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| ABSTRACT |  |
|  | As a result of a lack of information about the |
| preservation of Library and archives materials in Massachusetts |  |
| libraries and records repositories, a survey was conducted to |  |
| determine the preservation needs of puolic, academic and special |  |
| libraries (inciuding museums), manuscript repositories, nistorical |  |
| societies and town clerks' offices. The questionnaire was mailed in |  |
| January 1990 to 1,102 institutions, of which 958 returned completed |  |
| surveys (87\%). This report presents a description of the survey |  |
| instrument and provides an analysis of the survey results in eight |  |
| categories of information: (1) facility information; (2) |  |
| environmental controls; (3) fire protection; (4) preservation issues (5) library bindjng (non-rare books); (6) special collections/local |  |
|  |  |
| nistory collections/archives; (7) disaster preparedness; and (8) |  |
| institutional data. Concluring the report are eight tables thatdisplay the survey data by type of library. (MAB) |  |
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# PRELIMINARY ANALYSIS OF THE MASȘACHUSETTS PRESERVATION NEEDS ASSESSMENT SURVEY 

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## IFIRODDCTION

The preservation of library and archives materials in the libraries and records repositories in Massachusetts has received only passing attention in the past. To obtain an indication of the extent of the preservation needs of these materials, the Massachusetts Board of Library Commissioners conducted a preservation needs assessment survey of the Comonwealth's libraries and records reposiliories in January 1990.

Work began on devising the survey instrument in the spring of 1989 using the "Total Design Method" (TDM) developed by Don Dillman as a model for the instrument preparation and mailing procedure. Dillman's procedures call for an initial mailing of the survey instrument to be followed with a post card reminder a week later, a second mailing of the survey to non-respondents after another two weeks and a.final mailing to non-respondents four weeks after the third one.

## SURVEI INSTROMENT

In August 1989, a field test version of the survey was mailed to fifty institutions in the other five New England states which represented the institutional mix anticipated for the Massachusetts mailing. The recipients were asked to complete the survey and to append any comments about the questions which they felt Fould clarify the final document. The response was overwhelming. Forty-seven of the fifty recipients (948) completed the questionnaire and commented liberally on the co..tents. The comments and the questions were then analyzed and incorporatec into the final version of the survey with an eye to removing any ambiguities that might have existed in the original version.

The final version of the survey was devised in the fall of 1989, and databases of public, special and academic libraries, historical societies, manuscript repositories and town clerks were generated for the survey mailing. Each survey was assigned a unique number to permit us to track those surveys which had been completed and returned. In this manner we could hopefully send reminders only to those institutions which had not returned a completed survey.

On January 17, 1990 , the survey was mailed to 1102 institutions comprising public, academic and special libraries (including museums), manuscript repositories, historical societies and town clerks' offices. The results bore out Dillman's claim that a "response rate of nearly 75: can be attained consistently in mail surveys of the general public and that even higher response rates are probable in suzveys of more specialized populations."(1) 958 institutions returned completed surveys for an $87 \%$ return rate. This response included 371 public libraries, 125 academic $1 i$ -
braries, 53 special libraries, 104 historical societies, 272 town clerks offices and 33 manuscript repositories.

## ANALYSIS PROCEDORE

The database for the analysis of the survey was constructed in dBASE4, but because the survey had 358 fields the database had to be divided in three. By doing this we were able to assign a field to each component to facilitate analysis. After the data from all 958 surveys had been entered, the three databases were cleaned up and compared to make sure that all the identification numbers assigned to the surveys matched. Once this had been confirmed, each of these three databases was sorted into six separate ones by institutional type. The responses in each of these eighteen databases were then totaled by question for comparison between institutional types.

## FINDINGS

It is quickly noticeable when examining the findings that fek, if any, of the totals add up to the number of surveys returned (958). This was for several reasons. In certain areas (such as the environmental controls area) the non-response rate outnumbered the response rate. Also, throughout the survey many questinns allowed for the respondent to circle several possible answers since more than one might apply to that institution. Consequently, the percentages which were calculated to facilitate the comparisons are based on the actual number of institutions in each category that responded to any question or to any part of that question.

Responses were requested in eight categories of information: Facility Information, Environmental Controls, fire protection, Preservation Issues, Library Binding (Non-Rare Books), Special Collections/Local 日istory Collections/Archives, Disastar Preparedness and Institutional Data. The analysis that follows will be by question and institution within each of these categories.

## FACILITY IAPORMATIOX

Q1-6 dealt with the physical environment in which library and archives materials are housed. The predominant materials used to construct the buildings ( 03 ) are brick (57.48), wood (45.84) and concrete ( 36.38 ). It is interesting to note that for public libraries ( 60.98 ), special libraries ( $58.5 \%$ ) and manuscript repositories (67.78) the predominant materials is brick. For academic libraries it is concrete (75.88), and for historical societies ( 70.68 ) and town clerks' offices ( 60.28 ) it is wood.
Consistently respondents considered the condition of the roof and walls (04) to be good (71.91) overall. 42.2 of the institutions reported that the walls were not insulated. particularly high
percentages were among historical societies at 58.8 and public libraries at 48.48. Institutions are experiencing condensation problems (8.18), leaky walls (7.48), water on the roof (10.58) and leaky roofs (18.18). Interestingly 32.7 of the institutions reported having insulated roofs - one of the most cost-effective means of preventing energy loss and maintaining a fairly constant internal environment.

Q5 dealt with the existence of attics, basement stacks, storage rooms and non-stack basements. 61.0\% of the institutions reported the existence of storage rooms. 42.5\% reported having nonstack basements, 20.98 reported having attics and 41.28 reported having basement stacks. The historical societies (58.2\%), the town clerks (40.88) and the public libraries (48.48) had the highest percentages of attics. Basement stack areas were most prevalent among academic libraries (50.4t) and special libraries ( 47.08 ) ( 65 storage rooms were reported most frequently by town clerks ( 65.38 ), academic libraries ( 65.58 ), historical societies (66.38) and special libraries (59.64).

Institutional and collection security systems were not as lent as one might have hoped. Security systems that was prevawith other departments in the building (33.8s) was were shared response area. This was followed closely by was the highest motion detectors (32.2t) where historical public libraries (41.5s) and specistorical societies (54.08), most covered. Probably of most significaries (49.0t) were the public libraries and 39 os of $32.5 \%$ of rity system. 39.0 of town clerks' offices have no secu65.6\% of the manuscript

The attics (46.98 and 56.48), basement stacks ( 61.28 and 48.08), storage rooms (51.8\% and 53.28) and non-stack basements (48.0\% and 41.5\%) are generally considered to be clean and dry. The most common other condition is that of being cluttered (36.98, $32.28,51.04$ and 40.5 respectively for these areas). Mold is a problem with it being reported in these areas respectively as 4.98, 19.08, $10.1 \%$ and 20.98. Fortunately, rodent and insect problems do not appear to be major issues generally at this time. Considering each of these two areas as a whole, insects are a problem in 7.6 and rodents in 7.1 of the institutions. What was not reassuring was the reporting of insect problems in the basement stack areas of 25: of the manuscript repositories and 21.78 of the special libraries, and the presence of mold in the basement stack areas of 22.5 of the public libraries and 32.18 of the historical societies. Mold was also reported to be present in the non-stack basements of 20.3 of public libraries, 22.1 of special libraries, 25.71 of town clerks' offices and 42.9: of the manuscript repositories.

## ENVIRONHENTAL CONTROLS

In this section we were interested in ascertaining what, if any, types of environmental controls are present in institutions and
what steps are taken to control the internal environment． addressed these issues．

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Q7 asked what areas the $⿴ 囗 十 ⺝ 丶 A^{\prime}$ systems covered．It was interesting to note that the administrative areas had the greatest percentage （78．48）of coverage followed by the general books（68．5s）and tha special collections（59．7\％）．When the specific institutions are examined，the priorities become apparent．It is only in public libraries that the generil book collections（88．8s）have a great－ er percentage than the administrative areas（76．6s）．The special libraries（ 86.0 vs．69．8s）historical societies（82．48 vs． 73.5 ）and the manuscript repositories（76．7\％vs．70．0s）have more coverage in their special collections than in their adminis－ trative areas．The town clerks＇administrative offices（77．3i） have dramatically more HVAC coverage than either their general books（31．58）or their special collections（29．18）．

In 08， 92.8 of the responses received designated the existence of a reating system in the institution．60．3\％have air－condi－ tioning，and 45.48 have ventilation．The relationship of these percentages is fairly constant across institutions except that 80.3 of the academic libraries have ventilation systems．

Q9 and Q9a address the issue of the presence of air－conditioning in the institution．Again 82.4 of the institutions reported covering their administrative areas with AC while 45．4t of the general books areas and 57.6 of the special collections were covered．The percentage for special collections was higher in special libraries（ 79.3 vs．72．48），historical societies（86．58 vs．78．48）and manuscript repositories（73．18 vs．69．28）．In public libraries（82．1\％vs．80．68），academic libraries（81．68 vs． 90．88）and historical sncieties（69．08 vs．72．48）the AC coverage of the general book collections were essentially comparable to that of the administrative areas．It is only among the town clerks that the administrative areas（84．8s）were covered far more than the other areas lgeneral books（25．48）and special collections（27．58）］．To determine the potential for a disaster from a leaking AC system，Q9a examined the location of the chill－ er in the building． 39.88 of the chillers are located in win－ dows，indicating that nearly $40 \%$ of the AC systems are local rather than systemwide， 29.08 are located on the roof．Both of these locations imply a potential for water disaster from an AC leak．Asong acadenic libraries $46.8 \%$ are located on the roof and 36.28 are in the mechanical room．In historical societies 29.08 are on the roof， $25.8 \%$ are on the grounds and 38.78 are in the mechanical roon．In manuscript repositories 31.8 are on the roof， 31.84 are in windows and 36.48 are in the mechanical room． In public libraries 37.9 are in windows， 35.38 are on the grounds and $26.8 \%$ are on the roof．Among the town clerks，63．9\％ are located in windows．

Q10 asked whether these systems could maintain a constant climate throughout the year．68．18 of the respondents said no，31．9\％ replied yes．The response was overwhelmingly no in all institu－ tions except the manuscript repositories where the response was

69: yes. Since this is a group that tends to have special collections and whose training has emphasized environmental controls, their emphasis on climate control is not surprising. The thrust of 011 was to learn how much effort, if any, was beinc made to control the internal environment with something other than human comfort in mind. 60.4 of the respondents said that HVAC setting was not kept at a constant level round the clock. 29.1\% said yes and 10.5 did not know. Those institutions that responded mostly yes were special libraries at 64.5 and manuscript repositories at 54.2\%. 12.98 and $12.2 \%$ of these institutions respectively reported that they did not know. 37.28 of all the institutions reported that their AC system setting is between 68 and 71. It is interesting to note that the next most common setting was 20.5 between 72 and 75 . $27.2 \%$ of the public $1 i-$ braries and $27.8 \%$ of the town clerks noted that their setting was between 72 and 75. 43: of the town clerks did not know their setting. The most common setting for the heating system (50.7\%) was between 68 and 71. 17.18 keep their heat settings between 64 and 67. Interestingly 31.7 of the academic librarians and 28.6\% of the town clerks were unaware of their institution's heat setting. The settings for both the AC and heat systems appear to be for human comfort.

According to the responses for $011 \mathrm{~b}, 70.5$ of the institutions turn down or shut off their AC at any time, $65.5 \%$ do the same to their heating systems and 46.6 to their ventilation system. 46.44 of the special libraries, 36.48 of the historical societies and 33.3 of the manuscript repositories responded that their $A C$ systems are not turned down or shut off. 51.9\& of special libraries, 41.5t of historical societies, 29.9 of town clerks and 36.4 of manuscript repositories reported that their heating systems are not turned down or shut off. It is interesting that the percentages responding "No" to the question regarding their ventilation system was generally larger than that for AC and heating. 29.64 of the academic libraries, 66.7 t of the special libraries, 41.7\% of the historical societies, 37.1 of the town clerks and 41.2 of the manuscript repositories responded "No" to this question.

The question of humidity control (Qllc) is crucial to the control of the internal environment. Relatively few (13.68) of the institutions report using portable humidifiers. However, 39.8\% report the use of portable dehumidifiers, $25.2 \%$ report having system humidification and 26.3 mention the presence of system dehumidification.

Q12 addressed the issue of envirunmental control within special collection rooms, vaults or departments. 82.48 of the respondents replied that there is no separate system for these rooms. Unlike tale general HVAC systems, 51.3 of the institutions reported that this system can provide constant climate control throughout the year (12a). It was only in the publi: libraries (55.48) and the historical societies ( 69.28 ) that the response was "No". In academic libraries the "Yes" percentage was $65.1 \%$, and in manuscript repositories it was 78.6\%. The next question
(Q12b) wanted to know whether this system was kept at $\&$ constant setting around the clock. $40.5 \%$ responded "No", and 40.94 responded Yea. 11.6 did not know. Again it was the academic libraries ( 60.58 ), the special libraries ( 62.58 ) and the menuscript repositories (72.7\%) who zeported keeping the setting constant. It was the public libraries (53.2\%) and the historical societies (51.98) whose responses were mostly "No".

As with the setting for the general HVAC systems, those for the special collections systems (Q12c) tended to cluster between 68 and 71 ( 328 of the $A C$ and 448 of the heating). Unfortunately, the second largest category with 31.48 of the AC and 23.98 of the heating was "Don't know". Otherwise, the second actual setting was between 64 and 67 ( 13.7 for AC and 17.1 for heating), unlike the second of the general settings which was between 72 and 75.

Unlike the general HVAC, those for the special collections appear to be turned down or off less frequently. Air-conditioning is not tirned down or off in 50.6 f of the cases, the heatirg in 428 and the ventilation in 54\% of the instances. However, $50 \%$ of the public libraries and 45.98 of the academic libraries do turn their AC system down or off. The same occurs with the heating system in public libraries (53.28), academic libraries (558) and historical societies ( 608 ). These figures can indicate a greater concern for the special collections than for the general collections at least as far as the internal environment.

Within the environriental controls section, it is interesting to note that the system humidification (35.88) and system dehumidification (34.7s) were the two most common methods used to control the humidity (Q12e). Portable dehumidifiers in public libraries (43.18), historical societies (46.48) and town clerks' offices ( 32.18 ) were the preferred method.

By far the most common environment monitoring devices (013) were the thermostat ( 71.88 ) and a thermometer (31.48). The next most common response was "None" (16.68). Other more sophisticated devices were more apt to be employed by manuscript repositories (hygrometer (20.78), thermohygrometer (20.78), the hygrothermograph (17.28) and the sling psychrometer (17.28)j, special libraries (hygrothermograph (33.3\%), hygrometer (18.88) and thermohygrometer $\{16.78)$ ] and the academic libraries [hygrometer (18.78) and hygrothermograph (13.88) $]$.

In controlling the amount of light entering a facility, (Q14) little that is technical has been done. 31.38 of the institutions reported that nothing had been done fparticularly among public libraries (36.78), special libraries (35.98) and town clerks (32.58)], and 43.08 marked "Shades" as the most common device used. After that 29.1 reported using curtains to control the light. This last option was prevalent among public iibraries (29.38), academic libraries (40.78) and historical societies (38.58).

Finally, in the envirommental controls section, Q15 asked what steps had been taken to reduce the ultraviolet radiation from light sources in the facility. 71.8. of the institutions reported that nothing had been done. 42.98 of the manuscript repositories and 45.8 of the special libraries mentioned that uv-filtering sleeves had been installed on their fluorescent tubes. Otherwise, the selective turning off of lights was marked by 27.8\% of the historical societies and 28.6 of the manuscript repositories. Little has generally been done to control the light within the institutions.

## PIRE PROTECTION

Fire protection is crucial to the preservation of the collections and the buildings housing them. Ql 6 asked about the presence of fire detection/suppressions systems in the facility. Without exception, the overwhelming majority of each type of institution had these systems (83.18). What is unfortunate is that 21.4\% of the town clerks' offices, 13.6\% of the public libraries, 13.3\% of the manuscript repositories and 12.6 of the historical societies responded that they did not have any such system. Another $2.1 \%$ overall did not know.

The most common type of fire detection systems (0l6a) were smoke detectors (59.98) and heat detectors (44.28) and of fire suppression systems were fire extinguishers (92.8\&). Wet pipe sprinkler systems are present in 31.8\% of the academic libraries, 13.8\% of the special libraries, 23.5 of the town clerks offices and 28.08 of the manuscript repositories. Fire extinguishers (16b) were well distributed throughout the facilities: 84.48 mentioned everywhere, 53.48 mentioned in storage, 39.78 reported in vaults and 86.72 have them in special collections. Smoke detectors are located everywhere in 61.3: of the institutions, 35.9 of the storage areas, 39.78 of the vaults and 38.68 of the special collections. Heat detectors were reported to be everywhere in 38.6 of the facilities, in 29.0 of the storage areas, 37.98 if the vaults and $32.5 \%$ of the special collections. of interest is that wet pipe sprinkler systems are located in $17.6 \%$ of the storage areas and that galon systems exist in 27.68 of the vaults and $30.1 \%$ of the special collections. Of importance also is that dry pipe sprinkler systems exist in 18.2 of the academic libraries' storage areas.

The inspection of these units or systems (Q16c) is an important facet of the safety they provide. The vast majority (498) of the facilities reported that their systems were inspected annually. After that the semi-annual inspection received 18.2 of the responses. It is scary, however, that 43.5 t of the special libraries noted that their systems were not inspected, and yet, this same group of institutions reported that $28.3 \%$ of their systems were inspected semi-annually. Fortunately, the inspection of these (Q16d) was done by professionally trained personnel ( 63.38 ) or the fire marshall (22.78) the substantial majority of the time. Unfortunately, 1.1 of the systems were inspected with
the use of a match. 63.8 of the institutions reported that theirfire detection systems were connected directly to the fire department (017). Among the individual types of institutions, it is alarming to note how many are not connected, especially among manuscript repositories where the percentage is 45.5 report inis situation.

By the same token, water can also cause major damage to library and manuscript collections. In spite of this fact, only $6.3 \%$ of the facilities have water alarms anywhere ( 018 ), and 93.71 do not have any water alarms. Here the manuscript repositories have the highest percentage (22.28) of water alarms present.

## PRESBRVATION ISSUES

Although 52.4\% of the surveys noted that building surveys (019) had not been done of their facilities, three groups had more "Yes" than "No" answers: historical societies ( $50.5 \%$ ), manuscript repositories ( 51.78 ) and town clerks (94.98). At the other end of the spectrum, 71.4 of the academic 1 ibraries and 68.78 of the public libraries had not had a building survey done. These are important statistics since many aspects of preservation issues are determined by the building in whinh the collections are housed. 39.94 of the reporting facilities' surveys were done by independent consultants, while 30.38 were performed by staff and
 NEDCC's activity was most noticeable among manuscript repositories ( 50.08 ), academic libraries ( 408 ), public libraries ( 40.38 ) and special libraries (33.38). Independent consultants' work was most prevalent in special libraries ( 42.98 ), public libraries (49.48) and town clerks' offices (45.88). The staff had done the work mostly in town clerks' offices (54.28) and in manuscript repositories (408).
$91.5 \%$ of the institutions reported not having a preservation plan in place ( 020 ). Special libraries had the largest percentage of institutions with a preservation plan in place (31.28). On the other hand, only 3.18 of the public libraries had one in place. Q21 addressed the issue of collection surveys. 70 of the institutions have not had a collection survey done. In special $1 i-$ braries 51 have had one performed, but only 20.78 of the public libraries have had one. In most instances ( $51.5 \%$ ), these collections surveys have been performed by the staff ( $021 a$ ). 30.98 have been done by NEDCC. NEDCC's most active areas have been in historical societies (42.98) and public libraries (35.2\%).

Persons or organizations with specialized preservation skills in their geographical area (Q23) have been identified by only 38.6 : of the institutions. Those institutions which have done so are mostly manuscript repositories (75\%) and academic (67.98) and special libraries (65.3\%). Only 22.5\% of the town clerks and 30.3\% of the public libraries have identified such a person. 77\% of the institutions do not have anyone on staff with preservation skills (Q24). This total includes town clerks (94.6s) and public
libraries (85.58) as the two least skilled in this area. Yet, 55.18 of the special libraries, $49.1 \%$ of the academic libraries and 48.58 of the manuscript repositories reported having a skilled preservation person on staff. In spite of these figures only 32.78 of these people have run workshops for their fellow staff persons (Q24b). It is obvious that this is an area that needs to be addressed. It is only in academic libraries (43.48) that this comes even remotely close to being a majority.

It is the training of staff which makes a difference in the success of a preservation program in a library of manuscript repository. 025 asked what kind of preservation training programs had been attended by staff. 49.28 reported that no one on the staff had attended any such programs. However, 30.0 reported attending regional programs, 22.3f reported participating in state programs and 18.98 mentioned those offered by professional organizations. Academic libraries (50.9\%), special libraries (40.48), historical societies (52.18) and manuscript repositories (51.58) were most apt to have attended regional training programs. State programs were most attended by town clerks (32.9\&) and historical societies (30.28). Those educational preservation programs offered by professional organizations were attended mostly by special libraries (40.4\%) and manuscript repositories (72.78). The popularity of specific programs is fairly clenr. 61.7\% of the respondents have attended workshops on the care and handiing of library and/or manuscript materials. 57.1 have been trained on the storage of such materials [particularly the town clerks (98.68)l and 47.0\% on shelving practices. Other topics of interest were basic repairs (46.68), environmental conditions (44.58), disaster preparedness (42.38), protective enclosures ( 35.3 ) and the care of photographic materials (33.18).

The NEDCC has been providing preservation services to Massachusetts institutions since 1973. Q26, Q26a and Q26b were aimed at ascertaining how well NEDCC was known throughout the Commonwealth and how much their services were used. 63.44 of the institutions are aware of the NEDCC. 90.6 of the manuscript repositories, 87\% of the academic libraries, 84.98 of the special libraries, 80.4t of the historical societies, 62.98 of the public libraries and only 38.1 of the town clerks responded affirmative to this question. However, $58.5 \%$ responded that they had not contracted services with the NEDCC. It was particularly town clerks (738), public libraries ( 64.78 ) and academic libraries ( 58.58 ) which had not used their services. Historical societies (67.28), special libraries (66.78) and manuscr!pt repositories (58.6\%) were the most prevalent users of the services. Among the services contracted for sarveys (65.3i), paper conservation (44.88) and nook conservation ( 39.58 ) were the most common. Preservation microfilming was fourth at 27.0 .

Photocopying, when done improperly, is an activity that tends to damage books and paper as much as anything else. 808 of the responcents reported having photocopy machines available to patrons (Q27). Of these $39.9 \%$ do not have any restrictions regarding the photocopying of any materials ( 027 a ). This was
particularly true of public libraries ( 60.48 ) and academic libraries (55.78). 31.3t require that ald materials be photocopied by the staff. This is especiaily true in town clerkil offices ( 60.6 ) and manuscript repositories (63.08). Some restrictions do exist in many institutions, however. 25.28 of the institutions determine that certain items must not be photocopied, and 24.98 require that certain items must be copied by staff only. Restrictions tend to be more prevalent in special libraries, historical societies and manuscript repositories.

Much of the damage to books is done by poor shelving habits among staff and patrons. Only 46.9 of the institutions have any type of training program for their staffs on the proper shelving of books (028). Fortunately, special libraries ( 64.78 ), manuscript libraries (56.78) do report such training programs. Most historical societies ( 60.88 ) and town clerks (74.68) do not do so. Among those who do have training programs, 72.38 train to push the volumes in on either side of the sought after volume to grasp it by the sides. 67.38 repoit readjusting the bookends after shelving or removing materials. oversized materials (029) tend to be shelved most often flat on their own shelves (56.78) or upright on separate oversized shelves (54.08). Unfortunately, 39.48 of public libraries and $28.5 \%$ of town clerks shelve these materials spine up on regular shelves thus damaging the hinges and spine.

The in-house mending of paper (030) and non-rare book covers (Q31) are areas where much good can occur but also where much damage does occur. In 40.48 of the institution no paper repair is done. However, in 31.98 gcotch tape is used to mend paper. Pressure-sersitive marchival" tape is next with 28.2\%. public libraries (52.58) and town clerks (24.5\%) ars the most frequent users of scotch tape. "Archival" tape is most commonly used by acadepic libraries (52.38) as is Japanese tissue (25.28). If special libraries do any mending, it appears that most is done with Japanese tissue ( 23.48 ) or Marchival tape ( 36.28 ). When non-rare book repairs (Q31) are addressed, it is interesting to note that $39.8 \%$ do none and $32.5 \%$ use cloth tape for their mends. Here again 14.78 use cotch tape and public libraries are the most prevalent users at 26.18 . Academic libraries (41.48) are the heaviest users of book cloth and pVA and special libraries (20.8s) and academic libraries (18.9s) perform the most in-house
recasing.

Oversized prints, maps and broadsides often pose difficult housing problemg to their custodians. 032 and 32 a looked at how they are housed. 58.68 of the facilities responding said that they housed these items in flat drawers of metal map cabinets. This was particularly true in special libraries ( 80.0 ) , academic iibraries (68.88), historical societies (67.85) and public li... braries (52.4\&). Another 52.08 masitioned that the storage of these items was around or in a tube, especially in town clerks' offices ( 72.68 ) and public libraries ( 50.08 ) . Large covered boxes of archival quality were used significantly in manuscript
repositories (59.38), special libraries (47.58), historical societies (43.38) and academic libraries (35.18). These materials are almost evenly divided in the location of their housing. 47.8\% are housed in special collections and $46.2 \%$ are housed in general stacks. Bowever, this latter percentage is skewed by the fact that $69.8 \%$ of the historical societies and $67.8 \%$ of town clerks file their materials in "general stacks". 60.98 of public libraries, 61.8\% of special libraries and 63.48 of academic libraries house their materials in special collections. On the other hand, 58.3\% of manuscript repositories and $41.2 \%$ of special libraries house their prints, maps and broadsides in closed stacks.

Microforms have become more and more common in libraries and manuscript repositories either as the only way of obtaining some materials or as a preservation tool. Q33, Q33a, Q33b, Q33c and Q33d specifically examined the presence of these forms in libraries and looked at their type and storage. Overall, 54.7\% of the respondents reported having some form of microform in their institution. of these the highest percentages were among academic libraries (91.18), manuscript repositorien (708), special libraries (62.38) and public libraries (548). 日istorical societies (71.38) and town clerks' offices (55.38) had the highest percentages of "None". Among the microforms owned, microfilm (84.28) and microfiche ( 66.18 ) were the most common, particularly among public (87.3\% and 67.58), academic (94.78 and 93.88) and special ( 87.98 and 81.88 ) lit aries and town clerks ( 69.3 and and 46.58). Academic libraries (94.7\%) and historical societies (93.18) had the highest percentage of microfilms, and manuscript repositories owned the largest amount of preservation microfilms (42.98). Although, 38.08 of the repositorien reported owning no master negatives, $38.0 \%$ of those responding did say that they were in off-site storage in a vault. Otherwise, special libraries (37.04) and manuscript repositories (23.18) reported storing them in the special collectione room. Interestingly enough, use copies are most often stored in the micrcforms reading room (39.08) or the special collections room (37.1\%). Only 23.18 reported storing them in the general stacks. At the same time, it is interesting to note that 88.78 of the responses indicated that the microfilms are on plastic reels, but that they are housed in acidic boxes ( 35.88 ) in almost as many instances as alkaline boxes (36.5\%). Rubber bands are also used in 29.68 of the cases reported. This is particularly true in academic libraries (47.38).

## LIBRARE BIADTRG

Library binding has long been thought of as among librarians as a means of "just getting the books back on the shelf." Fortunately, with the $8 t h$ edition of the Libcacy Binding Institute gtand ards, library binders have shown themselves to be committed to working more closely with librarians to choose the binding suitable to their materials for usability as well as strength and durability. Q34-38 were designed to glean information on libiar-
ians' practices regarding library binding. Unfortunately, problems with the data has currently made it impossible to analyze 037 and 038. The answers to 034 and 035 show a lack of interest or inquiry on the part of librarians. Although 37.1 responded that their binders were members of LBI, 39.64 did not know. The academic libraries (63s) were more apt to be using a LBI member than the others, although that may change as more librarians become aware of their binder's affiliation. Even more disturbing was that 67.24 did not know whether or not their binders followed the fibcacy Binding Ingtitute Standarde. However, 66: of the academic libraries' and 58.3 of the special libraries' binders did adhere to these standards. 036 examined the decision makers and who makes the binding decisions. 53.7 of the inscitutions reported that the librarians made the decision. Among town clerks, 63.08 left the decisions up to the binders as did 47.4t of the historical societies. These figures seem to indicate that there is still a wide gap between the librarians and binders in making binding decisions.

## SPECIAL COLLECTIONS/LOCAL EISTORY COLLECTIONS/ARCEIVES

Special collections (039-44) are present in 73.5 of the reporting institutions. Their presence is particularly prevalent in special libraries (94.18), manuscript repositories (90.68) and historical societies (84.3i). The materials that they house are varied, but local history materials (76.46), photographs (62.08) and maps ( 61.28 ) appear to be most common. Without question the academic (82.08) and special (79.2t) libraries reporting of rare book holdings were the largest categories. Logically, the town clerks reported the largest holdings of local records (92.14). Most of these materials are housed in the special collections area ( 60.68 ), but among town clerks the materials are in the vault (90.2\%). Special collections was the area of choice for public libraries (71.18), academic libraries (87.88), historical societies ( 69.28 ), special libraries ( 65.08 ) and manuscript repositories (65.4t). Otherwise, most of the materials were in closed stacks.

Although these collections are generally imagined to be housed in the basement, and 35.38 of the institutions reported that was their location, 55.18 reported that they were housed on the main floor of the institution, especially the town clerks (74.38). Another 33.6 mentioned that the apecial collections were located on an upper floor. This was particularly true of academic libraries (48.48), apecial libraries (49.08) and historical societies (50.04). Onfortunately, town clerks (49.3i) and manuscript repositories (42.98) have the largest percentage of these collections housed in the basement. Very few of these materiais are stored in attics (6.3t) or in separate facilities (7.38).

Staff ( 040 ) and patron ( 041 ) access to these materials poses serious security problems for these institutions. 59.7 of the facilities require that the special collections areas be opened without a key. This occurs most often in public libraries
(72.38), historical societies (49.38), special libraries (44.78) and manuscript repositories (44.48). 30.1 limit access to senior staff. This is particularly prevalent in town clerks' offices ( 50.48 ), special libraries (47.48) and academic libraries (43.18). Research access is another thorny problem. In 77.1 of of the time the materials requested by a patron are retrieved and their use is supervised by the staff. This happens most often in special libraries (86.78), manuscript repositories (85.78) and academic libraries (83.98). In addition, 45.58 of special inbraries and 39.3 of manuscript repositories require that the materials be provided to the patron one box/folder/book at a

Damage to and theft of materials from special collections is not uncommon. Unfortunately, 65.8 of the respondents have no restictions as to what a patron may bring into the special collections area ( $\mathbf{4} 42$ ). This is particularly true in public libraries (84.18), town clerks' offices ( 60.9 ), historical societies (59.78) and academic libraries (56.88). Manuscript repositories (56.78) and special libraries (50\&) limat what patrons may bring in to pencils and paper.

Where are manuscript/archives materials housed (Q43)? There was no definite answer to this question. 65.8 are housed in file cabinets, 50.88 are in alkaline boxes and 45.3 are in alkaline In public libraries 66 from in in file cabinets and ${ }^{2}$, however. scrapbooks. More materials are in alkaline folders (45.3s) in are in manila (35.54) ones. In academic libraries (8) than 76.88), special libraries (71.78 and 67.4s) and manuscript and itories (88.5 and 80.88), alkaline boxes and folders are most prevalent. Town clerks house most of their materials in file cabinets (71.08), corrugated boxes (45.88) and manila folders (40.2\%). In historical societies storage practice seems to be in file cabinets (75.08), alkaline boxes !6i.88) and alkaline folders (61.48). Interestingly, manila folders are used most often in public libraries (38.88), manuscript repositories (38.58), academic libraries (35.48) and town clerks' offices (40.28).

The issue of routine processing of manuscript/archives materials (Q44) indicates to mome extent the level of archival training which exists in the Commonwealtit. Nothing is done to the materials in 56.24 of public libraries and 66.4 of town clerks' of fices. staples are removed by 30.1 of town clerks, 75.08 of historical societies, 74.5\% of special libraries and 84.0\% of manuscript repositories. Unfolding occurs in 72.3 of special libraries, 80.0 of manuscript repositories and 65.58 of historical societies. Alkaline folders are used most often in manuscript repositories ( 96.04 ), academic libraries ( $70.6 \%$ ), historical societies (73.88) and special libraries (70.28) as part of their processing. Photographic media is separated in historical societies (70.2\%), manuscript repositories (84.08), special libraries (70.28) and academic libraries (62.48). Finally, newsprint of highly acidic materials is removed in 62.48 of academic libraries, 76.0 of manuscript repositories, $63.2 \%$ of
speical libraries and 60.7 of historical societies.

## DISASTER PREPAREDMESS

An incredible 85.48 of institutions in Massachusetts do not have disaster plans (Q45). This is particularly true among town clerks (94.58), public libraries (92.58) and historical societies (858). They exist most often in manuscript repositories (28.18) and special libraries (24\&). At the same time 20.7 of academic libraries, l8\% of special libraries and 11.98 of historical societies report that such plans are in the preparatory stage. For those institutions reporting the existence of, or preparation of, disaster plans the most common components are emergency procedures (88.88), a disaster response outiine (81.18), a list of emergency services (78.3\%). recovery priorities (70.6\%) and conservation experts (70.6\%). Other categories dropped of significantly after these three.

## INSTITUTIONAL DATA

The largest number of institutions reporting came from middlesex (16.88). Worcester (158) and Essex (9.68) counties, although the greatest number of special libraries (35.8\&) and manuscript repositories (43.88) are located in Suffolk county (Q47). While 2.1: of the institutions have more than $1,000,000$ volumes, the largest percentage have under 10,000 ( $42.1 \%$ ). followed by 10,000 49,999 (25.68) and 50,000-99,000 (12.88) (048). Manuscript holdings (049) range up to over 10,000 inear feet (2.18), but 308 report no such collections, 29.5t have between 1 and 49 linear feet and 13.48 have between 100 and 499 linear feet of records. $25.8 \%$ of ianuscript repositories have between 1,000 and 2.499 linear feet of materials and 19.48 have between 2,500 and 4.999 linear feet. Staff without a MLS ( 050 ) averages $45.3 \%$ but if town clerks are removed, that figure drops to 3if. 20.9: of the institutions report having one staff person with a wLS and 19.5\% report two staff persons. Only 1.58 report having more than 30 staff persons with a MLS, and these are public and academic libraries. 588 of the facilities report no archival administrative training among their gtaff (Q50). 28.98 report having one person with auch training, particularly among manuscript repositories (59.38), academic libraries (55.68) and special libraries (42.5t). $12 t$ indicated that there were two-to-four such persons on their staff: manuscript repositories at 29.6 and academic at 29.2 had the highest number. Finally, 63.28 of institutions reported not having any monies allocated for preservation activities (051). Pubiic libraries (78.38) and town clerks (74.78) had the largest percentages on "No's". The other four types of institutions tended to be fairly similar in the numbers that reported some monies for preservation: historical societies (66.7\&), manuscript repositories (64.51), special libraries (64t) and academic libraries (60.3i).

## CONCLOSIONS

The preservation of the written, graphic, visual and audio record is important to the intellectual well-being of our society. Preservation issues are many and diverse. This preliminary survey analysis presents some indications of areas in which specific work is needed on the local, regional and state levels. On the other hand, it is also quite clear that nearly all areas addressed in this survey need work in one way or another. Some types of institutions are practicing good preservation techniques in some areas while failing abysmally in others. No one type of institution can claim a clean bill across the board. However, the aim of this report is not to point the finger at any one person or group. It is intended to provide the information from which we can begin to develop a statewide preservation program and from which local institutions can examine their own preservacion prioritics and practices.

## REFERENCES

1
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TABLES
$1_{18}$
mssichusetts preservation nebos assessyent survey malysis

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MNBLE 1
YACIIITY IDPORWATION
Quention 03, 04, 05
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|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Public } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Acadenic } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | No. special |  | Historical |  | Town Clerk Ho. |  | Manuscript No. |  | All |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Predoninant materials used in building | ( $\mathrm{N}=36 \mathrm{~B})$ |  | 2i) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=53 \mathrm{~S}$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{\text {a }} 102$ ) |  | (N-269) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=3 \mathrm{~L}$ ) |  |  |  |
| Stone | 112 | 30.4 | 23 | 18.5 | 15 | 28.3 | 23 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| brick | 224 | 60.9 | 70 | 56.5 | 31 | 58.5 | 43 | 22.5 42.2 | 155 | 16.7 57.6 | 11 | 35.5 | 229 | 24.2 |
| mood | 160 | 43.5 | 17 | 13.7 | 15 | 28.3 | 72 | 22.2 70.6 | 162 | 57.6 | 21 | 67.7 | 544 | 57.4 |
| Concrete | 104 | 28.3 | 94 | 75.8 | 24 | 45.3 | 24 | 23.5 | 162 83 | 60.2 30.9 | 15 | 25.8 | 434 | 45.8 |
| Glass | 63 | 17.2 | 61 | 49.2 | 13 | 24.5 | 14 | 13.7 | 83 35 | 30.9 13.0 | 15 13 | 48.4 | 344 199 | 36.3 |
| Steel | 41 | 11.1 | 44 | 35.5 | 18 | 34.0 | 14 | 13.7 | 39 | 14.5 |  | 41.9 | 199 | 21.0 |
| Don't know | 4 | 1.1 | 0 | . 0 | 0 | . 0 | 0 | 13.7 | 1 | 14.5 .4 | 11 | 35.5 .0 | 167 | 17.6 |
| condition of roof and exterior malls | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-1}{ }^{-165}$ |  |  |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=102$ ) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=258$ ) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=32$ ) |  | (N-930) |  |
| cood | 258 | 70.5 | 81 | 66.9 | 37 | 72.5 | 82 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Walls are insulated | 95 | 26.0 | 32 | 26.4 | 14 | 27.5 | 18 | 80.4 17.6 | 182 | 70.5 | 29 | 90.6 | ${ }_{6}^{699}$ | 71.9 |
| mills are not insulated | 17 | 48.4 | 33 | 27.3 | 19 | 37.3 | 60 | 58.8 | ${ }^{68}$ | 26.4 | 8 | 25.0 | 235 | 25.3 |
| Condensation cccura | 29 | 8.0 | 10 | 8.3 | 5 | 9.8 | 10 | ¢8.88 | 95 19 | 36.8 | 8 | 25.0 | 392 | 42.2 |
| malle leak | 35 | 9.1 | 10 | 8.3 | 5 | 9.8 | 7 | 9.8 6.9 | 9 | 7.4 | 2 | 6.3 | 75 | 8.1 |
| Roof/attic is insulated | 144 | 39.3 | 31 | 25.6 | 18 |  | 33 | 6.9 32.4 | 71 | 27.5 | 7 | 9.4 | 69 | 7.4 |
| noof/attic is not |  |  | 3 | 25.6 | 18 | 35.3 | 33 | 32.4 | 71 | 27.5 | 7 | 21.9 | 304 | 32.7 |
| insulated | 118 | 32.2 | 19 | 15.7 | 14 | 27.5 | 42 |  | 61 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Standing water on roof | 47 | 12.8 | 32 | 26.4 | 6 | 11.8 | 0 |  |  | 4.7 | 1 |  |  |  |
| Roof leaks | 80 | 21.9 | 39 | 32.2 | 6 | 11.8 | 12 | 11.8 | 28 | 8.7 10.9 | 1 | 3.1 9.4 | 98 168 168 | 10.5 |
| Don't know | 10 | 2.7 | 8 | 6.6 | 2 | 3.9 | 12 | 11.8 2.9 | 22 | 10.9 8.5 | 1 | 9.4 | 168 | 18.1 |
| Which of these roons exist in the facility | (N-364) |  | - ${ }_{\text {N }}$ |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=98$ ) |  | (N-245) |  |  |  |  |  |
| Attic | 176 | 48.4 | 21 | 17.6 | 15 | 28.8 | 57 | 58.2 | 100 | 40.8 |  |  |  |  |
| Basement stacks | 171 | 47.0 | 60 | 50.4 | 26 | 50.0 | 28 | 28.6 | 77 | 31.4 | 11 | 39.3 | 372 373 |  |
| Storage Rooms | 205 | 56.3 | 78 | 59.6 | 31 | 59.6 | 65 | 66.3 | 160 | 65.3 | 14 | 39.3 | 553 | 81.2 |
| Hon-stack basement | 188 | 51.7 | 58 | 34.6 | 18 | 34.6 | 51 | 52.3 | 63 | 65.7 | 14 | 50.0 25.0 | $\begin{array}{r}553 \\ 385 \\ \hline\end{array}$ | 61.0 42.5 |
| None | 46 | 12.6 | 18 | 11.5 | 6 | 11.5 |  | 9.2 | 37 | 15.1 | 5 | 17.9 | 121 | 42.5 |

TABLE 1 (OONT.)
PACILITY INFOMNTION
Question OSa (Attic), OSa (Basement), OSa(Storage), OSa(Non-stack basement)


TABIE 1 (CONT.)
FACILITY INEORMITION
Oueation 06

|  | Public |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Academic } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Special } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ |  | Historical No. |  | Town Clerk No. |  | Manuscript No. |  | All |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Type of security systen | N-3575 |  | (N-123) |  | ( ${ }^{-5} 5$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=100)$ |  | (N-251) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=3$ - ${ }^{\text {2 }}$ ) |  | $(N=913)$ |  |
| None | 116 | 32.5 | 8 | 6.5 | 8 | 15.7 | 13 | 13.0 | 98 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Shared eybter | 29 | 8.1 | 62 | 50.8 | 27 | 52.9 | 21 | 21.0 | 98 149 | 39.0 59.4 | 21 | 9.4 | 246 | 26.9 |
| Burglar alarma notion detectors | 108 | 30.2 | 39 | 32.0 | 25 | 49.0 | 53 | 21.0 53.0 | 149 34 | 59.4 13.5 | 21 10 | 65.6 31.2 | 309 269 | 33.8 29.5 |
| After hours guard | 148 | 41.5 | 28 41 | 22.0 33.6 | 25 | 49.0 | 54 | 54.0 | 32 | 13.5 12.7 | 10 | 31.2 21.9 | 269 | 29.5 32.2 |
| Computer ized Bystem | 21 | 5.9 | 7 | 57.4 | 9 | 33.3 17.6 | 13 | 7.0 13.0 | 4 | 1.6 | 15 | 46.9 | 89 | 9.7 |
| electronica at exit | 65 | 18.2 | 74 | 60.7 | 13 | 25.5 | 132 | 13.0 22.0 | 6 12 | 2.4 | 5 | 15.6 15.6 | 61 191 | 6.7 20.9 |

## TARTB 2

ENIROUENTAL COMTROLS
Quentions 07, 08, 09, 09a

|  | Public |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Acandenic } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Special |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Historical } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Town Clerk No. |  | Manuscript Ho. |  | All |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $(\mathrm{N}=312)$ |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-}=-68$ ) |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| Areas covered by HNAC |  |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=113$ ) |  |  |  | ( $\left.{ }^{-2} 43\right)$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=203$ ) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=30$ ) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=$ - 769 ) |  |
| Ceneral books | 277 | 88.8 | 100 | 88.5 | 25 | 58.1 | 50 | 73.5 | 64 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Sprcial collections | 189 | 60.6 | 81 | 71.7 | 37 | 86.0 | 56 | 82.4 | 73 | 31.5 | 11 | 36.7 76.7 | 527 459 | 68.5 |
| Administrative areas Don't know | 239 | 76.6 | 106 | 93.8 | 30 | 69.8 | 50 | 73.5 | 157 | 77.3 | 21 | 70.0 | 459 603 | 59.7 |
|  | 10 | 3.2 | 2 | 17.7 | 1 | 2.3 | 3 | 4.4 | 20 | 8.0 | 2 | 6.7 | 38 | 78.4 4.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Heat ing | 313 | 95.7 | 118 | 96.7 | 46 | 95.8 | 76 | 92.7 | 182 | 85.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Ventilation | 145 | 44.3 | 98 | 80.3 | 29 | 60.4 | 23 | 28.0 | 182 58 | 85.4 | 28 | 9.3 | 763 | 92.8 |
| Air-conditioning | 186 | 56.9 | 95 | 77.9 | 37 | 77.1 | 29 | 35.4 | 124 | 27.2 58.2 | 20 | 66.7 83.3 | 373 | 45.4 |
| Homidity control | 54 | 16.5 | 23 | 18.9 | 22 | 45.8 | 29 31 | 35.4 | 124 48 | 58.2 22.5 | 25 | 83.3 53.3 | 496 | 60.3 23.6 |
| Don't know | 1 | 1.2 | 2 | 1.6 | 1 | 2.1 | 2 | 2.4 | 13 | 6.1 | 0 | . 0 | 22 | 23.6 2.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General books | 161 | 82.1 | 80 | 81.6 | 22 | 59.5 |  | 69.0 | 35 | 25.4 | 10 | 38.5 |  |  |
| Special collections | 121 | 61.7 | 69 | 70.4 | 32 | 86.5 | 23 | 79.3 | 38 | 27.5 | 19 | 38.5 73.1 | 328 302 | 62.6 57.6 |
| ndinistration areas Don't know | 158 3 | 80.6 | 89 | 90.8 | 29 | 78.4 | 21 | 72.4 | 117 | 84.8 | 18 | 69.2 | 432 | 57.6 82.4 |
| Dont know | 3 | 1.5 | 1 | 1.0 | 1 | 2.7 | 0 | . 0 | 9 | 6.5 |  | 3.8 | 15 | 2.9 |
| Where is the chiller located? | (N-198) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=94)$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=36$ ) |  | (N-30) |  | (N-147) |  | ( ${ }^{-22} \times$ |  |  |  |
| Roof | 53 | 26.8 | 44 | 46.8 | 9 | 25.0 | 8 |  | 32 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ortside on the grounds | 10 | 35.3 | 17 | 18.1 | 5 | 13.9 | 12 | 38.8 | 32 3 | 21.8 | 3 | 31.8 | 153 | 29.0 |
| Hechanical rocm | 39 | 19.7 | 34 | 36.2 | 20 | 55.6 | 9 | 38.7 29.0 | 11 | 16.3 | 8 | 13.6 | 131 | 24.8 |
| windows | 75 | 37.9 | 17 | 18.1 | 11 | 30.6 | 6 | 19.4 | 94 | 7.5 63.9 | 8 7 | 36.4 31.8 | ${ }_{210}^{123} 4$ | 22.9 39.8 |
| $\because 3$ |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 19.4 | 9 | 63.9 | 7 | 31.8 | 210 | 39.8 |

TMALE 2 (CONT.)
ENTHONETEN COMAROLS
Onatione 010, Q11, Olla(AC), Qla(HT), Ollb(AC), Ollb(HI), Ollb(VE)


TNBLE 2 (CONT.)

Question Ol1c, 012, 012a, 012b, O12c(AC), O12c(HT)

|  | Public |  | Achanic |  | spectal |  | HigtoricalNo. |  | Town Clerk <br> No. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Manuacript } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | 11 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Biandity control deticos umed | (10-135) |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-26}$ ) |  | (N-40) |  | (A-87) |  | (N-19) |  | CN-369! |  |
| Porteble hyoldifiers | 14 | 10.4 | 12 | 19.4 | 4 | 15.4 | 6 | 15.0 | 13 | 14.9 | 1 | 5.3 | 50 |  |
| Portable dehuiditifiers | 66 | 48.9 | 11 | 17.7 | 7 | 26.9 | 20 | 50.0 | 37 | 42.5 | 6 | 31.6 | 147 | 13.6 39.8 |
| Syatem hradification | ${ }^{28}$ | 20.7 | 15 | 24.2 | 12 | 46.2 | 13 | 32.5 | 16 | 18.4 | 9 | 31.6 | 147 | 39.8 29.2 |
| Syote dehmidification | 30 | 22.2 | 19 | 30.6 | 14 | 53.8 | B | 20.0 | 15 | 17.2 | 1.1 | 57.9 | 93 97 | 25.2 26.3 |
| sequrateapecial collectiona? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No | 298 | 90.3 | 82 | 71.9 | 29 | 59.2 | 75 | 84.3 | 199 | 82.6 | 17 | 63.0 | 700 | 82.4 |
| Yea | 32 | 9.7 | 32 | 28.1 | 20 | 40.8 | 14 | 15.7 | 42 | 17.4 | 10 | 37.0 | 150 | 17.6 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| $\begin{array}{ll} \text { no } \\ \text { en } \end{array}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 41 \\ & 33 \end{aligned}$ | 55.4 44.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 15 \\ & 28 \end{aligned}$ | 34.9 65.1 | 11 | 44.0 | 18 | 69.2 | 39 | 49.4 | 3 | 21.4 | 127 | 48.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  | 14 | 56.0 | 8 | 30.8 | 40 | 50.6 | 11 | 78.6 | 134 | 51.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ho | 33 | 53.2 | 12 | 31.6 | 6 | 25.0 | 14 | 51.9 | 27 | 38.6 | 2 | 18.2 | 94 |  |
| Yea | 24 | 30.7 | 23 | 60.5 | 15 | 62.5 | 10 | 37.0 | 31 | 44.3 | 8 | 72.7 | 111 | 40.5 |
| Don't know | 5 | 8.0 | 3 | 7.9 | 3 | 12.5 | , | 11.1 | 12 | 17.1 | 1 | 9.1 | 27 | 11.6 |
| seting of air-conditioning |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | 4 | 10.0 | 1 | 2.9 | 2 | 14.3 | 1 | 9.0 | 3 | 7.0 | 2 | 18.2 | 13 | 8.5 |
| $60-67$ $68-71$ | 7 | 17.5 | 7 | 20.6 | 1 | 7.1 | 1 | 9.0 | 3 | 7.0 | 2 | 18.2 | 21 | 13.7 |
| 72-75 | 1 | 10.0 | 1 | 4.1 2.9 | 3 | 50.0 | 1 | 36.4 | 9 | 20.9 | 3 | 27.3 | 49 | 32.0 |
| 76-79 | 1 | 10.0 | 2 | 2.9 5.9 | 0 | 21.8 | 0 | 9.0 | 0 | 9.3 | 3 | 27.3 | 16 | 10.5 |
| Don't know | 10 | 25.0 | 8 | 23.5 | 1 | 7.1 | 0 | 36.4 | 24 | 55.8 | 1 | 9.1 | 6 48 | 3.9 31.4 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 60-63 | 10 | 2.3 | 2 | 5.7 | 2 | 12.5 | 6 | 24.0 | J | 6.5 | 2 | 18.2 | 16 | 9.1 |
| 69-67 | 10 | 23.3 | 6 | 17.1 | 2 | 12.5 |  | 20.0 | 5 | 10.9 | 2 | 18.2 | 30 | 17.1 |
| $68-71$ $72-75$ | 23 | 53.5 | 16 | 45.7 | 11 | 68.8 | 0 | 32.0 | 14 | 30.4 | 5 | 45.5 | 77 | 41.0 |
| 76-79 |  | 2.3 | 3 | 8.6 2.9 | 0 | . 0 | 0 | . 0 | ${ }_{1}$ | 4.3 2.2 | 1 | 9.1 | 8 | 4.5 |
| Don't know | 6 | 14.0 | 2 | 20.0 | 1 | 6.3 | 0 | 24.0 | 21 | 45.7 | 0 | 9.1 | $4{ }^{3}$ | 1.7 23.9 |

TMRE 2 (CONT.)
ENIROMETKL COHTROLS
Oveation O12d(AC), O12d(HR), O12d(VE), O12e, 013

|  | Public |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Acadenic } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { special } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Histor ical } \\ & \text { Ao. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Town Clerk No. |  | Manuscript Ato. |  | Al |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| AC turned down or thut down? | (N-40) |  | - ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-16}$ ) |  | (19-12) |  | (N-46) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=1 \mathrm{i})$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-166)}$ |  |
| Na | 21 | 47.7 | 17 | 45.9 | 10 | 62.5 | 8 | 66.7 | 21 | 45.7 | 7 |  |  |  |
| Yea ${ }^{\text {Don't know }}$ | 22 | 50.0 | 17 | 45.9 | 6 | 37.5 | 3 | 25.0 | 14 | 35.7 | 2 | 63.6 18.2 | 84 64 | 50.6 38.6 |
| Don't know | 1 | 2.3 | 3 | 8.2 | 0 | . 0 | 1 | 8.3 | 11 | 23.9 | 2 | 18.2 | 18 | 10.8 |
| Bant turned down or abut down? | (N-47) |  | (19-90) |  | ( ${ }^{-7-16) ~}$ |  | ( $\mathbf{N}^{-25}$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-79}{ }^{-7}$ |  | ( ${ }^{\text {a }}$ - |  | $(N=188)$ |  |
| Ho | 19 | 40.4 | 14 | 35.0 | 9 | 56.3 | 8 | 32.0 | 22 | 44.9 | 7 | 63.6 | 79 | 42.0 |
| Yea | 25 | 53.2 |  | 55.0 10.0 | 7 | 43.7 | 15 | 60.0 | 16 | 32.9 32.7 | 2 | 63.6 18.2 | 87 | 42.0 |
| Don't know | 3 | 6.4 |  | 10.0 | 0 | . 0 | 2 | 0.0 | 11 | 22.4 | 2 | 18.2 | 22 | 11.7 |
| Ventiation turned down or ehut down? | (N-32) |  | (A-3M) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-2-9}$ |  | (N-10) |  | ( ${ }^{-2-3 i) ~}$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=-\mathrm{io}$ |  | $(N=126)$ |  |
| No | 17 | 53.1 | 15 | 44.1 | 7 | 77.8 | 7 | 70.0 | 15 | 48.4 | 7 | 70.0 | 68 | 54.0 |
| Yeat knoe | 11 | 34.4 | 13 | 38.2 | 2 | 22.2 | 2 | 20.0 | 6 | 19.4 | 1 | 10.0 | 44 | 54.0 34.9 |
| Don't know | 4 | 12.5 |  | 17.6 | 0 | . 0 | 1 | 10.0 | 10 | 32.3 | 2 | 20.0 | 23 | 18.3 |
| Buidity control | (N-5 ${ }^{-1}$ |  |  |  | (N-15) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-25}$ |  | (N-53) |  | (N-72) |  | (N-7-793) |  |
| Portible humidifiers | 11 | 21.6 | 4 | 10.8 | 3 | 20.0 | 4 | 16.0 | 10 | 18.9 | 1 | 8.3 | 33 | 17.1 |
| portable dehumidifiers | 22 | 43.1 | 6 | 16.2 | 1 | 6.7 | 13 | 52.0 | 17 | 32.1 | 3 | 25.0 | 62 | 32.1 |
| 8ydem huldification | 14 | 27.5 | 19 | 51.4 | 9 | 60.0 | 7 | 28.0 | 12 | 32.1 22.6 | 8 | 25.0 66.7 | 62 | 32.1 35.8 |
| Syute dehumidification | 16 | 31.4 | 16 | 43.2 | 10 | 56.7 | 4 | 16.0 | 13 | 24.5 | 8 | 66.7 | 67 | 34.7 |
| EMironmean monitoring devices |  |  |  |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-98}$ |  | $\cdots{ }^{-1-25}$ |  | ( ${ }^{-}-29$ |  | (N-9099)----- |  |
| None | 41 | 11.4 | 8 | 6.5 | 9 | 18.9 | 27 | 27.6 | 62 | 24.6 | 4 | 13.8 | 151 | 16.6 |
| Thernoctat | 290 | 80.8 | 89 | 72.4 | 32 | 66.7 | 59 | 60.2 | 164 | 65.1 | 19 | 65.6 | 653 | 16.6 71.8 |
| Tharmometer | 126 | 35.1 | 52 | 42.3 | 16 | 33.3 | 26 | 26.5 | 58 | 23.0 | 7 | 24.1 | 285 | 31.4 |
| Apgrameter | 23 | 6.4 | 23 | 18.7 | 9 | 18.8 | 16 | 16.3 | 11 | 4.4 | 6 | 20.7 | 88 | 9.7 |
| Thernohygrometer | 7 | 1.9 | 5 | 4.1 | 8 | 16.7 | 6 | 6.1 | 2 | . 8 | 6 | 20.7 | 34 | 3.7 |
| begrothermograph | 1 | 1.1 | 17 | 13.8 | 16 | 33.3 | 10 | 10.2 | 1 | . 4 | 5 | 17.2 | 53 | 5.8 |
| siling puychramer | 1 | . 3 | 6 | 4.9 | 7 | 14.3 | 7 | 7.1 | 1 | . 4 | 5 | 17.2 | 27 | :. 0 |
| peychrameter | 0 | . 0 | 4 | 3.3 | 1 | 2.1 | 0 | . 0 | 1 | . 4 | 1 | 3.4 | 7 | . 8 |

TNARE 2 (CONT.)

## Ewirarmerin corrpols

Queation 014, 015


TABLE 3
FIRE PROIECTICN
Oreations 016, Ol6a

|  | Public |  |  |  | Special |  | Historical |  | Town Clerk |  | Manuscript |  | Al1 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Detection/suppreasion <br> systems inctalled? |  |  |  | 3) |  | 3) |  |  |  |  |  |  | (N |  |
| No | 50 | 13.6 | 10 | 8.1 | 5 | 9.4 | 13 | 12.6 | 57 | 21.4 |  |  |  |  |
| Yea | 316 | 85.9 | 108 | 87.8 | 47 | 88.7 | 88 | $85.4$ | 200 | 75.2 | 25 | 13.3 | 139 | 14.7 |
| Don't know | 2 | . 5 | 5 | 4.1 | 1 | 1.9 | 8 2 | $1.9$ | 200 9 | $\begin{array}{r} 75.2 \\ 3.4 \end{array}$ | 25 1 | $\begin{array}{r} 83.3 \\ 3.3 \end{array}$ | 784 20 | 83.1 |
| Type of eyste | (N |  |  | ) |  |  |  |  |  | ) |  |  | (N |  |
| Pire extinguishers | 299 | 93.7 | 103 | 93.6 | 40 | 90.9 | 71 | 80.7 | 166 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Wet pipe eprinklers | 37 | 11.6 | 35 | 31.8 | 13 | 29.5 | 7 | 80.7 8.0 | 166 | 81.4 23.5 | 23 | 92.0 28.0 | 702 | 92.8 |
| Dry plpe sprinklers Halon | 7 | 2.2 | 13 | 11.8 | 6 | 13.6 | 4 | 8.0 4.5 | 48 15 | 23.5 7.4 | $\begin{aligned} & 7 \\ & 4 \end{aligned}$ | 28.0 16.0 | $\begin{array}{r} 147 \\ 19 \end{array}$ | 19.2 |
| Halon | 6 | 1.9 | 11 | 10.0 | 8 | 18.2 | 2 | 2.3 | 15 | 7.4 3.9 | 4 | 16.0 16.0 | $\begin{aligned} & 49 \\ & 19 \end{aligned}$ | 6.4 |
| Smoke detectors | 216 | 67.7 | 72 | 65.5 | 28 | 63.6 | 7 | 8.0 | 119 | 3.9 58.3 | 16 | 16.0 64.0 | 39 458 | 5.1 59.9 |
| Heat detectors | 144 | 45.1 | 41 | 37.3 | 23 | 52.3 | 43 | 48.9 | 119 77 | 58.3 37.7 | 16 | 64.0 40.0 | 458 338 | 59.9 44.2 |
| Ionizat ion detectors | 15 | 4.7 | 4 | 3.6 | 8 | 18.2 | 4 | 48.9 4.5 | 3 | 37.7 1.5 | 10 | 40.0 8.0 | 338 36 | 44.2 |

TNELS 3 （CONT．）
pire frotiction
Qreation $01 \mathrm{Cb}_{\mathrm{b}}(\mathrm{EV}), 01 \mathrm{Cb}(8 \mathrm{R}), 01 \mathrm{Cb}(\mathrm{VA}), 016 b(S P)$

|  |  |  |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Special } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Historical } \\ & \text { Ho. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Town Clerk No． |  | Manuscript No． |  | Ald |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Where are theere <br> Cyatem inatalled？ |  |  | （N－106） |  | （N＝－90） |  | （ $\mathrm{N}^{(1075}$ |  | （ $\mathrm{N}=162$ ） |  | （N＝－22） |  | （ ${ }^{-1-692}$ ） |  |
| Pire extinguibhers | 263 | 91.3 | 98 | 92.5 | 34 | 85.0 | 52 | 70.3 | 119 | 73.5 | 18 | 81.8 | 584 | 84.4 |
| Wet plpe aprinklers | 27 | 9.4 | 29 | 27.4 | 10 | 25.0 | 5 | 6.8 | 36 | 22.2 | 6 | 27.3 | 113 | 16.3 |
| Dry plpe eqrinkleza | 5 | 1.7 | 3 | 2.8 | 5 | 12.5 | $?$ | 2.7 | 14 | 8.6 | 2 | 9.1 | 31 | 4.5 |
| taxion |  | ． 3 | 1 | ． 9 | 2 | 5.0 | 1 | 1.4 | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 4.5 | 6 | ． 9 |
| Suphe detectors | 187 | 64.9 | 63 | 59.4 | 24 | 60.0 | 43 | 71.6 | 83 | 51.2 | 14 | 63.6 | 424 | 61.3 |
| Hent detectors | 115 | 39.9 | 31 | 29.2 | 22 | 55.0 | 37 | 50.0 | 53 | 32.7 | 9 | 40.9 | 267 | 38.6 |
| Iondeation detectors | 11 | 3.8 | 4 | 3.8 | 6 | 15.0 | 2 | 2.7 | 3 | 1.9 | 1 | 4.5 | 27 | 3.9 |
| Binere are these <br> myaten installed？ | (Stora | reas) | $(N \overline{2})$ |  | （ ${ }^{-1-9}$ |  | （ ${ }^{-24}$ |  | （ ${ }^{-26}$ |  | （N－5） |  | （N－13i） |  |
| Pire extinguithera | 27 | 58.7 | 8 | 36.4 | 4 | 50.0 | 16 | 66.7 | 11 | 42.3 | 4 | 80.0 | 70 | 53.4 |
| Wet pipe eprinklers | 3 | 6.5 | 6 | 27.3 | 3 | 37.5 | 2 | 8.3 | 7 | 26.9 | 2 | 40.0 | 23 | 17.6 |
| Dry pipe aprinklers | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 18.2 | 0 | ． 12.5 | 0 | ． 0 | 2 | 7.7 | 1 | 20.0 | 7 | 5.3 |
| Anion | 19 | 2.2 | 1 | 4.5 | 1 | 12.5 | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 3.8 | 1 | 20.0 | 5 | 3.8 |
| Sinoke detectors | 19 | 41.3 | 7 | 31.8 | 4 | 50.0 | 9 | 37.5 | 6 | 23.1 | 2 | 40.0 | 47 | 35.9 |
| Heat detectora | 14 | 30.4 | 8 | 36.4 | 1 | 12.5 | 6 | 25.0 | 8 | 30.8 | 1 | 20.0 | 38 | 29.0 |
| Ioniention detectors | 1 | 2.2 | 0 | ． 0 | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 4.2 | 0 | ． 0 | 0 | ． 0 | 2 | 1.5 |
| inere are these graters installed？ |  |  | $\cdots(N)$ |  | （ $\mathrm{N}^{-2-8) ~}$ |  | （ ${ }^{-7-9}$ |  | （N－27） |  | （N－ら） |  | （N＝58） |  |
| Pire extinguishers | 2 | 40.0 | 2 | 25.0 | 4 | 50.0 | 1 | 16.7 | 12 | 44.4 | 2 | 50.0 | 23 | 39.7 |
| Wet pipe aprinklers | 1 | 20.0 | 1 | 12.5 | 0 | ． 0 | 0 | ． 0 | 4 | 14.8 | 1 | 25.0 | 7 | 12.1 |
| Dry pipe aprinklers | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 12.5 | 1 | 12.5 | 0 | ． 0 | 2 | 7.4 | 1 | 25.0 | 5 | 8.6 |
| 日inion | 1 | 20.0 | 4 | 50.0 | 2 | 25.0 | 2 | 33.3 | 4 | 14.8 | 3 | 75.0 | 16 | 27.6 |
| 8moke detectora | 2 | 40.0 | 4 | 50.0 | 2 | 25.0 | 4 | 66.7 | 10 | 3i） | 1 | 25.0 | 23 | 39.7 |
| leat detectore | 0 | ． 0 | 4 | 50．0 | 3 | 37.5 | 3 | 50.0 | 11 | 40.7 | 1 | 25.0 | 22 | 37.9 |
| Ionleation detectors | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 12.5 | 1 | 12.5 | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 3.7 | 1 | 25.0 | 4 | 6.9 |
| Minere are theme oytem installed？ | conect | cal lec | $\cdots=1 \bar{n}$ <br> ns） |  | $(N=10)$ |  | （ $\mathrm{N}^{-10}$ ） |  | （N－17） |  | （N＝方） |  | $\text { (N }=83)$ |  |
| Fire ertinguishers | 14 | 65.7 | 9 | 50.0 | 5 | 50.0 | 5 | 50.0 | 8 | 47.1 | 4 | 57.1 | 72 | 86.7 |
| Wet plpe aprinklere | 4 | 19.0 | 2 | 11.1 | 1 | 10.0 | 1 | 10.0 | 0 | ． 0 | 2 | 28.6 | 10 | 12.0 |
| Dry pipe aprinklers | 0 | ． 0 | 3 | 16.7 | 0 | ． 0.0 | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 5.9 | 1 | 14.3 | 5 | 6.0 |
| Halon | 4 | 19.0 | 6 | 33.3 | 3 | 30.0 | 2 | 20.0 | 6 | 35.3 | 4 | 57.1 | 25 | 30.1 |
| Smoke detectors | 6 | 28.6 | 9 | 50.0 | 3 | 30.0 | 5 | 50.0 | 5 | 29.4 | 4 | 57.1 | 32 | 38.6 |
| Heat detectors | 6 | 18.6 | 8 | 44.4 | 3 | 30.0 | 3 | 30.0 | 5 | 29.4 | 2 | 28.6 | 27 | 32.5 |
| Ionization detectors | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 5.6 | 1 | 10.0 | 0 | ． 0 | 0 | ． 0 | 1 | 14.3 | 3 | 3.6 |

TABLE 3 (CONTR.)
PIRE PROTECTIO
Questions ol6c, ol6d, 017, ol8


## TMRE 4

presernition issues
Quest ions 019

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Public } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Acadenic } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { special } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Hist orical <br> No. |  | Tow Clerk No. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Manuscript } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | No. All |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Has a buliding eurvey been done? |  |  |  |  |  | $51)$ | (N |  | (N | ) |  |  |  |  |
| No | 241 | 68.7 | 85 | 71.4 | 26 | 51.0 | 48 | 49.5 | 8 | 5.1 |  |  |  |  |
| Yes | 10 | 31.3 | 34 | 28.6 | 25 | 49.0 | 49 | 50.5 | 150 | 94.9 | 15 | 51.7 | 383 | 52.4 47.6 |

## Tance 4

presernation issues
Questions 019a, ©0, © 1, 021a, 023, 024, 024b


TNBEE 4 (OOAT.)
preservation issues
Quentions CR5, C25a, D26, 026a

|  | Public |  | Acadenic No. |  | SpecialAo. |  | Historical No. |  | Town Clerk No. |  | Manuscript <br> No. |  | Al |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Axtended preeervation ducation programe |  | ) |  | 6) |  | 52) |  |  |  |  |  | 33) |  |  |
| No | 213 | 60.2 | 39 | 33.6 | 15 | 28.8 | 24 | 25.0 | 144 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Regional program | 99 | 28.0 | 59 | 50.9 | 21 | 40.4 | 50 | 25.0 52.1 | 144 | 60.8 8.4 | 17 | 6.1 | 437 | 49.2 |
| Stete progr | 49 | 13.8 | 23 | 19.8 | 12 | 23.1 | 29 | 30.2 | 78 | 8.4 32.9 | 17 | 51.5 21.2 | 266 198 | 30.0 |
| Altioral program | 11 | 3.1 | 28 | 24.1 | 10 | 19.2 | 6 | 6.3 | 0 | 32.9 .0 | 8 | 21.2 24.2 | 198 63 | 22.3 |
| Profeesional orgens. | 43 32 | 12.1 | 45 | 38.8 | 21 | 40.4 | 22 | 22.9 | 13 | 5.5 | 24 | 24.2 72.7 | 63 168 | 7.1 18.9 |
| University coursea | 32 31 | 9.0 8.8 | 24 | 20.7 26.7 | 12 17 | 23.1 32.7 | 10 | 10.4 22.9 | 1 15 | 5. 0 | 11 | 73.7 | 168 90 | 18.9 |
|  |  |  | 31 | 26.7 | 17 | 32.7 | 22 | 22.9 | 15 | 6.3 | 16 | 48.5 | 132 | 14.09 |
| Preervation topicetaugt |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Ericormental controls | 70 | 25.1 | 42 | 68.7 | 22 | 68.8 | 40 | 70.2 | 43 | 58.9 | 20 | 71.4 | 237 | 44.5 |
| Basic repairs | 100 | 35.8 | 51 | 81.0 | 18 | 56.3 | 25 | 43.9 | 33 | 45.2 | 21 | 75.0 | 248 | 44.5 |
| Storage | 87 | 31.2 | 47 | 74.6 | 23 | 71.9 | 51 | 89.5 | 72 | 98.6 | 24 | 85.7 | 304 | 46.6 |
| Proper melving Care and handling | 86 103 | 30.1 36.9 | 46 | 73.0 | 19 | 59.4 | 33 | 57.9 | 48 | 65.8 | 18 | 64.3 | 250 | 47.0 |
| care and handling Secur ity | 103 39 | 36.9 14.0 | 56 | 88.9 50.8 | 28 | 87.5 | 58 | 100.0 | 51 | 69.9 | 27 | 96.4 | 328 | 61.7 |
| Dicaster preparedness | 52 | 18.6 | 54 | 85.7 | 26 | 83.1 81.3 | 24 | 42.1 38.6 | 37 52 | 50.7 71.2 | 16 | 57.1 | 165 | 31.0 |
| Protective encloaures | 46 | 16.5 | 36 | 57.1 | 20 | 62.5 | 33 | 57.9 | 35 | 47.9 | 18 | 67.9 | 225 | 42.3 |
| Library binding | 41 | 14.7 | 42 | 66.7 | 11 | 34.4 | 13 | 22.9 | 11 | 15.1 | 7 | 25.0 | 125 | 35.3 23.5 |
| Care of photographs | 39 | 14.0 | 30 | 47.6 | 25 | 78.1 | 47 | 82.5 | 12 | 16.4 | 23 | 82.1 | 125 | 23.5 |
| Niture of photographs | 25 | 9.0 | 19 | 30.2 | 17 | 53.1 | 28 | 49.1 | 6 | 8.2 | 12 |  | 107 | 33.1 |
| Oonservation of photos. | 26 | 9.3 | 25 | 39.7 | 13 | 40.6 | 30 | 52.6 | 10 | 13.7 | 12 | 42.9 | 107 | 20.1 |
| Preserv, aicrofillaing | 25 | 9.0 | 29 | 46.0 | 14 | 43.8 | 13 | 22.9 | 46 | 63.0 | 13 | 46.4 | 116 | 21.8 26.3 |
| Preaervation menagement | 27 | 9.7 | 25 | 39.7 | 17 | 53.1 | 18 | 31.6 | 36 | 49.3 | 12 | 42.9 | 140 135 | 26.3 25.4 |
| Coneervation treatment | 28 | 10.0 | 28 | 44.4 | 16 | 50.0 | 23 | 40.4 | 26 | 35.6 | 13 | 46.4 | 134 | 25.2 |
| Advanced hande-on Deacidification | 8 | 2.9 | 18 | 28.6 | 7 | 21.9 | 4 | 70.0 | 5 | 6.8 | 6 | 21.4 | 48 | 9.0 |
| Demeldification Pent control | 38 31 | 13.6 | 21 | 33.3 | 10 | 31.3 | 19 | 33.3 | 20 | 27.4 | 13 | 46.4 | 121 | 22.7 |
| Pout control | 31 | 11.1 | 16 | 25.4 | 10 | 31.3 | 12 | 21.1 | 2 | 2.7 | 10 | 35.7 | 81 | 15.2 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No | 136 | 37.1 | 16 | 13.0 | 8 | 15.1 | 20 | 19.6 | 159 | 61.9 |  |  |  |  |
| Yes | 231 | 62.9 | 107 | 87.0 | 45 | 84.9 | 82 | 19.6 80.4 | 159 98 | 61.9 38.1 | 29 | 9.4 90.6 | $\begin{aligned} & 342 \\ & 592 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & 36.6 \\ & 63.4 \end{aligned}$ |
| contracted work with NEDCC? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No | 152 | 64.7 | 62 | 58.5 | 14 | 33.3 | 19 | 32.8 | 81 | 73.0 | 12 | 41.4 | 340 | . 5 |
| Yes | 83 | 35.3 | 44 | 41.5 | 28 | 66.7 | 39 | 37.2 | 30 | 27.0 | 17 | 58.6 | 241 | 41.5 |

TARTE 4 (OONT.)
presernarion issues
Quatione Q26b, Q27, ©27a, 028, Q2a

|  | Public |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Acadenic } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Special } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Historical } \\ & \text { Ho. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Town Clerk No. |  | Manuscr ipt <br> No. |  | All |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Services used |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 185 |
| Prewervation |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| microfilaing | 29 | 35.4 | 10 | 21.3 | 10 | 35.7 | 10 | 23.3 | 6 | 19.4 | 2 | 11.8 | 67 | 27.0 |
| Bock conservation | 31 | 37.8 | 16 | 34.0 | 13 | 46.4 | 13 | 30.2 | 21 | 67.7 | 4 | 23.5 | 98 | 39.5 |
| Survey | 38 42 | 46.3 51.2 | 77 | 57.4 | 17 | 60.7 | 22 | 51.2 | 3 | 9.7 | 5 | 29.4 | 162 | 65.3 |
| Peper conservation | 42 | 51.2 20.7 | 11 | 23.4 | 13 | 46.4 | 30 | 69.8 | 7 | 22.6 | 8 | 47.1 | 111 | 14.8 |
| Photograph concervation Photographic oopying | 17 | 20.7 4.9 | 11 | 23.4 | 8 1 | 28.6 3.6 | 14 | 32.6 | 0 | . 0 | 4 | 23.5 | 54 | 21.8 |
| Whorknhope | 17 | 20.7 | 13 | 27.7 | 13 | 46.4 | 14 | 92.3 | , | 3.2 12.9 | 3 | 17.6 23.5 | 16 | 6.5 |
| Diamer calatance | 10 | 12.2 | 12 | 25.5 | 5 | 17.9 | 4 | 9.3 | 0 | 12.9 .0 | 2 | 23.5 11.8 | 65 33 | 26.2 13.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yee | 316 | 85.9 | 119 | 96.7 | 41 | 77.4 | 63 | 62.4 | 183 | 71.5 | 24 | 75.0 | 746 | 80.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| No reatrictions | 192 | 60.4 | 68 | 55.7 | 0 | 16.7 | 9 | 12.7 | 40 | 18.5 | 3 | 18.1 | 320 | 39.9 |
| Oertaln iteme not photo. | . 56 | 17.6 | 43 | 35.2 | 24 | 50.0 | 31 | 43.7 | 40 | 18.5 | 8 | 29.6 | 202 | 25.2 |
| Certain items by patrons | 27 | 8.5 | 21 | 17.2 | 12 | 25.0 | 10 | 14.1 | 10 | 4.6 | 3 | 11.1 | 83 | 10.3 |
| Oertain iteme by etaff only | 57 | 17.9 | 35 | 28.7 | 18 | 37.5 | 31 | 43.7 | 51 | 23.6 | 8 | 29.6 | 200 | 34.9 |
| All item by etaff | 45 | 14.2 | 9 | 7.4 | 19 | 39.6 | 30 | 42.3 | 131 | 60.6 | 17 | 63.0 | 251 | 31.3 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Mo | 154 | 43.3 | 52 | 43.3 | 18 | 35.3 | 59 | 60.8 | 179 | 74.6 | 14 | 42.4 | 476 | 53.1 |
| Yes | 202 | 56.7 | 68 | 56.7 | 33 | 64.7 | 38 | 39.2 | 61 | 25.4 | 19 | 57.6 | 421 | 46.9 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Tilt volume by hemdcap | 28 | 15.1 | 6 | 9.7 | 3 | 10.3 | 1 | 3.1 | 6 | 15.8 | 0 | . 0 | 44 | 12.1 |
| Fuch volume on either aide | 119 | 64.3 | 50 | 80.6 | 23 | 79.3 | 29 | 90.6 | 29 | 76.3 | 13 | 72.2 | 263 | 72.3 |
| Tilt with preagure on |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bookends readjusted | 138 | 74.6 | 46 | 62.1 | 18 | 62.1 | 17 | 53.1 | 11 | 28.9 | 15 | 83.3 | 245 | 67.3 |

TARLE 4 (COMT.)
preserivation issues
Questions 029, 030, 031, 032, 032a

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| gheiving of oweraized volumes |  |  |  |  |  | 4) |  |  |  | 15 |  |  |  |  |
| Spine up | 138 | 39.4 | 34 | 28.8 | 6 | 13.6 | 11 | 12.4 | 61 | 28.5 | 1 | 3.6 | 251 | 29.8 |
| Spine down | 64 | 18.3 | 20 | 16.9 | 10 | 22.7 | 10 | 11.2 | 30 | 14.0 | 5 | 17.9 | 139 | 29.8 16.5 |
| shelves <br> Flat on separate | 209 | 59.7 | 75 | 63.6 | 23 | 52.3 | 31 | 34.8 | 104 | 48.6 | 13 | 46.4 | 455 | 54.0 |
| atel ves | 155 | 44.3 | 76 | 64.4 | 34 | 77.3 | 71 | 79.8 | 121 | 56.5 | 21 | 75.0 | 478 | 56.7 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| None done | 14 | 12.9 | 17 | 15.3 | 20 | 42.6 | 66 | 65.3 | 183 | 78.5 | 19 | 61.3 | 349 | 40.4 |
| "Archival" tape scotch tape | 130 179 | 38.1 52.5 | 59 26 | 52.3 23.4 | 17 | 36.2 | 25 | 24.8 | $\begin{array}{r}10 \\ 10 \\ \hline 7\end{array}$ |  | 9 | 61.3 29.0 | 349 249 | 40.4 28.8 |
| Elmer's glue | 134 | 52.5 39.3 | 26 14 | 23.4 12.6 | 3 | 6.4 | 7 | 6.9 3.0 | 57 | 24.5 2.6 | 4 | 12.9 | 276 159 | 31.9 |
| Library peate | 118 | 34.6 | 22 | 19.8 | 5 | 10.6 | 4 | 4.0 | 5 | 2.6 2.1 | 1 | 3.2 .0 | 159 154 | 18.4 |
| Jepmenese ticave and etarch paste Hem ret tisaue | 14 | 4.1 | 28 8 | 25.2 7.2 | 11 | 10.6 23.4 2.1 | 10 1 | 9.0 1.0 | 0 0 | 2.1 .0 .0 | 1 2 | .0 12.9 6.5 | 154 67 16 | 17.8 7.8 1.9 |
| Books mended ho |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Atot applicable | 27 | 7.9 | 8 | 7.2 | 2 | 4.2 | 8 | 8.7 | 31 | 14.3 | 11 | 36.7 | 87 | 10.4 |
| None done | 47 192 | 13.8 | 24 | 21.6 | 26 | 54.2 | 62 | 67.4 | 159 | 73.3 | 16 | 53.3 | 334 | 39.8 |
| Cloth tape | 192 | 13.3 19.4 | 46 | 41.4 19.8 | 7 | 14.6 | 16 | 17.4 | 12 | 5.5 | 0 | . 0 | 273 | 32.5 |
| Scrathival tape | 86 | 19.4 | 22 9 | 19.8 8.1 | 6 | 12.5 4.2 | 13 | 14.1 | 2 | 8.9 | 3 | 10.0 | 112 | 13.3 |
| Bockeloth and PVA | 50 | 14.7 | 29 | 26.1 | 9 | 18.8 | 3 | 3.3 1.1 | 18 | 8.3 .5 | 2 | 6.7 .0 | 123 90 | 14.7 |
| In-house recasing | 21 | 6.2 | 21 | 18.9 | 10 | 20.8 | 3 | 3.3 | 0 | .0 | 2 | 6.7 | 57 | 10.7 6.8 |
| Oreraized printa, etc. ( $\mathrm{N}=206$ )houced how? |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Around or in a tube | 103 | 50.0 | 26 | 33.8 | 8 | 20.0 | 37 | 41.1 | 154 | 72.6 | 11 | 40.7 | 339 | 52.0 |
| Rolled in acidic kraft | 5 | 2.1 | 3 | 3.9 | 1 | 2.5 | 5 | 5.6 | 4 | 1.9 | 1 | 3.7 | 19 | 2.9 |
| Rolled in alkaline kraft | ${ }^{6}$ | 2.9 | 2 | 2.6 | 3 | 7.5 | 4 | 4.4 | 3 | 1.4 | 2 | 7.4 | 20 | 3.1 |
| Flat in metal mep cases | 108 37 | 52.4 18.0 | 53 27 | 68.8 35.1 | 32 | 80.0 | 61 39 | 67.8 | 109 | 51.4 | 19 | 70.4 | 382 | 58.6 |
| Large archival boxes | 37 | 18.0 | 27 | 35.1 | 19 | 47.5 | 39 | 43.3 | 12 | 5.7 | 16 | 59.3 | 150 | 23.0 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| General atacks | 61 | 35.1 | 30 | 42.3 | 8 | 23.5 | 30 | 69.8 | 91 | 67.4 | 2 | 8.3 | 222 | 46.2 |
| Special collections | 106 | 60.9 | 45 | 63.4 | 21 | 61.8 | 27 | 62.8 | 22 | 16.3 | 9 | 37.5 | 230 | 47.8 |
| Closed stacks | 50 | 28.7 | 27 | 38.0 | 14 | 41.2 | 25 | 58.1 | 30 | 22.2 | 14 | 58.3 | 160 | 33.3 |

TABLE 4 (OONT.)
presernarion ISSUES
Qumetion 033, 033a, 033b, 033c, 033d


## taras 5

MIERNRX BINDIMG (NOU-PARE BOOKS)
Queation 034, 035, 036

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Pu } \\ \text { Ho. } \end{gathered}$ | c |  |  |  | $101$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hint } \\ & \text { no. } \end{aligned}$ | al | Tom. | rk |  |  | No. | - |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Binder |  |  | (N-119) |  | (N-43) |  | (N: $=$ - 5 |  | (n-164i |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=23$ ) |  | (N-38i5 |  |
|  |  | 7.2 | 1 | 6.7 | 1 | 2.3 | 15 | 17.6 | 17 | 10.4 | 10 | 43.5 | 109 |  |
| Yea | 114 | 32.9 20.2 | ${ }_{75}^{11}$ | 9.2 63.0 | 17 | 39.5 | 43 | 50.6 | 33 | 20.1 | 10 | 43.5 | 228 | 14.0 29.2 |
| Don't know | 135 | 20.2 39.0 | 75 25 | 63.0 21.0 | 11 | 32.6 25.6 | 25 | 5.8 | 2 | 1.2 | 4 | 17.4 | 290 | 37.1 |
| cret know |  |  |  |  | 11 | 25.6 | 22 | 25.9 | 112 | 68.3 | 4 | 17.4 | 309 | 39.6 |
| Adierea to cis atas? | (N-2099) |  | (N-103) |  | (N-207 |  | (-30) |  | (N-109) |  | (N-8) |  |  |  |
| No | 8 | 3.8 | 2 | 1.9 | 1 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yea | 49 | 23.4 | 68 | 66.0 | 14 | 58.3 | 3 | 9.4 | 1 | ${ }^{.6}$ | 4 | 50.0 | 13 139 | 2.7 28.5 |
| Don't know | 152 | 72.7 | 33 | 32.0 | 9 | 37.5 | 27 | 84.4 | 103 | 94.5 | 4 | 50.0 | 328 | 28.5 67.2 |
| Binding deciaion makers | (190-205) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-1}$ |  | (ne 225 |  |  |  | ( ${ }^{-46)}$ |  | (N) ${ }^{\text {a }}$ |  |  |  |
| Librarien | 112 | 54.6 | 62 | 62.0 | 17 | 77.3 | 8 | 42.1 | 11 | 23.9 | 3 |  |  |  |
| - Binding prep. ataf | 29 | 14.1 | 41 | 41.0 | 7 | 31.8 | , | 5.3 | 6 | 13.0 | 3 | 40.0 | ${ }_{86}^{213}$ | 53.7 21.7 |
| etaff | 48 | 23.4 | 26 | 26.0 | 5 | 22.7 | 6 | 31.6 | 2 | 4.3 | 1 | 20.0 | 88 |  |
| Bindery otaff | 58 | 28.3 | 17 | 17.0 | 1 | 4.5 | 9 | 47.4 | 29 | 63.0 | 1 | 20.0 | 115 | 29.2 |

## TNBLE 6

## SPECIAL COLEBCTIONS / LOCAL HISTORX COLLECTIONS / AROHIVES

Oreations 039

|  | Public 10. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Academic } \\ & \text { Ho. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Special } \\ & \text { Ao. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Historical No. |  | Town Clerk No. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { manuscr ipt } \\ & \text { Ho. } \end{aligned}$ |  | All |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Facility houses special collections? | - |  |  | $8)$ | (N |  |  |  | ( ${ }^{\text {N }}$ |  |  |  |  |  |
| No | 108 | 30.3 | 29 | 24.6 | 3 | 5.9 | 16 | 15.7 | 72 | 34.1 | 3 | 9.4 | 231 |  |
| Yes | 249 | 69.7 | 89 | 75.4 | 48 | 94.1 | 86 | 84.3 | 139 | 65.9 | 29 | 90.6 | 640 | 26.5 73.5 |

TARE 6 (contr.)
EPECIN ODLBCTIONS / LOCAL HISTORY COLLECTIONS / AROHIVES
Questions 0399, 0390. 039c, OSO, 0.1

|  | Ro. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Acadeaic } \\ & \text { to. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Special } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Higtorical } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Town Clerk No. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Manuscript } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | All |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| miteriais in epeciai collections | ( $\mathrm{N}=250$ |  | (N-89) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-78}$ |  | ( ${ }^{-189}$ - |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=140)$ |  | ( ${ }^{-29}$ |  | ( ${ }^{-\cdots-645) ~}$ |  |
| Rare booke | 111 | 44.4 | 73 | 82.0 | 38 | 79.2 | 64 | 71.9 | 29 | 20.7 | 15 | 51.7 | 330 | 51.2 |
| Mmuscripts | 81 | 32.4 | 68 | 76.4 | 40 | 83.3 | 74 | 83.1 | 18 | 12.9 | 24 | 82.8 | 305 | 47.3 |
| Local records | 136 | 54.4 | 13 | 14.6 | 15 | 31.3 | 57 | 64.0 | 129 | 92.1 | 7 | 24.1 | 357 | 55.3 |
| Local history | 243 | 97.2 | 39 | 43.8 | 26 | 54.2 | 82 | 92.1 | 92 | 65.7 | 11 | 37.9 | 493 | 76.4 |
| Mmpe | 155 | 62.0 | 38 | 42.7 | 29 | 60.4 | 81 | 91.0 | 77 | 55.0 | 15 | 51.7 | 395 | 61.2 |
| Photogr aphe | 155 | 62.2 | 71 | 79.8 | 39 | 81.3 | 86 | 96.6 | 24 | 17.1 | 25 | 86.2 | 400 | 62.0 |
| Art works | 63 | 25.2 | 44 | 49.4 | 26 | 54.2 | 55 | 61.8 | 5 | 3.6 | 13 | 44.8 | 206 | 31.9 |
| Microform | 90 | 36:0 | 50 | 56.2 | 21 | 43.8 | 23 | 25.8 | 24 | 17.1 | 17 | 58.6 | 225 | 34.9 |
| Audio-visual materials | 65 | 26.0 | 53 | 59.6 | 23 | 47.9 | 32 | 36.0 | 3 | 2.1 | 20 | 69.0 | 196 | 30.4 |
| Finre are these collections haused? | -(19-197) |  | (N-®-82) |  |  |  | (N-65) |  |  |  | (N-26) |  |  |  |
| Special collections | 140 | 71.1 | 72 | 87.8 | 26 | 65.0 | 45 | 69.2 | 29 | 21.8 | 17 | 65.4 | 329 | 60.6 |
| Vault | 30 | 15.2 | 12 | 42.5 | 17 | 42.5 | 25 | 38.5 | 120 | 90.2 | 8 | 30.8 | 212 | 39.0 |
| Cloned stacks | 84 | 42.6 | 36 | 55.0 | 22 | 55.0 | 32 | 49.2 | 4 | 3.0 | 12 | 46.2 | 190 | 35.0 |
| Wiere are these room located? | ( $\mathrm{N}=250$ ) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=9 \mathrm{Co}$ |  | (N-59) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{\text {a }}$-8) |  | (N-140) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-28}$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=646$ ) |  |
| Basement | 66 | 26.4 | 31 | 34.1 | 18 | 36.7 | 32 | 36.4 | 69 | 49.3 | 12 | 42.9 | 228 | 35.3 |
| Attic | 17 | 6.8 | 3 | 3.3 | 1 | 2.0 | 12 | 13.6 | 6 | 4.3 | 2 | 7.1 | 41 | 6.3 |
| Upper floor | 76 | 30.4 | 44 | 48.4 | 24 | 49.0 | 44 | 50.0 | 20 | 14.3 | 9 | 32.1 | 217 | 33.6 |
| min floor | 150 | 60.0 | 32 | 35.2 | 18 | 36.7 | 43 | 48.9 | 104 | 74.3 | 9 | 32.1 | 356 | 55.1 |
| Main building | 68 | 27.2 | 45 | 49.5 | 21 | 42.9 | 32 | 36.4 | 47 | 33.6 | 8 | 28.6 | 221 | 34.2 |
| Sepmrate facility | 1 | . 4 | 15 | 16.5 | 13 | 26.5 | 11 | 12.5 | 6 | 4.3 | 1 | 3.6 | 47 | 7.3 |
| stafacoes to apeciai collection miterials | $(N=202)$ |  | ( ${ }^{-2}=6$ - |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-2} \mathbf{- 6 9}$ ) |  | (N-「119) |  | (N-18) |  | (N-5ij) |  |
| Open without a key | 146 | 72.3 | 21 | 32.3 | 17 | 44.7 | 34 | 49.3 | 47 | 39.5 | 8 | 44.4 | 305 | 59.7 |
| Staft key | 32 | 15.8 | 19 | 29.2 | 7 | 18.4 | 12 | 17.4 | 15 | 12.6 | 5 | 27.8 | 90 | 17.6 |
| Senior etaff only | 16 | 7.9 | 28 | 43.1 | 18 | 47.4 | 25 | 36.2 | 60 | 50.4 | 7 | 25.0 | 154 | 30.1 |
| patron access to apec. collections miterials | (N-21j |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-187}$ |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-83}$ |  | (N=-153) |  | (N-5-28) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-6} \mathbf{- 7 2}$ ) |  |
| Open browaing <br> Miterials retrieved and | 60 | 27.6 | 5 | 5.7 | 0 | . 0 | 10 | 12.0 | 5 | 3.3 | 0 | . 0 | 80 | 13.1 |
| materials retrieved and use supervised by ataff | 140 | 64.5 | 73 | 83.9 | 41 | 93.2 | 72 | 06.7 | 122 | 79.7 | 24 | 85.7 | 472 | 77.1 |
| All materials at same time | 56 | 25.8 | 23 | 26.4 | 5 | 11.4 | 15 | 18.1 | 25 | 16.3 | 4 | 14.3 | 128 | 20.9 |
| materials one at a time | 33 | 15.2 | 26 | 29.9 | 20 | 45.5 | 29 | 34.9 | 44 | 28.8 | 11 | 39.3 | 163 | 26.6 |

TABLE 6 （COMT．）
special conisctions／LOCN histora COLECTIONS／archives
Quentions 0．2，043，Q44

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Public } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Acadenic } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Special } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Historical No． |  | Town Clerk No． |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Manuscr ipt } \\ & \text { Ho. } \end{aligned}$ |  | All |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Personaimateriala allowed in RR |  |  | （N |  |  | 2） |  |  | （N－115） |  | （N－23） |  | （ $\mathrm{N}=$－ 575 ） |  |
| Wo restrictiona | 196 | 84.1 | 48 | 56.5 | 17 | 40.5 | 46 | 59.7 | 70 | 60.9 | 5 | 21.7 | 382 | 66.4 |
| Paper and pencil only | 16 | 6.9 | 27 | 31.8 | 21 | 50.0 | 23 | 29.9 | 20 | 17.4 | 13 | 56.7 | 120 | 20.9 |
| Puper，penn，coats，etc． | 24 | 10.3 | 12 | 14.1 | 4 | 9.5 | 12 | 15.6 | 6 | 5.2 | 5 | 21.7 | 63 | 11.0 |
| No materials | 0 | ． 0 | 4 | 4.7 | 0 | ． 0 | 0 | ． 0 | 19 | 16.5 | 0 | ． 0 | 23 | 4.0 |
| inere are－inag．jarcival mterials housed？ |  |  | （ $\mathrm{N}^{-7-82) ~}$ |  | （ $\mathrm{N}^{-76}$ |  | （ $\mathrm{N}^{-98}$ |  | （N－107） |  | （ $\mathrm{N}^{-2} \times$ |  | （ ${ }^{-}=-53{ }^{-}$ |  |
| In file cebinets | 121 | 66.1 | 48 | 58.5 | 27 | 58.7 | 66 | 75.0 | 76 | 71.0 | 12 | 46.2 | 350 | 65.8 |
| Corrugated boxes | 32 | 17.4 | 22 | 26.8 | 9 | 19.6 | 12 | 13.6 | 49 | 45.8 | 8 | 30.8 | 132 | 24.8 |
| Alkaline bowes | 71 | 38.8 | 67 | 81.7 | 33 | 71.7 | 57 | 64.8 | 19 | 17.8 | 23 | 88.5 | 270 | 50.8 |
| Monila folders | 71 | 38.8 | 29 | 35.4 | 10 | 21.7 | 26 | 29.5 | 43 | 40.2 | 10 | 38.5 | 189 | 35.5 |
| Alkaline folders screpbooka | 63 79 | 34.4 43.2 | 63 | 76.8 51.2 | 31 | 67.4 | 54 | 61.4 | 9 | 8.4 | 21 | 80.8 | 241 | 45.3 |
| Screpbookia | 79 | 43.2 | 42 | 51.2 | 24 | 52.2 | 48 | 54.5 | 9 | 8.4 | 13 | 50.0 | 215 | 45.3 40.4 |
| nontine prociaing <br> take performed | （N゙こ－201） |  | （ヘิ－${ }^{-35}$ |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | （N゙ご25） |  |  |  |
| Hothing | 113 | 56.2 | 16 | 18.8 | 5 | 10.6 | 10 | 11.9 | 75 | 66.4 | 1 | 4.0 | 220 |  |
| Remove etaplea | 67 56 | 33.3 | 52 | 61.2 | 35 | 74.5 | 63 | 75.0 | 34 | 30.1 | 21 | 84.0 | 212 | 38.6 |
| Unfold Placed in alkaline | 56 | 27.9 | 44 | 51.8 | 34 | 72.3 | 55 | 65.5 | 22 | 19.5 | 20 | 80.0 | 231 | 41.6 |
| folders | 52 38 | 30.9 | 60 | 70.6 | 33 | 70.2 | 62 | 73.8 | 13 | 11.5 | 24 | 96.0 | 254 | 45.8 |
| Rnove photor nmove newspint，etc． | 38 49 | 18.9 | 53 53 | 62.4 | 33 30 | 70.2 | 59 | 70.2 | 3 | 2.7 | 21 | 84.0 | 221 | 39.8 |
| Hmidify and flatten | 7 | 3.5 | 13 | 15.3 | 8 | 63.2 17.0 | 10 | 60.7 11.9 | 6 | 5.3 1.8 | 19 | 76.0 20.0 | 208 | 37.5 |

TNBEL 7
DIEASTER PREPNREDNESS
Quention Q45

|  | Public |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Academic } \\ \text { No. } \end{gathered}$ |  | special |  | Historical No． |  | Town Clerk No． |  | MaruscriptNo. |  | All |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Disaster plan prepared？ | （N－ | ） | （N | 6） | （N | $0)$ |  |  | 促 |  |  |  | （N |  |
| No | 335 | 92.5 | 73 | 62.9 | 29 | 58.0 | 86 | 85.0 | 222 | 94.5 | 20 | 63.0 | 765 | 85.4 |
| Yes | 13 | 3.6 | 19 | 16.4 | 12 | 24.0 | 3 | 3.0 | 6 | 2.6 | 9 | 28.1 | 62 |  |
| In preparation | 14 | 3.9 | 24 | 20.7 | 9 | 18.0 | 12 | 11.9 | 7 | 3.0 | 3 | 28.1 9.4 | 62 | 6.9 7.7 |

TNBLE 7 (CONT.)
DISNSIER PREPREDAESS
Queation OMSo

|  | Public Ho. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Acadenic } \\ & \text { AO. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Special |  | Historical No. |  | Town Clerk No. |  | Manuscript <br> Ho. |  | ${ }_{\text {All }}$ |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Digaster pien components | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-\cdots-32}$ |  | (N=46\% |  |  |  | (N-18) |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=13)$ |  | ( ${ }^{-12}$ |  | ( $\mathrm{N}^{-14} 5$ |  |
| Responae outline | 26 | 81.3 | 38 | 82.6 | 21 | 95.5 | 13 | 72.2 | 8 | 61.5 | 10 | 83.3 | 116 | 81.1 |
| Supplies etored off-aite | 12 | 37.5 | 29 | 63.0 | 8 | 36.4 | 4 | 22.2 | 6 | 46.2 | 2 | 16.7 | 61 | 42.7 |
| Evergency arplies list | 24 | 75.0 | 42 | 91.3 | 19 | 86.4 | 12 | 66.7 | 7 | 53.8 | 8 | 66.7 | 112 | 78.3 |
| Description of emergency procedures | 27 | 84.4 | 43 | 93.5 | 22 | 100.0 | 15 | 83.3 | 9 | 69.2 | 11 | 91.7 | 127 | 88.8 |
| Recovery priorities | 25 | 78.1 | 29 | 63.0 | 18 | 81.8 | 13 | 72.2 | 8 | 61.5 | 8 | 66.7 | 101 | 70.6 |
| List of etaff volunteers | 15 | 46.9 | 27 | 58.7 | 14 | 63.3 | 10 | 55.6 | 5 | 38.5 | 6 | 50.0 | 77 | 53.8 |
| Comunity resources | 23 | 71.9 | 38 | 82.6 | 15 | 68.2 | 10 | 55.6 | 6 | 46.2 | 7 | 58.3 | 89 | 62.2 |
| Conmervation experts | 23 | 71.9 | 37 | 80.4 | 16 | 72.7 | 10 | 55.6 | 7 | 53.8 | 8 | 66.7 | 101 | 70.6 |

TMARE 8
Hwithurianl Datn
Oucetion O48, O49

|  | Put | $c$ |  |  |  |  |  | 1 | Tom So. |  |  |  |  | 1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| size ot book callection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 1,000,000+ | 5 | 1.4 | 9 | 7.4 | 3 | 5.7 | 0 | . 0 | 1 | . 5 | 0 | . 0 | 18 | 2.1 |
| 500,000-999,999 | 2 | . 5 | 11 | 9.1 | 2 | 3.8 | 0 | .0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | . 0 | 15 | 2.1 |
| 250,000-499,000 | 8 | 2.2 | 12 | 9.9 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | .0 | 0 | . 0 | 22 | 1.7 |
| 100,000-249,000 | 38 | 10.4 | 33 | 27.3 | 7 | 13.2 | 0 | . 0 | 2 | 1.0 | 0 | .0 | 80 | 9.1 |
| 50,000-99,000 | 76 | 20.9 | 30 | 24.9 | 5 | 9.4 | 1 | 1.0 | 0 | . 0 | 0 | . 0 | 112 | 12.8 |
| 10,000-49.000 | 182 | 50.0 | 19 | 15.7 | 12 | 22.6 | 5 | 5.0 | 1 | 1.9 | 3 | 10.0 | 225 | 25.6 |
| Under 10,000 | 33 | 14.6 | 7 | 5.8 | 22 | 41.5 | 93 | 93.0 | 175 | 83.7 | 20 | 66.7 | 370 | 42.1 |
| No books | 0 | . 0 | 0 | . 0 | 1 | 1.9 | 1 | 1.0 | 27 | 12.9 | 7 | 23.3 | 36 | 4.1 |
| sine of arciva collection |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| More than 10,000 feet | 1 | . 3 | 8 | 7.3 | 2 | 4.0 | 0 | . 0 | 4 | 2.3 | 2 | 6.5 | 17 |  |
| 5,000-9,999 feet | 0 | . 0 | 6 | 5.5 | 6 | 12.0 | 0 | . 0 | 2 | 1.1 | 2 | 6.5 | 16 | 2.1 |
| 2,500-4,999 feet | 3 | . 9 | 8 | 7.3 | 2 | 4.0 | 2 | 2.0 | 2 | 1.1 | 6 | 19.4 | 23 | 2.0 2.8 |
| 1,000-2,499 feet 500-1,000 feet | 8 | 2.3 2.3 | 9 | 8.3 | 5 | 10.0 | 5 | 5.0 | 6 | 3.4 | 8 | 25.8 | 41 | 5.1 |
| 500-1,000 feet 100-499 feet | 8 24 | 2.3 6.9 | 5 27 | 4.6 24.8 | 8 10 | 16.0 20.0 | 5 | 5.0 | 13 | 7.5 | 3 | 9.7 | 42 | 5.2 |
| 50-99 feet | 30 | 8.7 | 5 | 4.6 | 5 | 10.0 | 13 | 20.0 | 22 | 12.6 | 5 | 16.1 | 108 | 13.4 |
| 1-49 feet | 122 | 35.3 | 15 | 13.8 | 9 | 18.0 | 45 | 13.0 45.0 | 25 | 14.4 26.4 | 3 | 9.7 3.2 | 81 238 | 10.0 29.5 |
| Ho archives col lection | 150 | 43.4 | 26 | 23.9 | 3 | 6.0 | 8 | 15.0 8.0 | 54 | 16.4 31.0 | 1 | 3.2 3.2 | 238 242 | 29.5 30.0 |

## tener (00me.) prempirnowe dich <br> Quection 051

|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Public } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { ncadraic } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { spectal } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Hietorical } \\ & \text { No. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Town Clerk No. |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Mmuacr ipt } \\ & \text { Mo. } \end{aligned}$ |  | Ald |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Premervetion mony <br> allocated? |  |  |  |  |  |  | ( $\mathrm{N}=9 \mathrm{9j}$ ) |  | (N=217) |  | (N-32) |  | $\text { (N }=053)$ |  |
| No | 271 | 78.3 | 46 | 39.7 | 18 | 36.0 | 31 | 33.3 | 162 |  |  |  |  |  |
| Yat | 75 | 21.7 | 70 | 60.3 | 32 | 64.0 | 62 | 66.7 | 162 55 | 74.7 25.3 | 11 20 | 35.5 64.5 | 539 314 | $\begin{aligned} & 63.2 \\ & 36.8 \end{aligned}$ |


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