





# THE ADDITION OF IRELAND An Irish harp was sometimes added to the flag when

Oliver Cromwell became Lord Protectorate of the

Finally in 1801, the red cross of St Patrick was officially added when the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland was formed after an Act of Union.

The red dragon symbolises the fearlessness of the Welsh rabic and people it has been an emblem of Wales since the reign of Cadwalda, King of Gwynedd, in 655 CE. At time of the union of the crown, Wales was considered part of England, and so was already represented by the Cross of St. George, But could the Union Jack have a dragon on it In the future? Some says of

### FIRST UNION FLAGS

A UNION OF CROWNS

England and Scotland had been separate kingdoms

- often at war with each other and redrawing their

borders - for centuries. A union seemed unlikely.

However, in 1503, James IV of Scotland married Margaret, the eldest daughter of Henry VII of England, and exactly a century later, the English throne had a lack of immediate heirs. Due to the earlier royal marriage, King James VI of Scotland became King James 1 of England, unifying the crowns.

This funion of crowns' was a personal one, as the two kingdoms were technically separate states with their own laws. Nevertheless, King James wished for a common symbol. The natural and neutral choice was to combine the English and Scottish flags, and two versions were "rigled" over as England and Scottand squabilited about which flag should be on top. Ultimately, they were with the English version.

> St Andrew's Cross (Scotland)

St George's Cross (England)



Version preferred



Version preferred in England



RONNIER

Sometimes called the

Great Union Flag

BONNIER

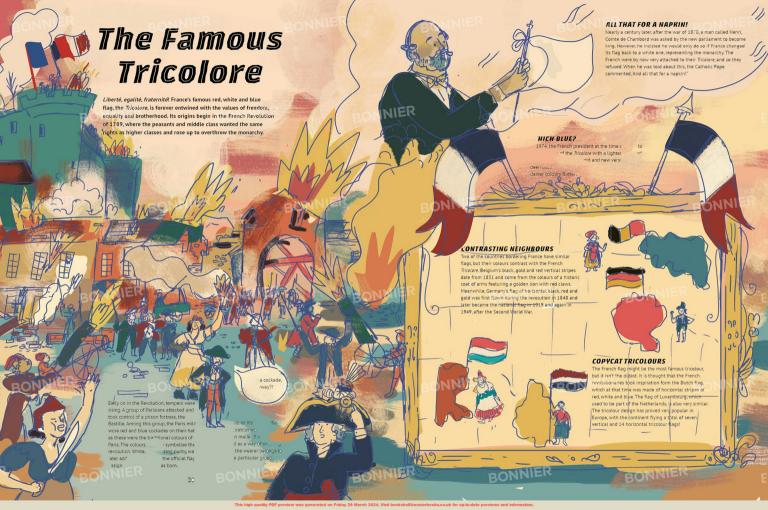
The final design!



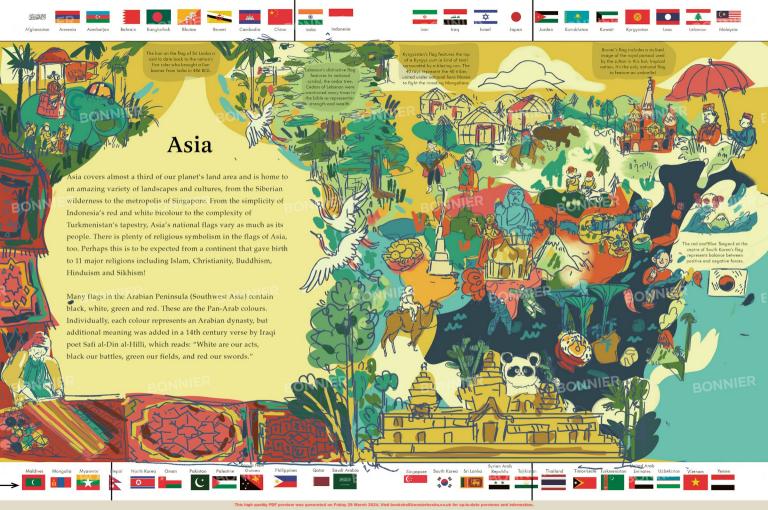
The white stripe in the centre of the Irish flag symbolises peace between the Catholics in green and Protestants in orange, the two main groups of people Christians in the country.

BONNIER











## Doing things Differently? Land of the Thunder Dragon Of all the national flags in the world today, only Nepal's Just a vak's trek away from Nepal is the country of Bhutan or, as it is known in In South Asia, triangles and pennants were once the norm, is not a rectangle. But why is that? Well, to a Nepali, that the local language, Druk Yul - Land of the Thunder Dragon, And this druk is an but when European influence spread across the world, most countries adopted rectangular flags. But Nepal has a history impressive beast! It's not a fearsome, destructive creature like dragons from the question might seem back-to-front. They might ask: why aren't more flags triangular or pennant-shaped? of breaking the mould. From their unique flag to their west. Instead, it's a quardian spirit. individual time zone, this country beats to its own drum. The druk is white, which A DIFFERENT PALETTE represents the pure thoughts and actions of The flag of Bhutan is the only national flag in the the Bhutanese people. world that doesn't feature red, blue or green. Instead, the colours of vellow, white and orange are deeply rooted in the traditions of the Bhutanese monarchy and of Buddhism. the national religion the king, who wears a yellow silk garment UNPACKING THE PENNANT A GRANDMOTHER'S FLAG The shape of Nepal's flag is believed to represent the country's mountains. The sun and the moon individually represent rulers of Bhutan's flag was designed by Ranu Choying Nepal, and together, the wish for Nepal to last for as long as these Wangmo Dorji, the grandmother of the king. celestial objects. The blue outline is a symbol of peace and crimson Her original design featured a traditional blue and red represents the rhododendron, Nepal's national flower. green dragon facing towards the hoist. But later, the direction of the dragon was flipped so that its face was clear to see when the flag was flying. rather than getting lost in folds of fabric. A DIFFERENT DRAGON Bhutan's national flag isn't the only one to feature a dragon, but you'll need to look very closely to see the creature on Malta's flag. In the centre of the cross is an image of Saint George on horseback defeating a dragon ORAYER FLAGS Prayer flags can be found hanging at temples and monasteries, in homes and at mountain passes across the Himalayan region. They come in yellow, green, red, white and blue, and these colours represent earth, water, fire, wind and skyprayers are printed on the flags, and it is believed that the wind will scatter these good wishes.

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# One Nation Two flags

Since 2009, Bolivia has had not one, but two very different official flags. Most nations have multiple flags — in addition to the 'main' or national flag, there may be flags especially for use at sea or other state flags for the president and royal family. But currently, Bolivia is the only country to have two main flags.

#### THE WIPHALA

The manellous wiphala is a symbol that has been used by Andean peoples for over a thousand years. It consists of 49 squares of seven different colours arranged in diagonal stripes, and each colour has a significant meaning. In 2009, Evo Morales, the first indigenous president in South America, declared the Wiphala to have the status of national flag alongside the tricolour. With this, the many indigenous people of Bolivia were lifted us as citizen and made of reel included in their homeland.

#### THE TRICOLOUR

the ten regions

of the nation

is a strict of the control of the co

#### COAT OF ARMS

Coats of arms are unique designs used as symbols of countries, monarchs, regions and even families, and they often feature detailed images of things that represent who they belong to. Some countries, like Bolivia, display their national coat of arms on their flag, and South America is a hotspot for this with five national flags displaying theirs proudly!



Six Bolivian flags without the coat of arms (so this isn't an infinite image!)

A central image with an alpaco, a palm tree, some wheat, mountains, the Potosi mine, and Inti, the Incan sun god (NB we could further separate these items and look in more detail at their meanings)

# FOUR WIPHALAS

White: Time

Four different regions have different wiphala patterns. This region encompasses parts of present-day Colombia, Ecuador, Peru, Chila and Argentina as well as Bolivia. The west of Bolivia is in the Collasuyo region, so takes the wiphala with white squares running down the central diagonal.





