#### **Dun Ghallain**



#### **KEY FEATURES**

Area

Total 19.5ha

Designated area 19.5ha

Woodland types (habitat extent)

ASNW 11.1ha

PAWS

Open 0.7ha
Native woodland (non-AWI) 7.7ha

#### Woodland description

Scots Pine dominates this promontory woodland - with understorey oak and birch, also rowan, holly, and alder in damp ground. There is vigorous tree regeneration, especially of birch in open areas, throughout the woodland. The developed state of the regeneration is due to this woodland having been deerfenced since acquired by FES. The ground flora is dominated by heather *Calluna vulgaris*, blaeberry *Vaccinium myrtillus* and typical pinewood mosses, with hard fern *Blechnum spicant*, bracken *Pteridium aquilinum* and wood sorrel *Oxalis acetosella* also frequent.

#### History of management

Purchased in 1954 from the estate of C.B. Holman, along with Camastorsa. Conifer planted in the open ground between the discrete areas of ASNW. Conifer removal by fell- to- recycle in 1990s.

#### Conservation features

A pale form of the slug *Arion subfuscus* is one of the invertebrate indicators of the 'Atlantic' nature of this woodland. Hairy wood ant *Formica lugubris* also present.

A couple of very rich burns to the immediate west of this site include species such as *Radula holtii* (Nationally Rare and unmeasured yet, in terms of IUCN status) and *Acrobolbus wilsonii* (Scottish Biodiversity List, Nationally Scarce).

This area does not appear to have been surveyed for lichens although the habitat looks appropriate to support species of conservation importance.

#### Heritage features

None known

#### **PAWS**

The mature native woodland includes a significant component of Scots pine areas, which are ancient semi-natural woodland in good ecological condition (11.1ha). The matrix between these Scots pine stands is unclassified but of native species, which regenerated following removal of the conifer plantation that had originally been planted in the open areas around the ASNW.

### Species composition

Species	Planting year	Area
Scots pine	1900	11.4ha
Birch	1993	8.2ha

#### Access

No vehicular access

#### Recreation

There are no formal facilities in Dun Ghallain but there is an area for parking cars on roadside and an informal route within the wood following decommissioning of the boardwalk.

#### MANAGEMENT PROPOSALS

#### LT AWS management

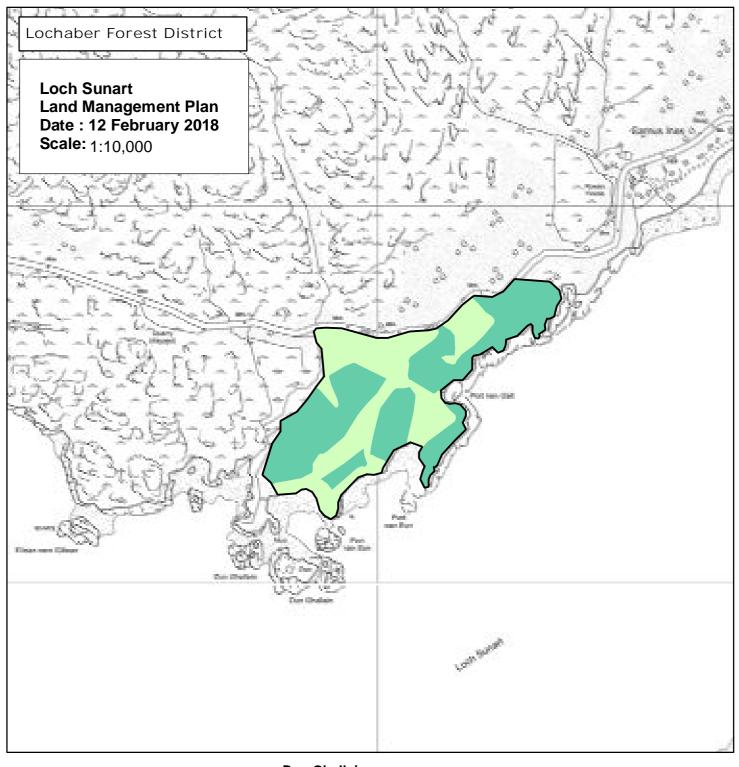
Minimum intervention – this would permit the removal of the occasional higher timber value Scots pine to help support the management of the woodlands in Sunart.

#### Initial operation

Re-spacing of the broadleaf regeneration to encourage a wider diversity of native species, to allow the development of more open grown trees and to promote more favourable conditions for lichens.

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### **Dun Ghallain Current Species**



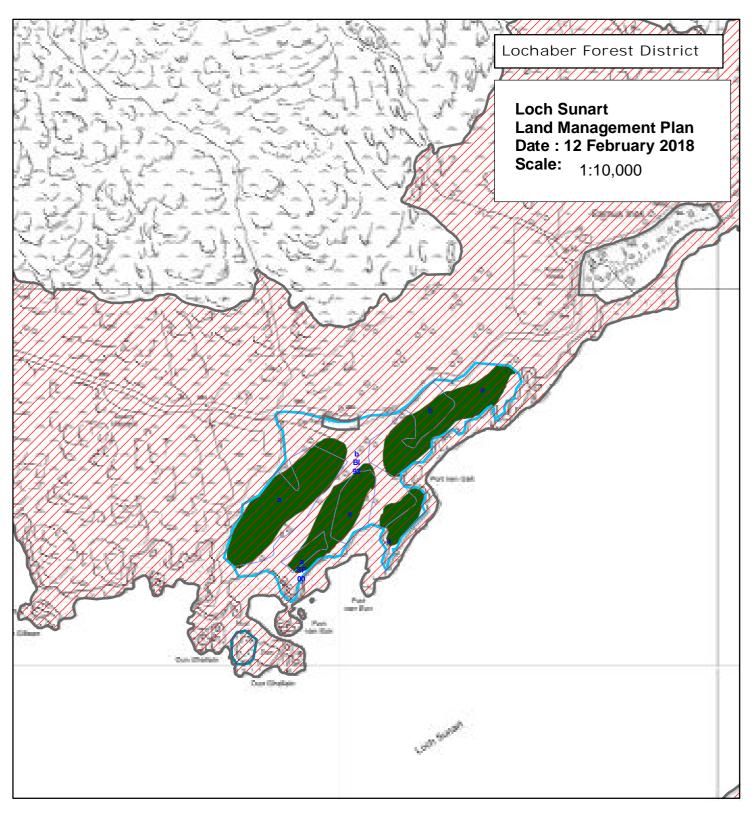






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#### **Dun Ghallain**

### AWS, SSSI, Conservation And Heritage Features

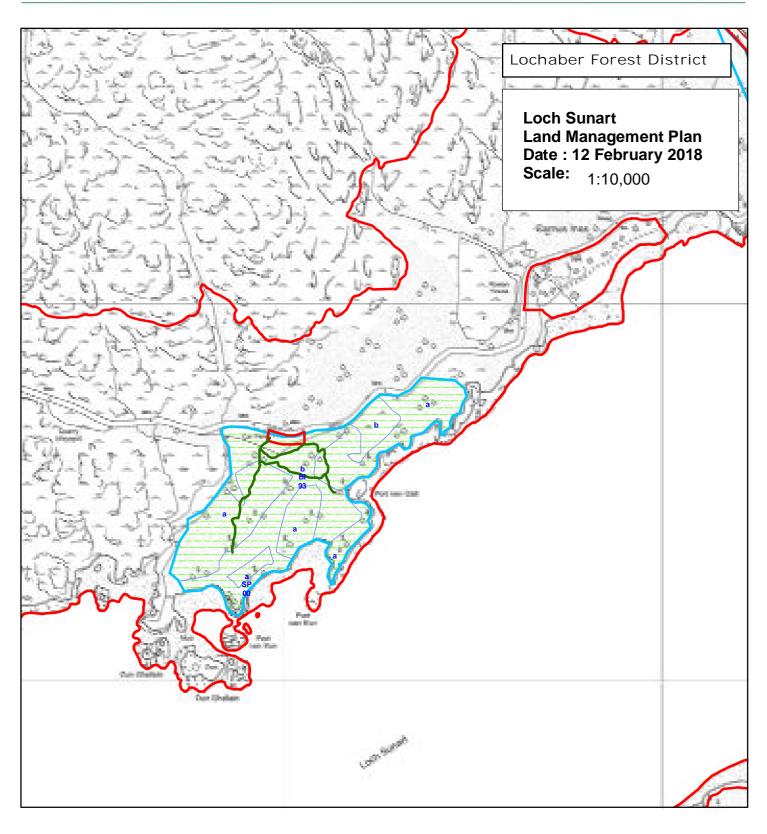




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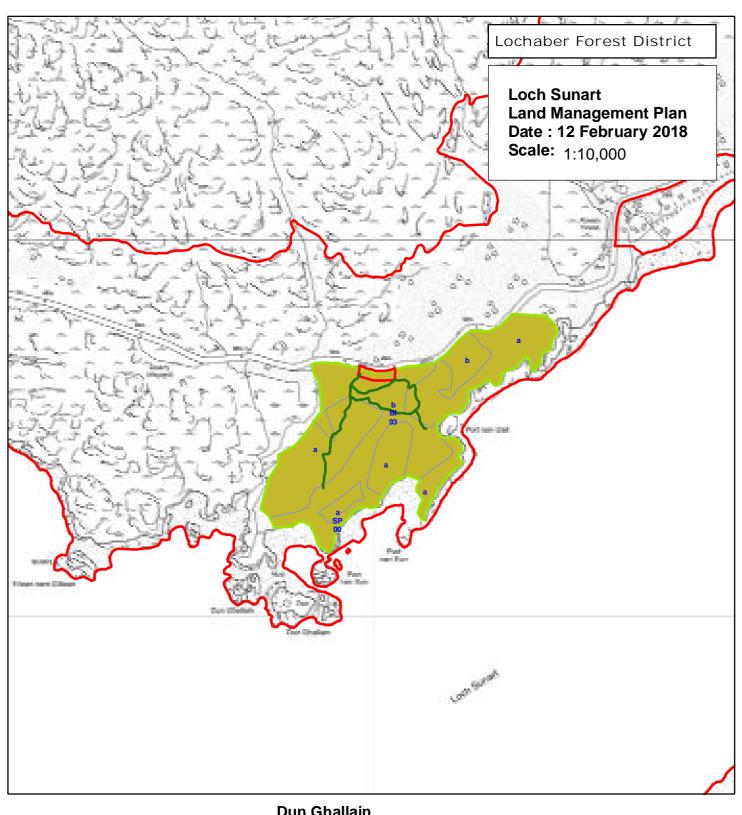
#### **Dun Ghallain**





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## **Dun Ghallain 10 Year Management**



Selective fell of conifers



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