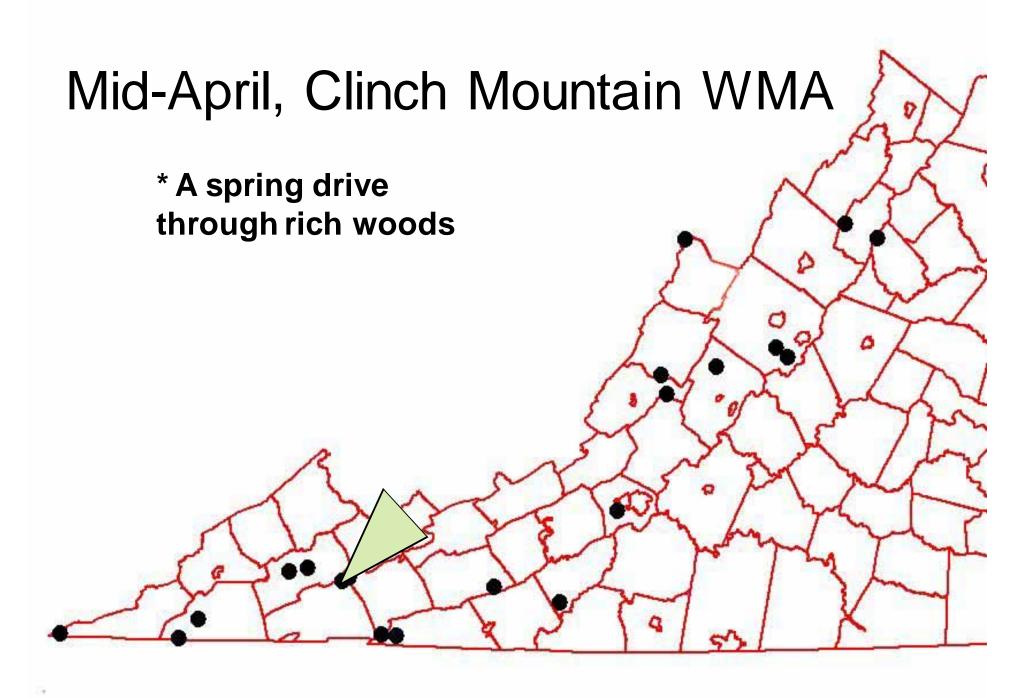
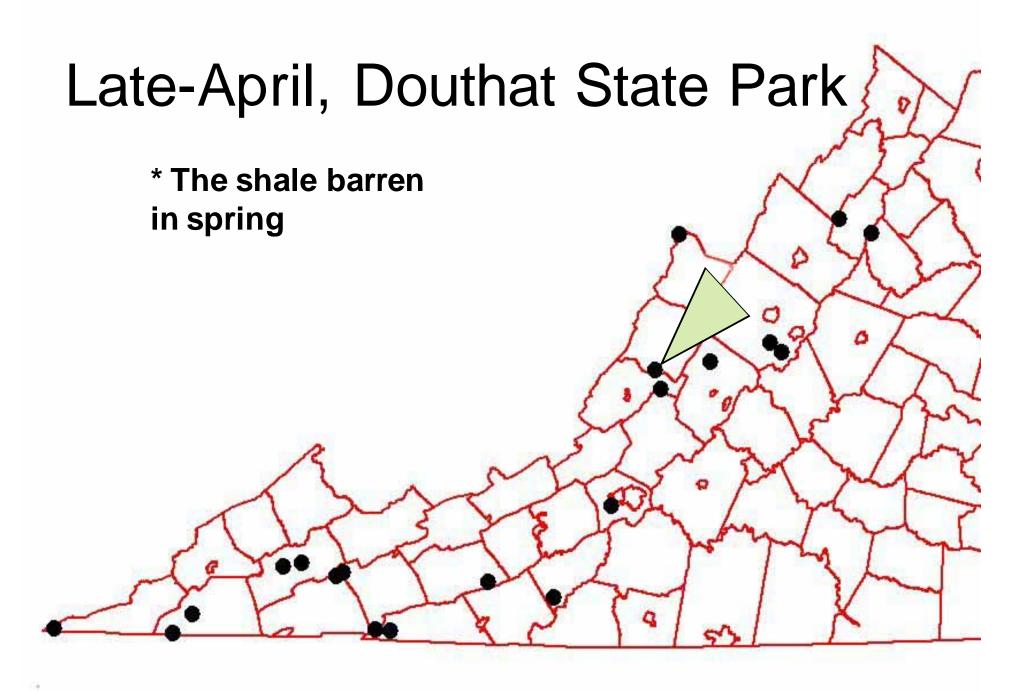


•	M	April	Clinch Mountain WMA
•	L	April	Douthat SP, New River Trail SP
•	Ε	May	Red Rocks Mountain NAP
•	M	May	Clinch at Carterton, Clinch in Scott County
•	L	May	Cowbane Prairie NAP
•	Ε	June	Laurel Fork (USFS)
•	M	June	Pinnacle NAP
•	L	June	Central SNP
•	Ε	July	Buffalo Mountain NAP
•	M	July	Grayson Highlands SP
•	L	July	White Top Mountain
•	Ε	August	Natural Tunnel SP
•	M	August	Goshen Pass NAP
•	L	August	Cumberland Gap NHP
•	Ε	September	Maple Flat (USFS)
•	M	September	Browns Hollow (USFS)
•	L	September	Daisy Knob (USFS)
•	Ε	October	Poor Mountain NAP



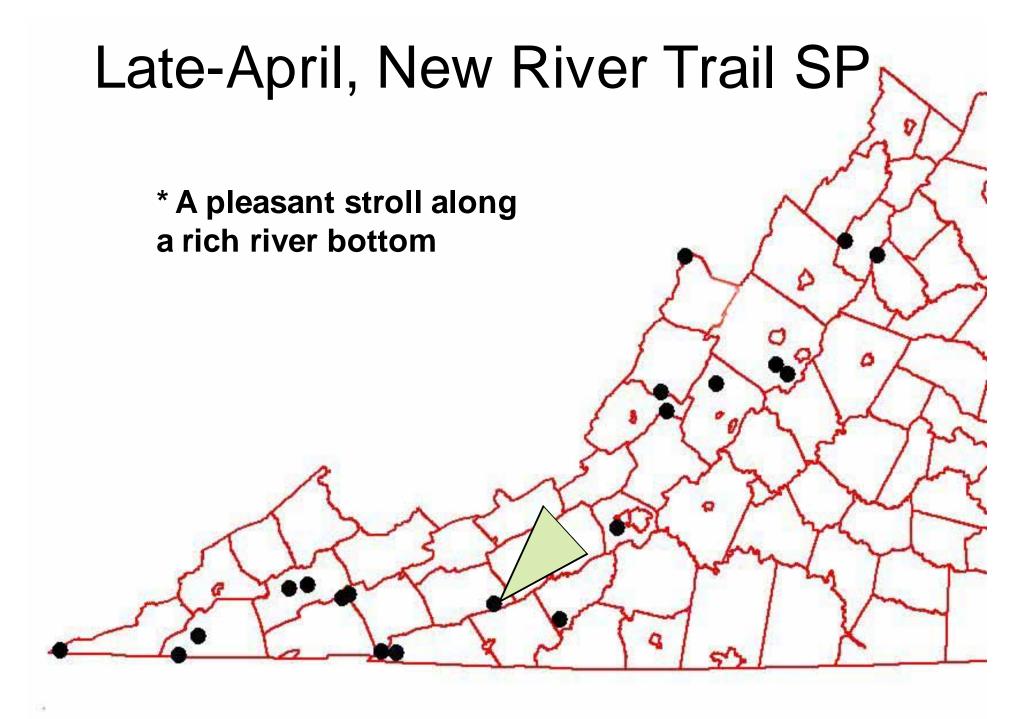
Clinch Mountain Wildlife Management Area, Washington County

- Drive up Tumbling Creek (the entrance to the W.M.A.) and botanize along both sides of road.
 Some of the specialties include:
- Both Prosartes maculata (= Disporum maculatum) and P. lanuginosa
- Collinsia verna
- Phacelia fimbriata and P. dubia
- Stellaria corei
- Saxifraga caroliniana



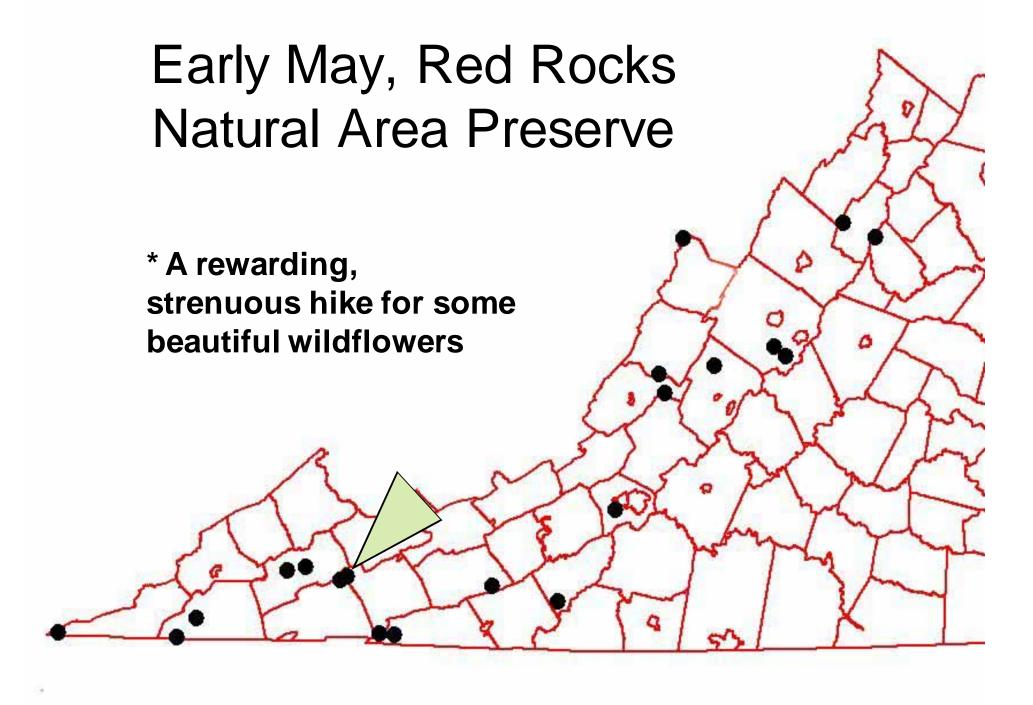
Douthat State Park, Bath County

- Walk east up Beards Gap Trail behind visitor center. Some of the shale barren plants:
- Trifolium virginicum
- Clematis albicoma
- Packera (=Senecio) antennarifolia
- Viola pedatifida



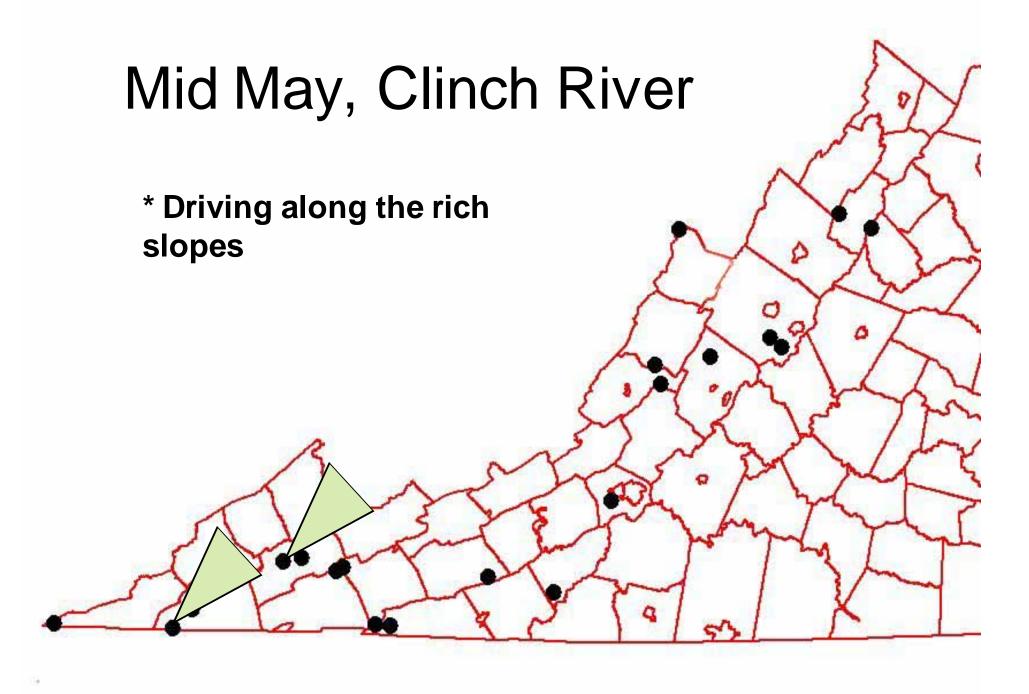
New River Trail, Wythe County

 Walk south (up river) from the Lone Ash parking area for beautiful displays of our rich woods flora. Look for *Dryopteris celsa* off the trail at the first big bend.



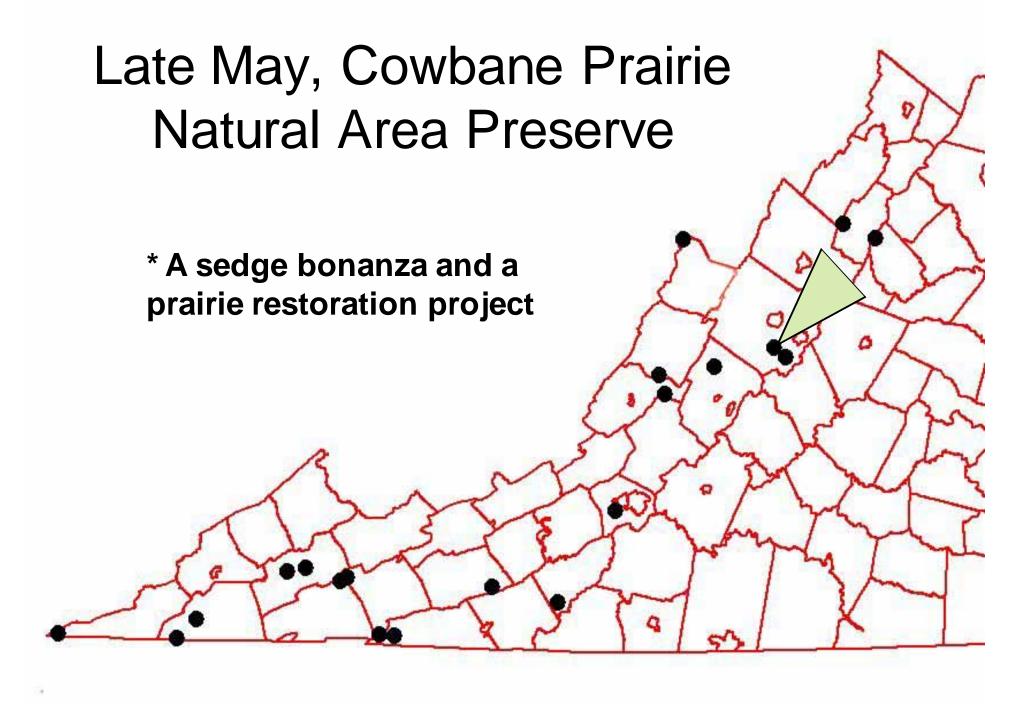
Red Rocks Natural Area Preserve, Smyth County

 A hike for the hardy – walk south from Clinch Valley W.M.A. up the north-facing slope of Redrock Mountain to the preserve. Lots of *Delphinium tricorne* and Trillium on your way up. A gorgeous view and cliff at the summit and even more wildflowers including a large population of Saxifraga careyana and Rudbeckia triloba var. *pinnatiloba* on the cliff.



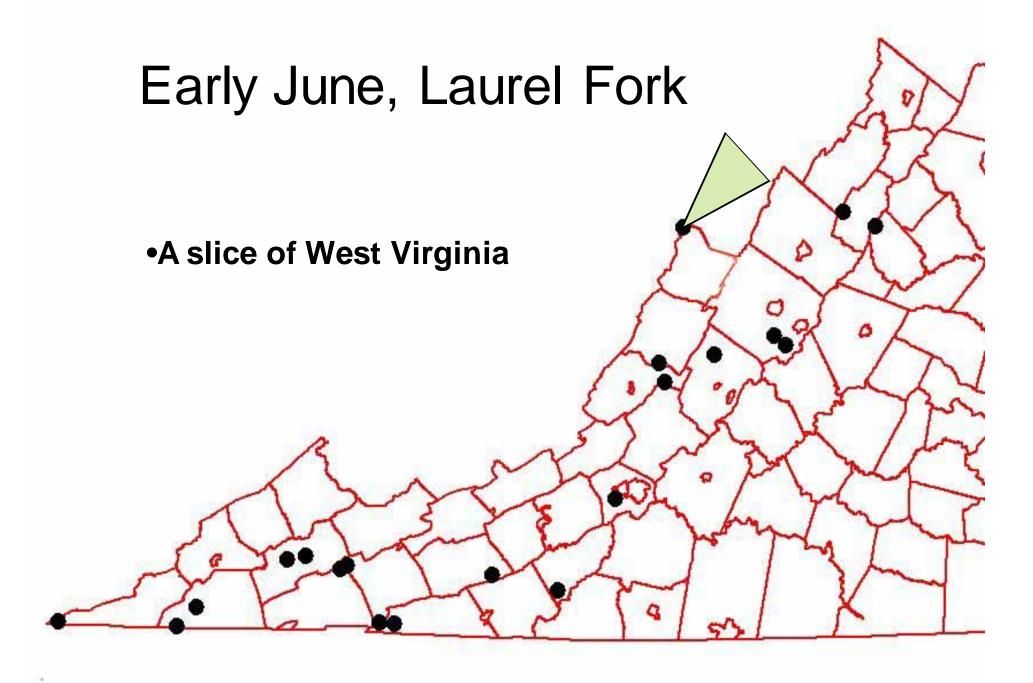
Clinch River slopes, Russell and Scott Counties

 Drive on state roads along bottomland of the Clinch River at peak of wildflower display. The first drive is just upstream of Carterton in Russell County on State Route 665. The second is downstream of Speers Ferry on State Route 627 in Scott County. Stylophorum diphyllum is the April highlight, while Synandra hispidula blooms in May. Dazzling rich slopes. Look for the basal leaves of Cimicifuga rubifolia in Scott County.



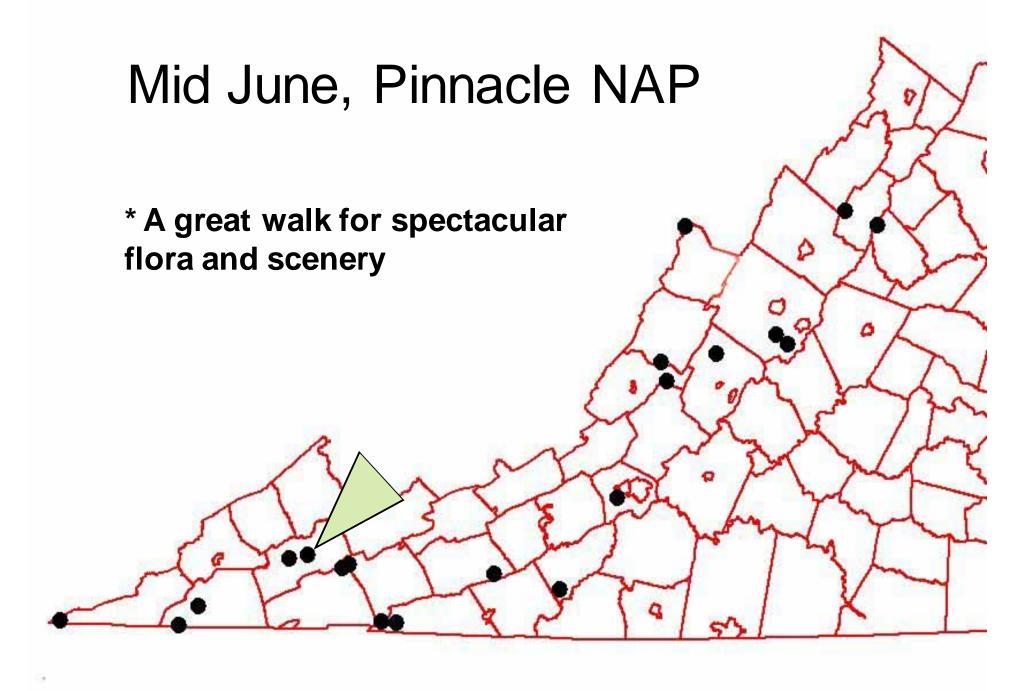
Cowbane Natural Area Preserve, Augusta County

 This site was open to the public until recently, but illegal activities forced us to close the public access. However, field trips can be arranged to visit this small, but exciting prairie remnant very near the heart of Stuarts Draft.



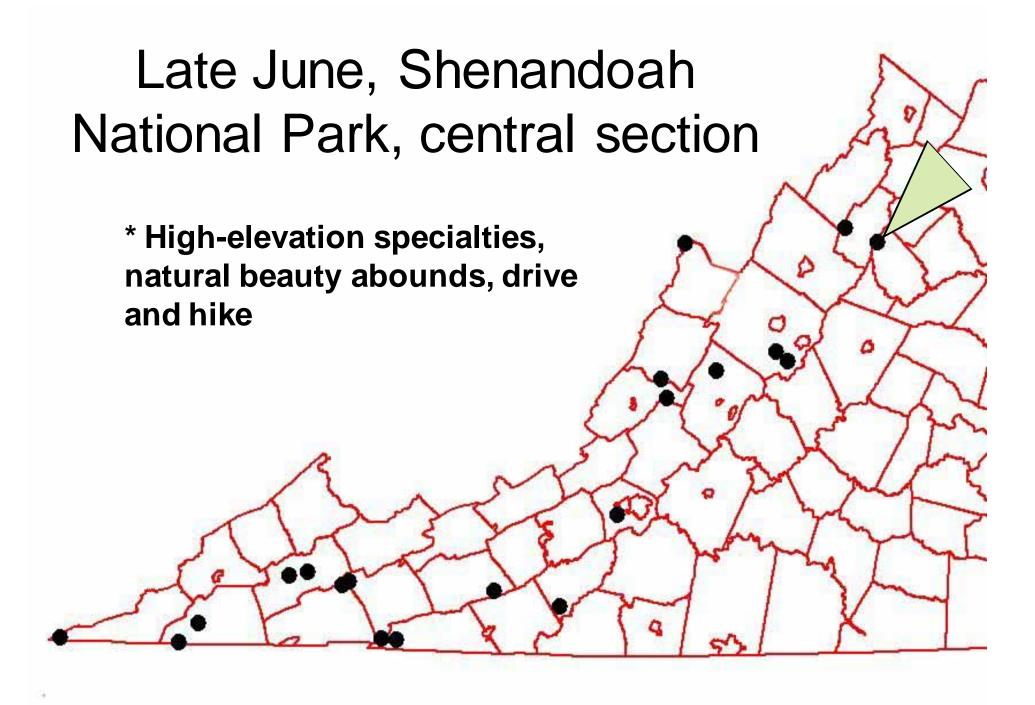
Laurel Fork, George Washington National Forest, Highland County

 Drive Forest Service Road north from Route 642 in NW corner of Highland County. Walk down any trails leading east into drainages of Laurel Fork. Many northern plants amidst the red spruce and northern hardwoods.



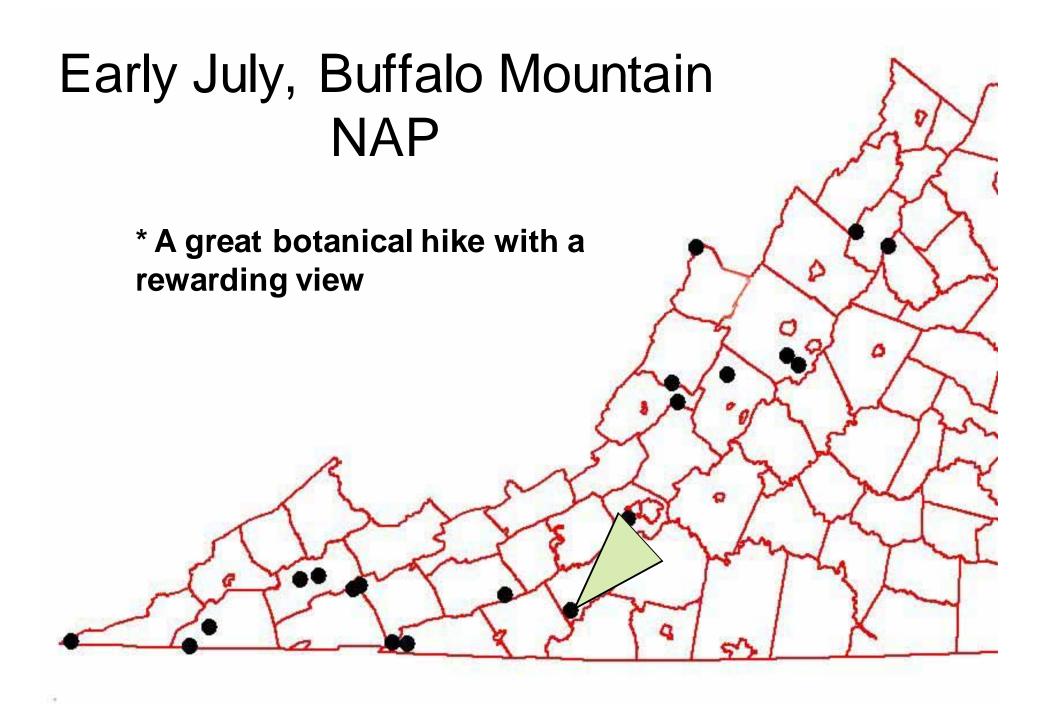
Pinnacle Natural Area Preserve, Russell County

- A well-maintained parking lot and footbridge across Big Cedar Creek provide access to a trail leading to the Clinch River. Be sure to take the trail up to the overlook. Some of the interesting plants include:
- Paxistima canbyi
- Lithospermum tuberosum
- Xanthoxylum americanum
- Gymnocladus dioicus



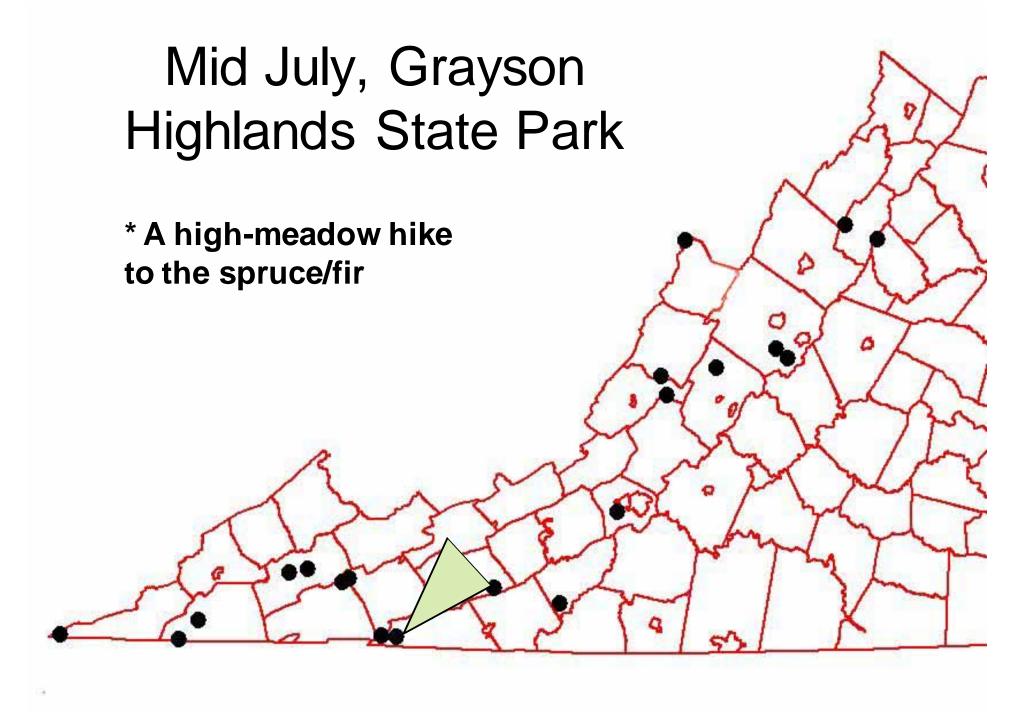
Shenandoah National Park, Central section

 The park is vast, but your best bet for interesting flora is the higher elevations of the central section. For a good sample, check out Big Meadows, Hawksbill, Crescent Rocks, Stony Man, and (if you're up for a longer hike) Old Rag.



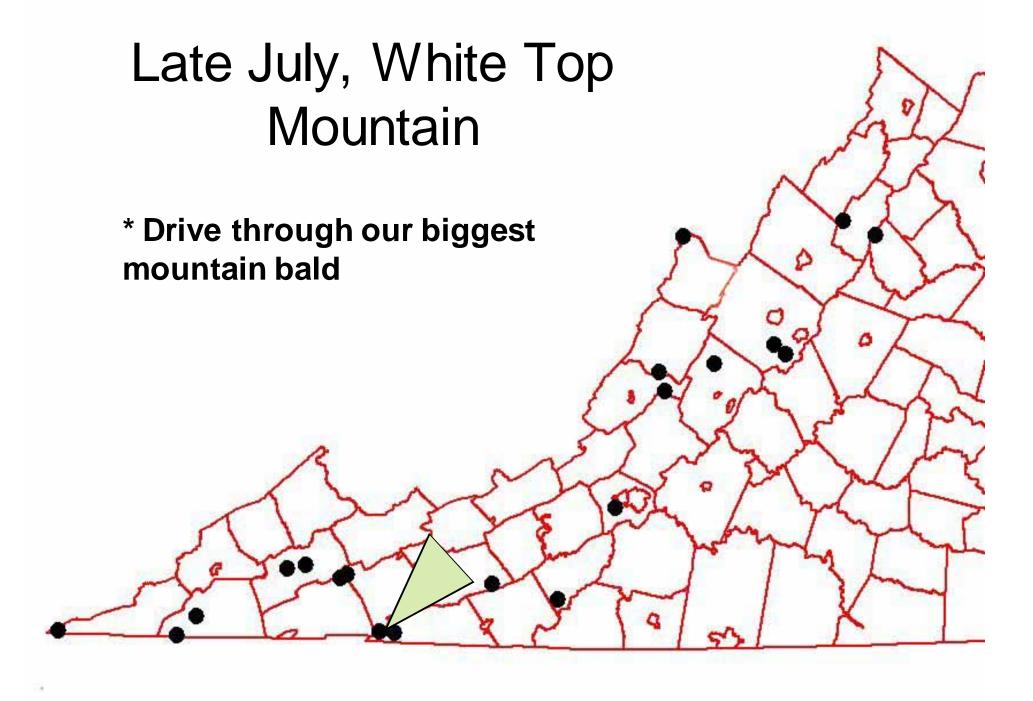
Buffalo Mountain Natural Area Preserve, Floyd County

- A well-maintained parking lot and trail to the top of the mountain provide access to a natural bald with numerous rare species and a tremendous view. Some of the specialties include:
- Minuartia groenlandica
- Paronychia argyrocoma
- Huperzia appalachiana
- Packera (Senecio) paupercula
- Sibbaldiopsis (Potentilla) tridentata



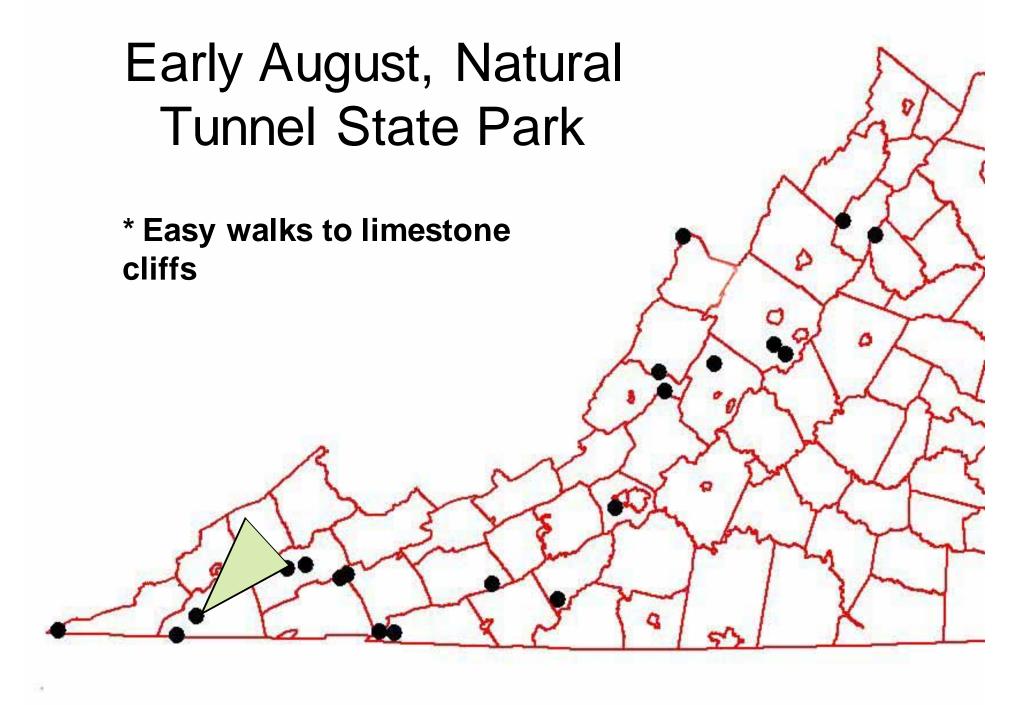
Grayson Highlands State Park, Grayson County

 A beautiful State Park and gateway to Mt. Rogers via Wilburn Ridge and the high-elevation spruce – fir forest.
 Plan for a full day to explore.



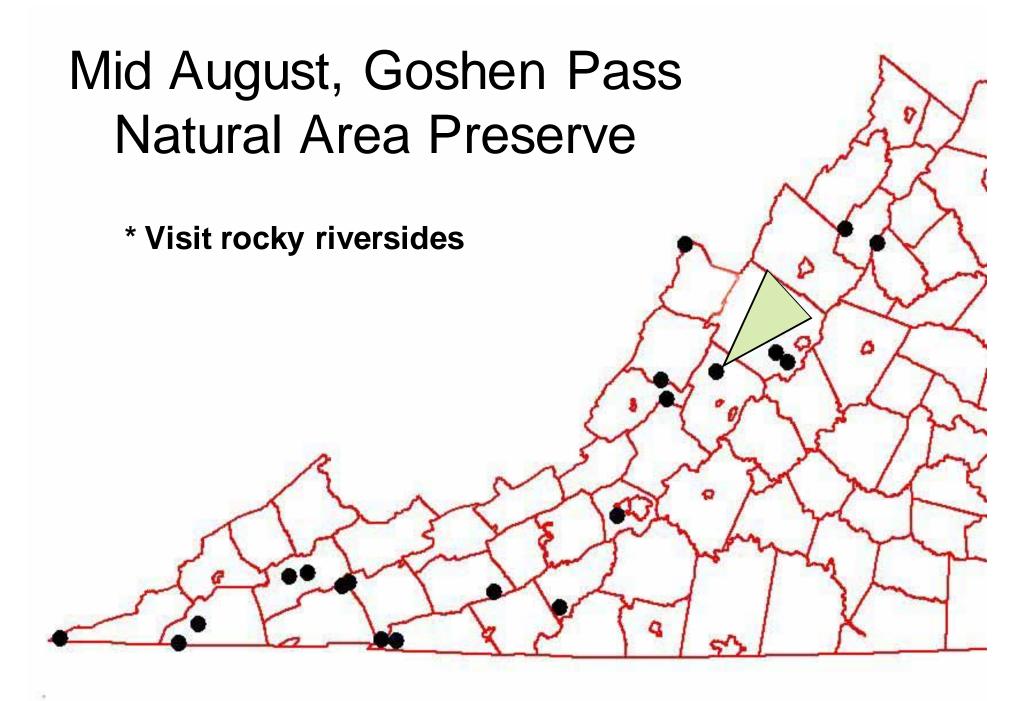
White Top Mountain, Grayson County

 Take the US Forest Service Road west off of Route 600. First enjoy the northern hardwoods and spruce, then the bald, then the Spruce forest at the top. Stop everywhere along the road and plan for a full day to explore. Two must-see plants: Lilium grayi and Diphylleia cymosa.



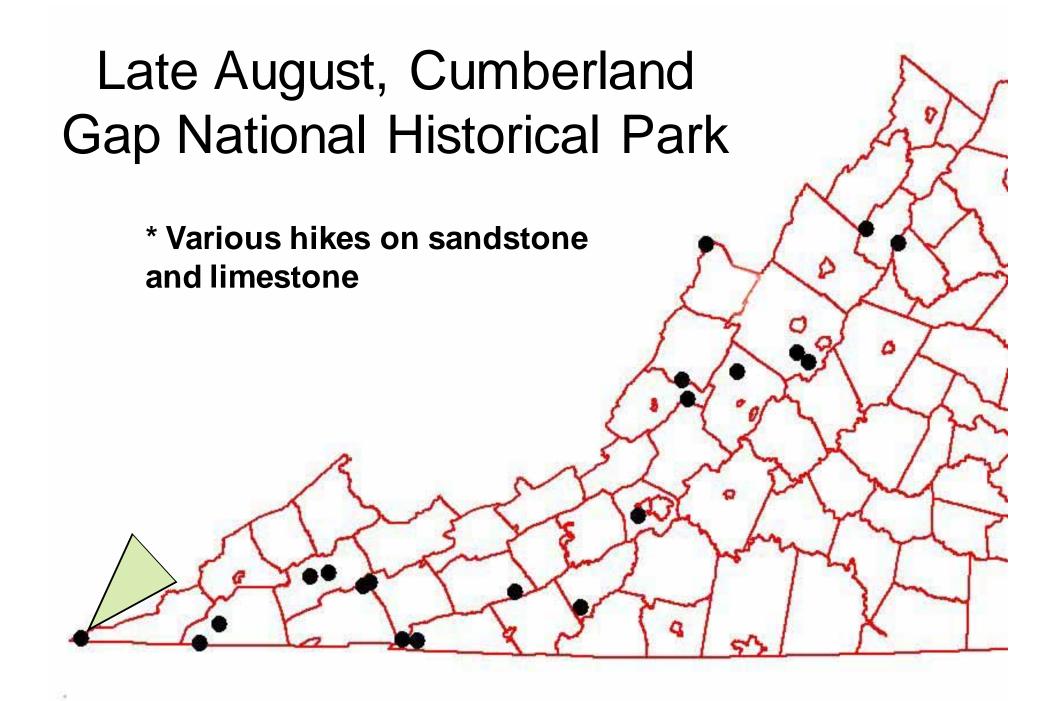
Natural Tunnel State Park, Scott County

 The paved trails from the visitor center to the overlooks and down to the stream bottom provide a great opportunity to observe typical and unusual plants associated with limestone. Paxitima canbyi and Houstonia canadensis can be found growing around the overlook.



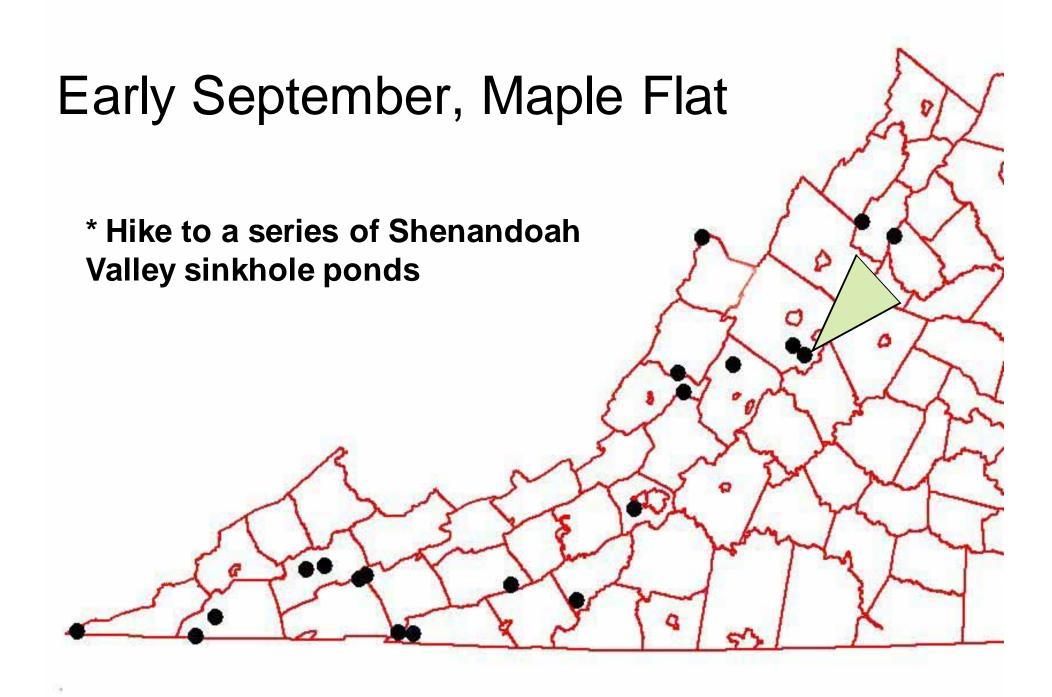
Goshen Pass Natural Area Preserve, Rockbridge County

 State Route 39 cuts through Goshen Pass and numerous pull-offs provide access to the Maury River. In late summer, the river runs low and it is easy to explore the riverside for interesting plants. One rare grass, Spartina pectinata, is found growing amidst the rocks. A footbridge at the upper end of the gorge provides access to miles of hiking trails through hardwood forest.



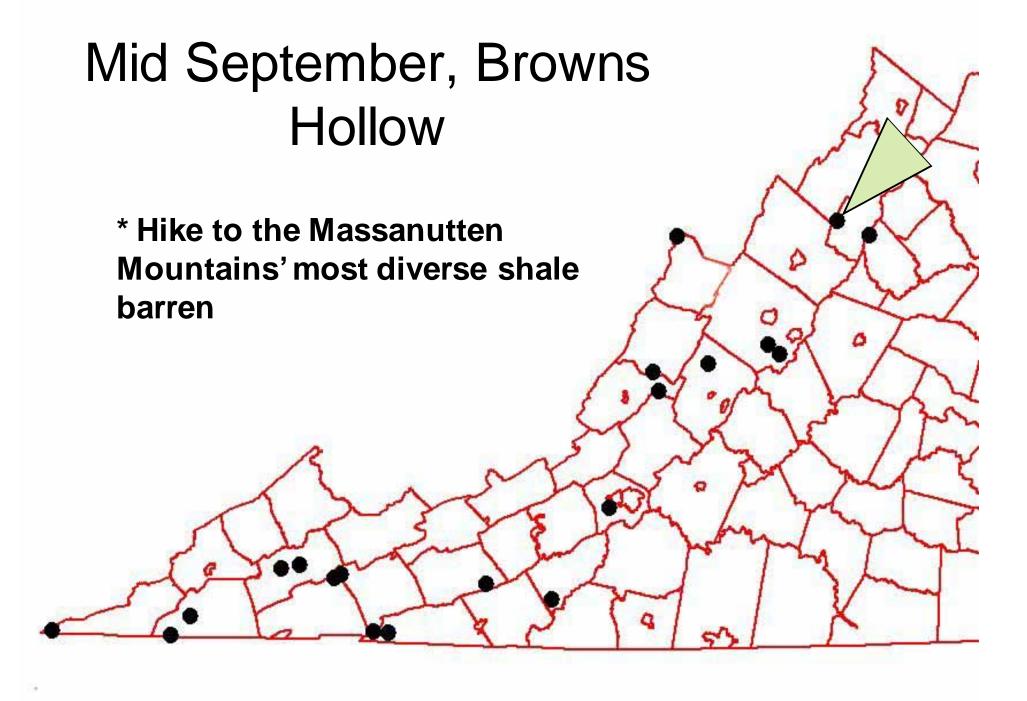
Cumberland Gap National Historical Park, Lee County

 This National Park provides access to large tracts of intact forest on the edge of the Cumberland Plateau. Any trail is productive, but take time to explore them all. *Magnolia macrophylla* can be found with a bit of hiking.



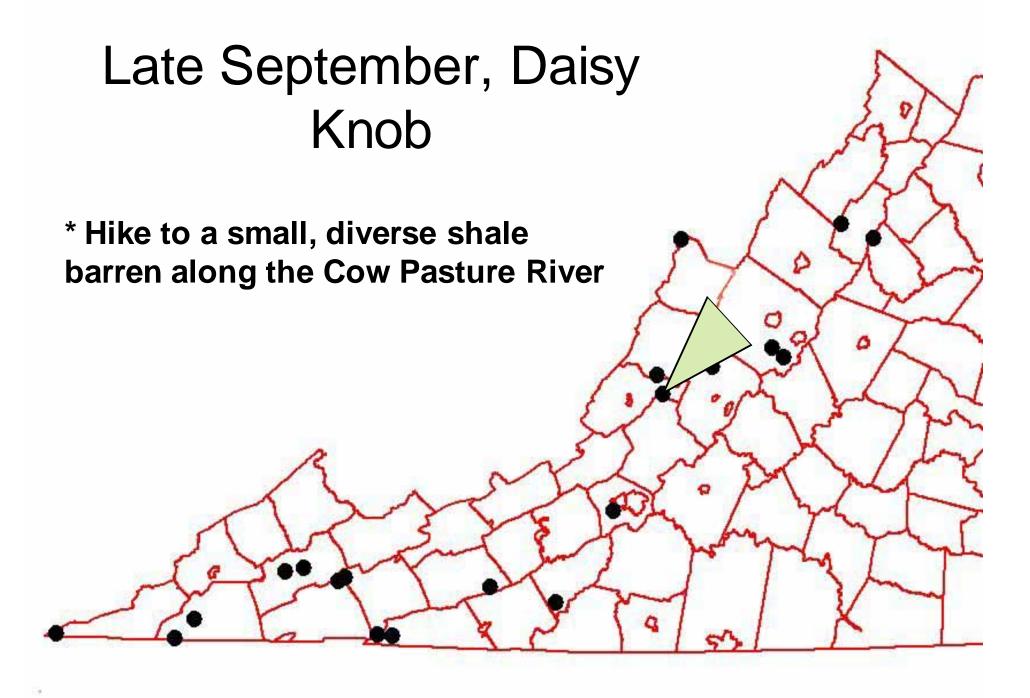
Maple Flat, George Washington National Forest, Augusta County

- This pond complex is a short hike north from Coal Road (USFS road #42) about 2 miles west of Sherando Camp. Late summer plants include:
- Helenium virginicum
- Boltonia montana
- Eriocaulon aquaticum
- Eleocharis robbinsii and E. melanocarpa



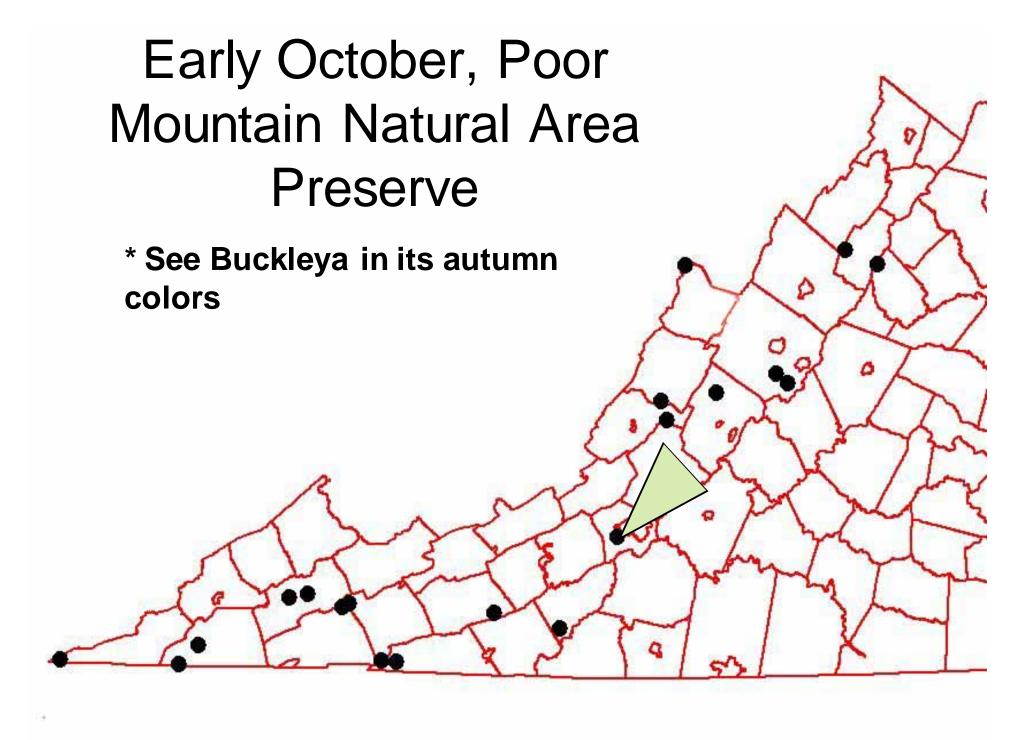
Browns Hollow, George Washington National Forest, Page County

- This string of barrens is along Browns
 Hollow. Hike south from the picnic area on
 Route 211 east of New Market Gap to
 Browns Run and walk up the hollow on the
 west side of the stream. Look for:
- Arabis serotina
- Trichostema setaceum



Daisy Knob, George Washington National Forest, Alleghany County

This barrens is along the Cowpasture
River about a mile walk northeast
(downstream) of the Route 633 bridge in
Alleghany County east of Iron Gate. Along
with a number of the shale barren plants,
look for Gaylussacia brachycera along the
ridge of the barren.



Poor Mountain Natural Area Preserve

 To get up to the preserve on Poor Mountain, take 12 O'clock Knob Road (Route 694) to the preserve entrance and a small parking area and trail. This area is characterized by acid soils and pine-oak / heath forest. The site features a thriving population of Buckleya distichophylla.

