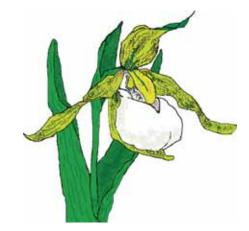
Plants of Concern: Monitoring Rare Plant Species in Chicago Wilderness

ILMA Conference March 2nd, 2012 Susanne Masi, Pati Vitt, Greg Hitzroth











POC Asks:

- What is the status of rare plants in the Chicago Wilderness region?
- How does management impact rare plant populations?
- Do trained citizen scientists provide reliable data?

POC Monitors Rare Plant Species in Chicago Wilderness

- 70% of listed species in 7 northeastern IL counties (118 of the 169)
 - POC monitors 108 non-listed IL rare species
- ~57.3% (563 of 982) of the listed Element Occurrences (EOs) in NE IL





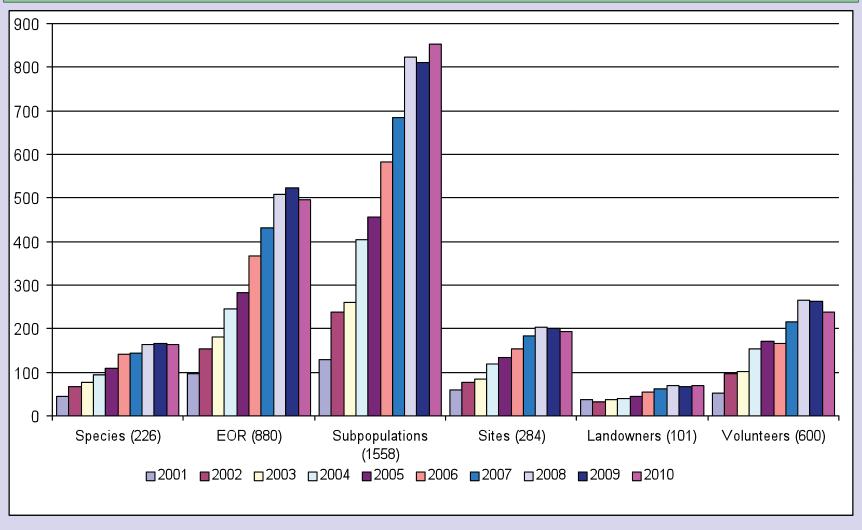
POC Program Elements

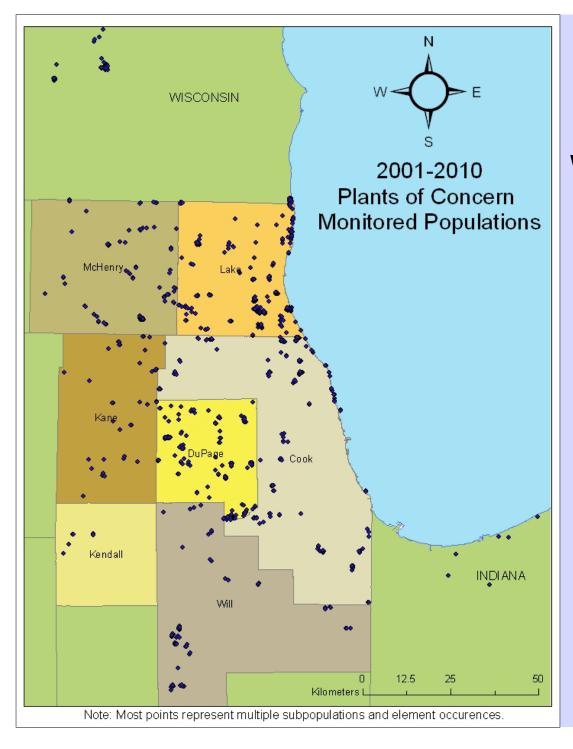
- Documents the region's rare plants through:
 - Standardized protocol
 - Regular data collection over 11 years
 - Database
- Provides feedback to managers
 - General threats
 - Invasive species presences
 - Management activities
 - Short term alerts
 - Long term trends
- Furthers Chicago Wilderness Biodiversity Recovery Plan goals to monitor, research and guide management of rare species
- Contributes Element Occurrence (EOs) information to the IL Natural Heritage Database

POC Program Elements

- Develops strong partnerships 101 landowners, public and private
 - Federal, state and local agencies
 - SE Wisconsin and NW Indiana Chapters
 - Volunteer groups Habitat Project, VSN, NIWP, FPD volunteers
 - Land managers, stewards, scientists, students, volunteers
 - Special projects
 - Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie
 - Openlands Lakeshore Preserve
 - Waukegan Harbor Area of Concern
 - Sustain our Great Lakes Fort Sheridan
 - Calumet area expansion for 2012 (partnering with IDNR, Field Museum, Chicago DOE, Chicago Park District)

POC Accomplishments, 2001-2010





Map of populations with GPS coordinates

	Total #
County, State	of EORs
Cook, IL	196
DuPage, IL	140
Kane, IL	53
Kankakee, IL	1
Kendall, IL	7
Kenosha, WI	13
Lake, IL	231
McHenry, IL	85
Ogle, IL	1
Porter, IN	4
Walworth, WI	22
Waukesha, WI	3
Will, IL	46

As of 2/23/2011

Volunteer Monitors

- Retention of volunteers
 - from 2009-2010 was 65%
 - from 2008-2009 was 66%
- 66 new volunteers recruited in the 2010 season
- 122 volunteers active in 2010 were POC monitors for 3 or more years
- 97 stewards are POC monitors
- Volunteer hours: 2955 in 2010 (field and office) @ \$20.25/hr = \$59,818 in matching funds



What We Are Learning about Trends: Highest Rate of Increase in Subpopulation Sizes

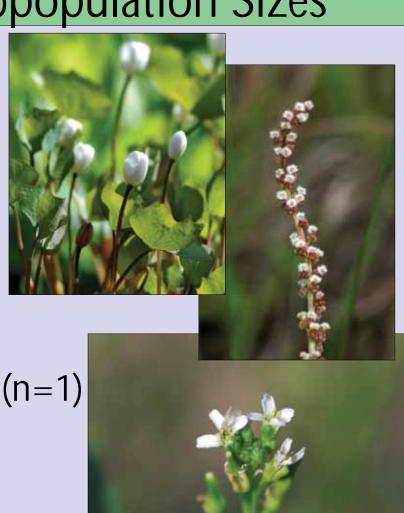
- 50.5% of subpopulations with at least 5 years of data are stable or increasing in number of plants
 - Rubus pubescens (n=6)
 - Carex viridula (n=5)
 - Agalinis skinneriana (n=2)
 - Carex formosa (n=3)
 - Psoralea tenuiflora (n=1)
 - Hydrastis canadensis (n=1)
 - Carex crawei (n=6)
 - Chamaesyce polygonifolia (n=8)
 - Hybanthus concolor (n=1)
 - Ammophila breviligulata (n=7)





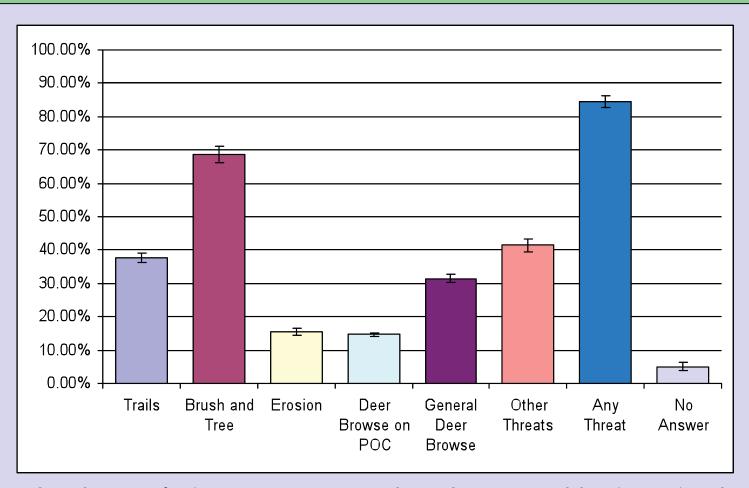
What We Are Learning about Trends: Highest Rate of Decrease in Subpopulation Sizes

- Stellaria pubera (n=1)
- Scirpus hattorianus (n=4)
- Cakile edentula (n=9)
- Liatris scariosa var. nieuwlandii (n=3)
- Trillium sessile (n=1)
- Scirpus microcarpus (n=2)
- Malvastrum hispidum (n=4)
- Cypripedium parviflorum var. makasin (n=1)
- Triglochin maritima (n=4)
- Jeffersonia diphylla (n=3)



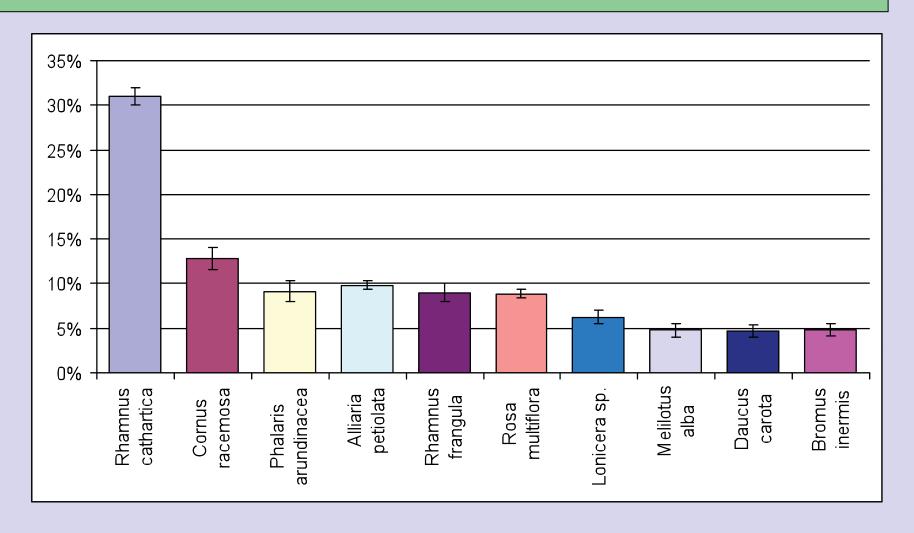
Photos by: C.Freeman

What We Are Learning: Threats



•84% of subpopulations are reported as threatened by invasive brush, deer browse, erosion, or trail impact (averaged over all years).

What We Are Learning: Invasives



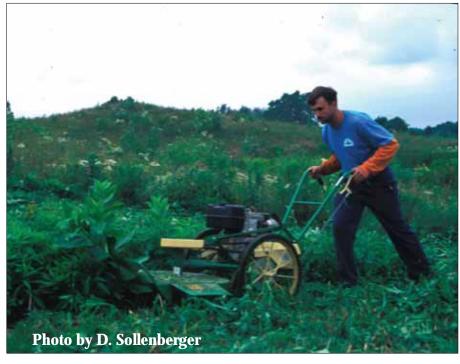
•88% of subpopulations are reported with at least one invasive species (averaged over all years).

as of 3/17/2011



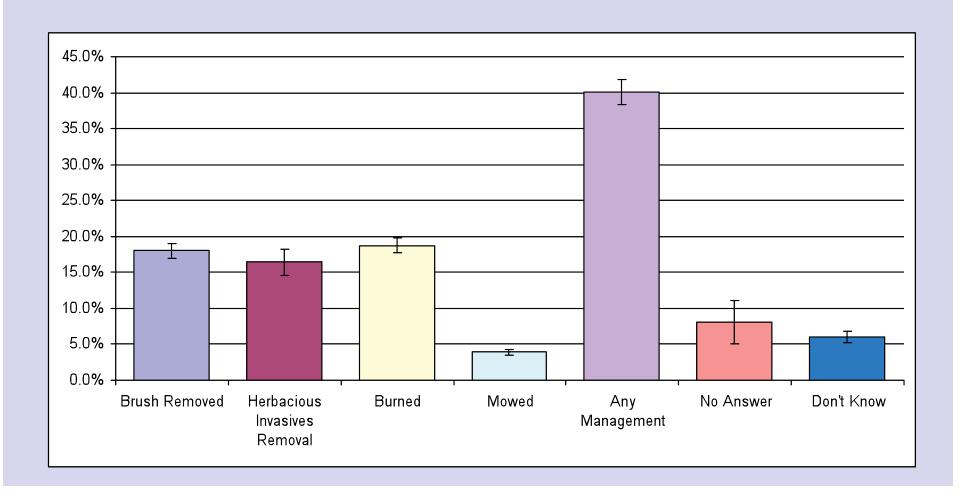






Monitor-Observed Management in Populations 2002-2010

45.6% of subpopulations were managed in 2010



POC Future: Long Term Program Goals

- Achieve monitoring of 75-80% of EORs in the 8 counties of NE IL currently in the program
- Enhance volunteer recruitment and retention
- Support creation of POC programs in other areas of IL
 - (need funds and local leadership to do this)
- Seek ongoing funding for overall program operation and staffing
- Conduct analyses of POC data to show population trends in relation to management activities -long-term data is critical for more robust analyses
- Provide datasets to researchers to conduct more in-depth analyses of POC data, including climate change and GIS applications

Thanks to our Funders!

Chicago Wilderness, 2001 – 2009 Illinois Wildlife Preservation Fund (IDNR), 2004-2012 USDA Forest Service (Midewin National Tallgrass Prairie), 2003-2005; 2008-2011

The Gaylord & Dorothy Donnelley Foundation, 2010 & 2011
National Fish and Wildlife Foundation, 2006 & 2007 (Midewin)
NFWF (Sustain our Great Lakes) 2011 & 2012
Conservation 2000 (IDNR), 2006 & 2007
The Nature Conservancy VSN, 2007-2012
Openlands, 2010 & 2011
Garden Club of America, 2010
GLRI (Waukegan Area of Concern) 2011 & 2012







CHICAGO BOTANIC GARDEN





How to Participate

Attend a spring training workshop

- Sunday, April 1, Lost Valley Visitor Center, Glacial Park, Ringwood, McHenry County, IL
- Saturday, April 14, Brewster Creek Lodge, St. Charles, Kane County, IL
- Wednesday, April 18, Bowen Park (Jack Benny Center),
 Waukegan, IL
- Saturday, April 28 Sand Ridge Nature Center, South Holland, Cook County, IL
- Participate in a POC group "foray"
- Visit us on the web at plantsofconcern.org