

Fungus at Umbagong District Park, Latham, ACT: Part 2

Approximate location: Lat: -35.2119278; Long: 149.0261473 Date: 27 June 2020

Identification: Laccaria sp.

Photographs: Eric & Caroline Wenger

**General comments:** While the whole park was searched, to date most fungi have been found in the SW of the park and some in the south, mostly in native remnants. Few have so far been found in the northern half.

**Identification:** With grateful thanks to Heino Lepp for his assistance with identification.



of broken bark. Cone length 5cm. Maximum diameter of the cone opening 6cm (estimates).



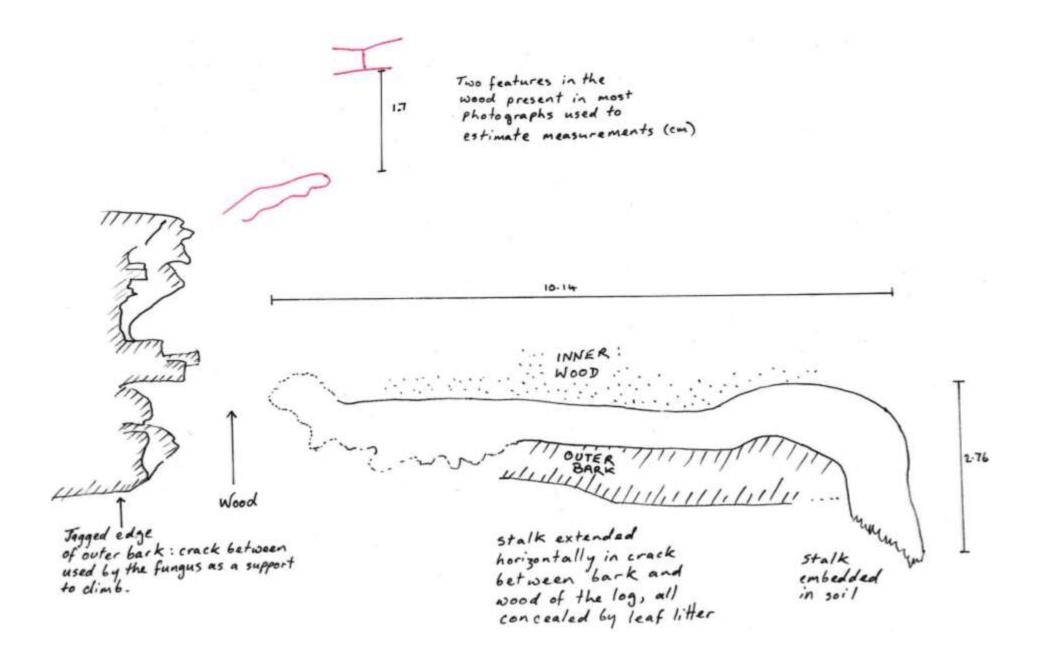


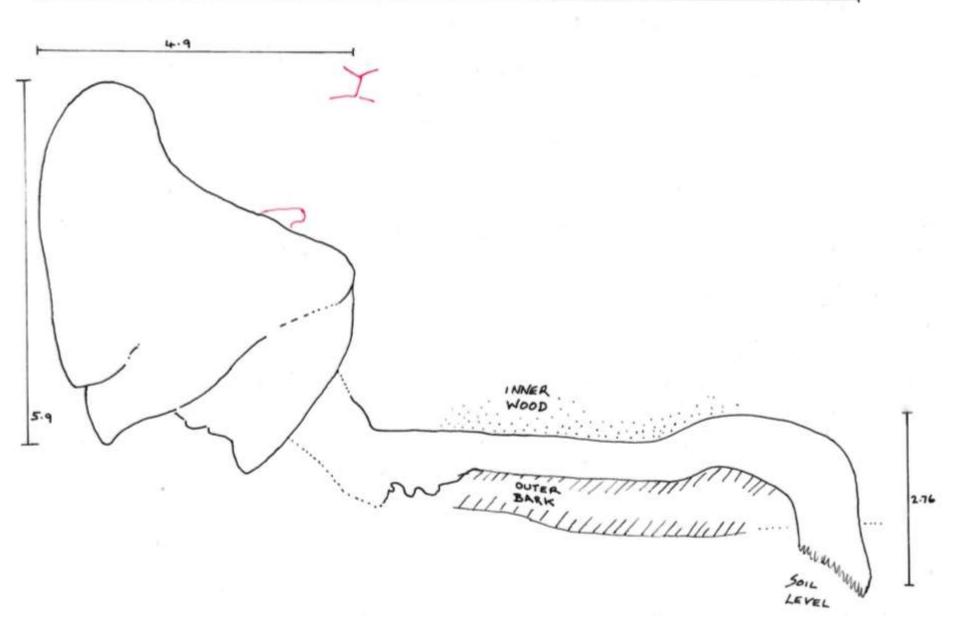
Date: 25 June (left) 24 June (right)

**Comments:** Additional photos better showing the structure at the base and the way it captures the sunlight.

**Date:** 18 July 2020 **Comments:** when checked on 9<sup>th</sup> July (following the 'unknown' verdict), no trace of the fungus could be seen. The area is not frequented by people, so it was presumably eaten. On 18 July we excavated the leaf litter to soil level and managed to find a remnant. The stem was growing out of the soil and the fungus appears to have used fissures in the log as a support to grow horizontally then vertically.









Approximate location: Lat: -35.2121; Long: 149.0256639

Date: 26 June 2020

Identification: Parasola sp. (or Coprinellus sp.)









Approximate location (above): Lat: -35.2121; Long: 149.0256639

Date: 26 June 2020

Identification: Likely to be Ramaria sp. or Clavulina sp.

Comments: a tiny specimen

Approximate location (right top & bottom): Lat: -35.212225; Long: 149.0255945

Date: 24 June 2020

Identification: many possible genera Comments: Has pale gills.





Approximate location (right top & bottom):Lat: -35.212225; Long: 149.0255945Date: 24 June 2020Identification:Dacryopinax spathularia or Calocera sp.Comments:Tiny, in burnt log.



Approximate location: Lat: -35.2124389; Long: 149.0255723

Date: 24 June 2020

Identification: unknown.



Date: 24 June 2020

Identification: Pisolithus marmoratus





Approximate location: Lat: -35.2126778; Long: 149.0255195

Date: 24 June 2020Identification: Scleroderma sp.



**Approximate location:** Lat: -35.2123917; Long: 149.0257334 **Date:** 24 June 2020

Identification: Pisolithus marmoratus



Approximate location: Lat: -35.2123917; Long: 149.0257334Date: 24 June 2020Comments: Mould on fungus

Identification: unknown.





**Approximate location:** Lat: -35.2123917; Long: 149.0257334

Date: 24 June 2020

Identification: Scleroderma sp.

**Comments:** Another end-of-life specimen that has been pulled out of the soil (presumably by an animal), showing the structure usually below soil level.

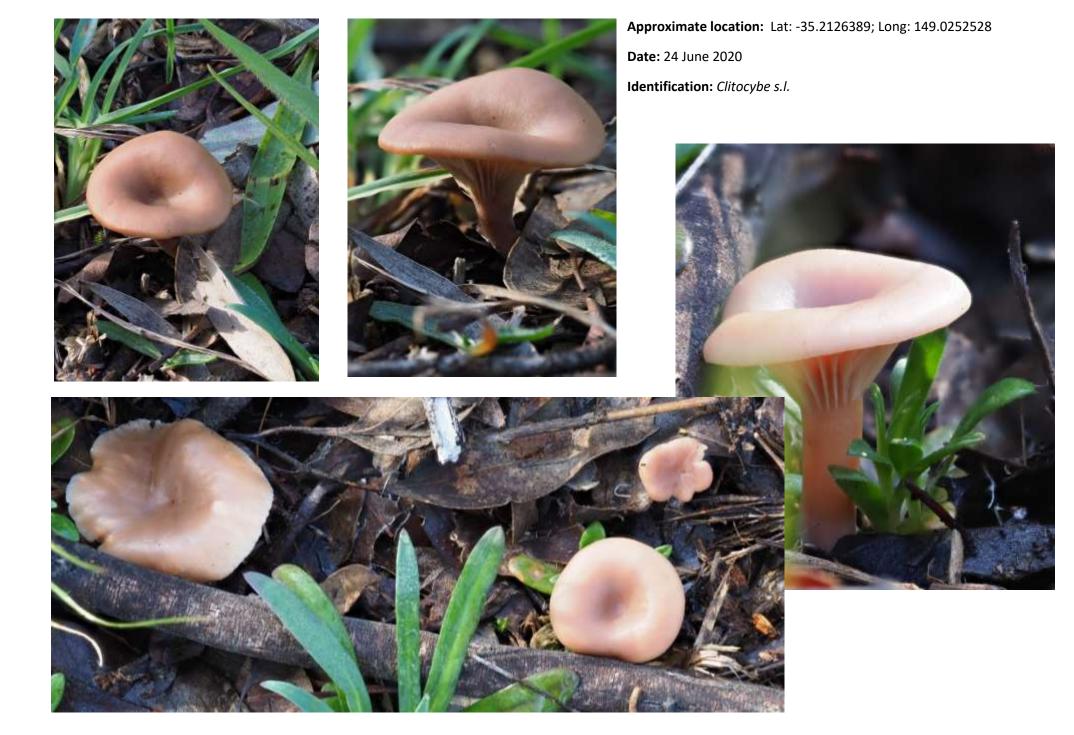


Approximate location: Lat: -35.2126389; Long: 149.0252528

Date: 24 June 2020

**Identification:** (above) perhaps a *Cortinarius* but other genera could be candidates; (right) *Scleroderma sp.* 











Approximate location: Lat: -35.213125; Long: 149.024504

Date: 24 June 2020

Identification: Scleroderma sp.



Approximate location (both): Lat: -35.213125; Long: 149.024504

Date: 24 June 2020

Identification: Bovista sp. (above); Scleroderma sp. (right)





Approximate location: Lat: -35.213125; Long: 149.024504

Date: 24 June 2020

Identification: Various genera are possible.



Approximate location: Lat: -35.2141694; Long: 149.0231473

Date: 2 July 2020

Identification: several genera are possible.

**Comments:** In native grassland, the cap grew right down to the ground.





Approximate location: Lat: -35.2139667; Long: 149.0240223 Date: 27 June 2020 wrong (Heino Lepp).

Identification: ?Entoloma/?Inocybe: a good chance of this guess being

**Comments:** A tiny mushroom on a dirt service track



**Approximate location:** Lat: -35.2146667; Long: 149.0239861

Date: 25 June 2020

Identification: Pycnoporus coccineus

**Comments:** The same fungi photographed for Part 1, this time taken just after rain.





Approximate location: Lat: -35.2131778; Long: 149.0267028

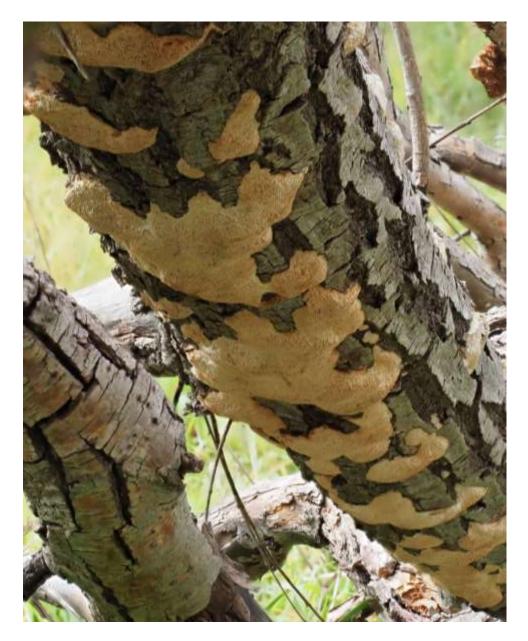


Date: 27 June 2020

**Identification:** Given the size and colour, possibly a *Hygrocybe*.

**Comments:** Beneath weeping willows deep in leaf mulch. A tall, bright orange mushroom, orange cap and gills. For ID, note the stem broke at the top (above right) while clearing leaves around it but did not snap off completely.





Approximate location: Lat: -35.2131778; Long: 149.0267028 Date: 27 June 2020

**Comments:** On a weeping willow

**Identification:** Laetiporus portentosus (above left); Heino Lepp: the other (above right and below) is something else, perhaps a species of Schizopora (but that suggestion is based on the fact that Schizopora is common, so there is still the possibility of some other genus).



Approximate location: Lat: -35.2168361; Long: 149.0207834

Date: 27 June 2020

Identification: Calvatia cyathiformis

**Comments:** Roughly 10cm across (significantly larger than those found in Part 1, which were closer to 20 cent / 50 cent sized). In the Blue Devil Grassland.





Approximate location: Lat: -35.2168361; Long: 149.0207834

Date: 27 June 2020

Identification: Scleroderma sp.

Comments: In the Blue Devil Grassland



Approximate location: Lat: -35.217375; Long: 149.0215195

Date: 27 June 2020

Identification: Possibly Laccaria sp.

**Comments:** Edge of the Blue Devil Grassland

Approximate location: Lat: -35.2159778; Long: 149.0260278

Date: 26 June 2020

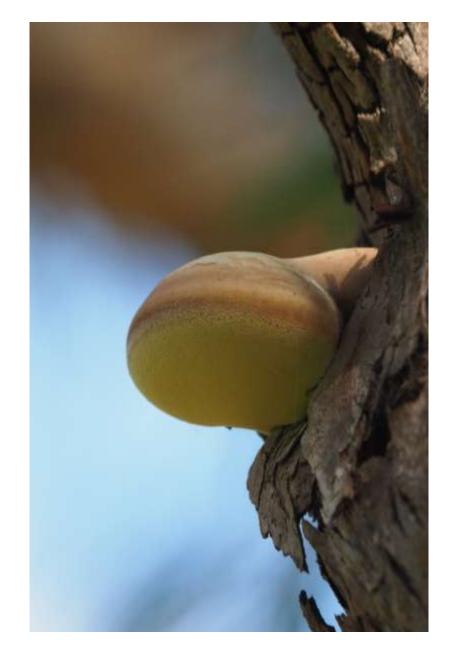
Identification (left and next page): Volvopluteus gloiocephalus



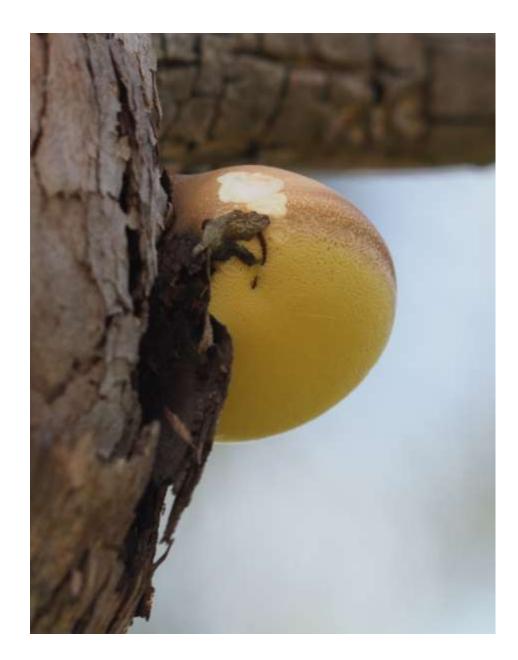


**Comments:** Volva was present at the base of the mushroom stalk of both specimens.

Found in grass on the side of the path close to Casuarinas and Lomandras, caps about 10cm diameter. The one above was perfect when first discovered (and volva was observed) but when returning to photograph, found it had unfortunately when been kicked over.



Approximate location: Lat: -35.2153167; Long: 149.0216056 Identification (above & below): *Laetiporus portentosus* 



Date: 25 June 2020

**Comments:** In a Eucalypt. Looked just like a macaroon. Heino Lepp: "in prime condition".

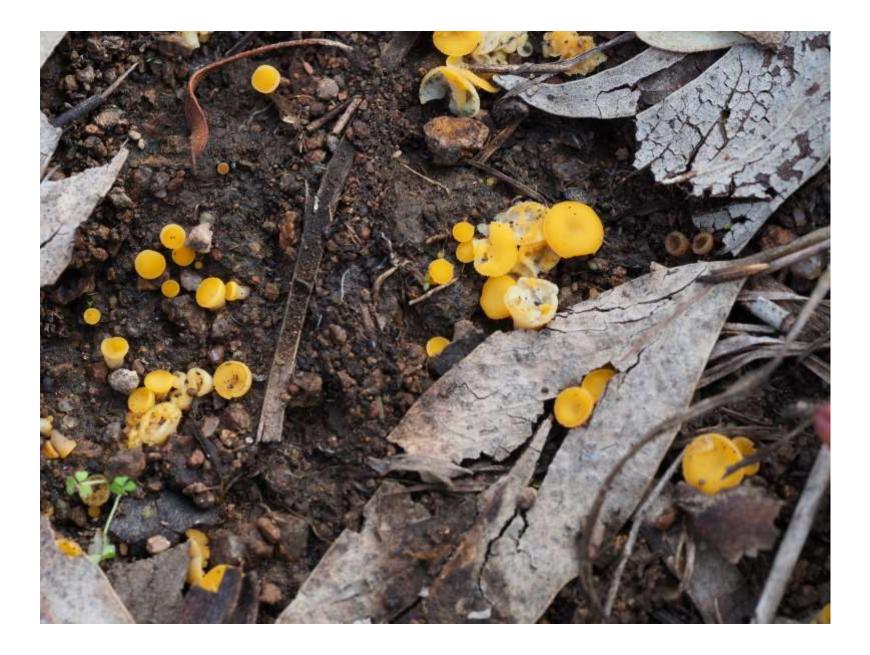






Approximate location: Lat: -35.2146389; Long: 149.0257473 Date: 26 June (right); 27 June (left) 2020

Identification: Heino Lepp: perhaps an Entoloma.



Approximate location: Lat: -35.2146389; Long: 149.0257473 Date: 27 June 2020

**Comments:** The largest around 2mm diameter.

**Identification:** Yellow = *Phaeohelotium (Discinella terrestris aggregate)*; tan brown ones on the RHS: if fungal then probably a birds nest fungus (e.g. *Cyathus, Crucibulum* or *Nidula*) (Heino Lepp).



Approximate location: Lat: -35.214825; Long: 149.0239Date: 2 July 2020Identification (above & below): Heino Lepp: Peziza sp. is possible but given the<br/>dark colour, other possibilities include Plectania sp., Pseudoplectania sp. or Urnula sp.Identification (above & below): Heino Lepp: Peziza sp. is possible but given the<br/>grups are found fairly often on fungi of various sorts. My guess is that it belongs<br/>to the Collembola (perhaps the genus Hypogastrura). Comments: Above the largest (diameter 3cm). Appeared black to the naked eye.











Approximate location: Lat: -35.214825; Long: 149.0239

Date: 27 June 2020

Identification: Heino Lepp: More than one genus possible for both specimens.

**Comments:** The below is the same *Clitocybe s.l.* specimen taken in Part 1, markings more pronounced now it has aged





**Approximate location:** Lat: -35.212475; Long: 149.0314167

Date: 5 July 2020

**Identification:** Heino Lepp: Likely to be a heavily chewed *Laetiporus portentosus*.

**Comments:** Found under *Eucalyptus manifera*. Looked just like a white rock.









## Approximate location: Lat: -35.21095; Long: 149.0251584

Date: 27 June 2020

**Identification:** A bit of a puzzle but possibly a species of *Leucopaxillus*.

**Comments:** Not at Umbagong but nearby in Macgregor in Photinia leaf mold. These mushrooms were enormous, solid, with knobbly caps about 15cm diameter and velvety stems. Vanished the next day (someone had pulled them up). I discovered them 2 weeks later buried in leaves in a different part of the hedge (photo 2 below), remarkably intact. A pleasant mushroomy smell.



