

### The Threat of Agroterrorism and Bioterrorism in Florida – Prevention and a Coordinated Response



**SART Training Media** 





### The Threat of Agroterrorism and Bioterrorism in Florida - Prevention and a Coordinated Response

Workbook

Prepared by: Amanda Hodges, PhD, Southern Plant Diagnostic Network
University of Florida
Rick Sapp, PhD, Florida SART Technical Writer

Copyright 2006 by Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services

SART Training Media are available for download from the Florida SART web site <www.flsart.org>

### **CONTENTS**

About Florida SART	4
Introduction	5
Session Outline	5
Specific Learning Objectives	6
Power Point Slides - Handout Pages	7
Resources	27
Notes	28

### ABOUT FLORIDA SART

SART, the Florida State Agricultural Response Team, is a multi-agency coordination group consisting of governmental and private entities dedicated to all-hazard disaster preparedness, planning, response and recovery for the animal and agriculture sectors in Florida.

### **SART Mission**

Empower Floridians with training and resources to enhance animal and agricultural disaster response.

### **SART Goals**

- Promote the establishment of a coordinator in each county responsible for all agriculturally related incidents
- Provide assistance in the development and writing of county ESF-17 plans
- Promote the establishment of a county SART for each county
- Provide annual training for all SART and agriculturally-related personnel
- Identify county resources available for an emergency or disaster
- Promote county cooperation at a regional level for mutual aid

SUBJECT: Introduce participants to the possibility and threat of agroterrorism

and bioterrorism in Florida.

GOAL: To provide participants with a basic understanding of the potential

for agroterrorism and bioterrorism in Florida, and how citizens and government can organize for prevention and for effective response.

### **SESSION OUTLINE**

PART 1 - BEGINNING THE WORKSHOP

PART 2 - A BRAVE NEW WORLD

PART 3 - FLORIDA, VULNERABLE SENTINEL STATE

PART 4 - PREVENTION AND RESPONSE

PART 5 - THE NATIONAL PLANT DIAGNOSTIC NETWORK

PART 6 - HIGHLIGHT AND KEY RESOURCES

PART 7 - SUMMARY & WRAP-UP

### **SPECIFIC LEARNING OBJECTIVES**

At the end of this training module, participants will be able to:

- 1. Explain agroterrorism and bioterrorism.
- 2. Identify an example of agroterrorism and bioterrorism from history.
- 3. Explain how Florida may be vulnerable agriculturally, geographically and climatologically.
- 4. Identify likely agricultural threats should Florida specifically become a terror target.
- 5. Discuss the NPDN, National Plant Diagnostic Network.
- 6. Explain how Florida citizens and government can mobilize to prevent a terrorist act and how they may mount a coordinated response.

### Slides 1 - 3



# Agroterrorism & Bioterrorism The Threat of Agroterrorism and Bioterrorism in Florida Prevention and A Coordinated Response State Agricultural Response Tourn 2

### Agroterrorism & Bioterrorism Prevention & Response

### Prepared by

### Amanda Hodges, PhD

Southern Plant Diagnostic Network, University of Florida Funded by Cooperative State Research, Extension and Education Service (CSREES), USDA

### Rick Sapp, PhD

Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services Florida SART Technical Writer



3

### Slides 4 - 6

### **Acknowledgements**

- US Dept. of Health & Human Services, Centers for Disease Control and Prevention
- American Veterinary Medical Association
- . US Dept. of Interior, US Geological Survey
- University of Florida, Institute of Food & Agricultural Sciences
- · University of California, Agriculture & Natural Resources; Mississippi State University Extension Service: University of Texas, Dr. Philip Varghese, Fluid Mechanics
- Florida Fish & Wildlife Conservation Commission
- · Susan Halbert, PhD, Gail Wisler, PhD, Gerald Holmes, PhD, North Carolina State University; Jim Stack, PhD, Kansas State University; R. Winstead, Adolph Northern, Lee Island Coast CVB, University of North Dakota, Long Lake Fishing Club; Theadore Wells, Stanton, Texas



State Agricultural Response Team

### **Learning Objectives**

- 1. Explain agroterrorism and bioterrorism
- 2. Identify examples of agroterrorism and bioterrorism from
- 3. Explain how Florida may be vulnerable agriculturally, geographically and climatologically
- Identify likely agricultural threats should Florida specifically become a terror target
- 5. Discuss the NPDN, National Plant Diagnostic Network
- Explain how Florida citizens and government can mobilize to prevent a terrorist act and how they may mount a coordinated response



State Agricultural Response Team

### Florida SART

- Multi-agency coordination
  - Governmental and private
  - All-hazard preparation, response and recovery
  - Animal and agricultural



State Agricultural Response Team

### Slides 7 - 9

### What's the rush?

### The aftermath of 9/11

- · Department of Homeland Security (DHS) was officially formed in November 2002
- Americans realize that oceans and distance are no longer our protection from the wider world as terrorist cells are discovered in the US, Canada and around the world. the world
- Begin to evaluate possibilities of attack, develop a "threat matrix" which includes bioterrorism and agroterrorism





State Agricultural Response Team

### **Wake-Up Calls**



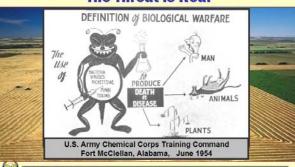
9/11 - Foreign: 19 foreign nationals associated with al-Qaeda hijack and crash four airliners in the U.S. Almost 3,000 people die in the attacks and the effects appear to be permanent.



4/95 - Domestic: Security Camera shows Timothy McVeigh's rented Ryder truck arriving at the Alfred Murrah Federal Building in Oklahoma City. 168 confirmed deaths in the explosion of agricultural fertilizer and motor oil. McVeigh calls it "retaliation" not terror.

State Agricultural Response Team

### The Threat is Real



# Intentional ... or not Does it matter whether or not it is intentional? State Agricultural Response Yearn

### An Agroterrorism Event Estimated Costs (Intentional or not)

- \$1.8 billion for slaughter of animals
- \$1.0 billion to disinfect farms
- \$658 million for livestock disposal
- \$78 million for business recovery
- \$21 million for marketing support
- \$4 billion loss for agriculture industry
- A 20% loss to the state's \$107 billion tourism industry





State Agricultural Response Team

11

### What is "agroterrorism?" When any person knowingly or maliciously uses biological or chemical agents as weapons against the agriculture industry and food supply or the malicious use of plant or animal pathogens to cause disease in the agricultural sector plants or animals.

### Slides 13-15



### Point Source Delivery Letter or Package Sprayer Vectors United States experiments with Yellow Fever spread by infected mosquitoes Japanese use plague infected fleas in China Upwind Line Delivery Highly modified crop duster or rooftop dispersion Issues of inversion and dilution Human Carrier "Person-to-person" - Suicidal Delivery

 Only certain agents are transmissible (Pneumonic Plague, Smallpox)

State Agricultural Response Team

### • Attack our food supply and create shortages • Cause us to fear, to lose faith and confidence • An indirect form of attack and aggression State Agricultural Response four 15

### Slides 16 - 18



### Florida's Agroterrorism Experience Florida has had no known intentional case of agroterrorism to date. The potential is huge, however. Most cases of invasive, destructive plants, animals and insects have either been accidental or "acts of God." Water hyacinth: introduced in 1800s. State Agricultural Response Your 18

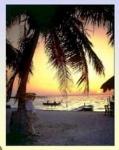
### Slides 19 - 21

State Agricultural Response Team



# Where Florida is Vulnerable 17 million residents are crowded into the Florida peninsula and more than 75 million visit each year! \*\*The Application of Response Team\*\* \*\*The Applicat

### Florida "Climate-Receptive"



- Nickname is the Sunshine State for its average of 300 days of full sunshine per year
- One of every climate zone
   Tropical in Florida Keys
   Sub-tropical South Florida
   Temperate North Florida
- Thus receptive to almost any plant, animal, insect or disease from any location in the world

State Agricultural Response Team

23

# Florida and The World State Approxitural Response form 24

### Slides 25 - 27

# Florida - A "Sentinel State" Florida is a "Sentinel State" A constant invasion of exotic species Not native to the Florida or North American eco-system Causes harm to or has potential to cause harm to the environment Can be a native American species that has invaded a new area or crop or from Africa or Asia or even from another world! Love bugs State Agricultural Response Touri







### **How Florida is Vulnerable - Plants**

- 1.25 million residents earn livings in agriculture producing billions in market value crops
- A \$6.2 billion industry (direct and indirect impact: Second only to tourism: provides 75% of United States winter
- · Florida's top agricultural sectors:
  - Cane for sugar
  - Citrus
  - Dairy
  - Forest products
  - Greenhouse/nursery products
  - Tomatoes



State Agricultural Response Team



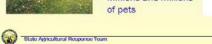
### **How Florida is Vulnerable - Animals**



- · 26 million poultry
- 1.5 million beef cattle
- 350,000 horses
- 140,000 dairy cattle
- 100,000 swine
- 30,000 goats
- 10,000 sheep
- Millions and millions









### Slides 31 - 33

### **Farm and Ranch Concentrations** Throughout the state, but concentrated in Horses: Marion County Dairy: Suwannee River Valley and Okeechobee Area Cattle: South Central Area State Agricultural Response Tea **Be Prepared!** Who is ultimately responsible for protecting you, your family, your community and your way of life? State Agricultural Response Team **Prevention and Response** Office of Bio and Food Security Preparedness Mission: to ensure the safety and wholesomeness of food and other consumer products through inspection and testing programs · Created in 2002, is responsible for protection of Florida citizens Coordinates response of Florida Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services (FDACS) . Coordinates with local, state and federal agencies; private and government laboratories, agriculture/food industries - Federal: USDA, FDA, CDC, FBI - State: FDOH, FDLE, FDEP, IFAS State Agricultural Response Team

### Slides 34 - 36

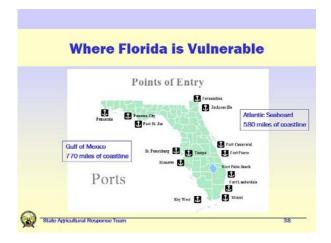
### Prevention and Response Office of Bio and Food Security Preparedness • Since 9/11 has spent more than \$17 million to prepare for and prevent agroterrorism events - Laboratory construction, renovation and upgrades - Additional border protection for agricultural interdiction - More than 15 major training and coordination events - Development of SART, State Agricultural Response Team



# Statewide Ag Inspection Statewide Ag Inspection Breands Brand Co. Brand C

### Slides 37 - 39



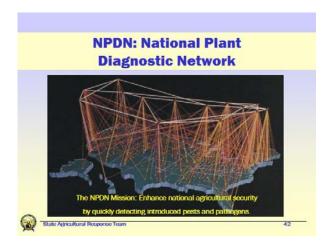




### Slides 40 - 42







### Slides 43 - 45

### **The NPDN Role**

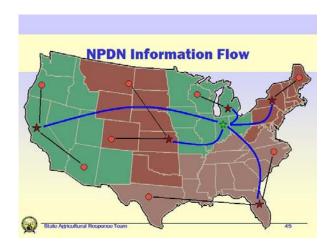
- Enhanced security of America's agricultural sector from a biosecurity event or unintentional introduction.
- · How is this accomplished?
  - Coordinated national diagnostic laboratories
  - Rapid communication and response system
  - Database analysis for event detection
  - Education and training of "first detectors"



State Agricultural Response Team

43






### Slides 46 - 48

### What is a "First Detector?"

- What is a First Detector?
  - Anyone likely to encounter an act or suspected act of

### bio- or agroterrorism

- Producer: farmer or rancher
- Agricultural consultant
- County Extension Agent or Forester
- Agents of the State Department of Agriculture & Consumer Services
- Florida Master Gardeners



State Agricultural Response Team

46

### What does a "First Detector" do?

- Training, certificate of completion and national registry
- Surveillance
  - Be alert to the odd or different
  - Change in attitude from business as usual to potentially important
  - May be contacted if an incident in their area



### "First Detectors" - Natural Multi-Taskers



### Slides 49 - 51

### **Key Resources**

- United States Department of Agriculture (USDA) www.usda.gov
   Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (FDACS) www.doacs.state.fl.us
- FDACS-Division of Plant Industry www.doacs.state.fl.us/pi/
   FDACS Division of Animal Industry www.doacs.state.fl.us/ai/
- . USDA, Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, National Center for Import and Export www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ncie/
- · Florida State Agricultural Response Team www.flsart.com
- Integrated Pest Management, IFAS Extension, University of Florida http://ipm.ufl.edu/
- Southern Region Center for Integrated Pest Management www.sripmc.org
- University of Florida, IFAS Extension Service http://solutionsforyourlife.ufl.edu/



State Africultural Response Team

### **Key Resources**

- National Plant Diagnostic Network www.npdn.org
- Southern Plant Diagnostic Network http://spdn.ifas.ufl.edu/
- Florida Plant Diagnostic Network http://fpdn.ifas.ufl.edu/
- · Extension Disaster Education Network
  - www.eden.lsu.edu
- Congressional Research Service, The Library of Congress "Agroterrorism: Threats and Preparedness" by Jim Monke, Analyst in Agricultural Policy, August, 13, 2004
  - www.fas.org/irp/crs/RS32521.pdf
- · Centers for Disease Control and Prevention www.cdc.gov



State Agricultural Response Team

### **Working Together To Protect** Florida's Agriculture & Way of Life



State Agricultural Response Team

### Slides 52 - 54

### **Now, Test Your Knowledge** and Awareness (1 of 3)

- (True or False) The United States has never participated in planning,
- developing or carrying out acts of agroterrorism or bioterrorism. The essential difference between agroterrorism and bioterrorism is
- (Yes or No) The accidental release into the fragile Florida ecosystem of a pet snake that one can no longer care for should be prosecuted as an act of bioterrorism.
- Florida is called a "sentinel state" because
- Which of the following Florida industries is considered immune to an attack by an agro-terrorist?
  - 1. Citrus industry (too wide-spread)
  - Cattle and horse industries (animals are just impossibly difficult)
  - Nursery industry (nope species confusion)
  - 4. Vegetables (would take an airplane and no one would do that ...)
  - All are possible targets as well as timber and even petal



State Agricultural Response Team

### Pre/Post Test (2 of 3)

- Ensuring the safety and wholesomeness of food and other consumer products through inspection and testing programs is the mission of which of the following Florida offices?
  - 1. Office of Safety and Wholesomeness of Food
  - 2. Office of Bio and Food Security Preparedness
  - 3. Office of Other Consumer Nuisance Regulations
- (Yes or No) The 24/7 toll free telephone number of Florida's Agriculture Law Enforcement office is 1-800-342-5869 and you should call it right away if you suspect any case of or issue with agro- or bio- terrorism. (Hint. The correct answer is "Yes." Please remember this number!) (Circle the correct answer) The National Plant Diagnostic Network is
- responsible for training which of the following volunteer guardians of America's agriculture industry.
  - 1. First Responders
  - 2. First Detectors
  - 3. First Decorators



State Agricultural Response Team

### Pre/Post Test (3 of 3)

- Which of the following may not an objective of a trained terrorist?
  - 1. To cause fear and insecurity
  - 2. To make a "political or economic statement"
  - 3. To cause harm to the enemy's infrastructure
  - 4. All of the above may be terrorist objectives
- On a scale of 1 to 10, one being very uneasy and apprehensive, and ten being rock-solid safe and secure. I feel that Florida is well-prepared for a possible bioterror or agroterror event. \_

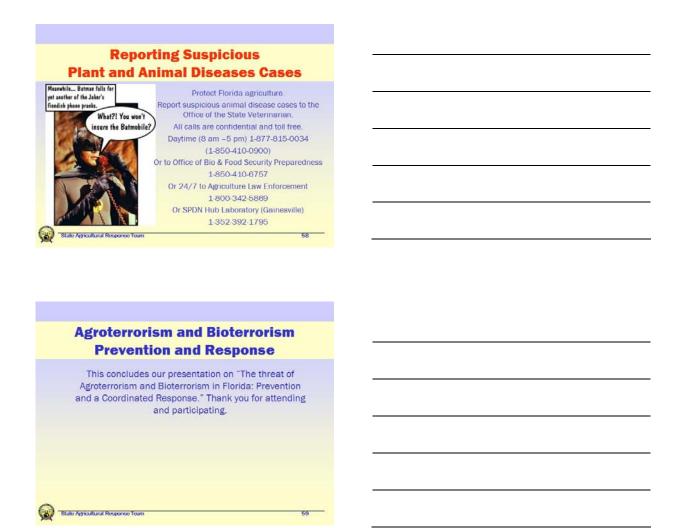


State Agricultural Response Team

### Slides 55 - 57

State Agricultural Response Team

### Test Answer Key (1 of 2) It is instructive to think of bioterror as specific acts directed at individuals, crowds or populations, such as sending anthrax spores through the mail. Agroterror is a general act, intending to sew death, destruction and dismay by indirect means, such as introducing a plant virus that may take years to become destructive to a host industry. This is an opinion question and one could argue all sides of the issue. Florida is a "sentinel state" because it is uniquely situated by climate and geographic position to host exotic and harmful immigrants. #5. All are possible targets as well as timber and even petsl #2. Office of Bio and Food Security Preparedness The 24/7 toll free telephone number of Florida's Agriculture Law Enforcement office is 1-800-342-5869 and you should call it right away if you suspect any case of or issue with agro- or bio-terrorism. State Agricultural Response Team Test Answer Key (2 of 2) 8. #2. First Detectors #4. All of the above may be terrorist objectives 10. This too is an opinion question and there is no right or wrong answer. It is entirely personal. However, if you have an idea that you believe will make America stronger or more vigilant without sacrificing our free and democratic way of life, please write that idea on the answer sheet! State Agricultural Response Team Glossary Agroterrorism: when any person knowingly or maliciously uses biological or chemical agents as weapons against the agriculture industry and food supply. It may also be thought of as the malicious use of plant or animal pathogens to cause disease in the agricultural sector – plants or animals. Bioterrorism: The deliberate release of viruses, bacteria, other germs or chemicals to cause illness or death in people, animals, or plants. SART: The Florida State Agricultural Response Team. A multi-agency coordinating group consisting of governmental and private entities dedicated to all-hazard disaster preparedness, planning, response and recovery for the animal and agriculture sectors in Florida. Terrorist: One who utilizes violence and intimidation systematically to achieve political objectives, while disguised as a civilian non-combatant. The use of a civilian disguise exempts the perpetrator from protection under the Geneva Conventions, and consequently if captured they are liable for prosecution as common criminals.



### Resources

The following are sources of additional information about the subjects mentioned in this introduction.

United States Department of Agriculture <a href="http://www.usda.gov">http://www.usda.gov</a>
Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, National Center for Import and Export <a href="http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ncie">http://www.aphis.usda.gov/vs/ncie</a>

United States Department of Health & Human Services <a href="http://www.hhs.gov">http://www.hhs.gov</a>
Centers for Disease Control and Prevention <a href="http://www.cdc.gov">http://www.cdc.gov</a>

Florida Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (DOACS)

<a href="http://www.doacs.state.fl.us">http://www.doacs.state.fl.us</a>

Division of Plant Industry <a href="http://www.doacs.state.fl.us/pi/">http://www.doacs.state.fl.us/pi/</a>

Division of Animal Industry <a href="http://www.doacs.state.fl.us/ai/">http://www.doacs.state.fl.us/ai/</a>

Florida State Agricultural Response Team <a href="http://www.flsart.com">http://www.flsart.com</a>

University of Florida, IFAS Extension Service <a href="http://solutionsforyourlife.ufl.edu/">http://solutionsforyourlife.ufl.edu/</a> Integrated Pest Management <a href="http://ipm.ufl.edu">http://ipm.ufl.edu</a>

United States Plant Diagnostic Network
National Network <a href="http://www.npdn.org">http://www.npdn.org</a>
Southern Network <a href="http://spdn.ifas.ufl.edu/">http://spdn.ifas.ufl.edu/</a>
Florida Network <a href="http://fpdn.ifas.ufl.edu/">http://fpdn.ifas.ufl.edu/</a>

Southern Region Center for Integrated Pest Management <a href="http://www.sripmc.org">http://www.sripmc.org</a>

Extension Disaster Education Network http://www.eden.lsu.edu

Congressional Research Service, The Library of Congress
"Agroterrorism: Threats and Preparedness" by Jim Monke, Analyst in
Agricultural Policy, August, 13, 2004
<a href="http://www.fas.org/irp/crs/RS32521.pdf">http://www.fas.org/irp/crs/RS32521.pdf</a>

### Notes