UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20549

FORM 10-K

ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15(d) OF THE SECURITIES **EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934**

For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2010

Commission file number 0-11330

Paychex, Inc.

911 Panorama Trail South Rochester, New York 14625-2396 (585) 385-6666 **A Delaware Corporation**

IRS Employer Identification Number: 16-1124166

Securities registered pursuant to Secti	ion 12(b) of the Act:		Common Stock, \$0.0	1 Par Value
Name of exchange on which registered	d:	_	NASDAQ Global Sel	lect Market
Indicate by check mark if the registra	unt is a well-known seasoned issue	er, as defined in Rule 405	5 of the Securities Act.	Yes ☑ No □
Indicate by check mark if the registra	unt is not required to file reports p	ursuant to Section 13 or	Section 15(d) of the Ac	t. Yes □ No ☑
Indicate by check mark whether the r 934 during the preceding 12 months (or for iling requirements for the past 90 days. You	or such shorter period that the regi	1	()	S
Indicate by check mark whether the required to be submitted and posted pursua was required to submit and post such files).	nt to Rule 405 of Regulation S-T			
Indicate by check mark if disclosure of the best of registrant's knowledge, in defumendment to this Form 10-K. ☑				
Indicate by check mark whether the recompany. See the definitions of "large acce	2	,	,	1 2
arge accelerated filer ☑	Accelerated filer □	Non-accelerated (Do not check if a small reporting company)		Smaller reporting company
Indicate by check mark whether the r	registrant is a shell company (as d	efined in Rule 12b-2 of t	he Act). Yes 🗆 No 🛭	
As of November 30, 2009, the last bund an aggregate market value of \$10,119,6				
As of June 30, 2010, 361,463,054 sha	ares of the registrant's common st	ock, \$.01 par value, were	e outstanding.	
	Documents Incorpo	orated by Reference		
Portions of the registrant's definitive	proxy statement to be issued in co	onnection with its Annua	l Meeting of Stockhold	ers to be held on October 13

2010, to the extent not set forth herein, are incorporated by reference into Part III, Items 10 through 14, inclusive.

PAYCHEX, INC.

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PART I

"SAFE HARBOR" STATEMENT UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT OF 1995

Certain written and oral statements made by management of Paychex, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries ("we," "our," "us," "Paychex," or the "Company") may constitute "forward-looking statements" as defined in the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995 (the "Reform Act"). Forward-looking statements are identified by such words and phrases as "we expect," "expected to," "estimates," "estimated," "current outlook," "we look forward to," "would equate to," "projects," "projections," "projected to be," "anticipates," "anticipated," "we believe," "could be," and other similar phrases. All statements addressing operating performance, events, or developments that we expect or anticipate will occur in the future, including statements relating to revenue growth, earnings, earnings-per-share growth, or similar projections, are forward-looking statements within the meaning of the Reform Act. Because they are forward-looking, they should be evaluated in light of important risk factors. These risk factors include, but are not limited to, the following risks as well as those described in "Risk Factors" under Item 1A and elsewhere in this Annual Report on Form 10-K ("Form 10-K"):

- general market and economic conditions including, among others, changes in United States ("U.S.") employment and wage levels, changes in
 new hiring trends, legislative changes to stimulate the economy, changes in short- and long-term interest rates, changes in the fair value and the
 credit rating of securities held by us, and accessibility of financing;
- changes in demand for our services and products, ability to develop and market new services and products effectively, pricing changes and the
 impact of competition, and the availability of skilled workers;
- changes in the laws regulating collection and payment of payroll taxes, professional employer organizations, and employee benefits, including retirement plans, workers' compensation, health insurance, state unemployment, and section 125 plans;
- · changes in workers' compensation rates and underlying claims trends;
- the possibility of failure to keep pace with technological changes and provide timely enhancements to services and products;
- · the possibility of failure of our operating facilities, computer systems, and communication systems during a catastrophic event;
- · the possibility of third-party service providers failing to perform their functions;
- · the possible failure of internal controls or our inability to implement business processing improvements; and
- potentially unfavorable outcomes related to pending legal matters.

Any of these factors could cause our actual results to differ materially from our anticipated results. The information provided in this Form 10-K is based upon the facts and circumstances known at this time. We undertake no obligation to update these forward-looking statements after the date of filing of this Form 10-K with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC" or "Commission") to reflect events or circumstances after such date, or to reflect the occurrence of unanticipated events.

Item 1. Business

We are a leading provider of payroll, human resource, and benefits outsourcing solutions for small- to medium-sized businesses. As of May 31, 2010, we serviced approximately 536,000 clients and had approximately 12,200 employees. We maintain our corporate headquarters in Rochester, New York, and have more than 100 offices nationwide.

As of May 31, 2010, we serviced approximately 1,700 clients in Germany through four offices.

Our company was formed as a Delaware corporation in 1979. We report our results of operations and financial condition as one business segment. Our fiscal year ends May 31.

Company Strategy

We are focused on achieving strong, long-term financial performance by:

- · providing high-quality, timely, accurate, and affordable comprehensive payroll and integrated human resource services;
- delivering these services utilizing a well-trained and responsive work force through a network of local and corporate offices servicing more than 100 of the largest markets in the U.S.;
- · growing our client base, primarily through the efforts of our direct sales force;
- · continually improving client service to maximize client retention;
- capitalizing on the growth opportunities within our existing client base and from new clients by increasing utilization of our payroll and human resource ancillary services and products;
- · capitalizing on and leveraging our highly developed technological and operating infrastructure;
- · investing in our business through expansion of our service and product offerings to continually add value for our clients; and
- supplementing our growth through strategic acquisitions when appropriate opportunities arise.

Services and Products

We offer a comprehensive portfolio of services and products that allow our clients to meet their diverse payroll and human resource needs. These include:

- · payroll processing;
- · payroll tax administration services;
- · employee payment services;
- · regulatory compliance services (new-hire reporting and garnishment processing);
- · Paychex HR Solutions;
- · retirement services administration;
- · insurance services;
- · eServices; and
- · other human resource services and products.

By offering ancillary services that leverage the information gathered in the base payroll processing service, we are able to provide comprehensive outsourcing services that allow employers to expand their employee benefits offerings at an affordable cost. We mainly earn our revenue through recurring fees for services performed. Service revenue is primarily driven by the number of clients, checks or transactions per client per pay period, and utilization of ancillary services.

Payroll

Payroll processing is the foundation of our service portfolio. Our payroll service includes the calculation, preparation, and delivery of employee payroll checks; production of internal accounting records and management reports; preparation of federal, state, and local payroll tax returns; and collection and remittance of clients' payroll obligations. Our payroll services are provided through either our core payroll or Major Market Services ("MMS") and are made available to clients via traditional or Internet-based methods.

Paychex Online is our secure Internet site, which offers core payroll clients a suite of self-service, interactive services and products twenty-four hours a day, seven days a week. These include Paychex Online Payroll®, Internet Time Sheet, Paychex Online Reports, and General Ledger Reporting Service. Using these services, clients can

communicate payroll information, access current and historical payroll information, and transfer payroll information calculated by us to their general ledger accounting software, eliminating manual entries and improving the accuracy of bookkeeping. More than one-half of our clients are currently utilizing some form of Paychex Online payroll service.

Major Market Services: MMS primarily targets companies that have more sophisticated payroll and benefits needs. We currently offer this service in all of our significant markets. Our proprietary MMS software, Preview®, provides a powerful payroll solution and allows smooth integration with other Paychex service offerings. Preview can be used as an on-site, PC-based system or via a secure web-hosted environment.

We offer a software-as-a-service solution to meet the payroll and human resource administrative needs of our MMS clients. This allows Preview to be integrated with various Internet-based services offered to assist clients with their administrative human resource and payroll needs through every step of the employee life cycle. Ancillary services particularly beneficial to our MMS clients include the following:

- Paychex HR Online, our Internet-based human resource management system, offers powerful tools for managing employee benefits, personnel
 information, and critical human resource compliance and reporting needs. In addition, its self-service features allow for better communication
 between management and employees.
- BeneTrac, our employee benefits management and administration system, provides our MMS clients a simple, accurate, and cost-effective solution for streamlined benefits management.
- Paychex Time and Labor Online makes the time and attendance process more efficient. This solution can reduce time spent on preparing
 timesheets, minimize redundant data entry, increase awareness of critical labor information, and aid in compliance with federal time recording
 requirements.
- Paychex Expense Manager is an integrated payroll and expense management solution that allows clients to control discretionary spending while giving employees an easy-to-use, secure tool to prepare and submit expense reports online.
- Applicant tracking, offered through our partnership with Taleo Corporation, provides our MMS clients with a tool to manage their recruiting
 process in order to better hire and retain talented employees.

MMS clients can select Paychex One-Source Solutions, which seamlessly integrates Preview, Paychex Time and Labor Online, and Paychex HR Online applications through a single, web-based client portal. MMS clients also have the option to select from a number of á la carte payroll and human resource ancillary services or opt for our comprehensive human resource and payroll outsourcing solution, Paychex HR Solutions. This flexibility allows our clients to define the solution that best meets their particular needs.

Payroll tax administration services: As of May 31, 2010, 94% of our clients utilized our payroll tax administration services (including Taxpay®), which provide accurate preparation and timely filing of quarterly and year-end tax returns, as well as the electronic transfer of funds to the applicable tax or regulatory agencies (federal, state, and local). Nearly all of our new clients purchase our payroll tax administration services. In connection with these services, we electronically collect payroll taxes from clients' bank accounts, typically on payday, prepare and file the applicable tax returns, and remit taxes to the applicable tax or regulatory agencies on the respective due dates. These taxes are typically paid between one and 30 days after receipt of collections from clients, with some items extending to 90 days. We handle regulatory correspondence, amendments, and penalty and interest disputes, and we are subject to cash penalties imposed by tax or regulatory agencies for late filings and late or under payment of taxes.

Employee payment services: As of May 31, 2010, 77% of our clients utilized our employee payment services, which provide the employer the option of paying their employees by direct deposit, payroll debit card, a check drawn on a Paychex account (Readychex®), or a check drawn on the employer's account and electronically signed by us. More than 80% of new clients select some form of employee payment services. For the first three methods, we electronically collect net payroll from the clients' bank account, typically one business day before payday, and provide payment to the employee on payday. Our flexible payment options provide a cost-effective solution that offers the benefit of convenient, one-step payroll account reconciliation for employers.

Regulatory compliance services: We offer new-hire reporting services, which enable clients to comply with federal and state requirements to report information on newly hired employees. This information aids the government in enforcing child support orders and minimizes fraudulent unemployment and workers' compensation insurance claims. Our garnishment processing service provides deductions from employees' pay, forwards payments to third-party agencies, including those that require electronic payments, and tracks the obligations to fulfillment. These services enable employers to comply with legal requirements and reduce the risk of penalties.

Human Resource Services

Paychex HR Solutions: We offer comprehensive human resource outsourcing solutions that provide businesses a full-service approach to the outsourcing of employer and employee administrative needs. Our Paychex HR Solutions offering is available as an administrative services organization ("ASO"), previously known as Paychex Premier® Human Resources, and a professional employer organization ("PEO"). Both options offer businesses a combined package of services that includes payroll, employer compliance, human resource and employee benefits administration, risk management outsourcing, and the on-site availability of a professionally trained human resource representative. These comprehensive bundles of services are designed to make it easier for businesses to manage their payroll and related benefit costs while providing a benefits package equal to that of larger companies. Our PEO differs from the ASO in that we serve as a co-employer of the clients' employees, assume the risks and rewards of workers' compensation insurance, and provide more sophisticated health care offerings to PEO clients. PEO services continue to be sold through our registered and licensed subsidiary, Paychex Business Solutions, Inc. The integration of the sales and service models of the ASO and PEO under Paychex HR Solutions has reduced redundancies and created more flexible options for businesses owners to find the solution that best meets their needs. As of May 31, 2010, Paychex HR Solutions were utilized by 19,000 clients with approximately 502,000 client employees.

Retirement services administration: Our retirement services product line offers a variety of options to clients, including 401(k) plans, 401(k) SIMPLE, SIMPLE IRA, 401(k) plans with safe harbor provisions, profit sharing, and money purchase plans. These services provide plan implementation, ongoing compliance with government regulations, employee and employer reporting, participant and employer online access, electronic funds transfer, and other administrative services. Auto enrollment is an optional plan feature allowing employers to automatically enroll employees in their company's 401(k) plan and increase overall plan participation. Clients have the ability to choose from a group of pre-defined fund selections or to customize their investment options within their plan. Selling efforts for these services are focused primarily on our existing payroll client base, as the processed payroll information allows for data integration necessary to provide these services efficiently. We are one of the largest 401(k) recordkeepers for small businesses in the U.S. We earn a fee of approximately twenty-five basis points from the external fund managers based on the total asset value of client employee 401(k) funds. As of May 31, 2010, retirement services were utilized by approximately 51,000 clients and the asset value of client employee 401(k) funds externally managed totaled approximately \$11.3 billion.

Insurance services: Our licensed insurance agency, Paychex Insurance Agency, Inc., provides insurance through a variety of carriers. Insurance offerings include property and casualty coverage such as workers' compensation; business-owner policies; commercial auto; and health and benefits coverage including health, dental, vision, and life. Our insurance services simplify the insurance process to make it easy to find plans with the features and affordability to meet the client's needs. With access to over 150 of the top national and regional carriers, our professional insurance agents enjoy a wide selection of plans from which to best match the insurance needs of small business. Clients also have the option to integrate with Paychex payroll processing for easy, accurate plan administration. Paychex Insurance Agency has a website, www.paychexinsurance.com, with information and interactive tools to help educate visitors on insurance and aid in making business insurance decisions. As of May 31, 2010, approximately 92,000 clients have appointed Paychex Insurance Agency as their agent for servicing their business insurance needs.

eServices: We offer online human resource administration software products for employee benefits management and administration and time and attendance solutions. Paychex HR Online offers powerful tools for managing employee benefits, personnel information, and human resource compliance and reporting. Time and

Labor Online helps minimize the time spent compiling time sheet information. It allows the employer to handle multiple payroll scenarios and results in improved productivity, accuracy, and reliability in the payroll process.

Other human resource services and products: We offer the outsourcing of plan administration under section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code, allowing employees to use pre-tax dollars to pay for certain health insurance benefits and health and dependent care expenses not covered by insurance. All required implementation, administration, compliance, claims processing and reimbursement, and coverage tests are provided with these services. We offer state unemployment insurance services, which provide clients with prompt processing for all claims, appeals, determinations, change statements, and requests for separation documents. Other Human Resource Services products include employee handbooks, management manuals, and personnel and required regulatory forms. These products are designed to simplify clients' office processes and enhance their employee benefits programs.

Sales and Marketing

We market our services primarily through our direct sales force based in the metropolitan markets we serve, with sales representatives specializing within our portfolio of services. For the year ending May 31, 2011 ("fiscal 2011"), our sales force is expected to total approximately 2,380 representatives. Our sales representatives are also supported by marketing, advertising, public relations, trade shows, and telemarketing programs. We have grown and expect to continue to grow our direct sales force. In recent years, we have increased our emphasis on the selling of ancillary services and products to both new clients and our existing client base.

In addition to our direct selling and marketing efforts, we utilize relationships with existing clients, certified public accountants ("CPAs"), and banks for new client referrals. More than 60% of our new core payroll clients (excluding acquisitions) come from these referral sources. To further enhance our strong relationship with CPAs, we have partnered with the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants ("AICPA") as the preferred payroll provider for its AICPA Business Solutions Partner Program since 2003.

Our website at www.paychex.com, which includes online payroll sales presentations and service and product information, is a cost-efficient tool that serves as a source of leads and new sales while complementing the efforts of our direct sales force. This online tool allows us to market to clients in more geographically remote areas. In addition, our insurance services website at www.paychexinsurance.com provides information to help small businesses navigate the insurance industry, and generates leads by allowing interested parties to get in contact with a one of our professional insurance agents.

In addition, Advantage Payroll Services Inc. ("Advantage"), a wholly owned subsidiary of Paychex, Inc., has license agreements with independently owned associate offices ("Associates"), which are responsible for selling and marketing Advantage payroll services and performing certain operational functions, while Paychex and Advantage provide all centralized back-office payroll processing and payroll tax administration services. The marketing and selling by the Associates is conducted under their own logos.

Markets and Competition

Industry data indicates there are approximately ten million employers in the geographic markets that we currently serve within the U.S. Of those employers, approximately 99% have fewer than 100 employees and are our primary customers and target market. We remain focused on servicing small-to medium-sized businesses based upon the growth potential that we believe exists in this market segment.

We serve a diverse base of small- to medium-sized clients operating in a broad range of industries located throughout the U.S. As of May 31, 2010, we serviced approximately 536,000 clients. We utilize service agreements and arrangements with clients that are generally terminable by the client at any time or upon relatively short notice. For the fiscal year ended May 31, 2010 ("fiscal 2010"), client retention was approximately 77% of our beginning of the fiscal year client base. While this is relatively consistent with the prior year, we have begun to see some signs of improvement, as clients lost in fiscal 2010 decreased 6% compared to the fiscal year ended May 31, 2009 ("fiscal 2009"). No single client has a material impact on total service revenue or results of operations.

The composition of the U.S. market and the client base we serve by number of employees is as follows:

Business size (Number of employees)	Estimated market distribution(1)	Paychex, Inc. distribution of client base
1-4	77%	41%
5-19	17%	41%
20-49	4%	12%
50-99	1%	4%
100+	1%	2%

⁽¹⁾ Based on currently available market data from Dun & Bradstreet.

The market for payroll processing and human resource services is highly competitive and fragmented. We believe our primary national competitor, ADP® ("Automatic Data Processing, Inc."), is the largest U.S. third-party provider of payroll processing and human resource services in terms of revenue. We compete with other national, regional, local, and online service providers, all of which we believe have significantly smaller client bases than us

In addition to traditional payroll processing and human resource service providers, we compete with in-house payroll and human resource systems and departments. Payroll and human resource systems and software are sold by many vendors. Our Human Resource Services also compete with a variety of providers of human resource services, such as retirement services companies, insurance companies, and human resources and benefits consulting firms.

Competition in the payroll processing and human resource services industry is primarily based on service responsiveness, product quality and reputation, breadth of service and product offering, and price. We believe we are competitive in each of these areas.

Software Maintenance and Development

The ever-changing mandates of federal, state, and local tax and regulatory agencies require us to regularly update the proprietary software we utilize to provide payroll and human resource services to our clients. We are continually engaged in developing enhancements to and the maintenance of our various software platforms to meet the changing requirements of our clients and the marketplace.

In fiscal 2010, we completed implementation of an enhanced platform for our core processing capability, which allows us to leverage efficiencies in our processes and continue to provide excellent customer service. Over the next few years, we expect to expand this platform to additional service offerings.

Employees

As of May 31, 2010, we employed approximately 12,200 people. None of our employees were covered by collective bargaining agreements.

Intellectual Property

We own or license and use a number of trademarks, trade names, copyrights, service marks, trade secrets, computer programs and software, and other intellectual property rights. Taken as a whole, our intellectual property rights are material to the conduct of our business. Where it is determined to be appropriate, we take measures to protect our intellectual property rights, including, but not limited to, confidentiality/non-disclosure agreements or policies with employees, vendors, and others; license agreements with licensees and licensors of intellectual property; and registration of certain trademarks. We believe that the "Paychex" name, trademark, and logo are of material importance to us.

Seasonality

There is no significant seasonality to our business. However, during our third fiscal quarter, which ends in February, the number of new payroll clients, new retirement services clients, and new Paychex HR Solutions worksite employees tends to be higher than during the rest of the fiscal year, primarily because a majority of new

clients begin using our services in the beginning of a calendar year. In addition, calendar year-end transaction processing and client funds activity are traditionally higher during the third fiscal quarter due to clients paying year-end bonuses and requesting additional year-end services. Historically, as a result of these factors, our total revenue has been slightly higher in the third fiscal quarter, with greater sales commission expenses also reported in this quarter.

Other

Information about our services and products, stockholder information, press releases, and filings with the SEC can be found on our website at www.paychex.com. Our Form 10-Ks, Quarterly Reports on Form 10-Q, Current Reports on Form 8-K, and other SEC filings, and any amendments to such reports and filings, are made available, free of charge, on the Investor Relations section of our website as soon as reasonably practical after such material is filed with, or furnished to, the SEC. Also, copies of our Annual Report to Stockholders and Proxy Statement, to be issued in connection with our 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders, will be made available, free of charge, upon written request submitted to Paychex, Inc., c/o Corporate Secretary, 911 Panorama Trail South, Rochester, New York 14625-2396.

Item 1A. Risk Factors

Our future results of operations are subject to a number of risks and uncertainties. These risks and uncertainties could cause actual results to differ materially from historical and current results and from our projections. Important factors known to us that could cause such differences include, but are not limited to, those discussed below and those contained in the "Safe Harbor" statement at the beginning of Part I of this Form 10-K.

We may be adversely impacted by volatility in the financial and economic environment: During periods of weakening economic conditions, employment levels may decrease and interest rates may become more volatile. These conditions may impact our business due to lower transaction volumes or an increase in the number of clients going out of business. Current or potential clients may decide to reduce their spending on payroll and other outsourcing services. In addition, new business starts may be affected by an inability to obtain credit. The interest we earn on funds held for clients may decrease as a result of a decline in funds available to invest and lower interest rates. In addition, during periods of volatility in the credit markets, certain types of investments may not be available to us or may become too risky for us to invest in, further reducing the interest we may earn on client funds. Constriction in the credit markets may impact the availability of financing, even to borrowers with the highest credit ratings. We historically have not borrowed against available credit arrangements to meet liquidity needs. However, should we require additional short-term liquidity during days of large outflows of client funds, a credit constriction may limit our ability to access those funds or the flexibility to obtain them at interest rates that would be acceptable to us. If all of these financial and economic circumstances were to remain in effect for an extended period of time, there could be a material adverse effect on our results of operations.

Our interest earned on funds held for clients may be impacted by changes in government regulations mandating the amount of tax withheld or timing of remittance: We receive interest income from investing client funds collected but not yet remitted to applicable tax or regulatory agencies or to client employees. A change in regulations either decreasing the amount of taxes to be withheld or allowing less time to remit taxes to applicable tax or regulatory agencies would adversely impact this interest income.

Our services may be adversely impacted by changes in government regulations and policies: Many of our services, particularly payroll tax administration services and employee benefit plan administration services, are designed according to government regulations that continually change. Changes in regulations could affect the extent and type of benefits employers are required, or may choose, to provide employees or the amount and type of taxes employers and employees are required to pay. Such changes could reduce or eliminate the need for some of our services and substantially decrease our revenue. Added requirements could also increase our cost of doing business. The recently enacted Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment ("HIRE") Act provides temporary tax breaks to companies that hire the unemployed and will impact our payroll tax administration service clients. The recently enacted health care reform legislation will have a direct impact on insurance services clients. Failure to educate and assist our client regarding these legislations could have an adverse impact on our reputation. Failure by

us to modify our services in a timely fashion in response to regulatory changes could have a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

We may not be able to keep pace with changes in technology: To maintain our growth strategy, we must adapt and respond to technological advances and technological requirements of our clients. Our future success will depend on our ability to enhance capabilities and increase the performance of our internal use systems, particularly our systems that meet our clients' requirements. We continue to make significant investments related to the development of new technology. If our systems become outdated, we may be at a disadvantage when competing in our industry. There can be no assurance that our efforts to update and integrate systems will be successful. If we do not integrate and update our systems in a timely manner, or if our investments in technology fail to provide the expected results, there could be a material adverse effect to our business and results of operations.

In the event of a catastrophe, our business continuity plan may fail, which could result in the loss of client data and adversely interrupt operations: Our operations are dependent on our ability to protect our infrastructure against damage from catastrophe or natural disaster, severe weather including events resulting from climate change, unauthorized security breach, power loss, telecommunications failure, terrorist attack, or other events that could have a significant disruptive effect on our operations. We have a business continuity plan in place in the event of system failure due to any of these events. Our business continuity plan has been tested in the past by circumstances of severe weather, including floods and snowstorms, and has been successful. However, these past successes are not an indicator of success in the future. If the business continuity plan is unsuccessful in a disaster recovery scenario, we could potentially lose client data or experience material adverse interruptions to our operations or delivery of services to our clients.

We may be adversely impacted by any failure of third-party service providers to perform their functions: As part of providing services to clients, we rely on a number of third-party service providers. These service providers include, but are not limited to, couriers used to deliver client payroll checks and banks used to electronically transfer funds from clients to their employees. Failure by these service providers, for any reason, to deliver their services in a timely manner could result in material interruptions to our operations, impact client relations, and result in significant penalties or liabilities to us.

Our business and reputation may be affected by our ability to keep clients' information confidential: Our business involves the use of significant amounts of private and confidential client information including employees' identification numbers, bank accounts, and retirement account information. This information is critical to the accurate and timely provision of services to our clients, and certain information may be transmitted via the Internet. There is no guarantee that our systems and processes are adequate to protect against all security breaches. If our systems are disrupted or fail for any reason, or if our systems are infiltrated by unauthorized persons, our clients could experience data loss, financial loss, harm to reputation, or significant business interruption. Such events may expose us to unexpected liability, litigation, regulation investigation and penalties, loss of clients' business, unfavorable impact to business reputation, and there could be a material adverse effect on our business and results of operations.

We may be exposed to additional risks related to our co-employment relationship within our PEO business: Many federal and state laws that apply to the employer-employee relationship do not specifically address the obligations and responsibilities of the "co-employment" relationship. As a result, there is a possibility that we may be subject to liability for violations of employment or discrimination laws by our clients and acts or omissions of client employees, who may be deemed to be our agents, even if we do not participate in any such acts or violations. Although our agreements with the clients provide that the client will indemnify us for any liability attributable to its own or its employees' conduct, we may not be able to effectively enforce or collect such contractual obligations. In addition, we could be subject to liabilities with respect to our employee benefit plans if it were determined that we are not the "employer" under any applicable state or federal laws.

We may have an adverse outcome of legal matters, which could harm our business: We are subject to various claims and legal matters that arise in the normal course of business. These include disputes or potential disputes related to breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, employment-related claims, tax claims, and other matters. Refer to Item 3 of this Form 10-K for additional disclosure regarding legal proceedings. Legal matters are

subject to inherent uncertainties and there exists the possibility that their ultimate resolution could have a material adverse effect on our financial position and results of operations in the period in which any such effect is recorded.

Quantitative and qualitative disclosures about market risk: Refer to Item 7A of this Form 10-K for a discussion on Market Risk Factors.

Item 1B. Unresolved Staff Comments

None.

Item 2. Properties

We owned and leased the following properties as of May 31, 2010:

	Square feet
Owned facilities:	
Rochester, New York	668,000
Other U.S. locations	280,000
Total owned facilities	948,000
Leased facilities:	
Rochester, New York	141,000
Other U.S. locations	2,295,000
Germany	1,000
Total leased facilities	2,437,000

Our facilities in Rochester, New York house various distribution, processing, and technology functions; certain ancillary functions; a telemarketing unit; and other back-office functions. Facilities outside of Rochester, New York are at various locations throughout the U.S. and Germany and house our regional, branch, and sales offices and data processing centers. These locations are concentrated in metropolitan areas. We believe that adequate, suitable lease space will continue to be available for our needs.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

We are subject to various claims and legal matters that arise in the normal course of our business. These include disputes or potential disputes related to breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, employment-related claims, tax claims, and other matters.

In August 2001, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Rapid Payroll, Inc. ("Rapid Payroll") informed 76 licensees that it intended to stop supporting their payroll processing software in August of 2002. The communication was sent due to the licensee contract assumed by us during the acquisition of Rapid Payroll in 1996 being very unfavorable to us. Thereafter, lawsuits were commenced by licensees asserting various claims, including breach of contract and related tort and fraud causes of action.

On March 9, 2010, the Court of Appeal of the State of California upheld a jury verdict issued on June 27, 2007 in litigation brought by one of the licensees. In that case, the California Superior Court, Los Angeles County jury awarded to the plaintiff \$15.0 million in compensatory damages and subsequently awarded an additional \$11.0 million in punitive damages. We satisfied the judgment, including statutory interest, without further appeal. This was the final pending matter in the Rapid Payroll litigation.

During fiscal 2010, we increased our litigation reserve by \$18.7 million for the Rapid Payroll litigation. Our management currently believes that resolution of outstanding legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on our financial position or results of operations. However, legal matters are subject to inherent uncertainties and there exists the possibility that the ultimate resolution of these matters could have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position and the results of operations in the period in which any such effect is recorded.

Item 4. Reserved

PART II

Item 5. Market for Registrant's Common Equity, Related Stockholder Matters and Issuer Purchases of Equity Securities

Our common stock trades on the NASDAQ Global Select Market under the symbol "PAYX." Dividends have historically been paid on our common stock in August, November, February, and May. The level and continuation of future dividends are dependent on our future earnings and cash flows, and are subject to the discretion of the Board of Directors.

As of June 30, 2010, there were 15,961 holders of record of our common stock, which includes registered holders and participants in the Paychex, Inc. Dividend Reinvestment and Stock Purchase Plan. There were also 7,891 participants in the Paychex, Inc. Employee Stock Purchase Plan and 6,463 participants in the Paychex, Inc. Employee Stock Ownership Plan.

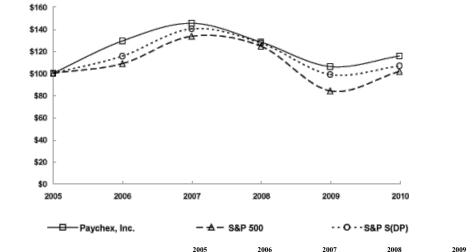
The high and low sale prices for our common stock as reported on the NASDAQ Global Select Market and dividends for fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009 are as follows:

		Fiscal 2010			Fiscal 2009			
	Sales	Sales prices		Sales	prices	Cash dividends declared per		
	High	Low	declared per share	High	Low	share		
First quarter	\$28.74	\$23.84	\$ 0.31	\$35.53	\$30.26	\$ 0.31		
Second quarter	\$31.85	\$27.16	\$ 0.31	\$35.29	\$23.22	\$ 0.31		
Third quarter	\$32.88	\$28.50	\$ 0.31	\$27.95	\$21.83	\$ 0.31		
Fourth quarter	\$32.82	\$28.11	\$ 0.31	\$28.20	\$20.31	\$ 0.31		

The closing price of our common stock as of May 28, 2010, as reported on the NASDAQ Global Select Market, was \$28.54 per share.

The following graph shows a five-year comparison of the total cumulative returns of investing \$100 on May 31, 2005, in Paychex, Inc. common stock, the S&P 500 Index, and the S&P Data Processing and Outsourced Services (the "S&P S(DP)") Index. We are a participant in the S&P 500 Index, a market group of companies with a larger than average market capitalization. The S&P S(DP) Index includes a representative peer group of companies, and includes Paychex, Inc. All comparisons of stock price performance shown assume reinvestment of dividends.

STOCK PRICE PERFORMANCE GRAPH



May 31,	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010
Paychex, Inc.	100.00	129.17	145.14	128.13	106.00	115.53
S&P 500	100.00	108.64	133.40	124.47	83.93	101.54
S&P S(DP)	100.00	115.46	140.15	127.33	98.78	106.65

There can be no assurance that our stock performance will continue into the future with the same or similar trends depicted in the graph above. We will neither make nor endorse any predictions as to future stock performance.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

In thousands, except per share amou	ints	amoi	share a	ner	except	thousands.	In
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2010(1)	2009	2008	2007(2)	2006
\$1,945,789	\$2,007,305	\$1,934,536	\$1,752,868	\$1,573,797
55,031	75,454	131,787	134,096	100,799
\$2,000,820	\$2,082,759	\$2,066,323	\$1,886,964	\$1,674,596
\$ 724,795	\$ 805,200	\$ 828,267	\$ 701,548	\$ 649,571
36%	39%	40%	37%	39%
\$ 476,999	\$ 533,545	\$ 576,145	\$ 515,447	\$ 464,914
24%	26%	28%	27%	28%
\$ 1.32	\$ 1.48	\$ 1.56	\$ 1.35	\$ 1.22
\$ 1.24	\$ 1.24	\$ 1.20	\$ 0.79	\$ 0.61
\$ 61,262	\$ 64,709	\$ 82,289	\$ 79,020	\$ 81,143
\$ 656,918	\$ 574,713	\$ 434,762	\$1,224,211	\$ 962,011
\$5,226,299	\$5,127,415	\$5,309,791	\$6,246,519	\$5,549,302
\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —	\$ —
\$1,401,979	\$1,341,478	\$1,196,642	\$1,952,248	\$1,654,843
34%	41%	39%	28%	30%
	\$1,945,789 55,031 \$2,000,820 \$ 724,795 36% \$ 476,999 24% \$ 1.32 \$ 1.24 \$ 61,262 \$ 656,918 \$5,226,299 \$ \$1,401,979	\$1,945,789 \$2,007,305 55,031 75,454 \$2,000,820 \$2,082,759 \$ 724,795 \$805,200 36% 39% \$ 476,999 \$533,545 24% 26% \$ 1.32 \$1.48 \$ 1.24 \$1.24 \$ 61,262 \$64,709 \$ 656,918 \$574,713 \$5,226,299 \$5,127,415 \$ — \$ — \$1,401,979 \$1,341,478	\$1,945,789 \$2,007,305 \$1,934,536 55,031 75,454 131,787 \$2,000,820 \$2,082,759 \$2,066,323 \$ 724,795 \$ 805,200 \$ 828,267 36% 39% 40% \$ 476,999 \$ 533,545 \$ 576,145 24% 26% 28% \$ 1.32 \$ 1.48 \$ 1.56 \$ 1.24 \$ 1.20 \$ 61,262 \$ 64,709 \$ 82,289 \$ 656,918 \$ 574,713 \$ 434,762 \$ 5,226,299 \$ 5,127,415 \$ 5,309,791 \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ - \$ 1,401,979 \$ 1,341,478 \$ 1,196,642	\$1,945,789 \$2,007,305 \$1,934,536 \$1,752,868 \$5,031 75,454 131,787 134,096 \$2,000,820 \$2,082,759 \$2,066,323 \$1,886,964 \$724,795 \$805,200 \$828,267 \$701,548 36% 39% 40% 37% \$476,999 \$533,545 \$576,145 \$515,447 24% 26% 28% 27% \$1.32 \$1.48 \$1.56 \$1.35 \$1.24 \$1.24 \$1.20 \$0.79 \$61,262 \$64,709 \$82,289 \$79,020 \$656,918 \$574,713 \$434,762 \$1,224,211 \$5,226,299 \$5,127,415 \$5,309,791 \$6,246,519 \$- \$- \$- \$- \$1,401,979 \$1,341,478 \$1,196,642 \$1,952,248

⁽¹⁾ Includes an expense charge of \$18.7 million to increase the litigation reserve.

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations reviews the operating results of Paychex, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries ("Paychex," "we," "our," or "us") for each of the three fiscal years ended May 31, 2010 ("fiscal 2010"), May 31, 2009 ("fiscal 2009"), and May 31, 2008 ("fiscal 2008"), and our financial condition as of May 31, 2010. This review should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Consolidated Financial Statements and the related Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements contained in Item 8 of this Annual Report on Form 10-K ("Form 10-K") and the "Risk Factors" discussed in Item 1A of this Form 10-K. Forward-looking statements in this review are qualified by the cautionary statement under the heading "Safe Harbor Statement under the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995" contained at the beginning of Part I of this Form 10-K.

Overview

We are a leading provider of payroll, human resource, and benefits outsourcing solutions for small- to medium-sized businesses. Our Payroll and Human Resource Services offer a portfolio of services and products that allow our clients to meet their diverse payroll and human resource needs. Our payroll services are the foundation of our service portfolio. They are provided through either our core payroll or Major Market Services ("MMS"), which is utilized by clients that have more sophisticated payroll and benefits needs, and include:

- · payroll processing;
- · payroll tax administration services;
- · employee payment services; and
- regulatory compliance services (new-hire reporting and garnishment processing).

⁽²⁾ Includes \$25.7 million of stock-based compensation costs and an expense charge of \$38.0 million to increase the litigation reserve.

In addition to the above, our software-as-a-service option through our MMS platform provides human resource management, employee benefits management, time and attendance systems, online expense reporting, and applicant tracking.

Our Human Resource Services primarily include:

- Paychex HR Solutions, under which we offer our administrative services organization ("ASO") and our professional employer organization ("PEO");
- · retirement services administration;
- · insurance services;
- · eServices; and
- · other human resource services and products.

We mainly earn revenue through recurring fees for services performed. Service revenue is primarily driven by the number of clients, checks or transactions per client per pay period, and utilization of ancillary services. We also earn interest on funds held for clients between the time of collection from our clients and remittance to the applicable tax or regulatory agencies or client employees. Our business strategy is focused on achieving strong long-term financial performance by providing high-quality, timely, accurate, and affordable services; growing our client base; increasing utilization of our ancillary services; leveraging our technological and operating infrastructure; and expanding our service offerings.

Our financial results for fiscal 2010 were impacted by the cumulative adverse effects of the economic recession in the United States ("U.S.") and global financial crisis that began in 2008. Unemployment rates in the U.S. reached a high in October 2009, and have remained high. The equity markets hit a low in March 2009, with interest rates available on high quality instruments remaining low since then. The Federal Funds rate has been at a range of zero to 0.25% since December 2008. Our combined funds held for clients and corporate investment portfolios earned an average rate of return of 1.5% for fiscal 2010, compared to 2.1% for fiscal 2009 and 3.7% for fiscal 2008.

The weak economy affects our ability to acquire and retain clients, reduces our transaction volumes related to fewer employees in our client base, and results in lower average invested balances in our funds held for clients portfolio. Our results, while reflecting a decline compared to fiscal 2009, were in line with our expectations. Although the economy has remained weak throughout fiscal 2010, our key indicators have reflected modest improvement as the fiscal year progressed.

Highlights of our financial results for fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009 are as follows:

- Payroll service revenue decreased 5% to \$1.4 billion.
- Human Resource Services revenue increased 3% to \$540.9 million.
- · Interest on funds held for clients decreased 27% to \$55.0 million.
- Total revenue decreased 4% to \$2.0 billion.
- Operating income decreased 10% to \$724.8 million, and operating income, net of certain items, decreased 6% to \$688.5 million. Refer to the
 "Non-GAAP Financial Measure" discussion on page 14 for further information on operating income, net of certain items.
- Operating income reflected an expense charge of \$18.7 million to increase the litigation reserve for the Rapid Payroll court decision during the third quarter of fiscal 2010, which reduced diluted earnings per share by \$0.03 per share.
- Net income and diluted earnings per share decreased 11% to \$477.0 million and \$1.32 per share, respectively.

- Cash flow from operations decreased 11% to \$610.9 million, primarily related to the decline in net income and fluctuations in operating assets and liabilities
- Dividends of \$448.6 million were paid to stockholders, representing 94% of net income.

Non-GAAP Financial Measure

In addition to reporting operating income, a U.S. generally accepted accounting principle ("GAAP") measure, we present operating income, net of certain items, which is a non-GAAP measure. We believe operating income, net of certain items, is an appropriate additional measure, as it is an indicator of our core business operations performance period over period. It is also the basis of the measure used internally for establishing the following year's targets and measuring management's performance in connection with certain performance-based compensation payments and awards. Operating income, net of certain items, excludes interest on funds held for clients and the expense charge in fiscal 2010 to increase the litigation reserve. Interest on funds held for clients is an adjustment to operating income due to the volatility of interest rates, which are not within the control of management. The expense charge to increase the litigation reserve is also an adjustment to operating income due to its unusual and infrequent nature. It is outside the normal course of our operations and obscures the comparability of performance period over period. Operating income, net of certain items, is not calculated through the application of GAAP and is not the required form of disclosure by the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"). As such, it should not be considered as a substitute for the GAAP measure of operating income and, therefore, should not be used in isolation, but in conjunction with the GAAP measure. The use of any non-GAAP measure may produce results that vary from the GAAP measure and may not be comparable to a similarly defined non-GAAP measure used by other companies. Operating income, net of certain items, decreased 6% to \$688.5 million for fiscal 2010 compared to \$729.7 million for fiscal 2009 and \$696.5 million for fiscal 2008.

Business Outlook

Our client base was approximately 536,000 clients as of May 31, 2010, compared to approximately 554,000 clients as of May 31, 2009, and approximately 572,000 clients as of May 31, 2008. Our client base declined 3.2% for fiscal 2010, compared to a decline of 3.1% for fiscal 2009 and growth of 2.0% for fiscal 2008. The reduction in our client base for fiscal 2010 reflects the impact of weaker economic conditions on our ability to acquire and retain clients. The environment for new sales remained difficult and new sales units decreased 4.9% for fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009 as a result of low levels of new business formation and fewer companies moving to outsourcing.

For fiscal 2010, client retention was approximately 77% of our beginning of the fiscal year client base. While this was relatively consistent with the prior year, we have begun to see some signs of improvement, as clients lost in fiscal 2010 decreased 6% compared to fiscal 2009. Clients lost due to companies going out of business or no longer having any employees decreased 11% for fiscal 2010, compared to an increase of 17% for fiscal 2009. We focus on satisfying customers to maximize client retention, and for fiscal 2010 we again received high client satisfaction results.

Ancillary services effectively leverage payroll processing data and, therefore, are beneficial to our operating margin. Although the growth rates for our ancillary services for fiscal 2010 were slower than we have seen

historically due to the impacts of the weak economy, we continue to see opportunities within these services. The following statistics demonstrate the growth in our ancillary service offerings:

As of May 31,	2010	2009	2008
Payroll tax administration services penetration	94%	93%	93%
Employee payment services penetration	77%	75%	73%
Paychex HR Solutions client employees served	502,000	453,000	439,000
Paychex HR Solutions clients	19,000	18,000	16,000
Insurance services clients(1)	92,000	86,000	79,000
Retirement services clients	51,000	50,000	48,000

⁽¹⁾ Includes workers' compensation insurance clients and health and benefits services clients.

Continued investment in our business is critical to our success. In fiscal 2010, we made investments in our sales force and in our technological infrastructure. Our sales force increased 2% to 2,340 sales representatives for fiscal 2010, and is expected to grow 2% to 2,380 sales representatives for the fiscal year ending May 31, 2011 ("fiscal 2011"). This growth is driven primarily by increases in insurance services and other Human Resource Services offerings.

We have invested over \$60 million in an enhanced platform for our core payroll processing capability, which was fully implemented in fiscal 2010. This new platform allows us to leverage efficiencies in our processes and continue to provide excellent customer service to our clients. Over the next few years, we expect to expand our enhanced platform to additional service offerings.

We continued expansion of our insurance services nationwide, simplifying the process for our clients to obtain coverage through our network of national and regional insurers. We see our insurance services as an area that continues to offer significant opportunities for future growth.

We also strengthened our position as an expert in our industry by serving as a source of education and information to clients and other interested parties. The new Paychex Insurance Agency website, www.paychexinsurance.com, helps small business owners navigate the area of insurance coverage. In addition, we provide information for existing and prospective clients on the impacts of regulatory changes, such as the Hiring Incentives to Restore Employment ("HIRE") Act and the recently passed federal health care reform bill.

Our ASO and PEO are now being offered under Paychex HR Solutions. We integrated the sales and service model to support and expand our comprehensive human resource outsourcing services nationwide. This allowed us to eliminate redundancies, and create more flexible options for potential clients. PEO services will continue to be sold by the registered and licensed Paychex Business Solutions, Inc. and its affiliates.

Looking to the future, we continue to focus on investing in our products, people, and service capabilities. This will position us to capitalize on opportunities for long term growth.

Financial position and liquidity

The current credit crisis has resulted in unprecedented volatility in the global financial markets, which has curtailed available liquidity and limited investment choices. Despite this macroeconomic environment, as of May 31, 2010, our financial position remained strong with cash and total corporate investments of \$656.9 million and no debt.

We continue to follow our conservative investment strategy of optimizing liquidity and protecting principal. In the past twenty months, this has translated to significantly lower yields on high quality instruments, negatively impacting our income earned on funds held for clients and corporate investments. Since September 2008, our primary short-term investment vehicle has been U.S. agency discount notes. Since then, we have seen gradual improvement in liquidity in certain money market sectors, and starting in November 2009 we began to invest in select A-1/P-1-rated variable rate demand notes ("VRDNs"). During fiscal 2010, we earned an after-tax rate of approximately 0.21% for VRDNs compared to approximately 0.07% for U.S. agency discount notes. We invest primarily in high credit quality securities with AAA and AA ratings and short-term securities with A-1/P-1 ratings.

We limit the amounts that can be invested in any single issuer. As of May 31, 2010, we had no exposure to British Petroleum (BP) or any of its subsidiaries. We believe that our investments as of May 31, 2010 were not other-than-temporarily impaired, nor has any event occurred subsequent to that date that would indicate any other-than-temporary impairment. All investments held as of May 31, 2010 are traded in active markets.

Our primary source of cash is our ongoing operations. Cash flow from operations was \$610.9 million for fiscal 2010. Historically, we have funded our operations, capital purchases, and dividend payments from our operating activities. Our positive cash flows in fiscal 2010 allowed us to support our business and to pay substantial dividends to our stockholders. During fiscal 2010, dividends paid to stockholders were 94% of net income. It is anticipated that cash and total corporate investments as of May 31, 2010, along with projected operating cash flows, will support our normal business operations, capital purchases, and dividend payments for the foreseeable future.

For further analysis of our results of operations for fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, and our financial position as of May 31, 2010, refer to the tables and analysis in the "Results of Operations" and "Liquidity and Capital Resources" sections of this Item 7 and the discussion in the "Critical Accounting Policies" section of this Item 7.

Outlook

Our outlook for fiscal 2011 is based upon current economic and interest rate conditions continuing with no significant changes. Consistent with our policy regarding guidance, our projections do not anticipate or speculate on future changes to interest rates. We project that payroll service revenue for fiscal 2011 will be flat compared to fiscal 2010. Human Resource Services revenue is anticipated to increase in the range of 10% to 13%. Interest on funds held for clients is expected to decrease in the range of 12% to 17%, while investment income, net is expected to increase in the range of 24% to 27%.

Operating income, net of certain items, as a percentage of service revenue is expected to range from 34% to 35% for fiscal 2011. The effective income tax rate is expected to approximate 35% for fiscal 2011. Net income is expected to improve slightly over fiscal 2010. However, when the impact of the expense charge to increase the litigation reserve is excluded from fiscal 2010, net income growth for fiscal 2011 is expected to be flat.

Interest on funds held for clients and investment income for fiscal 2011 are expected to be impacted by the low-interest-rate environment. The average rate of return on our combined funds held for clients and corporate investment portfolios is expected to be 1.3% for fiscal 2011. As of May 31, 2010, the long-term investment portfolio had an average yield-to-maturity of 2.9% and an average duration of 2.5 years. In the next twelve months, slightly over 15% of this portfolio will mature, and it is currently anticipated that these proceeds will be reinvested at a lower average interest rate of approximately 1.0%. Investment income is expected to benefit from ongoing investment of cash generated from operations.

Under normal financial market conditions, the impact to our earnings from a 25-basis-point increase or decrease in short-term interest rates would be approximately \$3.5 million, after taxes, for a twelve-month period. Such a basis point change may or may not be tied to changes in the Federal Funds rate.

Purchases of property and equipment for fiscal 2011 are expected to be in the range of \$80 million to \$85 million, as we continue to invest in our technological infrastructure. Fiscal 2011 depreciation expense is projected to be in the range of \$65 million to \$70 million, and we project amortization of intangible assets for fiscal 2011 to be approximately \$20 million.

Results of Operations

Summary of Results of Operations for the Fiscal Years Ended May 31:

In millions, except per share amounts	2010	Change	2009	Change	2008
Revenue:					
Payroll service revenue	\$ 1,404.9	(5)%	\$ 1,483.7	1%	\$ 1,462.7
Human Resource Services revenue	540.9	3%	523.6	11%	471.8
Total service revenue	1,945.8	(3)%	2,007.3	4%	1,934.5
Interest on funds held for clients	55.0	(27)%	75.5	(43)%	131.8
Total revenue	2,000.8	(4)%	2,082.8	1%	2,066.3
Combined operating and SG&A expenses	1,276.0	_	1,277.6	3%	1,238.0
Operating income	724.8	(10)%	805.2	(3)%	828.3
As a % of total revenue	36%		39%		40%
Investment income, net	4.5	(34)%	6.9	(74)%	26.5
Income before income taxes	729.3	(10)%	812.1	(5)%	854.8
As a % of total revenue	36%		39%		41%
Income taxes	252.3	(9)%	278.6	_	278.7
Effective income tax rate	34.6%		34.3%		32.6%
Net income	\$ 477.0	(11)%	\$ 533.5	(7)%	\$ 576.1
As a % of total revenue	24%		26%		28%
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.32	(11)%	\$ 1.48	(5)%	\$ 1.56

We invest in highly liquid, investment-grade fixed income securities and do not utilize derivative instruments to manage interest rate risk. As of May 31, 2010, we had no exposure to high-risk or illiquid investments. Details regarding our combined funds held for clients and corporate investment portfolios are as follows:

	Year ended May 31,					
\$ in millions	2	010		2009		2008
Average investment balances:						
Funds held for clients	\$ 3	,167.9	\$	3,323.3	\$	3,408.9
Corporate investments		653.8		538.2		716.7
Total	\$ 3	,821.7	\$	3,861.5	\$	4,125.6
Average interest rates earned (exclusive of net realized gains):						
Funds held for clients		1.6%		2.2%		3.7%
Corporate investments		0.8%		1.4%		3.7%
Combined funds held for clients and corporate investments		1.5%		2.1%		3.7%
Net realized gains:						
Funds held for clients	\$	3.2	\$	1.1	\$	6.4
Corporate investments						_
Total	\$	3.2	\$	1.1	\$	6.4

S in millions As of May 31,	2010	2009	2008
Net unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities(1)	\$ 66.6	\$ 66.7	\$ 24.8
Federal Funds rate(2)	0.25%	0.25%	2.00%
Three-year "AAA" municipal securities yield	0.99%	1.35%	2.65%
Total fair value of available-for-sale securities	\$2,151.8	\$1,780.9	\$3,353.5
Weighted-average duration of available-for-sale securities in years(3)	2.5	2.5	2.7
Weighted-average yield-to-maturity of available-for-sale securities(3)	2.9%	3.3%	3.4%

- (1) The net unrealized gain of our investment portfolios was approximately \$71.9 million as of July 12, 2010.
- (2) The Federal Funds rate was a range of zero to 0.25% as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009.
- (3) These items exclude the impact of VRDNs held as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2008, as they are tied to short-term interest rates. We did not hold any VRDNs as of May 31, 2009.

Payroll service revenue: Payroll service revenue decreased 5% to \$1.4 billion for fiscal 2010 as a result of the cumulative adverse effects of weak economic conditions on our client base and check volume. Our client base decreased 3.2% during fiscal 2010 and checks per client decreased 2.6% for fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009. Checks per client has shown modest improvement in each sequential quarter of fiscal 2010, reflecting year-over-year declines of 5.0%, 3.7%, and 2.2% for the first through third fiscal quarters, and an increase of 1.1% for the three months ended May 31, 2010 (the "fourth quarter"). At the end of fiscal 2010, checks per client were slightly higher than at the end of fiscal 2009. Payroll service revenue increased 1% to \$1.5 billion for fiscal 2009 due to our annual price increase and growth in utilization of our ancillary payroll services, offset by impacts of weak economic conditions. During fiscal 2009, our client base declined 3.1%, affected by a decline in new client sales from new business starts and clients lost due to companies going out of business or no longer having any employees. Checks per client declined 2.9% for fiscal 2009.

Our payroll tax administration services were utilized by 94% of all our clients as of May 31, 2010, compared with 93% as of May 31, 2009 and May 31, 2008. Our employee payment services were utilized by 77% of our clients as of May 31, 2010, compared with 75% as of May 31, 2009 and 73% as of May 31, 2008. Nearly all new clients purchase our payroll tax administration services and more than 80% of new clients select a form of our employee payment services.

Human Resource Services revenue: Human Resource Services revenue increased 3% for fiscal 2010 and 11% for fiscal 2009 to \$540.9 million and \$523.6 million, respectively. The following factors contributed to Human Resource Services revenue growth for fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009:

\$ in billions As of May 31,	2010	Change	2009	Change	2008
Paychex HR Solutions client employees served	502,000	11%	453,000	3%	439,000
Paychex HR Solutions clients	19,000	8%	18,000	10%	16,000
Insurance services clients(1)	92,000	7%	86,000	9%	79,000
Retirement services clients	51,000	3%	50,000	2%	48,000
Asset value of retirement services client employees' funds	\$ 11.3	33%	\$ 8.5	(12)%	\$ 9.7

(1) Includes workers' compensation insurance clients and health and benefits services clients.

In addition, growth in products that are primarily beneficial to our MMS clients contributed positively to Human Resource Services revenue growth for fiscal 2010. Health and benefits service revenue increased 49% to \$31.0 million for fiscal 2010 and increased 70% to \$20.9 million for fiscal 2009.

While the above factors contributed to the revenue growth in both fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009 as compared to the respective prior year periods, the rates of growth have been adversely affected by the cumulative impact of weak economic conditions on our client base growth. This particularly affected retirement services, although we have seen client growth for retirement services rebound somewhat late in fiscal 2010 as client losses have improved compared to the prior year.

Retirement services revenue growth was impacted in both fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009 by billings in fiscal 2009 related to restatements of clients' retirement plans required by statute, which are not expected to recur for approximately six years. This favorably impacted retirement services revenue growth for fiscal 2009 by \$12.4 million and did not recur in fiscal 2010.

In fiscal 2010, Human Resource Services revenue was also impacted by the sale of Stromberg time and attendance ("Stromberg"), an immaterial component of Paychex. Our Human Resource Services revenue growth, excluding Stromberg revenue and the retirement plan restatement billings, would have been as follows:

% Change	2010	2009	2008
Human Resource Services revenue, as reported	3%	11%	19%
Human Resource Services revenue excluding Stromberg revenue and retirement plan restatement billings	8%	8%	20%

In fiscal 2010, the 33% increase in the asset value of retirement services client employees' funds was driven by recovery in the financial markets and increased levels of larger plans converting to Paychex. For fiscal 2009, the volatility in the financial markets caused the asset value of retirement services client employees' funds to decline 12%. The S&P 500 declined 34% during the same period. For both fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009, retirement services revenue growth was adversely impacted by a shift in the mix of assets in the retirement services client employees' funds to investments earning lower fees from external fund managers.

For fiscal 2009, the decline in asset value and the shift in client employees' retirement portfolios to investments earning lower fees from external fund managers reduced retirement services revenue growth by \$8.9 million. Also for fiscal 2009, Paychex HR Solutions revenue growth was adversely impacted by fewer employees per client, decreasing revenue by \$8.7 million.

Total service revenue: Total service revenue declined 3% for fiscal 2010 and increased 4% for fiscal 2009. The cumulative effect of the weak economy had a negative impact on service revenue growth as previously described.

Interest on funds held for clients: The decrease of 27% in interest on funds held for clients for fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009 was the result of lower average interest rates earned and lower average investment balances, offset somewhat by higher net realized gains on sales of available-for-sale securities. The decrease of 43% in interest on funds held for clients for fiscal 2009 compared to fiscal 2008 was the result of lower average interest rates earned, lower average investment balances, and lower net realized gains on sales of available-for-sale securities.

Average investment balances for funds held for clients decreased 5% for fiscal 2010 and 3% for fiscal 2009. These declines were the result of the cumulative adverse effect of weak economic conditions on our client base and lower tax withholdings for client employees resulting from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (the "economic stimulus package"). In the second half of fiscal 2010, the impact of these factors was partially offset by increases in state unemployment insurance rates for the 2010 calendar year. The economic stimulus package went into effect in April 2009, and its impact on year-over-year comparisons of average invested balances has abated in the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010. This factor, along with the increases in state unemployment insurance rates, resulted in average invested balances for funds held for clients growing 3% for the fourth quarter of fiscal 2010 compared to the same period in fiscal 2009.

Refer to the "Market Risk Factors" section, contained in Item 7A of this Form 10-K, for more information on changing interest rates.

Combined operating and SG&A expenses: The following table summarizes total combined operating and selling, general and administrative ("SG&A") expenses for fiscal years:

In millions	2010	Change	2009	Change	2008
Compensation-related expenses	\$ 829.3	(1)%	\$ 835.1	4%	\$ 804.7
Stock-based compensation costs	25.6	_	25.7	1%	25.4
Facilities expenses	60.4	1%	59.6	4%	57.4
Depreciation of property and equipment	64.6	1%	64.0	4%	61.4
Amortization of intangible assets	21.9	_	21.8	13%	19.2
Other expenses	255.5	(6)%	271.4	1%	269.9
	1,257.3	(2)%	1,277.6	3%	1,238.0
Expense charge to increase the litigation reserve	18.7	100%		_	
Total operating and SG&A expenses	\$ 1,276.0	_	\$ 1,277.6	3%	\$ 1,238.0

During fiscal 2010, we recorded an expense charge of \$18.7 million to increase our litigation reserve. Refer to Note L of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K, for additional information on legal matters.

Excluding the expense charge to increase the litigation reserve, combined operating and SG&A expenses decreased 2% for fiscal 2010 and increased 3% for fiscal 2009. The decline for fiscal 2010 was generated from cost control measures and lower headcount, offset slightly by costs related to continued investment in our sales force, customer service, and technological infrastructure. In fiscal 2010, we had a freeze on salary increases and made no matching contributions to our 401(k) plan. We reinstituted salary increases beginning March 1, 2010, but the freeze saved us approximately \$15.0 million for fiscal 2010. As of May 31, 2010, no decision had been made on the reinstatement of the 401(k) match, although we saved approximately \$15.0 million for fiscal 2010 from its suspension. The increase for fiscal 2009 was primarily due to increases in personnel, though at a slower pace than prior years, and other costs related to selling and retaining clients and promoting new services. As of May 31, 2010, we had approximately 12,200 employees compared with approximately 12,500 employees as of May 31, 2009 and 12,200 employees as of May 31, 2008.

Depreciation expense is primarily related to buildings, furniture and fixtures, data processing equipment, and software. Increases in depreciation expense were due to capital expenditures as we invested in technology and continued to grow our business. Amortization of intangible assets is primarily related to client list acquisitions, which are amortized using either straight-line or accelerated methods. The increase in amortization in fiscal 2009 was a result of intangibles from acquisitions and client list acquisitions. Other expenses include items such as delivery, forms and supplies, communications, travel and entertainment, professional services, and other costs incurred to support our business.

Operating income: Operating income declined 10% and 3% for fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009, respectively. The fluctuations in operating income were attributable to the factors previously discussed.

Operating income, net of certain items, is as follows for fiscal years:

In millions	2010	Change	2009	Change	2008
Operating income	\$ 724.8	(10)%	\$ 805.2	(3)%	\$ 828.3
Excluding:					
Interest on funds held for clients	(55.0)	(27)%	(75.5)	(43)%	(131.8)
Expense charge to increase the litigation reserve	18.7	100%		_	
Operating income, net of certain items	\$ 688.5	(6)%	\$ 729.7	5%	\$ 696.5

Refer to the previous discussion of operating income, net of certain items, in the "Non-GAAP Financial Measure" section on page 14.

Investment income, net: Investment income, net, primarily represents earnings from our cash and cash equivalents and investments in available-for-sale securities. Investment income does not include interest on funds held for clients, which is included in total revenue. The decrease of 34% in investment income for fiscal 2010 compared to fiscal 2009 was the result of lower average interest rates earned offset somewhat by higher average investment balances resulting from investment of cash generated from operations. The decrease of 74% in investment income for fiscal 2009 compared with fiscal 2008 was primarily due to lower average interest rates earned and lower average investment balances attributed to funding the stock repurchase program, which was completed in December 2007.

Income taxes: Our effective income tax rate was 34.6% for fiscal 2010, compared with 34.3% for fiscal 2009, and 32.6% for fiscal 2008. The increase in our effective income tax rate for fiscal 2010 was primarily the result of higher state income tax rates from state legislative changes. The increase in the effective income tax rate for fiscal 2009 was primarily the result of lower levels of tax-exempt income derived from municipal debt securities in the funds held for clients and corporate investment portfolios. Refer to Note H of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K. for additional disclosures on income taxes.

Net income and earnings per share: Net income decreased 11% for fiscal 2010 and 7% for fiscal 2009 to \$477.0 million and \$533.5 million, respectively. Diluted earnings per share decreased 11% for fiscal 2010 and 5% for fiscal 2009 to \$1.32 per share and \$1.48 per share, respectively. These fluctuations were attributable to the factors previously discussed. In particular, the \$18.7 million expense charge to increase the litigation reserve reduced diluted earnings per share by \$0.03 per share for fiscal 2010. Combined interest on funds held for clients and corporate investment income for fiscal 2010 decreased 28% or \$22.8 million, reducing diluted earnings per share. For fiscal 2009, combined interest on funds held for clients and corporate investment income decreased 48% or \$76.0 million, reducing diluted earnings per share by \$0.14 per share. For fiscal 2009, diluted earnings per share decreased at a lower rate than net income due to a lower number of weighted-average shares outstanding resulting from the stock repurchase program completed in December 2007.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The volatility in the global financial markets that began in September 2008 curtailed available liquidity and limited investment choices. Despite this macroeconomic environment, our financial position as of May 31, 2010 remained strong with cash and total corporate investments of \$656.9 million and no debt. We also believe that our investments as of May 31, 2010 were not other-than-temporarily impaired, nor has any event occurred subsequent to that date that would indicate any other-than-temporary impairment. It is anticipated that cash and total corporate investments as of May 31, 2010, along with projected operating cash flows, are expected to support our normal business operations, capital purchases, and dividend payments for the foreseeable future.

Commitments and Contractual Obligations

Lines of credit: As of May 31, 2010, we had unused borrowing capacity available under four uncommitted, secured, short-term lines of credit at market rates of interest with financial institutions as follows:

Financial institution	Amount available	Expiration date
JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.	\$ 350 million	February 2011
Bank of America, N.A.	\$ 250 million	February 2011
PNC Bank, National Association	\$ 150 million	February 2011
Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	\$ 150 million	February 2011

Our credit facilities are evidenced by promissory notes and are secured by separate pledge security agreements by and between Paychex, Inc. and each of the financial institutions (the "Lenders"), pursuant to which we have granted each of the Lenders a security interest in certain of our investment securities accounts. The collateral is maintained in a pooled custody account pursuant to the terms of a control agreement and is to be administered under an intercreditor agreement among the Lenders. Under certain circumstances, individual Lenders may require that

collateral be transferred from the pooled account into segregated accounts for the benefit of such individual Lenders.

The primary uses of the lines of credit would be to meet short-term funding requirements related to deposit account overdrafts and client fund obligations arising from electronic payment transactions on behalf of our clients in the ordinary course of business, if necessary. No amounts were outstanding against these lines of credit during fiscal 2010 or as of May 31, 2010.

JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Bank of America, N.A. are also parties to our irrevocable standby letters of credit, which arrangements are discussed below

Letters of credit: As of May 31, 2010, we had irrevocable standby letters of credit outstanding totaling \$50.3 million, required to secure commitments for certain of our insurance policies. The letters of credit expire at various dates between July 2010 and May 2011, and are collateralized by securities held in our investment portfolios. No amounts were outstanding on these letters of credit during fiscal 2010 or as of May 31, 2010. Subsequent to May 31, 2010, the letter of credit expiring in July 2010 was renewed and will expire in July 2011.

Other commitments: We have entered into various operating leases and purchase obligations that, under GAAP, are not reflected on the Consolidated Balance Sheets as of May 31, 2010. The table below summarizes our estimated annual payment obligations under these commitments as of May 31, 2010:

	Payments due by period					
		Less than			More than	
In millions	Total	1 year	1-3 years	4-5 years	5 years	
Operating leases(1)	\$ 147.9	\$ 41.4	\$ 59.8	\$ 32.1	\$ 14.6	
Purchase obligations(2)	73.0	46.2	23.6	2.3	0.9	
Total	\$ 220.9	\$ 87.6	\$ 83.4	\$ 34.4	\$ 15.5	

- (1) Operating leases are primarily for office space and equipment used in our branch operations.
- (2) Purchase obligations include our estimate of the minimum outstanding commitments under purchase orders to buy goods and services and legally binding contractual arrangements with future payment obligations. Included in the total purchase obligations is \$8.9 million of commitments to purchase capital assets. Amounts actually paid under certain of these arrangements may be higher due to variable components of these agreements.

The liability for uncertain tax positions was approximately \$27.5 million as of May 31, 2010. Refer to Note H of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K, for more information on income taxes. We are not able to reasonably estimate the timing of future cash flows related to this liability and have excluded it from the table above. We are currently under a state income tax audit for the years ended May 31, 2004 through 2007. The examination phase of the audit is ongoing and we have received a summary of proposed audit adjustments. It is not possible for us to reasonably estimate the impact, if any, if resolution of these proposed adjustments is ultimately unfavorable to us.

Certain deferred compensation plan obligations and other long-term liabilities amounting to \$46.9 million are excluded from the table above because the timing of actual payments cannot be specifically or reasonably determined due to the variability in assumptions required to project the timing of future payments.

Advantage Payroll Services Inc. ("Advantage") has license agreements with independently owned associate offices ("Associates"), which are responsible for selling and marketing Advantage payroll services and performing certain operational functions, while Paychex and Advantage provide all centralized back-office payroll processing and payroll tax administration services. Under these arrangements, Advantage pays the Associates commissions based on processing activity for the related clients. When we acquired Advantage, there were fifteen Associates. Over the past few years, some arrangements with various Associates have been discontinued, and there are currently fewer than ten Associates. Since the actual amounts of future payments are uncertain, obligations under these arrangements are not included in the table above. Commission expense for the Associates for fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008 was \$9.9 million, \$12.3 million, and \$15.3 million, respectively.

We guarantee performance of service on annual maintenance contracts for clients who financed their service contracts through a third party. In the normal course of business, we make representations and warranties that guarantee the performance of services under service arrangements with clients. Historically, there have been no material losses related to such guarantees. In addition, we have entered into indemnification agreements with our officers and directors, which require us to defend and, if necessary, indemnify these individuals for certain pending or future legal claims as they relate to their services provided to us.

We currently self-insure the deductible portion of various insured exposures under certain employee benefit plans. Our estimated loss exposure under these insurance arrangements is recorded in other current liabilities on our Consolidated Balance Sheets. Historically, the amounts accrued have not been material. We also maintain insurance coverage in addition to our purchased primary insurance policies for gap coverage for employment practices liability, errors and omissions, warranty liability, and acts of terrorism; and capacity for deductibles and self-insured retentions through our captive insurance company.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

As part of our ongoing business, we do not participate in transactions with unconsolidated entities such as special purpose entities or structured finance entities, which would have been established for the purpose of facilitating off-balance sheet arrangements or other limited purposes. We do maintain investments as a limited partner in low-income housing projects that are not considered part of our ongoing operations. These investments are accounted for under the equity method of accounting and are less than 1% of our total assets as of May 31, 2010.

Operating Cash Flow Activities

	Ye	ear ended May	31,
In millions	2010	2009	2008
Net income	\$ 477.0	\$ 533.5	\$ 576.1
Non-cash adjustments to net income	161.3	134.4	125.4
Cash (used in)/provided by changes in operating assets and liabilities	(27.4)	20.9	23.2
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 610.9	\$ 688.8	\$ 724.7

The decrease in our operating cash flows for fiscal 2010 related primarily to lower net income adjusted for non-cash items and changes in operating assets and liabilities. The increase in non-cash adjustments to net income in fiscal 2010 is primarily due to the \$18.7 million expense charge to increase the litigation reserve, partially offset by the related increase in deferred tax benefit. The decrease in our operating cash flows for fiscal 2009 was attributable to lower net income. The increase in non-cash adjustments to net income in fiscal 2009 is primarily due to higher depreciation and amortization on property and equipment and intangible assets. The fluctuations in our operating assets and liabilities between periods for both fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009 were primarily related to the timing of collections from clients and payments for compensation, PEO payroll, income tax, and other liabilities

Investing Cash Flow Activities

	Year ended May 31,		
In millions	2010	2009	2008
Net change in funds held for clients and corporate investment activities	\$ (341.2)	\$ 491.4	\$ 1,067.3
Purchases of property and equipment, net of proceeds from the sale of property and equipment	(61.3)	(64.1)	(81.6)
Sale/(acquisition) of businesses	13.1	(6.4)	(32.9)
Purchases of other assets	(11.9)	(16.4)	(19.6)
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities	\$ (401.3)	\$ 404.5	\$ 933.2

Funds held for clients and corporate investments: Funds held for clients consist of short-term funds and available-for-sale securities. Corporate investments are primarily comprised of available-for-sale securities. The

portfolio of funds held for clients and corporate investments is detailed in Note D of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K

The fluctuations in the net change in funds held for clients and corporate investment activities reflect the changing mix of investments. As a result of volatility in the financial markets, in September 2008 we divested of any VRDN securities held and began to utilize U.S. agency discount notes as our primary short-term investment vehicle. U.S. agency discount notes are cash equivalents. VRDNs, although priced and traded as short-term securities, are classified as available-for-sale securities and the cash paid and proceeds received for these securities are included in investing activities. As a result of the divestiture, the proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities exceeded the purchases of available-for-sale securities in fiscal 2009. Much of these proceeds were held as cash equivalents in the funds held for clients portfolio. In November 2009, we began to again invest in select A-1/P-1-rated VRDNs, although at considerably lower levels than in the prior year. We utilized some of our cash equivalents to purchase these VRDNs, and in fiscal 2010 these purchases of available-for-sale securities were in excess of funds received from any sales of available-for-sale securities. Also in fiscal 2010, more corporate funds have been invested in longer-term municipal bonds. There is a significant decline in net cash received from changes in funds held for clients and corporate investment activities in fiscal 2009 compared to fiscal 2008 related to proceeds from sales of available-for-sale securities in fiscal 2008 that were not reinvested as part of the funding of the \$1.0 billion stock repurchase program completed in December 2007.

In general, fluctuations in net funds held for clients and corporate investment activities primarily relate to timing of purchases, sales, or maturities of investments. The amount of funds held for clients will vary based upon the timing of collecting client funds, and the related remittance of funds to applicable tax or regulatory agencies for payroll tax administration services and to employees of clients utilizing employee payment services. Additional discussion of interest rates and related risks is included in the "Market Risk Factors" section, contained in Item 7A of this Form 10-K.

Purchases of long-lived assets: To support our continued client and ancillary product growth, purchases of property and equipment were made for data processing equipment and software, and for the expansion and upgrade of various operating facilities. During fiscal 2010, fiscal 2009, and fiscal 2008, we purchased approximately \$3.2 million, \$4.5 million, and \$4.4 million, respectively, of data processing equipment and software from EMC Corporation. The Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer of EMC Corporation is a member of our Board of Directors (the "Board").

During fiscal 2010, we received \$13.1 million from the sale of Stromberg, an immaterial component of the Company. During fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2008, we paid \$6.4 million and \$32.9 million, respectively, related to acquisitions of businesses. The acquisitions in fiscal 2008 related mainly to employee benefits products. The purchases of other assets were for customer lists.

Financing Cash Flow Activities

	Year ended May 31,		
In millions, except per share amounts	2010	2009	2008
Net change in client fund obligations	\$ 42.3	\$ (346.0)	\$ (198.7)
Repurchases of common stock	_	_	(1,000.0)
Dividends paid	(448.6)	(447.7)	(442.1)
Proceeds from and excess tax benefit related to exercise of stock options	8.2	9.0	67.8
Net cash used in financing activities	\$ (398.1)	\$ (784.7)	\$ (1,573.0)
Cash dividends per common share	\$ 1.24	\$ 1.24	\$ 1.20

Net change in client fund obligations: The client fund obligations liability will vary based on the timing of collecting client funds, and the related required remittance of funds to applicable tax or regulatory agencies for payroll tax administration services and to employees of clients utilizing employee payment services. Collections from clients are typically remitted from one to 30 days after receipt, with some items extending to 90 days. As a

result of May 31, 2010 being a Federal holiday, client fund obligations were higher as collections were made on Friday, May 28, 2010 that were not remitted to client employees and tax or regulatory agencies until June 2010. Also, in fiscal 2010 we have seen an increase in client fund obligations as a result of higher withholdings for state unemployment insurance related to rate increases for the 2010 calendar year.

Repurchases of common stock: We repurchased 23.7 million shares of common stock for a total of \$1.0 billion under our stock repurchase program completed in December 2007.

Dividends paid: A quarterly dividend of \$0.31 per share was paid to stockholders of record during fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009. In July 2008, our Board approved a 3% increase in our quarterly dividend payment to \$0.31 per share from \$0.30 per share. The dividends paid as a percentage of net income totaled 94%, 84%, and 77% for fiscal 2010, fiscal 2009, and fiscal 2008, respectively. The payment of future dividends is dependent on our future earnings and cash flow and is subject to the discretion of our Board.

Exercise of stock options: Proceeds from and excess tax benefit related to exercise of stock options decreased for fiscal 2010 and for fiscal 2009 as compared to the respective prior years. Common shares acquired through exercise of stock options were 0.4 million shares for each of fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009 and 2.0 million shares for fiscal 2008. Refer to Note B to the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K, for additional disclosures on our stock-based compensation incentive plans.

Other

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements: Refer to Note A of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of recently adopted accounting pronouncements.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements: At this time, we do not anticipate that recently issued accounting guidance that has not yet been adopted will have a material impact on our Consolidated Financial Statements. Refer to Note A of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for a discussion of recently issued accounting pronouncements.

Critical Accounting Policies

Note A of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements, contained in Item 8 of this Form 10-K, discusses the significant accounting policies of Paychex, Inc. Our discussion and analysis of our financial condition and results of operations are based upon our Consolidated Financial Statements, which have been prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The preparation of these financial statements requires us to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses. On an ongoing basis, we evaluate the accounting policies and estimates used to prepare the Consolidated Financial Statements. We base our estimates on historical experience, future expectations, and assumptions believed to be reasonable under current facts and circumstances. Actual amounts and results could differ from these estimates. Certain accounting policies that are deemed critical to our results of operations or financial position are discussed below.

Revenue recognition: Service revenue is recognized in the period services are rendered and earned under service arrangements with clients where service fees are fixed or determinable and collectibility is reasonably assured. Certain processing services are provided under annual service arrangements with revenue recognized ratably over the annual service period. Our service revenue is largely attributable to payroll-related processing services where the fee is based on a fixed amount per processing period or a fixed amount per processing period plus a fee per employee or transaction processed. The revenue earned from delivery service for the distribution of certain client payroll checks and reports is included in service revenue, and the costs for delivery are included in operating expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

PEO revenue is included in service revenue and is reported net of direct costs billed and incurred, which include wages, taxes, benefit premiums, and claims of PEO worksite employees. Direct costs billed and incurred were \$3.1 billion for fiscal 2010, and \$2.6 billion for both fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2008

Revenue from certain time and attendance solutions is recognized when all of the following are present: persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists, typically a non-cancelable sales order; delivery is complete for the

software and hardware; the fee is fixed or determinable and free of contingencies; and collectibility is reasonably assured. Maintenance contracts are generally purchased by our clients in conjunction with their purchase of certain time and attendance solutions. Revenue from these maintenance contracts is recognized ratably over the term of the contract.

In certain situations we allow a client a right of return or refund. We maintain an allowance for returns, which is based on historical data. The allowance is reviewed periodically for adequacy with any adjustment to revenue reflected in our results of operations for the period in which the adjustment is identified.

Interest on funds held for clients is earned primarily on funds that are collected from clients before due dates for payroll tax administration services and for employee payment services, and invested until remittance to the applicable tax or regulatory agencies or client employees. These collections from clients are typically remitted from one to 30 days after receipt, with some items extending to 90 days. The interest earned on these funds is included in total revenue on the Consolidated Statements of Income because the collecting, holding, and remitting of these funds are critical components of providing these services. Interest on funds held for clients also includes net realized gains and losses from the sales of available-for-sale securities.

PEO workers' compensation insurance: Workers' compensation insurance reserves are established to provide for the estimated costs of paying claims underwritten by us. These reserves include estimates for reported losses, plus amounts for those claims incurred but not reported and estimates of certain expenses associated with processing and settling the claims. In establishing the workers' compensation insurance reserves, we use an independent actuarial estimate of undiscounted future cash payments that would be made to settle the claims.

Estimating the ultimate cost of future claims is an uncertain and complex process based upon historical loss experience and actuarial loss projections, and is subject to change due to multiple factors, including economic trends, changes in legal liability law, and damage awards, all of which could materially impact the reserves as reported in the Consolidated Financial Statements. Accordingly, final claim settlements may vary from our present estimates, particularly when those payments may not occur until well into the future.

We regularly review the adequacy of our estimated workers' compensation insurance reserves. Adjustments to previously established reserves are reflected in our results of operations for the period in which the adjustment is identified. Such adjustments could possibly be significant, reflecting any variety of new and adverse or favorable trends.

Our maximum individual claims liability was \$1.0 million under both the fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009 policies. As of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009, we had recorded current liabilities of \$5.8 million and \$7.9 million, respectively, and long-term liabilities of \$20.1 million and \$17.9 million, respectively, for workers' compensation claims.

Goodwill and other intangible assets: We have \$421.6 million and \$433.3 million of goodwill recorded on our Consolidated Balance Sheet as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009, respectively, resulting from acquisitions of businesses. The decrease in goodwill was due to the divestiture in fiscal 2010 of Stromberg, an immaterial component of the Company.

Goodwill is not amortized, but instead tested for impairment on an annual basis and between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change in a way to indicate that there has been a potential decline in the fair value of the reporting unit. Impairment is determined by comparing the estimated fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying amount, including goodwill. Our business is largely homogeneous and, as a result, substantially all of the goodwill is associated with one reporting unit. We perform our annual impairment testing in our fiscal fourth quarter. Based on the results of our reviews, no impairment loss was recognized in the results of operations for fiscal 2010 or fiscal 2009. Subsequent to this review, there have been no events or circumstances that indicate any potential impairment of our goodwill balance.

We also test intangible assets for potential impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Stock-based compensation costs: All stock-based awards to employees, including grants of stock options, are recognized as compensation costs in our Consolidated Financial Statements based on their fair values measured

as of the date of grant. We estimate the fair value of stock option grants using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. This model requires various assumptions as inputs including expected volatility of the Paychex stock price and expected option life. We estimate volatility based on a combination of historical volatility using weekly stock prices over a period equal to the expected option life and implied market volatility. Expected option life is estimated based on historical exercise behavior.

We are required to estimate forfeitures and only record compensation costs for those awards that are expected to vest. Our assumptions for forfeitures were determined based on type of award and historical experience. Forfeiture assumptions are adjusted at the point in time a significant change is identified with any adjustment recorded in the period of change, and the final adjustment at the end of the requisite service period to equal actual forfeitures.

The assumptions of volatility, expected option life, and forfeitures all require significant judgment and are subject to change in the future due to factors such as employee exercise behavior, stock price trends, and changes to type or provisions of stock-based awards. Any change in one or more of these assumptions could have a material impact on the estimated fair value of an award and on stock-based compensation costs recognized in our results of operations.

We have determined that the Black-Scholes option pricing model, as well as the underlying assumptions used in its application, is appropriate in estimating the fair value of stock option grants. We periodically reassess our assumptions as well as our choice of valuation model, and will reconsider use of this model if additional information becomes available in the future indicating that another model would provide a more accurate estimate of fair value, or if characteristics of future grants would warrant such a change.

Income taxes: We account for deferred taxes by recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. We record a deferred tax asset related to the stock-based compensation costs recognized for certain stock-based awards. At the time of exercise of non-qualified stock options or vesting of stock awards, we account for the resulting tax deduction by reducing our accrued income tax liability with an offset to the deferred tax asset and any excess tax benefit increasing additional paid-in capital. We currently have a sufficient pool of excess tax benefits in additional paid-in capital to absorb any deficient tax benefits related to stock-based awards.

We maintain a reserve for uncertain tax positions. We evaluate tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return for recognition in our Consolidated Financial Statements. Prior to recording the related tax benefit in our Consolidated Financial Statements, we must conclude that tax positions must be "more likely than not" to be sustained, assuming those positions will be examined by taxing authorities with full knowledge of all relevant information. The benefit recognized in our Consolidated Financial Statements is the amount we expect to realize after examination by taxing authorities. If a tax position drops below the "more likely than not" standard, the benefit can no longer be recognized. Assumptions, judgment, and the use of estimates are required in determining if the "more likely than not" standard has been met when developing the provision for income taxes and in determining the expected benefit. A change in the assessment of the "more likely than not" standard could materially impact our results of operations or financial position. Our reserve for uncertain tax positions was \$27.5 million as of May 31, 2010 and \$25.7 million as of May 31, 2009. Refer to Note H of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of our reserve for uncertain tax positions.

Item 7A. Quantitative and Qualitative Disclosures About Market Risk

Market Risk Factors

Changes in interest rates and interest rate risk: Funds held for clients are primarily comprised of short-term funds and available-for-sale securities. Corporate investments are primarily comprised of available-for-sale securities. As a result of our operating and investing activities, we are exposed to changes in interest rates that may materially affect our results of operations and financial position. Changes in interest rates will impact the

earnings potential of future investments and will cause fluctuations in the fair value of our longer-term available-for-sale securities. We follow a conservative investment strategy of optimizing liquidity and protecting principal. We invest primarily in high credit quality securities with AAA and AA ratings and short-term securities with A-1/P-1 ratings. We limit the amounts that can be invested in any single issuer and invest in short- to intermediate-term instruments whose fair value is less sensitive to interest rate changes. We manage the available-for-sale securities to a benchmark duration of two and one-half to three years. All investments held as of May 31, 2010 are traded in active markets.

Since September 2008, our primary short-term investment vehicle has been U.S. agency discount notes. In September 2008, we sold all of our holdings of VRDNs and prime money market funds as a result of turmoil in the related markets. No losses were recognized on those sales. The proceeds from the sales of these investments were reinvested in U.S. agency discount notes. Since then, we have seen gradual improvement in liquidity in certain money market sectors, and starting in November 2009 we began to invest in select A-1/P-1-rated VRDNs. During fiscal 2010, we earned an after-tax rate of approximately 0.21% for VRDNs compared to approximately 0.07% for U.S. agency discount notes. We have no exposure to high-risk or illiquid investments such as auction rate securities, sub-prime mortgage securities, asset-backed securities or asset-backed commercial paper, collateralized debt obligations, enhanced cash or cash plus mutual funds, or structured investment vehicles (SIVs). We have not and do not utilize derivative financial instruments to manage our interest rate risk.

During fiscal 2010, the average interest rate earned on our combined funds held for clients and corporate investment portfolios was 1.5%, compared with 2.1% for fiscal 2009 and 3.7% for fiscal 2008. With the turmoil in the financial markets, our conservative investment strategy has translated to significantly lower yields on high quality instruments. When interest rates are falling, the full impact of lower interest rates will not immediately be reflected in net income due to the interaction of short- and long-term interest rate changes. During a falling interest rate environment, the decreases in interest rates decrease earnings from our short-term investments, and over time decrease earnings from our longer-term available-for-sale securities. Earnings from the available-for-sale securities, which as of May 31, 2010 had an average duration of 2.5 years, would not reflect decreases in interest rates until the investments are sold or mature and the proceeds are reinvested at lower rates. In the next twelve months, slightly over 15% of our available-for-sale portfolio will mature, and it is currently anticipated that these proceeds will be reinvested at a lower average interest rate of approximately 1.0%.

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale securities that had stated maturities as of May 31, 2010 are shown below by contractual maturity. Expected maturities can differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay obligations without prepayment penalties.

	May 31, 2010					
In millions	Amortized cost		Fair value			
Maturity date:						
Due in one year or less	\$	320.3	\$	324.0		
Due after one year through three years		756.3		783.1		
Due after three years through five years		499.5		526.1		
Due after five years		509.1		518.6		
Total	\$	2,085.2	\$	2,151.8		

VRDNs are primarily categorized as due after five years in the table above as the contractual maturities on these securities are typically 20 to 30 years. Although these securities are issued as long-term securities, they are priced and traded as short-term instruments because of the liquidity provided through the tender feature.

The following table summarizes the changes in the Federal Funds rate over the past three fiscal years:

	2010	2009	2008
Federal Funds rate — beginning of fiscal year	0.25%	2.00%	5.25%
Rate decrease:			
First quarter	_	_	_
Second quarter	_	(1.00)	(0.75)
Third quarter	_	(0.75)	(1.50)
Fourth quarter			(1.00)
Federal Funds rate — end of fiscal year(1)	0.25%	0.25%	2.00%
Three-year "AAA" municipal securities yields — end of fiscal year	0.99%	1.35%	2.65%

(1) The Federal Funds rate was a range of zero to 0.25% as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009.

Calculating the future effects of changing interest rates involves many factors. These factors include, but are not limited to:

- · daily interest rate changes;
- · seasonal variations in investment balances;
- · actual duration of short-term and available-for-sale securities;
- · the proportional mix of taxable and tax-exempt investments;
- · changes in tax-exempt municipal rates versus taxable investment rates, which are not synchronized or simultaneous; and
- · financial market volatility and the resulting effect on benchmark and other indexing interest rates.

Subject to these factors and under normal financial market conditions, a 25-basis-point change in taxable interest rates generally affects our tax-exempt interest rates by approximately 17 basis points.

Our total investment portfolio (funds held for clients and corporate investments) averaged approximately \$3.8 billion for fiscal 2010. Our anticipated allocation is approximately 50% invested in short-term securities and available-for-sale securities with an average duration of less than 30 days, and 50% invested in available-for-sale securities with an average duration of two and one-half to three years.

The combined funds held for clients and corporate available-for-sale securities reflected a net unrealized gain of \$66.6 million as of May 31, 2010, compared with a net unrealized gain of \$66.7 million as of May 31, 2009. During fiscal 2010, the net unrealized gain on our investment portfolios ranged from \$55.1 million to \$82.4 million. During fiscal 2009, the investment portfolios ranged from a net unrealized loss of \$15.2 million to a net unrealized gain of \$86.6 million. The net unrealized gain of our investment portfolios was approximately \$71.9 million as of July 12, 2010.

As of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009, we had \$2.2 billion and \$1.8 billion, respectively, invested in available-for-sale securities at fair value. The weighted-average yield-to-maturity was 2.9% and 3.3% as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009, respectively. The weighted-average yield-to-maturity excludes available-for-sale securities tied to short-term interest rates such as the VRDNs held as of May 31, 2010. We held no VRDNs as of May 31, 2009. Assuming a hypothetical decrease in both short-term and longer-term interest rates of 25 basis points, the resulting potential increase in fair value for our portfolio of available-for-sale securities as of May 31, 2010, would be approximately \$12.0 million. Conversely, a corresponding increase in interest rates would result in a comparable decrease in fair value. This hypothetical increase or decrease in the fair value of the portfolio would be recorded as an adjustment to the portfolio's recorded value, with an offsetting amount recorded in stockholders' equity. These fluctuations in fair value would have no related or immediate impact on the results of operations, unless any declines in fair value were considered to be other-than-temporary and an impairment loss recognized.

Credit risk: We are exposed to credit risk in connection with these investments through the possible inability of borrowers to meet the terms of their bonds. We regularly review our investment portfolios to determine if any investment is other-than-temporarily impaired due to changes in credit risk or other potential valuation concerns. We believe that the investments we held as of May 31, 2010 were not other-than-temporarily impaired. While \$73.6 million of our available-for-sale securities had fair values that were below amortized cost, we believe that it is probable that the principal and interest will be collected in accordance with the contractual terms, and that the decline in the fair value to \$0.4 million below amortized cost was due to changes in interest rates and was not due to increased credit risk or other valuation concerns. All of the securities in an unrealized loss position as of May 31, 2010 and the majority of the securities in an unrealized loss position as of May 31, 2009 held an AA rating or better. We intend to hold these investments until the recovery of their amortized cost basis or maturity, and further believe that it is more likely than not that we will not be required to sell these investments prior to that time. Our assessment that an investment is not other-than-temporarily impaired could change in the future due to new developments or changes in our strategies or assumptions related to any particular investment.

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

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REPORT ON MANAGEMENT'S ASSESSMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

Management of Paychex, Inc. (the "Company") is responsible for establishing and maintaining an adequate system of internal control over financial reporting as such term is defined in Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended. The Company's internal control over financial reporting is designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of the Consolidated Financial Statements. Our internal control over financial reporting is supported by a program of internal audits and appropriate reviews by management, written policies and guidelines, and careful selection and training of qualified personnel.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements and even when determined to be effective, can only provide reasonable assurance with respect to financial statement preparation and presentation. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

The Audit Committee of our Company's Board of Directors meets with the independent registered public accounting firm (the "independent accountants"), management, and internal auditors periodically to discuss internal control over financial reporting and auditing and financial reporting matters. The Audit Committee reviews with the independent accountants the scope and results of the audit effort. The Audit Committee also meets periodically with the independent accountants and the chief internal auditor without management present to ensure that the independent accountants and the chief internal auditor have free access to the Audit Committee. The Audit Committee's Report can be found in the Definitive Proxy Statement to be issued in connection with the Company's 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders.

Management assessed the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2010. In making this assessment, management used the criteria set forth by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission in "Internal Control — Integrated Framework." Based on our assessment, management believes that the Company maintained effective internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2010.

The Company's independent accountants, Ernst & Young LLP, an independent registered public accounting firm, are appointed by its Audit Committee. Ernst & Young LLP has audited and reported on the Consolidated Financial Statements of Paychex, Inc. and the effectiveness of the Company's internal control over financial reporting. The reports of the independent accountants are contained in this Annual Report on Form 10-K.

/s/ Jonathan J. Judge Jonathan J. Judge President and Chief Executive Officer

/s/ John M. Morphy
John M. Morphy
Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON EFFECTIVENESS OF INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and the Stockholders of Paychex, Inc.

We have audited Paychex Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2010, based on criteria established in "Internal Control — Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission (the COSO criteria). Paychex Inc.'s management is responsible for maintaining effective internal control over financial reporting, and for its assessment of the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting included in the accompanying Report on Management's Assessment of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Company's internal control over financial reporting based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether effective internal control over financial reporting was maintained in all material respects. Our audit included obtaining an understanding of internal control over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk, and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

A company's internal control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorizations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorized acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Because of its inherent limitations, internal control over financial reporting may not prevent or detect misstatements. Also, projections of any evaluation of effectiveness to future periods are subject to the risk that controls may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

In our opinion, Paychex, Inc. maintained, in all material respects, effective internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2010, based on the COSO criteria.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), the consolidated balance sheets as of May 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended May 31, 2010 of Paychex, Inc., and our report dated July 16, 2010, expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Cleveland, Ohio July 16, 2010

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM ON CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Audit Committee of the Board of Directors and the Stockholders of Paychex, Inc.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Paychex, Inc. as of May 31, 2010 and 2009, and the related consolidated statements of income, stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended May 31, 2010. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 15(1). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of Paychex, Inc.'s management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States). Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Paychex, Inc. at May 31, 2010 and 2009, and the consolidated results of its operations and its cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended May 31, 2010, in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

We also have audited, in accordance with the standards of the Public Company Accounting Oversight Board (United States), Paychex, Inc.'s internal control over financial reporting as of May 31, 2010, based on criteria established in "Internal Control — Integrated Framework" issued by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations of the Treadway Commission and our report dated July 16, 2010 expressed an unqualified opinion thereon.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Cleveland, Ohio July 16, 2010

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME

In thousands, except per share amounts

Year ended May 31,	20	10	2009		2008
Revenue:					
Service revenue	\$ 1,9	45,789 \$	2,007,305	\$	1,934,536
Interest on funds held for clients		55,031	75,454		131,787
Total revenue	\$ 2,0	00,820 \$	2,082,759	\$ 2	2,066,323
Expenses:					
Operating expenses	6	53,585	680,518		660,735
Selling, general and administrative expenses	6	22,440	597,041		577,321
Total expenses	1,2	76,025	1,277,559		1,238,056
Operating income	7.	24,795	805,200		828,267
Investment income, net		4,513	6,875	_	26,548
Income before income taxes	7:	29,308	812,075		854,815
Income taxes	2	52,309	278,530		278,670
Net income	\$ 4	76,999 \$	533,545	\$	576,145
Basic earnings per share	\$	1.32	1.48	\$	1.56
Diluted earnings per share	\$	1.32 \$	1.48	\$	1.56
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	3	61,359	360,783		368,420
Weighted-average common shares outstanding, assuming dilution	3	61,728	360,985		369,528
Cash dividends per common share	\$	1.24 \$	1.24	\$	1.20

CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS
In thousands, except per share amount

As of May 31,	2010	2009
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 284,316	\$ 472,769
Corporate investments	82,496	19,710
Interest receivable	28,672	27,722
Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts	186,587	177,958
Deferred income taxes	3,799	10,180
Prepaid income taxes	6,653	2,198
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	25,540	27,913
Current assets before funds held for clients	618,063	738,450
Funds held for clients	3,541,054	3,501,376
Total current assets	4,159,117	4,239,826
Long-term corporate investments	290,106	82,234
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	267,583	274,530
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	63,262	76,641
Goodwill	421,559	433,316
Deferred income taxes	21,080	16,487
Other long-term assets	3,592	4,381
Total assets	<u>\$ 5,226,299</u>	<u>\$ 5,127,415</u>
Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 37,305	\$ 37,334
Accrued compensation and related items	163,219	135,064
Deferred revenue	3,447	9,542
Deferred income taxes	17,005	17,159
Litigation reserve	_	20,411
Other current liabilities	41,225	44,704
Current liabilities before client fund obligations	262,201	264,214
Client fund obligations	3,479,977	3,437,679
Total current liabilities	3,742,178	3,701,893
Accrued income taxes	27,468	25,730
Deferred income taxes	7,803	12,773
Other long-term liabilities	46,871	45,541
Total liabilities	3,824,320	3,785,937
Commitments and contingencies — Note L		
Stockholders' equity		
Common stock, \$0.01 par value; Authorized: 600,000 shares;		
Issued and outstanding: 361,463 shares as of May 31, 2010,		
and 360,976 shares as of May 31, 2009, respectively	3,615	3,610
Additional paid-in capital	499,665	466,427
Retained earnings	856,290	829,501
Accumulated other comprehensive income	42,409	41,940
Total stockholders' equity	1,401,979	1,341,478
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$ 5,226,299	\$ 5,127,415
Total nationals and stockholders equity	\$\frac{3,420,277}{}	Ψ 3,127,713

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY

In thousands

			Additional			umulated other	
	Common	stock	paid-in	Retained	com	prehensive	
	Shares	Amount	capital	earnings	(los	s)/income	Total
Balance as of May 31, 2007	382,151	\$ 3,822	\$ 362,982	\$ 1,595,105	\$	(9,661)	\$ 1,952,248
Net income				576,145			576,145
Unrealized gains on securities, net of tax						25,708	25,708
Total comprehensive income							601,853
Common shares repurchased	(23,658)	(237)	(24,395)	(975,367)			(999,999)
Cash dividends declared				(442,146)			(442,146)
Stock-based compensation			25,535				25,535
Stock-based award transactions	2,007	20	67,517				67,537
Cumulative effect of accounting change for							
uncertain tax positions				(8,386)			(8,386)
Balance as of May 31, 2008	360,500	3,605	431,639	745,351		16,047	1,196,642
Net income				533,545			533,545
Unrealized gains on securities, net of tax						25,893	25,893
Total comprehensive income							559,438
Cash dividends declared				(447,732)			(447,732)
Stock-based compensation			25,827				25,827
Stock-based award transactions	476	5	8,961	(1,663)			7,303
Balance as of May 31, 2009	360,976	3,610	466,427	829,501		41,940	1,341,478
Net income	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	476,999			476,999
Unrealized gains on securities, net of tax						469	469
Total comprehensive income							477,468
Cash dividends declared				(448,558)			(448,558)
Stock-based compensation			25,716				25,716
Stock-based award transactions	487	5	7,522	(1,652)			5,875
Balance as of May 31, 2010	361,463	\$ 3,615	\$ 499,665	\$ 856,290	\$	42,409	\$ 1,401,979

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

In thousands

Year ended May 31,	2010			2009		2008
Operating activities						
Net income	\$	476,999	\$	533,545	\$	576,145
Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash provided by operating activities:						
Depreciation and amortization on property and equipment and intangible assets		86,445		85,772		80,614
Amortization of premiums and discounts on available-for-sale securities		35,048		22,956		19,033
Stock-based compensation costs		25,580		25,707		25,434
(Benefit)/provision for deferred income taxes		(3,856)		(1,866)		3,713
Provision for allowance for doubtful accounts		2,631		2,910		3,044
Provision for litigation reserve		18,700		_		_
Net realized gains on sales of available-for-sale securities		(3,232)		(1,135)		(6,450)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:						
Interest receivable		(950)		6,713		19,189
Accounts receivable		(10,190)		3,818		(800)
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		(2,570)		8,356		(5,080)
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		(15,003)		(10,049)		2,715
Net change in other assets and liabilities		1,321		12,044		7,112
Net cash provided by operating activities		610,923		688,771		724,669
Investing activities						
Purchases of available-for-sale securities		(1,554,950)	(16,365,721)	(79,919,857
Proceeds from sales and maturities of available-for-sale securities		1,152,019		17,958,518		81,568,872
Net change in funds held for clients' money market securities and other cash equivalents		61,733		(1,101,371)		(581,738)
Purchases of property and equipment		(61,262)		(64,709)		(82,289)
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		_		618		716
Acquisition of businesses, net of cash acquired		_		(6,466)		(32,940)
Proceeds from sale of business		13,050		_		_
Purchases of other assets		(11,912)		(16,407)		(19,599)
Net cash (used in)/provided by investing activities		(401,322)		404,462		933,165
Financing activities						
Net change in client fund obligations		42.298		(346,002)		(198,649)
Repurchases of common stock				(510,002)		(999,999)
Dividends paid		(448,558)		(447,732)		(442,146
Proceeds from and excess tax benefit related to exercise of stock options		8,206		9,033		67,844
Net cash used in financing activities	_	(398,054)	_	(784,701)		(1,572,950
(Decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(188,453)		308,532		84,884
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of fiscal year		472,769		164,237		79,353
Cash and cash equivalents, end of fiscal year	\$	284,316	\$	472,769	\$	164,237

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Note A — Description of Business and Significant Accounting Policies

Description of business: Paychex, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries (the "Company" or "Paychex") is a leading provider of payroll, human resource, and benefits outsourcing solutions for small- to medium-sized businesses in the United States ("U.S."). The Company also has a subsidiary in Germany.

Paychex, a Delaware corporation formed in 1979, reports as one segment. Substantially all of the Company's revenue is generated within the U.S. The Company also generates revenue within Germany, which was less than one percent of its total revenue for each of the years ended May 31, 2010 ("fiscal 2010"), 2009 ("fiscal 2009"), and 2008 ("fiscal 2008"). Long-lived assets in Germany are insignificant in relation to total long-lived assets of the Company as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009.

Total revenue is comprised of service revenue and interest on funds held for clients. Service revenue is comprised of the Payroll and Human Resource Services portfolios of services and products. Payroll service revenue is earned primarily from payroll processing, payroll tax administration services, employee payment services, and other ancillary services. Payroll processing services include the calculation, preparation, and delivery of employee payroll checks; production of internal accounting records and management reports; preparation of federal, state, and local payroll tax returns; and collection and remittance of clients' payroll obligations.

In connection with the automated payroll tax administration services, the Company electronically collects payroll taxes from clients' bank accounts, typically on payday, prepares and files the applicable tax returns, and remits taxes to the applicable tax or regulatory agencies on the respective due dates. These taxes are typically paid between one and 30 days after receipt of collections from clients, with some items extending to 90 days. The Company handles regulatory correspondence, amendments, and penalty and interest disputes, and is subject to cash penalties imposed by tax or regulatory agencies for late filings and late or under payment of taxes. With employee payment services, employers are offered the option of paying their employees by direct deposit, payroll debit card, a check drawn on a Paychex account (Readychex®), or a check drawn on the employer's account and electronically signed by Paychex. For the first three methods, Paychex electronically collects net payroll from the clients' bank account, typically one business day before payday, and provides payment to the employee on payday.

In addition to service fees paid by clients, the Company earns interest on funds held for clients that are collected before due dates and invested until remittance to the applicable tax or regulatory agencies or client employees. The funds held for clients and related client fund obligations are included in the Consolidated Balance Sheets as current assets and current liabilities. The amount of funds held for clients and related client fund obligations varies significantly during the year.

The Human Resource Services portfolio of services and products provides small- to medium-sized businesses with retirement services administration, insurance services, eServices, and other human resource services and products. Paychex HR Solutions is available as an administrative services organization ("ASO") and a professional employer organization ("PEO"). Both options provide a combined package of services that include payroll, employer compliance, human resource and employee benefits administration, risk management outsourcing, and the on-site availability of a professionally trained human resource services representative. These comprehensive bundles of services are designed to make it easier for businesses to manage their payroll and related benefits costs while providing a benefits package equal to that of larger companies. The PEO differs from the ASO in that Paychex serves as a co-employer of the clients' employees, assumes the risks and rewards of workers' compensation insurance, and provides more sophisticated health care offerings to PEO clients. PEO services are sold through the Company's registered and licensed subsidiary, Paychex Business Solutions. Inc.

Basis of presentation: The Consolidated Financial Statements include the accounts of Paychex, Inc. and its wholly owned subsidiaries. All intercompany accounts and transactions have been eliminated in consolidation. The Company has evaluated subsequent events for potential recognition and/or disclosure through the date of issuance of these financial statements.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents: Cash and cash equivalents consist of available cash, money market securities, U.S. agency discount notes, and other investments with a maturity of three months or less as of the balance sheet date.

Accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts: Accounts receivable balances are shown on the Consolidated Balance Sheets net of the allowance for doubtful accounts of \$1.9 million as of May 31, 2010 and \$4.0 million as of May 31, 2009. The decrease in allowance for doubtful accounts from May 31, 2009 was the result of the sale of Paychex Time and Attendance Inc. ("Stromberg"), an immaterial component of the Company. No single client had a material impact on total accounts receivable, service revenue, or results of operations.

Funds held for clients and corporate investments: Marketable securities included in funds held for clients and corporate investments consist primarily of securities classified as available-for-sale and are recorded at fair value obtained from an independent pricing service. The funds held for clients portfolio also includes cash, money market securities, and short-term investments. Unrealized gains and losses, net of applicable income taxes, are reported as comprehensive income in the Consolidated Statements of Stockholders' Equity. Realized gains and losses on the sale of available-for-sale securities are determined by specific identification of the cost basis of each security. On the Consolidated Statements of Income, realized gains and losses from their respective portfolios are included in interest on funds held for clients and investment income, net.

Concentrations: Substantially all of the Company's deposited cash is maintained at two large credit-worthy financial institutions. These deposits may exceed the amount of any insurance provided. All of the Company's deliverable securities are held in custody with one of the two aforementioned financial institutions, for which that institution bears the risk of custodial loss. Non-deliverable securities, primarily time deposits and money market mutual funds, are restricted to credit-worthy financial institutions.

Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation: Property and equipment is stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation and amortization. Depreciation is based on the estimated useful lives of property and equipment using the straight-line method. The estimated useful lives of depreciable assets are generally ten to 35 years or the remaining life, whichever is shorter, for buildings and improvements; two to seven years for data processing equipment; seven years for furniture and fixtures; and ten years or the life of the lease, whichever is shorter, for leasehold improvements. Normal and recurring repair and maintenance costs are charged to expense as incurred. The Company reviews the carrying value of property and equipment for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable.

Software development and enhancements: Expenditures for software purchases and software developed for internal use are capitalized and depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful lives, which are generally three to five years, except for substantial changes in the functionality of processing applications, for which the estimated useful life may be longer. For software developed for internal use certain costs are capitalized including external direct costs of materials and services associated with developing or obtaining the software, and payroll and payroll-related costs for employees who are directly associated with internal-use software projects. Capitalization of these costs ceases no later than the point at which the project is substantially complete and ready for its intended use. Costs associated with preliminary project stage activities, training, maintenance, and other post-implementation stage activities are expensed as incurred. The carrying value of software and development costs is reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable.

Goodwill and other intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization: The Company has recorded goodwill in connection with the acquisitions of businesses. Goodwill is not amortized, but instead tested for impairment on an annual basis and between annual tests if an event occurs or circumstances change in a way to indicate that there has been a potential decline in the fair value of the reporting unit. Impairment is determined by comparing the estimated fair value of the reporting unit to its carrying amount, including goodwill. The Company's business is largely homogeneous and, as a result, substantially all the goodwill is associated with one reporting unit.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The Company performs its annual impairment testing in its fiscal fourth quarter. Based on the results of the Company's reviews, no impairment loss was recognized in the results of operations for fiscal 2010, fiscal 2009, or fiscal 2008. Subsequent to the latest review, there have been no events or circumstances that indicate any potential impairment of the Company's goodwill balance.

Intangible assets are comprised of client list acquisitions and are reported net of accumulated amortization on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Intangible assets are amortized over periods generally ranging from five to twelve years using either the straight-line method, an accelerated method, or based on client attrition. The Company tests intangible assets for potential impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of such assets may not be recoverable.

Other long-term assets: Included in other long-term assets is the Company's investment as a limited partner in various low-income housing partnerships. These partnerships were determined to be variable interest entities ("VIEs"). The Company is not the primary beneficiary of these VIEs and, therefore, does not consolidate them in its results of operations or financial position. The investments in these partnerships are accounted for under the equity method of accounting, with the Company's share of partnership losses recorded in investment income, net on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The net investment in these entities recorded on the Consolidated Balance Sheets was \$0.6 million as of May 31, 2010 and \$1.5 million as of May 31, 2009.

Revenue recognition: Service revenue is recognized in the period services are rendered and earned under service arrangements with clients where service fees are fixed or determinable and collectibility is reasonably assured. Certain processing services are provided under annual service arrangements with revenue recognized ratably over the annual service period. The Company's service revenue is largely attributable to payroll-related processing services where the fee is based on a fixed amount per processing period or a fixed amount per processing period plus a fee per employee or transaction processed. The revenue earned from delivery service for the distribution of certain client payroll checks and reports is included in service revenue, and the costs for the delivery are included in operating expenses on the Consolidated Statements of Income.

PEO revenue is included in service revenue and is reported net of direct costs billed and incurred, which include wages, taxes, benefit premiums, and claims of PEO worksite employees. Direct costs billed and incurred were \$3.1 billion for fiscal 2010, and \$2.6 billion for both fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2008.

Revenue from certain time and attendance solutions is recognized when all of the following are present: persuasive evidence that an arrangement exists, typically a non-cancelable sales order; delivery is complete for the software and hardware; the fee is fixed or determinable and free of contingencies; and collectibility is reasonably assured. Maintenance contracts are generally purchased by the Company's clients in conjunction with their purchase of certain time and attendance solutions. Revenue from these maintenance contracts is recognized ratably over the term of the contract.

In certain situations the Company allows a client a right of return or refund. The Company maintains an allowance for returns, which is based on historical data. The allowance is reviewed periodically for adequacy with any adjustment to revenue reflected in the results of operations for the period in which the adjustment is identified.

Interest on funds held for clients is earned primarily on funds that are collected from clients before due dates for payroll tax administration services and for employee payment services, and invested until remittance to the applicable tax or regulatory agencies or client employees. These collections from clients are typically remitted from one to 30 days after receipt, with some items extending to 90 days. The interest earned on these funds is included in total revenue on the Consolidated Statements of Income because the collecting, holding, and remitting of these funds are critical components of providing these services. Interest on funds held for clients also includes net realized gains and losses from the sales of available-for-sale securities.

Advantage Payroll Services Inc. ("Advantage"), a subsidiary of the Company, has license agreements with independently owned associate offices ("Associates"). The Associates are responsible for selling and marketing

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Advantage payroll services and performing certain operational functions. Paychex and Advantage provide all centralized back-office payroll processing and payroll tax administration services for the Associates, including the billing and collection of processing fees and the collection and remittance of payroll and payroll tax funds pursuant to Advantage's service arrangement with Associate customers. The marketing and selling by the Associates is conducted under their respective logos. Commissions earned by the Associates are based on the processing activity for the related clients. Revenue generated from customers as a result of these relationships and commissions paid to Associates are included in the Consolidated Statements of Income as service revenue and selling, general and administrative expense, respectively.

PEO workers' compensation insurance: Workers' compensation insurance reserves are established to provide for the estimated costs of paying claims underwritten by the Company. These reserves include estimates for reported losses, plus amounts for those claims incurred but not reported and estimates of certain expenses associated with processing and settling the claims. In establishing the workers' compensation insurance reserves, the Company uses an independent actuarial estimate of undiscounted future cash payments that would be made to settle the claims.

Estimating the ultimate cost of future claims is an uncertain and complex process based upon historical loss experience and actuarial loss projections, and is subject to change due to multiple factors, including economic trends, changes in legal liability law, and damage awards, all of which could materially impact the reserves as reported in the Consolidated Financial Statements. Accordingly, final claim settlements may vary from the present estimates, particularly when those payments may not occur until well into the future.

The Company regularly reviews the adequacy of its estimated workers' compensation insurance reserves. Adjustments to previously established reserves are reflected in the results of operations for the period in which the adjustment is identified. Such adjustments could possibly be significant, reflecting any variety of new and adverse or favorable trends.

The Company's maximum individual claims liability was \$1.0 million under both its fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009 policies. As of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009, the Company had recorded current liabilities of \$5.8 million and \$7.9 million, respectively, and long-term liabilities of \$20.1 million and \$17.9 million, respectively, on its Consolidated Balance Sheets for workers' compensation claims.

Stock-based compensation costs: All stock-based awards to employees, including grants of stock options, are recognized as compensation costs in the Consolidated Financial Statements based on their fair values measured as of the date of grant. The Company estimates the fair value of stock option grants using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. This model requires various assumptions as inputs including expected volatility of the Paychex stock price and expected option life. Volatility is estimated based on a combination of historical volatility using weekly stock prices over a period equal to the expected option life and implied market volatility. Expected option life is estimated based on historical exercise behavior.

The Company is required to estimate forfeitures and only record compensation costs for those awards that are expected to vest. The assumptions for forfeitures were determined based on type of award and historical experience. Forfeiture assumptions are adjusted at the point in time a significant change is identified with any adjustment recorded in the period of change, and the final adjustment at the end of the requisite service period to equal actual forfeitures.

The assumptions of volatility, expected option life, and forfeitures all require significant judgment and are subject to change in the future due to factors such as employee exercise behavior, stock price trends, and changes to type or provisions of stock-based awards. Any change in one or more of these assumptions could have a material impact on the estimated fair value of an award and on stock-based compensation costs recognized in the Company's results of operations.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The Company has determined that the Black-Scholes option pricing model, as well as the underlying assumptions used in its application, is appropriate in estimating the fair value of stock option grants. The Company periodically reassesses its assumptions as well as its choice of valuation model, and will reconsider use of this model if additional information becomes available in the future indicating that another model would provide a more accurate estimate of fair value, or if characteristics of future grants would warrant such a change.

Refer to Note B of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of the Company's stock-based compensation plans.

Income taxes: The Company accounts for deferred taxes by recognition of deferred tax assets and liabilities for the expected future tax consequences of events that have been included in the Consolidated Financial Statements or tax returns. Under this method, deferred tax assets and liabilities are determined based on the difference between the financial statement and tax basis of assets and liabilities using enacted tax rates in effect for the year in which the differences are expected to reverse. The Company records a deferred tax asset related to the stock-based compensation costs recognized for certain stock-based awards. At the time of the exercise of non-qualified stock options or vesting of stock awards, the Company accounts for the resulting tax deduction by reducing its accrued income tax liability with an offset to the deferred tax asset and any excess tax benefit increasing additional paid-in capital. The Company currently has a sufficient pool of excess tax benefits in additional paid-in capital to absorb any deficient tax benefits related to stock-based awards.

The Company maintains a reserve for uncertain tax positions. The Company evaluates tax positions taken or expected to be taken in a tax return for recognition in its Consolidated Financial Statements. Prior to recording the related tax benefit in the Consolidated Financial Statements, the Company must conclude that tax positions must be "more likely than not" to be sustained, assuming those positions will be examined by taxing authorities with full knowledge of all relevant information. The benefit recognized in the Consolidated Financial Statements is the amount the Company expects to realize after examination by taxing authorities. If a tax position drops below the "more likely than not" standard, the benefit can no longer be recognized. Assumptions, judgment, and the use of estimates are required in determining if the "more likely than not" standard has been met when developing the provision for income taxes and in determining the expected benefit. A change in the assessment of the "more likely than not" standard could materially impact the Company's results of operations or financial position. The Company's reserve for uncertain tax positions was \$27.5 million as of May 31, 2010 and \$25.7 million as of May 31, 2009. Refer to Note H of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for further discussion of the Company's reserve for uncertain tax positions.

Use of estimates: The preparation of financial statements in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP") requires management to make estimates, judgments, and assumptions that affect reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue, and expenses during the reporting period. Actual amounts and results could differ from these estimates.

Recently adopted accounting pronouncements: Effective June 1, 2009, the Company adopted the following Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") authoritative guidance, none of which had a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements:

- Revised guidance on business combinations that establishes principles and requirements for recognizing and measuring the identifiable assets
 acquired (including goodwill), liabilities assumed, and noncontrolling interests, if any, acquired in a business combination. This guidance also
 requires that acquisition-related costs and costs associated with restructuring or exiting activities of an acquired entity be expensed as incurred;
- Guidance on subsequent events that establishes standards related to accounting for and disclosure of events that happen after the date of the balance sheet but before the release of the financial statements;

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

- Guidance on determination of the useful life of intangible assets that amends the factors that should be considered in developing renewal or
 extension assumptions used to determine the useful life of a recognized intangible asset; and
- Updates to authoritative standards that provide additional application guidance and enhance disclosures regarding fair value measurements and
 impairment of debt securities. Refer to Notes D and E of the Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements for disclosures related to the Company's
 investments in debt securities and fair value measurements.

Effective September 1, 2009, the Company adopted the following FASB authoritative guidance, which did not have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements:

- Guidance that establishes the FASB Accounting Standards Codification (the "Codification"). The Codification, released on July 1, 2009, became
 the single source of authoritative non-governmental U.S. GAAP and supercedes all previously existing accounting standards. The adoption
 changed certain disclosure references to U.S. GAAP; and
- Guidance providing acceptable valuation techniques for measuring the fair value of a liability in circumstances in which a quoted price in an active market for an identical liability may not be available.

Effective December 1, 2009, the Company adopted the following FASB authoritative guidance, which did not have a material impact on its Consolidated Financial Statements:

- Guidance that clarifies that the stock portion of a dividend payment that is part cash and part stock be considered a share issuance in calculating earnings per share; and
- Guidance that clarifies the scope of the decrease-in-ownership provisions in the Codification and expands the information an entity is required to disclose upon the consolidation or deconsolidation of a subsidiary.

Effective March 1, 2010, the Company adopted FASB authoritative guidance aimed at improving disclosures about fair value measurements. This guidance adds new disclosure requirements for transfers into and out of fair value hierarchy Levels 1 and 2 and separate disclosures about purchases, sales, issuances, and settlements relating to Level 3 measurements. It also clarifies existing disclosure requirements regarding the level of disaggregation for classes of assets and liabilities, and about inputs and valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The adoption of this guidance did not have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Recently issued accounting pronouncements: In June 2009, the FASB issued the following authoritative guidance, which was incorporated into the Codification in December 2009:

- Guidance amending the accounting and reporting standards for transfers and servicing of financial assets, including the removal of the concept of a qualifying special purpose entity; and
- Guidance to require a qualitative analysis rather than a quantitative-based risks and rewards calculation to determine the primary beneficiary of a VIE for consolidation purposes. This qualitative approach focuses on identifying which entity has the power to direct the activities of a VIE with the most significant impact on the VIE's economic performance.

Both of these items are effective for annual periods beginning after November 15, 2009, and are applicable to the Company's fiscal year beginning June 1, 2010. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material effect on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

In October 2009, the FASB issued authoritative guidance related to revenue recognition as follows:

· Guidance for arrangements with multiple deliverables that are outside the scope of the software revenue recognition guidance; and

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

 Guidance eliminating tangible products containing both software and non-software components that operate together to deliver a product's functionality from the scope of current GAAP for software.

Both of these items are effective prospectively for revenue arrangements entered into or materially modified in fiscal years beginning on or after June 15, 2010, with early adoption permitted, and are applicable to the Company's fiscal year beginning June 1, 2011. The Company does not expect the adoption of this guidance to have a material effect on its Consolidated Financial Statements.

Other recent authoritative guidance issued by the FASB (including technical corrections to the Codification), the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants, and the Securities and Exchange Commission did not, or are not expected to have a material effect on the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements.

Note B — Stock-Based Compensation Plans

The Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated (the "2002 Plan"), effective on October 12, 2005 upon its approval by the Company's stockholders, authorizes grants of up to 29.1 million shares of the Company's common stock. As of May 31, 2010, there were 14.1 million shares available for future grants under the 2002 Plan. No future grants will be made pursuant to the Paychex, Inc. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan, which expired in August 2002; however, options to purchase an aggregate of 1.5 million shares under the plan remain outstanding as of May 31, 2010.

All stock-based awards to employees are recognized as compensation costs in the Consolidated Financial Statements based on their fair values measured as of the date of grant. These costs are recognized as an expense in the Consolidated Statements of Income on a straight-line basis over the requisite service period and increase additional paid-in capital. For grants prior to June 1, 2006, costs were recognized on an accelerated basis over the requisite service period.

Stock-based compensation expense was \$25.6 million, \$25.7 million, and \$25.4 million for fiscal 2010, fiscal 2009, and fiscal 2008, respectively. Related income tax benefits recognized were \$7.9 million, \$8.0 million, and \$7.4 million for the respective fiscal years. Capitalized stock-based compensation costs related to the development of internal use software for these same fiscal years were not significant.

As of May 31, 2010, the total unrecognized compensation cost related to all unvested stock-based awards was \$52.0 million and is expected to be recognized over a weighted-average period of 1.7 years.

Stock option grants: Stock option grants entitle the holder to purchase, at the end of the vesting term, a specified number of shares of Paychex common stock at an exercise price per share set equal to the closing market price of the common stock on the date of grant. All stock option grants have a contractual life of ten years from the date of the grant and a vesting schedule as established by the Board of Directors (the "Board"). The Company issues new shares of common stock to satisfy stock option exercises. Non-qualified stock option grants to officers, outside directors, and management are typically approved by the Board in July. Non-qualified stock option grants to officers and management vest 20% per annum while grants to the Board vest one-third per annum.

The Company has granted stock options to virtually all non-management employees with at least 90 days of service, and shares remain outstanding for the following broad-based stock option grants:

Date of broad-based grant	Shares granted	Exercise price per share	Shares outstanding as of May 31, 2010	Vesting schedule
October 2001	1,295,000	\$ 33.17	350,000	25% each October in 2002 through 2005
April 2004	1,655,000	\$ 37.72	755,000	25% each April in 2005 through 2008
October 2006	2,033,000	\$ 37.32	1,294,000	20% each October in 2007 through 2011

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Historically, each April and October, the Company has granted options to newly hired employees who met certain criteria. Beginning with grants issued in October 2005, such grants of options vest 20% per annum. Any future grants of stock-based awards are subject to the discretion of the Board.

The following table summarizes stock option activity for the three years ended May 31, 2010:

	Shares subject to options (thousands)	ighted-average xercise price per share	Weighted-average remaining contractual term (years)	 gate intrinsic value ⁽¹⁾ nousands)
Outstanding as of May 31, 2007	16,268	\$ 34.12		
Granted	971	\$ 40.99		
Exercised	(1,974)	\$ 29.77		
Forfeited	(854)	\$ 36.84		
Expired	(103)	\$ 38.38		
Outstanding as of May 31, 2008	14,308	\$ 35.00		
Granted	1,007	\$ 30.10		
Exercised	(371)	\$ 23.41		
Forfeited	(591)	\$ 36.11		
Expired	(350)	\$ 37.56		
Outstanding as of May 31, 2009	14,003	\$ 34.84		
Granted	1,391	\$ 26.34		
Exercised	(355)	\$ 23.12		
Forfeited	(448)	\$ 33.35		
Expired	(428)	\$ 36.18		
Outstanding as of May 31, 2010	14,163	\$ 34.31	5.4	\$ 4,175
Exercisable as of May 31, 2010	9,770	\$ 34.95	4.5	\$ 232

⁽¹⁾ Market price of the underlying stock as of May 28, 2010 less the exercise price.

Other information pertaining to stock option grants is as follows:

	Y	Year ended May 31,					
In thousands, except per share amounts	2010	2009	2008				
Weighted-average grant-date fair value of stock options granted (per share)	\$ 4.37	\$ 6.52	\$ 9.84				
Total intrinsic value of stock options exercised	\$ 1,378	\$ 2,576	\$ 25,154				
Total fair value of stock options vested	\$ 18,996	\$ 25,842	\$ 32,340				

The fair value of stock option grants was estimated at the date of grant using a Black-Scholes option pricing model. The weighted-average assumptions used for valuation under the Black-Scholes model are as follows:

	Year	Year ended May 31		
	2010	2009	2008	
Risk-free interest rate	3.0%	3.2%	4.3%	
Dividend yield	4.5%	3.6%	2.9%	
Volatility factor	.28	.28	.26	
Expected option life in years	6.3	6.3	6.0	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Risk-free interest rates are yields for zero coupon U.S. Treasury notes maturing approximately at the end of the expected option life. The estimated volatility factor is based on a combination of historical volatility using weekly stock prices over a period equal to the expected option life and implied market volatility. The expected option life is based on historical exercise behavior.

The Company has determined that the Black-Scholes option pricing model, as well as the underlying assumptions used in its application, are appropriate in estimating the fair value of its stock option grants. The Company periodically assesses its assumptions as well as its choice of valuation model, and will reconsider use of this model if additional information becomes available in the future indicating that another model would provide a more accurate estimate of fair value, or if characteristics of future grants would warrant such a change.

Restricted stock awards: The Board has approved grants of restricted stock awards to the Company's officers and outside directors in accordance with the 2002 Plan. All shares underlying awards of restricted stock are restricted in that they are not transferable until they vest. The recipients of the restricted stock have voting rights and earn dividends, which are paid to the recipient at the time of vesting of the awards. If the recipient leaves Paychex prior to the vesting date for any reason, the shares of restricted stock and the dividends accrued on those shares will be forfeited and returned to Paychex.

For restricted stock awards granted to officers, the shares vest upon the fifth anniversary of the grant date provided the recipient is still an employee of the Company on that date. These awards have a provision for the acceleration of vesting based on achievement of performance targets established by the Board. If the established targets are met for a fiscal year, up to one-third of the award may vest. If all the targets are met for three consecutive years, the award will be fully vested. For outside directors, the shares vest on the third anniversary of the grant date. The fair value of restricted stock awards is equal to the closing market price of the underlying common stock as of the date of grant and is expensed over the requisite service period on a straight-line basis.

The following table summarizes restricted stock activity for the three years ended May 31, 2010:

In thousands, except per share amounts	Restricted shares	 Veighted-average grant-date fair value per share
Nonvested as of May 31, 2007	105	\$ 36.87
Granted	134	\$ 43.91
Vested	(33)	\$ 36.87
Forfeited	(16)	\$ 41.09
Nonvested as of May 31, 2008	190	\$ 41.48
Granted	140	\$ 31.76
Vested	(66)	\$ 39.82
Forfeited	(19)	\$ 36.81
Nonvested as of May 31, 2009	245	\$ 36.74
Granted	153	\$ 24.60
Vested	(9)	\$ 35.79
Forfeited	(19)	\$ 32.66
Nonvested as of May 31, 2010	370	\$ 31.95

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Restricted stock units: Beginning in July 2007, the Board approved grants of restricted stock units ("RSUs") to non-officer management as a replacement of non-qualified stock options. RSUs do not have voting rights or earn dividend equivalents during the vesting period. These awards vest 20% per annum over five years with a small population of awards vesting on the fourth anniversary of the grant date. The fair value of RSUs is equal to the

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

closing market price of the underlying common stock as of the date of grant, adjusted for the present value of expected dividends over the vesting period.

The following table summarizes RSU activity for the three years ended May 31, 2010:

In thousands, except per share amounts	RSUs	 eighted-average grant-date fair value per share
Nonvested as of May 31, 2007	_	_
Granted	499	\$ 40.60
Vested	_	_
Forfeited	(29)	\$ 40.60
Nonvested as of May 31, 2008	470	\$ 40.60
Granted	607	\$ 28.30
Vested	(93)	\$ 40.60
Forfeited	(44)	\$ 34.65
Nonvested as of May 31, 2009	940	\$ 32.93
Granted	567	\$ 20.62
Vested	(193)	\$ 34.01
Forfeited	(69)	\$ 28.88
Nonvested as of May 31, 2010	1,245	\$ 27.39

Non-compensatory employee benefit plan: The Company offers an Employee Stock Purchase Plan to all employees under which the Company's common stock can be purchased through a payroll deduction with no discount to the market price and no look-back provision. All transactions occur directly through the Company's transfer agent and no brokerage fees are charged to employees, except for when stock is sold. The plan has been deemed non-compensatory and therefore, no stock-based compensation costs have been recognized for fiscal 2010, fiscal 2009, or fiscal 2008 related to this plan.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Note C — Basic and Diluted Earnings Per Share

Basic and diluted earnings per share were calculated as follows:

	Year ended May 31,		
In thousands, except per share amounts	2010	2009	2008
Basic earnings per share:			
Net income	\$ 476,999	\$ 533,545	\$ 576,145
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	361,359	360,783	368,420
Basic earnings per share	\$ 1.32	\$ 1.48	\$ 1.56
Diluted earnings per share:			
Net income	\$ 476,999	\$ 533,545	\$ 576,145
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	361,359	360,783	368,420
Dilutive effect of common share equivalents at average market price	369	202	1,108
Weighted-average common shares outstanding, assuming dilution	361,728	360,985	369,528
Diluted earnings per share	\$ 1.32	\$ 1.48	\$ 1.56
Weighted-average anti-dilutive common share equivalents	13,020	13,503	6,465

Weighted-average common share equivalents that had an anti-dilutive impact are excluded from the computation of diluted earnings per share.

In December 2007, the Company completed its stock repurchase program commenced in August 2007 to repurchase shares of its common stock, and repurchased 23.7 million shares for \$1.0 billion.

Note D — Funds Held for Clients and Corporate Investments

Funds held for clients and corporate investments are as follows:

	May 31, 2010				
In thousands	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value	
Type of issue:					
Money market securities and other cash equivalents	\$ 1,754,545	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,754,545	
Available-for-sale securities:					
General obligation municipal bonds	951,085	33,653	(248)	984,490	
Pre-refunded municipal bonds(1)	539,809	19,545	(26)	559,328	
Revenue municipal bonds	368,075	13,726	(121)	381,680	
Variable rate demand notes(2)	226,280	_	_	226,280	
Other equity securities	20	49		69	
Total available-for-sale securities	2,085,269	66,973	(395)	2,151,847	
Other	7,484	15	(235)	7,264	
Total funds held for clients and corporate investments	\$ 3,847,298	\$ 66,988	<u>\$ (630)</u>	\$ 3,913,656	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

	May 31, 2009					
In thousands	Amortized cost	Gross unrealized gains	Gross unrealized losses	Fair value		
Type of issue:						
Money market securities and other cash equivalents	\$ 1,816,278	\$ —	\$ —	\$ 1,816,278		
Available-for-sale securities:						
General obligation municipal bonds	849,594	32,698	(136)	882,156		
Pre-refunded municipal bonds(1)	527,864	21,334	(24)	549,174		
Revenue municipal bonds	336,675	12,818	(32)	349,461		
Variable rate demand notes	_	_	_	_		
Other equity securities	20	42		62		
Total available-for-sale securities	1,714,153	66,892	(192)	1,780,853		
Other	7,477		(1,288)	6,189		
Total funds held for clients and corporate investments	\$ 3,537,908	\$ 66,892	\$ (1,480)	\$ 3,603,320		

⁽¹⁾ Pre-refunded municipal bonds are secured by an escrow fund of U.S. government obligations.

Included in money market securities and other cash equivalents as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009 are U.S. agency discount notes, government money market funds, and bank demand deposit accounts.

Classification of investments on the Consolidated Balance Sheets is as follows:

	May	y 31,
In thousands	2010	2009
Funds held for clients	\$ 3,541,054	\$ 3,501,376
Corporate investments	82,496	19,710
Long-term corporate investments	290,106	82,234
Total funds held for clients and corporate investments	\$ 3,913,656	\$ 3,603,320

The Company is exposed to credit risk in connection with these investments through the possible inability of borrowers to meet the terms of their bonds. In addition, the Company is exposed to interest rate risk, as rate volatility will cause fluctuations in the fair value of held investments and in the earnings potential of future investments. The Company follows a conservative investment strategy of optimizing liquidity and protecting principal. The Company invests primarily in high credit quality securities with AAA and AA ratings and short-term securities with A-1/P-1 ratings. It limits the amounts that can be invested in any single issuer, and invests in short- to intermediate-term instruments whose fair value is less sensitive to interest rate changes. All the investments held as of May 31, 2010 are traded in active markets. The Company has not and does not utilize derivative financial instruments to manage interest rate risk.

The Company's available-for-sale securities reflected a net unrealized gain of \$66.6 million as of May 31, 2010 compared with a net unrealized gain of \$66.7 million as of May 31, 2009. The gross unrealized losses of \$0.4 million, included in the net unrealized gain as of May 31, 2010, were comprised of 23 available-for-sale securities, which had a total fair value of \$73.6 million. The gross unrealized losses of \$0.2 million, included in the

⁽²⁾ Beginning in November 2009, the Company began to invest in variable rate demand notes ("VRDNs") for the first time since September 2008.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

net unrealized gain as of May 31, 2009, were comprised of 14 available-for-sale securities with a total fair value of \$39.4 million. The securities in an unrealized loss position were as follows as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009:

The securities in an unrealized loss position were as follows:

	May 31, 2010								
		Less than twelve months		More than twelve months					
In thousands	uni	Gross realized losses	Fair value	Gunr	ross ealized	Fair value	uni	Tota Gross realized losses	Fair value
Type of issue:					_		_		
General obligation municipal bonds	\$	(248)	\$ 44,025	\$	_	s —	\$	(248)	\$ 44,025
Pre-refunded municipal bonds		(26)	4,135		_	· —		(26)	4,135
Revenue municipal bonds		(121)	25,469		_	_		(121)	25,469
Total	\$	(395)	\$ 73,629	\$		<u>\$</u> —	\$	(395)	\$ 73,629

	May 31, 2009										
		Less th			More than			Tota			
		twelve m	ionths	twelve months				11			
In thousands	un	Gross realized losses	Fair value	Gross unrealized losses		unrealized		Fair value		Gross realized losses	Fair value
Type of issue:											
General obligation municipal bonds	\$	(136)	\$ 28,915	\$	_	\$ —	\$	(136)	\$ 28,915		
Pre-refunded municipal bonds		(24)	4,490		_	_		(24)	4,490		
Revenue municipal bonds		(21)	2,943	-	(11)	3,010		(32)	5,953		
Total	\$	(181)	\$ 36,348	\$	(11)	\$ 3,010	\$	(192)	\$ 39,358		

The Company regularly reviews its investment portfolios to determine if any investment is other-than-temporarily impaired due to changes in credit risk or other potential valuation concerns. The Company believes that the investments held as of May 31, 2010 were not other-than-temporarily impaired. While \$73.6 million of available-for-sale securities had fair values that were below amortized cost, the Company believes that it is probable that the principal and interest will be collected in accordance with contractual terms, and that the decline in the fair value to \$0.4 million below amortized cost was due to changes in interest rates and was not due to increased credit risk or other valuation concerns. All of the securities in an unrealized loss position as of May 31, 2010 and the majority of the securities in an unrealized sos position as of May 31, 2009 held an AA rating or better. The Company intends to hold these investments until the recovery of their amortized cost basis or maturity, and further believes that it is more likely than not that it will not be required to sell these investments prior to that time. The Company's assessment that an investment is not other-than-temporarily impaired could change in the future due to new developments or changes in the Company's strategies or assumptions related to any particular investment.

Realized gains and losses from the sale of available-for-sale securities were as follows:

Ye	Year ended May 31,				
2010	2009	2008			
\$ 3,235	\$ 1,269	\$ 7,161			
(3)	(134)	(711)			
<u>\$ 3,232</u>	\$ 1,135	\$ 6,450			
	2010 \$ 3,235 (3) \$ 3,232	2010 2009 \$ 3,235 \$ 1,269 (3) (134) \$ 3,232 \$ 1,135			

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The amortized cost and fair value of available-for-sale securities that had stated maturities as of May 31, 2010 are shown below by contractual maturity. Expected maturities can differ from contractual maturities because borrowers may have the right to prepay obligations without prepayment penalties.

	May 31, 2010			
In thousands	A	mortized cost		Fair value
Maturity date:	<u> </u>		_	
Due in one year or less	\$	320,289	\$	323,966
Due after one year through three years		756,267		783,097
Due after three years through five years		499,530		526,116
Due after five years		509,163		518,599
Total	\$	2,085,249	\$	2,151,778

VRDNs are primarily categorized as due after five years in the table above as the contractual maturities on these securities are typically 20 to 30 years. Although these securities are issued as long-term securities, they are priced and traded as short-term instruments because of the liquidity provided through the tender feature.

Note E — Fair Value Measurements

The carrying values of cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, net of allowance for doubtful accounts, and accounts payable approximate fair value due to the short maturities of these instruments. Marketable securities included in funds held for clients and corporate investments consist primarily of securities classified as available-for-sale and are recorded at fair value on a recurring basis.

The accounting standards related to fair value measurements include a hierarchy for information and valuations used in measuring fair value that is broken down into three levels based on reliability, as follows:

- · Level 1 valuations are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical instruments that the Company has the ability to access.
- Level 2 valuations are based on quoted prices for similar, but not identical, instruments in active markets; quoted prices for identical or similar instruments in markets that are not active; or other than quoted prices observable inputs.
- · Level 3 valuations are based on information that is unobservable and significant to the overall fair value measurement.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The Company's financial assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis were as follows:

	 May 31, 2010					
In thousands	Quoted prices in Carrying active Significant other value markets observable inputs (Fair value) (Level 1) (Level 2)			Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)		
Assets:						
Available-for-sale securities:						
General obligation municipal bonds	\$ 984,490	\$ —	\$	984,490	\$	_
Pre-refunded municipal bonds	559,328	_		559,328		_
Revenue municipal bonds	381,680	_		381,680		_
Variable rate demand notes	226,280	_		226,280		_
Other equity securities	69	69		_		_
Total available-for-sale securities	\$ 2,151,847	\$ 69	\$	2,151,778	\$	
Other securities	\$ 7,264	\$ 7,264	\$	_	\$	_
Liabilities:						
Other long-term liabilities	\$ 7,254	\$ 7,254	\$	_	\$	_

	 May 31, 2009						
In thousands	Carrying value Fair value)	prio ac ma	oted ces in tive rkets vel 1)	obse	nificant other ervable inputs (Level 2)	unol i	enificant observable nputs nevel 3)
Assets:							
Available-for-sale securities:							
General obligation municipal bonds	\$ 882,156	\$	_	\$	882,156	\$	_
Pre-refunded municipal bonds	549,174		_		549,174		_
Revenue municipal bonds	349,461		_		349,461		_
Variable rate demand notes	_		_		_		_
Other equity securities	62		62				_
Total available-for-sale securities	\$ 1,780,853	\$	62	\$	1,780,791	\$	_
Other securities	\$ 6,189	\$ 6	5,189	\$	_	\$	_
Liabilities:							
Other long-term liabilities	\$ 6,197	\$ 6	5,197	\$	_	\$	_

In determining the fair value of its assets and liabilities, the Company predominately uses the market approach. In determining the fair value of its available-for-sale securities, the Company utilizes the Interactive Data Pricing service. Other securities are comprised of mutual fund investments, which are valued based on quoted market prices. Other long-term liabilities include the liability for the Company's non-qualified and unfunded deferred compensation plans, and are valued based on the quoted market prices for various mutual fund investment choices.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, although the Company believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Note F — Property and Equipment, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

The components of property and equipment, at cost, consisted of the following:

	May 3		
In thousands	2010	2009	
Land and improvements	\$ 4,200	\$ 4,033	
Buildings and improvements	84,080	83,386	
Data processing equipment	186,778	180,448	
Software	178,793	165,959	
Furniture, fixtures, and equipment	147,093	143,638	
Leasehold improvements	91,418	88,509	
Construction in progress	17,916	4,034	
Total property and equipment, gross	710,278	670,007	
Less: Accumulated depreciation and amortization	442,695	395,477	
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 267,583	\$ 274,530	

Depreciation expense was \$64.6 million, \$64.0 million, and \$61.4 million for fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

Note G — Goodwill and Intangible Assets, Net of Accumulated Amortization

The Company had goodwill balances on its Consolidated Balance Sheets of \$421.6 million as of May 31, 2010, and \$433.3 million as of May 31, 2009. The decrease in goodwill was due to divesting of Stromberg, an immaterial component of the Company.

The Company has certain intangible assets with finite lives. The components of intangible assets, at cost, consisted of the following:

		y 31,	
In thousands	2010	2009	
Client lists	\$ 194,339	\$ 194,887	
Other intangible assets	4,935	5,675	
Total intangible assets, gross	199,274	200,562	
Less: Accumulated amortization	136,012	123,921	
Intangible assets, net of accumulated amortization	\$ 63,262	\$ 76,641	

Amortization expense for intangible assets was \$21.9 million, \$21.8 million, and \$19.2 million for fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The estimated amortization expense for the next five fiscal years relating to intangible asset balances is as follows:

In thousands Estimated amortization expense 2011 \$ 19,312 2012 \$ 16,209 2013 \$ 11,342 2014 \$ 7,177 2015 \$ 4,574

Note H — Income Taxes

The components of deferred tax assets and liabilities are as follows:

	May	31,	
In thousands	2010	2009	
Deferred tax assets:			
Litigation reserve	\$ —	\$ 7,637	
Compensation and employee benefit liabilities	14,753	14,412	
Other current liabilities	8,300	8,974	
Tax credit carry forward	22,467	17,491	
Depreciation	11,985	10,025	
Stock-based compensation	25,218	20,770	
Other	7,565	6,121	
Gross deferred tax assets	90,288	85,430	
Deferred tax liabilities:			
Capitalized software	27,578	26,711	
Intangible assets	27,679	25,529	
Revenue not subject to current taxes	10,513	10,896	
Unrealized gains on available-for-sale securities	24,115	24,710	
Other	332	849	
Gross deferred tax liabilities	90,217	88,695	
Net deferred tax asset/(liability)	\$ 7 <u>1</u>	\$ (3,265)	

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The components of the provision for income taxes are as follows:

In thousands	2010	2009	2008	
Current:				
Federal	\$ 230,143	\$ 256,030	\$ 252,623	
State	26,022	24,366	22,334	
Total current	256,165	280,396	274,957	
Deferred:				
Federal	(3,812)	(1,313)	4,036	
State	(44)	(553)	(323)	
Total deferred	(3,856)	(1,866)	3,713	
Provision for income taxes	\$ 252,309	\$ 278,530	\$ 278,670	

A reconciliation of the U.S. federal statutory tax rate to the Company's effective income tax rate is as follows:

	Year	ended May 3	1,
	2010	2009	2008
Federal statutory tax rate	35.0%	35.0%	35.0%
Increase/(decrease) resulting from:			
State income taxes, net of federal tax benefit	2.3	1.9	1.7
Tax-exempt municipal bond interest	(2.7)	(2.6)	(4.1)
Effective income tax rate	<u>34.6</u> %	34.3%	32.6%

On June 1, 2007, the Company adopted authoritative accounting guidance on uncertain tax positions. This guidance prescribes minimum recognition thresholds for evaluating uncertain income tax positions, and provides information on derecognition, measurement, classification, interest and penalties, accounting in interim periods, disclosure, and transition. The impact of the adoption mainly affected the state income tax rate, net of federal benefit.

Upon adoption, the Company recorded a cumulative effect adjustment by increasing its reserve for uncertain tax positions by \$8.4 million, with an offsetting decrease to opening retained earnings. As of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009, the total reserve for uncertain tax positions was \$27.5 million and \$25.7 million, respectively, and is included in long-term liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets.

A reconciliation of the beginning and ending amounts of the Company's gross unrecognized tax benefits, not including interest or other potential offsetting effects, is as follows:

	Y	ear ended May 3	1,
In thousands	2010	2009	2008
Balance as of beginning of fiscal year	\$ 35,808	\$ 25,673	\$ 15,911
Additions for tax positions of the current year	464	10,749	9,650
Adjustments for tax positions of prior years	25	(167)	102
Settlements with tax authorities	_	(102)	241
Expiration of the statute of limitations	(472)	(345)	(231)
Balance as of end of fiscal year	<u>\$ 35,825</u>	\$ 35,808	\$ 25,673

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

The Company is subject to U.S. federal income tax as well as income tax in one foreign and numerous state jurisdictions. Uncertain tax positions relate primarily to state income tax matters. The Company believes it is probable that the reserve for uncertain tax positions will increase in the next twelve months, resulting from the settlement of open periods and the effect of operations on anticipated tax benefits. It is anticipated that this increase will impact the tax provision in the range of \$1.0 million to \$3.0 million. The Company is currently under a state income tax audit for fiscal years 2004 through 2007. The examination phase of the audit is ongoing. On July 14, 2010, the Company received a summary of proposed tax audit adjustments from the New York State Department of Taxation and Finance, which are in excess of the reserve recorded as of May 31, 2010. The Company is currently evaluating the proposed tax audit adjustments and preparing a response to those proposed adjustments. The Company expects to vigorously defend its positions. While the Company believes its reserve for uncertain tax positions is adequate, it is not possible to reasonably estimate the impact, if any, if resolution is ultimately unfavorable to the Company. An unfavorable outcome of this matter could have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position and results of operations in the period in which the matter is concluded.

The Company has concluded all U.S. federal income tax matters through its fiscal year ended May 31, 2007. Fiscal 2008 is currently under examination and fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2010 are still subject to potential audit. With limited exception, state income tax audits by taxing authorities are closed through fiscal 2005, primarily due to expiration of the statute of limitations. Audit outcomes and the timing of audit settlements are subject to a high degree of uncertainty. As of May 31, 2010, substantially all of the \$27.5 million reserve for uncertain tax positions, if recognized, would favorably affect the Company's effective income tax rate.

The Company continues to follow its policy of recognizing interest and penalties accrued on tax positions as a component of income taxes on the Consolidated Statements of Income. The amount of accrued interest and penalties associated with the Company's tax positions is immaterial to the Consolidated Balance Sheets. The amount of interest and penalties recognized for fiscal 2010 and fiscal 2009 was immaterial to the Company's results of operations.

Note I — Other Comprehensive Income

Other comprehensive income results from items deferred on the Consolidated Balance Sheets in stockholders' equity. The following table sets forth the components of other comprehensive income:

		Year ended May 31	Ι,
In thousands	2010	2009	2008
Unrealized holding gains	\$ 3,106	\$ 42,965	\$ 46,127
Income tax expense related to unrealized holding gains	(574)	(16,357)	(16,235)
Reclassification adjustment for the net gain on sale of available-for-sale securities realized in net income	(3,232)	(1,135)	(6,450)
Income tax expense on reclassification adjustment for net gain on sale of available-for-sale securities	1,169	420	2,266
Other comprehensive income	\$ 469	\$ 25,893	\$ 25,708

As of May 31, 2010, the accumulated other comprehensive income was \$42.4 million, which was net of taxes of \$24.1 million. As of May 31, 2009, the accumulated other comprehensive income was \$41.9 million, which was net of taxes of \$24.7 million.

Note J — Supplemental Cash Flow Information

Income taxes paid were \$258.0 million, \$261.8 million, and \$258.6 million for fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, respectively.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Note K — Employee Benefit Plans

401(k) plan: The Company maintains a contributory savings plan that qualifies under section 401(k) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Paychex, Inc. 401(k) Incentive Retirement Plan (the "Plan") allows all employees to immediately participate in the salary deferral portion of the Plan, contributing up to a maximum of 50% of their salary. Employees who have completed one year of service are eligible to receive a company matching contribution, when such contribution is in effect. Prior to April 2009, the Company matched up to 100% of the first 3% of eligible pay and up to 50% of the next 2% of eligible pay that an employee contributed to the Plan. Prior to September 2007, the Company matched 50% of an employee's voluntary contribution up to 6% of eligible pay. Effective April 3, 2009, the Company suspended the employer matching contribution and as of May 31, 2010, had not yet made a decision related to its reinstatement.

The Plan is 100% participant-directed. Plan participants can fully diversify their portfolios by choosing from any or all investment fund choices in the Plan. Transfers in and out of investment funds, including the Paychex, Inc. Employee Stock Ownership Plan (ESOP) Stock Fund, are not restricted in any manner. The Company match contribution, when in effect, follows the same fund elections as the employee compensation deferrals.

Company contributions to the Plan for fiscal 2009 and fiscal 2008 were \$14.3 million and \$15.1 million, respectively.

Deferred compensation plans: The Company offers non-qualified and unfunded deferred compensation plans to a select group of key employees, executive officers, and outside directors. Eligible employees are provided with the opportunity to defer up to 50% of their annual base salary and bonus and outside directors to defer 100% of their Board cash compensation. Gains and losses are credited based on the participant's election of a variety of investment choices. The Company does not match any participant deferral or guarantee its return. Distributions are paid at one of the following dates selected by the participant: the participant's termination date, the date the participant retires from any active employment, or a designated specific date. In fiscal 2009, participants were allowed to make a one-time election for a distribution under the Internal Revenue Service Section 409A transition rules. The amounts accrued under these plans were \$7.3 million and \$6.2 million as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009, respectively, and are reflected in other long-term liabilities in the accompanying Consolidated Balance Sheets.

Note L — Commitments and Contingencies

Lines of credit: As of May 31, 2010, the Company had unused borrowing capacity available under four uncommitted, secured, short-term lines of credit at market rates of interest with financial institutions as follows:

Financial institution	Amount available	Expiration date
JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A.	\$ 350 million	February 2011
Bank of America, N.A.	\$ 250 million	February 2011
PNC Bank, National Association	\$ 150 million	February 2011
Wells Fargo Bank, National Association	\$ 150 million	February 2011

The credit facilities are evidenced by promissory notes and are secured by separate pledge security agreements by and between Paychex, Inc. and each of the financial institutions (the "Lenders"), pursuant to which the Company has granted each of the Lenders a security interest in certain investment securities accounts. The collateral is maintained in a pooled custody account pursuant to the terms of a control agreement and is to be administered under an intercreditor agreement among the Lenders. Under certain circumstances, individual Lenders may require that collateral be transferred from the pooled account into segregated accounts for the benefit of such individual Lenders.

The primary uses of the lines of credit would be to meet short-term funding requirements related to deposit account overdrafts and client fund obligations arising from electronic payment transactions on behalf of clients in

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

the ordinary course of business, if necessary. No amounts were outstanding against these lines of credit during fiscal 2010 or as of May 31, 2010.

JP Morgan Chase Bank, N.A. and Bank of America, N.A. are also parties to the Company's irrevocable standby letters of credit, which arrangements are discussed below.

Letters of credit: The Company had irrevocable standby letters of credit outstanding totaling \$50.3 million and \$65.8 million as of May 31, 2010 and May 31, 2009, respectively, required to secure commitments for certain insurance policies. The letters of credit expire at various dates between July 2010 and May 2011, and are collateralized by securities held in the Company's investment portfolios. No amounts were outstanding on these letters of credit during fiscal 2010 or as of May 31, 2010. Subsequent to May 31, 2010, the letter of credit expiring in July 2010 was renewed and will expire in July 2011.

Contingencies: The Company is subject to various claims and legal matters that arise in the normal course of its business. These include disputes or potential disputes related to breach of contract, breach of fiduciary duty, employment-related claims, tax claims, and other matters.

In August 2001, the Company's wholly owned subsidiary, Rapid Payroll, Inc. ("Rapid Payroll") informed 76 licensees that it intended to stop supporting their payroll processing software in August of 2002. The communication was sent due to the licensee contract assumed by Paychex during the acquisition of Rapid Payroll in 1996 being very unfavorable to the Company. Thereafter, lawsuits were commenced by licensees asserting various claims, including breach of contract and related tort and fraud causes of action.

On March 9, 2010, the Court of Appeal of the State of California upheld a jury verdict issued on June 27, 2007 in litigation brought by one of the licensees. In that case, the California Superior Court, Los Angeles County jury awarded to the plaintiff \$15.0 million in compensatory damages and subsequently awarded an additional \$11.0 million in punitive damages. The Company satisfied the judgment, including statutory interest, without further appeal. This was the final pending matter in the Rapid Payroll litigation.

During fiscal 2010, the Company increased its litigation reserve by \$18.7 million for the Rapid Payroll litigation. The Company's management currently believes that resolution of outstanding legal matters will not have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial position or results of operations. However, legal matters are subject to inherent uncertainties and there exists the possibility that the ultimate resolution of these matters could have a material adverse impact on the Company's financial position and the results of operations in the period in which any such effect is recorded.

Lease commitments: The Company leases office space and data processing equipment under terms of various operating leases. Rent expense for fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008 was \$46.9 million, \$46.6 million, and \$44.5 million, respectively. As of May 31, 2010, future minimum lease payments under various non-cancelable operating leases with terms of more than one year are as follows:

In thousands Year ending May 31,	Minimum	lease payments
2011	\$	41,441
2012	\$	34,803
2013	\$	25,042
2014	\$	18,342
2015	\$	13,743
Thereafter	\$	14,573

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Other commitments: As of May 31, 2010, the Company had outstanding commitments under purchase orders and legally binding contractual arrangements with minimum future payment obligations of approximately \$73.0 million, including \$8.9 million of commitments to purchase capital assets. These minimum future payment obligations relate to the following fiscal years:

Year ending May 31,	 Minimum p	ayment obligation
2011	\$	46,228
2012	\$	16,226
2013	\$	7,357
2014	\$	1,186
2015	\$	1,156
Thereafter	\$	853

The Company guarantees performance of service on annual maintenance contracts for clients who financed their service contracts through a third party. In the normal course of business, the Company makes representations and warranties that guarantee the performance of services under service arrangements with clients. Historically, there have been no material losses related to such guarantees. In addition, the Company has entered into indemnification agreements with its officers and directors, which require the Company to defend and, if necessary, indemnify these individuals for certain pending or future claims as they relate to their services provided to the Company.

Paychex currently self-insures the deductible portion of various insured exposures under certain employee benefit plans. The Company's estimated loss exposure under these insurance arrangements is recorded in other current liabilities on the Consolidated Balance Sheets. Historically, the amounts accrued have not been material. The Company also maintains insurance coverage in addition to its purchased primary insurance policies for gap coverage for employment practices liability, errors and omissions, warranty liability, and acts of terrorism; and capacity for deductibles and self-insured retentions through its captive insurance company.

Note M — Related Parties

During fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, the Company purchased approximately \$3.2 million, \$4.5 million, and \$4.4 million, respectively, of data processing equipment and software from EMC Corporation. The Chairman, President, and Chief Executive Officer of EMC Corporation is a member of the Company's Board.

During fiscal years 2010, 2009, and 2008, the Company purchased approximately \$0.4 million, \$0.5 million, and \$0.5 million, respectively, of services from Dun & Bradstreet Corporation. Jonathan J. Judge, the Company's President and Chief Executive Officer, is a member of the Board of Directors of Dun & Bradstreet Corporation.

NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS — (Continued)

Note N — Quarterly Financial Data (Unaudited) In thousands, except per share amounts

	Three Months Ended									
Fiscal 2010	August 31		gust 31 November 30		Fel	oruary 28(1)		May 31	I	Full Year
Service revenue	\$ 4	486,491	\$	483,024	\$	493,790	\$	482,484	\$	1,945,789
Interest on funds held for clients		13,723		13,552		14,029		13,727		55,031
Total revenue		500,214		496,576		507,819		496,211		2,000,820
Operating income		189,867		193,065		168,249		173,614		724,795
Investment income, net		905		1,147		1,180	_	1,281		4,513
Income before income taxes		190,772		194,212		169,429		174,895		729,308
Income taxes		67,152		68,362		57,422		59,373		252,309
Net income	\$	123,620	\$	125,850	\$	112,007	\$	115,522	\$	476,999
Basic earnings per share(2)	\$	0.34	\$	0.35	\$	0.31	\$	0.32	\$	1.32
Diluted earnings per share(2)	\$	0.34	\$	0.35	\$	0.31	\$	0.32	\$	1.32
Weighted-average common shares outstanding	:	361,208		361,392		361,417		361,451		361,359
Weighted-average common shares outstanding, assuming										
dilution	:	361,362		361,692		361,860		362,032		361,728
Cash dividends per common share	\$	0.31	\$	0.31	\$	0.31	\$	0.31	\$	1.24
Total net realized gains(3)	\$	285	\$	729	\$	1,275	\$	943	\$	3,232

	Three Months Ended									
Fiscal 2009	A	ugust 31	No	vember 30	Fel	oruary 28	_	May 31	_]	Full Year
Service revenue	\$	509,867	\$	504,383	\$	512,196	\$	480,859	\$	2,007,305
Interest on funds held for clients		24,218		19,777		16,385	_	15,074		75,454
Total revenue		534,085		524,160		528,581		495,933		2,082,759
Operating income		221,585		211,900		197,401		174,314		805,200
Investment income, net		3,051		1,932		1,067		825		6,875
Income before income taxes		224,636		213,832		198,468		175,139		812,075
Income taxes		75,927		73,590		67,678	_	61,335	_	278,530
Net income	\$	148,709	\$	140,242	\$	130,790	\$	113,804	\$	533,545
Basic earnings per share(2)	\$	0.41	\$	0.39	\$	0.36	\$	0.32	\$	1.48
Diluted earnings per share(2)	\$	0.41	\$	0.39	\$	0.36	\$	0.32	\$	1.48
Weighted-average common shares outstanding		360,629		360,812		360,821		360,892		360,783
Weighted-average common shares outstanding, assuming										
dilution		361,040		360,977		360,913		361,034		360,985
Cash dividends per common share	\$	0.31	\$	0.31	\$	0.31	\$	0.31	\$	1.24
Total net realized gains(3)	\$	300	\$	405	\$	173	\$	257	\$	1,135

⁽¹⁾ Includes an expense charge of \$18.7 million to increase the litigation reserve.

⁽²⁾ Each quarter is a discrete period and the sum of the four quarters' basic and diluted earnings per share amounts may not equal the full year amount.

⁽³⁾ Total net realized gains on the combined funds held for clients and corporate investment portfolios.

Schedule II — Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

PAYCHEX, INC.

CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENT SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED MAY 31, In thousands

Description		alance as of beginning of year	Additions charged to expenses	Costs and deductions(1)		(lance as of end of year
2010							_
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	4,032	\$ 2,631	\$	4,811	\$	1,852
Reserve for client fund losses	\$	3,188	\$ 3,460	\$	4,057	\$	2,591
2009							
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	4,083	\$ 2,910	\$	2,961	\$	4,032
Reserve for client fund losses	\$	2,888	\$ 4,379	\$	4,079	\$	3,188
2008							
Allowance for doubtful accounts	\$	3,285	\$ 3,044	\$	2,246	\$	4,083
Reserve for client fund losses	\$	2,543	\$ 4,214	\$	3,869	\$	2,888

⁽¹⁾ Uncollectible amounts written off, net of recoveries. For fiscal 2010, this column includes the amount disposed of with the divestiture of Stromberg, an immaterial component of the Company.

Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure

None.

Item 9A. Controls and Procedures

Disclosure Controls and Procedures and Internal Control Over Financial Reporting: Disclosure controls and procedures are designed with the objective of ensuring that information required to be disclosed in the Company's reports filed under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended (the "Exchange Act"), such as this report, is recorded, processed, summarized and reported within the time periods specified in the SEC's rules and forms. Disclosure controls and procedures are also designed with the objective of ensuring that such information is accumulated and communicated to the Company's management, including the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, as appropriate, to allow timely decisions regarding required disclosure.

Conclusion Regarding the Effectiveness of Disclosure Controls and Procedures: As of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company carried out an evaluation, under the supervision and with the participation of the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer, of the effectiveness of disclosure controls and procedures as defined in Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e) of the Exchange Act. Based on such evaluation, the Company's Chief Executive Officer and Chief Financial Officer have concluded that as of the end of the period covered by this report, the Company's disclosure controls and procedures were effective.

Changes in Internal Controls Over Financial Reporting: We also carried out an evaluation of the internal control over financial reporting to determine whether any changes occurred during the period covered by this report. Based on such evaluation, there has been no changes in the Company's internal controls over financial reporting that occurred during the Company's most recently completed fiscal quarter ended May 31, 2010, that materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect, the Company's internal control over financial reporting.

The Report on Management's Assessment of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and the Report of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm on Effectiveness of Internal Control Over Financial Reporting are incorporated herein by reference from Part II, Item 8 of this Form 10-K.

Item 9B. Other Information

None.

PART III

Item 10. Directors, Executive Officers and Corporate Governance

The following table shows the executive officers of the Company as of May 31, 2010, and information regarding their positions and business experience. Such executive officers hold principal policy-making powers at the Company.

Name	Age	Position and business experience
Jonathan J. Judge	56	Mr. Judge has been President and Chief Executive Officer of the Company since October 2004. Prior to joining Paychex, he served as President and Chief Executive Officer of Crystal Decisions, Inc., an information management software company from October 2002 through December 2003. Mr. Judge serves as a member of the Upstate New York Regional Advisory Board (UNYRAB) of the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. He is a director of PMC-Sierra, Inc. and Dun & Bradstreet Corporation. He also serves as a director of the Company and is chairman of the Executive Committee.
John M. Morphy	62	Mr. Morphy joined the Company in October 1995 and was named Senior Vice President in October 2002. He was named Chief Financial Officer and Secretary in October 1996. Prior to joining the Company, he served as Chief Financial Officer and in other senior management capacities for over ten years at Goulds Pumps, Incorporated, a pump manufacturer.
Martin Mucci	50	Mr. Mucci joined the Company in March 2002 as a consultant on operational issues of the Company, including responsibility for implementation of the Advantage Payroll Services Inc. acquisition, and was appointed Senior Vice President, Operations in October 2002.
Delbert M. Humenik	48	Mr. Humenik was appointed Senior Vice President of Sales and Marketing of the Company in September 2009. Prior to joining the Company, he served as Senior Vice President and General Manager for R.H. Donnelly Corporation, a leading national consumer and business-to-business local commercial search company, since 2007. From 2005 to 2006, he was Senior Vice President for R.H. Donnelly and from 2002 to 2005, he was Senior Vice President at Verizon Communications, a world leader in communication services. During his 20-year tenure with Verizon, Mr. Humenik held various sales management and executive leadership positions.
Jennifer Vossler	47	Ms. Vossler joined the Company in May 2009 as Vice President and Controller. Prior to joining the Company, she served as Vice President and Corporate Controller, and held various executive and senior management positions during her eleven years at Bausch & Lomb Incorporated. Previously in her career, she held leadership roles with a global facilities management outsourcing company and a public accounting firm.
William G. Kuchta, Ed. D	63	Mr. Kuchta joined the Company in February 1995 and was named Vice President, Organizational Development in April 1996. From 1993 to 1995, he was principal of his own consulting firm, and from 1989 to 1993, he served as Vice President of Human Resources of Fisons Corporation, a pharmaceutical company.

On July 12, 2010, Paychex announced Mr. Judge's resignation from his position as President and Chief Executive Officer effective July 31, 2010. Until his replacement is in place, the Board has established an executive committee comprised of Delbert M. Humenik, John M. Morphy, and Martin Mucci. Chairman of the Board, B. Thomas Golisano, and the Board will provide oversight for the executive committee.

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In connection with his resignation, Mr. Judge signed a separation agreement. The following is a summary of terms and conditions of that agreement.

- Mr. Judge will receive a severance payment of \$1.9 million, as well as immediate acceleration on July 31, 2010 of unvested equity awards granted prior to July 1, 2007; and health insurance premiums for twelve months.
- An additional 11,111 shares of restricted stock and an additional 30,000 non-qualified stock options from the July 17, 2007 awards will also vest
 immediately on July 31, 2010.
- · All vested and exercisable equity awards will continue to be governed by applicable plan documents.
- In consideration of the Company entering into the agreement, Mr. Judge has agreed to certain non-compete, non-disparagement, confidentiality, and non-solicitation provisions. In addition to the agreement and in consideration of benefits received as indicated above, Mr. Judge entered into a general release of all claims with the Company.
- Certain terms of Mr. Judge's employment agreement dated November 30, 2007 survive the separation and remain in full force as do the non-competition, non-solicitation, confidentiality, and detrimental conduct provisions of Mr. Judge's July 2008 and July 2009 equity compensation agreements with the Company.

Mr. Judge is expected to continue to serve as a director of the Company through the end of his term of service to the Board in October 2010. On July 12, 2010, Mr. Judge informed the Board that he does not intend to stand for re-election. There were no disagreements between Mr. Judge and the Company relating to the Company's operations, policies, or practices involved in Mr. Judge's decision not to stand for re-election as a director.

The additional information required by this item is set forth in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders in the sections "PROPOSAL 1 — ELECTION OF DIRECTORS FOR A ONE-YEAR TERM," "CORPORATE GOVERNANCE," "CODE OF BUSINESS ETHICS AND CONDUCT," and "SECTION 16(a) BENEFICIAL OWNERSHIP REPORTING COMPLIANCE," and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

Refer to Part III, Item 10 for information on Mr. Judge's resignation and separation agreement.

The information required by this item is set forth in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders in the sections "COMPENSATION DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS," "NAMED EXECUTIVE OFFICER COMPENSATION," and "DIRECTOR COMPENSATION FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED MAY 31, 2010," and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management and Related Stockholder Matters

The information required by this item is set forth below and in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the section "SECURITY OWNERSHIP OF CERTAIN BENEFICIAL OWNERS AND MANAGEMENT" and under the subheading "Equity Compensation Plan Information" within "PROPOSAL 2 — TO AMEND THE PAYCHEX, INC. 2002 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN AND INCREASE THE SHARES AVAILABLE UNDER THE PLAN," and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions, and Director Independence

The information required by this item is set forth in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the sub-headings "Policy on Transactions with Related Persons" and "Board of Directors Committees" within the section "CORPORATE GOVERNANCE," and is incorporated herein by reference.

Item 14. Principal Accounting Fees and Services

The information required by this item is set forth in the Company's Definitive Proxy Statement for its 2010 Annual Meeting of Stockholders under the section "PROPOSAL 3 — RATIFICATION OF SELECTION OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM," and is incorporated herein by reference.

PART IV

Item 15. Exhibits and Financial Statement Schedules

Financial Statements and Supplementary Data
 See Financial Statements and Supplementary Data Table of Contents at page 31.

Commission on July 16, 2008.

2. Financial statement schedules required to be filed by Item 8 of this Form 10-K include Schedule II — Valuation and Qualifying Accounts. See Financial Statements and Supplementary Data Table of Contents at page 31. All other schedules are omitted as the required matter is not present, the amounts are not significant, or the information is shown in the financial statements or the notes thereto.

3.	Exhibits	
	(3)(a)	Restated Certificate of Incorporation, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 3(a) to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Commission on July 20, 2004.
	(3)(b)	Bylaws, as amended, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 3(b) to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Commission on July 21, 2006.
#	(10.1)	Paychex, Inc. 1998 Stock Incentive Plan, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8, No. 333-65191.
#	(10.2)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005), incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8, No. 333-129572.
#	(10.3)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Award Agreement for Non-Qualified Stock Options, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Commission on October 17, 2005.
#	(10.4)	Paychex, Inc. Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 4.1 to the Company's Registration Statement on Form S-8, No. 333-129571.
#	(10.5)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) 2008 Master Restricted Stock Award Agreement, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Commission on July 18, 2007.
#	(10.6)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Restricted Stock Award Agreement, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.3 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Commission on July 18, 2007.
#	(10.7)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Amended and Restated 2007 Master Restricted Stock Award Agreement, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.4 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Commission on July 18, 2007.
#	(10.8)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) 2007 Master Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on September 26, 2007.
#	(10.9)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Restricted Stock Award Agreement, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Commission on July 16, 2008.
#	(10.10)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Non-Qualified Stock Option Award Agreement, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.2 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the

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#	(10.11)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Restricted Stock Unit Award Agreement, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(n) to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Commission on July 18, 2008.
#	(10.12)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Restricted Stock Unit (Cliff Vest) Award Agreement, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(o) to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the
		Commission on July 18, 2008.
#	(10.13)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Restricted Stock Award
		Agreement for Directors, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(p) to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Commission on July 18, 2008.
#	(10.14)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Non-Qualified Stock
		Option Agreement for Directors, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(q) to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the Commission on July 18, 2008.
#	(10.15)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Restricted Stock Award
		Agreement (Officer), incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.16 to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the
		Commission on July 20, 2009.
#	(10.16)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) 2009 Non-Qualified Stock Option
		Award Agreement (Special Grant), incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.17 to the Company's Form 10-K filed with
#	(10.17)	the Commission on July 20, 2009. Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Restricted Stock Award
#	(10.17)	Agreement (Board), incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.18 to the Company's Form 10-K filed with the
		Commission on July 20, 2009.
*#	(10.18)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Restricted Stock Award
,,	(10.10)	Agreement (Officer).
*#	(10.19)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Non-Qualified Stock
	` ′	Option Award Agreement (Officer).
*#	(10.20)	Paychex, Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005) Form of Officer Performance
		Incentive Award Agreement (Long Term).
*#	(10.21)	Paychex, Inc. Form of Performance Award Incentive Program Fiscal Year 2011.
#	(10.22)	Form of Indemnification Agreement for Directors and Officers, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.1 to the
	(10.00)	Company's Form 10-Q filed with the Commission on March 21, 2003.
#	(10.23)	Paychex, Inc. Indemnification Agreement with Jonathan J. Judge, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10(k) to the
#	(10.24)	Company's Form 10-K filed with the Commission on July 22, 2005. Paychex, Inc. Employment Agreement with Jonathan J. Judge dated November 30, 2007, incorporated herein by reference from
#	(10.24)	Exhibit 10.1 to the Company's Form 8-K filed with the Commission on December 4, 2007.
#	(10.25)	Paychex, Inc. Board Deferred Compensation Plan, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.29 to the Company's
"	(10.23)	Form 10-K filed with the Commission on July 20, 2009.
#	(10.26)	Paychex, Inc. Employee Deferred Compensation Plan, incorporated herein by reference from Exhibit 10.30 to the Company's
	()	Form 10-K filed with the Commission on July 20, 2009.
*	(21.1)	Subsidiaries of the Registrant.
*	(23.1)	Consent of Independent Registered Public Accounting Firm.
*	(24.1)	Power of Attorney.
*	(31.1)	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
*	(31.2)	Certification Pursuant to Section 302 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
*	(32.1)	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.

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*	(32.2)	Certification Pursuant to 18 U.S.C. Section 1350, as Adopted Pursuant to Section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002.
**	101.INS	XBRL instance document.
**	101.SCH	XBRL taxonomy extension schema document.
**	101.CAL	XBRL taxonomy extension calculation linkbase document.
**	101.LAB	XBRL taxonomy label linkbase document.
**	101.PRE	XBRL taxonomy extension presentation linkbase document.
**	101.DEF	XBRL taxonomy extension definition linkbase document.

^{*} Exhibit filed with this report.

^{**} As provided in Rule 406T of Regulation S-T, this information is furnished and not filed for purposes of Sections 11 and 12 of the Securities Act of 1933 and Section 18 of the Exchange Act.

[#] Management contract or compensatory plan.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on July 16, 2010.

PAYCHEX, INC.

By: /s/ Jonathan J. Judge

Jonathan J. Judge

President and Chief Executive Officer

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, this report has been signed below by the following persons on behalf of the registrant and in the capacities indicated on July 16, 2010.

/s/ Jonathan J. Judge

Jonathan J. Judge, President and Chief Executive Officer, and Director (Principal Executive Officer)

/s/ John M. Morphy

John M. Morphy, Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary (Principal Financial and Accounting Officer)

B. Thomas Golisano*, Chairman of the Board

David J. S. Flaschen*, Director

Grant M. Inman*, Director

Pamela A. Joseph*, Director

Joseph M. Tucci*, Director

Joseph Velli*, Director

*By: /s/ Jonathan J. Judge

Jonathan J. Judge, as Attorney-in-Fact

PAYCHEX, INC. 2002 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005)

FORM OF RESTRICTED STOCK AWARD AGREEMENT (OFFICER)

1. <u>Grant of Restricted Stock</u>. This Restricted Stock Award Agreement (the "Award Agreement"), sets forth the terms and conditions of the Restricted Stock (the "Award") granted to you by the Governance and Compensation Committee (the "Committee") of the Board of Directors of Paychex, Inc. (the "Company") under the Company's 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005 (the "Plan"), as described on your Award Notice. The Award is subject to all of the provisions of the Plan, which is hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of this Award Agreement. The capitalized terms used in this Award Agreement are defined in the Plan.

2. Restriction and Vesting.

- (a) Subject to the terms set forth in this Award Agreement and the Plan, unless earlier vested under Section 2(b) of this Award Agreement, provided you are still a full-time employee of the Company at that time, these shares will vest pro rata with respect to one-third of the shares on the first, second, and third anniversaries of the Date of Grant, with any fractional share resulting from such pro-ration vesting on the third anniversary of the Date of Grant as set forth on your Award Notice (a "Vesting Date").
- (b) Except in the event of your death or Disability, if your employment terminates before a Vesting Date for any reason, including, but not limited to, Retirement, then the unvested portion of the Award shall be forfeited and cancelled immediately. If your employment terminates due to death or Disability, your Award shall immediately become 100% vested. The term "Disability" means a condition whereby you are unable to perform the essential functions of your position with reasonable accommodations by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted for a continuous period of not less than six months, all as verified by a physician acceptable to, or selected by, the Company.
- 3. <u>Book-Entry Registration</u>. The Award initially will be evidenced by book-entry registration only, without the issuance of a certificate representing the Shares underlying the Award.
- 4. <u>Issuance of Shares</u>. The Company shall, when the conditions to vesting specified in Section 2 of this Award Agreement are satisfied, issue a certificate or certificates representing the Shares underlying the Award that have vested as promptly as practicable following the Vesting Date of such Shares.
- 5. Rights as a Stockholder. Except as otherwise provided by this Section, you will have the rights of a stockholder with respect to the Shares underlying the Award, including, but not limited to, the right to receive such cash dividends, if any, as may be declared on such Shares from time to time and the right to vote (in person or by proxy) such Shares at any meeting of stockholders of the Company. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the dividends paid on any unvested Shares shall be retained by the Company and held in escrow, trust or similar manner, and shall only be paid to you upon the vesting of the underlying Shares to which the dividends relate; upon the forfeiture of any Shares

represented by the Award, your right to the dividends paid on the underlying Shares which are forfeited shall also be forfeited.

- 6. <u>Restrictions on Transfer of Shares</u>. The Award, and the right to vote the Shares underlying the Award and to receive dividends thereon, may not, except as otherwise provided in the Plan, be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or encumbered in any way prior to the vesting of such Shares, whether by operation of law or otherwise, except by will or the laws of descent and distribution. After a Vesting Date, the vested Shares may be issued during your lifetime only to you, or after your death to your designated beneficiary, or, in the absence of such beneficiary, to your duly qualified personal representative.
- 7. Withholding. The grant and the vesting of the Award is conditioned upon your making arrangements satisfactory to the Company for the payment to the Company of the amount of all taxes required by any governmental authority to be withheld and paid over by the Company or any Affiliate to the governmental authority on account of such grant or vesting. The payment of such withholding taxes to the Company may be made (i) by you in cash or by check, (ii) subject to the consent of the Company and in accordance with any guidelines established by the Committee, by the Company retaining the number of the Shares that would otherwise be delivered to you upon vesting that have an aggregate Fair Market Value (at the time retained by the Company) equal to the amount of withholding taxes (using your minimum required tax withholding rate or such other rate that the Company determines will not trigger a negative accounting impact to the Company) required to be paid, or (ii) by the Company or any Affiliate withholding such taxes from any other compensation owed to you by the Company or any Affiliate. Unless you make arrangements prior to vesting to pay withholdings taxes in cash or by check, or to have such withholding taxes withheld from other compensation owed to you by the Company or any Affiliate, then at the time of vesting, the Company shall have the right to retain the number of the Shares that would otherwise be delivered to you upon vesting that have an aggregate Fair Market Value (at the time retained by the Company) equal to the amount of withholding taxes (using your minimum required tax withholding rate or such other rate that the Company determines will not trigger a negative accounting impact to the Company) required to be paid.
- 8. <u>Limitation of Rights</u>. Neither the Plan, the granting of the Award, the Award Notice nor this Award Agreement gives you any right to remain in the employment of the Company or any Affiliate.
- 9. Non-competition, Non-solicitation, Confidentiality, and Detrimental Conduct. In consideration for the Award, you agree that during your employment and for a period of twelve (12) months following termination of employment for any reason, you will not, directly or indirectly, either as an employee, employer, consultant, agent, principal, partner, stockholder, corporate officer, board member, director, or in any other individual or representative capacity, engage or attempt to engage in any activity that is competitive to the business of the Company within the geographic and substantive area or areas of responsibility assigned to the you during the last 24 months of employment. In addition, you agree that for a period of eighteen (18) months following the termination of employment for any reason, you will not directly or indirectly by assisting others, solicit Company clients, prospects or referral resources; nor will you recruit or hire, or attempt to recruit or hire any other employee of Company or its affiliates, or induce or attempt to induce any employee of Company to terminate employment with Company. You also agree and acknowledge that during the course of your employment with the Company, you will obtain, have access and be privy to nonpublic information important to the Company's business solely as a result of employment with the Company, which information you hereby acknowledge and agree to be confidential ("Confidential Information"). You

agree that during and after employment, you shall not divulge or make use of any Confidential Information, directly or indirectly, personally or on behalf of any other person, business, corporation, or entity without prior written consent of the Company. You further agree that you will not, during your employment, engage in conduct which is detrimental to the Company, including violation of the Company's Code of Business Ethics and Conduct, criminal conduct, fraud, or willful misconduct. These covenants are not intended to, and do not, limit in any way the rights and remedies provided to the Company under the Plan, other agreements with you, or under common or statutory law.

10. Repayment of Financial Gain.

- (a) If you fail to comply with Section 9 of this Award Agreement, the Company may cancel any unvested portion of this Award and recover from you the total number or Vesting Date value of Shares whose Vesting Date occurred pursuant to this Award during the 24-month period preceding your breach of any covenant in Section 9 of this Award Agreement. The total number or value of the vested Shares shall include the amount of any dividends paid to you during the 24-month period specified above and shall not be reduced for the payment of applicable taxes or other amounts.
- (b) If you fail to comply with Section 9 of this Award Agreement, upon demand by the Company, you will repay the Company in accordance with the terms of Section 10(a), and the Company shall be entitled to offset the amount of any such repayment obligation against any amount owed to you by the Company. The remedies set forth in this Section are in addition to any other remedies the Company may have, at law or equity, for your violation of the terms of this Award Agreement.
- 11. Rights of Company and Affiliates. This Award Agreement does not affect the right of the Company or any Affiliate to take any corporate action whatsoever, including without limitation its right to recapitalize, reorganize or make other changes in its capital structure or business, merge or consolidate, issue bonds, notes, Shares or other securities, including preferred stock, or options therefor, dissolve or liquidate, or sell or transfer any part of its assets or business.
 - 12. Plan Controls. In the event of any conflict among the provisions of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the provisions of the Plan will be controlling and determinative.
 - 13. Amendment. Except as otherwise provided by the Plan, the Company may only alter, amend or terminate the Award with your consent.
- 14. Governing Law. This Award Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except as superseded by applicable federal law, without giving effect to its conflicts of law provisions. All parties consent to exclusive personal jurisdiction in New York courts and agree that venue shall be New York State Supreme Court, Monroe County.
- 15. Section 409A. The Award is intended to qualify for an exemption from the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the treasury regulations promulgated and other official guidance issued thereunder, and the Plan and this Award Agreement shall be administered and interpreted consistent with such intention.

* * * * *

PAYCHEX, INC. 2002 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN

(as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005)

FORM OF NON-QUALIFIED STOCK OPTION AWARD AGREEMENT (OFFICER)

- 1. Grant of Option. This Non-qualified Stock Option Award Agreement (the "Award Agreement"), made as of [grant date], serves to notify you that the Governance and Compensation Committee (the "Committee") of the Board of Directors of Paychex, Inc. (the "Company") hereby grants to you, under the Company's 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005 (the "Plan"), a Non-Qualified Stock Option (the "Option") to purchase, on the terms and conditions set forth in this Award Agreement and the Plan, up to the number of shares of the Company's \$.01 par value common stock (the "Common Stock") set forth on the attached statement at the price of [exercise price] per share. The Plan is incorporated herein by reference and made a part of this Award Agreement. You may obtain a copy of the Plan from the Office of the Corporate Secretary. You should review the terms of this Award Agreement and the Plan carefully. The capitalized terms used in this Award Agreement are defined in the Plan.
- 2. <u>Term.</u> Unless the Option is previously terminated pursuant to the terms of this Award Agreement or the Plan, the Option will expire at the close of business on [expiration date] (the "Expiration Date").
- 3. <u>Vesting</u>. Subject to the terms set forth in this Award Agreement and the Plan, the Option will vest and become exercisable pro rata with respect to one-fourth of the shares subject to such Option on the first, second, third and fourth anniversaries of the Date of Grant, with any fractional share resulting from such pro-ration vesting on the fourth anniversary. Vesting is contingent on your continued employment with the Company or one of its affiliates through the vesting dates.

4. Exercise.

- (a) *Method of Exercise*. To the extent exercisable under Section 3 of this Award Agreement, the Option may be exercised in whole or in part, provided that the Option may not be exercised for less than one share of Common Stock in any single transaction. The Option may be exercised using a method specified by the Company.
- (b) Payment of Exercise Price. The exercise of the Option is conditioned upon your payment to the Company of the Exercise Price for the number of shares of Common Stock that you elect to purchase. The Exercise Price may be paid in cash or by check or by way of a broker-assisted stock option exercise program, if such a program is made available by the Company at the time of the exercise of the Option.
- (c) Withholding. The exercise of the Option is conditioned upon your making arrangements satisfactory to the Company for the payment to the Company of the amount of all taxes required by any governmental authority to be withheld and paid over by the Company or any Affiliate to the governmental authority on account of the exercise. The payment of such

withholding taxes to the Company may be made (i) by you in cash or by check, or (ii) by the Company or any Affiliate withholding such taxes from any other compensation owed to you by the Company or any Affiliate. Withholding of shares of Common Stock for payment of tax withholdings is not permitted for any reason.

- (d) Issuance of Shares. Upon determining that compliance with this Award Agreement has occurred, including compliance with such reasonable requirements as the Company may impose pursuant to the Plan, the Company shall issue to you a certificate for the shares of Common Stock purchased on the earliest practicable date (as determined by the Company) thereafter.
- 5. Effect of Death and Disability. In the event of your death or Disability prior to the complete exercise of the Option, any unvested portion of the Option will vest in full immediately and the remaining portion of the Option may be exercised in whole or in part, subject to all of the conditions on exercise imposed by the Plan and this Award Agreement, within three years after the date of your death or Disability, but only (i) by you, or in the event of your death, by your estate or the person or persons to whom the Option passes under your will or the laws of descent and distribution, and (ii) prior to the close of business on the Expiration Date of the Option. The term "Disability" means a condition whereby you are unable to perform the essential functions of your position with reasonable accommodations by reason of any medically determinable physical or mental impairment which can be expected to result in death or which has lasted for a continuous period of not less than six months, all as verified by a physician acceptable to, or selected by, the Company.
- 6. Effect of Retirement. Upon your Retirement prior to the complete exercise of the Option, the unvested portion of the Option will be canceled as of your last day worked, and the remaining portion of the Option may be exercised in whole or in part, subject to all of the conditions on exercise imposed by the Plan and this Award Agreement, within three years after the date of such termination, but only (i) to the extent that the Option was vested and exercisable on the date such termination, and (ii) prior to the close of business on the Expiration Date of the Option. The term "Retirement" means retirement from the Company at age 55 or later with ten or more years of employment (full-time or part-time) with the Company.
- 7. Effect of Other Termination. Upon your termination for a reason other than death, Disability or Retirement prior to the complete exercise of the Option, the unvested portion of the Option will be canceled as of your last day worked, and the remaining portion of the Option may be exercised in whole or in part, subject to all of the conditions on exercise imposed by the Plan and this Award Agreement, within one year after the date of such termination, but only (i) to the extent that the Option was vested and exercisable on the date of such termination, and (ii) prior to the close of business on the Expiration Date of the Option. Notwithstanding the foregoing, if your employment is terminated by reason of conduct that is determined by the Company to have been detrimental to the Company, including violation of the Company's Code of Business Ethics, or conduct which is criminal, fraudulent, deliberately dishonest, disloyal or willful misconduct, you will forfeit all rights under the Option (both unvested and vested) as of your last day worked.

8. Non-competition, Non-solicitation, Confidentiality, and Detrimental Conduct. In consideration for the Award, you agree that during your employment and for a period of twelve (12) months following termination of employment for any reason, you will not, directly or indirectly, either as an employee, employer, consultant, agent, principal, partner, stockholder, corporate officer, board member, director, or in any other individual or representative capacity, engage or attempt to engage in any activity that is competitive to the business of the Company within the geographic and substantive area or areas of responsibility assigned to the you during the last 24 months of employment. In addition, you agree that for a period of eighteen (18) months following the termination of employment for any reason, you will not directly or indirectly by assisting others, solicit Company clients, prospects or referral resources; nor will you recruit or hire, or attempt to recruit or hire any other employee of Company or its affiliates, or induce or attempt to induce any employee of Company to terminate employment with Company. You also agree and acknowledge that during the course of your employment with the Company, you will obtain, have access and be privy to nonpublic information important to the Company's business solely as a result of employment with the Company, which information you hereby acknowledge and agree to be confidential ("Confidential Information"). You agree that during and after employment with the Company, which information, directly or indirectly, personally or on behalf of any other person, business, corporation, or entity without prior written consent of the Company. You further agree that you will not, during your employment, engage in conduct which is detrimental to the Company, including violation of the Company's Code of Business Ethics and Conduct, criminal conduct, fraud, or willful misconduct. These covenants are not intended to, and do not, limit in any way the rights and remedies provided to the Com

9. Repayment of Financial Gain.

- (a) If you fail to comply with Section 8 of this Award Agreement, the Company may cancel any unexercised portion of this Option and recover from you the gross amount, before deduction of applicable taxes or other amounts, of any gain realized on the exercise of stock options pursuant to this Option during the 24-month period preceding your breach of any covenant in Section 8 of this Award Agreement.
- (b) If you fail to comply with Section 8 of this Award Agreement, upon demand by the Company, you will repay the Company in accordance with the terms of Section 9(a), and the Company shall be entitled to offset the amount of any such repayment obligation against any amount owed to you by the Company. The remedies set forth in this Section are in addition to any other remedies the Company may have, at law or equity, for your violation of the terms of this Award Agreement.
- 10. <u>Transfer of Option</u>. Except as otherwise determined by the Committee, the Option may not be transferred, assigned or pledged (except by will or the laws of descent and distribution, or pursuant to a domestic relations order).
- 11. <u>Limitation of Rights</u>. You will not have any rights as a stockholder with respect to the shares of Common Stock covered by the Option until you become the holder of record of such shares by exercising the Option. Neither the Plan, the granting of the Option nor this

Award Agreement gives you any right to remain in the employment of the Company or any Affiliate.

- 12. Rights of Company and Affiliates. This Award Agreement does not affect the right of the Company or any Affiliate to take any corporate action whatsoever, including without limitation its right to recapitalize, reorganize or make other changes in its capital structure or business, merge or consolidate, issue bonds, notes, shares of Common Stock or other securities, including preferred stock, or options therefore, dissolve or liquidate, or sell or transfer any part of its assets or business.
- 13. <u>Restrictions on Issuance of Shares</u>. If at any time the Company determines that the listing, registration or qualification of the shares covered by the Option upon any securities exchange or under any state or federal law, or the approval of any governmental agency, is necessary or advisable as a condition to the exercise of the Option, the Option may not be exercised in whole or in part unless and until such listing, registration, qualification or approval shall have been effected or obtained free of any conditions not acceptable to the Company.
- 14. <u>Plan Controls</u>. The Option is subject to all of the provisions of the Plan, which is hereby incorporated by reference, and is further subject to all the interpretations, amendments, rules and regulations that may from time to time be promulgated and adopted by the Committee pursuant to the Plan. In the event of any conflict among the provisions of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the provisions of the Plan will be controlling and determinative.
 - 15. Amendment. Except as otherwise provided by the Plan, the Company may only alter, amend or terminate the Option with your consent.
- 16. Governing Law. This Award Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except as superseded by applicable federal law, without giving effect to its conflicts of law provisions. All parties consent to exclusive personal jurisdiction in New York courts and agree that venue shall be New York State Supreme Court, Monroe County.
- 17. Section 409A. The Option is intended to qualify for an exemption from the requirements of Section 409A of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and the treasury regulations promulgated and other official guidance issued thereunder, and the Plan and this Award Agreement shall be administered and interpreted consistent with such intention.

* * * * *

PAYCHEX, INC. 2002 STOCK INCENTIVE PLAN (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005)

FORM OF OFFICER PERFORMANCE INCENTIVE AWARD AGREEMENT (LONG TERM)

Participant Name	
Award Date	
Performance Period	June 1, 20XX through May 31, 20XX
Maximum Number of Restricted Shares	

- 1. Grant of Award. This Officer Performance Incentive Award Agreement (this "Award Agreement") sets forth the terms and conditions of the Performance Award (the "Award") granted to you by the Governance and Compensation Committee (the "Committee") of the Board of Directors of Paychex, Inc. (the "Company") under the Company's 2002 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005 (the "Plan"). The Award is subject to all of the provisions of your Award Notice and the Plan, which is hereby incorporated by reference and made a part of this Award Agreement. The capitalized terms used in this Award Agreement are defined in the Plan. In the event of any conflict among the provisions of the Plan and this Award Agreement, the provisions of the Plan will be controlling and determinative.
- 2. <u>Maximum Number of Restricted Shares and Components</u>. The Maximum Number of Restricted Shares of the Award is set forth above and consists of two components: (a) the Service Revenue component; and (b) the Operating Income component, each of which shall represent 50 percent of the Maximum Number of Restricted Shares.
- 3. Requirement of Employment. Your rights to the Actual Number of Restricted Shares (as that term is defined below) under Section 5, shall be provisional and shall be canceled in whole or in part, as determined by the Committee in its sole discretion if your continuous employment with the Company terminates for any reason other than death or Disability on or before the last day of the Performance Period. Whether and as of what date your employment with the Company shall terminate if you are granted a leave of absence or commence any other break in employment intended by your employer to be temporary, shall be determined by the Committee in its sole discretion. In the event of your death or Disability, you or your estate shall be entitled to receive a pro-rata payment of the Actual Number of Restricted Shares of the Award based on the ratio of the number of days from the beginning of the Performance Period through the date of your death or Disability, and the total number of days in the Performance Period.

4. Determination of Number of Restricted Shares.

- (a) Potential Number of Restricted Shares and Actual Number of Restricted Shares. As soon as practicable after the last day of the Performance Period and prior to the payment of the Award, the Committee shall determine the Restricted Shares due under Section 4(b) and 4(c), each as of the last day of the Performance Period, if any. The sum of the Restricted Shares under the Service Revenue metric and the Restricted Shares under the Operating Income metric shall be the Potential Number of Restricted Shares of the Award as so determined. The Committee may, in its sole discretion, then reduce, but not increase, the Potential Number of Restricted Shares to determine the Actual Number of Restricted Shares of the Award.
- (b) Service Revenue. The Restricted Shares earned under the Service Revenue metric shall be determined based upon the Company's cumulative Service Revenue for the Performance Period, as determined by the Committee, and the Service Revenue Restricted Shares matrix attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- (c) Operating Income. The Restricted Shares earned under the Operating Income metric shall be determined based upon the Company's cumulative Operating Income for the Performance Period, as determined by the Committee, and the Operating Income Restricted Shares matrix attached hereto as Exhibit A.
- (d) Calculation. In determining the Potential Number of Restricted Shares of the Award, "Service Revenue" and "Operating Income" for the Performance Period, mean the cumulative Company Service Revenue and Operating Income, respectively, each as determined by summing the values reported in the Company's annual audited financial statements for such period, but in each case excluding the following (each, an "Exclusion Item"): asset write-downs or impairments; litigation or claim judgments or settlements; changes in tax law, accounting principles or other such laws or provisions affecting reported results; severance, contract termination and other costs related to entering or exiting certain business activities; and gains or losses from the acquisition or disposition of businesses or assets, from discontinued operations, or from the early extinguishment of debt, or other unusual items. In addition to its general authority to reduce the Potential Number of Restricted Shares when determining the Actual Number of Restricted Shares of the Award, the Committee may, in its sole discretion, take into consideration the effect of the inclusion of one or more of the Exclusion Items, provided, however, that the Actual Number of Restricted Shares may not exceed the Potential Number of Restricted Shares as determined pursuant to this Section 4.
- (e) Committee's Determinations Final. The Committee's determination of the Service Revenue, the Operating Income, the Potential Number of Restricted Shares and the Actual Number of Restricted Shares pursuant to this Award Agreement shall be final, binding and conclusive upon you and all persons claiming under or through you.

5. Payment of Award.

(a) The Actual Number of Restricted Shares, as determined pursuant to Section 4, if any, shall become payable to you in shares of restricted stock as promptly as

practicable following the Committee's certification of performance achievement at the end of the Performance Period, but in no event later than 90 days after the end of the Performance Period (the "Payment Date"). Such restricted shares shall be subject to a one-year continued-employment vesting period commencing as of the date of issuance of the shares and subject to such other terms and conditions as may be set forth by the Committee at the time of issue. You shall not be entitled to receive dividends with respect to the shares underlying this Award until such restricted shares have been issued to you following the end of the Performance Period, and the dividends paid on any unvested restricted shares shall be retained by the Company and held in escrow, trust or similar manner, and shall only be paid to you upon the vesting of the underlying shares to which the dividends relate; upon the forfeiture of any such shares, your right to the dividends paid on the underlying shares which are forfeited shall also be forfeited.

(b) Any payment made in respect to the Award may be reduced by the amount of all taxes required by any governmental authority to be withheld and paid over by the Company or any Affiliate to the governmental authority on account of such payment; the Actual Number of Shares may be reduced by the number of shares necessary to pay such withholding.

6. Miscellaneous.

- (a) Section 409A. The Award is intended to comply with the requirements of Section 409A of the Code, and this Award Agreement shall be interpreted and the Award shall be administered consistent with such intention.
 - (b) Amendment. Except as otherwise provided by the Plan, the Company may only alter, amend or terminate the Award with your consent.
- (c) No Right to Employment. Neither the Plan, the granting of the Award nor this Award Agreement gives you any right to remain in the employment of the Company or any Affiliate.
- (d) Nontransferable. The Award may not be sold, assigned, transferred, pledged or encumbered in any way prior to the payment thereof, whether by operation of law or otherwise.
- (e) Governing Law. This Award Agreement shall be governed by and construed in accordance with the laws of the State of New York, except as superseded by applicable federal law, without giving effect to its conflicts of law provisions.

* * * * *

PAYCHEX, INC. FORM OF

Performance Award

Incentive Program

Fiscal Year 2011

The Paychex Performance Award Incentive Program ("Program") is adopted as of [approval date] by Paychex Inc. ("Paychex"). The below Program document will provide Participants with information regarding the objectives and operation of the Program.

1. OBJECTIVES

The Program is designed to offer incentive compensation to key Employees that achieve specifically measured individual goals that are consistent with and support overall corporate goals. The Program is designed to: (i) promote the attainment of the Company's significant business objectives; (ii) encourage and reward teamwork across the entire company; and (iii) assist in the attraction and retention of Employees vital to the Company's long-term success.

2. EFFECTIVE DATE

The Program shall be effective [first day of fiscal year], and each Fiscal Year thereafter, unless otherwise terminated in accordance with Paragraph 10 below.

3. DEFINITIONS

Any capitalized terms used in this Program or in the attached Performance Criteria that are not otherwise defined below are defined in the Plan:

- "Award" means the Performance Award granted under this Program.
- "Base Pay" means salary on last day of Performance Period. Base Pay does not include any bonus payments.
- "Board of Directors" means the board of directors of Paychex.
- "Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, and any regulations promulgated or other official guidance issued thereunder.
- "Company" means Paychex and its subsidiaries or affiliates.
- "Compensation Committee" means the Compensation and Governance Committee of the Board or any successor committee of the Board designated by the Board to administer the Program.
- "Covered Employee" means 'covered employees' as defined by Code Section 162(m).

- "Disability" means any medically determinable physical or mental impairment, certified by a physician selected by or satisfactory to the Company, resulting in the Participant's inability to perform the duties of his or her position or any substantially similar position, where such impairment can be expected to result in death or can be expected to last for a continuous period of not less than 12 months.
- "Eligible Employee" means any Senior Vice President of the Company.
- "Employee" means any individual employed by the Company.
- "Fiscal Year" means Company's fiscal year of June 1 through May 31st.
- "Maximum Eligible Payout" means the maximum amount of performance incentive payment that may be paid to a Participant under this Program in any Fiscal Year as determined by the Plan Administrator within the first 90 days of the Performance Period, not to exceed the maximum eligible payout amount approved by the shareholders under the Plan.
- "Performance Award" means the incentives contemplated in Section 7(e) of the Plan.
- "Performance Criteria" means any criteria determined by Program Administrator, both qualitative and quantitative that determines the amount of the Award to be delivered to the Participant. Performance is generally based on the financial plan approved by the Board of Directors for the applicable Fiscal Year. A copy of the current Performance Criteria applicable to a specified Participant is attached hereto under Exhibit B.
- "Performance Period" means the Fiscal Year.
- "Plan" means the Paychex Inc. 2002 Stock Incentive Plan (as amended and restated effective October 12, 2005), as further amended or restated from time to time.
- "Program" means this Senior Vice President Performance Award Incentive Program.
- "Program Administrator" means the Compensation Committee or any other person or entity designated by the Compensation Committee, to the extent permissible under Code Section 162(m).
- "Retirement" means termination of employment at age 55 (or later) with 10 or more years of service with the Company. For these purposes, years of service may include service with entities purchased or acquired by the Company.

4. ELIGIBILTY AND PARTICIPATION

All employees meeting the definition of an Eligible Employee are eligible to participate in the Program. Eligible Employees who are hired and start employment before the first day of the of 4th quarter of the Fiscal Year are eligible to Participate in the Program effective as of their start date, and will receive prorated Awards during the first year of participation in the Program. The amount of the prorated Award will be determined by the Program Administrator and will be based upon Fiscal Year to Date Earnings.

Eligible Employees who are hired and start employment on or after the first day of the 4h quarter of the Fiscal Year are eligible to participate in the Program effective as of the first day of the following Fiscal Year.

Employees who are promoted into an Eligible Employee position will receive Awards during the first year of participation in the Program based on the effective date of the promotion. The amount of the Award will be determined by the Program Administrator and will be based upon Fiscal Year to Date Earnings.

5. PROGRAM ADMINSTRATION

The Program shall be administered by the Program Administrator who shall have power and authority to construe interpret, and administer the Program, to determine eligibility for participation and to determine the amount of and eligibility to receive any Award under the Program. To the extent permissible under Code Section 162(m), the Program Administrator may delegate responsibility for the Program administration duties hereunder to any Company employee or other third party in its discretion, and is expected to oversee such activities.

6. CODE SECTION 162(m) GOALS FOR AWARD PAYMENT

The Program Administrator may only grant Awards to Eligible Employees who are considered Covered Employees under this Program if the Company meets the following performance goal:

1. Company Net Income (as defined in the Company 10-K) of \$200,000,000

Achievement of the above listed performance goal determines the Maximum Eligible Payout per Covered Employee, if any, at the end of the Fiscal Year, but doesnot determine the actual amount of a Participant's individual Award to be paid under the Program. The Maximum Eligible Payout and goals are established by the Compensation Committee within the first 90 days of the Performance Period. In no event shall the Maximum Eligible Payout exceed the limit approved by the Company shareholders within any Fiscal Year. The Awards under this Program are intended to qualify as "performance-based compensation" in accordance with Code Section 162(m), and the Program will be administered and interpreted consistent with such intention.

The Program Administrator will adjust the above performance measures for only certain objectives, including the following:

- · Asset write-downs or impairments
- · Litigation or claim judgments or settlements
- Changes in tax law or other such laws or provisions affecting reported results
- Cumulative effect of accounting changes as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, and as identified in the company's audited financial statements
- Gains or losses from:
 - o the acquisition or disposition of businesses or assets
 - o discontinued operations
- Restructuring charges
- · Severance contract termination and other costs related to entering or exiting certain business activities

If unanticipated circumstances arise, the Program Administrator may use its discretion to reduce the payout to the necessary level based on such circumstances, but the Award cannot be increased to disregard the impact of such subsequent events.

7. AWARDS AND ALLOCATIONS

The amount paid to each Participant shall be based on the Performance Criteria established by the Program Administrator. The minimum and maximum target amounts of the Award and all Performance Criteria shall be communicated to the Participant within the first 90 days of the Fiscal Year, or for newly eligible Participants, within 30 days after the Participant first becomes eligible to participate in the Program. A copy of the current Performance Criteria applicable to this Program is attached hereto under Exhibit A. The Program Administrator may use its discretion to adjust performance metrics under the circumstances permitted for award adjustments contained in the Plan at any time during the Fiscal Year.

8. PAYMENT

Participants must be an Eligible Employee of the Company providing services as an Eligible Employee on last day of the applicable Performance Period in order to receive payment of an Award, unless termination is due to death, Disability or Retirement. If employment is terminated for any reason other than death, Disability or Retirement, then Awards under this Program are forfeited. The criteria for payment of Awards upon death, Disability or Retirement are outlined in Paragraph 9 below.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Award payments shall be made if otherwise required to be paid by operation of federal or state law or legislation.

If a Participant transfers employment within the Company to a position not covered by the Program during a Performance Period, then Awards payable under this Program shall be forfeited. If a Participant becomes eligible for participation under a separate Company incentive compensation plan as a result of such transfer, then any Awards earned under such plan will be paid in accordance with the terms of that plan.

Award payments under the Program for a given Performance Period shall be paid in cash as soon as administratively practicable following the last day of such Performance Period, but in no event later than December 31st of the calendar year in which the Performance Period for the Award ends.

All Awards will be paid less withholding for all applicable taxes and other amounts which are required by law to be withheld or which the Participant has authorized the Company to withhold.

Due to recent legislative requirements governing the timing of compensation payments, it is imperative that Awards are paid timely. As a result, Participants are required to notify the Program Administrator as soon as possible if an Award is not timely made under the terms of this Program or if the amount of an Award is incorrect. Failure to notify the Program Administrator promptly of a late payment or incorrect payment amount could result in the Participant's award and certain other amounts being considered deferred compensation and potentially subject to penalties and interest.

The Company will, to the extent permitted by governing law, require reimbursement of a portion of any compensation received under any or all awards to a Participant where: (A) the payment was predicated

upon the achievement of certain financial results that were subsequently the subject of a substantial restatement, (B) in the Committee's view the Participant engaged in fraud or misconduct that caused or partially caused the need for the substantial restatement, and (C) a lower payment would have been made to the Participant based upon the restated financial results. In each such instance, the Company will, to the extent practicable, seek to recover the amount by which the individual Participant's compensation for the relevant period exceeded the lower payment that would have been made based on the restated financial results, plus a reasonable rate of interest; provided that the Company will not seek to recover compensation paid more than three years prior to the date the applicable restatement is disclosed.

9. PAYMENT UPON TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT DUE TO DEATH, DISABILTY OR RETIREMENT

In the event of termination of employment due to death, Disability or Retirement, Awards shall be based on actual Fiscal Year end results for the Performance Period. The amount of the Awards will be determined by the Program Administrator using the Base Pay received by the Participant during the applicable Performance Period. Such Award payments will be made as soon as administratively practical after the Performance Period in which the termination of employment on account of death, Disability or Retirement occurred, but in no event later than December 31st of the calendar year in which the Performance Period for the Award ends.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Awards provided upon death or Disability shall be forfeited for Eligible Employees who terminate employment on or prior to the last day of the 1st quarter of the Fiscal Year, unless payment is otherwise required to be paid by operation of federal or state law or legislation.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, Awards provided upon Retirement shall be forfeited for Eligible Employees who terminate employment on or prior to the last day of the 2rd quarter of the Fiscal Year, unless payment is otherwise required to be paid by operation of federal or state law or legislation.

10. AMENDMENT OR TERMINATION OF THE PROGRAM

The Company may amend, alter, suspend, discontinue or terminate the Program in whole or in part at any time by the action of the Program Administrator, but only with approval from the Governance and Compensation Committee of the Board of Directors. Each amendment shall be effective on the date specified therein as to Awards earned after the effective date of the amendment. No Participant shall have a legally binding right to an Award (or portion thereof) until such Award is actually paid.

11. CODE SECTION 409A COMPLIANCE

If and to the extent that any provision of an Award under this Program is required to comply with Code Section 409A, then such provision shall be administered and interpreted in a manner consistent with the requirements of such Code section. If, and solely to the extent that such provision as currently written would conflict with Code Section 409A, the Company shall have the authority, without the consent of the Participant, to administer such provision and to amend the Award with respect to such provision to the extent the Program Administrator deems necessary for the purposes of avoiding any portion of amounts owed to the Participant being retroactively included in the taxable income of the Participant for any prior taxable year.

The Company retains the right to delay any Award payment on account of a separation from service to any "Specified Employee" until the date that is six months after the separation from service in accordance

with Code Section 409A(a)(2)(B)(i). "Specified Employee" for purposes of the Program is a specified employee as determined in accordance with Code Section 409A(a)(2) (B)(i).

12. GENERAL PROVISIONS

- a. <u>Compliance with Legal Requirements</u>. The Program shall be subject to all applicable federal and state laws, rules and regulations and to such approvals by any regulatory or governmental agency as may be required.
- b. No Right to Employment. Nothing in the Program shall be deemed to create a contract of employment between Company and any employee, nor a guaranty of employment with Company for any particular length of time.
- c. No Right to Awards. No Eligible Employee, Participant or other person shall have any claim to be granted any Award under the Program. In addition, there is no obligation for uniformity of treatment of Eligible Employees or Participants under the Program. The Program is intended to constitute an "unfunded" program for incentive compensation. Nothing contained in the Program or any Award shall give any Participant any rights that are greater than a general creditor of the Company.
- d. <u>Indemnification</u>. The Company shall indemnify and hold harmless each member of the Board of Directors and the Program Administrator and other persons connected with the Program in any capacity performing services on behalf of the Program Administrator, against any liability, cost or expense arising as a result of any claim asserted by any person or entity under the laws of any state or of the United States with response to any action or failure to act of such individuals taken in connection with this Program, except claims or liabilities arising from the willful misconduct or bad faith of such person.
- e. <u>Governing Law.</u> The validity and construction of the Program and all determinations made and actions taken hereunder, as well as any amendment made to the Program, to the extent that federal laws do not control, will be governed by the laws of the State of New York, without giving effect to the principals of the conflict of laws.
- f. Severability. If any provision of the Program or any Award is, becomes or is deemed to be invalid, illegal, or unenforceable in any jurisdiction, or would disqualify the Program or any Award under any law deemed applicable by the Program Administrator, then such provision shall be construed or deemed amended to conform to applicable laws, or if it cannot be so construed or deemed amended without, in the determination of the Compensation Committee, materially altering the purpose or intent of the Program or the Award, such provision shall be stricken as to such jurisdiction or such Award, and the remainder of the Program or Award shall remain in full force and effect.
- g. Compensation Committee Certification. The Compensation Committee must certify that the goals set forth in the Performance Criteria have been met in order for Awards to be paid upon attainment of those goals in accordance with Code Section 162(m).

SUBSIDIARIES OF THE REGISTRANT

SUBSIDIARIES OF PAYCHEX, INC. AS OF MAY 31, 2010

Jurisdiction of Name of Subsidiaries Incorporation Advantage Payroll Services Inc. Delaware Paychex Insurance Agency, Inc. New York Paychex Benefit Technologies Inc. Delaware Paychex Business Solutions, Inc. Florida Paychex Deutschland GmbH Germany Paychex Insurance Concepts, Inc. New York Paychex Investment Partnership LP(1) Delaware Paychex Management Corp.(2) New York Paychex of New York LLC (2) Delaware Paychex North America Inc. Delaware Paychex Recordkeeping Services, Inc. Delaware Paychex Securities Corporation New York Paychex Time & Attendance Inc. Delaware PXC Inc. New York Rapid Payroll, Inc. California

Certain subsidiaries, which considered in the aggregate as a single subsidiary, that would not constitute a significant subsidiary, per Regulation S-X, Article 1, as of May 31, 2010, have been omitted from this exhibit.

 $^{(1) \}qquad \text{Paychex Investment Partnership LP is 1\% owned by Paychex, Inc. and 99\% owned by PXC Inc.}$

⁽²⁾ Paychex of New York LLC and Paychex Management Corp. are 100% owned by Paychex Investment Partnership LP.

CONSENT OF INDEPENDENT REGISTERED PUBLIC ACCOUNTING FIRM

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the following Registration Statements of Paychex, Inc. of our reports dated July 16, 2010 with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of Paychex, Inc. and the effectiveness of internal control over financial reporting of Paychex, Inc., included in this Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended May 31, 2010.

Form	Registration Statement No.	Description
S-8	No. 333-65191	1998 Stock Incentive Plan
S-8	No. 333-84055	401(k) Incentive Retirement Plan
S-8	No. 333-129571	Non-Qualified Stock Option Agreement
S-8	No. 333-129572	2002 Stock Incentive Plan, as amended and restated
		/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Cleveland, Ohio July 16, 2010

POWER OF ATTORNEY

The undersigned Directors of Paychex, Inc., do hereby constitute and appoint Jonathan J. Judge their true and lawful attorney and agent, to execute the Paychex, Inc., Annual Report on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2010, for us and in our names as Directors, to comply with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended, and the rules, regulations and requirements of the Securities and Exchange Commission, in connection therewith.

Dated: July 7, 2010	/s/ B. Thomas Golisano B. Thomas Golisano
Dated: July 7, 2010	/s/ David J. S. Flaschen David J. S. Flaschen
Dated: July 7, 2010	/s/ Grant M. Inman Grant M. Inman
Dated: July 7, 2010	/s/ Pamela A. Joseph Pamela A. Joseph
Dated: July 7, 2010	/s/ Joseph M. Tucci Joseph M. Tucci
Dated: July 7, 2010	/s/ Joseph M. Velli Joseph M. Velli

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, JONATHAN J. JUDGE, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Paychex, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in
 light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 16, 2010

/s/ Jonathan J. Judge

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO SECTION 302 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

I, JOHN M. MORPHY, certify that:

- 1. I have reviewed this Annual Report on Form 10-K of Paychex, Inc.;
- Based on my knowledge, this report does not contain any untrue statement of a material fact or omit to state a material fact necessary to make the statements made, in light of the circumstances under which such statements were made, not misleading with respect to the period covered by this report;
- 3. Based on my knowledge, the financial statements, and other financial information included in this report, fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the registrant as of, and for, the periods presented in this report;
- 4. The registrant's other certifying officer and I are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(e) and 15d-15(e)) and internal control over financial reporting (as defined in Exchange Act Rules 13a-15(f) and 15d-15(f)) for the registrant and have:
 - a) Designed such disclosure controls and procedures, or caused such disclosure controls and procedures to be designed under our supervision, to ensure that material information relating to the registrant, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to us by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which this report is being prepared;
 - b) Designed such internal control over financial reporting, or caused such internal control over financial reporting to be designed under our supervision, to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles;
 - c) Evaluated the effectiveness of the registrant's disclosure controls and procedures and presented in this report our conclusions about the effectiveness of the disclosure controls and procedures, as of the end of the period covered by this report based on such evaluation; and
 - d) Disclosed in this report any change in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting that occurred during the registrant's most recent fiscal quarter that has materially affected, or is reasonably likely to materially affect, the registrant's internal control over financial reporting; and
- 5. The registrant's other certifying officer and I have disclosed, based on our most recent evaluation of internal control over financial reporting, to the registrant's auditors and the audit committee of the registrant's board of directors:
 - a) All significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in the design or operation of internal control over financial reporting which are reasonably likely to adversely affect the registrant's ability to record, process, summarize and report financial information; and
 - b) Any fraud, whether or not material, that involves management or other employees who have a significant role in the registrant's internal control over financial reporting.

Date: July 16, 2010

/s/ John M. Morphy

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Paychex, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, JONATHAN J. JUDGE, Chief Executive Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC upon request.

Date: July 16, 2010

/s/ Jonathan J. Judge

Jonathan J. Judge

President and Chief Executive Officer

CERTIFICATION PURSUANT TO 18 U.S.C. SECTION 1350, AS ADOPTED PURSUANT TO SECTION 906 OF THE SARBANES-OXLEY ACT OF 2002

In connection with the Annual Report of Paychex, Inc. (the "Company") on Form 10-K for the fiscal year ended May 31, 2010 as filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC") on the date hereof (the "Report"), I, JOHN M. MORPHY, Chief Financial Officer of the Company, certify, pursuant to 18 U.S.C. section 1350, as adopted pursuant to section 906 of the Sarbanes-Oxley Act of 2002, that:

- (1) The Report fully complies with the requirements of section 13(a) or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; and
- (2) The information contained in the Report fairly presents, in all material respects, the financial condition and results of operations of the Company.

A signed original of this written statement has been provided to the Company and will be retained by the Company and furnished to the SEC upon request.

Date: July 16, 2010

/s/ John M. Morphy

John M. Morphy

Senior Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, and Secretary