payment.

Mathematical reserves were not zillmerised.

Underwriting reserves were sufficient for meeting all group commitments;

The mortality tables used were those that were recognised locally as being appropriate.

However, when a change in a table led to a reduction of mathematical reserves below their surrender value, the original tables were retained.

The underwriting interest rates used in present valuing commitments were no greater than a conservative forecast of the rates of return on the assets they represented.

- Unit-linked policies:

For unit-linked policies, reserves were marked to the fair market value of their account units at the close of the fiscal year.

Other underwriting reserves**- Administrative cost reserve:**

Where appropriate, provision was made to cover future administrative costs globally on all policies not covered by weighting of premiums or by withdrawals of investment income provided for under the terms of the policy.

The methods used to calculate this reserve were set forth in the decree of 29 December 1998.

- Policyholder profit-sharing reserve:

The profit-sharing reserve was equal to profit-sharing allocated to policyholders when profits were not payable immediately.

There can also be contributions or write-backs to the general fund for policyholder profit-sharing.

- Policyholder profit-sharing:

Policyholder profit-sharing included profit-sharing due and deferred.

Profit-sharing due was recorded in consolidated statements.

Unconditional deferred profit-sharing was booked to liabilities in respect of any observed difference, based on future entitlements, between individual and consolidated accounts, with the exception of differences related to the net book value of consolidated affiliates held by insurance companies.

Conditional deferred profit-sharing, which depends on the occurrence of an event, was only booked if there was a high probability of occurrence or based on management decisions.

- Deferred acquisition costs:

Costs of acquiring new life insurance business were booked to assets (see note 14 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements) and amortised based on the recognition of future margins (maximum length of amortisation being 20 years), the net value booked being no less than the zillmerisation difference.

Deferred acquisition costs were presented net of sales fees. This net presentation had no impact on consolidated profit and loss and net position.

Principles for retaining policies in the portfolio were based on surrender rates, death experience and payments at policy maturity.

Acquisition costs were only deferred to the extent that subsequent amortisation was covered by the expected margin on each insurance product category.

Capitalisation reserve

Fiscal year changes in respect of this reserve, booked to profit and loss in individual accounts, were cancelled in consolidated accounts.

Deferred profit-sharing was booked when there was a strong probability of a distribution to policyholders, namely to take into consideration policyholder rights in certain separate accounting portfolios. Deferred taxes were recognised on restatements of the capitalisation reserve only when there was a strong probability of sale at a capital loss of securities in the capitalisation reserve.

3.4 Reinsurance operations

Acceptances

Reinsurance acceptances were booked individually on the basis of actual or estimated annual earnings.

Underwriting reserves were equal to the amounts communicated by ceding companies, plus any additional amounts, if appropriate.

Cessions

Reinsurance cessions were booked according to the terms and conditions set forth in reinsurance treaties.

The shares of reinsurers in underwriting reserves were determined on the same basis as underwriting reserves recorded on the balance sheet as liabilities.

Cash deposits received from reinsurers were recorded under liabilities.

Securities received as pledges from reinsurers were recorded off-balance sheet and marked to market.

3.5 Transactions in foreign currencies

Transactions were booked in the foreign currency in which they were denominated.

At closing, items carried on the books in foreign currencies were converted at exchange rates in effect on closing date.

Deferred unrealised gains and losses attributable to changes in exchange rates since previous year-end were booked to profit and loss.

3.6 Investments

Investments were valued and recorded according to business sector.

● 3.7 Methods common to all business sectors

Acquisition prices

Investments were booked at their acquisition prices, excluding accrued interest.

Acquisition costs

The acquisition costs of fixed assets acquired since 1 January 2001 (buildings and non-consolidated subsidiaries) booked as a charge to statutory accounts were booked to consolidated accounts and amortised according to the same schedule as the assets they were associated with.

Income from asset divestments

Capital gains and losses on divestments of marketable securities or buildings were booked to profit and loss in the year of the sale. They were generally calculated based on the FIFO (first in – first out) method.

Share exchange offers

In share exchange offers, capital gains were based on the estimated value of the shares received from the offerer that was deemed to be the most reliable (average price or price on the day the results of the offer were published).

Realisable value of marketable securities at closing date

The realisable value of marketable securities at closing date was the price on the Paris Bourse on closing date for listed securities and the estimated market value for unlisted securities.

Bonds that had not been recently listed were valued at their “broker” listing. This realisation value was sometimes restated by the unrealised income on derivative operations unexercised on closing date.

This value was used in calculating unrealised capital gains or losses in note 8.

Buildings

Buildings, land, and shares in real estate companies were recorded at acquisition cost, net of taxes and fees

Renovation expenses that increase the value of a building were recorded as assets, posted to “buildings” and depreciated over 10 to 20 years.

Acquisition fees in respect of buildings acquired prior to 1 January 2001 (transfer taxes, legal and professional, and contractual fees) were recorded as assets and amortised over 5 years.

Buildings were generally depreciated on a straight-line basis over 50 years.

The realisable value of buildings was generally based on five-year appraisals that were updated annually.

This realisable value was used in determining the unrealised capital gains and losses that appear in note 8.

Buildings held by companies other than insurance companies were recorded at acquisition price and written down on a line by line basis when their current value was less.

● 3.8 Specific rules on insurance investments

3.8.1 Bonds and other fixed income securities

The difference between the acquisition price and the reimbursement value of each line of securities was booked to profit and loss over the residual life of the security.

Pursuant to opinion n° 2002-11 of the National Accounting Board, indexing on the general level of prices during the period since acquisition date or the most recent dosing was booked to income or expenses for the period with an offsetting entry on the balance sheet in a sub-account linked to the main account where the instrument was booked.

The realisable value was the price on the Bourse or fair market value in the case of unlisted securities.

In the case of derivative instruments that had not been exercised on closing date, the realisable value was sometimes adjusted by the deferred income on the instrument.

Provision was not made for capital losses arising in comparisons of book value (increased or reduced by the amortisation of reimbursement differences) with realisable values except in cases of issuer default was deemed likely or lasting deflation was anticipated (the case of bonds indexed on the general level of prices).

3.8.2 Buildings, equities and other floating rate securities

Provision for value impairment

Provisions for the value impairment of buildings, equities and other floating rate receivables were booked line by line for that portion deemed to be lasting in nature.

The purpose of the provision for value impairment is to cover all identified risks in non-debt instrument investments within the meaning of article R 332-19 of the Commercial Code (mainly buildings and equities) based on the characteristics of the insurance activity.

a) Presumption of lasting impairment

An impairment in value was deemed to be lasting in nature in the following cases:

- if there was already a write-down on a line of investments at last year account closing.
- in the case of marketable securities, if the investment has shown significant unrealised capital loss compared to its book value over a period of 6 consecutive months preceding closing date;
- if there are objective indications that the company cannot recover all or a portion of the book value of the investment (significant drop of indicators for a sector of activity, significant drop in the market value over a long period when the market on the whole is performing differently, unfavourable change in fundamental investment analysis indicators, difficulty in disposing of investment, deteriorating adaptation of an asset to the market or determination of its inadaptability, existence of true counterparty risk).

b) Accounting for the characteristics of insurance activity

The book value of investments was based on the capacity of the company to hold an investment for the planned horizon based mainly on:

- constraints of asset-liability management
- historic turnover rates of security portfolios
- the financial position of the holding company; the existence for example of positive future cash flows over the ownership horizon not requiring sale on the open market
- the actual use of ownership for the company (non-consolidated subsidiaries, existence of shareholder agreements or distribution agreements, etc.)
- individual characteristics of the separate accounting portfolios where the investment in question is booked

The determination of book value also takes into consideration criteria related to the market or expected return.

c) Valuation of property investments

A property investment is marked to market if the company cannot hold the investment on a lasting basis or if it plans to sell it in the short-term. The market value is the most recent appraisal value.

In other cases, the valuation of property investments was based on useful value determined by using the discounted cash-flows valuation method.

d) Valuation of equities and floating income securities

Equities and other floating rate securities are marked to market if the company cannot hold the investment on a lasting basis or if it plans to sell the investment in the short-term. The market value is the higher of average market value in the last month and last price quoted on closing date.

In other cases, securities are booked at their recoverable value. This recoverable value is based on investment horizon according to a multi-criteria approach: balance sheet approach, approach by results (present value of future flows, PER method, etc.) analysis using the value of the market.

In certain cases, when the company does not have the information needed for multi-criteria analysis, the recoverable value is calculated by applying the risk-free rate increased by a risk premium to the average market value in the last month over the length of probable ownership.

Provision for capital loss exposures on underwriting commitments

The provision for capital loss exposures on underwriting commitments provided for by the Insurance Code for French insurance companies is not booked in consolidated financial statements.

Investment income transferred to technical accounts

A portion of total investment income was transferred to technical accounts based on the ratio of insurance underwriting reserves to the total of the company's underwriting reserves and shareholders' equity (average between the fiscal year opening and closing amounts).

3.8.3 Special case of investments representing unit-linked policies

Investments representing unit-linked policies are booked to the balance sheet at their market value on fiscal year closing date. The difference between acquisition price and market value is included in the change in mathematical reserves.

3.9 Investments in banking and finance**Trading securities**

Securities held for purposes of short-term trading (i.e. sold within a six month period) were initially recorded, fees and coupons included, and individually marked to market at year-end.

Investment securities

Securities held for more than six months and not deemed useful in the long-term to banking were initially recorded, excluding fees and accrued interest.

At closing date, they were individually marked to their listed price, realisable (in the case of OPCVM shares) or fair market value (in the case of unlisted securities). Provision was made for unrealised capital losses. Premiums and discounts on fixed income securities were amortised over the remaining life of the security.

Term securities

Term securities are fixed income securities that are held to maturity. They were recorded and valued in the same way as insurance company bonds.

Securities held in portfolio

This category includes securities acquired for the purpose of generating satisfactory long-term profitability without intervening in the management of a company.

At fiscal year closing, the valuation is based on market value on a security by security basis.

● 3.10 Funds for general banking risks

Funds for general banking risks carried in the financial statements of banks were maintained in the consolidated financial statements.

● 3.11 Regulated provisions

Regulated provisions are cancelled in consolidated financial statements.

● 3.12 Retirement commitments

The AGF Group bases its employee retirement plans on the laws and customs in effect in the countries where it does business (see note 17 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements).

In some countries, AGF Group companies made salary based contributions to organisations that were then responsible for paying the benefit following retirement. In these cases, there was no actuarial obligation.

In countries where there were internal retirement plans for employees or retirees, an actuarial liability was recorded in consolidated financial statements for the remaining years of service of employees. The same held true for Group commitments in terms of retirement bonuses.

For insurance companies in France, pursuant to the agreement of 2 February 1995 between the FFSA (the French Federation of Insurance Companies), and labour and management representatives, expenses related to the consolidation of provisions for the retirement plan for insurance companies were charged to shareholders' equity and credited in provisions for contingencies and losses in accordance with the recommendation of professional organisations (see note 17 of the annex to the consolidated financial statements).

In each year since 1996, subsequent contributions (1 % employer contribution) by virtue of this agreement have been charged to earnings.

● 3.13 Financial instruments

Financial instruments of insurance companies

Financial instruments were recorded in accordance with the provisions of regulation CRC 2002-09 of 12 December 2002 relative to accounting for financial instruments by insurance companies.

When a different method was used, there was a verification that its application would not generate a significant difference with the recommended treatment.

Furthermore, the rules set forth in article R. 332.20-1 of the French Insurance Code were applied in valuing unrealised capital gains or losses.

- *Interest rate swaps:*

Interest rate swaps were used only for hedging operations and recorded off-balance sheet at face value.

On account closing date, the interest expense and income differential accruing to the period was recorded.

At the end of the period, each contract and its underlying instrument was marked to market in a special account.

- *Options on interest rates:*

Cap purchases are hedging options traded on over-the-counter markets to preserve the value or return on assets or groups of assets if interest rates rise.

Premiums paid annually at the beginning of each reference period were recorded in asset accruals.

The amortisation of premiums recorded in the profit and loss statement was calculated on a straight line basis.

The interest differential (received or to be received) will be posted as income if AGF benefits from changes in interest rates. If not, nothing will be recorded. Unrealised capital gains or losses on fixed income instruments were valued pursuant to article R332.19 of the French Insurance Code.

Unrealised capital losses were not provided for in provisions when hedged, in keeping with long-term investment policy approved by the Board. Option face values were recorded off-balance sheet as commitments received, and premiums remaining to pay, as commitments given.

Purchases of floors followed the same accounting principles as purchases of caps. Unrealised capital losses will however be provided for in provisions at closing date, based on the individual nature of these transactions.

- *Foreign currency swaps:*

Foreign currency swaps were recorded off-balance sheet in order to hedge foreign currencies carried on the balance sheet. At the end of the period, these contracts were recorded off-balance sheet at their value in euros.

- *Performance swaps:*

The purpose of performance swaps is to reduce risk that is specific to certain securities compared with overall benchmark risk. Amounts were recorded off-balance sheet at par value.

The company's objective is not to exercise contracts early; consequently, risk was not provided for on the books except when there was counterparty settlement risk. Unrealised capital gains were adjusted, when appropriate.

- *Options on indexes:*

Call options on indexes traded over the counter were booked to accruals until exercise date, when they were recorded to profit and loss.

When hedges were not booked line by line to the portfolio, profit and losses were booked to income, although there was no corresponding profit or loss booked to the hedged item. At closing, unrealised gains were not recorded, and unrealised losses were booked to provisions for liquidity risk.

Life options were booked as off-balance sheet commitments in the amount of underlying assets (indices) as valued at their strike price

- *Index swaps:*

Index swaps were recorded off-balance sheet at face value.

Expenses on the floating rate borrowing portion were recorded prorata temporis. In keeping with conservative accounting practices, any income on a purchased index was reported in the profit and loss statement at maturity.

However, any permanent write-down was recorded on closing date, and the value was reflected in the provision for capital loss exposures and in unrealised capital gains and losses on derivative instruments.

- *Notional contracts on the MATIF:*

Sold contracts were used to cover bonds in the event of higher interest rates. Profits and losses on contracts were amortised over the life of the securities being covered as long as they were held in the company's portfolio. The unamortised portion of profits and losses was recorded in adjustment accounts and taken into consideration in determining unrealised capital gains and losses on bonds.

● 3.14 Financial instruments of banking

Commitments were recorded off-balance sheet at the face value of contracts (strike prices in the case of options).

Accounting methods in respect of related income depended on the finality of transactions and the markets concerned.

- *Hedging operations:*

Gains and losses in respect of hedging instruments allocated to one or a group of related items were recorded in the same manner as the hedged items.

Income and losses related to interest swaps were recorded prorata temporis in the profit and loss statement. There was an overall assessment of positions at closing, and provision was made as needed.

- *Speculative trading:*

Interest rate instruments, both conditional and with fixed maturities that were traded on organised and related markets (Notionnel, Pibor, etc.), were valued at their market price at closing. Corresponding gains and losses, both unrealised and recognised, were recorded in the profit and loss statement.

Valuation rules in respect of interest rate futures were based on the objectives of operators. In the case of micro-speculative operations (interest rate futures, caps/floors, and interest rate swaps), income and losses were recorded prorata temporis.

Only net negative valuation differences, i.e. unrealised net capital losses on like contracts, were recorded in profit and loss by means of provision for contingencies and losses.

The method used in valuing interest rate swaps was the so-called "bond method". The present value used was the rate for a zero coupon bond.

Premiums paid or received in respect of conditional forward currency contracts (foreign currency options) were recorded in adjustment accounts.

In the case of transactions unexercised at year-end, the valuation was a "mark to market" and differences were recorded directly in the profit and loss statement.

At resale, purchase, exercise or expiration of an option, premiums were immediately recorded in the profit and loss statement.

Interest rate swaps against a market index were not booked to profit and loss until maturity. Only unrealised losses were recognised by booking a provision for contingency.

● 3.15 Financial instruments of other companies

The financial instruments of other companies were booked in accordance with the General Accounting Plan.

- *Interest rate swaps:*

This type of instrument is used for hedging.

Interest rate swaps were booked off-balance sheet at their par value.

At closing date, the interest differential accruing for the period was booked to income or expenses.

On inventory date, there was an off-balance sheet valuation of the market value of each contract.

● 3.16 Principles of segmentation

The analysis of activity was based on the following segmentation:

- life insurance in and outside France,
- non-life insurance broken down into:
 - health insurance (in and outside France),
 - other casualty (in and outside France),
 - commercial credit insurance,
 - assistance,
- banking activities in and outside France (including Asset Management companies)
- other activities (including holding companies, miscellaneous activities, mainly brokerage companies) in and outside France.

The analysis of profit and loss by activity appears in notes 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32.

Results of segments were ordinary pre-tax results.

Reciprocal profit and loss entries in internal reinsurance were eliminated by offsetting entries to "intersectoral transfer eliminating internal reinsurance", the elimination having no impact on the contribution of the segment to Group profit and loss.

Eliminations of services between two segments were booked in each of the accounts in question with an offsetting entry to "intersectoral transfer".

Eliminations of reciprocal operations affecting investment income (internal debt, for example) were booked in each of the accounts in question with an offsetting entry to “intersectoral transfer eliminating underwriting investment income” and “intersectoral transfer eliminating non-underwriting investment income” based on underwriting and non-underwriting income, which preserves segment results unchanged.

Dividends and internal capital gain eliminations and other restatements and eliminations affecting investment income are deducted from non-underwriting investment income.

Mixed life and non-life companies were allocated between life, non-life and health segments based on the following considerations:

- insurance items (premiums, claims, acquisition costs, administrative costs, other underwriting expenses, underwriting reserve expenses) were allocated to life or non-life based on risk category.
- non-underwriting investment income was distributed between life and non-life based on capital allocations to each activity;
- non-underwriting expenses were prorated between life and non-life based on underwriting expenses.

Credit insurance corresponded to Euler Hermes activity in and outside France. This segment did not include SFAC Crédit and Eurofactor, which are included with banking.

Assistance included only the activity of the Mondial Assistance Group, comprising the Elvia and Sacnas Groups.

Presentation of property activity

The results of property companies were allocated line by line to other segments based on the percent ownership in each property company.

On the balance sheet, only property company investments were broken down into other segments.

3.17 Accounting of internet site expenses

Internet projects were classified in the following two categories:

- presentation sites with no on-line selling where all implementation expenses were classified as communication costs and immediately booked as expenses;
- e-business sites offering on-line sales where a portion of costs were booked according to the criteria set forth below.

The project had to carry a very real probability of success and profitability in a reasonable timeframe.

Expenses related to preliminary studies and functional analyses were booked to expenses.

Internal analyses, programming, testing and documentation were booked and amortised over a period of 3 to 5 years.

Start-up costs, training expenses, and communication and maintenance expenses were booked as expenses.

3.18 Provisions for major repairs

Pursuant to opinion n° 2003-E of the Emergency Committee of the CNC, provision for major repairs booked by the AGF Group cover the expenses under pluri-annual programmes of major repairs or revisions.

3.19 Exceptional results

Exceptional results included expenses and income for the fiscal year that by their nature or amount were not typical or particularly significant. (This mainly concerned restructuring provisions and income from subsidiary divestments).

3.20 Calculation of earnings per share

Non-diluted net earnings per share equalled the ratio of consolidated net income, group share, to the weighted number of outstanding shares during the fiscal year.

The number of outstanding shares was the total number of shares comprising share capital, less the number of treasury shares held by virtue of share buy-backs. The weighting of the number of outstanding shares consisted of a prorata temporis calculation of fiscal year changes in the number of outstanding shares.

Diluted net earnings per share was the ratio of consolidated net income, group share, and the number of shares outstanding at 31 December, plus dilutive instruments (stock subscription and purchase options on treasury shares deducted from share capital).

● 3.21 Treasury shares

Securities booked in long-term investments in statutory statements were deducted from consolidated share capital. Any capital gains or losses at sale were rebooked in consolidated share capital.

● 3.22 Stock options

Stock subscription options

Share issues upon exercise of stock subscription options were booked to share capital at their exercise price.

Stock purchase options

- Shares booked in investment securities

Shares originally assigned to the stock option plan are book at acquisition price in investment securities.

A provision was booked if their acquisition price exceeded exercise price.

- Shares booked to financial fixed assets

Treasury shares which did not give rise to a precise designation originally were booked to financial fixed assets securities.

Treasury shares assigned to stock options were deducted from share capital. When options were exercised, share capital was increased by the exercise price of the options.

4 - Comparability of financial statements

● 4.1 Change in accounting principles relative to goodwill and network values

Pursuant to the recommendation of the AMF on the closing of financial statements for 2003 and given the convergence toward IFRS norms, a change in accounting principles starting 1 January 2003 was implemented in respect of the booking of the goodwill and the network value of foreign subsidiaries in local currencies.

Until 31 December 2002, goodwill and network values were booked in euros based on the exchange rate at acquisition date for subsidiaries with an operating currency other than the euro.

This method is not consistent with IFRS, which requires the booking of intangible assets and goodwill in the operating currency of the acquired subsidiaries.

However, the French standards defined by CRC regulation 2000-05 allow for the booking of intangible assets and goodwill in euros or in the currency of operation of the acquired company.

Pursuant to AMF regulations encouraging companies to adopt IFRS regulations as of fiscal year 2003 when possible, the AGF Group implemented a change in accounting method as of 1 January 2003 consisting of booking goodwill and network values in the operating currency of the acquired subsidiary.

This change in method applied retroactively to all goodwill and network values in question had the following impact at 1 January 2003:

	<i>in millions of euros</i>		
	Goodwill	Network values	Total
01/01/03 before change	1,399	467	1,866
Foreign exch. adjustment	(86)	10	(76)
Consolidated reserves	39	-	39
01/01/03 after change	1,352	477	1,829

The application of the change in method starting 1 January 2002 would have given rise to a 4 million euro reduction in ordinary goodwill amortisation expense for fiscal year 2002.

4.2 Other changes in accounting principle

4.2.1 Provision for major repairs

At 1 January 2003, the AGF Group retroactively applied regulation CRC n° 2003-07 by recording a provision for major repairs of 33 million euros, which covers both expenses under the pluriannual programme of major repairs or revisions.

This provision for major repairs was booked against shareholders' equity reducing consolidated shareholders' equity by 21.4 million euros after taxes.

4.2.2 Bonds indexed on the general level of prices

At 1 January 2003, the AGF Group retroactively applied opinion n° 2002.11 of the National Accounting Council. This new method of calculation led to a revaluation of premiums and discounts of OATI (French inflation indexed government bonds) for 1 million euros.

4.3 Change in tax treatment of listed property investment companies

At 31 December 2003, a change in the tax treatment of Gécina and Sophia was applied with the option for the new tax regime of listed property companies leading to the recognition of non-recurring tax profits of 31 million euros AGF Group share for Gécina and a non-recurring tax charge of 16 million euros AGF Group share for Sophia.

4.4 Provision for capital loss exposures in consolidated financial statements

The provision for capital loss exposures in underwriting commitments provided for by the Insurance Code for French Insurance companies is not recognised in consolidated financial statements, pursuant to the accounting principles of the AGF Group.

However, at 31 December 2002, subsequent to the request of the Insurance Control Commission, the provision for capital loss exposures recognised in the statutory accounts of French companies of the AGF Group was retained in consolidated accounts in the amount of -94 million euros charged to fiscal year 2002.

At 31 December 2003, pursuant to opinion N° 2004-B of 21 January 2004 of the Emergency Committee, provisions recognised at the end of 2002 were written back to earnings commensurate with the contribution of fiscal year 2002, for income of 95 million euros AGF Group share.

4.5 Goodwill for Hermes

Pursuant to paragraph 2110 of the CRC 2000-05, the Hermes Group had until 31 December 2003 to harmonise the accounting principles used by Hermes with those of the Group. In consideration of this project, the different subjects treated in 2003 are set forth below:

Underwriting reserves

Pursuant to paragraph 21122 of CRC 2000-05, Hermes' provisions for claims payable were based on the same methods as those in effect in the Euler Hermes Group. The methods used consist of estimating the final charge of claims on the basis of actuarial studies.

Actuarial studies involve the determination of a "best estimate" within an estimated range. Out of conservatism, the Group generally used an amount in the upper portion of the range.

Pursuant to these principles, underwriting reserves were recalculated at 30 June 2002, 31 December 2002 and 31 December 2003 based on studies by an external actuary. The amounts used on each of these 3 dates were booked according to Group principles.

Underwriting reserves were restated for the following amounts in consolidated financial statements:

- a reduction of 105.5 million euros at 30 June 2002
- a reduction of 108.5 million euros at 31 December 2002
- a reduction of 102.9 million euros at 31 December 2003

The restatement at 30 June 2002 (shareholders' equity increase of 105.5 millions euros less deferred taxes of 37.4 million euros) led to a goodwill reduction of 62 928 thousand euros.

Other harmonisation restatements

They mainly concerned EH Kreditversicherungs AG:

Premiums earned and not written: €10,422 K

Opening balance sheet adjustment: €-5,502 K

And the other companies of the Hermes Group:

EH Credit and Guarantee: €74 K

EH Nordic: €383 K

Finnish CI: €731 K

These restatements led to a reduction of goodwill amounting to 6,108 million euros.

4.6 Changes in scope of consolidation in 2003

4.6.1 Sale of Allianz AGF MAT UK Holding

Allianz AGF MAT UK Holding, which held a stake of 25% in Tindall Riley Marine, was sold by the AGF Group in the first half of 2003. The contribution of Allianz AGF MAT UK Holding to consolidated results in the first half of 2003 was insignificant.

The sale generated an 8.8 million euro loss.

4.6.2 Liquidation of Immospain

Immospain was liquidated during 2003, its contribution to first half 2003 consolidated results being insignificant. This liquidation generated a 1.7 million euro loss.

4.6.3 Liquidation of Phénix Développement Gestion

Phénix Développement Gestion was liquidated during 2003, its contribution to consolidated results being insignificant.

4.6.4 Sale of Kléber Poincaré Company

The company was sold in December 2003.

In 2003, this subsidiary contributed 2.9 million euros to net results. Its sale gave rise to profits of 37.4 million euros, which were retained in ordinary results because the sale was deemed to be that of an investment.

4.6.5 Acquisition of Egyptienne Arab International Non Life Insurance

80% of the shares formerly held by Allianz were acquired by AGF International in January 2003.

Goodwill totalled 17.3 million euros.

The contribution to consolidated premium income for 2003 stood at 8 million euros (non-life 7.6 million and health 0.4 million) and the contribution to net income (after goodwill amortisation) at -3.2 million euros.

4.6.6 Consolidation of Egyptienne Arab International Life Insurance

In December 2003, AGF International purchased all the share held by Allianz, lifting its interest in the company to 95.11 %. Goodwill stood at 3.2 million euros.

At 31 December 2003, the balance sheet of the company was fully consolidated. 2003 results were accounted for under the equity method at 43.66 % (stake before controlling interest) for 0.4 million euros.

4.6.7 Disposal of Swiss subsidiaries

The Swiss subsidiaries were sold to Allianz in January 2003.

In 2002, these subsidiaries contributed 56.7 million euros to consolidated premium income (non-life: 20.6 million, health 10.7 million and life 25.4 million) and -3.3 million euros to net income.

The disposal of Swiss subsidiaries gave rise to profit of 1.1 million euros.

4.6.8 Sale of AGF Allianz Chile Vida

The company was sold on 29 April 2003.

In 2002, it contributed 34.1 million euros to consolidated premium income (vs. 0.3 million in 2003) and -0.9 million euros (vs. -0.3 million in 2003) to net results.

The sale generated a loss (including sales expenses) of 12.1 million euros.

4.6.9 Sale of Dutch company Akkermans Van Elten Holding

The contribution to results in 2002 was insignificant.

The sale led to profit of 3.1 million euros.

4.6.10 Sale of AGF Belgium Bank

The Belgian bank was sold in December 2003.

The contribution to results for 2003 amounted to 3 million euros.

In 2002 its contribution to AGFs consolidated balance sheet stood at 979.7 million euros, including 590.9 million in investments. Moreover, it had contributed 17.3 million euros to unrealised capital gains.

The sale of the subsidiary generated a loss (including sale expenses) of 0.8 million euros.

● 4.7 Segmentation changes in 2003

4.7.1 Absorption at 1 January 2003 of Inverfenix by Allianz Seguros no Vida

Inverfenix appeared under "Other activities outside France" in the financial statements of 2002. Its net results for 2002, which stood at 6.6 million euros, were reclassified in non-life insurance outside France in the proforma presentation of results by activity.

4.7.2 Absorption at 1 January 2003 of Royal Nederland Fondsen Beheer by Holland Beleggingsgroep.

Royal Nederland Fondsen Beheer appeared under "Other activities outside France" in the financial statements of 2002. Its net results for 2002, which stood 5.1 million euros, were reclassified in banking outside France in the proforma presentation of results by activity

● 4.8 Equalisation provision for the Euler Hermes Group

The equalisation provision is intended to cover macroeconomic risks of low frequency and high unit cost. When there are underwriting profits, it sets aside a portion that will be used over the following ten years to offset underwriting losses that appear cyclically. This applies to all Group European insurance companies, based on different methods all derived from the Directives of 22 June 1987.

Until the closing of fiscal year 2001, the standard for consolidated statements was not to change individual calculations in keeping with the regulation of each country to the extent that those calculations led to results that were comparable among various Group subsidiaries.

Subsequent to the acquisition of Hermes Group, the methods of calculating this provision in Germany were significantly different from what had been generally used within the Group. Therefore, it was decided to harmonise these calculations in the consolidated financial statements. These new methods have been applied since 1 January 2002 to the European credit subsidiaries of the Group, except for Euler Hermes in Great Britain, whose underwriting activities stopped in 2001.

In principle, the methods are consistent with those described by article R331-33 of the Insurance Code as applied to French insurance companies. Nevertheless, the effect of reciprocal internal reinsurance operations between Group credit insurance companies are eliminated.

Contribution/write-back

The equalisation provision is funded by a tax-free withdrawal of 75% of the underwriting surplus of credit insurance after reinsurance cessions and before allocation of net investment income. It is written back when the underwriting results of a fiscal year show a deficit.

Cumulative ceiling

The contribution to the equalisation provision ceases being mandatory when it reaches 134% of the average of premiums after reinsurance over the five previous fiscal years. At the time of intermediate closings, since 30 June 2002, the maximum contribution at period closing has been valued compared to the average of the five previous fiscal years calculated across quarters.

Elimination of reciprocal reinsurance transactions

The effect of internal reinsurance operations among Group companies on the equalisation provision are cancelled. The non-elimination of internal reinsurance operations would lead to double contributions or write-backs when the equalisation provision has a ceiling in a company accepting the underwriting results of other Group partners in reinsurance.

At 31 December 2003, a global contribution of 15.6 million euros was recognised. The retention of individual calculations would have given rise to a contribution of 103.7 million euros distributed as follows:

in millions of euros

	Local accounts	Consolidated accounts
Euler Hermes Sfac	(26.4)	-
Euler Ré	(1.3)	(2.2)
Euler Hermes Siac	(3.6)	(5.1)
Euler Hermes Kreditversicherungs	(66.0)	(12.9)
Euler Hermes Credit & Guarantee	(0.2)	(0.8)
Euler Hermes Credit Insurance (Belgium)	(3.7)	6.5
Mundialis	(0.2)	(0.2)
Euler Hermes Kredietverzekering (Netherlands)	2.6	3.5
N.V. Interpolis Kredietverzekeringen (Netherlands)	(0.4)	(0.3)
Cescob	(0.1)	(0.1)
Euler Hermes United Kingdom	(1.5)	(1.2)
Euler Hermes Credit Insurance Nordic A.B	(2.9)	(2.8)
Total	(103.7)	(15.6)

4.9 Change in accounting principles to the provision for capital loss exposures in 2002

A change in accounting principle led to the non-recognition of the provision for capital loss exposures in consolidated financial statements as of 1 January 2002.

4.9.1 Rationale behind the change in principle

The Insurance Code provides for a provision for capital loss exposures of underwriting commitments, the purpose of which is to respond to insufficient liquidity of investments principally in the event of a change in the rate of claims payment. This provision must under regulations be funded at no less than the overall unrealised capital loss on non-bond investments (according to the definition of article R332-19 of the Insurance Code), which amounts to recording the loss that would occur if all of these investments were realised at fiscal year closing. However, the Insurance Control Commission may on an exceptional basis grant a delay that is absolutely necessary in establishing the provision.

- On 18 December 2002, the Emergency Committee of the National Accounting Council issued opinion n° 2002-F relative to provisions for lasting value impairment, making the following points:

- . the provision for lasting value impairment is supposed to cover all risks identified on investments subject to article R332-20 based on the characteristics of the insurance activity,
- . the closing value of investments is established in consideration of the capacity of the company to hold the investments for the intended period of time. Pursuant to this opinion and as set forth in note 3.8.2 of the annex, for all Group insurance companies, AGF has considered the fact that an investment must be valued at its market value if:
 - the company does not have the capacity to hold it on a lasting basis
 - the company plans to sell the investment in the short term

For this reason, the provision for lasting value impairment covers risks that may exist on investments due to underwriting commitments possibly coming due early, which renders the provision for capital loss exposures without purpose.

It is further noted that due to the application of the preferential methods defined by CRC regulation 2000-05, underwriting reserves booked to liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet are sufficient to meet all Group commitments.

4.9.2 Impact of change in accounting principle

Pursuant to present accounting standards, all of the provision for capital loss exposures of 18 million euros on the consolidated financial statements at 1 January 2002 was cancelled out by an offsetting entry to shareholders' equity, for an increase to the latter of 16.2 million euros after taxes.

1.6 million euros of this provision concerned French companies and 16.4 million foreign companies. It had been entirely funded in 2001.

Based on this change, proforma results for 2001 would have therefore been 733.6 million euros as opposed to published results of 717.4 million euros.

4.10 Request of the Insurance Control Commission: reconstitution of the provision for capital loss exposures recognised in the statutory accounts for French companies

In a 7 February 2003 communication to the French Federation of Insurance Companies, the Insurance Control Commission said that provisions for capital loss exposures of French insurance companies should be carried forward as in the consolidated financial statements of the Group to which they belong.

Therefore, the provision in the statutory accounts of French companies was rebooked unchanged in the consolidated financial statements in the amount of 95.6 million euros at 31 December 2002 broken down as follows:

in millions of euros

	Prov. contrib. 2001 pro forma	Prov. contrib. 2002	Prov. cap. loss exp. au 31.12.2002
AGF Vie	-	85,6	85.6
Assurances Fédérales	0.6	3.8	4.4
AGF La Lilloise	-	4.6	4.6
Others	1.0	-	1.0
Pre-tax total	1.6	94.0	95.6
Tax gain	0.2	31.4	-
After-tax total	1.4	62.6	-

This expense, booked to underwriting profit and loss, reduced ordinary results for 2002 by 94 million euros. The provision for capital loss exposures of 95.6 million euros at 31 December 2002 is included in the underwriting reserves under liabilities on the consolidated balance sheet.

Pursuant to an agreement with the Insurance Control Commission, provision for capital loss exposure amounts booked by AGF Vie (85.6 million euros) and La Lilloise (4.6 million euros) amount to 30% of the difference between the overall value of investments subject to the provision in statutory statements and their market value. At 100%, these amounts represented 285 million euros for AGF Vie and 15.3 million euros pour AGF La Lilloise.

Note: the application of the treatment requested by the Insurance Control Commission calls for the following observations:

- The provision for capital loss exposures in consolidated statements only takes into consideration the unrealised capital gains and losses on equities, buildings and other investments valued according to article R332-20 of the Insurance Code without unrealised capital gains and losses on bonds.
- The items taken into consideration in establishing the provision are based only on the value of the investments in the statutory statements. Those values are different in the consolidated statements due to restatements in consolidation (elimination of intra-group sales, consolidation of subsidiary securities, elimination of reciprocal investments, differences in the valuation of the investments of acquired subsidiaries, etc.)
- The restated provision for capital loss exposures only concerns a limited number of Group subsidiaries and excludes subsidiaries outside France

In light of all of these items and the fact that the provision for value impairment covers only risk on investments due to underwriting commitments falling due on an early basis, which renders the provision for capital loss exposures without purpose (see 4.1.1), consolidated results for 2002 (group share) excluding the contribution to the provision for capital loss exposures stood at 330.5 million euros

The proforma financial statements for 2001 resulting from the change in principle relative to the provision for capital loss exposures for French companies differs from published statements in respect of the following items:

in millions of euros

	2001 Published	2001 pro forma
Balance sheet:		
Shareholders' equity (results)	6,120	6,135
Underwriting reserves (prov. for cap. loss exp.)	61,205	61,188
Other receivables (deferred tax assets)	1,873	1,871
Results	717	732

4.11 Changes in scope of consolidation in 2002

4.11.1. Acquisition of the Hermes Group

The Hermes Group entered consolidation as of 1 July 2002, following Euler's acquisition from Allianz AG of 2,038,000 Hermes shares amounting to 97.98% of share capital for 533.1 million euros.

Temporary goodwill stood at 311 million euros and was amortised at 7 million euros, or 5 million group share.

The final amount of goodwill will be established no later than 31 December 2003 (see paragraph 4.5)

Subsequent to the increase in share capital under the Hermes acquisition and additional acquisitions of securities, the AGF Group held 70.46% of the new Euler Hermes Group at 31 December 2002.

At 31 December 2002, the contribution of the Hermes Group to the main items on AGFs consolidated balance sheet was as follows:

	<i>in millions of euros</i>
	Total
Assets	
Investments	709
Reinsurers' shares in underwriting reserves	617
Receivables from insurance or reinsurance	178
Liabilities	
Equalisation provisions	126
Other underwriting reserves	1,012
Provisions for contingencies and losses	133
Payables from insurance or reinsurance operations	82

The contribution of the Hermes Group to the 2002 premium income of the AGF Group was 350 million euros and the contribution to net results was -1 million euros.

4.11.2. Acquisition of Dresdner RCM Gestion

Dresdner RCM Gestion Group entered consolidation as of 24 July 2002 after AGF acquired all of the 128,750 shares comprising the share capital of the company from Dresdner Bank Gestion France for 28 million euros. Goodwill stood at 28 million euros (to be amortised over 20 years).

4.11.3. Reduction of stake in Gécina

After an increase in share capital unsubscribed by AGF, its stake in Gécina dropped from 33.27% at 31 December 2001 to 23.39% at 31 December 2002.

For 2002, there was a net dilution gain of 27 million euros (including a charge of 17 million for the reduction in goodwill).

4.11.4. Divestment of Ogar companies

The Gabonese companies Ogar Tiard and Ogar Vie exited consolidation at the end of June 2001. In 2001, their premium income was respectively 14.9 million and 2.9 million euros.

The divestment of these two companies generated profit of 3.4 million euros.

4.11.5. Increase of stake in Astree

AGFs stake in the share capital of Astree rose from 22.87% at 31 December 2001 to 42.08% at 31 December 2002. This acquisition led to the recognition of 3 million euros of goodwill.

4.11.6 Increase of share capital in the Euler Hermes Group

AGFs share capital in Euler Hermes rose from 66.51% at 31 December 2001 to 70.46 % at 1 December 2002.

This change emanated from the increase in share capital that was partially subscribed to by the AGF Group and incremental acquisitions that gave rise to negative goodwill (net) of 1 million euros.

4.12 Change in segmentation

AGF Clearing, which appeared under "other activities" in the financial statements for fiscal year 2001, was reclassified in banking starting 1 January 2002.

Beleggingsmaatschappij Buizerdlaan BV and Beleggingsmaatschappij Willemsbruggen BV, which appeared under "other activities" in the financial statements for fiscal year 2001, were reclassified in non-life insurance starting 1 January 2002. Their contributions to consolidated results for 2002 were –6 million euros for Beleggingsmaatschappij Buizerdlaan BV and –8 million for Beleggingsmaatschappij Willemsbruggen BV.

The sectoral statements for fiscal years 2002 and 2001 were reclassified in the proforma in order to allow for comparability.

4.13 Foreign exchange

Exchange rates used for the financial statements of the main consolidated companies changed as follows:

1 € =	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
USD	1.263	1.0487	0.8813
GBP	0.7048	0.6505	0.6085
CHF	1.5579	1.4524	1.4829
BRL	3.6263	3.6894	1.9665
CLP	741.32	716.74	584.75
VEB	1994.78	1396.64	664.91
ARS	3.6876	3.5679	1.4101
COP	3468.22	2910.11	2015.62

At 31 December 2003, the exchange rate used in the monetary conversion at fiscal year closing of the financial statements for subsidiaries in Argentina was 1 Euro for 3.6876 Argentinian pesos.

At 31 December 2002, the exchange rate used was 1 Euro for 3.567900 Argentinian pesos.

4.14 Pro forma premium income

Proforma premium income consisted in calculating the premium income for the prior fiscal year based on the scope of consolidation for the year under review. The premium income of companies exiting consolidation was therefore deducted from published premium income, which was increased by the premium income of companies that entered consolidation during the period.

Constant foreign exchange rate premium income changes were based on exchange rates at closing of the prior period in order to convert premium income for the period in question.

Consolidated proforma premium income for fiscal year 2003

in millions of euros

	2003 premium income	2002 premium income proforma	2003 premium income at constant FX rates
Life insurance premiums written in France proforma	4,096.2	4,007.7	4,096.2
Non-life insurance premiums written in France proforma	4,290.1	3,910.7	4,290.1
Health insurance premiums written in France proforma	1,238.8	1,111.2	1,238.8
Life insurance outside France			
Changes scope:			
Sale of Phenix (Switzerland) as of 01/01/2003	-	(25.4)	-
Sale of AGF Allianz Chile Vida as of 01/04/2003	-	(16.2)	-
Life insurance premiums written outside France proforma	1,507.1	1,478.3	1,516.6
Non-life insurance outside France			
Changes in scope:			
Sale of Phenix (Switzerland) as of 01/01/2003	-	(20.6)	-
Entry of Arab International (Egypt) in 01/2003	-	12.4	-
Non-life insurance premiums written outside France proforma	2,784.0	2,673.5	2,832.4
Health insurance outside France			
Changes in scope:			
Sale of Phenix (Switzerland) as of 01/01/2003	-	(10.7)	-
Entry of Arab International (Egypt) in 01/2003	-	0,5	-
Health insurance premiums written outside France proforma	338.1	333.0	357.7
Credit insurance			
Impact of 12/2002 eliminations	-	(0,4)	-
Changes in scope:			
Change in method of consolidation for Mundialis (Cobac) in 03/2003	-	0.6	-
Entry of Hermès as of 01/07/2002	-	346.4	-
Credit insurance premiums written proforma	1,544.5	1,222.2	1,586.8
Assistance			
Assistance insurance premiums written proforma	395.4	392.8	403,2
Restated total premium income	16,194.2	15,129.4	16,321.8
Total impact of changes in consolidation		286.6	
Revised premiums written proforma (1)	16,194.2	15,416.0	16,321.8
Other credit insurance company services	235.9	188.2	241.2
Other assistance company services	88.1	96.3	93.9
Other life insurance services outside France	25.0	21.7	25.0
Changes in scope:			
Change in method of consolidation for Mundialis (Cobac) in 03/2003	-	0,2	-
Impact of 12/2002 eliminations	-	(0.7)	-
Entry of Hermès as of 01/07/2002	-	38.2	-
Other revised insurance services proforma (2)	349.0	343.9	360.1
Total restated premium income	16,543.2	15,435,6	16,681.9
Total impact of changes in scope:	-	324.3	-
Total revised premium income proforma (3)=(1)+(2)	16,543.2	15,759.9	16,681.9
Revised revenue from other activities proforma (4)	33.4	33.0	33.4
Total revised revenue proforma (5)=(3)+(4)	16,576.6	15,792.9	16,715.3
For information purposes:			
Revised gross banking income proforma	1,698.2	1,657.5	1,698.7

5- Intangible assets

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Network value	794	805	805
Policy portfolio	82	93	116
Other intangible assets	139	147	121
Total	1,015	1,045	1,042

5.1 Network value

The network value arises from the booking of first consolidation differences in respect of the following companies:

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
AGF Iart	185	185	185
AGF Vie	105	105	105
AGF La Lilloise	14	29	29
W Finance	18	18	18
Royal Nederland Group (Netherlands)	185	184	184
Allianz Seguros Group (Spain)	59	63	63
AGF Belgium Group (Belgium)	106	108	108
Euler Hermes	9	9	9
Trade Indemnity (Euler Group)	73	61	61
SIAC/ACI Holding (Euler Group)	39	41	41
SNA Group (Lebanon)	1	2	2
Total	794	805	805

Changes at 31 December 2003:

The change in network value is attributable to the write-down in the network value of AGF La Lilloise (-15 million euros), and the impact of booking network values in currencies (3 million euros). See explanation in note 4 "Comparability of financial statements".

5.2 Breakdown of policy portfolio value and other intangible assets

in millions of euros

	Gross value 31.12.2003	Amortisation and provisions for depreciation 31.12.2003	Net book value 31.12.2003	Net book value 31.12.2002	Net book value 31.12.2001
Policy portfolio value					
Company portfolio AGF International:					
Non-life policies	-	-	-	-	-
Life policies	136	(54)	82	93	116
Software	221	(132)	89	90	47
Other intangible assets	106	(55)	50	57	74
Total	463	(241)	221	240	237

The portfolio value was booked in respect of the Zwolsche Algemeene Group; this asset is calculated before deferred taxes and was subject to an amortisation charge to non-underwriting expenses of 11 million euros during fiscal year 2003, 23 million euros during fiscal year 2002 and 20 million euros in 2001.

6 - Goodwill

6.1 Goodwill

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Goodwill:			
Goodwill at 1 January	1,881	1,695	1,646
Added during reporting period (cf. 6.1.1)	35	370	195
Reductions due to exits from consolidation or changes in the reporting period (1)	(72)	(20)	(15)
Impact of foreign exchange on goodwill in other currencies (2)	(69)	-	-
Amortisation during the reporting period (cf. 6.3)	(228)	(164)	(131)
Net goodwill	1,547	1,881	1,695
	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
AGF Group share in goodwill	1,471	1,773	1,663

(1) During fiscal year 2003, goodwill for the Hermès Group was booked at 68 mn euros

6.1.1 Main changes (excluding amortisation)

New goodwill recognised in fiscal year 2003 and in fiscal years 2002 and 2001 owed mainly for these acquisitions:

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
AGF Belgium Group (Belgium)	-	12	10
Zwolsche Group (Netherlands)	-	-	66
Hermes (Euler Group)	-	311	-
Others (Euler Group)	3	11	91
Gécina (additional purchase of securities)	3	1	6
Mondial Assistance Group	2	-	8
Sophia	-	1	5
Astree (Tunisia)	-	3	-
Dresdner RCM merged with AGF Asset Management	-	28	-
Dresdner Gestion Privée	4	-	-
Arab International Insurance (Egypt)	20	-	-
Colseguros Generales (Colombia)	1	-	-
SNA Group (Lebanon)	-	1	-
Santéclair	2	-	-
Other	-	2	9
New goodwill during fiscal year (2)	35	370	195

(2) See explanations in note 4 - "Comparability of financial statements"

6.1.2 Amortisation during 2003

Goodwill is amortised over 20 ans.

Accelerated amortisation of -102 million euros was booked under exceptional results at 31 December 2003, including -8 million relative to the Mondial Assistance Group, -5 million relative to the Arab International Insurance Company (Egypt), -6 million relative to the Adriatica Group (Venezuela), -10 million relative to AGF AZ Chile Generales Group (Chile), -50 million relative to the Colseguros Group (Colombia), -15 million relative to the Euler Group (Eurofactor) and -7 million relative to AGF Belgium bank.

Accelerated goodwill amortisation for South America closed out at 31 December 2003 related to a decision to seek market opportunities.

Amortisation expense during fiscal year 2003 relative to goodwill stood at -228 million euros.

6.1.3 Analysis by activity

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Life insurance	347	418	459
Non-life insurance: credit insurance	379	465	162
Non-life insurance: assistance	20	32	38
Non-life insurance: others	733	864	921
Banking	37	69	80
Other activities	31	33	35
Total	1,547	1,881	1,695

6.1.4 Analysis by country and subsidiary

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
AGF Iart (1)	173	185	197
AGF Vie (1)	142	152	162
AGF La Lilloise (1)	-	3	3
AGF Holding (formerly AGF Assurances) (1)	6	7	7
Sophia	16	18	21
Euler Hermes Group (2)	144	168	202
Gécina	39	39	60
Banque AGF (Oddo) (1)	4	4	5
Assurances Fédérales	5	5	6
AGF Asset Management (Dresdner RCM Gestion)	25	27	-
Other French companies (1)	15	9	10
Total France	569	617	673
Outside France:			
Royal Nederland Group and Zwolsche (Netherlands)(3)	414	440	466
AGF Belgium Group (Belgium) (3)	80	99	103
Allianz Seguros Group (Spain)(3)	212	236	253
Trade Indemnity (Euler - Great Britain)	17	15	16
Mondial Assistance Group (Switzerland) (4)	20	33	38
Ewa Life (Luxembourg)	-	-	2
SIAC (Euler Group - Italy)	-	1	1
ACI (Euler Group - United States)	5	6	7
Hermes (Euler & Hermes Group - Germany)	216	303	-
Total Europe	1,533	1 750	1,559
Chile (Consortio Allianz)	-	15	16
Venezuela (Adriatica Group)	-	20	21
Colombia (Colseguros Group)	-	89	94
Other countries	14	7	5
Total outside Europe	14	131	136
Total	1,547	1 881	1,695

(1) Goodwill for AGF Iart and AGF Vie is attributable to the acquisition of Athéna and Allianz France.

(2) including Eurofactor 4 million euros

(3) Impact of conversion of goodwill in foreign currencies

(4) Exceptional amortisation for the fiscal year

6.2 Negative goodwill

Negative goodwill in the provisions for contingencies and losses (see note 17) mainly includes 3 million euros (net of amortisation since consolidation date), from the acquisition of Banque La Hénin by Enténial (formerly Comptoir des Entrepreneurs), 9 million euros of goodwill on PHRV, 7 million euros of goodwill on Euler, 4 million euros of goodwill on AGF Saint-Marc, 2 million euros of goodwill on ACAR and 4 million euros of goodwill on S.A. 38 Opéra.

Negative goodwill

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Negative goodwill:			
Goodwill at 1 January	(35)	(36)	(49)
Added during the reporting period	(1)	(6)	(2)
Reductions during the reporting period	-	-	7
Amortisation during the reporting period	6	7	8
Net goodwill	(30)	(35)	(36)

Changes in fiscal year 2003:

Additional negative goodwill of 1 million euros was recognised on PHRV. This deviation was written back in its entirety in fiscal year 2003.

Changes in fiscal year 2002

The rise in negative goodwill by 6 million euros was attributable to the additional acquisition of Euler-Hermès securities by AGF Iart.

Changes in fiscal year 2001

The rise in goodwill of 2 million euros was attributable to the full consolidation of ACAR.

The reduction in goodwill of 7 million euros was mainly due to a correction of goodwill entered at 31 December 2000 for PHRV.

6.3 Total goodwill amortisation

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Amortisation of goodwill	(228)	(164)	(131)
Amortisation of negative goodwill	6	7	8
<i>Amortisation expense</i>	<i>(222)</i>	<i>(157)</i>	<i>(123)</i>
Deduction of minority interests	10	12	1
Exceptional items	102	7	17
Goodwill amortisation group share, excluding exceptional items	(110)	(138)	(105)

7 - Companies accounted for under the equity method

7.1 Changes during reporting period

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Equity affiliates at 1 January 2003	922	823	808
Changes in scope of consolidation	22	62	(2)
Other changes	(4)	(5)	(26)
Share in income of equity affiliates	144	89	92
Dividends received from equity affiliates	(52)	(45)	(49)
Foreign exchange difference	(2)	(2)	-
Equity affiliates at closing	1,030	922	823

Entries and exits during reporting period

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Gécina (1)	17	40	7
Sophia	1	2	6
Vina de Larose	-	-	(4)
MBA Life (Malaysia)	-	-	(5)
Cofitem	(1)	1	-
PHRV	4	(5)	(6)
Astrée (Tunisia) (1)	-	4	-
Arab International Life	(1)	-	-
Companies of the Euler Group (1)	10	19	-
Allianz AGF Mat UK - Tindall Riley Marine Ltd (1)	(7)	-	-
Others	(1)	1	-
Total entries and exits during the reporting period	22	62	(2)

(1) See explanation in note 4 - "Comparability of financial statements"

7.2 Share in net income of companies accounted for under the equity method

in millions of euros

Held companies	Stockholder	31.12.2003					31.12.2002		31.12.2001		
		Life insurance	Non-life insurance	Banking	Others	Total % interest	result	Total % interest	result	Total % interest	result
Insurance:											
Astree		-	1	-	-	42.08%	1	42.08%	-	-	-
Arab International Insurance (a)		-	-	-	-	43.66%	-	39.66%	(1)	-	-
Stakes of the Euler Group (b)		-	3	-	-	70.69%	3	70.46%	2	-	-
Banking:											
Oddo		-	-	3	-	26.98%	3	26.98%	5	26.98%	10
Stakes of Entenial (b)		-	-	8	-	72.16%	8	72.16%	6	72.15%	5
Elysées Factor (Euler Group)		-	-	-	-	16.69%	-	17.00%	-	16.50%	1
Other activities:											
Gécina		80	25	-	-	22.56%	105	23.39%	40	33.27%	41
Sophia		13	4	-	-	26.53%	17	29.27%	28	28.91%	26
Cofitem		-	1	-	1	20.01%	2	21.99%	3	22.00%	2
PHRV		-	1	-	-	34.15%	1	29.39%	2	29.45%	2
Europensiones		-	-	-	4	24.50%	4	24.50%	4	24.50%	4
Others		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1
Total		93	35	11	5		144		89		92

(a) Fully consolidated in 2003.

(b) Net income is attributable to the companies accounted for under the equity method by Euler and Entenial.

7.3 Breakdown of equity affiliates

in millions of euros

Held companies	Stockholder	31.12.2003				31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		Life insurance	Non-life insurance	Banking	Others	Total	Total	Total	
Insurance:									
Tindall Riley Marine Ltd		-	-	-	-	-	7	8	
Stakes of the Euler Group (c)		-	28	-	-	28	19	-	
Others (dont Astrée)		1	7	-	-	8	8	3	
Banking:									
Oddo		-	-	53	-	53	50	50	
Stakes of Entenial		-	-	41	-	41	36	29	
Elysées Factor (Euler Hermes Group) (d)		-	-	1	-	1	1	1	
Stakdes of W Finance		-	-	3	-	3	3	7	
Other activities:									
Gécina		451	138	-	2	591	492	428	
Sophia (e)		187	62	-	-	249	250	236	
Cofitem (e)		5	8	-	9	22	26	25	
PHRV (e)		11	12	-	1	24	18	22	
Europensiones		-	-	-	8	8	8	9	
Others		-	-	-	2	2	4	5	
Total		655	255	98	22	1,030	922	823	

(c) Equity accounting adopted during 2002.

(d) Equity accounting adopted during 2001.

(e) Equity accounting adopted during 2000.

8 - Breakdown of investments at 31 December 2003

In million of euros

	Gross book value			Net book value			Market value			Unrealised capital gains at 31 December 2003			Unrealised capital gains at 31 December 2002			Unrealised capital gains at 31 December 2001			
	Insurance	Banking	Other	Total	Insurance	Banking	Other	Total	Insurance	Banking	Other	Total	Insurance	Banking	Other	Total	Insurance	Banking	Other
<i>Equity affiliates (a)</i>	905	28	1,030	905	28	1,030	1,208	97	28	1,333	303	-	303	200	-	200	196	-	196
Property investments	3 707	139	4 302	2 682	97	3 087	4 469	97	506	5 072	1 787	-	1 787	1 797	-	1 797	1 871	-	1 871
Equities and other floating income securities	12 360	872	13 280	11 715	797	12 555	11 557	802	175	12 532	(158)	5	134	(1 086)	11	120	1 007	11	122
Bonds and other fixed income securities	4 726	2 380	50 366	47 205	2 372	592	50 899	49 682	2 415	592	52 687	2 477	41	2 518	76	2 804	1 519	43	1 562
and other investments (b)	63 303	3 391	67 849	61 602	3 266	949	65 887	65 708	3 312	1 271	70 291	4 106	46	3 225	87	4 222	4 397	54	4 451
<i>Subtotal investments and equity affiliates</i>	64 208	3 488	68 879	62 507	3 365	977	66 847	66 916	3 409	1 299	71 624	4 409	46	3 222	87	4 222	4 595	54	484
Total investments																			
Total listed investments	55 209	1 380	41	56 630	54 630	1 375	40	56 045	56 992	1 416	89	58 497	2 362	41	49	2 452	2 647	86	117
Total non-listed investments	8 999	2 108	1 142	12 249	7 877	1 988	937	10 802	9 924	1 993	12 101	2 047	5	2 732	20	314	1 946	(32)	367
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	64 208	3 488	1 183	68 879	62 507	3 365	977	66 847	66 916	3 409	1 299	4 409	46	3 222	87	4 222	4 595	54	484

(a) Equity affiliates were valued at their book value in consolidation, except for Gécina (formerly GFC) and Sophia, which were marked to market. Unrealised capital gains were calculated excluding goodwill.

(b) "Other investments", which includes loans and deposits, was reclassified into "bonds and other fixed income securities".

Unrealised capital gains were restated for unrealised gains on derivative instruments that were unwound at closing.

The Group share in unrealised capital gains was 4 701 million euros at 31 December 2003, vs. 3 331 million euros at 31 December 2002 and 5 031 million euros at 31 December 2001.

The recognition of capital gains would give rise to contributions to life profit-sharing after allocations to capitalisation reserves and taking into account provisions for value impairment.

Unrealised capital gains on the statutory statements of AGF Vie and Arcalis at 31 December 2003 stood at 2 565 million euros, vs. 1 551 million at 31 December 2002 and 2 305 million at 31 December 2001.

Unrealised capital gains on the statutory statements of AGF Vie after allocation to first consolidation differences related to the formerly companies of PPA and Allianz and amounted to 2 552 million euros at 31 December 2003, vs. 1 519 million at 31 December 2002 and 2 275 million at 31 December 2001.

The allocation of the first consolidation difference to the book value of consolidated investment has already given rise, as necessary, to the recognition of a provision for profit-sharing.

Outside France, the recognition of capital gains in life companies did not lead to minimum allocation to policyholders, other than as required by regulations or contractual agreements.

The balance of provisions for value impairment at 31 December 2003 stood at 1 155 million euros (including 729 million on equities and 329 million on buildings).

8.1 Insurance company investments

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003				31.12.2002	31.12.2001
	Gross book value	Net book value	Estimated value	Unrealised net capital gains	Unrealised net capital gains	Unrealised net capital gains
Property investments	3,707	2,682	4,469	1,787	1,797	1,871
Equity affiliates	905	905	1,208	303	200	196
Other equities and floating income securities	7,575	7,027	7,391	364	(554)	1,212
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	4,785	4,688	4,166	(522)	(1,312)	(205)
Bonds and other fixed income securities	39,233	39,211	41,575	2,364	2,472	1,485
Shares in bond-oriented investments trusts	3,244	3,245	3,295	50	185	34
Other investments	4,759	4,749	4,812	63	71	-
Total investments	64,208	62,507	66,916	4,409	2,859	4,593
Total listed investments	55,209	54,630	56,992	2,362	1,427	2,647
Total non-listed investments	8,999	7,877	9,924	2,047	1,432	1,946
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	64,208	62,507	66,916	4,409	2,859	4,593
Total life insurance investments	47,396	46,246	49,238	2,992	1,875	2,826
Total non-life insurance investments	16,812	16,261	17,678	1,417	984	1,767
Sub-total life/non-life investments	64,208	62,507	66,916	4,409	2,859	4,593

Table of significant investments representing more than 1% of the shareholders' equity of the Group in companies in which the Group held at least 5% of the share capital at 31 December 2003 (except for sister companies and equity holdings, see note 8-5)

in millions of euros

	Gross book value	Net book value	Market value	Unrealised net capital gains
AGF Actions Zone Euro	446	446	351	(95)
AGF Amériques	265	256	144	(112)
AGF Asac Actions	171	171	114	(57)
AGF Creactions 1	177	177	133	(44)
AGF Creactions 2	114	114	90	(24)
AGF Euribor	203	203	203	-
AGF Euro Actions	450	450	704	254
AGF Hospitalier euro	225	225	248	23
AGF Hospitalier. Monde	338	338	251	(87)
AGF Jour	639	639	639	-
AGF Opéra	167	167	127	(40)
AGF Securicash	458	458	461	3
AGF U.S.A.	228	228	220	(8)
Phénix Alternative holding 3D	311	311	355	44
Phénix Sécurité	122	122	122	-
Total investment trust shares	4,314	4,305	4,162	(143)

8.1.1 Insurance company investments at gross book value by geographic area at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	France	Benelux	Spain	South America	Other (1)	Total
Property investments	3,156	344	142	39	26	3,707
Equity affiliates	904	-	1	-	-	905
Other equities and floating income securities	6,034	1,395	104	1	41	7,575
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	4,457	269	30	1	28	4,785
Bonds and other fixed income securities	31,346	4,964	2,329	269	325	39,233
Shares in bond-oriented investments trusts	2,959	10	30	164	81	3,244
Other investments	2,979	1,490	226	34	30	4,759
Total investments	51,835	8,472	2,862	508	531	64,208
Total listed investments	45,344	6,862	2,123	406	474	55,209
Total non-listed investments	6,491	1,610	739	102	57	8,999
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	51,835	8,472	2,862	508	531	64,208
Total life insurance investments	39,000	6,126	2,002	146	122	47,396
Total non-life insurance investments	12,835	2,346	860	362	409	16,812
Sub-total life/non-life investments	51,835	8,472	2,862	508	531	64,208

(1) The region "other" is mainly the United Kingdom.

8.1.2 Insurance company investments by geographic area at net book value at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	France	Benelux	Spain	South America	Other (1)	Total
Property investments	2,300	216	125	26	15	2,682
Equity affiliates	904	-	1	-	-	905
Other equities and floating income securities	5,805	1,088	101	1	32	7,027
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	4,376	255	29	1	27	4,688
Bonds and other fixed income securities	31,345	4,963	2,329	254	320	39,211
Shares in bond-oriented investments trusts	2,960	10	30	164	81	3,245
Other investments	2,977	1,482	226	34	30	4,749
Total investments	50,667	8,014	2,841	480	505	62,507
Total listed investments	45,096	6,549	2 120	405	460	54,630
Total non-listed investments	5,571	1,465	721	75	45	7,877
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	50,667	8,014	2,841	480	505	62,507
Total life insurance investments	38,201	5,786	1,998	141	120	46,246
Total non-life insurance investments	12,466	2,228	843	339	385	16,261
Sub-total life/non-life investments	50,667	8,014	2,841	480	505	62,507

(1) The region "other" is mainly the United Kingdom.

8.1.3 Insurance company investments by geographic area at market value at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	France	Benelux	Spain	South America	Other (1)	Total
Property investments	3,927	273	221	33	15	4,469
Equity affiliates	1,207	-	1	-	-	1,208
Other equities and floating income securities	6,198	1,038	122	1	32	7,391
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	3,875	233	30	1	27	4,166
Bonds and other fixed income securities	33,272	5,211	2,515	257	320	41,575
Shares in bond-oriented investments trusts	3,008	10	32	164	81	3,295
Other investments	2,977	1,545	226	34	30	4,812
Total investments	54,464	8,310	3,147	490	505	66,916
Total listed investments	47,091	6,717	2,316	408	460	56,992
Total non-listed investments	7,373	1,593	831	82	45	9,924
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	54,464	8,310	3,147	490	505	66,916
Total life insurance investments	40,788	6,008	2,179	143	120	49,238
Total non-life insurance investments	13,676	2,302	968	347	385	17,678
Sub-total life/non-life investments	54,464	8,310	3,147	490	505	66,916

(1) The region "other" is mainly the United Kingdom.

8.1.4 Insurance company investments by geographic area at unrealised capital gains at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	France	Benelux	Spain	South America	Other (1)	Total
Property investments	1,627	57	96	7	-	1,787
Equity affiliates	303	-	-	-	-	303
Other equities and floating income securities	393	(50)	21	-	-	364
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	(501)	(22)	1	-	-	(522)
Bonds and other fixed income securities	1,927	248	186	3	-	2,364
Shares in bond-oriented investments trusts	48	-	2	-	-	50
Other investments	-	63	-	-	-	63
Total investments	3,797	296	306	10	-	4,409
Total listed investments	1,995	168	196	3	-	2,362
Total non-listed investments	1,802	128	110	7	-	2,047
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	3,797	296	306	10	-	4,409
Total life insurance investments	2,587	222	181	2	-	2,992
Total non-life insurance investments	1,210	74	125	8	-	1,417
Sub-total life/non-life investments	3,797	296	306	10	-	4,409

(1) The region "other" is mainly the United Kingdom.

8.1.5 Insurance company investments by geographic area at gross book value at 31 December 2002

in millions of euros

	France	Benelux	Spain	South America	Other (1)	Total
Property investments	3,291	347	105	46	53	3,842
Equity affiliates	802	-	1	1	-	804
Other equities and floating income securities	7,642	1,622	87	16	65	9,432
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	5,081	250	156	-	31	5,518
Bonds and other fixed income securities	29,422	4,613	1,730	513	514	36,792
Shares in bond-oriented investments trusts	965	-	79	86	-	1,130
Other investments	2,422	1,340	379	27	22	4,190
Total investments	49,625	8,172	2,537	689	685	61,708
Total listed investments	43,393	6,127	1,460	434	607	52,021
Total non-listed investments	6,232	2,045	1,077	255	78	9,687
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	49,625	8,172	2,537	689	685	61,708
Total life insurance investments	37,867	5,827	1,817	333	210	46,054
Total non-life insurance investments	11,758	2,345	720	356	475	15,654
Sub-total life/non-life investments	49,625	8,172	2,537	689	685	61,708

(1) The region "other" is mainly Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

8.1.6 Insurance company investments by geographic area at net book value at 31 December 2002

in millions of euros

	France	Benelux	Spain	South America	Other (1)	Total
Property investments	2,457	228	89	33	41	2,848
Equity affiliates	802	-	1	1	-	804
Other equities and floating income securities	7,078	1,441	85	15	48	8,667
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	4,786	230	156	-	29	5,201
Bonds and other fixed income securities	29,395	4,613	1,730	504	506	36,748
Shares in bond-oriented investments trusts	965	-	79	86	-	1,130
Other investments	2,422	1,332	379	27	21	4,181
Total investments	47,905	7,844	2,519	666	645	59,579
Total listed investments	42,118	5,934	1,460	433	580	50,525
Total non-listed investments	5,787	1,910	1,059	233	65	9,054
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	47,905	7,844	2,519	666	645	59,579
Total life insurance investments	36,594	5,580	1,813	327	199	44,513
Total non-life insurance investments	11,311	2,264	706	339	446	15,066
Sub-total life/non-life investments	47,905	7,844	2,519	666	645	59,579

(1) The region "other" is mainly Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

8.1.7 Insurance company investment by geographic area at market value at 31 December 2002

in millions of euros

	France	Benelux	Spain	South America	Other (1)	Total
Property investments	4,137	277	144	46	41	4,645
Equity affiliates	1,002	-	1	1	-	1,004
Other equities and floating income securities	6,883	1,081	90	13	46	8,113
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	3,550	184	126	-	29	3,889
Bonds and other fixed income securities	31,389	4,899	1,899	518	515	39,220
Shares in bond-oriented investments trusts	1,145	-	84	86	-	1,315
Other investments	2,421	1,403	379	27	22	4,252
Total investments	50,527	7,844	2,723	691	653	62,438
Total listed investments	43,493	5,813	1,611	448	587	51,952
Total non-listed investments	7,034	2,031	1,112	243	66	10,486
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	50,527	7,844	2,723	691	653	62,438
Total life insurance investments	38,246	5,637	1,963	342	200	46,388
Total non-life insurance investments	12,281	2,207	760	349	453	16,050
Sub-total life/non-life investments	50,527	7,844	2,723	691	653	62,438

(1) The region "other" is mainly Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

8.1.8 Insurance company investments by geographic area at unrealised capital gains at 31 December 2002

in millions of euros

	France	Benelux	Spain	South America	Other (1)	Total
Property investments	1,680	49	55	13	-	1,797
Equity affiliates	200	-	-	-	-	200
Other equities and floating income securities	(195)	(360)	5	(2)	(2)	(554)
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	(1,236)	(46)	(30)	-	-	(1,312)
Bonds and other fixed income securities	1,993	286	169	14	10	2,472
Bond-oriented investments trusts	180	-	5	-	-	185
Other investments	-	71	-	-	-	71
Total investments	2,622	-	204	25	8	2,859
Total listed investments	1,374	(121)	151	15	8	1,427
Total non-listed investments	1,248	121	53	10	-	1,432
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	2,622	-	204	25	8	2,859
Total life insurance investments	1,653	57	150	15	-	1,875
Total non-life insurance investments	969	(57)	54	10	8	984
Sub-total life/non-life investments	2,622	-	204	25	8	2,859

(1) The region "other" is mainly Switzerland and the United Kingdom.

8.2 Banking sector investments

in millions of euros

8.2.1 Summary of banking investments

	31.12.2003				31.12.2002	31.12.2001 pro forma
	Gross book value	Net book value	Market value	Net unrealised capital gains	Net unrealised capital gains	Net unrealised capital gains
Property investments	139	97	97	-	-	-
Equity affiliates	97	97	97	-	-	-
Non-consolidated subsidiaries	88	30	34	4	11	8
Securities portfolio						
Other equities and floating income securities	768	753	754	1	-	3
Shares of equity-oriented investments trusts	16	14	14	-	-	-
Bonds and other fixed income securities	2,378	2,370	2,411	41	76	43
Shares of bond-oriented investments trusts	2	2	2	-	-	-
Other investments	-	-	-	-	-	-
Sub-total	3,164	3,139	3,181	42	76	46
Total investments	3,488	3,363	3,409	46	87	54
Total listed investments	1,380	1,375	1,416	41	67	86
Total non-listed investments	2,108	1,988	1,993	5	20	(32)
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	3,488	3,363	3,409	46	87	54

8.2.2 Changes in securities portfolio

in millions of euros

	Gross value at opening	Acquisitions	Disposals	Reimbursements	Conversion	Other changes	Gross value at closing
Trading account securities	5	19	-	-	-	-	24
Investment securities held for sale	3,164	1,241	(842)	(533)	-	-	3,030
Investment securities	717	-	-	(621)	-	-	96
Equity securities held for investment	14	-	-	-	-	-	14
Total investment portfolio	3,900	1,260	(842)	(1,154)	-	-	3,164

in millions of euros

	Provisions at opening	Contributions to provisions	Write-backs of provisions	Other changes	Gross value at closing
Trading account securities	-	-	-	-	-
Investment securities held for sale	(32)	(7)	17	11	(11)
Investment securities (counterparty risk)	(1)	-	-	1	-
Equity securities held for investment	(14)	-	-	-	(14)
Total provisions	(47)	(7)	17	12	(25)
Net value of investment portfolio	3,853	-	-	-	3,139

in millions of euros

8.2.3 Breakdown of investments by category at 31 December 2003

	Trading account securities	Investment securities held for sale	Investment securities	Equity securities held for investment	Total receivables	Total
Bonds and other fixed income securities	24	2,234	96	-	18	2,372
Equities and other floating income securities	-	767	-	-	-	767
Total	24	3,001	96	-	18	3,139

8.2.3.1 Breakdown of equities and other floating income securities at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	Breakdown of investment trusts
Geographic breakdown	
French investment trusts	3
Foreign investment trusts	11
Sub-total	14
Capitalisation distribution investment trust	
Capitalisation investment trust	3
Other investment trusts	11
Sub-total	14
Other equities	753
Total equities and other floating income securities	767

8.2.3.2 Bonds: Distribution and maturity at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

Bonds	
French government	96
Foreign governments	345
Other French public sector entities	17
Other foreign public sector entities	-
Private and other	1,894
Related receivables	18
Sub-total	2,370
Bond-oriented investment trusts	
French public sector entities	-
Foreign public sector entities	-
Private and other	2
Sub-total	2
Total bonds and other fixed income securities	2,372

Maturities

in millions of euros

	Less than 3 months	From 3 mos. to 1 years	From 1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Bonds and other fixed income securities	996	64	954	358	2,372

8.3 Investments of other companies

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003				31.12.2002	31.12.2001
	Gross book value	Net book value	Market value	Net unrealised capital gains	Net unrealised capital gains	Net unrealised capital gains
Property investments	456	318	506	188	302	362
Equity affiliates	28	28	28	-	-	-
Other equities and floating income securities	47	37	171	134	120	123
Shares in equity-oriented investment trusts	2	2	2	-	-	(1)
Bonds and other fixed income securities	26	26	26	-	-	-
Shares in bond-oriented investment trusts	7	7	7	-	-	-
Other investments	617	559	559	-	-	-
Total investments	1,183	977	1,299	322	422	484
Total listed investments	41	40	89	49	108	117
Total non-listed investments	1,142	937	1,210	273	314	367
Sub-total listed/non-listed investments	1,183	977	1,299	322	422	484

Table of major investments representing more than 1% of shareholders' equity of the Group in companies in which the Group held at least 5% of share capital at 31 December 2003 (except for sister companies and equity holdings, see note 8-5)

None

Information on long-term portfolio investments

None.

8.4 Investments representing unit-linked policies

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003 Net book value	31.12.2002 Net book value	31.12.2001 Net book value
Unit-linked investments: properties	58	59	60
Unit-linked investments: floating income securities	356	1,366	1,367
Unit-linked investments: equity-oriented investment trusts	7,055	5,071	5,445
Unit-linked investments: fixed income securities	364	823	874
Unit-linked investments: bond-oriented investment trusts	468	875	941
Total unit-linked investments	8,301	8,194	8,687

8.5 Investments in affiliated enterprises, joint ventures and associated enterprises and equity holdings at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	Percent held at 31.12.2003	Share capital at 31.12.2002	Net income at 31.12.2002	31.12.2003							
				Net book value				Market value			
				Equities	Bonds	Loans	Total	Equities	Bonds	Loans	Total
Affiliated enterprises											
Allianz Marine Aviation (ex AGF Mat) (1) 23/27 rue Notre Dame des Victoires 75002 Paris	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	256	256	-	-	256	256
Allianz AG (2) Königin strasse 28 - 80802 Munich - Germany	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	-	1,200	1,200	-	-	1,200	1,200
Dresdner Bank Jürgen-Ponto-Platz 1 - 60329 Frankfurt - Germany	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	30	-	30	-	30	-	30
Allianz Finance BV Keizersgracht 484 - 1017 Amsterdam - Netherlands	N/A	N/A	N/A	-	10	-	10	-	10	-	10
Equity holdings											
Worms (formerly Someal) (3) 55 rue de la Boétie - 75008 Paris	14.82%	2,157	190	260	-	-	260	292	-	-	292
Bolloré Investissements Tour Bolloré, 31-32 Quai de Dion-Bouton - 92811 Puteaux Cedex	15.99%	791	60	58	-	-	58	172	-	-	172
Gras Savoye 2-8, rue Ancelle - 92202 Neuilly sur Seine	10.00%	71	19	23	-	-	23	23	-	-	23
Harwanne 9-11 rue du Prince, Case postale 3796 - 1211 Geneva 3 - Switzerland	17.51%	121	(4)	18	-	-	18	13	-	-	13
Others (book value less than 10 million euros and held at more than 10%)				98	-	-	98	142	-	-	142
Investments in affiliated enterprises and equity holding				457	40	1,456	1,953	642	40	1,456	2,138

(1) A loan to AGF Mat by AGF Holding.

(2) Loans to Allianz AG: one by AGF Vie for 700 million euros and the other by AGF IART for 500 million.

(3) The ownership of Soméal shares is due to the contribution by AGF Iart and AGF Vie of their Worms shares, pursuant to the agreement entered into in the tender offer on Athéna. A shareholders' pact (family shareholders, IFIL, and AGF) gives IFIL a preemptive right on the Worms shares held by the other parties. This right is exercised at the price of the third party offerer.

in millions of euros

Breakdown of investments in sister companies by type of company	Equities	Bonds	Loans	Total
Insurance	397	-	1,200	1,597
Banking	30	40	-	70
Others	30	-	256	286
Investments in sister companies	457	40	1,456	1,953

8.6 Breakdown of investments by geographic areas (including investments in unit-linked)

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
	(in market value)		
France	64,131	60,783	60,347
Belgium	6,519	6,538	6,428
Spain	3,271	2,889	2,675
Netherlands	4,793	4,639	4,809
Rest of Europe (1)	283	547	654
Total Europe	78,997	75,396	74,913
Brazil	368	269	527
Rest of South America	320	528	574
Others	240	131	135
Total	79,925	76,324	76,149

(1) "Rest of Europe" is mainly Switzerland up through 2002 and the United Kingdom

The breakdown of investments by geographic area deals with the subsidiaries of AGF International. The other Group companies are grouped under "France", including in particular the non-French subsidiaries of Euler Hermes and Mondial Assistance.

9 - Direct insurance and reinsurance receivables

9.1 Gross value, reserves and net book value of direct insurance and reinsurance receivables

in millions of euros

	Gross value at 31.12.2003	Reserves at 31.12.2003	Net book value at 31.12.2003	Net book value at 31.12.2002	Net book value at 31.12.2001
Policyholder loans (1)	827	(39)	788	1,451	1,344
Loans to intermediaries	1,607	(99)	1,508	1,462	1,786
Premiums earned but not yet written	185	-	185	195	200
Total direct insurance receivables	2,619	(138)	2,481	3,108	3,330
Reinsurance receivables	652	(45)	607	542	763
Total	3,271	(183)	3,088	3,650	4,093

(1) The change is mainly explained by a reduction (370 million euros) in arrears accounts of AGF Vie.

9.2 Breakdown of direct insurance and reinsurance receivables at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	Less than 3 mos.	3 months to 1 years	From 1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Direct insurance receivables (a)	444	2,034	2	-	2,480
Reinsurance receivables	86	518	4	-	608
Total	530	2,552	6	-	3,088

(a) Receivables arising from the insurance operations of AGF Iart and AGF Vie have been considered to be short-term receivables (less than 1 year).

10 - Due from banking customers

10.1 Breakdown of amounts due from banking customers

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Trade loans	1,858	2,099 *	1,869
Short-term credits	561	617	694
Mortgage loans	9,361	8,869	8,351
Equipment loans	1,595	1,525	1,569
Overdraft loans	88	252	228
Total gross loans	13,463	13,362	12,711
Doubtful loans	463	493	574
Provisions for doubtful loans	(249)	(315)	(306)
Total net doubtful loans	214	178	268
Related customer receivables	4	47	99
Leasing and similar transactions	320	250	199
Doubtful loans - leasing and similar transactions	4	5	5
Provisions and write-downs of leases and similar loans	(58)	(45)	(47)
Loans related to leases and similar transactions	2	2	3
Total leasing and similar transactions	268	212	160
Equity loans	-	-	-
Total due from banking customers	13,949	13,799	13,238
* Reclassifications	-	(293)	-
Balance sheet amount	13,949	13,506	13,238

* 293 million euros classified incorrectly in other receivables at 31 December 2002 was reclassified in loans from banking customers.

10.2 Breakdown by maturities

in millions of euros

	Less than 3 months	From 3 mos. to 1 years	From 1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Customer loans	733	2,790	3,333	6,825	13,681
Leasing and similar transactions	-	-	268	-	268
Total due from banking customers	733	2,790	3,601	6,825	13,949

10.3 Doubtful loans

in millions of euros

Doubtful loans at opening	178
- Increase	38
- Decrease	(57)
- Recovery	(51)
- Write-off	(1)
- Change in scope of consolidation	(5)
Change in provision	55
Doubtful loans at closing	214

11 - Due from banking sector companies

11.1 Breakdown by AGF business segment

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Insurance companies			
Bank deposits	813	991	1,069
Provisions against bank deposits	(18)	(6)	(1)
Net	795	985	1,068
Other businesses			
Bank deposits	71	108	245
Provisions against bank deposits	-	-	(15)
Net	71	108	230
Banking activity			
Interbank transactions			
Cash in hand, central banks, post office banks	594	527	241
Provisions against cash in hand, central banks, post office banks	(2)	-	(2)
Sight transactions	763	273	545
Provisions against sight transactions	(52)	-	(6)
Term transactions	486	113	279
Provisions against term transactions	(4)	(1)	(2)
Net	1,785	912	1,055
Total due from banking sector companies	2,651	2,005	2,353

The change in amounts due from banking sector companies owed to:

- the increase in sight transactions due mainly to Entenial.
- the increase in term transactions, which was mainly attributable to Banque AGF, which replaced its cash (generated by the removal of securities in assets) by pensions delivered to banking counterparties.

11.2 Breakdown by maturity at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	Less than 3 months	3 months to 1 years	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Total due from banking sector companies	1,712	797	141	1	2,651

12 - Other receivables

12.1 Gross value, reserves and net book value of other receivables

in millions of euros

By type of borrower:	31.12.2003			31.12.2002	31.12.2001
	Gross value	Provisions	Net book value at	Net book value	Net book value
Insurance companies	1,081	(81)	1,000	1,072	1,130
Banks	265	(3)	262	242	272
Other activities (including property companies)	187	(12)	175	227	267
Sub-total, excl. deferred tax assets	1,533	(96)	1,437	1,541	1,669
Deferred tax assets			223	132	-
Total	1,533	(96)	1,660	1,673	1,669

Reclassification
Total on balance sheet

293*
1,966

* 293 million euros incorrectly classified under other receivables at 31 December 2002 was reclassified in due from banking sector companies.

in millions of euros

By type of receivable:	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Other borrowers	839	1,016	1,385
Service advances	148	129	98
Conditional instruments purchased	147	117	87
Current accounts with unconsolidated subsidiaries	168	93	93
Receivables on other taxes	159	172	86
Corporate taxes	57	91	55
Financial intermediaries	4	8	12
Commercial property operations	5	-	-
Salary advances	6	6	5
Total other receivables (gross)	1,533	1,632	1,821

12.2 Breakdown in other net receivables by maturity (excl. deferred tax assets) at 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	Less than 3 months	From 3 mos. to 1 years	From 1 to 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Insurance	222	536	239	3	1,000
Banks	59	69	73	61	262
Other activities (incl. property companies)	81	67	27	-	175
Total	362	672	339	64	1,437

13 - Other assets

107

13.1 Breakdown by segment

in millions of euros

	Net book value at 31.12.2003	Net book value at 31.12.2002	Net book value at 31.12.2001
Life insurance	56	73	63
Non-life insurance	190	202	224
Sub-total insurance	246	275	287
Banking	277	261	251
Other activities (incl. property)	264	223	121
Total	787	759	659

13.2 Gross value, reserve and net book value of other assets

in millions of euros

	Gross value	Provision and amortisation	Net book value at 31.12.2003	Net book value at 31.12.2002	Net book value at 31.12.2001
Leased assets	3	-	3	7	3
Other tangible assets	772	(507)	265	294	300
Inventories	287	-	287	247	110
Other	232	-	232	211	246
(Proportion of treasury shares in other)	1	-	1	1	3
Total	1,294	(507)	787	759	659

14 - Pre-payments and accrued income

14.1 Breakdown by segment

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Insurance	3,321	3,069	3,365
Banking	356	349	348
Others	28	33	30
Pre-payments and accrued income	3,705	3,451	3,743

14.2 Breakdown by type of account

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Deferred life business acquisition costs (a)	1,317	1,315	1,279
Deferred non-life business acquisition costs	339	341	361
Total deferred acquisition costs	1,656	1,656	1,640
Reinsurance underwriting valuations	270	248	200
Accrued interest and rental income	1,094	1,087	1,099
Expenses to amortise over several years	111	70	66
Option premiums	174	61	12
Accrued swap interest	192	164	148
Other	208	165	578
Total other pre-payments and accrued income	2,049	1,795	2,103
Total	3,705	3,451	3,743

(a) The deferred costs for acquiring new life business that exceeded the zillmerisation difference related mainly to AGF Vie (988 million euros at 31 December 2003, compared with 960 million at 31 December 2002).

14.3 Deferred life acquisition costs by country

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
France	1,108	1,102	1,078
Belgium	108	109	108
Netherlands	87	74	66
Spain	13	13	11
Rest of Europe	-	10	8
Total Europe	1,316	1,308	1,271
Other	1	7	8
Total	1,317	1,315	1,279

15 - Group shareholders' equity

in millions of euros

15.1 Change in shareholders' equity at 31 December 2003

	Share capital	Share premium account	Consolidated reserves	Net income for the period	Other			Total shareholders' equity
					Exchange differences (c)	Treasury shares (a)	Total Other	
Proforma shareholders' equity at 31 December 2001	844	2,568	2,845	732	1	(855)	(854)	6,135
Share capital increase	11	71	1	-	-	-	-	83
Recording of treasury shares in shareholders' equity (a)	-	-	1	-	-	15	15	16
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	-	(126)	-	(126)	(126)
Dividends paid (b)	-	-	(203)	(253)	-	-	-	(456)
Allocation of 2001 net income to reserves	-	-	479	(479)	-	-	-	-
Provisions for impairment of asset values	-	-	22	-	-	-	-	22
Other changes (d)	-	-	28	-	-	-	-	28
Income to the consolidating company	-	-	-	268	-	-	-	268
Proforma shareholders' equity at 31 December 2002	855	2,639	3,173	268	(125)	(840)	(965)	5,970
Share capital increase	6	38	-	-	-	-	-	44
Recording of treasury shares in shareholders' equity (a)	-	-	(9)	-	-	90	90	81
Foreign currency exchange differences	-	-	-	-	(89)	-	(89)	(89)
Change in the method of accounting for goodwill and network value denominated in foreign currencies (c)	-	-	39	-	(76)	-	(76)	(37)
Dividends paid (b)	-	-	-	(186)	-	-	-	(186)
Allocation of 2002 net income to reserves	-	-	82	(82)	-	-	-	-
Provisions for impairment of asset values	-	-	6	-	-	-	-	6
Other changes (d)	-	-	(26)	-	-	-	-	(26)
Income to the consolidating company	-	-	-	763	-	-	-	763
Shareholders' equity at 31 December 2003	861	2,677	3,265	763	(290)	(750)	(1,040)	6,526

109

Conversion from shareholders' equity at 31 December 2001, as published, to pro forma presentation (see Note 4 "Comparability of financial statements").

in millions of euros

Published shareholders' equity	6,120
Restatement via profit & loss statement of AGF International's 2001 provision for unrealised capital loss exposures	15
Pro forma shareholders' equity	6,135

in millions of euros

Breakdown of capital increase

	Number of shares	Issue price	Share capital	Share premiums	Reserves	Total
Position at 1 January 2003	186,906,160					
Options exercised (granted in 1996)	50,955	23.39	233	936	23	1,192
Options exercised (granted in 2002)	1,220	33.66	5	35	1	41
New shares issued to employees	1,214,304	43.52	5,554	36,539	555	42,648
Total capital increases	1,266,479	-	5,792	37,510	579	43,881
Position at 31 December 2003	188,172,639					

(a) Recording of treasury shares to shareholders' equity

Pursuant to the provisions of the law of 2 July 1998, shareholders approved the buyback of shares up to a maximum of 10% of share capital at the 4 June 1999 AGM.

Pursuant to opinion 98 – D of the Emergency Meeting of the Comité National de Comptabilité ("CNC", or national accounting committee), these shares were deducted from shareholders' equity.

At 31 December 2001, 15,554,261 shares, or 8.4% of share capital with a book value of 855 million euros were reduced from share capital.

In fiscal year 2002, AGF acquired 946,949 shares for 48 million euros and sold 1,150,160 shares with a book value of 63 million euros.

At 31 December 2002, 15,351,050 shares, or 8.2% of share capital with a book value of 840 million euros were reduced from share capital.

In fiscal year 2003, AGF acquired 29,389 shares for 1 million euros and sold 1,777,052 shares with a book value of 91 million euros.

At 31 December 2003, 13,603,387 shares, or 7.2% of share capital with a book value of 750 million euros were reduced from share capital.

In fiscal year 2002, the sale of 1,150,160 shares gave rise to a capital gain of 1.6 million euros. The corresponding tax amounted to 0.6 million euros. The after-tax capital gain of 1 million euros was reclassified in consolidated reserves.

In fiscal year 2003, the sale of 1,777,052 shares gave rise to a capital loss of 13.2 million euros. The corresponding tax amounted to 4.7 million euros. The after-tax capital loss of 8.5 million euros was reclassified in consolidated reserves.

In November 2003, AGF signed a liquidity contract in compliance with the code of ethics of the Association Française des Entreprises d'Investissement (French Association of Investment Firms). This contract was approved by the AMF, in accordance with the COB instruction of 10 April 2001. Under the contract, AGF has allotted resources of 1,870,000 shares held in treasury and 20 million euros.

At 31 December 2003, after taking into account transactions under the liquidity contract, AGF held 13,624,919 shares in treasury, including 1,539,728 bearer shares under the liquidity contract, out of a total of outstanding 188,172,639 shares.

	<i>in millions of euros</i>	
	Quantity	Book value
Position at 1 January 2002	15,554,261	855
Fiscal year acquisitions	946,949	48
Fiscal year divestments	(1,150,160)	(63)
Changes during fiscal year	(203,211)	(15)
Position at 1 January 2003	15,351,050	840
Fiscal year acquisitions	29,389	1
Fiscal year divestments	(1,777,052)	(91)
Changes during fiscal year	(1,747,663)	(90)
Position at 31 December 2003	13,603,387	750

(b) Dividends

At the 14 May 2002 AGM, the shareholders approved a dividend of 456 million euros. After subtracting withholding tax of 116 million euros and taking into account the 14,676,912 shares AGF held in treasury on 14 May 2002, the dividend payable on the remaining 170,054,222 shares was 340 million euros, or a net dividend of 2 euros per share, plus the applicable tax credit.

At the 26 May 2003 AGM, the shareholders approved a dividend of 186 million euros. After subtracting withholding tax of 14 million euros and taking into account the 15,416,524 shares AGF held in treasury on 26 May 2003, the dividend payable on the remaining 171,489,636 shares was 172 million euros, or a net dividend of 1 euro per share, plus the applicable tax credit.

(c) Foreign currency exchange difference

At 31 December 2003, shareholders' equity included an unrealised loss due to foreign currency exchange differences of 290 million euros vs. an unrealised loss of 125 million euros at 31 December 2002. The increase of 165 million euros included a loss of 76 million euros, reflected on the opening balance sheet, related to the change in the accounting method for foreign-currency denominated goodwill and network value of foreign subsidiaries.

Impact of change in accounting method

	<i>in millions of euros</i>		
	Conversion difference	Consolidated reserves	Shareholders' equity
Network value denominated in foreign currencies	10	-	10
Goodwill denominated in foreign currencies	(86)	39	(47)
Total	(76)	39	(37)

At 31 December 2003, the foreign currency exchange difference from euro-zone currencies stood at -69 million euros, vs. -26 million euros at 31 December 2002. The variation of -43 million euros resulted from the change in the method of accounting for foreign-currency denominated goodwill and network value of foreign subsidiaries in the euro zone.

The foreign currency exchange difference from South American countries stood at -180 million euros, vs. -114 million euros at 31 December 2002. The variation of -66 million euros included -54 million euros, reflected on the opening balance sheet, related to the change in the accounting method for foreign-currency denominated goodwill and network value of foreign subsidiaries in South America.

(d) Other changes include:

At 31 December 2002:

- correction for the impact of the new methodology as of 1 January 2001 concerning in particular deferred taxes (11 million euros) and deferred profit sharing related to the restatement of mathematical reserves (11 million euros).

At 31 December 2003:

- new provisions for major repairs under the CRC's rule n° 02-10 (22 million euros net of tax)
- the impact of new rules regarding French inflation-indexed government bonds (OATI) under the CNC's opinion n° 97-06 (1 million euros net of tax)
- deferred tax on impairment provisions booked to shareholders' equity (5 million euros)

15.2 Capitalisation reserve

The capitalisation reserve appears as a separate line item within shareholders' equity.

Pursuant to CRC rule 2000.05, the capitalisation reserve has been eliminated from the consolidated accounts. The changes booked to the capitalisation reserve during the fiscal year were reversed and booked to net income and the corresponding deferred profit-sharing accounts.

At 31 December 2003, the capitalisation reserve (group share) totalled 1,214 million euros, vs. 1,067 million euros at 31 December 2002. Adjusted for deferred profit-sharing, the net impact of the capitalisation reserve on the consolidated reserve totalled 1,050 million euros, vs. 893 million euros at 31 December 2002.

15.3 Fund for general banking risks (FGBR)

The FGBR, presented on the balance sheet as distinct from shareholders' equity, was composed of 8 million euros (group share: 5.9 million euros) deriving from Entenial and 10 million euros (group share: 7 million euros) deriving from Euler.

15.4 Booking of goodwill to shareholders' equity

Goodwill gave rise to direct charges to share capital in proportion to acquisitions financed through share conversions, as follows:

- Athéna for 386 million euros in 1997, increased by 40 million euros in 1998 to a total of 426 million euros. Subsequent to the sale of 50% of Athéna Seguros in the first half of 1999, half of goodwill booked to shareholders' equity in 1997, or 25 million euros, was reduced from consolidated capital gains.

Subsequent to the sale of SPS, goodwill booked to shareholders' equity in 1997, or 16 million euros, was reduced from consolidated capital gains.

The sale of AGF MAT on 31 December 2001 gave rise to a write-back of 6 million euros in goodwill related to Athéna, allocated to the Transport business and booked to shareholders' equity. This amount was written down in 2001.

The theoretical yearly amortisation over 20 years is 19 million euros.

- Allianz France for 121 million euros in 1998, restated by 7 million euros at 31 December 1999 (theoretical yearly amortisation over 20 years of 6 million euros).
- Trade Indemnity for 47 million euros in 1996 (theoretical yearly amortisation over 20 years of 2 million euros).

15.5 Changes in provisions for impairment of asset value charged to shareholders' equity

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001 pro forma
Balance of provisions at 1 January	300	327	360
Change in percentage interest	-	-	-
Use of provisions in profit and loss	-	(5)	(4)
Write-back of provisions to reserves	(6)	(22)	(29)
Balance of provisions charged to shareholders' equity	294	300	327

Pursuant to an opinion rendered by the CNC, provisions for impairment of asset value charged to shareholder accounts at 1 January 1995 were only written back to earnings to the extent that they could offset capital losses equal to or greater than the write-back amount. In fiscal years 2002 and 2001, divestments of assets that had been subject to impairment provisions booked to shareholder accounts at 1 January 1995 gave rise to capital losses of 5 and 4 million euros, respectively.

Dilutive instruments

Outstanding dilutive instruments at 31 December 2003 included 3,039,708 shares reserved for employee stock options.

	<i>in millions of euros</i>		
	Number of shares	Issue price	Shareholders' equity
Stock options granted in 1996	146,529	23.39	3
Stock options granted in 1997	43,657	31.92	1
Stock options granted in 1998	882,492	42.59	38
Stock options granted in 2002	848,780	33.66	29
Stock options granted in 2003	1,118,250	42.64	48
Total	3,039,708		119

In addition, 2,856,949 shares worth 144 million euros and available for issue to employees under stock option plans for the 1999, 2000 and 2001 fiscal years were deducted from shareholders' equity.

15.6 Number of outstanding shares

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Total number of shares	188,172,639	186,906,160	184,680,634
Number of outstanding shares	174,569,252	171,555,110	169,126,373
Weighted number of outstanding shares	172,934,005	170,170,920	167,931,810

15.7 Earnings per share

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001 pro forma	31.12.2001
Consolidated net income, group share (in millions of euros)	763	268	732	717
Weighted number of outstanding shares	172,934,005	170,170,920	167,931,810	167,931,810
Undiluted earnings per share (in euros)	4.41	1.57	4.36	4.27
Number of shares, including dilutive instruments (1)	180,465,909	176,394,379	174,051,023	174,051,023
Fully-diluted earnings per share (in euros)	4.23	1.52	4.21	4.12

(1) The number of shares at 31 December 2003 and 31 December 2002 included 2,856,949 shares held in treasury and available for issue to employees who exercise purchase options (vs. 3,005,600 shares at 31 December 2001).

16 - Minority interests

	<i>in millions of euros</i>		
Changes during reporting period	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Minority interests at 1 January	547	536	603
Foreign currency exchange differences	(9)	(29)	3
Share of net income accruing to minority interests	64	54	54
Dividends received/paid by minority interests	(20)	(25)	(24)
Changes in capitalisation reserve	-	-	-
Changes in scope of consolidation and share capital increases	2	11	(100)
Total	584	547	536

The changes in scope of consolidation were mainly attributable to:

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Euler Hermes	4	18	(90)
AGF Mat (b)	-	-	6
AGF Benelux Group	-	(9)	(9)
Mondial Assistance Group (Switzerland)	(6)	-	(3)
Athéna Afrique Group	-	-	(1)
Génération Vie (a)	-	4	-
Arab International Group	1	(2)	-
AGF RAS Group (Spain)	3	-	-
Other	-	-	(3)
Total	2	11	(100)

(a) Génération Vie entered AGF's scope of consolidation as of 31 December 2002.

(b) AGF Mat exited AGF's scope of consolidation as of 31 December 2001.

Minority interest mainly comprised the following companies:

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Euler Hermes	336	325	323
Entenial	155	127	94
AGF Belgium	20	25	40
AGF Brazil	16	15	29
SNA group (Lebanon)	15	18	22
AGF RAS group (Spain)	14	9	11
Mondial Assistance Group (Switzerland)	2	6	6
Other	26	22	11
Total	584	547	536

17 - Provisions for contingencies and losses

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Provision for retirement and related commitments (a)	410	359	349
Deferred tax liabilities (b)	118	172	178
Provisions for French early retirement plan (c)	-	6	122
Provisions for defeasance of Comptoir des Entrepreneurs (d)	20	13	13
Provisions for banking operations	98	106	126
Provisions for restructuring the AGF Group (e)	5	32	42
Negative goodwill (f)	31	35	36
Other provisions for contingencies and losses (g)	729	565	486
Total	1,411	1,288	1,352

(a) Provisions for retirement and related commitments included:

- a provision booked under the Régime de retraite et prévoyance (retirement and employee benefit plan) of insurance companies in France amounting to 55 million euros at 31 December 2003, vs. 78 million euros at 31 December 2002, reflecting payments made during fiscal year 2003,
- provisions for benefits to employees based on their years of service and the supplementary retirement plan for members of the executive committee totalling 23 million euros at 31 December 2003, vs. 12 million euros at 31 December 2002,
- retirement provisions for AGF Group companies in France, amounting to 20 million euros at 31 December 2003, vs. 36 million euros at 31 December 2002,
- provisions for all companies outside France amounting to 189 million euros, compared with 141 million euros at 31 December 2002.

(b) In accordance with the new accounting methods, deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset against each other within each tax entity (see explanation in Note 18).

(c) Early retirement plan for France:

The early retirement plan was implemented by the company agreement of 6 October 1999. Its objective was to allow employees to leave active service completely and voluntarily under pre-established financial terms and conditions.

It expired on 31 December 2002.

(d) Provisions for defeasance of Comptoir des Entrepreneurs

There have been two defeasance operations in respect of Entenial (named Comptoir des Entrepreneurs until the merger-absorption of Banque La Hénin) under the law of 28 November 1995 authorising the removal of impaired assets from its balance sheet. The European commission gave its approval on 24 January 1996.

The first defeasance, concluded on 29 April 1994, affected 1.4 billion euros of receivables at par sold to the defeasance structure through upgraded financing on international markets. The procedures for concluding this first operation, provided for in provisions at 100%, have been implemented and are proceeding in compliance with the agreement of 30 December 1993.

On 1 December 1998, the partners reimbursed 1,166 million euros, the balance of bonds issued to finance the purchase of Entenial (ex-Comptoir des Entrepreneurs) receivables. On that same date, EPRD made a partial payment (549 million euros) to partners (76% of the amount it is obligated to pay under the guarantee given by the State). At fiscal year 1998 closing, the provision for write-downs to cover issues under the defeasance had been used to offset losses recognised in respect of receivables.

On 11 February 1999, EPRD made a second payment to the partners, bringing the total reimbursement as of that date to 97% of the amount due based on defeasance losses of 1,415 million euros. AGF is in negotiation to obtain the balance to which it is entitled under the first defeasance (12.7 millions euros), subsequent to the resolution of certain disagreements in respect of defeasance contracts. The provision for defeasance operations at 31 December 1998 was written back to offset 100% coverage of the balance of the junior loan and to recognise a portion of the loss.

The residual assets of the defeasance (65 million euros) were written back on 2 February 1999 by NSRD, of which the state is the majority owner (92%) through EPRD, with AGF holding only 5.9%. This company is responsible for managing assets and residual receivables so they can be sold under optimal market conditions.

The second defeasance in respect of 1.1 billion euros became effective with the decrees of 20 February 1996 establishing the Etablissement Public de Réalisation de Défaillance ("EPRD", the entity responsible for managing the state's financial support to the defeasance structures). The actual transfer of assets under the second defeasance took place on 1 April 1996 with a value date at 31 December 1994. The corresponding payments by the state were made in April 1996.

The losses under the second defeasance were offset by successive cancellations of borrower receivables, with EPRD being responsible up to 0.686 billion euros and AGF and CDC absorbing all debts above the initial amount borne by EPRD.

AGF's share of the losses have been covered by provisions from the outset. In 2000, EPRD cancelled all of its loan (686 million euros), thereby withdrawing from the structure.

After cancelling loans totalling 143 million euros in 2000, 2001 and 2002, AGF cancelled a further 2.8 million euros in 2003.

(e) Restructuring provisions

At 31 December 2003, this item comprised essentially restructuring costs related to the Euler Hermès group, Mondial Assistance, Entenial and Assurances Fédérales.

(f) Negative goodwill (see Note 6)

(g) Other provisions for contingencies and losses included primarily:

- 76 million euros for tax audits on Mondial Assistance, AGF International, AGF Iart and AGF Vie,
- 125 million euros in provisions for legal disputes. Separately, 41 million euros, including 25 million euros related to the Assubel dispute, booked in other categories of other provisions for contingencies and losses at 31 December 2002 were reclassified in provisions for legal disputes.
- 10 million euros in provisions for property activity,
- 36 million euros in provisions for property transactions, including 10 million euros for La Fourmi Immobilière,
- 8 million euros in provisions for insurance operating risks,
- 44 million euros in provisions related to the portfolio held by agencies on AGF Iart, related in particular to a contractual agreement with PFA Agora,
- 24 million euros in provisions for personnel costs, including 17 million euros for bonuses and profit-sharing,
- 85 million euros in provisions for revision in the sale price of AGF Mat (see Note 39),
- 93 million euros in provisions for risks related to forward financial instruments,
- 33 million euros in provisions for major repairs,
- 47 million euros in various provisions in respect of Euler
- 11 million euros in various provisions outside France (14 million euros booked under other provisions at 31 December 2002 were reclassified as provisions for legal disputes).

18 - Deferred tax assets and liabilities

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Deferred tax assets	1 308	1 221	959
Deferred tax liabilities	(1 202)	(1 261)	(1 137)
Net deferred taxes (liabilities)	106	(40)	(178)
Deferred tax assets of the tax consolidation group			
Effect of tax loss for the year	327	409	220
Taxes on internal divestments	228	246	252
Taxes on timing differences	329	158	171
Taxes on provisions for impairment in value (2)	14	9	22
Taxes on allocation of first consolidation differences for Allianz and Athéna	62	74	85
Taxes on deferred profit-sharing	13	26	27
Other	13	14	34
Total deferred tax assets of the tax consolidation group	986	936	811
Deferred tax liabilities of the tax consolidation group			
Taxes on internal divestments	(255)	(284)	(316)
Taxes on timing differences (3)	(98)	(73)	(62)
Taxes on allocation of first consolidation differences for Allianz and Athéna	(56)	(71)	(93)
Taxes on new life business acquisition costs of AGF Vie	(350)	(341)	(325)
Other	(65)	(122)	(13)
Total deferred tax liabilities of the tax consolidation group	(824)	(891)	(809)
Deferred tax balance of the tax consolidation group (1)	162	45	2
Deferred tax assets of other companies			
Mondial Assistance	21	20	6
AGF International subsidiaries	166	119	114
Euler Hermes	75	66	27
Entenial	59	80	1
Total deferred tax assets of other companies	321	285	148
Deferred tax liabilities of other companies			
Mondial Assistance	(10)	(10)	(10)
AGF International subsidiaries	(197)	(256)	(285)
Euler Hermes	(158)	(98)	(32)
Entenial	(10)	(3)	(1)
AGF Re Lux	-	(3)	-
Other	(2)	-	-
Total deferred tax liabilities of other companies	(377)	(370)	(328)
Deferred tax balance of other companies	(56)	(85)	(180)
Net deferred tax balance	106	(40)	(178)
After offset of deferred tax assets and liabilities by tax entity			
Deferred tax assets	223	132	-
Deferred tax liabilities	(117)	(172)	(178)

(1) The 3.3% social contribution and the 3% social contribution applicable from 2002 (35.43% on short-term taxes and 20.20% on long-term taxes) were taken into account both at 31 December 2003 and 31 December 2002.

(2) On 1 January 1995, taxes on provisions for impairment were booked as increases to shareholders' equity. Deferred taxes in respect of provisions for impairment are taken to the profit and loss statement when the capital losses are realised on the written-down assets, these losses thereby becoming tax-deductible.

(3) The amounts mainly include tax credits on realised gains or share exchange offers.

Tax audit

Several companies in the AGF tax consolidation group have been audited in respect of tax years 1994 to 1996, inclusive.

During 1997 and 1998, these companies received notices of back taxes that included a portion which was in reference to the entire company. Based on the probability of a tax expense and subsequent to notices received and agreements with tax authorities in 1999 and 2000, there are still back taxes, but only those that are likely or certain to lead to a tax expense have been provided for in provisions or booked against tax losses.

Back taxes on these companies did not give rise to a tax provision in the tax consolidation group when they were covered by losses carried forward at the level of the companies. Otherwise, provisions were recognised at the company level. Given overall losses in the tax consolidation group, a tax income receivable was recognised in AGF financial statements in an amount equal to back taxes provisioned by subsidiary companies and covered by losses in the tax consolidation group.

A contested assessment related to tax other than corporate tax and concerning AGF SA was covered by provisions totalling 3.8 million euros at 31 December 2003.

Other Group companies are also undergoing tax audits, in particular Banque AGF (1995-1998 fiscal years), the former Allianz France group (1997 and 1998 fiscal years), certain property companies, Arcalis (1998-2000 fiscal years) and Château Larose Trintaudon (1999 and 2000 fiscal years).

Concerning the tax audit related to AGF SA's dividend withholding tax (1999), the tax authorities abandoned their formal reminder.

Several companies belonging or having belonged to the AGF tax consolidation group are undergoing tax audits related to the 2000 and 2001 fiscal years (AGF SA, AGF Holding, AGF International, AGF Iart, AGF Vie, AGF 2X, AGF La Lilloise, AMA France (ex AGF MAT), Kléber Lamartine), to the 2000, 2001 and 2002 fiscal years (Vernon), or to the 2001 and 2002 fiscal years (Banque AGF and Arcalis).

Concerning the tax audits related to the 2000 and 2001 fiscal years of AGF Iart, AGF Vie, AGF SA, AGF Holding, AGF International, AGF La Lilloise, AGF 2X, the amount of the accepted back taxes is now known or has been evaluated (133.1 million euro base), the impact of the audit was taken into account at 31 December 2003 in the companies' tax-loss carryforwards and in the integrated Group's tax-loss carryforward.

In addition, certain back tax assessments underway or contested, related to corporate taxes, were covered by provisions totalling 14.1 million euros at 31 December 2003 (9.5 million euros for AGF Vie, 1.8 million euros for AGF Iart, 0.2 million euros for AGF SA and 2.6 million euros in the consolidated accounts of AGF, the tax consolidation group's lead company, which breaks down further into 2.5 million euros originating at AGF Iart and 0.1 million euros originating at AGF SA).

Lastly, certain back tax assessments underway or contested, related to taxes other than corporate taxes, were covered by provisions totalling 42.1 million euros at 31 December 2003 (26.7 million euros for AGF Iart, 14.6 million euros for AGF Vie, 0.5 million euros for AGF SA and 0.3 million euros for AGF Holding).

Tax consolidation in France:

In France, the AGF Group has opted for tax consolidation.

The tax consolidation group comprised the following 38 companies:

- AGF	- AGF Vie	- Larose Trintaudon
- AGF Asset Management	- AGF 2X	- Mathis
- AGF Assurances Financières	- Arcalis	- Métropole SA (formerly AGF 9X)
- AGF Assurfinance (formerly Stano 6)	- Athéna	- Qualis (formerly AGF 5X)
- AGF Boieldieu	- Banque AGF	- Rhimo
- AGF Clearing	- Calypso (ATS-Stano 3)	- SA Commerciale Vernet
- AGF Epargne Salariale (formerly AGF 11X)	- Camat (formerly AGF 13X)	- SFE
- AGF Holding	- Etablissements Paindavoine	- Sibi
- AGF Iart	- Etoile Foncière Immobilière	- SNC Techniparc du Chêne
- AGF International	- Eustache	- Sonimm
- AGF La Lilloise (formerly CAP)	- Financière Cogedim Laennec	- Vernon SA
- AGF Richelieu	- Kléber Lamartine	- 12 Madeleine
- AGF St Marc	- Kléber Passy	

Tax loss carryforwards (including deferred amortisation) of tax consolidation group

The total amount of tax loss carryforwards at 31 December 2003 was 942 million euros.

in millions of euros

Tax year	Base	Tax (at 35.43%)
1999	41	15
2000	-	-
2001	135	48
2002	634	225
2003	-	-
Deferred amortisation	132	47
Total	942	334

Tax-loss carryforwards are capitalised to the extent there are deferred tax liabilities of the same maturity over the period during which the carryforwards are recoverable or if it is likely the Group will be able to use them against future taxable income to which carryforwards can be applied or based on tax options allowing the company to use carryforwards.

Future taxable income is determined on the basis of the Group's strategic business plans.

Tax-loss carryforwards of the tax consolidation group not recognised in financial statements

Tax-loss carryforwards on the balance sheet at 31 December 2003 stood at 327 million euros. Tax-loss carryforwards not recorded at 31 December 2003 totalled 7 million euros vs. 117 million euros at 31 December 2002.

Tax-loss carryforwards of companies outside the tax consolidation group not recognised in financial statements

Tax-loss carryforwards and timing differences at AGF Belgium (57.9 million euros), in Colombia (41.9 million euros), Spain (33 million euros), and the UK (8.3 million euros), at Allianz Nederland (9.2 million euros), in Brazil (4.2 million euros) and in Argentina (3.2 million euros).

19 - Underwriting reserves

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
1. Underwriting reserves, before reinsurance			
Life insurance reserves	46,088	44,087	42,417
Claims reserves	752	711	823
Provisions for unrealised capital loss exposures	-	86	-
Provisions for policyholders profit-sharing due (a)	782	877	1,649
Equalisation provisions	186	195	179
Provision for conditional deferred policyholders profit-sharing	231	236	263
Provision for unconditional deferred policyholders profit-sharing	(240)	(226)	(243)
Other underwriting reserves	1	2	3
Life insurance	47,800	45,968	45,091
Reserve for unearned premiums	2,236	2,211	2,113
Claims reserve	12,598	12,692	11,815
Policyholders profit-sharing and rebates	110	107	81
Provisions for unrealised capital loss exposures	-	10	1
Equalisation provisions (b)	583	691	575
Provision for unconditional deferred policyholders' profit-sharing	2	-	-
Other underwriting reserves (c)	1,450	1,519	1,512
Non-life insurance	16,979	17,230	16,097
Total underwriting reserves, before reinsurance	64,779	63,198	61,188
Underwriting reserves on unit-linked policies	8,274	8,233	8,724
Total (including reserves on unit-linked policies)	73,053	71,431	69,912

2. Reinsurers' share in underwriting reserves

Life insurance reserves	276	267	292
Claims reserves	18	17	20
Policyholders profit-sharing and rebates	7	10	8
Other underwriting reserves	7	10	9
Life insurance	308	304	329
Reserve for unearned premiums	286	352	321
Claims reserve	2,702	2,990	2,499
Policyholders profit-sharing and rebates	23	28	12
Other underwriting reserves	85	95	94
Non-life insurance	3,096	3,465	2,926
Total reinsurers' share in underwriting reserves	3,404	3,769	3,255
Underwriting reserves on unit-linked policies	-	50	47
Total (including reserves on unit-linked policies)	3,404	3,819	3,302

Asbestos and pollution risks are known and recognised as covered by insurance policies. The Group is monitoring very closely the consequences of recent jurisprudence (28 February 2002) concerning gross negligence on the part of the employer in the case of asbestos and the employer's obligation to achieve certain results in terms of safety. Analysis of recently-received claims does not currently indicate a significant increase in AGF's commitments.

(a) In fiscal year 2003 no amount was added to or written back from the general fund for policyholders profit-sharing. In fiscal year 2002, 640 million euros were written back from the fund. At 31 December 2003, the general fund for policyholders profit-sharing in the accounts of AGF stood at 432 million euros.

(b) Equalisation provisions related to credit insurance totalled 480 million euros at 31 December 2003 vs. 460 million euros at 31 December 2002.

Provisions declined primarily because of the transfer of the AGF RE LUX portfolio in 2003.

(c) Other underwriting provisions are comprised mainly of mathematical reserves for annuities.

in millions of euros

Life underwriting reserves by country (including unit-linked policies)	31.12.2003	31.12.2002
France	45,362	43,915
Belgium	5,105	4,940
Netherlands	3,156	2,796
Spain	2,051	1,890
Other countries – Europe (a)	-	154
Total Europe	55,674	53,695
Brazil	171	125
Other countries – South America (b)	104	269
Other countries	125	112
Total	56,074	54,201

in millions of euros

Non-life underwriting reserves by country	31.12.2003	31.12.2002
France	12,692	12,718
Belgium	950	969
Netherlands	1,477	1,403
Spain	992	879
Other countries – Europe (a)	239	524
Total Europe	16,350	16,493
Brazil	177	178
Other countries – South America	343	476
Other countries (c)	109	83
Total	16,979	17,230

(a) Disposal of Phénix Group as of 1 January 2003. Impact on Life (153); on Non-life (58). Reclassification of Elmonda in France: fiscal year 2002 impact of (202). The gradual transfer of the AGF Ré Luxembourg portfolio over the course of 2003 was completed as of 30 September 2003. The transfer of the portfolio was booked in the "claims expenses" line item. The impact was (146) in Non-life and (1) in Life.

(b) Disposal of AGF Chile Vida group as of 1 April 2003. Impact (152)

(c) Arab International Group entered in January 2003. Impact: +20 in Non-life and +5 in Life.

Gross underwriting reserves by category (including unit-linked policies, excluding deferred policyholders profit-sharing)

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002
Individual, unit-linked life policies (incl. capitalisation)	7,822	8,212
Individual, non-unit-linked life policies (incl. capitalisation)	36,224	33,720
Individual term insurance policies	191	226
Group, unit-linked life policies (incl. capitalisation)	537	527
Group, non-unit-linked life policies (incl. capitalisation)	10,183	9,941
Group term insurance policies	426	468
Acceptances in life reinsurance	702	1,097
Life insurance	56,085	54,191
Bodily injury	2,389	2,408
Automobile	4,172	4,484
Civil liability	2,360	2,284
Property damage	2,464	2,582
Marine, aviation and transport insurance	225	230
Other direct insurance	2,159	1,568
Acceptances in non-life reinsurance	3,208	3,674
Non-life insurance	16,977	17,230
Total	73,062	71,421

20 - Breakdown of financial debt (“Financial payables”)

in millions of euros

	Insurance			Banking			Other businesses			Total		
	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Subordinated debt	-	-	-	335	424	444	1,167	1,155	450	1,502	1,579	894
Debt evidenced by certificates	6	9	4	12,634	12,068	10,392	10,565	446	590	13,205	12,523	10,986
Due to banking sector companies	819	739	787	1,784	1,550	2,269	2,224	224	154	2,827	2,513	3,210
Other financial debt	99	95	77	63	-	-	172	161	149	271	256	226
Total financial debt	924	843	868	14,753	14,042	13,105	2,128	1,986	1,343	17,805	16,871	15,316

Breakdown by maturity

in millions of euros

	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Insurance	693	221	10	924
Banking	5,439	3,943	5,371	14,753
Other businesses	796	165	1,167	2,128
Total	6,928	4,329	6,548	17,805

All non-banking “financial debt” consists wholly of obligations arising from financing decisions.

119

Breakdown of non-banking financial debt

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Subordinated debt (note 21)	1,167	1,155	450
Debt evidenced by certificates (note 24)	571	455	594
Negotiable debt	565	446	590
Bonds	6	9	4
Due to banking sector companies (note 25)	1,060	1,117	1,424
Term deposits	436	403	252
Ordinary demand deposits	607	549	680
Repurchase agreements (incl. reclassification of AGF Clearing) (a)	17	165	492
Other debt (note 26)	271	256	226
Term deposits	42	19	4
Debt with maturity of more than one year	34	42	40
Other financial debt (b)	195	195	182
Total financial debt	3,069	2,983	2,694

(a) The company AGF Clearing, which centralises repurchase operations of the principal French companies was reclassified in 2002 from “Other activities” to “Banking”. Nevertheless, the debt of AGF Clearing is recognised as non-banking financial debt.

Apart from subordinated debt, most of the financing needs of the non-banking entities of the AGF Group are handled by a centralised cash management operation, which matches excess cash with cash requirements. Negotiable debt securities (TCNs) are issued to meet the net financing requirement.

Most financing needs, outside of interbank transactions, are met through short-term funding sources. Separately, a portion of the Group’s interest rate exposure is covered by interest rate swaps of various medium-term maturities, based on an average rate of around 5.20%.

Following an agreement with the CCA in 1997, amended in 2003, AGF Vie and AGF Iart use receivables from Group companies in partial fulfilment of their regulatory requirements.

(b) This amount includes debt to related, unconsolidated entities owing to exceptions under CRC rule no. 2000-05. Consolidating them would cause debt to decline by 112 million euros at 31 December 2003.

21 - Subordinated debt

in millions of euros

A. Breakdown by issuer	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Banque AGF	100	100	100
Euler Hermes (Eurofactor)	6	7	6
Entenial	229	317	338
Subtotal - banking	335	424	444
AGF	1,167	1,155	450
Subtotal - other businesses	1,167	1,155	450
Total subordinated debt	1,502	1,579	894

in millions of euros

B. Breakdown by maturity	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Subordinated debt	48	38	1,416	1,502

C. Breakdown by type

C1 - AGF

A/ AGF SA issued 450 million euros in subordinated debt maturing in 20 years. The placement closed on 23 February 2000. As issuer, AGF has the option of early redemption as of the 11th year, at which point the coupon will be increased. Standard & Poor's has confirmed the classification of this debt as near equity.

The issue is composed of two tranches:

Fixed-rate tranche:

Amount:	225 million euros
Maturity:	20 years
Interest:	6.625% p.a. for the first 10 years, 3 mo. Euribor + 178 basis points from the 11th year
Issue price:	99.765% of par
Repayment price:	At par

This debt was swapped into a fixed rate of 4.59% maturing on 8 March 2010.

Floating-rate tranche:

Amount:	225 million euros
Maturity:	20 years
Interest:	3 mo. Euribor + 78 basis points for the first 10 years 3 mo. Euribor + 178 basis points for the 11th year
Issue price:	At par
Repayment price:	At par

On 14 November 2002, Allianz Finance BV granted a 700 million euro, 20-year subordinated loan to AGF SA at a fixed rate of 5.445% for the first ten years, followed by a floating rate of 3-month Euribor + 183 basis points from the 11th year. After the tenth year, AGF may repay Allianz Finance BV at each quarterly interest payment date. In addition, Allianz Finance BV may request prepayment provided such prepayment would not jeopardise certain solvency ratios of the AGF Group (see note 39.8).

in millions of euros

C2 - Banque AGF

Type	Maturity	Interest rate	Amount
Redeemable subordinated debt	2011	3 mo. Euribor +0.75%	100

in millions of euros

C3 - Entenial

Type	Maturity	Interest rate	Amount
Redeemable subordinated debt	2004	FIXED	38
Redeemable subordinated debt	2005	FLOATING	38
Redeemable subordinated debt	2010	FIXED	42
Redeemable subordinated debt	2012	FIXED	21
Redeemable subordinated debt	2012	FLOATING	5
Redeemable subordinated debt	2022	FIXED	40
Redeemable subordinated debt	2023	FIXED	10
Perpetual subordinated debt	PERPETUAL	FLOATING	25
Related receivables			10
Total subordinated debt			229

22 - Direct insurance and reinsurance payables

in millions of euros

Gross value, reserves and net book value of payables arising from insurance and reinsurance operations

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Deposits due to reinsurers	441	398	482
Direct insurance payables	683	935	1,123
Reinsurance payables	441	385	392
Total	1,565	1,718	1,997

in millions of euros

Breakdown of direct insurance and reinsurance payables at 31 December 2003 by maturity

	Less than 3 months	Between 3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Direct insurance and reinsurance payables	295	1,235	7	28	1,565

The amount of 28 million euros in the more than 5 years category broke down as follows:

- 27 million euros represented Euler Hermes' security deposits
- 1 million euros represented payables for agent loyalty at AGF International

23 - Due to banking customers

in millions of euros

A. Breakdown by type of debt

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Special savings accounts			
Demand deposits	1,033	1,666	1,617
Term deposits	30	71	70
Other debts			
Demand	1,178	1,281	1,172
Term	925	1,217	1,283
Total due to banking customers	3,166	4,235	4,142

The decrease derived primarily from the sale of AGF Belgium Bank on 31 December 2003 for 890 million euros.

One of the obligations of the Euler Hermes Group is a syndicated loan managed by HSBC-CCF with a face value of 75 million euros, coming due according to the following schedule: 25 million euros on 20 December 2004 and 50 million euros on 20 December 2005. The agreement governing this loan contains an accelerated repayment clause that is triggered by events of default other than the traditional payment default or violation of contractual obligations. This clause is triggered if the Euler Hermes Group's Standard & Poor's rating falls below BBB+. In addition, the 75 million euro syndicated loans managed by HSBC-CCF and the 110 million euro syndicated loan managed by Société Générale contain a clause under which the applicable margin may be adjusted depending on the long-term rating assigned by one of the Rating Agencies.

in millions of euros

B. Breakdown by maturity	Less than 3 months	Between 3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Due to banking customers	2,027	851	270	18	3,166

24 - Debt evidenced by certificates

in millions of euros

A. Breakdown by type of certificate	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Interbank market securities	232	393	453
Negotiable debt *	3,337	4,095	3,895
Bonds **	9,606	8,012	6,615
Other	30	23	23
Total debt evidenced by certificates	13,205	12,523	10,986

* The decrease in this item relates principally to Banque AGF

** The increase in this item relates principally to Entenial

in millions of euros

B. Breakdown by maturity	Less than 3 months	Between 3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Debt evidenced by certificates	2,019	2,437	3,812	4,937	13,205

NB: Note 20 "Breakdown of financial debt" shows an analysis of this account by business segment

C. Breakdown by type and by company

in millions of euros

C1. Banque AGF	Maturity	Interest rate	Amount
Medium-term notes (BMTN)	2004	FIXED	1,129
Medium-term notes (BMTN)	2005	FIXED	95
Related receivables			8
Negotiable debt			1,232
Total debt evidenced by certificates			1,232

in millions of euros

C2. Entenial	Interest rate	Amount
Interbank market securities		232
Negotiable debt		1,240
Bonds		9,600
Maturing in 2004	FIXED	300
Maturing in 2004	FLOATING	946
Maturing in 2005	FIXED	327
Maturing in 2005	FLOATING	700
Maturing in 2006	FIXED	757
Maturing in 2006	FLOATING	250
Maturing in 2007	FIXED	500
Maturing in 2008	FIXED	1,900
Maturing in 2009	FIXED	800
Maturing in 2009	FLOATING	30
Maturing in 2011	FIXED	530
Maturing in 2012	FIXED	900
Maturing in 2013	FIXED	1,500
Accrued interest		160
Other debt evidenced by certificates		5
Total debt evidenced by certificates		11,077

in millions of euros

C3 - SNC AGF Cash

	Maturity	Interest rate	Amount
Negotiable debt	2004	FIXED	565
Total debt evidenced by certificates			565

C4. Euler Hermes

in millions of euros

Negotiable debt	300
Other debt evidenced by certificates	25
Total debt evidenced by certificates	325

C5. Mondial Assistance Group

in millions of euros

Bonds	6
Total debt evidenced by certificates	6

D. Method of repayment

At maturity.

25 - Due to banking sector companies

in millions of euros

A. Breakdown by type

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Interbank transactions			
Cash in hand, central banks, post office banks	102	130	52
Demand deposits	503	463	1,514
Term deposits	1,179	957	702
Subtotal - interbank transactions	1,784	1,550	2,268
Non-bank sectors			
Repurchase agreements (1)	-	11	9
Term deposits	436	403	252
Ordinary demand deposits	607	549	681
Total debt to banking sector companies	2,827	2,513	3,210

(1) Excludes AGF Clearing. AGF Clearing's obligations under repurchase agreements totalled 17 million euros at 31 December 2003.

B. Breakdown by maturity

in millions of euros

	Less than 3 months	Between 3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Due to banking sector companies	1,212	997	432	186	2,827

N.B.: Note 20 "Breakdown of financial debt" shows an analysis of this account by business segment.

26 - Other debt

"Other debt" includes operating payables and financial debt not financed by credit institutions.

Breakdown of other debt

in millions of euros

By type of borrower:	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Insurance	1,732	1,766	2,412
Banking	448	403	341
Other businesses	437	406	417
Total other debt	2,617	2,575	3,170

in millions of euros

By type of debt:	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Taxes payable	402	268	371
Other accrued taxes and employment taxes	317	326	298
Other	1,627	1,725	2,275
Total other operating debt	2,346	2,319	2,944
Term deposits	42	19	4
Debt with maturity of more than 1 year (other than term deposits)	34	42	40
Other financial debt (*)	195	195	182
Total other financial debt	271	256	226
Total other debt	2,617	2,575	3,170

* Other financial debt is composed mostly of financial demand deposits placed by related, unconsolidated companies.

Note 20 "Breakdown of financial debt" shows an analysis of this account by business segment.

in millions of euros

By maturity:	Less than 3 months	Between 3 months and 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	Total
Other debt	1,008	1,027	571	11	2,617

27 - Accruals and deferred income

Breakdown of accruals and deferred income

in millions of euros

By business segment:	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Insurance	324	389	206
Banking	126	215	215
Other businesses	30	34	32
Total accruals and deferred income	480	638	453

in millions of euros

By type of account:	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Unearned income	130	162	152
Reinsurance underwriting valuations	21	5	4
Other accruals and deferred income	242	373	224
Accrued swap interest	87	98	73
Total accruals and deferred income	480	638	453



Notes on the consolidated profit and loss statement

28 - Total AGF Group revenue

in millions of euros

Breakdown of consolidated revenue	2003	2002 pro forma(1)	2001 pro forma(1)
Premiums written	16,194	15,130	16,374
Other insurance services (2)	349	306	250
Premium income from insurance operations	16,543	15,436	16,624
Revenue from other businesses	33	34	30
Total revenue	16,576	15,470	16,654
For information:			
Gross banking income (3)	1,698	1,654	1,812

(1) Pro forma relates to segmentation changes (see note 4). In 2002 and 2001, 4 million euros in Allianz Leven commissions were reclassified.

(2) Insurance services include primarily income related to assistance and credit insurance.

(3) This amount includes income from banking and asset management companies.

28.1 Premium income from insurance operations

28.1.1 Premiums written

in millions of euros

(a) Premiums written by category	2003	2002 pro forma	2001 pro forma
Premiums written (direct business and acceptances)			
Bodily injury	1,578	1,437	1,384
Automobile	3,082	2,924	2,921
Civil liability	521	450	480
Property damage	2,351	2,242	2,057
Marine, aviation and transport insurance	142	135	1,051
Other direct non-life insurance	782	721	655
Acceptances in non-life reinsurance	2,135	1,735	1,396
Non-life insurance	10,591	9,644	9,944
Individual, unit-linked life policies (incl. capitalisation)	1,260	1,098	1,458
Individual, non-unit-linked life policies (incl. capitalisation)	2,891	3,050	2,903
Individual term insurance policies	161	160	289
Group, unit-linked life policies (incl. capitalisation)	106	84	384
Group, non-unit-linked life policies (incl. capitalisation)	665	628	658
Group term insurance policies	431	392	638
Acceptances in life reinsurance	89	74	100
Life insurance	5,603	5,486	6,430
Total premium income before reinsurance	16,194	15,130	16,374
Premiums ceded and retroceded:			
Non-life insurance	(2,197)	(1,887)	(2,232)
Life insurance	(88)	(80)	(83)
Subtotal – premiums ceded and retroceded	(2,285)	(1,967)	(2,315)
Total premium income, net of reinsurance	13,909	13,163	14,059

in millions of euros

(b) Premiums written by country	2003	2002 pro forma	2001 pro forma
France (including assistance and credit insurance)	11,564	10,645	11,407
Belgium	864	815	842
Netherlands	1,605	1,513	1,348
Spain	1,145	1,019	1,105
Other countries – Europe	20	81	104
Total Europe	15,198	14,073	14,806
Chile	55	90	134
Brazil	338	341	564
Venezuela	78	84	124
Argentina	40	38	94
Colombia	196	239	382
Subtotal – South America	707	792	1,298
Overseas départements and territories	177	165	155
Other non-European countries	112	100	115
Total - World	16,194	15,130	16,374

in millions of euros

(c) Premiums written by segment	2003	2002 pro forma	2001 pro forma
Life insurance in France	4,096	4,008	4,621
Life insurance outside France			
- Belgium	491	453	451
- Netherlands	514	490	477
- Spain	305	275	467
- Other countries – Europe	-	25	51
- South America	122	161	285
- Overseas départements and territories	40	40	42
- Other non-European countries	35	34	36
Subtotal life insurance outside France	1,507	1,478	1,809
Health insurance in France	1,239	1,112	1,006
Health insurance outside France			
- Belgium	48	42	43
- Netherlands	116	110	101
- Spain	25	23	18
- Other countries – Europe	20	27	25
- South America	105	108	172
- Overseas départements and territories	8	9	7
- Other non-European countries	17	14	16
Subtotal health insurance outside France	339	333	382
Other property & casualty insurance in France	4,290	3,910	4,432
Other property & casualty insurance outside France			
- Belgium	325	320	348
- Netherlands	975	913	770
- Spain	815	721	620
- Other countries – Europe	-	29	28
- South America	480	523	841
- Overseas départements and territories	129	116	106
- Other non-European countries	60	52	63
Subtotal other property & casualty insurance outside France	2,784	2,674	2,776
Credit insurance	1 544	1,222	993
Assistance	395	393	355
Consolidated premiums written	16,194	15,130	16,374

in millions of euros

28.1.2 Other insurance services

	2003	2002 pro forma	2001 pro forma
Revenues from other services, non-life insurance	324	285	233
Revenues from other services, life insurance	25	21	17
Total income from other insurance services	349	306	250

28.2 Gross banking income

in millions of euros

	Banque AGF	Enténial	2003		Total	2002 pro forma Total	2001 pro forma Total
			Other French companies	Other foreign companies			
Interest and related income	144	872	98	51	1,165	1,196	1,346
Revenue on floating-income securities	-	3	-	1	4	7	6
Commission income	12	38	130	24	204	158	165
Net gains on trading portfolio transactions and similar investments	13	1	-	19	33	(5)	5
Net gains on fixed assets incl. on long-term investment portfolio	3	35	-	-	38	3	11
Other banking income	109	123	15	7	254	295	279
Cross banking income	281	1,072	243	102	1,698	1,654	1,812

29 - Insurance underwriting results

29.1 Non-life insurance underwriting results

in millions of euros

	2003			2002 pro forma Net amounts	2001 pro forma Net amounts
	Gross amounts	Amounts ceded and retroceded	Net amounts		
- Premiums	10,591	(2,197)	8,394	7,757	7,712
- Change in unearned premiums	(58)	(52)	(110)	(124)	(63)
Premiums earned	10,533	(2,249)	8,284	7,633	7,649
- Claims and claim-related expenses	(7,088)	1,244	(5,844)	(5,806)	(5,718)
- Change in provisions for claims	(385)	(2)	(387)	(141)	(334)
Total claims expense	(7,473)	1,242	(6,231)	(5,947)	(6,052)
Other underwriting provisions*	206	1	207	(14)	23
Change in equalisation reserves	(32)	-	(32)	2	32
- Acquisition costs	(1,735)	-	(1,735)	(1,593)	(1,648)
- Administrative expenses	(809)	-	(809)	(736)	(961)
- Commissions from reinsurers	-	418	418	323	313
Acquisition and administrative costs	(2,544)	418	(2,126)	(2,006)	(2,296)
Other underwriting income	388	-	388	352	334
Other underwriting expenses	(404)	-	(404)	(444)	(310)
Allocated investment income	616	-	616	619	906
Policyholders profit-sharing	(78)	32	(46)	(8)	(98)
Non-life insurance underwriting results	1,212	(556)	656	187	188
Employee profit-sharing			(16)	(8)	(17)
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result			101	135	302
Elimination of intersectoral transactions			-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers			(59)	(31)	1
Income from non-life insurance operations (corrected)			682	283	474

* In fiscal year 2003, 10 million euros were written back from the provision for unrealised capital loss exposures.

29.2 Life insurance underwriting results

in millions of euros

	2003			2002	2001
	Gross amounts	Amounts ceded and retroceded	Net amounts	pro forma Net amounts	pro forma Net amounts
Premiums	5,604	(88)	5,516	5,412	6,345
- Claims and claim-related expenses	(4,814)	49	(4,765)	(4,290)	(4,234)
- Change in provisions for claims	(23)	(11)	(34)	(19)	(102)
Total claims expense	(4,837)	38	(4,799)	(4,309)	(4,336)
- Change in life insurance provisions	438	(1)	437	(170)	(147)
- Change in unit-linked provisions	(1,013)	(45)	(1,058)	911	(336)
- Change in other underwriting provisions*	93	(3)	90	(98)	(8)
Life underwriting provisions and other underwriting provisions	(482)	(49)	(531)	643	(491)
- Adjustments for unit-linked policies (losses)	(432)	-	(432)	(1,402)	(744)
- Adjustments for unit-linked policies (gains)	988	-	988	279	26
Adjustments for unit-linked policies	556	-	556	(1,123)	(718)
- Acquisition costs	(553)	-	(553)	(612)	(648)
- Administrative expenses	(284)	-	(284)	(221)	(177)
- Commissions from reinsurers	-	19	19	13	18
Acquisition and administrative costs	(837)	19	(818)	(820)	(807)
Other underwriting income	86	-	86	65	63
Other underwriting expenses	(136)	-	(136)	(133)	(95)
Allocated investment income	2,307	-	2,307	1,674	2,557
Policyholders profit-sharing	(1,964)	18	(1,946)	(1,392)	(2,240)
Life insurance underwriting results	297	(62)	235	17	278
Employee profit-sharing			(7)	(1)	(6)
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result			(73)	76	101
Elimination of intersectoral transactions			-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers			142	83	104
Adjusted operating income			297	175	477

* in fiscal year 2003, 86 million euros were written back from the provision for unrealised capital loss exposures

30 - Banking income and expenses

in millions of euros

	2003			2002	2001
	France	Outside France	Total	pro forma Total	pro forma Total
Interest and related income	1,114	51	1,165	1,196	1,346
Interest and related expense	(686)	(35)	(721)	(829)	(887)
Revenue on floating-income securities	3	1	4	7	6
Commission income	181	24	205	161	165
Commission expense	(120)	(8)	(128)	(63)	(58)
Net gains (losses) on trading portfolio transactions	-	9	9	10	-
Net gains (losses) on investment operations	14	10	24	(15)	5
Balance of currency transactions	1	-	1	1	4
Balance of transactions on financial instruments	(111)	3	(108)	(99)	(148)
Other banking income	162	3	165	189	131
Other banking expenses	(153)	(3)	(156)	(261)	(371)
Net banking income	405	55	460	297	193
Operating expenses	(220)	(8)	(228)	(218)	(194)
Amortisation and provisions on tangible and intangible fixed assets	(19)	(1)	(20)	(19)	(18)
Gross operating income	166	46	212	60	(19)
Provisions for loan losses	(16)	(16)	(32)	(54)	80
Gains or losses on equity investments and sister companies (including long-term investment portfolio)	35	-	35	3	11
Provisions to / write-backs from fund for general banking risks	1	-	1	20	-
Net investment income	-	-	-	-	-
Elimination of intersectoral transactions	-	-	-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers	13	(7)	6	17	(12)
Adjusted operating income	199	23	222	46	60

31 - Consolidated profit and loss statement by business segment

Consolidated 2003 profit and loss statement, with corporate income taxes and exceptionals

in millions of euros

	Notes	Non-life insurance activities	Life insurance activities	Banking activities	Other activities	Pre-tax profit	Corporate tax	Exceptionals	2003	2002 pro forma(2)	2001 pro forma(1)
Premiums written	28.1	10,591	5,603	-	-	16,194	-	-	16,194	15,130	16,374
Change in unearned premiums		(58)	1	-	-	(57)	-	-	(57)	(109)	(145)
Premiums earned		10,533	5,604	-	-	16,137	-	-	16,137	15,021	16,229
Gross banking income	28.2	-	-	1,698	-	1 698	-	-	1 698	1 654	1,812
Revenue from other activities	31.4	-	-	-	33	33	-	-	33	34	30
Other operating income (net of expenses)		388	86	-	15	489	-	-	489	418	403
Net investment income	32	717	2,790	-	121	3,628	-	-	3,628	1,506	3,284
Total operating revenue		11,638	8,480	1,698	169	21,985	-	-	21,985	18,633	21,758
Insurance claims		(7,377)	(7,283)	-	-	(14,660)	-	-	(14,660)	(12,385)	(15,411)
Net income or expense of reinsurance ceded or accepted		(556)	(62)	-	-	(618)	-	-	(618)	(280)	336
Banking expenses	31.3	-	-	(1,234)	-	(1,234)	-	-	(1,234)	(1,388)	(1,530)
Expenses of other activities		-	-	-	(186)	(186)	-	-	(186)	(117)	(129)
Administrative costs		(2,964)	(980)	(248)	-	(4,192)	-	-	(4,192)	(3,985)	(4,071)
Total operating expense		(10,897)	(8,325)	(1,482)	(186)	(20,890)	-	-	(20,890)	(18,155)	(20,805)
TOTAL INCOME FROM OPERATIONS		741	155	216	(17)	1 095	-	-	1,095	478	953
Intersectoral transfers (3)		(59)	142	6	(89)	-	-	-	-	-	-
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME		682	297	222	(106)	1 095	-	-	1,095	478	953
Other income (net)		(61)	2	-	-	(59)	-	-	(59)	(43)	(9)
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	7	33	95	11	5	144	-	-	144	89	92
Exceptional items (net)	33						-	(19)	(19)	(72)	(73)
Corporate income taxes	34						(92)	(20)	(112)	27	(54)
Minority interests (excl. goodwill amortisation)		(61)	(3)	(46)	-	(110)	36	-	(74)	(66)	(54)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION		593	391	187	(101)	1 070	(56)	(39)	975	413	855
Goodwill amortisation		(76)	(29)	(2)	(3)	(110)	-	(102)	(212)	(145)	(123)
NET INCOME OF CONSOLIDATED COMPANIES (group share)		517	362	185	(104)	960	(56)	(141)	763	268	732
Diluted earnings per share									4.23	1.52	4.12
Undiluted earnings per share									4.41	1.57	4.27

(1) Proforma resulting from the change in accounting method relative to the provision for capital loss exposures (see note 4) and changes in segmentation.

(2) Proforma resulting from changes in segmentation (see note 4) and to the reclassification of a 23 million euro provision between "Other net income" and "Net financial income".

(3) Relates mainly to reinsurance, cash pooling and brokerage eliminations.

31.1. Consolidated* profit and loss statement - non-life insurance

a) Consolidated 2003 profit and loss statement - non-life insurance

in millions of euros

	Health insurance		Other property / casualty		Credit insurance	Assistance	Total non-life insurance
	France	Outside France	France	Outside France			
1. Premiums earned before reinsurance	1,236	337	4,248	2,788	1,533	391	10,533
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(1,005)	(253)	(2,930)	(1,864)	(804)	(232)	(7,088)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	(29)	(9)	(308)	(106)	68	(1)	(385)
2. Total claims expense before reinsurance	(1,034)	(262)	(3,238)	(1,970)	(736)	(233)	(7,473)
3. Other underwriting provisions before reinsurance**	(1)	(11)	15	199	5	(1)	206
4. Change in equalisation provision	(9)	-	(5)	(2)	(16)	-	(32)
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	192	64	1,020	1,015	786	157	3,234
- acquisition costs	(192)	(45)	(536)	(499)	(286)	(177)	(1,735)
- administrative costs	(67)	(29)	(265)	(150)	(212)	(86)	(809)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(259)	(74)	(801)	(649)	(498)	(263)	(2,544)
7. Other underwriting income	9	1	49	1	240	88	388
8. Other underwriting expenses	(42)	(1)	(166)	(45)	(196)	46	(404)
Allocated investment income	97	19	388	58	54	-	616
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	-	-	5	3	(10)	1	(1)
9. Allocated investment income	97	19	393	61	44	1	615
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	(6)	-	14	(3)	(74)	(9)	(78)
11. Financial balance (9+10)	91	19	407	58	(30)	(8)	537
12. UNDERWRITING RESULTS BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+6+7+8+11)	(9)	9	509	380	302	20	1,211
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(97)	(33)	(797)	(604)	(707)	(11)	(2,249)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	87	13	525	255	358	6	1,244
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	(1)	4	19	(32)	10	(2)	(2)
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	86	17	544	223	368	4	1,242
15. Other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	(1)	-	2	-	-	-	1
16. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	32	-	32
17. Commissions received from reinsurers	13	9	85	93	215	3	418
18. REINSURANCE BALANCE (13+14+15+16+17)	1	(7)	(166)	(288)	(92)	(4)	(556)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	-	-	(34)	(37)	-	6	(65)
NON-LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS	(8)	2	309	55	210	22	590
Employee profit-sharing	(2)	-	(4)	-	(8)	(2)	(16)
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result	10	6	43	17	16	9	101
Elimination of intersectoral transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers (non-underwriting)	-	-	3	7	(3)	-	7
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	-	8	351	79	215	29	682
Other non-underwriting income (net)	1	-	1	(8)	(40)	(15)	(61)
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	-	-	28	2	3	-	33
Minority interests	-	(1)	(2)	(4)	(53)	(1)	(61)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	1	7	378	69	125	13	593
Goodwill amortisation	-	-	(14)	(42)	(17)	(3)	(76)
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	1	7	364	27	108	10	517

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

** In fiscal year 2003, 10 million euros were written back from the provision for unrealised capital loss exposure.

(b) Consolidated 2002 proforma profit and loss statement - non-life insurance

in millions of euros

	Health insurance		Other property / casualty		Credit insurance	Assistance	Total non-life insurance
	France	Outside France	France	Outside France			
1. Premiums earned before reinsurance	1,105	327	3,884	2,607	1,231	375	9,529
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(958)	(213)	(3,019)	(1,720)	(895)	(230)	(7,035)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	46	(51)	(239)	(89)	136	(5)	(202)
2. Total claims expense before reinsurance	(912)	(264)	(3,258)	(1,809)	(759)	(235)	(7,237)
3. Other underwriting provisions before reinsurance **	(5)	(1)	(5)	-	(2)	-	(13)
4. Change in equalisation provision	(2)	-	(2)	(1)	7	-	2
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	186	62	619	797	477	140	2,281
- acquisition costs	(171)	(49)	(489)	(489)	(220)	(175)	(1,593)
- administrative costs	(67)	(20)	(268)	(162)	(134)	(85)	(736)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(238)	(69)	(757)	(651)	(354)	(260)	(2,329)
7. Other underwriting income	20	-	32	6	198	96	352
8. Other underwriting expenses	(57)	-	(198)	(27)	(200)	38	(444)
Allocated investment income	95	23	292	152	57	-	619
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	-	-	3	(27)	(5)	-	(29)
9. Allocated investment income	95	23	295	125	52	-	590
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	(12)	(1)	30	(2)	(36)	(3)	(24)
11. Financial balance (9+10)	83	22	325	123	16	(3)	566
12. UNDERWRITING RESULTS BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+6+7+8+11)	(6)	15	21	248	137	11	426
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(73)	(30)	(742)	(538)	(497)	(16)	(1,896)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	66	17	418	304	415	9	1,229
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	6	3	158	(17)	(90)	1	61
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	72	20	576	287	325	10	1,290
15. Other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	(1)	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
16. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	1	-	1	-	14	-	16
17. Commissions received from reinsurers	11	9	69	79	152	3	323
18. REINSURANCE BALANCE (13+14+15+16+17)	10	(1)	(96)	(172)	(6)	(3)	(268)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	-	-	(13)	(1)	-	9	(5)
NON-LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS	4	14	(88)	75	131	17	153
Employee profit-sharing	-	-	(2)	-	(5)	(1)	(8)
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result	27	12	60	5	31	-	135
Elimination of intersectoral transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers (non-underwriting)	-	-	3	2	(2)	-	3
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	31	26	(27)	82	155	16	283
Other non-underwriting income (net)	(11)	-	13	(3)	(14)	(3)	(18)
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	-	-	19	-	2	-	21
Minority interests	-	-	(2)	(3)	(45)	-	(50)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	20	26	3	76	98	13	236
Goodwill amortisation	-	-	(15)	(44)	(17)	(3)	(79)
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	20	26	(12)	32	81	10	157

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

** in fiscal year 2002, the change in the provision for unrealised capital losses was -9 million euros

31.1.1 Consolidated* profit and loss statement - health insurance outside France by country

a) Consolidated 2003 profit and loss statement - health insurance outside France by country

in millions of euros

	Belgium	Netherlands	Spain	South America	Overseas and other countries	Health outside France
1. Premiums earned before reinsurance	48	117	24	103	45	337
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(39)	(98)	(17)	(77)	(22)	(253)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	(7)	2	2	2	(8)	(9)
2. Total claims expense before reinsurance	(46)	(96)	(15)	(75)	(30)	(262)
3. Other underwriting provisions before reinsurance	(6)	-	-	-	(5)	(11)
4. Change in equalisation provision	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	(4)	21	9	28	10	64
- acquisition costs	(6)	(14)	(5)	(16)	(4)	(45)
- administrative costs	(5)	(5)	(1)	(10)	(8)	(29)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(11)	(19)	(6)	(26)	(12)	(74)
7. Other underwriting income	1	-	-	-	-	1
8. Other underwriting expenses	-	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Allocated investment income	7	5	-	4	3	19
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Allocated investment income	7	5	-	4	3	19
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	-	-	-	-	-	-
11. Financial balance (9+10)	7	5	-	4	3	19
12. UNDERWRITING RESULTS BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+6+7+8+11)	(7)	7	3	6	-	9
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(3)	(2)	(2)	(5)	(21)	(33)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	2	1	1	2	7	13
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	1	1	-	(1)	3	4
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	3	2	1	1	10	17
15. Other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
16. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Commissions received from reinsurers	1	-	1	(1)	8	9
18. REINSURANCE BALANCE (13+14+15+16+17)	1	-	-	(5)	(3)	(7)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS	(6)	7	3	1	(3)	2
Employee profit-sharing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result	-	-	-	6	-	6
Elimination of intersectoral transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers (non-underwriting)	-	-	-	-	-	-
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	(6)	7	3	7	(3)	8
Other non-underwriting income (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority interests	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(6)	7	3	6	(3)	7
Goodwill amortisation	-	-	-	-	-	-
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(6)	7	3	6	(3)	7

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

(b) Consolidated 2002 proforma profit and loss statement - health insurance outside France by country

in millions of euros

	Belgium	Netherlands	Spain	South America	Overseas and other countries	Health outside France
1. Premiums earned before reinsurance	41	110	22	106	48	327
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(39)	(59)	(12)	(79)	(24)	(213)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	(1)	(41)	1	-	(10)	(51)
2. Total claims expense before reinsurance	(40)	(100)	(11)	(79)	(34)	(264)
3. Other underwriting provisions before reinsurance	-	1	-	(2)	-	(1)
4. Change in equalisation provision	-	-	-	-	-	-
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	1	11	11	25	14	62
- acquisition costs	(5)	(13)	(5)	(17)	(9)	(49)
- administrative costs	(5)	(4)	(1)	(9)	(1)	(20)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(10)	(17)	(6)	(26)	(10)	(69)
7. Other underwriting income	-	-	-	-	-	-
8. Other underwriting expenses	-	-	-	-	-	-
Allocated investment income	7	6	1	7	2	23
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	-	-	-	-	-	-
9. Allocated investment income	7	6	1	7	2	23
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	-	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
11. Financial balance (9+10)	7	6	1	7	1	22
12. UNDERWRITING RESULTS BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+6+7+8+11)	(2)	-	6	6	5	15
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(7)	(2)	(1)	(2)	(18)	(30)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	5	2	-	1	9	17
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	(1)	4	-	-	-	3
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	4	6	-	1	9	20
15. Other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
16. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Commissions received from reinsurers	3	-	-	-	6	9
18. REINSURANCE BALANCE (13+14+15+16+17)	-	4	(1)	(1)	(3)	(1)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
NON-LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS	(2)	4	5	5	2	14
Employee profit-sharing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result	1	-	-	8	3	12
Elimination of intersectoral transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers (non-underwriting)	-	-	-	-	-	-
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	(1)	4	5	13	5	26
Other non-underwriting income (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority interests	-	-	-	-	-	-
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION *	(1)	4	5	13	5	26
Goodwill amortisation	-	-	-	-	-	-
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION *	(1)	4	5	13	5	26

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

31.1.2 Consolidated* profit and loss statement - other property & casualty outside France by country

a) Consolidated 2003 profit and loss statement - other property & casualty outside France by country

in millions of euros

	Belgium	Netherlands	Spain	South America	Overseas and other countries	Other P&C outside France
1. Premiums earned before reinsurance	330	969	776	532	181	2,788
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(201)	(616)	(486)	(274)	(287)	(1,864)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	21	(118)	(78)	32	37	(106)
2. Total claims expense before reinsurance	(180)	(734)	(564)	(242)	(250)	(1,970)
3. Other underwriting provisions before reinsurance	5	45	3	2	144	199
4. Change in equalisation provision	-	-	-	(2)	-	(2)
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	155	280	215	290	75	1,015
- acquisition costs	(79)	(178)	(137)	(85)	(20)	(499)
- administrative costs	(23)	(45)	(13)	(45)	(24)	(150)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(102)	(223)	(150)	(130)	(44)	(649)
7. Other underwriting income	-	-	-	1	-	1
8. Other underwriting expenses	(6)	(8)	(2)	(3)	(26)	(45)
Allocated investment income	(3)	(3)	13	18	33	58
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	(1)	4	-	-	-	3
9. Allocated investment income	(4)	1	13	18	33	61
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	-	-	(3)	-	-	(3)
11. Financial balance (9+10)	(4)	1	10	18	33	58
12. UNDERWRITING RESULTS BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+6+7+8+11)	43	50	73	176	38	380
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(81)	(152)	(116)	(238)	(17)	(604)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	15	63	56	86	35	255
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	7	47	3	(49)	(40)	(32)
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	22	110	59	37	(5)	223
15. Other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
16. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Commissions received from reinsurers	10	19	28	24	12	93
18. REINSURANCE BALANCE (13+14+15+16+17)	(49)	(23)	(29)	(177)	(10)	(288)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	(5)	(5)	(4)	(3)	(20)	(37)
NON-LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS	(11)	22	40	(4)	8	55
Employee profit-sharing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result	(9)	(11)	14	13	10	17
Elimination of intersectoral transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers (non-underwriting)	(1)	5	-	-	3	7
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	(21)	16	54	9	21	79
Other non-underwriting income (net)	(2)	(8)	(2)	4	-	(8)
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	-	-	-	-	2	2
Minority interests	1	-	(2)	(1)	(2)	(4)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(22)	8	50	12	21	69
Goodwill amortisation	(5)	(24)	(7)	-	(6)	(42)
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(27)	(16)	43	12	15	27

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

b) Consolidated 2002 proforma profit and loss statement - other property & casualty insurance outside France by country

in millions of euros

	Belgium	Netherlands	Spain	South America	Overseas and other countries	Other P&C outside France
1. Premiums earned before reinsurance	323	892	682	513	197	2 607
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(255)	(519)	(460)	(261)	(225)	(1,720)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	16	(90)	(49)	(70)	104	(89)
2. Total claims expense before reinsurance	(239)	(609)	(509)	(331)	(121)	(1,809)
3. Other underwriting provisions before reinsurance	4	(1)	1	2	(6)	-
4. Change in equalisation provision	-	-	-	(1)	-	(1)
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	88	282	174	183	70	797
- acquisition costs	(81)	(164)	(126)	(91)	(27)	(489)
- administrative costs	(25)	(36)	(15)	(54)	(32)	(162)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(106)	(200)	(141)	(145)	(59)	(651)
7. Other underwriting income	3	-	2	-	1	6
8. Other underwriting expenses	(1)	-	(6)	(7)	(13)	(27)
Allocated investment income	22	39	38	30	23	152
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	(10)	(13)	-	(2)	(2)	(27)
9. Allocated investment income	12	26	38	28	21	125
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	-	-	(2)	-	-	(2)
11. Financial balance (9+10)	12	26	36	28	21	123
12. UNDERWRITING RESULTS BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+6+7+8+11)	(4)	108	65	59	20	248
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(58)	(148)	(103)	(204)	(25)	(538)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	33	55	62	79	75	304
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	(13)	(8)	(3)	48	(41)	(17)
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	20	47	59	127	34	287
15. Other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
16. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Commissions received from reinsurers	9	20	23	29	(2)	79
18. REINSURANCE BALANCE (13+14+15+16+17)	(29)	(81)	(21)	(48)	7	(172)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	-	1	(3)	2	(1)	(1)
NON-LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS	(33)	28	41	13	26	75
Employee profit-sharing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result	(10)	(17)	(9)	25	16	5
Elimination of intersectoral transactions	-	-	-	-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers (non-underwriting)	2	1	-	(1)	-	2
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	(41)	12	32	37	42	82
Other non-underwriting income (net)	-	(4)	(1)	2	-	(3)
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority interests	2	-	(1)	(2)	(2)	(3)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(39)	8	30	37	40	76
Goodwill amortisation	(5)	(25)	(8)	(5)	(1)	(44)
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(44)	(17)	22	32	39	32

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

31.2 Consolidated* profit and loss statement - life insurance

31.2.1 Consolidated* profit and loss statement - life insurance in and outside France

a) Consolidated 2003 profit and loss statement - life insurance

in millions of euros

	Life in France	Life outside France	Life total
1. Premiums before reinsurance	4,096	1,508	5,604
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(3,756)	(1,058)	(4,814)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	2	(25)	(23)
2. Claims expenses before reinsurance	(3,754)	(1,083)	(4,837)
- life insurance provisions before reinsurance	616	(178)	438
- unit-linked provisions before reinsurance	(849)	(164)	(1,013)
- other underwriting provisions**	97	(4)	93
3. Life and other underwriting provisions before reinsurance	(136)	(346)	(482)
- unit-linked adjustments (capital loss) before reinsurance	(403)	(29)	(432)
- unit-linked adjustment (capital gain) before reinsurance	876	112	988
4. Unit-linked adjustments before reinsurance	473	83	556
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	679	162	841
- acquisition costs	(423)	(130)	(553)
- administrative costs	(185)	(99)	(284)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(608)	(229)	(837)
- other underwriting expenses	(104)	(32)	(136)
- other underwriting income	48	38	86
7. Other underwriting income / expense	(56)	6	(50)
8. Net acquisition and management costs (6+7)	(664)	(223)	(887)
Allocated investment income	1,892	415	2,307
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	59	2	61
9. Allocated investment income	1,951	417	2,368
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	(1,658)	(306)	(1,964)
11. Financial balance before reinsurance (9+10)	293	111	404
12. LIFE UNDERWRITING INCOME BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+8+11)	308	50	358
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(55)	(33)	(88)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	36	13	49
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	(11)	-	(11)
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	25	13	38
- life insurance provisions ceded	(2)	1	(1)
- unit-linked provisions ceded	(45)	-	(45)
- other underwriting provisions ceded	(3)	-	(3)
15. Life and other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	(50)	1	(49)
- unit-linked adjustments (capital loss) ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-
- unit-linked adjustment (capital gain) ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-
16. Unit-linked adjustments ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-
17. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	18	-	18
18. Life commissions received from reinsurers	12	7	19
19. REINSURANCE BALANCE, LIFE INSURANCE (13+14+15+16+17+18)	(50)	(12)	(62)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	48	7	55
20. LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS (12+19)	306	45	351
Employee profit-sharing	(7)	-	(7)
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result	(15)	(58)	(73)
Intersectoral eliminations	-	-	-
Non-technical intersectoral transfers	26	-	26
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	310	(13)	297
Other non-underwriting income (net)	10	(8)	2
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	95	-	95
Minority interests	1	(4)	(3)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	416	(25)	391
Goodwill amortisation	(14)	(15)	(29)
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	402	(40)	362

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

** in fiscal year 2003, 86 million euros were written back from the provision for unrealised capital loss exposures.

b) Consolidated 2002 proforma profit and loss statement - life insurance

in millions of euros

	Life in France	Life outside France	Life total
1. Premiums before reinsurance	4,008	1,484	5,492
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(3,402)	(963)	(4,365)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	(15)	(6)	(21)
2. Claims expenses before reinsurance	(3,417)	(969)	(4,386)
- life insurance provisions before reinsurance	133	(267)	(134)
- unit-linked provisions before reinsurance	712	201	913
- other underwriting provisions**	(104)	6	(98)
3. Life and other underwriting provisions before reinsurance	741	(60)	681
- unit-linked adjustments (capital loss) before reinsurance	(1,114)	(288)	(1,402)
- unit-linked adjustment (capital gain) before reinsurance	268	11	279
4. Unit-linked adjustments before reinsurance	(846)	(277)	(1,123)
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	486	178	664
- acquisition costs	(456)	(156)	(612)
- administrative costs	(145)	(76)	(221)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(601)	(232)	(833)
- other underwriting expenses	(97)	(36)	(133)
- other underwriting income	31	34	65
7. Other underwriting income / expense	(66)	(2)	(68)
8. Net acquisition and management costs (6+7)	(667)	(234)	(901)
Allocated investment income	1,323	351	1,674
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	64	16	80
9. Allocated investment income	1,387	367	1,754
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	(1,068)	(340)	(1,408)
11. Financial balance before reinsurance (9+10)	319	27	346
12. LIFE UNDERWRITING INCOME BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+8+11)	138	(29)	109
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(49)	(31)	(80)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	60	15	75
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	2	-	2
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	62	15	77
- life insurance provisions ceded	(39)	3	(36)
- unit-linked provisions ceded	(2)	-	(2)
- other underwriting provisions ceded	-	-	-
15. Life and other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	(41)	3	(38)
- unit-linked adjustments (capital loss) ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-
- unit-linked adjustment (capital gain) ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-
16. Unit-linked adjustments ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-
17. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	16	-	16
18. Life commissions received from reinsurers	8	5	13
19. REINSURANCE BALANCE, LIFE INSURANCE (13+14+15+16+17+18)	(4)	(8)	(12)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	9	(4)	5
20. LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS (12+19)	143	(41)	102
Employee profit-sharing	(1)	-	(1)
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result	11	65	76
Intersectoral eliminations	-	-	-
Non-technical intersectoral transfers	4	(6)	(2)
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	157	18	175
Other non-underwriting income (net)	(3)	(22)	(25)
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	53	(1)	52
Minority interests	-	(4)	(4)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	207	(9)	198
Goodwill amortisation	(17)	(17)	(34)
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	190	(26)	164

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

** in fiscal year 2002, the change in the provision for unrealised capital loss exposures was -85 million euros

31.2.2 Consolidated* profit and loss statement – life insurance outside France by country

a) Consolidated 2003 profit and loss statement - life insurance outside France by country

in millions of euros

	Belgium	Netherlands	Spain	South America	Overseas and other countries	Life outside France
1. Premiums before reinsurance	491	514	305	123	75	1,508
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(498)	(245)	(211)	(72)	(32)	(1,058)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	(12)	-	(5)	1	(9)	(25)
2. Claims expenses before reinsurance	(510)	(245)	(216)	(71)	(41)	(1,083)
- life insurance provisions before reinsurance	126	(162)	(147)	6	(1)	(178)
- unit-linked provisions before reinsurance	(55)	(48)	5	(65)	(1)	(164)
- other underwriting provisions	-	(4)	-	-	-	(4)
3. Life and other underwriting provisions before reinsurance	71	(214)	(142)	(59)	(2)	(346)
- unit-linked adjustments (capital loss) before reinsurance	(4)	11	(36)	-	-	(29)
- unit-linked adjustment (capital gain) before reinsurance	20	24	42	25	1	112
4. Unit-linked adjustments before reinsurance	16	35	6	25	1	83
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	68	90	(47)	18	33	162
- acquisition costs	(41)	(44)	(18)	(16)	(11)	(130)
- administrative costs	(33)	(44)	(3)	(15)	(4)	(99)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(74)	(88)	(21)	(31)	(15)	(229)
- other underwriting expenses	(2)	(6)	-	(1)	(23)	(32)
- other underwriting income	2	24	-	1	11	38
7. Other underwriting income / expense	-	18	-	-	(12)	6
8. Net acquisition and management costs (6+7)	(74)	(70)	(21)	(31)	(27)	(223)
Allocated investment income	219	52	113	17	14	415
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	2	-	-	-	-	2
9. Allocated investment income	221	52	113	17	14	417
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	(213)	(55)	(17)	(8)	(13)	(306)
11. Financial balance before reinsurance (9+10)	8	(3)	96	9	1	111
12. LIFE UNDERWRITING INCOME BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+8+11)	2	17	28	(4)	7	50
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(2)	(18)	(5)	(7)	(1)	(33)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	1	6	3	3	-	13
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	1	6	3	3	-	13
- life insurance provisions ceded	-	2	-	-	(1)	1
- unit-linked provisions ceded	-	-	-	-	-	-
- other underwriting provisions ceded	-	-	-	-	-	-
15. Life and other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	-	2	-	-	(1)	1
- unit-linked adjustments (capital loss) ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
- unit-linked adjustment (capital gain) ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
16. Unit-linked adjustments ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
18. Life commissions received from reinsurers	1	4	1	1	-	7
19. REINSURANCE BALANCE, LIFE INSURANCE (13+14+15+16+17+18)	-	(6)	(1)	(3)	(2)	(12)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	-	8	-	-	(1)	7
20. LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS (12+19)	2	19	27	(7)	4	45
Employee profit-sharing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income excl. allocation to underwriting result	(68)	(1)	2	9	-	(58)
Intersectoral eliminations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-technical intersectoral transfers	-	-	-	-	-	-
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	(66)	18	29	2	4	(13)
Other non-underwriting income (net)	-	(11)	-	-	3	(8)
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	-	-	-	-	-	-
Minority interests	4	-	(7)	-	(1)	(4)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(62)	7	22	2	6	(25)
Goodwill amortisation	(5)	(1)	(8)	(1)	-	(15)
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(67)	6	14	1	6	(40)

* Excluding tax and exceptional

b) Consolidated 2002 proforma profit and loss statement - life insurance outside France by country

in millions of euros

	Belgium	Netherlands	Spain	South America	Overseas and other countries	Life outside France
1. Premiums before reinsurance	453	496	275	161	99	1,484
- claims and claim-related expenses before reinsurance	(431)	(199)	(188)	(96)	(49)	(963)
- provision for claims before reinsurance	(4)	-	(2)	(1)	1	(6)
2. Claims expenses before reinsurance	(435)	(199)	(190)	(97)	(48)	(969)
- life insurance provisions before reinsurance	82	(126)	(153)	(45)	(25)	(267)
- unit-linked provisions before reinsurance	25	174	25	(26)	3	201
- other underwriting provisions	-	-	3	2	1	6
3. Life and other underwriting provisions before reinsurance	107	48	(125)	(69)	(21)	(60)
- unit-linked adjustments (capital loss) before reinsurance	(56)	(212)	(17)	-	(3)	(288)
- unit-linked adjustment (capital gain) before reinsurance	-	5	2	3	1	11
4. Unit-linked adjustments before reinsurance	(56)	(207)	(15)	3	(2)	(277)
5. Underwriting balance (1+2+3+4)	69	138	(55)	(2)	28	178
- acquisition costs	(41)	(74)	(16)	(14)	(11)	(156)
- administrative costs	(31)	(15)	(3)	(21)	(6)	(76)
6. Acquisition and administrative costs	(72)	(89)	(19)	(35)	(17)	(232)
- other underwriting expenses	(1)	(2)	(1)	(1)	(31)	(36)
- other underwriting income	1	21	-	-	12	34
7. Other underwriting income / expense	-	19	(1)	(1)	(19)	(2)
8. Net acquisition and management costs (6+7)	(72)	(70)	(20)	(36)	(36)	(234)
Allocated investment income	163	48	115	10	15	351
Intersectoral transfer of financial income from underwriting operations	1	5	-	-	10	16
9. Allocated investment income	164	53	115	10	25	367
10. Policyholders profit-sharing	(209)	(83)	(15)	(18)	(15)	(340)
11. Financial balance before reinsurance (9+10)	(45)	(30)	100	(8)	10	27
12. LIFE UNDERWRITING INCOME BEFORE REINSURANCE (5+8+11)	(48)	38	25	(46)	2	(29)
13. Premiums earned ceded to reinsurers	(1)	(17)	(5)	(8)	-	(31)
- claims and claim-related expenses ceded to reinsurers	1	6	3	4	1	15
- provision for claims ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	1	(1)	-
14. Total claims expense ceded to reinsurers	1	6	3	5	-	15
- life insurance provisions ceded	-	-	-	-	3	3
- unit-linked provisions ceded	-	-	-	-	-	-
- other underwriting provisions ceded	-	-	-	-	-	-
15. Life and other underwriting provisions ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	3	3
- unit-linked adjustments (capital loss) ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
- unit-linked adjustment (capital gain) ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
16. Unit-linked adjustments ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
17. Policyholder profit-sharing ceded to reinsurers	-	-	-	-	-	-
18. Life commissions received from reinsurers	-	2	1	2	-	5
19. REINSURANCE BALANCE, LIFE INSURANCE (13+14+15+16+17+18)	-	(9)	(1)	(1)	3	(8)
Intersectoral reinsurance transfers	-	-	-	-	(4)	(4)
20. LIFE UNDERWRITING RESULTS (12+19)	(48)	29	24	(47)	1	(41)
Employee profit-sharing	-	-	-	-	-	-
Net investment income exd. allocation to underwriting result	9	6	1	48	1	65
Intersectoral eliminations	-	-	-	-	-	-
Non-technical intersectoral transfers	-	(6)	-	-	-	(6)
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	(39)	29	25	1	2	18
Other non-underwriting income (net)	-	(21)	-	1	(2)	(22)
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	-	-	-	-	(1)	(1)
Minority interests	2	-	(5)	-	(1)	(4)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(37)	8	20	2	(2)	(9)
Goodwill amortisation	(5)	(1)	(8)	(3)	-	(17)
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(42)	7	12	(1)	(2)	(26)

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

31.3 Consolidated* profit and loss statement - banking activities

in millions of euros

	2003			2002 pro forma Total	2001 pro forma Total
	France	Outside France	Total		
Gross banking income	1,596	102	1,698	1,654	1,812
Total gross banking income	1,596	102	1,698	1,654	1,812
Operating expenses	(1,171)	(63)	(1,234)	(1,388)	(1,530)
Administrative expenses	(239)	(9)	(248)	(237)	(211)
Total operating expense	(1,410)	(72)	(1,482)	(1,625)	(1,741)
OPERATING INCOME	186	30	216	29	71
Intersectoral eliminations	-	-	-	-	-
Intersectoral transfers	13	(7)	6	17	(12)
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	199	23	222	46	59
Other income (net)	-	-	-	-	-
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	11	-	11	11	16
Minority interests	(45)	(1)	(46)	(7)	(16)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	165	22	187	50	59
Goodwill amortisation	(1)	(1)	(2)	(23)	2
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	164	21	185	27	61

* Excluding tax and exceptionals.

31.4 Consolidated* profit and loss statement - other businesses

in millions of euros

	2003						2002 pro forma Total in and outside France	2001 pro forma Total in and outside France	
	France			Outside France					
	Holding cos.	Misc.	Total	Holding cos.	Misc.	Total			
Revenues	-	23	23	1	9	10	33	34	30
Other operating income	12	3	15	-	-	-	15	37	6
Purchases used internally	-	(1)	(1)	-	-	-	(1)	(1)	(1)
Personnel expenses (incl. employee profit-sharing)	(19)	(5)	(24)	(11)	(10)	(21)	(45)	(38)	(32)
Other operating expenses	(60)	(21)	(81)	(5)	(12)	(17)	(98)	(110)	(88)
Taxes	(3)	(1)	(4)	-	-	-	(4)	(2)	(3)
Depreciation, amortisation and provisions	(13)	-	(13)	(24)	(1)	(25)	(38)	(2)	(5)
OPERATING INCOME	(83)	(2)	(85)	(39)	(14)	(53)	(138)	(82)	(93)
Financial income / expense	154	54	208	(5)	2	(3)	205	193	204
Debt service	(61)	(18)	(79)	(5)	-	(5)	(84)	(68)	(75)
Financial income / expense (net)	93	36	129	(10)	2	(8)	121	125	129
INCOME FROM CONTINUING ACTIVITIES	10	34	44	(49)	(12)	(61)	(17)	43	36
Intersectoral eliminations	(77)	(18)	(95)	(9)	15	6	(89)	(69)	(93)
RESTATED OPERATING INCOME	(67)	16	(51)	(58)	3	(55)	(106)	(26)	(57)
Other income (net)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	1	-	1	-	4	4	5	5	6
Net income of consolidated companies	(66)	16	(50)	(58)	7	(51)	(101)	(21)	(51)
Minority interests	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1)
NET INCOME BEFORE GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(66)	16	(50)	(58)	7	(51)	(101)	(21)	(52)
Goodwill amortisation	(1)	-	(1)	-	(2)	(2)	(3)	(2)	(2)
NET INCOME AFTER GOODWILL AMORTISATION*	(67)	16	(51)	(58)	5	(53)	(104)	(23)	(54)

* Excluding tax and exceptionals

32 - Summary of financial income net of expenses

32.1 Summary of financial income net of expenses for fiscal year 2003

in millions of euros

	Life insurance	Non-life insurance	Total Insurance	Other activities	Total
Net investment income	2 125	695	2 820	87	2 907
Investment management fees	(110)	(69)	(179)	(28)	(207)
Income, net of losses, on disposal of investments (a)	(160)	78	(82)	136	54
Net provisions for asset write-downs (c)	383	34	417	10	427
Net unit-linked adjustment (b)	556	-	556	-	556
Net financial income, before debt service	2 794	738	3 532	205	3 737
Debt service	(4)	(21)	(25)	(84)	(109)
Total net financial income	2 790	717	3 507	121	3 628

(a) In 2003, the AGF Group realised capital gains on its stake in Cr dit Lyonnais when AGF Vie and AGF IART tendered their shares to Cr dit Agricole's takeover bid. This enabled the Group to offset capital losses and shore up the equity portfolios of the following companies:

- AGF Vie: 642 million euros in net capital losses, including 349 million euros in written-back provisions,
- AGF Iart: 204 million euros in net capital losses, including 67 million euros in written-back provisions,
- AGF La Lilloise: 19 million euros in net capital losses, including 2 million euros in written-back provisions.

(b) Gain or loss resulting from the change in the market value of unit-linked investments.

(c) Following a change in intended holding periods, additional provisions for impairment in the value of assets were booked in Belgium and the Netherlands. Provisions for asset write-downs, net of write-backs, totalled 130 million euros in Belgium and 20 million euros in the Netherlands (Group share).

32.2 Summary of net financial income of insurance companies for fiscal year 2003

in millions of euros

	Life France	Life outside France	Life Total	Non-life France	Non-life outside France	Health France	Health outside France	Credit Insurance	Assistance	Non-life Total	Insurance Total
Investment income	1,786	448	2,234	286	215	113	20	115	8	757	2,991
Other investment income	-	3	3	2	17	-	3	16	10	48	51
Other investment expenses	(97)	(15)	(112)	(45)	(28)	-	(1)	(26)	(10)	(110)	(222)
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	1,689	436	2,125	243	204	113	22	105	8	695	2,820
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT FEES	(97)	(13)	(110)	(43)	(17)	-	(1)	(7)	(1)	(69)	(179)
Gains on disposal of investments	1 151	68	1,219	472	62	-	5	27	6	572	1,791
Losses on disposal of investments	(1,353)	(26)	(1,379)	(332)	(121)	-	-	(33)	(8)	(494)	(1,873)
NET GAINS ON DISPOSAL OF INVESTMENTS	(202)	42	(160)	140	(59)	-	5	(6)	(2)	78	(82)
NET PROVISIONS FOR ASSET WRITE-DOWNS	490	(107)	383	88	(50)	-	-	(7)	3	34	417
Unit-linked adjustments (capital gains) (a)	877	111	988	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	988
Unit-linked adjustments (capital losses) (a)	(403)	(29)	(432)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(432)
NET UNIT-LINKED ADJUSTMENTS	474	82	556	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	556
NET FINANCIAL INCOME	2,354	440	2,794	428	78	113	26	85	8	738	3,532

(a) Gain or loss resulting from the change in the market value of unit-linked investments.

32.3 Summary of financial income net of expenses for fiscal year 2002 pro forma

in millions of euros

	Life insurance	Non-life insurance	Total Insurance	Other activities	Total
Net investment income	2,288	683	2 971	67	3,038
Investment management fees	(170)	(55)	(225)	(20)	(245)
Income, net of losses, on disposal of investments	334	324	658	143	801
Net provisions for asset write-downs	(695)	(181)	(876)	3	(873)
Net unit-linked adjustment (a)	(1,123)	-	(1,123)	-	(1,123)
Net financial income, before debt service	634	771	1,405	193	1,598
Debt service	(7)	(17)	(24)	(68)	(92)
TOTAL NET FINANCIAL INCOME	627	754	1,381	125	1,506

(a) Gain or loss resulting from the change in the market value of unit-linked investments.

32.4 Summary of net financial income of insurance companies for fiscal year 2002 proforma

in millions of euros

	Life France	Life outside France	Life Total	Non-life France	Non-life outside France	Health France	Health outside France	Credit Insurance	Assistance	Non-life Total	Insurance Total
Investment income	1,891	485	2,376	240	243	146	31	101	10	771	3,147
Other investment income	7	25	32	(4)	87	-	4	1	1	89	121
Other investment expenses	(93)	(27)	(120)	(53)	(95)	-	(1)	(23)	(5)	(177)	(297)
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	1,805	483	2,288	183	235	146	34	79	6	683	2,971
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT FEES	(158)	(12)	(170)	(29)	(16)	-	(1)	(8)	(1)	(55)	(225)
Gains on disposal of investments	764	87	851	330	80	-	4	67	2	483	1,334
Losses on disposal of investments	(477)	(40)	(517)	(66)	(59)	-	(1)	(31)	(2)	(159)	(676)
NET GAINS ON DISPOSAL OF INVESTMENTS	287	47	334	264	21	-	3	36	-	324	658
NET PROVISIONS FOR ASSET WRITE-DOWNS	(592)	(103)	(695)	(88)	(80)	-	-	(7)	(6)	(181)	(876)
Unit-linked adjustments (capital gains) (a)	269	10	279	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	279
Unit-linked adjustments (capital losses) (a)	(1,117)	(285)	(1,402)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,402)
NET UNIT-LINKED ADJUSTMENTS	(848)	(275)	(1,123)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(1,123)
Net financial income	494	140	634	330	160	146	36	100	(1)	771	1,405

(a) Gain or loss resulting from the change in the market value of unit-linked investments.

32.5 Summary of financial income net of expenses for fiscal year 2001 pro forma

in millions of euros

	Life insurance	Non-life insurance	Total Insurance	Other activities	Total
Net investment income	2,165	816	2,981	104	3,085
Investment management fees	(120)	(65)	(185)	(32)	(217)
Income, net of losses, on disposal of investments	673	478	1,151	129	1,280
Net provisions for asset write-downs	(63)	(2)	(65)	3	(62)
Net unit-linked adjustment (a)	(704)	-	(704)	-	(704)
Net financial income, before debt service	1,951	1,227	3,178	204	3,382
Debt service	(4)	(19)	(23)	(75)	(98)
TOTAL NET FINANCIAL INCOME	1,947	1,208	3,155	129	3,284

(a) Gain or loss resulting from the change in the market value of unit-linked investments.

32.6 Summary of net financial income of insurance companies for fiscal year 2001 pro forma

in millions of euros

	Life France	Life outside France	Life Total	Non-life France	Non-life outside France	Health France	Health outside France	Credit Insurance	Assistance	Non-life Total	Insurance Total
Investment income	1,772	471	2,243	324	289	141	20	89	11	874	3,117
Other investment income	14	2	16	25	18	-	-	13	1	57	73
Other investment expenses	(86)	(8)	(94)	(73)	(19)	-	-	(20)	(3)	(115)	(209)
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	1,700	465	2,165	276	288	141	20	82	9	816	2,981
INVESTMENT MANAGEMENT FEES	(82)	(38)	(120)	(39)	(20)	-	-	(5)	(1)	(65)	(185)
Gains on disposal of investments	970	178	1,148	535	71	-	-	63	2	671	1,819
Losses on disposal of investments	(315)	(160)	(475)	(123)	(45)	-	-	(22)	(3)	(193)	(668)
NET GAINS ON DISPOSAL OF INVESTMENTS	655	18	673	412	26	-	-	41	(1)	478	1,151
NET PROVISIONS FOR ASSET WRITE-DOWNS	(30)	(33)	(63)	19	(13)	-	-	(7)	(1)	(2)	(65)
Unit-linked adjustments (capital gains) (a)	269	(237)	32	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	32
Unit-linked adjustments (capital losses) (a)	(972)	236	(736)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(736)
NET UNIT-LINKED ADJUSTMENTS	(703)	(1)	(704)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(704)
Net financial income	1,540	411	1,951	668	281	141	20	111	6	1,227	3,178

(a) Gain or loss resulting from the change in the market value of unit-linked investments.

33 - Exceptional items

in millions of euros

	2003	2002	2001
Early retirement plan in France	-	(10)	(94)
Write-back of provisions for tax disputes and lawsuit contingencies	-	39	33
Gecina dilution gain	-	27	-
Asset provision (Argentina)	-	-	(21)
Restructuring provision	-	-	-
AGF La Lilloise network value	(15)	-	-
Provision for risks on investments in the Ahold group	15	(15)	-
Divestment of subsidiaries and guarantees thereon	-	-	-
AGF Mat	-	(88)	16
Chile	(12)	-	-
Allianz AGF MAT UK	(9)	-	-
Netherlands	3	-	-
Immospain	(2)	-	-
Entenial	(1)	-	-
Protexia International	-	(3)	-
City General	-	-	(3)
AGF Nafta (Canada)	-	-	(7)
Other subsidiaries	2	(2)	9
Sub-total divestments	(19)	(93)	15
Miscellaneous	-	(20)	(6)
Total	(19)	(72)	(73)
Other items related to exceptional income			
Taxes	(20)	21	45
Minority interests	6	-	(1)
Non-underwriting gains	-	-	-
Goodwill amortisation	(108)	(7)	(17)
Global impact of exceptional items	(141)	(58)	(46)

Fiscal year 2003

Exceptional items totalled a net charge of 19 million euros and did not include amounts related to exceptional items and booked in the following accounts:

- 20 million euros in net tax expense composed of a 27 million euro charge on the sale of Entenial and a 7 million euro credit on Mondial Assistance.
- 6 million euros in minority interests.
- 108 million euros in goodwill amortisation.

Fiscal year 2002

Exceptional items totalled a net charge of 72 million euros and did not include amounts related to exceptional items and booked in the following accounts:

- 21 million euros in tax credits composed of 3 million euros on the early retirement plan in France and 18 million euros on the sale of AGF Mat,
- 7 million euros on goodwill amortisation.

Because of the time required to assess the situation at Ahold and the lack of information needed to carry out a valuation in accordance with the Group's accounting principles, a lump-sum provision of 15 million euros, after tax, was booked against Ahold shares, in the consolidated accounts only. This charge was included in exceptional items.

"Miscellaneous" includes, among other things, a provision for the risk of loss related to the exercise of a put option on the shares of the Belgian subsidiary held by minority shareholders.

Fiscal year 2001

Exceptional items totalled a net charge of 73 million euros and did not include amounts related to exceptional items and booked in the following accounts:

- 45 million euros in net tax credits composed of 32 million euros in credits related to the early retirement plan in France, 14 million euros in credits related to the sale of AGF Mat, 1 million euros in credits related to the sale of City General and 2 million euros in charges related to the sale of Belgian subsidiaries,
- 1 million euros in minority interests,
- 17 million euros in goodwill amortisation (8 million euros on AGF Mat and 9 million euros on Argentina).

The provision booked against the Argentinean subsidiaries corresponds to the net book value of those companies.

34 - Corporate income taxes

in millions of euros

	2003	2002	2001
Taxes due	(297)	(114)	(136)
Deferred taxes	186	141	82
Total	(111)	27	(54)

Tax expenses (-) and income (+) broke down as follows:

in millions of euros

	2003	2002	2001
Tax expense due from the tax consolidation sub-group (a)	(67)	(13)	(7)
Tax expense due from companies outside tax consolidation group	(230)	(101)	(129)
Total tax expense due	(297)	(114)	(136)

in millions of euros

	2003	2002	2001
Taxes of the tax consolidation sub-group			
Income tax credit on the tax consolidation group's loss	(82)	189	(6)
Deferred taxes on deferral of life acquisition costs	(9)	(16)	(10)
Taxes on internal sales eliminated in consolidation	10	27	(19)
Taxes on timing differences	145	(64)	80
Taxes related to first consolidation differences Athéna and Allianz	4	12	14
Other	31	(109)	(8)
Deferred tax credit / (expense) of tax consolidation sub-group (a)	99	39	51
Deferred tax credit / (expense) of companies outside tax consolidation group	87	102	31
Total deferred tax credit / (expense)	186	141	82
Tax expense of tax consolidation sub-group (a)	32	26	44
Tax expense of other companies (b)	(143)	1	(98)
Total tax expense	(111)	27	(54)

(a) Taxes of the AGF tax consolidation group

Taxes for fiscal year 2003

In 2003, taxes due were reduced by using full-rate deferred losses from fiscal year 1999 amounting to 327 million euros.

Taxes for fiscal year 2002

In 2002, taxes due were reduced by using full-rate deferred losses from fiscal year 1998 amounting to 121 million euros, booked against reduced-rate taxes due.

Taxes for fiscal year 2001

In 2001, taxes due were reduced by using full-rate deferred losses from fiscal year 1996 amounting to 61 million euros, booked against reduced-rate taxes due.

(b) Taxes of the other companies

Taxes for fiscal year 2003

In 2003, taxes due related to the following companies: Euler Hermes (-75 million euros), Entenial (-31 million euros), AGF Ras Group (-25 million euros), Assurances Fédérales (-3 million euros), AGF do Brasil Group (-4 million euros), Athéna Gestion (-7 million euros), Royal Nederland Group (-3 million euros), Mondial Assistance (4 million euros), and other (-8 million euros).

Taxes for fiscal year 2002

En 2002, taxes due related to the following companies: Entenial (-74 million euros), Euler Hermes (-41 million euros), Mondial Assistance (-6 million euros), AGF do Brasil Group (-3 million euros), Athéna Afrique Group (-2 million euros), Adriatica Group (-2 million euros), AGF International (-2 million euros) and other (-17 million euros).

Taxes for fiscal year 2001

En 2001, taxes due related to the following companies: Euler Hermes (-39 million euros), AGF Ras Group (-23 million euros), Royal Nederland Group (-8 million euros), AGF do Brasil Group (-4 million euros), AGF Benelux Group (-3 million euros), Mondial Assistance (-2 million euros), Athéna Afrique Group (-2 million euros) and other (-17 million euros).

34.1 Reconciliation between theoretical and effective tax expense

in millions of euros

	2003	2002	2001
Net income, group share	763	268	732
Minority interest	64	54	54
Total net income	827	322	786
Tax credit (expense)	(111)	27	(54)
Share in earnings of equity-accounted companies	144	89	92
Pre-tax income before equity-accounted earnings	794	206	748
Theoretical tax credit / (expense)	(281)	(73)	(272)
- Permanent differences	(28)	(2)	95
of which goodwill amortisation	(79)	(55)	(39)
- Tax rate differences	(16)	53	41
- Impact of variable deferred	-	-	(12)
- Deferred tax liability on provisions for write-downs of securities	5	(5)	-
- Other differences (1)	209	54	94
Effective tax credit / (expense)	(111)	27	(54)

Statutory tax rate: 35.43% in fiscal years 2002 and 2003 and 36.43% in fiscal year 2001.

(1) In France, the 2004 tax law has made it possible to carry tax losses forward indefinitely. As a result, all tax losses and deferred taxes on timing differences (of a tax nature) were capitalised on the balance sheet. Outside France, not all tax loss carryforwards were capitalised (see note 18).

35 - Personnel

145

Average number of employees in consolidated companies:

(for proportionally consolidated companies, the number of employees is pro-rated at the consolidation percentage)

	2003	2002
Sales and marketing personnel in France	4,452	4,613
Administrative personnel in France	14,112	14,295
International network personnel (1)	15,571	15,231
Total	34,135	34,139
Personnel in France by activity:		
Non-life insurance	10,106	10,242
Life insurance	5,967	6,194
Banking	2,204	2,225
Other	287	247
Total	18,564	18,908
Personnel outside France by activity:		
Insurance	13,644	14,531
Banking	186	185
Other	1,741	515
Total	15,571	15,231
Personnel in France by rank:		
Management and related functions	7,040	6,870
Non-management	11,524	12,038
Total	18,564	18,908
Personnel outside France by rank:		
Management and related functions	1,930	1,781
Non-management	13,641	13,450
Total	15,571	15,231

Change in number of employees

(1) The change in the number of employees outside France was mainly due to changes at the Mondial Assistance and Euler Hermes groups, the consolidation of Arab Insurance, the disposal of the Phenix group, and the restructuring of the AGF Benelux, Allianz Nederland and Colseguros groups.

Total personnel expense for the AGF Group stood at 1,793 million euros in 2003, compared with 1,776 million euros in 2002.

35.1 Administrative bodies

Compensation paid in 2003 to corporate officers was as follows:

- to Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry (from 1 January to 31 December 2003) the sum of 926,984 euros including:
 - a fixed annual salary of 662,389 euros (583,264 euros in 2002),
 - a variable portion paid in 2003 of 204,891 euros. Half of variable pay is based on quantitative criteria related to earnings; the other half is based on individual, qualitative criteria.
 - directors fees of 28,400 euros paid by AGF SA and 31,304 euros paid by other Group companies.

Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry has the use of a company car and a chauffeur.

For fiscal year 2003, the Board of Directors decided, at its 23 September 2003 meeting, and on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, to award a total of 7,572 SARs to Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry.

Pre-tax compensation paid during the year to directors representing employees and employee shareholders totalled 262,294 euros including 78,800 euros in directors fees.

In 2003, directors fees paid by AGF SA to members of the Board of Directors totalled 346,700 euros, including 78,800 euros in directors fees paid to employee directors and employee shareholders and 28,400 euros paid to the Chairman.

Before AGF was privatised, a supplementary pension plan applied to the chairman, the vice-chairman and the managing directors of the insurance companies. As of 31 December 2003 commitments under this plan totalled 2.550 million euros. There are two beneficiaries of this now-closed plan: Michel Albert and Jean-Daniel Lefranc.

After AGF was privatised, a new complementary pension plan was implemented for the members of the Executive Committee, in lieu of the one that existed in nationalised insurance companies. Executive Committee members, including the corporate officers, are beneficiaries of this specific plan, whose terms are governed by company policy, approved by the Board of Directors on 15 April 1998. As of 31 December 2003, commitments under this plan totalled 8.798 million euros and had been fully paid to a management company outside the AGF Group.

35.2 Stock options

Pursuant to articles L225-177 through L225-184 of the Commercial Code, on several occasions since 1990 the General Meeting of Shareholders has granted options to subscribe or purchase stock to employees and corporate officers of the Group under terms and conditions established by law.

Compensation Committee

The mission of the Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors is to review the recommendations of general management in respect of stock purchase and subscription plans authorised by the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders and to present them to the Board for approval.

The committee comprises: Mr A. Lévy-Lang (Chairman), Mr M. Diekmann and Mrs B. Majnoni d'Intignano.

The stock option grant policy implemented within the AGF Group applies equally to all optionees, including members of the Executive Committee. Its purpose is to retain and motivate employees.

The policy is based on the decision of the Board of Directors, based in turn on a Compensation Committee report on recommendations from general management regarding stock subscription and purchase plans authorised by the shareholders at their Extraordinary General Meeting.

35.2.1 Type of options

Options granted by the Board of Directors have included stock purchase options (up until the company's privatisation), stock subscription options from 1996 until 1998, stock purchase options from 1999 until 2001 and stock subscription options again in 2002 and 2003.

35.2.2 Eligibility

The following categories of employees are eligible for stock options:

- AGF Group executives
- the officers and operating directors of subsidiaries,
- other employees, based on performance and job requirements.

35.2.3 Frequency of plan

There have been stock options granted in each year since 1990.

35.2.4 Conditions for exercising options granted in 2003

Stock options are valid for a period of eight years, or up through 21 October 2011.

Except in the event of death or disability, options cannot be exercised for the first year, or until 21 October 2004. The shares acquired through exercise of the options may not be sold until the holding period required to qualify for exemption from social benefit charges on the capital gain arising from the subscription has expired.

The termination of an employment contract or loss of a corporate officership leads to the loss of options, except in certain circumstances (death, disability, voluntary and involuntary retirement, and miscellaneous events based on the decision of the Board of Directors).

Status of stock options as of 31 December 2003

Date of grant	Option type	Total number of options that could be exercised initially	Total number of options that can be exercised (1)	Including number that can be exercised by 10 top employee optionees (2)	Including number that can be exercised by officers (3)	Number of optionees	Vesting date	Expiration date	Exercise price	Number of options exercised	Number of unexercisable options (4)	of which options that became unexercisable during the year (4)	Number of remaining options
2/02/96	(p)	637,000	638,162	76,000	20,000	178	3/02/98	2/02/04	22.82	543,668	72,962	-	21,532
19/12/96	(s)	794,150	798,993	167,750	61,250	194	20/12/98	19/12/04	23.39	537,318	115,146	8,687	146,529
17/09/97	(s)	734,500	749,436	162,637	51,098	179	17/09/02	17/09/05	31.92	694,029	11,750	-	43,657
18/09/98	(s)	959,000	978,256	214,615	61,318	230	16/10/03	16/10/06	42.59	2,250	93,514	-	882,492
14/09/99	(p)	1,000,000	1,020,521	235,055	61,318	240	12/10/04	12/10/07	47.08	3,000	73,709	-	943,812
20/09/00	(p)	1,000,000	1,020,240	130,816	42,923	341	18/10/02	18/10/08	55.80	3,000	83,132	-	934,108
19/09/01	(p)	1,022,100	1,043,317	145,793	66,427	346	17/10/03	17/10/09	47.55	-	64,288	-	979,029
2/09/02	(s)	850,000	850,000	125,690	52,520	356	30/09/04	30/09/10	33.66	1,220	-	-	848,780
23/09/03	(s)	1,118,250	1,118,250	172,000	100,000	348	21/10/04	21/10/11	42.64	-	-	-	1,118,250
TOTAL		8,115,000	8,217,175	1,430,356	516,854					1,784,485	514,501	8,687	5,918,189

(p) Purchase option

(s) Subscription option

(1) Due to an adjustment in the number and price of options that may be subscribed to or purchased and not yet exercised as of 14 May 2002, resulting from the distribution of reserves, decided on that date.

(2) In fiscal years 2001, 2002 and 2003, there were six "ties" for the 10 largest grants, bringing the total number of "top 10" optionees to 12, 14 and 11, respectively.

(3) Represents the number of options that could be exercised by Chairman Antoine Jeancourt-Galignani from February 1996 to September 2000 and by Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry since September 2001.

(4) As a result of loss of rights.

On 23 September 2003, the Board of Directors voted to grant stock subscription options to Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry: 100,000 options at 42.64 euros expiring 21 October 2011, and to the 11* top non-officer employees: 172,000 options at 42.64 euros expiring 21 October 2011.

* includes 6 "ties"

35.2.5 Stock Appreciation Rights

Allianz AG has implemented a long-term profit-sharing system for executives in all companies of the Group.

Known as the Stock Appreciation Rights Plan (SAR), the programme is a bonus mechanism tied to the price of Allianz AG stock over a seven year period. This international plan also has a hedging mechanism through which the company can limit its total pay-out when SARs are exercised.

SAR recipients receive a sum equal to the product of the share price rise and the number of options granted in addition to the regular salary paid by their employing company.

The number of options is based on salary, which is weighted by three criteria of equal weight, one based on the Allianz Group's business performance, one based on that of AGF, and the third on the evaluation of the Chairman of AGF of the performance of each grant recipient.

Options are valid for seven years, but they do not vest until two years after grant and can be exercised only if the Allianz AG share price has risen by at least 20% and has outperformed the Dow Jones Stoxx Index for five consecutive days.

For 2003, the Board of Directors decided, at its 23 September 2003 meeting and on the recommendation of the Compensation Committee, to grant 7,572 SARs to Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry.

It also granted a total of 9,291 SARs to other members of the Executive Committee.

Allianz Stock Appreciation Rights (SAR) granted to Chairman Jean-Philippe Thierry

	Number of SARs granted	Exercise price	Grant date
2001	2,318	322.14 euros	1 April 2001
2002	1,565	265.00 euros	1 April 2002
2003	7,572	65.91 euros	1 April 2003
Total	11,455		

35.3 Commitments related to pension plans and similar benefits

35.3.1 Post-employment benefits

AGF in France

Complementary pension plan for members of the Executive Committee

In France, AGF Group companies have implemented a complementary pension plan for the members of the Executive Committee, recognised as a form of post-employment benefits. The plan pays a complementary retirement benefit based on a specified period of service, limited to 20% of the average of the Committee member's salary during his or her last three years of service.

Amounts relative to defined-benefit pension plans	AGF in France
AGF direct commitments	
Pension plan commitments	8,798
Total	8,798
Plan assets	8,798
Excess of pension obligations over plan assets	-
Unrecognised gains or losses	-
Plan surplus recognised as assets	-

Major actuarial assumptions used by the pension plans (in %)	AGF in France
Discount rate	5%
Estimated return on plan assets	4.50%
Expected rate of pension increases	2%
Expected rate of salary increases	3%

Retirement bonuses

The collective bargaining agreements applicable respectively to insurance company employees and insurance sales managers provide for retirement bonuses. Benefits include payments to employees who choose to retire and who have at least ten years of service. At 31 December 2003, 14,264 employees were affected by these provisions. Payments are equal to 1/120th of the employee's gross salary over the last 12 months of employment, per year of service. At 31 December 2003, based on a discount rate of 5.25%, commitments totalled 40.3 million euros, financial assets totalled 33.9 million euros and the provision 6.4 million assets.

Euler Hermes

The Euler Hermes group has several post-employment benefit plans. These plans are negotiated and managed locally by the respective subsidiaries. Defined-benefit pension plans exist primarily in Germany, the UK and Belgium (and retirement bonuses in France). Under the defined-benefit plans, the company must pay agreed-upon benefits to its active employees and its former employees. The actuarial risk (i.e. the risk that benefits will cost more than anticipated) and the investment risk are borne essentially by the company. Certain plans are financed, either in whole or in part, by assets specifically earmarked for the plan (plan assets). These investments are managed by investment funds outside the Group and are invested primarily in equities and bonds. Defined-benefit plans are not subject to provisions for pensions but are declared under payroll liabilities.

Amounts relative to defined-benefit pension plans	Euler Hermes
AGF direct commitments	80,359
Pension plan commitments	303,411
Total	383,770
Plan assets	282,705
Excess of pension obligations over plan assets	101,065
Unrecognised gains or losses	0
Plan surplus recognised as assets	16,650

Major actuarial assumptions used by the pension plans (in %)	Euler Hermes
Discount rate	5.50%
Estimated return on plan assets	5-6%
Expected rate of pension increases	1.4-2.5%
Expected rate of salary increases	3.50%

AGF UK

AGF UK has a defined-benefit pension plan and guarantees performance under the plan. 61.34% of the assets of this fund are equities. Only a small minority are contributing members. Two-thirds of the members are former employees. The other third are beneficiaries of direct pensions, surviving spouse pensions or disability benefits.

Amounts relative to defined-benefit pension plans	AGF Insurance (UK)
AGF direct commitments	33,430
Pension plan commitments	109,570
Total	143,000
Plan assets	143,000
Excess of pension obligations over plan assets	-
Unrecognised gains or losses	-
Plan surplus recognised as assets	-

Major actuarial assumptions used by the pension plans (in %)	AGF Insurance (UK)
Discount rate	6.40%
Estimated return on plan assets	6.40%
Expected rate of pension increases	3.40%
Expected rate of salary increases	4.30%

AGF Belgium

AGF Belgium has seven pension funds, including five defined-benefit plans.

Amounts relative to defined-benefit pension plans	AGF Belgium
AGF direct commitments	46,640
Pension plan commitments	-
Total	46,640
Plan assets	30,736
Excess of pension obligations over plan assets	15,904
Unrecognised gains or losses	3,797
Plan surplus recognised as assets	-

Major actuarial assumptions used by the pension plans (in %)	AGF Belgium
Discount rate	4.72%
Estimated return on plan assets	4.65%
Expected rate of pension increases	2.00%
Expected rate of salary increases	3.50%

Allianz Nederland

There are two pension funds in the Netherlands: one Royal Nederland fund and one Zwolsche Algemeene fund. Both funds are defined-benefit plans.

Amounts relative to defined-benefit pension plans	Allianz Nederland
AGF direct commitments	241,200
Pension plan commitments	0
Total	241,200
Plan assets	241,200
Excess of pension obligations over plan assets	-
Unrecognised gains or losses	-
Plan surplus recognised as assets	-

Major actuarial assumptions used by the pension plans (in %)	Allianz Nederland
Discount rate	5.00%
Estimated return on plan assets	6.00%
Expected rate of pension increases	2.00%
Expected rate of salary increases	2.00%

35.3.2 Long-term benefits

Long service medals

Employees of AGF Group companies in France are paid a special bonus when they reach long-service milestones of 20, 30, 35 or 40 years. Commitments related to these bonuses, discounted at 5.25%, totalled 12.3 million euros at 31 December 2003 and were fully provisioned.

Long-service leaves

Employees of AGF Group companies in France earn the rights to a certain number of additional paid leave days when they reach long-service milestones of 20, 30, 35, 38 or 43 years. Commitments related to these leaves totalled 12.2 million euros and were fully provisioned.

36 - Off-balance sheet commitments

36.1 Off-balance sheet commitments of insurance companies

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Guarantees, securities, pledges (a)	429	402	356
Securities and assets acquired with a commitment to resell (b)	287	368	261
Other commitments related to securities (assets)	52	6	-
Other commitments given (c)	211	106	390
Total commitments given	979	882	1,007
Securities, loan guarantees, pledges (d)	1,205	1,183	1,139
Securities and assets acquired with a commitment to resell	-	-	-
Other commitments related to securities (assets)	-	3	-
Other commitments received (e)	1,772	1	455
Total commitments received	2,977	1,187	1,594
Securities pledged by reinsurers	698	1,031	1,186
Securities given by reinsured parties under joint and several guarantees or with substitution rights	-	2	-

(a) includes 270 million euros in bank guarantees, a 63 million euro letter of credit and warranties against future liabilities of 14 million euros

(b) includes 287 million euros in commitments to subscribe to private equity funds.

(c) includes primarily 133 million euros in unpaid premiums on the purchase of caps.

(d) includes primarily mortgage commitments of 1,161 million euros.

(e) includes primarily Allianz Leben shares pledged as collateral as follows: 665 million euros at AGF Iart and 960 million euros at AGF Vie.

Other off-balance sheet commitments

AGF employee retirement plan

Under the agreement entered into in September 1999 with labour unions on the closing of the AGF lead retirement plan, the allocation paid by the fund takes two forms:

- a differential benefit, paid to pensioners who took retirement before the plan was closed (i.e. before 15 September 1999). Its annual amount is calculated by subtracting other retirement amounts (SS, ARRCO, AGIRC, RRP) from the overall benefit paid by the fund. Starting in 2000 and up through 2004, the overall benefit will be revalued each year by a rate equal to the average of ARRCO and AGIRC increases less 2% with a floor of 0%. Starting in 2005, the fund board of directors may adopt more favourable valuation rules up to certain limits if the plan situation permits.
- an additive benefit granted to active employees at the time the plan was closed (on 15 September 1999). The amount of this benefit was calculated at the closing date on the basis of each qualifying employee's situation as of 31 December 1998. The rights of active employees will increase on the basis of the financial performance of the investments, recognising that a revaluation rate of 4.5% has been selected. The revaluation rate is decided each year by the Board of Directors.

Retirement commitments will be met by provisions booked from fund reserves and a contribution of 144.8 million euros paid in late 1999 by the company for the purpose of guaranteeing its commitments, which totalled 229 million euros at 31 December 2003.

At 31 December 2003, assets totalled 251 million euros, including 87.6% in fixed-income instruments and 12.4% in equities. The fair value of the assets was 242.5 million euros.

Investment income totalled 10.7 million euros and realised capital gains 8.6 million euros.

Guarantee received by AGF Belgium Insurance

AGF Belgium Insurance has received mortgage commitments of 1,161 million euros as security for loans granted.

Guarantee given by AGF Belgium Insurance

AGF Belgium Insurance has granted a guarantee to ING Belgique SA, in connection with the sale of AGF Belgium Bank, limited to 45% of the sale price. The guarantee is valid for two years from the effective date.

Guarantee given by AGF Insurance UK Ltd.

AGF Insurance UK Ltd has made a commitment, via LUC Holding Ltd, to manage and lease the London Underwriting Centre until 2016. The amount of the commitment corresponds to the remaining lease payments.

Sale of Allianz Marine UK Ltd.

As part of its effort to group all MAT activities in one place within the Allianz Group, Allianz and AGF agreed that during 2003 AGF Iart will sell its wholly-owned subsidiary Allianz AGF Mat Ltd, renamed Allianz Marine (UK) Ltd in 2002. In 2000, Allianz Marine (UK) Ltd. purchased a 25% stake in Tindall Riley Marine Ltd, a mutual shipowners' management company, with a commitment gradually to take control (50% in 2003, 100% in 2006). The transaction, approved by the Transactions Committee, also included guarantees from AGF Iart in favour of Allianz Marine & Aviation Versicherungs-Aktiengesellschaft Hamburg, the transferee. These guarantees are limited to GBP 10 million.

Commitment to pay premiums on Cat bonds

Under the reinsurance program to cover storm risk in France and earthquake risk in Monaco, AGF Iart promised to pay 34 million dollars to the Irish company Mediterranean-Re before the end of 2005. The amount remaining to be paid at 31 December 2003 was 14 million dollars.

Commitments to Allianz related to the sale of AGF Mat (see note 39).

All quantifiable commitments are indicated herein. If it was not possible to quantify a commitment, no figure was indicated. All material commitments, in accordance with applicable accounting standards, are presented herein.

36.2 Off-balance sheet commitments of banks

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Financial guarantees given	1,510	1,420	1,216
Financial guarantees received	1,656	1,720	1,776
Guarantee commitments given	1,526	1,038	708
Guarantee commitments received	2,231	2,089	1,988
Security commitments to be delivered	2	14	3
Security commitments to be received	2	13	14
Total commitments given	3,038	2,472	1,927
Total commitments received	3,889	3,822	3,778

Guarantee granted by Banque AGF

Banque AGF has issued a guarantee on behalf of AGF in favour of the French tax authorities for the following amounts in respect of outstanding disputes:

- 19.8 million euros to cover an AGF Group tax audit related to the 1994, 1995 and 1996 tax years,
- 12.2 million euros to cover back taxes charged to Allianz Holding France and related to the 1997 and 1998 tax years.

Liability guarantee granted to Eurofactor

Eurofactor has notified Euler Hermes of items covered under the liability guarantee granted by Euler Hermes to Eurofactor. As of 31 December 2003, the corresponding amounts are covered by specific provisions in the accounts of Euler Hermes and Eurofactor. These amounts may still vary in the future depending on changes in underlying events.

Financing of defeasances

1st defeasance (see note 17)

2nd defeasance (see note 17)

All quantifiable commitments are indicated herein. If it was not possible to quantify a commitment, no figure was indicated. All material commitments, in accordance with applicable accounting standards, are presented herein.

36.3 Off-balance sheet commitments of other activities

in millions of euros

	31.12.2003	31.12.2002	31.12.2001
Pledges, loans and other guarantees (a)	81	90	287
Other commitments related to securities (assets)	-	-	-
Other commitments given (b)	121	118	115
Total commitments given	202	208	402
Pledges, loans and other guarantees	16	11	15
Other commitments related to securities (assets)	-	5	-
Other commitments received (c)	654	613	749
Total commitments received	670	629	764

(a) Property guarantees totalling 30 million euros

(b) Guarantee given to the employees of Banco Atlantico

AGF International guarantees payment, up to 3 million euros, of pension obligations for the employees of Banco Atlantico under a policy (no. 0700047719) underwritten by Allianz Seguros.

Guarantee given to employees of Banco Espagnol de Crédito

AGF International guarantees payment, up to 69 million euros, of pension obligations for the employees of Banco Espagnol de Credito under an insurance policy (no. 215252) underwritten by Allianz Seguros.

Guarantee given by AGF International to ING Belgique SA

AGF International guarantees commitments of AGF Belgium Insurance for the benefit of ING Belgique in connection with the sale of AGF Belgium Bank.

Guarantee given by AGF Brasil Seguros and AGF Do Brasil to Banco Itau Holding Financiera

AGF Brasil Seguros and AGF Do Brasil have agreed to sell their shares in AGF Vida e Previdencia and Banco AGF to Banco Itau Holding Financiera under certain conditions.

Guarantee given by AGF International to Allianz Suisse Versicherungs-Gesellschaft

Following the sale of Phénix in Switzerland, AGF International granted Allianz Suisse a special guarantee on a provision in the 2002 accounts.

Guarantee given to Allianz AG

AGF International has agreed to reimburse Allianz AG, after receipt by AGF Allianz Argentina, of future interest from INdER (Instituto Nacional de Reaseguro). This guarantee is valid for five years.

Guarantee given by AGF International to PENTA Ise Las Americas

AGF International has granted a guarantee against future liabilities to the Penta - Ise Las Americas group in the context of AGF's sale of Allianz Chile Compania de Seguros Vida, corresponding to 10% of the sale price, until 30 October 2004.

(c) 600 million euro line of credit granted to AGF Cash by a credit institution

Guarantee received from Allianz AG

Allianz has made a commitment to AGF International to adjust the purchase price of AGF Espana (Luxembourg) SA in the event the latter's tax-loss carryforward can be used. The adjustment would be equal to 50% of the tax savings realised.

Reciprocal commitments

AGF International has agreed to sell and Allianz AG to buy the shares of Allianz General Insurance Malaysia Berhad, as soon as local authorities allow the transaction.

Other commitments (not included in the above table):

Guarantee against currency fluctuation given to Arsa BV

AGF International has promised to compensate AGF BV, since renamed Arsa BV, for any currency fluctuation on funds lent or borrowed.

Guarantee to Generali in respect of the sale of AMB

AGF International gave Generali a guarantee in respect of taxation when it sold its stake in AMB.

Commitments related to the acquisition of ARSA and Allianz Inversiones securities

The agreement in respect of the acquisition of the securities of Arsa and Allianz Inversiones included the following commitments:

a) Allianz AG promised to reimburse AGF International in the event that Arsa and/or Allianz Inversiones ("the companies") are required to pay the following in France, Chile or the Netherlands:

- taxes on capital gains as of contract date,
- corporate taxes as of contract date,
- other taxes in respect of the distribution of profits referred to above,
- any additional taxes incurred locally on amounts paid prior to the acquisition.

AGF International has agreed to give Allianz AG prior notice of any operation that might give rise to the taxes referred to above so that it may participate fully in preliminary discussions.

b) AGF International has promised to reimburse Allianz AG 56.34% of the amount received from the Venezuelan government due to any litigation on Van Dam bonds as soon as such litigation is concluded.

c) Any payments in respect of the guarantees given to Bice by Allianz Inversiones on sales of securities of Allianz Bice de Seguros de Vida will be paid directly by Allianz AG to Allianz Inversiones in the event that such guarantees are actually invoked.

Commitments related to AILC's bancassurance agreement in Egypt

Banque Misr and MIBank are the bancassurance partners of AILC, a life insurance subsidiary of AGF International and Allianz AG. AGF International has made a commitment to make Banque Misr and MIBank shareholders of AILC through a capital increase and a sale of shares to be carried out during the first half of 2004, provided bancassurance objectives are met.

Tax guarantees

In connection with the sale of S.P.S. in Portugal and AGF Union Fénix (now Allianz Seguros) in Spain, AGF International has agreed to pay any amount of back taxes.

AGF Insurance UK Ltd has received a commitment from Allianz UK to reimburse 50% of any tax savings derived from future use of tax-loss carryforwards.

Guarantee given to Price Waterhouse Coopers

AGF has given a guarantee to Price Waterhouse Coopers indemnifying the latter in the event of any legal proceedings in respect of its peer review of the Ernst & Young audit to evaluate the quality of searches for unclaimed policies.

Guarantee given to the Total Fina Elf group

A letter of guarantee given to Total Fina Elf in terms of the respect by AGF Vie of its contractual and financial obligations in an insurance policy it issued under a group defined benefit retirement policy.

Sale of Entenial

AGF SA has given customary guarantees and potentially specific performance guarantees regarding defeasance transactions and is jointly and severally liable under Banque AGF's commitments to CFF.

Commitment made to Sophia

In a letter dated 27 June 2000, AGF made certain commitments to the CECEI concerning the long-term nature of its stake in Sophia and regarding the procedures to be followed prior to any material change in its 29% ownership stake or in its active participation on Sophia's board of directors in terms of defining strategic direction. The letter also guarantees that Sophia will maintain its coefficient of share capital and permanent resources at no less than 75%.

All quantifiable commitments are indicated herein. If it was not possible to quantify a commitment, no figure was indicated.

All material commitments, in accordance with applicable accounting standards, are presented herein.

37 - Financial instruments

37.1. Insurance segment operations

in millions of euros

A. Interest rate swaps	Value of swaps at 31.12.2003			Expiration of notional value			Counterparty risk			
	Face value	Market value	Unrealised profit/loss	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	AAA	AA	A	< BB
HEDGING										
On over-the-counter markets										
Floating-rate payer / fixed-rate receiver	388	(9)	(9)	4	384	-	-	333	55	-
Fixed-rate payer / floating-rate receiver	15	-	-	-	15	-	-	15	-	-
Fixed-rate payer / fixed-rate receiver	7	-	-	-	7	-	-	7	-	-
Floating-rate payer / floating-rate receiver	7	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	-	7
Asset swaps	7	-	-	7	-	-	-	-	7	-
Other swaps	587	-	-	-	587	-	-	587	-	-
Total	1,011	(9)	(9)	18	993	-	-	942	62	7

in millions of euros

B. Financial instruments	Value of swaps at 31.12.2003			Expiration of notional value			Counterparty risk			
	Face value	Market value	Unrealised profit/loss	Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	AAA	AA	A	Unlisted
HEDGING										
On over-the-counter markets:										
Purchase of caps	10,122	(47)	(47)	-	6,867	3,255	1,250	5,116	3,756	-
Purchase of puts	5,783	22	14	4,765	1,018	-	500	3,826	1,357	100
Purchase of security options	17	-	-	15	1	1	16	1	-	-
Purchase of interest rate options	230	13	13	130	100	-	-	230	-	-
Purchase of index options	255	-	(2)	99	137	19	-	255	-	-
Total	16,407	(12)	(22)	5,009	8,123	3,275	1,766	9,428	5,113	100
Sale of calls	962	(8)	(12)	962	-	-	-	802	125	35
Sale of puts	1,069	3	-	1,069	-	-	-	654	334	81
Sale of interest rate options	9	1	-	9	-	-	-	9	-	-
Sale of index options	161	1	(2)	96	65	-	5	156	-	-
Total	2,201	(3)	(14)	2,136	65	-	5	1,621	459	116
On organised markets:										
Purchase of index options	103	(2)	(2)	103	-	-	-	-	-	103
Total	103	(2)	(2)	103	-	-	-	-	-	103

Financial futures instruments at 31 December 2003

The new provisions of CRC rule 2000-09 have been implemented. Accordingly, each strategy is documented at the time it is initiated.

A/ AGF Vie and AGF Iart

All of the strategies described below constitute yield-oriented strategies, as defined in the CNC opinion of 22/10/2002, with the exception of other swaps (divestment strategies) and relate to assets held in a portfolio:

The purchase of 8 to 10 year caps is an overall hedging strategy for a part of the bond investment lines in AGF Vie's portfolio. At 31 December 2003, the face value stood at 10,122 million euros, which equalled the off-balance sheet commitment received. The off-balance sheet commitment given of 132.5 million euros is for premiums remaining to be paid.

The purpose of asset swaps at AGF Vie is to modify the type of flows on a held asset. The off-balance sheet amount was 7.3 million euros.

Off-balance sheet amounts equalled the face value of contracts stated in euros.

Purchases and sales of index options constitute macro-hedging strategies with the objective of adjusting equity exposure in terms of a benchmark. The face value of contracts was 77.3 million euros for AGF Vie and 26 million euros for AGF Iart.

Other swaps correspond to a reduction in exposure on certain securities. The face value was 416.6 million euros for AGF Vie and 170.2 million euros for AGF Iart. In the sense of the CNC regulation, only these transactions constituted divestment strategies.

Tunnel-type strategies (purchase of puts financed by the sale of calls on the DJ EuroStoxx50 index) have been implemented so as to limit risk on equities. They enable AGF to protect itself from downside risk while preserving exposure to a portion of the market's upside potential. (Commitment: 2,000 million euros at AGF Vie and 1,000 million euros at AGF Iart).

Purchases of puts on swaps (swaptions) constitute hedging strategies for the bond investment lines of AGF Vie and AGF IART in order to protect them from the risk of increasing interest rates.

All strategies combined (equities and fixed-income), off-balance sheet commitments at AGF Vie on put purchases of 4,142.4 million euros, on put sales of 667 million euros and on call sales of 677.4 million euros, and at AGF Iart on put purchases of 1,541 million euros, on put sales of 320.9 million euros and on call sales of 249.4 million euros correspond to the face value of contracts.

For AGF Vie, 75.5 million euros were included in prepayments and accrued income and 29.1 million euros in accruals and deferred income. For AGF Iart, 15.9 million euros were included in prepayments and accrued income and 3 million euros in accruals and deferred income.

During the period under review, the AGF Group recognised losses of 196.7 million euros and gains of 211.8 million euros.

Operations were conducted with a limited number of quality counterparties selected by a risk committee and subject to qualitative ratings.

B/ Euler Hermes

The face value of swaps is 388 million euros, corresponding to 8 interest rate swap contracts.

C/ AGF Belgium Insurance

Non-life

To limit the risk on equities in non-life insurance, put-spread options hedging strategies have been implemented. They protect the portfolio against the risk of a sharp drop in the market. Included in open positions as of 31 December 2003 were index options purchased on notional amounts totalling 169.3 million euros and index options sold on notional amounts totalling 140.3 million euros.

2.7 million euros were booked in prepayments and accrued income and 2.3 million euros in accruals and deferred income.

The results of the period under review represent positions that have been closed out. They include gains of 0.6 million euros on investment/divestment strategies and gains of 1.2 million euros and losses of 0.5 million euros on yield strategies.

Life

In life insurance hedging strategies oriented towards yield and alternative investment were implemented. There were 29.9 million euros in options sold and 26.2 million euros in options purchased (notional amounts). 1.8 million euros were booked in prepayments and accrued income and 2 million euros were booked in accruals and deferred income.

The results of the period under consideration represent positions that have been closed out. They include gains of 8.8 million euros and losses of 3.6 million euros on investment / divestment strategies and gains of 3.9 million euros and losses of 3.8 million euros on yield strategies.

Series A swaptions (1999)

Receiver swaptions expiring in 2004, 2005 and 2007 have been purchased in the Life portfolio on a notional amount of 130 million euros so as to hedge the reinvestment risk on the repayment of linear bonds (OLOs). The risk of low interest rates is covered by the option to enter a long-term receiver swap at 6.25% (net guaranteed rate between 5.59% to 5.63%, depending on the transaction).

Series B swaptions (2003)

Two payer swaptions expiring in 2004 were purchased in the Life portfolio on a notional amount of 100 million euros so as to hedge against the risk of rising interest rates. These swaptions hedge against a significant upward correction by making it possible to enter a payer swap at 4.70%.

0.2 million euros was booked in prepayments and accrued income.

ABI swap (2003)

The above strategy was complemented by the purchase of a payer swap at 4.115% on a notional amount of 15 million euros so as to immunise a part of the Life portfolio.

0.4 million euros was booked in accruals and deferred income.

37.2 Banking segment operations

in millions of euros

A. Interest rate swaps

	Face value	Market value	Expiration of notional value			Counterparty risk					Issuer		
			Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	AAA	AA	A	<BB	Unrated	OECD credit institutions	Non-OECD credit institutions	Gov'ts, central banks
HEDGING													
On over-the-counter markets:													
Fixed-rate payer / floating-rate receiver	11,386	234	3,026	2,545	5,815	6,090	4,647	649	-	-	10,438	-	948
Floating-rate payer / fixed-rate receiver	14,385	(155)	1,221	4,064	9,100	7,023	6,206	851	-	305	14,320	-	65
Floating-rate payer / floating-rate receiver	519	(7)	416	-	103	-	453	46	20	-	449	20	50
Asset swaps	118	(2)	29	79	10	-	67	51	-	-	-	-	118
Total (a)	26,408	70	4,692	6,688	15,028	13,113	11,373	1,597	20	305	25,207	20	1,181
POSITION MANAGEMENT													
On over-the-counter markets:													
Fixed-rate payer / floating-rate receiver	812	(12)	10	580	222	20	676	107	9	-	-	9	803
Floating-rate payer / fixed-rate receiver	1,208	37	564	374	270	-	739	459	10	-	-	10	1,198
Floating-rate payer / floating-rate receiver	441	6	45	121	275	30	186	180	45	-	44	-	397
Total (a)	2,461	31	619	1,075	767	50	1,601	746	64	-	44	19	2,398

(a) For hedging instruments, no unrealised profit or loss is shown.

in millions of euros

B. Financial instruments

	Face value	Market value	Expiration of notional value			Counterparty risk					Issuer		
			Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	AAA	AA	A	Unrated	OECD credit institutions	Cus-tomers	Gov'ts, central banks	
HEDGING													
On over-the-counter markets:													
Purchase of FRAs	3,895	(3)	3,499	396	-	500	2,499	896	-	-	3,895	-	-
Purchase of caps	4,332	68	1,088	593	2,651	1,659	2,427	246	-	-	4,332	-	-
Purchase of floors	1,035	8	-	-	1,035	702	227	106	-	-	1,035	-	-
Total	9,262	73	4,587	989	3,686	2,861	5,153	1,248	-	-	9,262	-	-
Sale of caps	1,189	(10)	462	25	702	685	257	200	47	-	1,142	47	-
Sale of floors	907	(3)	208	15	684	349	510	48	-	-	907	-	-
Total	2,096	(13)	670	40	1,386	1,034	767	248	47	-	2,049	47	-
POSITION MANAGEMENT													
On organised markets:													
Purchase of int. rate instruments	500	-	-	500	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
On over-the-counter markets													
Purchase of currency options	16	-	16	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

37.3 Other activity segment operations

in millions of euros

A. Interest rate swaps

	Face value	Market value	Unrealised profit/loss	Expiration of notional value			Counterparty risk			
				Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	AAA	AA	A	Unrated
HEDGING										
On over-the-counter markets:										
Fixed-rate payer / floating-rate receiver	1,170	(29)	(29)	191	379	600	304	754	112	-
Floating-rate payer / fixed-rate receiver	1,015	6	6	-	1,015	-	153	862	-	-
Total	2,185	(23)	(23)	191	1,394	600	457	1,616	112	-

(1) Swap implemented as part of a strategy to hedge debt exposure (see note 25).

B. Financial instruments

	Face value	Market value	Unrealised profit/loss	Expiration of national value			Counterparty risk				
				Less than 1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	More than 5 years	AAA	AA	A	Unrated	
HEDGING											
On over-the-counter markets:											
Purchase of puts	80	46	-	-	80	-	-	-	-	-	80
Sale of calls	117	46	-	-	117	-	-	-	-	-	117
Total	197	92	-	-	197	-	-	-	-	-	197

Commitment to buy shares of AGF Belgium Holding

Under the cash offer for Assubel Vie, partner companies acquired shares of AGF Belgium Holding (formerly AGF Assubel). An agreement with these partners requires AGF Benelux to acquire the shares of AGF Belgium Holding allocated to Assubel AT and Arag. The put option is exercisable once a year from 1997 to 2005 at specific terms.

The face value of 80.4 million euros corresponds to the commitment given.

Under the same agreement, AGF Benelux has a call option on the same companies, exercisable once a year between 1 September and 30 November each year from 1997 until 2005 at specific terms.

The face value of 117.3 million euros corresponds to the commitment received.

Lastly, AGF Benelux has pre-emption rights in the event one of the parties wishes to sell all or part of the AGF Belgium Holding shares it holds, either to each other or to a third party.

38 - Disputes

Belgium

Subsequent to a complaint filed in June 1987, long before AGF held its controlling interest in its Belgian subsidiary, a lawsuit was instigated in Belgian Courts against several officers and employees of our subsidiary Assubel Vie, based on several charges, including falsifying the balance sheet and embezzlement to the detriment of Assubel Vie policyholders and shareholders.

In a judgement dated 15 October 1998, the Correctional Court in Belgium upheld the charge of balance sheet falsification, but rejected that of embezzlement. The Court also stated in its summary judgement that Assubel-Vie was civilly responsible, and as such, should pay each shareholder provisional damages of one Belgian franc. The responsibility for establishing the full amount of damages was assigned to a panel of experts.

Assubel-Vie reviewed the judgement carefully and filed an appeal, believing that the chances of a review before the Court of Appeal in Brussels were strong.

In a judgement dated 29 June 1999, the Brussels Court of Appeals partially upheld the position of Assubel-Vie, while ruling that shareholders and policyholders had suffered damages, but only as a result of falsified statements. Consequently, the Court modified the mission of the experts responsible for financial loss assessment. Following the advice of legal counsel, Assubel-Vie appealed against this part of the judgement, deferring its application particularly in respect of the appraisal implementation.

In a judgement handed down 3 May 2000, the Supreme Court of Appeal (Cour de Cassation) rejected all arguments presented by the civil parties. It did, however, uphold one of the arguments by Assubel-Vie, and therefore, partially overturned the 29 June decree citing a contradiction as to the existence of damages in respect of balance sheet falsification. The matter has been referred to the Court of Appeals of Mons in respect of this one issue only. In a judgement dated 9 October 2002, the Court of Appeal of Mons upheld the position of Assubel-Vie that the policyholders and shareholders had suffered no damages from falsified statements. The civil parties appealed against the ruling to the Supreme Court of Appeal.

On 11 June 2003, the Supreme Court of Appeal partially overturned the decision of the Court of Appeal of Mons and referred the case to the Court of Appeal of Liège, which is to rule on whether or not the shareholders and policyholders of Assubel Vie suffered damages as a result of balance sheet falsification.

In the context of the same case, on 15 January 2002 an order was served on AGF Belgium by 402 life policyholders for an audience before the civil courts of Brussels, on the grounds that Assubel Vie wrongfully failed to inform its policyholders of statutory modifications that occurred in early 1988 and that these changes were prejudicial to them.

Belgium / Luxembourg

In the context of an investigation opened in the spring of 1998 regarding the terms of a Luxembourg-based life insurance product sold in Belgium under the freedom-of-service principle between 1992 and 1998, AGF Belgium, its Luxembourg subsidiary and their current legal representatives were placed under formal investigation at the end of February 2003 by the judge in charge of the investigation. The charges include, in particular, tax fraud, falsified financial statements and money laundering. At the end of March 2003, the investigating magistrate also placed an AGF Group company in France and its legal representative under formal investigation on the same charges.

These charges originate in the existence of a partial permanent establishment in Belgium, in taxation terms, of the Luxembourg subsidiary. This establishment was dissolved in 1998.

Given our current knowledge and taking into account the secrecy of the investigation, which is still ongoing, it appears that this procedure will not have a material financial impact and that the charges currently directed against the persons and legal entities involved will not stand up over time.

Israel

A lawsuit has developed out of a complaint brought before Israeli courts in 1989. The plaintiffs claim that AGF should pay for losses suffered in the mid-1980s under a so-called "bankers' policy" held by North American Bank, which is headquartered in Israel. AGF IART management contends that the benefit was unearned, and external counsel believes there are very solid legal arguments for upholding that position. The claim is estimated at about \$100 million, or \$50 million after reinsurance. For procedural reasons, the underlying trial did not begin in 2003.

Adidas

CEDP (formerly Bernard Tapie Finance) represented by an ad hoc representative appointed by the Commercial Court of Paris has filed suit against Crédit Lyonnais and its former subsidiaries for payment of 1 billion euros in damages because of fraud allegedly committed at the time of the sale of Adidas.

AGF Holding (ex-Métropole) and Banque AGF (ex-Banque du Phénix), as well as other parties to the sale of Adidas, are also summoned in order to declare a common judgement for all parties so CEDP retains the right to pursue its claims.

In a judgement handed down 22 June 1999, the Commercial Court of Paris referred the case to the Court of Appeals of Paris because it is related to the 20 February 1996 civil action brought by the receivers of the Bernard Tapie Group against Credit Lyonnais, CDR Créances (formerly SDBO) and CDR Participations (formerly SA Clinvest). Therefore, the matter is still pending before the Court of Appeals, which pronounced a postponement of judgement on 23 January 1998 while awaiting a definitive decision on the criminal matter now in process. In a ruling dated 28 June 2002, the Paris Court of Appeals maintained the postponement of judgement.

The Holocaust

Like all French insurance companies concerned, AGF participated in a study on the confiscation of Jewish assets in France during the Occupation, which was instigated in February 1997 and is chaired by Jean Matteoli.

This initiative, which was conducted by the French Federation of Insurance Companies, led to an inventory of the company's archives in respect of policies underwritten prior to 1 January 1946, the results of which were communicated to the Matteoli Commission. The AGF Group also contributed to the payment by the French Federation of Insurance Companies to public authorities on behalf of the profession.

The Allianz Group, which includes AGF, is a signatory party to the Memorandum of Understanding of 25 August 1998, and therefore, a part of the effort now going on.

Entenial

A group of minority shareholders of Entenial filed suit against Banque AGF (formerly CFP), AGF and Entenial in order to cancel an amendment to the 1992 agreement between Banque AGF and Entenial for selling property receivables.

In additional conclusions, the plaintiffs also asked that AGF and Banque AGF be ordered to pay 150 million euros in damages to Entenial because of various transactions that occurred under the rescue plan in respect of the latter.

The case is only at the stage of procedural hearings. In a judgement dated 10 November 2000 the Commercial Court of Versailles combined the two suits brought by the plaintiffs against AGF and other defendants based on the same complaints. This judgement was confirmed by a ruling of the Versailles Court of Appeals on 11 October 2001. As a result, the underlying procedure in the Commercial Court of Versailles has resumed.

AGF believes that it has very strong arguments to make against the plaintiffs in respect of both the form and substance of the complaint.

On 31 January 2000, CDC, Gan and Axa filed suit against Entenial in the Commercial Court of Versailles, demanding payment of FRF55m in respect of the clawback provision of the first defeasance. An initial procedural hearing took place on 21 February 2000 during which attorneys were selected.

In the second half of 2001, the court decided to order an appraisal. The conclusions have not yet been communicated to the litigants.

Entenial maintains that it benefits from commitments made by the French government in its favour, because in the agreement of 19 December 1994, AGF planned an unwinding.

AGF also maintains that the above agreement with the French government rendered the clawback provision obsolete.

GIE AGF Informatique

A dispute has arisen between GIE AGF Informatique and a supplier over the execution of a contract for data processing-related services. On 7 March 2000, this service provider filed a suit against AGF Informatique in the Commercial Court of Paris asking for payment of various sums in respect of services and related damages.

In a judgement dated 14 February 2001, the Commercial Court of Paris rejected most of the requests of the service provider, while still holding that AGF Informatique owed a balance of 3.2 million euros. On 6 November 2003, the Paris Court of Appeal upheld the lower court ruling.

AGF Vie and AGF Iart

In June 1999, a lawsuit was brought before the Commercial Court of Paris against AGF Vie and AGF Iart, claiming 26 million euros in damages for their refusal to negotiate the amount of a profit-sharing entitlement allegedly due under a group insurance policy. Both companies are contesting the validity of the charge. On 28 June 2002, the Commercial Court of Paris ruled in favour of AGF Vie and AGF Iart. An appeal has been filed against this judgement.

In a separate action, AGF Vie and AGF Iart were sued for unfair competition in the transfer of a Group policy, with the plaintiff claiming damages of 54 million euros. An out-of-court settlement was reached on 23 September 2003, putting an end to the dispute.

39 - *Ties with sister companies*

39.1 Large risks business

The Allianz Group's Large Risks business was reorganised in 2001. In an effort to increase its underwriting capacity and make the underwriting policies of the various Group companies homogenous, Allianz Global Risks (AGR) was formed.

Local insurance companies continue to underwrite Large Risk policies. Under a proportional reinsurance treaty, they now cede to AGR the equivalent of what they previously ceded to the traditional reinsurance market. AGF Iart cedes 70% of its risks, but this percentage varies from country to country. The volume of premiums ceded in 2003 by the companies in the AGF scope of consolidation was 280 million euros, including 183 million euros ceded by AGF Iart. AGR earned a profit of 89 million euros, including 49 million euros with respect to AGF Iart.

● 39.2 Other reinsurance transactions

Allianz is involved in determining neither AGF's reinsurance programmes nor those of its subsidiaries. But as a reinsurer, it accepts business ceded by AGF and its subsidiaries under facultative treaties.

Its participation is in accordance with a certain number of principles. First, the underwriting and financial conditions of the sale must be identical to those applied to all reinsurers. Moreover, the level of Allianz participation is established so as to optimise the placement with third-party reinsurers.

Companies in the AGF scope of consolidation ceded a total of 331 million euros in premiums to Allianz AG in 2003, of which AGF Iart and AGF Vie ceded 42 million euros

These cessions resulted in a profit of 83 million euros for Allianz AG, including 18 million euros with respect to AGF Iart and AGF Vie.

● 39.3 Reorganisation of MAT activities under Allianz Globus Mat

In the context of the planned new breakdown of activities within the Allianz group, AGF, AGF Vie, AGF Holding and AGF Iart sold all of their shares in AGF Mat to Allianz AG on 28 December 2001.

The sale price was set at 131,734,622 euros. This price was subject to adjustment depending on the definitive value of the net assets of AGF Mat as of 31 December 2001.

In addition, the sale contract includes a clause guaranteeing that the total net profit of the direct and indirect insurance policies in underwriting years prior to and including 2001 contained neither boni nor mali as well as a guarantee clause in the event of reinsurer default. These guarantees are not limited. The contract also contains the customary general guarantees, in particular a guarantee against tax liabilities. The guarantees granted by the AGF companies to Allianz AG are proportional to the AGF Mat holdings they sold.

Because AGF Mat's accounts must be examined in detail, an adjustment to the sale price has not yet been completed. AGF and Allianz agreed to make an initial adjustment of 3.011 million euros, paid to Allianz on 4 October 2002, and to continue examining the accounts with a view towards additional price adjustments.

Preliminary work on AGF Mat's third-party accounts and risks related to profits on the insurance portfolio in the years prior to the sale, as well as work on receivables from doubtful reinsurers have prompted AGF to book a provision of 85 million euros as of 31 December 2002. As of 31 December 2003, this amount was unchanged.

● 39.4 Acquisition of Dresdner RCM Gestion

Following the Board of Directors' decision of 14 May 2002, AGF acquired all 128,750 shares comprising the capital stock of Dresdner RCM Gestion from Dresdner Bank Gestions France on 24 July 2002 for 28 million euros. In the context of the transaction, the seller granted the customary general guarantees to AGF. These guarantees will be valid for three years, except for those related to tax liabilities, which are valid until one month after the expiration of the term of limitation.

Dresdner RCM Gestion was part of the Dresdner banking group. In 2001, Dresdner was acquired by Allianz, which also controls AGF. Consequently, it was decided to group the fund management activities of Dresdner RCM Gestion and DRCM Gestion Europe, its subsidiary, with those of AGF Asset Management and Athéna Gestion, subsidiaries of AGF. Accordingly, Dresdner RCM Gestion and DRCM Gestion Europe were absorbed by AGF Asset Management and Athéna Gestion, respectively, during 2002.

● 39.5 Commitments to purchase and sell shares of Allianz General Insurance Malaysia Berhad

The AGF Group holds 22.01% of the shares of Malaysia British Assurance Berhad (MBA) now named Allianz General Insurance Malaysia Berhad (AZGIM). AGF International holds 2.61% and AGF Asia Private Ltd, its subsidiary, holds 19.40%.

Allianz AG has committed to buy all of the AZGIM shares held by AGF as soon as the Malaysian regulatory authorities allow the transaction.

● 39.6 Acquisition of Hermes

Under the acquisition contract, Euler Hermes received a guarantee from the seller that the accounts of Hermes AG present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of the company as of 31 December 2001. The amount of the guarantee is capped at 15 million euros, after an exemption for the first 5 million euros.

There is also a specific guarantee regarding the tax situation of Hermes AG and its subsidiaries as of 31 December 2001 under which the buyer or the seller will be compensated for any change in back taxes, either upwards or downwards. This guarantee is limited neither in amount nor in duration.

● 39.7 Acquisition of Dresdner Gestion Privée

Following its acquisition by Allianz, Dresdner Bank AG consulted with the AGF Group with a view to selling part of its France-based activities. In this context, the AGF Group agreed to acquire 100% of the shares of Dresdner Gestion Privée (DGP), an investment services company active in private banking, from Dresdner Bank AG.

Concluded on 11 July 2003, the agreement includes the customary guarantees extended by the seller for the benefit of AGF Holding. These guarantees are valid for three years, except for tax-related guarantees which expire according to the corresponding statute of limitations. These guarantees are limited to 8.2 million euros.

● 39.8 Subordinated loan

On 14 November 2002, Allianz Finance BV granted a 700 million euro, 20-year subordinated loan to AGF SA at a fixed rate of 5.445% for the first ten years, followed by a floating rate of 3-month Euribor + 183 basis points. After the tenth year, AGF may repay Allianz Finance BV at each quarterly interest payment date. In addition, Allianz Finance BV may request prepayment provided such prepayment would not jeopardise certain solvency ratios of the AGF Group.

AGF Vie has granted a 10-year, 700 million euro loan to Allianz AG at a fixed interest rate of 4.805%. The borrower may prepay the loan at any time.

AGF Iart has granted a 10-year 500 million euro loan to Allianz AG at a floating interest rate of 6-month Euribor plus 35 basis points. In December 2003, Allianz Leben shares were pledged to AGF Vie and AGF Iart as collateral for the above-mentioned loans.

40 - Events subsequent to closing

On 4 February 2004 AGF and Crédit Foncier finalised the sale of 72.16% of the shares of Entenial, held by AGF via its subsidiary, Banque AGF.

The sale was concluded prior to the end of fiscal year 2003, but effective control was not transferred until after the statement date, on 4 February 2004.

At 31 December 2003, the Entenial group was in the process of being sold and was consolidated according to the same methods and using the same presentation as at the previous statement date.

A provision of 28.2 million euros (including tax) was booked in the consolidated 2003 accounts to cover capital losses on the impending sale of the Entenial shares held by the AGF Group.

On 28 January 2004, AGF tendered its entire stake in Sophia to the takeover bid launched by GE Real Estate Investissement.

Sale of Brazilian life insurance and asset management subsidiaries

On 20 February 2004, AGF sold, via its Brazilian subsidiaries AGF Brasil Seguros and AGF Do Brasil, 100% of the shares of AGF Vida e Previdencia and Banco AGF to Banco Itau Holding Financiera.

The parties to the transaction had already agreed terms as of 31 December 2003. At 31 December 2003, AGF Vida e Previdencia and Banco AGF were consolidated according to the same methods and accounting principles as at the end of the previous year. The only change concerned off-balance-sheet commitments, which were booked with regard to delivery of the shares on the one hand and receipt of the proceeds on the other.

41 - Scope of consolidation

Fully consolidated companies

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Insurance and reinsurance companies							
Assurances Générales de France Iart 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 542110291	France	99.99	99.98	99.99	99.98	99.98	99.98
Assurances Générales de France Vie 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 340234962	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
AGF Informatique (GIE) 100 terrasse Boieldieu, Tour Franklin 92042 Paris La Défense N° Siren 723000642	France	100.00	100.00	100.000	100.00	100.000	100.000
Arcalis Tour Neptune, 20 place de Seine 92400 Courbevoie. La Défense 1 N° Siren 347803884	France	99.85	99.85	99.85	99.85	99.84	99.84
AGF La Lilloise 1A avenue de la Marne 59442 Wasquehal Cedex N° Siren 340190735	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	99.99	99.99
Mathis Assurances 1 cours Michelet, Tour Athéna, 92800 Puteaux N° Siren 398378299	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Coparc 31 rue Le Peletier, 75009 Paris N° Siren 331280776	France	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
Société Française de Recours (SFR) (1) 7 avenue d'Alsace, 06240 Beausoleil N° Siren 775550155	France					99.93	99.92
Calypso 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403205065	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes (2) 1 rue Euler, 75008 Paris N° Siren 552040594	France	70.69	70.69	70.71	70.46	63.18	66.51
Assurances Fédérales Iard 1 rue des Arquebusiers, 67000 Strasbourg N° Siren 401912852	France	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00	95.00
La Rurale 16 avenue du Général De Gaulle, 94227 Charenton Le Pont Cedex N° Siren 572166437	France	99.77	99.77	99.76	99.75	99.76	99.75
Compagnie de Gestion et Prévoyance 2 1 rue des Arquebusiers, 67000 Strasbourg N° Siren 335042024	France	99.76	99.61	99.76	99.61	99.76	99.63
Protexia France 53 rue de la Thibaudière, 69007 Lyon N° Siren 382276624	France	66.00	65.99	66.00	65.99	66.00	65.98
Qualis 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403267347	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Okassurance (3) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 428686257	France					100.00	100.00

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
W Finance Assurances 31 rue Le Peletier, 75009 Paris N° Siren 317441426	France	99.96	99.94	99.96	99.94	99.96	99.94
Génération Vie (4) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403267487	France	80.00	85.30	85.40	85.30		
AGF Allianz Argentina Vida (29) Rue San Martin 550 1004 Buenos Aires	Argentina			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF Allianz Argentina Generales Rue San Martin 550 1004 Buenos Aires	Argentina	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF Belgium Insurance 35 rue de Laeken, 1000 Brussels	Belgium	100.00	94.19	100.00	94.19	100.00	92.46
ZA Verzekeringen Laarstraat 16, Wilrijk	Belgium	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SNA Ré Clarendon church St West HM DX, Hamilton	Bermuda	100.00	59.10	100.00	56.15	100.00	51.27
AGF Brasil Seguros 26 rua Luiz Coelho 01309-900 Consolação, Sao Paulo	Brazil	69.40	82.79	68.43	81.82	68.43	81.82
AGF Brasil Vida 26 rua Luiz Coelho 01309-900 Consolação, Sao Paulo	Brazil	100.00	82.82	100.00	81.85	100.00	81.92
AGF Saude (5) Av Paulista, 2028 12o. Andar Sao Paulo	Brazil	100.00	82.79	100.00	81.83	100.00	81.83
AGF AZ Chile Generales Hendaya 60, Las Condes, Santiago	Chile	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.90	99.85	99.85
AGF AZ Chile Vida (19) Hendaya 60, Las Condes, Santiago	Chile			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Axioma 2 Ioannis Clerides Street, Democritos Court, Flat 83, CY-1070 Nicosia	Cyprus	100.00	59.10	100.00	56.15	100.00	51.27
Colseguros Generales Carrera 13 A N°29-24, Piso 13 Ala Sur, Bogota	Colombia	99.99	100.00	99.93	100.00	99.92	100.00
Colseguros Vida Carrera 13 A N°29-24, Piso 13 Ala Sur, Bogota	Colombia	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Colseguros Capitalizacion Carrera 13 A N°29-24, Piso 13 Ala Sur, Bogota	Colombia	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Medisalud Carrera 13 A N°29-24, Piso 13 Ala Sur, Bogota	Colombia	99.67	100.00	99.61	100.00	99.53	100.00
Arab International Non Life Insurance (25) Saridar Bldg. 92, Tahir St. Dokki, Giza 12311 Bâtiment Saridar. PO Box 2704. Cairo	Egypt	80.00	80.00				
Arab International Life Insurance (32) Saridar Bldg. 92, Tahir St. Dokki, Giza 12311 Bâtiment Saridar. PO Box 2704 Cairo	Egypt	100.00	95.12				
Hauteville Continental House, 28 Cornet Street St Peter Port, Guernsey	Guernsey	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF Indonesia c/ Allianz Utama Indonesia Summitmas Bld II, 9th Floor Jl. Sudirman, KAV 61-62 Jakarta 12069	Indonesia	75.84	75.84	75.84	75.84	75.84	75.84
AGL Non Life Vientiane Commercial Bank Building Avenue Lane Xang, Vientiane	Laos	51.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	51.00	51.00
Crédit Général d'Assurance et de Réassurance (20) Immeuble SNA, Hazmieh, BP16-6528 - CP 1100 2130 Beirut	Lebanon			100.00	56.15	100.00	51.27
SNA Sal Immeuble SNA, Hazmieh, BP16-6528 - CP 1100 2130 Beirut	Lebanon	100.00	59.10	100.00	56.15	100.00	51.27

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Rhea 14, boulevard Franklin Roosevelt L-2450 Luxembourg	Luxembourg	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
Ewa Life (6) 16, Rue Notre Dame L-2240 Luxembourg	Luxembourg	100.00	94.19	99.16	94.19	99.16	99.15
AGF Life Luxembourg 14 boulevard Franklin Roosevelt L-2450 Luxembourg	Luxembourg	100.00	94.19	100.00	94.19	100.00	92.46
AGF Ré Luxembourg 14 boulevard Franklin Roosevelt L-2450 Luxembourg	Luxembourg	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Nemiam Aerogolf Center 1a Luxembourg City	Luxembourg	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Royal Schiedam Schade Coolsingel 139 Postbus 64 3012 AG Rotterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.99	99.99
Universal Leven Arnhemse Bovenweg 160/178 3708 AD Zerst	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
London Verzekeringen Weesperzijde 150, Postbus 95 350 1097 D Amsterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Allianz Nederland Leven (21) Europalaan 480, Postbus 2635 3500 GP Utrecht	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Allianz Nederland Schade Coolsingel 139, Postbus 64 3000 AB Rotterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
ZA Hervezekering Buizerdlaan 12 Nieuwegein	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
ZA Schade Buizerdlaan 12 Nieuwegein	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
ZA Leven (21) Buizerdlaan 12 Nieuwegein	Netherlands			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF Insurance AGF House, 500 Avebury Boulevard Milton Keynes MK9 2LA	United Kingdom	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Phénix Iart (22) Avenue de la gare 4, 1001 Lausanne	Switzerland			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Phénix Vie (22) Avenue de la gare 4, 1001 Lausanne	Switzerland			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Adriatica De Seguros No Vida Generencia General, Piso 1 Avenida Andres Bello, Caracas	Venezuela	96.97	96.97	96.97	96.97	96.97	96.97
Other activities SNC AGF Clearing (7) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 394514905	France					100.00	100.00

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
AGF Cash 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 392896320	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Société d'Investissement Bancaire et Immobilier (SIBI) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 401154679	France	99.99	99.98	99.99	99.98	99.99	99.99
AGF 2X 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 399349240	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.99
Eustache 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 393134788	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Assurances Générales de France 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 303265128	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF Holding 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 552124109	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF International SARL (8) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75113 Paris Cedex 02 N° Siren 383036142	France					100.00	100.00
AGF International 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 339426512	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF Boieldieu 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 377679873	France	99.99	99.98	99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99
AGF Richelieu 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 377679881	France	99.96	99.96	99.96	99.96	99.96	99.96
Saint-Barth Assurances 2 rue Oscar II, Gustavia N° Siren 384081444	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SA du Château Larose Trintaudon Château Larose Trintaudon, 33112 Saint Laurent de Médoc N° Siren 308364645	France	99.69	99.68	99.69	99.69	99.69	99.69
A.C.A.R 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 398699835	France	99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99	99.97	99.99
GIE Placements d'Assurance (9) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 412399511	France	99.97	99.96	99.97	99.96	99.97	99.96
AGF Retraite (10) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403219678	France					99.88	99.88
Allianz France (11) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 389717687	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
Gaipare Diffusion Tour Neptune, 20 place de Seine 92086 Paris La Défense N° Siren 330517079	France	99.86	99.85	99.86	99.85	99.86	99.85

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Générale Viagère 1 rue des Arquebusiers, 67000 Strasbourg N° Siren 349792697	France	99.80	99.62	99.80	99.62	99.80	99.62
Métropole SA 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403268964	France	99.92	99.92	99.92	99.92	99.92	99.92
Rhin et Moselle (12) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403213838	France					99.84	99.84
AGF Assurances Financières 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403219868	France	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
AGF Assurfinance 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403213390	France	99.84	99.84	99.84	99.84	99.84	99.84
Kléber Magdebourg (9) 31 rue Le Peletier, 75009 Paris N° Siren 349056663	France	99.50	99.48	99.50	99.48	99.50	99.48
SNC Maxium (9) 44 avenue de la Marne, 59290 Wasquehal N° Siren 409877065	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	99.00	98.99
Spaceco (33) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 428738488	France	100.00	99.98	99.96	99.94	99.96	99.96
AGF Epargne Salariale (13) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 428686349	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.96	99.96
Camat 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 428738314	France	99.96	99.94	99.96	99.94	99.96	99.96
Athéna 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 428704902	France	100.00	100.00	99.96	99.90	99.96	99.96
Traktir (14) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 338848108	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99		
AGF Inversiones Rue San Martin 550 1004 Buenos Aires	Argentina	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Sofiholding 35 rue de Laeken, 1000 Brussels	Belgium	100.00	94.19	100.00	94.19	100.00	92.46
AGF Belgium Holding 35 rue de Laeken, 1000 Brussels	Belgium	94.19	94.19	94.19	94.19	92.46	92.46
SNA Holding Clarendon Church St West HM DX, Hamilton	Bermuda	59.10	59.10	56.15	56.15	51.27	51.27
AGF Do Brasil 26 rua Luiz Coelho 01309-900 Consolação, Sao Paulo	Brazil	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Corsetec 26 rua Luiz Coelho 01309-900 Consolação, Sao Paulo	Brazil	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50	99.50

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
AGF Allianz South America 26 rua Luiz Coelho 01309-900 Consolação, Sao Paulo	Brazil	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF Chile Hendaya 60, Las Condes, Santiago	Chile	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Vina de Larose Hendaya 60, Piso 4, Santiago	Chile	90.94	90.76	89.92	89.92	89.92	89.92
Larose Trintaudon Chile Hendaya 60, Piso 4, Santiago	Chile	100.00	99.68	100.00	99.69	100.00	99.69
Colombiana De Inversion Carrera 13 A N° 29-24, Bogota	Colombia	99.98	100.00	92.82	100.00	91.73	100.00
Administradora De Inversion Colseguros (ADIC) Carrera 13 A N° 29-24, Bogota	Colombia	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Colserauto Calle 90 N° 17-48, Bogota	Colombia	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SNAM SAL (26) Immeuble SNA, Hazmieh, BP16-6528 - CP 1100 2130 Beirut	Lebanon	66.00	39.01				
AGF Benelux 14 boulevard Franklin Roosevelt 2450 Luxembourg	Luxembourg	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Arsa Keizersgracht 484 1017 EH Amsterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Allianz Nederland Holding (15) Coolensingel 139 3012 AG Rotterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Akkermans Van Elten Holding (23) St Annastraat 280, 6525 HB Nijmegen	Netherlands			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Assurances Fédérales BV Keizersgracht 484 1017 EH Amsterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Van Elten Financiële Dienstverlening (23) Willemsplein 42 6811 KD Arnhem	Netherlands			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Rijn Wall Assuradeuren BV (23) Willemsplein 42 6811 KD Arnhem	Netherlands			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Zwolsche Algemeene Holding (15) Buizerdlaan 12 Nieuwegein	Netherlands					100.00	100.00
Havelaar Van Stolk Beursplein 37 3011 AA Rotterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Helviass Verzekeringen Weesperzijde 150 1097 DS Amsterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Nederlandse Hypotheekservice Europalaan 480 3526KS Utrecht	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Willemsbruggen Coolingsingel 139 3012 AG Rotterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Buizerdlaan Buizerdlaan 12 Nieuwegein	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Zwolsche Algemeene Europa Buizerdlaan 12 Nieuwegein	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF Holdings UK 41 Botolph Lane, London EC3R 8DL	United Kingdom	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Allianz AGF MAT Ltd (27) 2 Minster Court, Mincing Lane, London, EC3R 7XA N° Siren 2874460	United Kingdom			100.00	99.98	100.00	100.00
AGF Asia 100 Beach Road, 20-06/13 Shaw Towers Singapore 189702	Singapore	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Property companies							
SCI Tour Cristal 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 401218367	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
SCI Camille Desmoulins 48 (34) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 412906943	France			100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
Société Foncière Européenne 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 352033278	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
Madeleine Opéra (35) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 380068296	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
Sonimm 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 305443350	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	99.96	99.96
Vernon 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 377679774	France	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
Kléber Lamartine 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 390239374	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
SARL de l'Etoile 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 399111103	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.96
SNC Suffren Fédération (34) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 410167985	France			100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
SA Etoile Foncière et Immobilière 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 378601546	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
AGF Favart (35) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 377679857	France			100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
AGF Saint-Marc 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 393109186	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	99.98	99.97
Kléber Passy 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 388835423	France	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
Kléber Poincaré (36) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 390239085	France			100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
SNC Kléber Mirabeau 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 398488809	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
Allianz Bercy 16/18 avenue du Général De Gaulle 94200 Charenton Le Pont N° Siren 380849836	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Phénix Immobilier 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 334248028	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
SAS du Hameau (35) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 413931536	France			100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
SAS 38 Opéra (35) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 393479407	France			100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
SAS 48 ND Victoires 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 393479159	France	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
AGF Immobilier 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 632024527	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
Cofetrans (37) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 414057034	France			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
EURL 20-22 rue Le Peletier 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 389118043	France	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
EURL 30-31 rue Le Peletier (35) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 393099338	France			100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
SARL Lafitte Victoire (35) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 389107442	France			100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
EURL 5 rue Villebois Mareuil (35) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 389117979	France			100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
Allianz Immo 3 EURL 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403209919	France	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.98
SCCV 33 Rue Lafayette 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 414057034	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
SAS Financière Cogedim Laennec (16) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 442116752	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99		
BIC 26 rue Luiz Coelho 01309-900 Consolação, Sao Paulo	Brazil	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Immospain (24) Avenida de Burgos, N° 18 28036 Madrid	Spain			60.00	59.99	60.00	59.99
SN Foncière (26) Immeuble SNA, Hazmieh, BP16-6528, CP 1100 2130, Beirut	Lebanon	66.00	39.01				
Arlon 99 rue des Trévières, 2628 Luxembourg	Luxembourg	100.00	94.19	100.00	94.19	100.00	92.46
Euro Drukker Beheer Rokin 69 1012 KL Amsterdam	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
ITEB Antwerpseweg 3 2803 Gouda	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Havelaar Drukker Beheer (30) Kamer 1054 WTC Beursplein 37 3011 AA Rotterdam	Netherlands			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Banking companies							
AGF Financement 2 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 392087284	France	60.00	59.99	60.00	59.99	60.00	59.99
AGF Asset Management 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 352820252	France	99.85	99.84	99.84	99.83	99.46	99.44
W Finance (2) 14 rue Halévy, 75009 Paris N° Siren 702022443	France	99.99	99.98	99.99	99.98	99.99	99.98
AGF Alternative Asset Management (AAAM) 20 rue Le Peletier, 75009 Paris N° Siren 322491309	France	66.44	66.44	66.44	66.44	66.44	66.43
Athéna Gestion 20 rue Le Peletier, 75009 Paris N° Siren 352375802	France	99.94	99.78	99.94	99.77	99.92	99.36
Athéna Finance (17) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 393307798	France					99.99	99.99
AGF Finance Distribution (18) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 403798085	France					99.93	99.91
Banque AGF 164 rue Ambroise Croizat, 93200 Saint Denis La Plaine N° Siren 572199461	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Logiphix (Banque AGF Group) c/o Eurotitrisation 20 rue Chauchat, 75009 Paris	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Entenial (2) 73 rue d'Anjou, 75008 Paris N° Siren 562064352	France	72.16	72.16	72.16	72.16	72.15	72.15
Phénix Développement Gestion (38) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 344622170	France			100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99
AGF Private Equity 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 414735175	France	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99	99.99	99.44
SNC AGF Clearing (7) 87 rue de Richelieu, 75002 Paris N° Siren 394514905	France	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Dresdner Gestion Privée (28) 20 rue Lepelletier, 75009 Paris N° Siren 381946268	France	100.00	100.00				
AGF Belgium Bank (31) 35 rue de Laeken, 1000 Brussels	Belgium			100.00	94.19	100.00	92.46
Banco AGF SA 26 rua Luiz Coelho 01309-900 Consolação, Sao Paulo	Brazil	100.00	90.37	100.00	89.83	100.00	93.56
Holland Bewaarbedrijf Europalaan 480 3526 KS Utrecht	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Holland Beleggingsgroep Buizerdlaan 12 Nieuwegein	Netherlands	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Inmobiliaria Driavena Generencia General, Piso 1 Avenida Andrés Bello, Caracas	Venezuela	100.00	96.97	100.00	96.97	100.00	96.97

- (1) SFR contributed its "legal protection" business to Protexia France, retroactively to 1 January 2001. The dissolution without liquidation was pronounced on 14 November 2002.
- (2) Detail on the scope of consolidation of Euler, Entenial, and W Finance is provided at the end of this note.
- (3) OKassurance was absorbed by Qualis with transmission of assets and liabilities as of 1 January 2002.
- (4) Arcalis contributed its insurance policy portfolio emanating from its business partnership with Oddo to Stano, an AGF subsidiary, the name of which became Génération Vie.
- (5) Creation of AGF Saude in the second half of 2001.
- (6) The securities of Ewa Life held by AGF Holding and AGF Vie were sold in the last quarter of 2002 to AGF Life Luxembourg.
- (7) SNC AGF Clearing was reclassified with banking companies.
- (8) AGF International SARL was absorbed starting 1 October 2002 by AGF International SA.
- (9) Entered consolidation at 31 December 2001.
- (10) Liquidation of AGF Retraite.
- (11) Allianz Vie Immo 1 became Allianz France.
- (12) AGF Holding sold 50% of its stake in Rhin et Moselle to MAAF. AGF Iart and AGF Holding respectively sold their stakes of 94.3% and 0.7% in Santé Conseil Service to Rhin et Moselle (the name of which became SC Holding, the new entity is proportionally consolidated). Rhin et Moselle acquired 100% of Haussmann Conseil Santé (HCS) and Haussmann Gestion Santé (HGS) from MAAF.
- (13) CAP became AGF Epargne Salariale.
- (14) Entered consolidation at 31 December 2002.
- (15) Zwolsche Algemeene Holding merged with Royal Nederland Holding. The new entity became Allianz Nederland Holding.
- (16) Company acquired by AGF Vie on 18 July 2002.
- (17) The dissolution without liquidation of Athéna Finance was pronounced on 7 June 2002.
- (18) AGF Finance Distribution was absorbed by AGF Asset Management as of 1 January 2002.
- (19) AGF Az Chile Vida was sold at the beginning of the second quarter of 2003 outside the Group.
- (20) Crédit Général d'assurance merged on 1 January 2003 with SNA Life.

- (21) ZA Leven merged with Royal Nederland Leven at 1 January 2003, Royal Nederland Leven became Allianz Nederland Leven.
- (22) Phénix Iart and Phénix Vie were sold as of 1 January 2003 to Allianz.
- (23) Akkermans Van Elten Holding BV was sold outside the Group on 1 January 2003. Subsequent to this sale, Van Elten Financiële Dienstverlening BV and Rijn Wall Assuradeuren BV which were held by the holding company exited consolidation.
- (24) Immospain was liquidated on 1 January 2003.
- (25) AGF International bought 80% of the shares of Arab International Non Life Insurance from Allianz on 1 January 2003.
- (26) Entered consolidation at 1 January 2003.
- (27) Allianz AGF Mat UK was sold to AMA at 30 June 2003, and exited consolidation as of 1 January 2003.
- (28) AGF Holding acquired Dresdner Gestion Privée (DGP) from Dresdner Bank Gestion France (DBGF) on 16 July 2003. Dresdner Gestion Privée was consolidated as of 1 July 2003.
- (29) AGF Allianz Argentina Vida has been merged with AGF Allianz Argentina Generales.
- (30) Havelaar Drukker Beheer was absorbed by Allianz Nederland Holding as of 1 January 2003.
- (31) AGF Belgium Bank was sold as of 31 December 2003.
- (32) AGF International acquired Allianz's entire stake in Arab International Life Insurance as of 31 December 2003. Arab International Life Insurance was accounted for under the equity method in 2002 and was fully consolidated in 2003.
- (33) Rhimo changed its name to Spaceco as of 12 December 2003.
- (34) Companies absorbed by AGF Vie and assets and liabilities transferred with effect from 17 October 2003.
- (35) AGF Favart, SAS Du Hameau, SAS 38 Opéra, Eurl 30-31 rue Le Pelletier, SARL Lafitte Victoire and Eurl 5 rue Villebois Mareuil were absorbed by 12 Madeleine with retroactive effect to 1 January 2003. 12 Madeleine has changed its name to Madeleine Opéra.
- (36) Kléber Poincaré was sold outside the Group to Crédit Lyonnais Group as of 18 December 2003.
- (37) SNC Cofetrans was sold outside the Group to Mory SA as of 1 October 2003.
- (38) Shareholders approved the liquidation of Phénix Développement Gestion at an extraordinary general meeting on 1 September 2003.

● Proportionally consolidated companies

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Insurance and reinsurance companies							
Fenix Directo Calle Albacete 5 28027 Madrid	Spain	50.00	48.31	50.00	48.31	50.00	48.30
Allianz Seguros C/Tarragona, 109 08014 Barcelona	Spain	50.00	48.31	50.00	48.31	50.00	48.30
Eurovida Calle José Ortega y Gasset n°29 28006 Madrid	Spain	50.00	25.50	50.00	25.50	50.00	25.50
Mondial Assistance Group (1) Hagenholzstrasse 85B Postfach, 8050 Zürich	Switzerland	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Other activities							
SC Holding (2) 8 rue Danjou, 92100 Boulogne Billancourt N° Siren 403213838	France	50.00	50.00	50.04	50.04		
Santéclair (3) 8 rue Danjou, 92100 Boulogne Billancourt N° Siren 428704977	France	50.00	48.19				
Três B 100 rua Alfredo Egydio de Souza Aranha 04344-902 Sao Paulo	Brazil	49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00
Inverfenix (4) Paseo de la Castellana n°33 28046 Madrid	Spain			50.00	48.31	50.00	48.30
EFE Paseo de la Castellana n°33 28046 Madrid	Spain	50.00	48.31	50.00	48.31	50.00	48.30
AGF Ras Holding Keizersgracht 484 1017 EH Amsterdam	Netherlands	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Euro Nederland Rokin 69 1012 KL Amsterdam	Netherlands	48.00	48.00	48.00	48.00	50.00	50.00
Météo Transformer Ltd 22 Grenville street ST Helier Jersey JE4 8PX	United Kingdom	50.00	49.99	50.00	49.99	50.00	50.00

(1) Detail on the scope of consolidation of the Mondial Assistance Group is provided at the end of this note.

(2) Rhin et Moselle has become SC Holding and its method of consolidation has changed from full to proportional.

(3) Santé Conseil Service, Haussmann Conseil Santé et Haussmann Gestion Santé have been merged into a new entity named Santéclair.

(4) Inverfenix merged with Allianz Seguros with effect from 1 January 2003.

● Companies accounted for under the equity method

	Country	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
		% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Insurance and reinsurance companies							
Arab International Life Insurance (1) (5) Saridar Bldg. 92, Tahir St. Dokki, Giza 12311 Bâtiment Saridar. PO Box 2704 Cairo	Egypt			44.00	39.66	34.10	39.18
Tindall Riley Marine Ltd (4)	United Kingdom			25.00	25.00	25.00	25.00
Astrée 45 avenue Kheireddine Pacha 1002 Tunis Belvedere	Tunisia	42.08	42.08	42.08	42.08	22.87	22.87
Banking companies							
Oddo & Cie (Banque AGF Group) (2) 12 boulevard de la Madeleine, 75009 Paris N° Siren 652027384	France	26.98	26.98	26.98	26.98	26.98	26.98

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Codinf Services 29 rue Délézy, 93500 Pantin N° Siren 341693778	France	Full	51.13	51.13	51.13	51.13	50.73	50.73
Cerip France 55 rue Pierre Charron, 75008 Paris N° Siren 324551936	France	Full	100.00	100.00	63.35	63.35	63.38	63.38
Bilan Services 25 boulevard des Bouvets, 92000 Nanterre N° Siren 333192631	France	Full	66.00	50.00	66.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Codinf (2) 29 rue Délézy, 93500 Pantin N° Siren 428710891	France	Full	100.00	100.00	99.99	99.99		
Financière Européenne d'Affacturage Tour d'Asnières, 4 avenue Laurent Cély, 92608 Asnières N° Siren 642041560	France	Proportional	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
Eurofactor Tour d'Asnières, 4 avenue Laurent Cély, 92608 Asnières N° Siren 642041560	France	Proportional	49.09	49.09	48.54	48.54	47.80	47.80
Crédit Lyonnais Eurofactor Services (1) 19 boulevard des Italiens 75002 Paris	France	Proportional					47.80	47.80
Elysées Factor 104 avenue des Champs Elysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 414141846	France	Equity	16.69	16.69	17.00	17.00	16.50	16.50
Burgel (5) Gasstraße 18 - Hamburg	Germany	Equity	50.10	50.10				
Eurofactor AG Bajuwarenring 82041 Oberhaching, Munich	Germany	Proportional	49.09	49.09	48.54	48.54	47.80	47.80
Euler Hermes Kreditversicherungs (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Germany GmbH (3) Königinstraße 28, 80802 Munich	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Beteiligungen (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Risk Management (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Foderungsmanagement (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Finanzdienstleistungen (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Gesellschaft für Informations (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Hermes E-Business GmbH (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Rating (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Pylon A.G (3) Reimerstwierte 11, Hamburg	Germany	Equity	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00		
Hermes Risk Management Hamb (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Versicherungsbeteiligungen (3) Friedensallee 254, Hamburg	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Wisser Forderungsmanagment (4) Bajuwarenring 82041 Oberhaching, Munich	Germany	Proportional	49.09	49.09	48.54	48.54		
Prisma Kreditversicherungs A.G (3) Heiligenstadter Strasse 201, Vienna	Austria	Equity	46.00	46.00	42.20	42.20		
Euler Hermes Crédit Insurance 15 rue Montoyer, 1000 Brussels RC Bruxelles 31 955	Belgium	Full	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00
Euler Hermes Services Belgium S.A 15 rue Montoyer, 1000 Brussels RC Bruxelles 45 8033	Belgium	Full	100.00	69.99	100.00	69.99	100.00	70.00
Eurofactor N.V 140 avenue Louise, 1050 Brussels	Belgium	Proportional	49.09	49.09	48.54	48.54	47.80	47.80
Mundialis (5) 39 rue du Commerce, 1000 Brussels	Belgium	Proportional	50.00	35.00				
Graydon Belgium N.V (4) Uibreidingstraat 84 Bus 1, 2500 Berchem	Belgium	Full	27.40	27.40	27.40	27.40		
Euler Hermes Serviços de Gestao de Riscos Ltda Alameda Santos 2335 Conj 51 Cerqueira César 01419-002, Sao Paulo	Brazil	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	93.55	93.55
Euler Hermes Seguros de Crédito S.A Alameda Santos 2335 Conj 51 Cerqueira César 01419-002, Sao Paulo	Brazil	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	96.71	96.71
Euler Hermes Crédit Insurance (4) Nyropsgade 45, 5SAL - 1602 Copenhagen	Denmark	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Inter-Factor Europa Serrano 21, 28001 Madrid	Spain	Proportional	49.04	49.04	48.49	48.49	47.80	47.80
Euler Hermes Crédito Paseo de la Castellana 77, 28046 Madrid	Spain	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes Servicios Paseo de la Castellana 77, 28046 Madrid	Spain	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes ACI 100 East Pratt street, Baltimore MD 21202	United States	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes ACI Holding 100 East Pratt street, Baltimore MD 21202	United States	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes ACI Services 100 East Pratt street, Baltimore MD 21202	United States	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes ACI Collections (4) 100 East Pratt street, Baltimore MD 21202	United States	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Finnish Credit Insurance Company (3) Italahdenkatu 21A , Helsinki	Finland	Equity	50.00	50.00	33.33	33.33		
Phoenix Credit Insurance S.A (3) 340 Kiffisias avenue, Athens	Greece	Equity	34.00	34.00	34.00	34.00		
Euler Hermes Credit Underwriters (3) 9/F 1 Int. Finance Centre, 1 Harbour View street	Hong Kong	Equity	90.00	90.00	90.00	90.00		
Euler Hermes Risk Services Asia Ltd (4) 9/F 1 Int. Finance Centre, 1 Harbour View street	Hong Kong	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Hitelbiztosito Magyarorszag (3) Bognar u.11, 1021 Budapest	Hungary	Full	74.89	74.89	74.89	74.89		
Euler Hermes Consult (3) Bognar u.11, 1021 Budapest	Hungary	Full	74.90	74.90	74.90	74.90		
Euler Hermes SIAC Via Raffaello Matarazzo, 00139 Rome	Italy	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Euler Hermes SIAC Services Via Raffaello Matarazzo, 00139 Rome	Italy	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Dimensione S.R.L. Piazza Stia 8, 00138 Rome	Italy	Full	86.17	86.17	86.17	86.17	76.16	76.16
Euler Hermes Credit Services (3) 8-7, Kyobashi 1-chome, Chuo-Ku, Tokyo	Japan	Full	100.00	100.00	91.00	91.00		
Lietuvos Draudimo Kreditu Draudimas (3) Jasinskio 16 Vilnius - République de Lithuania	Lithuania	Equity	51.00	51.00	49.00	49.00		
Euler Ré 6B route de Trèves, 02633 Senningerberg	Luxembourg	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Acmar (5) 243 boulevard Mohammed V - 20000 Casablanca	Morocco	Equity	55.00	55.00				
Euler Hermes Servicios AV, Ejercito Nacional n°423 Col. Granada, Mexico, DF 11570	Mexico	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes Seguros (4) AV, Ejercito Nacional n°423 Col. Granada, Mexico, DF 11570	Mexico	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Crédit Insurance (4) Postboks 6875, St Olavs Plass - NO 130 Oslo	Norway	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Kredietverzekering Pettelaarpark 20, Postbus 70571 NL - 5201 CZ's - Hertogenbosch RC Hertogenbosch: 75 555	Netherlands	Full	100.00	76.40	100.00	76.40	100.00	55.07
Euler Hermes Services Pettelaarpark 20, Postbus 70571 NL - 5201 CZ's - Hertogenbosch RC Hertogenbosch: 76 965	Netherlands	Full	100.00	73.13	100.00	73.13	100.00	62.68
Interpolis Services BV (7) Pettelaarpark 20, 5216 PD's-Hertogenbosch Netherlands	Netherlands	Proportional			50.00	38.20	50.00	27.53
N.V Interpolis Kredietverzekeringen Pettelaarpark 20, 5216 PD's-Hertogenbosch, Netherlands	Netherlands	Proportional	45.00	34.38	45.00	34.38	45.00	24.78
Graydon Holding N.V (3) Hullenbergweg 260, 1101 BV Amsterdam	Netherlands	Equity	27.50	27.50	27.50	27.50		
Euler Hermes Interborg (3) Hoogoorddreef 5, Postbus PO, 1100 AL Amsterdam	Netherlands	Full	60.00	60.00	60.00	60.00		
Graydon Creditfink BV (4) Hullenbergweg 260, 1101 BV Amsterdam	Netherlands	Full	27.50	27.50	27.50	27.50		
Graydon Nederland BV (4) Hullenbergweg 260, 1101 BV Amsterdam	Netherlands	Full	27.50	27.50	27.50	27.50		
Kisys Krediet Informatie Systemen BV (4) Hullenbergweg 270, 1101 BV Amsterdam	Netherlands	Full	27.50	27.50	27.50	27.50		
MarkSelect BV (4) Duemerhof 26, Postbus 22969, 1100 DL Amsterdam	Netherlands	Full	27.50	27.50	27.50	27.50		
Euler Hermes Serwis Ubezp. Kredytow (3) Chocimska street 17, Warsaw	Poland	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Towarzystwo Ubezpieczeniowe (4) Chocimska street 17, Warsaw	Poland	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Eurofactoring - Sociedade de Factoring SA Avenue Duque de Avila 141, 01050 Lisbon	Portugal	Proportional	49.04	49.04	48.50	48.50	47.80	47.80

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Euler Hermes Cescob (5) Molakova 576/11, 186 00 Prague 8	Czech Republic	Full	64.74	60.51				
Hermes - Kredit Service S.R.O (3) Zahrebska 23-25, 120 00 Prague 2	Czech Republic	Equity	100.00	60.51	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Holdings United Kingdom 1 Canada square, London E14 5DX	United Kingdom	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes United Kingdom 1 Canada square, London E14 5DX	United Kingdom	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes 1 Canada square, London E14 5DX	United Kingdom	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes Risk Services 1 Canada square, London E14 5DX	United Kingdom	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Euler Hermes Collections 1 Canada square, London E14 5DX	United Kingdom	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Eurofactor United Kingdom 3 Muirfield Crescent, Docklands, London E149SZ	United Kingdom	Proportional	49.09	49.09	48.54	48.54	47.80	47.80
Euler Hermes Credit & Guarantee (3) Surety House, Lyons Crescent, Tonbridge Kent TN9 1EN	United Kingdom	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Claf Limited (4) 3 Muirfield Crescent, Docklands, London E149SZ	United Kingdom	Proportional	49.09	49.09	48.54	48.54		
Euler Hermes International Centre Ltd (4) 1 Canada square, London E14 5DX	United Kingdom	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Graydon UK Ltd (4) Hyde House, Edgware road - Colindale - London NW9 6LW	United Kingdom	Full	27.50	27.50	27.50	27.50		
Selective Invoice Discounting Ltd (4) 3 Muirfield Crescent, Docklands, London E149SZ	United Kingdom	Proportional	49.09	49.09	48.54	48.54		
Euler Hermes Singapore Branch (4) 3 Temasek avenue, 08-01 Centennial Tower	Singapore	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Credit Insurance Nordic A.B (3) Klara Norra Kyrkogata 29, SE 101 34 Stockholm	Sweden	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
Euler Hermes Kreditversicherungs Service (3) Dreikonigstr. 31a, Zurich	Switzerland	Full	100.00	99.50	100.00	99.50		

(1) Deconsolidated as of 31 December 2002.

(2) Entered scope of consolidation on 30 June 2002.

(3) Entered scope of consolidation on 1er July 2002.

(4) Entered scope of consolidation on 31 December 2002.

(5) Entered scope of consolidation on 30 June 2003.

(6) Financière Euler was liquidated as of 24 January 2002.

(7) Interpolis Services BV was liquidated on 11 March 2003, with retroactive effect to 31 December 2002.

Under a securitisation agreement, Eurofactor has contributed its receivables to two joint receivables funds, FCC Winner and Sécurifact. The receivables amount for FCC Winner stood at 303,832 thousand euros at 31 December 2001 and 16,622 thousand for Sécurifact at 29 December 2001. These joint receivables funds are not included in the scope of consolidation since there is no equity relationship between the funds and the Euler Group.

● Scope of consolidation of Entenial Group

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Entenial 73 rue d'Anjou, 75381 Paris cedex 08 N° Siren 562064352	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Comptoir Financier de Garantie (CFG) 37 boulevard Vauban, 78280 Guyancourt N° Siren 330316316	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Investimur nouvelle 18 rue Volney, 75002 Paris cedex 02 N° Siren 412690307	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Soréga (2) 37 boulevard Vauban, 78280 Guyancourt N° Siren 329893697	France	Full			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Sipari Volney 37 boulevard Vauban, 78280 Guyancourt N° Siren 330013707	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Gramat Balard 37 boulevard Vauban, 78280 Guyancourt N° Siren 389699471	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Sipari 37 boulevard Vauban, 78280 Guyancourt N° Siren 305097446	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Gaillon Britannia 37 boulevard Vauban, 78280 Guyancourt N° Siren 392030359	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Groupe Vendôme Investissements 16 rue Volney, 75008 Paris N° Siren 349019414	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Vauban Mobilisations Garanties 223 rue Saint Honoré, 75001 Paris N° Siren 399343300	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Sofipar (1) (2) 45 rue Cambon, 75001 Paris N° Siren 331786723	France	Equity			25.00	100.00	25.00	100.00
Capri Residences L'Atrium, 6 place Abel Gance, 92652 Boulogne N° Siren 784606576	France	Equity	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00	35.00
Quatrinvest 223 rue Saint Honoré, 75001 Paris N° Siren 415226141	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Serexim 16 rue Volney, 75008 Paris N° Siren 383700119	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Activim 16 rue Volney, 75008 Paris N° Siren 352882020	France	Full	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80	99.80
Régie Immobilière de la Ville de Paris 4 place Saint Thomas, 75341 Paris cedex 07 N° Siren 552032708	France	Equity	27.64	27.64	27.64	27.64	27.64	27.64
DTZ Eurexi (3) 43 rue de Villiers, 92200 Neuilly sur Seine N° Siren 332111574	France	Equity	34.00	34.00				
Sipari Velizy (3) 16 rue Volney, 75008 Paris N° Siren 411531452	France	Full	100.00	100.00				
Lazaret (3) 16 rue Volney, 75008 Paris N° Siren 429148190	France	Full	100.00	100.00				
Entenial Conseil (3) 16 rue Volney, 75008 Paris N° Siren 449755586	France	Full	100.00	100.00				

(1) The percent interest used was determined by reference to securities bought by this company deriving from assisted loans managed by Entenial.

(2) Deconsolidated as of 31 December 2003.

(3) Entered scope of consolidation as of 31 December 2003.

● Scope of consolidation of Sophia Group

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Sophia SA 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 315228163	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Sophia Bail 29 boulevard Haussmann, 75009 Paris N° Siren 343183901	France	Equity	49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00
SCI Champs Élysées Vernet 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 428432348	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Boulogne Pont de Sèvres 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 306591306	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	49.99	49.99
SCI Interprovence 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 408956647	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Interallonne 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 408956191	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Intergrandstade 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 408956423	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Inter La Plaine 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 414804468	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Inter Ivry 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 412558918	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Interparisud IV 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 408956811	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI 60/62 rue du Louvre (1) 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 399667765	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SC Le Bas Noyer 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 348830050	France	Full	93.75	93.75	93.75	93.75	93.75	93.75
SCI Marne Brossolette 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 400117438	France	Proportional	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00	50.00
SCI Rue Lord Byron 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 417618964	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Lyon Bercy 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 417902582	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SAS Financière Wilson 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 414974287	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SAS Wilson 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 348402728	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SARL CB 16 Développement 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 423610922	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Tour PB 2 (2) 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 432472934	France	Full					100.00	100.00

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Sophia Conseil SA 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 340038413	France	Full	99.76	99.76	99.76	99.76	99.76	99.76
Patriges Villiers SAS 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 393337506	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Paris Espace Hôtel SAS 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 393338157	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SA S.I.F.P 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 722070018	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SA Patriges Cap d'Ail 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 394310387	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Tour 21/24 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 423554427	France	Full	60.00	60.00	60.00	60.00	60.00	60.00
Financière Michelet SAS (5) 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 341103323	France	Full			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Génécommerce SAS 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 328296892	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Hôtel 37 Place René Clair 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 393774187	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SAS Sobater 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 377593306	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Gesnov 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 380769588	France	Full	99.97	99.97	99.97	99.97	99.97	99.97
Sogéprom Tour "les miroirs" Bat D La défense III 18 avenue d'Alsace, 92400 Courbevoie N° Siren 722065257	France	Equity	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00	30.00
SCI Austerlitz 2000 (3) 14 rue Garnier, 92200 Neuilly sur Seine N° Siren 308270420	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
SCI Cogestimmo (4) 63 avenue des Champs-Élysées, 75008 Paris N° Siren 332174226	France	Full	100.00	100.00				
SA Arlon Développement Avenue Marcel Thiry 204, Woluwe-Saint-Lambert, 1200 Brussels N° Siren 444527937	Belgium	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SA Science Développement Avenue Marcel Thiry 204, Woluwe-Saint-Lambert, 1200 Brussels N° Siren 444528036	Belgium	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Dennington Champs Elysées BV Strawinskylaan 3105, 1077ZX Amsterdam N° Siren 33256460	Netherlands	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Dennington Holdings BV Hoekenrode 6-8, 1102 BR Amsterdam Zuidoost	Netherlands	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

(1) SCI 60/62 rue du Louvre was dissolved on 14 June 2002.

(2) SCI Tour PB2 was dissolved on 23 December 2002.

(3) Acquired on 21 March 2002.

(4) Entered scope of consolidation in the first half of 2003.

(5) Financière Michelet SAS was absorbed by Patriges Villiers SAS on 30 July 2003.

● Scope of consolidation of Mondial Assistance Group

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Mondial Assistance SAS (1) 37 rue Taitbout, 75009 Paris N° Siren 301763116	France	Full	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.99		85.00
Sacnas International 2 rue Fragonard, 75017 Paris N° Siren 353336134	France	Full	100.00	99.99	100.00	99.98		86.00
Elucydée Les Mercuriales, 40 avenue Jean Jaurès, Tour du Levant, 93176 Bagnolet N° Siren 383828142	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	98.60		53.32
Elvia Société d'Assurances de Voyages 153 rue du Faubourg Saint-Honoré, 75381 Paris cedex 08 N° Siren 582075438	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
France Secours International Assistance (FSIA) Tour Galliéni II, 36 avenue Charles De Gaulle 93175 Bagnolet Cedex N° Siren 712044973	France	Full	100.00	85.99	100.00	85.98		70.50
Gestion Télésécurité Service (GTS) 81 rue Pierre Sémar, 92324 Chatillon Cedex N° Siren 330377193	France	Full	100.00	99.98	100.00	97.27		53.32
Sage 175 rue Blomet, 75015 Paris N° Siren 325785285	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		53.32
Mondial Assistance France (MAF) 2 rue Fragonard, 75807 Paris Cedex 17 N° Siren 351431937	France	Full	100.00	93.25	100.00	93.24		76.50
Société Française de Dépannage et de Services (SFDS) (6) Immeuble Le Quintet, 4 rue Danjou Building C, 2nd floor, 92100 Boulogne N° Siren 325348217	France	Full			100.00	93.66		68.80
Société Européenne de Protection et de Service d'Assistance à Domicile (SEPSAD) 67 boulevard Bessières, 75017 Paris N° Siren 418717666	France	Full	100.00	56.00	100.00	54.49		29.90
Mondiale Assistance Reunion Island (BSA) 11 rue Roland Garros, 97400 Saint Denis N° Siren 403195712	France	Full	100.00	99.99	100.00	97.41		31.99
Sacnas East Asia (7) 2 rue Fragonard, 75017 Paris N° Siren 394944664	France	Full			100.00	99.99		86.00
Sacnas Développement 190 ter avenue de Clichy, 75017 Paris N° Siren 342596012	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.29		53.32
Société de Services Communs (2) 14 boulevard Poissonnière, 75009 Paris N° Siren 440478204	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	93.66		
Mondial Service (M.S. GmbH) Mainzer Strasse 75, 65189 Wiesbaden N° Siren HRB 7122	Germany	Full	49.99	49.99	49.99	49.99		86.00

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
SBAI Germany Mainzer Strasse 75, 65189 Wiesbaden	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	94.14		100.00
Reha Care GmbH (12) Hohenlindenerstrasse 4, D-81677 Munich	Germany	Equity	25.00	25.00				
Codima (4) Stationsweg 15, 3972 KA Driebergen N° Siren H142224000	Germany	Full						86.00
Elvia Assistance GmbH Ludmillastrasse 26, 81536 Munich	Germany	Full						100.00
Elvia Travel Insurance Ludmillastrasse 26, 81543 Munich	Germany	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Mondial Assistance Deutschland GmbH Riedenburger Strasse 2, 81677 Munich	Germany	Full	49.99	49.99	49.99	49.99		100.00
Mondial Assistance Holding Germany Riedenburger Strasse 2, 81677 Munich	Germany	Full	49.99	49.99	49.99	49.99		100.00
Mercosul Assistance Argentine Pte Julio A.Roca 620, 1 y 2 Piso, 1067 Buenos Aires N° Siren 10000788	Argentina	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		86.00
World Care Assist (ETI) Level 1, 17-19 Lissner street Toowong, QLD 4066	Australia	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Mondial Assistance Holding Australia Level 1, 17-19 Lissner street Toowong, QLD 4066	Australia	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Elvia Assistance Austria Mariahilfer Strasse 20, 1070 Vienna	Austria	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Elvia Travel Insurance Mariahilfer Strasse 20, 1070 Vienna	Austria	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Société Belge d'Assistance Internationale (SBAI) Boulevard de la Plaine 9, 1050 Brussels N° Siren 438767	Belgium	Full	100.00	94.15	100.00	94.14		55.90
Sociétés Belges des Services Téléphoniques (SBST) Boulevard de la Plaine 9, 1050 Brussels N° Siren 400674	Belgium	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	94.43		77.40
Elvia Travel Insurance Boulevard de la Plaine 9, 1050 Brussels	Belgium	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Mercosul Assistance Brésil Rua Tomé de Sousa 15, 09710-240 Centro São Bernardo do Campo - Sao Paulo N° Siren 52910023/0001-37	Brazil	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.99		80.00
World Access Canada, Inc. (9) Allen square, 180 King street South #420 Waterloo, Ontario N° Siren 131781938	Canada	Full	100.00	100.00				
Compania de Asistencia Sudamericana (CAS) La Concepcion 266, Piso 4, CHI-Providencia Santiago de Chile N° Siren 21184	Chile	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.99		64.50
Casbrok La Concepcion 266, Piso 4, CHI-Providencia Santiago de Chile N° Siren 10335	Chile	Full	100.00	99.98	100.00	99.97		64.50

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Mondial Assistance Beijing Services CO. Ltd (12) Room 505, Beijing Yuan Chenxin Office Building No. 12 Yumin Road, Chaoyang District, Beijing, China 100029	China	Full	100.00	99.99				
Sociedad Mundial de Asistencia (SMASA) Calle Albacete 5, Madrid 28027 N° Siren A-2867444	Spain	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.98		65.36
Elviaseg Calle Albacete 5, Madrid 28027	Spain	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
World Access Service Corporation One Holland Place, 2235 Staples Mill Road, Suite 300 Richmond, VA 23230	United States	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Poly Assistance et Services (PAS) 3 rue Premetis, Athens 17342 N° Siren 158921	Greece	Full	100.00	51.00	100.00	50.99		43.86
SBAI 3 rue Premetis Athens 17342	Greece	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	94.14		100.00
Elvia Hungary Budapest	Hungary	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Assistance & Services Corporation of Ireland (ASCI) Mondial House Whitefriars Aungier street, Dublin 2 N° Siren 163174	Ireland	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	99,98		43.85
Sias / Permatel, (3) Societa Italiana di Assicurazioni e Riassicurazioni Viale Palmiro Togliatti 1625, 00155 Roma N° Siren Sias: 487313, Permatel: 755756	Italy	Full						Sias 59.30 Permatel 59.30
Mondial Assistance Italia Ltd (Elvia Assistance SPA) Via Ampère 30, 20131 Milan	Italy	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Elvia Service SRL Via Ampère 30, 20131 Milan	Italy	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Mondial Assistance Italy (3) Via Ampère 30, 20131 Milan	Italy	Full						100.00
Compagnia Europea d'Assicurazione SPA (5) Via Emanuele Filiberto 3, I-20149 Milan	Italy	Full						100.00
Mondial Assistance Japan (AS 24) n°2 Daini Toranomon Denki building 5 F, 3 - 1 - 10 Toranomon Minato Ku, J Tokyo 105 N° Siren 003881	Japan	Full	100.00	90.00	100.00	89.98		77.40
Sacnas Ré 5 place de la Gare, 1616 Luxembourg N° Siren B49516	Luxembourg	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.99		86.00
ISAAF (11) Lotissement de la Civim, Lot n°131, route de l'Aéroport, M-Q.I. Sidi Maârouf, Casablanca N° Siren 40225	Morocco	Equity	41.26	41.26	100.00	79.96		68.80
Mascareignes Service Assistance Ltd (MSA) C&R Court, 5 th Floor, 49 Labourdonnais street Port Louis	Mauritius	Full	100.00	60.00	100.00	59.99		100.00
Elvia Assistance BV Poeldijkstraat 4, NL-1059 VM Amsterdam	Netherlands	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Elvia Travel Insurance Poeldijkstraat 4, NL-1059 VM Amsterdam	Netherlands	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Elvia Travel Insurance International Poeldijkstraat 4, NL-1059 VM Amsterdam	Netherlands	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
SBAI (10) Stationsweg 15, NL 3972 KA Driebergen	Netherlands	Full			100.00	94.14		100.00
Dutch International Mobility Assistance (DIMA) (8) Postbus 220, 3970 AE, Driebergen N° Siren 30096198	Netherlands	Full			100.00	100.00		85.00
Elvia SP. ZO.O. Ulica Solec 22, PL - 00-410 Warsaw	Poland	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Elviassist Serviços de Assistência LDA Campo Grande 28-10°E, 1700 - 093 Lisbon	Portugal	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Mondial Assistance United Kingdom (MAUK) Mondial House, 102 George street, CR 96 HD Croydon Surrey N° Siren 1710361	United Kingdom	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.98		85.00
Elvia Travel Insurance UK (9) Mondial House - 102 George street CR96 HD Croydon Surrey	United Kingdom	Full	100.00	100.00				
World Access (Asia) Pte Ltd 143 Cecil street, 13-01 GB Building Singapore 069 542	Singapore	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Elvia Assistance Ceska Republika (SRO) Na Maninach 7, CZ 170 00 - Prague 7	Slovakia	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Elvia Travel Insurance Headquarters Hagenholzstrasse 85B Postfach, 8050 Zürich	Switzerland	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Elvia Travel Insurance Hagenholzstrasse 85B Postfach, 8050 Zürich	Switzerland	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
Mondial Assistance (ex Elmonda) Hagenholzstrasse 85B Postfach, 8050 Zürich	Switzerland	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		100.00
AutoAssist Co Ltd 29 th Floor, Grand Amarin Tower, 1550 New Petchaburi Road, Makasan, Rajathevi, Bangkok 10310	Thailand	Full	100.00	95.10	100.00	95.10		100.00
SAT Büyükdere Cad. Enka Han 108 - Kat 10, Eesentepe, TRK, 80300 Istanbul N° Siren 367361314943	Turkey	Full	100.00	96.00	100.00	95.98		65.36

(1) Sacnas has become MASA.

(2) Entered scope of consolidation in the first half of 2002.

(3) Exited scope of consolidation in the first half of 2002.

(4) Exited scope of consolidation as of 31 December 2002.

(5) Merged with Mondial Assistance Italy.

(6) Merged with Société de Services Communs in the first half of 2003.

(7) Merged with MASA.

(8) Merged with Elvia Assistance BV.

(9) Entered scope of consolidation in the first half of 2003.

(10) SBAI Netherlands merged with Elvia Travel Insurance Netherlands in the first half of 2003.

(11) The method of consolidation for Isaaf was changed from full to equity as of 31 October 2003.

(12) Entered scope of consolidation as of 31 December 2003.

Scope of consolidation of Gécina Group

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Gécina 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75473 Paris cedex 10 N° Siren 592014476	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI 63 avenue de Villiers (1) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 320852239	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SARL Foncigef 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 411405590	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SA La Foncière Vendôme (1) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 391576352	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SCI du 159 avenue du Roule (1) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 320921133	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SCI Duplex-Suffren 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 397600875	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SNC Peupliers-Dassault (2) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 380522797	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SA Union Immobilière et de Gestion 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 414372367	France	Full	99.95	99.95	99.95	99.95	99.95	99.95
La Fourmi Immobilière (1) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 572178069	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SPL 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 397840158	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Beaugrenelle (7) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 307961490	France	Proportional	50.00	50.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI Tour H15 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 309362044	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	99.54	83.33	83.33
SCI SB Acti-Défense (2) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 412120180	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SCI SB Nord Pont 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 412234197	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI SB Grand-Axe (2) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 412230708	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SCI SB Le Lavoisier (1) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 412235939	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SCI SB Londres 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 412235061	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Investibail Transactions 28 rue Dumont d'Urville, 75116 Paris N° Siren 332525054	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Sogecil 29 quai Saint Antoine, 69002 Lyon N° Siren 969502756	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
S.G.I.L 49 rue de la République, 69002 Lyon N° Siren 964505218	France	Proportional	36.55	36.55	36.55	36.55	36.55	36.55
SCI Les Peupliers (3) 23 rue du Lyonnais, 69802 Saint Priest N° Siren 316168499	France	Full					56.62	56.62
A.I.C 29 quai Saint Antoine, 69002 Lyon N° Siren 351054432	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SAS du 73 rue d'Anjou (4) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 412697567	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SAS du 51 boulevard de Strasbourg (4) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 412697211	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SAS du 37 boulevard de Grenelle (4) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 412693558	France	Full					100.00	100.00
SCI 16 VE Investissement 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 352396899	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SCI du 77-81 boulevard Saint Germain 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 431570530	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SAS Geciter 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 399311331	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SA 23-29 rue de Chateaudun (5) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 387558034	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00		
SA 26-28 rue Saint Georges (1) (5) 2 ter boulevard Saint Martin, 75010 Paris N° Siren 334874260	France	Full			100.00	100.00		
Simco (1) (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 562811430	France	Full			97.27	97.27		
SCI 24 rue Erlanger (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 430143810	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SAS Feydeau Bourse (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 403136666	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SCI Franco-Russe-Université (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 410339691	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
GIE Gessi (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 409790276	France	Full	100.00	99.98	100.00	97.25		
SCI 38, rue des Jeuneurs (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 429811516	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
SA Locare (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 328921432	France	Full	99.76	99.76	99.76	97.04		
SNC Michelet (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 419355854	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SAS Parisienne Immobilière d'Investissement 1 (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 434021200	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SAS Parisienne Immobilière d'Investissement 2 (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 434021309	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SCI Paris Saint-Michel (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 344296710	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SCI 6, rue de Penthièvre (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 429956493	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SCI du 150, route de la reine à Boulogne (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 399945153	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SCI 5, rue Royale (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 429956550	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SCI Sèvres Bellevue (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 432858389	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SCI Termes Opéra (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 389626821	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SCI Vouillé-Nanteuil (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 412066011	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SA Parigest (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 642030571	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SAS Fedim (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 440363513	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	97.27		
SA Société des Immeubles de France (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 572231223	France	Full	99.13	99.13	99.13	96.42		
SCI du 55 rue d'Amsterdam (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 382482065	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		
SCI Capucines (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 332867001	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		
SCI Delcassé (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 348931650	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		
SCI du 5, rue Montmartre (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 380045773	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
SPIPM (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 572098465	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	95.14		
La Rente Immobilière (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 306865270	France	Full	60.23	59.70	60.23	58.08		
SNC du 24, rue Royale (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 382358653	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		
Sadia (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 572085736	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		
SCI Saint Augustin Marsolier (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 382515211	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		
Société Hôtel d'Albe (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 542091806	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		
SCI Montessuy (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 423852185	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		
Compagnie Foncière de Gestion (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 432028868	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		
Foncirente (6) 34 rue de la Fédération, 75015 Paris N° Siren 403282353	France	Full	100.00	99.13	100.00	96.42		

- (1) Merged.
(2) Liquidated.
(3) Sold.
(4) Dissolved.

- (5) Consolidated in the first half of 2002.
(6) Consolidated as of 15 November 2002.
(7) The method of consolidation for SCI Beaugrenelle was changed from full to proportional.

Scope of consolidation of W Finance Group

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
W Finance 14 rue Halévy, 75009 Paris N° Siren 702022443	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
W Finance Conseil 14 rue Halévy, 75009 Paris N° Siren 331336867	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
S.P.H.F 14 rue Halévy, 75009 Paris N° Siren 331336859	France	Equity	96.30	96.30	93.20	93.20	93.20	93.20
W Finance Administration 14 rue Halévy, 75009 Paris N° Siren 315518670	France	Equity	99.96	99.96	99.96	99.96	99.96	99.96
Immovalor 25 rue Louis Legrand, 75002 Paris N° Siren 328398706	France	Equity	41.36	41.36	41.36	41.36	41.36	41.36
Traktir (1) 14 rue Halévy, 75009 Paris N° Siren 338848108	France	Equity			50.03	50.03	100.00	100.00

- (1) Deconsolidated as of 30 June 2003.

● Scope of consolidation of PHRV Group

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
PHRV 184 rue de la Pompe, 75116 Paris N° Siren 394386635	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Restauration Investissement (2) 184 rue de la Pompe, 75116 Paris N° Siren 391014685	France	Full			49.00	49.00	49.00	49.00
Bail Saint Honoré (4) 184 rue de la Pompe, 75116 Paris N° Siren 338100076	France	Full	81.96	33.83	82.00	81.00	82.00	81.00
Immobanque (3) 184 rue de la Pompe, 75116 Paris N° Siren 303323778	France	Full	41.28	41.28	44.60	44.40	44.60	44.40
Sélectibail (1) Tour Europlaza, 20 avenue André Prothin, 92927 Paris La Défense Cedex N° Siren 339849507	France	Equity			15.00	15.00	15.00	15.00
GEI 92 rue de Vaugirard, 75006 Paris N° Siren 328680087	France	Full	99.99	99.99	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
ARH 92 rue de Vaugirard, 75006 Paris N° Siren 381505411	France	Full	99.99	99.99	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SEHPB 10/12 rue Yvan Tourguenief, 78380 Bougival N° Siren 310728563	France	Full	99.99	99.99	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
SAS II 92 rue de Vaugirard, 75006 Paris N° Siren 389857707	France	Full	99.99	99.99	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00

(1) Deconsolidated as of 30 June 2003.

(2) Cofitem absorbed Restauration Investissement with retroactive effect to 1 January 2003.

(3) Immobanque absorbed Vendôme-Victoires and SCI Cofitem-Vendôme with retroactive effect to 1 January 2003.

(4) The controlling block of shares in Bail Saint-Honoré was sold to Immobanque with retroactive effect to 1 January 2003.

● Scope of consolidation of COFITEM Group

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
Cofitem (1) (3) 184 rue de la Pompe, 75116 Paris N° Siren 331250472	France	Full			100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Vendôme-Victoires (2) 184 rue de la Pompe, 75116 Paris N° Siren 592048482	France	Full			99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99
SCI Cofitem-Vendôme (2) 184 rue de la Pompe, 75116 Paris N° Siren 389486093	France	Full			99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99
SCI du Mont de Mars (3) 184 rue de la Pompe, 75116 Paris N° Siren 411846033	France	Full			99.99	99.99	99.99	99.99

(1) Cofitem absorbed Restauration Investissement with retroactive effect to 1 January 2003.

(2) Sale of subsidiaries Vendôme Victoires and SCI Cofitem-Vendôme in connection with their absorption by Immobanque with retroactive effect to 1 January 2003.

(3) As a result of the merger, Cofitem no longer consolidates its accounts.

● Scope of consolidation of AGF Afrique Group

	Country	Consolidation method	31.12.2003		31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
			% control	% interest	% control	% interest	% control	% interest
AGF Afrique 3 boulevard des Italiens, 75002 Paris N° Siren 382231801	France	Full	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00	100.00
Sobac (2) Avenue Delorme, Carré n° 5 - 01, BP 5455 Cotonou RP	Benin	Full	75.92	75.92				
Foncias Tiard Avenue Léo Frobénius 01, BP 398 Ouagadougou 01	Burkina Faso	Full	52.48	52.48	52.40	52.40	52.40	52.40
Foncias Vie Avenue Léo Frobénius 01, BP 398 Ouagadougou 01	Burkina Faso	Full	69.91	69.91	69.86	69.86	69.86	69.86
Snac Tiard 1124 rue Manga Bell, BP105 Douala	Cameroon	Full	70.80	70.80	70.80	70.80	70.80	70.80
Snac Vie 1124 rue Manga Bell, BP105 Douala	Cameroon	Full	75.82	75.82	75.81	75.81	76.51	76.51
Ucar Boulevard du Général De Gaulle, BP 343 Bangui	Central African Republic	Full	83.02	58.87	82.60	58.51	58.48	58.47
Safarriv Vie 2 boulevard Roume 01, BP 1741 Abidjan 01	Ivory Coast	Full	70.01	70.01	70.00	70.00	70.00	70.00
Safarriv Tiard 2 boulevard Roume 01, BP 1741 Abidjan 01	Ivory Coast	Full	73.23	73.23	73.23	73.23	66.86	72.78
AGM Tiard (1) Avenue de la Nation, BP E 4447 Bamako	Mali	Full	69.99	69.99	69.99	69.99		
Snas Vie Avenue Abdoulaye Fadiga x rue de Thann, BP2610 Dakar	Senegal	Full	95.54	95.54	95.52	95.52	95.91	95.91
Snas Tiard Avenue Abdoulaye Fadiga x rue de Thann, BP2610 Dakar	Senegal	Full	83.14	83.14	83.12	83.12	83.12	83.12
AGT (2) Avenue du 24 janvier, Immeuble Ramco, B.PP 4201 Lomé	Togo	Full	94.07	94.07				

(1) Entered scope of consolidation as of 1 January 2002.

(2) Entered scope of consolidation in 2003.



Report of the statutory auditors on the consolidated financial statements Fiscal year ended 31 December 2003

AGF S.A.

Head office: 87, rue de Richelieu – 75002 Paris

Share capital: €860,602,017

Statutory auditors' report on the consolidated financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2003

This is a free translation into English of the statutory auditors' report issued in the French language and is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking readers. The statutory auditors' report includes information specifically required by French law in all audit reports, whether qualified or not, and this is presented below the opinion on the consolidated financial statements. This information includes an explanatory paragraph discussing the auditors' assessments of certain significant accounting and auditing matters. These assessments were considered for the purpose of issuing an audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements taken as a whole and not to provide separate assurance on individual account captions or on information taken outside of the consolidated financial statements.

This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

191

In compliance with the assignment entrusted to us by your General Meeting of Shareholders, we have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of AGF S.A. for the year ended 31 December 2003.

The consolidated financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors. Our role is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

1 - Opinion on the consolidated financial statements

We conducted our audit in accordance with professional standards applicable in France. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and results of the consolidated group of companies in accordance with the accounting rules and principles applicable in France.

Without qualifying our opinion, we draw your attention to the following items:

- Note 4.1 concerning the change in accounting policy regarding Goodwill and Network value of foreign subsidiaries in compliance with the AMF recommendations.
- Note 4.4 concerning the treatment of the provision for unrealised capital loss exposures in compliance with notice 2004-B of 21 January 2004 of the issues task force of the National Accounting Council (Comité d'urgence du Conseil National de la Comptabilité).

- Note 4.5 concerning the change in amounts and allocations of the first consolidation differences related to Hermes definitively set within one year as permitted under notice 97-B of the issues task force of the National Accounting Council (Comité d'urgence du Conseil National de la Comptabilité).
- Note 4.2.1 concerning the change in accounting principles relating to the provision for major repairs in compliance with the regulation 2003-07 of the Accounting Regulation Committee (Comité de la Réglementation Comptable).

2. Justification of our assessments

In accordance with the requirements of article L. 225-235 of the French Company Law (Code de Commerce) relating to the justification of our assessments, introduced by the Financial Security Act of 1 August 2003 and which came into effect for the first time this year, we bring to your attention the following matters:

• Accounting changes

Within the context of the accounting rules and principles applied by your company, we performed assessments of the soundness of the change in accounting principles mentioned above and of their overall presentation.

• Accounting estimates

Certain accounting principles applied require AGF Group management to make a significant number of judgements and estimates founded partly on prospective data.

The use of these judgements and estimates, for which detailed information is given in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, relates mainly to technical reserves and deferred acquisition costs valuation (notes 3-2 to 3-4), the accounting methodology used for subsequent measurement of goodwill and network value (notes 2-6 and 6-1-2 concerning the accelerated amortisation of goodwill from South American subsidiaries), measurement methods used for deferred tax assets (notes 2-9 and 18) and provision for impairment in the value of investments (notes 3-8-2 and 32-1).

We performed an assessment of measurement approaches and methodologies applied, described in the notes to the financial statements mentioned above, and, on the basis of elements currently available, performed tests in order to verify the application of these measurement methods and the consistency of the assumptions used with the prospective data prepared by the Group.

Our work relating to significant judgements and estimates made by Management enabled us to assess their reasonable nature.

These assessments were made in the context of our audit of the consolidated financial statements, taken as a whole, and therefore contributed to the formation of the unqualified opinion expressed in the first part of this report.

3. Specific verification

In accordance with professional standards applicable in France, we have also verified the information relating to the Group contained in the Directors' report. We have no matters to report regarding its fair presentation and conformity with the consolidated financial statements.

La Défense, 28 April 2004

The statutory auditors

KPMG Audit
Division of KPMG S.A.
Francine Morelli

ERNST & YOUNG Audit
Dominique Duret-Ferrari

Statutory financial statements

Balance sheet at 31 December 2003

in thousands of euros

Assets	Note	Gross	Depreciation, amortisation & provisions	31.12.2003 Net	31.12.2002 Net	31.12.2001 Net
INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		521	521	-	-	-
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		5	5	-	-	-
FINANCIAL FIXED ASSETS						
Shares in subsidiaries and affiliates		4,836,816	274,379	4,562,437	4,509,293	3,825,063
Receivables from subsidiaries and affiliates		807,816		807,816	1,978,905	1,542,457
Equity investments		1		1	1	1
Loans		15		15		
Other		34,124		34,124	-	-
Treasury shares		750,471	166,070	584,401	523,685	821,746
Total fixed assets	2-3	6,429,769	440,975	5,988,794	7,011,884	6,189,267
Receivables	4	1,428,489		1,428,489	58,994	46,929
Marketable securities	5-3	569		569	1,331	2,738
Cash and equivalents		18,436		18,436	19,669	70,688
Miscellaneous		2,431		2,431	2,581	2,731
Total		1,449,925	-	1,449,925	82,575	123,087
TOTAL ASSETS		7,879,694	440,975	7,438,719	7,094,459	6,312,354

in thousands of euros

Liabilities and shareholders' equity	Note	31.12.2003 Net	31.12.2002 Net	31.12.2001 Net
SHARE CAPITAL		860,602	854,810	844,631
PREMIUM ON CONTRIBUTIONS		1,687,227	1,687,228	1,687,228
ADDITIONAL PAID-IN CAPITAL		989,594	952,084	880,722
RESERVES				
Statutory reserve		86,060	85,481	84,464
Reserve for long-term net capital gains		1,626,881	1,570,688	1,494,377
Ordinary reserve		209,062	209,062	488,258
RETAINED EARNINGS		198,035	633	-
NET INCOME		423,188	439,272	254,157
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	1	6,080,649	5,799,258	5,733,837
SUBORDINATED BOND ISSUE	6	462,593	462,685	462,155
PROVISION FOR CONTINGENCIES AND LOSSES	3	27,756	16,683	29,825
DEBT				
Bank borrowings		25,361	20,254	52,223
Other financial liabilities		775,850	781,789	-
Accrued taxes and employment taxes		52,109	7,440	25,697
Other liabilities		14,401	6,350	8,617
Total debt	6	867,721	815,833	86,537
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		7,438,719	7,094,459	6,312,354

Profit and loss statement for fiscal year 2003

in thousands of euros

Expenses	Note	Fiscal year 2003	Fiscal year 2002	Fiscal year 2001
Operating expenses				
Other external expenses		48,357	38,247	43,311
Salaries and wages		14,016	2 121	-
Other expenses		492	221	357
Amortisation and provisions		124	124	124
Total operating expenses (I)		62,989	40,713	43,792
Financial expenses				
Amortisation and provisions		29	368,275	81,699
Interest and related expenses		157,056	121,763	127,444
Net losses on marketable securities		-	-	-
Total financial expenses (III)	8	157,085	490,038	209,143
Exceptional expenses				
Book value of assets sold and other capital losses		14,509	29,818	197,076
Allowance for write-downs and provisions		11,868	3,345	6,013
Investment management operations		655	2,436	1,260
Total exceptional expenses (IV)	9	27,032	35,599	204,349
Employee profit-sharing		2	-	-
Income taxes (VI)	10	30	30	30
Tax consolidation loss (VII)		23,177	-	-
Total (I+III+IV+VI+VII)		270,315	566,380	457,314
Profit for the year	10	423,189	439,272	254,157
GRAND TOTAL		693,504	1,005,652	711,471

in thousands of euros

Income	Note	Fiscal year 2003	Fiscal year 2002	Fiscal year 2001
Operating income				
Other income		31	25	30
Total operating income (I)		31	25	30
Investment income				
Subsidiaries and affiliates	7	406,949	730,133	77,369
Marketable securities		-	-	-
Other interest and related income	7	80,712	84,270	118,334
Write-backs of provisions		200,699	63,455	48,658
Positive differences in currency fluctuations		-	-	1
Net income on sales of marketable securities		-	-	-
Total investment income (III)	8	688,360	877,858	244,362
Exceptional income				
Assets sold and capital gains		1,285	32,660	363,835
Write-backs of provisions		3,345	15,245	30,490
Investment management operations		483	3,824	2,486
Total exceptional income (IV)	9	5 113	51,729	396,811
Profit from tax consolidation (V)	10	-	76,040	70,268
GRAND TOTAL (I+III+IV+V)		693,504	1,005,652	711,471

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Annex to the statutory financial statements

Accounting principles and rules

Generally accepted accounting principles have been followed in respect of principles of conservatism and pursuant to general rules applicable in preparing annual financial statements. The fiscal year includes the 12 month period beginning 1 January and ending 31 December. The valuation method used was the historical cost method.

The major accounting principles used were the following:

● **Subsidiaries and affiliates**

Investments in subsidiaries and affiliates are recorded at their historical cost.

At each statement date, a comparison is made between their net book value and their current value. Their current value is defined as their value in use, i.e. the value of future economic benefits expected to accrue as a result of their use or sale.

In the presence of factors indicating that investments in subsidiaries and affiliates have lost significant value, the value in use is determined by discounting expected net cash flows to infinity. Net cash flows are evaluated on the basis of the following elements:

- projections, generally covering three years, deriving from available business plans,
- normalised yield assumptions for financial assets,
- a terminal growth rate based on the long-term outlook for the business and for inflation,
- capital allocated to the entity to cover its underwriting risks and financial risks,
- the entity's excess capital, measured by the difference between its net asset value based on the most recently available financial statements and the allocated capital.

These cash flows are discounted at the cost of capital. The cost of capital varies depending on the risk premium in each country and in each business segment (in Europe the cost of capital is 8.15%).

The sensitivity of the value of investments in subsidiaries and affiliates to changes in the assumptions is analysed. Values are compared with implied multiples of significant business indicators, such as premium income, allocated capital and underwriting provisions.

For all other investments in subsidiaries and affiliates, the value in use is calculated from the net asset value times a coefficient representing the relative profitability of the entity in question.

In addition, for listed companies, when the listed share price at the balance sheet date differs significantly from book value, this approach is supplemented by a multi-criteria analysis taking into account not only the share price, but also the net asset value and the estimate of future economic benefits.

If the current value of an equity investment is determined to be lower than its net book value, a provision for write-down is recognised.

● Shares held in treasury

Treasury shares acquired pursuant to the authorisation of the Board of Directors are booked as financial fixed assets at their historical cost.

A provision for write-down of treasury shares is booked when their realisable value, defined as the average of the share prices of the month preceding the balance sheet date, is below the historical cost.

● Stock options

Stock subscription options

Shares issued when subscription options are exercised are booked as capital increases at the exercise price of the options.

Stock purchase options

- Shares booked as marketable securities

Shares earmarked from the outset for a stock option plan are booked as marketable securities at historical cost. A provision is booked if their historical cost is higher than the exercise price of the options.

- Shares booked as financial fixed assets

Treasury shares not originally earmarked are booked as financial fixed assets even if they are to be earmarked for a stock option plan in the future.

When the options are exercised, the difference between the net book value of the treasury shares and the exercise price of the options is booked as a profit or loss on the sale of securities.

● Marketable securities

Marketable securities are recorded at historical cost. They are written down if their realisable value is likely to be lower. All acquisition costs are charged to the profit and loss statement.

● Provisions for contingencies and losses

Provisions for contingencies and losses are valued in accordance with opinion 2000-01 of the National Accounting Council (Conseil National de la Comptabilité) regarding liabilities.

● Receivables

Receivables are recorded at their face value, less any provision for write-down if their estimated realisable value is lower.

● Income and expenses

All income and expense items are recorded in accordance with the principle of separation of fiscal years.

Dividends are recognised at the time the decision is taken to declare a dividend.

● Holiday pay and collective performance bonus (“*intéressement*”)

Provisions for holiday pay are calculated every month on the basis of the number of days earned and the number of days used. The reference period begins on June 1 of one fiscal year and extends until May 31 of the following fiscal year, and the provision is calculated according to the formula provided by law, i.e. one-tenth of annual gross salary, based on 25 days of leave per reference period.

The provision for collective performance bonuses is calculated every quarter based on the following three criteria:

- estimate of consolidated net income
- growth in premium income
- change in the ratio of underwriting costs to premium income

Individual bonuses are determined quarterly. They are calculated on the basis of each eligible employee's fixed salary and an estimate of the extent to which objectives will be achieved.

● Taxes

At its meeting of 20 December 1990, the Board of Directors elected tax consolidation for the AGF Group such that AGF is the only company subject to taxes for the entire Group.

In its meeting of 6 December 2000, the board of directors renewed its election of tax consolidation.

During fiscal year 2003, the scope of tax consolidation comprised 38 companies. Each of these companies pays the parent company the tax it would have otherwise paid if taxed individually.

On the balance sheet, deferred taxes are recognised on asset sales within the tax group whose payments are delayed until the assets exit the tax consolidation group.

Deferred tax assets related to the tax-loss carryforwards of the companies in the tax consolidation group are recognised if it is likely they will be allocated to taxable profits in future years and provided capitalising them does not result in a net tax asset position.

Notes on the statutory balance sheet

1 - Shareholders equity

Changes in fiscal year 2001

in thousands of euros

	Balance sheet at 31.12.2000	Allocation		Increase in share capital	Other changes	Balance sheet at 31.12.2001
		Income	Dividend			
Share capital	844,168	-	-	463	-	844,631
Premium on contributions	1,687,228	-	-	-	-	1,687,228
Additional paid-in capital	878,747	-	-	1,975	-	880,722
Statutory reserve	84,417	-	-	47	-	84,464
Reserve for long-term net capital gains	1,173,488	320,889	-	-	-	1,494,377
Ordinary reserve	-	488,258	-	-	-	488,258
Retained earnings	25,473	(25,473)	-	-	-	-
Net equity	4,693,521	783,674	-	2,485	-	5,479,680
Net income for fiscal year	1,162,360	(783,674)	(378,686)	-	254,157	254,157
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	5,855,881	-	(378,686)	2,485	254,157	5,733,837

At 31 December 2001, share capital stood at 844 631 435 euros divided into 184,680,634 shares with a par value of 4.57 euros.

Changes in fiscal year 2002

in thousands of euros

	Balance sheet at 31.12.2001	Allocation		Increase in share capital	Other changes	Balance sheet at 31.12.2002
		Income	Dividend			
Share capital	844,631	-	-	10,179	-	854,810
Premium on contributions	1,687,228	-	-	-	-	1,687,228
Additional paid-in capital	880,722	-	-	71,362	-	952,084
Statutory reserve	84,464	-	-	1,017	-	85,481
Reserve for long-term net capital gains	1,494,377	76,311	-	-	-	1,570,688
Ordinary reserve	488,258	(279,196)	-	-	-	209,062
Retained earnings	-	633	-	-	-	633
Net equity	5,479,680	(202,252)	-	82,558	-	5,359,986
Net income for fiscal year	254,157	202,252	(456,409)	-	439,272	439,272
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	5,733,837	-	(456,409)	82,558	439,272	5,799,258

At 31 December 2002, share capital stood at 854,809,812 euros divided into 186,906,160 shares with a par value of 4.57 euros.

Changes in fiscal year 2003

in thousands of euros

	Balance sheet at 31.12.2002	Allocation		Increase in share capital	Other changes	Balance sheet at 31.12.2003
		Income	Dividend			
Share capital	854,810	-	-	5,792	-	860,602
Premium on contributions	1,687,228	-	-	-	-	1,687,228
Additional paid-in capital	952,084	-	-	37,510	-	989,594
Statutory reserve	85,481	-	-	579	-	86,060
Reserve for long-term net capital gains	1,570,688	56,192	-	-	-	1,626,880
Ordinary reserve	209,062	-	-	-	-	209,062
Retained earnings	633	197,402	-	-	-	198,035
Net equity	5,359,986	253,594	-	43,881	-	5,657,461
Net income for fiscal year	439,272	(253,594)	(185,678)	-	423,188	423,188
TOTAL SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	5,799,258	-	(185,678)	43,881	423,188	6,080,649

At 31 December 2003, share capital stood at 860,602,016 euros divided into 188,172,639 shares with a par value of 4.57 euros.

Capital increase

During fiscal year 2003, 52,175 stock subscription options, granted to executives and other employees, were exercised, giving rise to the issuance of an equal number of new shares.

On 29 December 2003, 1,214,304 new shares reserved for employees were issued.

AGF stock subscription options

On 19 December 1996, 17 September 1997, 16 October 1998, 2 September 2002 and 23 September 2003, the Board of Directors granted 794,150 stock subscription options at a price of 23.39 euros, 734,500 at 31.92 euros, 959,000 at 42.59 euros, 850,000 at 33.66 euros and 1,118,250 at 42.64 euros, respectively.

These options are valid for eight years. The options granted in 1996 and 2002 vest in two years, those granted in 1997 and 1998 vest in five years and those granted in 2003 vest in one year.

At 31 December 2003 the number of unexercised stock subscription options was as follows:

- 146,529 options granted in 12/96 at an exercise price of 23.39 euros;
- 43,657 options granted in 9/97 at an exercise price of 31.92 euros;
- 882,492 options granted in 9/98 at an exercise price of 42.59 euros;
- 848,780 options granted in 9/02 at an exercise price of 33.66 euros;
- 1,118,250 options granted in 9/03 at an exercise price of 42.64 euros.

Following distribution of reserves in 2002, the number of options and their exercise price was adjusted, in accordance with articles 174-12 and 174-13 of the decree of 23 March 1967.

2 - Fixed assets

Changes in fiscal year 2001

	<i>in thousands of euros</i>			
	Gross value at 31.12.2000	Increase	Decrease	Gross value at 31.12.2001
Intangible fixed assets	521	-	-	521
Tangible fixed assets	5	-	-	5
Financial fixed assets	-	-	-	-
Shares in subsidiaries and affiliates	4,190,355	135,060	197,016	4,128,399
Receivables from subsidiaries and affiliates	1,043,286	499,915	744	1,542,457
Equity investments	1	-	-	1
Treasury shares	879,096	115,478	139,814	854,760
Loans	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	6,113,264	750,453	337,574	6,526,143

Sale of the stake in AGF IART to AGF Holding, voted by the Board of Directors on 7 December 2001.

Sale of AGF MAT activities to the Allianz Group, voted by the Board of Directors on 19 September 2001.

At 31 December 2001, shares in subsidiaries and affiliates included:

- 29.76% of Banque AGF in the amount of 235.7 million euros, written down by 98.7 million euros,
- 99.99% of AGF Holding in the amount of 3,535 million euros,
- 7.68% of Euler Hermes in the amount of 135 million euros,
- 99.99% of SNC AGF Cash, a company founded in 1994 whose objective is to centralise AGF Group cash management in the amount of 0.23 million euros,
- 99.99% of Eustache with a gross book value of 207 million euros subsequent to the recapitalisation voted by the Board of Directors on 23 September 1997. These securities have been written down by 204.6 million euros.
- 0.78% of Worms et Cie in the amount of 14.9 million euros.

Changes in fiscal year 2002

in thousands of euros

	Gross value at 31.12.2001	Increase	Decrease	Gross value at 31.12.2002
Intangible fixed assets	521	-	-	521
Tangible fixed assets	5	-	-	5
Financial fixed assets	-	-	-	-
Shares in subsidiaries and affiliates	4,128,399	707,185	1,793	4,833,791
Receivables from subsidiaries and affiliates (a)	1,542,457	437,355	907	1,978,905
Equity investments	1	-	-	1
Treasury shares (b)	854,760	-	14,723	840,037
Loans	-	-	-	-
TOTAL	6,526,143	1,144,540	17,423	7,653,260

Shares in subsidiaries and affiliates increased primarily because AGF subscribed to AGF Holding's capital increase (643 million euros), acquired AGF Asset Management (28 million euros) and increased its stake in Euler Hermes (36 million euros).

At 31 December 2002, shares in subsidiaries and affiliates included:

- 99.99% of AGF Holding in the amount of 4,178 million euros,
- 99.99% of SNC AGF Cash, a company founded in 1994 whose objective is to centralise AGF Group cash management in the amount of 0.23 million euros,
- 99.99% of Eustache with a gross book value of 207 million euros subsequent to the recapitalisation voted by the Board of Directors on 23 September 1997. These securities have been written down by 205 million euros,
- 29.76% of Banque AGF in the amount of 235.7 million euros, written down by 91 million euros,
- 9.39% of Euler Hermes in the amount of 171 million euros, written down by 28.9 million euros,
- 7.61% of AGF Asset Management in the amount of 28 million euros,
- 0.78% of Worms et Cie in the amount of 13.1 million euros.

Changes in fiscal year 2003

in thousands of euros

	Gross value at 31.12.2002	Increase	Decrease	Gross value at 31.12.2003
Intangible fixed assets	521			521
Tangible fixed assets	5			5
Financial fixed assets	-			-
Shares in subsidiaries and affiliates	4,833,791	3,030	5	4,836,816
Receivables from subsidiaries and affiliates (a)	1,978,905	2,153	1,173,242	807,816
Equity investments	1			1
Treasury shares (b)	840,037	987	90,553	750,471
Loans	-	15	-	15
Other	-	34,124	-	34,124
TOTAL	7,653,260	40,309	1,263,800	6,429,769

Shares in subsidiaries and affiliates increased primarily because AGF increased its stake in Euler Hermes by 3 million euros.

At 31 December 2003, shares in subsidiaries and affiliates included:

- 99.99% of AGF Holding in the amount of 4,178 million euros,
- 99.99% of SNC AGF Cash, a company founded in 1994 whose objective is to centralise AGF Group cash management in the amount of 0.23 million euros,
- 99.99% of Eustache with a gross book value of 207 million euros subsequent to the recapitalisation voted by the Board of directors on 23 September 1997. These securities have been written down by 205 million euros,
- 29.76% of Banque AGF in the amount of 235.7 million euros, written down by 44.7 million euros,
- 9.46% of Euler Hermes in the amount of 174.3 million euros, written down by 25.1 million euros,
- 7.61% of AGF Asset Management in the amount of 28 million euros,
- 0.75% of Worms et Cie in the amount of 13.1 million euros.

(a) Loans to subsidiaries and affiliates

in thousands of euros

	31.12.2003			Gross amount 31.12.2002	Gross amount 31.12.2001
	Gross amount	Maturity			
		- 1 year	+ 1 year		
AGF Holding	720,010	190,561	529,449	1,882,459	1,524,908
AGF Cash	70,943	70,943	-	76,864	-
Accrued interest	12,130	12,130	-	16,995	15,033
Eustache	-	-	-	-	-
Accrued interest	-	-	-	-	907
AGF Cash (income share)	4,733	4,733	-	2,587	1,609
TOTAL	807,816	278,367	529,449	1,978,905	1,542,457

(b) Treasury shares booked under financial fixed assets as of 31 December 2003

in thousands of euros

	Number	Net book value	Average cost (in euros)
- Purchase options granted to Group employees			
New options in 1999	943,812	45,316	48.01
New options in 2000	934,108	50,633	54.20
New options in 2001	979,029	47,618	48.64
- Other shares held in treasury	10,746,438	606,904	56.47
TREASURY SHARES	13,603,387	750,471	55.17

At the 4 June 1999 AGM, shareholders authorised the company to buy back up to 10% of the shares of AGF, in accordance with the law of 2 July 1998. This authorisation was renewed at the subsequent AGMs of 30 May 2000, 5 June 2001, 14 May 2002 and 26 May 2003.

As of 31 December 2003, 13,603,387 shares with a book value of 750 million euros had been repurchased in the context of this programme.

In accordance with opinion 98-D of the CNC task force, these shares have been booked as "financial fixed assets – treasury shares".

In November 2003, AGF signed a liquidity contract in compliance with the code of ethics of the Association Française des Entreprises d'Investissement (French Association of Investment Firms). This contract was approved by the AMF, in accordance with the COB instruction of 10 April 2001. Under the contract, AGF has allotted resources of 1,870,000 shares held in treasury and 20 million euros. As of 31 December 2003, after taking into account transactions under the liquidity contract, AGF held 13,624,919 shares in treasury, including 1,539,728 bearer shares under the liquidity contract, out of a total of 188,172,639 outstanding shares.

As of 31 December 2003, of the total increase in treasury shares classified as financial fixed assets, 634,000 euros represented the purchase of shares and 353,000 euros represented reclassification in marketable securities (expired options).

3 - Provisions

Changes in fiscal year 2001

in thousands of euros

	Provisions at 31.12.2000	Increases	Decreases	Provisions at 31.12.2001
Allowance for write-downs on financial fixed assets (a)	303,336	33,014	-	336,350
Allowance for write-downs on marketable securities	-	-	-	-
Provisions for contingencies and losses (b)	53,097	7,242	30,514	29,825
TOTAL	356,433	40,256	30,514	366,175

(a) Provisions were distributed between Banque AGF for 98.7 million euros and Eustache for 204.6 million euros. The increase in fiscal year 2001 related to 33 million euros in treasury shares.

(b) A write-back of the general provision of 30.5 million euros, which was unused.

Changes in fiscal year 2002

in thousands of euros

	Provisions at 31.12.2001	Increases	Decreases	Provisions at 31.12.2002
Allowance for write-downs on financial fixed assets (a)	336,350	312,261	7,762	640,849
Allowance for write-downs on marketable securities	-	295	-	295
Provisions for contingencies and losses (b)	29,825	3,345	16,487	16,683
TOTAL	366,175	315,901	24,249	657,827

(a) Provisions included 91 million euros for Banque AGF, 204.6 million euros for Eustache and 28.9 million euros for Euler Hermes. The increase in fiscal year 2002 related primarily to 283 million euros in treasury shares.

(b) Write-back of the provision for severance of 1.2 million euros and write-back of the provision for back taxes of 15.2 million, which were unused. A pension provision of 3.3 million euros was booked.

Changes in fiscal year 2003

in thousands of euros

	Provisions at 31.12.2002	Increases	Decreases	Provisions at 31.12.2003
Allowance for write-downs on financial fixed assets (a)	640,849	3	200,403	440,449
Allowance for write-downs on marketable securities	295	-	295	-
Provisions for contingencies and losses (b)	16,683	14,419	3,345	27,757
TOTAL	657,827	14,422	204,043	468,206

(a) Provisions included 45 million euros for Banque AGF, 205 million euros for Eustache, 25 million euros for Euler Hermes and 166 million euros for treasury shares. The write-back in fiscal year 2003 related primarily to 150 million euros in treasury shares and 46 million euros for Banque AGF.

(b) Provisions included, in millions of euros, Entenial defeasance (19.9), litigation (4.5) and pension provisions (2.6). Changes were as follows: a pension provision of 3.3 million euros was written back. A pension provision of 2.6 million euros, a litigation provision of 4.5 million euros and a provision for Entenial defeasance of 7 million euros were booked.

4 - Receivables

4.1 Analysis of receivables

in thousands of euros

	Fiscal year 2001	Fiscal year 2002	Fiscal year 2003
Affiliates	46,451	58,970	1,428,262
Employee offer – privatisation	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	478	25	227
TOTAL	46,929	58,995	1,428,489

At 31 December 2003, receivables included primarily 1,424 million euros at AGF Cash, including an asset translation difference of 6 million euros.

4.2 Accrued income

Accrued income included in total receivables was as follows:

in thousands of euros

	Amount at 31.12.2001	Amount at 31.12.2002	Amount at 31.12.2003
Affiliates	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	14	14	14
TOTAL	14	14	14

5 - Marketable securities

Marketable securities stood at 0.6 million euros and comprised mainly AGF shares held for stock purchase options granted to employees and executives. Holdings have changed as follows:

in thousands of euros

31.12.2003			31.12.2002		31.12.2001	
Number of shares	Gross book value	Net book value	Number of shares	Net book value	Number of shares	Net book value
21,532	546	546	64,724	1,318	109,950	2,726

6 - Liabilities

6.1 Analysis of liability due dates

in thousands of euros

	31.12.2003				Gross amount 2002	Gross amount 2001
	Gross amount	Maturity				
		-1 year	Between 1 and 5 years	+ 5 years		
Subordinated debt issue (a)	462,593	12,593	-	450,000	462,685	462,155
Borrowings and due to banks (b)	25,361	25,361	-	-	20,254	52,223
Other borrowings and liabilities (c)	775,850	70,942	-	704,908	781,789	-
Payroll and tax liabilities (d)	52,110	52,110	-	-	7,440	25,697
Other liabilities	14,401	14,401	-	-	6,350	8,617
Sub total debt excluding subordinated debt issue	867,222	162,814	-	704,908	815,833	86,537
TOTAL	1,330,315	175,407	-	1,154,908	1,278,518	548,692

(a) Subordinated debt issue of 450 million euros maturing 8 March 2020 and accrued interest of 12.6 million euros.

(b) This item mainly includes accrued interest on interest rate swaps and the debit balance of Bank NSM.

(c) - 700 million euro, 20-year subordinated loan from Allianz Finance BV to AGF SA at a fixed rate of 5.445% for the first ten years, followed by a floating rate of 3-month Euribor + 183 basis points. After the tenth year, AGF may repay Allianz Finance BV at each quarterly interest payment date. In addition, Allianz Finance BV may request prepayment provided such prepayment would not jeopardise certain solvency ratios of the AGF Group.
- 76.9 million euros owed to AGF UK, maturity at the discretion of the lender with prior written notice of at least five days.

(d) Payroll and tax liabilities mainly include:

. The difference between:

- taxes on internal sales within the tax consolidation group, the payment of which is deferred until the assets are disposed of outside the consolidation group (214.6 million euros),
- the deferred tax affect of losses carried forward of 214.2 million euros to the extent that it is likely that they will offset taxable income from prior years or tax liabilities coming due at the same date.
 - overpayment of subsidiary taxes (43.2 million euros).
 - income tax of 6.2 million euros
 - a provision for holiday pay of 2.1 million euros.

6.2 Accrued liabilities

(Accrued liabilities are included under "Other liabilities" in the preceding table).

in thousands of euros

	Amount at 31.12.2001	Amount at 31.12.2002	Amount at 31.12.2003
Other liabilities	4,621	3,370	12,909
Dividends payable	1,197	1,339	1,492
TOTAL	5,818	4,709	14,401

Notes on the statutory profit and loss statement

7 - Revenue

in thousands of euros

	2001	2002	2003
Income from subsidiaries and affiliates			
Worms et Cie	455	510	1,201
Euler Hermes	-	3,753	3,029
AGF Holding	-	661,712	327,445
AGF Iart	26,853	-	-
AGF Asset Management	-	-	457
A.F.A.	1	-	1
	27,309	665,975	332,133
Income from loans	50,060	64,158	74,815
Other revenue	118,334	84,270	80,712
TOTAL	195,703	814,403	487,660

All revenue derived from business in France.

8 - Income and expenses on investments

in thousands of euros

	Investment income and expenses related to investments in affiliated companies	Other investment income and expenses	Total
Income from subsidiaries and affiliates	332,133	-	332,133
Income from loans	74,815	-	74,815
Financial income	4,653	76,059	80,712
Write-backs of provisions	200,699	-	200,699
Total investment income	612,300	76,059	688,359
Financial expenses	(40,973)	(116,083)	(157,056)
Provisions	(3)	(26)	(29)
Total financial expenses	(40,976)	(116,109)	(157,085)
NET INVESTMENT INCOME	571,324	(40,050)	531,274

9 - Exceptional income and expenses

Fiscal year 2001

in thousands of euros

	Exceptional expenses	Exceptional income	Net exceptional income or expense
Capital transactions*			
Sale of AGF Iart	195,337	358,950	163,613
Sale of AGF Mat	1,450	548	(902)
Sale of SNC Drouot	229	203	(26)
Repurchase of treasury shares	60	4,134	4,074
	197,076	363,835	166,759
Changes in provisions			
Operating expenses	-	30,490	30,490
Restructuring	13	-	(13)
Entenial defeasance	6,000	-	(6,000)
	6,013	30,490	24,477
Administrative transactions			
Tax adjustments	-	30	30
Severance payments	1,258	36	(1,222)
Miscellaneous	2	2,420	2,418
	1,260	2,486	1,226
TOTAL EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	204,349	396,811	192,462

* the exceptional expense represents the book value of the fixed asset sold and the exceptional income the sale price of the fixed asset sold.

Fiscal year 2002

in thousands of euros

	Exceptional expenses	Exceptional income	Net exceptional income or expense
Capital transactions*			
Sale of DRCM Gestion	27,999	28,685	686
Sale of Worms & Cie.	1,793	2,292	499
Repurchase of treasury shares	26	1,683	1,657
	29,818	32,660	2,842
Changes in provisions			
Tax assessment	-	15,245	15,245
Pensions	3,345	-	(3,345)
	3,345	15,245	11,900
Administrative transactions			
Tax adjustments	464	1,633	1,169
Severance payments	1,398	1,242	(156)
Miscellaneous	574	949	375
	2,436	3,824	1,388
TOTAL EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	35,599	51,729	16,130

* the exceptional expense represents the book value of the fixed asset sold and the exceptional income the sale price of the fixed asset sold.

Fiscal year 2003

in thousands of euros

	Exceptional expenses	Exceptional income	Net exceptional income or expense
Capital transactions*			
Sale of Eustache	5	-	(5)
Repurchase of treasury shares	14,504	1,285	(13,219)
	14,509	1,285	(13,224)
Changes in provisions			
CDE defeasance	7,000	-	(7,000)
AGF Mat	357	-	(357)
Tax assessment	4,511	-	(4,511)
Pensions	-	3,345	3,345
	11,868	3,345	(1,166)
Administrative transactions			
Tax adjustments	1,009	-	(1,009)
Severance payments	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	(355)	483	838
	654	483	(171)
TOTAL EXCEPTIONAL ITEMS	27,031	5,113	(14,561)

* the exceptional expense represents the book value of the fixed asset sold and the exceptional income the sale price of the fixed asset sold.

10 - Income for the fiscal year and taxes

in thousands of euros

	Income before taxes	Taxes	Net income after taxes
Net income before exceptional items	460,956	(30)	460,926
Exceptional items	(14,561)	-	(14,561)
Total	446,395	(30)	446,365
Tax attributable to consolidation		(23,177)	(23,177)
TOTAL	446,395	(23,207)	423,188

Overall tax expense totalled 23 million euros.

Cumulative tax losses carried forward for the tax consolidation group stood at 942 million euros at 31 December 2003 and were distributed as follows:

1999	41,256
2000	-
2001	135,403
2002	633,937
2003	-
Deferred amortisation	131,458
TOTAL	942,054

11 - Directors' fees

1. For fiscal year 2002: The amount of directors' fees paid totalled 386 thousand euros.
2. For fiscal year 2003: The amount of directors' fees paid totalled 346.7 thousand euros.

12 - Off-balance sheet commitments

Financial market transactions

On the over-the-counter market:

- Fixed rate swap payables: 0.9 billion euros
- Floating rate swap payables: 0.2 billion euros.

These swaps are essentially interest rate hedging swaps on loans and borrowings.

Other commitments

- Belgium (subsidiary AGF Belgium Insurance, formerly Assubel Vie)

Acting on authorisation of the Board of Directors, AGF issued a comfort letter to AGF Belgium Insurance, formerly Assubel Vie, in November 1998, which was confirmed in writing on 31 July 2003.

Banque AGF has issued a guarantee on behalf of AGF in favour of the French tax authorities for the following amounts in respect of outstanding disputes:

- 19.9 million euros to cover an AGF Group tax audit related to the 1994, 1995 and 1996 tax years,
- AGF has agreed to cover any tax assessments arising from the sale of SPS in Portugal and AGF Union Fénix, now Allianz Seguros Spain.

Authorised by the Board of Directors of AGF SA:

- approval of a retirement plan for members of the executive committee and officers of the AGF Group.
- In the context of the sale of Entenial, AGF has granted the guarantees and potential specific performance guarantees on defeasance transactions. AGF also guarantees the commitments of Banque AGF in favour of CFF.
- AGF has given a guarantee to Price Waterhouse Coopers indemnifying the latter in the event of any legal proceedings in respect of its peer review of the Ernst & Young audit to evaluate the quality of searches for unclaimed policies.
- In a letter dated 27 June 2000, AGF made certain commitments to the CECEI concerning the long-term nature of its stake in Sophia and regarding the procedures to be followed prior to any material change in its 29% ownership stake or in its active participation on Sophia's board of directors in terms of defining strategic direction. The letter also guarantees that Sophia will maintain its coefficient of share capital and permanent resources at no less than 75%.

These commitments were terminated on 4 February 2004 as a result of the sale of Sophia.

- AGF has extended a letter of guarantee to Total Fina Elf supporting AGF Vie's contractual and financial obligations under an insurance policy AGF Vie issued regarding a group defined-benefit pension plan.

13 - Appropriation

in thousands of euros

	2003
Sources:	
Retained earnings	198,035
Fiscal year net income	423,188
TOTAL	621,223
Appropriations:	
Dividends	316,484 *
Equalisation tax on dividends	103,513 *
Retained earnings	148,197
Long-term capital gain reserve	53,029
TOTAL	621,223

* pending approval at the General Meeting of Shareholders

Other information

Employees: as of 31 December 2003, there were a total of 6 employees.

Consolidating parent company: AGF is fully consolidated by Allianz AG, Munich.

Treasury shares at 31 December 2003

	Number	Net book value in thousands of euros	Average cost in euros
Stock options granted to Group employees before 1999	21,532	546	25.36
Treasury shares booked as marketable securities	21,532	546	25.36
Share purchase options granted to Group employees:			
Options granted in 1999	943,812	40,546	42.96
Options granted in 2000	934,108	40,129	42.96
Options granted in 2001	979,029	42,059	42.96
Other treasury shares (1)	10,746,438	461,667	42.96
Treasury shares booked as financial fixed assets	13,603,387	584,401	42.96
TOTAL TREASURY SHARES	13,624,919	584,947	42.93

(1) In November 2003, AGF signed a liquidity contract in compliance with the code of ethics of the Association Française des Entreprises d'Investissement (French Association of Investment Firms). This contract was approved by the AMF, in accordance with the COB instruction of 10 April 2001. Under the contract, AGF has allotted resources of 1,870,000 shares held in treasury and 20 million euros.

As of 31 December 2003, after taking into account transactions under the liquidity contract, AGF held 13,624,919 shares in treasury, including 1,539,728 bearer shares under the liquidity contract, out of a total of 188,172,639 outstanding shares.

Subsidiaries and investments

in thousands of euros

	Share capital	Reserves and retained earnings before appropriation of income	Percent ownership	Market value at 31.12.2003	Book value of shares held				Outstanding loans and advances granted by the company	Revenue	Profit (loss) for fiscal year	Dividends received by company during fiscal year 2003
					Gross 31.12.2003	Net 31.12.2003	Net 31.12.2002	Net 31.12.2001				
A- Detailed information on subsidiaries and investments												
1- Subsidiaries (more than 50% owned by the company)												
a) French companies												
AGF Holding 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 PARIS	1,134,566	2,882,672	99.99	7,669,211	4,178,168	4,178,168	4,178,168	3,535,191	732,133	111,896	40,549	327,445
Estisèche 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 PARIS	3,326	1,356	99.99	2,725	2,725	2,724	2,724	2,724	-	-	(396)	-
SNC AGF Cash 14, rue Halévy - 75009 PARIS	225	4	99.99	229	229	229	229	229	70,949	-	4,733	-
b) Foreign companies												
2- Shares in affiliates (5-50% owned by the company)												
a) French companies												
Banque AGF 14, rue Halévy - 75009 PARIS	202,013	187,800	29.76	190,985	190,985	144,705	136,943	-	228,028	20,188	-	-
Euler Hermes 1 rue Euler - 75008 PARIS	13,297	872,607	9.46	149,207	149,207	142,342	135,058	-	-	36,169	3,029	-
AGF Asset Management 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 PARIS	92	41,050	7.61	28,009	27,997	27,997	-	-	89,369	7,724	457	-
AGF Iart 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 PARIS	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
b) Foreign companies												
B- Overall information on other subsidiaries and investments												
1- Subsidiaries not included in paragraph A												
2- Investments not included in paragraph A												
				15,055	13,125	13,123	14,917					1,201



Report of the statutory auditors on the annual financial statements

This is a free translation into English of a report issued in the French language and is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking readers. The statutory auditors' report includes information specifically required by French law in all audit reports, whether qualified or not, and this is presented below the opinion on the financial statements. This information includes an explanatory paragraph discussing the auditors' assessments of certain significant accounting and auditing matters. These assessments were considered for the purpose of issuing an audit opinion on the financial statements taken as a whole and not to provide separate assurance on individual account captions or on information taken outside of the financial statements. This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

AGF S.A.

Head office: 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 PARIS
Share capital: €860,602,017

Report of the statutory auditors

Fiscal year ended 31 December 2003

Ladies, Gentlemen,

In our capacity as statutory auditors, we present below our report on:

- The audit of the accompanying annual financial statements of AGF S.A.,
- The justification of our assessments,
- The specific procedures and disclosures prescribed by law.

The annual financial statements have been approved by the Board of Directors. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

1. Opinion on the annual financial statements

We conducted our audit in accordance with French professional standards. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by the management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statements presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly the financial position of the Company as of 31 December 2003, and the results of its operations for the year then ended, in accordance with French professional standards.

2. Justification of our assessments

In accordance with the requirements of article L.225-235 of the Commercial Code in relation to the justification of our assessments, introduced by the Financial Security Act of 1 August 2003 and applicable for the first time this year, we draw your attention the following matter:

The assets of your company are principally comprised of investments in participating interests for which the measurement method is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

We reviewed the measurement method used by the company, as described in the notes to the financial statements, with respect to these assets and, on the basis of elements currently available, performed tests to verify the application of these measurement methods and the consistency of the assumptions used with the prospective data prepared by the company.

Our work relating to significant estimates made by the management enabled us to assess their reasonable nature.

The assessments were made in the context of our audit of the financial statements, taken as a whole, and therefore contributed to the formation of the unqualified opinion expressed in the first part of this report.

3. Specific procedures and disclosures prescribed by law

We have also carried out, in accordance with French professional standards, the specific procedures prescribed by French law.

We have nothing to report with respect to the fairness of information contained in the Director's Report and its consistency with the annual financial statements and other information presented to shareholders concerning the financial position and financial statements.

In accordance with the law, we report to you that the information provided for in article L.225-102-1, 2 and 5 of the Commercial Code concerning the following directors, Mr Diekmann, Mr Breikamp, Mr Breipohl and Mr Schulte-Noelle includes the director's fees that they received, given the absence of any other remuneration paid by the AGF group, and does not mention, according to the position set out by your company in the Directors' report, the total remuneration and benefits in kind paid during the year to these directors by the entity which controls your company.

In accordance with the law, we have ensured that the required information concerning the purchase of investments and controlling interests and the names of the principal shareholders have been properly disclosed in the Directors' report.

La Défense, 28 April 2004

The Statutory Auditors

KPMG Audit
Division of KPMG S.A.

Francine Morelli

ERNST & YOUNG Audit

Dominique Duret-Ferrari



Schedule of securities held by the company at 31 December 2003

in thousands of euros

Quantity	Securities	Balance sheet value
	I - Subsidiaries and affiliates (long term)	
1	A.F.A.	1
1	AGF 2X (Consolidated)	-
879	AGF Asset Management (Consolidated)	27,997
7,441,937	AGF Holding (Consolidated)	4,178,170
1	AGF Boieldieu (Consolidated)	-
1	AGF Private Equity (Consolidated)	-
1	AGF Richelieu (Consolidated)	-
7	Allianz Holding France	1
1	Arcalis (Consolidated)	-
1	Assurances Générales de France Iart (Consolidated)	-
6,680,132	Banque AGF (Consolidated)	190,985
1	Calypso (Consolidated)	-
1	Coparc (Consolidated)	-
55	Entenial (Consolidated)	2
3,922,361	Euler Hermes (Consolidated)	149,207
207,872	Eustache (Consolidated)	2,725
10	GIE Placements d'assurance (Consolidated)	-
1	Qualis (Consolidated)	-
1	SIBI (Consolidated)	-
149,999	SNC AGF Cash (Consolidated)	229
800,754	Worms et Cie	13,121
	TOTAL SUBSIDIARIES AND AFFILIATES	4,562,438
	II - TREASURY SHARES	
13,603,387	Treasury shares	584,401
	TOTAL TREASURY SHARES	584,401
	III - EQUITY INVESTMENTS (long term)	
40	Aventis	1
	TOTAL EQUITY INVESTMENTS	1
	IV - MARKETABLE SECURITIES	
	Shares:	
21,532	AGF (stock options prior to 1997)	546
100	Gecina	10
	Bonds:	
17	Gécina 3.25% 97 cv	2
	Loans:	
	To board members	11
	TOTAL MARKETABLE SECURITIES	569
	TOTAL SECURITIES	5,147,409

Five year financial summary

	2003	2002	2001	2000	1999
Share capital at year-end					
Share capital (<i>in thousands of euros</i>)	860,602	854 810	844 631	844,168	843,942
Total shares of common stock outstanding	188,172,639	186 906 160	184 680 634	184,579,334	184,529,810
Number of dividend-bearing shares	175,824,784*	171 489 636	170 054 222	167,607,882	-
Operations and results for the fiscal year (<i>in thousands of euros</i>)					
Total revenue	487,660	814,403	195,703	1,173,845	318,555
Income before taxes, employee profit-sharing, amortisation and provisions	242,506	655,064	193,813	1,099,804	237,514
Income taxes	(23,207)	76,010	70,238	(2,734)	91,392
Employee profit-sharing during fiscal year	(2)	-	-	-	-
Income after taxes, amortisation and provisions	423,188	439,272	254,157	1,162,360	337,282
Income distributed	316,485	171,490	340,108	335,216	298,938
Earnings per share (in euros)					
Income after taxes and employee profit-sharing but before amortisation and provisions	1.17	3.91	1.43	5.94	1.78
Income after taxes, employee profit-sharing, amortisation and provisions	2.25	2.35	1.38	6.30	1.83
Net dividend per share	1.80	1.00	2.00	2.00	1.62
Employees					
Average number of salaried employees during the year	7	2	-	-	-
Total salary expenses (<i>in thousands of euros</i>)	5,237	1,751	-	-	-
Employee benefits paid during the year (Social Security, etc.)	1,847	263	-	-	-

* Pending approval at the General Meeting of Shareholders.



Special report of the statutory auditors on certain related-party transactions

This is a free translation into English of a report issued in the French language and is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking readers. This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with, French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

AGF S.A.

Head office: 87, rue Richelieu –75002 Paris

Share capital: €860,602,017

Special report of the statutory auditors on certain related party transactions

Fiscal year ended 31 December 2003

Ladies, Gentlemen,

In our capacity as statutory auditors of your Company, we are required to report on certain contractual agreements with certain related parties.

In accordance with article L.225-40 of the Commercial Code, we have been advised of certain contractual agreements which were authorised by your Board of Directors.

We are not required to ascertain whether any other contractual agreements exist but to inform you, on the basis of the information provided to us, of the terms and conditions of the agreements indicated to us. It is not our role to comment as to whether they are beneficial or appropriate. It is your responsibility, under the terms of article 92 of the March 23, 1967 decree, to evaluate the benefits resulting from these agreements prior to their approval.

We conducted our work in accordance with professional standards. These standards require that we perform the necessary procedures to verify that the information provided to us is consistent with the documentation from which it has been extracted.

With Allianz AG

- Directors concerned: Mr. Schulte-Noëlle, Mr Bremkamp and Mr Breipohl
- Nature, purpose, and content: Renewal of the authorisation provided to AGF S.A. by Allianz Group in relation to the acquisition of the shares of the company AVIP.

The acquisition of 100% of the shares of the company AVIP remains outstanding.

This agreement was authorised by your Board of Directors on 2 September 2002 and was renewed during a meeting held on 14 March 2003.

With Allianz AG

- Directors concerned: Mr. Diekmann, Mr. Bremkamp and Mr. Breipohl
- Nature, purpose, and content: Authorisation of the renewal of the Stock Appreciation Rights ("SAR") plan whose beneficiaries include managers of all Allianz Group companies.

This new SAR plan, the terms of which have reportedly not changed compared to the prior year (duration of validity – 7 years, exercisable after 2 years from the date of grant and on the condition of growth of at least 20% and of outperformance of the Dow Jones Europe Stoxx Index for 5 consecutive days) would apply to 49 managers of AGF.

This agreement was authorised by your Board of Directors on 23 September 2003.

With AGF Vie

- Director concerned: Mr Jean-Philippe Thierry
- Nature, purpose, and content: Authorisation of the modification of the tax consolidation group agreement, under which AGF S.A. is the head of the Group.

The new agreement now permits AGF Vie to benefit from compensation corresponding to tax losses that it transfers to AGF S.A.

This agreement was authorised by your Board of Directors on 26 May 2003.

With Banque AGF

- Director concerned: Mr Laurent Mignon
- Nature, purpose, and content: Authorisation of the issuance of a guarantee granted by AGF S.A. and related to the disposal of Enténial. This agreement was authorised by your Board of Directors on 23 September 2003.

With AGF Belgium

- Director concerned: Mr Thomazeau
- Nature, purpose, and content: Authorisation of the extension of a letter of comfort issued to AGF Belgium.
Given the new writ of summons before the Commercial Tribunal of Brussels (“Tribunal de Commerce de Bruxelles”) for events dating from the 1980s, the Insurance Regulatory Office (“Office du Contrôle des Assurances”) asked that the letter of support established in 1998 by the company AGF be extended to cover possible financial consequences resulting therefrom.

This agreement was authorised by your Board of Directors on 26 May 2003.

Pursuant to the 23 March 1967 decree, we have been informed that the following agreements, approved in prior years, remained effective in the year just ended.

With the members of the Executive Committee

Members of the group’s executive committee, including officers, are covered by a specific supplementary retirement plan, the terms of which were set forth in internal rules and regulations approved by the board of directors in its meeting of 15 April 1998.

At 31 December 2003, the total commitment under this agreement was evaluated at 8.798 million euros.

With Crédit Lyonnais

In September 1998, Enténial entered into an agreement for a line of credit of 0.46 billion euros over a period of 5 years with Crédit Lyonnais, Paribas and Bayerische Landesbank serving as lead managers. This syndicated loan was made subject to a comfort letter signed by AGF.

AGF agreed to give prior notice to the banking pool of any sale of equity giving rise to a loss of its majority stake in Enténial. AGF promised to provide administrative assistance to Enténial and conduct periodic audits. AGF also promised to do whatever might be necessary to ensure that Enténial meets its commitments to the banking pool under the terms and conditions set forth in the loan agreement and has sufficient cash.

With Allianz AG

- A provision of 0.4 million euro was booked in the 31 December 2002 accounts of AGF S.A. in respect of the liability guarantee related to the sale of AGF MAT shares at the end of 2001, which was transacted at a valuation close to the net asset value.
During 2003, a part of the liability, considered definitive, has been paid to Allianz A.G.
- In the context of the Allianz Group’s refinancing strategy, AGF S.A. issued 700 million euros in subordinated debt maturing in 20 years subscribed by Allianz France BV, controlled by Allianz AG. The terms of the loan are as follows:
 - Maturity: 20 years
 - Interest: fixed rate of 5.445% for the first ten years, followed by a floating rate of 3-month Euribor + 183 basis points from the 11th year.
 - Repayment conditions: after the tenth year, AGF may repay Allianz Finance BV at each quarterly interest payment date. In addition, Allianz Finance BV may request prepayment provided such prepayment would not jeopardise certain solvency ratios of the AGF Group.

With Total

AGF gave a contra-guarantee to Total in relation to contractual and financial obligations of AGF Vie relating to a collective defined benefit retirement contract. This commitment guarantees that the obligations of AGF Vie will be respected and maintained if AGF Vie shareholders change. The commitment remains valid until the extinguishment of AGF Vie’s obligations.

La Défense, 28 April 2004

The Statutory Auditors

KPMG Audit
Division of KPMG S.A.

ERNST & YOUNG Audit

Francine Morelli
Partner

Dominique Duret-Ferrari
Partner

A_{GF}

Agenda of combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders on 25 May 2004

● Presented for the approval of shareholders voting in their ordinary general meeting:

- Review of reports of the board of directors, of the Chairman of the board of directors (art. L. 225-37 of the Commercial Code) and of the statutory auditors, approval of statutory and consolidated financial statements for fiscal year 2003;
- Allocation and distribution of income for the fiscal year;
- Review of the special report of the statutory auditors on agreements subject to articles L. 225-38 and subsequent provisions of the Commercial Code and approval of agreements subject thereto;
- Discharge of directors reaching the end of their term;
- Appointment of a director;
- Renewal of the appointments of three directors;
- Appointment of a director to represent employee shareholders;
- Renewal of appointment of statutory auditors;
- Renewal of appointment of substitute statutory auditors;
- Authorisation to buy back securities of the company.

● Presented for the approval of shareholders voting in their extraordinary general meeting:

- Global authorisation to issue new share capital reserved for employee members of an Employee Savings Plan (plan d'épargne d'entreprise);
- Granting of stock options (purchase options or subscription options) to corporate executives and other employees;
- Authorisation to reduce share capital through the cancellation of shares;
- Powers.

1 - Presented for the approval of shareholders voting in their ordinary general meeting

Resolution one: approval of statutory financial statements

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and the majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, having heard the reports of the board of directors and the statutory auditors on statutory financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003, and the report of the Chairman pursuant to article L. 225-37 paragraph 6 of the Commercial Code, as well as the report of the statutory auditors on the aforesaid report of the Chairman, does hereby approve the statutory financial statements for fiscal year 2003 as presented, as well as the transactions appearing in those statements or mentioned in these reports, giving rise to income of 423,188,052.65 euros.

Resolution two: approval of consolidated financial statements

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and the majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, having heard the reports of the board of directors and the statutory auditors on consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003, and the report of the Chairman pursuant to article L. 225-37 paragraph 6 of the Commercial Code, as well as the report of the statutory auditors on the aforesaid report of the Chairman, does hereby approve the consolidated financial statements for fiscal year 2003 as presented, as well as the transactions appearing in those statements or mentioned in these reports.

Resolution three: allocation of profits

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and the majority required for Ordinary General Meeting and acting on the recommendation of the Board of Directors, after recognising the number of shares held in treasury at 12 March 2004 stood at 12,421,814 and therefore that the number of dividend bearing shares stands at 175,824,784, hereby makes the following allocations of profits for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2003:

Profit for the fiscal year	€ 423,188,052.65
Retained earnings brought forward	€ 198,035,350.26
Distributable results	€ 621,223,402.91
allocated to:	
- the special long-term capital gains reserve	€ 53,029,370.00
- the distribution of dividends	€ 419,997,447.20
Balance:	€ 148,196,585.71
allocated to retained earnings	

Therefore, the overall dividend on 175,824,784 shares stands at 419,997,447.20 euros and it is recommended that it be paid at the head office starting 26 May 2004.

Given the equalisation tax (précompte) on this dividend amounting to 103,512,836 euros, the amount distributed to shareholders will be 316,484,611,20 euros or 1.80 euros per share⁽¹⁾.

Pursuant to the Finance Law for 2004, the tax credit attached to dividends paid by AGF will be distributed as follows

- 50% to individual shareholders,
- 50% to institutional shareholders having opted for the parent/subsidiary regime,
- 10% to other institutional shareholders, provided however, that such tax credit shall be increased by an amount equal to 80% of the equalisation tax actually paid in connection with such dividend distribution. This tax credit can no longer be booked starting 1 January 2005.

Pursuant to article 243 bis of the General Tax Code, the General Meeting of Shareholders hereby notes that the dividend paid on each share and the corresponding tax credit over the last three fiscal year was as follows:

Fiscal year	Net dividend	Tax credit (50%)	Actual revenue
2000	€ 2.00	€ 1.00	€ 3.00
2001	€ 2.00*	€ 1.00	€ 3.00
2002	€ 1.00	€ 0.50	€ 1.50

*including € 1.10 per share paid from profits and € 0.90 per share from the ordinary reserve.

Resolution four: related party transactions

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary general meetings, having heard the special report of the statutory auditors on transactions pursuant to articles L. 225-38 and subsequent provisions of the Commercial Code, does hereby approve said transactions.

Resolution five: discharge of directors reaching the end of their term

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, does hereby give full and total management discharge to directors whose term is expiring.

(1) The per share dividend has been set at 1.80 euros per share, to be paid from distributable profits. The total amount of the dividend and the equalisation tax may differ slightly in the event of a change in the number of shares held by the company and/or by virtue of stock option exercises between the date of the meeting of the Board of Directors called to approve financial statements for fiscal year 2003 and the date of this General Meeting of Shareholders.

Resolution six: renewal of the term of a director

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, does hereby note that the term of Mr. Jean-Philippe Thierry expires with this general meeting. Acting on the recommendation of the Board of Directors, it hereby renews said term for a statutory period of four years, ending with the General Meeting of Shareholders called to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2007.

Resolution seven: renewal of the term of a director

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, does hereby note that the term of Mrs. Béatrice Majnoni d'Intignano expires with this general meeting. Acting on the recommendation of the Board of Directors, it hereby renews said term for a statutory period of four years, ending with the General Meeting of Shareholders called to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2007.

Resolution eight: renewal of the term of a director

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, does hereby note that the terms of Mr. Yves Cannac expires with this general meeting. Acting on the recommendation of the Board of Directors, it hereby renews said term for a statutory period of four years, ending with the General Meeting of Shareholders called to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2007.

Resolution nine: appointment of a director

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, acting on the recommendation of the Board of Directors, does hereby appoint Mr. Hervé de Veyrac as director for a statutory period of four years, ending with the General Meeting of Shareholders called to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2007.

Resolution ten: appointment of a director to represent employee shareholders⁽²⁾

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, having noted that Messrs. ... have been directly or indirectly designated by employee shareholders as candidates for the position of directors, does hereby appoint as director M. ... for a statutory period of four years ending with the General Meeting of Shareholders called to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2007.

Resolution eleven: renewal of the term of a statutory auditor

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, having noted that the term of the firm Ernst & Young Audit as statutory auditor expires at the end of this General Meeting of Shareholders, having heard the recommendation of the Board of Directors, acting on the recommendation of the Board Audit Committee, does hereby renew said term for a period of six years ending with the annual General Meeting of Shareholders called to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2009.

Resolution twelve: renewal of the term of a statutory auditor

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, having noted that the term of the firm KPMG, S.A. as statutory auditor expires at the end of this General Meeting of Shareholders, having heard the recommendation of the Board of Directors, acting on the recommendation of the Board Audit Committee, does hereby renew said term for a period of six years ending with the annual General Meeting of Shareholders called to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2009.

(2) It is hereby stipulated that each of the candidates presented by the employee shareholders and/or the FCPE employee investment funds will be subject to an individual resolution in respect of his or her recommended appointment by the General Meeting of Shareholders, which will vote for or against each candidate, with the provision that the shareholders can only vote for a single candidate, there being only one position available. Information relative to the final number of candidates being presented to the General Meeting of Shareholders will only be known at the time legally required publication requirements are fulfilled.

Resolution thirteen: renewal of the term of an alternate statutory auditor

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, having noted that the term of the Mr. Christian de Chastellux as substitute statutory auditor expires at the end of this General Meeting of Shareholders, having heard the recommendation of the Board of Directors, acting on the recommendation of the Board Audit Committee, does hereby renew said term for a period of six years ending with the annual General Meeting of Shareholders called to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2009.

Resolution fourteen: renewal of the term of an alternate statutory auditor

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, having noted that the term of the Mr. Gérard Rivière as substitute statutory auditor expires at the end of this General Meeting of Shareholders, having heard the recommendation of the Board of Directors, acting on the recommendation of the Board Audit Committee, does hereby renew said term for a period of six years ending with the annual General Meeting of Shareholders called to approve the financial statements for fiscal year 2009.

Resolution fifteen: authorisation to buy back company stock

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Ordinary General Meetings, and in consideration of the report of the Board of Directors and the *note d'information* approved by the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF), hereby authorises the Board of Directors to approve the buy back of company stock pursuant to article L. 225-209 of the Commercial Code.

The acquisition, sale or transfer of said share may occur through any and all means, on the market or over-the-counter, and may include the acquisition of blocs of shares and the use of derivative instruments traded on a regulated market or over-the-counter and option strategies (sale of put options).

The purchase price shall not exceed 80 euros per share, net of acquisition fees, and the sale price may not be less than 30 euros per share, net of selling fees, subject to possible adjustments related to any changes in the share capital of the company. The minimum unit sale price shall apply in the event of resale of shares acquired under this buy-back programme and/or programmes approved by previous general meetings of shareholders.

In the event of a share capital increase through incorporation of reserves and distribution of free shares as well as a stock split or reserve split, the above prices shall be adjusted by a multiplier equal to the ratio of the number of shares comprising share capital prior to the operation to the number subsequent to the operation.

The portion of the share capital repurchased by the company shall never exceed 10% of share capital or 18,824,659 shares as of 12 March 2004 for a maximum buy-back programme of 1,505,972,720 euros

Shares may be acquired, regardless of terms, in order to:

- stabilise the market price of company stock through systematic countervailing market intervention,
- grant stock options to company and/or group employees,
- retain, sell or transfer securities within the framework of active and optimised management of the share capital of the company,
- remit shares in payment or exchange for equity, mainly in acquisitions,
- remit shares in respect of rights attached to securities providing entitlement to share capital of the company through reimbursement, conversion, exchange or presentation of a warrant, or in any other manner in respect of issues of shares,
- promote the reversal of cross ownerships,
- grant stock under employee profit-sharing requirements or under an AGF Employee Savings Plan,
- retain, cancel, sell or transfer acquired shares.

This authorisation shall be valid for a period of eighteen months starting from the date of this general meeting of shareholders and supersedes and replaces the authority previously granted by the combined ordinary and extraordinary general meeting of shareholders of 26 May 2003 in its seventh resolution.

The board of directors is granted full powers, which may be delegated to the Chief Executive Officer, to carry out this resolution.

Also to be presented to the Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 25 May 2004 (resolution eighteen) is an authorisation for the Board to proceed as need be with the cancellation of shares bought back pursuant to resolution fifteen up to a limit of 10% of share capital.

2 - Presented for the approval of shareholders voting in their extraordinary general meeting

Resolution sixteen: authorisation to increase share capital reserved for employees participating in an AGF Employee Savings Plan (plan d'épargne d'entreprise)

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Extraordinary General Meetings, and in consideration of the report of the Board of Directors and the special report of the statutory auditors and pursuant to the provisions of articles L. 225-138 IV of the Commercial Code and L. 443-5 of the Labour Code, hereby:

- authorises the Board of Directors to increase share capital on one or more occasions over a maximum of five years starting with the date of the general meeting. The total number of shares that may be subscribed to shall not exceed 5% of the share capital existing on the date of the general meeting;
- sets aside all the shares to be issued for the subscription of employees of the company and the French or foreign companies connected with it within the meaning of article 225-180 of the Commercial Code when employees are members of an Employee Savings Plan;
- stipulates that this authorisation prevails in its own right for employees for whom this share capital is reserved, with shareholders surrendering their preferential subscription rights in respect of shares issued pursuant to this authorisation;
- hereby stipulates that the issue price of new shares shall be no greater than the average of the opening prices on the twenty trading days immediately preceding the date the Board fixes an opening subscription date pursuant to this authorisation, nor less than the average reduced by the maximum amount provided for under the law on the date the Board authorises an increase pursuant to this authorisation.

The General Meeting of Shareholders gives the Board full power to:

- determine the companies whose employees may benefit from a subscription offer pursuant to this authorisation, subject to article 225-180 of the Commercial Code;
- establish requirements to be met by employees in respect of their length of employment in order to benefit from the subscription offer;
- stipulate at the time of each share capital increase the employee subscriptions may be made individually or through an investment fund (fonds commun de placement);
- grant to employees, if need be, a period in which they may pay for shares, but not to exceed the limit provided for under law;
- establish procedures and terms and conditions in respect of participation in the Employee Savings Plan and establish or modify the payment;
- establish opening and closing subscription dates and the issue prices of shares within the limits established by the General Meeting of Shareholders;
- determine the number of new shares to be issued within the limits established by the General Meeting of Shareholders with the stipulation that shares shall be registered (compte nominatif);
- recognise share capital increases in the amount of the number of shares that shall actually be subscribed to;
- take any and all steps and complete all filings and procedures needed, either directly or through power of attorney;
- amend the article of company by-laws in respect of share capital and generally take all needed and necessary actions pursuant to regulations and laws in effect.

The General Meeting of Shareholders authorises the Board to delegate its powers to the Chief Executive Officer, pursuant to the provisions of articles L. 225-129 of the Commercial Code and L. 443-5 of the Labour Code.

This authorisation cancels and replaces the authorisation given to the Board of Directors for a period of 5 years under the thirteenth resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders of 4 June 1999.

Resolution seventeen: granting of stock options to officers and employees

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Extraordinary General Meetings, having heard the report of the Board of Directors and the special report of the statutory auditors does hereby authorise the board of directors to grant, on one or several occasions, options entitling some or all corporate officers and employees of the company and its affiliated companies

under the terms and conditions provided for under article L. 225-177 of the Commercial Code to subscribe to new shares of company stock or purchase shares of existing stock arising from repurchases by the company under the terms and conditions provided by law.

1. The Board of Directors shall have a maximum period of thirty-eight months starting with the day of this General Meeting in which to use the above authorisation on one or several occasions or until 25 July 2007; under this authorisation, the total number of options created by the Board of Directors but not exercised shall not provide an entitlement at any time to subscribe to or purchase more than four million (4,000,000) shares;
2. Exercise prices upon purchase or subscription of shares shall be established by the Board of Directors according to procedures set forth in its report and pursuant to provisions of law in effect on the date options are granted; this price may not be modified unless the company has conducted a financial operation during the exercise period, in which case it shall proceed with an adjustment to the number and the price of shares according to legal and regulatory provisions in effect.
3. Starting from the date of option grant by the Board of Directors, optionees shall have a maximum of eight years to exercise their grant. Beyond that date, options shall be null and void.
4. The above authorisation, which the Board shall implement in accordance with legal applicable provisions and notably those contained in article L.225-177 of the Commercial Code, specifically includes the surrender by shareholders of their preferential subscription rights to shares will shall be issued by virtue of option exercises.
5. The General Meeting of Shareholders gives necessary powers to the Board of Directors in its first meeting following the close of each fiscal year to recognise the number and amount of shares issued during the fiscal year subsequent to option exercises and to make the needed changes to the by-laws of the company. The Board of Directors may at any time recognise said number and amount for the fiscal year in progress and make corresponding changes to the by-laws

The Board of Directors may delegate to the Chairman necessary power to carry out these operations in the months that follow the closing of the fiscal year or at any time pursuant to the provisions of article L. 225-178 of the Commercial Code.

This authorisation supersedes and replaces the authorisation given to the Board of Directors for a period of thirty-eight months in the fifteen resolution of the General Meeting of Shareholders of 5 June 2001.

Resolution eighteen: authorisation to reduce share capital by cancelling shares

The General Meeting of Shareholders, voting under the quorum and majority required for Extraordinary General Meetings, having heard the report of the Board of Directors and the special report of the statutory auditors, does hereby authorise the Board to:

- cancel on one or more occasions all or a portion of shares acquired pursuant to the authorisations given by the Combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 4 June 1999 in its fifth resolution, the Combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 30 May 2000 in its thirteenth resolution, the Combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 5 June 2001 in its eighth resolution, the Combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 26 May 2003 in its seventh resolution and the Combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 25 May 2004 in its fifteen resolution pursuant to the provisions of article L. 225-209 of the Commercial Code and earlier authorisations given to stabilise share price up to a limit of 10% of share capital by twenty-four month periods and to reduce share capital accordingly by recording the difference between the repurchase price of the cancelled shares and their par value in paid-in capital and available reserves;
- to amend the by-laws accordingly and complete all necessary filings and procedures in respect thereof.

This authorisation is given for a period of five years starting with this General Meeting of Shareholders. It supersedes and replaces the authorisation given earlier by the Combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of Shareholders of 26 May 2003 in its fourteenth resolution.

Resolution nineteen: powers

The General Meeting of Shareholders hereby gives full power to the bearer of a copy of a summary of minutes of this meeting to carry out all necessary filings, publications and procedures.



Statement of responsibility for shelf registration document, financial information and audits

● Responsibility for shelf registration document

Mr Jean-Philippe Thierry
Chairman of the Board of Directors

● Certification of management

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is an accurate reflection of the company's financial position. All information needed by investors to make their own opinion in respect of the assets, business, financial position, results and outlook of Assurances Générales de France and AGF Group has been included. There are no omissions that could alter the substance of this report.

Jean-Philippe Thierry

● Statutory auditors

Name	Date of appointment	Term expiration
KPMG SA Represented by Mrs. Francine Morelli 2 bis rue de Villiers – 92300 Levallois-Perret	AGM 05.06.2001*	AGM to approve financial statements of 2003
Ernst & Young Audit Represented by Mr. Dominique Duret-Ferrari Tour Ernst & Young 92037 Paris-La Défense Cedex	AGM 03.06.1998	AGM to approve financial statements of 2003
Alternate auditors Mr. Gérard Rivière 1 cours Valmy 92923 Paris-La Défense cedex	AGM 05.06.2001*	AGM to approve financial statements of 2003
Mr. Christian de Castellux Tour Ernst & Young 92037 Paris-La Défense Cedex	AGM 03.06.1998	AGM to approve financial statements of 2003

* Continuation of the terms of Cabinet Cauvin Angleys Saint Pierre Révifrance and KPMG SA (resolutions 6 and 7 of the Combined Ordinary and Extraordinary General Meeting of 5 June 2001).

Pursuant to law and by-laws, the term of the statutory auditors is six fiscal years. The resolutions to be presented to the General Meeting of Shareholders on 25 May 2004 include a proposal to renew the terms of the statutory auditors and their alternates for a period of six fiscal years.

● Information policy

Information manager: Jean-Michel Mangeot
General Secretary of the AGF Group
87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 Paris – Tel. (33-1) 44 86 20 16.

AGF premium income is published quarterly (1st quarter, 1st half, 3rd quarter and annually), and results are published on a half-year basis (1st half, annually). AGF also issues periodic press releases relative to the Group and its subsidiaries' financial and strategic activities. Partnerships, new product launches, acquisitions, appointments, strategy, new companies, business information, etc. were all covered in more than fifty press releases in 2003.

All of these press releases, as well as other institutional, financial and strategic information are available on the internet, in French and English, at: <http://www.agf.fr>. In particular, the English version includes:

- annual reports
- press releases
- AGF share information
- numerous information pages about the AGF Group.



Report of the statutory auditors on the shelf registration document

This is a free translation into English of the statutory auditors' report on the shelf registration document issued in the French language and is provided solely for the convenience of English speaking readers. The statutory auditors' reports on financial statements and consolidated financial statements, referred to in this report, include information specifically required by French law in all audit reports, whether qualified or not, and this is presented after the Opinion on the financial statements. This information includes an explanatory paragraph discussing the auditors' assessments of certain significant accounting and auditing matters. These assessments were considered for the purpose of issuing an audit opinion on the annual and consolidated financial statements taken as a whole and not to provide separate assurance on individual account captions or on information taken outside of the annual and consolidated financial statements.

This report should be read in conjunction with, and construed in accordance with French law and professional auditing standards applicable in France.

In our capacity as statutory auditors of AGF S.A. and in compliance with the COB⁽¹⁾ Regulation n° 98-01, we have verified, in accordance with French professional standards, the information in respect of the financial position and historical financial statements included in the accompanying Shelf Registration Document (Document de Référence).

This Shelf Registration Document is the responsibility of Mr Jean-Philippe Thierry, Chairman of the Board of Directors. Our responsibility is to issue an opinion on the fairness of the information contained therein with respect to the financial position and financial statements.

We conducted our review in accordance with French professional standards. This review consisted in assessing the fairness of the information on the financial position and financial statements and in verifying their consistency with the audited accounts. We also reviewed other financial information contained in the Shelf Registration Document in order to identify any significant inconsistency with information in respect of the financial position and financial statements and to bring to your attention any obvious misstatements we noted based on our general understanding of the company gained through our audit. The forecasts provided in the Document are the application of the expectations and intentions of Management's strategy. As the prospective information has been properly prepared, our review took into account management's assumptions on which the prospective information is based.

We issued an unqualified opinion on the annual and consolidated financial statements for the years ended 31 December 2003, 31 December 2002 and 31 December 2001, drawn up by the Board of Directors, in accordance with French professional standards, with the following observations:

The observations mentioned in our report on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2003 making reference to the following notes:

- Note 4.1 concerning the change in accounting policy regarding Goodwill and Network value of foreign subsidiaries in compliance with the AMF⁽¹⁾ recommendations.
- Note 4.4 concerning the treatment of the provision for unrealised capital loss exposures in compliance with notice 2004-B of 21 January 2004 of the issues task force of the National Accounting Council (Comité d'urgence du Conseil National de la Comptabilité).
- Note 4.5 concerning the change in amounts and allocations of the first consolidation differences related to Hermes definitively set within one year as permitted under notice 97-B of the issues task force of the National Accounting Council (Comité d'urgence du Conseil National de la Comptabilité).
- Note 4.2.1 concerning the change in accounting principles relating to the provision for major repairs in compliance with regulation 2003-07 of the Accounting Regulation Committee (Comité de la Réglementation Comptable).

The observations mentioned in our report on the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2002 making reference to the following notes:

- Note 4.1 concerning the change in accounting policy regarding the provision for unrealised capital loss exposures.
- Note 4.2 concerning the maintenance in the consolidated financial statements of the provision for unrealised capital loss exposures booked in the statutory accounts of French subsidiaries and totalling 95.6 million euros.
- Note 4.6 concerning the accounting treatment for the equalisation provisions relative to credit insurance.

- Note 4.3.1, which explains that the amount and allocations of the first consolidation differences resulting from Euler's acquisition of the Hermes Group in 2002 are provisional and will be set definitively within one year as permitted under notice 97-B of the issues task force of the National Accounting Council (Conseil National de la Comptabilité).

An observation mentioned in our report on the consolidated financial statements as of 31 December 2001, making reference to notes 4 and 15 of the annex, which set forth changes in accounting methods due to the application of new consolidation rules defined by regulation CRC 00-05 of the Accounting Regulation Committee (Comité de la Réglementation Comptable).

In accordance with the requirements of article L. 225-235 of Commercial Code, introduced by the Financial Security Act of 1 August 2003 and which came into effect for the first time this year, we reported on the justification of our assessments in our report on the annual and consolidated financial statements.

Annual financial statements:

The assets of your company are principally comprised of investments in participating interests for which the measurement method is set out in the notes to the financial statements.

We reviewed the measurement method used by the company, as described in the notes to the financial statements, with respect to these assets and, on the basis of elements currently available, performed tests to verify the application of these measurement methods and the consistency of the assumptions used with the prospective data prepared by the company.

Our work relating to significant estimates made by the management enabled us to assess their reasonable nature.

Consolidated financial statements:

Accounting changes

Within the context of the accounting rules and principles applied by your company, we performed assessments of the soundness of the change in accounting principles mentioned above and of their overall presentation.

Accounting estimates

Certain accounting principles applied require AGF Group management to make a significant number of judgements and estimates founded partly on prospective data.

The use of these judgements and estimates, for which detailed information is given in the notes to the consolidated financial statements, relates mainly to technical reserves and deferred acquisition costs valuation (notes 3-2 to 3-4), the accounting methodology used for subsequent measurement of goodwill and network value (notes 2-6 and 6-1-2 concerning the accelerated amortization of goodwill from South American subsidiaries), measurement methods used for deferred tax assets (notes 2-9 and 18) and provision for impairment in the value of investments (notes 3-8-2 and 32-1).

We performed an assessment of measurement approaches and methodologies applied, described in the notes to the financial statements mentioned above, and, on the basis of elements currently available, performed tests in order to verify the application of these measurement methods and the consistency of the assumptions used with the prospective data prepared by the Group.

Our work relating to significant judgements and estimates made by Management enabled us to assess their reasonable nature.

The assessments were made in the context of our audit of the financial statements, taken as a whole, and therefore contributed to the formation of the unqualified opinion expressed in our reports on annual and consolidated financial statements.

We have nothing to report with respect to the fairness of the information on the financial position and financial statements contained in the Shelf Registration Document (Document de Référence).

Paris, 28 April 2004

The statutory auditors

KPMG Audit
Division of KPMG S.A.

Francine Morelli

ERNST & YOUNG Audit

Dominique Duret-Ferrari

(1) French Stock Exchange Regulatory Body, since renamed the Autorité des Marchés Financiers (AMF)

Statutory auditors' fees

In accordance with rule 2002.06 of the Commission des opérations de Bourse, we indicate below the fees of the Statutory Auditors and the members of their networks in charge of auditing the consolidated accounts of AGF and its fully-consolidated companies and included by the Group in the 2003 profit and loss statement.

● Fiscal year ended 31 December 2003

in millions of euros

	KPMG				Ernst & Young			
	Amount		Percentage		Amount		Percentage	
	31 Dec. 2003	31 Dec. 2002	31 Dec. 2003	31 Dec. 2002	31 Dec. 2003	31 Dec. 2002	31 Dec. 2003	31 Dec. 2002
Audit								
Statutory audit, certification, examination of individual and consolidated accounts	6.5	6.3	83.4%	81.8%	3.3	2.2	67.4%	73.3%
Other, ancillary responsibilities and other audit assignments	0.9	0.8	11.5%	10.4%	1.0	-	20.4%	-
Sub-total	7.4	7.1	94.9%	92.2%	4.3	2.2	87.8%	73.3%
Other services, if any								
Legal, tax, social welfare	0.4	0.3	5.1%	3.9%	-	-	-	-
Information technologies	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Internal audit	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other	-	0.3	-	3.9%	0.6	0.8	12.2%	26.7%
Sub-total	0.4	0.6	5.1%	7.8%	0.6	0.8	12.2%	26.7%
TOTAL	7.8	7.7	100%	100%	4.9	3.0	100%	100%



Appendices: sustainable development

Scope and extent of the sustainable development section of the report

● Method of consolidation for environmental and social data as of 31 December 2003

Collection of environmental data

The scope of consolidation includes the AGF entities in the ESU and may subsequently be extended to include other Group entities. In this case, data from these entities will be consolidated on the basis of AGF's equity stake in them.

For Administrative Services, the legal entities occupying the buildings subject to reporting must be listed. To explain why large sites are included and the others set aside, an overall calculation is performed, showing the extent to which sites not taken into consideration are representative. To extend the scope of consolidation, an evaluation method (based on average data for example) may be proposed to solve the problem of collecting data from a multitude of widely-dispersed small sites.

The information provided by Purchasing covers all the reporting units it serves, i.e. the legal entities that make up AGF's ESU.

As the scope varies greatly from one indicator to another, it must systematically be specified.

The Administrative Services department has implemented a data collection and consolidation system concerning consumption of energy and fluids on the AGF Group's premises. This tool is accessible on the AGF intranet from any AGF workstation and requires no prior installation. It collects and consolidates consumption data and enables multi-criteria queries. For the moment, only the "large" AGF sites report water and energy consumption. These sites encompass more than 80% of ESU employees.

Key waste indicators

Administrative Services consolidates data on waste volumes on the basis of actual measurements taken at sites in Paris and in the regional offices.

Greenhouse gas emissions

The energy portion of greenhouse gas emissions consists of indirect emissions. In other words, it represents gases emitted when the energy is produced rather than at AGF sites.

Of the total volume emitted, Administrative Services specifies the portion corresponding to renewable energy sources as well as the carbon equivalent in kilograms. The calculation of CO₂ emissions covers all energy production, including upstream industrial production. The conversion keys used are provided directly by the energy providers and are subject to variation from one year to the next depending on how energy is produced. Administrative Services converts CO₂ to kg directly, based on the information provided by suppliers.

Consolidation and verification

The General Secretariat centralises environmental data collected by Administrative Services and Purchasing for utilisation and publication.

In addition, the General Secretariat ensures that data are verified according to standard procedures and that they are comparable to data from previous years. Accordingly, any change in scope, collection methods or calculation must be mentioned and explained in the final report so as to insure the comparability of published information from one year to the next.

Social data

- **The ESU scope of consolidation (AGF Iart, AGF Vie, AGF SA, AGF Informatique, Athéna Afrique, AGF Immobilier, Arcalis, La Lilloise, La Rurale, Protexia)**

Data collection

ESU data are extracted from the "Administrative Personnel" database. Data concerning ESU sales personnel are estimations based on previous year data and corresponding trends.

Human resources representatives in each entity enter the indicators directly into the shared database.

Consolidation and verification

Input information is verified in real time. The Group HR reporting system automatically consolidates the various information files.

Summary report

Automatic data consolidation allows the Human Resources Report to be made available directly. The Human Resources Department and the General Secretariat then draft a summary report for wider distribution.

- **The Group scope of consolidation**

Data collection

The information contained in the quantitative overview of each country with more than 500 employees is collected and forwarded to the Allianz Group. For this reason, the scope of data collected in France extends beyond the ESU and includes Euler Hermes, Banque AGF, Entenial, Mondial Assistance, W Finance and Larose Trintaudon. Data are provided either directly by the entities or are estimated on the basis of data from previous years and corresponding trends.

Consolidation and verification

Data related to the entities in each country are centralised by the Group HR department for that country.

As part of the Allianz Group's Human Resources Management process, these data, consolidated by country, are then transmitted to the Allianz Group's Human Resources Department, which performs a final consolidation for the Group.

For the AGF Group annual report, the Group HR department in each country communicates the data to the General Secretariat, which restates them and codifies the indicators presented in the annual report.

Article 116 of the New Economic Regulations Act (loi sur les Nouvelles Régulations Économiques)

Article 116 social indicators	2003	Comments	
Total compensation and benefits of any kind paid during the reporting period to each corporate officer		See page II.40-41	
Total compensation and benefits of any kind received by corporate officers during the reporting period from controlled companies, as defined by Art. L.233-16		See page II.40-41	
List of all officers and the positions they held in all companies during the reporting period		See page I.66 - II.13.16	
Total number of employees	13,735	ESU scope. See condensed Group human resources report on our website for more details	
New hires, broken down into fixed-term contracts and permanent contracts	1 132 permanent and 266 fixed-term		
Recruiting difficulties, if any	Tough competition in recruiting salespeople with certain specific skillsets		
Lay-offs and reasons therefor	20 employees for professional misconduct 149 contract terminations by mutual agreement 520 salespeople for insufficient performance		
Overtime	Not available		
Workers employed by non-Group companies	772	ESU scope. 299 IT consultants 175 maintenance personnel 158 restaurant workers	
Work scheduling	6,827 administrative employees follow a system of flexible working hours	ESU scope.	
Total working time for full-time employees	1,512 hours	ESU scope. Administrative employees	
Total working time for part-time employees	80% of full-time	ESU scope. Administrative employees	
Absenteeism and its causes	6.4% including 4.1% for short-term illnesses	ESU scope. See condensed Group human resources report on our website for more details	
Compensation	36,100	France	
Increase in compensation	4.8% (in France)		
Social welfare charges			
Collective performance bonus and profit-sharing	1.6 million euros	ESU scope. No collective performance bonus in 2003	
Equal status for men and women	47.7% of managers are women, 15.2% of salespeople	ESU scope. See condensed Group human resources report on our website for more details	
Labour relations and results of collective agreements	16 meetings with the CEC		
Health and safety	206 accidents necessitating a sick leave		
Training	4.9% of payroll (697,729 hours)		
Employment and opportunities for handicapped workers	283 handicapped employees		
Community donations	22,943,471 euros for the joint employee management committee and construction assistance 2,780,500 euros for cultural and sports sponsorship		
Extent of subcontracting	772 (incl: 299 IT consultants, 175 maintenance personnel, 158 restaurant workers)		
Methods the company uses for taking into account the territorial impact of the company's activities, as it relates to employment and regional development			
Methods the company uses for ensuring that subcontractors adhere to the fundamental conventions of the ILO code.	Clause requiring adherence to principles of sustainable development annexed to all supplier contracts		See page I.102
Methods the company uses for ensuring that subsidiaries adhere to these principles	Code of ethics Network of ethics officers		See page I.70-73
Methods the foreign subsidiaries use to take into account the impact of their activities on regional development and local inhabitants		See page I.102	

Article 116 of the New Economic Regulations Act (loi sur les Nouvelles Régulations Économiques)

Article 116 environmental indicators	2003	Comments
Water consumption	174,804 m ³	See page I.88
Raw materials consumption	104,696,300 sheets of A4 paper	See page I.88
Energy consumption	279,045 GJ	See page I.88
Measures to improve energy efficiency	Gradual replacement of equipment at end of lifecycle by more eco-efficient equipment (more efficient boilers, LEDs, energy-saver lamps, etc.)	See page I.89-91
Measures to promote the use of renewable energy sources	Study of "green" electricity purchasing planned for 2004	See page I.89-91
Measures to improve ground use	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not significant for insurance and financial services companies • Use of acaricides discontinued in the Larose Trintaudon vineyard • Modified wine production 	See page I.85-91
Measures to reduce emissions of substances having a serious impact on the environment into the air, water and ground	Gradually orient vehicle fleet towards less-polluting models	See page I.85-91
Measure to reduce noise and odour pollution	Monitoring of cooling towers of AGF buildings in La Défense	See page I.85-91
Measures to reduce waste	Optimisation study of selective waste collection for recycling	See page I.85-91
Measures to limit harm to biological equilibria, natural habitats and protected animal and plant species	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not significant for insurance and financial services companies • Reduced use of pesticides in the Larose Trintaudon vineyard 	See page I.85-91
Measures, if any, to ensure that the company's activities are in compliance with laws and regulations in this area	AGF Immobilier and the Administrative Services department ensure that building management is in compliance with French regulations	See page I.85-91
Evaluation or certification initiatives undertaken with respect to the environment	Larose Trintaudon certified ISO 14001	See page I.87
Funds spent to prevent undesirable consequences of the company's activities on the environment	Not measured, given AGF's business	
Training and informing employees about environmental protection	Information circulated internally on sustainable development	See page I.88
Resources devoted to reducing environmental risks	Active prevention policy vis-à-vis our industrial customers	See page I.75-76
Arrangements for dealing with pollution accidents whose consequences extend beyond the company's premises	Crisis management and indemnification procedure depending on the type of contract	See page .75-76
Amount of provisions and guarantees for environmental risks	5,487,508 euros under insurance policies designed to cover harm to the environment	
Elements of the above items that the company assigns to its foreign subsidiaries	Group AGF environment policy	See page I.88

Global Reporting Initiative (GRI) correspondence table

SECTION and SUB-SECTION	CRITERIA or INDICATORS	
VISION AND STRATEGY	1.1 Statement of the organisation's vision and strategy regarding its contribution to sustainable development. - What are the main issues for the organisation in relation to the major themes of sustainable development? - How are stakeholders included in identifying these issues? - For each issue, which stakeholders are most affected by the organisation? - How are these issues reflected in the organisation's values and integrated into its business strategies? - What are the organisation's objectives and actions on these issues?	Page I.60
	1.2. Statement from the CEO (or other senior manager) describing key elements of the report. Highlights of report content and commitment to targets: - description of the nature of the commitment to economic, environmental, and social goals by the organisation's leadership; - statement of successes and failures; - performance against benchmarks such as the previous years' performance and targets, and industry sector norms; - the organisation's approach to stakeholder engagement; and - major challenges for the organisation and its business sector in integrating responsibilities for financial performance with those for economic, environmental, and social performance, and the implications of this for future business strategy.	Page I.5-7 and 60
PROFILE	2.1 Name of reporting organisation	Page I.8 - II.2
	2.2 Major products and/or services, including brands	Page I.109-163
	2.3 Organisation's operating structure	Page I.22
	2.4 Description of principal divisions / operating companies / subsidiaries / joint ventures	Page I.109-163
	2.5 Countries in which the organisation's operations are located	Page I.151-157
	2.6 Nature of ownership; legal form	Page II.2
	2.7 Nature of market served	Page I.28-33
	2.8 Size of the organisation	Page II.10
	2.9 List of stakeholders, characteristics of each and their relationship to the organisation	Page I.22
REPORT SCOPE	2.10 Contact person(s) for the report	Page I.64
	2.11 Reporting period for information provided	Page I.33
	2.12 Date of most recent previous report	Page I.29
	2.13 Scope of report (countries/regions, products/services, divisions/facilities/joint ventures/subsidiaries) and any specific limitations on the scope.	Page I.63
	2.14 Significant changes in size, structure, ownership, or products/services that have occurred since the previous report.	Page I.63
	2.15 Basis for reporting on joint ventures, partially-owned subsidiaries, leased facilities, outsourced operations, and other situations that can significantly affect comparability from period to period and/or between reporting organisations.	Page I.18
	2.16 The nature and effect of any re-statements of information provided in earlier reports, and the reasons for such re-statement.	Page I-63
	2.17 Criteria/definitions used in any accounting for economic, environmental, and social costs and benefits.	Page I-60
REPORT PROFILE	2.18 Significant changes from previous years in the measurement methods applied to key economic, environmental, and social information.	Page I.63
	2.19 The reporting organisation's policies and internal practices to enhance and provide assurance about the accuracy, completeness, and reliability of its sustainability report	Page I.63
	2.20 The reporting organisation's policy and current practice with regard to providing assurance about the reliability of the full report.	Page II.221
GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE & MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS	3.1. Corporate governance structure, including major Board committees responsible for setting strategy and oversight of the organisation.	Page I.65-69
	3.2. Percentage of independent, non-executive members of the Board of Directors / Managing Board.	Page I.66
	3.3. Process for ensuring adequate expertise on the Board to manage strategic direction of the organisation, and manage environmental and social risks and opportunities.	Page I.65-67
	3.4. Systems for identifying and managing economic, environmental and social risks and opportunities.	Page I.42-57
	3.5. Linkages between executive compensation and achievement of the organisation's financial and non-financial goals.	Page I.69

SECTION and SUB-SECTION	CRITERIA or INDICATORS	
GOVERNANCE STRUCTURE & MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS	3.6. Organisational structure and key individuals responsible for oversight, implementation, and audit of economic, environmental, social, and related policies.	Page I.65-69
	3.7. Organisation's mission and values statement(s) and policies with economic, environmental, or social provisions developed internally, including areas of applicability.	Page I.70-73
	3.8. Systems open to shareholders for making recommendations or expressing desired orientations to the Board of Directors / Managing Board	Page II.42-62
STAKEHOLDER ENGAGEMENT	3.9. Basis for definition and selection of major stakeholders.	Page I.60-64
	3.10. Approaches to stakeholder consultation reported in terms of frequency of consultations by type of consultation and stakeholder group.	Page I.74
	3.11 Type of information generated by stakeholder consultations.	Page I.74
	3.12 Use of information resulting from stakeholder engagements.	Page I.74
OVERARCHING POLICIES	3.13 Explanation of how the precautionary principle is addressed by the organisation's policies.	Page I.75-78
	3.14. Any voluntary economic, environmental, and social charter, sets of principles, or other initiatives to which the organisation subscribes or which it endorses, including date of adoption and countries of applicability.	Page I.70-73
	3.15. Principal industry and business association memberships and participation in domestic or international discussion groups.	Page I.70-73
	3.16. Policies / systems for managing upstream and downstream impact, including: . Policies for supply chain management as they pertain to outsourcing and supplier environmental and social performance. . Product and service management initiatives	Page I.70-73
	3.17. Organisation's approach to managing indirect economic, environmental and social consequences of its activities.	Page I.85-87
	3.18. Principal decisions taken during the reporting period concerning operational installations or changes to them.	Page I.18
	3.19. Programmes and procedures pertaining to economic, environmental, and social performance, including:	Page I.18
	3.20. Status / role of certification pertaining to economic, environmental, and social management systems.	Page I.89
GRI INDEX	4.1 Table indicating the location of each GRI element in the report (section and indicator): . Vision and strategy: answers to questions raised in 1.1 and 1.2 (CEO's statement) . Profile: 2.1 – 2.19 . Governance structure & management systems: 3.1 – 3.22 . Performance indicators: all principal indicators, including where explanation of any omissions may be found . Any additional indicator the organisation may decide to include in the report.	Page II.128-231
ECONOMIC PERFORMANCE INDICATORS		
CUSTOMERS	Monetary Distribution Indicators: EC1. Proceeds from the sale of the reporting organisation's products and services.	Page I.12
	EC2. Geographic breakdown of markets	Page I.12
SUPPLIERS	Monetary Distribution Indicators: EC3. Cost of all goods, materials, and services purchased.	Page I.169
	EC4. Percent of contracts paid in accordance with agreed terms, excluding agreed penalty arrangements.	Page I.169
EMPLOYEES	Monetary Distribution Indicator: EC5. Total remuneration to employees broken down by geographic region (including wages, pensions, and other benefits and redundancy payments).	Page I.99
FUNDERS	Monetary Distribution Indicator: EC6. Distributions to investors, with detail of Interest on debt and dividends on all types of shares, including mention of any arrears in preference dividends.	Page I.12-15
	EC7. Increase / decrease in retained earnings at the end of the reporting period.	Page I.12-15
PUBLIC SECTOR	Monetary Distribution Indicators: EC8. Total taxes paid, by country.	Page I.12-15 - II-65-190
	EC9. Subsidies received, by country or geographic region.	Page I.12-15 - II-63-190
INDIRECT ECONOMIC IMPACT	EC10. Donations to the community, outreach or other groups, broken down into cash and kind, by type of beneficiary.	Page I.99
	(EC13). Description of the organisation's indirect economic impacts	Page I.99-102

SECTION and SUB-SECTION	CRITERIA or INDICATORS	
ENVIRONMENTAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS		
MATERIALS	EN1. Total materials used, other than fuel and water.	Page I.88
	EN2. Percentage of materials used that are processed or unprocessed wastes from sources external to the reporting organisation. Refers to both post-consumer recycled material and waste from industrial sources (tonnes, kg, volume).	Page I.88
ENERGY	EN3. Direct energy use by source (in joules). Report on all energy sources used by the reporting organisation for its own uses as well as for the production and delivery of energy products (i.e. electricity or heat) to other organisations.	Page I.88
	EN4. Indirect energy consumption	Page I.88
WATER	EN5. Total water use.	Page I.88
BIODIVERSITY	EN6. Location and size of land owned, leased, or managed in biodiversity-rich habitats.	Page I.87
	EN7. Description of the major impacts on biodiversity associated with the organisation's activities and/or products and services in terrestrial, freshwater, and marine environments.	Page I.87
EMISSIONS, EFFLUENTS, WASTE	EN8. Greenhouse gas emissions (CO ₂ , CH ₄ , N ₂ O, HFCs, PFCs, SF ₆).	Page I.90
	EN9. Ozone depleting substances emissions	Page I.89-91
	EN10. NO _x , SO _x , and other significant air emissions by type.	Page I.89-91
	EN11. Total volume of waste by type and destination.	Page I.89
	EN12. Significant discharges to water by type.	Page I.86-91
SUPPLIERS	EN13. Number and total volume of discharges of chemicals, oils and fuels.	Page I.86-91
	(EN33).). <i>Performance of suppliers with regard to environmental policies described in the "Governance and Management systems" section.</i>	Page I.74
PRODUCTS AND SERVICES	EN14. Significant environmental impacts of principal products and services.	Page I.75-76 - 85.86
	EN15. Percentage of products' recoverable weight/volume and percentage actually reclaimed by the reporting organisation after use.	Page I.89
COMPLIANCE	EN16. Incidents of / penalties for non-compliance with all applicable international declarations / conventions / treaties, and national, sub-national, regional, and local regulations associated with environmental issues, specifying the countries of operation involved.	Page II.226
TRANSPORT	(EN34). <i>Description of significant environmental impacts related to the modes of transport used by the organisation for logistical purposes.</i>	Page I.90-91
OVERALL	(EN35). <i>Environmental expenditure by type. Explanation of definitions used for each type of expenditure.</i>	Page I.85-91
SOCIAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS		
EMPLOYMENT	LA1. Geographical breakdown of workforce by status (employee/non-employee), employment type (full-time/part-time), and by employment contract (permanent, fixed-term or temporary), including workforce retained in conjunction with other employers (temporary agencies or co-employers), segmented geographically, segmented geographically.	Page I.99
	LA2. Net employment created and average turnover, segmented by geographic area.	Page I.99
INDUSTRIAL RELATIONS	LA3. Percentage of employees represented by independent trade union organisations or other bona fide employee representatives broken down geographically or percentage of employees covered by collective bargaining agreements broken down geographically.	Not available
	LA4. Policy and procedures involving information, consultation, and negotiation with employees over changes in the reporting entity's operations (e.g. restructuring).	Page I.94
HEALTH AND SAFETY	LA5. Description of organisation's practices on recording and notification of occupational accidents and diseases, and how they relate to the ILO Code of Practice on Recording and Notification of Occupational Accidents and Diseases.	Page I.99
	LA6. Existence of formal joint health and safety committees comprising management and worker representatives and proportion of workforce covered by any such committees.	Page I.89-90 and 94
	LA7. Number of ordinary occupational accidents, lost working days, absentee rates and number of on-the-job deaths (incl. employees of subcontractors).	Page I.99
TRAINING AND EDUCATION	LA8. Description of guidelines or programmes related to HIV / AIDS (in the workplace and beyond).	Page I.72-73
	LA9. Average hours of training per year per employee by category of employee (e.g. senior management, middle management, professional, technical, administrative, production, and maintenance).	Page I.95-99
DIVERSITY AND OPPORTUNITY	LA10. Existence of equal opportunity policies or programmes as well as monitoring systems to ensure compliance and results of monitoring.	Page I.92
	LA11. Composition of senior management and corporate governance bodies (including the Board of Directors), indicating female / male ratio and other measures of diversity	Page I.66 and 99

SECTION and SUB-SECTION	CRITERIA or INDICATORS	
SOCIAL PERFORMANCE INDICATORS		
STRATEGY AND MANAGEMENT	HR1. Existence and description of policies, guidelines, and procedures to deal with all aspects of human rights relevant to the reporter's operations, including monitoring mechanisms and results.	Page I.70-71
	HR2. Evidence and consideration of human rights impacts as part of reporter's investment decisions and selection of suppliers / contractors.	Page I.70-71
	HR3. Description of guidelines and procedures for evaluating and measuring the performance of the supply chain and subcontractors with respect to human rights.	Page I.70-71
NON-DISCRIMINATION	HR4. Existence and description of global policy and procedures / programmes intended to eliminate discrimination in the organisation's operations, including monitoring systems and results of monitoring.	Page I.72-73 and 92
FREEDOM OF ASSOCIATION & COLLECTIVE BARGAINING	HR5. Existence and description of freedom of association policy and extent to which this policy is universally applied, independently of local laws, as well as description of procedures / programmes to address this issue.	Page I.70-75 and 92
CHILD LABOUR	HR6. Existence and description of policy excluding child labour as defined by the ILO Convention 138 and extent to which this policy is visibility stated and applied as well as description of procedures / programmes to address this issue, including monitoring systems and results of monitoring	Page I.70-71
FORCED & COMPULSORY LABOUR	HR7. Existence and description of policy to prevent forced and compulsory labour and extent to which this policy is visibility stated and applied as well as description of procedures / programmes to address this issue including monitoring systems and results of monitoring.	Page I.70-71
DISCIPLINARY PRACTICES	(HR9). Description of implemented appeal practices (representation and appeals process).	Page I.70-73
	(HR10). Existence of a policy of non-retaliation against employees and an effective, confidential employee grievance system (incl. its impact on human rights).	Page I.70-73
SECURITY PRACTICES	(HR11). Human rights training for security personnel, including type of training, number of persons trained, and average training duration.	Page I.70-71 and 89-90-94
INDIGENOUS RIGHTS	(HR12). Description of guidelines / policies / procedures to meet the needs of indigenous peoples	Page I.70-71
	(HR13). Existence of minority group grievance mechanisms / authority.	Page I.70-73
	(HR14). Share of operating revenues from the area of operations that are re-distributed to local communities.	Page I.102
COMMUNITY INVOLVEMENT	SO1. Description of policies for managing the impact on the community in areas affected by the organisation's activities, including monitoring systems and the results of monitoring.	Page I.102
	(SO4). Awards received for social, ethical or environmental performance.	Page I.102
CORRUPTION	SO2. Description of guidelines, procedures and management systems for preventing corruption among employees and companies belonging to the organisation.	Page I.70-73
POLITICAL CONTRIBUTIONS	SO3. Description of reporting organisation's policy, procedures/management systems, and compliance mechanisms for managing political lobbying and contributions.	Page I.70-73
COMPETITION AND PRICING POLICIES	(SO6). Court decisions pertaining to antitrust and monopoly laws.	Page I.70-73
	(SO7). Description of reporting organisation's policy, procedures / management systems, and compliance mechanisms for preventing anti-competitive behaviour	Page I.70-73
CONSUMER HEALTH AND SAFETY	PR1. Existence and description of policy for preserving customer health and safety during use of reporting organisation's products and services, and extent to which this policy is visibly stated and applied, as well as description of procedures / programmes to address this issue including monitoring systems and results of monitoring.	Page I.75-78
PRODUCT AND SERVICES DECLARATION	PR2. Existence and description of reporting organisation's policy, procedures / management systems, and compliance mechanisms related to product information and labelling.	Page I.78-81
ADVERTISING	(PR9). Existence and description of reporting organisation's advertising policy, procedures/management systems, and compliance mechanisms with respect to standards and voluntary codes. Identification of geographic area covered by this policy.	Page I.78-81
	(PR10). Number and types of breaches of advertising and marketing laws.	Page I.70-73
RESPECT FOR PRIVACY	PR3. Description of reporting organisation's policy, procedures / management systems, and compliance mechanisms for ensuring customer privacy	Page I.70-73



Independent verification statement on information relating to sustainable development

At the request of AGF management and as statutory auditors of the AGF Group, we have performed the agreed procedures described below in order to review the consistency of AGF's 2003 annual report in accordance with our work completed regarding the following actions relating to Sustainable Development:

- The implementation of the prevention policy in the field of manufacturing risks as well as in the field of services to individuals, presented in pages 72 to 74;
- as concerns asset management, the existence of the SICAV « AGF Valeurs Durables » and the implementation of a procedure for the use of voting rights in general meetings of shareholders by AGF Asset Management (pages 76 and 77);
- the launching of insurance products and complementary services with added social value, such as the solutions offered to individuals suffering from severe pathologies, services aimed at improving the quality of life of persons affected by chronic diseases, preserving the independence of the elderly and providing assistance in returning to work (pages 77 to 79);
- the implementation of the HR strategy and values (page 90), the carrying out of an employee survey (page 92), and the implementation of the AGF management training programme (page 92).

The information provided in this annual report was prepared under the responsibility of the AGF Group's Executive Management. It is our responsibility, based on the work performed, to report our findings concerning the above-mentioned processes.

Nature and scope of our work

We have completed the following agreed procedures:

- We have conducted interviews with the Sustainable Development officer, who reports to the General Secretariat, and with Sustainable Development representatives within the functional and operational divisions.
- We have looked, on a test basis, for underlying evidence to support the main achievements related to the actions reviewed. We have met with persons involved in such actions and reviewed documents attesting to their existence, such as minutes of meetings, attendance sheets, internal documents, etc.

Although such procedures do not include all the verifications specific to an audit providing a high or moderate level of assurance in accordance with the International Standards on Assurance Engagements, they nevertheless allow us to report our findings and observations.

To assist us in performing these procedures, we have referred to our firm's experts on issues related to Sustainable Development, coordinated by Mr Eric Duvaud.

Findings and observations

- concerning the actions covered by our work, our findings are consistent with the information provided in the 2003 annual report.
- The AGF Group's approach to Sustainable Development is coordinated by a dedicated team which drives a Sustainable Development Committee composed of representative officers of the various functional and operational divisions. This approach has enabled AGF to take stock of the various practices relating to Sustainable Development, to increase employee awareness and to foster initiatives related to the business divisions' Sustainable Development issues.
- In order to move forward, the key issues related to sustainability should be confirmed at the Group's highest level and lead to the definition of objectives by the operational divisions.

Neuilly-sur-Seine, 7 April 2004,

One of the statutory auditors,
Ernst & Young Audit
Dominique Duret-Ferrari

AGF

Table of contents for the shelf registration document

(in accordance with rule 98-01 of the *Autorité des marchés financiers* (Financial Markets Authority))

Sections	Titles		Pages
1.1	Names and titles of responsible parties	II.	221
1.2	Certification of responsible parties	II.	222
1.3	Names and addresses of statutory auditors	II.	221
1.4	Information policy	II.	221
3.1	General information on the company	II.	2
3.2	General information on share capital	II.	3
3.3	Distribution of share capital and voting rights	II.	8
3.4	Market for the issuer's securities	I.	28-33 and II. 10
3.5	Dividends	II.	10
4.1	Introduction to the company and the Group	I.	4-7 and 18-21
4.3	Employees	I.	26
4.4	Investment policy	I.	129-30 and 160-61
4.7	Issuer risk		
	4.7.1 Legal risks	I.	52 and II. 157-59
	4.7.2 Management risks	I.	43-44
	4.7.3 Market and asset management risks	I.	44-48
	4.7.4 Credit risks	I.	48-49
	4.7.5 Insurance	I.	50-51
	4.7.6 Operational risks	I.	51-53
	4.7.7 Estimates of risk amounts	I.	53-57
5.1	Issuer accounts	II.	65-190
6.1	Corporate governance	II.	42-62
	6.1.1 Composition of the Board of Directors	I.	66 and II 13-16
	6.1.2 Composition and operation of committees	I.	68-69
6.2	Executive interests in share capital	II.	18
	6.2.1 Remuneration of corporate officers	II.	40-41
	6.2.2 Subscription or purchase options granted to corporate officers	II.	20-21
	6.2.3 Information on transactions between AGF and Allianz	I.	9-10 and II 159-61
6.3	Employee profit-sharing and collective performance bonuses (intéressement)	II.	19-21
6.4	Internal auditing		
	6.4.1 Report of the Chairman pursuant to article L.225-37 of the Commercial Code	II.	42-62
	6.4.2 Report of the statutory auditors in respect of the report of the Chairman of the Board of Directors of AGF S.A.	II.	63
7.1	Recent developments	I.	18-21
7.2	Events subsequent to closing and future outlook	II.	34-36
8.1	Remuneration of statutory auditors	II.	224



Notes

Notes



Assurances Générales de France

French *Société anonyme* with share capital of 860 602 016.60 euros. Head office: 87, rue de Richelieu - 75002 Paris. 303 265 128 RCS Paris.